WIRELESS DRIVEWAY ALARM

Tools required: Small phillips head screwdriver
Batteries required: 1 9-volt and 3 AA or optional AC adaptor

Motion Detector

1. Slide off battery cover and install 1 9-volt battery. Reinstall cover.
2. Mount detector onto a solid surface, approximately 4 1/2 feet from ground. It is best to mount detector so that is has no view of the street traffic. This unit operates best when mounted so that the sun does not shine directly onto the lens surface.

Receiver

1. Slide off battery cover and install 3 AA batteries as shown inside compartment turn power switch (located on left side of unit) to on.
2. Place of hang the receiver within 400 of the motion detector. Any walls or obstructions may cut down the range of the radio signal. So place or hang the receiver and motion detector as close in range of each other as possible.

How it works

The infrared sensor or eye located in the front of the motion detector will detect motion and will transmit a radio signal to the in-house receiver. The receiver alerts you with an audible tone and the LTD light on the receiver will illuminate. When motion ceases, the tone will also cease. The red LTD light will remain lit until the reset button is depressed.

Please note:

Your motion detector is weatherproof, however it is best to protect the unit from direct rain or harsh wind.

The motion detector is not designed to detect walking towards of away from the unit. It best detects motion when the target is moving past the unit.

All batteries used must be of the same type. Do not mix alkaline, standard (carbon-zinc) or rechargeable (cadmium) batteries. Do not mix old and new batteries.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, these is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If the equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measure:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or and experienced radio/TV technician for help

WARNING:

Users should not open the unit and modify or change any element inside the unit.

Modifications not authorized by the manufacturer may void users authority to operate the device.