

# USER MANUAL

DIR-665

VERSION 1.0



**D-Link**

**WIRELESS**

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## Package Contents

- D-Link DIR-665 Xtreme N450 Router
- 3 Detachable Antennas
- Power Adapter
- CAT5 Ethernet Cable
- CD-ROM with Installation Wizard, User Manual, and Special Offers



**Note:** Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-665 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

## System Requirements

- Ethernet-based Cable or DSL Modem
- Computers with Windows®, Macintosh®, or Linux-based operating systems with an installed Ethernet adapter
- Internet Explorer Version 6.0, Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0), or Firefox 1.5 and above (for configuration)
- Installation Wizard requires Windows® XP with Service Pack 2

## Introduction

### **TOTAL PERFORMANCE**

Combines award winning router features and Draft 802.11n wireless technology to provide the best wireless performance

### **TOTAL SECURITY**

The most complete set of security features including Active Firewall and WPA2 to protect your network against outside intruders

### **TOTAL COVERAGE**

Provides greater wireless signal rates even at farther distances for best-in-class Whole Home Coverage

### **ULTIMATE PERFORMANCE**

The D-Link Xtreme N450 Router (DIR-665) is a draft 802.11n compliant device that delivers real world performance of up to 650% faster than an 802.11g wireless connection (also faster than a 100Mbps wired Ethernet connection). Create a secure wireless network to share photos, files, music, video, printers, and network storage throughout your home. Connect the Xtreme N450 Router to a cable or DSL modem and share your high-speed Internet access with everyone on the network. In addition, this Router includes a Quality of Service (QoS) engine that keeps digital phone calls (VoIP) and online gaming smooth and responsive, providing a better Internet experience.

### **EXTENDED WHOLE HOME COVERAGE**

Powered by Xtreme N™ technology, this high performance router provides superior Whole Home Coverage while reducing dead spots. The Xtreme N450 Router is designed for use in bigger homes and for users who demand higher performance networking. Add an Xtreme N™ notebook or desktop adapter and stay connected to your network from virtually anywhere in your home.

### **TOTAL NETWORK SECURITY**

The Xtreme N450 Router supports all of the latest wireless security features to prevent unauthorized access, be it from over the wireless network or from the Internet. Support for WPA and WEP standards ensure that you'll be able to use the best possible encryption method, regardless of your client devices. In addition, this Xtreme N450 Router utilizes dual active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks from across the Internet.

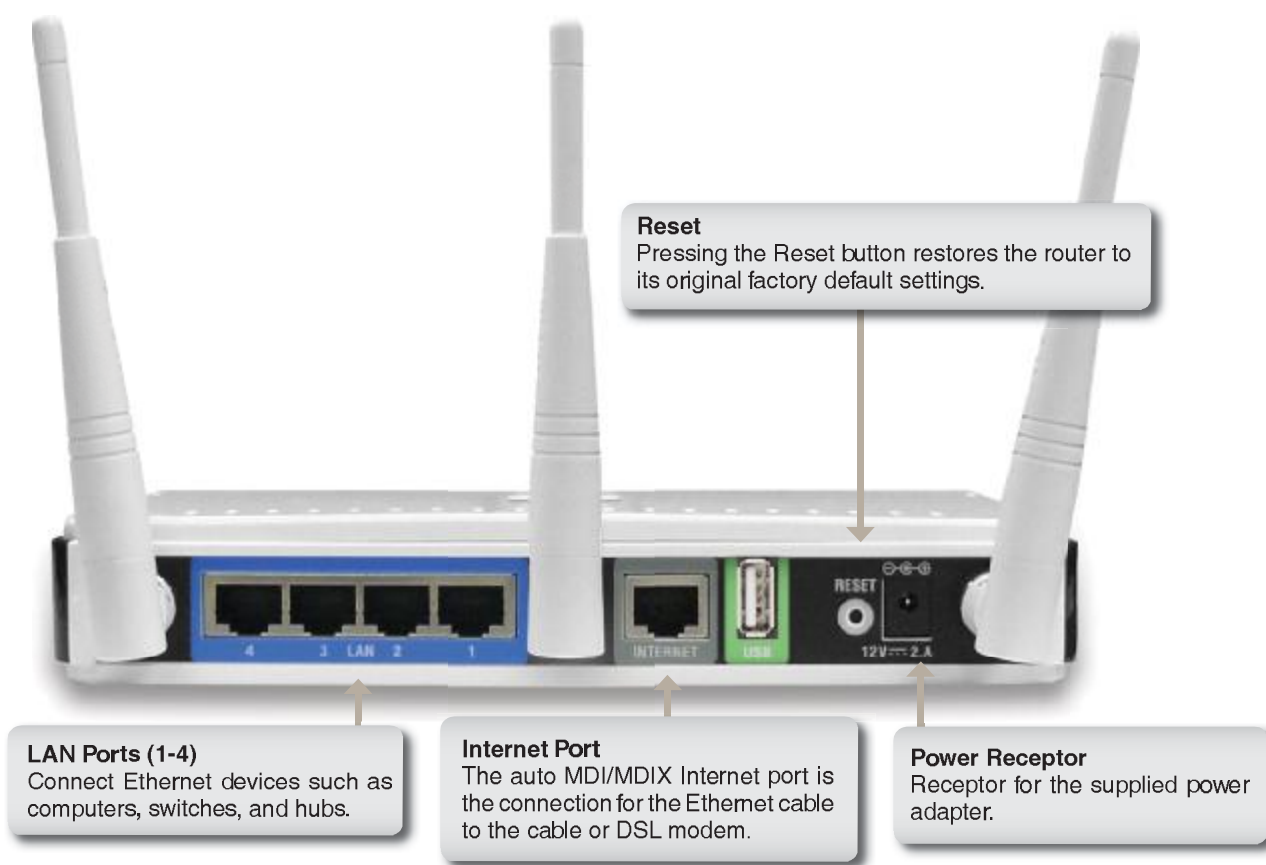
\* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

## Features

- **Faster Wireless Networking** - The DIR-665 provides up to 450Mbps\* wireless connection with other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online such as: video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio. The performance of this 802.11n wireless router gives you the freedom of wireless networking at speeds 650% faster than 802.11g.
- **Compatible with 802.11g Devices** - The DIR-665 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g standard, so it can connect with existing 802.11g PCI, USB and FireWire adapters.
- **Advanced Firewall Features** - The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
  - **Content Filtering** - Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
  - **Filter Scheduling** - These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
  - **Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions** - The DIR-665 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-665 can securely access corporate networks.
- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** - Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-665 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

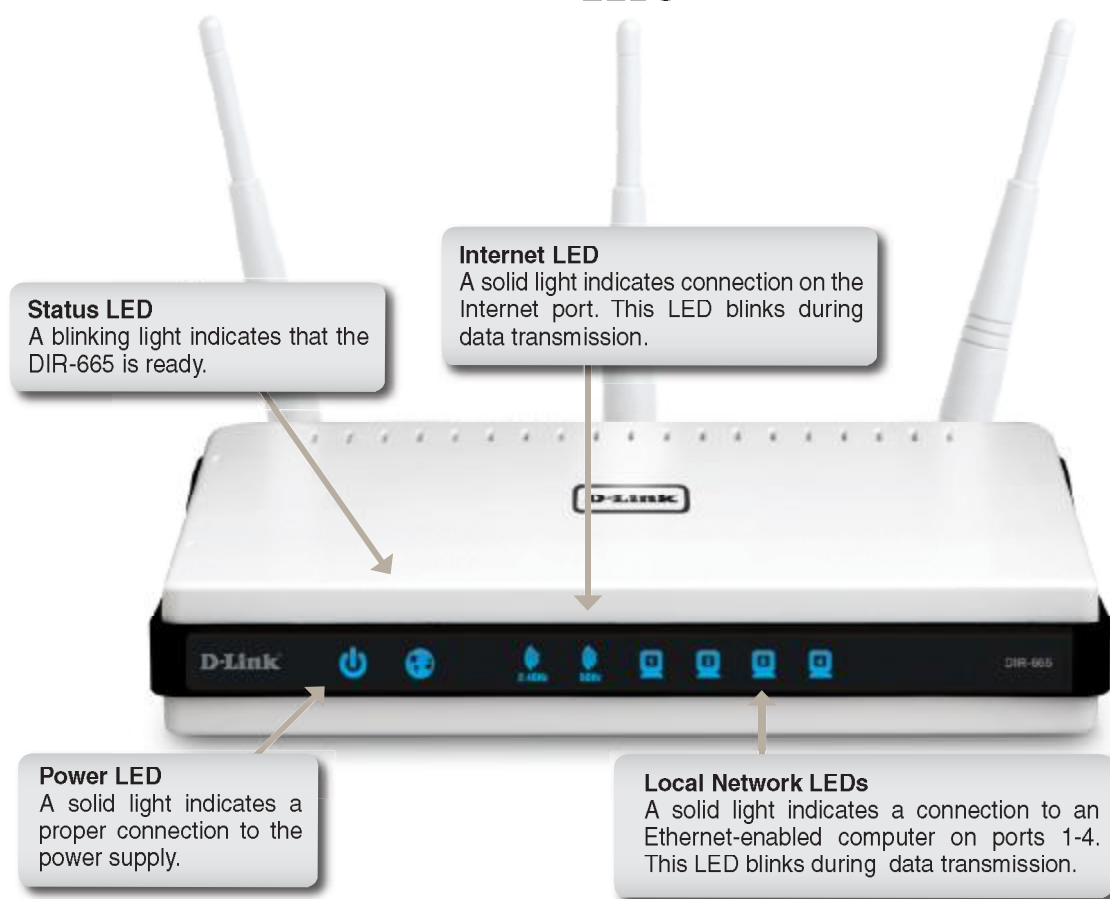
\* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

## Hardware Overview Connections



## Hardware Overview

### LEDs





# Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

## Before you Begin

Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. Also, you can only use the Ethernet port on your modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, then you must turn off your modem, disconnect the USB cable and connect an Ethernet cable to the Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change connection types (USB to Ethernet).

If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, make sure you disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer or you will not be able to connect to the Internet.

## Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum since each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building Materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

## Getting Started

The DIR-665 includes a Quick Router Setup Wizard CD. Follow the simple steps below to run the Setup Wizard and guide you quickly through the installation process.

Insert the **Quick Router Setup Wizard CD** in the CD-ROM drive. The step-by-step instructions that follow are shown in Windows® XP. The steps and screens are similar to other Windows operating systems.

If the CD Autorun function does not automatically start on your computer, go to **Start > Run**. In the run box type "**D:\DIR665.exe**" (where **D:** represents the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive).

When the autorun screen appears, click **Install Router**.



**Note:** It is recommended to write down the SSID and Security Key, followed by the login password on the provided CD holder.

# Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

## Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).



Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.



If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

## Setup Wizard

You may click **Setup Wizard** to quickly configure your router.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Configuration** and skip to page 17.

Click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to begin.



If you want to configure your wireless settings, click on **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** and skip to page 60.



Section 3 - Configuration

Click **Next** to continue.



Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.



Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.



Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.



### Section 3 - Configuration

If you selected Dynamic, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

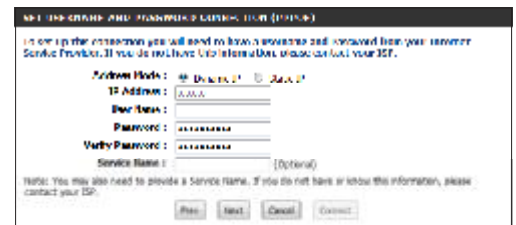
The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.



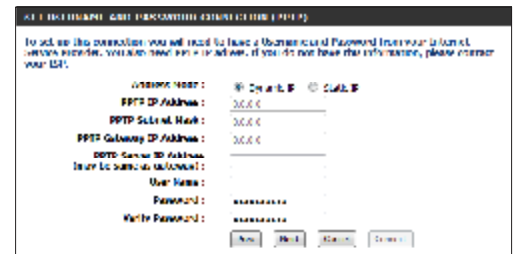
If you selected PPPoE, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

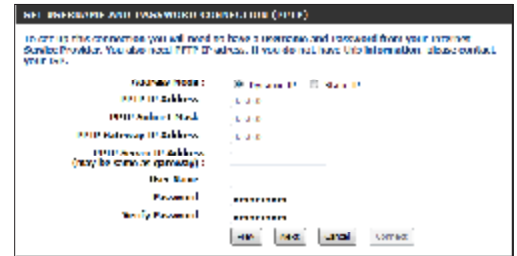
**Note:** Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.



If you selected PPTP, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.



If you selected L2TP, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.



If you selected Static, enter your network settings supplied by your Internet provider. Click **Next** to continue.



Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router is finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.



Close your browser window and reopen it to test your Internet connection. It may take a few tries to initially connect to the Internet.



## Manual Configuration Dynamic (Cable)

**My Internet Connection:** Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for Cable modem services.

**Enable Advanced DNS:** Advanced Domain Name System (DNS) services enhances your Internet performance by getting you the information and web pages you are looking for faster and more reliably. In addition, it improves your overall Internet experience by correcting many common typo mistakes automatically, taking you where you intended to go and saving you valuable time.

**Host Name:** The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs.

**Use Unicasting:** Check the box if you are having problems obtaining an IP address from your ISP.

**DNS Addresses:** Enter the Primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP.

**MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

**MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

**INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE**

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : Dynamic IP (DHCP)

**ADVANCED DNS SERVICE**

Advanced DNS is a free security option that provides Anti-Phishing to protect your Internet connection from fraud and navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URL typos.

Enable Advanced DNS Service :

**DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :**

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name :

DHCP routing option :

Use Unicasting :  (compatibility for some DHCP Servers)

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address :

MTU : 1500 (bytes) (4096 default) - 1500

MAC Address : 00:10:00:24:00:00

## Internet Setup PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

**My Internet Connection:** Select **PPPoE (Username/Password)** from the drop-down menu.

**Address Mode:** Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

**User Name:** Enter your PPPoE user name.

**Password:** Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the next box.

**Service Name:** Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

**Reconnection Mode:** Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

**Maximum Idle Time:** Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPPoE only).

**DNS Addresses:** Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

**MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

**MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

## Internet Setup PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol ) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

**Address Mode:** Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

**Enable Advanced DNS Service:** Advanced Domain Name System (DNS) services enhances your Internet performance by getting you the information and web pages you are looking for faster and more reliably. In addition, it improves your overall Internet experience by correcting many common typo mistakes automatically, taking you where you intended to go and saving you valuable time.

**PPTP IP Address:** Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

**PPTP Subnet Mask:** Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static PPTP only).

**PPTP Gateway:** Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

**PPTP Server IP:** Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

**Username:** Enter your PPTP username.

**Password:** Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the next box.

**Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

The screenshot shows the 'INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' configuration page. It is set to 'PPTP (Username/Password)'. Below this is the 'ADVANCED DNS SERVICE' section, which includes a description of Advanced DNS and an unchecked checkbox for 'Enable Advanced DNS Service'. The 'PPTP' section is active and contains the following fields: 'Address Mode' (Dynamic IP selected), 'PPTP IP Address' (2.0.0.0), 'PPTP Subnet Mask' (2.0.0.0), 'PPTP Gateway IP Address' (2.0.0.0), 'PPTP Server IP Address' (empty), 'Username' (empty), 'Password' (masked with asterisks), 'Verify Password' (masked with asterisks), 'Reconnect Mode' (Always-on selected), 'Maximum Idle Time' (5 minutes), 'Primary DNS Address' (2.0.0.0), 'Secondary DNS Address' (2.0.0.0), 'MTU' (1400), and 'MAC Address' (00:08:76:21:08). A button labeled 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address' is located at the bottom of the MAC Address field.

**Maximum Idle Time:** Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

**DNS Servers:** The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

**MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

**MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

## Internet Setup L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

**Enable Advanced DNS Service:** Advanced Domain Name System (DNS) services enhances your Internet performance by getting you the information and web pages you are looking for faster and more reliably. In addition, it improves your overall Internet experience by correcting many common typo mistakes automatically, taking you where you intended to go and saving you valuable time.

**Address Mode:** Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

**L2TP IP Address:** Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).

**L2TP Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static only).

**L2TP Gateway:** Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

**L2TP Server IP:** Enter the Server IP provided by your ISP (optional).

**Username:** Enter your L2TP username.

**Password:** Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the next box.

**Reconnect Mode:** Select either **Always-on**, **On-Demand**, or **Manual**.

The screenshot shows the 'INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE' configuration page. Under 'INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE', 'L2TP (Username / Password)' is selected. The 'ADVANCED DNS SERVICE' section has 'Enable Advanced DNS Service' checked. The 'L2TP' section contains the following fields and values:

- Address Mode:  Dynamic IP  Static IP
- L2TP IP Address: 0.0.0.0
- L2TP Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
- L2TP Gateway IP Address: 0.0.0.0
- L2TP Server IP Address: (empty)
- Username: (empty)
- Password: (masked with asterisks)
- Verify Password: (masked with asterisks)
- Reconnect Mode:  Always  On Demand  Manual
- Maximum Idle Time: 5 (minutes, 0-infinite)
- Primary DNS Address: 0.0.0.0
- Secondary DNS Address: 0.0.0.0
- MTU: 1452 (bytes) (MTU default = 1400)
- MAC Address: 00:18:76:02:48:18
- Buttons: 'Clone Your PC's MAC Address' and 'OK'

**Maximum Idle Time:** Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

**DNS Servers:** Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS Server Addresses (Static L2TP only).

**MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

**Clone MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

## Internet Setup Static (assigned by ISP)

Select Static IP Address if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The Router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

**Enable Advanced DNS Service:** Advanced Domain Name System (DNS) services enhances your Internet performance by getting you the information and web pages you are looking for faster and more reliably. In addition, it improves your overall Internet experience by correcting many common typo mistakes automatically, taking you where you intended to go and saving you valuable time.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.

**Default Gateway:** Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

**DNS Servers:** The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider.)

**MTU:** Maximum Transmission Unit - you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

**MAC Address:** The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC Address** button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

**INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE**  
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.  
My Internet Connection is: Static IP

**ADVANCED DNS SERVICE**  
Advanced DNS is a free security option that provides Anti Phishing to protect your Internet connection from fraud and navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URI typos.  
Enable Advanced DNS Service:

**STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :**  
Enter the static address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

IP Address : 0.0.0.0  
Subnet Mask : 0.0.0.0  
Default Gateway : 0.0.0.0  
Primary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0  
Secondary DNS Server : 0.0.0.0  
MTU : 1500 (bytes) (Default = 1500)  
MAC Address : 00:08:e7:0e:24:f8  
Clone Your PC's MAC Address

## Wireless Settings

**Radio Mode:** Select either **2.4G Mode** or **5G Mode**.

**Enable Wireless:** Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions.

**Wireless Network Name:** Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

**Enable Auto Channel Scan:** The **Auto Channel Scan** setting can be selected to allow the DIR-665 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

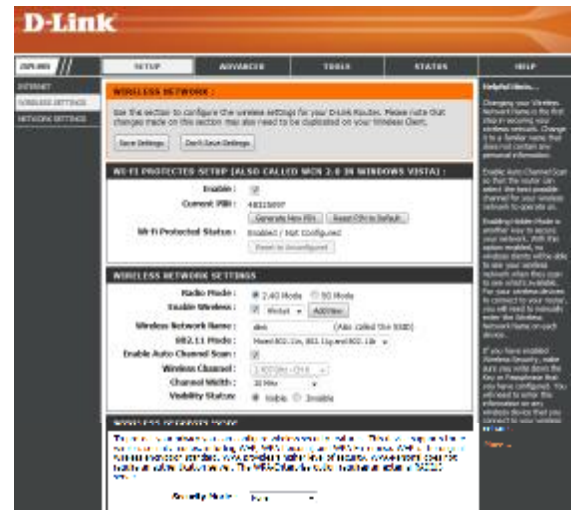
**802.11 Mode:** Select one of the following:  
**802.11g Only** - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.  
**802.11n Only** - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.  
**Mixed 802.11n and 802.11g** - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11n and 11g wireless clients.

**Wireless Channel:** Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-665. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

**Channel Width:** Select the Channel Width:  
**Auto 20/40** - This is the default setting. Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.  
**20MHz** - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.  
**40MHz** - Select if using only 802.11n wireless clients.

**Visibility Status:** Select **Invisible** if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-665. If Invisible is selected, the SSID of the DIR-665 will not be seen by Site Survey utilities so your wireless clients will have to know the SSID of your DIR-665.

**Security Mode:** Protect your privacy settings by configuring the security features. You may select from three security modes: **WEP, WPA-Personal** and **WPA-Enterprise**.





## Network Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

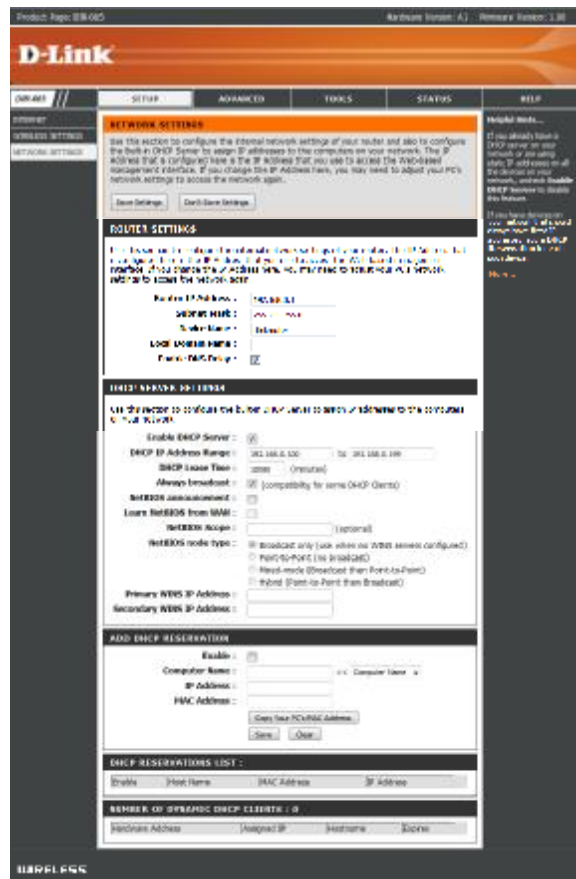
**IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click Apply, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

**Local Domain:** Enter the Domain name (Optional).

**Enable DNS Relay:** Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.



## DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-665 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-665. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

**Enable DHCP Server:** Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your router. Uncheck to disable this function.

**DHCP IP Address Range:** Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server's IP assignment.

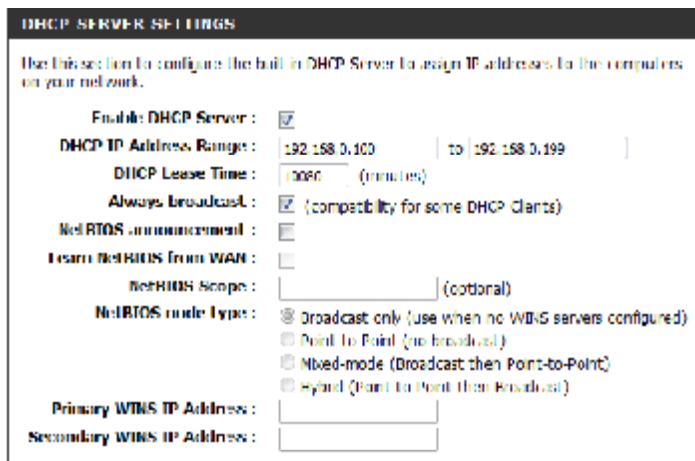
**Note:** If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

**DHCP Lease Time:** The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease time in minutes.

**Always Broadcast:** Enable this feature to broadcast your networks DHCP server to LAN/WLAN clients.

**NetBIOS Announcement:** NetBIOS allows LAN hosts to discover all other computers within the network, enable this feature to allow the DHCP Server to offer NetBIOS configuration settings.

**Learn NetBIOS from WAN:** Enable this feature to allow WINS information to be learned from the WAN side, disable to allow manual configuration.



**NetBIOS Scope:** This feature allows the configuration of a NetBIOS 'domain' name under which network hosts operates. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WAN' is activated."

**NetBIOS Mode Type:** Select the different type of NetBIOS node: **Broadcast only**, **Point-to-Point**, **Mixed-mode**, and **Hybrid**.

**Primary/Secondary WINS IP Address:** Enter your Primary (and Secondary) WINS IP address(es).

## DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

**Note:** This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

**Enable:** Check this box to enable the reservation.

**Computer Name:** Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down menu and click <<.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

**MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

**Copy Your PC's MAC Address:** If you want to assign an IP address to the computer you are currently on, click this button to populate the fields.

**Save:** Click **Save** to save your entry. You must click **Save Settings** at the top to activate your reservations.

Enable	Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address
--------	-----------	-------------	------------

Hardware Address	Assigned IP	Hostname	Expires
------------------	-------------	----------	---------

## Virtual Server

The DIR-665 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-665 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-665 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-665 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-665 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit [http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod\\_id=1191](http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod_id=1191).

This will allow you to open a single port. If you would like to open a range of ports, refer to page 30.

**Name:** Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the “Computer Name” drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

**Private Port/ Public Port:** Enter the port that you want to open next to Private Port and Public Port. The private and public ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

**Protocol Type:** Select **TCP**, **UDP**, or **Both** from the drop-down menu.

**Inbound Filter:** Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

**Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.



# Port Forwarding

This will allow you to open a single port or a range of ports.

**Name:** Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.

**IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the "Computer Name" drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

**TCP/UDP:** Enter the TCP and/or UDP port or ports that you want to open. You can enter a single port or a range of ports. Separate ports with a common.

Example: 24,1009,3000-4000

**Inbound Filter:** Select **Allow All** (most common) or a created Inbound filter. You may create your own inbound filters in the **Advanced > Inbound Filter** page.

**Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.



## Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DIR-665. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-665 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

**Name:** Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

**Trigger:** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

**Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the trigger port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

**Firewall:** This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

**Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Both).

**Schedule:** The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.





## QoS Engine

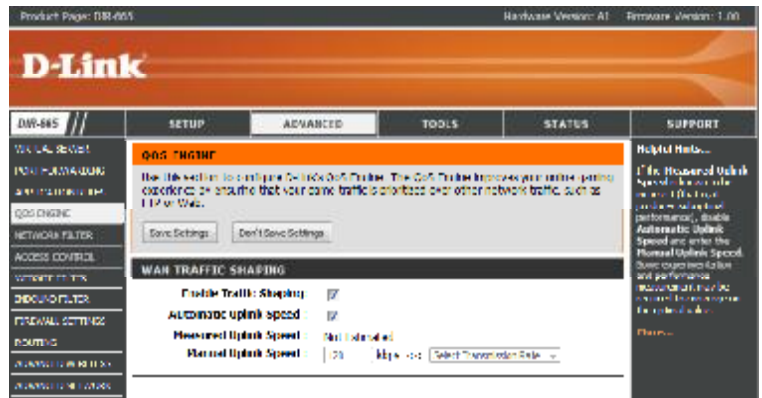
The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically.

**Enable Traffic Shaping:** Enable this option to optimize performance, lower latency, and to have a better experience with online games and other interactive applications.

**Automatic Uplink Speed:** This option is enabled by default when the QoS Engine option is enabled. This option will allow your router to automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet connection.

**Measured Uplink Speed:** This displays the detected uplink speed.

**Manual Uplink Speed:** The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's often speed as a download/upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbps/284Kbits. Using this example, you would enter 284. Alternatively you can test your uplink speed with a service such as [www.dsreports.com](http://www.dsreports.com).



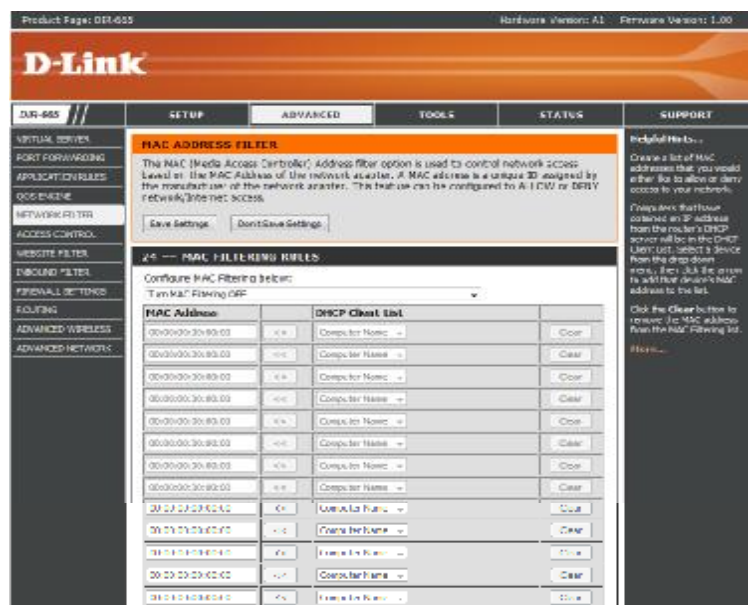
## Network Filters

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

**Configure MAC Filtering:** Select Turn MAC Filtering Off, allow MAC addresses listed below, or deny MAC addresses listed below from the drop-down menu.

**MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address you would like to filter. To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual.

**DHCP Client:** Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.



## Access Control

The Access Control section allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Parental Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block access from applications like P2P utilities or games.

**Add Policy:** Click the **Add Policy** button to start the Access Control Wizard.



## Access Control Wizard

Click **Next** to continue with the wizard.



## Access Control Wizard (continued)

Enter a name for the policy and then click **Next** to continue.

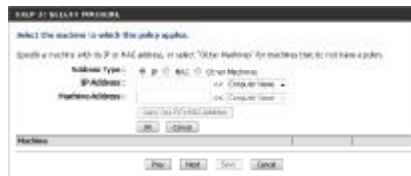


Select a schedule (I.E. Always) from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.



Enter the following information and then click **Next** to continue.

- Address Type - Select IP address, MAC address, or Other Machines.
- IP Address - Enter the IP address of the computer you want to apply the rule to.



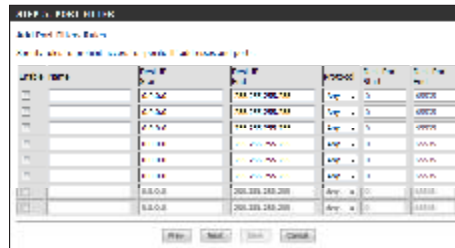
## Access Control Wizard (continued)

Select the filtering method and then click **Next** to continue.



Enter the rule:

- Enable - Check to enable the rule.
- Name - Enter a name for your rule.
- Dest IP Start - Enter the starting IP address.
- Dest IP End - Enter the ending IP address.
- Protocol - Select the protocol.
- Dest Port Start - Enter the starting port number.
- Dest Port End - Enter the ending port number.



To enable web logging, click **Enable**.

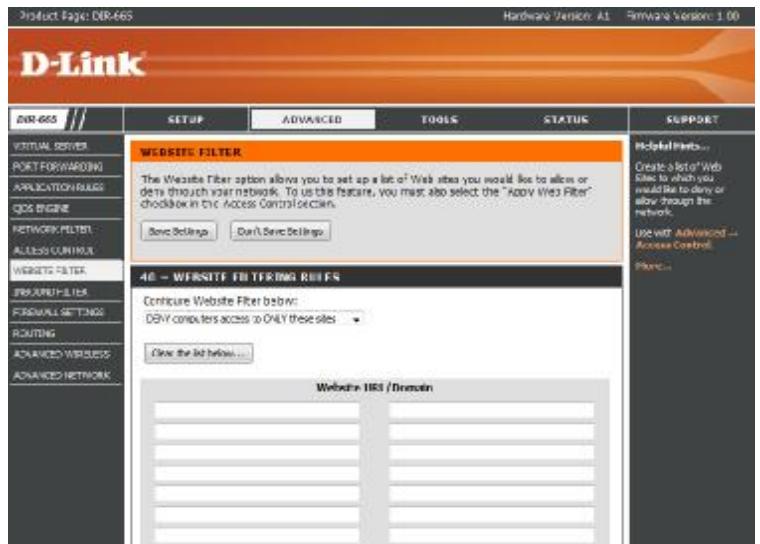
Click **Save** to save the access control rule.



## Website Filters

Website Filters are used to deny LAN computers from accessing specific web sites by the URL or domain. A URL is a specially formatted text string that defines a location on the Internet. If any part of the URL contains the blocked word, the site will not be accessible and the web page will not display. To use this feature, enter the text string to be blocked and click **Save Settings**. The text to be blocked will appear in the list. To delete the text, click **Clear the List Below**.

**Website URL/ Domain:** Enter the keywords or URLs that you want to block (or allow). Any URL with the keyword in it will be blocked.



## Inbound Filters

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range. Inbound Filters can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

**Name:** Enter a name for the inbound filter rule.

**Action:** Select **Allow** or **Deny**.

**Enable:** Check to enable rule.

**Source IP Start:** Enter the starting IP address. Enter 0.0.0.0 if you do not want to specify an IP range.

**Source IP End:** Enter the ending IP address. Enter 255.255.255.255 if you do not want to specify an IP range.

**Add:** Click the **Add** button to apply your settings.

**Inbound Filter Rules List:** This section will list any rules that are created. You may click the **Edit** icon to change the settings or enable/disable the rule, or click the **Delete** icon to remove the rule.

