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Title:

# INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

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INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

# **Table Of Contents**

Section	Description	<u>Page</u>
A	Forward.	4
1.0	System Description	5-7
1.1	System Overview	5
1.1.1	How the System Works	5
1.1.2	System Effectiveness	5
1.2	Chassis	6
1.3	Power Supply	6
1.4	Remote Unit	6
1.5	Antenna	6
1.6	Target	7
2.0	Recommended Tools and Equipment	8
2.1	Electronic Test Equipment	8
	Table 2.1 - Recommended Electronic Test Equipment	8
2.2	Installation Tools	8
	Table 2.2 - Recommended Installation Tools	8
3.0	Wiring the C/PT VII	9-12
3.1	Power Connection	9
	Figure 3.1 - wire Connection	9
3.2	Antenna Connection	10-11
3.2.1	Pad Connection	10
	Figure 3.2.1 - Pad Connection	10
3.2.2	Scanner Antenna Connection	11
	Figure 3.2.2 - Scanner Connection	11
3.3	Slaving Connection	11
3.3.1	Wire Slaving	11
3.3.2	Fiber Slaving	12
3.3.3	Secure Cables	12
3.4	Interlock Connection	12
3.5	Remote Unit Connection	12
	Table 3.5 - Remote Unit Connection	12
4.0	Install the C/PT VII	13-15
4.1	Chassis Installation	13
	Figure 4.1A - Horizontal Chassis Installation	13
	Figure 4.1B - Vertical Chassis installation	14
4.2	Remote Unit Installation	14
	Figure 4.2A - Vertical Remote Unit Installation	14
	Figure 4.2B - Horizontal Remote Unit Installation	15

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May 11, 1998 INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII 15-19 C/PT VII DIP Switch Configuration 5.0 16 Antenna Matching 5.1 16 Table 5.1 - Antenna Matching Chart 17 IV Mode 5.2 17 Table 5.2 - Settings for IV Mode 18 V Mode 5.3 18 Table 5.3 - Settings for V Mode 19 VI Mode 5.4 19 Table 5.4 - Settings for VI Mode 20-21 C/PT VII Tune-Up and Test Procedure 6.0 20 Center Frequency and Deviation Adjustment 6.1 20 IV Mode 6.2 21 V Mode 6.3 21 VI Mode 6.4 21 Interlock Turn-On Time Adjustment 6.5 21-23 After the Installation 7.0 21 Turning the Deactivator On and Off 7.1 21 How the Deactivator Works 7.2 22 When the Tag Doesn't Deactivate 7.3 22 When the Sensing System Alarms 7.4 22 Testing the Deactivator 7.5 23 **Operational Problems** 7.6 23 **Tagging** 7.7 24-27 Figures and Tables 8.0 24 Test Points and Adjustments 8.1 24 Figure 8.1 - Test Points and Adjustments 25 Slave/Inhibit Decision Chart 8.2 25 Table - 8.2 C/PT VII Slaving/Inhibit Decision Chart 26 **DIP Switch Settings** 8.3 26 Table 8.3 - DIP Switch Settings 27 Performance Matrix 8.4 27 Table 8.4 - Performance Matrix 28-30 Fine Tuning Appendix A 28-30 Detailed Tuning in IV Mode A.1 Figure A1.1 - AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (1) On 28 29 Figure A1.2 - AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (5,6) On 29 Figure A1.3 - AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (3,4,5,6) On 30 Figure A1.4 - AC Signal at TP7 30 Detailed Tuning in V Mode A.2 30 Detailed Tuning in VI Mode A.3



May 11, 1998

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

## Scope of Document

This manual describes the steps necessary to install, tune, test and operate the C/PT VII Deactivation system.

#### Manual Structure

This manual is organized with the following structure:

Section 1.0	Describes the C/PT VII system components and how they work.
Section 2.0	Lists the tools recommended to install, tune and test the C/PT VII system.
Section 3.0	Lists and describes steps required to wire the C/PT VII system.
Section 4.0	Lists and describes steps required to install the C/PT VII system.
Section 5.0	Lists and describes steps to tune and test the C/PT VII system.

# Required Knowledge and Skill

This manual assumes that you have the technical skill and electronic knowledge you need to:

- Read a wiring diagram
- Connect and read electronic test instruments
- Make electrical wiring connections
- Do light construction work using hand and small power tools

## **Editorial Conventions**

This manual numbers each paragraph and table to help you find information easily and quickly. Two levels of decimals indicate subsections; for example: 5.1 or 2.3.3 Tables and figures carry the number of the subsection in which they appear rather than consecutive numbers.



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## 1.0 System Description

## 1.1 System Overview

Checkpoint's C/PT VII deactivation system dramatically cuts inventory shrinkage losses from customer shoplifting and employee pilferage when used in conjunction with a Checkpoint electronic article merchandising system. Although not foolproof, C/PT VII can reduce losses in retail stores so effectively that the savings will quickly exceed the system's cost. This manual describes how to install, tune, and test the C/PT VII system.

A complete C/PT VII system consists of one chassis, one or two pads or scanner antennas and targets attached to protected inventory. The pad rests on the top of the checkout counter where tagged merchandise can pass over it. The chassis is usually mounted under or inside the checkout counter. Clerks deactivate these targets at checkout. If someone should try to exit through the sensing system with an active target, an alarm sounds. The manager can then intercept and verify the item has been properly purchased.

## 1.1.1 How the System Works

One chassis can drive up to two pads or up to two scanner/deactivators or a combination of both. A random pulsed-RF signal is generated by the chassis. This signal is sent through a cable or cables connected to one or two pads creating an RF field above the pad(s). When a Checkpoint target enters the field, it responds to the chassis' signal by resonating and emitting a signal of its own. Depends on its operating modes, the chassis either picks up the target's signal, and amplifies the subsequent pulses to destroy or deactivate the target, or operates in the high power mode to destroy or deactivate the target all the time.

## 1.1.2 System Effectiveness

It is possible to subvert the C/PT VII system. For example, targeted merchandise can be deactivated by customers, then concealed. Customers could also remove targets from protected merchandise. Customers can learn these and other tricks to evade security measures.

Most theft loss arises from impulsive shoplifters, who sense an opportunity to steal and spontaneously act to take advantage of it. C/PT VII, in conjunction with a sensing system, acts effectively to discourage these casual shoplifters, and they seldom learn how to defeat this system.



May 11, 1998

# INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

#### 1.2 Chassis

The chassis is mounted inside or under the checkout stand so that it is within 8 feet of an AC power outlet, 7 feet of a pad, 5 feet of a scanner antenna.

On the unit's face are:

- a recessed power switch,
- an access hole to the internal volume control,
- a green LED ( POWER ) that lights when power is on,
- a red LED ( ALARM ) that lights when a live tag is detected,
- a green LED (SLAVE) that lights when the C/PT VII is locked in slaved mode,
- a yellow LED ( DISABLE ) that lights when the C/PT VII is inhibited.

On the unit's back are:

- a 6-pin female connector for antenna connection,
- three access holes for power, slaving, interlock, inhibit, and remote unit cables.

## 1.3 Power Supply

The standard C/PT VII chassis operates on 120 VAC/15 VDC or 220 VAC/15 VDC supply with a current rating of over 0.5 A.

#### 1.4 Remote Unit

When the C/PT VII is configured in IV or VI mode, a remote unit is needed.

On the remote unit's face are:

- a recessed power switch.
- a green LED that lights when power is on,
- a sonalert that beeps when a live tag is detected by the C/PT VII.

#### 1.5 Antenna

The C/PT VII chassis can be used with a variety of antenna configurations. Checkpoint or some scanner manufacturers produce these antennas.

## 1.6 Target

The C/PT VII system is compatible with all 8.2 MHz deactivatable tags. In addition, the C/PT VII will alarm when a non-deactivatable tag is placed in its field, but it will not deactivate the tag. Occasionally, non-deactivatable paper tags (those with lower than average breakdown voltage) will be deactivated, especially when placed near a corner of the pad where field strength is greatest. The CSE should be aware of this rare event.



May 11, 1998

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

# 2.0 Recommended Tools and Equipment

## 2.1 Electronic Test Equipment

Table 2.1 lists the electronic equipment recommended for tuning the C/PT VII system.

Equipment	Comments
Oscilloscope	Minimum 20 MHz bandwidth, battery powered or filtered DC power supply, Two X10 probes, HITACHI V209 or equivalent.
Solid State Dip Meter	Or some type of oscillator to tune bandwidth. Delica MC200, or equivalent.
Multimeter with frequency counter	Fluke 79 Series II Multimeter or equivalent.

Table 2.1 Recommended Electronic Test Equipment

## 2.2 Installation Tools

The tools listed in Table 2.2 are recommended for installing the C/PT VII system.

Arrow Staple Gun, T-25 Diagonal cutter, regular and midget Wire stripper Electronic hand drill and bits:  • Steel bits, assorted sizes  • Wood bits, assorted sizes  25' heavy duty extension cord, 3-conductor Marker, black felt Nut driver, 1/4" and 5/16" Wire snake 400 series test tag	Penlight Coaxial wire strippers Crimper for RG58/59 coax cable Heyco bushing pliers - Heyco # 0022 (optional) Screwdriver, regular Screwdriver, #2, Phillips Tape measure, 25' Tuning tool, plastic/non-conductive Outlet tester Wiremold removal tool A 300 Kohm or greater resistor ( Used to bleed off capacitors )
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Table 2.2 Recommended Installation Tools



May 11, 1998

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

## 3.0 Wiring the C/PT VII

#### 3.1 Power Connection

The BLACK/WHITE or POSITIVE conductor from the power supply should be connected to the PWR+ of J2 and the BLACK or GROUND conductor from the power supply should be connected to the PWR- of J2.

If a switch is being used to cycle the power, the switch should be connected to the **SWITCH** of **J2**. If no switch is being used, place a jumper wire between those two pins of **SWITCH**. See Figure 3.1 for the detail.

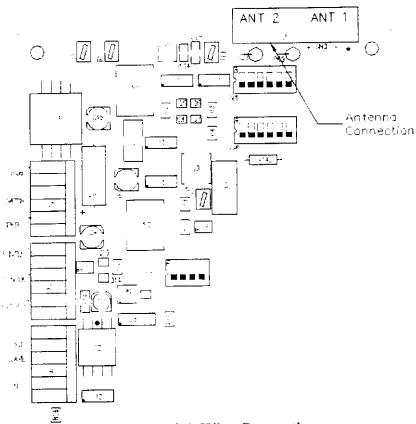


Figure 3.1 Wire Connections



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 22, 1998

#### 3.2 Antenna Connection

#### 3.2.1 Pad Connection

C/PT VII can drive one or two pads or scanner/deactivators. The cable length for the pad is 8 feet. (Don't alter the cable length under any circumstance) Place each pad in position on its counter. The maximum distance between the two pads that are connected to a single chassis is 12 feet. The best performance can be achieved if the pad cable run straight out of the pad for at least 6" (15 cm) before it changes direction. See Figure 3.2.1. If the direct pad-chassis route takes the cable back under the pad, beneath the counter top, it's best to route the cable along the center of the pad. See Figure 3.2.1. Ensure that deactivation remains as transparent to the checkout process as possible. Connect the pads cables to either ANT1 (pin 1.3 of J1) or ANT2 (pin 4.6 of J1) with drain wires to GND (pin 2 or 5 of J1) on the C/PT VII. See Figure 3.1 for the detail.

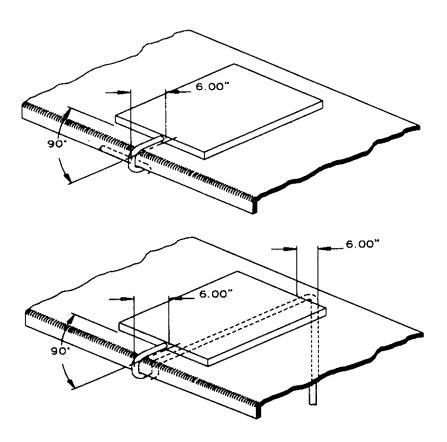


Figure 3.2.1 Pad Connection



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

#### 3.2.2 Scanner Antenna Connection

To achieve optimized performance, the cable length from the chassis to 4\_WAY connector or buttsplice should be kept to 6 feet in length. (**Don't alter this length under any circumstance**) Extend the scanner antenna cable by 6 feet using the 4-WAY connector or the buttsplice and the cable (Belden 8760 #18) provided with the installation kit. See Figure 3.2.2. Connect the antenna cable to either **ANT1** (pin 1,3 of J1) or **ANT2** (pin 4,6 of J1) with the drain wire to **GND** (pin 2 or 5 of J1) on C/PT VII. See Figure 3.1 for the detail.

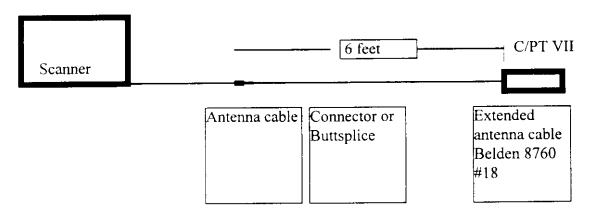


Figure 3.2.2 Scanner Connection

#### 3.3 Slaving Connection

Whether or not the C/PT VII should be slaved to other EAS systems or deactivation systems depends on the environment of the site, the layout of the system, and the settings of the system. Refer to Table 8.1 as a guideline for the minimum distances required between the various EAS systems and the C/PT VII. If you are not sure, temporarily plug in and turn on the C/PT VII, attach the oscilloscope probe to the appropriate test point of the EAS systems receivers as you test for poor detection and phantoms.

NOTE: The C/PT VII doesn't have MASTER SLAVE OUTPUT.
It cannot be slaved to each other unless a master source such as an EAS system or fiber master exists.

#### 3.3.1 Wire Slaving

Connect the slaving input cable from the master source to **Slave In** (pin 4, 6 of J4). Connect the slaving output cable (daisy chain) to **Slave Out** (pin 1,3 of J4). See Figure 3.1 for the detail.



May 11, 1998

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

#### 3.3.2 Fiber Slaving

When fiber slaving, you need the fiber receiver found in Fiber Slave Kit (P/N 327812). Plug the fiber receiver into U25 and tie wrap it. Connect the fiber cable with the connector from the fiber master to the fiber receiver.

#### 3.3.3 Secure Cables

Secure slave/inhibit wiremold, measure, cut, and lay the cable. Secure the pad- chassis and power cables to the sales counter surfaces with cable ties. Use plastic wiremold where cables are visible to the store personnel. Secure the excess of either cable under the counter by bundling it. Do not coil it. Make sure to leave enough cable slack at the chassis end to allow service access. Leave the chassis unplugged. Install Heyco bushings at each cable entry on the rear of the deactivator chassis.

#### 3.4 Interlock Connection

If the interlock function is used, connect the interlock input cable either directly from the scanner or from the audio interlock board to **INTLK** at J3. Notice the polarity. See Figure 3.1 for the detail.

## 3.5 Remote Unit Connection

When configured in IV and VI modes, a remote unit containing a sonalert and the power **ON/OFF** switch needs to be connected to the C/PT VII chassis. The purpose of this unit is to provide our customers with easy access to power **ON/OFF** switch. Remove the wires from **SWITCH** at J2 of the C/PT VII chassis and cut off the exposed leads. Install the wires from the remote unit following Table 3.5. Install Hevco Bushing at the entry of the cable. See Figure 3.1 for the detail.

Cable From the Remote Unit	Connection to C/PT VII Chassis		
Red, Brown and Yellow	SWITCH Pin 4 at J2 ( next to SPKR )		
Black and Green	SWITCH Pin 3 at J2 (next to PWR)		
White	SPKR (+) at J2		
Blue	SPKR ( - ) at J2		
Orange	PWR ( - ) at J2		

Table 3.5 Remote Unit Connection



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 22, 1998

#### 4.0 Install the C/PT VII

#### 4.1 Chassis Installation

The C/PT VII chassis can be installed vertically and horizontally. Ensure to install the chassis at a convenient location where the customer has easy access to **ON/OFF** switch. Unscrew and slide the cover out of the chassis, install the cover horizontally as shown in Figure 4.1A and vertically as shown in Figure 4.1B, and slide the chassis back on. Ensure to allow enough space so the chassis can slide in and out easily.



Figure 4.1A Horizontal Chassis Installation



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 22, 1998



#### 4.2 Remote Unit Installation

When a remote unit is used, it should be installed at a location where the customer has easy access to the unit. Figure 4.2A and 4.2B show examples.



Figure 4.2A Vertical Remote Unit Installation



May 22, 1998

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE **COUNTERPOINT VII** 



#### **C/PT VII DIP Switch Configuration** 5.0

Figure 4.2B

The C/PT VII can be configured as master or slave unit, operating in IV, V, or VI modes. This is done by the settings of SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5, and SW6.

In IV mode, the C/PT VII detects the tag first and switches from the low power mode to the high power mode to destroy the tag.

In V mode, the C/PT VII operates in the high power mode all the time to destroy the tag and will not detect the tag.

In VI mode, the C/PT VII operates in the high power mode all the time to destroy the tag but will detect the hard tags and any missed soft tags.

Almost all the C/PT VII's functions are configured by four banks of DIP switches. Refer to Table 8.3 for a complete listing of the DIP switches and their functions. A simplified table can also be found on the back of the chassis.

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 22, 1998

## 5.1 Antenna Matching

To achieve optimized performance, the C/PT VII's output impedance needs to be matched to the scanner antenna or the pad it connects to. This is done by using DIP switches SW1 and SW5. **Table 5.1 applies to CP IV, V, or VI mode**.

Note 1: The cable length is 8 feet for the pads and 6 feet for the scanners.

Note 2: The table is for single pad or scanner. If double, refer to Section 8.0 for details.

SCANNERS	SW1,5 (1)	SW1,5 (2)	SW1,5 (3)	SW1,5 (4)	SW1,5 (5)	SW1,5 (6)
HS1250	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
LS5000	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
LS5700	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
LS9100	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
MAGELLAN	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
MAGELLAN SL	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
NCR7820	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
NCR7824	$\overline{ON}$	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
NCR7870	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
NCR7875	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	<b>O</b> N
ORION	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
PADS	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
SP750F	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
SP760SLS	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
SP960LS	0.8	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
VS1000	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
VS1000S	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
WAND	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

Table 5.1 Antenna Matching Chart

INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

#### 5.2 IV Mode

When configured as IV mode, SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5, and SW6 need to be set as follows:

SW1	.5	DESCRIPTION
1,2	See Table 5.1	
3,4	See Table 5.1	
5.6	See Table 5.1	
SW2		
1	OFF	
2 3	ON	
3	ON See Note 3	Note 3: This is a default setting for Medium deactivation. ( 44 VDC
4 5	ON See Note 3	at VPA_FP2 for FCC, CE/UK compliance ) For non-
	ON See Note 3	regulated market, please see Table 8.3 for the settings.
6	OFF See Note 3	
SW3		
1	See Note 4	Note 4: This is for interlock function. See Table 8.3.
2	ON	
3	ON	
4	OFF See Note 5	Note 5: ON if interlock is used in CP 4 mode.
SW4		
1	OFF See Note 6	Note 6: This is a default setting for MASTER mode, see Table 8.3 for
2	OFF See Note 6	slaving
3	OFF See Note 6	
4	OFF See Note 7	Note 7: This is a default setting for MEDIUM detection, see Table 8.3
2 3 4 5	ON See Note 7	for different settings.
6	OFF See Note 7	
SW6		
1	OFF See Note 8	Note 8: This is a default setting for 10 HZ
1 2 3	OFF See Note 9	Note 9: This is a default setting for 16 pulse
3	ON See Note 8	
4	OFF See Note 8	

Table 5.2 Settings for IV Mode



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

#### 5.3 V Mode

When configured as V mode, SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5, and SW6 need to be set as follows:

SW1,	.5	DESCRIPTION
1,2	See Table 5.1	
3,4	See Table 5.1	
5,6	See Table 5.1	†
SW2		
	ON	
	OFF	
2	ON See Note 10	Note 10: This is a default setting for Medium deactivation (44 VDC
	ON See Note 10	at VPA TP2 for FCC, CE/UK compliance ) For non-
5	ON See Note 10	regulated market, please see Table 8.3 for the settings
4 5 6	OFF See Note 10	
SW3		
	C N . 11	New 11 This carry and a Committee of the
2	See Note 11	Note 11: This is for interlock function. See Table 8.3 for the settings.
3	OFF OFF	
4		Note 12: This is for interlock function in IV mode
	OTT See Note 12	1401C 12. This is for interfock function in 14 mode
SW4		
1	OFF See Note 13	Note 13: This is a default setting for MASTER mode, see Table 8.3
2 3	OFF See Note 13	for slaving
	OFF See Note 13	
4	OFF See Note 14	Note 14: Not used in V mode.
5	ON See Note 14	
6	OFF See Note 14	
SW6		
1	OFF See Note 15	Note 15: This is a default setting for 10 HZ
1 2 3	OFF See Note 16	Note 16: This is a default setting for 16 pulse
3	ON See Note 15	
4	OFF See Note 15	

Table 5.3 Settings for V Mode



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

#### 5.4 VI Mode

When configured as VI mode, SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5, and SW6 need to be set as follows:

SW1	.5	DESCRIPTION
1,2	See Table 5.1	
3,4	See Table 5.1	
5,6	See Table 5.1	
SW2		
1	ON	
2	OFF	
3	ON See Note 17	Note 17: This is a default setting for Medium deactivation. ( 44 VDC
4	ON See Note 17	at VPA TP2 for FCC, CE/UK compliance) For non-
5	ON See Note 17	regulated market, please see Table 8.3 for the settings
6	OFF See Note 17	
SW3		
1	See Note 18	Note 18: This is for interlock function. See Table 8.3 for settings.
2	OFF	
3	ON	
4	OFF See Note 19	Note 19: This is for interlock function in IV mode
SW4		
1	OFF See Note 20	Note 20: This is a default setting for MASTER mode, see Table 8.3
2	OFF See Note 20	for slaving
3	OFF See Note 20	
4	OFF See Note 21	Note 21: This is a default setting for MEDIUM detection, see
5	ON See Note 21	Table 8.3 for different settings.
6	OFF See Note 21	
SW6	)	
1	ON See Note 22	Note 22: This is a default setting for 164 HZ
2	ON See Note 23	Note 23: This is a default setting for single pulse
3	OFF See Note 22	
4	ON See Note 22	

Table 5.4 Settings for VI Mode



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## 6.0 C/PT VII Tune Up and Test Procedure

If you haven't already done so, follow the standard procedure to tune the sensing system to Checkpoint's specifications **BEFORE** tuning the deactivators.

## 6.1 Center Frequency and Deviation Adjustment

Since the C/PT VII uses pulse-listen technology, it's difficult to measure the center frequency and the deviation using regular tools. Use dip meter and the ear phone to tune the center frequency and the deviation. Adjust R21 for deviation and R22 for center frequency. You should hear the clicking sound with your earphone from 7.4 -9.0 MHz when you sweep the frequency using the dip meter. See Figure 8.1.

#### 6.2 IV Mode

Follow step 5.2 to configure the chassis

## **Detection Field Adjustment**

When in IV mode, the detection field should be adjusted properly to achieve the best performance.

Measured with Fluke meter, adjust R11 so that the DC voltage at TP2 is 3.0 VDC. See Figure 8.1.

# Sensitivity adjustment

When in IV mode, the sensitivity of the receiver should be adjusted properly to achieve the best performance.

Adjust R1 all the way clockwise (maximum) to achieve better detection. If phantoms, adjust R1 counterclockwise slightly until the phantoms stop.

Test the detection height using standard 410 test tag. The detection height should be comparable to the numbers listed in Table 8.2. If the detection height is less than expected, go to Appendix A for the detailed tuning.

#### 6.3 V Mode

Follow step 5.3 to configure the chassis. Test the deactivation height using live 410 tags. The deactivation height should be comparable to the numbers listed in Table 8.2. If the deactivation height is worse than expected, go to Appendix A for the detailed tuning.



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

#### 6.4 VI Mode

Follow step 5.4 to configure the chassis. Test the deactivation height using live 410 tags. The deactivation height should be same or better compared to the numbers listed in Table 8.2. If the deactivation height is worse than expected, go to Appendix A for the detailed tuning. Test the detection height using standard 410 test tag, it should be at least 6" or higher if a pad is used.

#### 6.5 Interlock Turn-On Time Adjustment

When the interlock function is used, adjust R9 clockwise to increase the interlock Turn-On time from 0 - 3 seconds. See Figure 8.1.

#### 7.0 After The Installation

Wait until after installation and tuning to show the customer personnel how the deactivator operates. Ensure that site management is present and let them designate which site employees will attend. If you have just installed a sensing system and deactivators, explain the sensing system operation first, then follow with the deactivator operations, as follows:

#### 7.1 Turning the Deactivator On and Off

The deactivator should be turned off when not in use to prevent unauthorized personnel from deactivating tags.

Show the operation of the power switch, and point out the green light on the chassis, which shows that the power is on. If the sensing system control module is Model N or later, mention that a key is required to activate the system. If the sensing system is the master in a slaved configuration, indicate that it must be on before the deactivators will function.

#### 7.2 How the Deactivator Works

Show how the deactivator operation is similar to the sensing system in that both systems transmit radio signals which cause tags to respond with their own radio signals when they come into range. Explain that each system's receiver recognizes then verifies the tag signal. Then explain that the difference between the two is what each does with the verified tag signal. The sensing system alarms loudly upon tag verification. The deactivator alarms softly at the chassis and disables the tag. When deactivation is immediate, there will be no audible alarm.

## 7.3 When the Tag Doesn't Deactivate

Explain that tags vary in length of time required to deactivate. Some tags deactivate instantly, while others take longer. It may be that a very few wouldn't deactivate automatically. If this should occur, just place a Thank You label over the tag. Mention that any hard tags, hang tags, or non-deactivatable stickers also will not



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

deactivate automatically. Clerks must either remove these tags, or mask them with a Thank You label. For these tags, the deactivator acts as a point of sale detector. It continues to alarm softly until the tag is removed or masked.

#### 7.4 When the Sensing System Alarms

Employees should follow their management's standard procedure for handling sensing system alarms, just as if there were no deactivators in the store. If there is no standard procedure, make a mental note to encourage management to set one. Wait until after you conclude the training meeting to avoid embarrassing management in front of the employees.

#### 7.5 Testing the Deactivator

Employees should turn on the deactivator before use and turn off the deactivator when unattended. An employee verifies power by viewing the green light on the chassis. Beyond checking the power on switch, there isn't much need to test the deactivator's function because it will be immediately apparent should a unit fail to disable tags.

Show employees how to test for deactivation in case site management should want to test a unit. In IV and VI modes, use a hard tag, hang tag or non-deactivatable sticker. Hold it about 18" (46 cm) above each deactivator pad and bring it down slowly to the pad's surface. Point out alarm occurs at about 10.5" (27 cm) height. Take a deactivatable sticker and move it down in the same manner. Observe the signal stops as the tag gets closer. Try to alarm the deactivator again with the same tag to verify that it has been disabled. Make sure that this activity doesn't alarm any other deactivator or sensing system. In V mode, use DV1000 and live 410 tags to test the system.

#### 7.6 Operational Problems

Give site management the telephone numbers used for calling Checkpoint service about equipment problems. Detail how to avoid potential problems by keeping permanent tags and stickers and also metal objects away from the deactivator pads.

#### 7.7 Tagging

Show how deactivatable stickers can now be hidden in protected merchandise. Remind the customer that metal and foil objects usually can't be protected by pressure sensitive tags. Detail that all procedures for tagging merchandise covered in the User's Guide apply also to deactivatable tags. Detail the necessity of maintaining a tagging system, use of merchandise value or theft activity to decide which merchandise to tag, and the need for following an established procedure when the sensing system alarms.



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## 8.0 Figures and Tables

## 8.1 Test Points and Adjustments

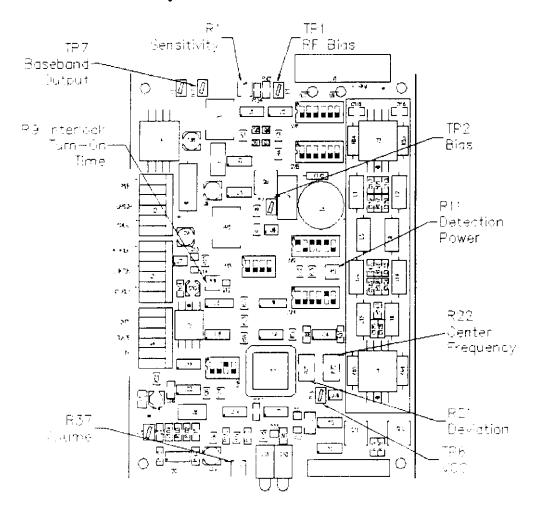


Figure 8.1 Test Points and Adjustment



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

8.2

Slaving Decision Chart/All testing have been done with pads.

		<u> </u>		laving Decision	II Operating Mode		
System	C/PT VII Power	IV		V		VI	
		Slaved	Non-Slaved	Slaved	Non-Slaved	Slaved	Non-Slaved
	Hi	15 ft	35 ft	20 ft	50 ft	20 ft	50 ft
Condor	Med	15 ft	30 ft	20 ft	40 ft	20 ft	40 ft
	Low	15 ft	20 ft	20 ft	35 ft	20 ft	35 ft
	Hi	9 ft	9 ft	2 ft	4 ft	3 ft	4 ft
QS4000	Med	9 ft	9 ft	2 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft
	Low	9 ft	9 ft	2 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft
	Hi	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	5 ft	2 ft	5 ft
QS2000	Med	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	4 ft	2 ft	4 ft
•	Low	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	3 ft	2 ft	3 ft
	Hi	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	5 ft	2 ft	5 ft
QuickSilver	Med	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	4 ft	2 ft	4 ft
•	Low	8 ft	8 ft	2 ft	3 ft	2 ft	3 ft
	Hi	7 ft	7 ft	2 ft	5 ft	2 ft	5 ft
lnca	Med	7 ft	7 ft	2 ft	4 ft	2 ft	4 ft
	Low	7 ft	7 ft	2 ft	3 ft	2 ft	3 ft
	Hi	7 ft	7 ft	13 ft	13 ft	13 ft	13 ft
CP IV	Med	7 ft	7 ft	7 ft	7 ft	7 ft	7 ft
-	Low	7 ft	7 ft	4 ft	4 ft	4 ft	4 ft
CPV	Hi	8 ft	8 ft	0 ft	0 ft	5 ft	5 ft
High Power	Med	8 ft	8 ft	0 ft	0 ft	5 ft	5 ft
g o	Low	8 ft	8 ft	0 ft	0 ft	5 ft	5 ft
	Hi	18 ft	18 ft	ī ft	1 ft	6 ft	6 ft
CP VI	Med	18 ft	18 ft	l ft	1 ft	6 ft	6 ft
	Low	18 ft	18 ft	1 ft	l ft	6 ft	6 ft
C/PT VII in	Hi	15 ft	15 ft	18 ft	18 ft	18 ft	18 ft
IV Mode	Med	15 ft	15 ft	15 ft	15 ft	15 ft	15 ft
	Low	15 ft	15 ft	14 ft	14 ft	14 ft	14 ft
C/PT VII in	Hi	18 ft	18 ft	0 ft	0 ft	5 ft	5 ft
V Mode	Med	15 ft	15 ft	0 ft	0 ft	3 ft	3 ft
	Low	14 ft	14 ft	0 ft	0 ft	3 ft	3 ft
C/PT VII in	Hi	18 ft	18 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft
VI Mode	Med	15 ft	15 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft
V 1 (MOGE	Low	14 ft	14 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft	3 ft

Table 8.2 C/PT VII Slaving decision Chart



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## 8.3 DIP Switch Settings

SW1.5	ON Position	OFF Position	Description
1.2	200 pF enabled	200 pF disabled	Note: Use SW1 and SW5 to tune the antennas. Refer to Table 5.1
3.4	150 pF enabled	150 pF disabled	and Appendix A for the details
5	91 pF enabled	91 pF disabled	
6	47 pF enabled	47 pF disabled	
SW2			
i	CP 5/6 mode	CP 4 mode	
2	CP 4 mode	CP 5/6 mode	
3	9.1 volt OFF	9.1 volt ON	Note: Add 9.1 voit reference to sum of switches set to OFF to
4	9.1 volt OFF	9.1 volt ON	obtain desired VPA
5	33 volt OFF	33_volt ON	
6	33 volt OFF	33 voit ON	
SW3			
1	Interlock enabled	Interlock disabled	
2	CP 4 mode	CP 5/6 mode	
3	LED/SOUND ON	LED/SOUND OFF	Note: For CP 4/6 mode, set to ON; CP 5 mode, set to OFF
4	Trigger enabled	Trigger disabled	Note: Enabled when interlock in CP 4 mode.
SW4			
ī	Wire slave ON	Wire slave OFF	
2	Wireless slave ON	Wireless slave OFF	
3	Fiber slave ON	Fiber slave OFF	
4	Fast detection ON	Fast detection OFF	Note: For FAST detection, 4 hits required before alarming.
5	Med detection ON	Med detection OFF	For MED detection, 8 hits required before alarming.
6	Slow detection ON	Slow detection OFF	For SLOW detection, 16 hits required before alarming.
SW6			
1	Jitter OFF	Jitter ON	
2	l pulse	16 pulse	
3	10 Hz	164 Hz	
4	164 Hz	10 Hz	

Table 8.3 DIP Switch Settings



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## 8.4 Performance Matrix

SCANNER MGR.	ANTENNA NUMBER	C/PT VII - 4 Mode DETECTION	C/PT VII - 5/6 Mode DEACTIVATION			
NCR DETECTION DELICITION						
7820	231088	3" - 4"	7-1/2" - 9"			
7824	231088	3" - 4"	7-1/2" - 9"			
7870	EAS ready	8-1/2" - 10"	13" - 15"			
7875	EAS ready	6" - 8"	11" - 13"			
Symbol						
LS5000-V	994026	6" - 8"	16" - 19"			
LS5700	EAS ready	6" - 7"	13" - 15"			
LS9100	076635	3" - 4"	4" - 5"			
Spectra-Physics						
MAGELLAN	098409	4-1/2" - 6"	10" - 12"			
MAGELLAN SL	EAS ready	4" - 6"	6" - 8"			
VS1000	EAS ready	4-1/2" - 5-1/2"	8" - 10"			
VS1000-Shroud	881777	6" - 8"	14" - 18"			
HS1250	EAS ready	3-1/2" - 4"	6" - 8"			
750F	231088	3-1/2" - 4-1/2"	8" - 9-1/2"			
760SLS-M	881367	8" - 9"	15" - 18"			
960LS	984483	4" - 5"	9" - 11-1/2"			
ICL						
ORION	431727	9" - 10-1/2"	14" - 17"			
MISC.						
CP WAND	076658	4-1/2" - 5-1/2"	5-1/2" - 6-1/2"			
12 X 12 PAD	251281	8-1/2" - 9-1/2"	25" - 27"			
LOW PROFILE	256279	7" - 8"	20" - 22"			

V ---- Vertical H ---- Horizontal P ---- Plastic M ---- Metal W ---- Weigh Scale

Table 8.4 Performance Matrix



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998

## Appendix A Fine Tuning

DIP switch settings in Table 5.1 and Performance Matrix in Table 8.4 are based on the tests performed in the lab under following conditions:

- 1. Use of 6 feet, #18 cables for the scanners
- 2. Use of 8 feet, #18 cables for the pads
- Free of any interfering RF systems in an open environment
- 4. Use of standard 410 test tag in V mode testing
- 5. Use of standard 410 tags in IV mode testing

In actual installation, these settings may be changed for proper performance of the C/PT VII due to environmental variations. If you are not able to tune the C/PT VII following the normal tuning procedure detailed in previous chapters, refer to this chapter for fine tunings.

## A.1 Detailed Tuning in IV Mode

To fine tune the C/PT VII in IV mode, change switches SW1 and SW5 so that the average amplitude of the AC signal at TP1 is both maximized and as flat as possible. Start with SW1 and SW5 all off and turn on the DIP switches two at a time beginning at position (1). The following is an example of tuning 12 x 12 pad.

Scope Settings:

Ch1:

Voltage:

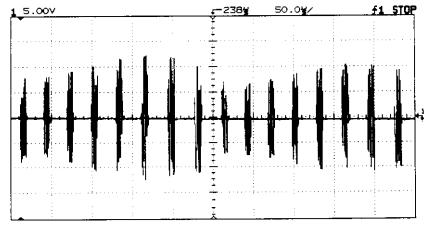
5.00v/div

Triggered on Ch1

Time:

50us/div

Test point: TP1
Maximized Intensity

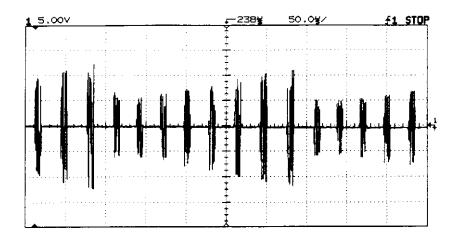


A1.1 AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (1) On

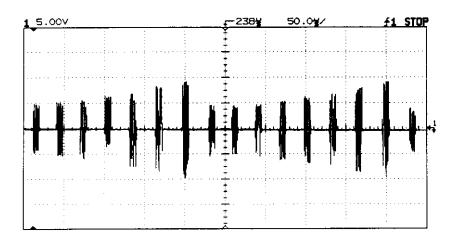


INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 11, 1998



A1.2 AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (5,6) On



## A1.3 AC Signal at TP1 with SW1,5 (3,4,5,6) On

From A1.1 to A1.3 it's clear that SW1 and SW5 position (1) should be set to on (A1.1) for  $12 \times 12$  pad because the average amplitude of the AC signal at TP1 is highest and more flat compared to the others.

If the C/PT VII phantoms, check the sensitivity as follows:

## Scope Settings:

Ch1:

Voltage:

100mv/div

Triggered on Ch1

Time:

200us/div

Test point:

TP7

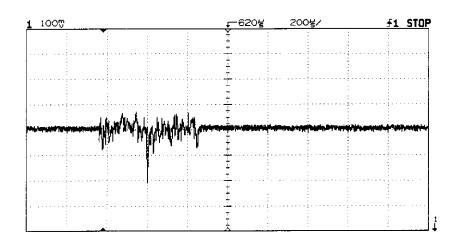
Maximized Intensity



INSTALLATION & TUNE-UP PROCEDURE COUNTERPOINT VII

May 22, 1998

Ensure the peak amplitude of the AC signal without the tag at TP7 is below 0.5Vp-p as shown in A1.4.



A1.4 AC Signal at TP7

Readjust SW1 and SW5 if the signal at TP7 is over 0.5Vp-p.

## A.2 Detailed Tuning in V Mode

Follow step A.1 to fine tune SW1 and SW5 without checking sensitivity.

## A.3 Detailed Tuning in VI Mode

Follow step A.1 to fine tune the C/PT VII in VI mode for deactivation. If phantoms, reduce the sensitivity by adjusting R1 counterclockwise all the way.