User Guide

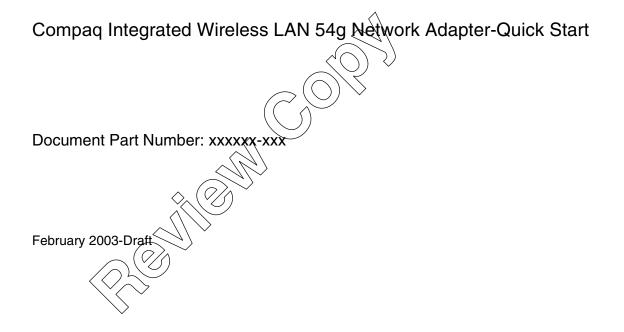


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Introduction

THE INTEGRATED 54g SOLUTION

The **Integrated 54g** solution accesses wireless local area networks (WLANs), enables the sharing of a local printer and files with others in the network, enables Internet connection sharing, and enables roaming about the office—wire free. This wireless LAN solution is designed for both the home user and small businesses— and it is scalable so that users can be added and new network features can be enabled as networking needs grow.

The WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) protocol is a security protocol for wireless local area networks (defined in IEEE Std 802.11, 1999 Edition) that encrypts data sent over radio waves. The use of the WEP key is optional and can be enabled or disabled. If the network being connecting to has enabled WEP, WEP must also be enabled in the network profile and the WEP key in the computer must be set to match the WEP key used by the network. Otherwise, it is impossible to connect to the network.

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook makes a wireless connection to a network, as illustrated on the following figure. Upon startup, the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook detects certain WLANs (wireless networks) that are within range. Before connecting to these and other wireless networks, a user must configure a profile for each network. See "Completing the Setup" on page 3.

Networks 1 and 2 are infrastructure types of networks. The two notebook computers connected by radio waves form an ad hoc type of network.

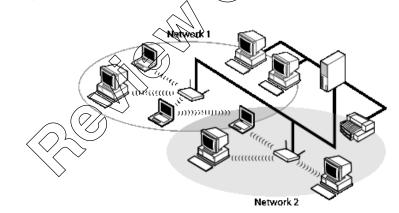


Figure 1: Types of Networks

ENTERPRISE USERS

Obtain the following information from the network administrator:

- Network names (SSID) of the specific wireless networks to connect to
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) key information (if any) for the networks to connect to
- · For Microsoft Windows networking, the customer name and workgroup name
- · For a network account, a user name and password
- An IP address (if not using a DHCP server)
- If any of the networks are connected to an authentication server

HOME USERS

The AP (access point) that communicates with the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook has a preassigned network name (SSID) that the notebook recognizes upon startup. To enable WEP, use any string of numbers for the WEP key.

USING THE INTEGRATED 54g ENABLED NOTEBOOK

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook is an IEEE 802.11g based wireless LAN device. A LAN is composed of two or more computers that are connected to each other to share files or common equipment such as a printer or an Internet connection. A wireless LAN provides the same functionality of a wired network, but it eliminates the need to install networking cables and other networking equipment. Not only is a wireless LAN easier to deploy, but it also allows for roaming. For example, when using the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook, it is possible to roam from one room in the house to another, or from a conference room to an office without being disconnected from the network.

FEATURES AND REQUIREMENTS

The Integrated 54g solution is an IEEE 802.11 based wireless DAN that includes the following features:

- Support for IEEE 802.11g draft specification
- Support for IEEE 802.11b standard
- 2.4-GHz band operation
- Network data rate of up to 54 Mbit/s
- Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) encryption

The following items are needed for participating in a wireless LAN:

- Integrated 54g enabled notebook computer running on a Microsoft Windows XP operating system
- Software drivers, software reference guide, and Help file

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook works with any IEEE 802.11b Wi-Fi CERTIFIED or IEEE 802.11g access point or wireless client network adapter.

Completing the Setup

NOTE—Before starting, obtain the required network information from the network administrator or the wireless access point installer (see "The Integrated 54g Solution" on page 1).

MODES OF OPERATION

A wireless LAN can be configured for two different modes of operation: infrastructure mode and ad hoc mode (an ad hoc network is also known as a peer-to-peer network or a computer-to-computer network). Whereas each mode has its advantages, one mode may be more appropriate than the other, depending on the location and type of network connection.

INFRASTRUCTURE MODE

The key difference between the infrastructure type of network and an ad hoc network is that the infrastructure network includes a base station (host) computer that has a built-in wireless network adapter and is connected to a wireless access point (AP). This functionality allows computers on the infrastructure wireless LAN to access the resources and tools of the wired LAN, including internet access, e-mail, file sharing, and printer sharing.

Characteristics

Networked computers communicate with each other through a dedicated AP. All data transmitted between the computers on this wireless LAN passes through the AP.

Advantages

- Extended range. The access point extends the range of the wireless LAN. Each computer can communicate with other computers equipped by wireless networks that are within the range of the access point.
- Roaming. As the user moves around the home or office, the Integrated 54g enabled notebook determines the best access point to use to ensure continuous communication with the network.
- Network connectivity. An access point can provide wireless LAN access to an existing wired network by bridging the two networks together. This gives users of the wireless LAN access to all the functions of a wired network—from file server access to access to e-mail and the Internet.

Disadvantages

Because the infrastructure mode offers more features, it requires additional components and setup time to deploy.

Requirements

- A base station computer having a wired connection to the Internet
- A wireless network adapter
- A connection to an AP (access point)

AD HOC MODE

An ad hoc network is the easiest to deploy and is ideal for home use or in small offices. This mode allows the sharing of files with other employees, printing to a shared office printer, and access to the Internet through a shared modem. With ad hoc networking, however, the computer is only able to communicate with other wireless networks that are within a certain range and are in the same wireless workgroup.

Characteristics

Networked computers send data directly to each other without the need of an access point.

Advantages

- Simple setup
- Cost efficiency

Disadvantages

- · Communication is limited to those who are located within a certain rapge.
- IEEE 802.1x security is not available.

Requirements

There are no other equipment requirements for operating in the advice mode besides 2 WLAN enabled notebooks or desktop PCs.

CONFIGURING A NETWORK PROFILE

To connect to a wireless network, a network profile for that network must be configured on the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook. If the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook computer came with the **Integrated 54g** network adapter already installed and set up at the factory, follow the network profile configuration instructions provided below.

NOTE—For more information on how to configure a network profile and IEEE 802.1x authentication, click Learn about setting up wireless network configuration on the Wireless Networks tab of Wireless Network Connection Properties.

You can configure a network profile for networks that are listed under **Available networks** as well as those that are not listed. When you have completed configuring a network profile, the network name and icon appear at the top of the list under **Preferred networks**. The computer automatically connects to the network at the top of the list. Follow the applicable instruction set below, based on whether or not the network is listed, whether or not the network requires a WEP key, and whether or not the network is connected to an authentication server (check with the network administrator to see if a WEP key is required and if the network is connected to an authentication server).

NOTE—Both the network name and the network key are case-sensitive.

- "Configuring a Profile for a Listed Network That Does Not Require a WEP Key" on page 5
- "Configuring a Profile for a Listed Network That Requires a WEP Key" on page 7
- "Configuring a Profile for a Network That Is Not Listed and Does Not Require a WEP Key" on page 9
- "Configuring a Profile for a Network That Is Not Listed and Requires a WEP Key" on page 11

CONFIGURING A PROFILE FOR A LISTED NETWORK THAT DOES NOT REQUIRE A WEP KEY

- 1 Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View).
- 2 Click Network and Internet Connections.
- 3 Click Network Connections.
- 4 Right-click Wireless Network Connection, and then click Properties.

🖵 Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 😨 🔀	
General Wireless Networks Advanced	
Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings	
Available networks:	
To connect to an available network, click Configure.	
1 54g Home Configure	
👗 54g Work 🖉 Refresh	
Preferred networks: Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:	
Move up Move down	\sim
Add Remove Properties	
Leam about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration.</u> Advanced	
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- 5 Click the Wireless Networks tab.
- 6 Under Available networks, click the network name, and then click Configure.

Wireless network properties ?
Association Authentication
Network name (SSID): 84g Home
Wireless network key (WEP)
This network requires a key for the following:
Data encryption (WEP enabled)
Network Authentication (Shared mode)
Network key:
Confirm network key:
Key index (advanced):
The key is provided for me automatically
This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used
OK Cancel

- 7 The default settings in Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 1 require IEEE 802.1x authentication. With IEEE 802.1x authentication enabled, connecting to a network requires a connection with an authentication server. If the network has no authentication server, the connection is disabled every 3 minutes. Therefore, when connecting to a network that has no authentication server, disable IEEE 802.1x authentication by doing the following (if the network does have an authentication server, ignore this step):
 - Click the Authentication tab.
 - Clear the Enable network access control using IEEE 802.1x check box.
- 8 Click **OK**. The network name and icon appear at the top of the list under **Preferred networks**.

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Use Windows to configure	my wireless networ	k settings			
Available networks:					
To connect to an available n	etwork, click Conf	igure.			
P 54g Home	<u>^</u>	Configure			
👗 54g Work	~	Refresh			^
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9 Click OK to activate the network connection. To verify that the network connection has been made, reopen Wireless Network Connection Properties for that wireless network and click the Wireless Networks tab. The computer is connected to the selected network when a blue bubble appears on top of the icon of for that network. If the bubble does not appear, click Refresh. If it still does not appear, try to access a Web page to verify that an Internet connection exists.

CONFIGURING A PROFILE FOR A LISTED NETWORK THAT REQUIRES A WEP KEY

- 1 Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View).
- 2 Click Network and Internet Connections.
- 3 Click Network Connections.
- 4 Right-click Wireless Network Connection, and then click Properties.

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General Wireless Networks Advanced		
Use Windows to configure my wireless networ	k settings	
Available networks:		
To connect to an available network, click Confi	igure.	
1 54g Work 1 54g Home	Configure Refresh	
 Preferred networks: Automatically connect to available networks in the below: 	the order listed	
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Add Remove Properties		$\bigcirc (\bigcirc) >$
Leam about <u>setting up wireless network</u> configuration.	Advanced	\bigcirc
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- 5 Click the Wireless Networks tab. (
- 6 Under Available networks, click the network name, and then click Configure.

Wireless network properties
wireless network properties
Association Authentication
Network name (SSID): 54g Work
Wireless network key (WEP)
This network requires a key for the following:
✓ Data encryption (WEP enabled)
Network Authentication (Shared mode)
Network key:
Confirm network key:
Key index (advanced): 1
This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used
OK Cancel

- 7 Select the Data encryption (WEP enabled) check box.
- 8 Clear the **The key is provided for me automatically** check box.
- 9 Type the network key in the **Network key** box and again in the **Confirm network key** box.

NOTE—It is not necessary to select the **Key format** or the **Key length** before typing the network key. These settings automatically change to the appropriate setting as the network key is typed.

- 10 The default settings in Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 1 require IEEE 802.1x authentication. With IEEE 802.1x authentication enabled, connecting to a network requires a connection with an authentication server. If the network has no authentication server, the connection is disabled every 3 minutes. Therefore, when connecting to a network that has no authentication server, disable IEEE 802.1x authentication by doing the following (if the network does have an authentication server, ignore this step):
 - Click the Authentication tab.
 - Clear the Enable network access control using IEEE 802.1x check box.
- 11 Click OK. The network name and icon appear at the top of the list under Preferred networks.

🕂 Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🔀	\land
General Wireless Networks Advanced	$\langle \rangle$
✓ Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings	
Available networks:	
To connect to an available network, click Configure.	$\bigcirc (\bigcirc) \lor$
P 54g Work Configure \$ 54g Home Refresh	
Preferred networks:	$\bigwedge $
Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:	
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Add Remove Property	
Leam about setting up wireless network Advanced	
OK Cancel	

12 Click OK to activate the network connection. To verify that the network connection has been made, reopen Wireless Network Connection Properties for that wireless network and click the Wireless Networks tab. The computer is connected to the selected network when a blue bubble appears on top of the icon \Im for that network. If the bubble does not appear, click **Refresh**. If it still does not appear, try to access a Web page to verify that an Internet connection exists.

CONFIGURING A PROFILE FOR A NETWORK THAT IS NOT LISTED AND DOES NOT REQUIRE A WEP KEY

- 1 Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View).
- 2 Click Network and Internet Connections.
- 3 Click Network Connections.
- 4 Right-click Wireless Network Connection, and then click Properties.

General		Advanced			
🔽 Use	Windows to configu	ire my wireless netwo	ork settings		
– Availa	able networks:				
		e network, click Cor	nfigure.		
	54g Home 54g Work		Configure Refresh		\wedge
Prefer	red networks:				\sim
Autor		available networks ir	n the order listed		
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5 6

Vireless network properties	? 🛛
Association Authentication	
Network name (SSID): wireless	
Wireless network key (WEP)	
This network requires a key for the following:	
Data encryption (WEP enabled)	
Network Authentication (Shared mode)	
Network key:	
Confirm network key:	
Key index (advanced):	
This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network; wire access points are not used OK OK	less

- 7 Type the network name in the Network name (SSID) box.
- 8 The default settings in Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 1 require IEEE 802.1x authentication. With IEEE 802.1x authentication enabled, connecting to a network requires a connection with an authentication server. If the network has no authentication server, the connection is disabled every 3 minutes. Therefore, when connecting to a network that has no authentication server, disable IEEE 802.1x authentication by doing the following (if the network does have an authentication server, ignore this step):
 - Click the **Authentication** tab.
 - Clear the Enable network access control using IEEE 802.1x check box.
- 9 Click **OK**. The network name and icon appear at the top of the list under **Preferred networks**.

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General Wireless Networks Advanced	<u> </u>
	7
Use Windows to configure my windess n	etwork settings
~ Available networks:	
To connect to an available network, click	Configure.
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	Refresh
Preferred networks:	
Automatically connect to available networe below:	ks in the order listed
💡 wireless	Move up
	Move down
Add Remove Proc	perties
Learn about setting up wireless network	Advanced
configuration.	Advanced
	OK Cancel

10 Click OK to activate the network connection. To verify that the network connection has been made, reopen Wireless Network Connection Properties for that network and click the Wireless Networks tab. The computer is connected to the selected network when a blue bubble appears on top of the icon **P** for that network. If the bubble does not appear, click **Refresh**. If it still does not appear, try to access a Web page to verify that an Internet connection exists.

CONFIGURING A PROFILE FOR A NETWORK THAT IS NOT LISTED AND REQUIRES A WEP KEY

- 1 Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View).
- 2 Click Network and Internet Connections.
- 3 Click Network Connections.
- 4 Right-click Wireless Network Connection, and then click Properties.

🖵 Wireless Network Connection Properties 🛛 👔 🔀	
General Wireless Networks Advanced	\land
Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings	\sim
Available networks:	\sim
To connect to an available network, click Configure.	
Preferred networks: Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below: Mov_op	
Add Remove Proprie	
Leam about setting up wireless network configuration. Advanced	
OK Cancel	

- 5 Click the Wireless Networks tab.
- 6 Click Add.

sociation	Authentication		
	me (SSID):	wireless	
Wireless r	ietwork key (W	EP)	
This netw	ork requires a k	ey for the following:	
🗹 Data	a encryption (W	'EP enabled)	
Net Net	work Authentica	ation (Shared mode)	
Network I	key:	••••	
Confirm n	etwork key:	••••	
Key index	(advanced):	1	
The ke	ey is provided fo	or me automatically	
	computer-to-co points are not us	mputer (ad hoc) network; wireless	

- 7 Type the network name in the Network name (SSID) box.
- 8 Select the Data encryption (WEP enabled) check box
- 9 Clear the The key is provided for me automatically check box.
- 10 Type the network key in the Network key box and again in the Confirm network key box.

NOTE—It is not necessary to select the **Key tormat** or the **Key length** before typing the network key. These settings automatically change to the appropriate setting as the network key is typed.

- 11 The default settings in Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 1 require IEEE 802.1x authentication. With IEEE 802.1x authentication enabled, connecting to a network requires a connection with an authentication server. If the network has no authentication server, the connection is disabled every 3 minutes. Therefore, when connecting to a network that has no authentication server, disable IEEE 802.1x authentication by doing the following (if the network does have an authentication server, ignore this step):
 - Click the Authentication tab.
 - Clear the Enable network access control using IEEE 802.1x check box.
- 12 Click OK. The network name and icon appear at the top of the list under Preferred networks.

Use Windows to configure my wirel	ess network settings
Available networks:	
To connect to an available network,	click Configure.
1 54g Home	Configure
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Automatically connect to available no below: wireless Add Remove	etworks in the order listed Move up Move down Properties
Automatically connect to available no below:	etworks in the order listed Move up Move down Properties

13 Click OK to activate the network connection. To verify that the network connection has been made, reopen Wireless Network Connection Properties for that wireless network and click the Wireless Networks tab. The computer is connected to the selected network when a blue bubble appears on top of the icon $\frac{9}{10}$ for that network. If the bubble does not appear, click **Refresh**. If it still does not appear, try to access a Web page to verify that an Internet connection exists.

Specifications

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Description
Form Factor	Mini PCI specification, May 2002. Type IIIA form factor
Dimensions (length, width)	59.6 mm × 50.95 mm

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY LIMITATIONS

Condition	Description
Operating Temperature	0 to 70°C
Operating Humidity	95% maximum (no condensation allowed)
Storage Temperature	-40 to 90°C
Storage Humidity	95% maximum (no condensation allowed)

POWER CHARACTERISTICS

	Values	
Characteristic	IEEE 802.11g Operation	IEEE 802.11b Operation
oze Mode	40 mA	40 mA
eceive Mode	400 mA	220 mA
ransmit Mode	600 mA	330 mA
ower Supply	3.30	3.3 V

NETWORKING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Description
Compatibility	IEEE Std 802.11b and IEEE Draft Std 802.11g for wireless LAN
Network Operating System	Microsoft Windows Networking
Host Operating System	Microsoft Windows XP
Medium Access Protocol	CSMA/CA (collision avoidance) with acknowledgment (ACK)
Data Rate (Mbit/s) ^a	 IEEE Draft Std 802.11g: 1, 2, 5.5, 6, 11, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 IEEE Std 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11

a The Integrated 54g solution uses an automated rate select mechanism

RADIO CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic ^a	Description	
Frequency Band	2.4 GHz (IEEE 802.11b, IEEE Draft Std 802.11g)	
Modulation Technique	 Direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) CCK for high and medium transmit rate DQPSK for standard transmit rate DBPSK for low transmit rate Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) 52 subcarriers with BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM or 64-QAM Forward error correction convolutional coding rate: 1/2, 2/3, 3/4 	
Spreading	11-chip Barker sequence	
Bit Error Rate (BER)	Better than 10 ⁻⁵ ppm	
Nominal Output Power	 IEEE Std 802.11b: 14 dBm IEEE Draft Std 802.11g: 15 dBm 	

a See "Regulatory Information" on page 16 for country-specific performance characteristics and use restrictions.

Regulatory Information

OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

WIRELESS INTEROPERABILITY

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook is designed to be interoperable with any wireless LAN product that is based on direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) and orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) radio technology and to comply with the following standards:

- IEEE Std 802.11b-1999. Standard on 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN
- IEEE Std 802.11g-2002. Draft standard on 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN

SAFETY

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook, like other radio devices, emits radio trequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by this devices, however, is less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by other wireless devices such as mobile phones. The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook operates within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature. In some situations or environments, the use of a **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the applicable organization. Examples of such situations include the following:

- Using the Integrated 54g enabled notebook onboard airplanes, or
- Using the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook in any other environment where the risk of interference with other devices or services is perceived or identified as being harmful.

If uncertain of the policy that applies to the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (in an airplane, for example), ask for authorization to use the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook before turning it on.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

The **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook must be used in strict accordance with this manual. For country-specific approvals, see "Radio Approvals" on page 21. The computer manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of the devices included with this **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook kit, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than that specified by the computer manufacturer. The correction of interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution, or attachment is the responsibility of the user. The computer manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors are not liable for any damage or violation of government regulations that may arise from the user's failing to comply with these guidelines.

CANADA—INDUSTRY CANADA (IC)

This device complies with RSS210 of Industry Canada.

EUROPE—EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

(€0682①

This equipment complies with the essential requirements of the European Union directive 1999/5/EC.

Cet équipement est conforme aux principales caractéristiques définies dans la Directive européenne RTTE 1999/5/CE.

Die Geräte erfüllen die grundlegenden Anforderungen der RTTE-Richtlinie 1999/5/EG.

Questa apparecchiatura è conforme ai requisiti essenziali della Direttiva Europea R&TTE 1999/5/CE.

Este equipo cumple los requisitos principales de la Directiva 1999/5/CE de la UE, "Equipos de Terminales de Radio y Telecomunicaciones".

Este equipamento cumpre os requisitos essenciais da Directiva 1999/5/CE do Parlamento Europeu e do Conselho (Directiva RTT).

O exoplismos autos plhroi tis basikes apaits the koinotikhe oghgias EU R&TTE 1999/5/E.

Deze apparatuur voldoet aan de noodzakelijke vereisten van EU-richtlijn betreffende radioapparatuur en telecommunicatie-eindapparatuur 1999/5/EG

Dette udstyr opfylder de Væsentlige kravi EVs direktiv 1999/5/EC om Radio- og teleterminaludstyr.

Dette utstyret er i overensstemmelse med hovedkravene i R&TTE-direktivet (1999/5/EC) fra EU.

Utrustningen uppfyller kraven för EU-direktivet 1999/5/EC om ansluten teleutrustning och ömsesidigt erkännande av utrustningens overensstämmelse (R&TTE).

Tämä laite vastaa EU:n radio- ja telepäätelaitedirektiivin (EU R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC) vaatimuksia.

This product is intended to be used in all countries of the European Economic Area when operating in IEEE 802.11b and/or IEEE 802.11g mode at 2.4 GHz (see "France" below).

FRANCE

Some areas of France have a restricted frequency band for operation in the IEEE 802.11b mode and the IEEE 802.11g mode at 2.4 GHz. The following information describes this restriction. Please check ART's Web site (http://www.art-telecom.fr) for more up-to-date information.

Autorité de régulation des télecommunications (ART) has made decisions that will allow users to install WLAN (wireless LAN) systems to provide high-speed Internet services primarily in high-traffic areas (called hot spots). ART recently released guidelines that establish the conditions for experimenting with the installation of public WLANs, such as for high-speed Internet access in locations that are currently being poorly served by existing networks. Such public WLANs would operate in the 2.4-GHz frequency band. This series of measures answers many of the concerns expressed during Art's public consultation on this topic.

Decisions allowing the installation of wireless terminals in hot spots (train stations, airports, business centers, and the like): In agreement with the Ministry of Defense, ART has made two decisions setting the conditions for using wireless LANs in the 2.4-GHz band. One of these decisions has been submitted to the Minister of Telecommunications for approval. These decisions will allow the installation of WLAN access points to provide public services in high-traffic public places. This will allow service providers and licensed operators to install access points using 2.4 GHz band technologies without authorization, under the following technical conditions:

- In 38 départements (see "Metropolitan Departments" on page 19 for listing):
 - The 2400–2454 MHz band can be used both indoors and outdoors using systems (access points and devices) with less than 300 milliwatts (mW) of power.
 - The 2454–2483.5 MHz band can be used indoors using devices with less than 100 mW of power and can be used outdoors using devices with less than 10 mW of power. When the devices are being used outdoors on private property, the power may be increased to 100 mW after approval from the Ministry of Defense.
- For the time being, in all other metropolitan départements, the conditions remain unchanged. The list of the first 38 départements will be progressively added to after 1 January 2003.
- For the overseas départements (DOM), as well as Saint Pierre and Miquelon and Mayotte, the entire 2400–2483.5 MHz band may be used indoors and outdoors using devices with less than 100 mW of power, except for the Reunion Islands and Guyana, where the 2420–2483.5 MHz band may be used only outdoors using devices with less than 100 mW of power. ART reminds operators that these frequencies are used with no guarantee of nondisruption, and that the instantions must respect all measures applying to radio installations (such as urban planning regulations). These decisions also allow the development of private uses. In particular, private networks (such as indoor corporate networks) can be established using these technologies.

These conditions are tabulated in Table 2 on page 20.

Guidelines for Public WLAN Experimentation

- Networks using WLAN technology will be granted a free authorization for up to 18 months under article
 L.33-1 of the Post and Telecommunications Code. These networks may use systems with 100 mW of
 power (effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP)) on the entire band, indoors and outdoors. Moreover, in
 the 2.4 GHz band (and providing this power limit is respected), fixed point-to-point links can be
 established for these networks needs, or frequencies can be requested in other ad hoc bands.
- Private and public persons may submit applications to ART, provided that legislation and regulations allow them to do so.
- Applications will be processed in a simplified way, in the spirit of the new "Authorization" Directive.
- ART will send completed applications to the Ministry of Defense. The Ministry will then check that the
 projects are not located near any sensitive area and that they are not likely to cause disruptions to military
 equipment. For each application, ART will then submit its report and the draft authorization to the Minister
 of Telecommunications.
- Applications can be sent from 12 November 2002 so that the first experiments may be launched as soon as early 2003. Full reviews are to be sent to ART at the end of the temporary authorizations to determine whether the technology guarantees quality and security to users.

Metropolitan Departments

Table 1 lists the 38 metropolitan départements that permit the use of WLAN systems using less than 100 mW of power (EIRP) indoors across the entire 2400–2483.5 MHz band and outdoors on the 2400–2454 MHz band.

Ain Orientales	36	Indre	66	Pyrénées
Aisne	37	Indre et Loire	67	Bas Rhin
Allier	41	Loir et Cher	68	Haut Rhin
Hautes Alpes	42	Loire	70	Haute Saône
Ardennes	45	Loiret	71	Saône et Loire
Ariège	50	Manche	75	Paris
Aude	55	Meuse	82	Rarn et Garonne
Aveyron	58	Nièvre	84	Vaucluse
Charente	59	Nord	88	Vosges
Dordogne	60	Cise	< 89	Yonne
Doubs	61	Orne	90	Territoire de Belfort
Drôme	63	Puy du Dôme	94	Val de Marne
Gers	64	Pyrénées Atlantique	(\bigcirc)	
	AisneAllierHautes AlpesArdennesAriègeAudeAveyronCharenteDordogneDoubsDrôme	Aisne37Allier41Hautes Alpes42Ardennes45Ariège50Aude55Aveyron58Charente59Dordogne60Doubs61Drôme63	Aisne37Indre et LoireAllier41Loir et CherHautes Alpes42LoireArdennes45LoiretAriège50MancheAude55MeuseAveyron58NièvreCharente59NordDordogne60CiseDoubs61OrneDrôme63Puy du Dôme	Aisne37Indre et Loire67Allier41Loir et Cher68Hautes Alpes42Loire70Ardennes45Loiret71Ariège50Manche75Aude55Meuse82Aveyron58Nièvre84Charente59Nord88Dordogne60Cise89Doubs61Orne90Drôme63Puy du Dôme94

Table 1: 38 Metropolitan Départements

Conditions of use for WLANs in hot spots in these 38 départements:

- The 2400–2454 MHz band may be used both index s and outdoors using devices with power (EIRP) of less than 100 milliwatts (mW).
- The 2454–2483.5 MHz band may be used indoors using devices with power (EIRP) of less than 100 mW and outdoors using devices with power of less than 10 mW. On private property outdoors, the power may be 100 mW with the approval of the Ministry of Defense.

Conditions of use for WLANs in hot spots in other metropolitan départements: The conditions of use currently remain unchanged, that is,

• The 2400-2446.5 MHz band may be used indoors using devices with power (EIRP) of less than 10 mW.

The 2446.5–2483.5 MHz band may be used indoors using devices with power (EIRP) of less than 100 mW. On private property outdoors, the power may be 100 mW with the approval of the Ministry of Defense.

In the 38 Départem	ents			
	Authorized EIRP (mW)			
Frequency (MHz)	Indoors	Outdoors: Decisions ^a	Outdoors: Guidelines ^b	
2400	100	100	100	
2454				
248305		10 and 100 on private property with Ministry of Defense approval	n 100 with Ministry of Defense approval	
In Other Metropolit	tan Départem	ents		
		Authorized	EIRP (mW)	
Frequency (MHz)	Indoors	Outdoors: Decisions [*]	<i>Quitdoors: Guidelines</i> **	
2400	10	Not permitted	100 with Ministry of Defense approval	
2454				
248305	100	100 100 on private property with Ministry of Defense approval		
In Guadeloupe, Ma	ntinique, St. I	Pierre, and Miquelon and Mayotte	\mathcal{O}	
	Authorized EIRP (mW)			
Frequency (MHz)	Indoors	Outdoors: Decisions and Guidel	ines	
2400	100	100		
2483.5				
In Reunion Islands	and Guyana			
	Authorized EIRP (mW)			
Frequency (MHz)	Indoors	Outdoors: Decisions [*]	Outdoors: Guidelines**	
	100	Not permitted	100 with Ministry of Defense approval	
	$] \bigvee \checkmark \\$			
	$ $ \rangle	100	100	

Table 2: Authorized EIRP

a Concernent les réseaux indépendants et les hot spots

b Concernent les éxperimentations de réseaux ouverts au public

NOTE—The Integrated 54g enabled notebook transmits less than 100 mW of power, but more than 10 mW.

USA—Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of the device is subject to the following two conditions:

- The device may not cause harmful interference.
- The device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE—The radiated output power of the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook should be used in such a

manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. To avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, keep a distance of at least 20 cm between the user (or any other person in the vicinity) and the antenna that is built into the computer. To determine the location of the antenna within the notebook, refer to the operating manual for the **Integrated 54g** enable notebook.

Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If the equipment is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, the equipment may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee, however, that such interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on), the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE—This **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook must be used in strict accordance with the computer manufacturer's instructions. Any other installation or use violates FCC Part 15 regulations. Modifications not expressly approved by the computer manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RADIO APPROVALS

Only use this radio device in countries where the device is approved for use.

Troubleshooting

CANNOT CONNECT TO THE NETWORK

If the Integrated 54g enabled notebook appears to be functioning properly but does not connect to the network, the problem may be that there is a mismatch between the Network name (SSID) and Wireless network key (WEP) settings in Wireless Network Properties and the name and WEP key of the network it is trying to connect to. As explained in "Completing the Setup" on page 3, the network name and WEP key are case sensitive. Verify that the spelling and case of these parameters are correct and that the settings are exactly the same on all computers on the network.

If the spelling and case of these parameters are correct and the settings are exactly the same on all computers on the network, and the computer is still unable to connect to the network, see "Performance and Connectivity Problems".

PERFORMANCE AND CONNECTIVITY PROBLEMS Possible Solution Problem or Symptom Verify that File and Printer Sharing is enabled on all the computers on the network. The computers seem to be communicating, but Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View). 1 they do not appear in 2 Click Network and Internet Connections. My Computer or in My Network Places. Click Network Connections. 3 Right-click Wireless Network Connections, then click Properties. 4 On the General tab, under This connection uses the following items, verify that the File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks check box is selected. If the 5 check box is cleared, select it. If this item is not present, click Install. In the Select Network Component Type box, select Service and click Add. In the Select Network Service box, select File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks and click OK. In Wireless Network Connection Properties, click OK. Microwave ovens and some cordless phones operate at the same radio frequency as the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook. When the microwave oven or cordless phone is in use, Data transfer is sometimes very slow. it interferes with the operation of the wireless network. Therefore, keep the integrated 54g enabled hotebook at least 20 feet away from microwave ovens and any cordless telephone that operates at a frequency of 2.4 GHz. Data transfer is always Some homes and most offices are steel-framed structures. The steel in such buildings may interfere with the network's radio signals, thus causing a slowdown in the data transmission rate. Try moving the **Integrated 54g** enabled notebook to different locations in the building verv slow. to see if performance improves. Computers are not If the network has an access point (AP), check all of the cables and make sure the power LED on the front of the AP is green. Verify that all of the wireless network properties values are correct. Also, make sure the computer is receiving a good signal from the access point. communicating with the network The default settings in Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 1 require IEEE 802.1x authentication. With IEEE 802.1x authentication enabled, connecting to a network requires The network was enabled, but now it is disabled. a connection with an authentication server. If the network has no authentication server, the connection is disabled every 3 minutes. Therefore, when connecting to a network that has no authentication server, disable IEEE 802.1x authentication by doing the following: Click Start, then click Control Panel (Category View). 1 2 Click Network and Internet Connections. 3 Click Network Connections. 4 Right-click Wireless Network Connection, then click Properties. 5 Click the Wireless Networks tab. 6 Click the network name under Preferred networks, then click Properties. 7 Click the Authentication tab. 8 Clear the Network access control using IEEE 802.1x check box. 9 Click OK.

Problem or Symptom	Possible Solution
In the ad hoc mode, I am unable to communicate with another user on the same ad hoc network.	By default, Windows XP uses a dynamic IP address in ad hoc mode. If you are not able to communicate with other users on the same ad hoc network, assigning a static IP address may correct the problem. Search the Windows Help Center for instructions on assigning a static IP address.

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Glossary

access point	A stand-alone wireless hub that allows any computer that has a wireless network adapter to communicate with another computer and to connect to the Internet.
ad hoc network	A communication configuration in which every computer has the same capabilities and any computer can initiate a communication session. Also known as a peer-to- peer network or a computer-to-computer network.
available network	One of the networks listed in the Available networks list under Wireless Network Connection Properties . Any wireless network that is broadcasting and is within receiving range of the Integrated 54g enabled notebook appears on the list.
BER	bit error rate. The ratio of errors to the total number of bits being sent in a data transmission from one location to another.
client computer	The computer that gets its Internet connection by sharing either the host computer's connection or the access point's connection.
dBm	Unit of expression of power level in decibels with reference to a power of 1 milliwatt.
DBPSK	differential-binary-phase-shift keying.
DQSPK	differential-quadrature-phase-shift keying. A compression technique that transmits only the differences between the values of the phase of the sine wave rather than the full absolute value.
DSSS	direct sequence spread spectrum. A type of radio transmission technology used in wireless networking and cellular communications.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	A mechanism for allocating IP addresses dynamically so that addresses can be reused when hosts no longer need them.
file and printer sharing	A capability that allows a number of poole to view, modify, and print the same file(s) from different computers.
GHz	gigahertz. A unit of frequency equal to 1 000 000 000 cycles per second.
host computer	The computer that is directly connected to the Internet via a modem or network adapter.
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineering
IEEE 802.11g	The IEEE draft standard for wireless LAN operations in the 2.4 GHz frequency band with a maximum data rate of 54 Mbit/s. This draft standard is expected to be finalized in the summer of 2003.
IEEE 802.11b	The IEEE standard for wireless LAN operations in the 2.4 GHz frequency band with a maximum data rate of 11 Mbit/s.
Internet Protocol (IP) address	The address of a computer that is attached to a network. Part of the address designates which network the computer is on, and the other part represents the host identification.
LAN	local area network
m	meter
Mbit/s	megabits per second. Transmission speed of 1 000 000 bits per second.
MHz	megahertz. A unit of frequency equal to 1 000 000 cycles per second.
ns	nanosecond. 1 billionth (1/1 000 000 000) of a second.
OFDM	orthogonal frequency division multiplexing. An emerging signal modulation technology for achieving higher data rates in wireless communications.
peer-to-peer network	See ad hoc network. Also known as a computer-to-computer network.
preferred network	One of the networks that has been configured. Such networks appear under Preferred networks on the Wireless Networks tab of Wireless Network Connection Properties .
Service Set Identifier (SSID)	A value that controls access to a wireless network. The SSID for your wireless network card must match the SSID for any access point that you want to connect with. If the value does not match, you are not granted access to the network. You can have up to three SSIDs. Each SSID can be up to 32 characters long and is case-sensitive.
Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)	A form of data encryption. The WEP key information in the client computer must match the WEP key used by the access point or host computer. The WEP key can be enabled or disabled. The WEP key is case-sensitive.

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User Guide 54g Wireless LAN First Edition February 2003 Document Part Number: 330895-001