

Manual

Mode : DA5900

DAI-Global WEBLINK

Release Date:

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1. Product Overview

n 1.1 Simply Description

DA5900 provide an easy way to extend your wired Ethernet to wireless. It work well on gateway, and you could configure it via Web. It could meet both enterprise and the home's requirements economically, its user could browser the internet and time and anywhere. It has multi-function ,highly-performance and easy install. Will be your best choice to build your own WLAN. About the wireless security, WE826 provide multi-protection, support unble SSID broadcast , also provide 64/128/152 bit WEP encryption , support for WPA / WPA-PSK, WPA2/WPA2-PSK security mechanism , in order to protect your data .Comply with 802.11n/ 802.11g/ 802.11b/ 802.113/802.113u standard has 300Mbps , Our smart antenna management, makes the DA5900 performs much better than other similar product in WiFi transmission distance, perfectly compitable with other network device.

n 1.2 Features and Specification

u 1.2.1 Main Features

- Ø Provide 5 10M/100M Ethernet ports
- Ø DHCP server
- Ø Support RTS/CTS protocol , ensure the communication quality
- Ø Roaming technology , efficient wireless connect
- Ø DHCP serve static IP address
- Ø Web manage

u 1.2.2 Specification

- Ø Comply with802.11n/802.11g/802.11b/802.113/802.113u standard
- Ø Support TCP/IP、 DHCP、 ICMP protocol
- Ø Auto MDI/MDIX port
- Ø Indictor LED, power adapter(48V 1A)
- Ø Work temperature 0°C- 40°C
- Ø Operating Humidity: 10%~90% non-condensing

2. Hardware Descriptio

n 2.1 Panel Layout

u 2.1.1 Front Panel

Indictor LED (Will adjust with the specific mode)

Indictor LED	Description	Function
POWER	Power LED	Keep ON - Power in Keep Off - No Power
LAN	LAN LED	On - The relevant port connect Off - No connect to the relevant port Flashing- Data transmission on the relevant port
WLAN	Wifi LED	Off - Wireless function unable On - Wireless function enable

Interface((Will adjust with the specific mode)

Interface	Description	Function
Micro SD(TF)	Micro SD(TF) slot	External Micro SD card slot, data exchange

u 2.1.2 Back Panel

Port(Will adjust with the specific mode)

Port	Description	Function
DC	Power Port	Connect the supplied power adapter.
LAN	LAN Port (RJ45)	Connect to the devices in the LAN, such as HUB, switches or PC
WAN	WAN Port (RJ45)	Connect to the WAN device, data exchange with the internet

 Button(Will adjust with the specific mode)

Button	Description	Function
REST/WPS	REST/WPS Multi-function button	Rest: Press for 8 seconds WPS: Press one times.
Antenna	2* 5Dbi omni antenna	Wireless data transfer and receive

n 2.2 Rest

If you want to rest to the factory default settings, please refer the below steps

- 1) To plug the power adapter.
- 2) When the router works normally, press the REST/WPS button for 8 seconds.
- 3) All the router's LEDs will off and then on again, wait until it work normally.
- 4) When above 3 steps done, the router will rest to the factory default setting.

Warming:

Before steps finishing, don't cut the power off, or it will break your router.

n 2.3 System Requirements.

- Ø Network card and Ethernet cable
- Ø TCP/IP net software (Windows 95 or higher version has pre-install)
- Ø IE 5.0 or higher version

n 2.4 Install Condition

When you install the router, please refer the below

- Ø Put the device horizontally
- Ø Keep away from any heat device
- Ø Do not put it in some place which is too dirty or too humidity.

Remark:

The environment will effect the transfer distance , recommend using environment:

Temperature: 0°C~40°C ,Humidity: 10%~95% RH

3. TCP/IP Configuration

Before using the device, you need to configure the network correctly, this manual is based on the Windows 2000/XP, the IP of the device is 192.168.1.1 , subnet mask is 255.255.255.0 .

Firstly, connect your PC to the LAN port, and then you can configure the IP of your PC in 2 ways.

2 Set the IP

Set your PC's IP as 192.168.1.xxx(xxx could be any number in 2~254), subnet mask to be 255.255.255.0 , default gateway 192.168.1.1 , DNS server 192.168.1.1

2 Auto set the IP by the DHCP server.

Set the TCP/IP to "automatically get IP address", after setting , you could use the Ping command to check if the device has connected to the PC. For an example, in

Windows 2000, run the cmd.exe , and the enter ping 192.168.1.1 If the screen shows as the below, means OK, the device connected to the PC.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

If it shows as below, it means fail

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

When it fails to connect, you could check as below.

1): If the hardware connect in right way?

>>**The relevant LED to the PC must be on**

2): If your PC's TCP/IP sets right?

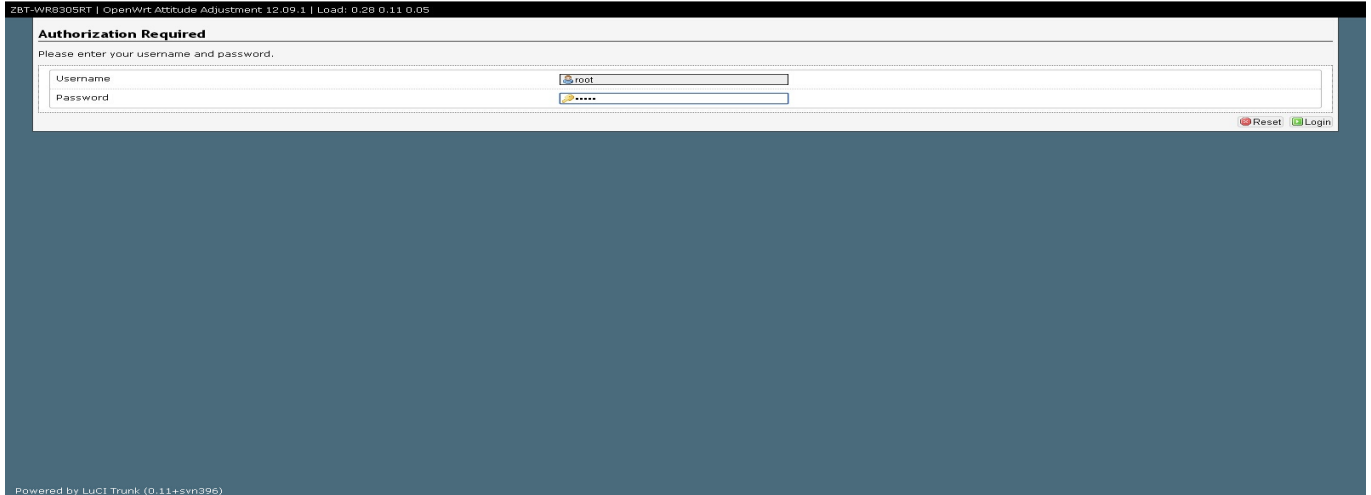
>>**If the IP of the device is 192.168.1.1 , your PC's IP must be 192.168.1.xxx(xxx should be 2~253)**

4. Configuration Guide

n 4.1 Start and Login

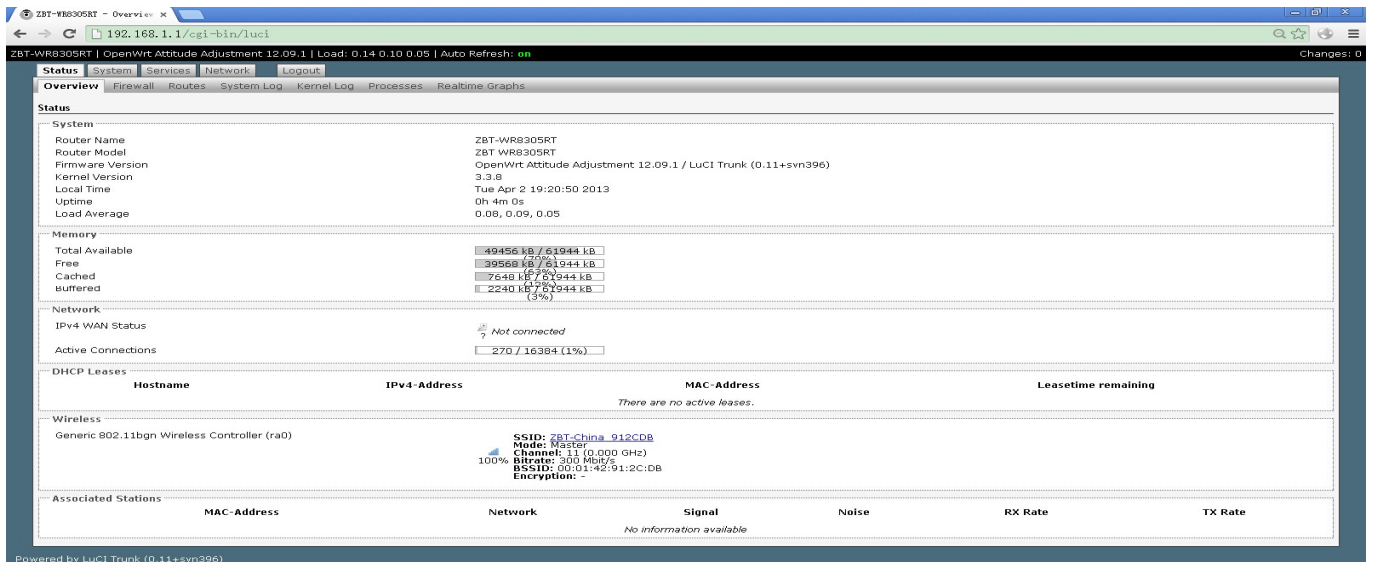
The router provide the UI based on the IE, this solution could work in any MS Windows, Macintosh or UNIX system . Run the browser, unabled the VPN (if the VPN is working) , and then input the 192.168.1.1 in browser. After doing that, you will see the login page, you should enter it as the administrator, which means you should enter the username: root /Password: admin , and then click the "log in"

The system of the DA5900 is OpenWrt



4-1 Log in webpage

When everything goes well, the browser will show as the 4-2. There are several tag, click some tag, you could configure relevant function settings.



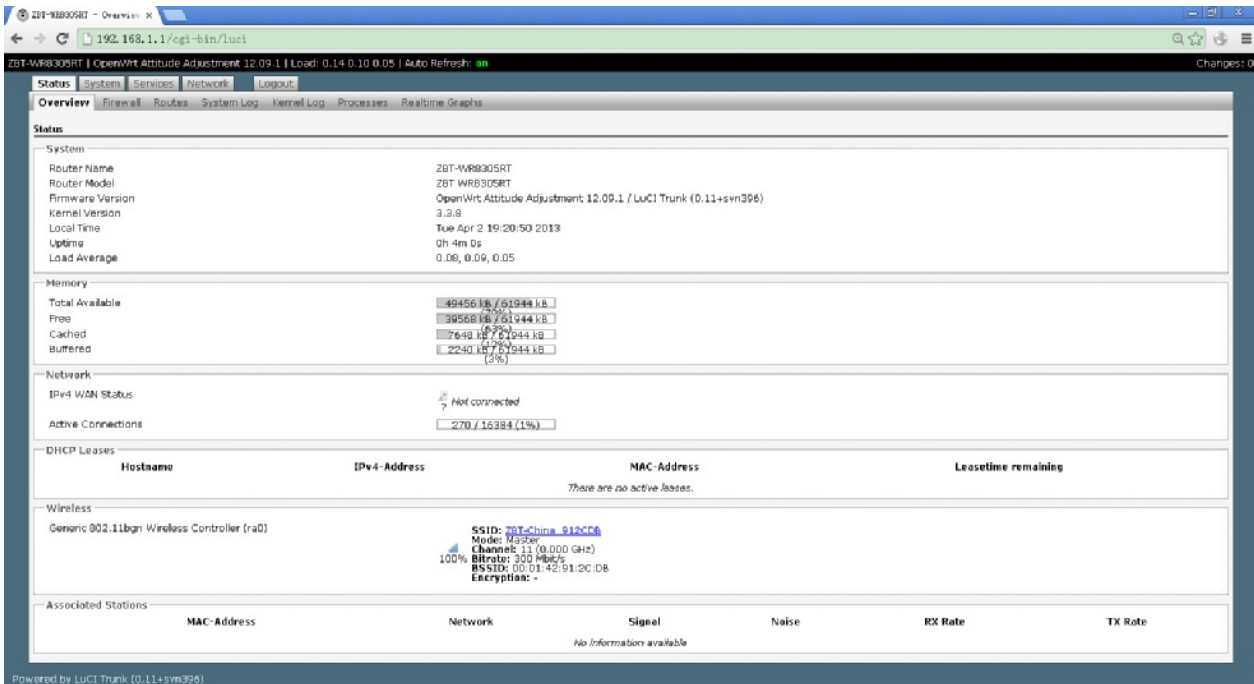
4-2

I will explain each menu.

n 4.2 us

u 4.2.1 Overview

Click the “Overview” You could check the running information, included system information, Memory, network, DHCP leases, wireless and associate stations, as 4.2.1

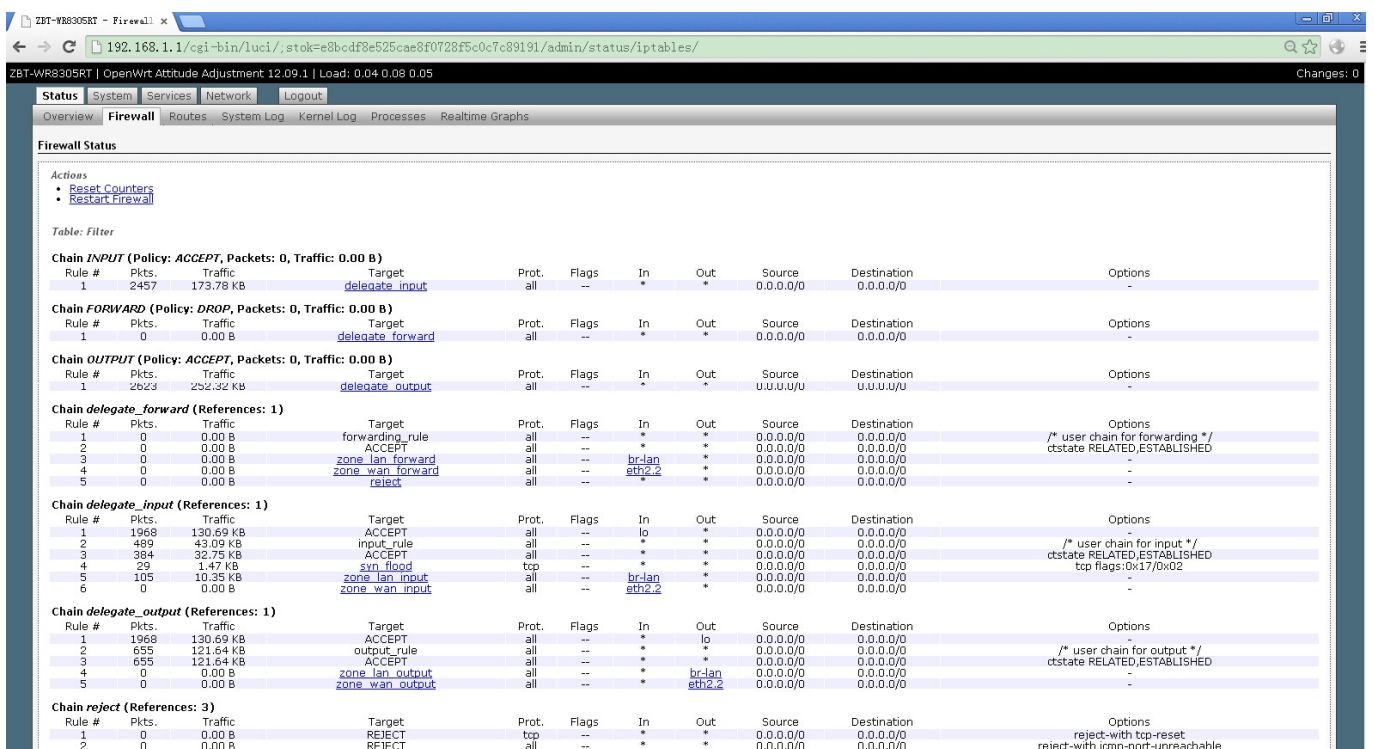


4.2.1 Status

- Ø System: Router name, Router model, Firmware version, Kernel version, Local Time, Uptime, Load average.
- Ø Memory: Total available , Free, Caches, Buffered
- Ø Network: The connection status of the WAN port.
- Ø DHCP Leases: Show the IP address ,MAC, and the Lease time
- Ø Wireless: It is about the wireless status , will included SSID, Mode, Work Channel, Bitrates, the MAC of the wireless interface , the Encryption of the transmission.
- Ø Associate: Shows the status of all the device connect to the router via Wireless

u 4.2.2 Firewall

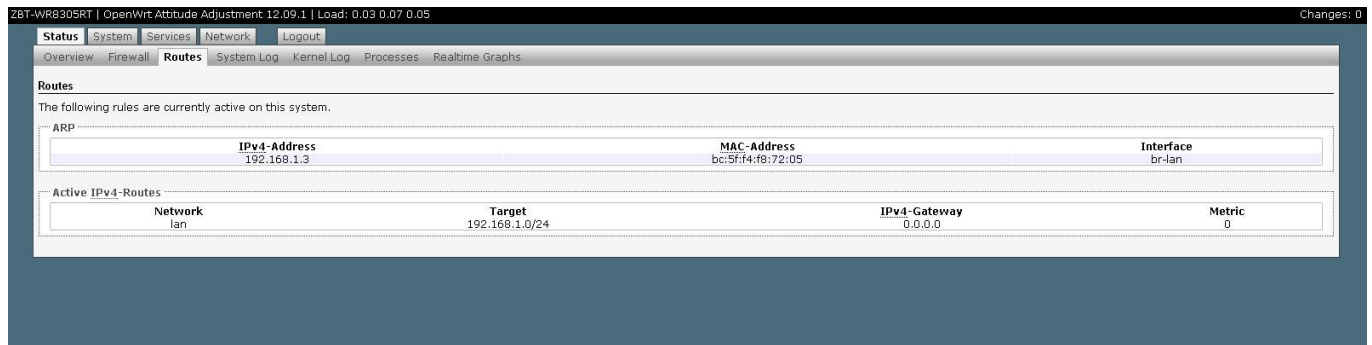
Click the firewall tag, you could check the firewall status of the device



4.2.2

↳ 4.2.3 Routing List

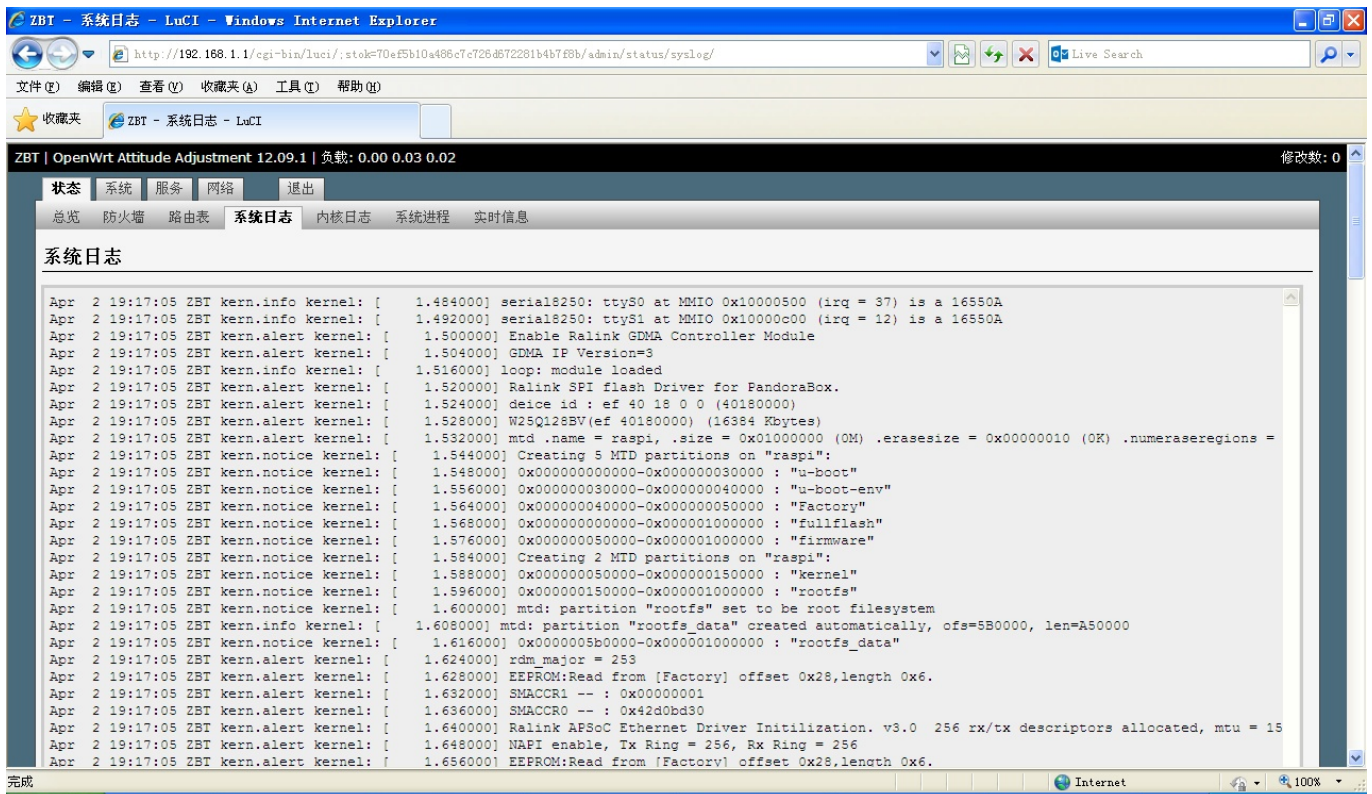
Click the status-routes, you could check the routing list of the device, the currently active on the device.



4.2.3

↳ 4.2.4 System Log

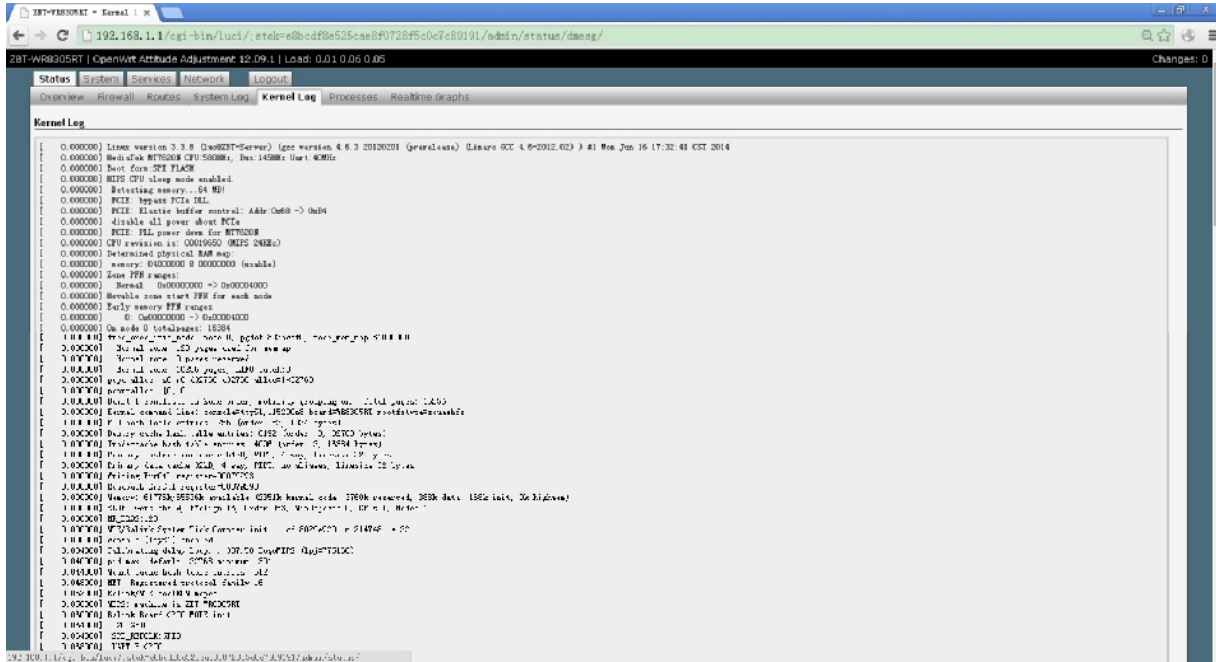
Click the System Log, you could check the running status and the operate history



4.2.4

↳ 4.2.5 Kernel Log

Click the Kernel Log , you could check some information about the device's system



4.2.6 Processes

Click the progresses, you could check an overview over currently running system processes and their status. Such as CPU usage, Memory usage. You could hang up ,terminate or even kill the program, depends on your requirements.

As the 4.2.6

PID	Owner	Command	CPU usage (%)	Memory usage (%)	Hang Up	Terminate	Kill
1	root	init	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
2	root	[kthreadd]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
3	root	[ksoftirqd/0]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
4	root	[kworker/0:0]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
5	root	[kworker/u:0]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
6	root	[khelper]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
7	root	[kworker/u:1]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
56	root	[sync_supers]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
58	root	[bdi-default]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
60	root	[kblockd]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
91	root	[kswapd0]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
143	root	[smobdy_mark]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
180	root	[mtddblock0]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
185	root	[mtddblock1]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
190	root	[mtddblock2]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
195	root	[mtddblock3]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
200	root	[mtddblock4]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
205	root	[mtddblock5]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
210	root	[mtddblock6]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
215	root	[mtddblock7]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
225	root	[kworker/0:1]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
444	root	[jffs2_gcd_mtd7]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
446	root	[flush-mtd-unmap]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
468	root	[khubd]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
496	root	init	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
497	root	init	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
617	root	/sbin/syslogd -C16	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
619	root	/sbin/klogd	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
621	root	/sbin/hotplug2 --override --persistent --set-rules-file /etc/hotplug2.rules --set-coldplug-cmd /sbin/udevtrigger --max-children 1	0%	1%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
629	root	/sbin/ubusd	0%	1%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
651	root	/sbin/netifd	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
710	root	udhcpd -p /var/run/udhcpd-eth2.2.pid -s /lib/netifd/dhcp.script -f -t 0 -i eth2.2 -C	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
1125	root	[RtmpCmdQTask]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
1126	root	[RtmpWscTask]	0%	0%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill
1128	root	/sbin/watchdog -t 5 /dev/watchdog	0%	2%	⊗ Hang Up	✕ Terminate	✖ Kill

4.2.6

4.2.7 Realtime Graphs

Click the Realtime Graphs ,you could check the load, traffic, wireless and connection of the

device.

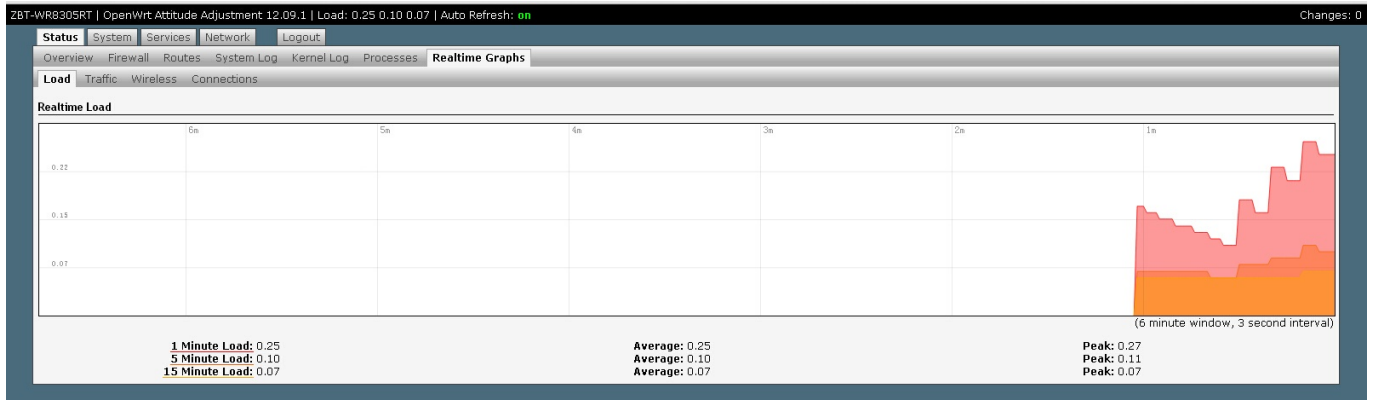


图 4.2.7

4.3.1 System

Click the System tag, you could check and edit some basic information of the device, including Local time, Hostname, time zone.

System Configuration Summary:

- Local Time: Tue Apr 2 19:25:01 2013
- Hostname: ZBT-WR8305RT
- Timezone: UTC
- Enable NTP client:
- Provide NTP server:
- NTP server candidates:
 - 0 openwrt.pool.ntp.org
 - 1 openwrt.pool.ntp.org
 - 2 openwrt.pool.ntp.org
 - 3 openwrt.pool.ntp.org

4.3.1

4.3.2 Administration

You can edit the administrator password for accessing the device

The screenshot displays the OpenWrt Administration web interface. At the top, the status bar shows 'zBT-WR8305RT | OpenWrt: Attitude Adjustment 12.09.1 | Load: 0.04 0.05 0.05' and 'Changes: 0'. The navigation menu includes 'System', 'Administration', 'Software', 'Startup', 'Scheduled Tasks', 'Mount Points', 'LED Configuration', 'Backup / Flash Firmware', and 'Reboot'. The 'Administration' section is active, showing 'Router Password' and 'SSH Access' settings.

Router Password
Changes the administrator password for accessing the device.

Fields for Password and Confirmation are visible.

SSH Access
Dropbear offers SSH network shell access and an integrated SCP server.

Dropbear Instance

- Interface: lan: wan: unspecified
- Listen only on the given interface or, if unspecified, on all
- Port: Specifies the listening port of this Dropbear instance
- Password authentication: Allow SSH password authentication
- Allow root logins with password: Allow the root user to login with password
- Gateway ports: Allow remote hosts to connect to local SSH forwarded ports

Buttons: Add, Delete, Reset, Save, Save & Apply.

Powered by LuCI Trunk (0.11+svn396)

U 4.3.3 Software

Click the software page, you could download and install the package , do not operate it without a professional engineer.

U 4.3.4 Startup

Click to the Startup page, You can enable or disable installed init scripts here. Changes will applied after a device reboot, do not operate it without a professional engineer.

U 4.3.5 Schedule Tasks

This is the system crontab in which scheduled tasks can be defined., do not operate it without a professional engineer.

U 4.3.6 Mount Points, LED Configuration

Do some edition about the system , do not operate it without a professional engineer.

U 4.3.7 Backup/Flash Firmware

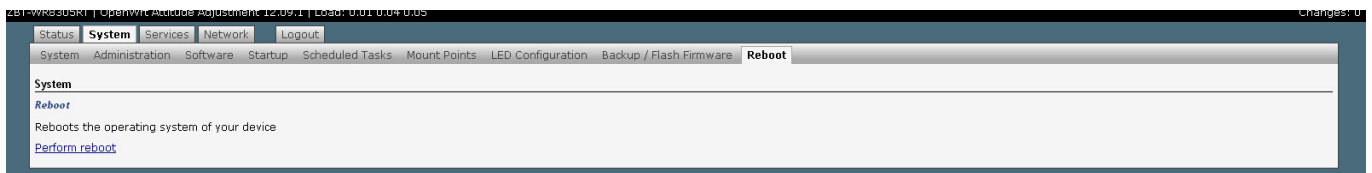
You could upgrade the firmware or backup it in this page, as below.



4.3.7

u 4.3.8 Reboot

When you click the Reboot tag, the device will reboot.



n 4.4. Service

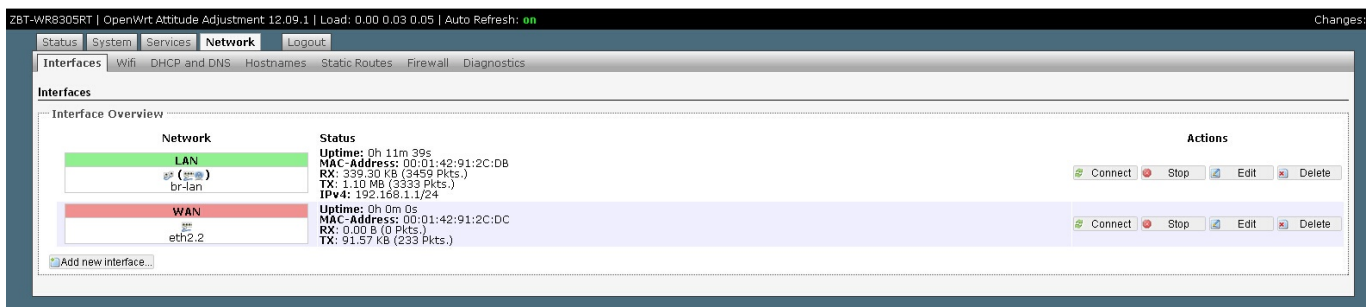
u 4.4.1 Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS allows that your router can be reached with a fixed hostname while having a dynamically changing IP address

n 4.5 Network

u 4.5.1 Interfaces

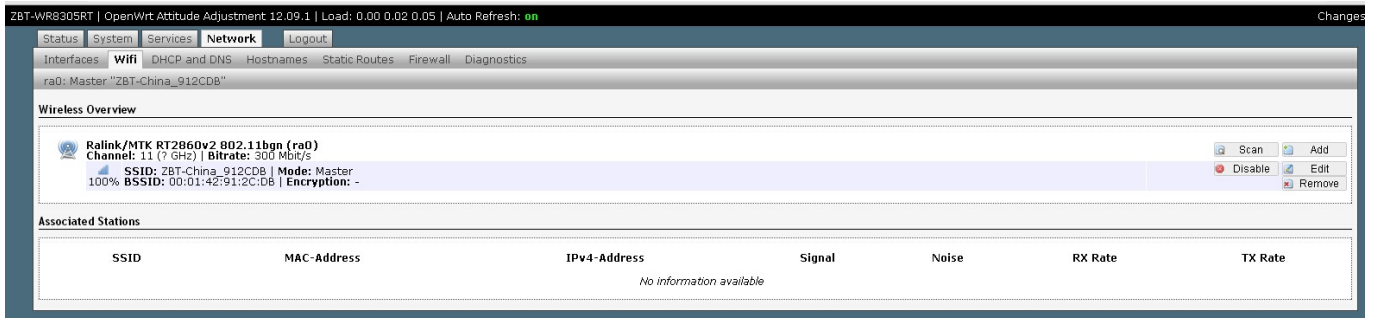
Click the Interface tag, you could check the wired port's status and edit it.



4.5.1

u 4.5.2 Wireless

Click the Interface tag, you could check the wireless port's status and edit it.



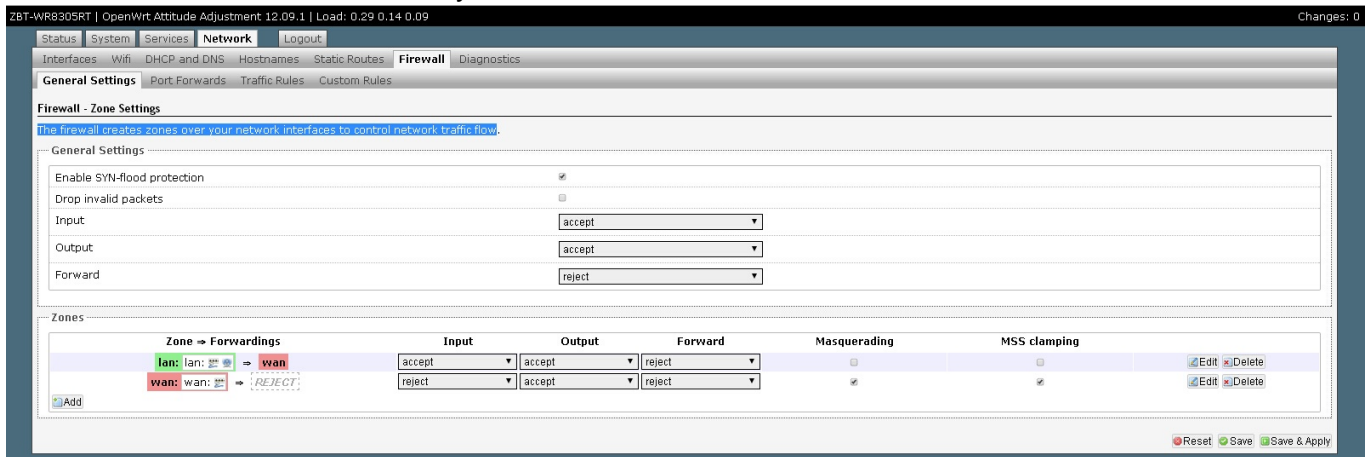
4.5.2

4.5.3 DHCP/DNS, Hostnames, Static Routes,

You could edit these setting in relevant page. do not operate it without a professional engineer.

4.5.4 Firewall

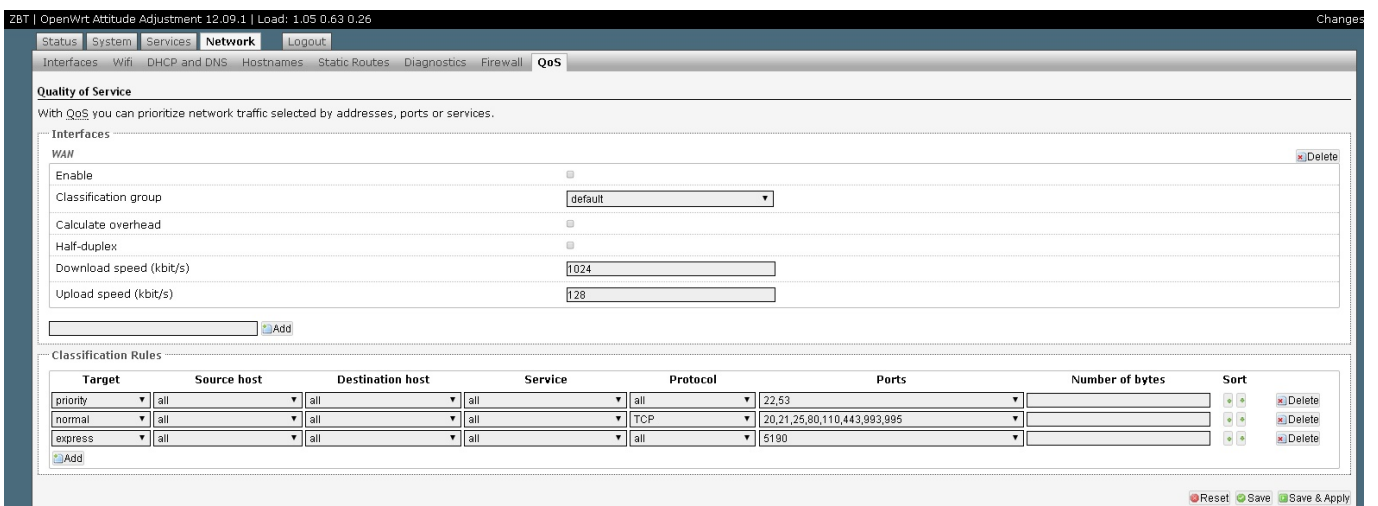
The firewall creates zones over your network interfaces to control network traffic flow



Pic 4.5.4

4.5.5 QoS

With QoS you can prioritize network traffic selected by addresses, ports or services.



Pic 4.5.5

n 4.6 Log out

Click the Log Out tag, you will log out the website.

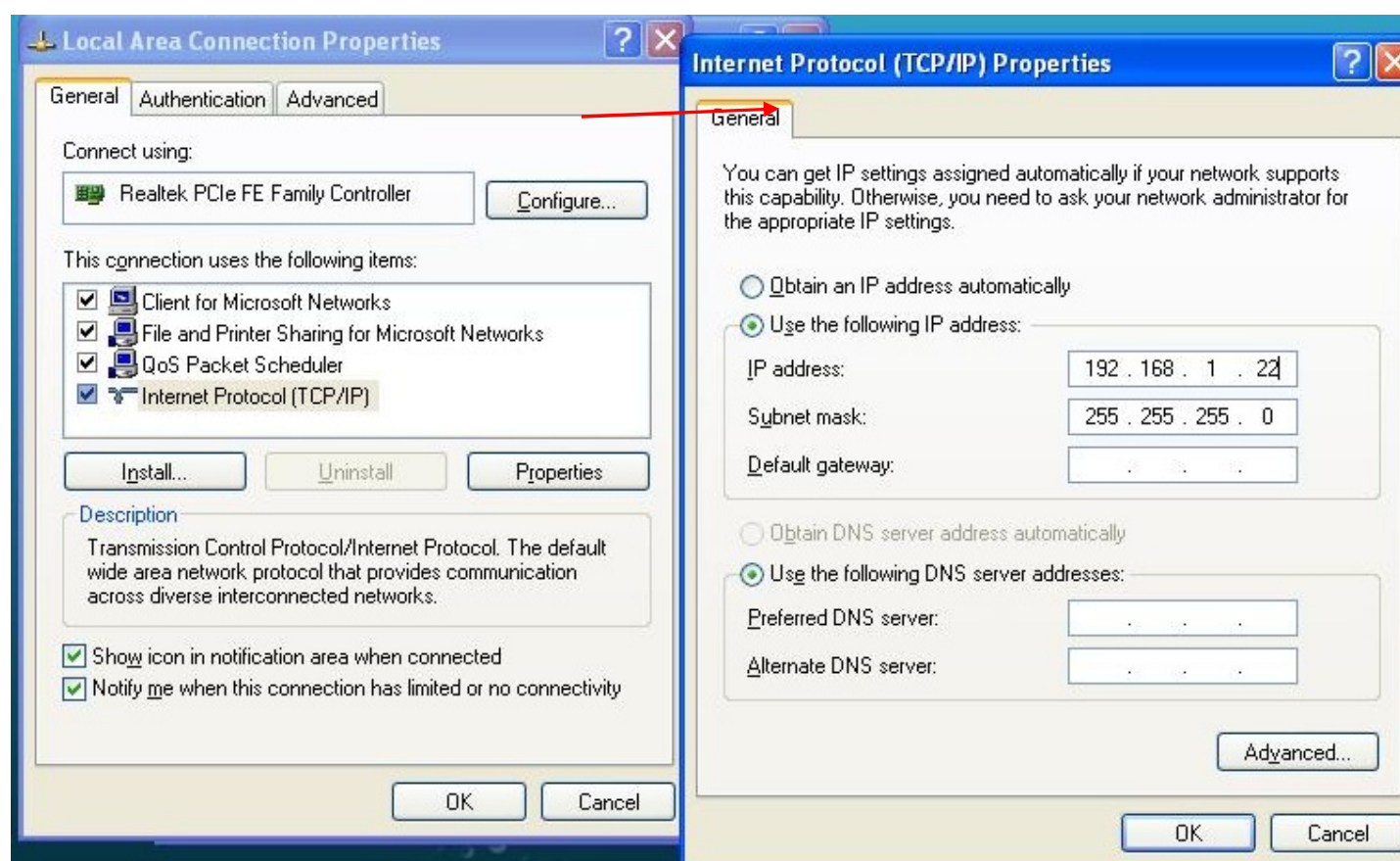
More details about the system. Please refer the <https://openwrt.org/>

n 4.7 Flash Firmware

Operate this keep the router connecting computer status.

First, use sharp item Pressing the RESET button as “Picture 1” below, then power on the router.

Second, set the computer TCP/IP in to static IP 192.168.1.X (X means any number between 2 to 255) and Subnet mask into 255.255.255.0



Third, key in 192.168.1.1 into browser, come into “ Firmware recovery page” as below pic. (this system developed based on Chinese ,so the page shows Chinese word)

Click “ Brower ” button find the firmware “root_ulmage.ulmage” from your computer, double click “root_ulmage.ulmage” to hang on it. Then click “刷新固件”to start uploading

(During uploading time,don't move or power off the router!! Otherwise will cause the router dead !!)

http://192.168.1.1/

固件恢复模式

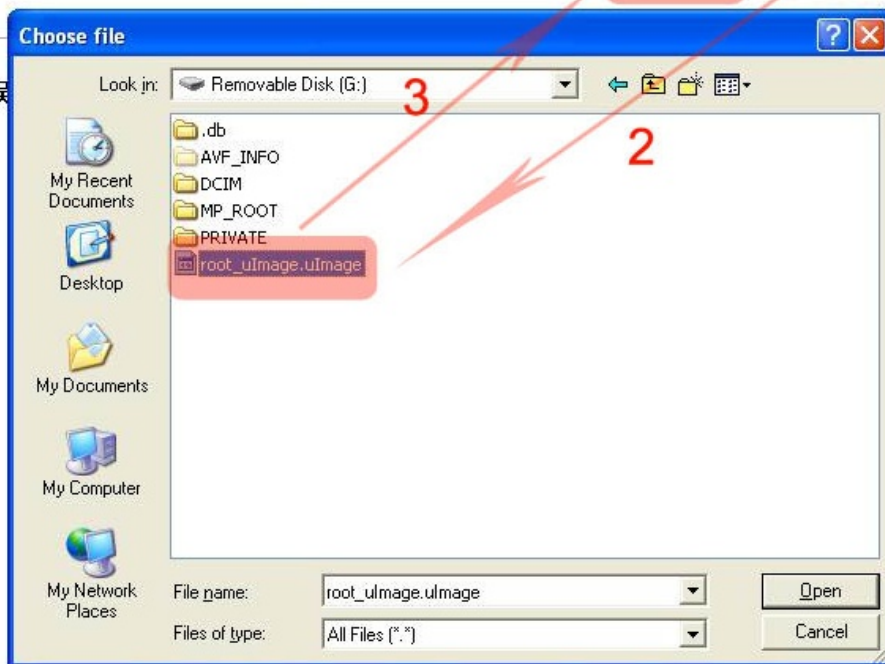
请选择固件:

Browse...

1

刷新固件

错误



http://192.168.1.1/

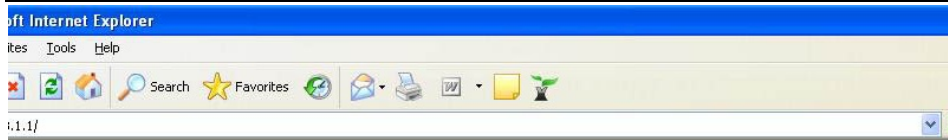
拯救模式

正在升级固件, 请等待...96 秒。
系统将在更新完成后自动重启。

更新过程中请不要断电或者重启。

File Uploading, don't restart or power off the router during this time!!

About 100seconds, the file upload success will show “升级完毕” as below picture show. And the router will automatic restart



拯救模式

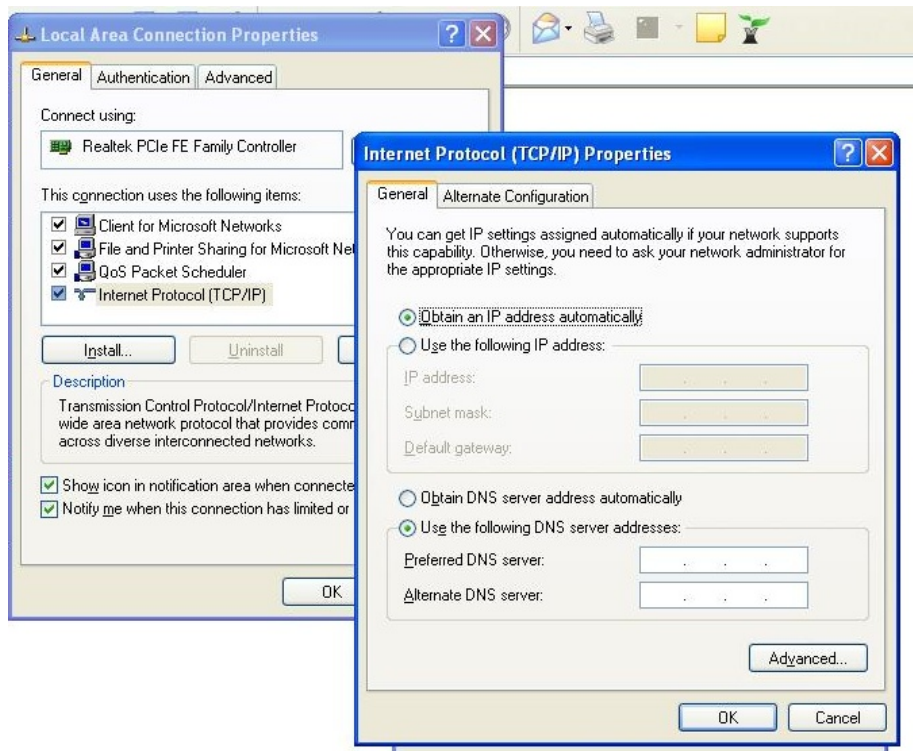
升级完毕!
系统将在更新完成后自动重启。

请不要断电或者重启。

Upload success, router will restart.



Fourth, Set the computer TCP/IP into automatic obtain IP



5. FAQ

1、 LAN LED off

It is about the hardware connection issue, you could check follow below steps

- Ø To check if the Ethernet cable plug into the port firmly.
- Ø To check if the network device is power on
- Ø Make sure the Ethernet cable are working well

2、 The device work normally after setting . But the link will become unsteady after working some time, such as delay and package dropping.

It means there are some interference in the work environment, you could follow the below steps to solve such problem.

- Ø To check if each part of the connection are steady.
 - Ø If the signal strength are too weak, you can try to change the work channel, in order to reduce the reference.
 - Ø Reboot the device.
- Reset to the factory default setting.

FCC Statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.