

USER MANUAL

DIR-855

VERSION 1.0



D-Link[®]

WIRELESS

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	November 13, 2007	DIR-855 Revision A1 with Firmware version 1.00

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Package Contents

<p>D-Link DIR-855 Xtreme N™ Duo™ Router</p>	
<p>Power Adapter</p>	
<p>Ethernet Cable</p>	
<p>CD-ROM</p>	
<p>Stand</p>	

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-855 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem• IEEE 802.11n-draft or 802.11g wireless clients• IEEE 802.11a wireless clients• 10/100/1000 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system• An installed Ethernet adapter <p>Browser Requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher• Mozilla 1.7.12 or higher• Firefox 1.5 or higher• Safari 1.0 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)• Flock 0.7.14 or higher• Opera 6.0 or higher <p>Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</p>
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Windows® XP with Service Pack 2 or Vista™• An installed Ethernet adapter• CD-ROM drive

Introduction

TOTAL PERFORMANCE

Combines award winning router features and IEEE 802.11a/Draft 802.11n wireless technology to provide the best wireless performance

TOTAL SECURITY

The most complete set of security features including Active Firewall and WPA2 to protect your network against outside intruders

TOTAL COVERAGE

Provides greater wireless signal rates even at farther distances for best-in-class Whole Home Coverage.

ULTIMATE PERFORMANCE

The D-Link Xtreme N™ Duo™ router (DIR-855) is a draft 802.11n/802.11a compliant device that delivers real world performance of up to 14x faster than an 802.11g wireless connection (also faster than a 100Mbps wired Ethernet connection). Create a secure wireless network to share photos, files, music, video, printers, and network storage throughout your home. Connect the DIR-855 router to a cable or DSL modem and share your high-speed Internet access with everyone on the network. In addition, this Router includes a Quality of Service (QoS) engine that keeps digital phone calls (VoIP) and online gaming smooth and responsive, providing a better Internet experience.

EXTENDED WHOLE HOME COVERAGE

Powered by Xtreme N™ Duo™ technology, this high performance router provides superior Whole Home Coverage while reducing dead spots. The router is designed for use in bigger homes and for users who demand higher performance networking. Add a Xtreme N™ notebook or desktop adapter and stay connected to your network from virtually anywhere in your home.

TOTAL NETWORK SECURITY

The Xtreme N™ Duo™ router supports all of the latest wireless security features to prevent unauthorized access, be it from over the wireless network or from the Internet. Support for WPA and WEP standards ensure that you'll be able to use the best possible encryption method, regardless of your client devices. In addition, this router utilizes dual active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks from across the Internet.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

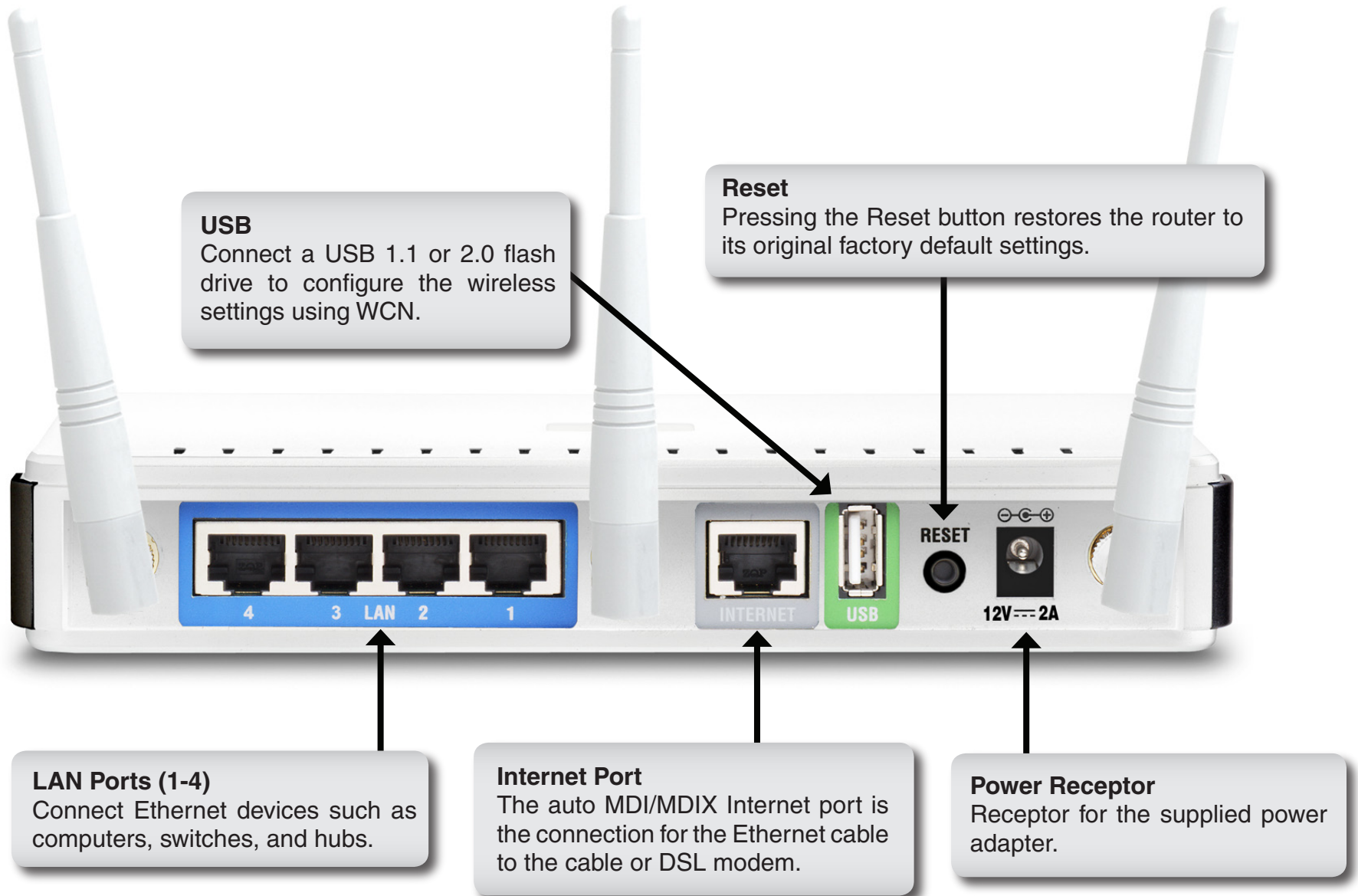
Features

- **Faster Wireless Networking** - The DIR-855 provides up to 300Mbps* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio. The performance of this 802.11n wireless router gives you the freedom of wireless networking at speeds 650% faster than 802.11g.
- **Compatible with 802.11a/g Devices** - The DIR-855 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g and 802.11a standards, so it can connect with existing 802.11g and 802.11a PCI, USB, and Cardbus adapters.
- **Advanced Firewall Features** - The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
 - **Content Filtering** - Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
 - **Filter Scheduling** - These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
 - **Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions** - The DIR-855 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPsec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-855 can securely access corporate networks.
- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** - Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-855 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g, 802.11a, and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Hardware Overview

Connections



Hardware Overview

LEDs

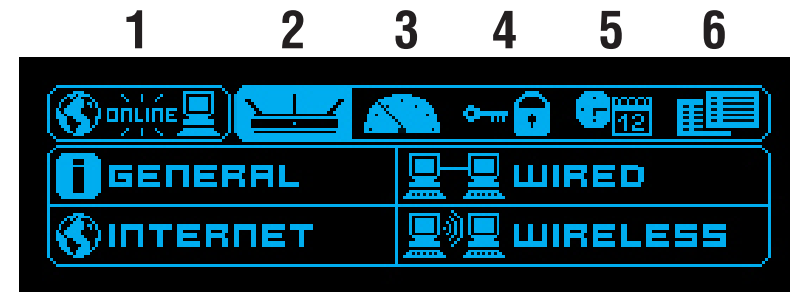


Power LED

A solid light indicates a proper connection to the power supply.

OLED Screen

Displays information regarding the router.



OLED Screen

1	WAN	Displays Internet connectivity.
2	Menu	Select to display the OLED main menu.
3	Performance	Select to display statistics of the LAN, WAN, and wireless connections.
4	WPS	Displays the WPS status.
5	Date/Time	Displays the routers date and time.
6	DHCP	Displays the DHCP status.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Before you Begin

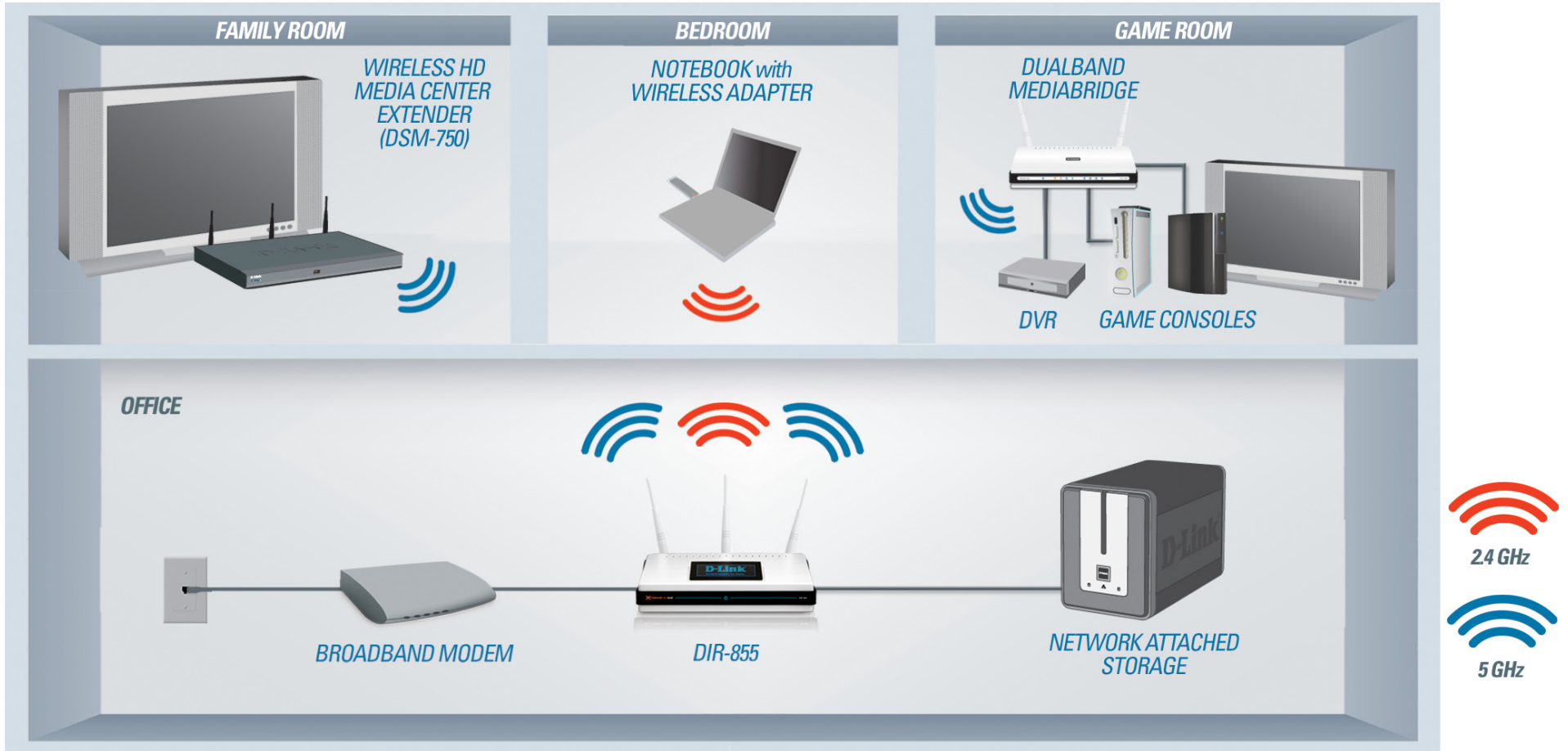
- Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem.
- You can only use the Ethernet port on your modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, then you must turn off your modem, disconnect the USB cable and connect an Ethernet cable to the Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change connection types (USB to Ethernet).
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.
- When running the Setup Wizard from the D-Link CD, make sure the computer you are running the CD from is connected to the Internet and online or the wizard will not work. If you have disconnected any hardware, re-connect your computer back to the modem and make sure you are online.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum - each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

Network Diagram



Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem

If you are connecting the router to a cable/DSL/satellite modem, please follow the steps below:

1. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
2. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, then unplug the modem's power adapter. Shut down your computer.
3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the Internet port on the router.
4. Plug an Ethernet cable into one of the four LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port on your computer.
5. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
6. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 30 seconds for the router to boot.
7. Turn on your computer.
8. Refer to page 13 to configure your router.

Connect to Another Router

If you are connecting the D-Link router to another router to use as a wireless access point and/or switch, you will have to do the following before connecting the router to your network:

- Disable UPnP™
- Disable DHCP
- Change the LAN IP address to an available address on your network. The LAN ports on the router cannot accept a DHCP address from your other router.

To connect to another router, please follow the steps below:

1. Plug the power into the router. Connect one of your computers to the router (LAN port) using an Ethernet cable. Make sure your IP address on the computer is 192.168.0.xxx (where xxx is between 2 and 254). Please see the **Networking Basics** section for more information. If you need to change the settings, write down your existing settings before making any changes. In most cases, your computer should be set to receive an IP address automatically in which case you will not have to do anything to your computer.
2. Open a web browser and enter **http://192.168.0.1** and press **Enter**. When the login window appears, set the user name to **Admin** and leave the password box empty. Click **Log In** to continue.
3. Click on **Advanced** and then click **Advanced Network**. Uncheck the **Enable UPnP** checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
4. Click **Setup** and then click **Network Settings**. Uncheck the **Enable DHCP Server** checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
5. Under Router Settings, enter an available IP address and the subnet mask of your network. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Use this new IP address to access the configuration utility of the router in the future. Close the browser and change your computer's IP settings back to the original values as in Step 1.

6. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the router and reconnect your computer to your network.
7. Connect an Ethernet cable in one of the LAN ports of the router and connect it to your other router. Do not plug anything into the Internet port of the D-Link router.
8. You may now use the other 3 LAN ports to connect other Ethernet devices and computers. To configure your wireless network, open a web browser and enter the IP address you assigned to the router. Refer to the **Configuration** and **Wireless Security** sections for more information on setting up your wireless network.

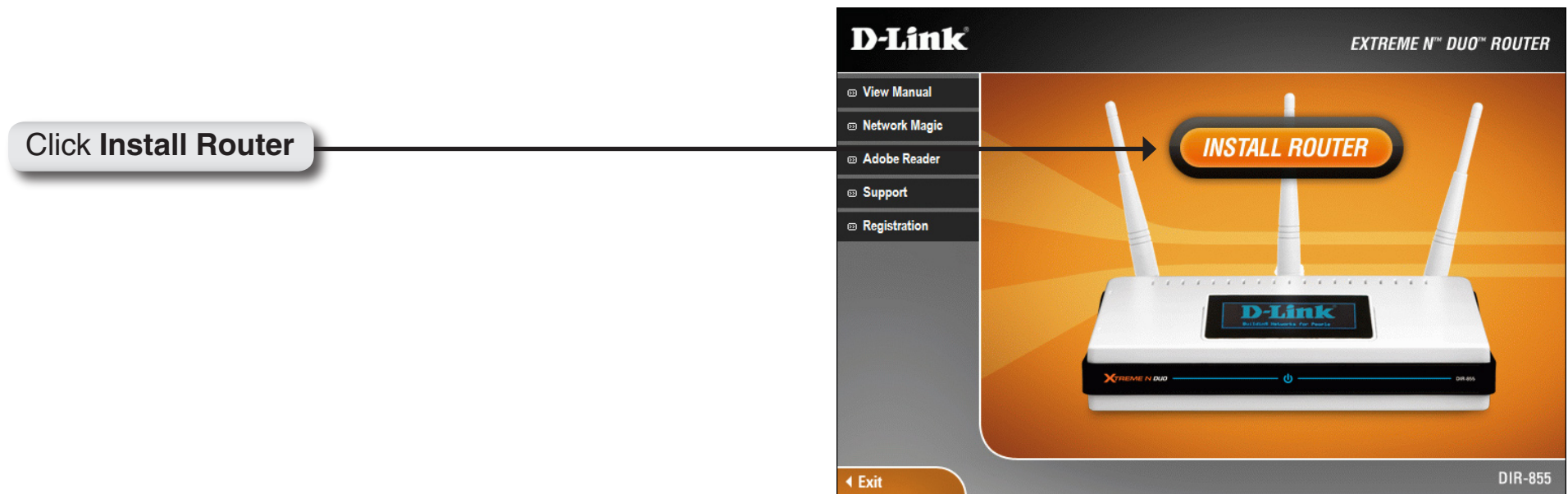
Getting Started

The DIR-855 includes a Quick Router Setup Wizard CD. Follow the simple steps below to run the Setup Wizard to guide you quickly through the installation process.

Insert the **Quick Router Setup Wizard CD** in the CD-ROM drive. The step-by-step instructions that follow are shown in Windows® XP. The steps and screens are similar for the other Windows operating systems.

If the CD Autorun function does not automatically start on your computer, go to **Start > Run**. In the run box type **"D:\DIR855.exe"** (where **D:** represents the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive).

When the autorun screen appears, click **Install Router**.



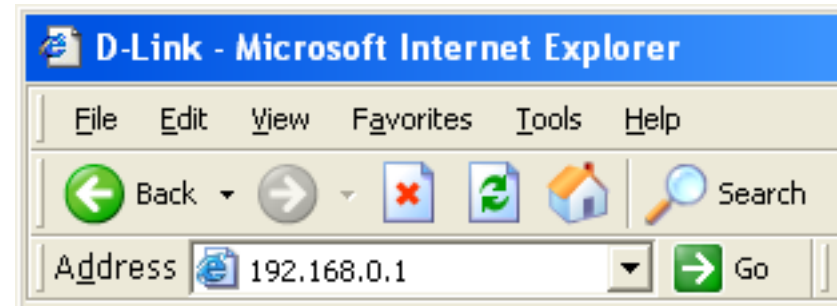
Note: It is recommended to write down the SSID and Security Key, followed by the login password on the provided CD holder.

Configuration

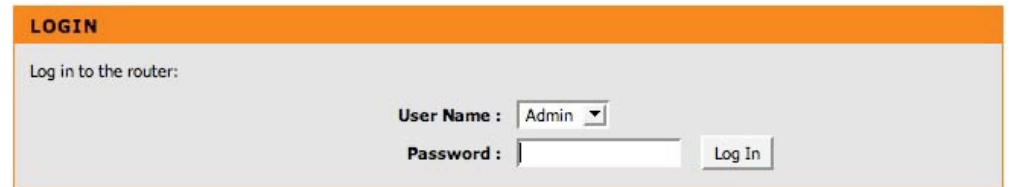
This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).



Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.



If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

Setup Wizard

Click **Launch Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to begin.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Configuration** and skip to page 19.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-855 web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'D-Link', 'DIR-855', and tabs for 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'SETUP' tab is active, and the 'INTERNET CONNECTION' section is highlighted. Below this, there are two main options: 'INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD' and 'MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTIONS'. The wizard option includes a button labeled 'Internet Connection Setup Wizard' and a note about following the Quick Installation Guide. The manual option includes a button labeled 'Manual Internet Connection Setup'. A 'Helpful Hints...' sidebar on the right provides additional guidance for new and advanced users.

Click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows the 'WELCOME TO THE D-LINK INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD' screen. It features a blue header and a main heading: 'This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.' Below this, a bulleted list outlines the four steps: Step 1: Set your Password, Step 2: Select your Time Zone, Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection, and Step 4: Save Settings and Connect. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Prev', 'Next', 'Cancel', and 'Connect'. The 'Next' button is highlighted in blue.

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

The screenshot shows the 'STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD' screen. It has a black header and a main heading: 'By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:'. Below this, there are two input fields: 'Password :' and 'Verify Password :'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Prev', 'Next', 'Cancel', and 'Connect'. The 'Next' button is highlighted in blue.

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

Time Zone : (GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US/Canada), Tijuana

Prev Next Cancel Connect

Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.

STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

Your Internet Connection could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the list below. If your ISP is not listed; select the "Not Listed or Don't know" option to manually configure your connection.

Not Listed or Don't Know

If your Internet Service Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the Internet connection type below:

- DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)**
Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (PPTP)**
PPTP client.
- Username / Password Connection (L2TP)**
L2TP client.
- Static IP Address Connection**
Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.
- BigPond**
BigPond Cable (Australia)

Prev Next Cancel Connect

If you selected Dynamic, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

DHCP CONNECTION (DYNAMIC IP ADDRESS)

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router with the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone MAC button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.

MAC Address : 00:00:00:00:00:00 (optional)
Clone Your PC's MAC Address

Host Name :

Note: You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

Prev Next Cancel Connect

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the router and may be changed.

If you selected PPPoE, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

IP Address :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (optional)

Note: You may also need to provide a Service Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

Prev Next Cancel Connect

If you selected PPTP, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Prev Next Cancel Connect

If you selected L2TP, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need L2TP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Prev Next Cancel Connect

If you selected Static, enter your network settings supplied by your Internet provider. Click **Next** to continue.

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway Address :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

If you selected Big Pond, enter your Big Pond username, password and server address. Click **Next** to continue.

SET BIGPOND CABLE CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need BigPond Server IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

BigPond Server :

Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router is finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

Close your browser window and reopen it to test your Internet connection. It may take a few tries to initially connect to the Internet.

SETUP COMPLETE!

The Internet Connection Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your settings and reboot the router.

Manual Configuration

Dynamic (Cable)

My Internet Connection: Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for Cable modem services.

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs.

Use Unicasting: Check the box if you are having problems obtaining an IP address from your ISP.

DNS Addresses: Enter the Primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-855 web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'DIR-855', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The 'WAN' configuration page is active, displaying instructions for setting up an Internet connection. The 'My Internet Connection is' dropdown is set to 'Dynamic IP (DHCP)'. Below this, the 'DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' section contains fields for Host Name, Use Unicasting (checked), Primary DNS Server (0.0.0.0), Secondary DNS Server (0.0.0.0), MTU (1500), and MAC Address (00:00:00:00:00:00). A 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address' button is located at the bottom of the MAC Address field. A sidebar on the right provides helpful hints and a 'More...' link.

Internet Setup

PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

My Internet Connection: Select **PPPoE (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

Reconnection Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPPoE only).

DNS Addresses: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-855 router's web interface for configuring the Internet connection. The page is titled "WAN" and is part of the "INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE" section. The "My Internet Connection is:" dropdown menu is set to "PPPoE (Username / Password)". Below this, the "PPPoE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE" section is active, showing fields for "Address Mode" (Dynamic IP selected), "IP Address" (0.0.0.0), "Username", "Password", "Verify Password", "Service Name" (optional), "Reconnect Mode" (Always on selected), "Maximum Idle Time" (5 minutes), "Primary DNS Server" (0.0.0.0), "Secondary DNS Server" (0.0.0.0), "MTU" (1492), and "MAC Address" (00:00:00:00:00). A "Clone Your PC's MAC Address" button is visible at the bottom of the form. The page also includes a "Helpful Hints..." sidebar on the right and a "WIRELESS" section at the bottom.

Internet Setup

PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Subnet Mask: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

PPTP Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

PPTP Server IP: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your PPTP username.

Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

The screenshot shows the D-Link router's configuration interface for the WAN (Wide Area Network) settings. The page is titled "WAN" and includes a "Helpful Hints..." section on the right. The main content area is divided into sections for "INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE" and "STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE".

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE: This section prompts the user to "Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet." The "My Internet Connection is:" dropdown menu is set to "Static IP".

STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE: This section prompts the user to "Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP)." It contains several input fields:

- IP Address: 0.0.0.0
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0
- Primary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0
- Secondary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0
- MTU: 1500 (bytes) MTU default = 1500
- MAC Address: 00:00:00:00:00:00

A button labeled "Clone Your PC's MAC Address" is located below the MAC Address field. The page also features a "Save Settings" button and a "Don't Save Settings" button at the top of the configuration area.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Internet Setup

L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

L2TP IP Address: Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).

L2TP Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static only).

L2TP Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

L2TP Server IP: Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

Username: Enter your L2TP username.

Password: Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.

Reconnect Mode: Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

DNS Servers: Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).

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DIR-855 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS NETWORK SETTINGS

WAN

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type. There are several connection types to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP, and BigPond. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Note : If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : L2TP (Username / Password)

L2TP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP

L2TP IP Address : 0.0.0.0

L2TP Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0

L2TP Gateway IP Address : 0.0.0.0

L2TP Server IP Address : 0.0.0.0

Username :

Password : *****

Verify Password : *****

Reconnect Mode : Always on On demand Manual

Maximum Idle Time : 5 (minutes, 0=infinite)

Primary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0

Secondary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0

MTU : 1400 (bytes) MTU default = 1400

MAC Address : 00:00:00:00:00:00

Clone Your PC's MAC Address

Helpful Hints...

When configuring the router to access the Internet, be sure to choose the correct **Internet Connection Type** from the drop down menu. If you are unsure of which option to choose, contact your **Internet Service Provider (ISP)**.

If you are having trouble accessing the Internet through the router, double check any settings you have entered on this page and verify them with your ISP if needed.

[More...](#)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

Clone MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Internet Setup

Static (assigned by ISP)

Select Static IP Address if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

Default Gateway: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the D-Link router's web interface for configuring the Internet connection. The page is titled "WAN" and "Internet Connection". It provides instructions on how to choose a connection type and includes a note about PPPoE. The "My Internet Connection is:" dropdown menu is set to "Static IP". Below this, the "STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE" section contains fields for IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, Primary DNS Server, Secondary DNS Server, MTU (set to 1500), and MAC Address. A "Clone Your PC's MAC Address" button is located at the bottom of the form. The page also features a "Helpful Hints..." section on the right side.

Internet Setup

Big Pond

BigPond Server: Enter the IP address of the login server.

BigPond Username: Enter your BigPond username.

BigPond Password: Enter your BigPond password and then retype the password in the next box.

DNS Servers: The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-855 web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'DIR-855', 'SETUP', 'ADVANCED', 'TOOLS', 'STATUS', and 'SUPPORT'. The left sidebar lists 'INTERNET', 'WIRELESS SETTINGS', and 'NETWORK SETTINGS'. The main content area is titled 'WAN' and contains the following sections:

- WAN:** A section for configuring the Internet Connection type. It includes a note about PPPoE and buttons for 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings'.
- INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE:** A section where the user chooses the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet. The 'My Internet Connection is' dropdown menu is set to 'BigPond (Australia)'.
- BIG POND INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE:** A section where the user enters information provided by their Internet Service Provider (ISP). It includes input fields for:
 - BigPond Server
 - BigPond User Id
 - BigPond Password
 - Verify Password
 - Primary DNS Server (0.0.0.0)
 - Secondary DNS Server (0.0.0.0)
 - MTU (1500 bytes) with a note that the default is 1500.
 - MAC Address (00:00:00:00:00:00) with a 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address' button.

The right sidebar contains 'Helpful Hints...' and 'More...' sections, providing additional guidance on configuring the router and troubleshooting Internet access.

Wireless Settings

802.11n/g (2.4GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to *Always*. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click **Add New** to create a new schedule.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:
802.11g Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.
Mixed 802.11n and 802.11g - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11g wireless clients.
802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

Enable Auto Channel Scan: The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-855 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-855. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Rate: Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select **Best (Auto)** for best performance.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

Enable Wireless : Always ▾ Add New

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b ▾

Enable Auto Channel Scan :

Wireless Channel : 2.437 GHz - CH 6 ▾

Transmission Rate : Best (automatic) ▾ (Mbit/s)

Channel Width : 20 MHz ▾

Visibility Status : Visible Invisible

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes, including WEP, WPA-Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WEP is the original wireless encryption standard. WPA provides a higher level of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. The WPA-Enterprise option requires an external RADIUS server.

Security Mode : None ▾

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

Auto 20/40 - This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

Visibility Status: Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-855. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-855 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-855 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 67 for more information regarding wireless security.

Wireless Settings

802.11n/a (5GHz)

Enable Wireless: Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Schedule: Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to Always. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click **Add New** to create a new schedule.

Wireless Network Name: Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:
802.11a Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11a.
Mixed 802.11n and 802.11a - Select if you are using both 802.11n and 802.11a wireless clients.
802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

Enable Auto Channel Scan: The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-855 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-855. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Rate: Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select **Best (Auto)** for best performance.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Wireless Band : 5GHz Band

Enable Wireless : Always ▾ Add New

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n and 802.11a ▾

Enable Auto Channel Scan :

Wireless Channel : 5.200 GHz - CH 40 ▾

Transmission Rate : Best (automatic) ▾ (Mbit/s)

Channel Width : 20 MHz ▾

Visibility Status : Visible Invisible

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes, including WEP, WPA-Personal, and WPA-Enterprise. WEP is the original wireless encryption standard. WPA provides a higher level of security. WPA-Personal does not require an authentication server. The WPA-Enterprise option requires an external RADIUS server.

Security Mode : None ▾

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

Auto 20/40 - This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

Visibility Status: Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-855. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-855 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-855 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security: Refer to page 67 for more information regarding wireless security.

Network Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

LAN Settings

Router IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Local Domain: Enter the Domain name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

ROUTER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP Address that is configured here is the IP Address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Router IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Local Domain Name : (optional)

Enable DNS Relay :

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-855 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to “Obtain an IP Address Automatically.” When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-855. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

Enable DHCP Server: Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your router. Uncheck to disable this function.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server’s IP assignment.

Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

DHCP Lease Time: The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

Always Broadcast: Check to send a “keep alive” which may be required for some DHCP clients.

Add DHCP Reservation: Refer to the next page for the DHCP Reservation function.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server :

DHCP IP Address Range : to

DHCP Lease Time : (minutes)

Always broadcast : (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)

ADD DHCP RESERVATION

Enable :

Computer Name : <<

IP Address :

MAC Address :

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST

Enable	Computer Name	MAC Address	IP Address

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS : 1

Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expire Time		
prescott	192.168.0.156	00:11:09:2a:94:11	23 Hours 18 Minutes	Revoke	Reserve

DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

Enable: Check this box to enable the reservation.

Computer Name: Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down menu and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

Copy Your PC's MAC Address: If you want to assign an IP address to the computer you are currently on, click this button to populate the fields.

Save: Click **Save** to save your entry. You must click **Save Settings** at the top to activate your reservations.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP Server to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server :

DHCP IP Address Range : 192.168.0.100 to 192.168.0.199

DHCP Lease Time : 1440 (minutes)

Always broadcast : (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)

ADD DHCP RESERVATION

Enable :

Computer Name : << Computer Name ▼

IP Address :

MAC Address :

Copy Your PC's MAC Address

Save Clear

DHCP RESERVATIONS LIST

Enable	Computer Name	MAC Address	IP Address

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS : 1

Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expire Time		
prescott	192.168.0.156	00:11:09:2a:94:11	23 Hours 18 Minutes	Revoke	Reserve

Virtual Server

The DIR-855 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-855 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-855 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-855 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-855 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod_id=1191.

This will allow you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to page 36.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), your computer will be listed in the “Computer Name” drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

Private Port/ Public Port: Enter the port that you want to open next to Private Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

Protocol Type: Select **TCP**, **UDP**, or **Both** from the drop-down menu.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

Inbound Filter: Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

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DIR-855 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

VIRTUAL SERVER

The Virtual Server option allows you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

Name	IP Address	Port	Traffic Type	Schedule	Inbound Filter
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="text"/> << Application Name	0.0.0.0 << Computer Name	Public 0	Both	Always	Allow All

Helpful Hints...

Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined server types. If you select one of the predefined server types, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.

You can select a computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the computer at which you would like to open the specified port.

Select a schedule for when the virtual server will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools → Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.

Select a filter that restricts the Internet hosts that can access this virtual server to hosts that you trust. If you do not see the filter you need in the list of filters, go to the **Advanced → Inbound Filter** screen and create a new filter.

More...

Port Forwarding

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports.

Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the “Computer Name” drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

TCP/UDP: Enter the TCP and/or UDP port or ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a common.

Example: 24,1009,3000-4000

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

Inbound Filter: Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

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DIR-855 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

PORT FORWARDING

This option is used to open multiple ports or a range of ports in your router and redirect data through those ports to a single PC on your network. This feature allows you to enter ports in various formats including, Port Ranges (100-150), Individual Ports (80, 68, 888), or Mixed (1020-5000, 689).

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- PORT FORWARDING RULES

	Name	IP Address	Ports to Open	Schedule	Inbound Filter
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	TCP	Always	Allow All
<input type="checkbox"/>	<< Application Name	<< Computer Name	UDP	Always	Allow All

Helpful Hints...

Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined applications. If you select one of the predefined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.

You can select a computer from the list of DHCP clients in the **Computer Name** drop down menu, or you can manually enter the IP address of the LAN computer to which you would like to open the specified port.

Select a schedule for when the rule will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools → Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.

You can enter ports in various formats:

- Range (50-100)
- Individual (80, 68, 888)
- Mixed (1020-5000, 689)

More...

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-855. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the “Trigger Port” field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-855 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

Trigger: This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

DIR-855 // SETUP ADVANCED TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

APPLICATION RULES

This option is used to open single or multiple ports on your router when the router senses data sent to the Internet on a "trigger" port or port range. Special Applications rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

24 -- APPLICATION RULES

	Name	Application	Trigger	Traffic Type	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<input type="text"/>	TCP	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<input type="text"/>	TCP	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<input type="text"/>	TCP	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<input type="text"/>	TCP	Always
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Application Name	<input type="text"/>	TCP	Always

Helpful Hints...

Use this feature if you are trying to execute one of the listed network applications and it is not communicating as expected.

Check the **Application Name** drop down menu for a list of predefined applications. If you select one of the predefined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop down menu to fill out the corresponding field.

Select a schedule for when the service will be enabled. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the **Tools → Schedules** screen and create a new schedule.

[More...](#)

QoS Engine

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically.

Enable StreamEngine: This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.

Dynamic Fragmentation: This option should be enabled when you have a slow Internet uplink. It helps to reduce the impact that large low priority network packets can have on more urgent ones.

Automatic Uplink Speed: This option is enabled by default when the QoS Engine option is enabled. This option will allow your router to automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet connection.

Measured Uplink Speed: This displays the detected uplink speed.

Manual Uplink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's often speed as a download/upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbits/284Kbits. Using this example, you would enter 284. Alternatively you can test your uplink speed with a service such as www.dslreports.com.

Connection Type: By default, the router automatically determines whether the underlying connection is an xDSL/Frame-relay network or some other connection type (such as cable modem or Ethernet), and it displays the result as Detected xDSL or Frame Relay Network. If you have an unusual network connection in which you are actually connected via xDSL but for which you configure either "Static" or "DHCP" in the Internet settings, setting this option to xDSL or Other Frame Relay Network ensures that the router will recognize that it needs to shape traffic slightly differently in order to give the best performance. Choosing xDSL or Other Frame Relay Network causes the measured uplink speed to be reported slightly lower than before on such connections, but gives much better results.

Detected xDSL: When Connection Type is set to automatic, the automatically detected connection type is displayed here.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-855 router's configuration interface. The main menu includes SETUP, ADVANCED, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The QoS ENGINE section is active, displaying the following settings:

- QoS Engine:** Use this section to configure D-Link's QoS Engine powered by StreamEngine™ Technology. This QoS Engine improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web. For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for your applications.
- Buttons:** Save Settings, Don't Save Settings
- STREAMENGINE SETUP:**
 - Enable StreamEngine:
 - Dynamic Fragmentation:
 - Automatic Uplink Speed:
 - Measured Uplink Speed: 1126 kbps
 - Manual Uplink Speed: 128 kbps (with a dropdown for "Select Transmission Rate")
 - Connection Type: Auto-detect (dropdown menu)
 - Detected xDSL Or Other Frame Relay Network: No

On the right side, there is a "Helpful Hints..." section with text: "If the Measured Uplink Speed is known to be incorrect (that is, it produces suboptimal performance), disable Automatic Uplink Speed and enter the Manual Uplink Speed. Some experimentation and performance measurement may be required to converge on the optimal value." and a "More..." link.