48PG16 Single Package Rooftop units Electric Cooling/Gas Heating with PURON® (R–410A) Refrigerant and COMFORTLINK[™] Controls



Installation Instructions

IMPORTANT: This installation instruction contains basic unit installation information including installation of field control devices. For information on unit start-up, service, and operation, refer to the unit Controls, Start- Up, Operation, Service, and Troubleshooting Instructions also enclosed in the unit literature packet.

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform the basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguishers available for all brazing operations.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol \triangle . When you see this symbol on the furnace and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies a hazard which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

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Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit and install lockout tag. Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage and amperage listed on the unit rating plate.

A WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

Puron (R-410a) refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on Puron refrigerant equipment.

MARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury, or loss of life. Refer to the User's Information Manual provided with this unit for more details.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

What to do if you smell gas:

1. DO NOT try to light any appliance.

2. DO NOT touch any electrical switch, or use any phone in your building.

3. IMMEDIATELY call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.

4. If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause death and/or property damage.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when leak testing at pressure greater than 1/2 psig. Pressures greater than 1/2 psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 1/2 psig, it *must* be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 1/2 psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by manually closing the gas valve(s).

IMPORTANT: Units have high ambient operating limits. If limits are exceeded, the units will automatically lock the compressor out of operation. Manual reset will be required to restart the compressor.

INSTALLATION

Step 1 — Provide Unit Support

<u>Roof Curb</u>

Assemble or install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with this accessory. (See Fig. 1.) Install insulation, cant strips, roofing, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork can be installed to roof curb before unit is set in place. Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit. Curb must be level. This is necessary to permit unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerance is $\pm 1/16$ in. per linear ft in any direction. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required. When accessory roof curb is used, unit may be installed on class A, B, or C roof covering material. Carrier roof curb accessories are for flat roofs or slab mounting.

IMPORTANT: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 1. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance. Do not slide unit to position on roof curb.

<u>Alternate Unit Support</u>

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When a curb cannot be used, install unit on a noncombustible surface. Support unit with sleepers, using unit curb support area. If sleepers cannot be used, support long sides of unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. pads on each side.

Step 2 — Rig and Place Unit

Inspect unit for transportation damage. See Table 1 for physical data. File any claim with transportation agency.

WARNING

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and property damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging and lifting.

Do not drop unit; keep upright. Use wooden top skid or spreader bars over unit to prevent sling or cable damage. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit rail as a reference; leveling tolerance is $\pm 1/_{16}$ in. per linear ft in any direction. See Fig. 2 for additional information. Unit rigging weight is shown in Fig. 2.

Rigging holes are provided in the unit base rails as shown in Fig. 2. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

Positioning

Maintain clearance, per Fig. 3, around and above unit to provide minimum distance from combustible materials, proper airflow, and service access.

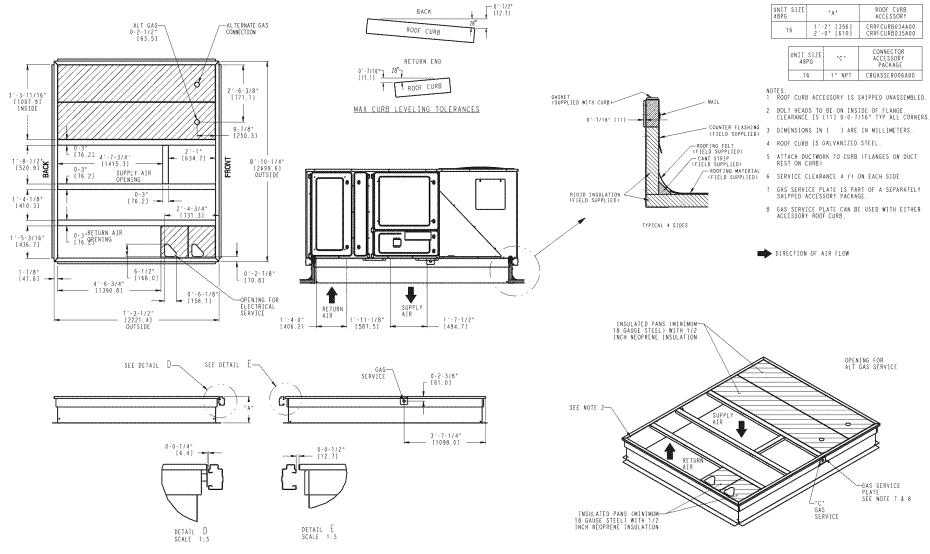
Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents or other sources of contaminated air. For proper unit operation, adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided in accordance with Section 5.3 (Air for Combustion and Ventilation) of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (American National Standards Institute).

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

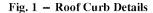
Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 4 ft from any opening through which combustion products could enter the building, and at least 4 ft from any adjacent building (or per local codes). When unit is located adjacent to public walkways, flue assembly must be at least 7 ft above grade. Locate unit at least 10 ft away from adjacent units.

Roof Mount

Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 1.



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Table 1—Physical Data

BASE UNIT 48PG NOMINAL CAPACITY (Tons) OPERATING WEIGHT (Ib)		16
OPERATING WEIGHT (ib)		15
Unit*		1895
Economizer		1085
Vertical Horizontal		149
		149
Humidi-MiZer [™] System		64
Roof Curb		
14-in.		240
24-in.		360
COMPRESSOR		Fully Hermetic Scroll
Quantity		3
Oil Type Sys A		-
		Copeland 3MA
Sys B		Copeland 3MA
Sys C		Copeland 3MA
Number of Refrigerant Circuits		3
Oil (oz) Sys A		66
Sys B		66
Sys C		66
REFRIGERANT TYPE		R-410A (Puron® Refrigerant)
Expansion Device		
•		TXV
Operating Charge (lb) Sys A		13.5
Sys B		15.0
Sys C		15.0
Operating Charge Total All Systems (lb)		43.5
Unit with Humidi-MiZer System		
Operating Charge (Ib) Sys A		18.8
Sys B		
		16.7
Sys C		18.8
Total All Systems (Ib)		54.3
CONDENSER COIL		Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Lanced Fins, Face Split
Condenser A (Outer)		
RowsFins/in.		
		217
Face Area (sq ft)		26.6
Condenser B (Inner)		
RowsFins/in.		217
Face Area (sq ft)		30.2
Humidi-MiZer Coil		Copper Enhanced Tubes with Aluminum Lanced Fins
RowsFins/in.		
Face Area (sq ft)		
		22.2
CONDENSER FAN		Propeller
QuantityDiameter (in.)		324
Nominal Cfm (Total, all fans)		12,500
Motor Hp		1/3
Nominal Rom		
		1100
EVAPORATOR COIL		1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in.		1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft)		1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN		1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft)	Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN	Mid-Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN		1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.)	Mid-Low High	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN	Mid-Low High Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.)	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt Belt
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EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt Belt Belt 3.000
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive Nominal Cfm	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt Belt Belt Belt Belt Belt
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EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive Nominal Cfm Maximum Continuous Bhp	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low High Low	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 8elt Belt 8elt 9 3.7 5.25 7.5 56
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive Nominal Cfm Maximum Continuous Bhp	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low High	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt Belt 6000 3.7 5.25 7.5 56
EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive Nominal Cfm Maximum Continuous Bhp Motor Frame Size	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 Belt Belt 8000 3.7 5.25 7.5 56 56 \$213T
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EVAPORATOR COIL RowsFins/in. Face Area (sq ft) EVAPORATOR FAN QuantitySize (in.) Type Drive Nominal Cfm Maximum Continuous Bhp Motor Frame Size	Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High Low Mid-Low High	1100 Enhanced Copper Tubes, Aluminum Double-Wavy Fins, Face Split 315 22.2 Centrifugal Type, Belt Drive 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 115x15, 112x12 8elt Belt 8elt 56 56 56 56 56 57 710- 879 872-1066
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Table 1 — Physical Data (cont)

BASE UNIT 48PG		16
Speed Change (rpm)	Low	34
	Mid-Low	41
	High	41
Movable Turns	Low	5
	Mid-Low	5
	High	5
Factory Pulley Setting (rpm)	Low	812
	Mid-Low	983
	High	1191
Fan Shaft Diameter at Pulley (in.)		13/16
GAS HEAT SECTION		
Rollout Switch		
Open Temperature (F)	Low	195
	Med	195
	High	195
Closed Temperature (F)	Low	115
	Med	115
	High	115
Gas Input (Btuh) Stage 1/Stage 2	PGD/L	176,000/220,000
	PGE/M	248,000/310,000
	PGF/N	320,000/400,000
Burner Orifice Diameter (indrill size)†		
Natural Gas	Std	0.128530
Liquid Propane	Alt	0.101538
Thermostat Heat Anticipator Setting (amps)		
First Stage		.14
Second Stage		.20
Manifold Pressure (in. wg)		
Natural Gas	Std	3.0
Liquid Propane	Alt	3.0
Gas Valve Quantity		1
Gas Supply Pressure Range (in. wg)		5.0-13.0
Field Gas Connection Size (in.)		3/4
HIGH-PRESSURE SWITCH (psig)		· •
Cutout		660 ± 10
Reset (Auto.)		505 ± 20
RETURN-AIR FILTERS		Throwaway
QuantitySize (in)		820 x 20 x 2

LEGEND

TXV - Thermostatic Expansion Valve *Aluminum Evaporator Coil/Aluminum Condenser Coil. †For applications less than 2000 ft elevation.

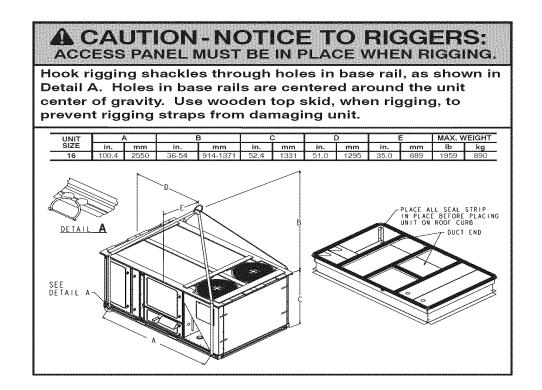


Fig. 2 - 48PG Rigging Label

Installation Onto Curb

The 48PG units are designed to fit on the accessory full perimeter curb. Correct placement of the unit onto the curb is critical to operating performance. To aid in correct positioning, place unit on roof curb to maintain 1/4-in. gap between the inside of rail and roof curb on long sides and a 1/2-in. gap between the inside of rail and roof curb on both duct and condenser ends. Refer to Fig. 1 and 3, to assure proper duct opening alignment.

NOTE: Before positioning unit on curb, make sure bottom drain connection plug is tight. See Step 6 — Install External Trap for Condensate Drain concerning bottom drain connection plug.

CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

4

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Do not slide unit to position when it is sitting on the curb. Curb gasketing material may be damaged and leaks may result.

Step 3 — Field Fabricate Ductwork

On vertical units, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.* Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

A minimum clearance is not required around ductwork. Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.35 in. wg with economizer or 0.45 in. wg without economizer.

These units are designed for a minimum continuous return-air temperature in heating of 50° F (dry bulb), or an intermittent operation down to 45° F (dry bulb), such as when used with a night set-back thermostat.

To operate at lower return-air temperatures, a field-supplied outdoor-air temperature control must be used to initiate both stages of heat when the temperature is below 45° F. Indoor comfort may be compromised when these lower air temperatures are used with insufficient heating temperature rise.

Step 4 — Make Unit Duct Connections

Vertical Supply/Return Configuration

Unit is shipped in vertical supply/return configuration. Ductwork openings are shown in Fig. 1 and 3. Attach the ductwork to the roof curb. Do not attach duct directly to the unit.

WARNING

UNIT DAMAGE AND PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause equipment damage and/or personal injury.

For vertical supply and return units, tools or parts could drop into ductwork and cause an injury. Install a 90-degree turn in the return ductwork between the unit and the conditioned space. If a 90-degree elbow cannot be installed, then a grille of sufficient strength and density should be installed to prevent objects from falling into the conditioned space.

Horizontal Applications

ΥN

Horizontal units are shipped with an outer panel that allows for side by side horizontal duct connections. If specified during ordering, the unit will be shipped withe the vertical duct openings blocked off from the factory, ready for side supply installation. If the horizontal supply/return option was not specified at time of ordering the unit, a field-installed accessory kit is required to convert the vertical unit into a horizontal supply configuration.

NOTE: Follow instructions provided with accessory kit.

Installation of the duct block-off covers should be completed prior to placing the unit unless sufficient side clearance is available. A minimum of 66 in. is required between the unit and any obstruction to install the duct block-off covers. Install ductwork to horizontal duct flange connections on side of unit.

Step 5 —Install Flue Hood and Inlet Hood

Flue hood (smaller hood), inlet hood (larger hood), and screens are shipped inside the unit in the gas section. To install, open the heat section door. The flue hood is attached to the heat section panel from the outside using the screws provided. (See Fig. 4 and 5.)

The inlet hood is installed by inserting the hood through the back of the heat panel. Attach the hood by inserting the screws provided through the clearance holes in the heat panel and into the intake hood.

NOTE: When properly installed, the flue hood will line up with the combustion fan housing. (See Fig. 6.)

NOTES:

- WEIGHTS SHOWN ARE FOR 48PG (HI HEAT) UNIT WITH ALUMINUM COILS, AND STANDARD DRIVE. FOR WEIGHTS OF OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT CONSULT PRODUCT DATA BOOK PRODUCT DATA BOOK.
- DO NOT LOCATE ADJACENT UNITS WITH FLUE DISCHARGE FACING ECONOMIZER INLET.

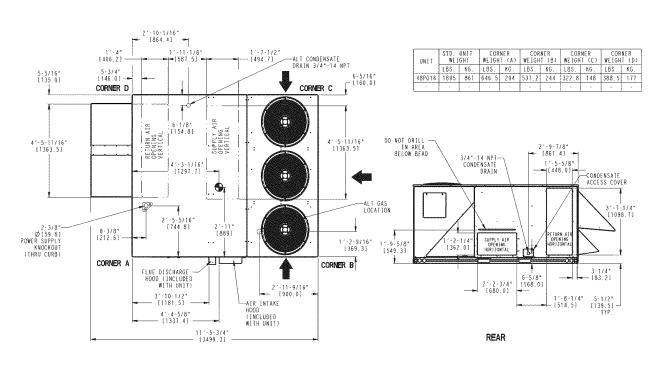
- MINIMUM CLEARANCE (LOCAL CODES OR JUSISDICTIONS MAY PREVAIL):
 RONT 48 INCHES TO COMBUSTIBLE SUPFACES (18 INCHES WHEN USING ACCESSORY FLUE DISCHARGE DEFLECTOR).
 WHEN NOT USING ROOF CURB (1 INCH) BOITOM OF BASE PAN TO COMBUSTIBLE SUPFACE CURB (0 INCHES) TO BOITOM OF BASE RAIL RIGHT SIDE FRONT AND BACK SIDES (36 INCHES) FOR PROPER CODENSER AIRFLOW.
 OPTIMENTIAND UND ROUNDED SUPFACE CONDENSER AIRFLOW.
 BETWIEIN UNTIAND UNDROUNDED SURFACE CONTROL BOX'SIDE (36 INCHES PER NICE)

- ... DCIWETR URIL AND UNBROUNDED SURFACE CONTROL BOX SIDE (36 INCHES PER NCC) 9. BETWEEN UNIT AND BLOCK OF CONCRETE WALL AND OTHER GROUNDED SURFACES CONTROL BOX SIDE (42 INCHES) PER NEC. N. CLEARANCE IN FRONT OF INDOOR MOTOR ACCESS FOR BLOWER SLED REMOVAL. 8 22.
- REMOVAL 8/2". : CLERARACE FOR COMPLETE CONDENSATE PAN REMOVAL 7'8" K. ON UNITS WITH ECONOMIZER ALLOW 4'0" FROM LEFT SIDE FOR SERVICE ACCESS TO ECONOMIZER m. HORIZONIAL SUPPLY AND RETURM, (0 INCHES)

- DOWN SHOT DUCTS DESIGNED TO BE ATTACHED TO ACCESSORY ROOF CUBB ONLY. IF INITIIS MOUNTED SIDE SUPPLY, IT IS RECOMMENDED THE DUCTS MUST BE SUPPORTED BY CROSS DRACES AS DOME ON ACCESSORY ROOF CUBB. å
- 5. DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS OR KILOGRAMS
- WITH THE EXCEPTION OF CLEARANCE FOR THE CONDENSER COIL, COMBUSTIBLE SURFACES AND THE DAMPER/POWER EXHAUST AS STATED IN NOTE #2. A REMOVABLE FENCE OR BARRICADE REQUIRES NO CLEARANCE. б.
- DIMENSIONS ARE FROM OUTSIDE OF BASE RAIL. ALLOW 0 5/16 [8] ON EACH SIDE FOR TOP COVER DRIP EDGE.
- UNITS MAY BE INSTALLED ON COMBUSTIBLE FLOORS MADE FROM CLASS A,B,C ROOF COVERING MATERIAL IF SET ON BASE RAILS 8.
- CENTER OF GRAVITY ٩

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DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW



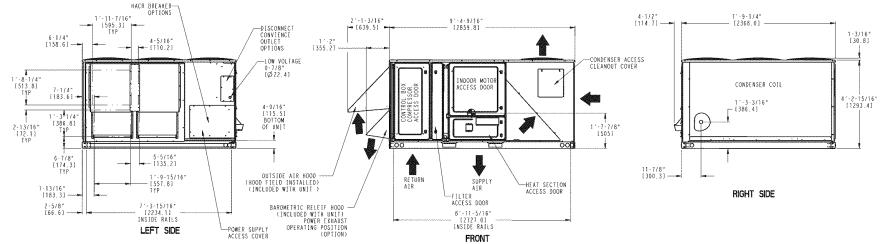


Fig. 3 - Base Unit Dimensions

FLUE HOOD INLET HOOD

ACCESS DOOR

C06230

Fig. 4 - Flue and Inlet Hood Locations

Step 6 —Install External Trap for Condensate Drain

The unit's ${}^{3}/_{4}$ -in. condensate drain connections are located on the bottom and side of the unit. Unit discharge connections do not determine the use of drain connections; either drain connection can be used with vertical applications. See Fig. 3 for locations.

When using the standard side drain connection, make sure the plug (red) in the alternate bottom connection is tight before installing the unit. (See Fig. 7.)

To use the bottom drain connection for a roof curb installation, relocate the factory-installed plug (red) from the bottom connection to the side connection. A 1/2-in. socket extension can be used to remove the plug. (See Fig. 7.) The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place.

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1 in. per 10 ft of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection $(^{3}/_{4}$ -in.). (See Fig. 8 and 9.) The 48PG units are provided with a removable condensate pan for ease of cleaning. It is recommended that a union be placed between the unit and condensate drainage to ease the removal of the pan during servicing. Adequate clearance should be allowed if removal of condensate pan is required. Allow 64-in. between condensate pan access panel and any obstruction for complete removal.

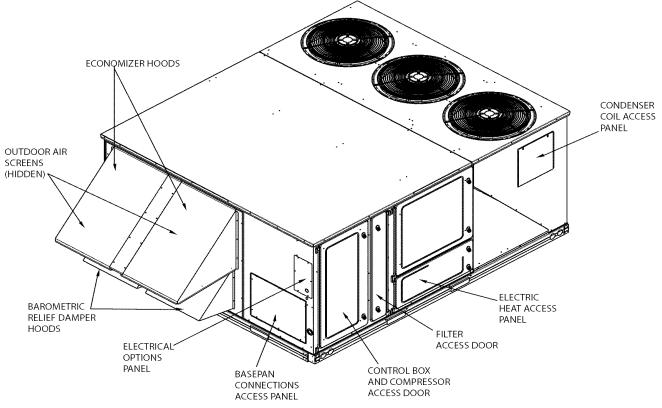


Fig. 5 - Panel and Filter Locations

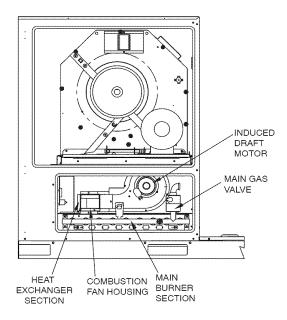


Fig. 6 - Typical Gas Heating Section

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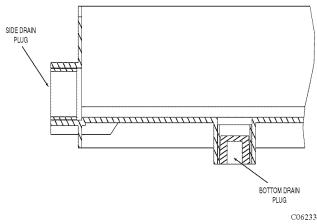


Fig. 7 - Condensate Drain Pan

Step 7 — Orifice Change

This unit is factory assembled for heating operation using natural gas at an elevation from sea level to 2000 ft. This unit uses orifice type LH32RFnnn, where "nnn" indicates the orifice size based on drill size diameter in thousands of an inch.

High Elevation (Above 2000 ft)

Use accessory high altitude kit when installing this unit at an elevation of 2000 to 7000 ft. For elevations above 7000 ft, refer to Table 2 to identify the correct orifice size for the elevation. See Table 3 for the number of orifices required for each unit size. Purchase these orifices from your local Carrier dealer. Follow instructions in accessory Installation Instructions to install the correct orifices.

fable 2–	-Altitude	Compensation*	
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Table 2—Altitude Compensation*											
ELEVATION (ft)	NATURAL GAS ORIFICE†										
0-1,999	30										
2,000	30										
3,000	31										
4,000	31										
5,000	31										
6,000	31										
7,000	32										
8,000	32										
9,000	32										
10,000	35										
11,000	36										
12,000	37										
13,000	38										
14,000	39										

*As the height above sea level increases, there is less oxygen per cubic foot of air. Therefore, heat input rate should be reduced at higher altitudes. Includes a 4% input reduction per each 1000 ft. †Orifices available through your Carrier dealer.

Table 3—Orifice Quantity

UNIT	ORIFICE QUANTITY
Low Heat (48PGD/L)	5
Medium Heat (48PGE/M)	7
High Heat (48PGF/N)	9

Conversion to Propane Gas

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Use accessory propane gas conversion kit when converting this unit for use with propane fuel usage for elevations up to 7000 ft. For elevations above 7000 ft, refer to Table 4 to identify the correct orifice size for the elevation. See Table 3 for the number of orifices required for each unit size. Purchase these orifices from your local Carrier dealer. Follow instructions in accessory Installation Instructions to install the correct orifices.

Table 4—Propane Gas Conversion*

ELEVATION (ft)	PROPANE GAS ORIFICE†
0-1,999	38
2,000	40
3,000	40
4,000	41
5,000	41
6,000	42
7,000	42
8,000	43
9,000	43
10,000	44
11,000	44
12,000	45
13,000	46
14,000	47

*As the height above sea level increases, there is less oxygen per cubic foot of air. Therefore, heat input rate should be reduced at higher altitudes. Includes a 4% input reduction per each 1000 ft. †Orifices available through your Carrier dealer.

Step 8 —Install Gas Piping

A.

Unit is equipped for use with natural gas. Refer to local building codes, or in the absence of local codes, to ANSI Z223.1-latest year and addendum Z223.1A-latest year entitled HFGC. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1.B149.1 and CAN1.B149.2 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

Support gas piping as shown in the table in Fig. 10. For example, a $^{3}/_{4}$ -in. gas pipe must have one field-fabricated support beam every 8 ft. Therefore, an 18-ft long gas pipe would have a minimum of 3 support beams. See Fig. 10 for typical pipe guide and locations of external manual gas shutoff valve.

Install field-supplied manual gas shutoff valve with a 1/8-in. NPT pressure tap for test gage connection at unit. The pressure tap is located on the gas manifold, adjacent to the gas valve. Field gas piping must include sediment trap and union. (See Fig. 11.) Install a field-supplied gas regulator.

WARNING

UNIT DAMAGE AND PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in damage to equipment and/or personal injury.

Do not pressure test gas supply while connected to unit. Always disconnect union before servicing. High pressures can cause gas valve damage resulting in a hazardous condition.

IMPORTANT: Natural gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 5.0 in. wg or greater than 13.0 in. wg for all heat sizes.

Size gas-supply piping for 0.5-in. wg maximum pressure drop. Do not use supply pipe smaller than unit gas connection.

Step 9 — Make Electrical Connections

(For more details, refer to the Controls, start-up, operation, and troubleshooting manual)

Field Power Supply

All 208/230-v units are factory wired for 230-v power supply. If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, transformers (TRAN1 and TRAN2) must be rewired by moving the black wire with the 1/4-in. female quick connect from the 230-volt connection and moving to the 200-volt 1/4-in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer.

Refer to unit label diagram for additional information. Leads are provided for field wire connections. Use UL (Underwriters Laboratories) approved copper/aluminum connector.

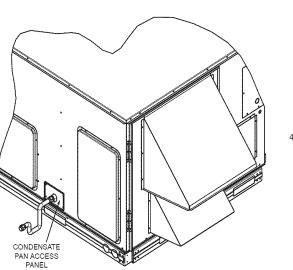
When installing units, provide disconnect per NEC (National Electrical Code) Article 440 or local codes. For non-fused disconnects, size the disconnect according to the sizing data provided in the electrical data tables. If a fused disconnect is used, determine the minimum size for the switch based on the disconnect sizing data provided in the electrical data tables and then coordinate the disconnect housing size to accommodate the Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) device size as marked on the unit informative plate. (See Tables 5 and 6.) All field wiring must comply with NEC and local codes. Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 12 for power wiring connection to the unit leads and equipment ground.

Route power and ground lines through control box end panel or unit basepan (see Fig. 3) to connections as shown on unit wiring diagram and Fig. 12. Factory leads may be wired directly to the disconnect.

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to unit.

The correct power phasing is critical to the operation of the scroll compressors. An incorrect phasing will result in an alarm being generated and compressor operation lockout. Should this occur, power phase correction must be made to the incoming power.



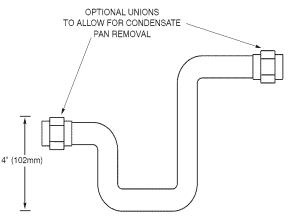
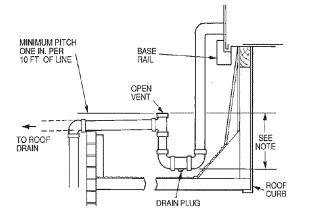


Fig. 8 - External Trap for Condensate Drain

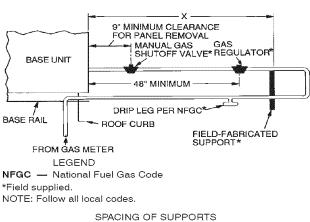


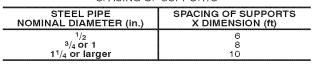
NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference A 4-in. trap is recommended.

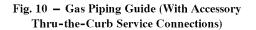
Fig. 9 - Condensate Drain Piping Details

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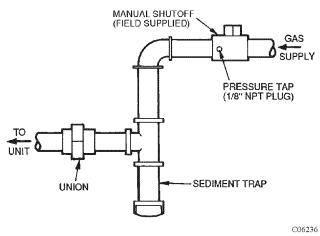
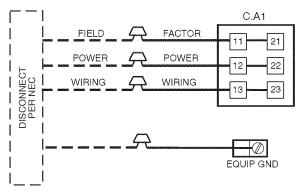


Fig. 11 - Field Gas Piping



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Fig. 12 – Field Power Wiring Connections

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning coud result in electrical shock, fire, or death.

The cabinet MUST have an uninterrupted or unbroken ground according to NEC ANSI/NFPA 70-2002 and Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1 or local codes to minimize personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This may consist of electrical wire or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with existing electrical codes. Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground.

Field wiring must conform to temperature limitations for type "T" wire. All field wiring must comply with NEC and local requirements.

Operating voltage to compressor must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. Voltages between phases must be balanced within 2%.

Unit failure as a result of operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components.

<u>Field Control Wiring (Units Without Optional</u> <u>Humidi-MiZer™ Adaptive Dehumidification System)</u>

Unit can be controlled with either a Carrier-approved accessory thermostat or a Carrier-approved space temperature sensor. Install thermostat according to the installation instructions included with accessory. Locate thermostat assembly or space temperature sensor on a solid interior wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature.

Route thermostat or space temperature sensor cable or equivalent single leads of colored wire from subbase terminals through conduit into unit to low-voltage connections as shown on unit label wiring diagram and in Fig. 13 or 14.

NOTE: For wire runs up to 50 ft, use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gauge) insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. For 50 to 75 ft, use no. 16 AWG insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. For over 75 ft, use no. 14 AWG insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. All wire larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected at the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

Set heat anticipator settings as follows:

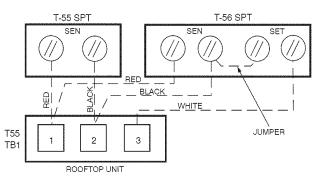
VOLTAGE	STAGE 1 (W1) ON	STAGE 1 AND 2 (W1 AND W2) ON
All	0.14	0.20

Settings may be changed slightly to provide a greater degree of comfort for a particular installation.

THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY REMOVABLE JUMPER RH RC Y1 Y2 W1 W2 G C X TB1 R Y1 Y2 W1 W2 G C X ROOFTOP UNIT

C06292

Fig. 13 - Field Control Thermostat Wiring



SPT — Space Temperature Sensor

C06239

Fig. 14 – Field Control Space Temperature Sensor Wiring

<u>Field Control Wiring (Units With Optional Humidi-MiZer™</u> <u>Adaptive Dehumidification System)</u>

Units require temperature control inputs for cooling and heating operation and humidity control inputs for Humidi-MiZer operation.

Temperature Control

The unit can be controlled with either a Carrier-approved space temperature sensor, a Carrier accessory Thermidistat TM device, or a Carrier-approved accessory thermostat. Install the temperature control device according to the installation instructions included with the accessory. Locate the device on a solid interior wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature. Carrier space temperature sensor wiring connections are shown in Fig. 14. General thermostat field control wiring connections are shown in Fig. 13. Carrier Thermidistat device wiring connections are shown in Fig. 15. Configuration of the unit control is required to specify the control input type before unit operation.

Route thermostat or space temperature sensor cable or equivalent single leads of colored wire from subbase terminals through conduit into unit to low-voltage connections as shown on unit label wiring diagram and in Fig. 13-15.

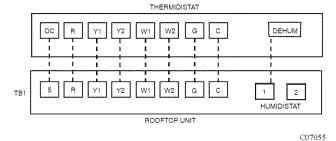


Fig. 15 - Field Control Thermidistat Wiring

NOTE: For wire runs up to 50 ft, use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gauge) insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. For 50 to 75 ft, use no. 16 AWG insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. For over 75 ft, use no. 14 AWG insulated wire $(35^{\circ}C \text{ minimum})$. All wire larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected at the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

Set heat anticipator settings as follows:

VOLTAGE	STAGE 1 (W1) ON	STAGE 1 AND 2 (W1 AND W2) ON
All	0.14	0.20

Settings may be changed slightly to provide a greater degree of comfort for a particular installation.

Humidity Control

Unit can be controlled with either a Carrier accessory Thermidistat device or a Carrier-approved accessory humidistat (switch output). The input for an accessory humidity sensor with 4 to 20 mA output is another option available when an economizer board is installed. Install the humidity control device according to the installation instructions included with the accessory. Locate the device on a solid interior wall in the conditioned space to sense average humidity. Carrier Thermidistat device wiring connections are shown in Fig. 15. General humidistat wiring connections are shown in Fig. 16. Configuration of the unit control is required to specify the control input type before unit operation. Refer to the controls, start-up, operation and troubleshooting manual for configuration.

Units with the Humidi-MiZer option receive a discrete input from a field-installed device (such as from the Carrier humidi-stat or Thermidistat device). The discrete input is connected to the TB1 terminal strip points labeled Humidistat 1 and 2. As this is a discrete input, one of the connection points is for power to the switch and the other is the return path. (See Fig. 16.)

A space relative humidity sensor input (SP.RH) is only available if an economizer board (ECB) is installed in the unit and then the sensor can be connected to the OAQ point TB1-4. (See Fig. 16.) This input is used instead of the discrete humidistat or thermidistat inputs. The input controls the Humidi–MiZer using the 4-20mA as percent humidity. The relative humidity value (measured by the relative humidity sensor) can be displayed on the Scrolling Marquee, in the space through a System Pilot[™] device, or can be read by other CCN devices where it can be used to perform more advanced functions. The humidity sensor must be configured correctly; refer to the Controls, start-up, operation, and troubleshooting manual for details.

If the customer also wishes to install a smoke detector into a Humidi-MiZer equipped 48PG unit, the fire shutdown connection points are on Plug PL-19, located in the economizer section. See the unit wiring schematic for wiring. For third-party smoke detector, refer to Fig. 17.

Point 19-3 is the 24 vac power source for the detector. Point 19-4 is 24 vac power for the indoor fan contactor control. Point 19-5 is the 24 vac signal input for fire shutdown. If an immediate fan shutdown is desired, install a normally closed contactor between 19-3 and 19-4.

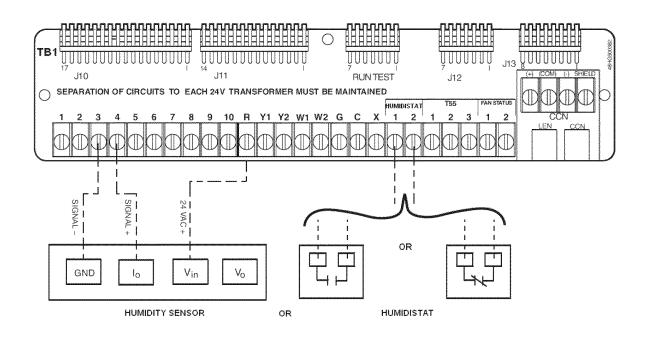


Fig. 16 - Humidi-MiZer Low-Voltage Terminal Strip - Humidity Sensor/Humidistat Wiring

C07046

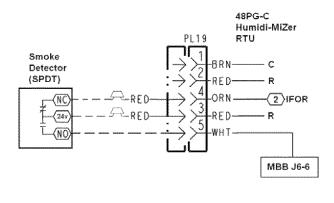


Fig. 17 - Third-Party Smoke Detector

More information is available in the third party control section of the controls, start-up, operation, and troubleshooting manual.

Step 10 — Install Outdoor-Air Hoods (Units with Economizer)

Perform the following procedure to install the outdoor-air hoods:

- 1. Economizer and barometric relief hoods are located in the condenser section under the slanted coil for shipping. (See Fig. 18.) Barometric relief/power exhaust hoods are shipped inside of economizer hoods. Remove screws that secure the wooden rails of the hood assemblies to the unit. Save screws. Slide complete assembly from condenser section.
- 2. Remove the screws that secure the economizer and barometric relief/power exhaust hoods to the wooden railing. Discard or recycle wooden rails. Save screws.

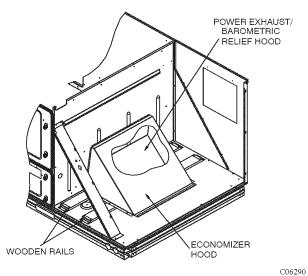
- 3. The barometric relief dampers are secured to the economizer panel for shipping. Remove the screw holding the barometric relief damper to the panel for each damper. Dampers should be free to swing open during operation. (See Fig. 19.)
- 4. Hang the barometric relief/power exhaust hood on the mounting flange on the economizer panel. Secure hood to panel with screws saved from Step 2. Repeat for second hood. (See Fig. 19 and 20.)
- 5. Align hole in flange of economizer panel with left edge of hood. Hang economizer hood on the top flange of the economizer panel by rotating hood until top flange of the economizer hood engages the bent flange on the economizer panel. Rotate hood until hood is flush with the economizer panel. Hood will support itself from flange. Align holes in hood with holes in panel and secure hood to panel with screws saved from Step 2. Repeat for second hood. (See Fig. 19 and 21.)
- 6. Loosen screws securing clip on top of the flange of each opening. Rotate clip 180 degress and tighten screw. Install 1-in. filter provided by inserting under the clip on the flange and letting filter drop behind bracket holding barometric relief hoods. Repeat for second hood. Install baffle between the outdoor air hoods with screws saved form Step 1. (See Fig. 19.)

Step 11 — Install All Accessories

After all of the factory-installed options have been adjusted, install all field-installed accessories. Refer to the accessory installation instructions included with each accessory.

Step 12 — Configure Controls

Refer to unit Controls and Troubleshooting book for information on configuring controls.



48PG16

Fig. 18 – Economizer and Barometric Relief/Power Exhaust Hoods Shipping Positions

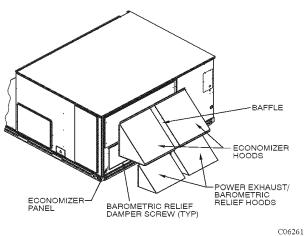


Fig. 19 - Hood Installation

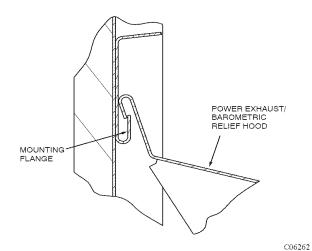


Fig. 20 - Barometric Relief/Power Exhaust Hood Flange

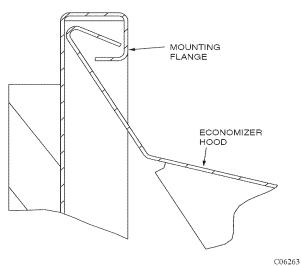


Fig. 21 – Economizer Flange

Table 5-Electrical Data - Units Without Optional Convenience Outlet

	NOMINAL		VOLTAGE		C	OMPF	RESSO	JR			FM	COMBUTION		1		POW		DISCONNECT	
UNIT		RA!	NGE	No	». 1	No	א. 1	Nc	o. 1	F!	-LA	FAN	PWR EXH	IFM	IFM		PLY	S	SIZE
48PG	(V-Ph-Hz)	Min	Мах	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	Qty	FLA (ea)	EI A	FLA*	TYPE	FLA	MCA	МОСР	FLA	LRA
1							,		· · · · ·	· · · · ·				Low	10.2	74.2/74.2	90/90	80/80	482/482
1 '		'			'	1	1 '	1	1	'	1			Mid- Low	15.0	79.0/79.0	90/90	86/86	491/491
1 '	208/230-3-60	187	253	18.1	137	18.1	137	17.6	123	3	1.9	0.52	ļ!	High					
í	200/200-0-00		200	10.1	107	10.1	10, 1	11.0	120		1.0	0.02		Low					486/486
1 '	'	'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '		1		3.0	Mid- Low High					
1 '	'	+'	+	'	'	<u> </u> '	'	<u> </u>	+'	'	+		'						533/533
1 '	'	'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '		1			Low	4.8		40	39	217
1 '		'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '	з	3 1.0			Mid-	7.4		45	42	221
16	460-3-60	414	506	9.0	62	9.0	62	7.7	50			0.30		High Low	9.7 4.8	40.8 37	50 45	44 40	240 220
1 '					'	1 '	1 '							Mid- Low	7.4		45	40	220
1 '	'	'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '		1		1.2	Low_	9.7		45 50	43	
1 '	'	· ['	+	+'	·'	<u> </u>	· + '	<u> </u>	+'	'	+	+	++	High Low	2.8		30	29	243 168
1 '		'			'	'	1 '	1	1	'	1			Mid-	5.6		35	32	182
1 '	'	'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '		1			Low High	7.8		35	34	197
1 '	575-3-60	518	633	6.8	50	6.8	50	6.1	40	3	0.8	0.24	1	Low	2.8		35	32	172
1 '	'	'			'	'	1 '	1	1 '		1		3.0	Mid- Low	5.6		35	35	186
Ĺ′	1	'			'	'	1 '	1	1		1		0.0	High	7.8		40	38	201

LEGEND

- FLA Full Load Amps -
- HACR Heating, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration IFM Indoor (Evaporator) Fan Motor
- LRA MCA Locked Rotor Amps
 Minimum Circuit Amps

- MCA Minimum Circuit Amps MCOP Maximum Overcurrent Protection NEC National Electrical Code OFM Outdoor (Condenser) Fan Motor RLA Rated Load Amps * Power exhaust FLA is the sum of the FLA of two power exhaust motors.
- NOTES:
- In compliance with NEC requirements for multimotor and combination load equip-ment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker. Canadian units may be fuse or circuit breaker.
- Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percentage of voltage imbalance.

max voltage deviation from average voltage = 100 x

average voltage



% Voltage Imbalance

Example: Supply voltage is 460-3-60

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage. (AB) 227 - 223 = 3 v (BC) 231 - 227 = 4 v (AC) 227 - 226 = 1 v Maximum deviation is 4 v. Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance = 100 x = 1.76%

4 227

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%. IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

	NOMINAL	VOLTAGE		COMPRESSOR								COMBUTION	DWD			POWER		DISCONNECT		
UNIT	POWER SUPPLY	RAI	NGE	No	. 1	No	. 1	No	. 1	F	LA	FAN	PWR EXH	IFM	IFM	SUP	PLY	SI	ZE	
48PG	(V-Ph-Hz)	Min	Max	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	Qty	FLA (ea)	MOTOR FLA	FLA*	TYPE	FLA	МСА	MOCP	FLA	LRA	
													_	Low Mid-Low	10.2 15.0	79.0/79.0 83.8/83.8	90/90 100/100	86/86 91/91	487/487 496/496	
16	208/230-3-60	187	253	18.1	137	18.1	137	17.6	123	3	1.9	0.52	3.0	High Low Mid-Low	19.4 10.2 15.0	88.6/88.6 82.0/82.0 86.8/86.8	100/100 100/100 100/100	96/96 89/89 95/95	534/534 491/491 500/500	
													0.0	High	19.4 4.8	91.6/91.6 38.0	100/100 45	100/100 41	538/538 219	
16	460-3-60	414	414	506	9.0	62	9.0	62	7.7	50	з	1.0	0.30		Mid-Low High	7.4	40.6 43.0	45 50	44	223 242
												0.00	1.2	Low Mid-Low Hiah	4.8 7.4 9.7	39.2 41.8 44,2	45 50 50	42 45 48	222 226 245	
													_	Low Mid-Low	2.8 5.6	28.3 31.1	35 35	31 34	170 184	
16	575-3-60	518	633	6.8	50	6.8	50	6.1	40	з	0.8	0.24		High Low	7.8 2.8	<u>33.6</u> 31.3	40 35	36 34	199 174	
													3.0	Mid-Low High	<u>5,6</u> 7,8	34.1 36.6	<u>40</u> 40	37 40	188 203	

Table 6-Electrical Data - Units With Optional Convenience Outlet

LEGEND Full Load Amps FLA _

- HACR Heating, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration
- IFM _ Indoor (Evaporator) Fan Motor Locked Rotor Amps
- Locked Rotor Amps
 Minimum Circuit Amps LRA
- MCA

MOCP – Maximum Overcurrent Protection

NEC _ National Electrical Code

OFM Outdoor (Condenser) Fan Motor _

RLA _ Rated Load Amps

* Power exhaust FLA is the sum of the FLA of two power exhaust motors. NOTES:

 In compliance with NEC requirements for multimotor and combination load equip-ment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker. Canadian units may be fuse or circuit breaker.

2. Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percentage of voltage imbalance.

max voltage deviation from average voltage

average voltage

= 100 x



% Voltage Imbalance

Example: Supply voltage is 460-3-60

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage. (AB) 227 - 223 = 3 v (BC) 231 - 227 = 4 v (AC) 227 - 226 = 1 v Maximum deviation is 4 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance

% Voltage Imbalance

= 1.76%

= 100 x

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%. IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

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