

Layer 2 Ethernet Switch

Allied Telesis AT-8000S

Installation Guide

AT-8000S Series Stackable Gigabit Ethernet Switches

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Preface

This guide contains the hardware installation instructions for the AT-8000S/16, AT-8000S/24, AT-8000S/24POE, AT-8000S/48 and AT-8000S/48POE Fast Ethernet Switches.

How This Guide is Organized

This manual contains the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1 Product Description** describes the features and components of the switches.
- **Chapter 2 Installation** describes the installation instructions for the switches.
- **Chapter 3 Stacking** describes the stacking instructions for the switches.
- **Chapter 4 Initial Configuration** describes the instructions for initially configuring the switches.
- **Chapter 5 Troubleshooting** provides information on how to resolve problems that might occur with the switches.
- **Appendix A Technical Specifications** contain the technical specifications for the switches.
- **Appendix B Translated Safety Standards** contain the safety standards for the device.

Document Conventions

This document uses the following conventions to highlight important information:



Note

Notes provide additional information.



Caution

Cautions inform you that performing or omitting a specific action may result in equipment damage or loss of data.



Warning

Warnings inform you that performing or omitting a specific action may result in bodily injury.

Contacting Allied Telesis

This section provides Allied Telesis contact information for technical support as well as sales or corporate information.

Online Support	You can request technical support online by accessing the Allied Telesis Knowledge Base from the following web site: www.alliedtelesis.com/kb . You can use the Knowledge Base to submit questions to our technical support staff and review answers to previously asked questions.
Email and Telephone Support	For Technical Support via email or telephone, refer to the Allied Telesis web site: www.alliedtelesis.com . Select your country from the list displayed on the website. Then select the appropriate menu tab..
Returning Products	<p>Products for return or repair must first be assigned a Return Materials Authorization (RMA) number. A product sent to Allied Telesis without a RMA number will be returned to the sender at the sender's expense.</p> <p>To obtain an RMA number, contact the Allied Telesis Technical Support group at our web site: www.alliedtelesis.com/support/rma. Select your country from the list displayed on the website. Then select the appropriate menu tab..</p>
For Sales or Corporate Information	You can contact Allied Telesis for sales or corporate information at our web site: www.alliedtelesyn.com . Select your country from the list displayed on the website. Then select the appropriate menu tab.
Warranty	Go to the Allied Telesis web site at www.alliedtelesis.com/warranty for the AT8000S hardware warranty information.

Chapter 1. Product Description

The new AT-8000S series combines the best of the previous L2 series; stackability and affordability.

The new AT-8000S series is an entry level managed switch for the SMB, Small Office/Field Office offering managed desktop connectivity. The fiber uplink provides connectivity between workgroups over a larger distances. In addition the AT-8000S series is also equipped with a copper 10/100/1000Base-T port for connectivity to gigabit aggregation switches.

The new AT-8000S series combines value with the necessary management features for networked applications.

There are five device models which provide different hardware configurations and include the following:

- AT-8000S/16 device which supports 16 built-in 10/100Base-T ports, and a Combo port functionality that supports both copper and SFP interfaces.
- AT-8000S/24 device with stacking ports which supports 24 built-in 10/100Base-T ports, two Gigabit stackable and 2 Combo Ports, inclusive of a Combo port functionality that supports both copper and SFP interface.
- AT-8000S/24POE device with stacking port which supports 24 built-in 10/100Base-T ports, two Gigabit stackable and 2 Combo Ports, inclusive of a Combo port that supports both copper and SFP interface. The PoE function is supported on RJ-45 ports.
- AT-8000S/48 device with stacking ports which supports 48 built-in 10/100Base-T ports, two Gigabit stackable and 2 Combo Ports, inclusive of a Combo port functionality that supports both copper and SFP interface.
- AT-8000S/48POE device with stacking port which supports 48 built-in 10/100Base-T ports, two Gigabit stackable and 2 Combo Ports, inclusive of a Combo port that supports both copper and SFP interface. The PoE function is supported on RJ-45 ports.

The AT-8000S/24, AT-8000S/24POE, AT-8000S/48 and AT-8000S/48POE can be joined together into a stack of up to six units. For more information, see *Chapter 3 Stacking*.

Device configuration is performed through an Embedded Web Server (EWS) or through a Command Line Interface (CLI). The device management is performed through a DB-9 RS-232 interface.

Features

The AT-8000S/16, AT-8000S/24, AT-8000S/24POE, AT-8000S/48 and AT-8000S/48POE features include the following:

- Wirespeed switching traffic across all ports
- Auto MDI/MDIX enabled
- 802.1d, 1w, 1s priority tags supported
- Broadcast storm control
- IEEE 802.1Q tagged VLANs supported
- GARP/GVRP supported
- Port/MAC based VLANs supported
- 802.3ad link aggregation Static and Dynamic (LACP) supported
- IEEE 802.1P based QoS supported
- Ingress rate limiting
- Egress rate shaping (WRR)
- 802.1x port/MAC based authentication support
- RFC 2618 RADIUS Authentication
- SSL/ SSLv3
- RFC 1492 TACACS+
- Management ACL support
- Industry standard CLI
- Browser based management interface (HTTP)
- Telnet access supported
- SNMP v1, v2 and v3
- RFC1757 RMON support
- Port Mirroring support
- PVE
- Port Security
- DHCP support
- Static IP Multicast support
- IGMP Snooping

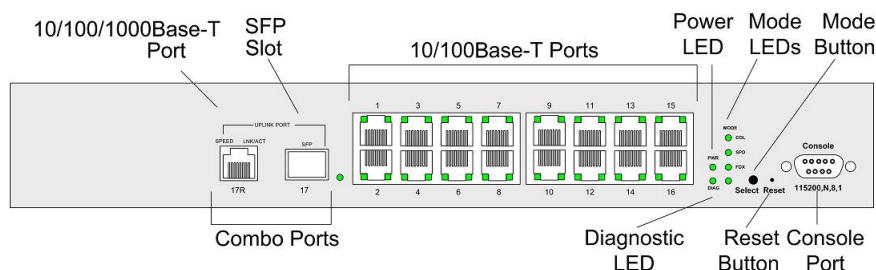
IEEE Standards

- **IEEE 802.3** — 10Base-T
- **IEEE 802.3u** — 100Base-TX
- **IEEE 802.3ab** — 1000Base-TX Gigabit Ethernet
- **IEEE 802.3z** — Full Duplex
- **IEEE 802.3u** — Auto-Negotiation
- **IEEE 802.3x** — Flow Control, Symmetric and Asymmetric

AT-8000S/16 Front Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/16 front panel.

Figure 1: AT-8000S/16 Front Panel



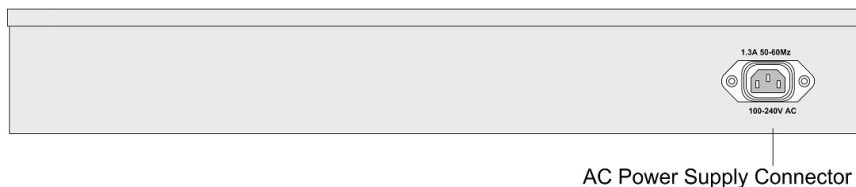
The AT-8000S/16 front panel is configured as follows:

- **16 10/100Mbps Ports** — RJ-45 ports designated as 10/100Base-T. The RJ-45 ports are designated as ports Ports 1 - 16.
- **1 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Port** — There is one copper 10/100/1000Base-T port designated on the switch as port 17R. This port is paired with the SFP slot designated on the switch as port 17. Together these two ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 1](#).
- **1 SFP Port** — There is one SFP slot supports either a 100Base-FX or a 1000Base-X (fiber) connection and is designated on the switch as port 17. This SFP slot is paired with the 10/100/1000Base-T copper port which is designated on the switch as port 17R. Together these two ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 1](#).
- **DB-9 Console port** — An asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to the console managing the device.
- **Reset Button** — Button to reset the device.
- **Mode Button** — Selects the port LED indications.

AT-8000S/16 Back Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/16 back panel.

Figure 2: AT-8000S/16 Back Panel



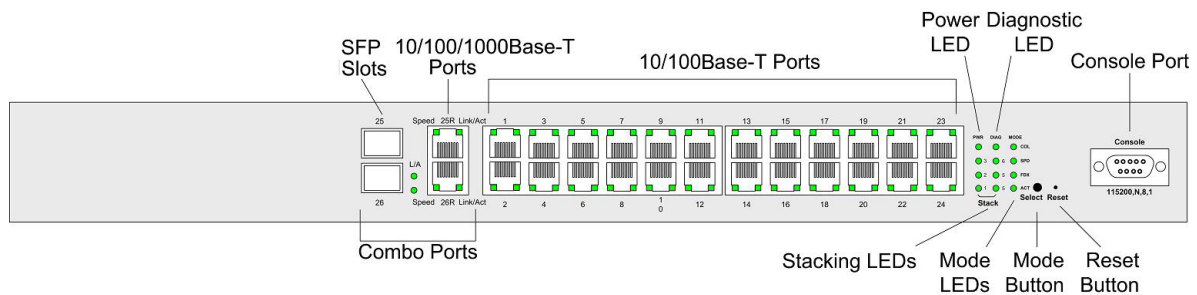
The AT-8000S/16 back panel is configured as follows:

- **Power Connector** — AC power supply interface.

AT-8000S/24 Front Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/24 front panel.

Figure 3: AT-8000S/24 Front Panel



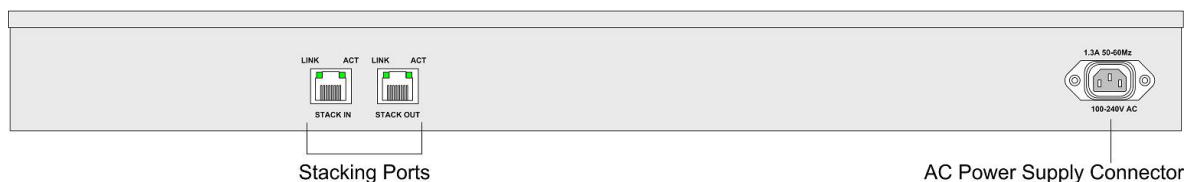
The AT-8000S/24 front panel is configured as follows:

- **24 10/100Mbps Ports** — RJ-45 ports designated as 10/100Base-T. The RJ-45 ports are designated as ports 1 - 24.
- **2 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Ports** — There are two copper 10/100/1000Base-T ports designated on the switch as ports 25R and 26R. These ports are paired with the two SFP slots designated on the switch as ports 25 and 26. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 3](#).
- **2 SFP Ports** — There are two SFP slots which support either a 100Base-FX or a 1000Base-X (fiber) connection and are designated on the switch as ports 25 and 26. This SFP slot is paired with the two 10/100/1000Base-T copper ports which is designated on the switch as port 25R and 26R. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 3](#).
- **DB-9 Console port** — An asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to the console managing the device.
- **Reset Button** — Button to reset the device.
- **Mode Button** — Selects the port LED indications.

AT-8000S/24 Back Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/24 back panel.

Figure 4: AT-8000S/24 Back Panel



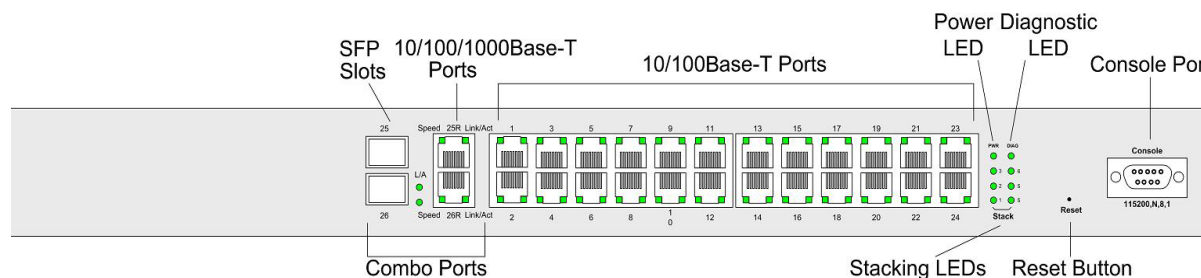
The AT-8000S/24 back panel is configured as follows:

- **Power Connector** — AC power supply interface.
- **2 Stacking Ports** — Two RJ-45 ports device stacking.

AT-8000S/24POE Front Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/24POE front panel.

Figure 5: AT-8000S/24POE Front Panel



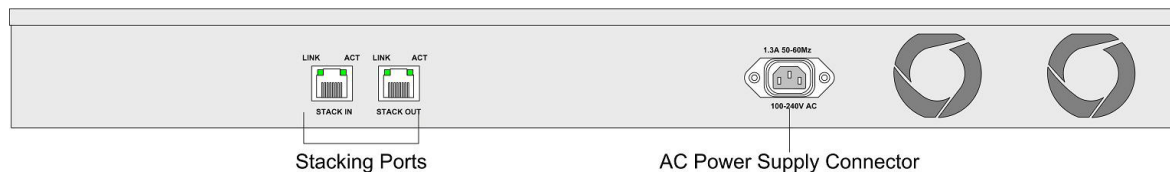
The AT-8000S/24POE front panel is configured as follows:

- **24 10/100Mbps Ports** — RJ-45 ports designated as 10/100Base-T. The RJ-45 ports are designated as ports Ports 1 - 24.
- **2 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Ports** — There are two copper 10/100/1000Base-T ports designated on the switch as ports 25R and 26R. These ports are paired with the two SFP slots designated on the switch as ports 25 and 26. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in Figure 5.
- **2 SFP Ports** — There are two SFP slots which support either a 100Base-FX or a 1000Base-X (fiber) connection and are designated on the switch as ports 25 and 26. This SFP slot is paired with the two 10/100/1000Base-T copper ports which is designated on the switch as port 25R and 26R. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in Figure 5.
- **DB-9 Console port** — An asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to the console managing the device.
- **Reset Button** — Button to reset the device.

AT-8000S/24POE Back Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/24POE back panel.

Figure 6: AT-8000S/24POE Back Panel



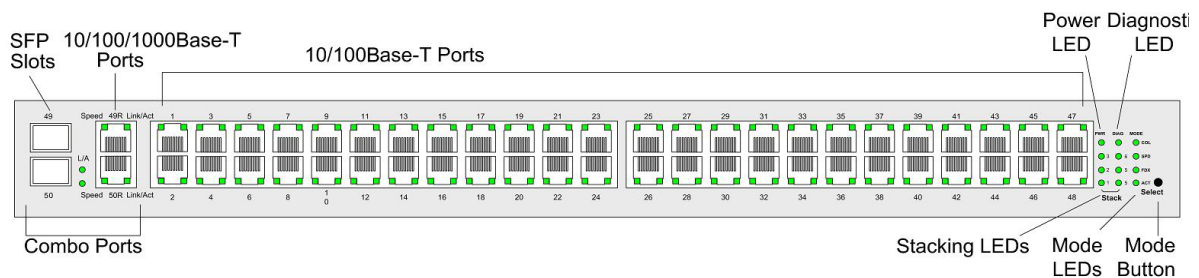
The AT-8000S/24POE device back panel is configured as follows:

- **Power Connector** — AC power supply interface.
- **2 Stacking Ports** — Two RJ-45 ports device stacking.

AT-8000S/48 Front Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/48 front panel.

Figure 7: AT-8000S/48 Front Panel



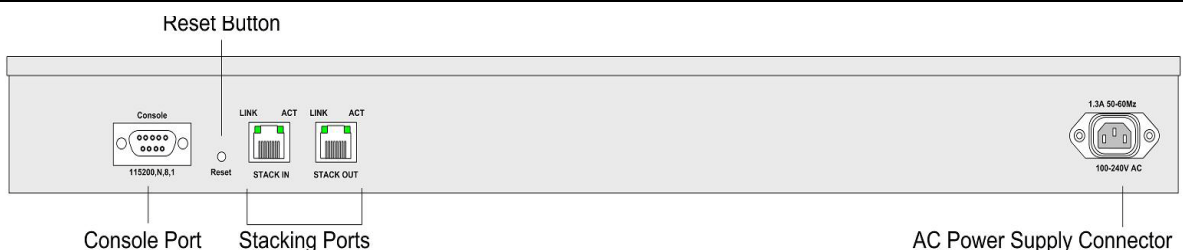
The AT-8000S/48 device front panel is configured as follows:

- **48 10/100Mbps Ports** — RJ-45 ports designated as 10/100Base-T. The RJ-45 ports are designated as ports Ports 1 - 48.
- **2 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Ports** — There are two copper 10/100/1000Base-T ports designated on the switch as ports 49R and 50R. These ports are paired with the two SFP slots designated on the switch as ports 49 and 50. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 7](#).
- **2 SFP Ports** — There are two SFP slots which support either a 100Base-FX or a 1000Base-X (fiber) connection and are designated on the switch as ports 49 and 50. This SFP slot is paired with the two 10/100/1000Base-T copper ports which is designated on the switch as port 49R and 50R. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 7](#).
- **Mode Button** — Selects the port LED indications.

AT-8000S/48 Back Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/48 back panel.

Figure 8: AT-8000S/48 Back Panel



The AT-8000S/48 back panel is configured as follows:

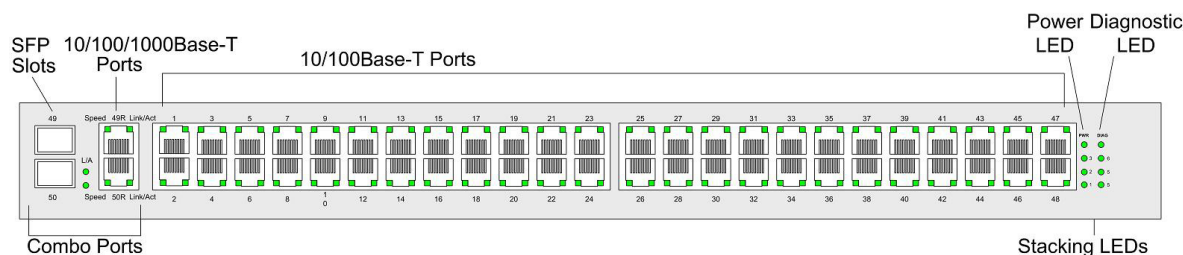
Power Connector — AC power supply interface.

- **2 Stacking Ports** — Two RJ-45 ports device stacking.
- **Reset Button** — Button to reset the device.
- **DB-9 Console port** — An asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to the console managing the device.

AT-8000S/48POE Front Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/48POE front panel.

Figure 9: AT-8000S/48POE Front Panel



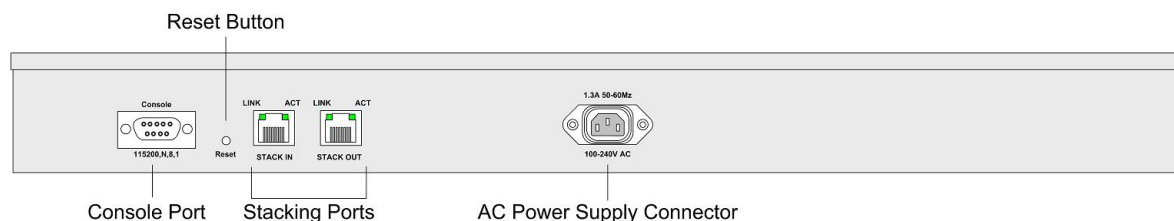
The AT-8000S/48 device front panel is configured as follows:

- **48 10/100Mbps Ports** — RJ-45 ports designated as 10/100Base-T. The RJ-45 ports are designated as ports Ports 1 - 48.
- **2 10/100/1000Base-T Copper Ports** — There are two copper 10/100/1000Base-T ports designated on the switch as ports 49R and 50R. These ports are paired with the two SFP slots designated on the switch as ports 49 and 50. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 9](#).
- **2 SFP Ports** — There are two SFP slots which support either a 100Base-FX or a 1000Base-X (fiber) connection and are designated on the switch as ports 49 and 50. This SFP slot is paired with the two 10/100/1000Base-T copper ports which is designated on the switch as port 49R and 50R. Together these four ports form the Combo ports shown in [Figure 9](#).

AT-8000S/48POE Back Panel

The following figure illustrates the AT-8000S/48POE back panel.

Figure 10: AT-8000S/48POE Back Panel



The AT-8000S/48POE back panel is configured as follows:

- **Power Connector** — AC power supply interface.
- **2 Stacking Ports** — Two RJ-45 ports device stacking.
- **Reset Button** — Button to reset the device.
- **DB-9 Console port** — An asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to the console managing the device.

Ports Description

10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet Ports

The 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet ports are RJ-45. The 10/100 Mbps port supports half- and full-duplex mode.

10/100/1000Base-T Uplink Ethernet Ports

The 24/48 port devices contains two 10/100/1000Base-T Gigabit ports, and the 16 port device contains one 10/100/1000Base-T port. The RJ-45 1000 Mbps port supports 1000 mbps in full-duplex mode and 10/100 mbps half- and full-duplex mode.

SFP Port

Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Optical Transceivers are integrated duplex data links for bi-directional communication over optical fiber, designed for high-speed Fiber Channel data links. The SFP port is designated as 1000Base-FX.

DB-9 Console Port

The DB-9 port is an asynchronous serial console port supporting the RS-232 electrical specification. The port is used to connect the device to a console managing the device. This interface configuration is as follows:

- Eight data bits.
- One stop bit.
- No parity.
- Baud rate is 115,200 (default). The user can change the rate from 115,200 down to 2400 bps.

LED Definitions

The device front panels contain Light Emitting Diodes (LED) that indicate the device status. The different LED types are as follows:

- **Port LEDs** — Indicates each port status.
- **Power LED** — Indicates the device power supply status.
- **Mode LEDs** — Indicates which information the LED displays - only on non-PoE devices.
- **Stacking LEDs** — Indicates the device location in a stack.

Front Panel LEDs

The front panels have two types of LEDs, excluding the LEDs attached to the ports. The two types are as follows:

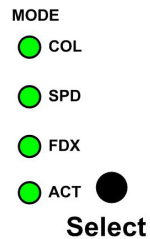
- **Mode LEDs** — Indicates which information the LED displays.
- **Stacking LEDs** — Indicates the device location in a stack.

Mode LEDs

Selecting a particular mode determines what information is displayed on the port LED. For example, if the mode selected is "COL", then the LED on each port indicates the collision status of that port.

The following figure illustrates the mode LEDs.

Figure 11: Mode LEDs



The mode LED indications are described in the following table:

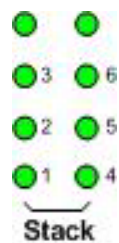
Table 1: Mode LED Indications

LED Description	LED Indication	Description
COL	Green	Data collisions are occurring on the port.
	Off	No data collisions are occurring on the port.
SPD	Green	Link is established at 100Mbps.
	Off	Link is established in 10Mbps.
FDX	Green	A Full Duplex mode connection is established.
	Off	A Half Duplex mode connection is established.
ACT	Green	Port is transmitting and/or receiving data. This the default mode.
	Off	No activity is established.

24/48 Port Device Stacking LEDs

The following figure illustrates the stacking LEDs.

Figure 12: Stacking LEDs



The stacking LED indications are described in the following table:

Table 2: Stacking LED Indications

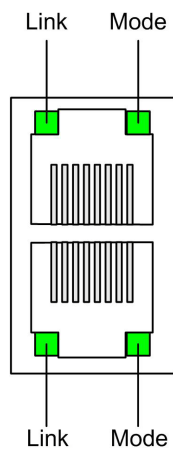
LED Description	LED Indication	Description
	All LEDs off	The device is operating as a standalone switch.
S1	Green	The device is master-enabled, and is either the master or backup of the stack, which is determined by the master election algorithm.
S2	Green	The device is master-enabled, and is either the master or backup of the stack, which is determined by the master election algorithm.
S3	Green	The device is operating as Stack Member 3 in the stack.
S4	Green	The device is operating as Stack Member 4 in the stack.
S5	Green	The device is operating as Stack Member 5 in the stack.
S6	Green	The device is operating as Stack Member 6 in the stack.

Port LEDs

10/100 Base-T Fast Ethernet RJ-45 Port LEDs

The following figure illustrates the port LEDs.

Figure 13: 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet RJ-45 Port LEDs



The RJ-45 ports have two LEDs, one for Link and one for activity (Mode status for non PoE and Load status for PoE). The LED indications are described in the following table:

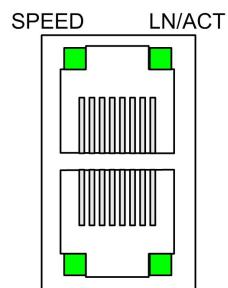
Table 3: 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet RJ-45 Port LED Indications

Port Description	LED Indication	Description
Left LED - Link	Green	A 100-Mbps link is established on the port.
	Off	No link is established on the link.
Right LED - Mode	Green	This indication is determined by the mode selected. For example if the mode SPD is selected, and the port mode LED is green, there is a link established at 100Mbps.
	Off	This indication is determined by the mode selected.
Left LED (PoE model) - Link / Act	Green	A link is established on the port.
	Flashing green	Port is transmitting and/or receiving data.
	Off	No link is established on the port.
Right LED - POE (PoE model)	Green	The port detects a Power Device (PD) and complies with the condition of a normal load.
	Amber	An overload, a terminal short or external forced voltage feeds into the port.
	Flashing amber	The port detects a PD but the power provided to it exceeds the maximum POE power budget of the switch.
	Off	No PD is connected, and subsequently there is no power feeding.

10/100/1000 Base-T/Combo Ethernet RJ-45 Port LEDs

The following figure illustrates the 10/100/1000 Base-T/Combo Ethernet RJ-45 port LEDs.

Figure 14: 10/100/1000 Base-T/Combo Ethernet RJ-45 Port LEDs



The 1000 Base-T/Combo Ethernet RJ-45 ports have two LEDs, one for speed and one for Link and activity. The LED indications are described in the following table:

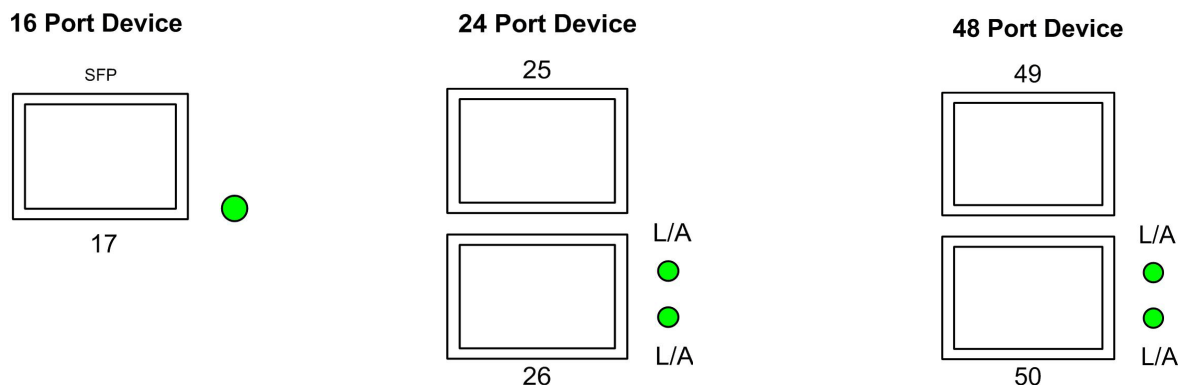
Table 4: Combo Port LED Indications

Port Description	LED Indication	Description
Copper Port Left LED - Speed	Green	A 1000-Mbps link is established on the port.
	Amber	A 100-Mbps link is established on the port.
	Off	A 10-Mbps Link is established on the port / No link established.
Copper Port Right LED - Link	Green	A link is established on the port.
	Flashing Green	There is data transmission on the port.
	Off	There is no data transmission on the port.

24/48 Port Device SFP/Combo Port LEDs

The following figure illustrates the SFP/Combo port LEDs.

Figure 15: SFP Port LEDs



The RJ-45 ports have two LEDs, one for Link and one for activity. The LED indications are described in the following table:

Table 5: SFP Port LED Indications

Port Description	LED Indication	Description
Left LED - Speed	Green	A 1000-Mbps link is established on the port.
	Off	No link is established on the port.
Right Link / ACT LED	Flashing Green	A link is established on the port.
	Off	No link is established on the link.

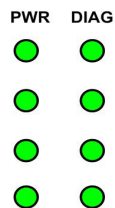
24/48 Port Device System LEDs

There are two system LEDs, the Power and Diagnostics LEDs.

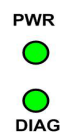
The following figure illustrates the Power and Diagnostics LEDs.

Figure 16: SFP Port LEDs

24/48 Port Device



16 Port Device



Power LED

The **PWR** LED on the front panel of the device indicates the power supply status.

The power supply port LED indications are described in the following table:

Table 6: Power Supply LED Indications

LED Description	LED Indication	Description
Power	Off	The system is not powered up (power off).
	Green	Main power is functional (normal operation).

Diagnostic LED

The **DIAG** LED on the front panel of the device indicates the diagnostics results.

The diagnostics LED indications are described in the following table:

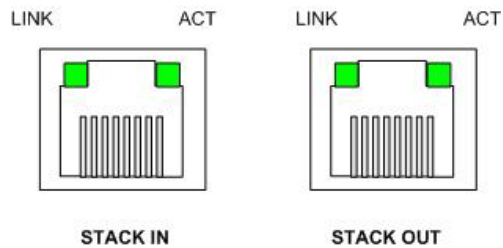
Table 7: Diagnostics LED Indications

LED Description	LED Indication	Description
DIAG	Flashing green	System diagnostics has failed.
	Green	System diagnostics successfully completed.

Stacking Ports LEDs

The following figure illustrates the Stacking port LEDs.

Figure 17: Stacking Port LEDs



The RJ-45 ports have two LEDs, one is for link and one is for activity. The Stacking LEDs indications are described in the following table:

Table 8: Stacking Ports LEDs Indications

Port Description	LED Indication	Description
Left LED - Link	Green	A link is established on the port.
	Off	No link is established on the port.
Right LED - Act	Green	There is data transmission on the port.
	Off	No link is established on the port.

Chapter 2. Installation

This section contains information for installing the device, and includes the following sections:

- Preparing for Installation
- Installing the Device
- Connecting the Device
- Rack Installation

Preparing for Installation

This section provides an explanation for preparing the installation site, and includes the following topics:


- Preparing for Installation
- Site Requirements
- Unpacking

Safety Precautions

Please review the following safety precautions before you begin to install the AT-8000S.




Note

The  indicates that a translation of the safety statement is available in a PDF document titled “Translated Safety Statements” on the Allied Telesis website at www.alliedtelesis.com and on the documentation CD shipped with this product.




Warning

Class 1 Laser product.  L1




Warning

Do not stare into the laser beam.  L2



Warning

To prevent electric shock, do not remove the cover. No user-serviceable parts inside. This unit contains hazardous voltages and should only be opened by a trained and qualified technician. To avoid the possibility of electric shock, disconnect electric power to the product before connecting or disconnecting the LAN cables.  E1



Warning

Do not work on equipment or cables during periods of lightning activity. ⚡ E2



Warning

Power cord is used as a disconnection device. To de-energize equipment, disconnect the power cord. ⚡ E3



Warnings

- Class I Equipment. This equipment must be earthed. The power plug must be connected to a properly wired earth grounded socket outlet. An improperly wired socket outlet could place hazardous voltages on accessible metal parts. ⚡ E4
- Pluggable Equipment. The socket outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible. ⚡ E5



Caution

Air vents must not be blocked and must have free access to the room ambient air for cooling. ⚡ E6



Warnings

- Operating Temperature. This product is designed for a maximum ambient temperature of 40° degrees C. ⚡ E7
- All Countries: Install product in accordance with local and National Electrical Codes. ⚡ E8



Cautions

- The attached mounting brackets must be used to securely mount the device on the wall. ⚡ E15
- Circuit Overloading: Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern. ⚡ E21



Warnings

- Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not created due to uneven mechanical loading. ⚡ E25
- If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (Tmra). ⚡ E35



Caution

Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised. *↪* E36



Warning

Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuits (e.g., use of power strips). *↪* E37



Warning

To reduce the risk of electric shock, the PoE ports on this product must not connect to cabling that is routed outside the building where this device is located. *↪* E40

Site Requirements

The device should be placed on a table-top. Before installing the unit, verify that the location chosen for installation meets the following site requirements.

- **General** — Ensure that the power supply is correctly installed.
- **Power** — The unit is installed within 1.5 m (5 feet) of a grounded, easily accessible outlet 100-250V AC, 50-60Hz.
- **Clearance** — There is adequate frontal clearance for operator access. Allow clearance for cabling, power connections, and ventilation.
- **Cabling** — The cabling is routed to avoid sources of electrical noise such as radio transmitters, broadcast amplifiers, power lines, and fluorescent lighting fixtures.
- **Ambient Requirements** — The ambient unit operating temperature range is 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F) at a relative humidity of up to 95%, non-condensing. Verify that water or moisture cannot enter the device casing.

Unpacking

This section contains information for unpacking the device, and includes the following topics:

- Package Contents
- Unpacking Essentials

Package Contents

While unpacking the device, ensure that the following items are included:

- One AT- 8000S/xx series unit
- Rubber Feet for desktop installation
- Rack-mount kit hardware accessories
- An AC power cable
- Stacking cable (Yellow color)
- Console RS-232 cable with DB-9 connector
- Installation guide on CD
- Warranty and registration card

Unpacking Essentials



Note

Before unpacking the device, inspect the package and report any evidence of damage immediately.

To unpack the device perform the following:

1. It is recommended to put on an ESD wrist strap and attach the ESD clip to a metal surface to act as ground. An ESD strap is not supplied with the device.
2. Place the container on a clean flat surface and cut all straps securing the container.
3. Open the container.
4. Carefully remove the device from the container and place it on a secure and clean surface.
5. Remove all packing material.
6. Inspect the product for damage. Report any damage immediately.

If any item is found missing or damaged, please contact your local ATI reseller for a replacement.

Installing the Device

The device can be installed on a flat surface or mounted in a rack. This section includes the following topics:

- Desktop or Shelf Installation
- Rack Installation

Desktop or Shelf Installation

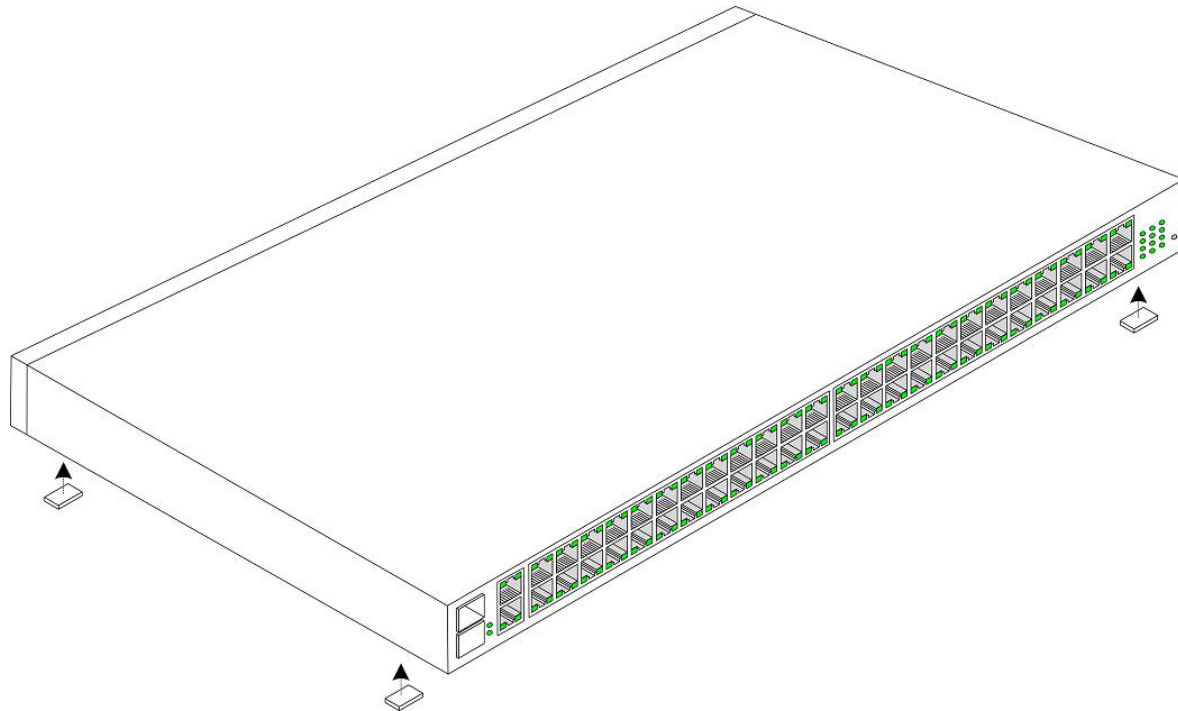
When installing the switch on a desktop or shelf, the rubber feet included with the device should first be attached. Attach these cushioning feet on the bottom at each corner of the device.

Ensure the surface is be able to support the weight of the device and the device cables.

To install the device on a surface, perform the following:

1. Attach the rubber feet on the bottom of the device. The following figure illustrates the rubber feet installation on the device.

Figure 18: Installing Rubber Feet



2. Set device down on a flat surface, while leaving 2 inches on each side and 5 inches at the back.
3. Ensure that the device has proper ventilation by allowing adequate space for ventilation between the device and the objects around the device.

Rack Installation

The device can be mounted in an EIA standard-sized, 19-inch rack, which can be placed in a wiring closet with other equipment. To install the device the mounting brackets must first be attached to the device's sides.



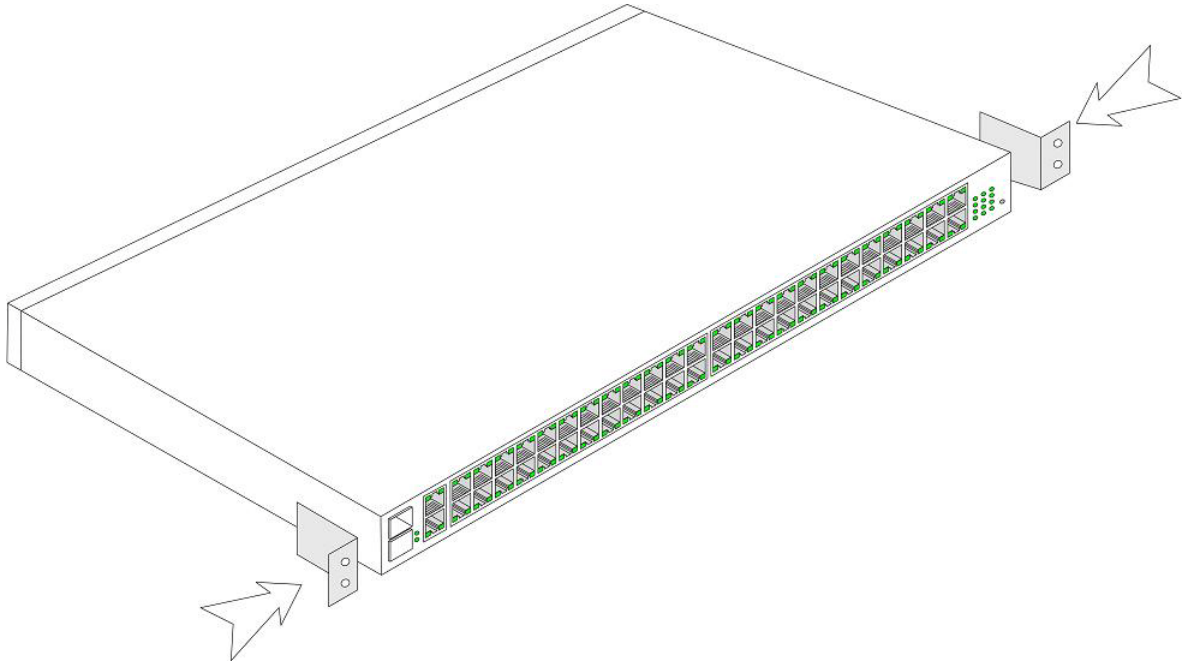
Notes

- Disconnect all cables from the unit before mounting the device in a rack or cabinet.
- When mounting multiple devices into a rack, mount the devices from the bottom up.

To install the device in a rack, perform the following:

1. It is recommended to put on an ESD wrist strap and attach the ESD clip to a metal surface to act as ground. An ESD strap is not supplied with the device.
2. Place the device on a flat and stable surface.
3. Place the supplied rack-mounting bracket on one side of the device ensuring the mounting holes on the device line up to the mounting holes on the rack mounting bracket. The following figure illustrates where the mounting brackets are placed on the device.

Figure 19: Attaching the Mounting Brackets



4. Insert the supplied screws into the rack mounting holes and tighten with a screwdriver.
5. Repeat the process for the rack-mounting bracket on the other side of the device.
6. Insert the device into the 19-inch rack and secure the unit to the rack with the rack screws (not provided by the ATI supplier). When securing, fasten the lower pair of screws before the upper pair of screws. This ensures that the weight of the unit is evenly distributed during installation. Ensure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed.
7. Secure the unit to the rack with the rack screws. Fasten the lower pair of screws before the upper pair of screws. This ensures that the weight of the unit is evenly distributed during installation. Ensure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed.

Connecting the Device

This section describes how to connect the device, and includes the following sections:

- Connecting the Switch to a Terminal
- AC Power Connection

Connecting the Switch to a Terminal

The device is connected to a terminal through a console port on the front panel of the 16 port device and the back panel for the 24/48 port devices. The console connection enables a connection to a terminal desktop system running a terminal emulation software for monitoring and configuring the device.

The terminal must be a VT100 compatible terminal or a desktop or portable system with a serial port and running VT100 terminal emulation software.

To connect a terminal to the device Console port, perform the following:

1. Connect a cable to the terminal running VT100 terminal emulation software.
2. Ensure that the terminal emulation software is set as follows:
 - a) Select the appropriate port to connect to the device.
 - b) Set the data rate to 115,200 baud.
 - c) Set the data format to 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity.
 - d) Set flow control to none.
 - e) Under Properties, select VT100 for Emulation mode.
 - f) Select **Terminal keys** for **Function**, **Arrow**, and **Ctrl** keys. Ensure that the setting is for Terminal keys (not Windows keys).



Note

When using HyperTerminal with Microsoft Windows 2000, ensure that you have Windows 2000 Service Pack 2 or later installed. With Windows 2000 Service Pack 2, the arrow keys function properly in HyperTerminal's VT100 emulation. Go to www.microsoft.com for information on Windows 2000 service packs.

3. Connect the cable to the console port on the device front panel.

AC Power Connection

To connect the power supply perform the following:

1. Using a 5-foot (1.5 m) standard power cable with safety ground connected, insert the power cable to the AC main socket located on the back panel.
2. Connect the power cable to a grounded AC outlet.
3. Confirm that the device is connected and operating by checking that the Power Supply LED on the front panel is green.

Chapter 3. Stacking

Stacking provides multiple switch management through a single point as if all stack members are a single unit. All stack members are accessed via a single IP address through which the stack is managed. The stack can be managed from the following:

- Embedded Web-based Interface
- Command Line Interface (CLI)

Devices support stacking up to six units per stack, or can operate as stand-alone units.

During the Stacking setup, one switch is selected as the Stacking Master and another stacking member can be selected as the Backup Master. All other devices are selected as stack members. All stack units are assigned a unique Unit ID.

Switch software can be downloaded for the entire stack unit or separately for each stack member. However, all units in the stack must be running the same software version.

Switch stacking and configuration is maintained by the Stacking Master. The Stacking Master detects and reconfigures the ports with minimal operational impact in the event of:

- Unit Failure
- Inter-unit Stacking Link Failure
- Unit Insertion
- Removing a Stacking Unit

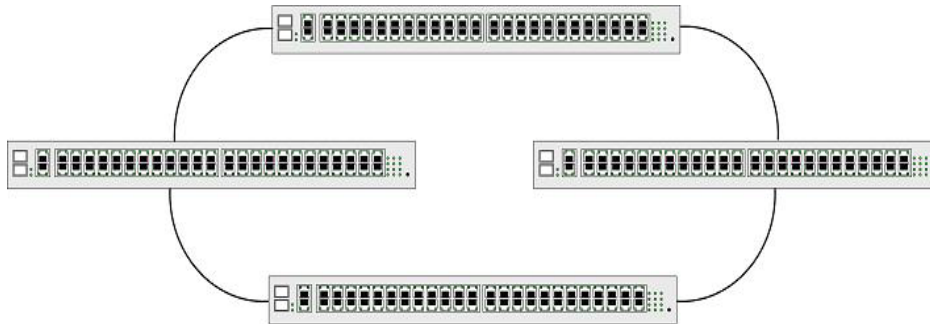
This section provides an introduction to the user interface, and includes the following topics:

- Understanding the Stack Topology
- Stacking Chain Topology
- Stacking Members and Unit ID
- Configuring Stacking

Understanding the Stack Topology

Stacked devices operate in a Ring topology. A Ring topology is where all devices in the stack are connected to each other forming a circle. Each stacked device accepts data and sends it to the device to which it is physically connected. The packet continues through the stack until it reaches the destination port. The system automatically discovers the optimal path on which to send traffic.

Figure 20: Stacking Ring Topology



Most difficulties incurred in Ring topologies occur when a device in the ring becomes non-functional, or a link is severed. In a stack, the system automatically switches to a Stacking Failover topology without any system downtime. An SNMP message is automatically generated, but no stack management action is required. However, the stacking link or stacking member must be repaired to ensure the stacking integrity.

After the stacking issues are resolved, the device can be reconnected to the stack without interruption, and the Ring topology is restored.

Stacking Chain Topology

If a failure occurs in the stacking topology, the stack reverts to Chain Stacking Topology. In the Chain topology, devices operate in a chain formation. The Stacking Master determines where the packets are sent. Each unit is connected to two neighboring devices, except for the top and bottom units.

Stacking Members and Unit ID

Stacking Unit IDs are essential to the stacking configuration. The stacking operation is determined during the boot process. The Operation Mode is determined by the Unit ID selected during the initialization process. For example, if the user selected stand-alone mode, the device boots as a stand-alone device.

The device units are shipped with the default Unit ID of the stand-alone unit. If the device is operating as a standalone unit, all stacking LEDs are off. Once the user selects a different Unit ID, the default Unit ID not erased, and remains valid, even if the unit is reset.

Unit ID 1 and Unit ID 2 are reserved for Master enabled units. Unit IDs 3 to 6 can be defined for stack members.

When the Master unit boots or when inserting or removing a stack member, the Master unit initiates a stacking discovering process.



Note

If two members are discovered with the same Unit ID the stack continues to function, however only the unit with the older join time joins the stack. A message is sent to the user, notifying that a unit failed to join the stack.

Configuring Stacking

Configuring stacking is performed during the bootup process. To configure a device as part of a stack, the bootup process must be interrupted straight after the *Power On Self Test* (POST).

To configure the device for stacking, perform the following:

1. Ensure that the device console is connected to a VT100 terminal device or VT100 terminal emulator.
2. Deactivate the AC power receptacle.
3. Connect the device to the AC receptacle.
4. Activate the AC power receptacle.

When the power is turned on with the local terminal already connected, the switch goes through POST. POST runs every time the device is initialized and checks hardware components to determine if the device is fully operational before completely booting. If a critical problem is detected, the program flow stops. If POST passes successfully, a valid executable image is loaded into RAM. POST messages are displayed on the terminal and indicate test success or failure.

As the switch boots, the bootstrap test first counts the device memory availability and then continues to boot. The following screen is an example of the displayed POST.

```
----- Performing the Power-On Self Test (POST) -----  
UART Channel Loopback Test.....PASS  
Testing the System SDRAM.....PASS  
Boot1 Checksum Test.....PASS  
Boot2 Checksum Test.....PASS  
Flash Image Validation Test.....PASS  
BOOT Software Version x.x.x.xx Built 07-Jan-200x 10:53:05  
Processor: xxxxxx xxxxx xxxx, xx MByte SDRAM.  
I-Cache 8 KB. D-Cache 8 KB. Cache Enabled.  
Autoboot in 2 seconds - press RETURN or Esc. to abort and enter prom.
```

The boot process runs approximately 30 seconds.

The auto-boot message that appears at the end of POST (see the last lines) indicates that no problems were encountered during boot.

5. Suspend the startup process by pressing <Esc> or <Enter> within two seconds and the following message is displayed:

```
Autoboot in 2 seconds -press RETURN or Esc.to abort and enter prom.
```


The Startup Menu is displayed and contains the following configuration functions:

```
Startup Menu

[1] Download Software
[2] Erase Flash File
[3] Password Recovery Procedure
[4] Enter Diagnostic Mode
[5] Set Terminal Baud-Rate
[6] Stack menu
[7] Back

Enter your choice or press 'ESC' to exit:
```

6. From the Startup Menu, press “6”.
The following prompt is displayed:

```
Stack menu

[1] Show box number in stack
[2] Set box number in stack
[3] Back

Enter your choice or press 'ESC' to exit:
```

7. From the Stack Menu, press “2”.
The following prompt is displayed:

```
Enter your choice or press 'ESC' to exit:
Unit number in stack: [0-6] 1
```

8. Enter the unit stack number. Note that Units 1 and 2 are master-enabled units. One of them will be elected as Stack Master. Therefore, at least one unit in the stack must be designated as either Unit 1 or Unit 2.
9. Press **<Enter>**. The device is defined within the stack.
10. From the Stack menu, press “3”. The Startup menu is displayed.
- Enter unit working mode [1 - standalone, 2 - stacking]:
11. From the Startup menu, press “7”. The Startup menu is closed and the device continues the Startup process.



Note

Once the device is booted up and operational in the stack, the configuration can be modified through the Web or CLI.

Chapter 4. Initial Configuration

Configuration Overview

Before assigning a static IP address to the device, obtain the following information from the network administrator:

- A specific IP address allocated by the network administrator for the switch to be configured
- Network mask for the network

There are two types of configuration: Initial configuration consists of configuration functions with basic security considerations, whereas advanced configuration includes dynamic IP configuration and more advanced security considerations.

After making any configuration changes, the new configuration must be saved before rebooting. To save the configuration, enter the following CLI command: The following prompt is displayed:

```
Console# copy running-config startup-config
```

Configuration

The initial configuration, which starts after the device has booted successfully, includes static IP address and subnet mask configuration, and setting user name and privilege level to allow remote management. If the device is to be managed from an SNMP-based management station, SNMP community strings must also be configured. The following configurations are completed:

- Static IP Address and Subnet Mask
- User Name

Static IP Address and Subnet Mask

IP interfaces can be configured on each port of the device. After entering the configuration command, it is recommended to check if a port was configured with the IP address by entering the “show ip interface” command.

The commands to configure the device are port specific.

To manage the switch from a remote network, a default gateway must be configured, which is an IP address to where packets are sent when the destination is within another network. The configured gateway address must belong to the same subnet as the IP interface of the device.

To configure the default gateway, enter the required commands at the system prompt as shown in the following configuration example where 101.101.101.101 is the specific management station, and 100.1.1.254 is the default gateway:

```
console#  
console# configure  
console(config)# interface vlan 1  
console(config-if)# ip address 100.1.1.1 255.255.0.0  
console(config-if)# exit  
console(config)# ip default-gateway 100.1.1.254  
console(config)# exit
```



Note

100.1.1.254 is the IP address of the default gateway that is used to reach the management network 101.101.0.0.

To check the configuration, enter the command “show ip interface” as illustrated in the following example.

Console# show ip interface		
Gateway IP Address	Activity Status	Type
-----	-----	-----
100.1.1.254	active	static
IP Address	I/F	Type
-----	-----	-----
100.1.1.1/16	vlan 1	static

User Name

A user name is used to manage the device remotely, for example through SSH, Telnet, or the Web interface. To gain complete administrative (super-user) control over the device, the highest privilege (15) must be specified.



Note

Only an administrator (super-user) with the highest privilege level (15) is allowed to manage the device through the Web browser interface.

For more information about the privilege level, see the CLI Reference Guide.

The configured user name is entered as a login name for remote management sessions. To configure the user name “bob” and privilege level of 15, enter the command at the system prompt as shown in the configuration example:

```
Console> enable
Console# configure
Console(config)# username bob password lee level 15
```

Chapter 5. Troubleshooting

This chapter contains information on how to troubleshoot the switch in the event that a problem occurs.



Note

If you are still unable to resolve the problem after following the instructions in this chapter, contact ATI Technical Support for assistance.

Device not operating correctly

Check the PWR LED on the front of the switch. If the LED is OFF, indicating that the unit is not receiving power, do the following:

- Ensure that the power cord is securely connected to the power source and to the AC connector on the back panel of the switch.
- Verify that the power outlet has power by connecting another device to it.
- Try connecting the unit to another power source.
- Try using a different power cord.
- Verify that the voltage from the power source is within the required levels for your region.
- Verify that the LNK/ACT LED for each port is ON. If a LNK/ACT LED is OFF, do the following:
- Verify that the end-node connected to the port is powered ON and is operating properly.
- Verify that the twisted pair cable is securely connected to the port on the switch and to the port on the end-node.
- Ensure that the twisted pair cable does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).
- Verify that you are using Category 5 twisted pair cable.

Cannot connect using Telnet, Web browser, or SNMP software

- Be sure the switch is powered up.
- Check network cabling between the management station and the switch.
- Check that you have a valid network connection to the switch and that the port you are using has not been disabled.
- Be sure you have configured the VLAN interface through which the management station is connected with a valid IP address, subnet mask and default gateway.
- Be sure the management station has an IP address in the same subnet as the switch's IP interface to which it is connected.
- If you are trying to connect to the switch via the IP address for a tagged VLAN group, your management station, and the ports connecting intermediate switches in the network, must be configured with the appropriate tag.
- If you cannot connect using Telnet, you may have exceeded the maximum number of concurrent Telnet/SSH sessions permitted. Try connecting again at a later time.

Forgot or lost the password

Contact ATI Technical Support for assistance.

Appendix A. Technical Specifications

Physical Specifications

The different devices have the following physical specifications:

- **AT-8000S/16 + 1G** — 330 x 230.5 x 43.2 mm (W x D x H)
- **AT-8000S/24 + 2G** — 440 x 257 x 43.2 mm (W x D x H)
- **AT-8000S/24 + 2G w/ POE** — 440 x 257 x 43.2 mm (W x D x H)
- **AT-8000S/48 + 2G** — 440 x 257 x 43.2 mm (W x D x H)
- **AT-8000S/48 + 2G w/ POE** — 440 x 387 x 43.2 mm (W x D x H)

Weight

- **AT-8000S/16** — 1.95kg
- **AT-8000S/24** — 3.15kg
- **AT-8000S/48** — 3.38kg

Environmental Specifications

- **Operating temperature** — 0° to 40°
- **Storage temperature** — 20° to 70°
- **Operating Humidity** — 5% to 80% non-condensing
- **Storage Humidity** — 5% to 95% non-condensing
- **Altitude** — max 3000m (9,843ft)

Power Specifications

Power Supply for Non-POE model

100-240VAC/50-60 Hz universal input

Power Supply for POE Model

- 225W Power Supply (AT-8000S/24POE)
 - Input: 100-240VAC/50-60 Hz universal inputs
 - Output: 50V/185W for POE, 12V/45W per Switch
- 465W Power Supply (AT-8000S/48POE)
 - Input: 100-240VAC/50-60 Hz universal inputs
 - Output: 50V/375W for POE, 12V/90W per Switch

Safety and Electromagnetic Emissions Certifications

CE Class A, FCC Class A, VCCI Class A

Compliance Standards

The devices conform to the following compliance standards:

- The Environmental standard, per ATI QLT 1220
- RoHS compliant
- The EN50082-1 immunity standard
- The following safety standards:
 - UL1950
 - CSA22.2 no.950
 - TUV (EN60950)
 - CE
- The following EMI/Emission standards:
 - FCC Class A
 - EN55022 Class A
 - VCCI Class A
 - C-TICK

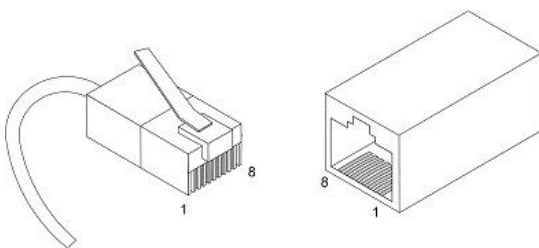
Cable, Port, and Pinout Information

This section describes the devices physical interfaces and provides information about cable connections. Stations are connected to the device ports through the physical interface ports on the front panel. For each station, the appropriate mode (Half/Full Duplex, Auto) is set.

Pin Connections for the 10/100/1000 Ethernet Interface

The switching port can connect to stations wired in standard RJ-45 Ethernet station mode using straight cables. Transmission devices connected to each other use crossed cables. The following figure illustrates the pin allocation.

Figure 21: RJ-45 Pin Allocation



The following table describes the pin allocation

Table 9: RJ-45 Pin Connections for 10/100/1000 Base-T

Pin	Use
1	TxRx 1+
2	TxRx 1-

Table 9: RJ-45 Pin Connections for 10/100/1000 Base-T

Pin	Use
3	TxRx 2+
4	TxRx 3+
5	TxRx 3-
6	TxRx 2-
7	TxRx 4+
8	TxRx 4-

Appendix B. Safety Statements

Important: This appendix contains multiple-language translations for the safety statements in this guide.

Wichtig: Dieser Anhang enthält Übersetzungen der in diesem Handbuch enthaltenen Sicherheitshinweise in mehreren Sprachen.

Importante: Este apéndice contiene traducciones en múltiples idiomas de los mensajes de seguridad incluidos en esta guía.

Important: Cette annexe contient la traduction en plusieurs langues des instructions de sécurité figurant dans ce guide.

Importante: Questa appendice contiene traduzioni in più lingue degli avvisi di sicurezza di questa guida.

Laser Safety Notices



Warning

1. Class 1 Laser product.



Warning

2. Do not stare into the laser beam.

Electrical Safety Notices



Warning

1. Class 1 Laser product.



Warning

2. Do not stare into the laser beam.



Warning

3. To prevent electric shock, do not remove the cover. No user-serviceable parts inside. This unit contains hazardous voltages and should only be opened by a trained and qualified technician. To avoid the possibility of electric shock, disconnect electric power to the product before connecting or disconnecting the LAN cables.



Warning

4. Do not work on equipment or cables during periods of lightning activity.
-



Warning

5. Power cord is used as a disconnection device. To de-energize equipment, disconnect the power cord.



Warning

6. Class I Equipment. This equipment must be earthed. The power plug must be connected to a properly wired earth grounded socket outlet. An improperly wired socket outlet could place hazardous voltages on accessible metal parts.



Warning

7. Pluggable Equipment. The socket outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.



Caution

8. Air vents must not be blocked and must have free access to the room ambient air for cooling.



Warning

9. Operating Temperature. This product is designed for a maximum ambient temperature of 40° degrees C.



Warning

10. All Countries: Install product in accordance with local and National Electrical Codes.



Warning

11. As a safety precaution, install a circuit breaker with a minimum value of 15 Amps between the equipment and the DC power source.



Warning

12. Always connect the wires to the LAN equipment first before you connect the wires to the circuit breaker. Do not work with HOT feeds to avoid the danger of physical injury from electrical shock. Always be sure that the circuit breaker is in the OFF position before connecting the wires to the breaker.



Warning

13. Do not strip more than the recommended amount of wire. Stripping more than the recommended amount can create a safety hazard by leaving exposed wire on the terminal block after installation.



Warning

14. When installing this equipment, always ensure that the frame ground connection is installed first and disconnected last.



Warning

15. Check to see if there are any exposed copper strands coming from the installed wire. When this installation is done correctly there should be no exposed copper wire strands extending from the terminal block. Any exposed wiring can conduct harmful levels of electricity to persons touching the wires.



Warning

17. This system works with positive grounded or negative grounded DC systems.



Warning

18. Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to install or to replace this equipment.



Caution

19. The attached mounting brackets must be used to securely mount the device on the wall.



Caution

20. Do not install in direct sunlight, or a damp or dusty place.



Caution

21. Do not expose the gateway device to moisture or water.



Caution

22. If the gateway device is installed indoors, make sure that the site is a dust free environment. The site should provide for easy access to the ports of the gateway device. This will make it easy for you to connect and disconnect cables, as well as view the LEDs.



Warning

23. The power source for the gateway unit should be located near the unit and should be easily accessible.



Caution

24. To allow proper cooling of the gateway device, make sure that the air flow around the unit and through its heatsink cooling fins on the rear is not restricted.



Caution

25. Circuit Overloading: Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.



Caution

26. Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Attention: Le remplacement de la batterie par une batterie de type incorrect peut provoquer un danger d'explosion. La remplacer uniquement par une batterie du même type ou de type équivalent recommandée par le constructeur. Les batteries doivent être éliminées conformément aux instructions du constructeur.



Warning

27. For centralized DC power connection, install only in a restricted access area.



Warning

28. A tray cable is required to connect the power source if the unit is powered by centralized DC power. The tray cable must be a UL listed Type TC tray cable and rated at 600 V and 90 degrees C, with three conductors, minimum 14 AWG.



Warning

29. Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not created due to uneven mechanical loading.



Warning

30. Remove all metal jewelry, such as rings and watches, before installing or removing a line card from a powered-on chassis.



Warning

31. Use dedicated power circuits or power conditioners to supply reliable electrical power to the device.



Warning

32. The chassis may be heavy and awkward to lift. Allied Telesis recommends that you get assistance when mounting the chassis in an equipment rack.



Warning

33. Do not look directly at the fiber optic cable ends or inspect the cable ends with an optical lens.



Warning

34. This unit might have more than one power cord. To reduce the risk of electric shock, disconnect all power cords before servicing the unit.



Warning

35. The power input must be provided from SELV source only, per IEC 60950. Do not connect to a centralized DC battery bank.



Caution

36. UL recognized wires of 18 AWG minimum should be provided by the installer.



Caution

37. UL recognized wires of 22 AWG minimum should be provided by the installer.



Caution

38. Power to the hub must be sourced only from the adapter.



Caution

39. If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (T_{mra}).



Caution

40. Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.



Warning

41. Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuits (e.g., use of power strips).

Telecommunications Compliance Notices



Warning

42. When using your telephone equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electronic shock, and injury to persons, including the following:

- Do not use this product near water, for example, near a bathtub, washbowl, kitchen sink, or laundry tub in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.



Warning

43. Before connecting to the telephony (TEL) ports on the gateway device, make sure to disconnect the Public Switch Telephone Network (PSTN) feed to the premises.



Warning

44. To reduce the risk of fire, use only No. 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

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