D-Link[®]



User Manual

AC1300 Mesh-Enabled Smart Wi-Fi Router

DIR-1360

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.00	December 20, 2018	Initial A1 release

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Power Usage

This device is an Energy Related Product (ErP) with High Network Availability (HiNA), and automatically switches to a power-saving Network Standby mode within 1 minute of no packets being transmitted. It can also be turned off through a power switch to save energy when it is not needed.

Network Standby: 4.87 watts

Switched Off: 0.06 watts

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Package Contents



If any of the above items are missing or damaged, please contact your local reseller.

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-1360 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	 An Ethernet-based cable or DSL modem IEEE 802.11ac/n/g/b/a wireless clients 10/100/1000 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	 Computer with the following: Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system An installed Ethernet adapter Browser Requirements: Internet Explorer 10 or higher Firefox 28 or higher Safari 6 or higher Chrome 28 or higher Windows® Users: Make sure you have Javascript enabled.
Wi-Fi App Requirements	 iPhone[®]/iPad[®] Android[™] smartphone or tablet. (Please refer to the mobile app's store page to check whether your device is compatible)

Introduction

The D-Link DIR-1360 AC1300 Mesh-Enabled Smart Wi-Fi Router shares your Internet connection over a blazing-fast Gigabit Wireless AC connection of up to 1300 Mbps (Up to 867 Mbps on the 5 GHz Wireless AC band and up to 400 Mbps on the 2.4 GHz Wireless N band)¹ by using advanced AC beamforming technology to significantly outperform 802.11n and other 802.11ac devices. Equipped with a Gigabit WAN/Internet port and four Gigabit LAN ports to provide wired speeds of up to 10 times faster than standard 10/100 ports, the DIR-1360 lets you experience networking at its best – no matter if you're using wireless or wired Ethernet.

Featuring four antennas and a 2x2 + 2x2 Multiple In Multiple Out (MIMO) hardware and software configuration, the DIR-1360 offers better data rates, fewer dead-spots, more coverage, and better reliability. Operating exclusively in the 5 GHz band, the DIR-1360's 802.11ac wireless connections bypasses the crowded 2.4 GHz band, giving you faster speeds while still maintaining backward compatibility with older 802.11n/g/b devices through the 2.4 GHz band. A stronger Wi-Fi signal means you can install more wireless surveillance cameras, baby monitors, sensors, and alarms in the places where you need them. Add these features together, and the DIR-1360 lets you expand your Smart Home by bringing Wi-Fi to places your old signal can't reach.

The DIR-1360's Smart Connect technology makes connecting to wireless networks easy automating multiple networks. Since the introduction of 5 GHz multi-band wireless technology, choosing between 5 GHz or 2.4 GHz networks to optimize range and speed involved guesswork. Smart Connect eliminates the guesswork by unifying both bands into a single network name. Behind the scenes, when a connection is initiated, the DIR-1360's advanced algorithms determine the best band for your device and automatically distributes each device to its optimal band – providing a faster, more reliable, and hassle-free experience for all users.

¹ Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.11ac specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate.

Features

- **Superior Wireless Networking** The DIR-1360 provides Gigabit wireless speeds of up to a combined 1300 Mbps (867 Mbps 802.11ac 5 GHz, plus 400 Mbps 802.11n 2.4 GHz)¹. These speeds rival wired connections and allow users enjoy online activities such as HD video communication, online gaming, and Voice over IP telephony lag-free from anywhere in your home while still offering full 802.11n/g/b backward compatibility.
- Extreme Wired LAN and WAN Networking With four 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN ports, and a 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet WAN port, the DIR-1360 has an enormous amount of bandwidth to take full advantage of the fastest broadband speeds available.
- **IPv6 Support** The DIR-1360 fully supports IPv6 and includes support for a variety of IPv6 connection types including: SLAAC/DHCPv6, 6to4, 6rd, Static IPv6, IPv6 PPPoE, IPv6 in IPv4 tunneling, and local connectivity.
- **Smart Connect** Creates a single wireless SSID for your devices. Behind the scenes, the DIR-1360 automatically determines whether to connect a device to the 2.4 or 5 GHz network, thereby providing the best speed and range for each device and optimally distributing devices to each network.
- Advanced Firewall Features The web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features. Easily apply content filtering based on MAC address, URL, and/or domain name. Schedule these filters to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
- Encrypted Multiple/Concurrent Sessions The DIR-1360 supports VPN passthroughs. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-1360 can access corporate networks through encrypted channels.
- User-friendly Setup Wizard Using its easy-to-use web-based user interface or D-Link Wi-Fi App, the DIR-1360 lets you quickly configure and secure your router to your specific settings in minutes.

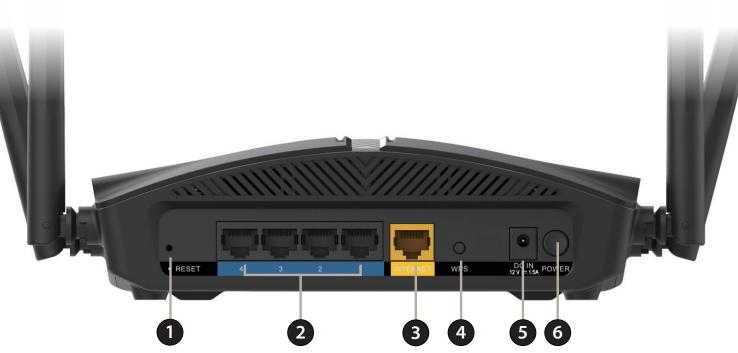
Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.11ac specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Hardware Overview LED Indicators



1	Power LED	A solid blue light indicates a proper connection to the power supply. The light will be solid orange during boot up.
2	Internet LED	A solid blue light indicates a connection on the Internet port. If the LED is orange, the router cannot connect to the Internet.
3	Wireless (2.4 GHz LED)	A solid blue light indicates that the 2.4 GHz wireless band is enabled.
4	Wireless (5 GHz LED)	A solid blue light indicates that the 5 GHz wireless band is enabled.
5	USB 3.0 Port	Connect a USB storage device to share files over the network.

Hardware Overview Back Panel



1	Reset Button	Insert a paperclip in the hole to press the recessed button, hold for 10 seconds, and release to reset the router to default settings
2	Gigabit LAN Ports (1-4)	Connect Ethernet devices such as computers, switches, storage (NAS) devices, and game consoles.
3	Gigabit WAN Port	Using an Ethernet cable, connect your broadband modem to this port.
4	WPS Button	Press to start the WPS process and automatically create an encrypted connection to a WPS client.
5	Power Connector	Connect the supplied power adapter here.
6	Power Button	Press the power button to power the device on or off.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation of the DIR-1360.

Before you Begin

- Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, attic, or garage. This is to allow proper ventilation and prevent overheating.
- Configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your Internet connection. Verify that it is connected to the Internet before connecting additional devices.
- If your Internet Service provider (ISP) provided you with a modem/router combo, you will need to set it to "bridge" mode so the router can work properly. Please contact your ISP or refer to the user manual for your modem/router device.
- If connecting to a DSL modem, make sure to have your DSL service information provided by your Internet Service Provider handy. This information is likely to include your DSL account's Username and Password. Your ISP may also supply you with additional WAN configuration settings which might be necessary to establish a connection.
- If you are connecting a considerable amount of networking equipment, it may be a good idea to take the time to label each cable or take a picture of your existing setup before making any changes.
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoET, BroadJump, or EnterNet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.

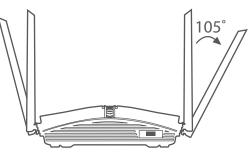
Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

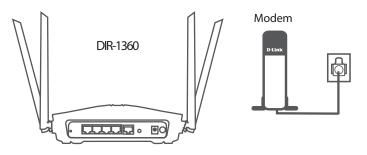
- Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick!
 Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- Building materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

Hardware Setup

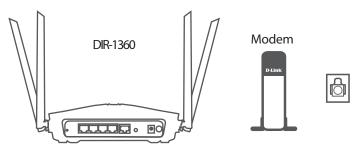
1. The DIR-1360 is designed to give you the fastest, most stable network connection possible. In order to maximize performance, fully extend the antennas into a 105-degree angle (middle notch) to provide optimal wireless coverage. Keep the router in an open area for better wireless coverage.



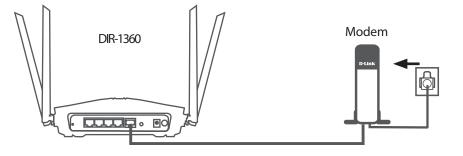
2. Position your DIR-1360 near your Internet-connected modem. Place it in an open area for better wireless coverage.



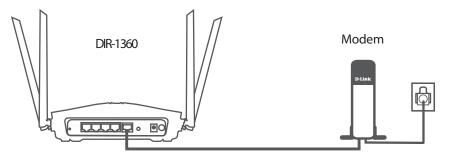
3. Turn off and unplug the power and Ethernet cable to your cable or DSL broadband modem. This is required. In some cases, you may need to turn it off for up to five minutes.



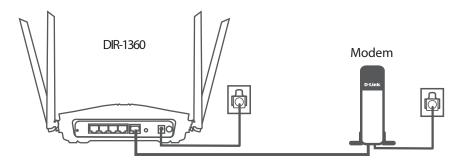
4. Use the included Ethernet cable to connect your modem to the yellow port labeled **INTERNET** on the router.



5. Turn on or plug your modem back in and wait approximately one minute before proceeding onward.



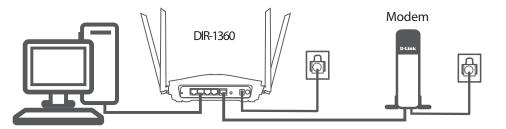
6. Connect the supplied power adapter to the router and a power outlet, press the power button, and wait approximately one minute until the LED indicator on the front of the device changes from orange to solid blue.



7. If you are configuring the DIR-1360 wirelessly from a PC, connect to a Wi-Fi network printed on the included Wi-Fi Configuration Card. You can also find the Wi-Fi network names and passwords printed on the label attached to the bottom your router.



If you are configuring the DIR-1360 from a PC with a wired Ethernet connection, plug one end of an Ethernet cable into the port labeled 1 on the back of the router, and the other end into the Ethernet port on your computer.



 If you are connecting to a broadband service that uses a dynamic connection (not PPPoE), you may be online already. Try opening a web browser and connecting to a website. If the website does not load, proceed to Setup Wizard on page 13.

Completing Setup

There are different ways you can configure your router to connect to the Internet and connect to your clients:

- **D-Link Setup Wizard** This wizard will launch when you log into the router for the first time. Refer to **Setup Wizard** on page **13**.
- **D-Link Wi-Fi App** Use your Android[™] device, iPhone[™] or IPad[™] to configure your router. Refer to D-Link Wi-Fi App on page **17**.
- **Manual Setup** Log in to the router and manually configure your router. Refer to **Configuration** on page **19**.

Setup Wizard

If this is your first time installing the router, open your web browser and enter **http://dlinkrouter.local./** in the address bar. Alternatively, enter the IP address of the router (default: **http://192.168.0.1**).

The wizard is designed to guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

Click Next to continue.

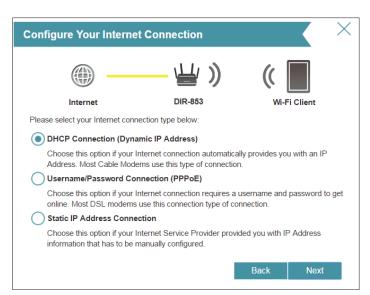
Please wait while your router detects your Internet connection type. If the router detects your Internet connection, you may need to enter your ISP information such as username and password.

If the router does not detect a valid Internet connection, a list of connection types to choose from will be displayed.

Select your Internet connection type (this information can be obtained from your Internet Service Provider) and click **Next** to continue.



Welcome		\mathbf{X}
	-₩»	((
Internet	DIR-853	Wi-Fi Client
This wizard will guide you through a device.	a step-by-step process to co	onfigure your new D-Link
Step 1: Install y	our device	
Step 2: Configu	ire your Network and Wi-l	Fi settings
Step 3: Set you	r router password	
		Next



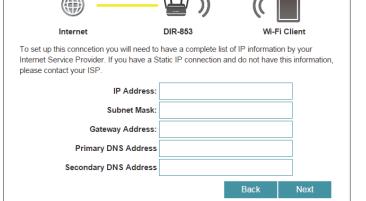
Setup Wizard (continued)

If the router detected or you selected **PPPoE**, enter your PPPoE username and password and click **Next** to continue.

Note: Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

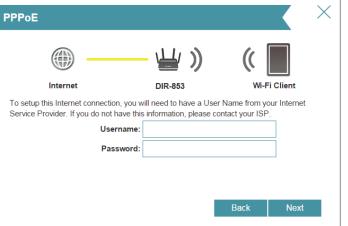
If the router detected or you selected **Static**, enter the IP and DNS settings supplied by your ISP. Click Next to continue.

Internet **DIR-853** To setup this Internet connection, you will need to have a User Name from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP. Username Password Back Next



Static IP

 \times



Setup Wizard (continued)

Create a Wi-Fi password (between 8-63 characters). Your wireless clients will need to have this passphrase or key entered to be able to connect to your wireless network.

Click Next to continue.

Note: The DIR-1360's Smart Connect feature presents a single wireless network. When connecting clients to an extension network, they will be automatically added to the best band, either 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz. To disable the Smart Connect feature and individually configure 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz networks, refer to Wireless on page 54.

To help protect your router, please enter a new password. You will be prompted
for this password every time you want to use the router's web configuration
utility. Click Next to continue.

Wi-Fi Settings			\times
	₩))	(🔳	
Internet E	DIR-853	Wi-Fi Client	
To setup a Wi-Fi network you will need to gi password.	ive your Wi-Fi network a	a name(SSID) and	
Wi-Fi Network Name:	dlink-F005		
The Wi-Fi Network Name is up to 32 chara using this Network Name (SSID).	icters. You will need to j	oin your Wi-Fi networ	ſk
Wi-Fi Password:	aStr0ngp4ssW0rd		
The password must contain at least 8 chara using this password.	acters. You will need to	join your Wi-Fi netwo	rk
	В	ack Next	

Device Admin Password	1		\mathbf{K}
	— 🕌)	((
Internet	DIR-853	Wi-Fi	Client
By default, your new D-Link device access to the Web-based configur password below.			
Device Admin Pass	sword: testpassword		
		Back	Next

Setup Wizard (continued)

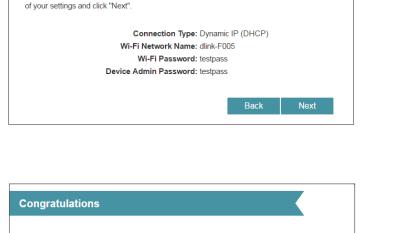
Summary

Internet

You will be presented with a summary of your settings. Click **Next** to finalize the settings or **Back** to make changes.

At the end of the wizard, you will be presented with a final summary of your settings. Click **Finish** to close the wizard.

Congratulations, your device has been successfully configured!



DIR-853

Below is a summary of your Wi-Fi security and device password settings. Please make a note

Wi-Fi Client



D-Link Wi-Fi App

The D-Link Wi-Fi App allows you to install and configure your DIR-1360 AC1300 Mesh-Enabled Smart Wi-Fi Router from your mobile device.

Note: The screenshots may be different depending on your mobile device's OS version. The following steps show the Android interface of the D-Link Wi-Fi app. If you are using an iOS device, the appearance may be different from that of the screenshots, but the process is the same.

Step 1

Search for the free **D-Link Wi-Fi App** on the Apple App Store or Google Play and install. You can also scan the QR code on the right, which will take you to the respective D-Link Wi-Fi app store page directly.

Step 2

Launch the D-Link Wi-Fi App from the Home screen of your device.

Step 3

Click on the Install Your Device Button at the bottom of the screen. (Or click on the Menu button on the top left of the app and do the same.)









D-Link Wi-Fi App (continued)

Step 4

Select from list of options the device you want to install. If you do not see your device listed choose "Others" then tap **NEXT**.



Step 5

You will now be guided through a step-by-step process for setting up your device. Simply follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation and DIR-1360 configuration process.

Configuration

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter **http://dlinkrouter.local./** or you may also connect by typing the IP address of the router (by default this is **http://192.168.0.1**) in the address bar.

Enter your password. If you previously followed the setup wizard, please use the admin password you entered during the wizard. Otherwise, leave the password blank. Click **Log In** to proceed.

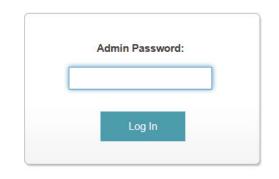
Note: If you cannot remember your password and cannot log in, press and hold the recessed reset button for longer than 10 seconds to restore the router to its default settings.

The router's home page will open displaying its current connection status.

The bar at the top of the page has quick access to Settings and Management functions. You may quickly jump back Home at any time.

Note: The system will automatically log out after a period of inactivity.







Home

The Home page displays the current status of the router in the form of an interactive diagram. You can click each icon to display information about each part of the network at the bottom of the screen. The menu bar at the top of the page will allow you to quickly navigate to other pages.

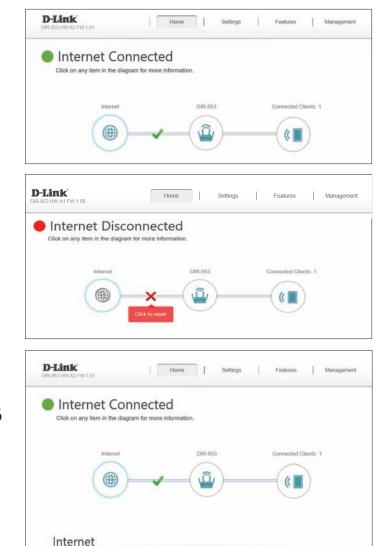
The Home page displays whether or not the router is currently connected to the Internet. If it is disconnected, click **Click to repair** to bring up the setup wizard, refer to **Setup Wizard** on page **13** for more information.

Internet

To bring up more details about your Internet connection, click on the **Internet** icon. Click **IPv4** or **IPv6** to see details of the IPv4 connection and IPv6 connection respectively.

Click **Release IP Address** to disconnect from the Internet. If you do this and wish to reconnect, click **Renew**.

To reconfigure the Internet settings, refer to Internet on page 23.



Connected

Connected

ection Uptime: 0 Day 0 Hour 7 Min 17 Sec

Connection Type:

Dynamic IP (DHCP)

IPv4 / IPve

Go to settings (-)

00:0C:43:28:05:4B

172 17 6 49

255 255 255 0

172 17 6 254

192,168,168,249

192 168 168 250

MAC Address:

P Address:

ubnet Mask

Default Gateway: Primary DNS Server:

Secondary DNS Server:

DIR-1360

Click on the **DIR-1360** icon to view details about the router and its wireless settings.

Here you can see the router's current Wi-Fi network name and password, as well as the router's MAC address, IPv4 address, and IPv6 address.

To reconfigure the network settings, either click **Go to settings** in the center, or click **Settings** (at the top of the page) and then **Network** on the menu that appears. Refer to **Network** on page **58** for more information.

To reconfigure the wireless settings, either click **Go to settings**, on the lower right, or click **Settings** (at the top of the page) and then **Wireless** on the menu that appears. Refer to **Wireless** on page **54** for more information.

Internet	DIR-853	Connected Clients: 1
	(in)	
10.852		
IR-853		
	œ wi-Fi	
모 IPv4 Network	Status:	Enabled
IR-853	Status:	Enabled \$\$IDj.dmic.1736
P IPv4 Network MAC Address: 00/26/89/6E-17/36	Status:	
IPv4 Network MAC Address: 00.26.80.6E.17.36 Router IP Address: 192.168.0.1	Status: Wi-Fi Name (SSID): dlink-1736
IPv4 Network MAC Address: 80 20 89.6E:17.36 Router IP Address: 192.168.0.1 Sunnet Mask: 255.255.0 IPv6 Network	Status: Wi-Fi Name (SSID): dlink-1736
IPv4 Network MAC Address: 00/20/09/0E:17:30 Router IP Address: 192/108.0.1 Subnet Mask: 255/256.256.0	Status: Wi-Fi Name (SSID): dlink-1736
IPv4 Network MAC Address: 00 26 89:6E 17:36 Router IP Address: 12:168.0.1 Subnet Mask: 255 255 255 0 IPv6 Network Link-Local Address:	Status: Wi-Fi Name (SSID): dlink-1736

Connected Clients

Click on the **Connected Clients** icon to view details about the router and its wireless settings.

On this page you can see all the clients currently connected to the router, and their IP addresses.

To edit each client's settings, click the pencil icon on the client you want to edit.

Name:Enter a custom name for this client.Vendor:Displays the vendor of the device.MAC Address:Displays the MAC address of the device.IP Address:Displays the current IP address of this client.Reserve IP:Enable to reserve this IP address for this client.IP Address:Specify an IP address for the DIR-1360's DHCP server to assign.Parental Control:Allow or Block access to the router.Click Save when you are done.Click Save when you are done.



Edit Rule	\times
Name:	08247PCWIN7
Vendor:	Hon Hai Precision Ind.
MAC Address:	44:37:e6:52:6e:61
IP Address:	192.168.0.118
Reserve IP:	Enabled Remaining:24
IP Address (Reserved):	
Parental Control:	Enabled
Schedule:	Always OFF 🗸
	Save

Settings Wizard

In the Settings menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Wizard** to open the setup wizard. This is the same wizard that appears when you start the router for the first time. Refer to **Setup Wizard** on page **13** for details.

Internet

In the Settings menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Internet** to see the Internet configuration options.

My Internet Choose your Internet connection type from the drop-down menu. You will be presented with the appropriate options for your connection type. Click **Advanced Settings...** to expand the list and see all of the options.

For Dynamic IP (DHCP) refer to page 24.

For **Static IP** refer to page **25**.

For **PPPoE** refer to page **26**.

For **PPTP** refer to page **28**.

For L2TP refer to page 30.

For **DS-Lite** refer to page **32**.

To configure an IPv6 connection, click the **IPv6** link. Refer to page **33**.

Internet				
Use this section to configure from Static IP, DHCP, PPI please contact your Intern disable any PPPoE client	PoE, PPTP, L2TP ar let service provider. I	nd DS-Lite. If you a Note: If using the P	are unsure of your co	nnection method,
Settings >> Internet >> IPv4		VLAN	IPv6	Save
My Internet Connection is	Dynamic IP (DHC	P)	~	
	Static IP			Advanced Settings
	Durania ID (DMC	P)		nunanoo oounga
	Dynamic IP (DHC			
	PPPoE			
,				
	PPPoE			

Dynamic IP (DHCP)

Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP address information automatically from your Internet Service Provider (ISP). Select this option if your ISP does not specify an IP address to use.

Advanced Settings

- **Host Name:** The host name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. Leave it blank if you are not sure.
- Primary DNSEnter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. ThisServer:address is usually obtained automatically from your ISP.
- **Secondary DNS** Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. This **Server:** address is usually obtained automatically from your ISP.
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP (Default is AUTO).
 - MAC Address
 Clone: MAC address on the router. You can use the drop-down menu to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of a connected client.
 - Click **Save** when you are done.

E CALLER AND				
Internet				
Use this section to configur from Static IP, DHCP, PPPP please contact your Interne disable any PPPoE client so	oE, PPTP, L2TF t service provide	P and DS-Life. If yo er. Note: If using th	u are unsure of your co	nnection method,
Settings >> Internet >> IPv4		VLAN	IPv6	Save
My Internet Connection is:	Dynamic IP (D	HCP)	~	
				Advanced Settings
Host Name:	D-Link			
Primary DNS Server:	168 168 250			
Secondary DNS Server:				
	Auto	~		
MTU				

Static IP

Select **Static IP** if your IP information is provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address provided by your ISP.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP.
- Default Gateway: Enter the default gateway address provided by your ISP.
 - Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:

Advanced Settings

- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.
 - MAC AddressThe default MAC address is set to the Internet port's physical interfaceClone:MAC address on the router. You can use the drop-down menu to
replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of a
connected client.

Click Save when you are done.

-Link Lasa Inwiaz PW 1 01	Hom	• 1	Settings	Features	Management
	Static IP, DHCP, PPP	oE, PPTP, L2TP I t service provider	Ind DS-Lite. If you Note: If using the	ere are several connect are unsure of your con PPPoE option, you will	nection method,
ettings >> Internet >> IPv4			VLAN	IPv8	Save
My	Internet Connection is:	Static IP		~	
	IP Address				-
	Subnet Mask:				
	Default Galoway:		4		
	Primary DNS Server:		()		
	Primary DNS Server:		(Advanced Settings
s	Primary DNS Server:				Advanced Settings

MTU Auto MAC Address Clone 00:1E:E3:12:34:56 KAAC Address	Secondary DNS Server:		
MAC Address Clone: 00:1E:E3:12:34:56 ld MAC Address 	MTU:	Auto 🗸	
	MAC Address Clone:	00:1E:E3:12:34:56	<< MAC Address

PPPoE

Select **PPPoE** if your ISP provides and requires you to enter a PPPoE username and password in order to connect to the Internet.

- Username: Enter the username provided by your ISP.
- Password: Enter the password provided by your ISP.
- **Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always on**, **On Demand**, or **Manual**.
 - Maximum IdleEnter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is
maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, select Always
on as the reconnect mode.

Advanced Settings

Address Mode: Select Static IP if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

Dynamic IP

- Service Name: Enter the ISP service name (optional).
 - Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.

D-Link DR-853 HW A2 FW 1.01	Hom	e) [Settings	Features	Management
	Internet				
	Use this section to configur from Static IP, DHCP, PPP please contact your interne disable any PPPoE client s	IDE, PPTP, L2TP	and DS-Lite. If you a Note: If using the P	re unsure of your co	nnection method,
Settings >> Internet >>	IPv4		VLAN	IPv6	Save
	My Internet Connection is	PPPoE		~	
		-			
	Usemame:				
	Password.				
		On demand	v		
	Password		minutos		

Address Mode:	Dynamic IP	~		
Service Name:				
Primary DNS Server.				
Secondary DNS Server:				
MTU:	Auto	~		
MAC Address Clone:	00.0C 43 28 80 45		<< MAC Address	~

PPPoE (continued)

MAC AddressThe default MAC address is set to the Internet port's physical interfaceClone:MAC address on the router. You can use the drop-down menu to
replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of a
connected client.

Static IP

- IP Address: Enter the IP address provided by your ISP.
- Service Name: Enter the ISP service name (optional).
 - Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.
 - MAC Address
 The default MAC address is set to the Internet port's physical interface
 Clone: MAC address on the router. You can use the drop-down menu to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of a connected client.

Click **Save** when you are done.





PPTP

Choose **PPTP** (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password.

- PPTP Server IP Enter the PPTP server IP address provided by your ISP. Address:
 - Username: Enter the username provided by your ISP.
 - Password: Enter the password provided by your ISP.
- **Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always on**, **On demand**, or **Manual**.
 - Maximum IdleEnter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is
maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, select Always
on as the reconnect mode.

Advanced Settings

Address Mode: Select Static IP if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select Dynamic IP.

Dynamic IP

- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.

Internet				
Use this section to config from Static IP, DHCP, PP please contact your Inter disable any PPPOE client	PoE, PPTP, L2TP (set service provider	and DS-Lite. If you a Note: If using the F	are unsure of your o	onnection method,
Settings >> Internet >> IPv4		VLAN	IPv0	Save
My Internet Connection is	PPTP		~	
PPTP Server	¢.			
Username				
	t			
Passwood	1			
Password Reconnect Mode	On demand	~		



PPTP (continued)

Static IP

- PPTP IP Address: Enter the IP address provided by your ISP.
 - **PPTP Subnet** Enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP. Mask:
- PPTP Gateway IP Enter the gateway IP address provided by your ISP. Address:
 - **Primary DNS** Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.

Click Save when you are done.

Address Mode:	Static IP	~
PPTP IP Address:		
PPTP Subnet Mask		
PPTP Gateway IP Address:		
Primary DNS Server:		
Secondary DNS Server:		
MTU:	Auto	~

L2TP

Choose **L2TP** (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password.

- L2TP Server: Enter the L2TP server IP address provided by your ISP.
 - Username: Enter the username provided by your ISP.
 - **Password:** Enter the password provided by your ISP.
- **Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always on**, **On demand**, or **Manual**.
 - Maximum IdleEnter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is
maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, select Always
on as the reconnect mode.

Advanced Settings

Address Mode: Select Static IP if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

Dynamic IP

- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.

D-Link Her	w) ())	Settings	Features	Management
Internet				
Use the section to configure from State IP, OHCP, PPP please contact your Inform disable any PPPOE client s	NE, PPTP, L211 at service provid	P and DS-Life. If you er. Note: If using the l	are unsure of your or	nnection method,
Settings >> Internet >> IPv4		VLAN	IPv6	Save
My Internet Connection is	L2TP		*	
L2TP Server				
Username				
Password				
Reconnect Mode	On demand	~		
		minutes		



L2TP (continued)

Static IP

- L2TP IP Address: Enter the IP address provided by your ISP.
 - L2TP Subnet Enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP. Mask:
- L2TP Gateway IP Enter the gateway IP address provided by your ISP. Address:
 - Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP. Server:
 - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP. The recommended setting is **Auto**.

Click Save when you are done.

Address Mode.	Static IP	· · ·
L2TP IP Address:		
L2TP Subnet Mask:		
L2TP Gateway IP Address.		
Primary DNS Server.		
Secondary DNS Server.		
MTU:	Auto	~

DS-Lite

DS-Lite is an IPV4/IPv6 hybrid connection type. After selecting DS-Lite, the following parameters will be available for configuration:

Advanced Settings

DS-Lite Select DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option to let the router allocate the AFTRConfiguration: IPv6 address automatically. Select Manual Configuration to enter the AFTR IPv6 address manually.

DS-Lite DHCPv6

- B4 IPv6 Address: Enter the B4 IPv4 address value used here.
 - WAN IPv6 Once connected, the WAN IPv6 address will be displayed here. Address:
- IPv6 WAN Default Once connected, the IPv6 WAN default gateway address will be Gateway: displayed here.

Manual

- **AFTR IPv6** Enter the AFTR IPv6 address used here. **Address:**
- B4 IPv6 Address: Enter the B4 IPv4 address value used here.
 - WAN IPv6 Once connected, the WAN IPv6 address will be displayed here. Address:
- IPv6 WAN Default Once connected, the IPv6 WAN default gateway address will be Gateway: displayed here.

Click Save when you are done.

	Internet				
4HD	Use this section to configure from Static IP, DHCP, PPPol	PPTP, L2TP	and DS-Lite. If you a	are unsure of your co	onnection method,
	please contact your Internet disable any PPPoE client sof	tware on your o	omputers.	PPOE option, you w	will need to remove or
	disable any PPPoE client sof	tware on your o	omputers.	PPoE option, you w	Save

DS-Lite Configuration:	DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option	~
B4 IPv4 Address	192.0.0	
WAN IPv6 Address	Not Available	
IPv6 WAN Default Gateway:	Not Available	

DS-Lite Configura	ation: Manual Configuration
AFTR IPV6 Add	
B4 IPv4 Add	ress: 192.0.0.
WAN IPv6 Add	ress: Not Available
IPv6 WAN Default Gate	way: Not Available

IPv6

To configure an IPv6 connection, click the **IPv6** link. To return to the IPv4 settings, click **IPv4**.

My InternetChoose your IPv6 connection type from the drop-down menu. YouConnection Is:will be presented with the appropriate options for your connectiontype. Click Advanced Settings... to expand the list and see all of the options.

For Auto Detection refer to page 34.

For **Static IPv6** refer to page **36**.

For Auto Configuration (SLAAC/DHCPv6) refer to page 38.

For **PPPoE** refer to page **41**.

For IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel refer to page 45.

For 6 to 4 refer to page 48.

For **6rd** refer to page **50**.

For Local Connectivity Only refer to page 52.

D-Link DIR-853 HW A2 FW 1.01	Home	Settings	Features	Management
IF	Pv6			
Al	of your IPv6 Internet and netwo	rk connection details are displ	ayed on this page.	
Settings >> Internet >> IPv8		VLAN	IPv4	Save
M	v Internet Connection is: 6rd		Y	
	Assign IPv6 Prefix Not Ava	itable		
	Primary DNS Server:			
	Secondary DNS Server:			

Auto Detection

Select **Auto Detection** to automatically detect the IPv6 connection method used by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). If Auto Detection fails, you can manually select another IPv6 connection type.

IPv6 DNS Settings

DNS Type: Select either **Obtain DNS server address automatically** or **Use the following DNS address**.

If Use the following DNS address is selected:

- Primary DNS If you selected **Use the following DNS address** above, enter the **Server:** primary DNS server address.
- Secondary DNS If you selected Use the following DNS address above, enter the Server: secondary DNS server address.

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

Enable DHCP-PD: Enable or disable DHCP Prefix Delegation.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

If Enable DHCP-PD is disabled, these additional parameters are available for configuration:

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter a valid LAN IPv6 address.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

D-Link DR-853 HW A2 FW 1.01	Hon	•	Settings	Features	Management
	Pv6				
6	ill of your IPv6 Internet an	d network cor	mection details are disp	ayed on this page.	
(⊕)					
<u> </u>					
Settings >> Internet >> IPv	8		VLAN	IPv4	Save

IPv6 DNS Settings			
	DNS Type:	Obtain a DNS server address automatically	~
			-

IPv6 DNS Settings		
	Use the following DNS address	~
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		

LAN IPv6 Address Settings	
Enable DHCP-PD: Enabled	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: fe60::6226.89ff.fe5t.fefa	
	Advanced Settings

E	nable DHCP-PD Disabled	
L	AN IPy6 Address	/64
LAN IPV6 Lin	k-Local Address: fe80::8226.89ff:fe5f;fefa	

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Auto Detection (continued)

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:

 Enable Automatic
 Enable or disable DHCP-PD for other IPv6 routers connected to the DHCP-PD in LAN:

 LAN interface.
 Nates This for structure of the distribution of the distrubution of the distribution of the distr

Note: This feature requires a smaller subnet prefix than /64 (i.e. allowing for a larger address allocation), such as /63. Contact your ISP for more information.

Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. Range (End):

Iress Autoconfiguration Settings			
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled		
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled		
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS	~	
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	60 minutes		

ddress Autoconfiguration Settings			
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled		
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled		
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP	~	
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	60 minutes		

Address Autoconfiguration Settings	in the	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled	
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6	~
IPv6 Address Range (Start).		
IPv6 Address Range (End):	mt.: 00m	

Static IPv6

Select **Static IP** if your IPv6 information is provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

IPv6 DNS Settings

If Use the following DNS address is selected for DNS Type:

Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

If Enable DHCP-PD is disabled these additional parameters are available for configuration:

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:

Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

	B IPv6 Internet and network co	nnection details are displ	ayed on this page.	
Settings >> Internet >> IPv6		VLAN	IPv4	Save
My Inter	et Connection is: Static IPv6		~	
Use Lin	k-Local Address: Enabled	0		
	IPv6 Address: 1650:2004	3m ho28 546		
Subr	et Prefix Length: 54			
(Default Gateway			
Secon	tary DNS Server:			

LAN IPv6 Address Settings	
LAN IPv6 Address:	/64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: te80::8226:89ff:te5f.tefa	
	Advanced Settings

Address Autoconfiguration Settings		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS	\mathbf{v}
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	60 minutes	

Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:

Static IPv6 (continued)

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. Range (End):

Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30 minutes

Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6
IPv6 Address Range (Start):	mm:: 00
IPv6 Address Range (End):	ffff:: 00
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	10080 minutes

Auto Configuration (SLAAC/DHCPv6)

Select **Auto Configuration** if your ISP assigns your IPv6 address when your router requests one from the ISP's server. Some ISPs require you to adjust settings on your side before your router can connect to the IPv6 Internet.

IPv6 DNS Settings

DNS Type: Select either **Obtain DNS server address automatically** or **Use the following DNS address**.

If Use the following DNS address is selected:

- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

Enable DHCP-PD: Enable or disable prefix delegation services.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

If Enable DHCP-PD is disabled, these additional parameters are available for configuration:

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter a valid LAN IPv6 address.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

IPv6 DNS Settings			
	DNS Type	Obtain a DNS server address automatically	~
Pv6 DNS Settings			
	DNS Type:	Use the following DNS address	~
	Primary DNS Server		
	Secondary DNS Server.		

Nº13	
Enable DHCP-PD: Enabled	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: fe80_8226.89ff.fe5f.fefa	
	Advanced Setting

	Enable DHCP-PD: Disabled	
	LAN IPv6 Address	/64
L	AN IPv6 Link-Local Address fe80 8226 89ft fe6t fefa	

Auto Configuration (SLAAC/DHCPv6) (continued)

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:

If DHCP-PD is enabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings:

Enable Automatic
DHCP-PD in LAN:Enable or disable DHCP-PD for other IPv6 routers connected to the
LAN interface.Note: This feature requires a smaller subnet prefix than /64 (i.e. allowing
for a larger address allocation), such as /63. Contact your ISP for more
information.

Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled	
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP V	
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes	

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes
Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN: Autoconfiguration Type:	Enabled Stateful DHCPv6
	Stateful DHCPv6

Auto Configuration (SLAAC/DHCPv6) (continued)

f DHCP-PD is disabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings and SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or	
SLAAC+RDNSS is chosen as the Autoconfiguration Type:	

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If **DHCP-PD** is disabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings and **Stateful DHCPv6** is chosen as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 address lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enat	bled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC	+Stateless DHCP	~
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30	minutes	

ddress Autoconfiguration Settings		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6	~
IPv6 Address Range (Start):	mm. 00	
IPv6 Address Range (End):	mr.: 00	
IPv6 Address Lifetime.	10060 minutes	

PPPoE

Select **PPPoE** if your ISP provides and requires you to enter a PPPoE username and password in order to connect to the Internet.

- **PPPoE Session:** Choose **Share with IPv4** to re-use your IPv4 PPPoE username and password, or **Create a new session**.
- Address Mode: Select Static IP if your ISP assigned you an IP address. In most cases, select Dynamic IP.
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP.

If you selected **Static IP** as the Address Mode and **Share with IPv4** as the PPPoE Session:

IP Address: Enter the IP address provided by your ISP.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP.

If you selected **Create a new session** as the PPPoE Session:

- Username: Enter the username provided by your ISP.
- Password: Enter the password provided by your ISP.
- Address Mode: Select either Dynamic IP or Static IP.
- Service Name: Enter the ISP service name (optional).
- **Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always On** or **Manual**.
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP.

IPv6				
All of your IPv6 Internet an				
6				
Sattings 22 Internal 22 IDv6		M AN	ID-4	Sava
Settings >> Internet >> IPv6		VLAN	IPv4	Save
Settings >> Internet >> IPv6 My Internet Connection is:	PPPoE	VLAN	IPv4	Save
	PPPoE Share with IPv			Save
My Internet Connection is:			~	Save

PPPoE Session	Share with IPv4	~
Address Mode	State IP	~
IP Address		
MTU	1492 bytes	



PPPoE (continued)

If you selected **Static IP** as the Address Mode and **Create a new session** as the PPPoE Session:

- IP Address: Enter the IP address provided by your ISP
- **Service Name:** Enter the ISP service name (optional).
- **Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always-on** or **Manual**.
 - **MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your ISP.

IPv6 DNS Settings

DNS Type: Select either **Obtain DNS server address automatically** or **Use the following DNS address**.

If Use the following DNS address is selected:

- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

- **Enable DHCP-PD:** Enable or disable prefix delegation services. This option is only available if you selected **Dynamic IP** for address mode.
 - LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

Address Mode:	Static IP
IP Address:	
Service Name:	
Reconnect Mode:	
MTU:	1492 bytes

IPv6 DNS Settings			10.00
	DNS Type:	Obtain a DNS server address automatically	~

IPv6 DNS Settings		
	Use the following DNS address	~
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		

LAN IPv6 Address Settings	
Enable DHCP-PD: Enabled	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: fe80=8226-89ff.fe5f.fefa	
	Advanced Settings

PPPoE (continued)

If Enable DHCP-PD is disabled these additional parameters are available for configuration:

LAN IPv6 Address: If DHCP-PD disabled or static address mode is selected, enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:

If DHCP-PD is enabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings:

Enable Automatic	Enable or disable DHCP-PD for other IPv6 routers connected to the
DHCP-PD in LAN:	LAN interface.
	Note: This feature requires a smaller subnet prefix than /64 (i.e. allowing

for a larger address allocation), such as /63. Contact your ISP for more information.

Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

Enable DHCP-PD: Disabled	
LAN IPv6 Address	/64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address fe80 8226.89ff fe5t fefa	
	Advanced Settings

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes

PPPoE (continued)

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:



dress Autoconfiguration Settings	1.	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type	Stateful DHCPv6	~
IPv6 Address Range (Start):	mr. 00	
IPv6 Address Range (End):	mr.: 00	
IPv6 Address Lifetime.	10060 minutes	

IPv6 Address Range (End): fff: 00 99

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

If DHCP-PD is disabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 address lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel

The user can configure the IPv6 connection to run in IPv4 Tunnel mode. IPv6 over IPv4 tunnelling encapsulates IPv6 packets in IPv4 packets so that IPv6 packets can be sent over an IPv4 infrastructure.

Remote IPv4	Enter the IPv4 remote address you will use.
Address:	

- **Remote IPv6** Enter the IPv6 remote address you will use. Address:
 - Local IPv4 Displays the current local IPv4 address. Address:
 - **Local IPv6** Enter the IPv6 local address you will use. Address:
- Subnet Prefix Enter the subnet prefix length supplied by your ISP. Length:

IPv6 DNS Settings

DNS Type: Select either **Obtain DNS server address automatically** or **Use the following DNS address**.

If Use the following DNS address is selected:

Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:

Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

D-Link DR-853 HW A2 FW 1.01	Hom	• [Settings	Features	Management
	IPv6				
6	All of your IPv6 Internet and	d network conn	ection details are disp	layed on this page.	
Settings >> Internet >:	> IPv6		VLAN	IPv4	Save
	My Internet Connection is:	IPV6 in IPV4	tunnel	~	
	My Internet Connection is: Remote IPv4 Address		tunnel	~	
			tunnel	~	
	Remote IPv4 Address	1	tunnel	~	
	Remote IPv4 Address Remote IPv6 Address	1	tunnel	v	

IPV6 DNS Settings			
	DNS Type:	Obtain a DNS server address automatically	~

IPv6 DNS Settings		
	Use the following DNS address	~
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (continued)

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

Enable DHCP-PD: Enable or disable prefix delegation services. This option is only available if you selected **Dynamic IP** for address mode.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

If Enable DHCP-PD is disabled, these additional parameters are available for
configuration:

- LAN IPv6 Address: If DHCP-PD disabled or static address mode is selected, enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.
 - LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:

If DHCP-PD is enabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings:

Enable Automatic Enable or disable DHCP-PD for other IPv6 routers connected to the DHCP-PD in LAN: LAN interface.

Note: This feature requires a smaller subnet prefix than /64 (i.e. allowing for a larger address allocation), such as /63. Contact your ISP for more information.

Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

LAN IPv6 Addre	ss Settings	
	Enable DHCP-PD. Enabled	
		Advanced Settings

AN IPv6 Address Settings	
Enable DHCP-PD: Disabled	
LAN IPv6 Address	/64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: 1e80::8226.89ff.fe5t.tefa	
	Advanced Settings

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes

IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (continued)

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. Range (Start):

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

If DHCP-PD is disabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings and SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or SLAAC+RDNSS is chosen as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If **DHCP-PD** is disabled in LAN IPv6 Address Settings and **Stateful DHCPv6** is chosen as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 address lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	: Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS V
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	minutes
Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6
IPv6 Address Range (Start).	mr. 00 1

Address Autoconfiguration Settings			
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled		
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP	~	
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30 minutes	100 C 100 C	

ddress Autoconfiguration Settings		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6	~
IPv6 Address Range (Start):	mm.: 00	
IPv6 Address Range (End):	mr. oo	
IPv6 Address Lifetime:	10060 minutes	

6to4

In this section the user can configure the IPv6 6 to 4 connection settings. **6to4** is an IPv6 address assignment and automatic tunneling technology that is used to provide unicast IPv6 connectivity between IPv6 sites and hosts across the IPv4 Internet.

6to4 Address: Displays the 6 to 4 address.

- 6to4 Relay: Enter the 6 to 4 relay supplied by your ISP.
- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:

et and network co	nnection details are displa	iyed on this page	
AR BIN TRANSK O	minicatori dinalis ano dispe	theo on suc balls	£
	VLAN	IPv4	Save
on is 6to4		~	
ress: 2002.ac11.63	31.1		
slay: 192.88.99.	×		
JEVEF:			
IIV6I:			
ress: 2002.ac11.6	31: :: 1 /64		
ress FE80 20C 4	3FF:FE28:548		
	Iress: 2002.ac11.63 Iselay: [192.88.99] arver: Irress: 2002.ac11.63	Ness: 2002.ac.11.6311 Islay: [192.88.99.1 X Inver:	on is 604

6to4 (continued)

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

- **Enable Automatic** Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:
- Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 address lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

Click **Save** when you are done.

Autoconfiguration Type	SLAAC+RDNSS	~
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30 minutes	
dress Autoconfiguration Settings		
	Contribution .	
dress Autoconfiguration Settings Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment		
		×

Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment.	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6
IPv6 Address Range (Start)	m. 00
IPv6 Address Range (End):	mm: 00
IPv6 Address Lifetime	10800 minutes

6rd

In this section the user can configure the IPv6 **6rd** connection settings.

Assign IPv6 Prefix: Currently unsupported.

- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS server address. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS server address. Server:

6rd Manual Configuration

- Enable Hub and Enable this option if you want to minimize the number of routes to Spoke Mode: the destination by using a hub and spoke method of networking.
- **6rd Configuration:** Choose the **6rd DHCPv4 Option** to automatically discover and populate the data values, or **Manual Configuration** to enter the settings yourself.

If you selected Manual configuration

6rd IPv6 Prefix: Enter the 6rd IPv6 prefix and mask length supplied by your ISP.

WAN IPv4 Address Displays the router's IPv4 address.

6rd Border Relay Enter the 6rd border relay IPv4 address settings supplied by your ISP. IPv4 Address:

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

LAN IPv6 Address: Displays the router's LAN IPv6 Address link-local address.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the router's LAN link-local address. Local Address:



6rd Manual Configuration			
Enable Hub and Spoke Mode:	Enabled		
6rd Configuration:	6rd DHCPv4 Option	~	

6rd Manual Configuration	
Enable Hub and Spoke Mode.	Enabled
6rd Configuration:	
6rd IPv6 Prefix	r
WAN IPv4 Address:	172.17.5.56/
6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address.	

LAN IPv6 Address Settings	
LAN IPv6 Address: Not Available	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address: 1e80: 8226-89ff fe6f fefa	
	Advanced Settings.

6rd (continued)

Advanced Settings - Address Autoconfiguration Settings

- **Enable Automatic** Enable or disable the Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment feature. IPv6 Address Assignment:
- Autoconfiguration Select SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP, or Stateful DHCPv6. Type:

If you selected **SLAAC+RDNSS** or **SLAAC+Stateless DHCP** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

Router Enter the router advertisement lifetime (in minutes). Advertisement Lifetime:

If you selected **Stateful DHCPv6** as the Autoconfiguration Type:

IPv6 Address Enter the starting IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (Start):**

IPv6 Address Enter the ending IPv6 address for the DHCP server's IPv6 assignment. **Range (End):**

IPv6 Address Enter the IPv6 address lifetime (in minutes). Lifetime:

Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment:	Enabled	
Autoconfiguration Type:	SLAAC+RDNSS	~
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	30 minutes	
ddress Autoconfiguration Settings		
Address Autoconfiguration Settings Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment	Enabled	
	Enabled SLAAC+Stateless DHCP	V

Address Autoconfiguration Settings	
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment.	Enabled
Autoconfiguration Type:	Stateful DHCPv6
IPv6 Address Range (Start)	m.: 00
IPv6 Address Range (End):	
IPv6 Address Lifetime	10500 minutes

Local Connectivity Only

Local Connectivity Only allows you to set up an IPv6 connection that will not connect to the Internet.

Advanced Settings

IPv6 ULA Settings

Enable ULA: Click here to enable Unique Local IPv6 Unicast Addresses settings.

Use Default ULA Enable this option to use the default ULA prefix. Prefix:

If you selected Enable ULA and disabled Default ULA Prefix:

ULA Prefix: Enter your own ULA prefix.

Current IPv6 ULA Settings

Current ULA Displays the current ULA prefix. Prefix:

LAN IPv6 ULA: Displays the LAN's IPv6 ULA.

IP	v6			
	your IPv6 Internet and networ	k connection details are displ	ayed on this page.	
9				
Settings >> Internet >> IPv6		VLAN	IPv4	

IPv6 ULA Settings	
Enable ULA:	Enabled
Use Default ULA Prefor	Enabled

IPv6 ULA Settings	
Enable ULA:	Enabled
Use Default ULA Prefix:	Disabled
ULA Prefix:	/64

Current ULA Prefix: Not Available	
LAN IPv6 ULA: Not Available	

VLAN

VLAN allows for services such as Triple-Play to be used, and divides a network into segments that can only be accessed by other devices in the same VLAN.

In the Settings menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Internet**, then click the **VLAN** link.

Triple-Play

Status: Click to enable or disable the Triple-Play VLAN feature.

If Status is enabled:

- Internet VLAN ID Enter the VLAN ID for your Internet connection, as provided by your ISP.
 - IPTV VLAN ID Enter the VLAN ID for your IPTV service, as provided by your ISP.
 - VOIP VLAN ID: Enter the VLAN ID for your VoIP network, as provided by your ISP.

Interface Traffic Type Setting

LAN 1-4, Wireless, From the drop-down menu, you can select the type of connection (Internet, IPTV, or Voice over IP) coming from the WAN connection to each interface on the DIR-1360.

1	nternet			
den a la serie de	Triple-Play (VLAN) is a switched netv plication, without regard to the physic II be assigned to a VLAN, and all pac her devices in the same VLAN.	al location of the users.	You can configure wi	hich hardware port
Settings >> Internet >> VLA	N	IPv6	IPv4	Save
Triple-Play				
Triple-Play	Status: Enabled	0		
Triple-Play	Status: Enabled Priority ID: December	0		
Triple-Play		d a		
Triple-Play	Priority ID: Desoble			

Interface Traffic Type Setting		
LAN Port 1	Internet	
LAN Port 2	Internet	× 1
LAN Port 3	Internet	×
LAN Port 4	Internet	~
Wireless	Internet	~
Wireless Guest Zone	Internet	~

Wireless

From this page you can configure your wireless network settings.

Smart Connect

- **Smart Connect:** Enable or disable the Smart Connect Feature. When enabled, only a few configuration options are available to simplify configuration.
- Wi-Fi Name (SSID): Create a name for your wireless network using up to 32 characters.
 - **Password:** Create a password to use for wireless security. Wireless clients will need to enter this password to successfully connect to the network.

Advanced Settings

Security Mode: Choose None or WPA/WPA2-Personal (recommended).

- Transmission Select the desired wireless transmission power. Power:
 - Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the rule will be enabled for. The schedule may be set to **Always Enable**, or you can create your own schedules in the **Schedules** section. Refer to **Schedule** on page **72** for more information.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

The easiest way to connect your wireless devices to the router is with Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS). Using WPS-PIN is disabled by default due to security vulnerabilities.

WPS-PBC Status: Enable or disable WPS-PBC (Push Button Configuration) fuctionality.

WPS-PIN Status: Enable or disable WPS-PIN fuctionality.

Refer to the next page if you wish to disable Smart Connect or click **Save** when you are done.



Security Mode.	None	~
Transmission Power:	High	~
Schedute:	Always Enable	~

ſ	WI-FI Protected Setup		
		WPS-PBC Status: Enabled	
		WPS-PIN Status: Enabled	

Wireless - Smart Connect Disabled

If **Smart Connect** is disabled the following options are available:

2.4GHz / 5GHz

Status: Enable or disable the 2.4 GHz / 5 GHz wireless network.

Wi-Fi Name (SSID): Create a name for your wireless network using up to 32 characters.

Password: Create a password to use for wireless security.

Advanced Settings

- Security Mode: Choose None or WPA/WPA2-Personal (recommended).
 - 802.11 Mode Select the desired wireless networking standards to use.
 (2.4 GHz): The available options for the 2.4 GHz wireless network are Mixed
 802.11b/g/n, Mixed 802.11g/n, 802.11n only.
 - 802.11 Mode Select the desired wireless networking standards to use.
 (5 GHz): The available options for the 5 GHz wireless network are Mixed 802.11a/n/ac, Mixed 802.11n/ac, 802.11a conly, Mixed 802.11a/n, Mixed 802.11n only, or 802.11a only.
- Wi-Fi Channel: Select the desired channel. The default is Auto (recommended).

Transmission Select the desired wireless transmission power. Power:

- Channel Width Select Auto 20/40 if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n (2.4 GHz): devices, or select 20 MHz if you are not using any 802.11n devices.
- Channel Width Select Auto 20/40/80 if you are using 802.11ac, 802.11n, and 802.11a (5 GHz): devices, select Auto 20/40 if you are using 802.11n and 802.11a devices, or select 20 MHz if you are only using 802.11a devices.

	Status:	Disabled	
2.4GHz			
	Status:	Enabled	
	WI-FI Name (SSID):	DIR-853_2.4G_factory_root	
	Password:		
			Advanced Settings
5GHz			
	Status:	Enabled	
		DIR-853_5G_factory_root	
	Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	Directory_root	
	Wi-Fi Name (SSID): Password:	88888888	

2.4GHz		
Status:	Enabled	
Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	DIR-853 Wi-Fi	
Password:	testpass	
		Advanced Settings
Security Mode:	WPA/WPA2-Personal	
802.11 Mode:	Mixed 802.11b/g/n	
Wi-Fi Channel:	Auto 🗸	
Transmission Power:	High 🗸	
Channel Width:	Auto 20/40 MHz 🗸	
HT20/40 Coexistence:	Enabled	
Visibility Status:	Visible	
Schedule:	Always Enable	

HT20/40 Enable or disable HT20/40 Coexistence. Coexistence: (2.4 GHz):

- Visibility Status: The default setting is Visible. Select Invisible if you do not want to broadcast the SSID of your wireless network.
 - Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the rule will be enabled for. The schedule may be set to **Always Enable**, or you can create your own schedules in the **Schedules** section. Refer to **Schedule** on page **72** for more information.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

The easiest way to connect your wireless devices to the router is with Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS). Using WPS-PIN disabled by default due to security vulnerabilities.

- **WPS-PBC Status:** Enable or disable WPS-PBC (Push Button Configuration) functionality.
- WPS-PIN Status: Enable or disable WPS-PIN functionality.

2.4GHz	
Status:	Enabled
Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	DIR-853 Wi-Fi
Password:	testpass
	Advanced Settings
Security Mode:	WPA/WPA2-Personal
802.11 Mode:	Mixed 802.11b/g/n
Wi-Fi Channel:	Auto
Transmission Power:	High
Channel Width:	Auto 20/40 MHz 🗸
HT20/40 Coexistence:	Enabled
Visibility Status:	Visible
Schedule:	Always Enable

WI-FI Protected Setup	
214	WPS-PBC Status Enabled
	WPS-PIN Status: Enabled

Guest Zone

The **Guest Zone** feature will allow you to create temporary zones that can be used by guests to access the Internet. These zones will be separate from your main wireless network. You may configure different zones for the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz wireless bands.

Note: If Smart Connect is enabled, Guest Zone is unavailable.

In the Settings menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Wireless**, then click the **Guest Zone** link.

$2.4\,GHz\,/\,5\,GHz$

Status: Enable or disable the 2.4 GHz / 5 GHz wireless network.

Wi-Fi Name (SSID): Create a name for your wireless network using up to 32 characters.

Password: Create a password to use for wireless security.

Home Network Access

Internet Access Enabling this option will confine connectivity to the Internet, Only: preventing guests from accessing other local network devices.

Guest Zo	ne		
	and configure a Wi-Fi Guest Zone wices on your home network unler		
Settings >> Wireless >> Guest Zone		Wi-Fi	Save
2.4GHz			
Status	Enabled		
Wi-Fi Name (55iD)	dink-guest		
Password	1		
Schedule	Always Enable		
5GHz			
Status	Enabled		
Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	dink-guest-5GHz		
Schedule	Always Enable		

Home Network Access		
	Internet Access Only: Enabled	

Network

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings. In the Settings menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Network**. Click **Advanced Settings...** to expand the list and see all of the options.

Network Settings

- LAN IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is **192.168.0.1**. If you change the IP address, once you click **Save**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.
 - Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask of the router. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
 - ManagementThe default address to access the router's configuration isLink:http://dlinkrouter.local/ Here, you can replace dlinkrouter with a
name of your choice.
 - Local Domain Enter the domain name (optional). Name:
- Enable DNS Relay: Disable to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If enabled, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

D-Link DR-863 HW A2 FW 1.01	Home Settings Fea	itures Management
N	etwork	
the m	this section to configure the network settings for your device. You anagement link field, and use the link to access web UI in a web b ge the management link if there are more than one D-Link devices	browser. We recommend you
Settings >> Network		Save
Network Settings		
	LAN IP Address 192.168.0.1	
	Subnet Mask: 255 255 255 0	
	Management Link: http:// dlink/outer local/	
	Local Domain Name:	
	h-	
	Enable DNS Relay. Enabled	

Network (continued)

DHCP Server

Status: Enable or disable the DHCP server.

DHCP IP AddressEnter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server's IPRange:assignment.Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers
or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you

may have an IP conflict.

DHCP Lease Time: Enter the length of time for the IP address lease in minutes.

Always Broadcast: Enable this feature to broadcast your network's DHCP server to LAN/ WLAN clients.

Advanced Settings

- WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or Auto (recommended).
 - **UPnP:** Enable or disable Universal Plug and Play (UPnP). UPnP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software, and peripherals.
 - IPv4 Multicast Enable to allow IPv4 multicast traffic to pass through the router from Stream: the Internet.
 - IPv6 Multicast Enable to allow IPv6 multicast traffic to pass through the router from Stream: the Internet.

Status: Enabled
DHCP IP Address Range: 192 168.0. 100 to 192.168.0. 199
DHCP Lease Time: 10080 minutes
Always Broadcast [Distabled (compatibility for some DHCP Clients)

Advanced Settings	
WAN Port Speed.	Auto
UPnP	Disabled
IPv4 Multicast Streams	Disabled
IPv6 Multicast Streams	Dimabled

Features QoS Engine

This **Quality of Service (QoS) Engine** will allow you to prioritize particular clients over others, so that those clients receive higher bandwidth. For example, if one client is streaming a movie and another is downloading a non-urgent file, you might wish to assign the former device a higher priority than the latter so that the movie streaming is not disrupted by the traffic of the other devices on the network.

In the Features menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **QoS Engine**.

Under **Connected Clients**, you will see device cards representing each connected client. If some are off-screen, you can use the < and > buttons to scroll through the cards.

A maximum of **one** device can be assigned **Highest** priority.

A maximum of **two** devices can be assigned **High** priority.

A maximum of **eight** devices can be assigned **Medium** priority.

If no devices are explicitly assigned a priority, they will all be treated with equal priority. If some devices are not assigned a priority and others are, the unassigned devices will be treated with the lowest priority.

To assign a priority level to a device, drag the device card from the All Devices list over an empty slot and release the mouse button. The card will remain in the slot. If you want to remove a priority assignment from a device and return it to the All Devices list, click the cross icon in the top right of the device card.



	Connected Cl	lients	
400247PCWIN7 HON HAI PRECISIO 192.199.0.118			>
	Drag the device cards above to the	e priority boxes below.	
Highest	High	Medium	

Firewall

The router's firewall protects your network from malicious attacks over the Internet. In the Features menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Firewall**. Click **Advanced Settings...** to expand the list and see all of the options.

- **Enable DMZ:** Enable or disable Demilitarized Zone (DMZ). This completely exposes the client to threats over the Internet, and is not recommended in ordinary situations.
- **DMZ IP Address:** If you enabled DMZ, enter the IP address of the client you wish to expose, or use the drop-down menu to quickly select it.
- **Enable SPI IPv4:** Enabling Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) helps to prevent cyber attacks by validating that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.
- Enable Anti-Spoof Enable this feature to help protect your network from certain kinds Checking: of "spoofing" attacks.
 - IPv6 Simple Enable or disable IPv6 simple security. Security:
 - IPv6 Ingress Enable or disable IPv6 ingress filtering. Filtering:

D-Link DR-Bia HWA2 FW 1 01	Home	Settings	Feetures	Management
	rformance firewall fe		nitors Internet traffic, p	olecting your
Advanced >> Firewall Settings >> Advance	đ	IPv4 Rules	IPv6 Rules	Save
Enable	DMZ Enabled]		
DMZ IP Add	iress.		<< Computer Name	~
Enable SPt	IPvt Enabled]		
Enable Anti-apoot Che	dung Enabled]		
IPv6 Simple Ser	curity: Enabled]		
IPv6 Ingress Fit	loring. Enabled			
				Wanced Settings

Firewall Settings (continued)

Advanced Settings - Application Level Gateway (ALG) Configuration

- **PPTP:** Allows multiple machines on the LAN to connect to their corporate network using the PPTP protocol.
- **IPSec (VPN):** Allows multiple VPN clients to connect to their corporate network using IPSec. Some VPN clients support traversal of IPSec through NAT. This Application Level Gateway (ALG) may interfere with the operation of such VPN clients. If you are having trouble connecting with your corporate network, try turning this ALG off. Please check with the system administrator of your corporate network whether your VPN client supports NAT traversal.
 - **RTSP:** Allows applications that uses Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) to receive streaming media from the Internet.
 - SIP: Allows devices and applications using VoIP (Voice over IP) to communicate across NAT. Some VoIP applications and devices have the ability to discover NAT devices and work around them. This ALG may interfere with the operation of such devices. If you are having trouble making VoIP calls, try turning this ALG off.

Application Level Gateway (ALG) Configuration	
PPTP.	Enabled
IPSec (VPN):	Enabled
RTSP	Enabled .
SIP.	Enabled

IPv4/IPv6 Rules

The IPv4/IPv6 Rules section is an advanced option that lets you configure what kind of traffic is allowed to pass through the network. To configure the IPv4 rules, from the Firewall Settings page click **IPv4 Rules**. To configure IPv6 rules, from the Firewall Settings page click **IPv6 Rules**. To return to the main Firewall Settings page, click **Advanced**.

To begin, use the drop-down menu to select whether you want to **ALLOW** or **DENY** the rules you create. You can also choose to turn filtering **OFF**.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Rule** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

Source IP AddressEnter the source IP address range that the rule will apply to, and using
the drop-down menu, specify whether it is a WAN or LAN IP address.

Destination IPEnter the destination IP address range that the rule will apply to, andAddress Range:using the drop-down menu, specify whether it is a WAN or LAN IP
address.

- Protocol & Port Select the protocol of the traffic to allow or deny (Any, TCP, or UDP) Range: and then enter the range of ports that the rule will apply to.
 - Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the rule will be enabled for. The schedule may be set to **Always Enable**, or you can create your own schedules in the **Schedules** section. Refer to **Refer** to **Schedule** on page **72** for more information.



	Create New Rule		×	
	Name			icial adjustment
FT	Source IP Address Range:	WAN 🗸		
	Destination IP Address Range:	LAN		
Advanced >>	Protocol & Port Range:	тор 🗸		Save
Tum IPv6 Filte	Schedule:	Always Enable		
Na		Apply		

Port Forwarding

Port forwarding allows you to specify a port or range of ports to open for specific devices on the network. This might be necessary for certain applications to connect through the router. In the Features menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Port Forwarding**.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Rule** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

- Local IP: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. Alternatively, select the device from the drop-down menu.
- **TCP Port:** Enter the TCP ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a comma (for example: 24,1009,3000-4000).
- **UDP Port:** Enter the UDP ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a comma (for example: 24,1009,3000-4000).
- Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the rule will be enabled for. The schedule may be set to **Always Enable**, or you can create your own schedules in the **Schedules** section. Refer to **Schedule** on page **72** for more information.





Virtual Server

The virtual server allows you to specify a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP address and Private LAN port. To configure the virtual server, from the Port Forwarding page click **Virtual Server**. To return to the main Port Forwarding page, click **Port Forwarding**.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Rules** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:

- Name: Enter a name for the rule. Alternatively, select the protocol/Application from the drop-down menu.
- Local IP: Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. Alternatively, select the device from the drop-down menu.
- Protocol: Select the protocol of the traffic to allow or deny (TCP, UDP, Both, or Other).
- Protocol Number: If you entered **Other** above, enter the protocol number.
 - External Port: Enter the public port you want to open.
 - Internal Port: Enter the private port you want to open.
 - Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to select the time schedule that the rule will be enabled for. The schedule may be set to Always Enable, or you can create your own schedules in the Schedules section. Refer to Schedule on page 72 for more information.





Website Filter

The website filter settings allow you to block access to certain web sites. You can either create a list of sites to block, or create a list of sites to allow (with all other sites being blocked).

In the **Features** menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Website Filter**.

If you want to create a list of sites to block, select **DENY client access to ONLY these sites** from the drop-down menu. All other sites will be accessible. If you want to specify a list of sites to allow, select **ALLOW clients access to ONLY these sites** from the drop-down menu. All other sites will be blocked.

You may specify a maximum of twenty-four web sites. To add a new site to the list, click **Add Rule**. Next, under **Website URL/Domain** enter the URL or domain. If you wish to remove a rule, click on the corresponding trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, simply replace the URL or domain.

	Website Filter	
	The website filters teature allows rules to be set that restrict access to a sp blocks specified keywords in the URL. You can use Website Filter to restri and inappropriate websites.	
Advanced >> Website	Filter	Save
DENY clients access to Of	ILY these sites	
	Website URL/Domain	Delete

Static Routes

The Static Routes section allows you to define custom routes to control how data traffic is moved around your network.

In the Features menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Static Route**. To configure IPv6 rules, click **IPv6** and refer to **IPv6** on page **68**. To return to the main IPv4 static routes page, click **IPv4**.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on the corresponding trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Route** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:





- Name: Enter a name for the rule.
- **Destination** Enter the IP address of packets that will take this route. **Network:**
 - Mask: Enter the subnet mask of the route.
 - Gateway: Enter your next hop gateway to be taken if this route is used.
 - Metric: Enter a route metric value ranging from **0** to **15**. This value indicates the cost of using this route.
 - **Interface:** Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.

IPv6

To configure IPv6 rules, on the Static Routes page click **IPv6**. To return to the main IPv4 static routes page, click **IPv4**.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Rules** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:

Name: Enter a name for the rule.

- **DestNetwork:** This is the IP address of the router used to reach the specified destination.
 - **PrefixLen:** Enter the IPv6 address prefix length of the packets that will take this route.
 - Gateway: Enter your next hop gateway to be taken if this route is used.
 - Metric: Enter a route metric value ranging from **0** to **15**. This value indicates the cost of using this route.
 - **Interface:** Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.

		Static	Routes				
	R		to the Internet, your Static routes can ove				
Advanced	>> Static R	toutes >> IPv6				IPv4	Save
Status	Name	DestNetwork	PrefixLen	Gateway	Metric	Interface	Edit Delete

	Create New Route	×			
	Name:				ne where traffic pecific client or
	DestNetwork:		}-		
	Prefixt.en:				
Advanced >> 5	Gateway:				
Status Na	Metric:				dit Delete
Add Route	Interface:	WAN	~		
		Apply			
					10-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-

Dynamic DNS

Most Internet Service Providers (ISPs) assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a dynamic DNS service provider, people can enter your domain name in their web browser to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

In the Features menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Dynamic DNS**.

- **Enable Dynamic** Enable or disable dynamic DNS. Enabling this feature will reveal **DNS:** further configuration options.
 - Status: Displays the current dynamic DNS connection status.
- Server Address: Enter the address of your dynamic DNS server, or select one from the drop-down menu.
 - **Host Name:** Enter the host name that you registered with your dynamic DNS service provider.
 - User Name: Enter your dynamic DNS username.
 - Password: Enter your dynamic DNS password.
 - Time Out: Enter a time out time (in hours).
 - Click Save when you are done.

At the bottom of the page are the IPv6 host settings. To configure an IPv6 dynamic DNS host, refer to **IPv6 Host** on page **70**.

	Dynamic I	DNS		
Cinttp://Betty.dlink.com	Dynamic Domain Name Se as [YourDomainName] con	invice allows your router to asso in with the regularly changing IP phil when running a virtual serve	address assigned by your li	
Advanced >> Dynamic C	INS			Save
	Enable Dynamic DNS.	Enabled		
	Status:	Disconnected		
	Server Address.	dyndmi com	dlinkddns.com	~
	Host Name:		1	
	User Name:		1	
		24		
	Password.		nours	
	Passivoti	24		

IPv6 Host

The IPv6 host settings are found at the bottom of the Dynamic DNS page.

If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the Edit column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Record** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following options will appear:

IPv6 Address: Enter the IPv6 address of the dynamic DNS server. Alternatively, select the server device in the drop-down menu.

Dinttp://Betty.0	Create New R	ecord		×	Service provider
M. N.	Host Name				
Advanced >> E	IPv6 Address		<< Computer Name	~	Save
		Apply			

Host Name: Enter the host name that you registered with your dynamic DNS service provider.

Management Time & Schedule Time

The **Time** page allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From here you can set the time zone, the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server, and enable or disable daylight saving time.

In the Management menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Time & Schedule**.

Time Configuration

Time Zone: Select your time zone from the drop-down menu.

Time: Displays the current date and time of the router.

Enable Daylight Enable or disable daylight saving time. Saving:

Automatic Time Configuration

Update Time
Using an NTPEnable or disable to allow an NTP server on the Internet to synchronize
the time and date with your router. If you enable this option, select
an NTP server from the drop-down menu. To configure the router's
time and date manually, disable this option and use the drop-down
menus that appear to input the time and date.

Click Save when you are done.

To configure and manage your schedules, click **Schedule** and refer to **Schedule** on page **72**.

D-Link H	lome	Settings	Fe	atures	Management
Time					
Your router's internal cic synchronized with a pub					te and time can be
Management >> System Time			S	ichedule	Save
Time Configuration					
Time Zor	ie: (GMT) G	reenwich Mean Ti	me : Dublin, Edi	nburgh, Lisbon,	~
Ter	ne: 2018/01/16	07:08:21 AM			
Enable Daylight Savin	g: Enabled				
Enable Daylight Save	ig: Enabled				

utomatic Time Configuration		
Update Time Using an NTP Server	Enabled	
NTP Server:	D-Link NTP Server	D-Link NTP Server

Automatic Time Configuration							
Update Time Using		Disat	bled				
Manual Time Configuration							
	Date:	2017	~	03	~	15 🗸	(Year/ Month/ Day)
	Time:	11	~	00	~	(Hour/ Minute)	

Schedule

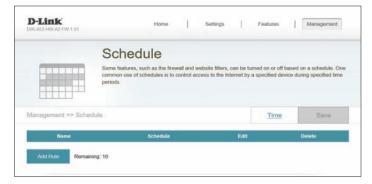
Some router functions can be controlled through a pre-configured schedule. To create, edit, or delete schedules, from the Time page click **Schedule**. To return to the Time page, click **Time**.

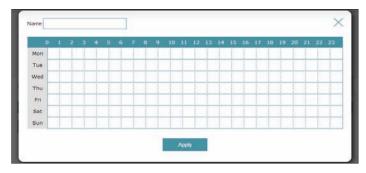
If you wish to remove a rule, click on its trash can icon in the Delete column. If you wish to edit a rule, click on its pencil icon in the **Edit** column. If you wish to create a new rule, click the **Add Rule** button. Click **Save** when you are done. If you edit or create a rule, the following screen will appear:

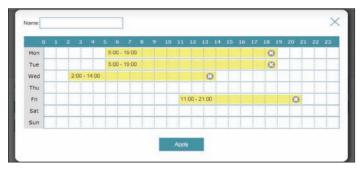
First, enter the name of your schedule in the Name field.

Each box represents one hour, with the time at the top of each column. To add a time period to the schedule, simply click on the starting hour and drag to the ending hour. You can add multiple days to the schedule.

To remove a time period from the schedule, click on the X icon.







System Log

The router keeps a running log of events. This log can be sent to a Syslog server, or sent to your email address. In the Management menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **System Log**.

Log Settings

System Log Click the Check System Log button to download a text file containing the system log.

SysLog Settings

Enable Logging to Check this box to send the router logs to a SysLog Server. Syslog Server:

If Logging to the Syslog Server is Enabled:

Syslog Server IPEnter the IP address for the Syslog server. If the Syslog server isAddress:connected to the extender, select it from the drop-down menu to
automatically populate the field.

Email Settings

Enable E-mail Enable this option if you want the logs to be automatically sent to **Notification:** an email address.

If E-mail notification is Enabled:

From E-mail Enter the email address your SysLog messages will be sent from. Address:

To E-mail Address: Enter the email address your SysLog messages will be sent to.

SMTP Server Enter your SMTP server address. Address:

D-Link DIR-653 HW A2 FW: 1.01	Ho	me	Settings	1	Features	1	Management
5	System L	og					
: () *	n-board diagnostics run re recorded in the system elp Customer Support re	n log if it is enal	bled. This info o				
Management >> System Lo	29						Save
Log Settings							
		Check	System Log				

15852011	Server IP Address	<< Computer Name	~
E-mail Settings			
Enable 8	E-mail Notification: Enabled		
Fro	m E-mail Address:		
т	To E-mail Address		
SMT	P Server Address		
s	SMTP Server Port		
Enat	ble Authentication: Enabled		
	Account Name		
	Password:		

System Log (continued)

SMTP Server Port: Enter your SMTP server port.

Enable Check this box if your SMTP server requires authentication. **Authentication**:

Account Name: Enter your SMTP account name.

Password: Enter your SMTP account's password

E-mail Log When Full or On Schedule

- Send When Log If enabled, this option will set the router to send the log when it is full. Full:
- Send on Schedule: If enabled, this option will set the router to send according to a set schedule.
 - Schedule: If you enable Send On Schedule, use the drop-down menu to select a schedule to apply. The schedule may be set to Always Enable, or you can create your own schedules in the Schedules section. Refer to Schedule on page 72 for more information.

Enable Logging to Syslog Server:	Enabled	
SysLog Server IP Address	~	Computer Name
E-mail Settings		
Enable E-mail Notification:	Enabled	
From E-mail Address		
To E-mail Address:		
SMTP Server Address		
SMTP Server Port		
Enable Authentication	Enabled	
Account Name		
Password:		
E-mail Log When Full or On Schedule		
Send When Log Full	Enabled	
Send on Schedule:	Enabled	

System Admin

This page will allow you to change the administrator (Admin) password and enable remote management. In the Management menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **System Admin**. To load, save, reset settings, or reboot the router, click **System** and refer to **Schedule** on page **72**.

Admin Password

- **Password:** Enter a new password for the administrator account. You will need to enter this password whenever you configure the router using a web browser.
- Enable Graphical Enables a challenge-response test to require users to type letters or numbers from a distorted image displayed on the screen to prevent online hackers and unauthorized users from gaining access to your router's network settings.

Advanced Settings - Administration

- Enable HTTPS
 Check to enable HTTPS to connect to the router securely. Instead of using
 Server: http://dlinkrouter.local./, you must use https://dlinkrouter.local./ in order to connect to the router.
- **Enable Remote** Management: Remote management allows the DIR-1360 to be configured from the Internet by a web browser. A password is still required to access the web management interface.
- Remote Admin The port number used to access the DIR-1360 is used in the URL. Example:
 Port: http://x.x.x.x8080 where x.x.x.x is the WAN IP address of the DIR-1360 and 8080 is the port used for the web management interface.
 Note: If you enabled Use HTTPS and wish to access the router remotely and securely, you must enter https:// at the beginning of the address.

D-Link DIR-853 HW-A2 FW-1.01	Home	j)	Settings	3	Features	Management
Admi	n					
The admin as account a stre		all router s	ettings. To k	eep your ro	uter secure, yo	w should give the admin
Managoment >> Admin					System	Save
Admin Password						
	Password .					
Enable Graphical Authentication	(САРТСНА)	Enabled				Advanced Settings
Administration						
Enable H	TTPS Server	Enabled				
Enable Remote I	Management	Enabled				

System

This page allows you to save the router's current configuration, load a previously saved configuration, reset the router to its factory default settings, or reboot the router.

From the Admin page, click **System**. To return to the Admin page, click **Admin**.

System

Save Settings To This option will save the current router configuration settings to a file Local Hard Drive: on your computer.

Load Settings This option will load a previously saved router configuration file. This will **From Local Hard** overwrite the router's current configuration. **Drive:**

Restore To Factory This option will restore all configuration settings back to the settings that **Default Settings:** were in effect at the time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you want to save the current router configuration settings, use the Save Settings To Local Hard Drive button above.

Auto Reboot Configuration

- **Reboot The** Click to reboot the router immediately. **Device:**
- Auto Reboot: You may set the DIR-1360 to automatically reboot at a set time. The options are Never, Daily, Weekly. You may set the hour using a 24 hour format, the minute, and the day you wish to have the DIR-1360 automatically reboot.

D-Link DIR-853 HW A2 FW-1 01	Home	Settings	1	Features	1	Management
System						
This page lots you sa your router to factory factory defaults will en	default settings, or	reboot the devi	ice. Pleas	se note that res		
Management >> System				Admin		Sava
Management >> System System				Admin		Sava
	Drive:	Save		Admin	1	Sava
System		Save Noct File		Admin		Save



Auto Reboot Configuration			
Reboot The Device	R	Reboot	
Auto Reboot	Daily	~	
Time	00	✓ 00	(Hour/ Minute)



Upgrade

This page will allow you to upgrade the router's firmware, either automatically or manually. To manually upgrade the firmware, you must first download the relevant file from **http://support.dlink.com**.

In the Management menu on the bar on the top of the page, click Upgrade.

Firmware Information

- Current Firmware The current firmware's version and date will be displayed. Version/Date :
 - **Check for New** Click this button to prompt the router to automatically check for a new **Firmware:** firmware version. If a newer version is found, it will prompt you to install it.

Upgrade Manually

Upgrade Firmware: If you wish to upgrade manually, first download the firmware file you wish to upgrade to. Next, click the **Upgrade Firmware** button and browse to the file to install the new firmware. You can also browse to a language pack file to install a new language pack.

	Upgrade
	Your router can automatically detect firmware updates, but requires your authorization to install them. It is also possible to check for new firmware manually, upgrade firmware from a local file.
FW	Permeate may use code that is subject to the GPL locenses. For more information, visit http://tsd.dlink.com.hetGPL.asp.
Management >> Upgra	de
Firmware	
	Current Firmware Version: 1.01
	Current Firmware Date: 2018-01-19T21:51:03
	Check for New Firmware
Upgrade Manually	

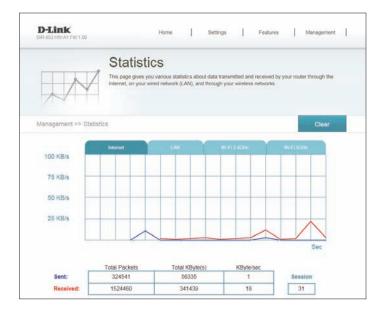
Statistics

On the **Statistics** page you can view the amount of packets that pass through the router on the WAN, LAN, and wireless segments.

In the Management menu on the bar on the top of the page, click **Statistics**.

You can view the **Internet**, **LAN**, **Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz**, or **Wi-Fi 5 GHz** by clicking on the respective tabs at the top. The graph will update in real time. To clear the information on the graph, click **Clear**.

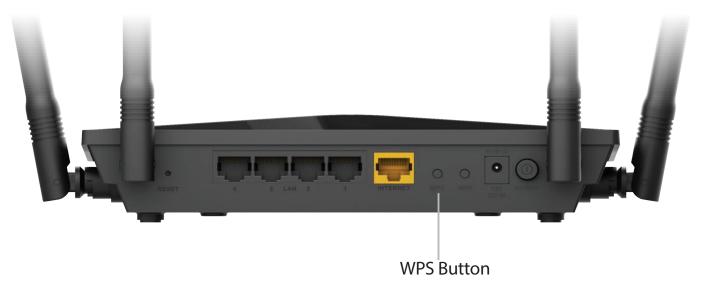
The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.



Connect a Wireless Client to your Router WPS Button

The easiest and most secure way to connect your wireless devices to the router is with WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Most wireless devices such as wireless adapters, media players, Blu-ray DVD players, wireless printers and cameras will have a WPS button (or a software utility with WPS) that you can press to connect to the DIR-1360 router. Please refer to your user manual for the wireless device you want to connect to make sure you understand how to enable WPS. Once you know, follow the steps below:

Step 1 - Press the WPS button on the DIR-1360 for about 1 second. The LED on the front will start to blink.



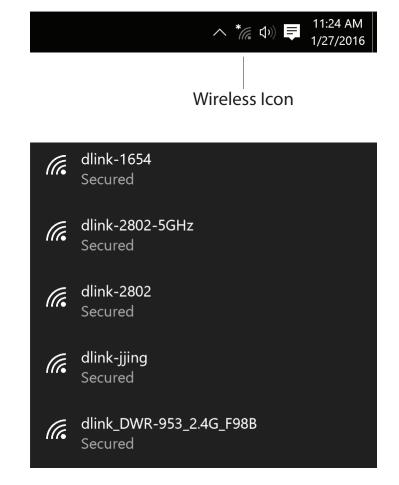
- **Step 2** Within 2 minutes, press the WPS button on your wireless device (or launch the software utility and start the WPS process).
- **Step 3** Allow up to 1 minute for your connection to be configured. Once the Internet light stops blinking, you will be connected and your wireless connection will be encrypted with WPA2.

Windows® 10

When connecting to the DIR-1360 wirelessly for the first time, you will need to input the wireless network name (SSID) and Wi-Fi password (security key) of the device you are connecting to. If your product has a Wi-Fi configuration card, you can find the default network name and Wi-Fi password here. Otherwise refer to the product label for the default Wi-Fi network SSID and password, or enter the Wi-Fi credentials set during the product configuration.

To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar, next to the time display and click on it.

Clicking on this icon will display a list of wireless networks which are within range of your computer. Select the desired network by clicking on the SSID.

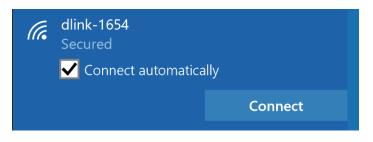


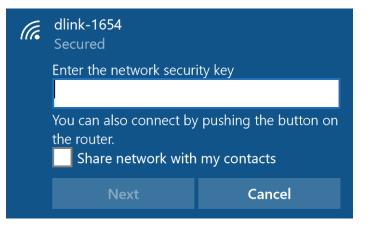
To connect to the SSID, click **Connect.**

To automatically connect with the router when your device next detects the SSID, click the **Connect Automatically** check box.

You will then be prompted to enter the Wi-Fi password (network security key) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next** to connect to the network. Your computer will now automatically connect to this wireless network when it is detected.

You can also use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the router. Press the WPS button on your D-Link device and you will be automatically connected.

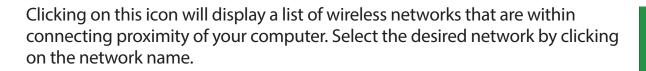




Windows[®] 8 WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key (Wi-Fi password) being used.

To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar next to the time display.





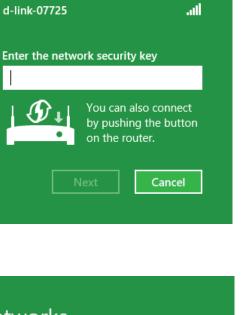


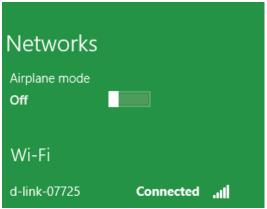
Section 6- Connecting a Wireless Client

You will then be prompted to enter the network security key (Wi-Fi password) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next**.

If you wish to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the router, you can also press the WPS button on your router during this step to enable the WPS function.

When you have established a successful connection to a wireless network, the word **Connected** will appear next to the name of the network to which you are connected to.





• Networks

Windows[®] 7 WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

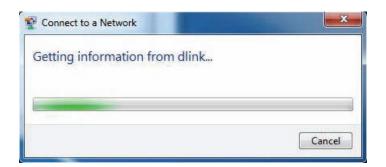


Highlight the wireless connection with Wi-Fi name (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.



The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.



Enter the same security key or passphrase (Wi-Fi password) that is on your router and click **Connect**. You can also connect by pushing the WPS button on the router.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as the one on the wireless router.

ype the networ	k security key	
Security key:	1	
	Hide characters	
	You can also connect by pushing the button on the router.	

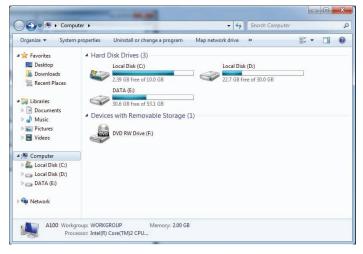
WPS

The WPS feature of the DIR-1360 can be configured using Windows[®] 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows[®] 7 to configure the WPS feature:

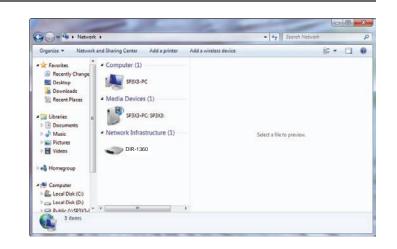
Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



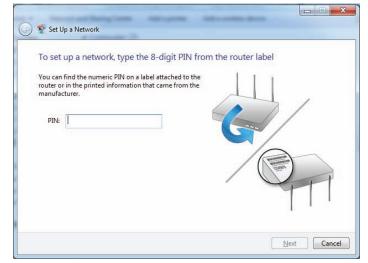
Click Network on the left side.



Double-click the DIR-1360.



Input the WPS PIN number (on the router label) in the **Setup** > **Wireless Setup** menu in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.



Type a name to identify the network.

길 👰 Set Up a Network	
Give your network a name	
Your network needs a unique name so characters or less) and recognizable.	that it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
Type your network name:	Security-enabled network
D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
Change passphrase, security level and e	encryption type (advanced): 🥥
😵 Upgrade or replace the router using	g the network settings stored on this computer
	Next Cancel

To configure advanced settings, click the \bigotimes icon.

Click Next to continue.

\bigcirc	💇 Set Up a Network						
	Give your network a name						
	Your network needs a unique name so that it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25 characters or less) and recognizable.						
	Type your network name:	Security-enabled network					
	D-Link_Net	Vet Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.					
	Change passphrase, security level and encryption type (advanced):						
	f6mm-gizb-9vmv	WPA2-Personal (Recommended)					
	Connect automatically Upgrade or replace the router using the netw	Encryption type: AES (Recommended)					
		Next Cancel					

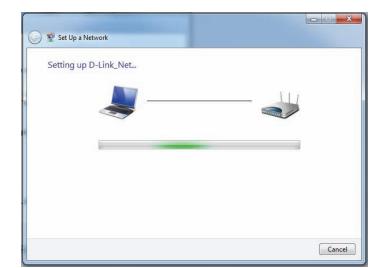
The following window appears while the DIR-1360 is being configured.

Wait for the configuration to complete.

The following window informs you that WPS on the DIR-1360 has been set up successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.



D-Link_N	et has been successfully	r set up	
To add an o	der wireless device to this netw	ork, you might need to provide	this security key
	8	94g-eyd5-g5wb	
You can <u>prir</u>	t these network settings for fut	ure reference.	
For gaming easier set up		Windows XP, <u>copy the networ</u>	<u>k profile to a USB drive</u> for

Windows Vista®

Windows Vista[®] users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's wireless utility, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help connecting to a wireless network. Most wireless utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista[®] utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.





WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

Open the Windows Vista[®] Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.

Highlight the Wi-Fi name (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.





Enter the same security key or passphrase (Wi-Fi password) that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as the one on the wireless router.

Type	the network security key or passphrase for Candy
	rson who setup the network can give you the key or passphrase.
Securit	y key or passphrase:
🕅 Disp	play characters
4	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with network settings for Candy, insert it now.

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-1360. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. The examples below are illustrated in Windows[®] XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to these examples.

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (**192.168.0.1** for example), you are not connecting to a website, nor do you have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer® 10 or higher
 - Mozilla Firefox 28 or higher
 - Google[™] Chrome 28 or higher
 - Apple Safari 6 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable, or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as ZoneAlarm, BlackICE, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows[®] XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel. Double-click the Internet Options Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. This process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is **192.168.0.1**. When logging in, leave the password box empty.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows[®] 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows[®] NT, 2000, XP, Vista[®], and 7 users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

```
ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]
```

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss)
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
                                                                     132ms
     Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average
C:∖>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on **Setup** and then click **Manual Configure**.
- To change the MTU, enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business, or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when, and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people work, and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A wireless router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similarly to how cordless phones work, through radio signals that transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networksl: Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, university and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power. This makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home Uses/Benefits

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office Uses/Benefits

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere, not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link USB adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to the Internet from remote locations like: airports, hotels, coffee shops, libraries, restaurants, and convention centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or access point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let your next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to the product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- **Ad-hoc** Directly connecting to another computer for peer-to-peer communication using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DIR-1360 wireless network USB adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an access point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An ad-hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless USB adapters. All the adapters must be in ad-hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

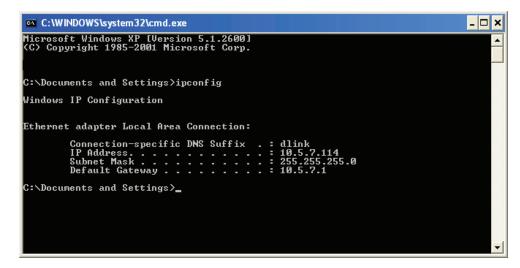
After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

In Windows, type *cmd* in the **Start Search** box and click **OK**.

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press Enter.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-1360 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Technical Specifications

Device Interfaces

- Wireless Interface (2.4 GHz): IEEE 802.11 b/g/n
- Wireless Interface (5 GHz): IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac
- Four 10/100/1000 Mbps LAN ports
- One 10/100/1000 Mbps WAN port

Antenna Types

Four fixed external antennas

Standards

- IEEE 802.11ac^{1,2,3}
- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11a
- IEEE 802.11d
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3ab

Security

- WPA[™] Personal
- WPA2[™] Personal
- Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) PIN/PBC

Power

- Input: 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz
- Output: 12 V DC, 1 A

Temperature

- Operating: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104 °F)
- Storage: -20 to 65 °C (-4 to 149 °F)

Humidity

- Operating: 10% to 90% maximum, non-condensing
- Storage: 5% to 95% maximum, non-condensing

Certifications

- NCC
- BSMI
- IРvб
- Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)
- Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)

Dimensions & Weight

- L x W x H: 250 x 235 x 36 mm (9.8 x 9.25 x 1.4 in)
- 253 g (0.51 lbs)

1 Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11n, and 802.11ac specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range. 2 Frequency Range varies depending on country's regulation.

3 The DIR-1360 does not include 5.25-5.35 GHz & 5.47-5.725 GHz in some regions.

Regulatory Information

Industry Canada statement:

This device complies with ISED's licence-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'ISED applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

Caution :

(i) the device for operation in the band 5150-5250 MHz is only for indoor use to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems;

(ii) where applicable, antenna type(s), antenna models(s), and worst-case tilt angle(s) necessary to remain compliant with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask requirement set forth in section 6.2.2.3 shall be clearly indicated.

Avertissement:

(i) les dispositifs fonctionnant dans la bande 5150-5250 MHz sont réservés uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux;

(ii) lorsqu'il y a lieu, les types d'antennes (s'il y en a plusieurs), les numéros de modèle de l'antenne et les pires angles d'inclinaison nécessaires pour rester conforme à l'exigence de la p.i.r.e. applicable au masque d'élévation, énoncée à la section 6.2.2.3, doivent être clairement indiqués.

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with greater than 33cm between the radiator & your body.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements ISED établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé à plus de 33 cm entre le radiateur et votre corps.

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 29cm between the radiator & your body.

NCC 警語:

以下警語適用台灣地區

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條: 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變 更原設計之特性及功能。

第十四條:低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至 無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信,指依電信法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工 業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

無線傳輸設備 (UNII)

在 5.25-5.35 秭赫頻帶內操作之無線資訊傳輸設備,限於室內使用。無線資訊傳輸設備忍受合法通信之干擾且不得干擾合法通信;如造成干擾,應立即停用,俟無干擾之虞,始得繼續使用。無線資訊傳設備的製造廠商應確保頻率穩定性,如依製造廠商使用手冊上所述正常操作,發射的信號應維持於操作頻帶中。 電磁波曝露量MPE標準值(MPE) 1 mW/cm²,送測產品實值為 0 mW/cm²