

# **D-Link *AirPlus* G™ DI-524UP**

**802.11g/ 2.4 GHz**

**Wireless Broadband Router with Print Server**

Manual

**D-Link®**

**Building Networks for People**

# Contents

Package Contents .....	3
Introduction.....	4
Wireless Basics .....	8
Getting Started .....	11
Using the Configuration Menu.....	12
Installing the Print Server Software .....	40
Networking Basics .....	42
Troubleshooting.....	57
Technical Specifications .....	64
Frequently Asked Questions .....	67
Contacting Technical Support.....	95
Warranty and Registration.....	96

# Package Contents



## Contents of Package:

- **D-Link AirPlus G DI-524UP**  
802.11/2.4GHz Wireless Router
- Power Adapter-DC 5V, 2A
- Manual and Warranty on CD
- Quick Installation Guide
- Ethernet Cable (All the DI-524UP's Ethernet ports are Auto-MDIX)

*Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DI-524UP will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.*

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.

## System Requirements for Configuration:

- Ethernet-Based Cable or DSL Modem
- Computers with Windows, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating systems with an installed Ethernet adapter
- Internet Explorer Version 6.0 or Netscape Navigator Version 7.0 and Above

# Introduction

The D-Link *AirPlus G* DI-524UP High-Speed Wireless Router is an 802.11g high-performance, wireless router that supports high-speed wireless networking at home, at work or in public places.

Unlike most routers, the DI-524UP provides data transfers at up to 108 Mbps (compared to the standard 54 Mbps) when used with other D-Link *AirPlus G* products. The 802.11g standard is backwards compatible with 802.11b products. This means that you do not need to change your entire network to maintain connectivity. You may sacrifice some of 802.11g's speed when you mix 802.11b and 802.11g devices, but you will not lose the ability to communicate when you incorporate the 802.11g standard into your 802.11b network. You may choose to slowly change your network by gradually replacing the 802.11b devices with 802.11g devices .

In addition to offering faster data transfer speeds when used with other 802.11g products, the DI-524UP has the newest, strongest, most advanced security features available today. When used with other 802.11g WPA (WiFi Protected Access) and 802.1x compatible products in a network with a RADIUS server, the security features include:

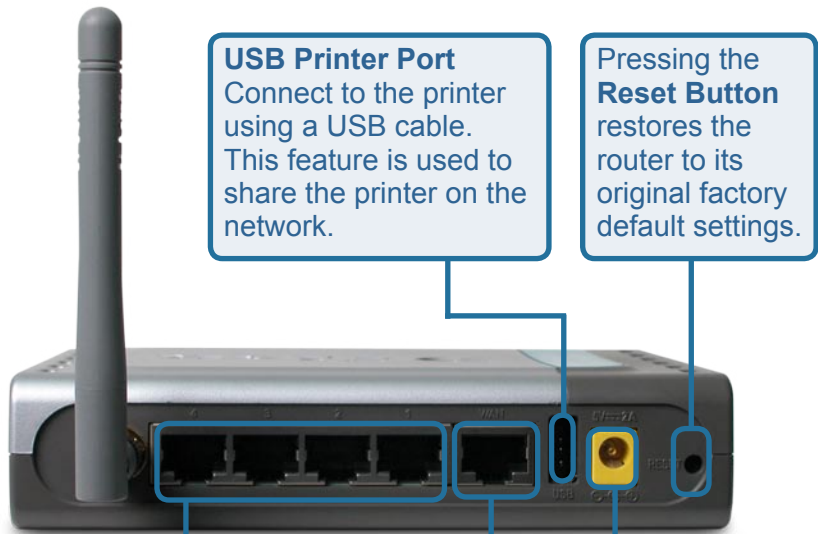
**WPA: Wi-Fi Protected Access** authorizes and identifies users based on a secret key that changes automatically at a regular interval. **WPA** uses **TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol)** to change the temporal key every 10,000 packets (a packet is a kind of message transmitted over a network.) This insures much greater security than the standard WEP security. (By contrast, the older WEP encryption required the keys to be changed manually.)

**802.1x: Authentication** is a first line of defense against intrusion. In the Authentication process the server verifies the identity of the client attempting to connect to the network. Unfamiliar clients would be denied access.

For home users that will not incorporate a RADIUS server in their network, the security for the DI-524UP, used in conjunction with other 802.11g products, will still be much stronger than ever before. Utilizing the **Pre Shared Key mode** of WPA, the DI-524UP will obtain a new security key every time it connects to the 802.11g network. You only need to input your encryption information once in the configuration menu. No longer will you have to manually input a new WEP key frequently to ensure security, with the DI-524UP, you will automatically receive a new key every time you connect, vastly increasing the safety of your communications.

# Connections

All Ethernet Ports (WAN and LAN) are auto MDI/MDIX, meaning you can use either a straight-through or a crossover Ethernet cable.



**USB Printer Port**  
Connect to the printer using a USB cable. This feature is used to share the printer on the network.

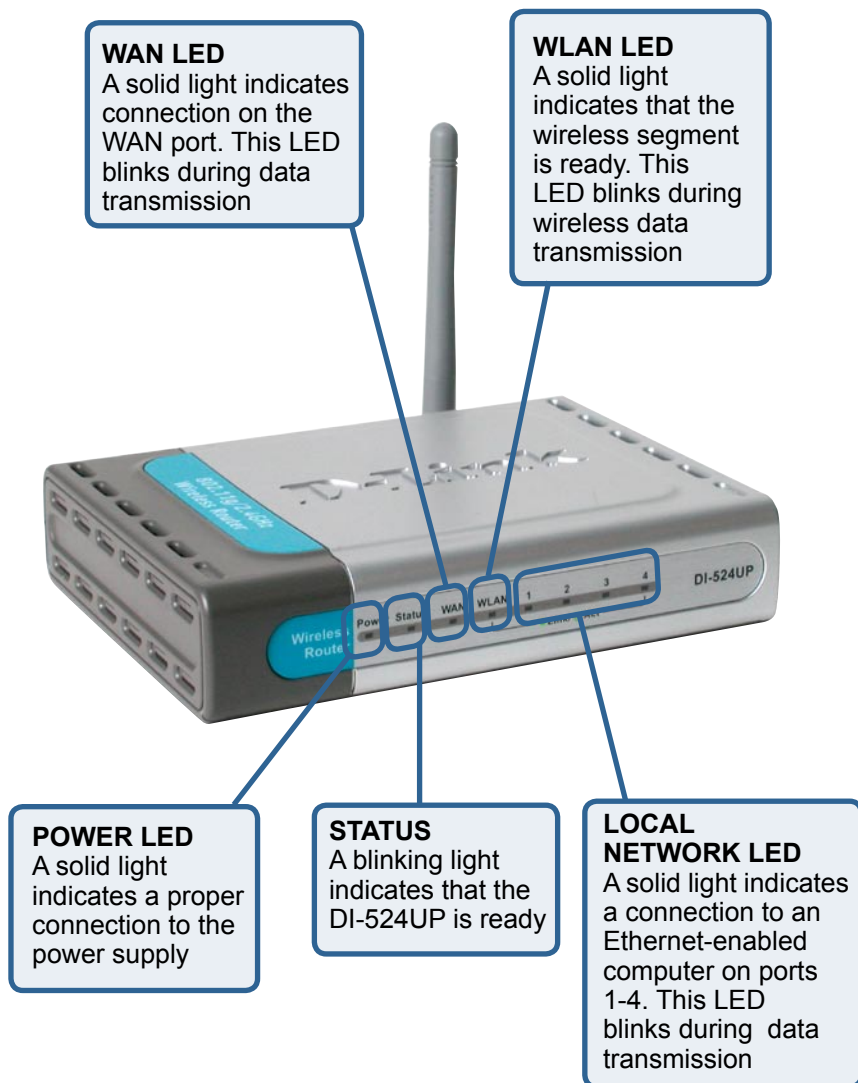
Pressing the **Reset Button** restores the router to its original factory default settings.

**Auto MDI/MDIX LAN ports** automatically sense the cable type when connecting to Ethernet-enabled computers.

The **Auto MDI/MDIX WAN** port is the connection for the Ethernet cable to the Cable or DSL modem

Receptor for the **Power Adapter**

# LEDs



# Features

- Fully compatible with the 802.11g standard to provide a wireless data rate of up to 54Mbps
- Backwards compatible with the 802.11b standard to provide a wireless data rate of up to 11Mbps
- **WPA** (Wi Fi Protected Access) authorizes and identifies users based on a secret key that changes automatically at a regular interval, for example:
  - **TKIP** (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol), in conjunction with a RADIUS server, changes the temporal key every 10,000 packets, ensuring greater security
  - **Pre Shared Key** mode means that the home user, without a RADIUS server, will obtain a new security key every time the he or she connects to the network, vastly improving the safety of communications on the network.
- 802.1x **Authentication** in conjunction with the RADIUS server verifies the identity of would be clients
- Utilizes **OFDM** technology (**O**rtogonal **F**requency **D**ivision **M**ultiplexing)
- User-friendly configuration and diagnostic utilities
- Operates in the 2.4GHz frequency range
- Connects multiple computers to a Broadband (Cable or DSL) modem to share the Internet connection
- Advanced Firewall features
  - Supports NAT with VPN pass-through, providing added security
  - MAC Filtering
  - IP Filtering
  - URL Filtering
  - Domain Blocking
  - Scheduling
- DHCP server supported enables all networked computers to automatically receive IP addresses
- Web-based interface for Managing and Configuring
- Access Control to manage users on the network
- Supports special applications that require multiple connections
- Equipped with 4 10/100 Ethernet ports, 1 WAN port, Auto MDI/MDIX

# Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. D-Link wireless products will allow you access to the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking brings.

A WLAN is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. WLANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

*People use wireless LAN technology for many different purposes:*

**Mobility** - Productivity increases when people have access to data in any location within the operating range of the WLAN. Management decisions based on real-time information can significantly improve worker efficiency.

**Low Implementation Costs** – WLANs are easy to set up, manage, change and relocate. Networks that frequently change can benefit from WLANs ease of implementation. WLANs can operate in locations where installation of wiring may be impractical.

**Installation and Network Expansion** - Installing a WLAN system can be fast and easy and can eliminate the need to pull cable through walls and ceilings. Wireless technology allows the network to go where wires cannot go - even outside the home or office.

**Scalability** – WLANs can be configured in a variety of topologies to meet the needs of specific applications and installations. Configurations are easily changed and range from peer-to-peer networks suitable for a small number of users to larger infrastructure networks to accommodate hundreds or thousands of users, depending on the number of wireless devices deployed.

**Inexpensive Solution** - Wireless network devices are as competitively priced as conventional Ethernet network devices.



## Wireless Basics (*continued*)

### Standards-Based Technology

The DI-524UP Wireless Broadband Router utilizes the new **802.11g** standard.

The IEEE **802.11g** standard is an extension of the 802.11b standard. It increases the data rate up to 54 Mbps within the 2.4GHz band, utilizing **OFDM technology**.

This means that in most environments, within the specified range of this device, you will be able to transfer large files quickly or even watch a movie in MPEG format over your network without noticeable delays. This technology works by transmitting high-speed digital data over a radio wave utilizing **OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)** technology. **OFDM** works by splitting the radio signal into multiple smaller sub-signals that are then transmitted simultaneously at different frequencies to the receiver. **OFDM** reduces the amount of **crosstalk** (interference) in signal transmissions.

The DI-524UP is backwards compatible with 802.11b devices. This means that if you have an existing 802.11b network, the devices in that network will be compatible with 802.11g devices at speeds of up to 11Mbps in the 2.4GHz range.

## Wireless Basics (continued)

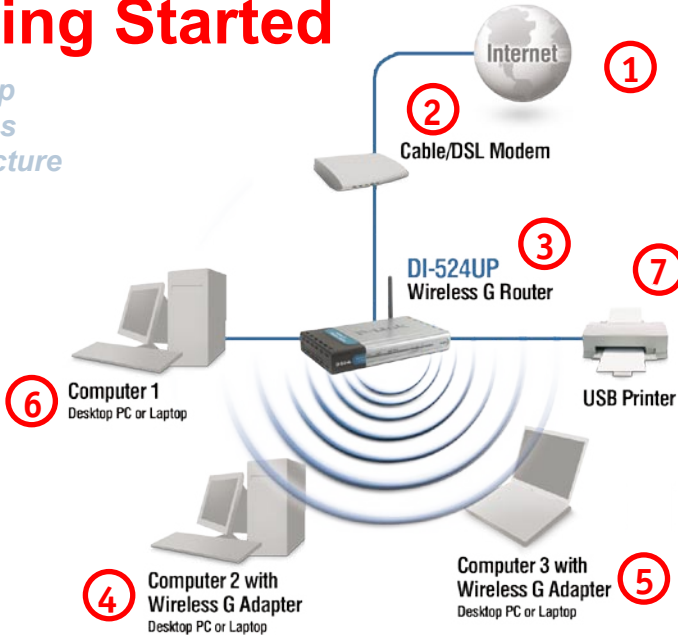
### Installation Considerations

The D-Link *AirPlus G* DI-524UP lets you access your network, using a wireless connection, from virtually anywhere within its operating range. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1** Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the DI-524UP and other network devices to a minimum - each wall or ceiling can reduce your D-Link wireless product's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- 2** Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3** Building Materials can impede the wireless signal - a solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position wireless devices and computers with wireless adapters so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways and not other materials.
- 4** Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate extreme RF noise.

# Getting Started

## Setting up a Wireless Infrastructure Network



*Please remember that D-Link AirPlus G wireless devices are pre-configured to connect together, right out of the box, with their default settings.*

**For a typical wireless setup at home (as shown above), please do the following:**

- 1** You will need broadband Internet access (a Cable or DSL-subscriber line into your home or office)
- 2** Consult with your Cable or DSL provider for proper installation of the modem
- 3** Connect the Cable or DSL modem to the DI-524UP Wireless Broadband Router (*see the printed Quick Installation Guide included with your router.*)
- 4** If you are connecting a desktop computer to your network, install the D-Link AirPlus G DWL-G510 wireless PCI adapter into an available PCI slot on your desktop computer. You may also install DWL-G520+.
- 5** Install the D-Link DWL-G630 wireless Cardbus adapter into a laptop computer. You may also install DWL-G650+.
- 6** Install the D-Link DFE-530TX adapter into a desktop computer. The four Ethernet LAN ports of the DI-524UP are Auto MDI/MDIX and will work with both Straight-Through and Cross-Over cable.
- 7** Connect your printer to the USB printer port on DI-524UP. Please refer to the quick installation guide for loading the print server software.

# Using the Configuration Menu

Whenever you want to configure your network or the DI-524UP, you can access the Configuration Menu by opening the web-browser and typing in the IP Address of the DI-524UP. The DI-524UP default IP Address is shown at right:

- Open the web browser
- Type in the **IP Address** of the Router (<http://192.168.0.1>)



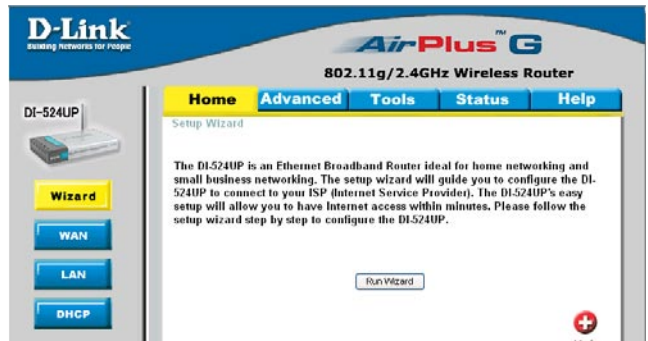
*Note: if you have changed the default IP Address assigned to the DI-524UP, make sure to enter the correct IP Address.*

- Type **admin** in the **User Name** field
- Leave the **Password** blank
- Click **OK**



## Home > Wizard

The Home>Wizard screen will appear. Please refer to the *Quick Installation Guide* for more information regarding the Setup Wizard.



These buttons appear on most of the configuration screens in this section. Please click on the appropriate button at the bottom of each screen after you have made a configuration change.



Apply

Clicking **Apply** will save changes made to the page



Cancel

Clicking **Cancel** will clear changes made to the page



Help

Clicking **Help** will bring up helpful information regarding the page

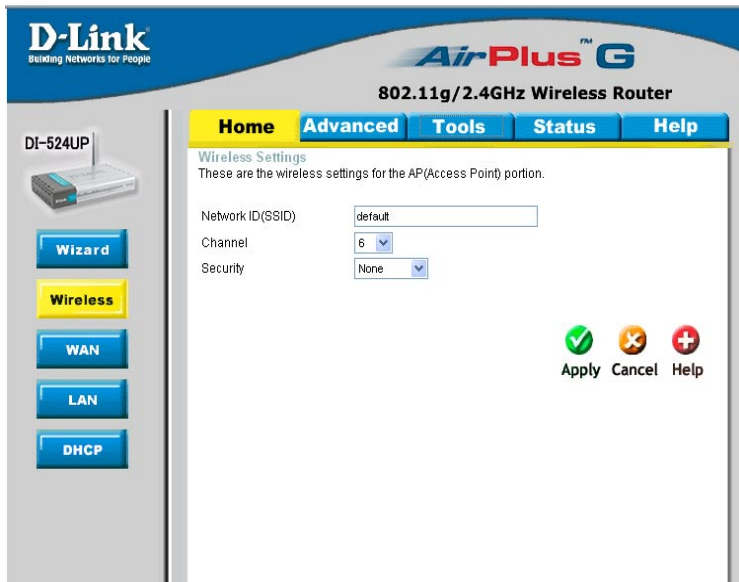


Restart

Clicking **Restart** will restart the router. (Necessary for some changes.)

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Home > Wireless



**Network ID(SSID)-** Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name designated for a specific wireless local area network (WLAN). The SSID's factory default setting is **default**. The SSID can be easily changed to connect to an existing wireless network or to establish a new wireless network.

**Channel-** **6** is the default channel. All devices on the network must share the same channel. (Note: The wireless adapters will automatically scan and match the wireless setting.)

**Security-** Select None, WEP, 802.1X, WPA-PSK or WPA. None is the default setting. (Note: if you enable encryption on the DI-524UP, please make sure that you also enable encryption on all the wireless clients, or wireless connection will not be established.)

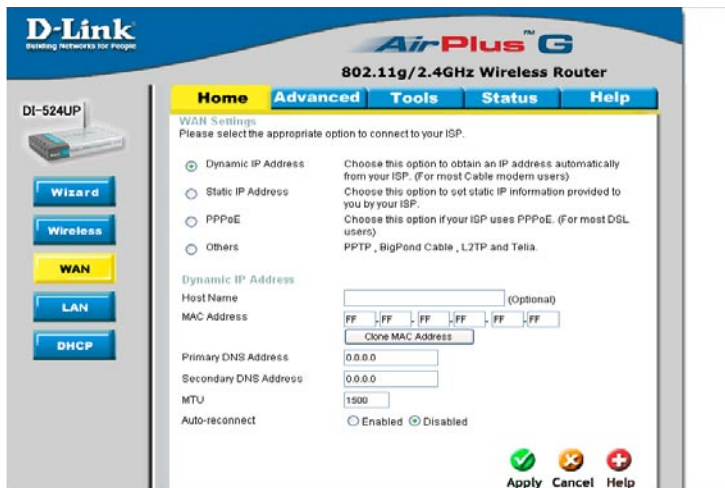
**WEP Encryption-** Select the level of encryption desired: 64-bit, or 128-bit

**Key Mode-** Select **HEX** or **ASCII**

**Keys 1-4-** Input up to 4 WEP keys; select the one you wish to use.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Home > WAN > Dynamic IP Address



**Dynamic IP Address-**

Choose Dynamic IP Address to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for Cable modem services.

**Host Name-**

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

**MAC Address-**

The default MAC Address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

**Clone MAC Address-**

The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. You can use the "Clone MAC Address" button to copy the MAC address of the Ethernet Card installed by your ISP and replace the WAN MAC address with the MAC address of the router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

**Primary/ Secondary DNS Address-**

Enter a DNS Address if you do not wish to use the one provided by your ISP.

**MTU-**

Enter an MTU value only if required by your ISP. Otherwise, leave it a the default setting.

**Auto-reconnect-**

Select **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Home > WAN > Static IP Address

The screenshot shows the D-Link configuration interface for a DI-524UP AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The navigation menu includes Home, Advanced, Tools, Status, and Help. The 'WAN Settings' section is active, with a sub-section for 'Static IP Address'. The 'Static IP Address' radio button is selected. Below this, there are input fields for IP Address, Subnet Mask, ISP Gateway Address, Primary DNS Address, Secondary DNS Address, and MTU. The MTU field has a dropdown menu showing '4096'.

**Static IP Address-** Choose Static IP Address if all WAN IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

**IP Address-** Input the public IP Address provided by your ISP

**Subnet Mask-** Input your Subnet mask. (All devices in the network must have the same subnet mask.)

**ISP Gateway Address-** Input the public IP address of the ISP to which you are connecting

**Primary DNS Address-** Input the primary DNS (Domain Name Server) IP address provided by your ISP

**Secondary DNS Address-** This is optional

**MTU-** Enter an MTU value only if required by your ISP. Otherwise, leave it at the default setting.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)



Please be sure to remove any existing PPPoE client software installed on your computers.

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection.

Home > WAN > PPPoE

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link router. The 'WAN Settings' section is active, and the 'PPPoE' option is selected. The 'Dynamic PPPoE' radio button is checked. Below this, there are input fields for 'User Name', 'Password', 'Retype Password', 'Service Name', 'IP Address', 'Primary DNS Address', 'Secondary DNS Address', 'Maximum Idle Time' (set to 5 minutes), and 'MTU' (set to 1492).

## PPPoE-

Choose this option if your ISP uses PPPoE. (Most DSL users will select this option.)

**Dynamic PPPoE-** receive an IP Address automatically from your ISP.

**Static PPPoE-** you have an assigned (static) IP Address.

## User Name-

Your PPPoE username provided by your ISP.

## Retype Password-

Re-enter the PPPoE password

## Service Name-

Enter the Service Name provided by your ISP (optional).

## IP Address-

This option is only available for Static PPPoE. Enter the static IP Address for the PPPoE connection.

## Primary DNS Address-

Primary DNS IP address provided by our ISP

## Secondary DNS Address-

This option is only available for Static PPPoE. Enter the static IP Address for the PPPoE connection.

(Continued on the next page)



# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Home > WAN > PPPoE *continued*

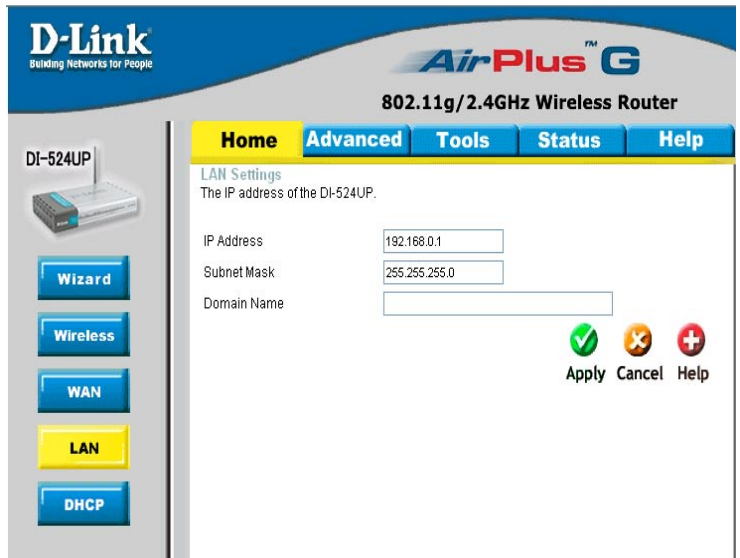
**MTU-**

Maximum Transmission Unit-1492 is the default setting-you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP.

**Auto-reconnect-**

If enabled, the DI-524UP will automatically connect to your ISP after your system is restarted or if the PPPoE connection is dropped.

Home > LAN



LAN is short for Local Area Network. This is considered your internal network. These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the DI-524UP. These settings may be referred to as Private settings. You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the Internet.

**IP Address-**

The IP address of the LAN interface. The default IP address is: **192.168.0.1**

**Subnet Mask-**

The subnet mask of the LAN interface.  
The default subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**

**Local Domain-Name-**

This field is optional. Enter in the local domain name.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Home > DHCP

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**AirPlus™ G**  
802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router

DI-524UP

Wizard  
Wireless  
WAN  
LAN  
DHCP

**Home** Advanced Tools Status Help

**DHCP Server**  
The DI-524UP can be setup as a DHCP Server to distribute IP addresses to the LAN network.

DHCP Server  Enabled  Disabled

Starting IP Address 192.168.0.100

Ending IP Address 192.168.0.199

Lease Time 1 WEEK

**Static DHCP**  
Static DHCP is used to allow DHCP server to assign same IP to specific MAC address.

Enabled  Disabled

Name

IP Address 192.168.0.

MAC Address

DHCP Client -- select one --

Apply Cancel Help

Static DHCP Clients List

**DHCP** stands for *Dynamic Host Control Protocol*. The DI-524UP has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to “Obtain an IP Address Automatically.” When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DI-524UP. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

- |                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>DHCP Server-</b>         | Select <b>Enabled</b> or <b>Disabled</b> . The <b>default</b> setting is <b>Enabled</b> .  |
| <b>Starting IP Address-</b> | The starting IP address for the DHCP server’s IP assignment                                |
| <b>Ending IP Address-</b>   | The ending IP address for the DHCP server’s IP assignment                                  |
| <b>Lease Time-</b>          | The length of time for the IP lease. Enter the Lease time. The default setting is one hour |

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Virtual Server

**D-Link**  
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**AirPlus G**  
802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router

DI-524UP

**Virtual Server**

**Application**

**Filter**

**Firewall**

**DDNS**

**DMZ**

**Performance**

**Home** **Advanced** **Tools** **Status** **Help**

**Virtual Server**  
Virtual Server is used to allow Internet users access to LAN services.

Enabled  Disabled

Name

Private IP 192.168.0.

Protocol Type TCP

Private Port

Public Port

Schedule  Always

From Time 00:00 To 00:00  
day Sun to Sun

Apply Cancel Help

**Virtual Server List**

Name	Private IP	Protocol	Schedule	
<input type="checkbox"/> Virtual Server FTP	0.0.0.0	TCP 21 / 21	always	<input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="button" value="x"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Virtual Server HTTP	0.0.0.0	TCP 80 / 80	always	<input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="button" value="x"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Virtual Server HTTPS	0.0.0.0	TCP 443 / 443	always	<input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="button" value="x"/>

The DI-524UP can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DI-524UP firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DI-524UP are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling *Virtual Server*. Depending on the requested service, the DI-524UP redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DI-524UP is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

## Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

### Advanced > Virtual Server *continued*

<b>Virtual Server-</b>	Select <b>Enabled</b> or <b>Disabled</b>
<b>Name-</b>	Enter the name referencing the virtual service
<b>Private IP-</b>	The server computer in the LAN (Local Area Network) that will be providing the virtual services.
<b>Protocol Type-</b>	The protocol used for the virtual service
<b>Private Port-</b>	The port number of the service used by the Private IP com-
<b>Public Port-</b>	The port number on the WAN (Wide Area Network) side that will be used to access the virtual service.
<b>Schedule-</b>	The schedule of time when the virtual service will be enabled. The schedule may be set to <b>Always</b> , which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. If it is set to <b>Time</b> , select the time frame for the service to be enabled. If the system time is outside of the scheduled time, the service will be disabled.

### Example #1:



If you have a Web server that you wanted Internet users to access at all times, you would need to enable it. Web (HTTP) server is on LAN (Local Area Network) computer 192.168.0.25. HTTP uses port 80, TCP.

Name: Web Server  
Private IP: 192.168.0.25  
Protocol Type: TCP  
Private Port: 80  
Public Port: 80  
Schedule: always

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Virtual Server *continued*

### Virtual Servers List

Name	Private IP	Protocol	Schedule	
Virtual Server HTTP	192.168.0.25	TCP-8081	Weekends	 



Click on this icon to edit the virtual service



Click on this icon to delete the virtual service

### Example #2:

If you have an FTP server that you wanted Internet users to access by WAN port 2100 and only during the weekends, you would need to enable it as such. FTP server is on LAN computer 192.168.0.30. FTP uses port 21, TCP.

Name: FTP Server  
Private IP: 192.168.0.30  
Protocol Type: TCP  
Private Port: 21  
Public Port: 2100

Schedule: From: 01:00AM to 01:00AM, Sat to Sun

All Internet users who want to access this FTP Server must connect to it from port 2100. This is an example of port redirection and can be useful in cases where there are many of the same servers on the LAN network.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Applications

**D-Link**  
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802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router

DI-524UP

Virtual Server  
Application  
Filter  
Firewall  
DDNS  
DMZ  
Performance

Home Advanced Tools Status Help

**Special Application**  
Special Application is used to run applications that require multiple connections.

Enabled  Disabled

Name:

Trigger Port:  -

Trigger Type:

Public Ports:

Public Type:

Apply Cancel Help

**Special Application List**

Name	Trigger	Public Port	
<input type="checkbox"/> Battle.net	8112	6112	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dialpad	7175	51200-51201,51210	
<input type="checkbox"/> ICU II	2019	2000-2038,2050-2051,2069,2085,3010-3030	

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DI-524UP. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the “Trigger Port” field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the public ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DI-524UP provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

**Note!** Only one PC can use each Special Application tunnel.

**Name:** This is the name referencing the special application.

**Trigger Port:** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

**Trigger Type:** This is the protocol used to trigger the special application.

**Public Port:** This is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

**Public Type:** This is the protocol used for the special application.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Advanced > Filters > IP Filters

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The page is titled "DI-524UP" and "AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router". The navigation menu includes Home, Advanced (selected), Tools, Status, and Help. The "Filter" section is active, showing options for IP Filters (selected), URL Blocking, MAC Filters, and Domain Blocking. The "IP Filter" section is expanded, showing options to enable or disable the filter. The "IP Address" field is empty, and the "Port Range" field is also empty. The "Protocol" is set to "TCP". The "Schedule" is set to "Always". The "IP Filter List" table shows one entry with an IP Range of "\*", Protocol of "TCP 20-21", and Schedule of "always".

**Filter**  
Filters are used to allow or deny LAN users from accessing the Internet.

IP Filters    URL Blocking  
 MAC Filters    Domain Blocking

**IP Filter**  
Use IP Filters to deny LAN IP addresses access to the Internet.

Enabled    Disabled

IP Address: [ ] - [ ]  
Port Range: [ ] - [ ]  
Protocol: TCP  
Schedule:  Always  
 From Time [00] : [00] To [00] : [00]  
day [Sun] to [Sun]

IP Filter List		
IP Range	Protocol	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/> *	TCP 20-21	always

Filters are used to deny or allow LAN (Local Area Network) computers from accessing the Internet. The DI-524UP can be setup to deny internal computers by their IP or MAC addresses. The DI-524UP can also block users from accessing restricted web sites.

## IP Filters:

IP Filter is used to deny LAN IP addresses from accessing the Internet. You can deny specific port numbers or all ports for the specific IP address.

## IP Address:

The IP address of the LAN computer that will be denied access to the Internet.

## Port Range:

The single port or port range that will be denied access to the Internet.

## Protocol Type:

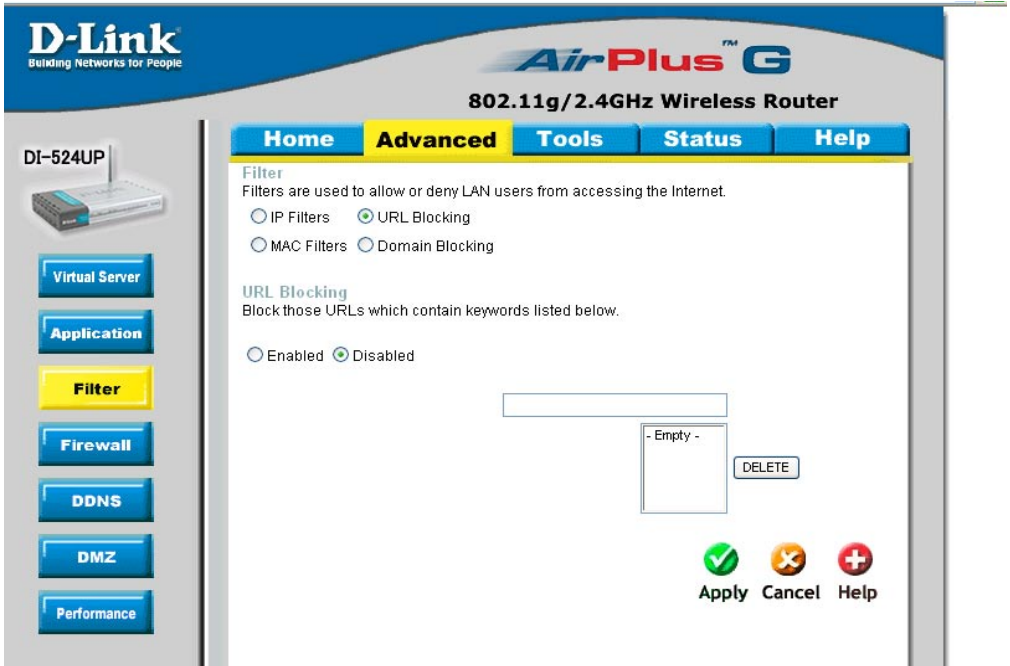
Select the protocol type

## Schedule:

This is the schedule of time when the IP Filter will be enabled.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Filters > URL Blocking



URL Blocking is used to deny LAN computers from accessing specific web sites by the URL. A URL is a specially formatted text string that defines a location on the Internet. If any part of the URL contains the blocked word, the site will not be accessible and the web page will not display. To use this feature, enter the text string to be blocked and click **Apply**. The text to be blocked will appear in the list. To delete the text, just highlight it and click **Delete**.

### Filters-

Select the filter you wish to use; in this case, **URL Blocking** was chosen.

### URL Blocking-

Select **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

### Keywords-

Enter the keywords in this field. Block URLs which contain keywords listed below.



# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Advanced > Filters > MAC Filters

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link DI-524UP router. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Advanced' (selected), 'Tools', 'Status', and 'Help'. The main content area is titled 'Filter' and explains that filters are used to allow or deny LAN users from accessing the Internet. It offers four options: IP Filters, URL Blocking, MAC Filters (selected), and Domain Blocking. Below this is the 'MAC Filters' section, which instructs the user to use MAC addresses to allow or deny network access. It provides three radio button options: 'Disabled MAC Filters' (selected), 'Only allow computers with MAC address listed below to access the network', and 'Only deny computers with MAC address listed below to access the network'. The form includes a 'Name' text box, a 'MAC Address' field with six individual input boxes, and a 'DHCP Client' dropdown menu with a 'Clone' button. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Apply' (with a green checkmark), 'Cancel' (with a red X), and 'Help' (with a red plus sign). A 'MAC Filter List' section is partially visible at the bottom.

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

**Filters-** Select the filter you wish to use; in this case, **MAC filters** was chosen.

**MAC Filters-** Choose **Disable** MAC filters; **allow** MAC addresses listed below; or **deny** MAC addresses listed below.

**Name-** Enter the name here.

**MAC Address-** Enter the MAC Address.

**DHCP Client-** Select a DHCP client from the pull-down list; click **Clone** to copy that MAC Address.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Filters > Domain Blocking

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link DI-524UP router. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Advanced' (selected), 'Tools', 'Status', and 'Help'. The left sidebar contains buttons for 'Virtual Server', 'Application', 'Filter' (highlighted in yellow), 'Firewall', 'DDNS', 'DMZ', and 'Performance'. The main content area is titled 'Filter' and explains that filters are used to allow or deny LAN users from accessing the Internet. It offers four filter types: IP Filters, URL Blocking, MAC Filters, and Domain Blocking (selected). Under 'Domain Blocking', there are two radio buttons: 'Disabled' (selected) and 'Allow users to access all domains except "Blocked Domains"'. Below this, there are two sections: 'Blocked Domains' and 'Permitted Domains'. Each section has a text input field, a dropdown menu currently showing '- Empty -', and a 'DELETE' button.

Domain Blocking is used to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers from accessing specific domains on the Internet. Domain blocking will deny all requests to a specific domain such as http and ftp. It can also allow computers to access specific sites and deny all other sites.

### Filters-

Select the filter you wish to use; in this case, **Domain Blocking** was chosen.

### Domain Blocking-

#### Disabled-

Select **Disabled** to disable **Domain Blocking**

#### Allow-

Allows users to access all domains except **Blocked Domains**

#### Deny-

Denies users access to all domains except **Permitted Domains**

### Blocked Domains-

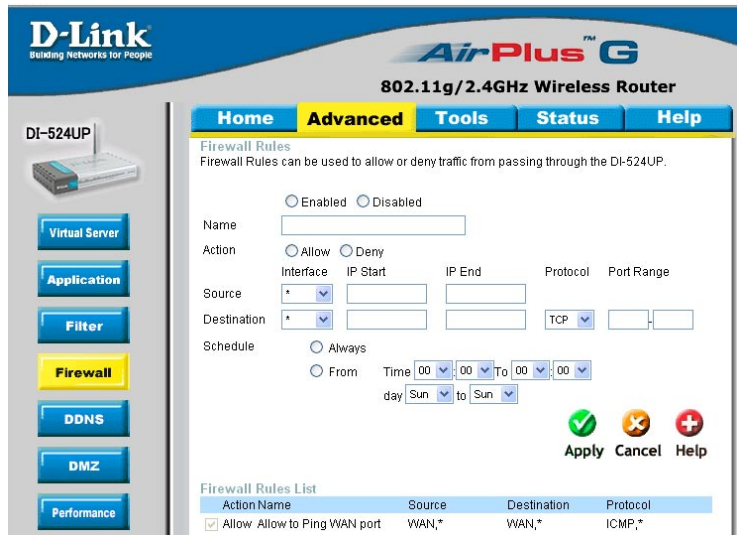
Enter the **Blocked Domains** in this field

### Permitted Domains-

Enter the **Permitted Domains** in this field

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Firewall



**Firewall Rules** is an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the DI-524UP. It works in the same way as IP Filters with additional settings. You can create more detailed access rules for the DI-524UP. When virtual services are created and enabled, it will also display in Firewall Rules. Firewall Rules contain all network firewall rules pertaining to IP (Internet Protocol).

In the Firewall Rules List at the bottom of the screen, the priorities of the rules are from top (highest priority) to bottom (lowest priority.)

### Note:

The DI-524UP MAC Address filtering rules have precedence over the Firewall Rules.

### Firewall Rules-

**Enable** or **disable** the Firewall

### Name-

Enter the name

### Action-

**Allow** or **Deny**

### Source-

Enter the **IP Address range**

### Destination-

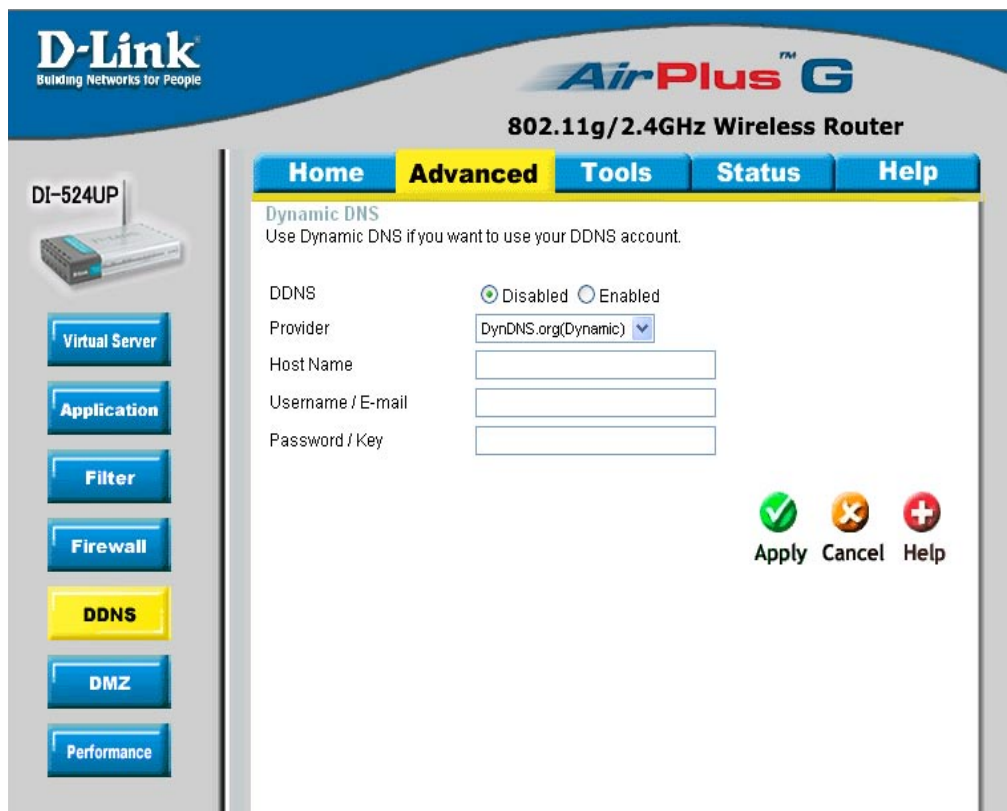
Enter the **IP Address range**; the **Protocol**; and the **Port Range**

### Schedule-

Select **Always** or enter the **Time Range**.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Advanced > DDNS



**D-Link**  
Building Networks for People

**AirPlus™ G**

**802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router**

Home **Advanced** Tools Status Help

**DI-524UP**

Virtual Server

Application

Filter

Firewall

**DDNS**

DMZ

Performance

**Dynamic DNS**  
Use Dynamic DNS if you want to use your DDNS account.

DDNS  Disabled  Enabled

Provider

Host Name

Username / E-mail

Password / Key

Apply  Cancel  Help

Users who have a Dynamic DDNS account may use this feature on the DI-524UP.

**Provider-**

Select from the list of DDNS servers available.

**Host Name-**

Enter your DDNS account host name.

**Username/Email-**

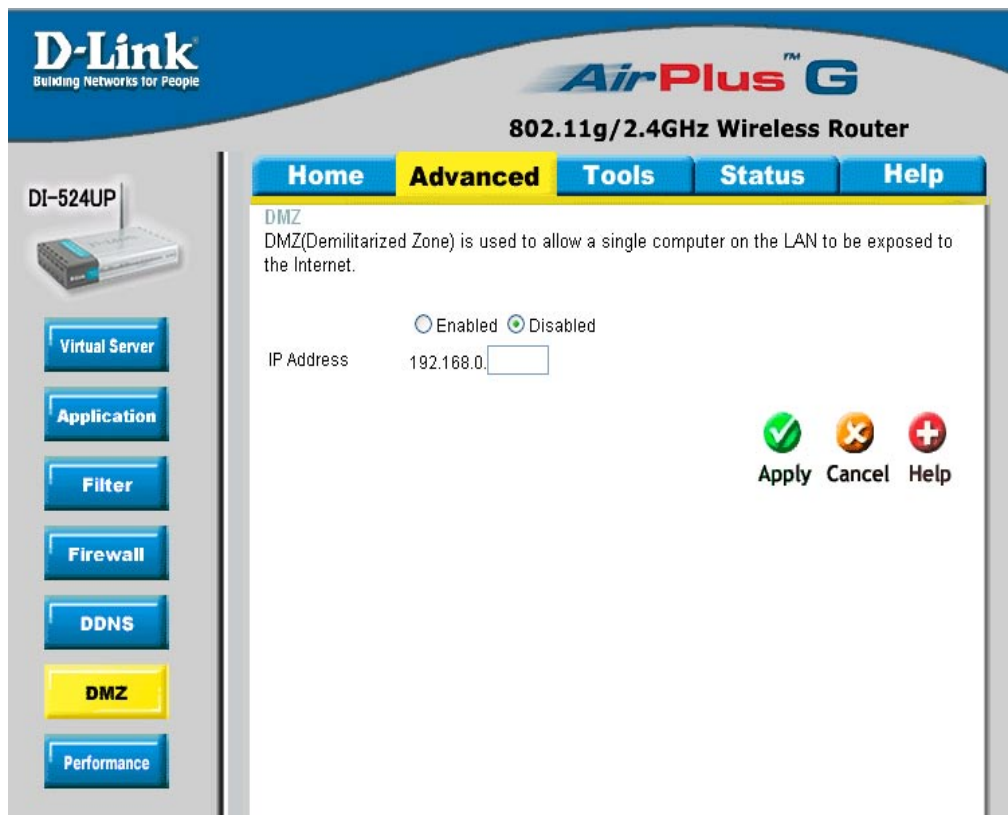
Enter your DDNS account username.

**Password/Key-**

Enter your DDNS account password.

## Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

### Advanced > DMZ



The screenshot displays the configuration interface for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The 'Advanced' tab is selected, and the 'DMZ' section is highlighted. The DMZ settings are currently disabled, and the IP address field is set to 192.168.0.0. The left sidebar contains navigation buttons for Virtual Server, Application, Filter, Firewall, DDNS, DMZ, and Performance.

If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the DI-524UP, then you can set the client up for unrestricted Internet access. It allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet. This feature is useful for gaming purposes. Enter the IP address of the internal computer that will be the DMZ host. Adding a client to the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.

#### DMZ-

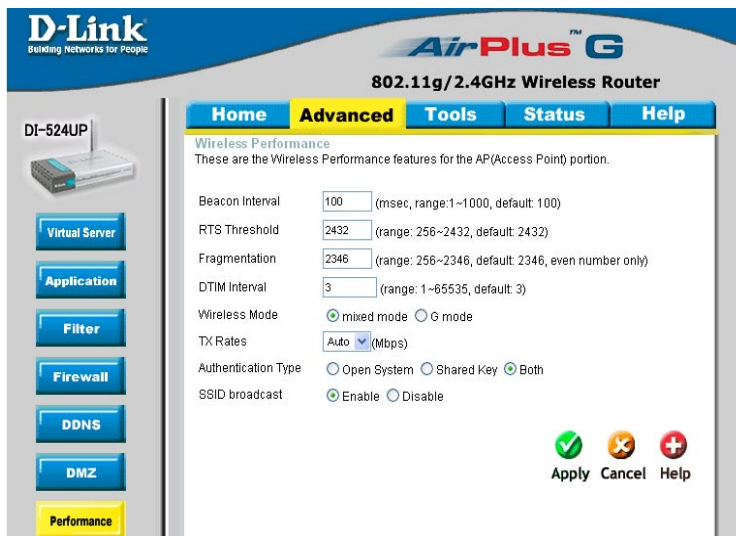
**Enable** or **Disable** the DMZ. The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) allows a single computer to be exposed to the internet. By **default** the DMZ is **disabled**.

#### IP Address-

Enter the **IP Address** of the computer to be in the **DMZ**

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Advanced > Performance



### Beacon Interval-

Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.

### RTS Threshold-

This value should remain at its default setting of 2432. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

### Fragmentation-

The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

### DTIM Interval-

(Delivery Traffic Indication Message) **3** is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

### Wireless Mode-

Select **Short** or **Long Preamble**. The Preamble defines the length of the CRC block (Cyclic Redundancy Check is a common technique for detecting data transmission errors) for communication between the wireless router and the roaming wireless network adapters. *Note: High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type.*

### TX Rates-

**Auto** is the default selection. Select from the drop down menu.

### SSID Broadcast-

Choose **Enabled** to broadcast the SSID across the network. All devices on a network must share the same SSID (Service Set Identifier) to establish communication. Choose **Disabled** if you do not wish to broadcast the SSID over the network.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Tools> Admin

The screenshot shows the 'Tools > Admin' page for a D-Link DI-524UP router. The page title is '802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router'. The navigation menu includes 'Home', 'Advanced', 'Tools', 'Status', and 'Help'. The 'Tools' menu is selected. The main content area is titled 'Administrator Settings' and contains the following sections:

- Administrator Settings:** Administrators can change their login password. This section includes a sub-section for the Administrator (login name 'admin') with fields for 'Old Password', 'New Password', and 'Reconfirm Password'.
- User Settings:** This section includes a sub-section for the User (login name 'user') with fields for 'New Password' and 'Reconfirm Password'.
- Remote Management:** Let administrator perform administration task from remote host. This section has radio buttons for 'Enabled' and 'Disabled' (selected), and fields for 'IP Address' (0.0.0.0) and 'Port' (8080).

At the bottom right, there are three icons: a green checkmark, a yellow 'X', and a red plus sign, labeled 'Apply', 'Cancel', and 'Help' respectively.

At this page, the DI-524UP administrator can change the system password. There are two accounts that can access the Broadband Router's Web-Management interface. They are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can only view the settings but cannot make any changes.

**Administrator-** **admin** is the **Administrator login name**

**Password-** Enter the password and enter again to confirm

**User-** **user** is the **User login name**

**Password-** Enter the password and enter again to confirm

**Remote Management-** Remote management allows the DI-524UP to be configured from the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform **Administrator** tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host.

**IP Address-** The Internet IP address of the computer that has access to the Broadband Router. If you input an asterisk (\*) into this field, then any computer will be able to access the Router. Putting an asterisk (\*) into this field would present a security risk and is not recommended.

**Port-** The port number used to access the Broadband Router.

**Example-** <http://x.x.x.x:8080> where x.x.x.x is the WAN IP address of the Broadband Router and 8080 is the port used for the Web-Mangement interface.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Tools > Time

The screenshot shows the configuration page for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The page is titled "Tools > Time" and features a navigation menu with "Home", "Advanced", "Tools", "Status", and "Help". The "Tools" menu is selected. On the left side, there is a sidebar with a "DI-524UP" router icon and buttons for "Admin", "Time", "System", "Firmware", and "Misc". The main content area is titled "Time" and contains the following settings:

- Set the DI-524UP system time.**
  - Device Time: Thu Mar 03 00:50:42 2005
  - Enable NTP
    - Default NTP Server:  (Optional)
    - Time Zone: (GMT-08:00)Pacific Time (US & Canada) [dropdown]
  - Set Device Date and Time
    - Year: 2005 [dropdown] Month: Mar [dropdown] Day: 03 [dropdown]
    - Hour: 00 [dropdown] Minute: 00 [dropdown] Second: 00 [dropdown]
- Daylight Saving**
  - Enable  Disable
  - Start: Jan [dropdown] 01 [dropdown] End: Jan [dropdown] 01 [dropdown]

At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "Apply" (with a green checkmark icon), "Cancel" (with a yellow X icon), and "Help" (with a red plus icon).

### Default NTP Server-

NTP is short for *Network Time Protocol*. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. This field is optional.

### Time Zone-

Set Device Date and Time: To manually input the time. Enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second.

### Set the Time-

To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second. Click **Set Time**.

### Daylight Saving-

To select Daylight Saving time manually, select **enabled** or **disabled**, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.



# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Tools > System



The current system settings can be saved as a file onto the local hard drive. The saved file or any other saved setting file can be loaded back on the Broadband Router. To reload a system settings file, click on **Browse** to browse the local hard drive and locate the system file to be used. You may also reset the Broadband Router back to factory settings by clicking on **Restore**.

## Save Settings to Local Hard Drive-

Click **Save** to save the current settings to the local Hard Drive

## Load Settings from Local Hard Drive-

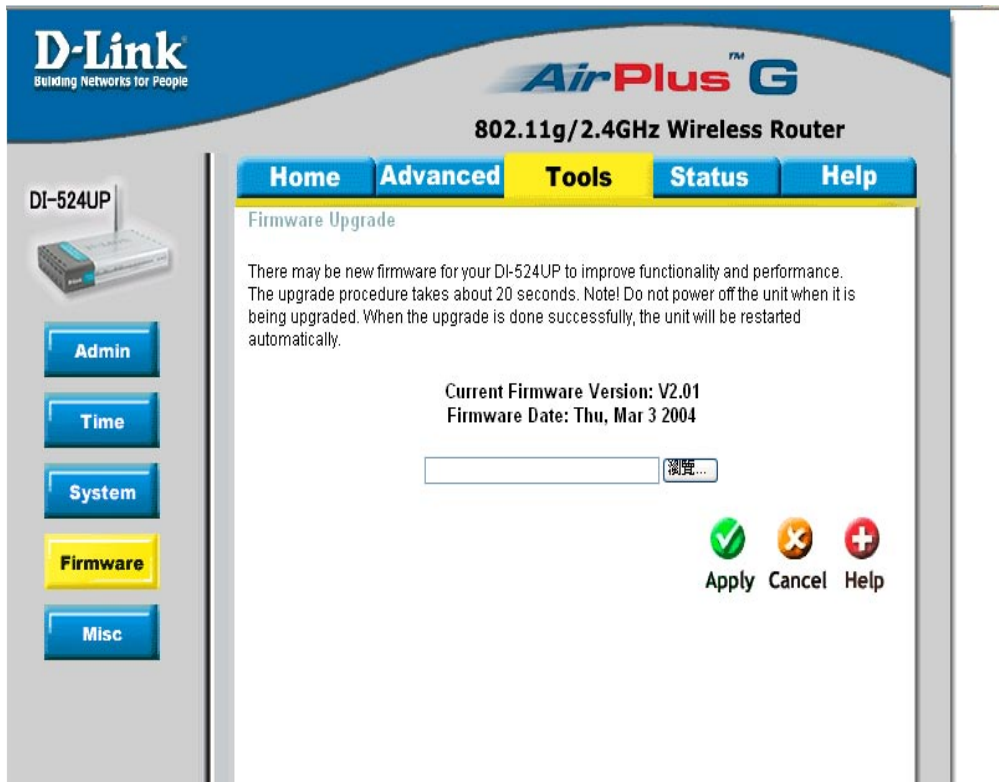
Click **Browse** to find the settings, then click **Load**

## Restore to Factory Default Settings-

Click **Restore** to restore the factory default settings

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Tools > Firmware



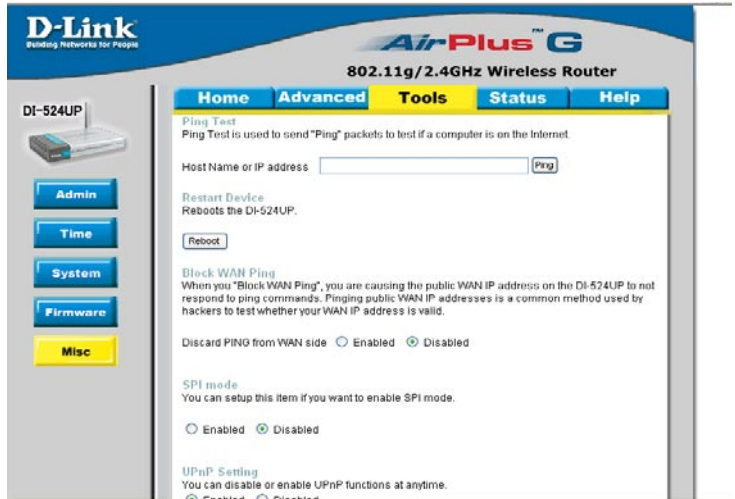
You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to browse the local hard drive and locate the firmware to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at <http://support.dlink.com>. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

**Firmware Upgrade-** Click on the link in this screen to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard

**Browse-** After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** in this window to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Apply** to complete the firmware upgrade.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Tools > Misc



## Ping Test-

The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click **Ping**

## Restart Device-

Click **Reboot** to restart the DI-524UP

## Block WAN Ping-

If you choose to block WAN Ping, the WAN IP Address of the DI-524UP will not respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers.

*Discard Ping from WAN side-*

Click **Enabled** to block the WAN ping

## UPNP-

To use the *Universal Plug and Play* feature click on **Enabled**. UPNP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals of the over 400 vendors that cooperate in the Plug and Play forum.

## VPN Pass Through-

The DI-524UP supports VPN (Virtual Private Network) pass-through for both PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) and IPSec (IP Security). Once VPN pass-through is enabled, there is no need to open up virtual services. Multiple VPN connections can be made through the DI-524UP. This is useful when you have many VPN clients on the LAN network.

**PPTP-** select **Enabled** or **Disabled**

**IPSec-** select **Enabled** or **Disabled**

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Status > Device Info

The screenshot shows the D-Link web interface for a DI-524UP wireless router. The page title is "Status > Device Info". The interface includes a navigation menu with "Home", "Advanced", "Tools", "Status", and "Help". The "Status" tab is selected. The main content area is titled "Device Information" and shows the following details:

- Device Information:** Firmware Version: V2.01b01, Thu, Mar 17 2005
- LAN:** MAC Address: 00:50:18:00-0F-01, IP Address: 192.168.0.1, Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0, DHCP Server: Enabled
- WAN:** MAC Address: 00:11:2F:79:FE:A8, Connection: DHCP Client Connected (with DHCP Renew and DHCP Release buttons), Remaining Lease Time: 23:57:07, IP Address: 172.17.3.88, Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0, Gateway: 172.17.3.254, Domain Name Server: 172.17.1.250
- Peripheral:** Printer: Not ready

At the bottom, it shows "Device Time: Wed Mar 23 01:46:00 2005".

This page displays the current information for the DI-524UP. It will display the LAN, WAN and MAC address information.

If your WAN connection is set up for a **Dynamic IP address** then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use *Release* to disconnect from your ISP and use *Renew* to connect to your ISP.

If your WAN connection is set up for **PPPoE**, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use *Disconnect* to drop the PPPoE connection and use *Connect* to establish the PPPoE connection.

This window will show the DI-524UP's working status:

### WAN

IP Address: WAN/Public IP Address  
Subnet Mask: WAN/Public Subnet Mask  
Gateway: WAN/Public Gateway IP Address  
Domain Name Server: WAN/Public DNS IP Address  
WAN Status: WAN Connection Status

### LAN

IP Address: LAN/Private IP Address of the DI-524UP  
Subnet Mask: LAN/Private Subnet Mask of the DI-524UP

### Wireless

MAC Address: Displays the MAC address  
SSID: Displays the current SSID  
Channel: Displays the current channel  
WEP: indicates whether WEP is enabled or disabled

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Status > Log

The screenshot shows the D-Link configuration interface for an AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Advanced', 'Tools', 'Status' (highlighted), and 'Help'. On the left sidebar, there are buttons for 'Device Info', 'Log' (highlighted), 'Stats', and 'Active sessions'. The main content area is titled 'View Log' and contains a description: 'View Log displays the activities occurring on the DI-524UP. Click on Log Settings for advance features.' Below this is a row of navigation buttons: 'First Page', 'Last Page', 'Previous', 'Next', 'Clear', and 'Log Settings'. A red cross icon with the word 'Help' is also present. The log content shows 'Page 1/7' and a list of system events, including WAN Type information and various network activity logs such as DNS queries, DHCP discover/offer/request/ack, and unrecognized connection attempts.

The Broadband Router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. If the device is rebooted, the logs are automatically cleared. You may save the log files under Log Settings.

## View Log-

**First Page** - The first page of the log

**Last Page** - The last page of the log

**Previous** - Moves back one log page

**Next** - Moves forward one log page

**Clear** - Clears the logs completely

**Log Settings** - Brings up the page to configure the log

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

Status > Log > Log Settings

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The page has a blue header with the D-Link logo and the product name. Below the header, there are navigation tabs: Home, Advanced, Tools, Status (highlighted), and Help. The main content area is titled "Log Settings" and contains the following fields and options:

- E-mail Alert**
  - SMTP Server / IP Address:
  - Email Address:
  - E-mail Subject:
- Syslog**
  - Syslog Server IP Address: 192.168.0.   Enabled  Disabled
  - Log Type:
    - System Activity
    - Debug Information
    - Attacks
    - Dropped Packets
    - Notice

At the bottom right of the configuration area, there are three icons: a green checkmark for "Apply", an orange 'X' for "Cancel", and a red plus sign for "Help".

Not only does the Broadband Router display the logs of activities and events, it can setup to send these logs to another location.

**SMTP Server/  
IP Address -**

The address of the SMTP server that will be used to send the logs

**Email Address -**

The email address to which the logs will be sent.  
Click on **Send Mail Now** to send the email.

# Using the Configuration Menu (continued)

## Status > Stats

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The left sidebar contains navigation buttons: Device Info, Log, Stats (highlighted in yellow), and Active sessions. The main content area is titled 'Traffic Statistics' and includes a description: 'Traffic Statistics display Receive and Transmit packets passing through the DI-524UP.' Below this are 'Refresh' and 'Reset' buttons. A 'Help' icon is also present. A table displays traffic statistics for WAN and LAN ports, categorized by Receive and Transmit packets.

	Receive	Transmit
WAN	2676 Packets	671 Packets
LAN	1150 Packets	1021 Packets

The screen above displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DI-524UP on both the WAN and the LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

## Status > Active Sessions

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a D-Link AirPlus G 802.11g/2.4GHz Wireless Router. The left sidebar contains navigation buttons: Device Info, Log, Stats, and Active sessions (highlighted in yellow). The main content area is titled 'Active sessions' and includes a description: 'Active sessions displays the current status of NAT active sessions on the DI-524UP.' Below this are navigation buttons: First Page, Last Page, Previous, Next, and Refresh. A 'Help' icon is also present. The page shows 'Page 1/2' and a table listing active sessions with columns for ID, Internal IP, Port, External IP, NAT, and Time-out.

ID	Internal	Port.	External	NAT	Time-out
0000	192.168.0.164:2720	UDP	172.17.1.250:53	59317	259
0001	192.168.0.164:2726	UDP	172.17.1.250:53	59318	259
0002	192.168.0.164:2727	UDP	172.19.10.40:53	59319	259
0003	192.168.0.164:2730	UDP	172.19.10.40:53	59320	259
0004	192.168.0.164:2731	UDP	172.19.10.40:53	59321	259
0005	192.168.0.164:2732	UDP	172.19.10.40:53	59322	259
0006	192.168.0.164:2734	TCP	207.68.178.238:80	59323	88

The Active Session page displays the full details of active sessions to your page.

# Installing the print Server Software

Insert the installation CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive. The following window will be shown automatically. If it is not, please run "autorun.exe" on the CD-ROM.

Click Install Print Server Software

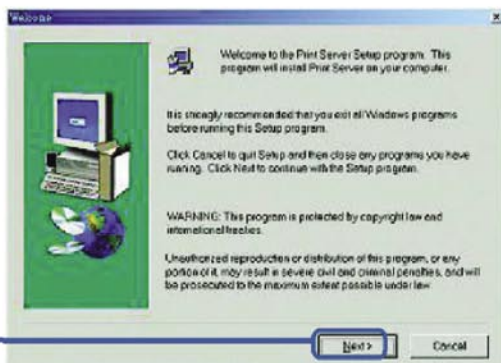


Select your Windows operating system



Wait until the following **Welcome** dialog appears.

Click Next

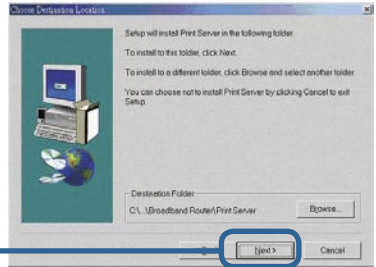




# Installing the print Server Software (continued)

Select the destination folder.

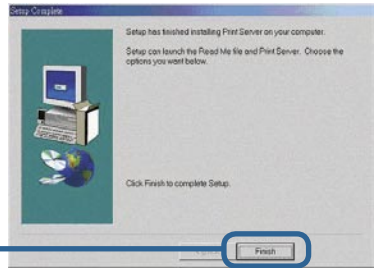
**Click Next**



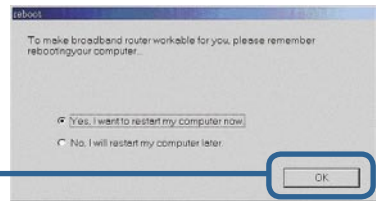
Then, the setup program will begin to install the programs into the destination folder.

When the following window is displayed.

**Click Finish**



**Click OK**



# Networking Basics

## Using the Network Setup Wizard in Windows XP

In this section you will learn how to establish a network at home or work, using **Microsoft Windows XP**.

*Note: Please refer to websites such as <http://www.homenethelp.com> and <http://www.microsoft.com/windows2000> for information about networking computers using Windows 2000, ME or 98.*

Go to **Start>Control Panel>Network Connections**

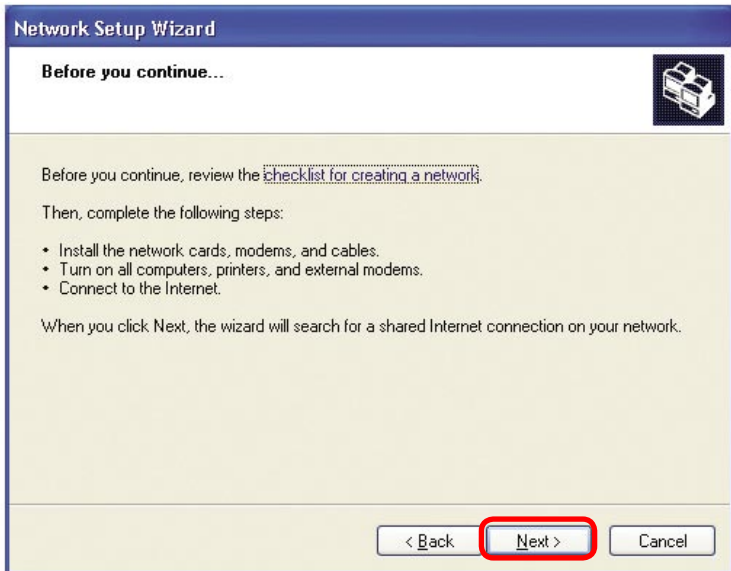
Select **Set up a home or small office network**



When this screen appears, **Click Next**.

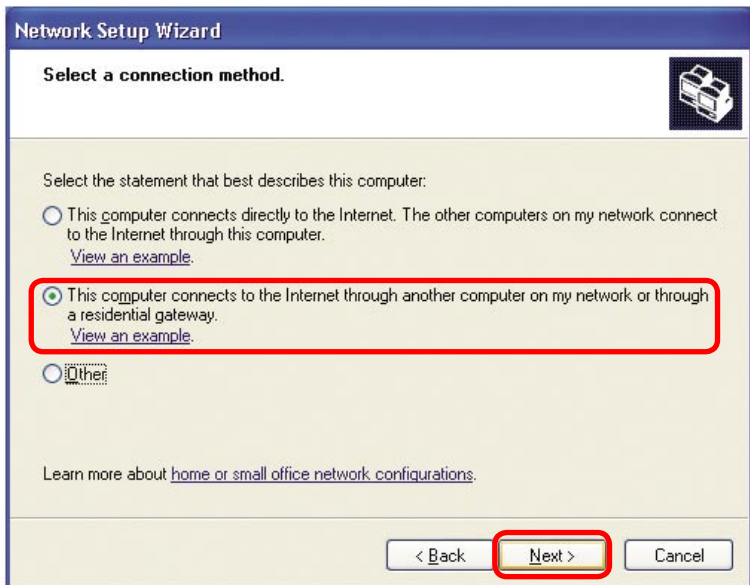
## Networking Basics

Please follow all the instructions in this window:



Click **Next**

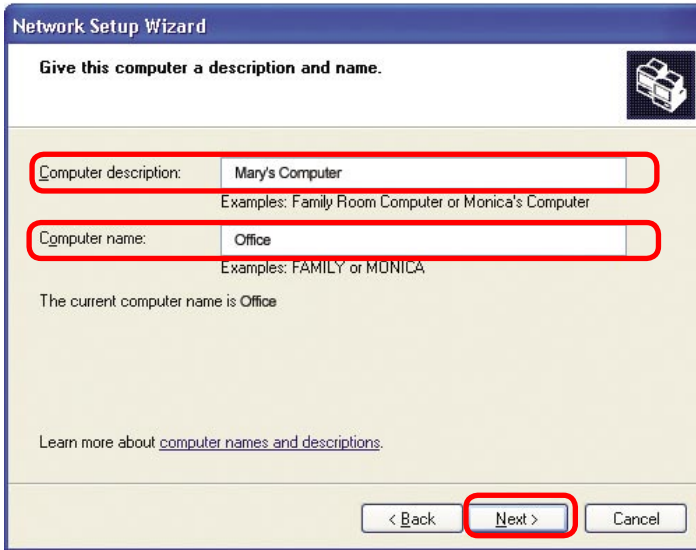
In the following window, select the best description of your computer. If your computer connects to the internet through a gateway/router, select the second option as shown.



Click **Next**

## Networking Basics

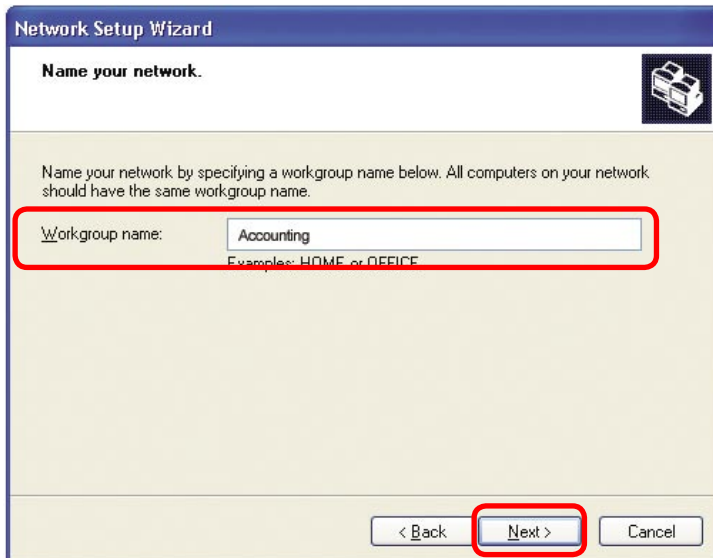
Enter a **Computer description** and a **Computer name** (optional.)



The screenshot shows the 'Network Setup Wizard' window with the title 'Give this computer a description and name.' The window contains two text input fields: 'Computer description:' with the value 'Mary's Computer' and 'Computer name:' with the value 'Office'. Below the first field are examples: 'Examples: Family Room Computer or Monica's Computer'. Below the second field are examples: 'Examples: FAMILY or MONICA'. A status line reads 'The current computer name is Office'. A link at the bottom says 'Learn more about [computer names and descriptions](#).' At the bottom right, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'. The 'Next >' button is highlighted with a red circle.

Click **Next**

Enter a **Workgroup** name. All computers on your network should have the same **Workgroup** name.

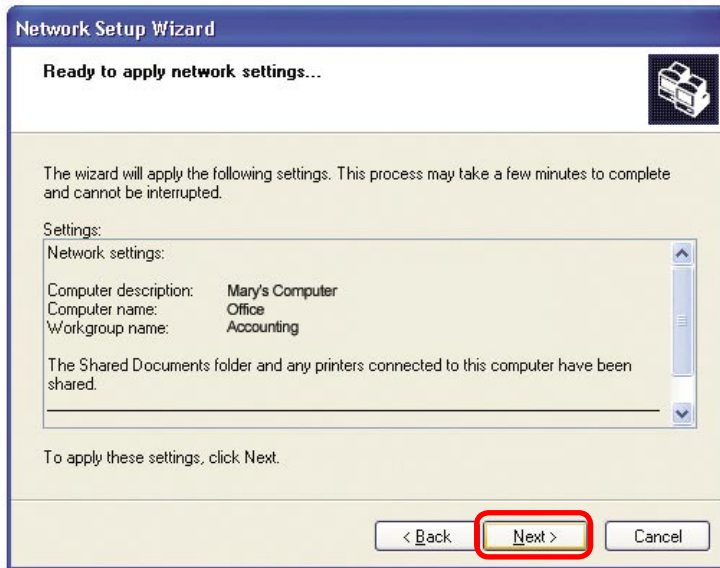


The screenshot shows the 'Network Setup Wizard' window with the title 'Name your network.' The window contains a text input field for 'Workgroup name:' with the value 'Accounting'. Below the field are examples: 'Examples: HOME or OFFICE'. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'. The 'Next >' button is highlighted with a red circle.

Click **Next**

## Networking Basics

Please wait while the **Network Setup Wizard** applies the changes.



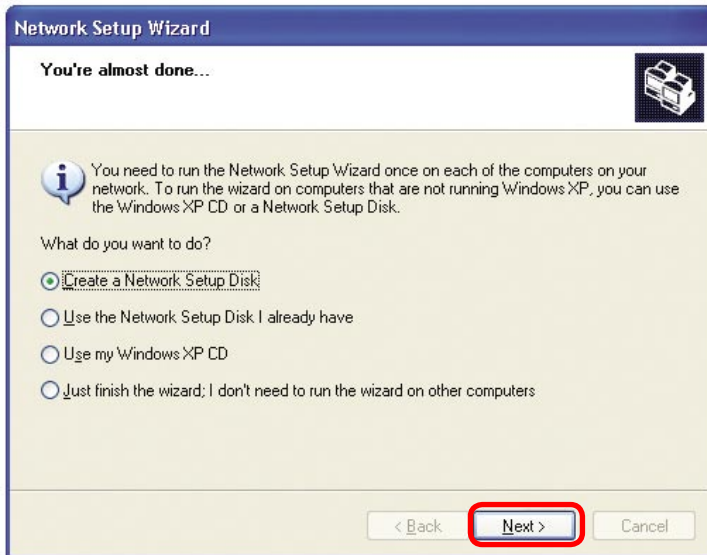
When the changes are complete, click **Next**.

Please wait while the **Network Setup Wizard** configures the computer. This may take a few minutes.



## Networking Basics

In the window below, select the option that fits your needs. In this example, **Create a Network Setup Disk** has been selected. You will run this disk on each of the computers on your network. Click **Next**.



Insert a disk into the Floppy Disk Drive, in this case drive **A**.

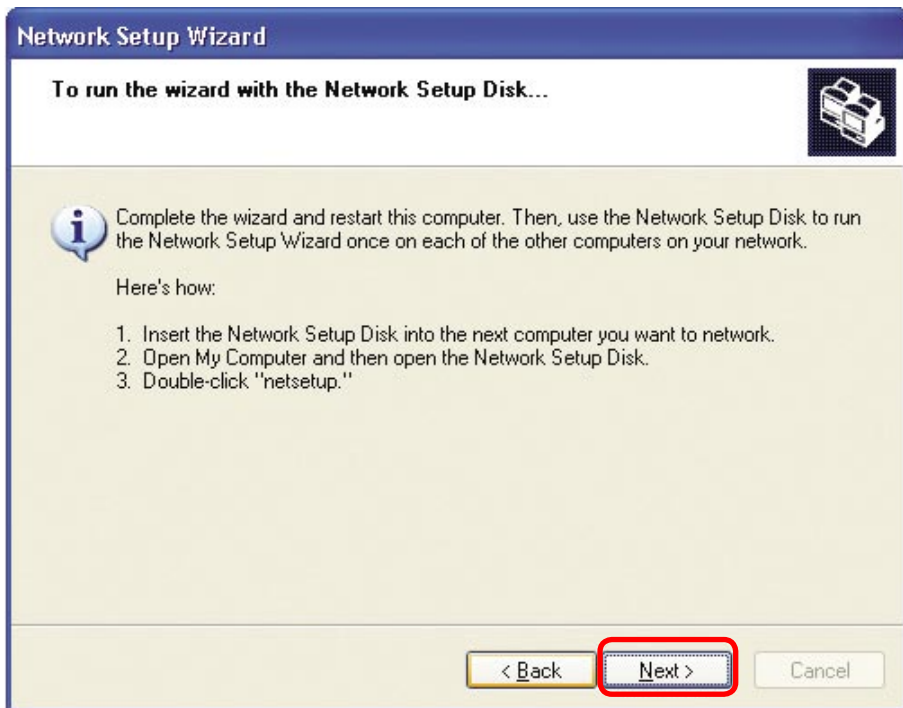


Click **Next**.

## Networking Basics



Please read the information under **Here's how** in the screen below. After you complete the **Network Setup Wizard** you will use the **Network Setup Disk** to run the **Network Setup Wizard** once on each of the computers on your network. To continue click **Next**.



## Networking Basics

Please read the information on this screen, then click **Finish** to complete the **Network Setup Wizard**.



The new settings will take effect when you restart the computer. Click **Yes** to restart the computer.



You have completed configuring this computer. Next, you will need to run the **Network Setup Disk** on all the other computers on your network. After running the **Network Setup Disk** on all your computers, your new wireless network will be ready to use.



## Networking Basics

### Naming your Computer

To name your computer, please follow these directions: In **Windows XP**:

- Click **Start** (in the lower left corner of the screen)
- **Right-click** on **My Computer**
- Select **Properties** and click



- Select the **Computer Name Tab** in the System Properties window.

- You may enter a **Computer Description** if you wish; this field is optional.

- To rename the computer and join a domain, Click **Change**.

