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hp 140A



HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY / OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL


140A

OSCILLOSCOPE

hp 140A

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OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

MODEL 140A

SERIALS PREFIXED: 326 -

OSCILLOSCOPE

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1501 PAGE MILL ROAD, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.



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Table 1-1. Specifications

PLUG-IN COMPARTMENTS

Upper Compartment, horizontal axis:
Accepts horizontal plug-ins, Models 1420 to 1424 or, if desired, amplifier plug-ins, Models 1400 to 1414. Plug-in operates directly into horizontal deflection plates in Model 140A.

Lower Compartment, vertical axis:
Accepts plug-in amplifiers, Models 1400 to 1414 or, if desired, horizontal plug-ins, Models 1420 to 1424. Plug-in operates directly into vertical deflection plates in Model 140A.

Combined:
Dividing shield can be removed; compartment accepts single large plug-in units. Models 1415 to 1419.

CATHODE-RAY TUBE

Type:
Ⓟ post-accelerator, 7.5-kv accelerating potential, aluminized P31 phosphor standard; for other phosphors, see OPTIONS.

Graticule:
10 x 10 cm parallax-free internal graticule, marked in centimeter squares; subdivisions of 2 mm on major horizontal and vertical axes.

Intensity Modulation:
Approximately +20 volt pulse will blank trace of normal intensity; terminals on rear panel.

CALIBRATOR

Type:
Line-frequency rectangular signal, approximately 0.5 μ sec rise time.

Voltage:
Two outputs: 1 volt and 10 volts peak-to-peak, $\pm 1\%$ from 15°C to 35°C, $\pm 3\%$ 0°C to 55°C.

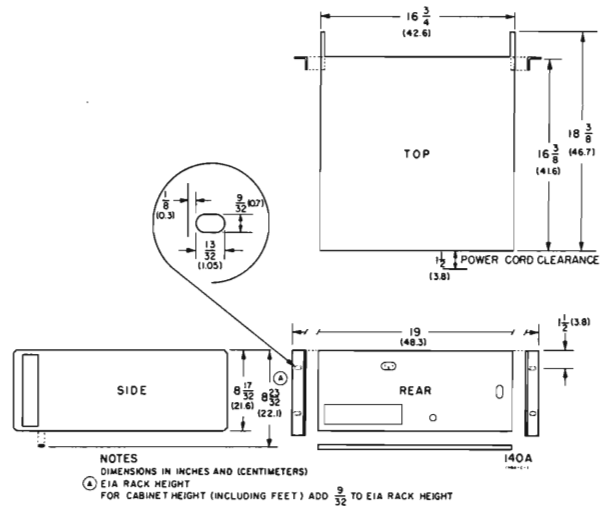
BEAM FINDER

Pressing BEAM FINDER control brings trace on screen, regardless of setting of horizontal or vertical POSITION control.

GENERAL

Power Requirements:
115 or 230 volts $\pm 10\%$ AC, 50 to 60 cps, normally less than 285 watts (varies with plug-in used). Will provide 140 watts of regulated power to plug-ins.

Dimensions:



Weight:
37 lb net without plug-ins

- Options:
- 02. CRT with internal graticule and P2 phosphor installed
 - 07. CRT with internal graticule and P7 phosphor installed
 - 11. CRT with internal graticule and P11 phosphor installed

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. DESCRIPTION.

1-2. The Φ Model 140A (Figure 1-1) is a general purpose plug-in oscilloscope. The deflection amplifiers are contained within the plug-in units, which operate directly into the cathode-ray tube. Thus the characteristics of the oscilloscope are dependent upon the plug-ins used. Presently available plug-ins make possible high-sensitivity, wide bandwidth, and single, dual, or four-trace measurements, in combination with normal, single, or delayed sweeps. Double-size plug-ins also are available for special applications such as time domain reflectometry.

1-3. The Model 140A provides power for the plug-ins, as well as line-frequency square-wave calibrating voltages of 10 volts and 1 volt peak-to-peak, which are available on the front panel of the Model 140A. The primary power switch and all CRT controls are on the Model 140A front panel, and the terminals and switch for Z-axis modulation are on the rear panel.

1-4. The Model 140A uses an internal graticule CRT which eliminates parallax error in observing the display. The CRT is equipped with a nonglare safety face plate.

1-5. OPTIONS.

1-6. The Model 140A normally is supplied with a type P31 aluminized phosphor CRT. The following options, however, are available:

- a. Option 02. P2 phosphor (general purpose)
- b. Option 07. P7 phosphor (long persistence)
- c. Option 11. P11 phosphor (fast writing rate)

1-7. ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT.

1-8. Some of the plug-ins available for the Model 140A Oscilloscope are listed in Table 1-2. The Model 140A normally is used with an amplifier plug-in in the lower compartment and a sweep plug-in in the upper compartment. The plug-in in the lower compartment produces vertical deflection, and the plug-in in the upper compartment produces horizontal deflection. All Φ Model 1400-series plug-ins can be used with the Model 140A Oscilloscope. Plug-in model numbers are grouped according to function:

- Models 1400 to 1414 . . . Plug-ins normally used
 for vertical deflection
- Models 1415 to 1419 Double or full sized
 plug-ins
- Models 1420 to 1424 . . . Plug-ins normally used
 for horizontal deflection



Figure 1-1. Model 140A Oscilloscope with Model 1400A Amplifier and Model 1420A Time Base Plug-In Units

Table 1-2. Plug-Ins for Model 140A Oscilloscope *

| Model | Name | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1400A | Differential Amplifier | 100 μ v/cm to 20 v/cm sensitivity; DC to 400 kc bandwidth |
| 1401A | Dual Trace Amplifier | Dual trace and differential display; 1 mv/cm to 10 v/cm sensitivity; DC to 450 kc bandwidth |
| 1402A | Dual Trace Amplifier | Dual trace and differential display; 5 mv/cm to 10 v/cm sensitivity; DC to 20 Mc bandwidth |
| 1403A | AC Differential Amplifier | 10 μ v/cm to 0.1 v/cm sensitivity; 0.1 cps to 400 kc bandwidth; variable bandwidth limits |
| 1415A | Time Domain Reflectometer | Double-sized plug-in for time domain reflectometry. Includes pulse generator, vertical sampling, and time base functions. System risetime less than 0.1 nanosecond; reflection coefficients of .001 can be observed. |
| 1420A | Time Base | Sweep ranges from 0.5 μ sec/cm to 5 sec/cm; X10 magnifier expands fastest sweep to 50 nsec/cm. Single sweep and external horizontal input functions provided. Internal or external triggering to greater than 10 Mc. |
| 1421A | Time Base and Delay Generator | Both Normal and Delaying sweeps from 0.1 μ sec/cm to 1 sec/cm; X5 magnifier expands fastest sweep to 20 nsec/cm; internal or external triggering to greater than 20 Mc. Delay time continuously variable from 0.1 μ sec to 10 sec. Delay functions: Normal sweep; Mixed sweep; Intensified; triggered or armed; Delayed: triggered or armed. |

* Check latest literature for additional new plug-ins.

1-9. Arrangements of plug-ins can be chosen to suit any special application. Amplifier and sweep plug-ins can be reversed so that the amplifier produces horizontal deflection and the sweep runs vertically. (When used this way the beam will not be blanked on the sweep retrace.) An amplifier plug-in can be used in each compartment to make X-Y measurements. Double sized plug-ins, such as the Model 1415A, are inserted into the oscilloscope after removing the divider shield between upper and lower compartments.

1-10. INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION.

1-11. The Model 140A carries an eight digit serial number (000-00000). When the serial-prefixed number on the title page of the manual is the same as

the first three digits of the instrument serial number, the manual applies directly to the instrument; when these numbers differ, change sheets supplied with the manual will specify changes required to make this manual apply directly to the instrument.

1-12. CATHODE-RAY TUBE WARRANTY.

1-13. The cathode-ray tube supplied with the Model 140A is guaranteed against electrical failure for one year from the date of sale by the Hewlett-Packard Company. The cathode-ray tube warranty is illustrated in Figure 1-2. A warranty sheet for your use is included in the appendix of this manual.



CATHODE RAY TUBE WARRANTY

The cathode ray tube supplied in your Hewlett-Packard Oscilloscope and replacement cathode ray tubes purchased from ϕ , are guaranteed against electrical failure for one year from the date of sale by the Hewlett-Packard Company. Broken tubes or tubes with burned phosphor are not included in this guarantee.

Your local Hewlett-Packard representative maintains a stock of replacement tubes and will be glad to process your warranty claim for you. Please consult him.

Whenever a tube is returned for a warranty claim, the reverse side of this sheet must be filled out in full and returned with the tube. Follow shipping instructions carefully to insure safe arrival, since no credit can be allowed on broken tubes.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Carefully wrap the tube in 1/4" thick cotton batting or other soft padding material.
- 2) Wrap the above in heavy kraft paper.
- 3) Pack in a rigid container which is at least 4 inches larger than the tube in each dimension.
- 4) Surround the tube with at least four inches of packed excelsior or similar shock absorbing material. Be certain that the packing is tight all around the tube.
- 5) Tubes returned from outside the continental United States should be packed in a wooden box.
- 6) Ship prepaid preferably by AIR FREIGHT or RAILWAY EXPRESS. We do not recommend parcel post or air parcel post shipment.

CRT WARRANTY CLAIM

FROM: _____ DATE: _____

NAME: _____

COMPANY: _____

ADDRESS: _____

Person to contact for further information:

NAME: _____

TITLE: _____

COMPANY: _____

ADDRESS: _____

To process your claim quickly please enter the information indicated below:

1) INSTRUMENT MODEL _____ SERIAL _____

2) TUBE TYPE _____ SERIAL _____

3) ORIGINAL TUBE _____ REPLACEMENT TUBE _____

4) YOUR PURCHASE ORDER NO. _____

5) DATE PURCHASED _____

6) PURCHASED FROM _____

7) COMPLAINT: (Please describe nature of trouble) _____

8) OPERATING CONDITIONS: (Please describe conditions prior to and at time of failure) _____

SIGNATURE _____

HEWLETT-PACKARD CO. PAGE MILL ROAD, PALO ALTO, CALIF. U.S.A.

Figure 1-2. Cathode-Ray Tube Warranty

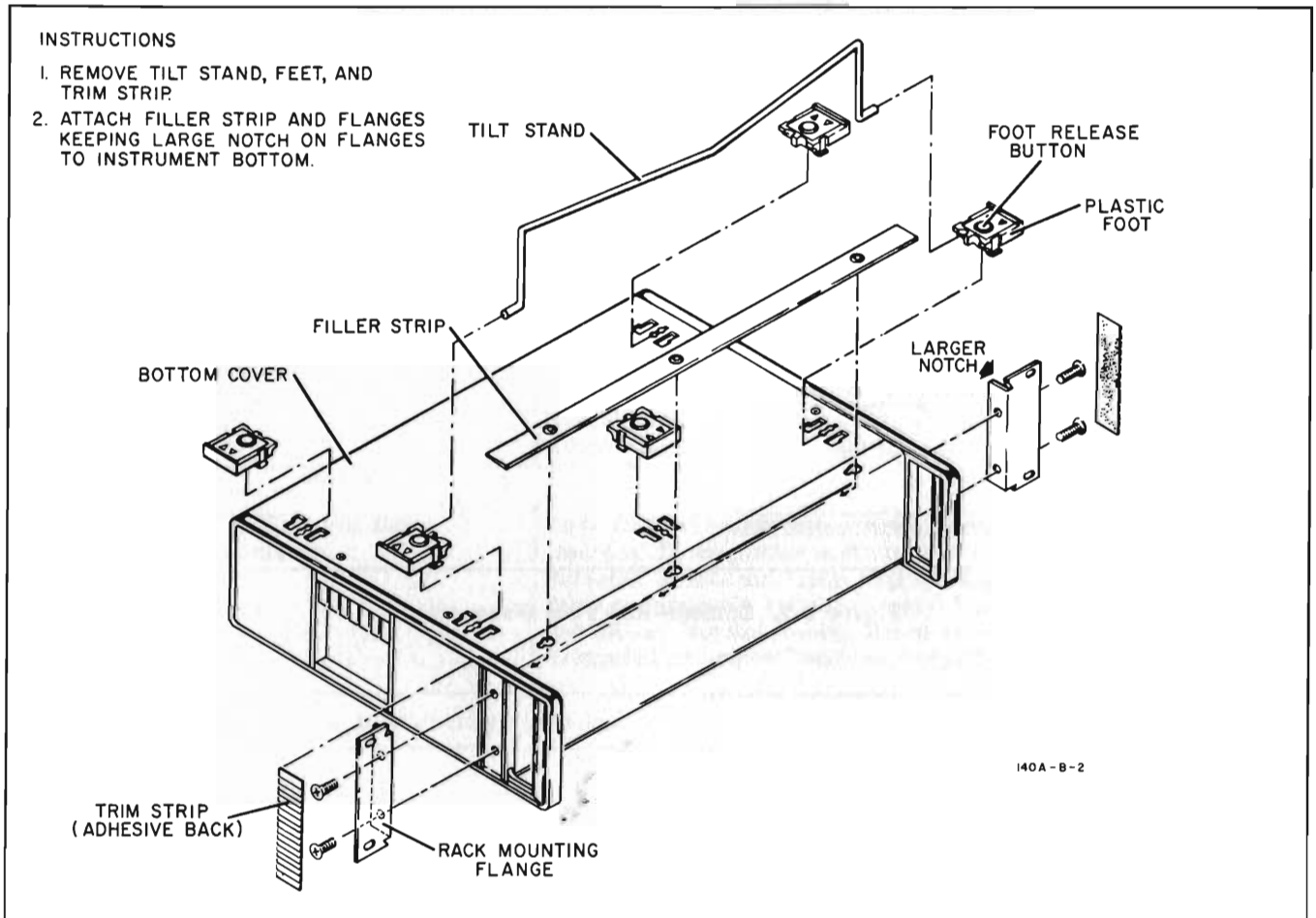


Figure 2-1. Rack Mounting Procedure

SECTION II INSTALLATION

2-1. INCOMING INSPECTION.

2-2. **MECHANICAL INSPECTION.** Upon receipt of the Model 140A, check the contents of the carton and inspect the instrument for any obvious damage received in shipment. If damage is evident, file a claim with the carrier. Refer to the warranty sheet at the rear of this manual for additional information. Keep the packing material until an operational check has been completed.

2-3. **OPERATIONAL CHECK.** Refer to Section V (Paragraph 5-3) for a performance check to verify that operation is within published specifications. This check requires that either a single large plug-in or two small plug-ins be installed.

2-4. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-5. The Model 140A requires a power source of 115 or 230 volts $\pm 10\%$, single phase, 50 to 60 cps, which can deliver approximately 300 watts.

CAUTION

Be sure to set the 115-230 volt switch for the line voltage to be used. The power supplies may be damaged if this switch is set to the wrong position.

2-6. 230-VOLT OPERATION.

2-7. If the instrument is to be operated from a 230-volt source, set the switch on the rear of the instrument to 230. The line fuse, located behind the rear panel, is accessible by removing the bottom cover, and should be replaced with a 2-amp slow-blow fuse (supplied). (A 4-amp slow-blow fuse is used with 115-volt operation.)

2-8. THREE CONDUCTOR POWER CABLE.

2-9. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA) recommends that the instrument panel and cabinet be grounded. This instrument is equipped with a three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset pin on the power cable three-prong connector is the ground pin. To preserve the protection feature when operating the instrument from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter and connect the green pigtail to ground.

2-10. COOLING.

2-11. VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS.

2-12. The Model 140A uses a forced-air cooling system to maintain reasonable operating temperatures within the cabinet. The air intake and filter are located on the rear of the instrument. When installing

the Model 140A, choose a location that provides at least three inches of clearance around rear and sides of instrument.

2-13. AIR FILTER.

2-14. The filter should be cleaned periodically to ensure proper cooling. After cleaning, the air filter, located on the rear of the instrument, should be coated with a filter adhesive such as Filter Coat No. 3 from Research Products Co. Refer to Paragraph 5-32 for cleaning procedures.

2-15. INSTRUMENT MOUNTING.

2-16. MODULAR CABINET.

2-17. The Model 140A is shipped from the factory as a bench instrument with the tilt stand, feet, and plastic trim in place. The top and bottom cabinet covers can be removed, giving complete accessibility to all components and adjustments. Sufficient space should be allowed around the cabinet for adequate circulation air.

2-18. RACK MOUNTING.

2-19. Prepare the cabinet for rack mounting as illustrated in Figure 2-1. All necessary hardware is in the shipping carton with the instrument. After preparation, lift the instrument into place, and secure mounting flanges to rack with appropriate screws. Allow adequate ventilation for the instrument in the rack.

2-20. INSTALLATION OF AMBER FILTER.

2-21. An amber filter (ϕ Stock No. 120A-83A) is supplied with oscilloscopes which have a CRT with type P7 phosphor. This filter improves the visibility of displays such as single-shot or very low frequency phenomena. The filter improves the long persistency characteristics of the trace when making visual observations of this type of display. To install the filter:

- a. Remove front panel CRT bezel.
- b. Set filter into bezel, aligning larger rectangular slots in edge of filter with guide metal posts of bezel casting.
- c. Loosen clamp at socket of CRT.
- d. Carefully push CRT toward rear of the instrument to provide clearance for thickness of installed filter (about 1/8 inch).
- e. Replace bezel.
- f. Slide CRT forward until light mask on front of CRT just lightly touches filter.
- g. Tighten clamp just enough to keep CRT from turning.
- h. Check trace alignment. See Paragraph 3-7.

2-22. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT.

2-23. If you find it necessary to repack the instrument, the original shipping container and packing material may be used. If these have been discarded or are not re-usable, new materials can be obtained from your Hewlett-Packard Engineering Representative. Or follow these general instructions:

a. Wrap in heavy paper or plastic.

b. Use ample packing material around all sides of the instrument. Protect the panel with cardboard strips.

c. Pack in a wooden box or heavy cardboard carton, and seal with heavy tape or metal bands.

d. Mark the box, "FRAGILE--DELICATE INSTRUMENT".

e. Insure the shipment.

SECTION III

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. The Model 140A Oscilloscope is a plug-in oscilloscope, using a minimum number of functions on the main unit. Most of the controls are located on the plug-in units, and therefore detailed operating instructions are given in the manuals for the plug-in units. The Model 140A includes the cathode-ray tube and its associated controls, power supplies, and a calibrator which is used for vertical-sensitivity and sweep-time calibration as well as probe compensation.

3-3. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS.

3-4. FRONT PANEL.

3-5. Figure 3-1 identifies the front panel controls, indicators, and terminals, and provides a short description of their functions.

3-6. **BEAM FINDER OPERATION.** Frequently the CRT trace can be driven off the CRT screen by excessive DC input levels or by misadjustment of position or balance controls on the plug-ins. When the BEAM FINDER switch is depressed, the beam is confined to the screen of the CRT. If the trace is centered with the position and/or balance control when the BEAM FINDER is depressed (see manual for plug-in for specific instruction), the trace will remain on screen when the BEAM FINDER is released.

NOTE

At high amplifier sensitivities a further slight adjustment of the balance control may be necessary. Failure of the BEAM FINDER to bring the trace on screen may generally be attributed to insufficient intensity or unusually high DC signal input. It should also be noted that when single-sweep operation is used with a time base plug-in, the spot at the end of a single sweep will be blanked by termination of the gate.

3-7. **TRACE ALIGN ADJUSTMENT.** To compensate for slight manufacturing tolerances and external magnetic disturbances, a front panel screwdriver adjustment has been provided to align the trace with the graticule. Adjust TRACE ALIGN whenever realignment of the trace seems necessary. A check should be made after moving the instrument to a new operating location.

3-8. **ASTIGMATISM ADJUSTMENT.** To provide uniform focus of the trace over the display area, the ASTIGMATISM control, a front panel screwdriver adjustment, is used in conjunction with the FOCUS control. For correct adjustment, adjust both FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM for sharpest display of signal. Because different plug-ins will apply different DC potentials to the deflection plates, it will usually be necessary to readjust ASTIGMATISM whenever plug-ins are changed.

3-9. REAR PANEL.

3-10. 115/230. This switch, located at the bottom of the rear panel, must be set to the nominal line voltage before plugging the power cable into the service outlet.

3-11. **Z-AXIS INPUT.** The Z-AXIS INPUT terminals and selector switch are located on the rear panel of the instrument. To externally modulate the trace intensity, set the selector switch to EXT, and apply modulating signal to Z-AXIS INPUT terminals. The amplitude of modulating pulse required to blank the trace depends upon the level of beam intensity, and is about 20 volts positive for average intensities. Conversely, a negative pulse can be applied to the Z-AXIS INPUT to intensify the trace. When not using the terminals, be sure that the ground strap is in place. When the oscilloscope is used with a dual channel plug-in, the selector switch should be placed in the INT position. This will connect the chopper blanking pulse to the CRT cathode, so that switching transients will be blanked out when the plug-in is being used in the chopped mode of operation.

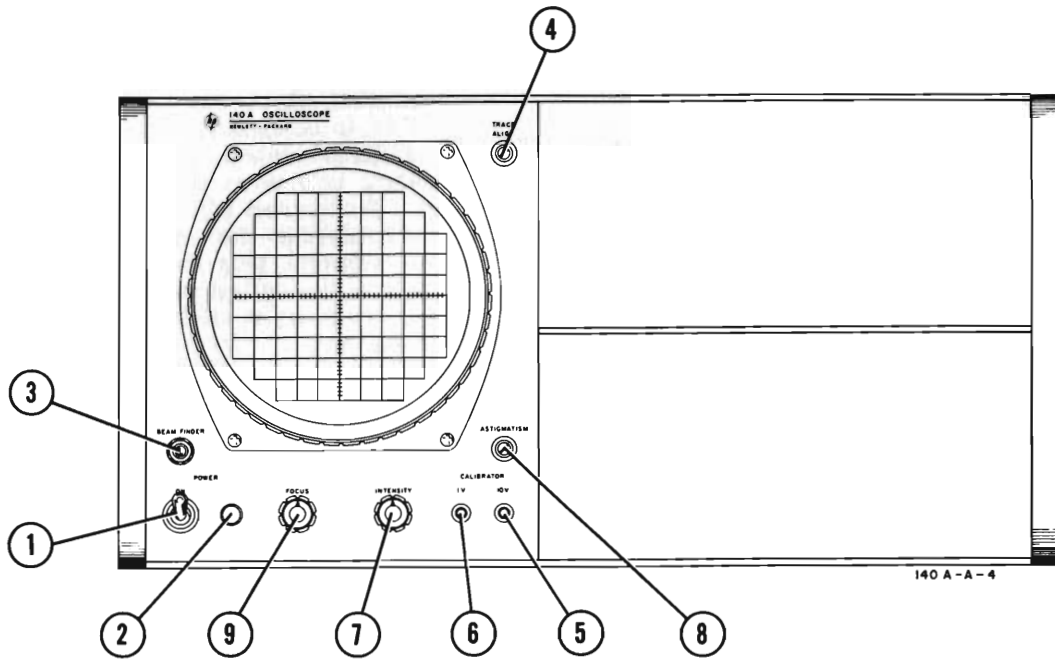
3-12. PLUG-IN UNITS.

3-13. **INSTALLATION.** Insert vertical amplifier (or other unit desired to produce vertical deflection) into the lower compartment, and lock in place. Insert a time base plug-in (or amplifier) into upper compartment, and lock in place. For double-sized plug-ins, remove the dividing shield, insert plug-in, and lock.

NOTE

For proper operation, make sure that the shield is in place when using standard size plug-ins.

3-14. **GAIN.** Because of differences in cathode-ray tube sensitivities, it will usually be necessary to readjust plug-in gain when units are interchanged or moved from one Model 140A to another.



1. Applies AC line power to the instrument.
2. Indicates that the instrument is on.
3. Returns beam to CRT screen.
4. Aligns trace with graticule.
5. 10-volt peak-to-peak calibrating signal (line frequency square wave).
6. 1-volt peak-to-peak calibrating signal (line frequency square wave).
7. Controls intensity of CRT display.
8. Controls roundness of spot.
9. Adjusts focus of trace.

Figure 3-1. Model 140A Controls

SECTION IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

4-1. GENERAL.

4-2. Figure 4-1 is a simplified block diagram of the Model 140A Oscilloscope. Three major circuits are included in the main unit of the oscilloscope: a low-voltage power supply, an amplitude-and-time calibrator, and a high-voltage power supply for the cathode-ray tube. The vertical and horizontal plug-ins are not part of the main unit, and operate directly into the CRT.

4-3. **LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.** The low-voltage power supply uses 115/230 volt single-phase power from the line, and generates the following output voltages: +250, +100, -100, and -12.6 volts DC, and 6.3 volts AC. All DC supplies are regulated. Voltages are distributed to the calibrator, the high-voltage power supply, and the vertical and horizontal plug-in units.

4-4. **CALIBRATOR.** The calibrator uses a 6.3-volt signal from the power transformer to drive a tunnel diode which shapes the signal to a square-wave output. Outputs of 10-volts and 1-volt (peak-to-peak amplitude)

are made available on the front panel as calibrating signals accurate to $\pm 1\%$. The 1-volt square wave is also applied to the plug-ins for internal use in horizontal and vertical sensitivity calibration.

4-5. **HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.** A transistorized oscillator and step-up transformer are used to generate high voltages for the CRT. Both positive (5 kv) and negative (2.5 kv) supplies are used, and are electronically regulated.

4-6. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

4-7. The low-voltage power supply includes an independent supply (-100 volts) and three dependent supplies (+250, +100 and -12.6 volts). The -100 volt supply is a reference for the +100 volt supply. A breakdown diode serves as the reference for the -12.6 volt supply. The +250 volt supply is obtained by stacking a 150-volt supply on top of the +100 volt supply.

4-8. Figure 4-2 is a simplified block diagram of a regulated power supply. The series regulator acts

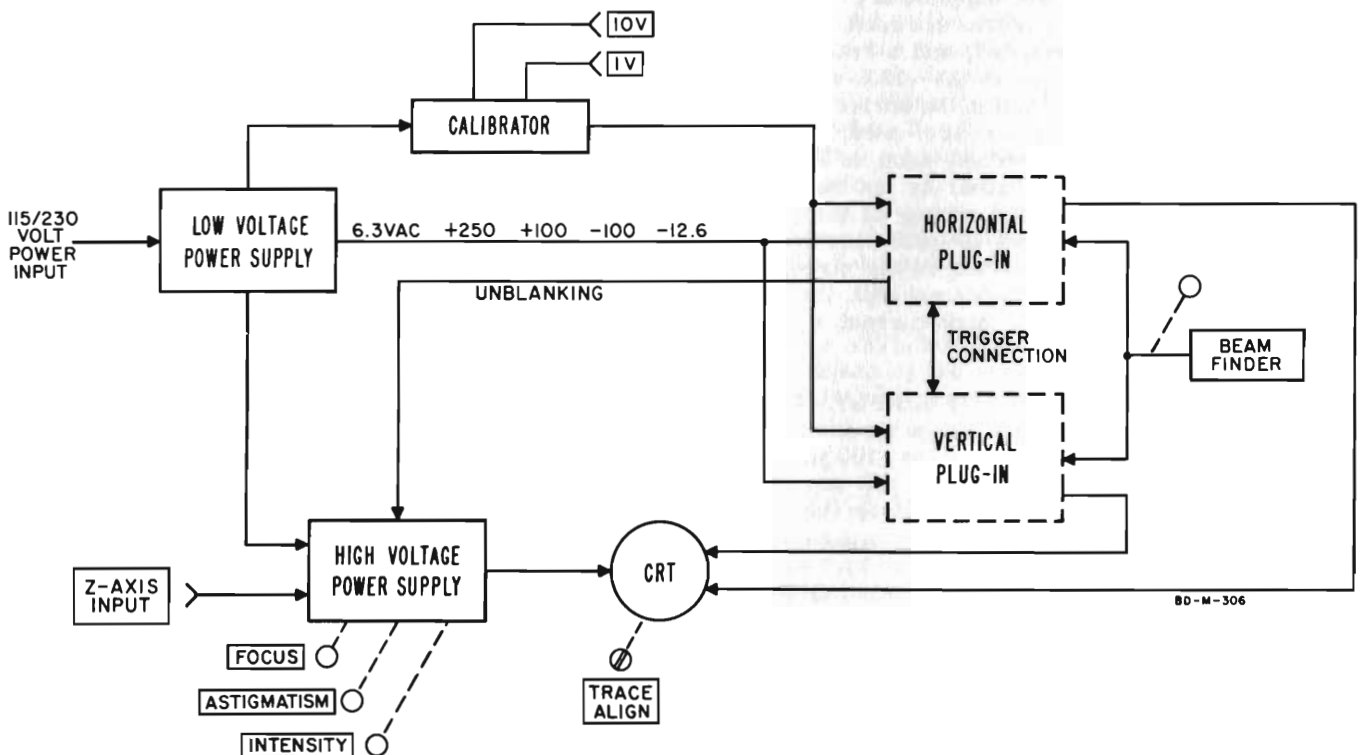


Figure 4-1. Model 140A Block Diagram

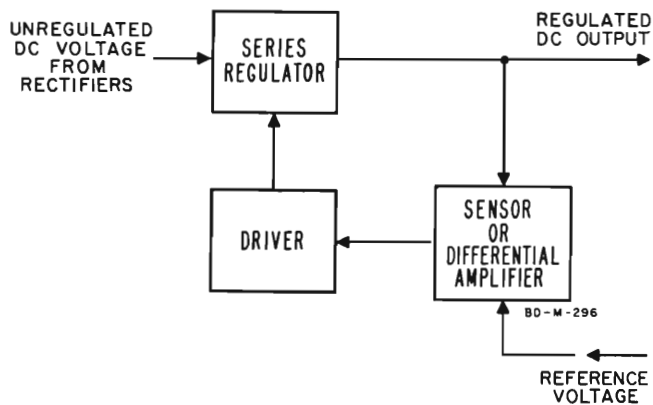


Figure 4-2. Regulated Power Supply Block Diagram

as a variable resistance in series with the supply output. A sensor or differential amplifier compares the output voltage with a reference voltage (which may be ground). The driver (either an amplifier or emitter follower) then alters the bias on the series regulator, effectively changing its series resistance. The voltage drop across the series regulator changes in such direction as to oppose any change in supply output voltage.

4-9. Figure 5-6 is a schematic diagram of the low voltage power supply in the Model 140A. The primary winding of transformer T101 is wired for quick conversion (using the 115/230 volt switch) from 115-volt to 230-volt operation. In addition to the line fuse, each of the regulated supplies is provided with over-current protection. Fuses are used for the -100, +100, and +250 volt supplies, and a transistorized protection circuit is used in the -12.6 volt supply. To reduce power dissipation in the series regulators when high-current plug-ins are used, two shunt resistors are provided across each of the series regulator transistors. Whether or not these shunts are used depends upon the wiring of the plug-ins used. Both shunt resistors in each case are of the same value. One is connected in the circuit if the horizontal plug-in is a high-current unit, the other if the vertical plug-in is a high-current unit; thus either or both may be used.

4-10. -100 VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY. The -100 volt supply is used as a reference for the +100 volt supply; therefore any change in the -100 volt supply is reflected as a change in the +100 volt supply. The AC voltage from transformer T101 is rectified by CR161-CR164, and partly filtered by capacitor C161. The resulting DC voltage is regulated by transistors Q161-Q166. Differential amplifier Q165/Q166 compares the voltage across reference tube V161 with a sample of the supply output voltage, the magnitude of which is selected by -100V Adj R200B. The output of the differential amplifier is applied to the base of emitter-follower-driver Q164, which controls the bias of series regulator Q162. Slave amplifiers Q161/Q163 reduce the power-handling requirements of Q164 by dividing the voltage drop across Q162

into three equal components. Any tendency of supply output voltage to change, either through a line surge or a change in load current, is fed back through the amplifier and driver to the series regulator, which compensates for the change by its change in series resistance. R200B adjusts the supply voltage.

4-11. +100 VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY. Sensor amplifier Q143 in the +100 volt supply senses any variation in output voltage with respect to -100 volts. The error voltage is amplified by driver Q142, which applies corrective bias to series regulator Q141. Output voltage is set by R200A, which applies approximately zero volts to the base of sensor amplifier Q143.

4-12. +250 VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY. This supply operates in the same manner as the +100 volt supply, except that +100 volts is used as the reference. Output voltage is fixed by voltage divider R136/R137.

4-13. -12.6 VOLT REGULATED SUPPLY. Sensor amplifier Q185 senses any variation of output voltage with respect to ground, and applies the error voltage to amplifier Q183. This amplifier increases signal current to the level required by emitter-follower-driver Q182 to control series regulator Q181. Output voltage is set by R200C. Transistor Q184, a protection device for the series regulator, is normally biased off. If a short occurs across the -12.6 volt output, the emitter of Q184 goes positive by the 7.5 volts across breakdown diode CR184, thus turning the transistor on. The increased positive voltage is applied through Q182 to the base of series regulator Q181, biasing this transistor off. The current which will then flow through the external short is the current available through 50-ohm resistor R183.

4-14. CALIBRATOR.

4-15. The schematic diagram of the calibrator is given in Figure 5-5. This circuit consists of three parts: a tunnel diode square wave generator, a transistor switch, and a calibration network.

4-16. 6.3 volts AC is applied through R201 to tunnel diode CR201, which generates a square wave at line frequency. Transistor switch Q201 is off during the time of the positive half-cycle of the square wave (when the voltage at the base is close to zero), and the collector voltage is thus at a level set by DC voltage divider R206-R207-R208. When the negative-going portion of the square wave is applied to the base of Q201, the transistor conducts heavily, effectively shorting the collector to ground. The output of the calibrator is thus at zero volts. At the end of the negative input half-cycle, the base of Q201 returns to zero, the transistor is switched off, and the output returns to its previous value.

4-17. Tunnel-diode bias current is supplied through resistor R202. The bias current sets an operating level for the diode which affects the symmetry of the square wave output. Cal Adj R205 is used to set the DC voltage at the collector of Q201 to -10 volts when

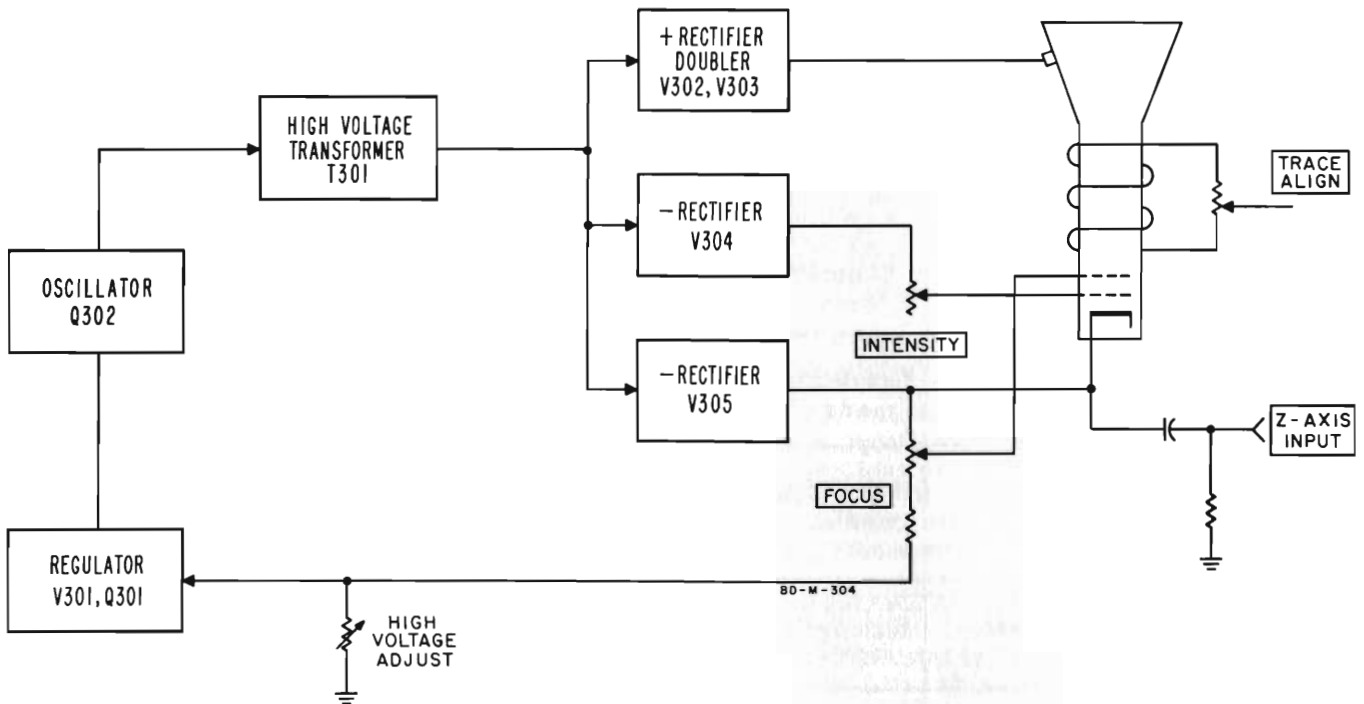


Figure 4-3. High-Voltage Power Supply Block Diagram

the transistor is off. Breakdown diode CR202 reduces the output impedance, and provides temperature compensation for the circuit. Voltage divider R207/R208 reduces the 10-volt output to 1 volt. Both 10-volt and 1-volt outputs are available on the front panel of the Model 140A.

4-18. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.

4-19. Figure 4-3 is a block diagram of the high voltage power supply. The output of a regulated transistor oscillator is stepped up in voltage and applied to a series of high-voltage rectifiers. The positive output of the voltage doubler is connected to the post-accelerator of the CRT. The negative output voltages are used in the gun assembly of the CRT and its associated controls. The Z-AXIS INPUT can be used to apply an intensity modulating signal to the cathode of the CRT.

4-20. Figure 5-8 is a schematic diagram of the high-voltage power supply, including the CRT. Oscillator Q302 operates at a frequency of about 32 kc. Any change in the output voltage is applied to the grid of V301, which converts the voltage change to a current change. This current change is applied by emitter follower Q301 to the base of the oscillator transistor. The amplitude of oscillations is changed in such direction as to oppose the original output voltage change. High Voltage Adjust R319 sets the amplitude of oscillation to produce the correct output voltage.

4-22. Two separate negative supplies are used, one for the control grid of the CRT, and one to provide CRT cathode and focusing voltages. Both supplies use half-wave rectifiers (V304 and V305). The unblanking gate from the horizontal plug-ins (via pin 1, J2) is applied to the return side of the grid supply, and changes the negative grid voltage by about +50 volts to unblank the trace. A positive pulse of about 20 volts will blank the trace when applied to Z-AXIS INPUT. When Z-AXIS INPUT is not used, S301 is set to receive chopped blanking from a dual-trace plug-in.

4-22. The voltage doubler circuit (V302/V303) provides the 5-kc post-accelerating voltage required by the CRT.

4-23. The ASTIGMATISM adjustment (R341) affects the roundness of the spot, and the Geometry adjustment (R343) is used to optimize pattern shape.

4-24. TRACE ALIGN.

4-25. Trace-aligning coil L302 is located around the CRT near its screen. Adjustment of Trace Align R350A/B varies the magnitude and direction of current through the coil, which has the effect of rotating the trace. In this way the trace is brought into alignment with the CRT graticule.

Table 5-1. Equipment Required for Tests and Adjustments

| Recommended Instrument | Model | Required For | Ref Para | Required Characteristics |
|-------------------------|-----------|--|---------------------|--|
| 1. Voltmeter Calibrator | hp 738AR | Calibrator check; High Voltage Adjust- ment; Calibrator Adjust- ment | 5-5 5-13 5-17 | Outputs of 1v and 10v p-p; -300v DC; $\pm 0.2\%$ |
| 2. DC Voltmeter | hp 412A | Low-Voltage Adjust- ments | 5-11 | -100 to +100 volts, $\pm 1\%$ |
| 3. DC VTVM | hp 410B | High-Voltage Adjust- ment | 5-13 | May be adapted for high voltage (-2.5 kv) measurement. Provi- sion for altering calibration. |
| 4. Voltage Divider | hp 11044A | High-Voltage Adjust- ment | 5-13 | Provide 100:1 division for vtvm (item 3); 2.5 kv rating. |
| 5. Audio Oscillator | hp 200CD | Geometry Adjust- ment | 5-16 | 400 kc output. |

SECTION V MAINTENANCE

5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section covers maintenance, troubleshooting, and adjustment of the Model 140A Oscilloscope. A performance check is included which may be used at incoming inspection or after adjustments have been made to verify that the instrument meets its specifications.

5-3. PERFORMANCE CHECK.

5-4. CRT CONTROLS.

a. Install a single large plug-in or two small plug-in units in the Model 140A (vertical plug-in in the lower compartment, horizontal in the upper compartment).

b. Set: POWER ON
AMPLIFIER coupling (if present) . AC
POSITION controls Centered

c. If a time base plug-in is being used,
set: SWEEP TIME 1 MSEC/CM
TRIGGER SOURCE +INT
LEVEL FREE RUN
NORMAL/SINGLE NORMAL

d. A trace should be on screen. If necessary, turn INTENSITY control clockwise.

e. Remove trace from screen with POSITION controls. Depress BEAM FINDER. The trace should appear on screen.

f. The INTENSITY control should vary the intensity of the display from extinguished to brighter than normal intensity.

g. The FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM controls should defocus the display at the extreme of each control, and focus the display at approximately midrange. Adjust FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM for sharpest overall display.

h. Adjust TRACE ALIGN to set the trace parallel to the horizontal graticule lines. If the horizontal plug-in is not a time base, connect the calibrator signal to the horizontal amplifier input to produce a straight-line trace.

5-5. CALIBRATOR.

a. Set: Vertical SENSITIVITY 0.05 V/CM
INPUT coupling DC

b. Connect 1 VOLT PTP from the Voltmeter Calibrator to vertical INPUT.

c. Adjust vertical VERNIER for exactly 10 cm deflection.

d. Disconnect the Voltmeter Calibrator and connect the 1V CALIBRATOR output to the vertical INPUT.

e. Deflection should be 10 cm \pm 0.1 cm.

f. Repeat steps a through e, using 0.5 V/CM vertical SENSITIVITY and 10 volts from the Voltmeter Calibrator.

5-6. ADJUSTMENTS.

5-7. The following paragraphs (5-11 through 5-17) give a complete adjustment procedure for the Model 140A Oscilloscope. A condensed procedure is given in Table 5-3. If difficulty is encountered in making any adjustment, refer to Paragraph 5-18 for troubleshooting procedures.

5-8. EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR ADJUSTMENTS. Test equipment recommended for the adjustment procedure is listed in Table 5-1. Similar instruments having the listed characteristics may be substituted.

5-9. LOCATION OF ADJUSTMENTS. Figure 5-2 shows the location of all internal adjustments in the Model 140A.

5-10. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE. Plug-ins must be installed in both compartments whenever power supply voltage measurements are made; proper regulation may not occur if insufficient loading is provided. Set line voltage to 115 volts (230 volts if the 115/230 volt switch is in the 230-volt position).

5-11. ADJUSTMENT OF LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLIES.

5-12. Measure the output of each low-voltage supply, and adjust it to the value shown in Table 5-2. Measurement may be made on any wire bearing the indicated color code.

Table 5-2. Low-Voltage Adjustments

| Supply (Volts) | Wire Color Code | Adjustment |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| -100 | Violet | -100V Adj. R200B |
| -12.6 | White/Violet | -12.6V Adj. R200C |
| +100 | White/Red | +100V Adj. R200A |

5-13. ADJUSTMENT OF HIGH-VOLTAGE SUPPLY.

a. Connect a Model 11044A 100:1 Voltage Divider to the DC probe of a Model 410B Voltmeter.

b. Set Voltmeter to 3-volt -DC range.

c. Set the Voltmeter Calibrator for -300 volts DC output, and connect divider tip to the output.

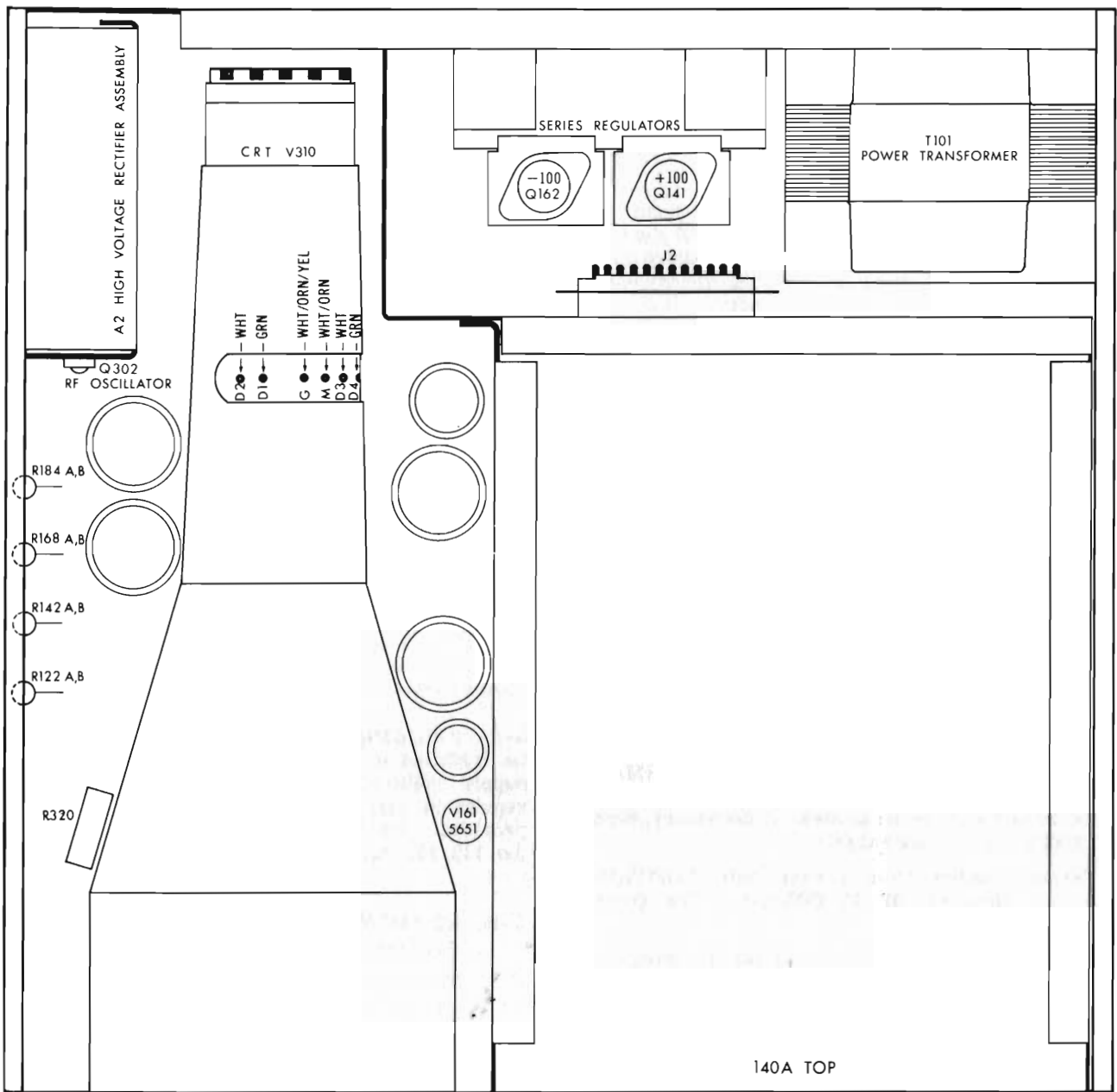


Figure 5-1. Component Locations, Top View

140A-B-7

d. Set the gain adjustment of the Model 410B (located at the rear of the instrument) for a reading of exactly 3 volts.

e. Set the Voltmeter to the 30-volt range, and measure the high voltage supply. This may be done at the junction of R351 and R352.

f. Set High Voltage Adjust R319 for -2350 volts.

g. Recalibrate the Model 410B.

5-14. INTENSITY LIMIT ADJUSTMENT.

a. Center a defocused spot on the CRT.

b. Set INTENSITY to 10 o'clock.

c. Adjust Intensity Limit R312 until spot is just extinguished.

5-15. ASTIGMATISM ADJUSTMENT.

a. Center a low-intensity spot on the CRT.

b. Adjust FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM for a small, round, sharply-focused spot.

5-16. GEOMETRY ADJUSTMENT.

a. Set: TRIGGER LEVEL AUTO
 SWEEP TIME 0.2 MSEC/CM

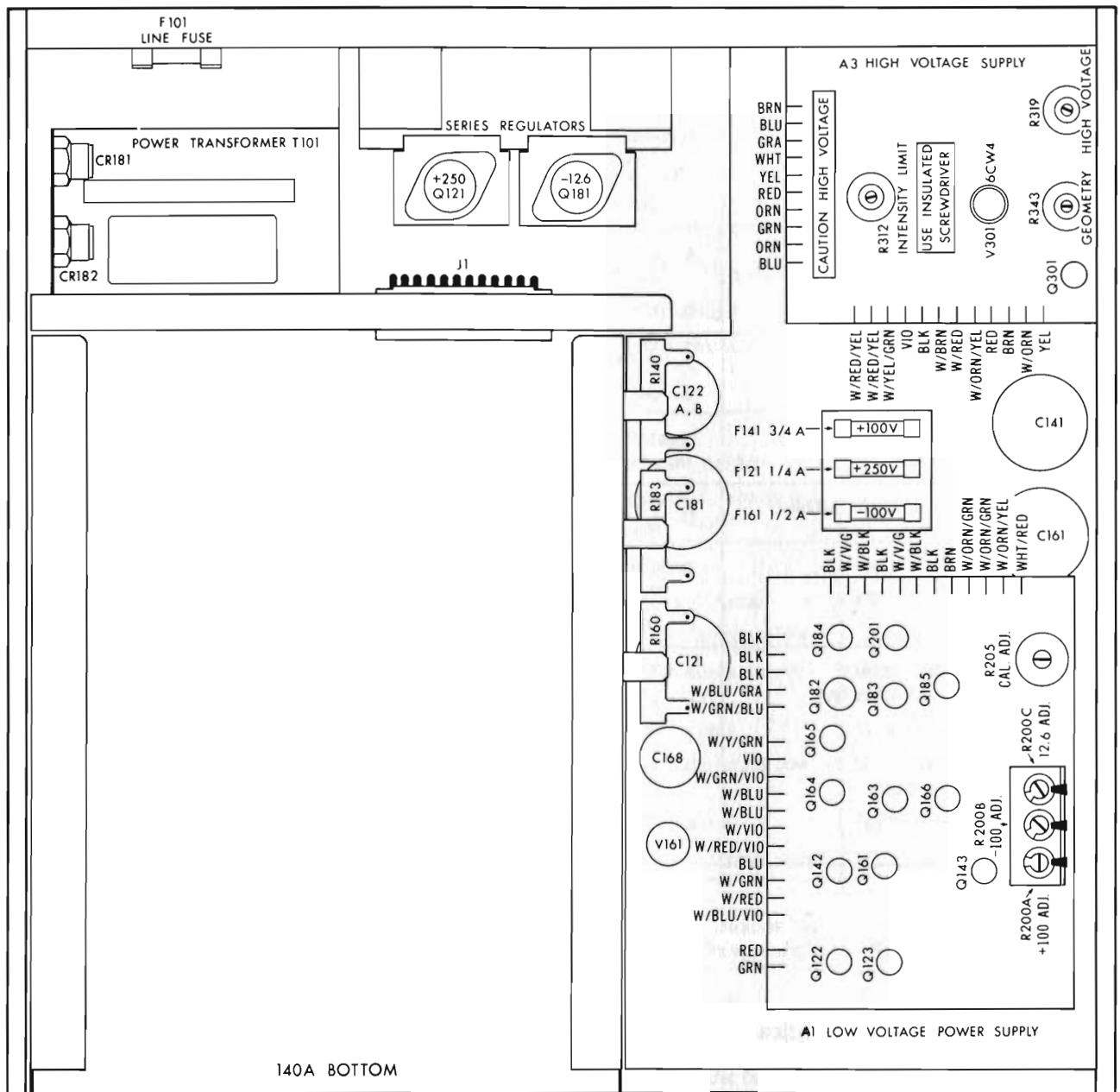


Figure 5-2. Adjustment and Component Locations, Bottom View

- b. Connect a 400-kc signal from the Audio Oscillator to the vertical INPUT of the amplifier plug-in.
- c. Adjust vertical and horizontal controls to obtain a pattern 8 cm high.
- d. Adjust Geometry R343 to obtain the straightest possible edges on the rectangular pattern.

5-17. CALIBRATOR ADJUSTMENT.

- a. Connect a 10-VOLT PTP signal from the Voltmeter Calibrator to the vertical amplifier INPUT.
- b. Set amplifier SENSITIVITY to 0.5 V/CM, INPUT coupling to DC.

- c. Adjust vertical VERNIER for exactly 10 cm deflection.
- d. Disconnect the Voltmeter Calibrator, and connect the 10V CALIBRATOR output to the amplifier INPUT.
- e. Set Cal Adj R205 for exactly 10 cm deflection.

5-18. TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-19. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLIES.

5-20. TRANSISTORS. The series regulator transistors are located on the fan assembly. Each is easily replaced by removing the two screws and

Table 5-3. Condensed Adjustment Procedure

| Test | External Equipment Required | Procedure | Adjust |
|-------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Low Voltage Supplies | DC Voltmeter | Measure: -100v (Violet) -12.6v (White/Violet) +100v (White/Red) | R200B R200C R200A |
| 2. High Voltage Supply | DC VTVM; 100:1 Divider; Voltmeter Calibrator | a. Calibrate Divider - Voltmeter combination. b. Measure -2350v | R319 for -2350 volts |
| 3. Intensity Limit | None | a. Center a defocused spot. b. Set INTENSITY to 10 o'clock. | R312 until spot is just extinguished. |
| 4. Astigmatism | None | Center a low-intensity spot. | FOCUS and ASTIGMATISM for sharp spot. |
| 5. Geometry | Audio Oscillator | a. TRIGGER LEVEL: AUTO SWEEP TIME: . . 0.2 MSEC/CM b. Connect 400 kc sine wave to vertical INPUT. c. Obtain pattern 8 cm high. | R343 for straightest edges. |
| 6. Calibrator | Voltmeter Calibrator | a. SENSITIVITY: 0.5 V/CM b. Apply 10v p-p from Voltmeter Calibrator to vertical INPUT. c. Adjust vertical VERNIER for 10 cm deflection. d. Connect 10V CALIBRATOR to vertical INPUT. | Cal Adj. R205 for 10 cm deflection. |

pulling the transistor from its socket. All other low voltage power supply transistors are located on the low-voltage circuit board.

5-21. Nominal voltages at significant points in the supply are given in the low-voltage power supply schematic. Plug-ins must be installed when checking these voltages. Correct voltages for points not marked for voltage are generally obvious by being connected (directly or indirectly) to a supply output. Transistor base voltage in most cases should not measurably differ from emitter voltages when measured with respect to ground. Voltage drops across breakdown diodes are indicated on the schematic.

5-22. EXCESSIVE RIPPLE. The cause of excessive 120-cycle ripple on any of the supplies can be isolated to input filter or regulator circuits by comparing ripple voltages at the rectifier outputs with the values given on the schematic. If ripple at these points is excessive, check capacitors C121, C122, C141, C161, or C181. If ripple is high and is 60 cps, one of the rectifiers is probably open. If normal, the cause is most likely low gain in the amplifier transistors. In the -100 volt supply, slave amplifiers Q161 and/or Q163 could be open, and the only indication might be poor regulation and ripple at low line voltage.

5-23. FUSES. If the -100, +100, or +250 volt supply should be accidentally shorted to ground, the fuse for that particular supply will blow. This cuts off current in the supply and protects the transistors.

5-24. The -12.6 volt supply is not fused, but employs a surge protector, Q184, for protection against brief shortings of the output to ground. The supply should immediately function normally upon removal of the short.

5-25. LOSS OF REGULATION. If loss of regulation occurs in a supply, refer to Table 5-4. The procedure outlined in this table may not always pin down the exact trouble, especially if a component other than a transistor or breakdown diode has failed, but it will usually indicate the general location of the failure. In using the procedure, follow the steps listed under a particular symptom in the given order. In some cases, more than one fault may exist.

5-26. HIGH-VOLTAGE SUPPLY.

5-27. If one high-voltage supply output is zero but other outputs are normal, look for the unlit filament of a bad rectifier (V302 thru V305). Normal DC voltages are given on the high voltage schematic.

Table 5-4. Troubleshooting the Low Voltage Supply

| Supply | Symptom | Procedure | Indication | Conclusion |
|--------|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| -100V | High Output Voltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Measure voltage across CR165 2. Disconnect the WHT-GRN-V10 wire from the edge of the circuit board. 3. Reconnect the WHT-GRN-V10 lead. Short emitter of Q164 to base 4. Measure voltage across R173 | <p>Approximately 6.5 volts or less</p> <p>More than approx 6.5v</p> <p>Output drops</p> <p>Output remains high</p> <p>Output drops</p> <p>Output remains high</p> <p>Same as output</p> <p>Less than measured high output</p> | <p>CR165 OK</p> <p>CR165 open</p> <p>Q162 OK</p> <p>Q162 shorted</p> <p>Q164 OK</p> <p>Q164 shorted, and also possibly Q163 and Q161 (check emitter-collector resistance with ohmmeter.)</p> <p>Q165 shorted</p> <p>Q166 open</p> |
| | Low Output Voltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Measure voltage across CR165 2. Short WHT-GRN-VIO wire to anode end of CR165 (away from plug-in compartment). 3. Short base of Q164 to the anode end of CR165 (away from plug-in compartment). 4. Short emitter to base on Q166. | <p>0 volts</p> <p>Approx 6 volts</p> <p>Output remains low</p> <p>Output rises (more negative)</p> <p>Output rises</p> <p>Output remains low</p> <p>Output rises</p> <p>Output remains same</p> | <p>CR165 shorted</p> <p>CR165 OK</p> <p>Q162 open</p> <p>Q162 OK</p> <p>Q164 OK</p> <p>Q164 or possible Q163 open</p> <p>Q165 open</p> <p>Q166 shorted</p> |
| -12.6V | High or Low Output Voltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the -100 volt supply | <p>Normal</p> <p>Abnormal</p> | <p>Trouble in -12.6V supply</p> <p>Trouble in -100V supply</p> |
| | High Output Voltage | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the WHT-GRN-BLU wire from the edge of the board. 2. Replace WHT-GRN-BLU wire. Short emitter of Q182 to base. 3. Short emitter of Q185 to collector. | <p>Output drops</p> <p>Output remains high</p> <p>Output drops</p> <p>Output remains high</p> <p>Output drops</p> <p>Output remains high</p> | <p>Q181 OK</p> <p>Q181 shorted</p> <p>Q182 OK</p> <p>Q182 shorted</p> <p>Q185 open</p> <p>Q183 open</p> |
| | Output Low | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lift collector of Q184 (leave disconnected for remainder of -12.6V supply tests.) 2. Short emitter of Q182 to collector 3. Lift collector of Q183 | <p>Output remains low</p> <p>Output returns to normal</p> <p>Output goes higher than normal</p> <p>Output rises</p> <p>Output remains low</p> <p>Output rises</p> <p>Output remains low</p> | <p>Q184 OK</p> <p>Q184 shorted</p> <p>CR184 open</p> <p>Q181 OK</p> <p>Q181 open</p> <p>Q182 OK</p> <p>Q182 open</p> |

Table 5-4. Troubleshooting the Low Voltage Supply (Cont'd)

| Supply | Symptom | Procedure | Indication | Conclusion |
|--------|----------------------------|---|---|---|
| -12.6V | Output Low (cont'd) | 4. Replace collector of Q183 and short emitter of Q183 to base 5. Short emitter of Q185 to base | Output rises Output remains low Output remains low Output rises | Q183 OK Q183 shorted Q185 shorted CR184 shorted |
| +100V | High or Low Output Voltage | 1. Check -100V and -12.6V supplies | Normal Abnormal | Trouble in +100 volt supply Trouble in -100 or -12.6 volt supply |
| | High Output Voltage | 1. Remove the WHT-GRN wire from the edge of the printed circuit board 2. Replace WHT-GRN wire. Short emitter of Q142 to base. | Output drops Output remains high Output drops Output remains high | Q141 OK Q141 shorted Q143 shorted Q142 shorted |
| | Low Output Voltage | 1. Short emitter of Q142 to collector 2. Short emitter of Q143 to collector | Output rises Output remains low Output rises Output remains low | Q141 OK Q141 open Q143 open Q142 open |
| +250V | High or Low Output Voltage | 1. Check -100, -12.6, and +100 supplies | Normal Abnormal | Trouble in +250 Trouble in -100, -12.6, or +100 |
| | High Output Voltage | 1. Measure voltage across CR146 2. Remove green wire from edge of board 3. Replace green wire. Short emitter of Q122 to base. | Greater than approx 6.5v Approx 6.5v or less Output drops Output remains high Output drops Output remains high | CR146 open CR146 OK Q121 OK Q121 shorted Q123 shorted Q122 shorted |
| | Low Output Voltage | 1. Measure voltage across CR146 2. Short emitter of Q122 to collector 3. Short emitter of Q123 to collector | 0 volts Approx 6 volts Output rises Output remains low Output rises Output remains low | CR142 shorted CR146 OK Q121 OK Q121 open Q123 open Q122 open |

5-28. If there is no high voltage output and none of the filaments are lit, observe the waveform at the collector of Q302 (blue wire). If an approximately 30 kc 20-volt peak-to-peak sine wave appears for short intervals, the trouble is probably a defective component in the rectifier filter/divider networks. If no waveform appears, use Table 5-5.

5-29. If the high voltage output is incorrect and cannot be adjusted to the correct value, use Table 5-6.

5-30. If the -2350 volt supply seems to be operating properly, the +5 kv post-accelerator potential may be checked by removing the left side instrument cover and measuring the 5-kv voltage at the board termination of the thick red lead.

5-31. REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT.

5-32. AIR FILTER.

5-33. Inspect the air filter at the rear of the instrument and clean it before it becomes clogged enough to restrict the flow of cooling air. To clean, remove the filter from the instrument and wash it thoroughly in warm water and detergent. Dry thoroughly and coat with a filter adhesive such as Filter Coat No. 3 from Research Products Inc. This adhesive is available from heating supply stores or from your Hewlett-Packard Engineering Representative.

5-34. REMOVAL OF CATHODE-RAY TUBE.

5-35. It is recommended that a face mask or goggles and gloves be used when it is necessary to handle the CRT. To remove:

a. Disconnect post-accelerator lead. This can be done by lifting the edge of the rubber cap, and using a screwdriver to compress the spring contact until it comes free.

b. Disconnect leads at neck of CRT, taking care not to bend the pins.

- c. Remove CRT bezel.
- d. Loosen clamp at socket of CRT.
- e. Remove socket of CRT by carefully prying loose.
- f. Slide CRT forward out of instrument, keeping one hand on front face of CRT.

5-36. To install CRT, reverse the above procedure. Correct connection of leads at neck of CRT is shown on the inside of bottom cover and in Figure 5-1.

Note

If a different CRT is installed, it will be necessary to: 1) Check trace alignment with procedure given in Paragraph 3-7; 2) Reset Geometry adjustment as described in Paragraph 5-16; 3) Check plug-in calibration.

5-37. FAN MOTOR REMOVAL.

a. Disconnect the white-gray and white-green-gray wires from fan terminals at bottom of instrument.

b. Remove all four transistor heat sinks from the fan assembly, and push out of the way.

c. Remove the four nuts on rear panel which secure the fan assembly to instrument frame.

d. Lift out fan assembly.

e. Remove fan motor brackets.

5-38. To install fan, reverse the above procedure. When tightening the mounting nuts on the rear panel, use long-nose pliers or similar tool to prevent rubber shock mounts from twisting.

Table 5-5. Troubleshooting High Voltage Supply, No Voltage

| 1. Check Q302, L301, and the associated transformer primary for open circuits or shorts. Replace any bad components. | | |
|--|--|---|
| Procedure | Indication | Conclusion |
| 2. Remove the edge-on connector which goes to the emitter of Q301 (yellow wire). Connect this lead through a 2K resistor to -12.6 volts (any white-violet wire). | Rectifier (V302-V305) filaments light. | Proceed to step 3. |
| | Filaments don't light. | Proceed to step 4. |
| 3. Replace edge-on connector, and change V301. | Filaments light. | Q301 was bad. |
| | Filaments don't light. | Check biasing circuitry of V301. Then check Q301 and associated circuitry. |
| 4. Check T301 and rectifier load circuit for opens or shorts. Then lift one lead of C313, C314, C315, C316, C317, C321, and turn instrument on again. | Filaments light. | Put capacitors back one at a time until the bad one causes filaments to go out. |
| | Filaments don't light. | Trouble probably with transformer T301. |

Table 5-6. Troubleshooting High-Voltage Supply, Incorrect Voltage

| Procedure | Effect | Conclusion |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Remove Nuvistor V301 from its socket. | Output drops to zero. Output remains at an incorrect value. | Proceed to step 2. Q301 shorted |
| 2. Replace V301 in its socket, and lift one end of R301. | Output drops. Output remains at an incorrect value. | Trouble probably in the resistor divider network R311, R325, R326, R327, R328, R329, R318, and R319 V301 bad. |

5-39. REMOVAL OF HIGH-VOLTAGE ASSEMBLY.

- a. Disconnect the six leads identified in Figure 5-3.
- b. Disconnect post-accelerator lead as described in Paragraph 5-35a.
- c. Remove the four screws identified in Figure 5-3.
- d. Tip assembly away from left side of instrument and lift out from top.

5-40. To install high-voltage assembly, reverse the above procedure.

5-41. SERVICING ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS.

5-42. Etched circuit boards used in the Model 140A have components on one side of the board with a plated conductive layer of metal through component holes. Service Note M-20D also contains useful information on etched circuit repair. The important steps and considerations are:

a. Use a low heat (37 to 47.5 watts, less than 800°F idling temperature), slightly bent chisel tip (1/16 to 1/8 inch diameter) soldering iron, and a small diameter, high tin content solder. If a rosin solder is used, clean the area thoroughly after soldering.

b. Components may be removed by placing the soldering iron on the component lead on either side of the board, and pulling up on the lead. If heat is applied to the component side of the board, greater care is required to avoid damage to the component (especially true for diodes). If heat damage may occur, grip the lead with a pair of pliers to provide a heat sink between the soldering iron and component.

c. If a component is obviously damaged or faulty, clip the leads close to the component and then unsolder the leads from the board.

d. Large components such as potentiometers and tube sockets may be removed by rotating the soldering iron from lead to lead and apply steady pressure to lift the part free (the alternative is to clip the leads of a damaged part).

e. Since the conductor part of the etched circuit board is a metal plated surface, covered with solder, use care to avoid overheating and lifting the conductor

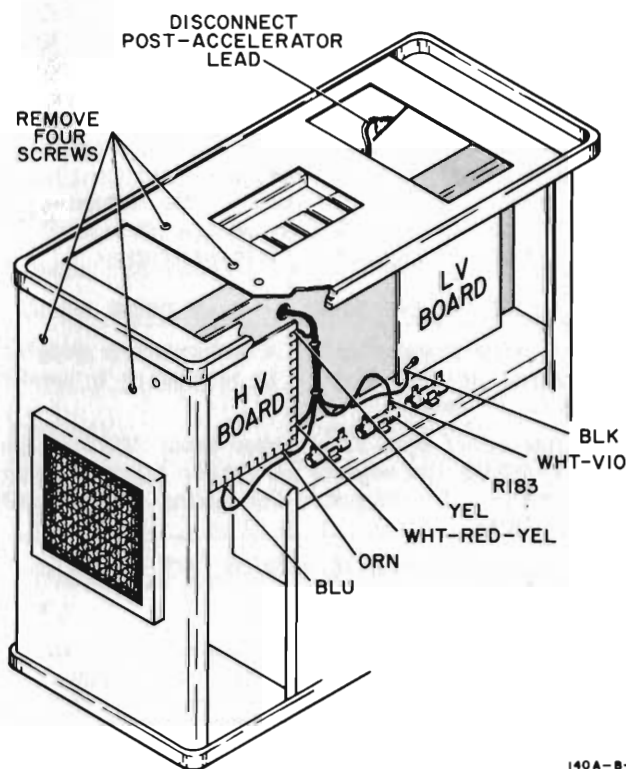


Figure 5-3. Removal of High-Deck Assembly

from the board. A conductor may be cemented back in place with a quick-drying acetate base cement (use sparingly) having good insulating properties. Another method for repair is to solder a section of good conducting wire along the damaged area.

f. Clear the solder from the circuit board hole before inserting a new component lead. Heat the solder in the hole, remove the iron, and quickly insert a pointed non-metallic object, such as a toothpick.

g. Shape the new component leads and clip to proper length. Insert the leads in the holes and apply heat and solder, preferably on the conductor side.

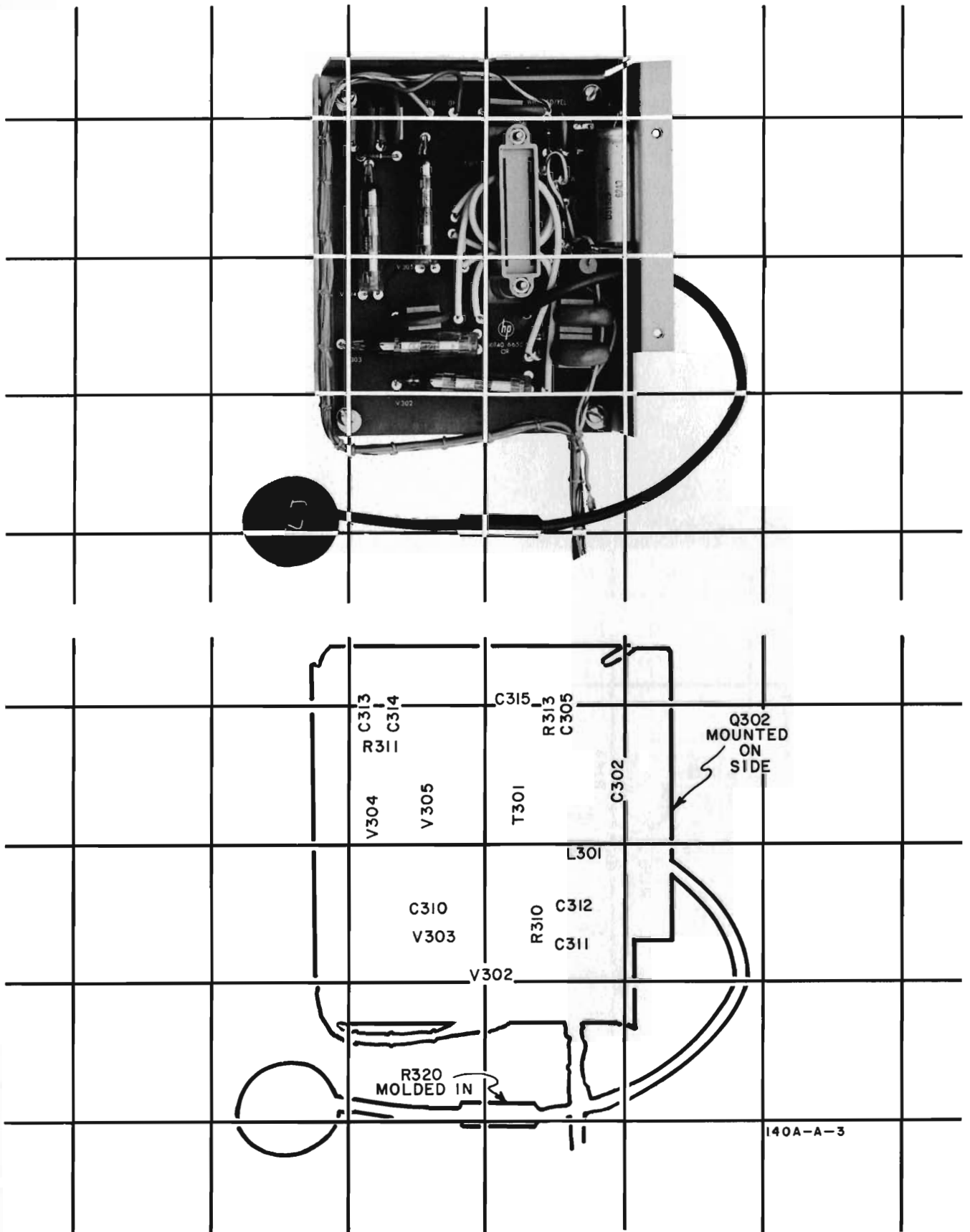


Figure 5-4. Component Locations on High Voltage Deck

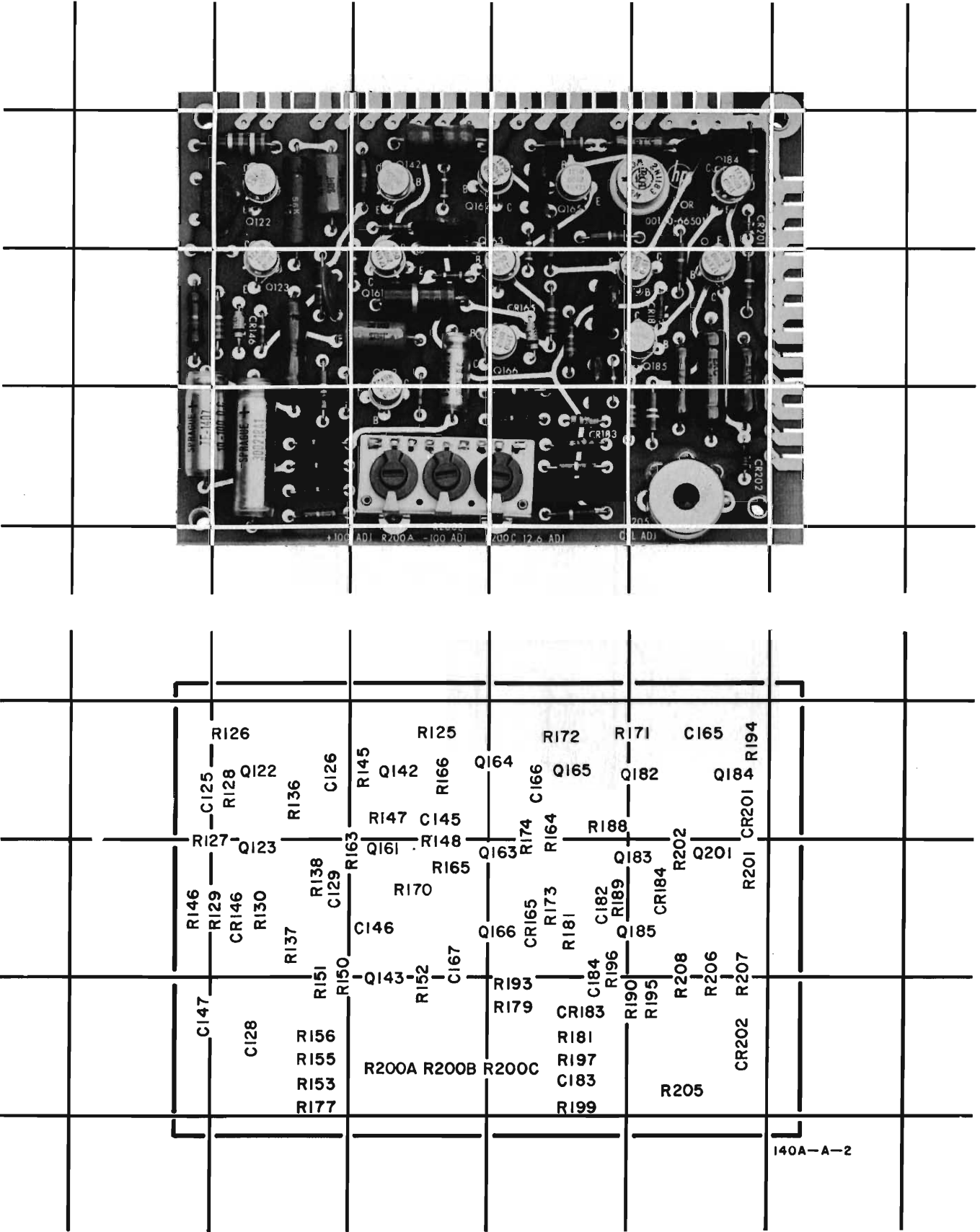
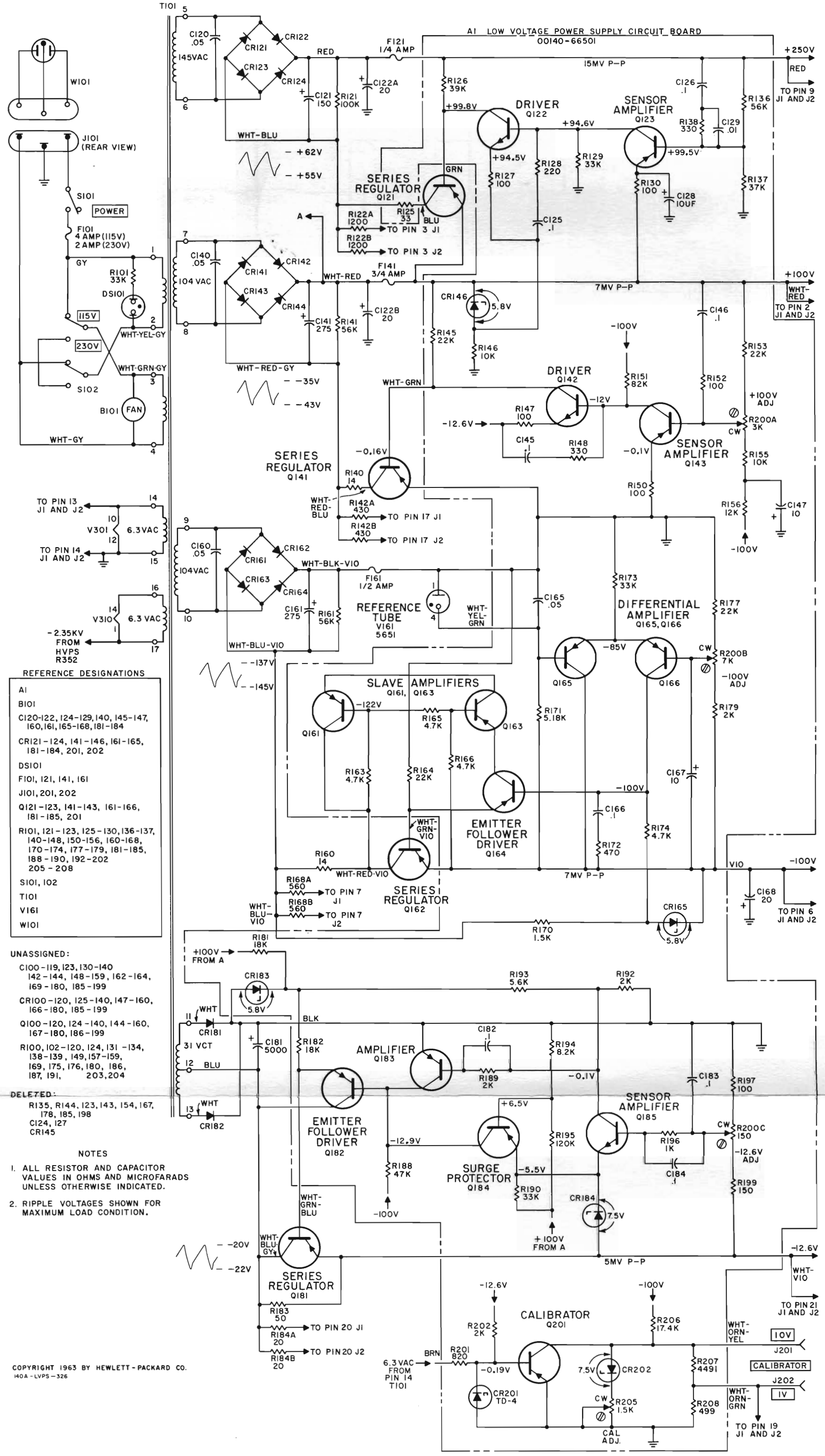


Figure 5-5. Component Location on Low-Voltage Board



REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

| |
|--|
| AI |
| B101 |
| C120-122, 124-129, 140, 145-147, 160, 161, 165-168, 181-184 |
| CR121-124, 141-146, 161-165, 181-184, 201, 202 |
| DS101 |
| F101, 121, 141, 161 |
| J101, 201, 202 |
| Q121-123, 141-143, 161-166, 181-185, 201 |
| R101, 121-123, 125-130, 136-137, 140-148, 150-156, 160-168, 170-174, 177-179, 181-185, 188-190, 192-202, 205-208 |
| S101, 102 |
| T101 |
| V161 |
| W101 |

UNASSIGNED:

| |
|---|
| C100-119, 123, 130-140, 142-144, 148-159, 162-164, 169-180, 185-199 |
| CR100-120, 125-140, 147-160, 166-180, 185-199 |
| Q100-120, 124-140, 144-160, 167-180, 186-199 |
| R100, 102-120, 124, 131-134, 138-139, 149, 157-159, 169, 175, 176, 180, 186, 187, 191, 203, 204 |

DELETED:

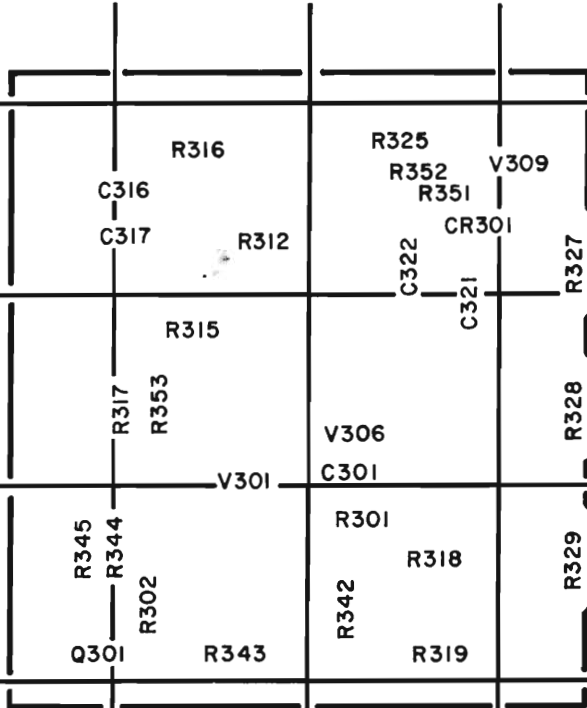
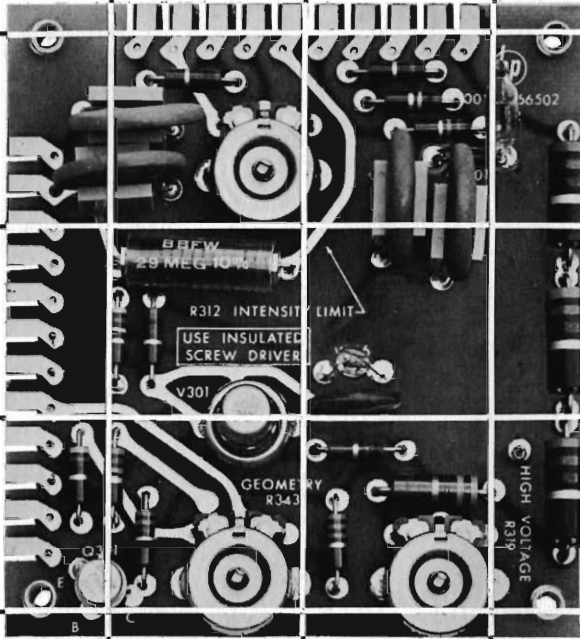
| |
|---|
| R135, R144, 123, 143, 154, 167, 178, 185, 198 |
| C124, 127 |
| CR145 |

- NOTES**
1. ALL RESISTOR AND CAPACITOR VALUES IN OHMS AND MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 2. RIPPLE VOLTAGES SHOWN FOR MAXIMUM LOAD CONDITION.

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140A-LVPS-326

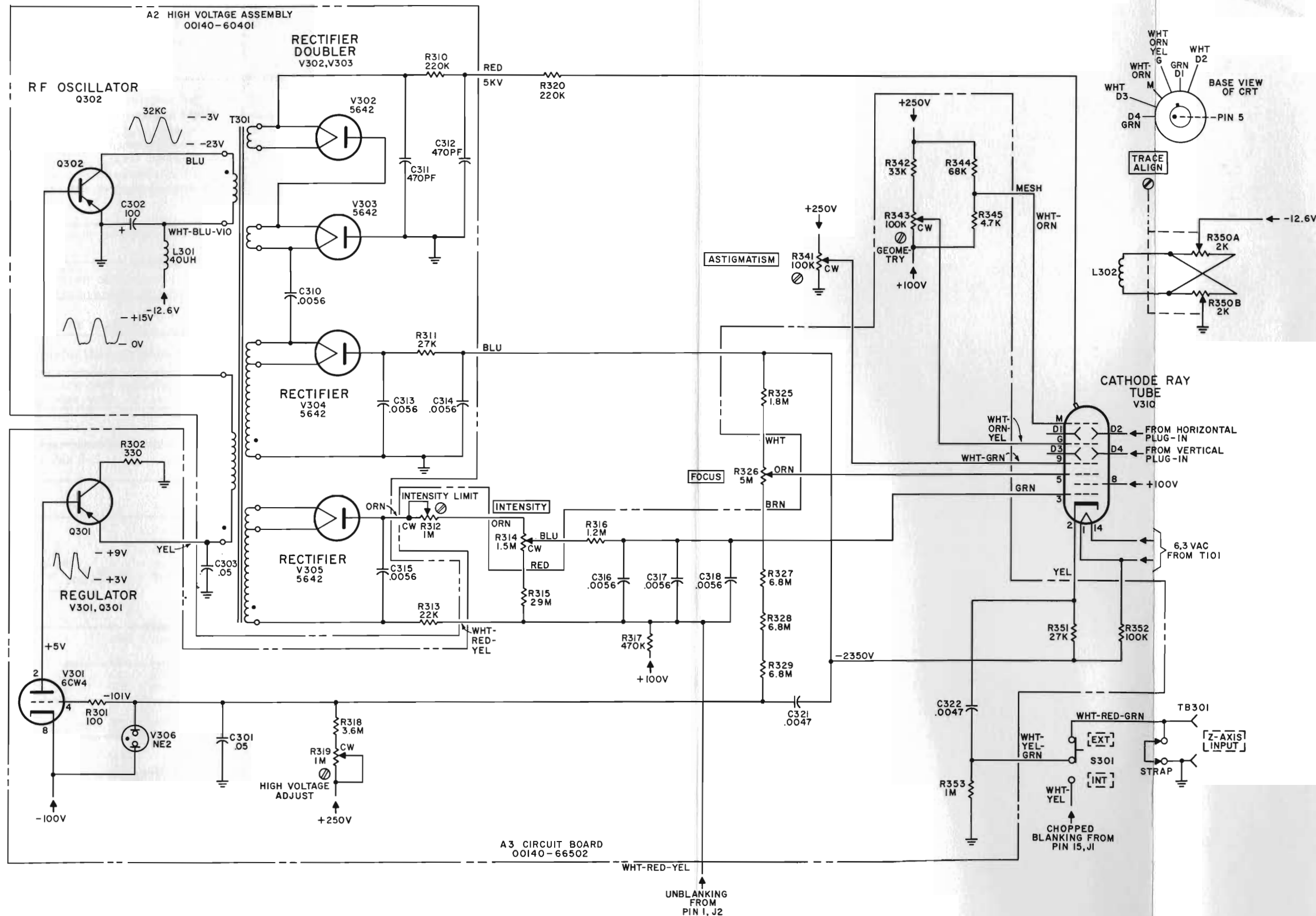
Figure 5-6. Low Voltage Power Supply

Section V
Figure 5-6



140A-A-1

Figure 5-7. Component Locations on High-Voltage Board



- NOTES
1. ALL RESISTORS AND CAPACITORS IN OHMS AND MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 2. [] INDICATES REAR PANEL FUNCTION.

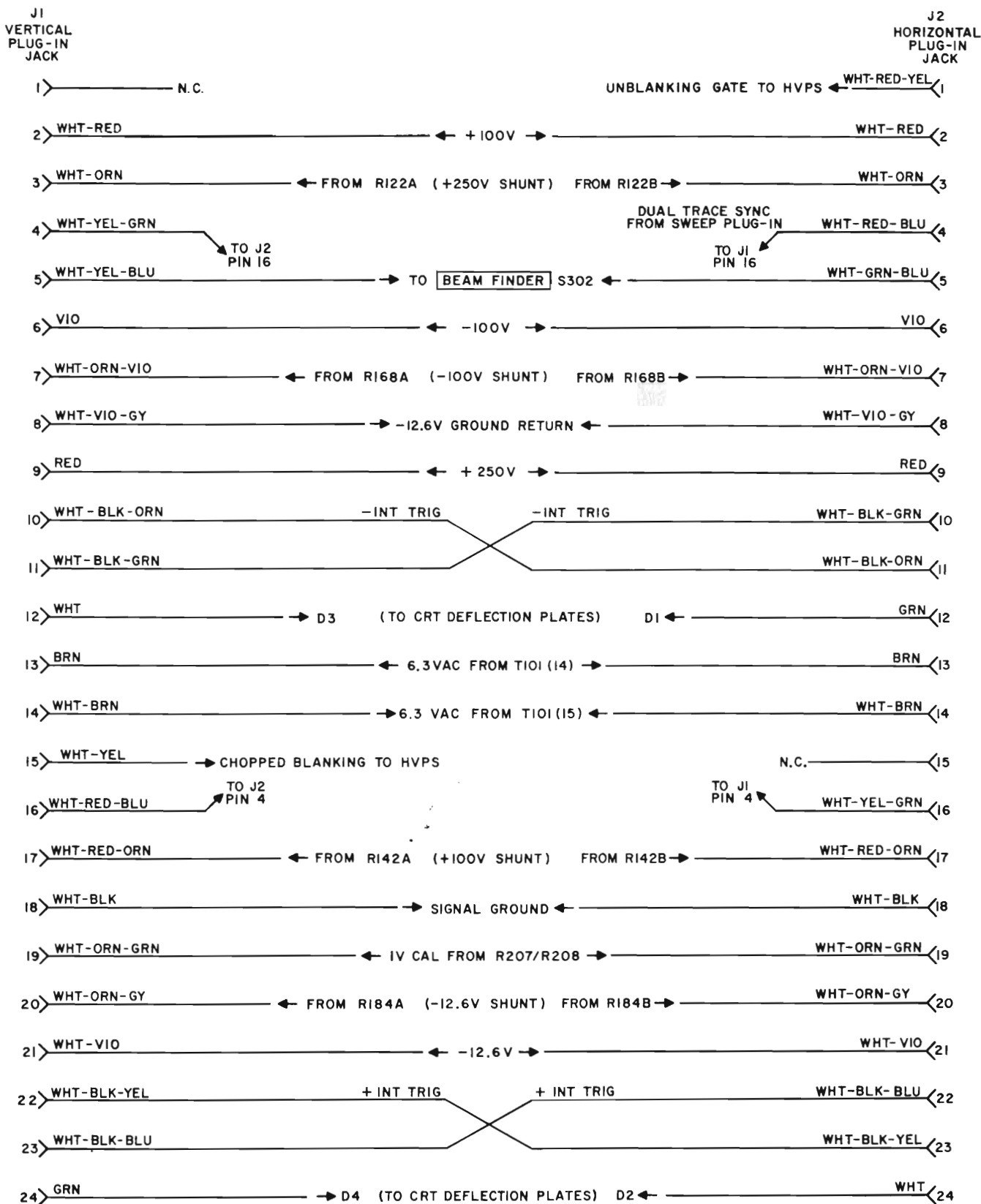
REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

| |
|---|
| A2, 3 |
| C301-303, 310-318, 321, 322 |
| J301 |
| L301, 302 |
| Q301, 302 |
| R301, 302, 310-320, 325-329, 341-345, 350-354 |
| S301, 302 |
| T301 |
| V301-308, 310 |

DELETED:
V309, R331, 332
CR301

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140A-HVPS-326

Figure 5-8. High Voltage Power Supply



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140A - CONN - 326

Figure 5-9. Plug-In Connectors

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-1 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their reference designators and indicates the description and $\text{\textcircled{P}}$ stock number of each part, together with any applicable notes. Table 6-2 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their $\text{\textcircled{P}}$ stock numbers and provides the following information on each part:

- a. Description of the part (see list of abbreviations below).
- b. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code; see list of manufacturers in appendix.
- c. Manufacturer's stock number.
- d. Total quantity used in the instrument (TQ column).
- e. Recommended spare part quantity for complete maintenance during one year of isolated service (RS column).

6-3. Miscellaneous parts not indexed in Table 6-1 are listed at the end of Table 6-2.

6-4. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-5. To order a replacement part, address order or inquiry either to your nearest Hewlett-Packard field office or to

CUSTOMER SERVICE
Hewlett-Packard Company
395 Page Mill Road
Palo Alto, California

or, in Western Europe, to

Hewlett-Packard S.A.
54-54bis Route des Acacias
Geneva, Switzerland

6-6. Specify the following information for each part:

- a. Model and complete serial number of instrument.
- b. Hewlett-Packard stock number.
- c. Circuit reference designator.
- d. Description.

6-7. To order a part not listed in Tables 6-1 and 6-2, give a complete description of the part and include its function and location.

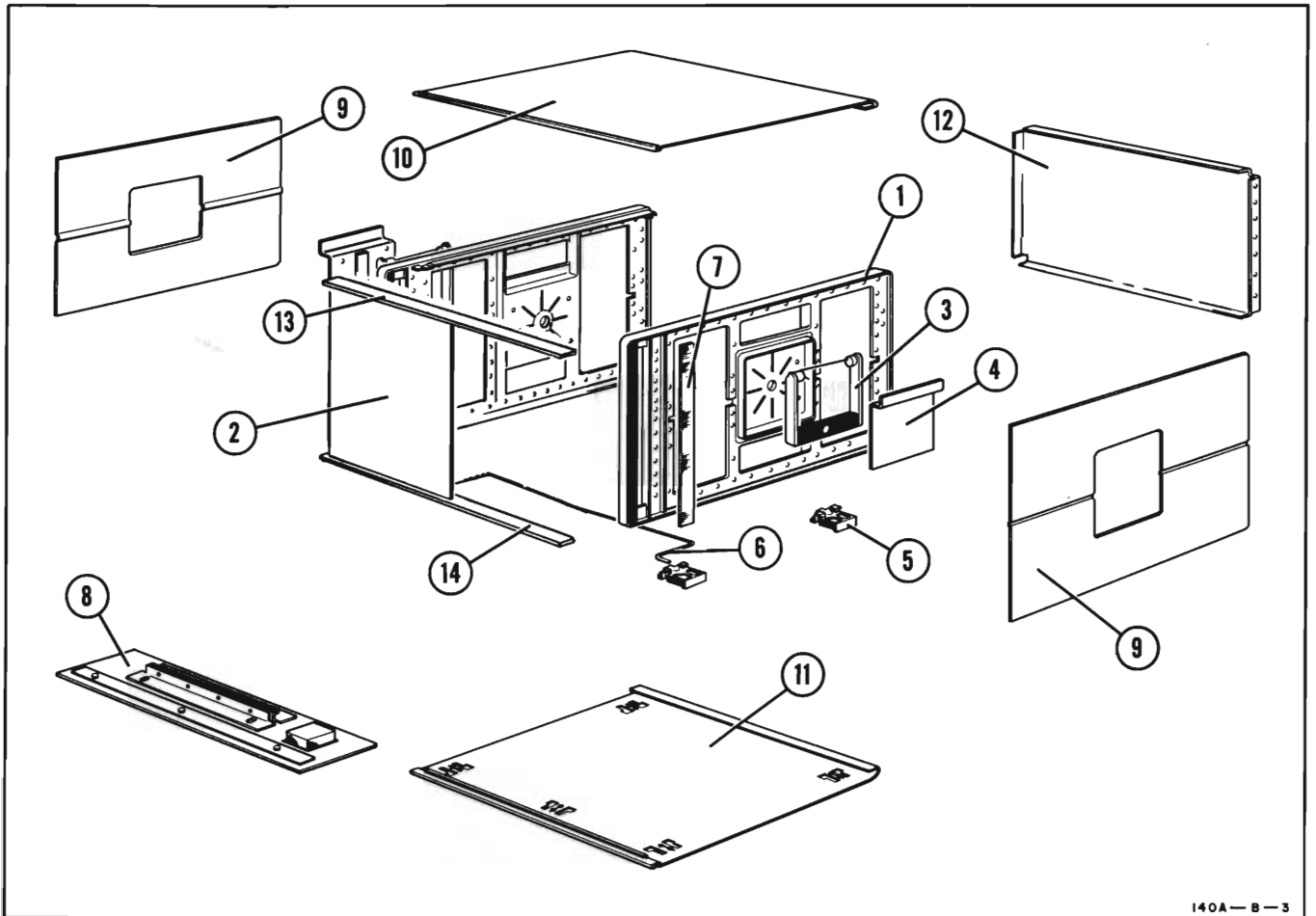
REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| A = assembly B = motor C = capacitor CR = diode DL = delay line DS = device signaling (lamp) E = misc electronic part | F = fuse FL = filter J = jack K = relay L = inductor M = meter MP = mechanical part | P = plug Q = transistor R = resistor RT = thermistor S = switch T = transformer | V = vacuum tube, neon bulb, photocell, etc. W = cable X = socket Y = crystal Z = network |
|---|---|--|--|

ABBREVIATIONS

| | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| A = amperes BP = bandpass BWO = backward wave oscillator CER = ceramic CMO = cabinet mount only COEF = coefficient COM = common COMP = composition CONN = connection CRT = cathode-ray tube DEPC = deposited carbon EIA = Tubes or transistors meeting Electronic Industries' Association standards will normally result in instrument operating within specifications; tubes and transistors selected for best performance will be supplied if ordered by $\text{\textcircled{P}}$ stock numbers. ELECT = electrolytic ENCAP = encapsulated | F = farads FXD = fixed GE = germanium GL = glass GRD = ground(ed) H = henries HG = mercury HR = hour(s) IMPG = impregnated INCD = incandescent INS = insulation(ed) K = kilo = 1000 LIN = linear taper LOG = logarithmic taper MEG = meg = 10^6 M = milli = 10^{-3} MINAT = miniature METFLM = metal film MFR = manufacturer MOM = momentary MTG = mounting MY = mylar | NC = normally closed NE = neon NO = normally open NPO = negative positive zero (zero temperature coefficient) NSR = not separately replaceable OBD = order by description OX = oxide P = peak PC = printed circuit board PF = picofarads = 10^{-12} farads PP = peak-to-peak PIV = peak inverse voltage POR = porcelain POS = position(s) POLY = polystyrene POT = potentiometer RECT = rectifier ROT = rotary RMS = root-mean-square RMO = rack mount only | S-B = slow-blow SE = selenium SECT = section(s) SI = silicon SIL = silver SL = slide SPL = special TA = tantalum TD = time delay TI = titanium dioxide TOG = toggle TOL = tolerance TRIM = trimmer TWT = traveling wave tube U = micro = 10^{-6} VAC = vacuum VAR = variable W/ = with W = watts WW = wirewound W/O = without * = optimum value selected at factory, average value shown (part may be omitted) |
|---|---|--|---|

01194-7



140A-B-3

Figure 6-1. Cabinet Parts, Exploded View

| Part | Stock Number | Quantity |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------|
| 1. Frame Assembly | 5060-0736 | 2 |
| 2. Front Panel | 00140-00201 | 1 |
| 3. Side Handle Assembly | 5060-0763 | 2 |
| 4. Handle Retainer | 5060-0765 | 2 |
| 5. Foot Assembly | 5060-0767 | 5 |
| 6. Tilt Stand | 1490-0030 | 1 |
| 7. Plastic Trim | 6980-0004 | 2 |
| 8. Rack Mount Kit | 5060-0777 | 1 |
| 9. Side Cover | 5000-0747 | 2 |
| 10. Top Cover Assembly | 5060-0740 | 1 |
| 11. Bottom Cover Assembly | 00140-04401 | 1 |
| 12. Rear Panel | 00140-00202 | 1 |
| 13. Top Panel Support | 00140-24701 | 1 |
| 14. Bottom Panel Support | 00140-24702 | 1 |

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index

| Reference Designation | Ⓜ Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| A1 | 00140-66501 | LV SUPPLY ASSEMBLY | |
| A2 | 00140-60401 | HV DECK ASSEMBLY | |
| A3 | 00140-66502 | HV SUPPLY ASSEMBLY | |
| A4 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| A5 | 00140-61606 | CABLE CRT POST ACCELERATOR | |
| B101 | 3160-0026 | FAN:MUFFIN 105 120 V. 50-60 CPS | |
| C120 | 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | |
| C121 | 0180-0147 | C:FXD ELECT 150UF -10+50% 250VDCW | |
| C122 | 0180-0012 | C:FXD ELECT 2X20 UF 450VDCW | |
| C123 | THRU | | |
| C124 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C125 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C126 | 0160-0168 | C:FXD MYLAR 0.1UF 10% | |
| C127 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C128 | 0180-0089 | C:FXD ELECT 10UF-10%+100% 150VDCW | |
| C129 | 0150-0012 | C:FXD CER 0.01UF 20% 1000VDCW | |
| C130 | THRU | | |
| C139 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C140 | 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | |
| C141 | 0180-0212 | C:FXD ELECT 250UF 12VDCW | |
| C142 | THRU | | |
| C144 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C145 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C146 | 0160-0168 | C:FXD MYLAR 0.1UF 10% | |
| C147 | 0180-0091 | C:FXD ELECT 10UF 100VDCW | |
| C148 | THRU | | |
| C159 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C160 | 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | |
| C161 | 0180-0212 | C:FXD ELECT 250UF 12VDCW | |
| C162 | THRU | | |
| C164 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C165 | 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | |
| C166 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C167 | 0180-0059 | C:FXD 10 UF -10%+100% 25VDCW | |
| C168 | 0180-0093 | C:FXD ELECT 20UF 150VDCW | |
| C169 | THRU | | |
| C180 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C181 | 0180-0213 | C:FXD ELECT 5000UF 25VDCW | |
| C182 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C183 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C184 | 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | |
| C185 | THRU | | |
| C300 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C301 | 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | |
| C302 | 0180-0138 | C:FXD ELECT 100UF -10+100% 40VDCW | |
| C303 | 0150-0096 | C:FXD CER 0.05UF 100VDCW | |
| C304 | THRU | | |
| C309 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C310 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDCW | |
| C311 | 0150-0036 | C:FXD CER 470 PF 20% 6KV | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|------|
| C312 | 0150-0036 | C:FXD CER 470 PF 20% 6KV | |
| C313 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDC* | |
| C314 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDC* | |
| C315 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDC* | |
| C316 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDC* | |
| C317 | 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDC* | |
| C318 | THRU | | |
| C320 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| C321 | 0160-0151 | C:FXD 4700PF +80% -20% 4000VDC* | |
| C322 | 0160-0151 | C:FXD 4700PF +80% -20% 4000VDC* | |
| CR121 | 1901-0028 | DIODE:SILICON PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR122 | THRU | | |
| CR123 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR124 | 1901-0028 | DIODE:SILICON PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR125 | THRU | | |
| CR140 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR141 | 1901-0028 | DIODE:SILICON FIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR142 | THRU | | |
| CR143 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR144 | 1901-0028 | DIODE:SILICCN PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR145 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR146 | 1902-0034 | SEMICON DEVICE :DIODE | |
| CR147 | THRU | | |
| CR160 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR161 | 1901-0028 | DIODE :SILICON PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR162 | THRU | | |
| CR163 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR164 | 1901-0028 | DIODE:SILICCN PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | |
| CR165 | 1902-0034 | SEMICON DEVICE :DIODE | |
| CR166 | THRU | | |
| CR180 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR181 | 1901-0032 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N3209JUNCTION | |
| CR182 | 1901-0032 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N3209JUNCTION | |
| CR183 | 1902-0034 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE | |
| CR184 | 1902-0009 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N755 250MW | |
| CR185 | THRU | | |
| CR200 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| CR201 | 1912-0006 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE GER TUNNEL | |
| CR202 | 1902-0009 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N755 250MW | |
| DS101 | 1450-0048 | LAMP:PILOT NE2H | |
| F101 | 2110-0014 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 4 AMP 125V SLOW BLOW | |
| F102 | THRU | | |
| F120 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| F121 | 2110-0004 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 1/4 AMP 250V | |
| F122 | THRU | | |
| F140 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| F141 | 2110-0033 | FUSE: 0.75AMP 250V | |
| F142 | THRU | | |
| F160 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| F161 | 2110-0012 | FUSE,CARTRIDGE 1/2AMP 250V | |
| J1 | 1251-0054 | CONNECTOR:FEMALE 24-CONTACT | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|------|
| J2 | 1251-0054 | CONNECTOR:FEMALE 24-CONTACT | |
| J3 | | | |
| J100 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| J101 | 1251-0148 | CONNECTOR:POWER | |
| J102 | | | |
| J200 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| J201 | 1251-0202 | CONNECTOR:BANANA JACK | |
| J202 | 1251-0202 | CONNECTOR:BANANA JACK | |
| L301 | 9140-0171 | COIL-FXD 40UH 10% 1 AMP | |
| L302 | 5060-0408 | COIL-ALIGNMENT | |
| Q121 | 1850-0098 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM PNP SELECTED | |
| Q122 | 1851-0017 | TRANSISTOR:2N1304 | |
| Q123 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q124 | | | |
| Q140 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| Q141 | 1850-0098 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM PNP SELECTED | |
| Q142 | 1851-0017 | TRANSISTOR:2N1304 | |
| Q143 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q144 | | | |
| Q160 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| Q161 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q162 | 1850-0098 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM PNP SELECTED | |
| Q163 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q164 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q165 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q166 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q167 | | | |
| Q180 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| Q181 | 1850-0098 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM PNP SELECTED | |
| Q182 | 1850-0064 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM 2N1183 PNP | |
| Q183 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q184 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q185 | 1851-0017 | TRANSISTOR:2N1304 | |
| Q186 | | | |
| Q200 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| Q201 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q202 | | | |
| Q300 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| Q301 | 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | |
| Q302 | 1850-0143 | TRANSISTOR:PNP GERMANIUM | |
| R101 | 0687-3331 | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R102 | | | |
| R120 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R121 | 0687-1041 | R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W | |
| R122 | 0815-0031 | R:FXD WW 2400 OHM 5% | |
| R123 | | | |
| R124 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R125 | 0764-0033 | R:FXD MET CX 33 OHM 5% 2W | |
| R126 | 0690-3931 | R:FXD COMP 39K OHMS 10% 1W | |
| R127 | 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R128 | 0687-2211 | R:FXD 220 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|------|
| R129 | 0687-3331 | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R130 | 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R131 | | | |
| R135 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R136 | 0730-0053 | R:FXD DEPC 56K OHMS 1% 1W | |
| R137 | 0730-0049 | R:FXD DEPC 37K OHMS 1% 1W | |
| R138 | 0687-3311 | R:FXD COMP 330 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R139 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R140 | 0816-0019 | R:FXD WW 14 OHMS 10% 10W | |
| R141 | 0687-5631 | R:FXD COMP 56K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R142 | 0815-0029 | R:FXD 1780 OHM 5% | |
| R143 | | | |
| R144 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R145 | 0758-0020 | R:FXD MET FLM 22K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R146 | 0761-0006 | R:FXD MET FLM 10K OHM 5% 1W | |
| R147 | 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R148 | 0687-3311 | R:FXD COMP 330 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R149 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R150 | 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R151 | 0687-8231 | R:FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R152 | 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R153 | 0758-0020 | R:FXD MET FLM 22K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R154 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R155 | 0758-0006 | R:FXD MET FLM 10K OHMS 5% 0.5W | |
| R156 | 0758-0012 | R:FXD MET FLM 12K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R157 | | | |
| R159 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R160 | 0816-0019 | R:FXD WW 14 OHMS 10% 10W | |
| R161 | 0687-5631 | R:FXD COMP 56K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R162 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R163 | 0684-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R164 | 0758-0020 | R:FXD MET FLM 22K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R165 | 0684-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R166 | 0684-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R167 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R168 | 0815-0030 | R:FXD WW 1120 OHM CT 5% | |
| R169 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R170 | 0693-1521 | R:FXD COMP 1500 OHMS 10% 2W | |
| R171 | 0727-0137 | R:FXD DEPC 5.18K OHMS 1% 1/2W | |
| R172 | 0687-4711 | R:FXD 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R173 | 0687-3331 | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R174 | 0684-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/4W | |
| R175 | | | |
| R176 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R177 | 0758-0020 | R:FXD MET FLM 22K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R178 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R179 | 0758-0033 | R:FXD MET FLM 2000 OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R180 | | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R181 | 0758-0019 | R:FXD MET FLM 18K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R182 | 0758-0019 | R:FXD MET FLM 18K OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R183 | 0816-0015 | R:FXD WW 50 OHMS 10% 10W | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|------|
| R184 | 0815-0028 | R:FXD WW 80 OHM 5% | |
| R185 | 0687-4731 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R187 | | | |
| R188 | | | |
| R189 | | | |
| R190 | | | |
| R191 | 0687-4731 | R:FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R192 | 0683-2025 | R:FXD COMP 2000 OHMS 5% 1/4W | |
| R193 | 0687-3331 | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R194 | 0687-5621 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R195 | | | |
| R196 | | | |
| R197 | | | |
| R198 | | | |
| R199 | 0687-8221 | R:FXD COMP 5600 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R200 | 0687-8221 | R:FXD COMP 8200 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R201 | 0687-1241 | R:FXD COMP 120K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R202 | 0684-1021 | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 10% 1/4W | |
| R203 | 0687-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R204 | 0687-1511 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R205 | | | |
| R206 | | | |
| R207 | | | |
| R208 | | | |
| R209 | 2100-0443 | R:VAR 200X3000X7000 OHMS | |
| R210 | 0687-8211 | R:FXD 820 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R211 | 0686-2025 | R:FXD COMP 2000 OHMS 5% 1/2W | |
| R212 | | | |
| R213 | | | |
| R214 | | | |
| R215 | | | |
| R216 | 2100-0330 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R217 | 0730-0153 | R:VAR WW 1500 OHM 10% LIN | |
| R218 | 0727-0393 | R:FXD DEPC 17.4K OHMS 1% 1W | |
| R219 | | R:FXD DEP C 4.491K OHM 1/2% 1/2W | |
| R220 | 0727-0394 | R:FXD DEP C 499 OHM 1/2% 1/2W | |
| R221 | | | |
| R222 | | | |
| R223 | | | |
| R224 | | | |
| R225 | 0687-1011 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R226 | 0687-3311 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R227 | | R:FXD COMP 330 OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R228 | 0687-1011 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R229 | | | |
| R230 | | | |
| R231 | | | |
| R232 | | | |
| R233 | 0687-2241 | R:FXD COMP 220K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R234 | 0687-2731 | R:FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R235 | 2100-0096 | R:VAR COMP 1MEGOHM 30% LIN 1/5W | |
| R236 | 0687-2231 | R:FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R237 | 2100-0756 | R:VAR COMP 1.5 MEGOHM | |
| R238 | 0836-0003 | R:FXD DEPC 29M OHMS 10% 1W | |
| R239 | 0687-1251 | R:FXD COMP 1.2MEGOHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R240 | 0687-4741 | R:FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R241 | 0689-3655 | R:FXD COMP 3.6MEGOHMS 5% 1W | |
| R242 | 2100-0096 | R:VAR COMP 1MEGOHM 30% LIN 1/5W | |
| R243 | 0693-6851 | NSR PART OF A5 | |
| R244 | | | |
| R245 | | | |
| R246 | | | |
| R247 | | | |
| R248 | 0687-1851 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R249 | 2100-0374 | R:FXD COMP 1.8MEGOHMS 10% 1/2W | |
| R250 | 0693-6851 | R:VAR COMP 5M OHM 30% LIN 0.5W | |
| R251 | 0693-6851 | R:FXD COMP 6.8MEGOHMS 10% 2W | |
| R252 | 0693-6851 | R:FXD COMP 6.8MEGOHMS 10% 2W | |
| R253 | | | |
| R254 | | | |
| R255 | | | |
| R256 | | | |
| R257 | 2100-0212 | NOT ASSIGNED | |
| R258 | 0687-3331 | R:VAR COMP 100K OHMS 10% LIN 2W | |
| R259 | | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|---|---|--|------|
| R343 R344 R345 R346 THRU R349 R350 | 2100-0095 0687-6831 0687-4721 2100-0445 | R:VAR COMP 100K OHMS 30% LIN 1/5W R:FXD 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/2W NOT ASSIGNED R:VAR 2K OHMS 30% LIN | |
| R351 R352 R353 | 0687-2731 0687-1041 0687-1051 | R:FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W R:FXD COMP 1MEGOHM 10% 1/2W | |
| S101 S102 THRU S103 S300 S301 S302 | 3101-0030 3101-0033 3101-0011 3101-0092 | SWITCH:TOG SPST 15 AMP 125 VAC SWITCH:SLICE DPDT NOT ASSIGNED SWITCH:SLIDE DPDT 0.5 AMP 125 VDC SWITCH:PUSHBUTTON DPST NC | |
| T101 T102 THRU T300 T301 | 9100-0184 00140-86001 | TRANSFORMER:POWER NOT ASSIGNED TRANSFORMER-HV COIL | |
| TB301 | 0360-0104 | STRIP:TERMINAL | |
| V161 V162 THRU V300 V301 V302 V303 | 1940-0001 1921-0013 1920-0001 1920-0001 | TUBE:ELECTRON 5651 NOT ASSIGNED TUBE:ELECTRON6CW4 ELECTRON TUBE: 5642 ELECTRON TUBE: 5642 | |
| V304 V305 V306 V307 THRU V309 V310 | 1920-0001 1920-0001 2140-0008 5083-0652 | ELECTRON TUBE: 5642 ELECTRON TUBE: 5642 LAMP:NEON NE2 NOT ASSIGNED TUBE:CATHODE RAY | |
| W101 | 8120-0078 | CABLE POWER SVT-18-3 7.5FT. | |
| XQ302 | 1200-0112 | SOCKET:TRANSISTOR | |
| XV161 XV162 THRU XV300 XV301 | 1200-0009 1200-0086 | SOCKET:TUBE 7-PIN MINAT NOT ASSIGNED SOCKET:NUVISTOR 5-PIN | |
| | | MISCELLANEOUS | |
| | G-83U G-74CA 120A-20A 00140-00201 00140-00601 | INSULATOR-FOT KNOB-INTENSITY, FOCUS BEZEL-CRT PANEL-FRONT SHIELD-PLUG-IN | |
| | 00140-04401 00140-61606 0510-0123 1200-0037 | COVER-BOTTOM CABLE:CRT PCST ACCELERATOR FASTENER:PUSH-ON TYPE,PILOT LIGHT SOCKET:CRT TUBE | |
| | 00140-24701 00140-24702 | SUPPORT:TOP PANEL SUPPORT:BOTTOM PANEL | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

| Reference Designation | Ⓜ Stock No. | Description # | Note |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| | 1200-0050 | PIN:CRT SOCKET | |
| | 1251-0207 | CONNECTOR:PC 20-22 AWG WIRE | |
| | 1400-0008 | HOLDER:FUSE | |
| | 1400-0123 | FUSEHOLDER 3 POLE FOR 1/4X1-1/4 FUSE | |
| | 1450-0048 | LAMP:PILOT NE2H | |
| | 1490-0030 | STAND:TILT | |
| | 1520-0018 | MOUNT-VIBRATION | |
| | 2110-0006 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 2AMP 125V SLOW BLOW | |
| | 5000-0747 | COVER:SIDE | |
| | 5040-0402 | MOUNT:HV TRANSFORMER | |
| | 5060-0736 | FRAME:8 X 16 FM CASTING | |
| | 5060-0740 | TOP COVER ASSY. 16L FM | |
| | 5060-0763 | HANDLE ASSY-SIDE | |
| | 5060-0765 | RETAINER-HANDLE ASSY. | |
| | 5060-0767 | FOOT ASSY-FM | |
| | 5060-0777 | KIT:RACK MOUNT | |
| | 5060-0878 | FILTER:AIR | |
| | 6960-0016 | PLUGBUTTON:NYLON | |
| | 6980-0004 | TRIM:PLASTIC | |
| | 9170-0017 | CORE:FERRITE | |
| | 9170-0060 | CORE:FERRITE | |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

| Stock No. | Description # | Mfr. | Mfr. Part No. | TQ | RS |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------|----|----|
| G-74CA | KNOB-INTENSITY, FOCUS | 28480 | G-74CA | 2 | 1 |
| G-83U | INSULATOR-POT | 28480 | G-83U | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-00201 | PANEL-FRONT | 28480 | 00140-00201 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-00601 | SHIELD-PLUG-IN | 28480 | 00140-00601 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-04401 | COVER-BOTTOM | 28480 | 00140-04401 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-60401 | HV DECK ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00140-60401 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-61606 | CABLE:CRT POST ACCELERATOR | 28480 | 00140-61606 | 2 | 1 |
| 00140-66501 | LV SUPPLY ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00140-66501 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-66502 | HV SUPPLY ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00140-66502 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-86001 | TRANSFORMER-HV COIL | 28480 | 00140-86001 | 1 | 1 |
| 120A-20A | BEZEL-CRT | 28480 | 120A-20A | 1 | 1 |
| 5083-0652 | TUBE:CATHODE RAY | 28480 | 5083-0652 | 1 | 1 |
| 0150-0012 | C:FXD CER 0.01UF 20% 1000VDCW | 56289 | H 1038 | 1 | 1 |
| 0150-0036 | C:FXD CER 470 PF 20% 6KV | 91418 | #6KV470 20% | 2 | 1 |
| 0150-0052 | C:FXD 0.05 UF 20% 400 VDCW | 05729 | 20X503MC4 | 5 | 1 |
| 0150-0084 | C:FXD 0.1UF +80-20% 50VDCW | 56289 | 33C41 | 6 | 2 |
| 0150-0096 | C:FXD CER 0.05UF 100VDCW | 91418 | -TA | 1 | 1 |
| 0160-0151 | C:FXD 4700PF +80% -20% 4000VDCW | 71590 | DA172-097CB | 2 | 1 |
| 0160-0168 | C:FXD MYLAR 0.1UF 10% | 28480 | 0160 0168 | 2 | 1 |
| 0160-0384 | C:FXD 5600PF +80-20% 3KVDCW | 71590 | DA172-098CB | 6 | 2 |
| 0180-0012 | C:FXD ELECT 2X20 UF 450VDCW | 56289 | D32440 | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0059 | C:FXD 10 UF -10%+100% 25VDCW | 56289 | 30D182A1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0089 | C:FXD ELECT 10UF-10%+100% 150VDCW | 56289 | 30D218A1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0091 | C:FXD ELECT 10UF 100VDCW | 56289 | 30D208A1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0093 | C:FXD ELECT 20UF 150VDCW | 56289 | D32610 | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0138 | C:FXD ELECT 100UF -10+100% 40VDCW | 56289 | TYPE 41D | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0147 | C:FXD ELECT 150UF -10+50% 250VDCW | 00853 | PLI | 1 | 1 |
| 0180-0212 | C:FXD ELECT 250UF 12VDCW | 56289 | TYPE 30D157A1 | 2 | 1 |
| 0180-0213 | C:FXD ELECT 5000UF 25VDCW | 00853 | PLI | 1 | 1 |
| 0360-0104 | STRIP:TERMINAL | 71785 | 321-11-02-036 | 1 | 1 |
| 0510-0123 | FASTENER:PUSH-ON TYPE PILOT LIGHT | 78553 | C12008-014-4 | 1 | 1 |
| 0683-2025 | R:FXD COMP 2000 OHMS 5% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 2025 | 1 | 1 |
| 0684-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1011 | 5 | 1 |
| 0684-1021 | R:FXD COMP 1000 OHM 10% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 1021 | 1 | 1 |
| 0684-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/4W | 01121 | CB 4721 | 4 | 1 |
| 0686-2025 | R:FXD COMP 2000 OHMS .5% 1/2W | 01121 | EB2025 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-1011 | R:FXD COMP 100 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1011 | 2 | 1 |
| 0687-1041 | R:FXD COMP 100K OHM 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1041 | 2 | 1 |
| 0687-1051 | R:FXD COMP 1MEGOHM 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1051 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-1241 | R:FXD COMP 120K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1241 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-1251 | R:FXD COMP 1.2MEGOHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1251 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-1511 | R:FXD COMP 150 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1511 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-1851 | R:FXD COMP 1.8MEGOHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 1851 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-2211 | R:FXD 220 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB2211 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-2231 | R:FXD COMP 22K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 2231 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-2241 | R:FXD COMP 220K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 2241 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-2731 | R:FXD COMP 27K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 2731 | 2 | 1 |
| 0687-3311 | R:FXD COMP 330 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 3311 | 3 | 1 |
| 0687-3331 | R:FXD COMP 33K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB3331 | 5 | 1 |
| 0687-4711 | R:FXD 470 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB-4711 | 1 | 1 |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Description # | Mfr. | Mfr. Part No. | TQ | RS |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------|----|----|
| 0687-4721 | R:FXD COMP 4700 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB4721 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-4731 | R:FXD COMP 47K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 4731 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-4741 | R:FXD COMP 470K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 4741 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-5621 | R:FXD COMP 5600 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 5621 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-5631 | R:FXD COMP 56K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 5631 | 2 | 1 |
| 0687-6831 | R:FXD 68K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB-6831 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-8211 | R:FXD 820 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB-8211 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-8221 | R:FXD COMP 8200 OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 8221 | 1 | 1 |
| 0687-8231 | R:FXD COMP 82K OHMS 10% 1/2W | 01121 | EB 8231 | 1 | 1 |
| 0689-3655 | R:FXD COMP 3.6MEGOHMS 5% 1W | 01121 | GB3655 | 1 | 1 |
| 0690-3931 | R:FXD COMP 39K OHMS 10% 1W | 01121 | GB 3931 | 1 | 1 |
| 0693-1521 | R:FXD COMP 1500 OHMS 10% 2W | 01121 | HB 1521 | 1 | 1 |
| 0693-6851 | R:FXD COMP 6.8MEGOHMS 10% 2W | 01121 | HB6851 | 3 | 1 |
| 0727-0137 | R:FXD DEPC 5.18K OHMS 1% 1/2W | 19701 | DC 1/2CR5 | 1 | 1 |
| 0727-0393 | R:FXD DEP C 4.491K OHM 1/2% 1/2W | 19701 | CF 1/2 | 1 | 1 |
| 0727-0394 | R:FXD DEP C 499 OHM 1/2% 1/2W | 19701 | CF 1/2 | 1 | 1 |
| 0730-0049 | R:FXD DEPC 37K OHMS 1% 1W | 19701 | DC1 R5 | 1 | 1 |
| 0730-0053 | R:FXD DEPC 56K OHMS 1% 1W | 19701 | DC1 R5 | 1 | 1 |
| 0730-0153 | R:FXD DEPC 17.4K OHMS 1% 1W | 19701 | DC1 R5 | 1 | 1 |
| 0758-0006 | R:FXD MET FLM 10K OHMS 5% 0.5W | 07115 | C 20 | 1 | 1 |
| 0758-0012 | R:FXD MET FLM 12K OHMS 5% 1/2W | 07115 | C 20 | 1 | 1 |
| 0758-0019 | R:FXD MET FLM 18K OHMS 5% 1/2W | 07115 | C 20 | 2 | 1 |
| 0758-0020 | R:FXD MET FLM 22K OHMS 5% 1/2W | 07115 | C 20/22K-5% | 4 | 1 |
| 0758-0033 | R:FXD MET FLM 2000 OHMS 5% 1/2W | 07115 | C 20 | 1 | 1 |
| 0761-0006 | R:FXD MET FLM 10K OHM 5% 1W | 07115 | C 32 | 1 | 1 |
| 0764-0033 | R:FXD MET OX 33 OHM 5% 2W | 28480 | 0764-0033 | 1 | 1 |
| 0815-0028 | R:FXD WW 80 OHM 5% | 35434 | CHE10-40 | 1 | 1 |
| 0815-0029 | R:FXD 1780 OHM 5% | 35434 | CHE10-860 | 1 | 1 |
| 0815-0030 | R:FXD WW 1120 OHM CT 5% | 35434 | CHE10-1120 | 1 | 1 |
| 0815-0031 | R:FXD WW 2400 OHM CT 5% | 35434 | CHE10-2400 | 1 | 1 |
| 0816-0015 | R:FXD WW 50 OHMS 10% 10W | 35434 | GC10 50 | 1 | 1 |
| 0816-0019 | R:FXD WW 14 OHMS 10% 10W | 35434 | TYPE C 10/14 | 2 | 1 |
| 0836-0003 | R:FXD DEPC 29M OHMS 10% 1W | 77764 | TYPE BBF | 1 | 1 |
| 1200-0009 | SOCKET:TUBE 7-PIN MINAT | 91662 | 316PH-3702 | 1 | 1 |
| 1200-0037 | SOCKET:CRT TUBE | 72825 | 97094 | 1 | 1 |
| 1200-0050 | PIN:CRT SOCKET | 28480 | 1200-0050 | 1 | 1 |
| 1200-0086 | SOCKET:NUVISTOR 5-PIN | 71785 | 1336510009 | 1 | 1 |
| 1200-0112 | SOCKET:TRANSISTOR | 91506 | 8035-101 | 1 | 1 |
| 1251-0054 | CONNECTOR:FEMALE 24-CONTACT | 02660 | 26-4200-24S | 2 | 1 |
| 1251-0148 | CONNECTOR:POWER | 00000 | H-10611G-3L | 1 | 1 |
| 1251-0202 | CONNECTOR:BANANA JACK | 83330 | 221B | 3 | 1 |
| 1251-0207 | CONNECTOR:PC 20-22 AWG WIRE | 00779 | 42587-5 | 1 | 1 |
| 1400-0008 | HOLDER:FUSE | 95915 | 3510-11 | 1 | 1 |
| 1400-0123 | FUSEHOLDER 3 POLE | 75915 | 35 7003 | 1 | 1 |
| 1450-0048 | LAMP:PILOT NE2H | 08717 | 858R | 2 | 2 |
| 1490-0030 | STAND:TILT | 28480 | 1490 0030 | 1 | 1 |
| 1520-0018 | MOUNT-VIBRATION | 98734 | 322A | 1 | 1 |
| 1850-0062 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM | 28480 | 1850 0062 | 11 | 11 |
| 1850-0064 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM 2N1183 PNF | 02735 | 2N1183 | 1 | 1 |
| 1850-0098 | TRANSISTOR:GERMANIUM PNP SELECTED | 28480 | 1850-0098 | 4 | 4 |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Description # | Mfr. | Mfr. Part No. | TQ | RS |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|----|----|
| 1850-0143 | TRANSISTOR:PNP GERMANIUM | 28480 | 1850-0143 | 1 | 1 |
| 1851-0017 | TRANSISTOR:2N1304 | 01295 | 2N1304 | 3 | 3 |
| 1901-0028 | DIODE :SILICON PIV 400V I AVGE 0.75A | 28480 | 1901 0028 | 6 | 6 |
| 1901-0032 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N3209JUNCTION | 04713 | 1N3209 | 2 | 2 |
| 1902-0009 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE 1N755 250M* | 01281 | 1N755 | 2 | 2 |
| 1902-0034 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE | 28480 | 1902 0034 | 3 | 3 |
| 1912-0006 | SEMICON DEVICE: DIODE GER TUNNEL | 28480 | 1912 0006 | 1 | 1 |
| 1920-0001 | ELECTRON TUBE: 5642 | 93332 | 5642 | 4 | 4 |
| 1921-0013 | TUBE:ELECTRON 6CW4 | 86684 | 6CW4 | 1 | 1 |
| 1940-0001 | TUBE:ELECTRON 5651 | 86684 | 5651 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0095 | R:VAR COMP 100K OHMS 30% LIN 1/5W | 28480 | 2100 0095 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0096 | R:VAR COMP 1M OHMS 30% LIN 1/5W | 28480 | 2100 0096 | 2 | 1 |
| 2100-0212 | R:VAR COMP 100K OHMS 10% LIN 2W | 28480 | 2100 0212 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0330 | R:VAR WW 1500 OHM 10% LIN | 28480 | 2100-0330 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0374 | R:VAR COMP 5M OHM 30% LIN 0.5W | 28480 | 2100 0374 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0443 | R:VAR 200X3000X7000 OHMS | 28480 | 2100-0443 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0445 | R:VAR 2K OHMS 30% LIN | 11237 | 2100-0445 | 1 | 1 |
| 2100-0756 | R:VAR COMP 1.5 MEGOHM | 28480 | 2100-0756 | 1 | 1 |
| 2110-0004 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 1/4 AMP 250V | 75915 | 3AG/CAT. 312.250 | 1 | 10 |
| 2110-0006 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 2AMP 125V SLOW BLOW | 71400 | MDL2 | 1 | 1 |
| 2110-0012 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 1/2AMP 250V | 75915 | 312500 | 1 | 10 |
| 2110-0014 | FUSE:CARTRIDGE 4 AMP 125V SLOW BLOW | 71400 | MDX-4 | 1 | 10 |
| 2110-0033 | FUSE: 0.75AMP 250V | 79515 | F02GR750A | 1 | 10 |
| 2140-0008 | LAMP:NEON NE2 | 24455 | NE2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3101-0011 | SWITCH :SLIDE DPDT 0.5 AMP 125 VDC | 42190 | 4603 | 1 | 1 |
| 3101-0030 | SWITCH:TOG SPST 15 AMP 125 VAC | 04009 | 82601 | 1 | 1 |
| 3101-0033 | SWITCH:SLIDE DPDT | 42190 | 4633 | 1 | 1 |
| 3101-0092 | SWITCH:PUSHBUTTON DPST NC | 82389 | 975TF | 1 | 1 |
| 3160-0026 | FAN BLADE:105 120 V; 50-60 CPS | 28480 | 3160 0026 | 1 | 1 |
| 5000-0747 | COVER:SIDE | 28480 | 5000-0747 | 1 | 1 |
| 5040-0402 | MOUNT:HV TRANSFORMER | 28480 | 5040-0402 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0408 | COIL-ALIGNMENT | 28480 | 5060-0408 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0736 | FRAME:8 X 16 FM CASTING | 28480 | 5060-0736 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0740 | TOP COVER ASSY. 16L FM | 28480 | 5060-0740 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0763 | HANDLE ASSY-SIDE | 28480 | 5060-0763 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0765 | RETAINER-HANDLE ASSY. | 28480 | 5060-0765 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0767 | FOOT ASSY-FM | 28480 | 5060-0767 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0777 | KIT:RACK MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-0777 | 1 | 1 |
| 5060-0878 | FILTER:AIR | 28480 | 5060-0878 | 1 | 1 |
| 6960-0016 | PLUGBUTTON:NYLON | 28480 | 6960-0016 | 1 | 1 |
| 6980-0004 | TRIM:PLASTIC | 000LL | CHROME 6A-201(COATED) | 1 | 1 |
| 8120-0078 | CABLE POWER SVT-18-3 7.5FT. | 70903 | KH4147 | 1 | 1 |
| 9100-0184 | TRANSFORMER :POWER | 28480 | 9100-0184 | 1 | 1 |
| 9140-0171 | COIL-FXD 40UH 10% 1 AMP | 78526 | H-9897 | 1 | 1 |
| 9170-0017 | CORE:FERRITE | 28480 | 9170-0017 | 1 | 1 |
| 00140-24701 | SUPPORT:TOP PANEL | 28480 | 00140-24701 | 1 | 0 |
| 00140-24702 | SUPPORT:BOTTOM PANEL | 28480 | 00140-24702 | 1 | 0 |

See list of abbreviations in introduction to this section

APPENDIX

CODE LIST OF MANUFACTURERS (Sheet 1 of 2)

The following code numbers are from the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers Cataloging Handbooks H4-1 (Name to Code) and H4-2 (Code to Name) and their latest supplements. The date of revision and the date of the supplements used appear at the bottom of each page. Alphabetical codes have been arbitrarily assigned to suppliers not appearing in the H4 handbooks.

| CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS |
|----------|--|--------------------------|----------|--|--------------------------------|----------|--|-----------------------|
| 00136 | McCoy Electronics | Mount Holly Springs, Pa. | 07115 | Corning Glass Works | Bradford, Pa. | 40920 | Miniature Precision Bearings, Inc. | Keene, N.H. |
| 00334 | Humidial Co. | Colton, Calif. | 07126 | Electronic Components Dept. | Pasadena, Calif. | 42190 | Muter Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 00335 | Westrex Corp. | New York, N.Y. | 07137 | Digitran Co. | Pasadena, Calif. | 43990 | C. A. Norgren Co. | Englewood, Colo. |
| 00373 | Garlock Packing Co., Electronic Products Div. | Camden, N.J. | 07138 | Transistor Electronics Corp. | Minneapolis, Minn. | 44655 | Ohmite Mfg. Co. | Skokie, Ill. |
| 00656 | Aerovox Corp. | New Bedford, Mass. | 07261 | Westinghouse Electric Corp. | Elmira, N.Y. | 47904 | Polaroid Corp. | Cambridge, Mass. |
| 00779 | Amp, Inc. | Harrisburg, Pa. | 07263 | Electronic Tube Div. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 48620 | Precision Thermometer and Inst. Co. | Philadelphia, Pa. |
| 00781 | Aircraft Radio Corp. | Boonton, N.J. | 07700 | Fairchild Semiconductor Corp. | Mountain View, Calif. | 49956 | Raytheon Company | Lexington, Mass. |
| 00815 | Northern Engineering Laboratories, Inc. | Burlington, Wis. | 07910 | Technical Wire Products | Springfield, N.J. | 54294 | Shallcross Mfg. Co. | Selma, N.C. |
| 00853 | Sangamo Electric Company, Ordill Division (Capacitors) | Marion, Ill. | 07933 | Continental Device Corp. | Hawthorne, Calif. | 55026 | Simpson Electric Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 00866 | Goe Engineering Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 07966 | Rheem Semiconductor Corp. | Mountain View, Calif. | 55933 | Sonotone Corp. | Elmsford, N.Y. |
| 00891 | Carl E. Holmes Corp. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 07966 | Shockley Semi-Conductor Laboratories | Palo Alto, Calif. | 55938 | Sorenson & Co., Inc. | So. Norwalk, Conn. |
| 01121 | Allen Bradley Co. | Milwaukee, Wis. | 07980 | Boonton Radio Corp. | Boonton, N.J. | 56137 | Spaulding Fibre Co., Inc. | Tonawanda, N.Y. |
| 01255 | Litton Industries, Inc. | Beverly Hills, Calif. | 08145 | U.S. Engineering Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 56289 | Sprague Electric Co. | North Adams, Mass. |
| 01281 | Pacific Semiconductors, Inc. | Culver City, Calif. | 08358 | Burgess Battery Co. | Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada | 59446 | Telex, Inc. | St. Paul, Minn. |
| 01295 | Texas Instruments, Inc., Transistor Products Div. | Dallas, Texas | 08717 | Sloan Company | Burbank, Calif. | 60741 | Tripplett Electrical Inc. | Bluffton, Ohio |
| 01349 | The Alliance Mfg. Co. | Alliance, Ohio | 08718 | Cannon Electric Co. | Phoenix, Ariz. | 61775 | Union Switch and Signal, Div. of Westinghouse Air Brake Co. | Swissvale, Pa. |
| 01561 | Chassi-Trak Corp. | Indianapolis, Ind. | 08792 | CBS Electronics Semiconductor Operations, Div. of C.B.S. Inc. | Phoenix, Ariz. | 62119 | Universal Electric Co. | Owosso, Mich. |
| 01589 | Pacific Relays, Inc. | Van Nuys, Calif. | 08984 | Mel-Rain | Lowell, Mass. | 64959 | Western Electric Co., Inc. | New York, N.Y. |
| 01930 | Amerock Corp. | Rockford, Ill. | 09026 | Babcock Relays, Inc. | Indianapolis, Ind. | 65092 | Weston Inst. Div. of Daystrom, Inc. | Newark, N.J. |
| 01961 | Pulse Engineering Co. | Santa Clara, Calif. | 09206 | Texas Capacitor Co. | Houston, Texas | 66295 | Wittek Manufacturing Co. | Chicago 23, Ill. |
| 02114 | Ferroxcube Corp. of America | Saugerties, N.Y. | 09250 | Electro Assemblies, Inc. | Chicago, Ill. | 66346 | Wollensak Optical Co. | Rochester, N.Y. |
| 02286 | Cole Mfg. Co. | Palo Alto, Calif. | 09569 | Mallory Battery Co. of Canada, Ltd. | Toronto, Ontario, Canada | 70276 | Allen Mfg. Co. | Hartford, Conn. |
| 02660 | Amphenol-Borg Electronics Corp. | Chicago, Ill. | 10214 | General Transistor Western Corp. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 70309 | Allied Control Co., Inc. | New York, N.Y. |
| 02735 | Radio Corp. of America Semiconductor and Materials Div. | Somerville, N.J. | 10411 | Ti-Tal, Inc. | Berkeley, Calif. | 70485 | Atlantic India Rubber Works, Inc. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 02771 | Vocaline Co. of America, Inc. | Old Saybrook, Conn. | 10646 | Carborundum Co. | Niagara Falls, N.Y. | 70563 | Amperite Co., Inc. | New York, N.Y. |
| 02777 | Hopkins Engineering Co. | San Fernando, Calif. | 11236 | CTS of Berne, Inc. | Berne, Ind. | 70903 | Belden Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 03508 | G.E. Semiconductor Products Dept. | Syracuse, N.Y. | 11237 | Chicago Telephone of California, Inc. | So. Pasadena, Calif. | 70998 | Bird Electronic Corp. | Cleveland, Ohio |
| 03705 | Apex Machine & Tool Co. | Dayton, Ohio | 11312 | Microwave Electronics Corp. | Palo Alto, Calif. | 71002 | Birnbach Radio Co. | New York, N.Y. |
| 03797 | Eldema Corp. | El Monte, Calif. | 11534 | Duncan Electronics, Inc. | Santa Ana, Calif. | 71041 | Boston Gear Works Div. of Murray Co. of Texas | Quincy, Mass. |
| 03877 | Transitron Electronic Corp. | Wakefield, Mass. | 11711 | General Instrument Corporation Semiconductor Division | Newark, N.J. | 71218 | Bud Radio Inc. | Cleveland, Ohio |
| 03888 | Pyrofilm Resistor Co. | Morristown, N.J. | 11717 | Imperial Electronics, Inc. | Buena Park, Calif. | 71286 | Camloc Fastener Corp. | Paramus, N.J. |
| 03954 | Air Marine Motors, Inc. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 11870 | Melabs, Inc. | Palo Alto, Calif. | 71313 | Allen D. Cardwell Electronic Prod. Corp. | Plainville, Conn. |
| 04009 | Arrow, Hart and Hegeman Elect. Co. | Hartford, Conn. | 12697 | Clarostat Mfg. Co. | Dover, N.H. | 71400 | Bussmann Fuse Div. of McGraw- Edison Co. | St. Louis, Mo. |
| 04062 | Elmenco Products Co. | New York, N.Y. | 12859 | Nippon Electric Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | 71450 | CTS Corp. | Elkhart, Ind. |
| 04222 | Hi-Q Division of Aerovox | Myrtle Beach, S.C. | 12930 | Delta Semiconductor Inc. | Newport Beach, Calif. | 71468 | Cannon Electric Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. |
| 04298 | Elgin National Watch Co., Electronics Division | Burbank, Calif. | 13396 | Telefunken (G.M.B.H.) | Hannover, Germany | 71471 | Cinema Engineering Co. | Burbank, Calif. |
| 04404 | Dymec Division of Hewlett-Packard Co. | Palo Alto, Calif. | 14193 | Elfix Resistor Corp. | Santa Monica, Calif. | 71482 | C. P. Clare & Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 04651 | Sylvania Electric Prods., Inc. Electronic Tube Div. | Mountain View, Calif. | 14298 | American Components, Inc. | Conshohocken, Pa. | 71528 | Standard-Thomson Corp., Clifford Mfg. Co. Div. | Waltham, Mass. |
| 04713 | Motorola, Inc., Semiconductor Prod. Div. | Phoenix, Arizona | 14655 | Cornell Dubilier Elec. Corp. | So. Plainfield, N.J. | 71590 | Centralab Div. of Globe Union Inc. | Milwaukee, Wis. |
| 04732 | Filtron Co., Inc. Western Division | Culver City, Calif. | 15909 | The Daven Co. | Livingston, N.J. | 71700 | The Cornish Wire Co. | New York, N.Y. |
| 04773 | Automatic Electric Co. | Northlake, Ill. | 16688 | De Jur-Amsco Corporation | Long Island City 1, N.Y. | 71744 | Chicago Miniature Lamp Works | Chicago, Ill. |
| 04796 | Sequoia Wire & Cable Company | Redwood City, Calif. | 16758 | Delco Radio Div. of G. M. Corp. | Kokomo, Ind. | 71753 | A. O. Smith Corp., Crowley Div. | West Orange, N.J. |
| 04870 | P. M. Motor Co. | Chicago 44, Ill. | 18873 | E. I. DuPont and Co., Inc. | Wilmington, Del. | 71785 | Cinch Mfg. Corp. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 05006 | Twentieth Century Plastics, Inc. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 19315 | Eclipse Pioneer, Div. of Bendix Aviation Corp. | Teterboro, N.J. | 71984 | Dow Corning Corp. | Midland, Mich. |
| 05277 | Westinghouse Electric Corp., Semi-Conductor Dept. | Youngwood, Pa. | 19500 | Thomas A. Edison Industries, Div. of McGraw-Edison Co. | West Orange, N.J. | 72136 | Electro Motive Mfg. Co., Inc. | Willimantic, Conn. |
| 05347 | Ultratron, Inc. | San Mateo, Calif. | 19701 | Electra Manufacturing Co. | Kansas City, Mo. | 71707 | Coto Coil Co., Inc. | Providence, R.I. |
| 05593 | Illumintron Engineering Co. | Sunnyvale, Calif. | 20183 | Electronic Tube Corp. | Philadelphia, Pa. | 72354 | John E. Fast & Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 05624 | Barber Colman Co. | Rockford, Ill. | 21226 | Executive, Inc. | New York, N.Y. | 72619 | Dialight Corp. | Brooklyn, N.Y. |
| 05729 | Metropolitan Telecommunications Corp., Metro Cap. Div. | Brooklyn, N.Y. | 21520 | Fansteel Metallurgical Corp. | No. Chicago, Ill. | 72656 | General Ceramics Corp. | Keasbey, N.J. |
| 05783 | Stewart Engineering Co. | Santa Cruz, Calif. | 21335 | The Fafnir Bearing Co. | New Britain, Conn. | 72758 | Girard-Hopkins | Oakland, Calif. |
| 06004 | The Baskick Co. | Bridgeport, Conn. | 21964 | Fed. Telephone and Radio Corp. | Clifton, N.J. | 72765 | Drake Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 06136 | Ward Leonard Electric | Los Angeles, Calif. | 24446 | General Electric Co. | Schenectady, N.Y. | 72825 | Hugh H. Eby Inc. | Philadelphia, Pa. |
| 06175 | Bausch and Lomb Optical Co. | Rochester, N.Y. | 24455 | G.E., Lamp Division | Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio | 72928 | Gudeman Co. | Chicago, Ill. |
| 06555 | Beede Electrical Instrument Co., Inc. | Penacook, N.H. | 24655 | General Radio Co. | West Concord, Mass. | 72964 | Robert M. Hadley Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. |
| 06751 | U.S. Sencor Div. of Nuclear Corp. of Am. | Phoenix, Ariz. | 26365 | Gries Reproducer Corp. | New Rochelle, N.Y. | 72982 | Erie Resistor Corp. | Erie, Pa. |
| 06812 | Torrington Mfg. Co., West Div. | Van Nuys, Calif. | 26462 | Grobet File Co. of America, Inc. | Carlstadt, N.J. | 73061 | Hansen Mfg. Co., Inc. | Princeton, Ind. |
| | | | 26992 | Hamilton Watch Co. | Lancaster, Pa. | 73138 | Helipot Div. of Beckman Instruments, Inc. | Fullerton, Calif. |
| | | | 28880 | Hewlett-Packard Co. | Palo Alto, Calif. | 73293 | Hughes Products Division of Hughes Aircraft Co. | Newport Beach, Calif. |
| | | | 33173 | G.E. Receiving Tube Dept. | Owensboro, Ky. | 73445 | Amperex Electronic Co., Div. of North American Phillips Co., Inc. | Hicksville, N.Y. |
| | | | 35434 | Lectrohm Inc. | Chicago, Ill. | 73506 | Bradley Semiconductor Corp. | Hamden, Conn. |
| | | | 37942 | P. R. Mallory & Co., Inc. | Indianapolis, Ind. | 73559 | Carling Electric, Inc. | Hartford, Conn. |
| | | | 39543 | Mechanical Industries Prod. Co. | Akron, Ohio | 73682 | George K. Garrett Co., Inc. | Philadelphia, Pa. |

From: F.S.C. Handbook Supplements
H4-1 DATED: April 1963
H4-2 DATED: April 1962


00015-31
Revised: June 10, 1963

APPENDIX CODE LIST OF MANUFACTURERS (Sheet 2 of 2)

| CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CODE NO. | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | | | |
|----------|---|------------------------|----------|--|--|---|---|------------------------|-------|---|---|
| 73734 | Federal Screw Products Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 82647 | Metals and Controls, Inc., Texas Instruments, Inc., Spencer Prods. | Div. of Athleboro, Mass. Madison, Wis. | 95265 | National Coil Co. | Sheridan, Wyo. | | | |
| 73743 | Fischer Special Mfg. Co. | Cincinnati, Ohio | 82866 | Research Products Corp. | Madison, Wis. | 95275 | Vitramon, Inc. | Bridgeport, Conn. | | | |
| 73793 | The General Industries Co. | Elyria, Ohio | 82877 | Rotron Manufacturing Co., Inc. | Woodstock, N.Y. | 95348 | Gordas Corp. | Bloomfield, N.J. | | | |
| 73905 | Jennings Radio Mfg. Co. | San Jose, Calif. | 82893 | Vector Electronic Co. | Glendale, Calif. | 95354 | Methode Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. | | | |
| 74455 | J. H. Winns, and Sons | Winchester, Mass. | 83053 | Western Washer Mfr. Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 95987 | Wekesser Co. | Chicago, Ill. | | | |
| 74861 | Industrial Condenser Corp. | Chicago, Ill. | 83058 | Carr Fastener Co. | Cambridge, Mass. | 96067 | Huggins Laboratories | Sunnyvale, Calif. | | | |
| 74868 | R.F. Products Division of Amphenol-Borg Electronics Corp. | Danbury, Conn. | 83086 | New Hampshire Ball Bearing, Inc. | Peterborough, N.H. | 96095 | Hi-Q Division of Aerovox | Olean, N.Y. | | | |
| 74970 | E. F. Johnson Co. | Waseca, Minn. | 83125 | Pyramid Electric Co. | Darlington, S.C. | 96256 | Thordarson-Meissner Div. of Maguire Industries, Inc. | Mt. Carmel, Ill. | | | |
| 75042 | International Resistance Co. | Philadelphia, Pa. | 83148 | Electro Cords Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 96296 | Solar Manufacturing Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | | | |
| 75173 | Jones, Howard B., Division of Cinch Mfg. Corp. | Chicago, Ill. | 83186 | Victory Engineering Corp. | Union, N.J. | 96330 | Carlton Screw Co. | Chicago, Ill. | | | |
| 75378 | James Knights Co. | Sandwich, Ill. | 83298 | Bendix Corp., Red Bank Div. | Red Bank, N.J. | 96341 | Microwave Associates, Inc. | Burlington, Mass. | | | |
| 75382 | Kulka Electric Corporation | Mt. Vernon, N.Y. | 83330 | Smith, Herman H., Inc. | Brooklyn, N.Y. | 96501 | Excel Transformer Co. | Oakland, Calif. | | | |
| 75818 | Lenz Electric Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 83501 | Gavitt Wire and Cable Co., Div. of Amerace Corp. | Brookfield, Mass. | 97464 | Industrial Retaining Ring Co. | Irvington, N.J. | | | |
| 75915 | Littfuse Inc. | Des Plaines, Ill. | 83594 | Burrhos Corp., Electronic Tube Div. | Plainfield, N.J. | 97539 | Automatic and Precision Mfg. Co. | Yonkers, N.Y. | | | |
| 76005 | Lord Mfg. Co. | Erie, Pa. | 83777 | Model Eng. and Mfg., Inc. | Huntington, Ind. | 97966 | CBS Electronics, Div. of C.B.S., Inc. | Danvers, Mass. | | | |
| 76210 | C. W. Marwedel | San Francisco, Calif. | 83821 | Loyd Scuggs Co. | Festus, Mo. | 97979 | Reon Resistor Corp. | Yonkers, N.Y. | | | |
| 76433 | Micamold Electronic Mfg. Corp. | Brooklyn, N.Y. | 84171 | Arco Electronics, Inc. | New York, N.Y. | 98141 | Axel Brothers Inc. | Jamaica, N.Y. | | | |
| 76487 | James Millen Mfg. Co., Inc. | Malden, Mass. | 84396 | A. J. Giesener Co., Inc. | San Francisco, Calif. | 98220 | Francis L. Mosley | Pasadena, Calif. | | | |
| 76493 | J. W. Miller Co. | Los Angeles, Calif. | 84411 | Good All Electric Mfg. Co. | Ogallala, Neb. | 98278 | Microdot, Inc. | So. Pasadena, Calif. | | | |
| 76530 | Monadnock Mills | San Leandro, Calif. | 84970 | Sarkes Tarzian, Inc. | Bloomington, Ind. | 98291 | Sealcorp Corp. | Mamaroneck, N.Y. | | | |
| 76545 | Mueller Electric Co. | Cleveland, Ohio | 85454 | Boonton Molding Company | Boonton, N.J. | 98405 | Carad Corp. | Redwood City, Calif. | | | |
| 76854 | Oak Manufacturing Co. | Crystal Lake, Ill. | 85471 | A. B. Boyd Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | 98734 | Palo Alto Engineering Co., Inc. | Palo Alto, Calif. | | | |
| 77068 | Bendix Pacific Division of Bendix Corp. | No. Hollywood, Calif. | 85474 | R. M. Bracamonte & Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | 98821 | North Hills Electric Co. | Mineola, N.Y. | | | |
| 77221 | Phaotron Instrument and Electronic Co. | South Pasadena, Calif. | 85660 | Koiled Kords, Inc. | New Haven, Conn. | 98925 | Clevite Transistor Prod. Div. of Clevite Corp. | Waltham, Mass. | | | |
| 77252 | Philadelphia Steel and Wire Corp. | Philadelphia, Pa. | 85911 | Seamless Rubber Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 98978 | International Electronic Research Corp. | Burbank, Calif. | | | |
| 77342 | Potter and Brumfield, Div. of American Machine and Foundry | Princeton, Ind. | 86197 | Radio Precision Products | Clifton Heights, Pa. | 99109 | Columbia Technical Corp. | New York, N.Y. | | | |
| 77630 | Radio Condenser Co. | Camden, N.J. | 86684 | Radio Corp. of America, RCA Electron Tube Div. | Harrison, N.J. | 99313 | Varian Associates | Palo Alto, Calif. | | | |
| 77638 | Radio Receptor Co., Inc. | Brooklyn, N.Y. | 87216 | Philco Corp. (Lansdale Division) | Lansdale, Pa. | 99515 | Marshall Industries, Electron Products Division | Pasadena, Calif. | | | |
| 77764 | Resistance Products Co. | Harrisburg, Pa. | 87473 | Western Fibrous Glass Products Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | 99707 | Control Switch Division, Controls Co. of America | El Segundo, Calif. | | | |
| 78189 | Shakeproof Division of Illinois Tool Works | Elgin, Ill. | 87664 | Van Waters & Rogers Inc. | Seattle, Wash. | 99800 | Delevan Electronics Corp. | East Aurora, N.Y. | | | |
| 78283 | Signal Indicator Corp. | New York, N.Y. | 88140 | Cutler-Hammer, Inc. | Lincoln, Ill. | 99848 | Wilco Corporation | Indianapolis, Ind. | | | |
| 78471 | Tilley Mfg. Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | 88220 | Gould-National Batteries, Inc. | St. Paul, Minn. | 99934 | Renbrandt, Inc. | Boston, Mass. | | | |
| 78488 | Stackpole Carbon Co. | St. Marys, Pa. | 89473 | General Electric Distributing Corp. | Schenectady, N.Y. | 99942 | Hoffman Semiconductor Div. of Hoffman Electronics Corp. | Evanston, Ill. | | | |
| 78553 | Tinnerman Products, Inc. | Cleveland, Ohio | 89636 | Carter Parts Div. of Economy Baler Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 99957 | Technology Instrument Corp. of Calif. | Newbury Park, Calif. | | | |
| 78790 | Transformer Engineers | Pasadena, Calif. | 89665 | United Transformer Co. | Chicago, Ill. | THE FOLLOWING H-P VENDORS HAVE NO NUMBER ASSIGNED IN THE LATEST SUPPLEMENT TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLY CODE FOR MANUFACTURERS HANDBOOK. | | | | | |
| 78947 | Ucinite Co. | Newtonville, Mass. | 90179 | U.S. Rubber Co., Mechanical Goods Div. | Passaic, N.J. | | | | 0000F | Malco Tool and Die | Los Angeles, Calif. |
| 79142 | Vaeeder Roof, Inc. | Hartford, Conn. | 90970 | Bearing Engineering Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | | | | 0000M | Western Coil Div. of Automatic Ind., Inc. | Redwood City, Calif. |
| 79251 | Wenco Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 91260 | Connor Spring Mfg. Co. | San Francisco, Calif. | | | | 0000N | Nahm-Bros. Spring Co. | San Leandro, Calif. |
| 79727 | Continental-Wirt Electronics Corp. | Philadelphia, Pa. | 91345 | Miller Dial & Nameplate Co. | El Monte, Calif. | | | | 0000P | Ty-Car Mfg. Co., Inc. | Holliston, Mass. |
| 79963 | Zierick Mfg. Corp. | New Rochelle, N.Y. | 91418 | Radio Materials Co. | Chicago, Ill. | | | | 0000T | Texas Instruments, Inc. | Metal and Controls Div. Versailles, Ky. |
| 80031 | Mepro Division of Sessions Clock Co. | Morristown, N.J. | 91506 | Augat Brothers, Inc. | Athleboro, Mass. | | | | 0000U | Tower Mfg. Corp. | Providence, R.I. |
| 80120 | Schnitzer Alloy Products | Elizabeth, N.J. | 91637 | Dale Electronics, Inc. | Columbus, Nebr. | | | | 0000W | Webster Electronics Co. Inc. | New York, N.Y. |
| 80130 | Times Facsimile Corp. | New York, N.Y. | 91662 | Elco Corp. | Philadelphia, Pa. | | | | 0000X | Spruce Pine Mica Co. | Spruce Pine, N.C. |
| 80131 | Electronic Industries Association Any brand tube meeting EIA standards | Washington, D.C. | 91737 | Gremar Mfg. Co., Inc. | Wakefield, Mass. | | | | 0000Y | Midland Mfg. Co. Inc. | Kansas City, Kans. |
| 80207 | Unimax Switch, Div. of W. L. Maxson Corp. | Wallingford, Conn. | 91827 | K F Development Co. | Redwood City, Calif. | 0000Z | Willow Leather Products Corp. | Newark, N.J. | | | |
| 80248 | Oxford Electric Corp. | Chicago, Ill. | 91929 | Minneapolis-Honeywell Microswitch Div. | Freeport, Ill. | 000AA | British Radio Electronics Ltd. | Washington, D.C. | | | |
| 80294 | Bourns Laboratories, Inc. | Riverside, Calif. | 92196 | Universal Metal Products, Inc. | Bassett Puente, Calif. | 000AB | ETA | England | | | |
| 80411 | Acro Div. of Robertshaw Fulton Controls Co. | Columbus 16, Ohio | 93332 | Sylvania Electric Prod. Inc., Semiconductor Div. | Woburn, Mass. | 000AC | Indiana General Corp., Elect. Div. | Indiana | | | |
| 80486 | All Star Products Inc. | Defiance, Ohio | 93369 | Robbins and Myers, Inc. | New York, N.Y. | 000BB | Precision Instrument Components Co. | Van Nuys, Calif. | | | |
| 80583 | Hammerlund Co., Inc. | New York, N.Y. | 93410 | Stevens Mfg. Co., Inc. | Mansfield, Ohio | 000CC | Computer Diode Corp. | Lodi, N.J. | | | |
| 80640 | Stevens, Arnold, Co., Inc. | Boston, Mass. | 93983 | Insuline-Van Norman Ind., Inc. | Manchester, N.H. | 000EE | A. Williams Manufacturing Co. | San Jose, Calif. | | | |
| 81030 | International Instruments, Inc. | New Haven, Conn. | 94144 | Raytheon Mfg. Co., Industrial Components Div., Receiving Tube Operation | Quincy, Mass. | 000GG | Goshen Die Cutting Service | Goshen, Ind. | | | |
| 81073 | Grayhill Co. | LaGrange, Ill. | 94145 | Raytheon Mfg. Co., Semiconductor Div., California Street Plant | Newton, Mass. | 000HH | Rubbercraft Corp. | Torrance, Calif. | | | |
| 81312 | Winchester Electronics Co., Inc. | Norwalk, Conn. | 94148 | Scientific Radio Products, Inc. | Loveland, Colo. | 000II | Birtcher Corporation, Industrial Division | Monterey Park, Calif. | | | |
| 81415 | Wilkor Products, Inc. | Cleveland, Ohio | 94154 | Tung-Sol Electric, Inc. | Newark, N.J. | 000KK | Amatom | New Rochelle, N.Y. | | | |
| 81453 | Raytheon Mfg. Co., Industrial Components Div., Industr. Tube Operations | Newton, Mass. | 94197 | Curtiss-Wright Corp., Electronics Div. | East Paterson, N.J. | 000LL | Avery Label Development | Monrovia, Calif. | | | |
| 81483 | International Rectifier Corp. | El Segundo, Calif. | 94310 | Tru Ohm Prod. Div. of Model Engineering and Mfg. Co. | Chicago, Ill. | 000MM | Rubber Eng. & Development | Hayward, Calif. | | | |
| 81860 | Barry Controls, Inc. | Watertown, Mass. | 94682 | Worcester Pressed Aluminum Corp. | Worcester, Mass. | 000NN | "N" D Manufacturing Co. | San Jose 27, Calif. | | | |
| 82042 | Carter Parts Co. | Sukkie, Ill. | 95236 | Allies Products Corp. | Miami, Fla. | 000PP | Atomh Electronics, | Sun Valley, Calif. | | | |
| 82142 | Jeffers Electronics Division of Speer Carbon Co. | Du Bois, Pa. | 95238 | Confidental Connector Corp. | Woodside, N.Y. | 000QQ | Cooltron | Oakland, Calif. | | | |
| 82170 | Allen B. DuMont Labs., Inc. | Clifton, N.J. | 95263 | Leecraft Mfg. Co., Inc. | New York, N.Y. | 000RR | Radiol Industries | Des Plaines, Ill. | | | |
| 82209 | Maguire Industries, Inc. | Greenwich, Conn. | 95264 | Lerc Electronics, Inc. | Burbank, Calif. | 000SS | Control of Elgin Watch Co. | Burbank, Calif. | | | |
| 82219 | Sylvania Electric Prod. Inc., Electronic Tube Div. | Emporium, Pa. | | | | 000TT | Thomas & Betts Co., The | Elizabeth 1, N.J. | | | |
| 82376 | Astron Co. | East Newark, N.J. | | | | 000WW | California Eastern Lab. | Burlingame, Calif. | | | |
| 82389 | Switchcraft, Inc. | Chicago, Ill. | | | | 000XX | Methode Electronics, Inc. | Chicago 31, Ill. | | | |
| | | | | | | 000YY | S. K. Smith Co. | Los Angeles 45, Calif. | | | |



CATHODE RAY TUBE WARRANTY

The cathode ray tube supplied in your Hewlett-Packard Oscilloscope and replacement cathode ray tubes purchased from , are guaranteed against electrical failure for one year from the date of sale by the Hewlett-Packard Company. Broken tubes or tubes with burned phosphor are not included in this guarantee.

Your local Hewlett-Packard representative maintains a stock of replacement tubes and will be glad to process your warranty claim for you. Please consult him.

Whenever a tube is returned for a warranty claim, the reverse side of this sheet must be filled out in full and returned with the tube. Follow shipping instructions carefully to insure safe arrival, since no credit can be allowed on broken tubes.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Carefully wrap the tube in 1/4" thick cotton batting or other soft padding material.
- 2) Wrap the above in heavy kraft paper.
- 3) Pack in a rigid container which is at least 4 inches larger than the tube in each dimension.
- 4) Surround the tube with at least four inches of packed excelsior or similar shock absorbing material. Be certain that the packing is tight all around the tube.
- 5) Tubes returned from outside the continental United States should be packed in a wooden box.
- 6) Ship prepaid preferably by **AIR FREIGHT** or **RAILWAY EXPRESS**. We do not recommend parcel post or air parcel post shipment.

CRT WARRANTY CLAIM

FROM: _____ DATE: _____

NAME: _____

COMPANY: _____

ADDRESS: _____

Person to contact for further information:

NAME: _____

TITLE: _____

COMPANY: _____

ADDRESS: _____

To process your claim quickly please enter the information indicated below:

1) Φ INSTRUMENT MODEL _____ SERIAL _____

2) TUBE TYPE _____ SERIAL _____

3) ORIGINAL TUBE _____ REPLACEMENT TUBE _____

4) YOUR PURCHASE ORDER NO. _____

5) DATE PURCHASED _____

6) PURCHASED FROM _____

7) COMPLAINT: (Please describe nature of trouble) _____

8) OPERATING CONDITIONS: (Please describe conditions prior to and at time of failure _____

SIGNATURE _____

MANUAL CHANGES

MODEL 140A

OSCILLOSCOPE

Manual Serial Prefixed: 326-

Manual Printed: 7/63


Make corrections in the above manual according to Errata below. To adapt the above manual to instruments with other serial prefixes, make changes shown in tables.

| Instrument Serial Prefix | Make Manual Changes | Instrument Serial Prefix | Make Manual Changes |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 326- | ERRATA | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |


ERRATA:

Table 6-1,


C141, C161: Change to capacitor, fixed, 275 μ f, 200 V;

 Stock No. 0180-0214

Add C318: Capacitor, fixed, 5600 pf, 3 kv VDCW;

 Stock No. 0160-0384

Add R192: Resistor, fixed, 2000 ohms, 5%, 1/4W;

 Stock No. 0683-2025

Page 5-7, Table 5-5,

Change first conclusion of step 3 to read: "V301 was bad".

