

LITEON

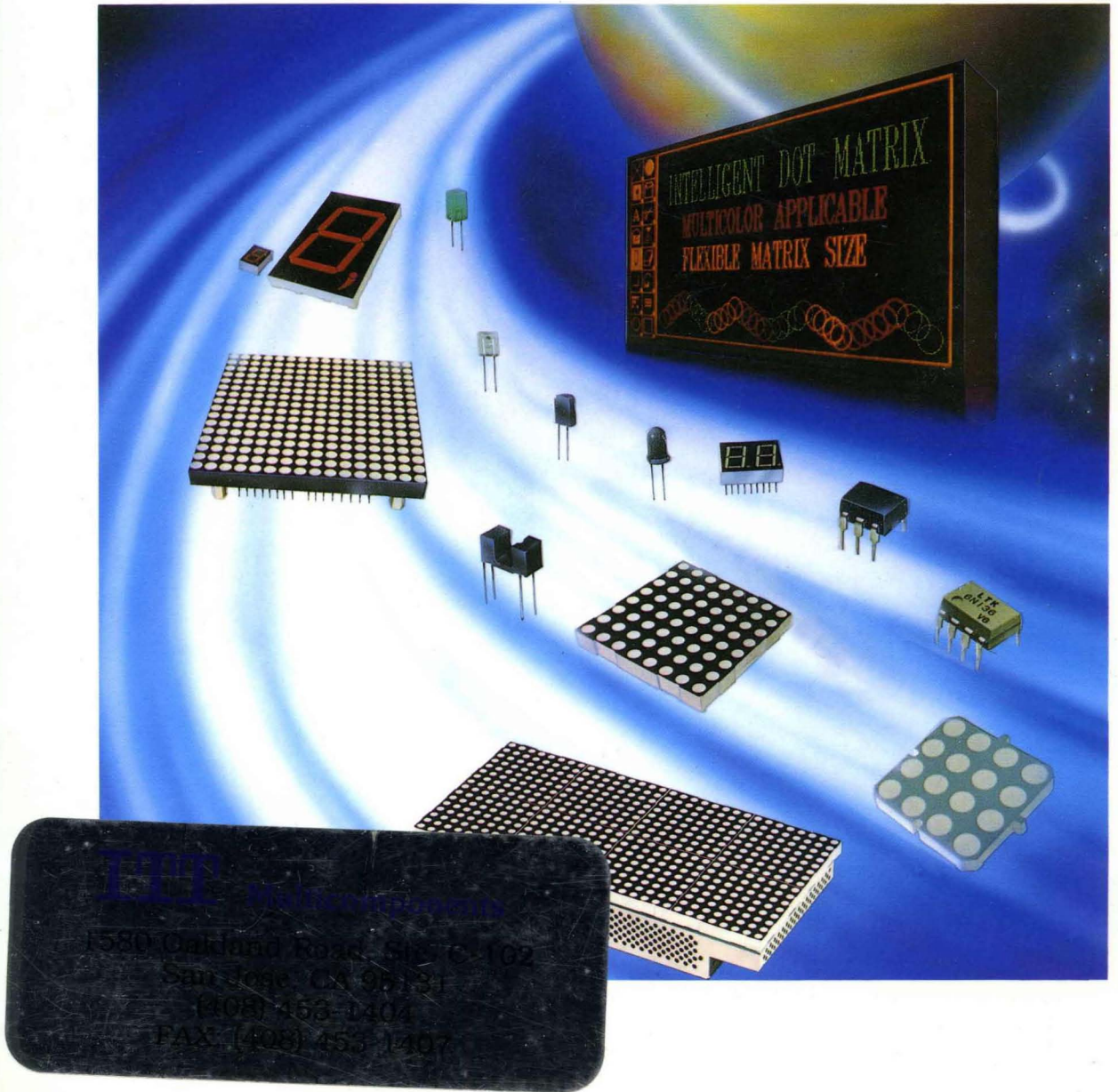
Optoelectronics

Data Book 1991-1992

LITEON

Optoelectronics

Data Book 1991-1992



LITE-ON LIGHTING THE WAY IN OPTOELECTRONICS

As one of the world's largest independent manufacturers of optoelectronic products, LITE-ON INC. offers a wide range of reliable and economical optoelectronic design solutions.

We produce high quality LEDs, single, dual and multi-digit displays, visible and infrared discrete components, customer display modules and over 40% of the world's clock displays.

Our fully automated production facilities in Taiwan include approximately 300,000 sq. ft. of space and are capable of producing monthly orders of up to "50 million lamps, 7 million displays, 2.5 million clock displays, 5 million infrared discrete components and big capacity for customer OEM models."

It also features the very latest in production equipment — much of which was designed by Lite-On engineers — and provides the most comprehensive reliability test facilities in the industry.

Finally, the Lite-On product line is backed by a team of experienced support specialists. So you can be assured that your problems and questions will be met with professionalism and expediency.

For more information about Lite-On or Lite-On products, call (408) 946-4873. Or write to LITE-ON, INC. Semiconductor Division, 720 S. Hillview Drive, Milpitas, CA 95035.

You may also wish to contact one of our national representatives. (See inside back cover).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A. PHOTOCOUPERS

A) PHOTOCOUPERS CLASSIFICATION CHART	A-1
B) PHOTOCOUPERS COMPARISON TABLE	A-2
C) QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	A-3
D) (LTV4N SERIES)...GENERAL PURPOSE 4N SERIES	A-5
E) (LTK6N SERIES)...GENERAL PURPOSE 6N SERIES	A-23
F) (LTV700 SERIES)..6-PIN DIP VISO:5KVRMS TYPE	A-56
G) (LTV800 SERIES)..4-PIN OR MULTI-CHANNEL TYPE	A-82

B. LCD BACK LIGHT

A) LCD BACK LIGHT QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	B-1
---	-----

C. LIGHT SOURCE

A) LIGHT SOURCE QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	C-1
---	-----

D. MULTICOLOR LED BLOCK MODULES FOR GRAPHIC DISPLAYS & SIGN BOARD DISPLAYS

A) LTM-8711-1 DISPLAY MOUDLE	D-1
B) LTM-8843-1 LONG MOVING SIGN MODULE	D-8

1. INFRARED PRODUCTS

A) SELECTION GUIDE	1-1
B) INFRARED EMITTING DIODES	1-5
C) PHOTOTRANSISTORS	1-32
D) PHOTODIODES	1-44
E) TRANSMISSIVE SWITCH	1-60
F) OPTIC RECEIVER MODULES	1-66

2. LED LAMPS

A) SELECTION GUIDE	2-1
B) HOW TO USE LITON LED LAMPS	2-22
C) CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE	2-27
D) RESISTOR LAMPS	2-35
E) FLASH LAMPS	2-52
F) AXIAL LAMPS	2-57
G) SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMPS	2-62
H) BIG LED LAMPS	2-72
I) ULTRA BRIGHT LED LAMPS	2-82
J) LOW CURRENT LED LAMPS	2-100
K) STANDARD LED LAMPS	2-106
L) SPECIAL LED LAMPS	2-159
M) DUAL COLOR LED LAMPS	2-278
N) TAPE AND REEL	
• RADIAL TAPE AND REEL	2-302
• SURFACE MOUNT TAPE AND REEL	2-306
O) PANEL MOUNTING GROMMENTS	2-309
P) LED CIRCUIT BOARD AND SNAP-IN INDICATORS	2-312

3. LED LIGHT BARS & BAR GRAPH ARRAYS	
A) SELECTION GUIDE	3-1
B) LED LIGHT BARS	3-3
C) LED BAR GRAPH ARRAYS	3-15
4. PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN	
A) SELECTION GUIDE	4-1
B) PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY (DISCONTINUED)	4-2
C) LED DISPLAY WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN	4-6
5. SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS	
A) SELECTION GUIDE	5-1
B) CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE	5-10
C) SINGLE COLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS	5-20
D) MULTICOLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS	5-20
E) SINGLE COLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS	5-34
F) MULTICOLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS	5-86
G) DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS	5-92
H) THREE-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS	5-137
I) FOUR-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS	5-146
J) ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS SELECTION GUIDE	5-155
K) MULTIDIGIT LED DISPLAYS	5-165
6. DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	
A) SELECTION GUIDE	6-1
B) HOW TO USE LITON LED DISPLAYS	6-5
C) 4X4 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-11
D) 4X4 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-11
E) 5X7 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-17
F) 5X7 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-31
G) 5X8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-55
H) 5X8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-55
I) 8X8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-63
J) 8X8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS	6-63
7. LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS	
A) SELECTION GUIDE	7-1
B) CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS	7-2
8. APPENDIX	
A) LITON'S PRODUCTS	8-1
B) THE LITON GROUP	8-2
C) REPRESENTATIVES OR AGENT, DISTRIBUTORS & BRANCH OFFICE	8-3

ALPHANUMERIC INDEX

LTA-1000E	3-15	LTC-3718P	7-2
LTA-1000G	3-15	LTC-3718R	7-2
LTA-1000HR	3-15	LTC-3718Y	7-2
LTA-1000P	3-15	LTC-3730GLY-1	7-18
LTA-1000R	3-15	LTC-3730PMA-1	7-18
LTA-1000Y	3-15	LTC-3808SG	7-18
LTB-0022	5-165	LTC-3808SP	7-18
LTB-0028	5-165	LTC-4401PAA2	7-26
LTB-0038	5-165	LTC-5336E	5-137
LTB-0047	5-165	LTC-5336G	5-137
LTB-1466	5-165	LTC-5336HR	5-137
LTB-1478	5-165	LTC-5336P	5-137
LTB-1488	5-165	LTC-5336R	5-137
LTB-1498	5-165	LTC-5336Y	5-137
LTB-402	5-165	LTC-5337E	5-146
LTC-14401A1G-2	7-26	LTC-5337G	5-146
LTC-14401A1P-2	7-26	LTC-5337HR	5-146
LTC-14403A1G-2	7-26	LTC-5337P	5-146
LTC-14403A1P-2	7-26	LTC-5337R	5-146
LTC-14501A1G-2	7-48	LTC-5337Y	5-146
LTC-14501A1P-2	7-48	LTC-5502A1G-12S	7-31
LTC-18501A1G	7-52	LTC-5502A1P-12S	7-31
LTC-18501A1G-2	7-52	LTC-5612ELM	7-31
LTC-18501A1G-4	7-52	LTC-5836E	5-137
LTC-18501A1P	7-52	LTC-5836G	5-137
LTC-18501A1P-2	7-52	LTC-5836HR	5-137
LTC-18501A1P-4	7-52	LTC-5836P	5-137
LTC-1867TA1G-2	7-52	LTC-5836R	5-137
LTC-1867TA1P-2	7-52	LTC-5836Y	5-137
LTC-25501PAK	7-57	LTC-5837E	5-146
LTC-25601PAK	7-57	LTC-5837G	5-146
LTC-3137A1G-12	7-18	LTC-5837HR	5-146
LTC-3137A1G-24	7-18	LTC-5837P	5-146
LTC-3137A1P-12	7-18	LTC-5837R	5-146
LTC-3137A1P-24	7-18	LTC-5837Y	5-146
LTC-3137A3P	7-18	LTC-612D1G	7-36
LTC-3614MSJ	7-18	LTC-612D1P	7-36
LTC-3702SG	7-18	LTC-617D1G	7-36
LTC-3702SP	7-18	LTC-617D1P	7-36
LTC-3708SG	7-18	LTC-627D1G	7-36
LTC-3708SP	7-18	LTC-627D1P	7-36
LTC-3710E	7-2	LTC-637C1G	7-36
LTC-3710G	7-2	LTC-637C1G-12	7-36
LTC-3710HR	7-2	LTC-637C1P	7-36
LTC-3710P	7-2	LTC-637C1P-12	7-36
LTC-3710R	7-2	LTC-637D1G	7-36
LTC-3710Y	7-2	LTC-637D1G-12	7-36
LTC-3718E	7-2	LTC-637D1G-12S	7-36
LTC-3718G	7-2	LTC-637D1G-S	7-36
LTC-3718HR	7-2	LTC-637D1P	7-36

LTC-637D1P-12	7-36	LTD-585R	5-110
LTC-637D1P-12S	7-36	LTD-585Y	5-110
LTC-637D1P-S	7-36	LTD-6410G	5-128
LTC-637D1P-W	7-36	LTD-6430G	5-128
LTC-674D1G	7-36	LTD-6440G	5-128
LTC-674D1G-12	7-36	LTD-6450G	5-128
LTC-674D1P	7-36	LTD-6610E	5-128
LTC-674D1P-12	7-36	LTD-6630E	5-128
LTC-937S1G	7-44	LTD-6640E	5-128
LTC-937S1G-12	7-44	LTD-6650E	5-128
LTC-937S1P	7-44	LTD-6710P	5-128
LTC-937S1P-12	7-44	LTD-6710R	5-128
LTD-322G	5-92	LTD-6730P	5-128
LTD-322P	5-92	LTD-6730R	5-128
LTD-322R	5-92	LTD-6740P	5-128
LTD-323G	5-92	LTD-6740R	5-128
LTD-323P	5-92	LTD-6750P	5-128
LTD-323R	5-92	LTD-6750R	5-128
LTD-432EC	5-98	LTD-6810Y	5-128
LTD-432GC	5-98	LTD-6830Y	5-128
LTD-432PC	5-98	LTD-6840Y	5-128
LTD-432RC	5-98	LTD-6850Y	5-128
LTD-482EC	5-98	LTD-6910HR	5-128
LTD-482GC	5-98	LTD-6930HR	5-128
LTD-482PC	5-98	LTD-6940HR	5-128
LTD-482RC	5-98	LTD-6950HR	5-128
LTD-524G	5-105	LTE-209	1-5
LTD-524P	5-105	LTE-209C	1-5
LTD-5250E	5-119	LTE-239	1-8
LTD-5250G	5-119	LTE-239C	1-8
LTD-5250HR	5-119	LTE-2871	1-26
LTD-5250P	5-119	LTE-2871C	1-26
LTD-5250R	5-119	LTE-302	1-29
LTD-5250Y	5-119	LTE-4206	1-23
LTD-5260E	5-119	LTE-4206C	1-23
LTD-5260G	1-119	LTE-4208	1-11
LTD-5260HR	5-119	LTE-4208C	1-11
LTD-5260P	5-119	LTE-4238	1-14
LTD-5260R	5-119	LTE-4238C	1-14
LTD-5260Y	5-119	LTE-5208A	1-17
LTD-535E	5-110	LTE-5208AC	1-17
LTD-535G	5-110	LTE-5238A	1-20
LTD-535HR	5-110	LTE-5238AC	1-20
LTD-535P	5-110	LTF-216141A1	5-170
LTD-535R	5-110	LTF-216141A1P	5-170
LTD-535Y	5-110	LTF-804-08	5-170
LTD-585E	5-110	LTF-804-08P	5-170
LTD-585G	5-110	LTF-804-12	5-170
LTD-585HR	5-110	LTF-804-12P	5-170
LTD-585P	5-110	LTH-301-07	1-63

LTH-301A	1-60	LTL-213	2-128
LTJ-811G	2-77	LTL-219	2-123
LTJ-811HR	2-77	LTL-2201AL	2-183
LTJ-811Y	2-77	LTL-2203A	2-189
LTK-6N135	A-23	LTL-221	2-106
LTK-6N136	A-30	LTL-2211AL	2-183
LTK-6N137	A-37	LTL-2213A	2-189
LTK-6N138	A-44	LTL-2214RT	2-194
LTK-6N139	A-49	LTL-2214WC	2-194
LTK-829	A-90	LTL-2221AL	2-183
LTK-849	A-90	LTL-2223A	2-189
LTL-001B	2-309	LTL-2224RT	2-194
LTL-001C	2-309	LTL-223	2-128
LTL-004B	2-311	LTL-2231AL	2-183
LTL-10203	2-144	LTL-2233A	2-189
LTL-10203W	2-144	LTL-2234GT	2-194
LTL-10213	2-144	LTL-2234WC	2-194
LTL-10223	2-144	LTL-224	2-128
LTL-10223W	2-144	LTL-2251AL	2-183
LTL-10233	2-144	LTL-2253A	2-189
LTL-10233W	2-144	LTL-2254WC	2-194
LTL-10253	2-144	LTL-2254YT	2-194
LTL-10253W	2-144	LTL-2271AL	2-183
LTL-10263W	2-94	LTL-229	2-123
LTL-10293W	2-144	LTL-2291AL	2-183
LTL-1204A	2-159	LTL-2293A	2-189
LTL-1214A	2-159	LTL-2294WC	2-194
LTL-1224A	2-159	LTL-2300HR	3-8
LTL-1234A	2-159	LTL-231	2-106
LTL-1254A	2-159	LTL-23201AL	2-245
LTL-1274A	2-159	LTL-23203A	2-209
LTL-1294A	2-159	LTL-23211AL	2-245
LTL-13215A	2-235	LTL-23213A	2-209
LTL-13218A	2-230	LTL-23214A	2-250
LTL-13219B	2-240	LTL-23216A	2-260
LTL-13225A	2-235	LTL-23221AL	2-245
LTL-13235A	2-235	LTL-23223A	2-209
LTL-13238A	2-230	LTL-23231AL	2-245
LTL-13239B	2-240	LTL-23233A	2-209
LTL-13255A	2-235	LTL-23234A	2-250
LTL-13258A	2-230	LTL-23236A	2-260
LTL-13259B	2-240	LTL-23251AL	2-245
LTL-13278A	2-230	LTL-23253A	2-209
LTL-13279B	2-240	LTL-23254A	2-250
LTL-13295A	2-235	LTL-23256A	2-260
LTL-201	2-106	LTL-23273A	2-209
LTL-203	2-128	LTL-23274A	2-250
LTL-204	2-128	LTL-23276A	2-260
LTL-209	2-123	LTL-23291AL	2-245
LTL-211	2-106	LTL-23293A	2-209

LTL-23296A	2-260	LTL-3217A	2-225
LTL-233	2-128	LTL-3218A	2-225
LTL-234	2-128	LTL-3221A	2-209
LTL-2350HR	3-8	LTL-3223A	2-255
LTL-239	2-123	LTL-3231A	2-209
LTL-2400Y	3-8	LTL-3233A	2-255
LTL-2450Y	3-8	LTL-3235S	2-220
LTL-2500G	3-8	LTL-3237A	2-225
LTL-251	2-106	LTL-3238A	2-225
LTL-253	2-128	LTL-3251A	2-209
LTL-254	2-128	LTL-3253A	2-255
LTL-2550G	3-8	LTL-3255S	2-220
LTL-259	2-123	LTL-3257A	2-225
LTL-2600HR	3-8	LTL-3258A	2-225
LTL-2620HR	3-8	LTL-3271A	2-209
LTL-2655HR	3-8	LTL-3277A	2-225
LTL-2685HR	3-8	LTL-3278A	2-225
LTL-2700Y	3-8	LTL-327A	2-72
LTL-2720Y	3-8	LTL-327EA	2-72
LTL-2755Y	3-8	LTL-327G	2-72
LTL-2785Y	3-8	LTL-327HR	2-72
LTL-2800G	3-8	LTL-327Y	2-72
LTL-2820G	3-8	LTL-3291A	2-209
LTL-2855G	3-8	LTL-3293A	2-255
LTL-2885G	3-8	LTL-3295S	2-220
LTL-291	2-106	LTL-3297A	2-225
LTL-293	2-128	LTL-33221AA	2-274
LTL-293SJ	2-287	LTL-33231AA	2-274
LTL-294	2-128	LTL-33251AA	2-274
LTL-298E	2-278	LTL-353CK	2-82
LTL-298VJ	2-281	LTL-403A	2-204
LTL-298WJ	2-284	LTL-403G	2-204
LTL-299	2-123	LTL-403P	2-204
LTL-307C	2-85	LTL-403Y	2-204
LTL-307CE	2-85	LTL-4201	2-112
LTL-307CK	2-85	LTL-4201-R1	2-35
LTL-307E	2-134	LTL-4201-R2	2-35
LTL-307EA	2-134	LTL-4201N	2-112
LTL-307EE	2-134	LTL-4202	2-112
LTL-307ELC	2-103	LTL-4202N	2-112
LTL-307G	2-134	LTL-4203	2-134
LTL-307GE	2-134	LTL-4203-R1	2-43
LTL-307P	2-134	LTL-4203-R2	2-43
LTL-307PE	2-134	LTL-4204	2-134
LTL-307Y	2-134	LTL-4206	2-112
LTL-313SJ	2-290	LTL-4208	2-134
LTL-3201A	2-209	LTL-4211	2-112
LTL-3211A	2-209	LTL-4211-R1	2-35
LTL-3213A	2-255	LTL-4211-R2	2-35
LTL-3215S	2-220	LTL-4211N	2-112

LTL-4213	2-134	LTL-4268L1	2-88
LTL-4213-FL	2-52	LTL-4268L2	2-88
LTL-4213-R1	2-43	LTL-4291	2-112
LTL-4213-R2	2-43	LTL-4291-R1	2-35
LTL-4214	2-134	LTL-4291-R2	2-35
LTL-4221	2-112	LTL-4291N	2-112
LTL-4221N	2-112	LTL-4292	2-112
LTL-4221NLC	2-100	LTL-4292N	2-112
LTL-4222	2-112	LTL-4293-R1	2-43
LTL-4222N	2-112	LTL-4293-R2	2-43
LTL-4223	2-134	LTL-4294	2-134
LTL-4223-R1	2-43	LTL-4296	2-112
LTL-4223-R2	2-43	LTL-4296N	2-112
LTL-4224	2-134	LTL-433A	2-215
LTL-4231	2-112	LTL-433EA	2-215
LTL-4231-R1	2-35	LTL-433G	2-215
LTL-4231-R2	2-35	LTL-433HR	2-215
LTL-4231N	2-112	LTL-433P	2-215
LTL-4232	2-112	LTL-433R	2-215
LTL-4232N	2-112	LTL-433Y	2-215
LTL-4233	2-134	LTL-472G	2-265
LTL-4233-FL	2-52	LTL-472P	2-265
LTL-4233-R1	2-43	LTL-472Y	2-265
LTL-4233-R2	2-43	LTL-503-11	2-316
LTL-4234	2-134	LTL-503-14	2-316
LTL-4236N	2-112	LTL-5203	2-150
LTL-4238-R1	2-43	LTL-5223	2-150
LTL-4238-R2	2-43	LTL-5233	2-150
LTL-4251	2-112	LTL-5253	2-150
LTL-4251-R1	2-35	LTL-52DG	2-299
LTL-4251-R2	2-35	LTL-52EG	2-293
LTL-4251N	2-112	LTL-52RG	2-296
LTL-4252	2-112	LTL-53173Y	3-3
LTL-4252N	2-112	LTL-533-11	2-316
LTL-4253	2-134	LTL-533-14	2-316
LTL-4253-R1	2-43	LTL-54173G	3-3
LTL-4253-R2	2-43	LTL-553-11	2-316
LTL-4254	2-134	LTL-553-14	2-316
LTL-4256N	2-112	LTL-57173HR	3-3
LTL-4261N	2-91	LTL-603-1	2-312
LTL-4262N	2-91	LTL-6203LN	2-199
LTL-4263	2-88	LTL-6213LN	2-199
LTL-4263-FL	2-52	LTL-6223LN	2-199
LTL-4264H3	2-88	LTL-6233LN	2-199
LTL-4264H4	2-88	LTL-6253LN	2-199
LTL-4264L1	2-88	LTL-6293LN	2-199
LTL-4264L2	2-88	LTL-633-1	2-312
LTL-4266N	2-91	LTL-653-1	2-312
LTL-4268H3	2-88	LTL-709E	2-154
LTL-4268H4	2-88	LTL-709EA	2-154

LTL-709L	2-154	LTL-93BGA1	2-57
LTL-709R	2-154	LTL-93BGK1	2-57
LTL-709Y	2-154	LTL-93BHRA1	2-57
LTL-717A	2-159	LTL-93BYA1	2-57
LTL-717G	2-159	LTL-93BYK1	2-57
LTL-717HR	2-159	LTM-2416 (DISCONTINUED)	4-2
LTL-717P	2-159	LTM-8328GKR-04	4-6
LTL-717R	2-159	LTM-8328PKR-04	4-6
LTL-717Y	2-159	LTM-8522E	4-24
LTL-723A	2-165	LTM-8522G	4-24
LTL-723G	2-165	LTM-8522HR	4-24
LTL-723HR	2-165	LTM-8522P	4-24
LTL-723P	2-165	LTM-8522R	4-24
LTL-723R	2-165	LTM-8522Y	4-24
LTL-723Y	2-165	LTM-8529E	4-24
LTL-757E	2-170	LTM-8529G	4-24
LTL-757G	2-170	LTM-8529HR	4-24
LTL-757P	2-170	LTM-8529P	4-24
LTL-757Y	2-170	LTM-8529R	4-24
LTL-767E	2-174	LTM-8529Y	4-24
LTL-767G	2-174	LTM-8530E	4-24
LTL-767P	2-174	LTM-8530G	4-24
LTL-767Y	2-174	LTM-8530HR	4-24
LTL-8212A	2-178	LTM-8530P	4-24
LTL-8222A	2-178	LTM-8530R	4-24
LTL-8232A	2-178	LTM-8530Y	4-24
LTL-8252A	2-178	LTM-8631GMH	4-12
LTL-8292A	2-178	LTM-8631RMH	4-12
LTL-907CK	2-97	LTM-8647AE	4-17
LTL-907EK	2-62	LTM-8647AG	4-17
LTL-907HK	2-67	LTM-8647AHR	4-17
LTL-907JK	2-67	LTM-8647AP	4-17
LTL-907LK	2-62	LTM-8647AR	4-17
LTL-907NK	2-67	LTM-8705A	1-66
LTL-907PK	2-62	LTM-8705B	1-67
LTL-907TA	2-306	LTM-8705C	1-68
LTL-907TB	2-306	LTM-8705D	1-69
LTL-9212A	2-269	LTM-8711-1	D-1
LTL-9213A	2-269	LTM-8834	1-73
LTL-9222A	2-269	LTM-8834-1	1-73
LTL-9223A	2-269	LTM-8834-2	1-73
LTL-9232A	2-269	LTM-8834-3	1-73
LTL-9233A	2-269	LTM-8834-4	1-73
LTL-9252A	2-269	LTM-8834-5	1-73
LTL-9253A	2-269	LTM-8835	1-77
LTL-9272A	2-269	LTM-8836	1-78
LTL-9273A	2-269	LTM-8837	1-82
LTL-9292A	2-269	LTM-8843-1	D-8
LTL-9293A	2-269	LTM-8848	1-86
LTL-93BEK1	2-57	LTM-8848A	1-87

LTM-88X18	B-2	LTP-2188A	6-68
LTM-88X20	B-5	LTP-2344E	6-11
LTM-88X21	B-8	LTP-2344G	6-11
LTM-88X27	C-2	LTP-2344Y	6-11
LTM-88X28	C-6	LTP-2458AA	6-55
LTM-88X29	C-10	LTP-2558AA	6-55
LTM-88X30	B-11	LTP-2657AA	6-39
LTM-88X32	B-14	LTP-2757AA	6-39
LTM-88X38	B-17	LTP-305G	6-17
LTM-88X55	C-14	LTP-305HR	6-17
LTM-89X03	B-20	LTP-305R	6-17
LTM-89X04	B-23	LTP-3784E	5-156
LTM-89X06	B-26	LTP-3784G	5-156
LTM-89X10	B-29	LTP-3784R	5-156
LTM-89X12	C-18	LTP-3785E	5-156
LTM-89X18	B-32	LTP-3785G	5-156
LTP-1257AA	6-31	LTP-3785R	5-156
LTP-1357AA	6-31	LTP-4057AE	6-47
LTP-1457AE	6-31	LTP-4057AG	6-47
LTP-1457AG	6-31	LTP-4057AHR	6-47
LTP-1457AHR	6-31	LTP-4057AY	6-47
LTP-1457AY	6-31	LTP-4157AE	6-47
LTP-1557AE	6-31	LTP-4157AG	6-47
LTP-1557AG	6-31	LTP-4157AHR	6-47
LTP-1557AHR	6-31	LTP-4157AY	6-47
LTP-1557AY	6-31	LTP-4257AA	6-47
LTP-18088E	6-63	LTP-4357AA	6-47
LTP-18088G	6-63	LTP-537E	5-156
LTP-18188A	6-63	LTP-537G	5-156
LTP-2044A3	6-11	LTP-537HR	5-156
LTP-2057AE	6-39	LTP-537P	5-156
LTP-2057AG	6-39	LTP-537R	5-156
LTP-2057AHR	6-39	LTP-537Y	5-156
LTP-2057AY	6-39	LTP-587E	5-156
LTP-2058AE	6-55	LTP-587G	5-156
LTP-2058AG	6-55	LTP-587HR	5-156
LTP-2058AHR	6-55	LTP-587P	5-156
LTP-2058AY	6-55	LTP-587R	5-156
LTP-2088AE	6-68	LTP-587Y	5-156
LTP-2088AG	6-68	LTP-747E	6-23
LTP-2088AHR	6-68	LTP-747G	6-23
LTP-2088AY	6-68	LTP-7474HR	6-23
LTP-2157AE	6-39	LTP-7474R	6-23
LTP-2157AG	6-39	LTP-747Y	6-23
LTP-2157AHR	6-39	LTP-757E	6-23
LTP-2157AY	6-39	LTP-757G	6-23
LTP-2158AE	6-55	LTP-757HR	6-23
LTP-2158AG	6-55	LTP-757R	6-23
LTP-2158AHR	6-55	LTP-757Y	6-23
LTP-2158AY	6-55	LTR-209	1-32

LTR-301	1-38	LTS-316AP	5-34
LTR-3208	1-35	LTS-316AR	5-34
LTR-3208E	1-35	LTS-316AY	5-34
LTR-4206	1-41	LTS-3401LE	5-78
LTR-4206E	1-41	LTS-3401LG	5-78
LTR-516AD	1-44	LTS-3401LP	5-78
LTR-526AD	1-48	LTS-3401LR	5-78
LTR-536AD	1-52	LTS-3401LY	5-78
LTR-546AD	1-56	LTS-3401LE	5-78
LTS-10304E	5-86	LTS-3403LG	5-78
LTS-30304G	5-86	LTS-3403LP	5-78
LTS-10304Y	5-86	LTS-3403LR	5-78
LTS-10305A	5-86	LTS-3403LY	5-78
LTS-10804E	5-86	LTS-3406LE	5-78
LTS-10804G	5-86	LTS-3406LG	5-78
LTS-10804Y	5-86	LTS-3406LP	5-78
LTS-10805A	5-86	LTS-3406LR	5-78
LTS-30301G	5-20	LTS-3406LY	5-78
LTS-30301HRB	5-20	LTS-360E	5-43
LTS-30302A	5-20	LTS-360G	5-43
LTS-30801G	5-20	LTS-360HR	5-43
LTS-30801HRB	5-20	LTS-360P	5-43
LTS-30802A	5-20	LTS-360R	5-43
LTS-311AE	5-34	LTS-367E	5-43
LTS-311AG	5-34	LTS-367G	5-43
LTS-311AHR	5-34	LTS-367HR	5-43
LTS-311AP	5-34	LTS-367P	5-43
LTS-311AR	5-34	LTS-367R	5-43
LTS-311AY	5-34	LTS-368E	5-43
LTS-312AE	5-34	LTS-368G	5-43
LTS-312AG	5-34	LTS-368HR	5-43
LTS-312AHR	5-34	LTS-368P	5-43
LTS-312AP	5-34	LTS-368R	5-43
LTS-312AR	5-34	LTS-4505AG	5-51
LTS-312AY	5-34	LTS-4510AG	5-51
LTS-313AE	5-34	LTS-4530AG	5-51
LTS-313AG	5-34	LTS-4540AG	5-51
LTS-313AHR	5-34	LTS-4580AG	5-51
LTS-313AP	5-34	LTS-4605AE	5-51
LTS-313AR	5-34	LTS-4610AE	5-51
LTS-313AY	5-34	LTS-4630AE	5-51
LTS-315AE	5-34	LTS-4640AE	5-51
LTS-315AG	5-34	LTS-4680AE	5-51
LTS-315AHR	5-34	LTS-4705AP	5-51
LTS-315AP	5-34	LTS-4705AR	5-51
LTS-315AR	5-34	LTS-4710AP	5-51
LTS-315AY	5-34	LTS-4710AR	5-51
LTS-316AE	5-34	LTS-4730AP	5-51
LTS-316AG	5-34	LTS-4730AR	5-51
LTS-316AHR	5-34	LTS-4740AP	5-51

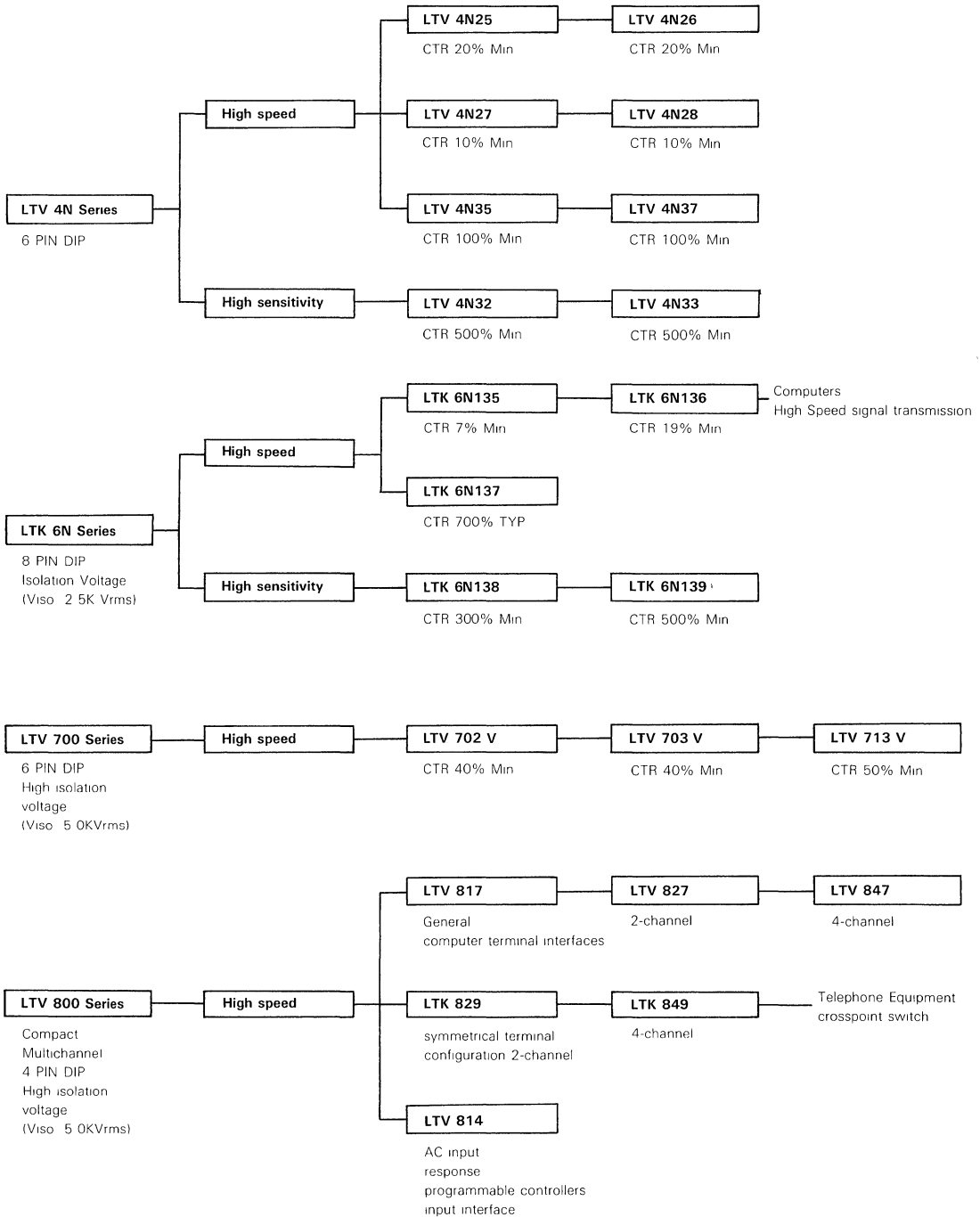
LTS-4740AR	5-51	LTS-6695E	5-69
LTS-4780AP	5-51	LTS-6760P	5-69
LTS-4780AR	5-51	LTS-6760R	5-69
LTS-4805AY	5-51	LTS-6775P	5-69
LTS-4810AY	5-51	LTS-6775R	5-69
LTS-4830AY	5-51	LTS-6780P	5-69
LTS-4840AY	5-51	LTS-6780R	5-69
LTS-4880AY	5-51	LTS-6795P	5-69
LTS-4905AHR	5-51	LTS-6795R	5-69
LTS-4940AHR	5-51	LTS-6860Y	5-69
LTS-4930AHR	5-51	LTS-6875Y	5-69
LTS-4980AHR	5-51	LTS-6880Y	5-69
LTS-4980AHR	5-51	LTS-6895Y	5-69
LTS-50301G	5-27	LTS-6960HR	5-69
LTS-50301HRB	5-27	LTS-6975HR	5-69
LTS-50302A	5-27	LTS-6980HR	5-69
LTS-50801G	5-27	LTS-6995HR	5-69
LTS-50801HRB	5-27	LTV-4N25	A-5
LTS-50802A	5-27	LTV-4N26	A-5
LTS-546AE	5-60	LTV-4N27	A-5
LTS-546AG	5-60	LTV-4N28	A-5
LTS-546AHR	5-60	LTV-4N32	A-11
LTS-546AP	5-60	LTV-4N33	A-11
LTS-546AR	5-60	LTV-4N35	A-17
LTS-546AY	5-60	LTV-4N37	A-17
LTS-547AE	5-60	LTV-702V	A-56
LTS-547AG	5-60	LTV-703V	A-62
LTS-547AHR	5-60	LTV-713V	A-69
LTS-547AP	5-60	LTV-814	A-76
LTS-547AR	5-60	LTV-817	A-82
LTS-547AY	5-60	LTV-827	A-82
LTS-548AE	5-60	LTV-847	A-82
LTS-548AG	5-60	OPTION CODE-011	2-302
LTS-548AHR	5-60	OPTION CODE-021	2-302
LTS-548AP	5-60	OPTION CODE-002	2-302
LTS-548AR	5-60	OPTION CODE-012	2-302
LTS-548AY	5-60	OPTION CODE 022	2-302
LTS-549AE	5-60		
LTS-549AG	5-60		
LTS-549AHR	5-60		
LTS-549AP	5-60		
LTS-549AR	5-60		
LTS-549AY	5-60		
LTS-6460G	5-69		
LTS-6475G	5-69		
LTS-6480G	5-69		
LTS-6495G	5-69		
LTS-6660E	5-69		
LTS-6675E	5-69		
LTS-6680E	5-69		

A. Photocouplers

- PHOTOCOUPERS CLASSIFICATION CHART
- PHOTOCOUPERS COMPARISON TABLE
- QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE
- (LTV4N SERIES) . . . GENERAL PURPOSE 4N SERIES
- (LTK6N SERIES) . . . GENERAL PURPOSE 6N SERIES
- (LTV700 SERIES) . . . 6-PIN DIP VISO: 5KVRMS TYPE
- (LTV800 SERIES) . . . 4 -PIN OR MULTI-CHANNEL TYPE



Photocouplers Classification Chart



Photocouplers Comparison Table

LITEON MODEL NO	GE MODEL NO	GI MODEL NO	MOTOROLA MODEL NO	OPTRON MODEL NO	TELEFUNKEN MODEL NO	SIEMENS MODEL NO	TOSHIBA MODEL NO	MATSUSHITA MODEL NO	NEC MODEL NO	JRC MODEL NO	KODENSHI MODEL NO
LTV702V	H11A2 H11A3 H11A520	—	H11A2 H11A3	—	—	—	—	—	—	NJL5121D	—
LTV702VA	CNY17-1	CNY17-1	CNY17-1	CNY171 OP12253	—	CNY17-1	—	—	—	NJL5121DC	—
LTV702VB	CNY17-2	CNY17-2	CNY17-2	CNY172	CNY75A	CNY17-2	—	—	—	NJL5121DB	—
LTV702VC	CNY17-3	CNY17-3	CNY17-3	CNY173	CNY75B	CNY17-3	—	—	—	—	—
LTV702VD	CNY17-4	CNY17-4	—	CNY174 OP12100	CNY75C	CNY17-4	—	—	—	NJL5121DA	—
LTV703V	CNY47A GEPS2001 H11A5	—	H11A5	—	—	—	—	—	—	NJL5121D	—
LTV703VA	GFH601-1	—	—	—	—	SFH600-0 SFH601-1	—	—	—	NJL5121DC	—
LTV703VB	GFH600-1 GFH601-2	MCT2202	MCT2202	—	—	SFH600-1 SFH601-2	—	—	—	NJL5121DB	—
LTV703VC	GFH600-2 GFH601-3	MCT275	MCT275	—	—	SFH600-2 SFH601-3	—	—	—	—	—
LTV703VD	GFH600-3 GFH601-4 MCT210	MCT210	—	—	—	SFH600-3 SFH601-4	—	—	—	NJL5121DA	—
LTV713V	H11A1 H11A550	H11A1 MCT270	H11A1	—	COY80N	IL1 IL74	—	ON3100	—	NJL5121D	—
LTV817	—	—	—	—	—	—	TLP521-1 LTP621	ON3161	PS2401-1	—	PC-17T1
LTV827	—	—	—	—	K827P	—	TLP521-2 TLP621-2	ON3112 ON3162	PS2401-2	—	PC-17T2
LTK829	—	MCT6 MCT66	—	—	CNY74-2	IL-CT6 ILD-1 ILD-74	TLP504A	—	—	—	—
LTV847	—	—	—	—	K847P	—	TLP521-4 TLP621-4	UN3164	PS2401-4	—	PC-17T4
LTK849	—	—	—	—	CNY74-4	ILQ-1 ILQ-74	TLP504A-2	—	—	—	—
LTV4N25	4N25	4N25	4N25	4N25	4N25	4N25	4N25	—	4N25 PS2010 PS2021	NJL5102D	4N25
LTV4N26	4N26	4N26	4N26	4N26	4N26	4N26	4N26	—	—	—	—
LTV4N28	4N28	4N28	4N28	4N28	4N28	4N28	4N28	—	—	—	—
LTV4N32	4N32	4N32	4N32	4N32	4N32	4N32	4N32	—	PS2012 PS2022	—	—
LTV4N33	4N33	4N33	4N33	4N33	4N33	4N33	4N33	—	—	—	—
LTV4N35	4N35	4N35	4N35	4N35	4N35	4N35	4N35	—	PS2021	NJL5104D	—
LTV4N37	4N37	4N37	4N37	4N37	4N37	4N37	4N37	—	—	—	—
LTK6N135	—	6N135	—	6N135	—	—	6N135	—	—	—	—
LTK6N136	—	6N136	—	6N136	—	—	6N136	—	6N136	—	—
LTK6N139	—	6N139	—	6N139	—	6N139	6N139	—	—	—	—

Quick Reference Guide

■ (LTV 4N Series) ... General Purpose 4N Series

Model No.	Features	Package	* 1 Output			With Base Terminal	Isolation Voltage V _{iso} (Vrms)	Collector-emitter Voltage V _{CEO} (V)	Current Transfer Ratio CTR		Response Time t _r		Turn-on Time t _{on}		Page
			6-pin DIP	SPT	DPT				MIN. (%)	I _F (mA)	TYP. (μs)	R _L (Ω)	MAX. (μs)	I _c (mA)	
LTV4N25	General purpose type	○	○		○	2,500	30	20	10	3	100	—	—	A-5	
LTV4N26	General purpose type	○	○		○	1,500	30	20	10	3	100	—	—	A-5	
LTV4N27	General purpose type	○	○		○	1,500	30	10	10	3	100	—	—	A-5	
LTV4N28	General purpose type	○	○		○	500	30	10	10	3	100	—	—	A-5	
LTV4N32	High transfer efficiency type	○		○	○	2,500	30	500	10	—	—	5	50	A-11	
LTV4N33	High transfer efficiency type	○		○	○	1,500	30	500	10	—	—	5	50	A-11	
LTV4N35	General purpose type	○	○		○	3,550	30	100	10	—	—	3	2	A-17	
LTV4N37	General purpose type	○	○		○	1,500	30	100	10	—	—	3	2	A-17	

■ (LTV6N Series) ... General Purpose 6N Series

Model No.	Features	Package	Output			With Base Terminal	Isolation Voltage V _{iso} (Vrms)	Current Transfer Ratio CTR		Propagation Time			Page
			8-pin DIP	Photodiode + Transistor	Photodiode + Darlington Transistor			Photodiode + Chipphoto IC	MIN. (%)	I _F (mA)	^t PHL TYP.(μs)	^t PLH TYP.(μs)	
LTK6N135	High speed, high noise reduction type	○	○			○	2,500	7	16	0.4	0.7	4.1	A-23
LTK6N136	High speed, high noise reduction type	○	○			○	2,500	19	16	0.3	0.5	1.9	A-30
LTK6N137	Ultra High speed, Low input current	○			○		2,500	⁷⁰⁰ (TYP.)	5	45ns	45ns	350Ω	A-37
LTK6N138	High transfer efficiency, high speed type	○		○		○	2,500	300	16	2	7	2.2	A-44
LTK6N139	High transfer efficiency, high speed type	○		○		○	2,500	500	1.6	5	5	4.7	A-49

■ (LTV700 Series) ... 6-pin DIP Viso: 5kVrms Type

Model No.	Features	Package	* 1 Output			With Base Terminal	Isolation Voltage V _{iso} (Vrms)	Collector-emitter Voltage V _{CEO} (V)	Current Transfer Ratio CTR		Response Time t _r		Page
			6-pin DIP	SPT	DPT				MIN. (%)	I _F (mA)	TYP. (μs)	R _L (Ω)	
LTV702V	High collector-emitter voltage type	○	○		○	5,000	70	40	10	2	75	A-56	
LTV703V	High collector-emitter voltage type	○	○		○	5,000	70	40	10	4	100	A-62	
LTV713V	General purpose type	○	○		○	5,000	35	50	5	4	100	A-69	

■ (LTV800 Series) ... 4-pin DIP or Multi-channel Type

Model No.	Features	Package			*1 Ouput		Isolation Voltage V _{iso} (Vrms)	Current Transfer Ratio CTR		Response time t _r		Page
		4-pin DIP	8-pin DIP	16-pin DIP	SPT	DPT		MIN. (%)	I _F (mA)	TYP. (μs)	R _L (Ω)	
LTV814	AC input type (1-channel)	○			○		5,000	20	±1	4	100	A-76
LTV817	General purpose type (1 channel)	○			○		5,000	50	5	4	100	A-82
LTV827	General purpose type (2 channel)		○		○		5,000	50	5	4	100	A-82
LTV847	General purpose type (4-channel)			○	○		5,000	50	5	4	100	A-82
LTK829	Symmetrical terminal configuration type (2-channel)		○		○		5,000	50	5	4	100	A-90
LTK849	Symmetrical terminal configuration type (4 channel)			○	○		5,000	50	5	4	100	A-90

Table of Models with UL Approval

■ PHOTOCOUPLEDERS

Model No.	UL	Remark
LTV4N25	○	UL file No. E113898 (S)
LTV4N26	○	
LTV4N27	○	
LTV4N28	○	
LTV4N32	○	
LTV4N33	○	
LTV4N35	○	
LTV4N37	○	
LTK6N136	○	
LTK6N137	○	
LTK6N138	○	
LTK6N139	○	
LTV702V	○	
LTV703V	○	
LTV713V	○	
LTV814	○	
LTV817	○	
LTV827	○	
LTV847	○	
LTK829	○	
LTK849	○	



General Purpose Type Photocoupler

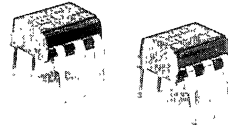
LTV4N25/LTV4N26/LTV4N27/LTV4N28

FEATURES

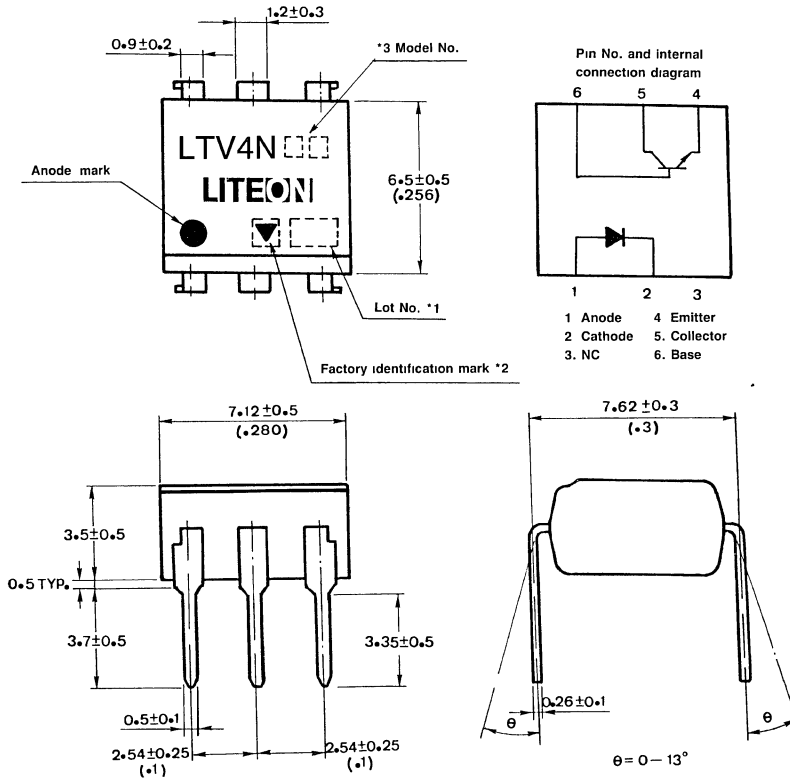
1. Response time
tr: TYP. 3 μ s at $V_{CE} = 10V$, $I_C = 2mA$, $R_L = 100\Omega$
2. UL approved (No. E113898(s))

APPLICATIONS

1. I/O interfaces for computers
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
 *2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

* Model No.
 LTV4N25
 LTV4N26
 LTV4N27
 LTV4N28

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	80	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	3	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	150	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	30	V
	Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	7	V
	Collector current	I_C	100	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	250	mW
*2 Isolation voltage	LTV4N25	V_{iso}	2,500	V_{rms}
	LTV4N26		1,500	
	LTV4N27		1,500	
	LTV4N28		500	
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-55 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150	°C
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 1\mu s$, Duty ratio 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.5	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$	
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$	
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	50	—	pF	$V = 0, F = 1\text{kHz}$	
Output	Collector dark current	LTV4N25/26	I_{CEO}	—	—	50	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $I_F = 0$
		LTV4N28		—	—	100		
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		BV_{CEO}	30	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage		BV_{ECO}	7	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
Collector-base breakdown voltage		BV_{CBO}	70	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$	
Transfer characteristics	*1 Collector current	LTV4N25/26	I_C	2	—	—	mA	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		LTV4N27/28		1	—	—		
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	—	0.1	0.5	V	$I_F = 50\text{mA}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance		R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	1×10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40~60%R.H.
	Floating capacitance		C_f	—	1.0	—	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Response time (Rise)		t_r	—	3	—	μs	$V_{CF} = 10\text{V}, R_{BE} = \infty$ $R_L = 100\Omega, I_C = 2\text{mA}$
Response time (Fall)		t_f	—	3	—	μs		

*1 Pulse test: input pulse width = 300 μs , Duty ratio ≤ 0.02 , $CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$

■ SUPPLEMENT

- **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**
 - (1) short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector, emitter and base on the secondary side.
 - (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
 - (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

- **Inspection standard**

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

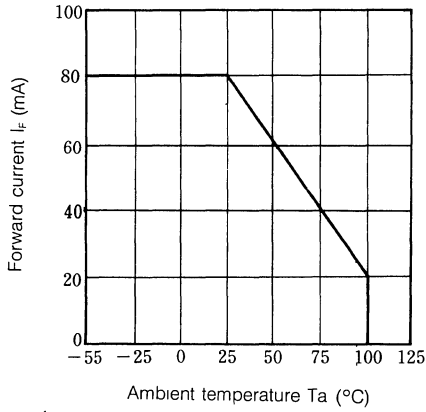


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

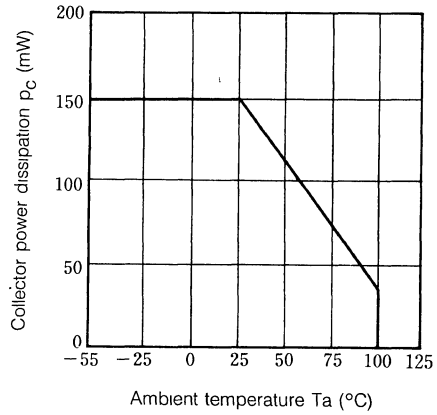


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

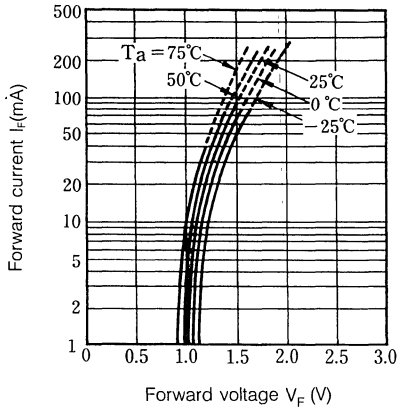


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

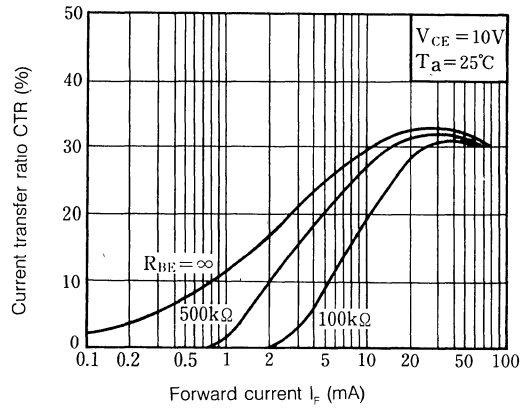


Fig. 5 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

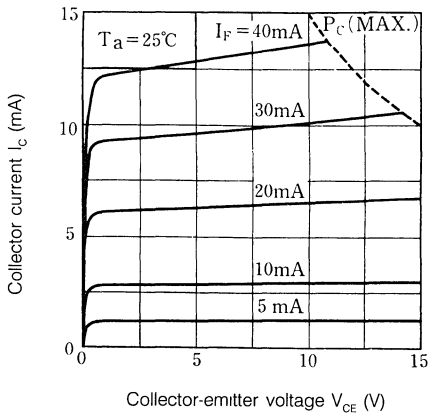


Fig. 6 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

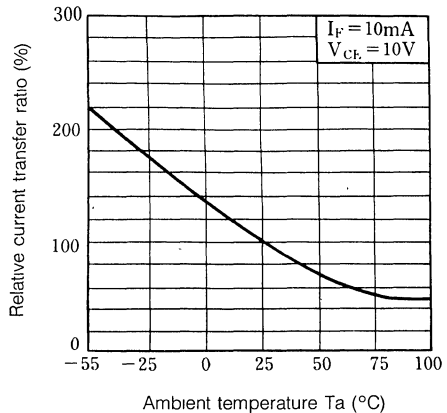


Fig. 7 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

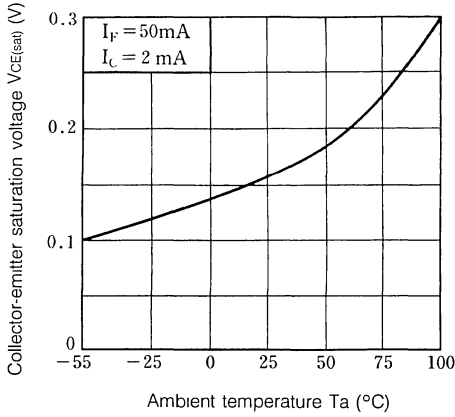


Fig. 8 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

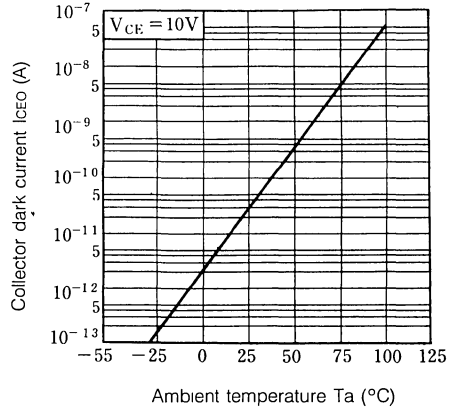


Fig. 9 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

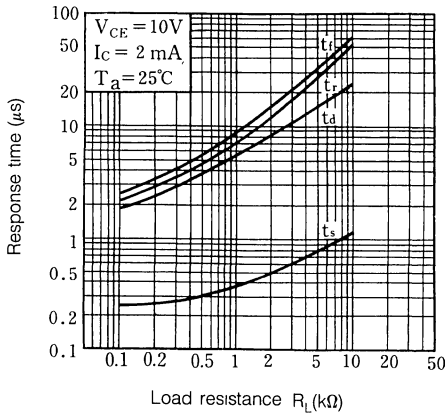


Fig. 10 Frequency Response

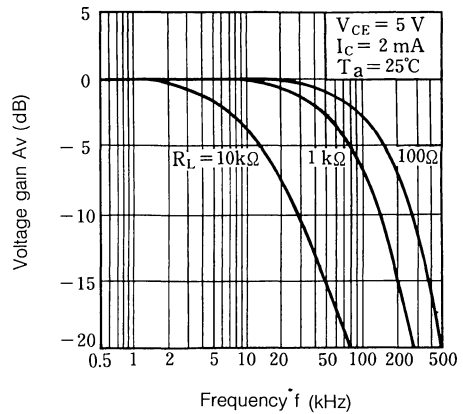
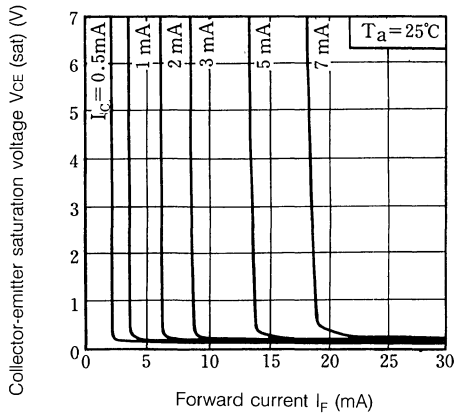
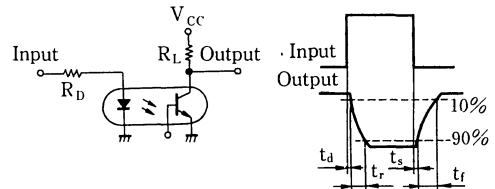


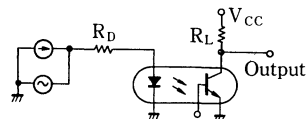
Fig. 11 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test circuit for Frequency Response





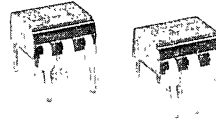
High Transfer Efficiency, General Purpose Type Photocoupler LTV4N32/LTV4N33

FEATURES

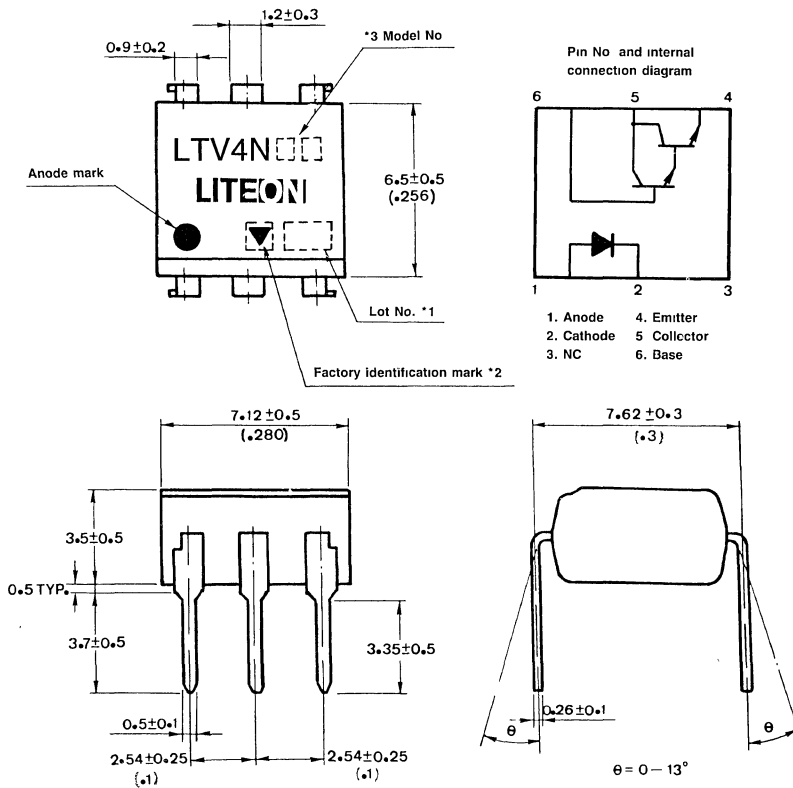
- High current transfer ratio
LTV4N32, LTV4N33
(CTR:MIN. 500% at $I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)
- Response time t_{ON} :MAX. $5\mu\text{s}$ at $I_F = 200\text{mA}$
 $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$, $I_C = 50\text{mA}$
- UL approved (No E113898 (S))

APPLICATIONS

- I/O interfaces for computers
- System appliances, measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked

*3 Model No.
LTV4N32
LTV4N33

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(T_a = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I _F	80	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I _{FM}	3	A
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	150	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	30	V
	Collector-base voltage	V _{CBO}	30	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	5	V
	Collector current	I _C	100	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P _C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P _{tot}	250	mW
* 2 Isolation voltage	LTV4N32	V _{ISO}	2500	V _{rms}
	LTV4N33		1500	
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	-55 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-55 ~ +150	°C
* 3 Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width ≤ 1 μs Duty ratio 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute 40 ~ 60% R.H.;

*3 For 10 seconds

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.5	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	50	—	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{ kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	30	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	5	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}$ $I_F = 0$
	Collector-base breakdown voltage	BV_{CBO}	30	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F = 0$
Transfer characteristics	*1 Collector current	I_C	50	—	—	mA	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	—	—	1.0	V	$I_F = 8\text{mA}$ $I_C = 2\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{iso}	5×10^{10}	1×10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V 40 ~ 60% R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	1.0	—	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Response time (Turn-on time)	t_{on}	—	—	5	μs	$I_F = 200\text{mA}$ ($t_w \approx 1.0\text{ms}$) $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$ $I_C = 50\text{mA}$
	Response time (Turn-off time)	t_{off}	—	—	100	μs	

*1 Pulse test: Input pulse width = $300\mu\text{s}$ Duty ratio ≤ 0.02 , $\text{CTR} = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector, emitter and base on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open,short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

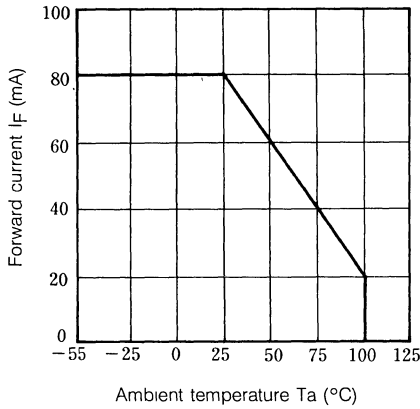


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

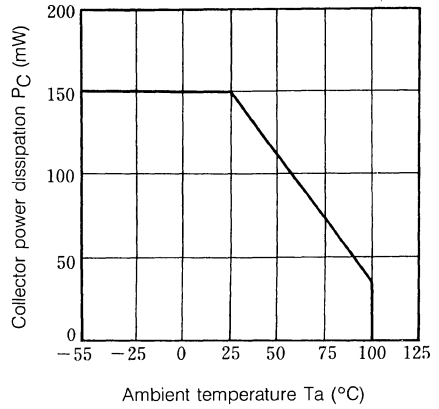


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

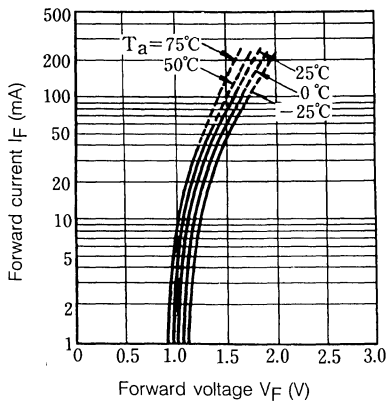


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

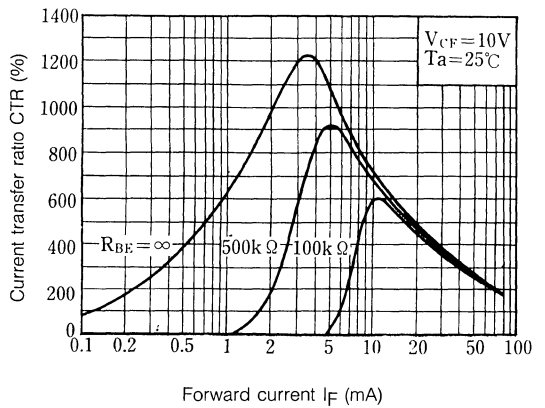


Fig. 5 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

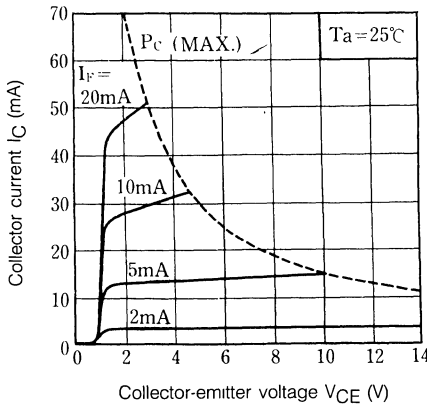


Fig. 6 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

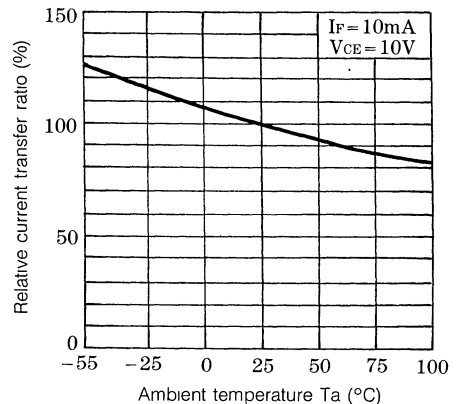


Fig. 7 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

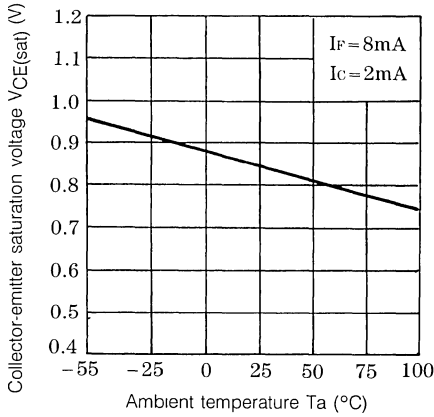


Fig. 8 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

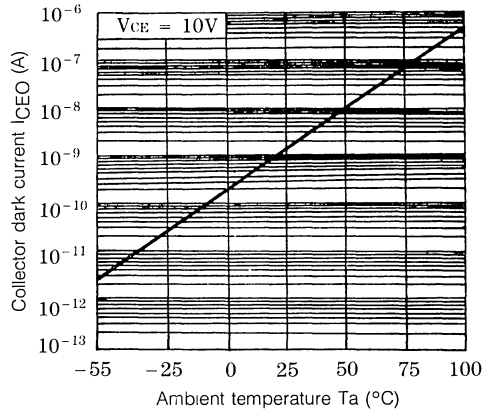


Fig. 9 Frequency Response

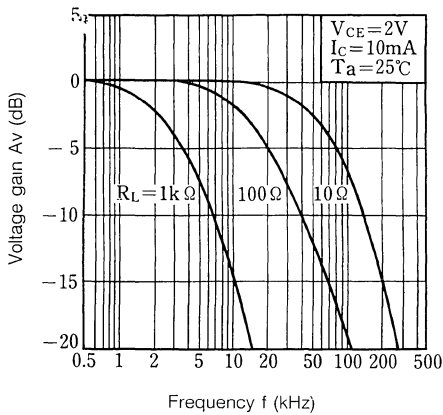


Fig. 10 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

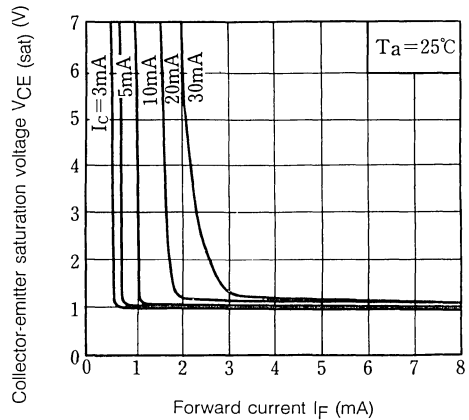


Fig.11 Test Circuit for Response Time

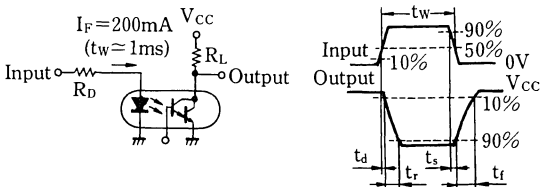
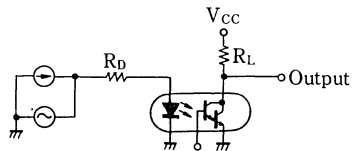


Fig. 12 Test Circuit for Frequency Response





General Purpose Type Photocoupler

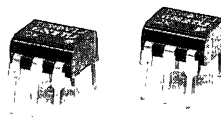
LTV4N35/LTV4N37

FEATURES

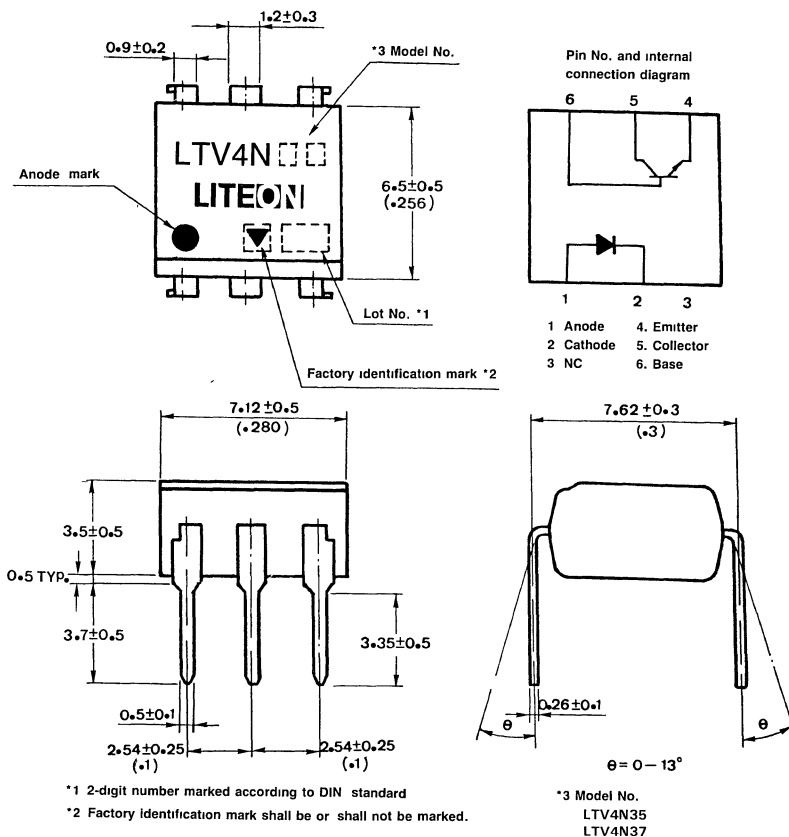
1. High current transfer ratio
(CTR:MIN. 100% at $I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)
2. Response time
 t_{on} : TYP. $3\mu\text{s}$ at $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{mA}$, $R_L = 100\Omega$
3. Input-output isolation voltage: LTV4N35 (V_{ISO} : 3,550Vrms)
LTV4N37 (V_{ISO} : 1,500Vrms)
4. UL approved (No. E113898 (S))

APPLICATIONS

1. I/O interfaces for computers
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	60	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	3	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	100	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	30	V
	Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	/	V
	Collector current	I_C	100	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	300	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	350	mW
* 2 Isolation voltage	LTV4N35	V_{ISO}	3,550	V_{rms}
	LTV4N37		1,500	
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-55 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150	°C
* 3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 1 \mu s$, Duty ratio 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute 40~60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.5	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	50	—	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{ MHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	Ta = 25°C	—	—	50	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V},$
		Ta = 100°C	—	—	500	μA	$V_{CE} = 30\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	30	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	7	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}$ $I_F = 0$
Collector-base breakdown voltage	BV_{CBO}	70	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F = 0$	
Transfer characteristics	*1 Collector Current	Ta = 25°C	10	—	—	mA	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		Ta = -55°C	4	—	—		
		Ta = 100°C	4	—	—		
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	0.3	V	$I_F = 50\text{mA}$ $I_C = 2\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{iso}	5×10^{10}	1×10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40~60% R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	1.0	2.5	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Response time (Turn-on time)	t_{on}	—	3	10	μs	$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$ $R_{BE} = \infty$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ $I_C = 2\text{mA}$
	Response time (Turn-off time)	t_{off}	—	3	10	μs	

*1 Pulse test: Input pulse width = 300 μs Duty ratio ≤ 0.02 , $CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$

■ **SUPPLEMENT**

• **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector, emitter and base on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

• **Inspection standard**

Incoming inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

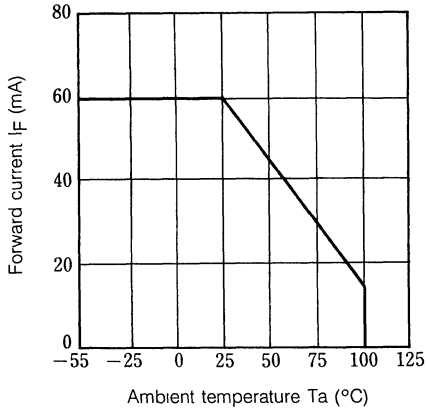


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

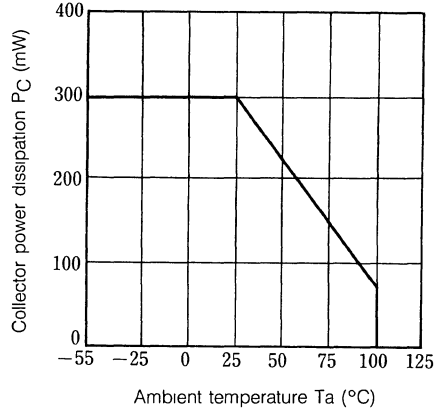


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

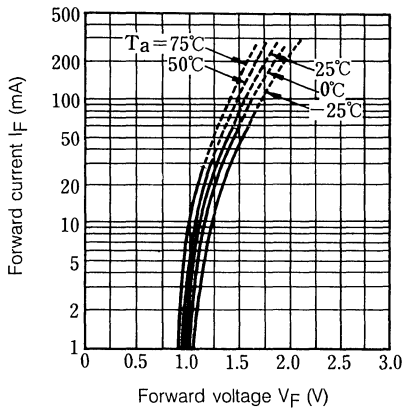


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

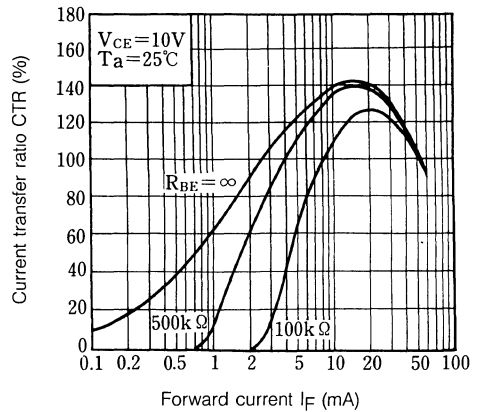


Fig. 5 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

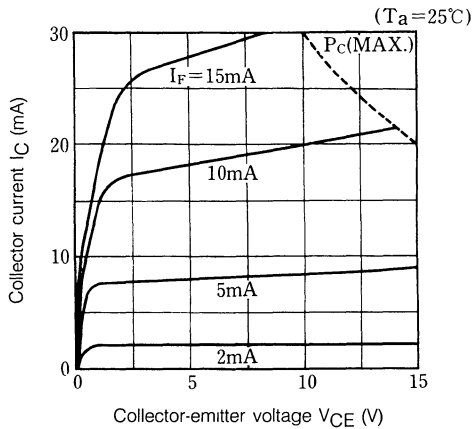


Fig. 6 Relative Current Transfer Ratio Ambient Temperature

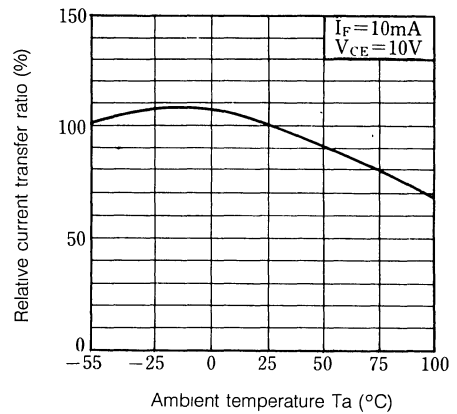


Fig. 7 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

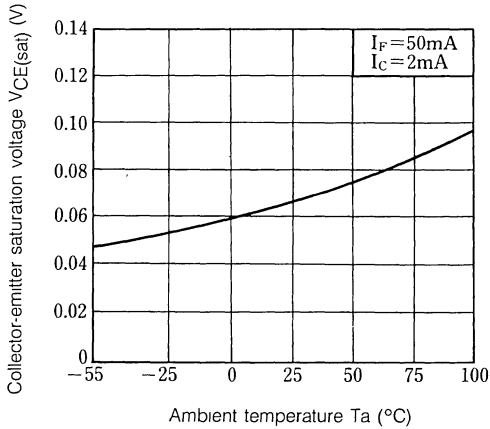


Fig. 8 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

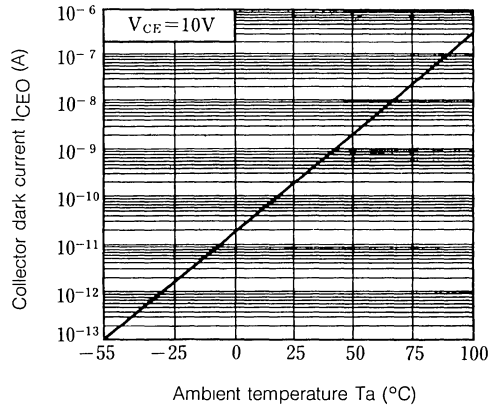


Fig. 9 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

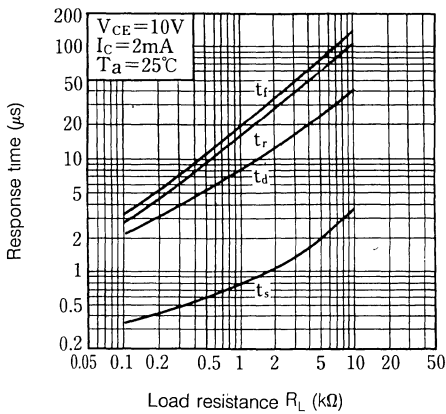


Fig. 10 Frequency Response

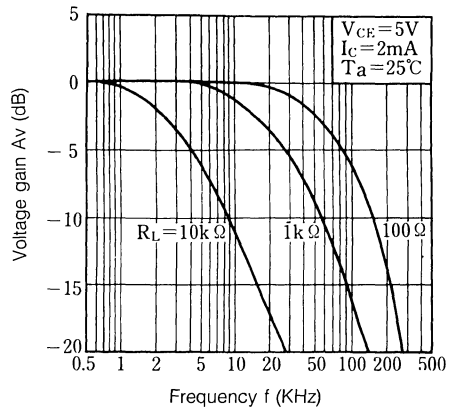
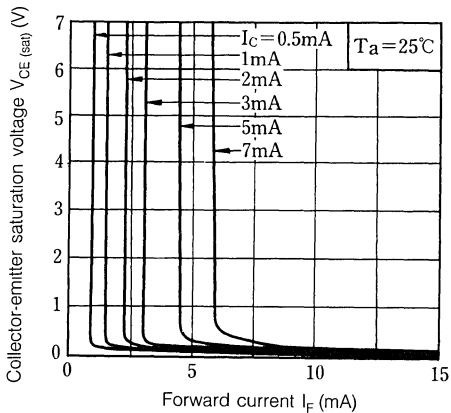
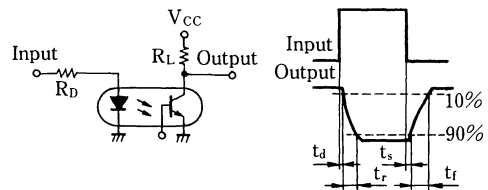


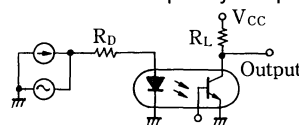
Fig. 11 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward current



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response

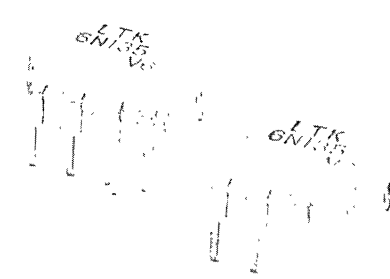


FEATURES

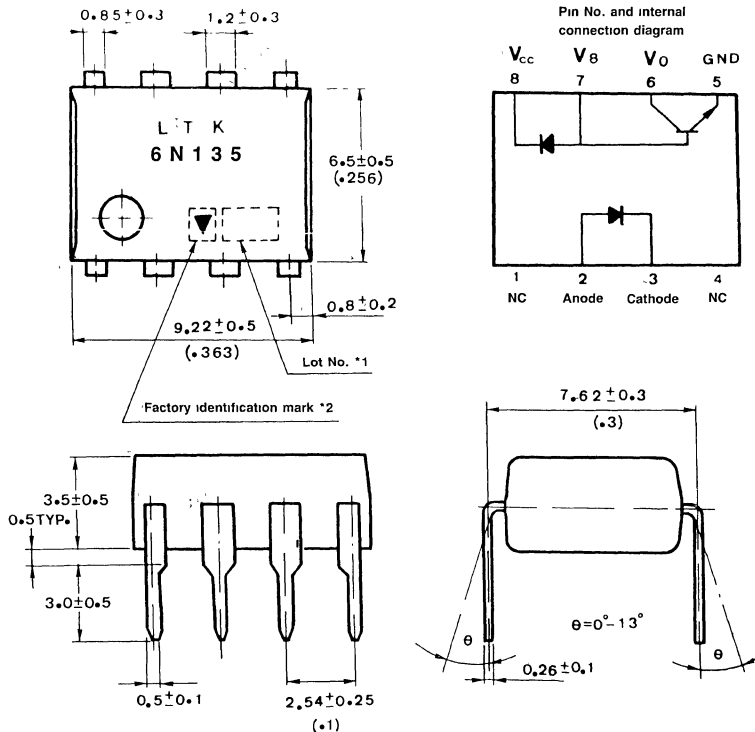
1. High speed response t_{PHL} , t_{PLH}
(6N135: MAX, $1.5\mu s$ at $R_L = 4.1k\Omega$)
2. High instantaneous common mode rejection voltage
(CM_H : TYP. $1kV/\mu s$)
3. Standard dual-in-line package

APPLICATIONS

1. Computers, measuring instruments, control equipment
2. High speed line receivers, high speed logic
3. Telephone sets
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Emitting side	*1 Forward current	IF	25	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	IF	50	mA
	*3 Peak transient forward current	IFM	1	A
	Reverse voltage	VR	5	V
	*4 Input power dissipation	P	45	mW
Detecting side	Average output current	IO	8	mA
	Peak output current	IOP	16	mA
	Emitter-base reverse withstand voltage (5 ~ 7 pin)	VEBO	5	V
	Supply voltage	VCC	-0.5 ~ +15	V
	Output voltage	VO	-0.5 ~ +15	V
	Base current (7 pin)	IB	5	mA
	*5 Output power dissipation	PO	100	mW
Operating temperature		Topr	-55 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	-55 ~ +125	°C
*6 Isolation voltage		Tiso	2500	Vrms
*7 Soldering temperature		Tsol	260	°C

- *1 Decreases at the rate of 0.8mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C
- *2 Duty cycle = 50%, pulse width = 1ms. Decreases at the rate of 1.6mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C
- *3 Pulse width ≤ 1μs, 300pps.
- *4 Decreases at the rate of 0.9mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C.
- *5 Decreases at the rate of 2.0mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C.
- *6 AC or 1 minute. 40 ~ 60% R.H.
- *7 For 10 seconds.

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Unless otherwise specified Ta = 0 ~ 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
*1 Current transfer ratio	CTR (1)	Ta=25°C, I _F =16mA V _O =0.4V, V _{CC} =4.5V	7	18	—	%
	CTR (2)	I _F =16mA V _O =0.5V, V _{CC} =4.5V	5	13	—	%
Logic (0) output voltage	V _{OL}	I _F =16mA V _{CC} =4.5V, I _O =1.1mA	—	0.1	0.4	V
Logic (1) output current	I _{OH} (1)	Ta=25°C I _F =0mA, V _{CC} =V _O =5.5V	—	3.0	500	nA
	I _{OH} (2)	Ta=25°C I _F =0mA, V _{CC} =V _O =15V	—	0.01	1.0	μA
	I _{OH} (3)	I _F =0mA, V _{CC} =V _O =15V	—	—	50	μA
Logic (0) supply current	I _{CCL}	I _F 16mA V _O open, V _{CC} =15V	—	70	—	μA
Logic (1) supply current	I _{CCH} (1)	Ta=25°C, I _F =0mA V _O =open, V _{CC} =15V	—	0.02	1.0	μA
	I _{CCH} (2)	I _F =0mA V _O =open, V _{CC} =15V	—	—	2.0	μA
Input forward voltage	V _F	Ta=25°C, I _F =16mA	—	1.7	1.95	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_a}$	I _F =16mA	—	-1.9	—	mV/°C
Input reverse voltage	BVR	Ta=25°C, I _R =10μA	5.0	—	—	V
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	V _F =0, f=1 MHz	—	60	—	pF
*2 Leak current (input-output)	I _{I-O}	Ta=25°C, 45%R.H. t=5s V _{I-O} =3kV, dc	—	—	1.0	μA
*2 Isolation resistance (input-output)	R _{I-O}	V _{I-O} =500V, dc	—	10 ¹²	—	Ω
*2 Capacitance (input-output)	C _{I-O}	f=1MHz	—	0.6	—	pF
Transistor current amplification factor	hFE	V _O =5V, I _O =3mA	—	100	—	—

Note: Typical value Ta=25°C

* 1. Current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of input current to output current expressed in %

* 2. measured as a 2-pin element (Short 1.2.3 and 4 Short 5.6.7 and 8)

• Switching characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
* 2 Propagation delay time Output (1) \rightarrow (0)	t _{PHL}	$R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	0.4	1.5	μs
* 2 Propagation delay time Output (0) \rightarrow (1)	t _{PLH}	$R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	0.7	1.5	μs
* 1,2 Common mode transient immunity at logic (1) output	CM _H	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{P-P}$ $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	1000	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
* 1,2 Common mode transient immunity at logic (0) output	CM _L	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$	—	-1000	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
* 3 Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 100\Omega$	—	2.0	—	MHz

* 1 Common mode transient immunity in logic (1) is defined as a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output at level (1) ($V_O > 2.0\text{V}$).

Common mode transient immunity in logic (0) is defined as a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output at level (0) ($V_O < 0.8$).

* 2 $R_L = 4.1\text{k}\Omega$ is equivalent to one TTL and $5.6\text{k}\Omega$ pull-up resistor

* 3 Bandwidth denotes a point 3 dB down with AC input

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short between pin 1 and 4 on the primary side and between pin 5 and 8 on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

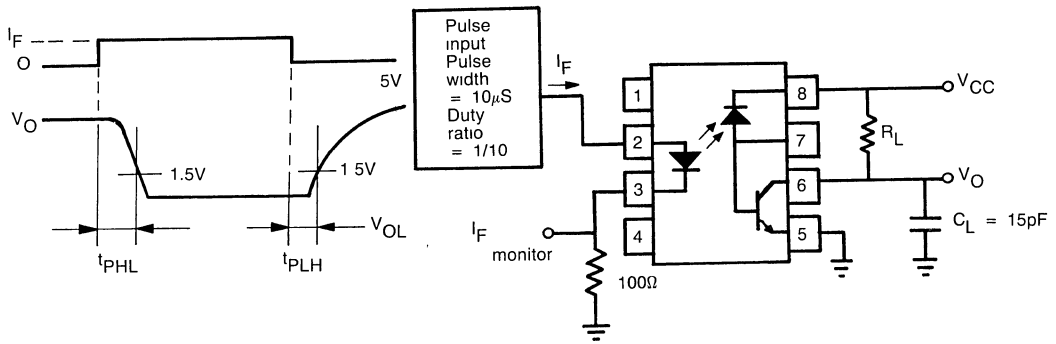
• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

• 1 Test Circuit for propagation delay time



• 2 Test circuit for CM_H and CM_L

$t_r, t_f = 8\text{ns}$

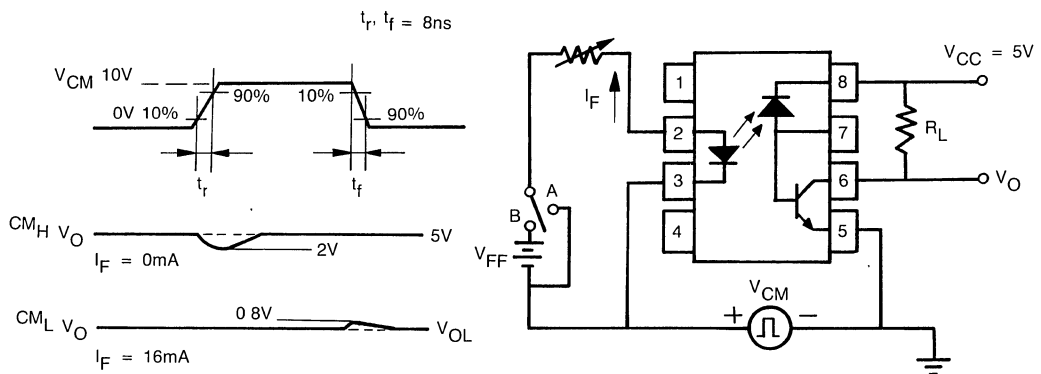


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

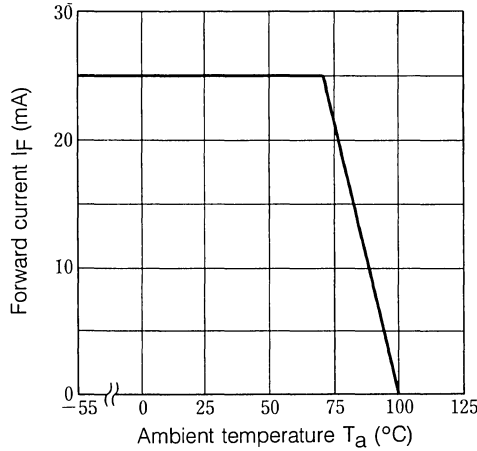


Fig. 2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

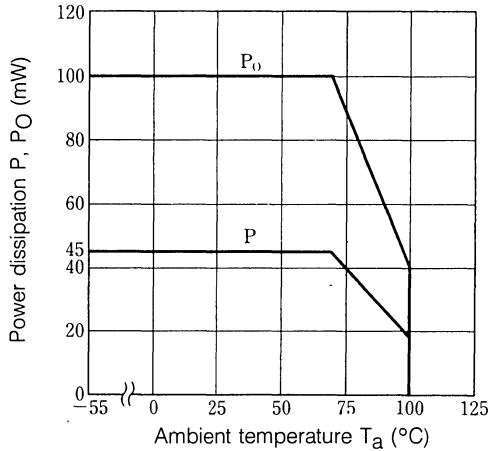


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

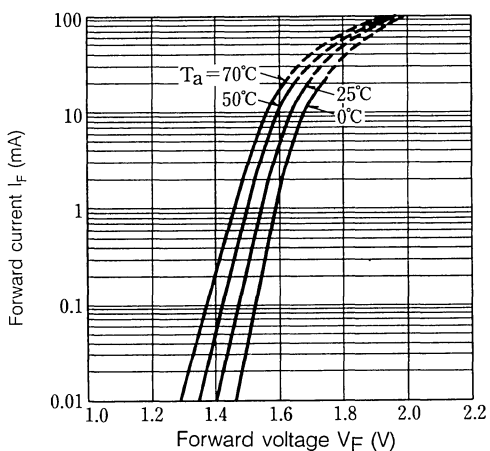


Fig. 4 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

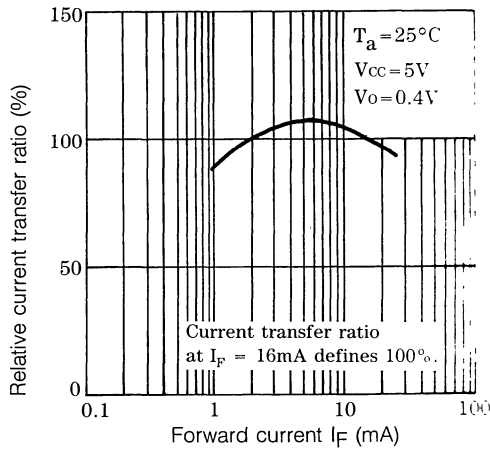


Fig. 5 Output current vs. Output Voltage

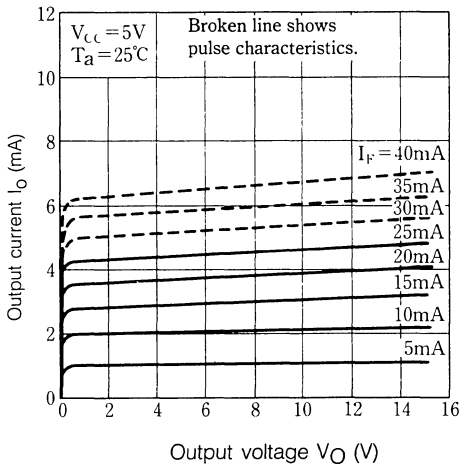


Fig. 6 Logic (1) Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature

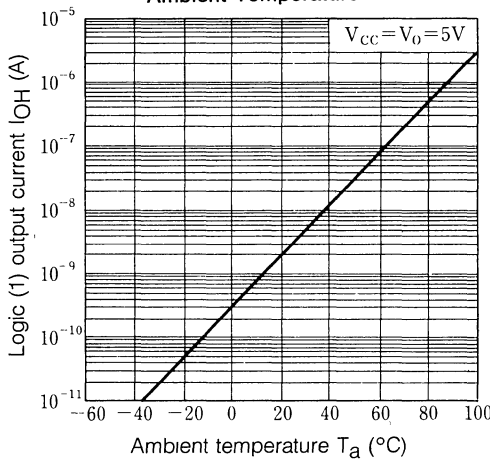


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

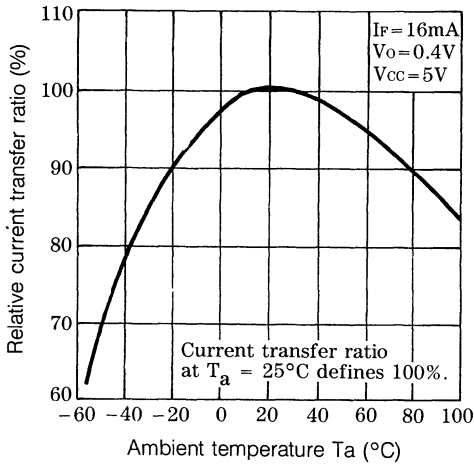
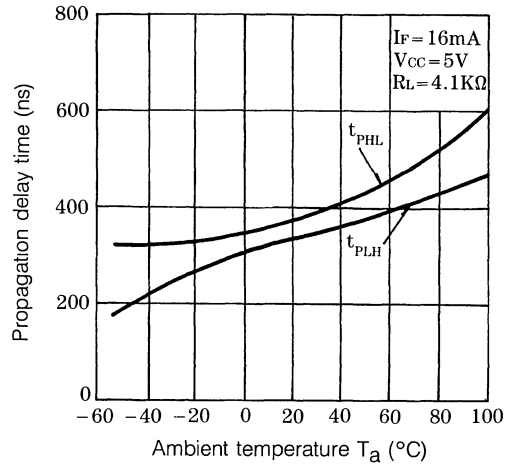


Fig. 8 Propagation Delay Time vs. Ambient Temperature



• **Test Circuit for Frequency Response**

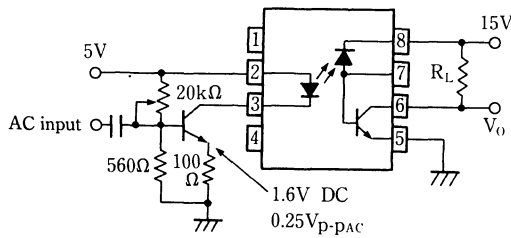
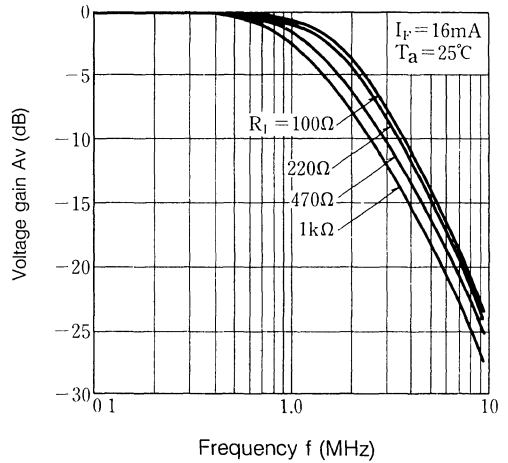


Fig. 9 Frequency Response



■ **PRECAUTION FOR USE**

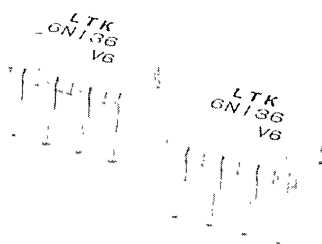
The minute design makes the transistor on the bipolar structured detector vulnerable to static electricity. To prevent damages and degradation in characteristics due to static electricity, take general measures against static electricity.

FEATURES

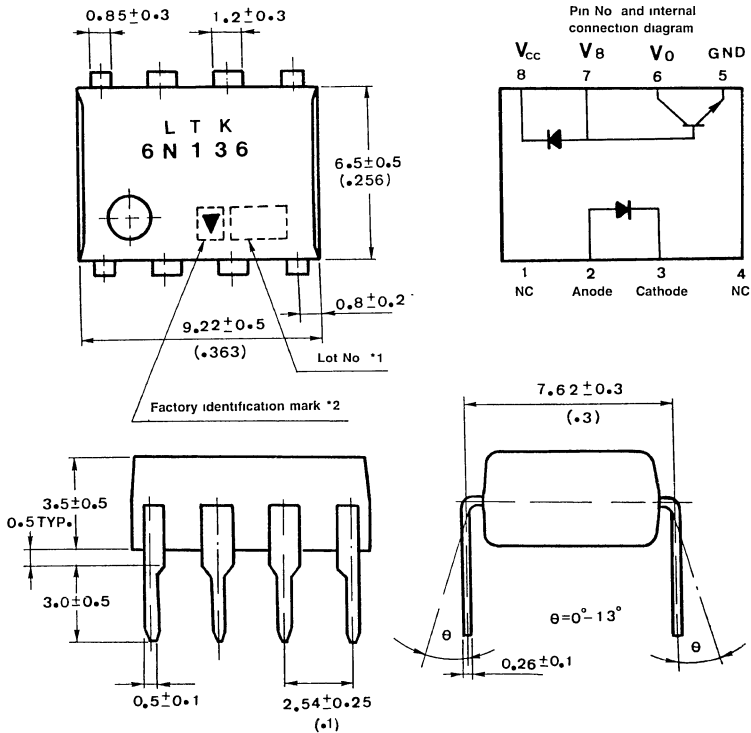
1. High speed response t_{PHL} , t_{PLH}
(6N136: MAX. $0.8\mu s$ at $R_L = 1.9 k\Omega$)
2. High instantaneous common mode rejection voltage
(CM_H : TYP. $1kV/\mu s$)
3. Standard dual-in-line package
4. UL approved (No. E113898(s))

APPLICATIONS

1. Computers, measuring instruments, control equipment
2. High speed line receivers, high speed logic
3. Telephone sets
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Emitting side	*1 Forward current	I_F	25	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*3 Peak transient forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
	*4 Input power dissipation	P	45	mW
Detecting side	Average output current	I_O	8	mA
	Peak output current	I_{OP}	16	mA
	Emitter-base reverse withstand voltage (5~7 pin)	V_{EBO}	5	V
	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 ~ +15	V
	Output voltage	V_O	-0.5 ~ +15	V
	Base current (7 pin)	I_B	5	mA
	*5 Output power dissipation	P_O	100	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-55 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
*6 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	2500	Vrms
*7 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Decreases at the rate of 0.8mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C.

*2 Duty cycle = 50%, pulse width = 1ms. Decreases at the rate of 1.6mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C.

*3 Pulse width $\leq 1\mu s$, 300pps

*4 Decreases at the rate of 0.9mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C

*5 Decreases at the rate of 2.0mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 70°C

*6 AC for 1 minute, 40~60% R.H.

*7 For 10 seconds.

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified $T_a = 0 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
*1 Current transfer ratio	CTR (1)	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $V_O = 0.4\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$	19	35	—	%
	CTR (2)	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $V_O = 0.5\text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$	15	35	—	%
Logic (0) output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$, $I_O = 2.4\text{mA}$	—	0.1	0.4	V
Logic (1) output current	I_{OH} (1)	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CC} = V_O = 5.5\text{V}$	—	3.0	500	nA
	I_{OH} (2)	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CC} = V_O = 15\text{V}$	—	0.01	1.0	μA
	I_{OH} (3)	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CC} = V_O = 15\text{V}$	—	—	50	μA
Logic (0) supply current	I_{CCL}	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $V_O = \text{open}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	—	70	—	μA
Logic (1) supply current	I_{CCH} (1)	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_O = \text{open}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	—	0.02	1.0	μA
	I_{CCH} (2)	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$ $V_O = \text{open}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$	—	—	2.0	μA
Input forward voltage	V_F	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$	—	1.7	1.95	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_a}$	$I_F = 16\text{mA}$	—	-1.9	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Input reverse voltage	BVR	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$	5.0	—	—	V
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	60	—	pF
*2 Leak current (input-output)	I_{I-O}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 45% R.H., $t = 5\text{s}$ $V_{I-O} = 3\text{kV}$, dc.	—	—	1.0	μA
*2 Isolation resistance (input-output)	R_{I-O}	$V_{I-O} = 500\text{V}$, dc.	—	10^{12}	—	Ω
*2 Capacitance (input-output)	C_{I-O}	$f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	0.6	—	pF
Transistor current amplification factor	h_{FE}	$V_O = 5\text{V}$, $I_O = 3\text{mA}$	—	100	—	—

Note: Typical value: $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

*1 Current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of input current to output current expressed in %.

*2 Measured as a 2-pin element (Short 1, 2, 3, and 4, short 5, 6, 7 and 8).

• Switching characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
*2 Propagation delay time Output (1)→(0)	t_{PHL}	$R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$	—	0.3	0.8	μs
*2 Propagation delay time Output (0)→(1)	t_{PLH}	$R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$	—	0.5	0.8	μs
*1, 2 Common mode transient immunity at logic (1) output	CM_H	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{P-P}$ $R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$	—	1000	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
*1, 2 Common mode transient immunity at logic (0) output	CM_L	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $I_F = 16\text{mA}$ $R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$	—	-1000	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
*3 Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 100\Omega$	—	2.0	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

*1 Common mode transient immunity in logic (1) is defined as a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output at level (1) ($V_O > 2.0\text{V}$)

Common mode transient immunity in logic (0) is defined as a common mode voltage variation that can hold the output at level (0) ($V_O < 0.8\text{V}$):

*2 $R_L = 1.9\text{k}\Omega$ is equivalent to one TTL and $5.6\text{k}\Omega$ pull-up resistor.

*3 Bandwidth denotes a point 3 dB down with AC input.

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

(1) Short between pin 1 and 4 on the primary side and between pin 5 and 8 on the secondary side.

(2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.

(3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

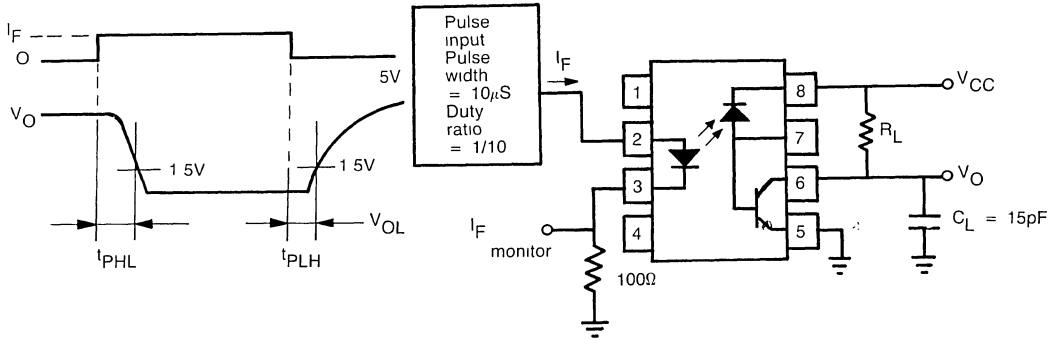
• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

(1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electrical characteristics Unreadable marking Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appearance Dimension 	0.4	

•1 Test circuit for propagation delay time



•2 Test circuit for CM_H and CM_L

$t_r, t_f = 8\text{ns}$

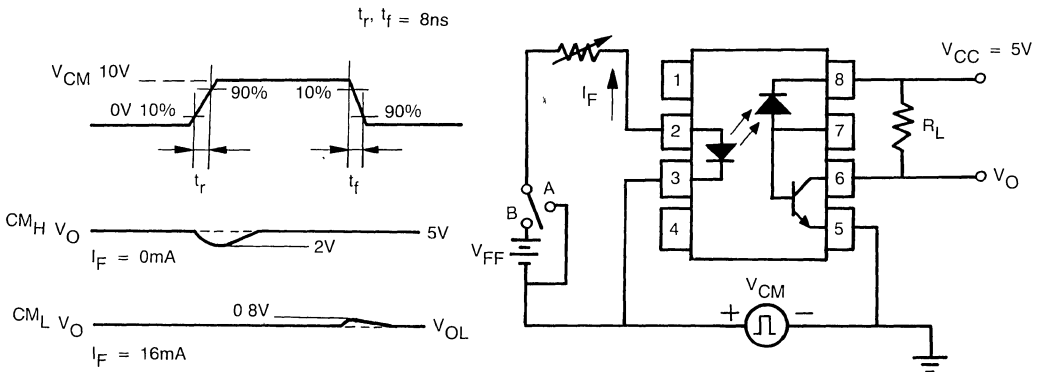


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

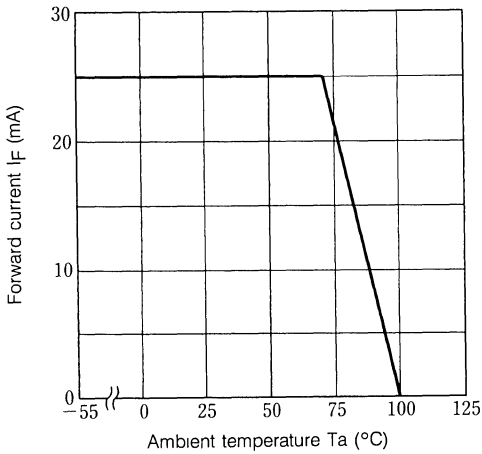


Fig. 2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

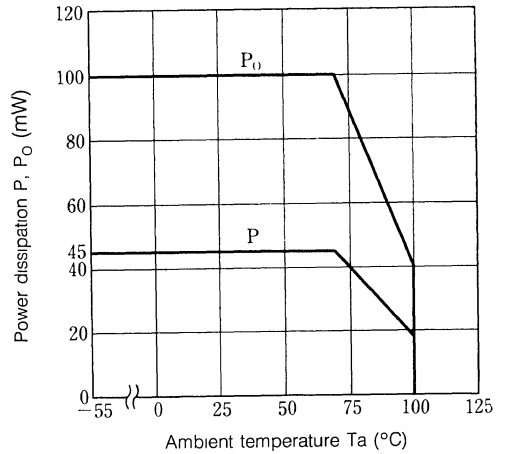


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

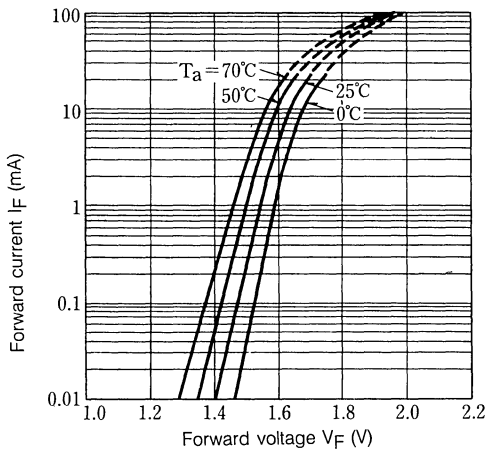


Fig. 4 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

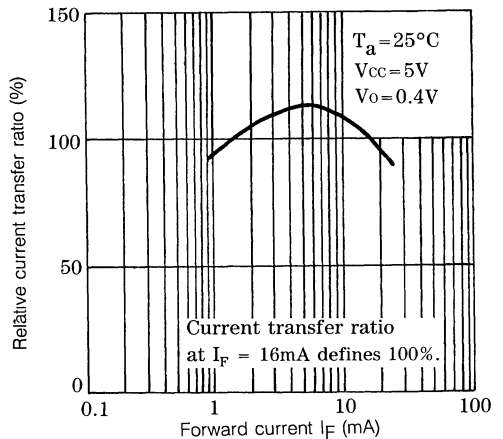


Fig. 5 Output Current vs. Output Voltage

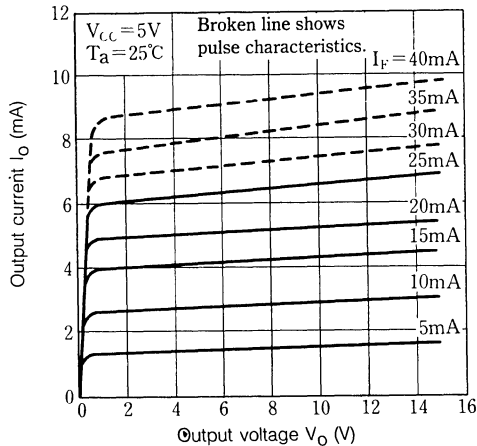


Fig. 6 Logic (1) Output current vs. Ambient Temperature

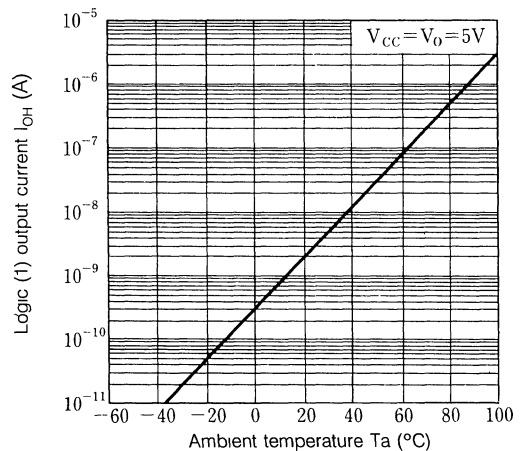


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

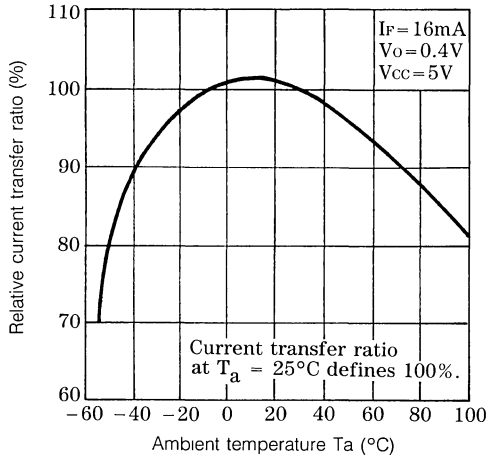
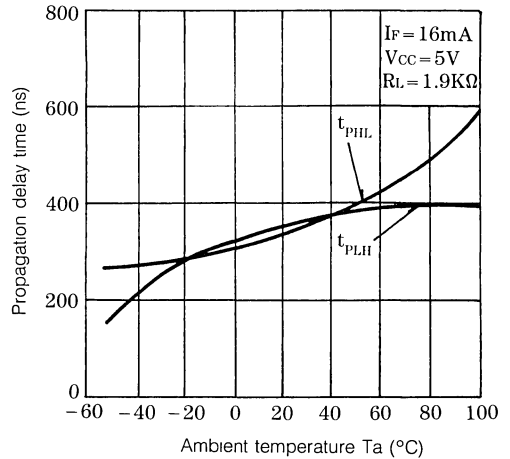


Fig. 8 Propagation Delay Time vs. Ambient Temperature



Test circuit for Frequency Response

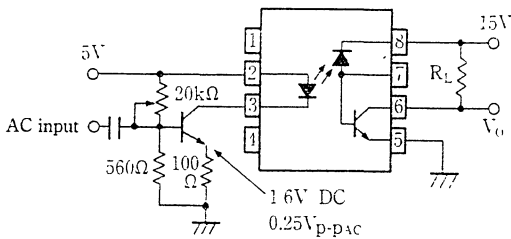
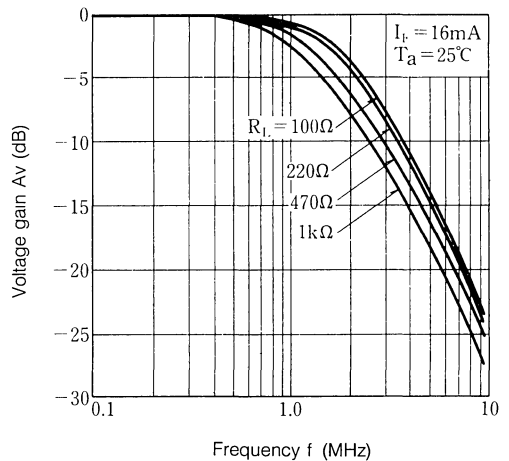


Fig. 10 Frequency Response



■ PRECAUTION FOR USE

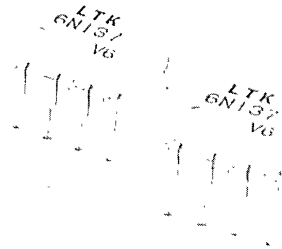
The minute design makes the transistor on the bipolar structured detector vulnerable to static electricity. To prevent damages and degradation in characteristics due to static electricity, take general measures against static electricity.

FEATURES

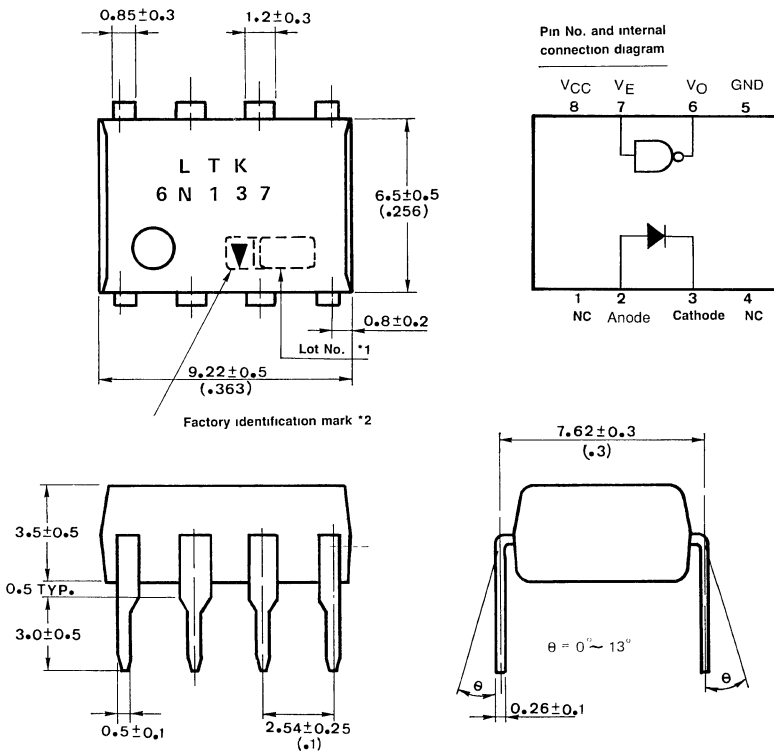
1. LSTTL/TTL Compatible: 5V Supply
2. Ultra High Speed
3. High Isolation Voltage: 2500 Vrms
4. UL approved (No. E 113898(s))

APPLICATIONS

1. Computer interfacing.
2. Tele communication.
3. Analog data equipment control.



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
 *2. Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Emitting side	Forward current	I _F	20	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I _F	40	mA
	Reverse voltage	V _R	5	V
Detecting side	*2 Supply voltage	V _{CC}	7	V
	*3 Enable voltage	V _E	5.5	V
	Output current	I _O	50	mA
	Output voltage	V _O	7	V
	Dissipation current (Output collector)	P _C	85	mW
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	0 ~ +70	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
*4 Isolation voltage		V _{iso}	2500	V _{rms}
*5 Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C

*1. Pulse width ≤ 1 msec.

*2. For 1 minute (MAX.)

*3. It shall not exceed 500mV or more over supply voltage (V_{CC}).

*4 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*5 10 sec. or less, 2mm or more from the root of lead pins.

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Unless otherwise specified Ta = 0 ~ 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Logic (1) output current	I _{OH}	—	2	250	μA	V _{CC} = V _O = 5.5V I _F = 250μA, V _E = 2.0V
Logic (0) output voltage	V _{OL}	—	0.4	0.6	V	V _{CC} = 5.5V, I _F = 5mA V _{EH} = 2.0V I _{OL} (sinking) = 13mA
Logic (1) enable current	I _{EH}	—	-0.8	—	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V, V _E = 2.0V
Logic (0) enable current	I _{EL}	—	-1.2	-2.0	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V, V _E = 0.5V
Logic (1) supply current	I _{CCH}	—	7	15	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V, I _F = 0mA V _E = 0.5V
Logic (0) supply current	I _{CCL}	—	13	18	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V, I _F = 10mA V _E = 0.5V
*1 Leak current	I _{I-O}	—	—	1.0	μA	Relative humidity = 45% Ta = 25°C, t = 5s V _{I-O} = 3000Vdc
*1 Isolation resistance (Input-Output)	R _{I-O}	—	10 ¹²	—	Ω	V _{I-O} = 500V, Ta = 25°C
*1 Capacitance (Input-Output)	C _{I-O}	—	0.6	—	pF	f = 1MHz, Ta = 25°C
*2 Input forward voltage	V _F	—	1.6	1.75	V	I _F = 10mA, Ta = 25°C
Input reverse breakdown voltage	BV _R	5	—	—	V	I _R = 10μA, Ta = 25°C
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	—	60	—	pF	V _F = 0, f = 1MHz
*3 Current transfer ratio	CTR	—	700	—	%	I _F = 5.0mA, R _L = 100Ω

Note: All typical value shall be at V_{CC} = 5V, Ta = 25°C

*1 Device considered a 2 terminal device: pins 2 and 3 shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

*2 At I_{IN} = 10mA, V_F decreases with increasing temperature at the rate of 1.6mV/°C

*3 DC current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of the output collector current to the forward bias input current.

• Switching characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions
*1 Propagation delay time Output (0)→(1)	t_{PLH}	—	45	75	ns	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$
*2 Propagation delay time Output (1)→(0)	t_{PHL}	—	45	75	ns	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$
Output rise-fall time (10%-90%)	t_r, t_f	—	20, 30	—	ns	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$
*3 Propagation delay time of enable (1)→(0)	t_{ELH}	—	40	—	ns	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$, $V_{EH} = 3.0\text{V}$ $V_{EL} = 0.5\text{V}$
*4 Propagation delay time of enable (0)→(1)	t_{EHL}	—	15	—	ns	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$, $V_{EH} = 3.0\text{V}$ $V_{EL} = 0.5\text{V}$
*5 Common mode transient immunity at logic (1) output	CM_H	—	500	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}$, $R_L = 350\Omega$ $V_O (\text{MIN.}) = 2\text{V}$, $I_F = 0\text{mA}$
*5 Common mode transient immunity at logic (0) output	CM_L	—	-500	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CM} = 10\text{V}$, $R_L = 350\Omega$ $V_O (\text{MAX.}) = 0.8\text{V}$ $I_F = 5\text{mA}$

*1 *2 Refer to the Fig. 1

*3 *4 Refer to the Fig. 2

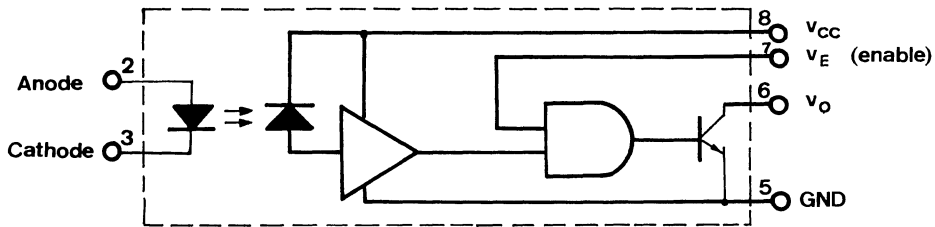
*5 Common mode transient immunity in logic (1) output is the maximum tolerable (positive) dV_{CM}/dt on the leading edge of the common mode pulse, V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a Logic (1) state.
Common mode transient immunity in logic (0) output is the maximum tolerable (negative) dV_{CM}/dt on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal, V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a Logic (0) state.

• **Recommended operating conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input current, Low level each channel	I_{FL}	0	250	μA
Input current, High level each channel	I_{FH}	6.3*	15	mA
High level enable voltage	V_{EH}	2.0	V_{CC}	V
Low level enable voltage	V_{EL}	0	0.8	V
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	5.5	V
Fan out (TTL load)	N	—	8	—
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	0	70	$^{\circ}C$

1. No external pull-up is required in the condition of high level of enable input.
2. Ceramic capacitor (0.01 ~ 0.1 μA) for bypass shall be connected between V_{CC} and GND at the position of 1cm from terminals.
3. *6.3mA condition permits at least 20% CTR degradation guardband. Initial switching threshold is 5mA or less.

• **Block diagram of circuit, Truth table**



Input	Enable	Output
H	H	L
L	H	H
H	L	H
L	L	H

L: Logic (0)
H: Logic (1)

■ **SUPPLEMENT**

• **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**

- (1) Short between pin 1 and 4 on the primary side and between pin 5 and 8 on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

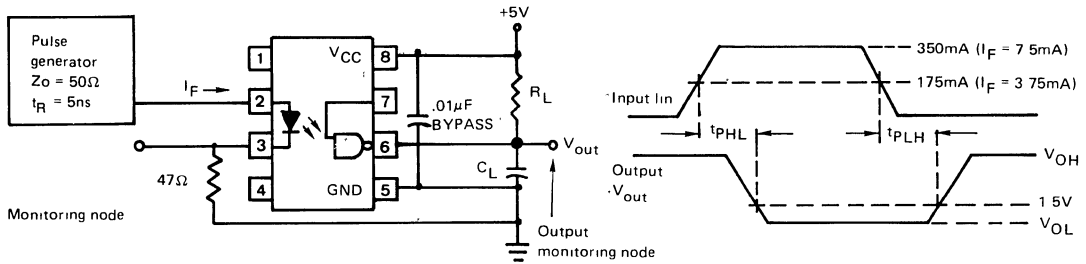
• **Inspection standard**

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D. is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

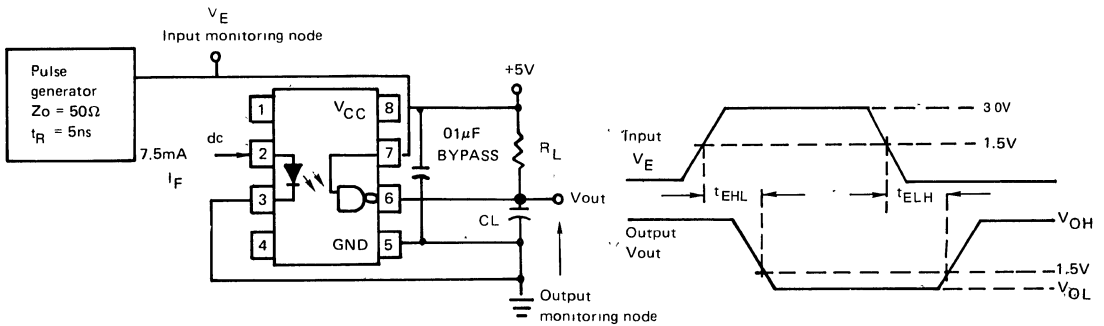
Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Test circuit for t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}



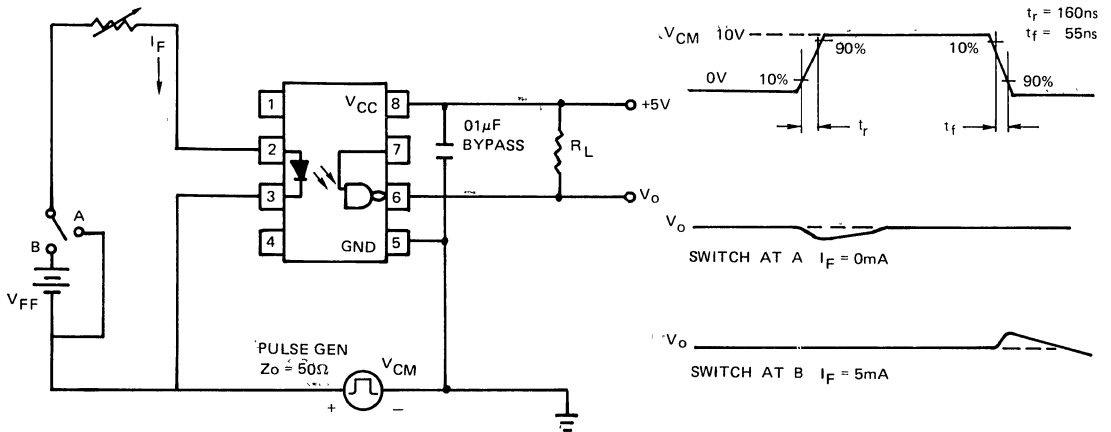
* C_L is approximately 15pF, which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Fig. 2 Test circuit for t_{ELH} and t_{EHL}



* C_L is approximately 15pF, which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance

Fig. 3 Test circuit for transient immunity and typical waveforms



High Sensitivity High Speed OPIC Photocoupler

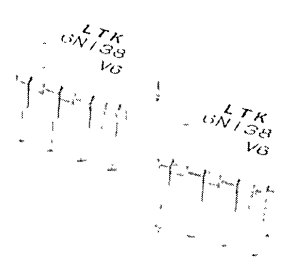
LTK6N138

FEATURES

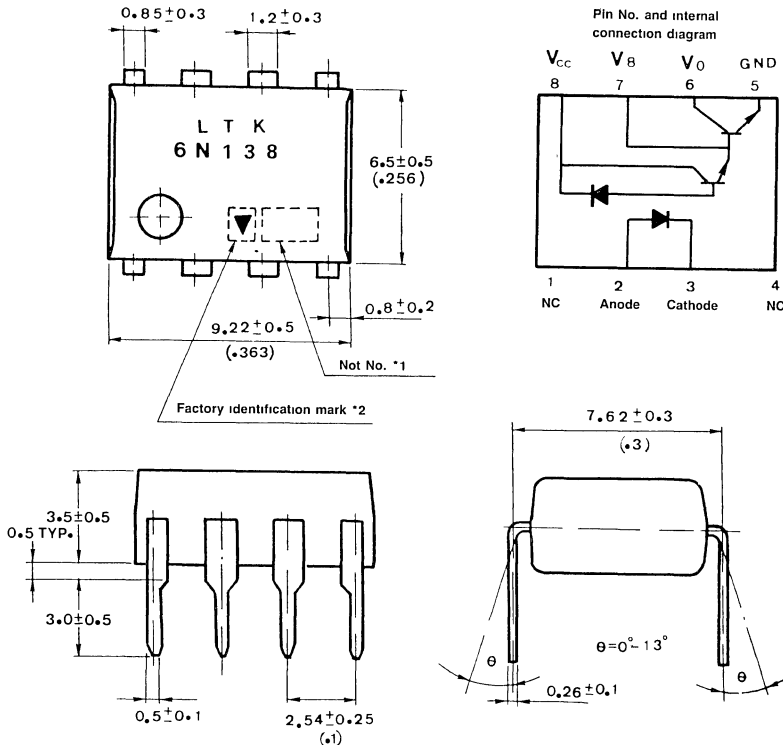
1. High current transfer ratio
(CTR: MIN, 500% at $I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}$)
2. High speed response
(t_{PHL} : TYP. $0.2 \mu\text{s}$ at $R_L = 270 \Omega$)
3. Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage
(CM_H : TYP. $500 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$)
4. Directly interfaces to TTL
5. Overseas standard model
6. UL approved (No. E113898(s))

APPLICATIONS

1. Interfaces for computer peripherals
2. Computers measuring instruments, control equipment
3. Telephone sets
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard.
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Emitting side	*1 Forward current	I_F	20	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	I_F	40	mA
	*3 Peak transient forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
	*4 Input power dissipation	P	35	mW
Detecting side	*5 Average output current	I_O	60	mA
	Emitter-base reverse withstand voltage (5 ~ 7 pin)	V_{EBO}	0.5	V
	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 ~ +7	V
	Output voltage	V_O	-0.5 ~ +7	V
	*6 Output power dissipation	P_O	100	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	0 ~ +70	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
*7 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	2500	Vrms
*8 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Decreases at the rate of 0.4mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 50°C

*2 Duty cycle = 50%, pulse width = 1ms

*3 Pulse width $\leq 1\mu s$, 300pps

*4 Decreases at the rate of 0.7mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 50°C

*5 Decreases at the rate of 0.7mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 25°C

*6 Decreases at the rate of 2.0mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 25°C

*7 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*8 For 10 seconds.

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Unless otherwise specified Ta=0~70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
*1 Current transfer ratio	CTR	300	1500	—	%	I _F = 1.6mA V _O = 0.4V, V _{CC} = 4.5V
Logic (0). output voltage	V _{OL}	—	0.1	0.4	V	I _F = 1.6mA I _O = 4.8mA V _{CC} = 4.5V
Logic (1) output current	I _{OH}	—	0.1	250	μA	I _F = 0mA, V _{CC} = V _O = 7V
Logic (0) supply current	I _{CCL}	—	0.2	—	mA	I _F = 1.6mA, V _O = open V _{CC} = 5V
Logic (1) supply current	I _{CCH}	—	10	—	nA	I _F = 0mA, V _O = open V _{CC} = 5V
Input forward current	V _F	—	1.5	1.7	V	Ta = 25°C, I _F = 1.6mA
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_a}$	—	-1.9	—	mV/°C	I _F = 1.6mA
Input reverse voltage	BVR	5.0	—	—	V	Ta = 25°C, I _R = 10μA
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	—	60	—	pF	V _F = 0, f = 1MHz
*2 Leak current (Input-Output)	I _{I-O}	—	—	1.0	μA	Ta = 25°C, 45%R.H. t = 5s, V _{I-O} = 3kV dc
*2 Isolation resistance (Input-Output)	R _{I-O}	—	10 ¹²	—	Ω	V _{I-O} = 500V dc
*2 Capacitance (Input-Output)	C _{I-O}	—	0.6	—	pF	f = 1MHz

Note: All typical value shall be at Ta=25°C, Vcc=5V

*1 Current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of input current to output current expressed in %.

*2 Device considered a 2 terminal device: pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

• **Switching characteristics**

(Ta=25°C, VCC=5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Propagation delay time Output (1)→(0)	t _{PHL}	I _F = 1.6mA, R _L = 2.2kΩ	—	2	10	μs
Propagation delay time Output (0)→(1)	t _{PLH}	I _F = 1.6mA, R _L = 2.2kΩ	—	7	35	μs
*1 Common mode transient immunity at logic (1) output	CM _H	I _F = 0mA, V _{CM} = 10Vp-p R _L = 2.2kΩ	—	500	—	V/μs
*1 Common mode transient immunity at logic (0) output	CM _L	V _{CM} = 10Vp-p I _F = 1.6mA R _L = 2.2kΩ	—	-500	—	V/μs

*1 Common mode transient immunity in logic (1) is defined as a common mode voltage fluctuation that can hold the output at level (1) (V_O>2.0V).

Common mode transient immunity in logic (0) is defined as a common mode voltage fluctuation that can hold the output at level (0) (V_O<0.8V)

■ **SUPPLEMENT**

• **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**

- (1) Short between pin 1 and 4 on the primary side and between pin 5 and 8 on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

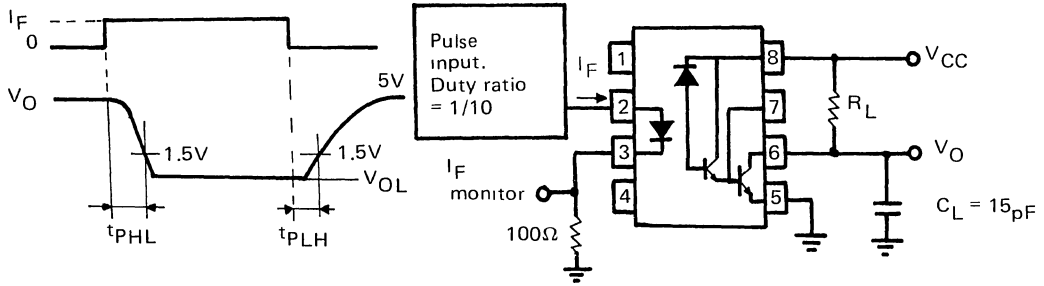
• **Inspection Standard**

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

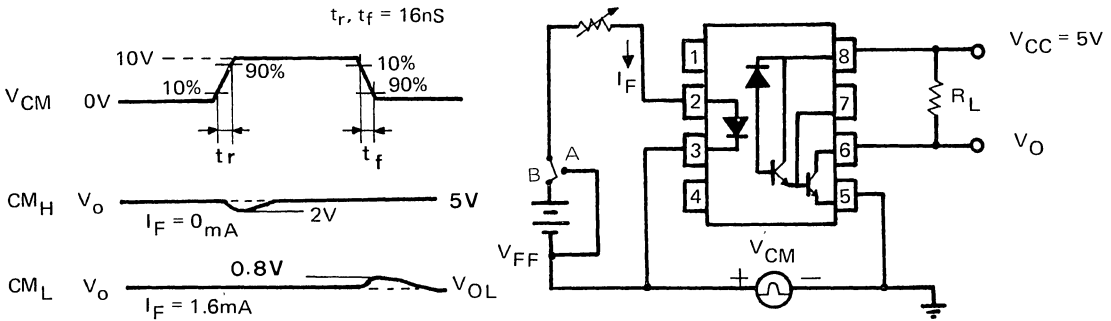
- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

•1 Test circuit for propagation delay time



•2 Test circuit for CM_H and CM_L





High Sensitivity, High Speed OPIC Photocoupler LTK6N139

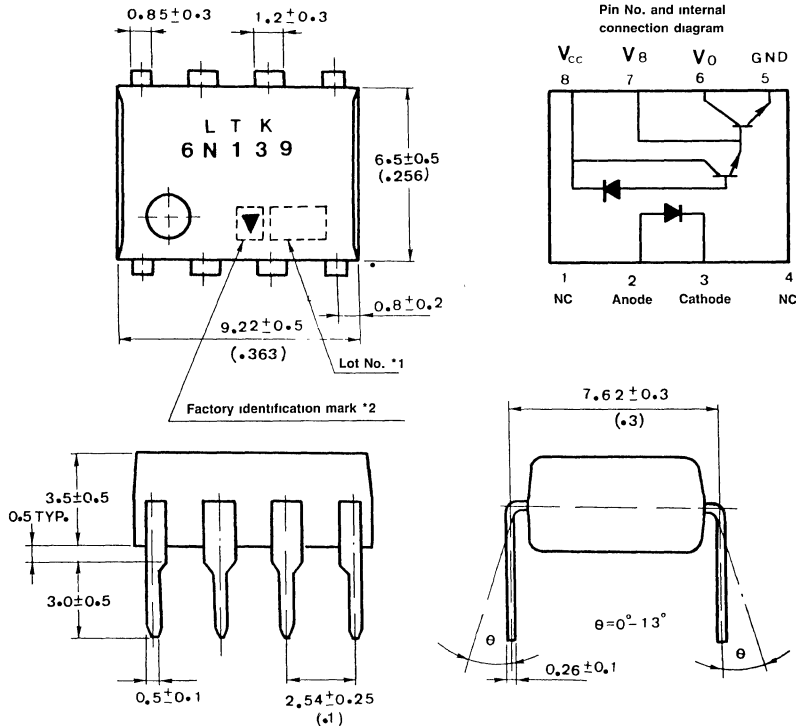
FEATURES

1. High current transfer ratio
(CTR: MIN, 500% at $I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}$)
2. High speed response
(t_{PHL} : TYP. $0.2 \mu\text{s}$ at $R_L = 270 \Omega$)
3. Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage
(CM_H : TYP. $500 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$)
4. Directly interfaces to TTL
5. Overseas standard model
6. UL approved (No. E113898(s))

APPLICATIONS

1. Interfaces for computer peripherals
2. Computers, measuring instruments, control equipment
3. Telephone sets
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard.

*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Emitting side	*1 Forward current	I_F	20	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	I_F	40	mA
	*3 Peak transient forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
	*4 Input power dissipation	P	35	mW
Detecting side	*5 Average output current	I_O	60	mA
	Emitter-base reverse withstand voltage (5 ~ 7 pin)	V_{EBO}	0.5	V
	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 ~ +18	V
	Output voltage	V_O	-0.5 ~ +18	V
	*6 Output power dissipation	P_O	100	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	0 ~ +70	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
*7 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	2500	Vrms
*8 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Decreases at the rate of 0.4mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 50°C.

*2 Duty cycle=50%, pulse width=1ms.

*3 Pulse width ≤ 1μs, 300pps

*4 Decreases at the rate of 0.7mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 50°C

*5 Decreases at the rate of 0.7mA/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 25°C

*6 Decreases at the rate of 2.0mW/°C if the atmospheric temperature is higher than 25°C

*7 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*8 For 10 seconds.

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Unless otherwise specified Ta = 0 ~ 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
*1 Current transfer ratio	CTR (1)	I _F = 0.5mA V _O = 0.4V, V _{CC} = 4.5V	400	1200	—	%
	CTR (2)	I _F = 1.6mA V _O = 0.4V, V _{CC} = 4.5V	500	1500	—	%
Logic (0) output voltage	V _{OL} (1)	I _O = 6.4mA I _F = 1.6mA, V _{CC} = 4.5V	—	0.1	0.4	V
	V _{OL} (2)	I _O = 15mA I _F = 5mA, V _{CC} = 4.5V	—	0.1	0.4	V
	V _{OL} (3)	I _O = 24mA I _F = 12mA, V _{CC} = 4.5V	—	0.2	0.4	V
Logic (1) output current	I _{OH}	I _F = 0mA V _{CC} = V _O = 18V	—	0.05	100	μA
Logic (0) supply current	I _{CCL}	I _F = 1.6mA V _O = open, V _{CC} = 5V	—	0.2	—	mA
Logic (1) supply current	I _{CCH}	I _F = 0mA V _O = open, V _{CC} = 5V	—	10	—	nA
Input forward voltage	V _F	Ta = 25°C, I _F = 1.6mA	—	1.5	1.7	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_a}$	I _F = 1.6mA	—	-1.9	—	mV/°C
Input reverse voltage	BVR	Ta = 25°C, I _R = 10μA	5.0	—	—	V
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	V _F = 0, f = 1MHz	—	60	—	pF
*2 Leak current (input-output)	I _{I-O}	Ta = 25°C, 45% R.H. t = 5s V _{I-O} = 3kV, dc.	—	—	1.0	μA
*2 Isolation resistance (input-output)	R _{I-O}	V _{I-O} = 500V, dc.	—	10 ¹²	—	Ω
*2 Capacitance (input-output)	C _{I-O}	f = 1MHz	—	0.6	—	pF

Note: Typical value: Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5V

*1 Current transfer ratio is defined as the ratio of input current to output current expressed in %.

*2 Measured as a 2-pin element (Short 1, 2, 3, and 4, short 5, 6, 7 and 8).

• Switching characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Propagation delay time Output (1) → (0)	t_{PHL}	$I_F = 0.5\text{mA}$, $R_L = 4.7\text{k}\Omega$	—	5	25	μs
		$I_F = 12\text{mA}$, $R_L = 270\Omega$	—	0.2	1	
Propagation delay time Output (0) → (1)	t_{PLH}	$I_F = 0.5\text{mA}$, $R_L = 4.7\text{k}\Omega$	—	5	60	μs
		$I_F = 12\text{mA}$, $R_L = 270\Omega$	—	1	7	
*1 Common mode transient immunity at logic (1) output	CM_H	$I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{p-p}$ $R_L = 2.2\text{k}\Omega$	—	500	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
*1 Common mode transient immunity at logic (0) output	CM_L	$I_F = 1.6\text{mA}$, $V_{CM} = 10\text{V}_{p-p}$ $R_L = 2.2\text{k}\Omega$	—	-500	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

*1 Common mode transient immunity in logic (1) is defined as a common mode voltage fluctuation that can hold the output at level (1) ($V_O > 2.0\text{V}$)

common mode transient immunity in logic (0) is defined as a common mode voltage fluctuation that can hold the output at level (0) ($V_O < 0.8\text{V}$)

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short between pin 1 and 4 on the primary side and between pin 5 and 8 on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

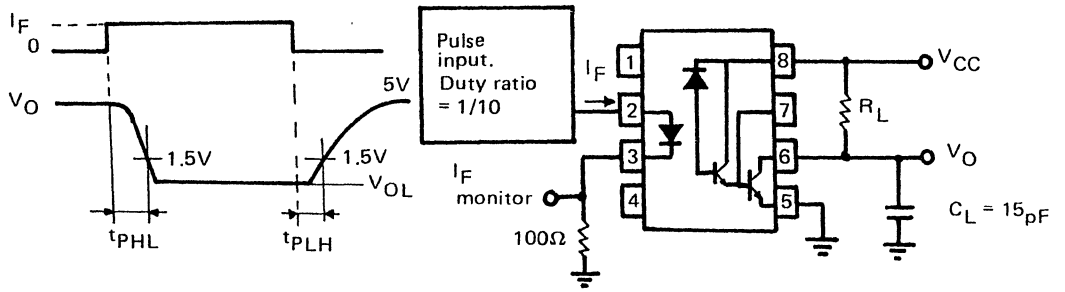
• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal, inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open,short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

•1 Test circuit for propagation delay time



•2 Test circuit for CM_H and CM_L

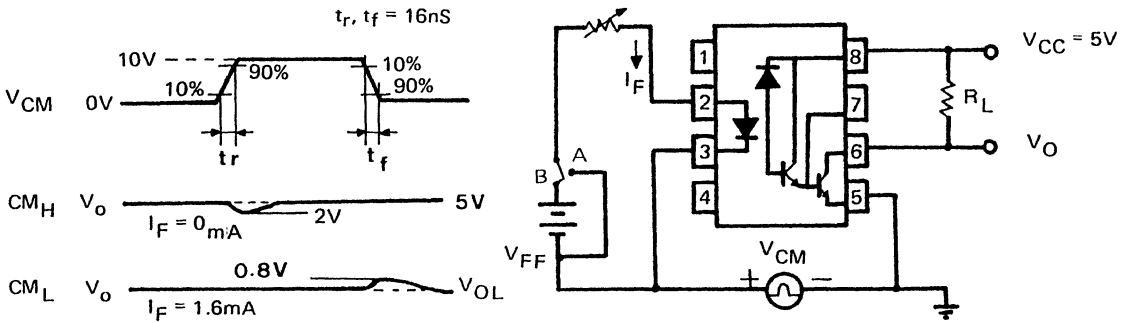


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

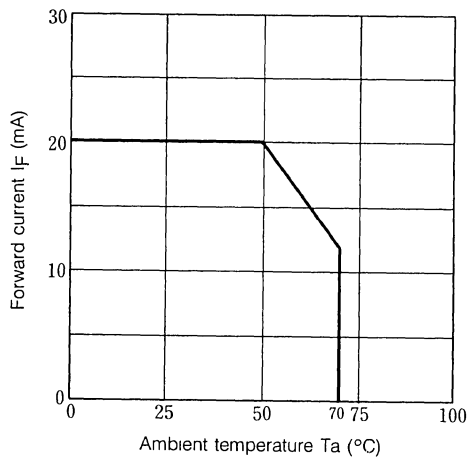


Fig. 2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

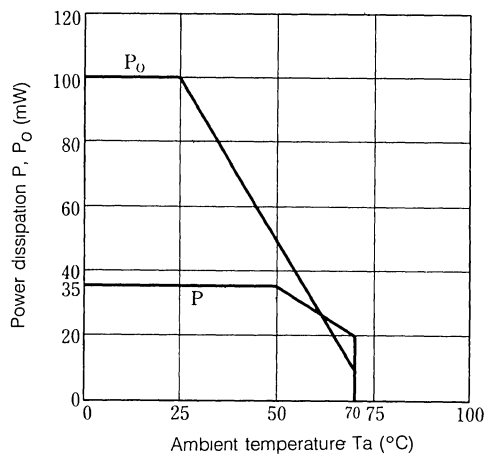


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

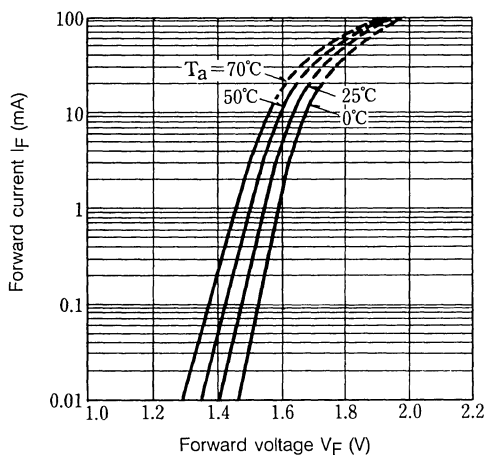


Fig. 4 Output Current vs. Output Voltage

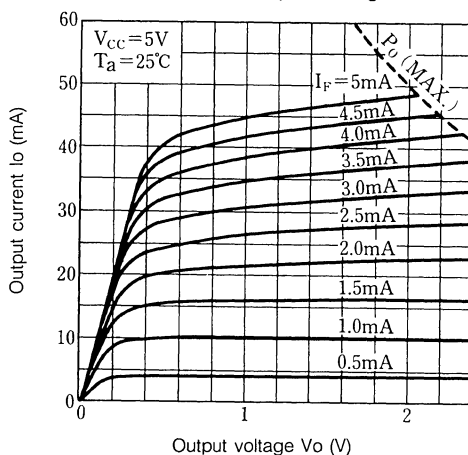


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

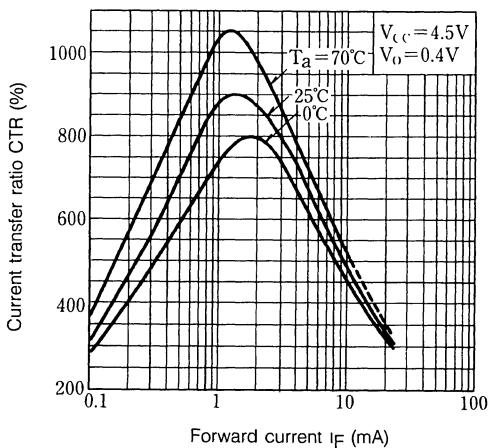


Fig. 6 Output Current vs. Forward current

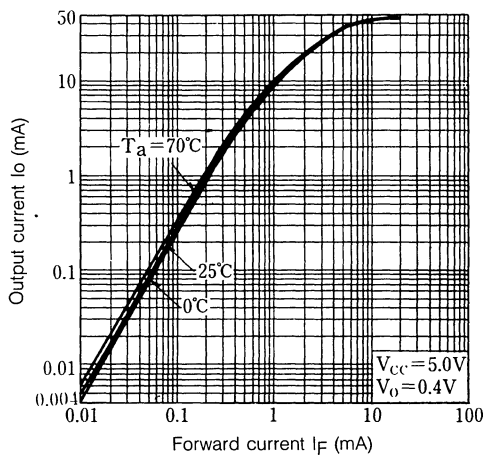


Fig. 7 Propagation Delay Time vs. Ambient Temperature (1)

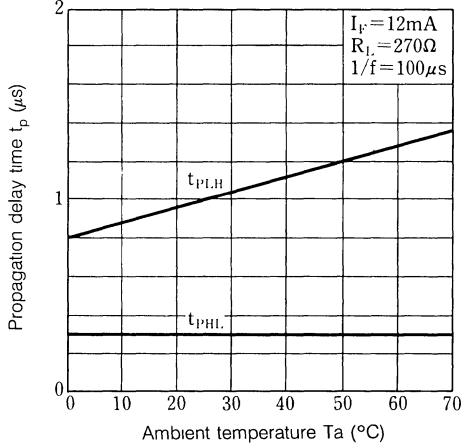


Fig. 8 Propagation Delay Time vs. Ambient Temperature (2)

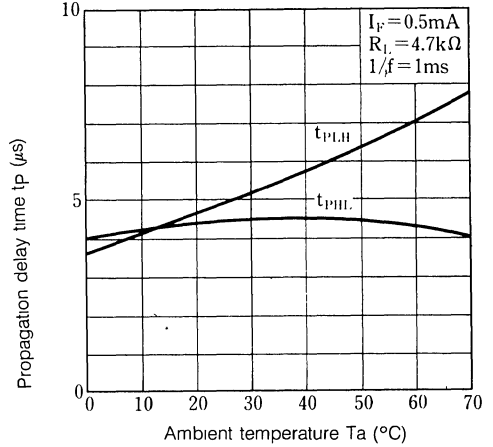


Fig. 9 Rise Time, Fall Time vs. Load Resistance

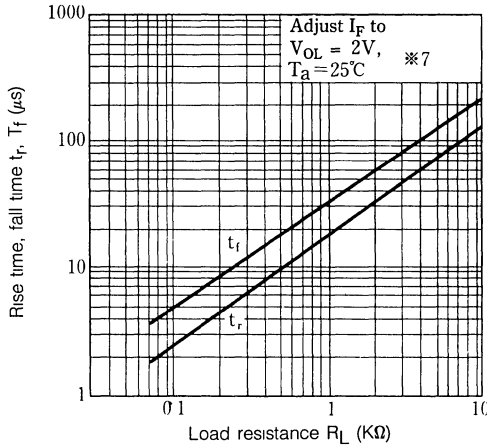
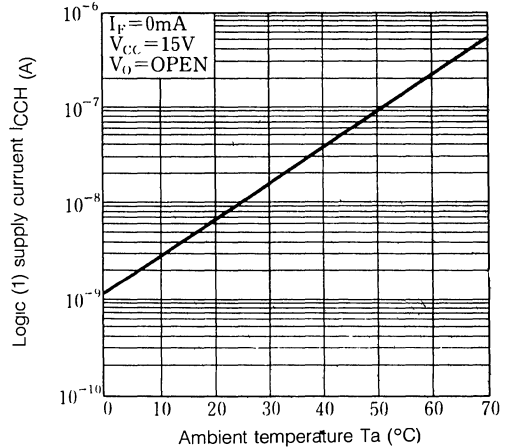
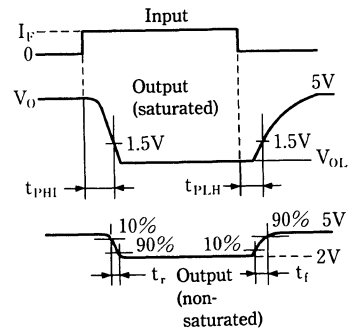
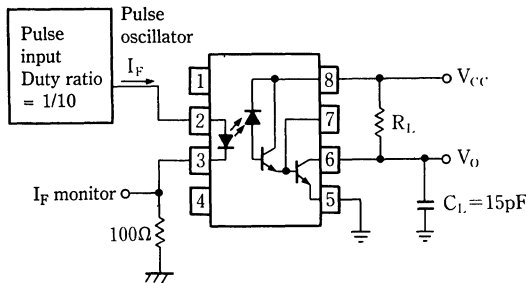


Fig. 10 Logic (1) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



• **Test Circuit for Rise Time, Fall Time vs. Load resistance**



■ **PRECAUTION FOR USE**

The minute design makes the transistor on the bipolar structured detector vulnerable to static electricity. To prevent damages and degradation in characteristics due to static electricity, take general measures against static electricity.

FEATURES

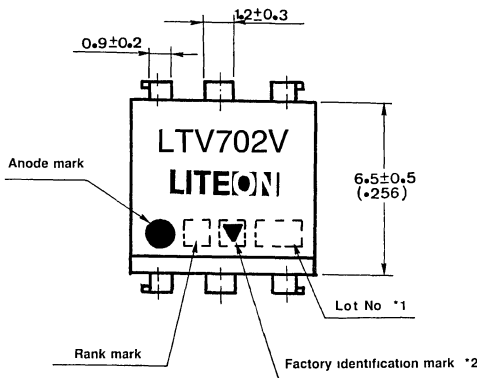
1. High collector-emitter voltage ($V_{CEO}:70V$)
2. High input-output isolation voltage ($V_{iso}:5,000Vrms$)
3. Directly connectable to TTL
4. UL approved (No. E113898(S))

APPLICATIONS

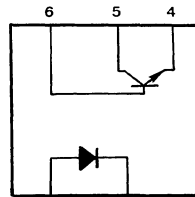
1. Telephone sets, telephone exchangers
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



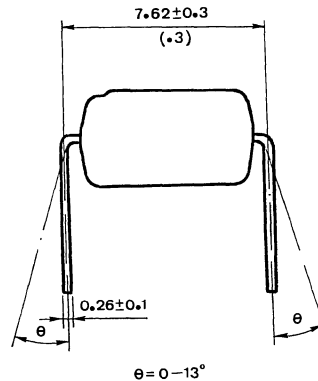
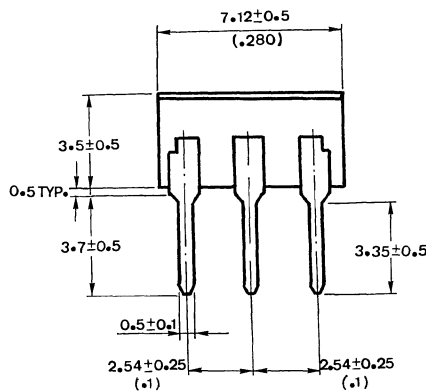
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



Terminal No. and Internal connection Pin No. and internal connection diagram



- | | | |
|------------|--------------|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1. Anode | 4. Emitter | |
| 2. Cathode | 5. Collector | |
| 3. NC | 6. Base | |



Note *1 2-digit number shall be marked according to DIN standard
 *2 Two version available, one with factory identification mark and the other without

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	60	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1.5	A
	Reverse Voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	105	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	160	mW
	Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	70	V
	Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	6	V
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	200	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-55 ~ +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5	kVrms
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

*1 Pulse width $\leq 10\mu\text{s}$, Duty ratio: 0.0004

*2 AC for 1 minute, R.H.=40 ~ 60%

*3 For 10 seconds

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
input	Forward voltage	V _F	—	1.4	1.7	V	I _F =60mA
	Reverse current	I _R	—	—	10	μA	V _R =6V
	Terminal capacitance	C _t	—	30	250	pF	V=0, f=1kHz
Output	Collector dark current	I _{CEO}	—	—	50	nA	V _{CE} =10V, I _F =0
	Collector-emmitter breakdown voltage	BV _{CEO}	70	—	—	V	I _C =0.1mA, I _F =0
	Emitter collector breakdown voltage	BV _{ECO}	6	—	—	V	I _E =10μA, I _F =0
	Collector-base breakdown voltage	BV _{CBO}	70	—	—	V	I _C =0.1mA, I _F =0
Transfer characteristics	* Collector current	I _C	4	—	32	mA	I _F =10mA, V _{CE} =5V
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE (sat)}	—	0.25	0.4	V	I _F =10mA, I _C =2.5mA
	Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	5×10 ¹⁰	1×10 ¹¹	—	Ω	DC500V, 40 ~ 60%R _H
	Floating capacitance	C _f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	V=0, f=1MHz
	Cut-off frequency	f _c	—	150	—	KHz	V _{CC} =5V, I _F =10mA R _L =75Ω, -3dB
	Response time (Rise)	t _r	—	2	7	μs	V _{CC} =5V, I _F =10mA R _L =75Ω
	Response time (Fall)	t _f	—	2	8	μs	

*CTR = $\frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method

- (1) Anode and cathode on input side, collector and emitter on output side shall be shortened individually.
- (2) Isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) Waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)

• Collector current I_C is classified as follows.

Model No.	Rank mark	I_C (mA)
LTV 702V A	A	4.0~8.0
LTV 702V B	B	6.3~12.5
LTV 702V C	C	10~20
LTV 702V D	D	16~32
LTV 702V	A or B or C or D	4.0~32

Conditions	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
------------	---

• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

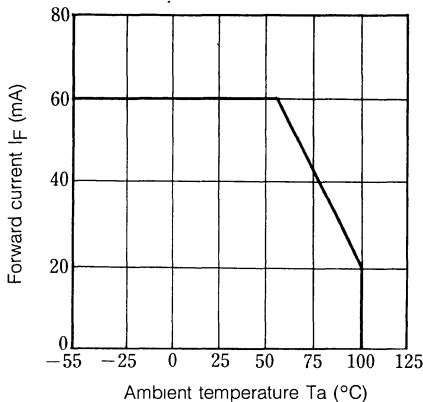


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

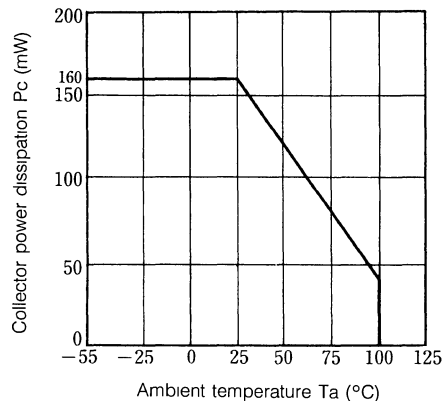


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

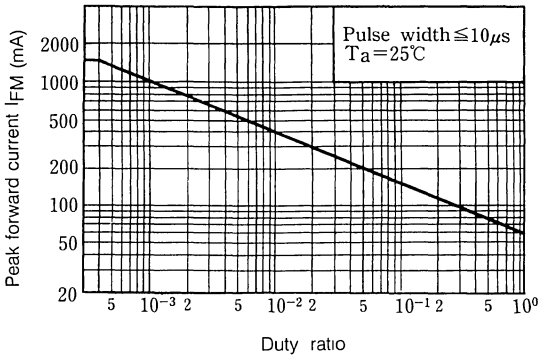


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

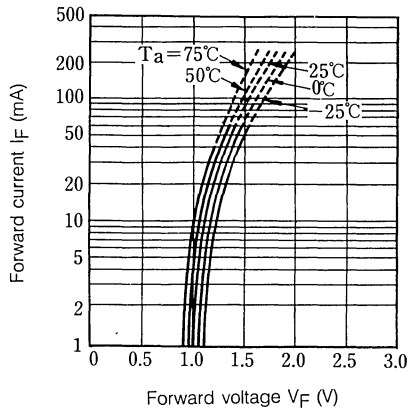


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

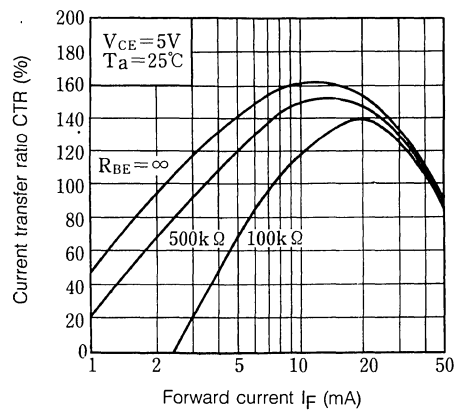


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

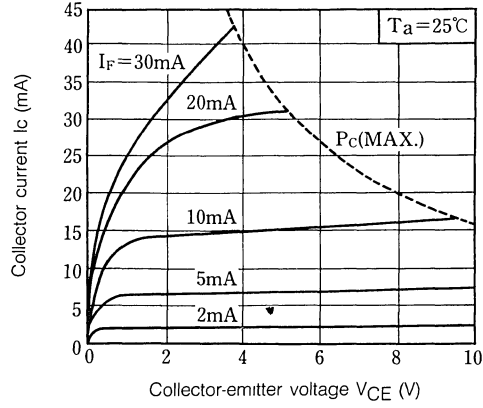


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

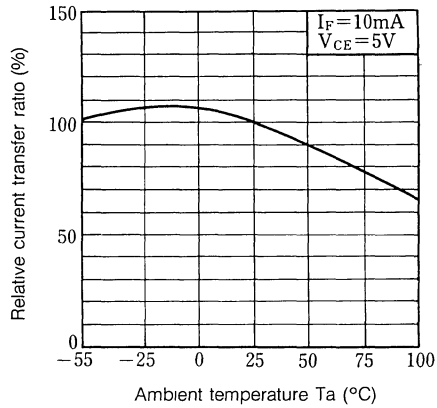


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

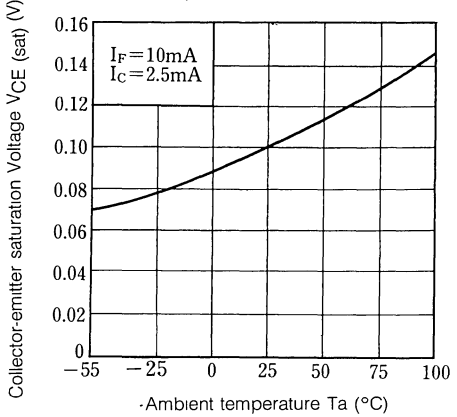


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

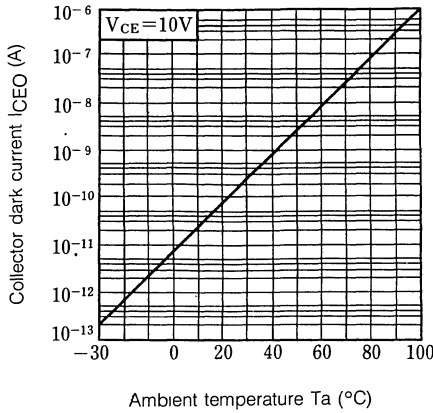


Fig. 10 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

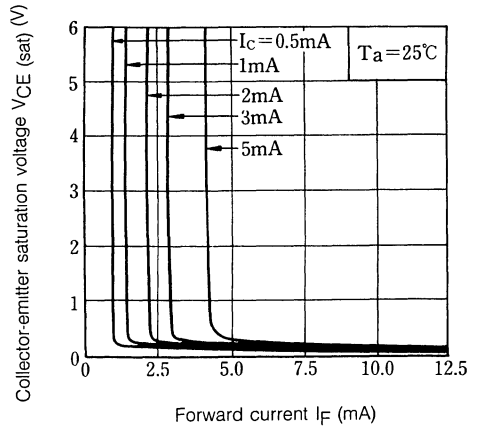


Fig. 11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

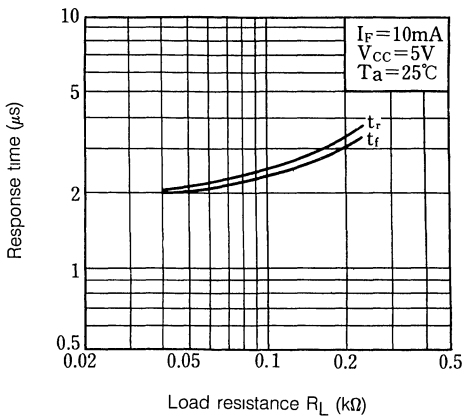
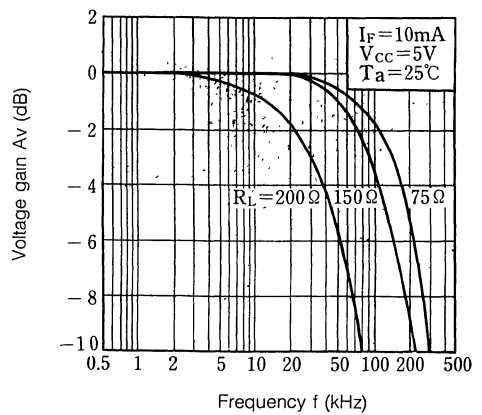
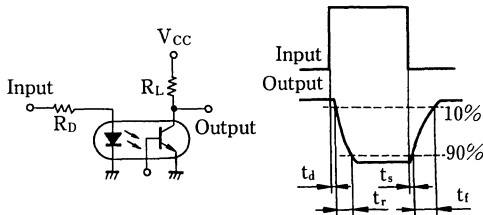


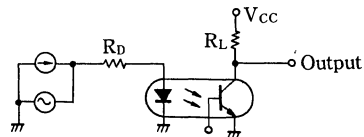
Fig. 12. Frequency Response



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response





High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler LTV703V

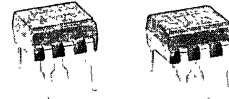
PHOTOCOUPLEDERS

FEATURES

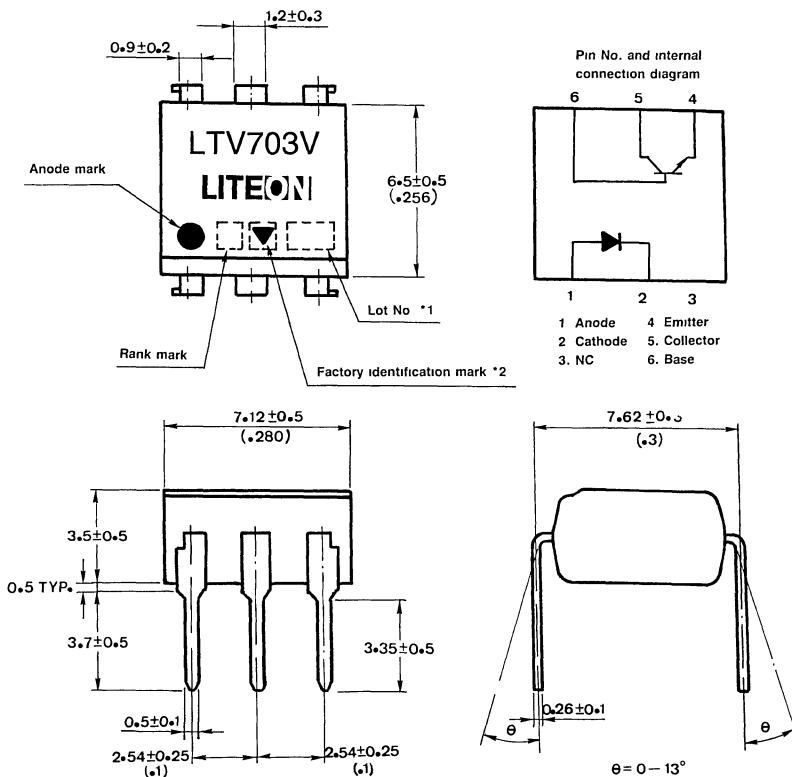
1. High collector-emitter voltage (V_{CE0} : 70V)
2. High input-output isolation voltage (V_{ISO} : 5,000 Vrms)
3. Directly connectable to TTL
4. UL approved (No. E113898 (s))

APPLICATIONS

1. Telephone sets, telephone exchanges
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	160	mW
	Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	70	V
	Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	6	V
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	200	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-30 ~ +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5	kVrms
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

*1 Pulse width $\leq 100\mu\text{s}$, Duty ratio: 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	—	—	3.0	V	$I_{FM} = 0.5\text{A}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	30	250	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	70	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	6	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-base breakdown voltage	BV_{CBO}	70	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
Transfer characteristics	* Collector current	I_C	4	—	32	mA	$I_F = 10\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	—	0.1	0.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}, V_C = 1\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40 ~ 60% RH
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Cut-off frequency	f_c	—	80	—	kHz	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, -3\text{dB}$ $R_L = 100\Omega$
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	—	4	15	μs	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA},$ $R_L = 100\Omega$
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	—	3	15	μs	

$$*CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$$

■ SUPPLEMENT

• Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)

• Rank table of collector current I_C

Model No.	Rank mark	I_C (mA)
LTV703VA	A	4.0~8.0
LTV703VB	B	6.3~12.5
LTV703VC	C	10~20
LTV703VD	D	16~32
LTV703V	A or B or C or D	4.0~32

Conditions	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
------------	---

• Inspection standard

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL According to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

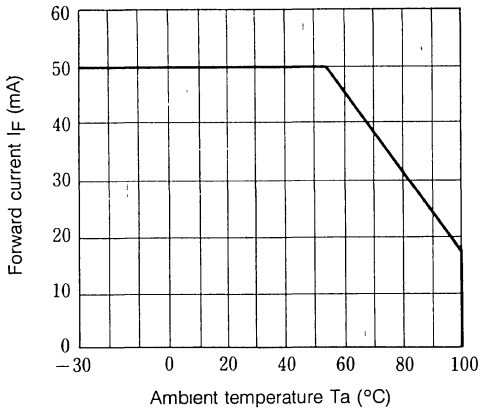


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

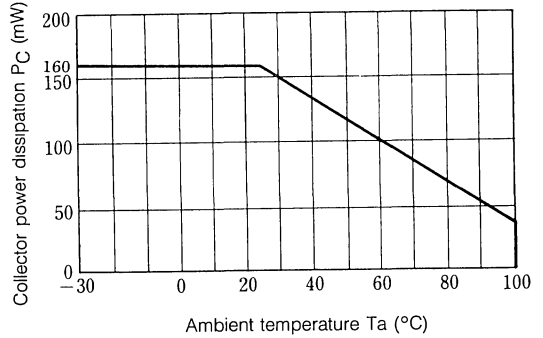


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

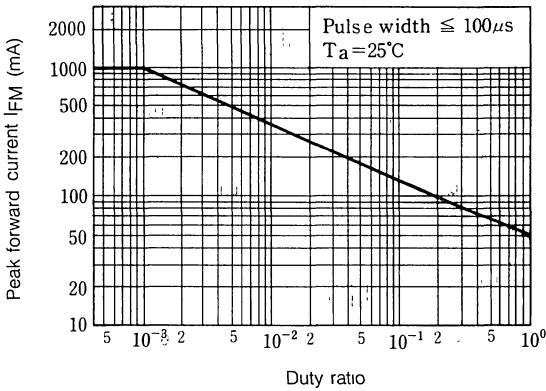


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

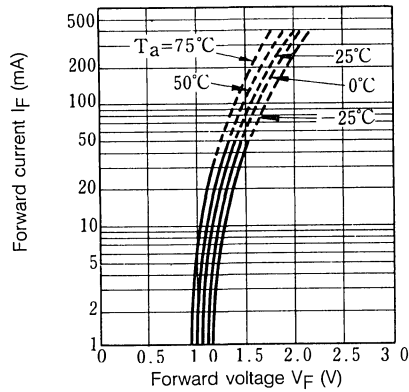


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

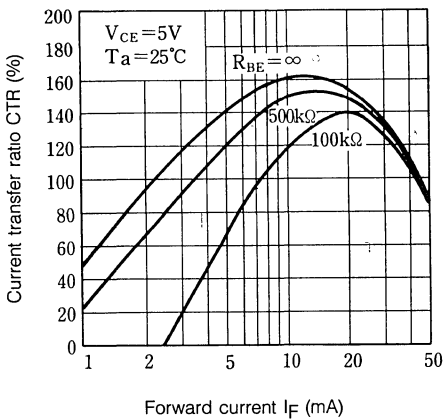


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

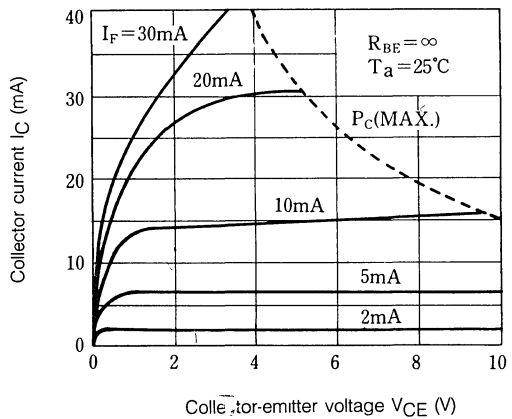


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs Ambient Temperature

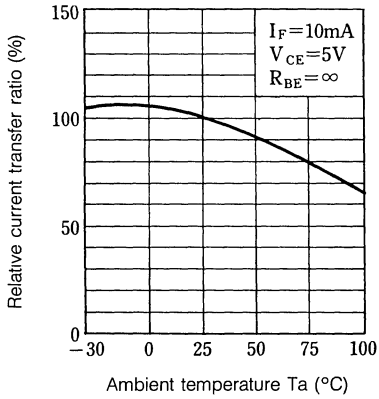


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

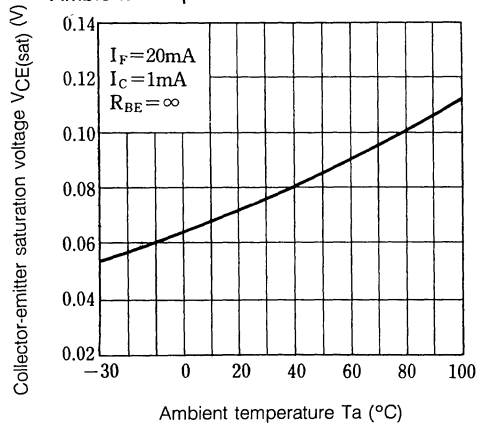


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

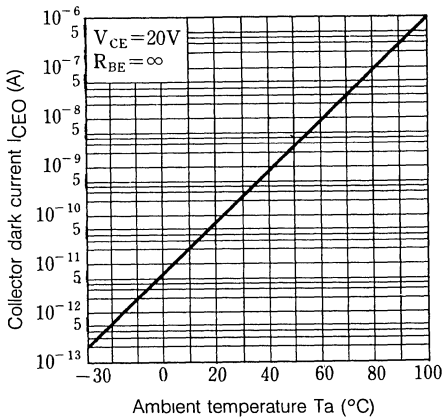


Fig. 10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

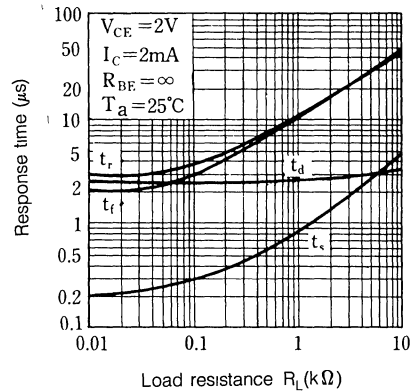


Fig. 11 Frequency Response

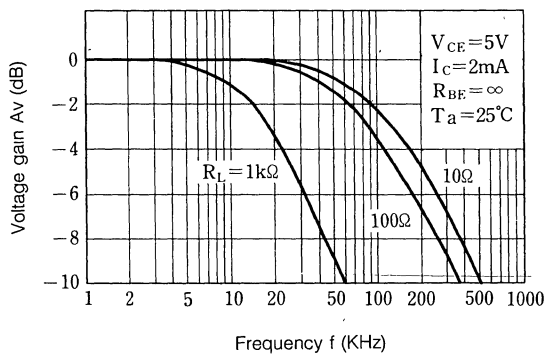
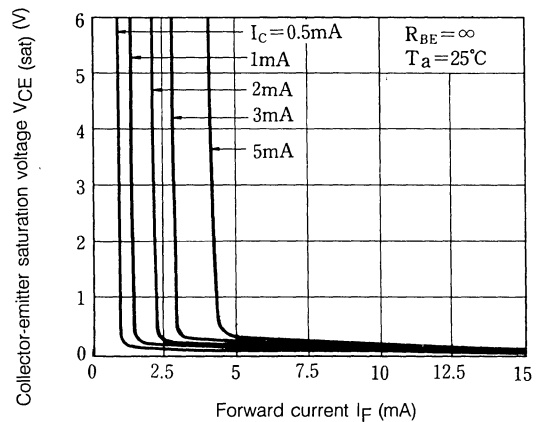
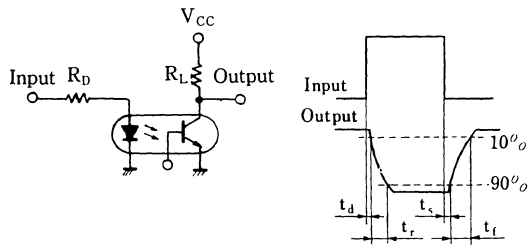


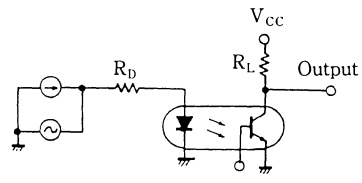
Fig. 12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response





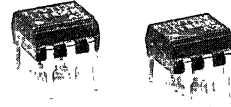
High Isolation Voltage Type, General Purpose Photocoupler LTV713V

■ FEATURES

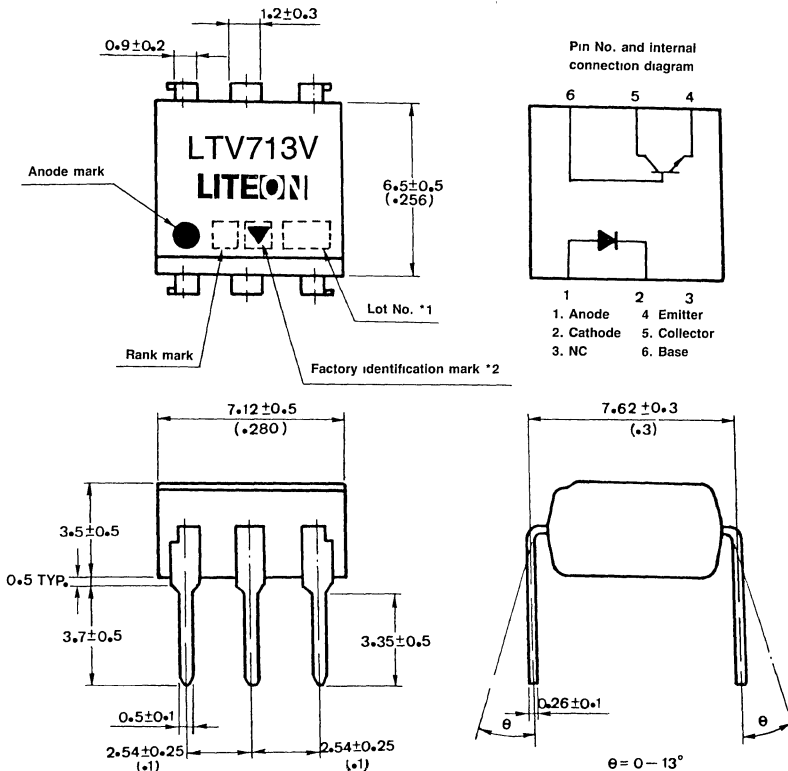
1. Directly connectable to TTL
2. Current transfer ratio
CTR: MIN. 50% at $I_F = 5\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
3. Low collector dark current
(I_{CEO} : MAX. 10^{-7}A at $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)
4. High input-output isolation voltage
(V_{iso} : 5,000Vrms)
5. UL approved (No. E113898 (s))

■ APPLICATIONS

1. System appliances, measuring instruments
2. Registers, copiers, automatic vending machines
3. Electric home appliances such as fan heaters
4. Medical instruments, physical and chemical equipment
5. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances



■ OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard
*2 Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
	Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	35	V
	Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	6	V
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	170	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-25 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40 ~ +125	°C
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5	kVrms
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 100\mu s$, Duty ratio: 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60%

*3 For .10 seconds R.H.

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	—	—	3.0	V	$I_{FM} = 0.5\text{A}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	30	250	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	35	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	6	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-base breakdown voltage	BV_{CBO}	35	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Current transfer ratio	CTR	50	100	600	%	$I_F = 5\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, R_{BE} = \infty$
Transfer characteristics	* Collector current	I_C	2.5	—	30	mA	$I_F = 5\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	—	0.1	0.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}, I_C = 1\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40 ~ 60%R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Cut-off frequency	f_c	—	80	—	kHz	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, -3\text{dB}$ $R_L = 100\Omega, R_{BE} = \infty$
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	—	4	18	μs	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA},$ $R_L = 100\Omega, R_{BE} = \infty$
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	—	3	18	μs	

A-71 *CTR = $\frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$

■ SUPPLEMENT

- **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method**

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)

- **Rank Table of Collector current I_C**

Model No.	Rank mark	I_C (mA)
LTV713VA	A	4.0~8.0
LTV713VB	B	6.5~13
LTV713VC	C	10~20
LTV713V	A or B or C or No mark	2.5~30

Conditions	$I_F = 5\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
------------	--

- **Inspection standard**

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

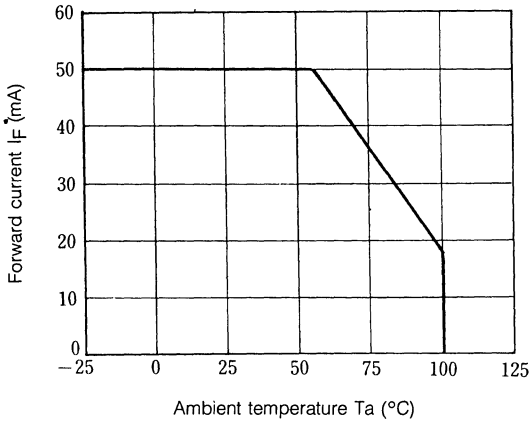


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

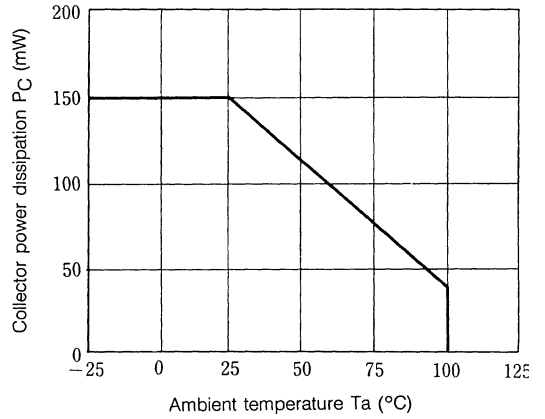


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

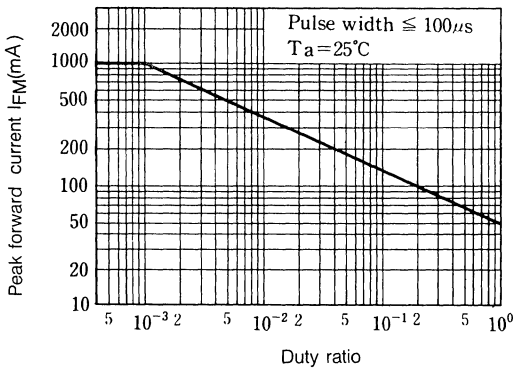


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

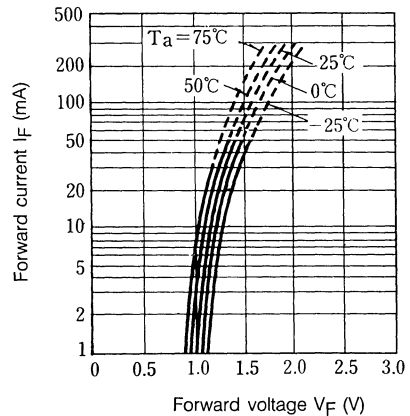


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

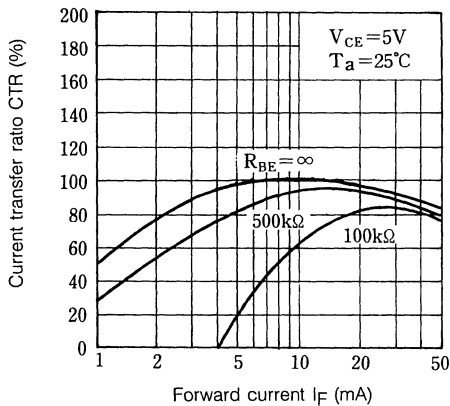


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

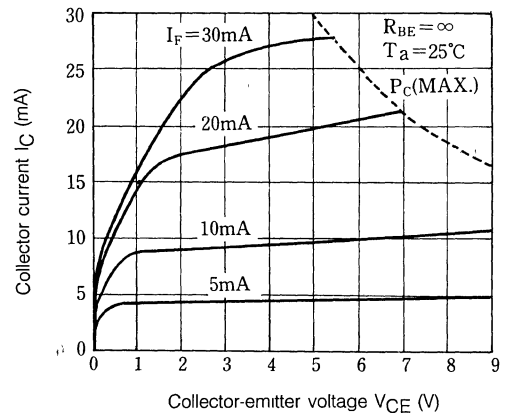


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

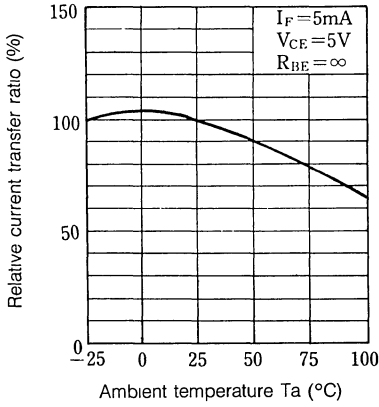


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

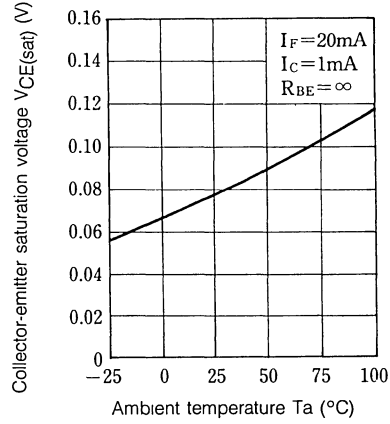


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

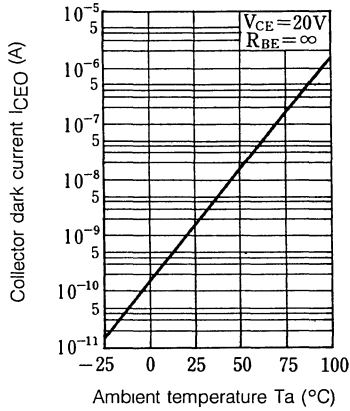


Fig. 10 Collector-base Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

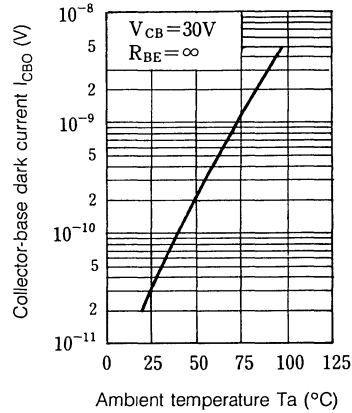


Fig. 11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

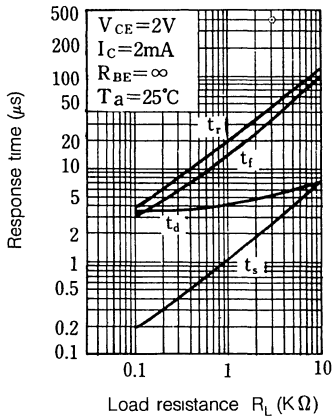
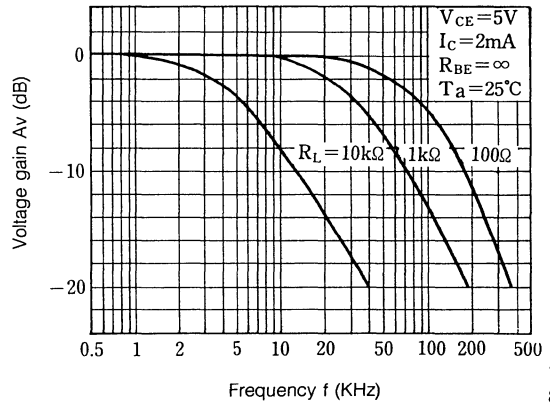
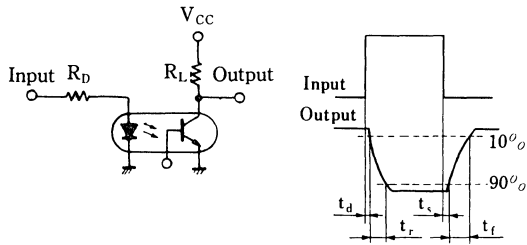


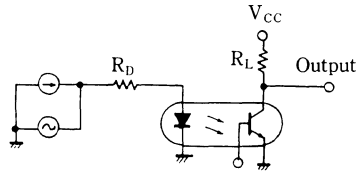
Fig. 12 Frequency Response



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response



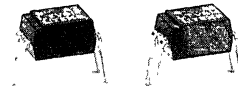


AC Input Type Photocoupler LTV814



FEATURES

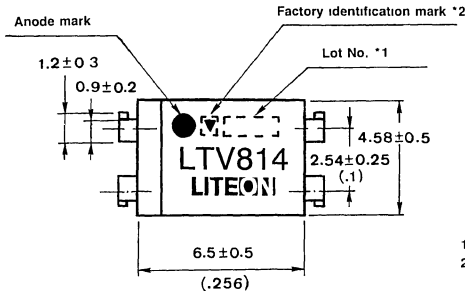
1. AC input response
2. High input-output isolation voltage
(V_{ISO} : 5,000 Vrms)
3. Low collector dark current
(I_{CEO} : MAX. 10^{-7} A at $V_{CE} = 20V$)
4. Current transfer ratio
CTR: MIN. 20% at $I_F = \pm 1mA$, $V_{CE} = 5V$
5. Compact dual-in-line package
6. UL approved (NO. E113898(s))



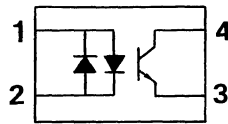
APPLICATIONS

1. Telephone sets, telephone exchanges
2. Sequence controllers
3. System appliances, measuring instruments
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

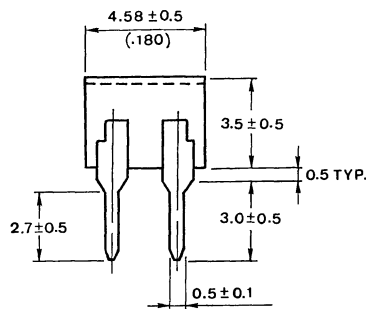
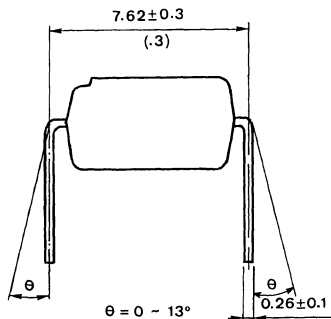
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



Pin No. and internal connection diagram

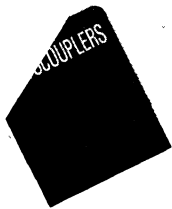


1. Anode, cathode
2. Anode, cathode,
3. Emitter
4. collector



*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard

*2 Two versions available, one with factory identification mark and the other without



VD CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I _F	±50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I _{FM}	±1	A
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I _C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P _C	150	mW
	Total power dissipation	P _{tot}	200	mW
	Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-30 ~ +100	°C
	Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
	*2 Isolation voltage	V _{iso}	5	kVrms
	*3 Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width ≤ 100μs, Duty ratio: 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40~60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.4	V	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}$
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	—	—	3.0	V	$I_{FM} = \pm 0.5\text{A}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	50	250	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	35	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	6	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
Transfer characteristics	* Collector current	I_C	0.2	—	3	mA	$I_F = \pm 1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	—	0.1	0.2	V	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}, I_C = 1\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40 ~ 60% R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Cut-off frequency	f_c	15	80	—	kHz	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega, -3\text{dB}$
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	—	4	18	μs	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega$
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	—	3	18	μs	

$$*CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$$

■ SUPPLEMENT

- **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method**

- (1) Anode and cathode on input side, collector and emitter on output side shall be shortened individually.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)

- **Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.**

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL(%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

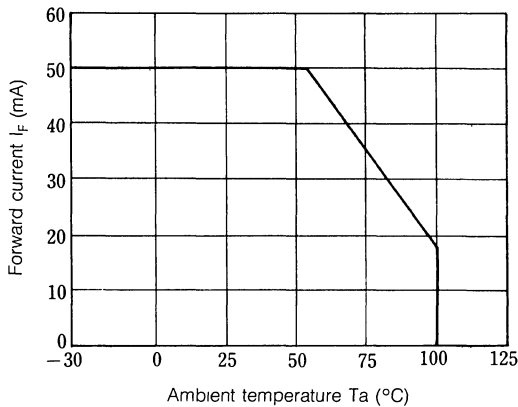


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

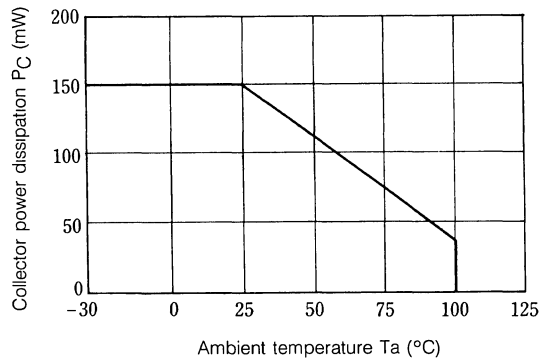


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

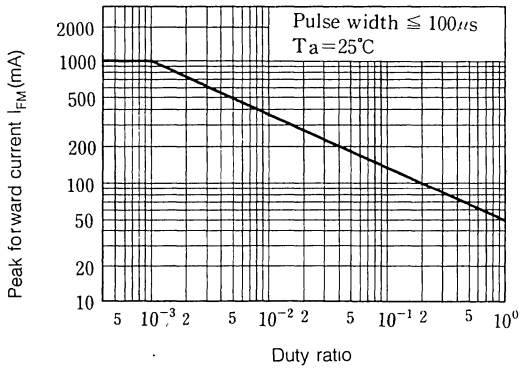


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

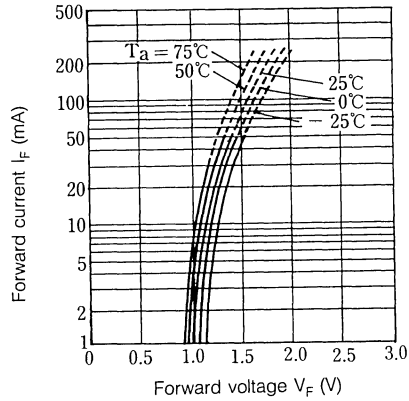


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

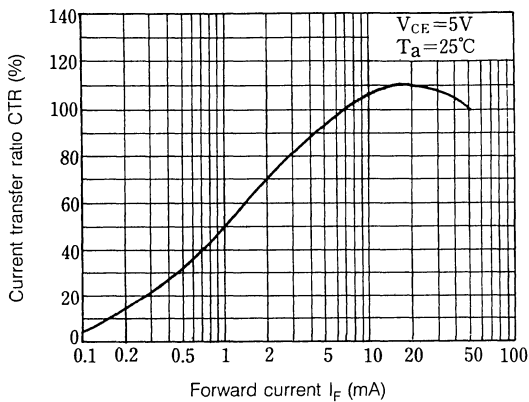


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

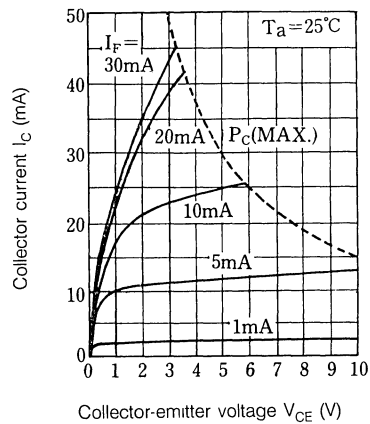


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

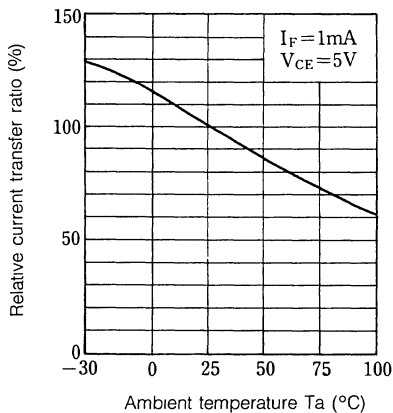


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

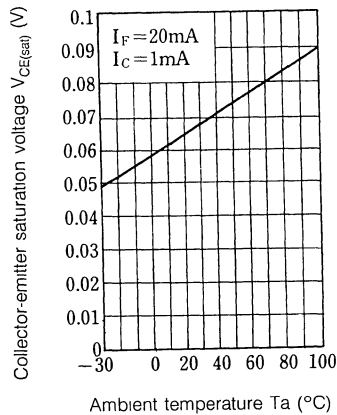


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

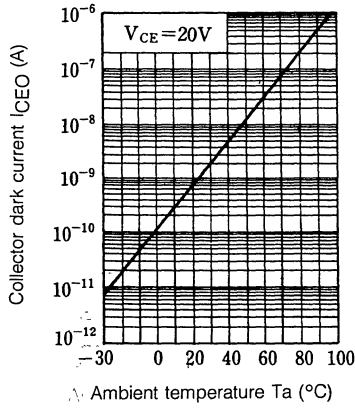


Fig. 10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

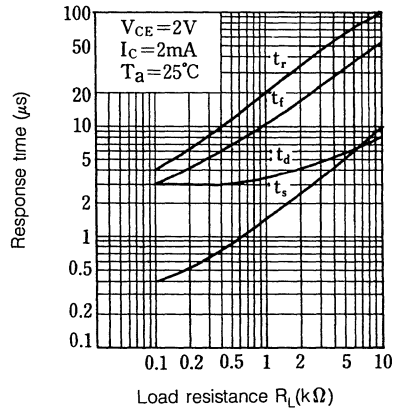


Fig. 11 Frequency Response

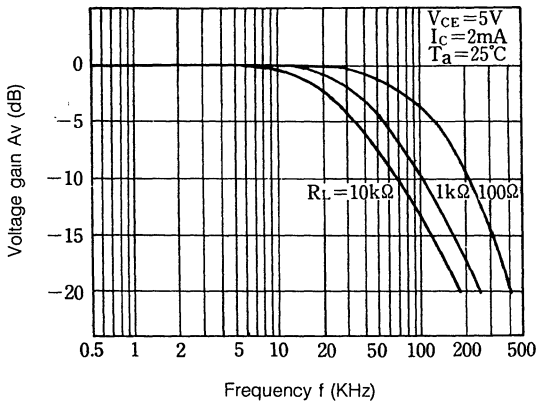
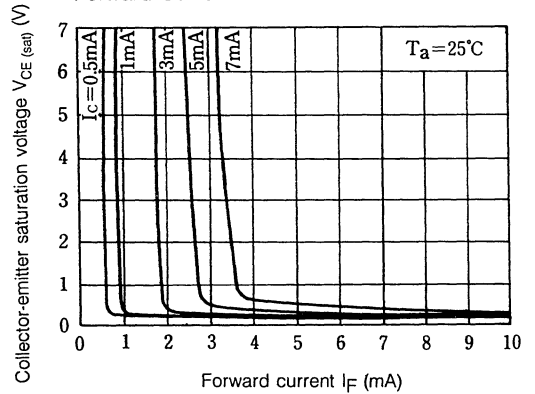
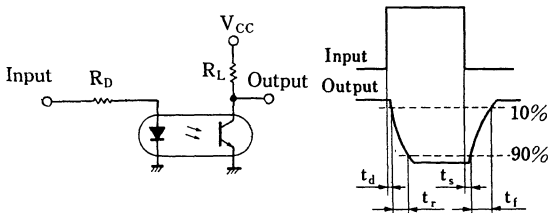


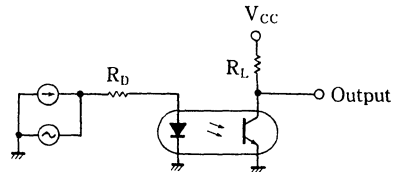
Fig. 12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frequency Response



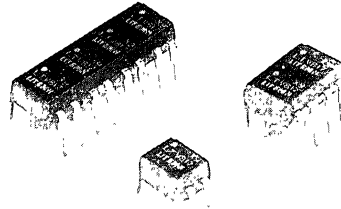


High Density Mounting Type Photocoupler LTV817/LTV827/LTV847



FEATURES

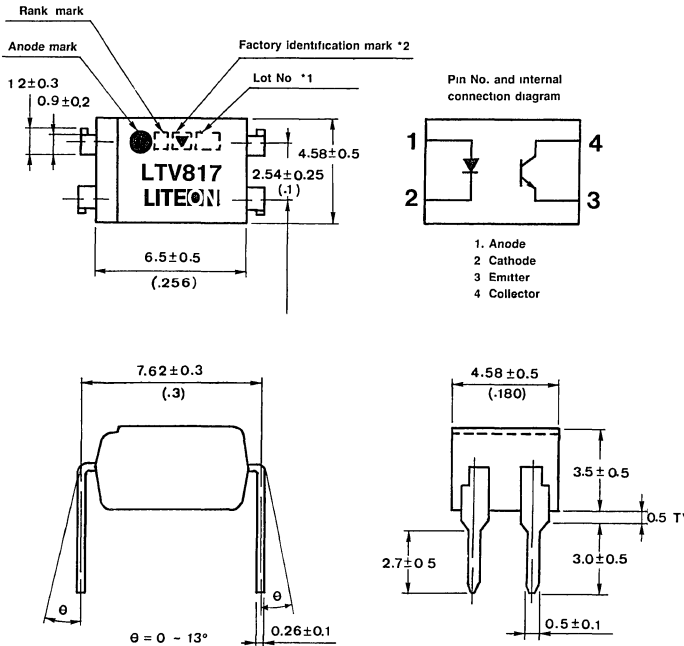
1. Current transfer ratio
CTR: MIN. 50% at $I_F = 5\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
2. High input-output isolation voltage
(V_{ISO} : 5,000 Vrms)
3. Compact dual-in-line package
LTV817: 1-channel type, LTV827: 2-channel type
LTV847: 4-channel type
4. UL approved (No. E 113898(s))



APPLICATIONS

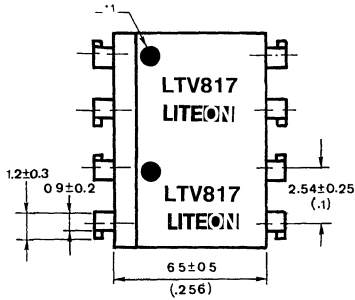
1. Computer terminals
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Registers, copiers, automatic vending machines
4. Electric home appliances such as fan heaters, etc.
5. Medical instruments, physical and chemical equipments.
6. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)

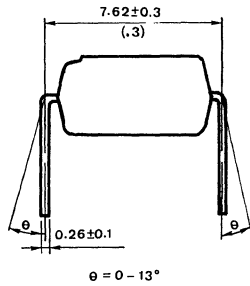
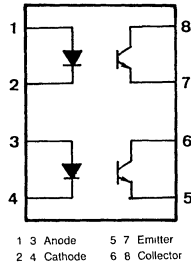


*1 2-digit number marked according to DIN standard

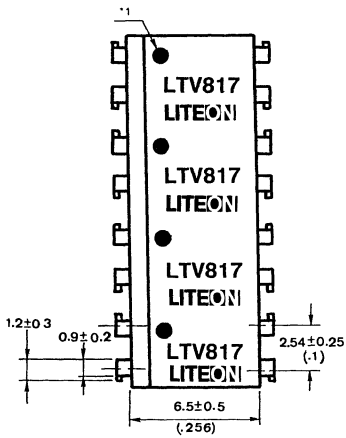
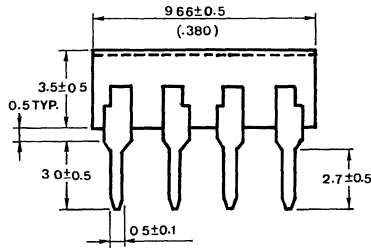
*2 Two versions available, one with factory identification mark and the other without



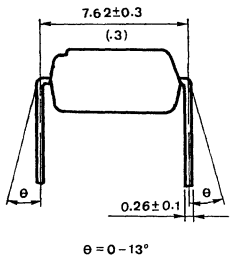
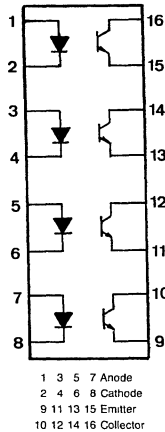
Pin No. and internal connection diagram



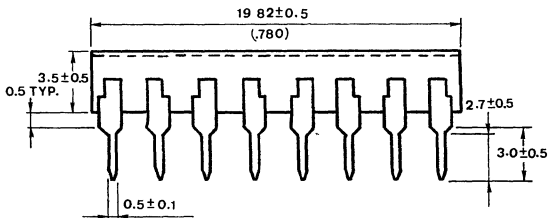
Note *1 Anode mark



Pin No. and internal connection diagram



Note *1 Anode mark



■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	200	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-30 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-55 ~ +125	°C
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5	kVrms
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 100\mu s$, Duty ratio: 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• Electro-optical characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	—	—	3.0	V	$I_{FM} = 0.5\text{A}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	30	250	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0, R_{BE} = \infty$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	35	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	6	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
Transfer characteristics	* Collector current	I_C	2.5	—	30	mA	$I_F = 5\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	—	0.1	0.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}, I_C = 1\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω	500V DC, 40 ~ 60% R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Cut-off frequency	f_c	—	80	—	kHz	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega, -3\text{dB}$
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	—	4	18	μs	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA},$ $R_L = 100\Omega$
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	—	3	18	μs	

$$*CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$$

☐ SUPPLEMENT

◦ **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**

- (1) Anode and cathode on input side, collector and emitter on output side shall be shortened individually.
- (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.

(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)

◦ **Rank table of collector current I_C (for LTV 817 only)**

Model No.	Rank mark	I_C (mA)
LTV817A	A	4.0~8.0
LTV817B	B	6.5~13
LTV817C	C	10~20
LTV817D	D	15~30
LTV817	A, B, C, D or No mark	2.5~30

Conditions	$I_F = 5\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
------------	--

◦ **Inspection standard**

Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.

- (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

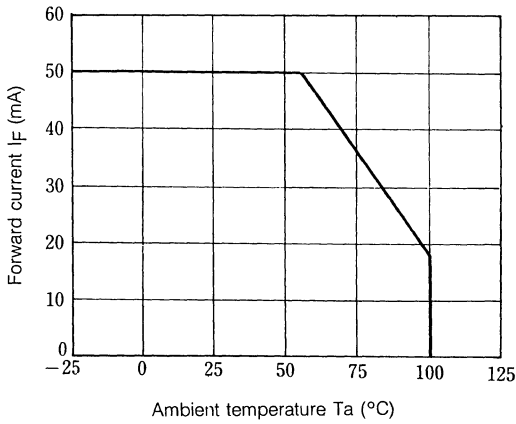


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

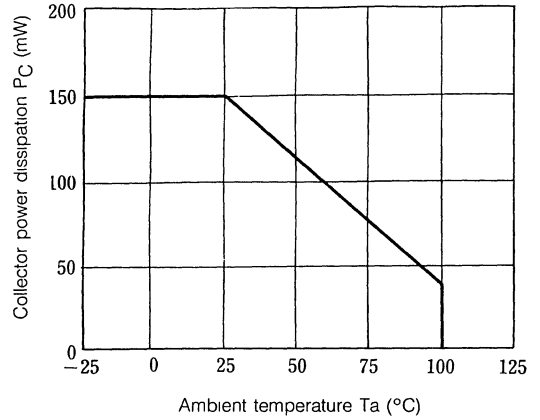


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

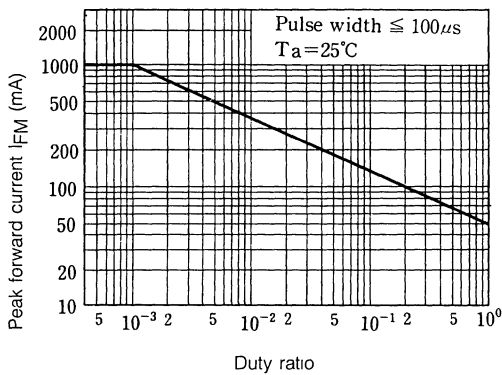


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

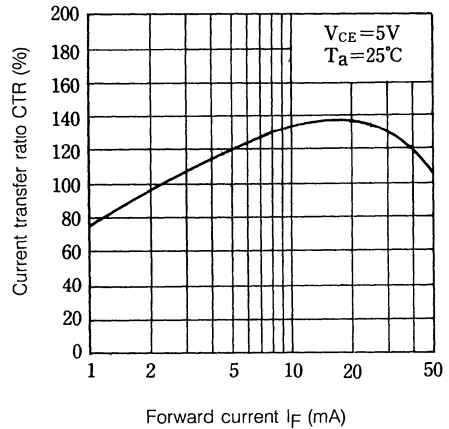


Fig. 5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

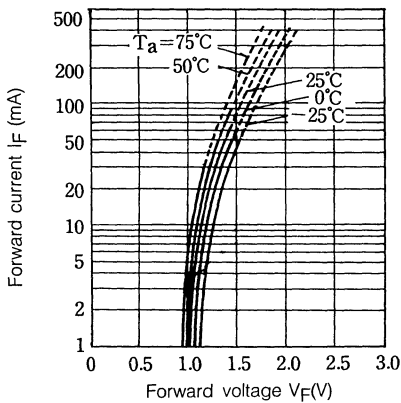


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

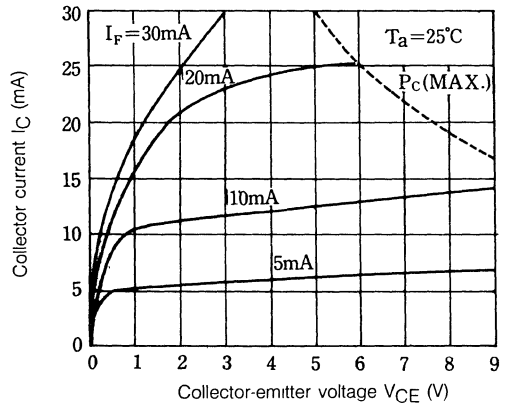


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

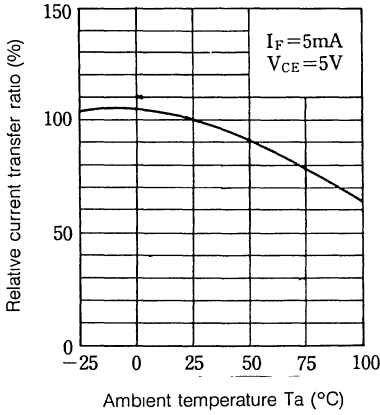


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

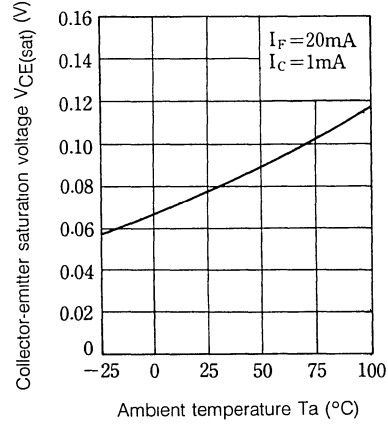


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

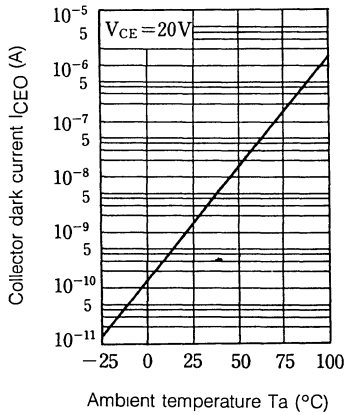


Fig. 10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

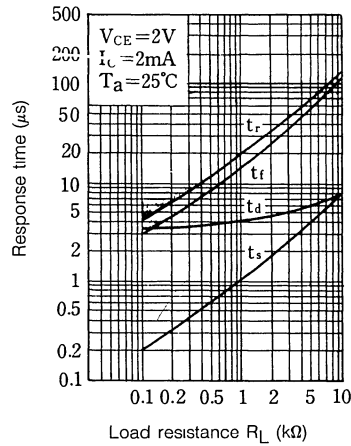


Fig. 11 Frequency Response

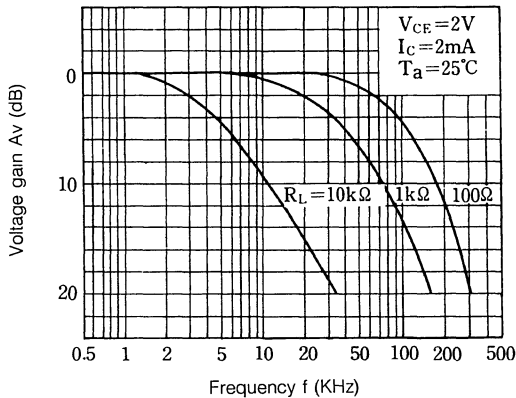
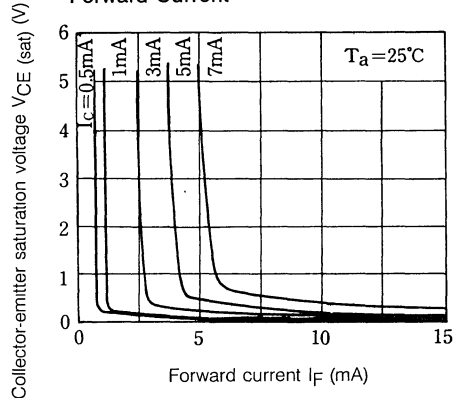
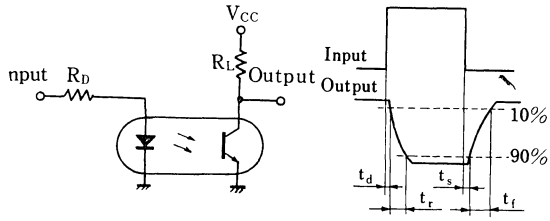


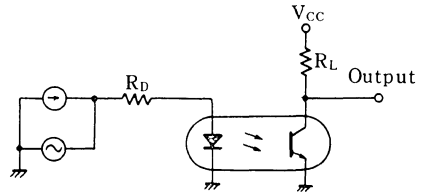
Fig. 12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Test Circuit for Response Time

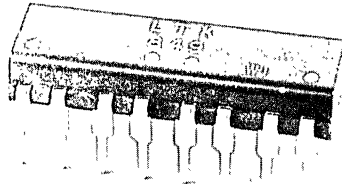


Test Circuit for Frequency Response



FEATURES

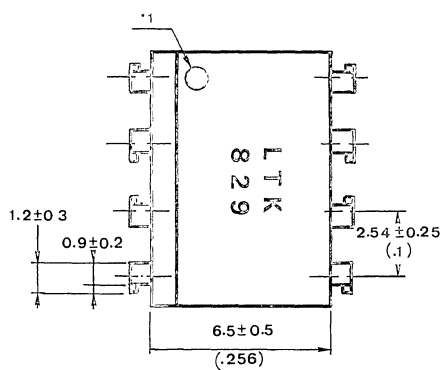
1. Symmetrical terminal configuration
LTK829: 2-channel type
LTK849: 4-channel type
2. High current transfer ratio
(CTR: MIN. 50% at $I_F = 5\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$)
3. High input-output isolation voltage
(V_{iso} : 5,000 Vrms)
4. UL approved (No. E113898(s))



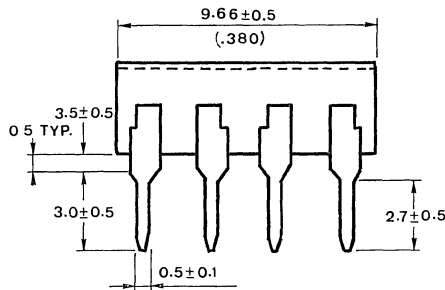
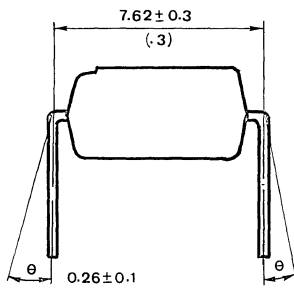
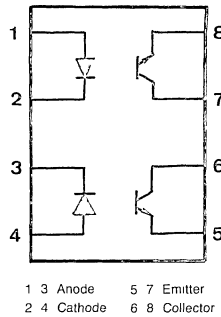
APPLICATIONS

1. Telephone exchanges
2. Computer terminal
3. System appliances, measuring instruments
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)

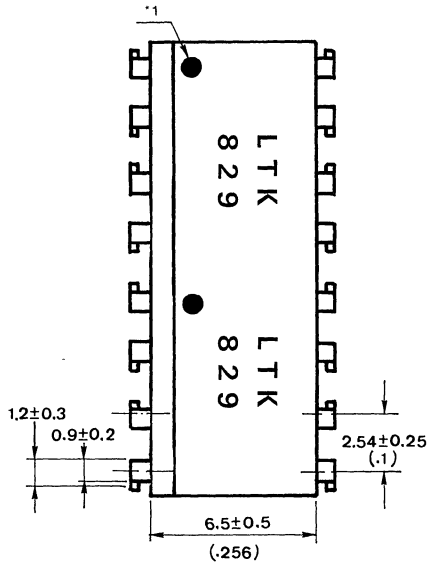


Pin No. and internal connection diagram

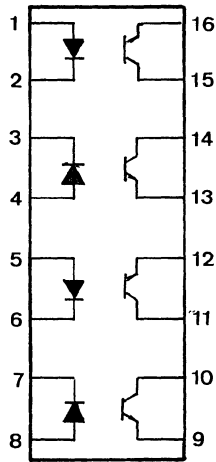


$\theta = 0 - 13^\circ$

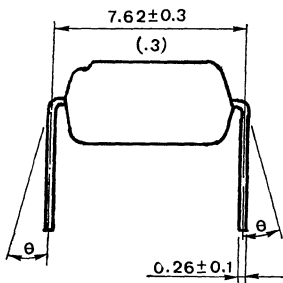
Note *1 Anode mark



Pin No and internal connection diagram

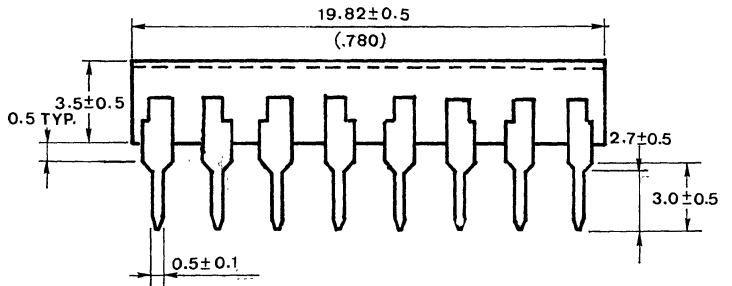


1 4 5 8 Anode 9 12 13 16 Emitter
2 3 6 7 Cathode 10 11 14 15 Collector



$\theta = 0 - 13^\circ$

Note *1 Anode mark



■ RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

• Absolute maximum ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	170	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-25 ~ +100	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40 ~ +125	°C
*2 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5	kVrms
*3 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 100\mu s$, Duty ratio: 0.001

*2 AC for 1 minute, 40 ~ 60% R.H.

*3 For 10 seconds

• **Electro-optical characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	—	1.2	1.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	—	—	3.0	V	$I_{FM} = 0.5\text{A}$
	Reverse current	I_R	—	—	10	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	—	30	250	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{ kHz}$
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	—	—	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0$
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV_{CEO}	35	—	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, I_F = 0$
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	6	—	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_F = 0$
Transfer characteristics	Collector current	I_C	2.5	—	20	mA	$I_F = 5\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.1	0.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}, I_C = 1\text{mA}$
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	Ω	DC500V, 40 ~ 60% R.H.
	Floating capacitance	C_f	—	0.6	1.0	pF	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
	Cut off frequency	f_C	—	80	—	kHz	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega, -3\text{dB}$
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	—	4	—	μs	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}$ $R_L = 100\Omega$
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	—	3	—	μs	

$$*CTR = \frac{I_C}{I_F} \times 100\%$$

■ SUPPLEMENT

- **Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**
 - (1) Anode and cathode on input side, collector and emitter on output side shall be shortened individually.
 - (2) The isolation voltage tester with a zero-cross circuit shall be used.
 - (3) The waveform of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage shall be measured in insulation oil.)
- **Outgoing inspection standard for LITON products are shown below.**
 - (1) A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on MIL-STD-105D is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)	Judgement criterion
Major defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical characteristics • Unreadable marking • Open, short 	0.25	Depend on the specification
Minor defect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appearance • Dimension 	0.4	

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

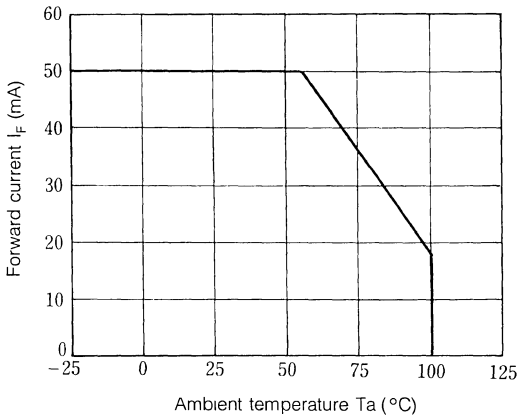


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

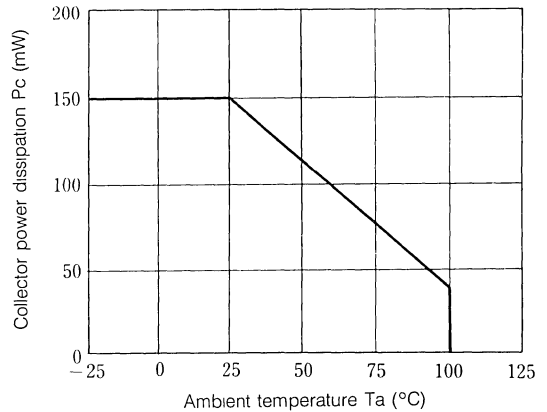


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

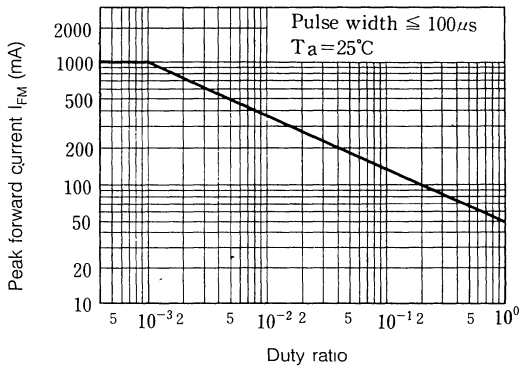


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

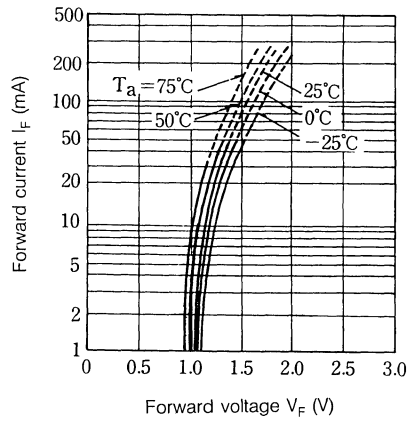


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

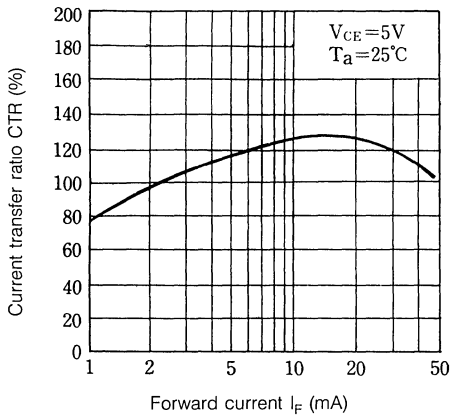


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

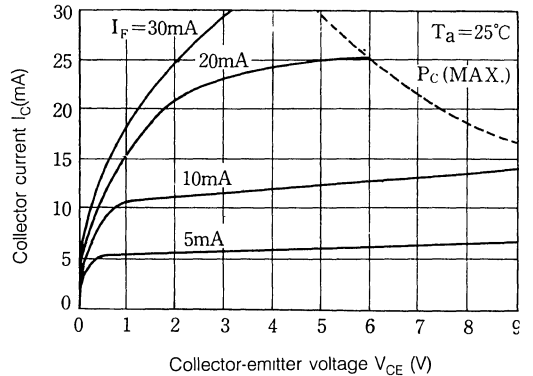


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

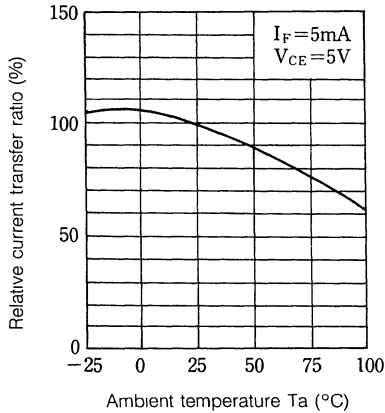


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

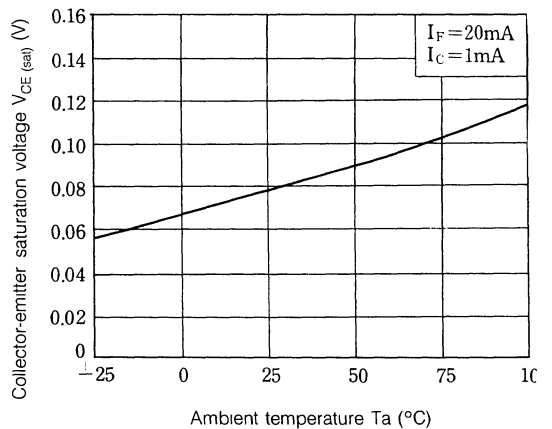


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

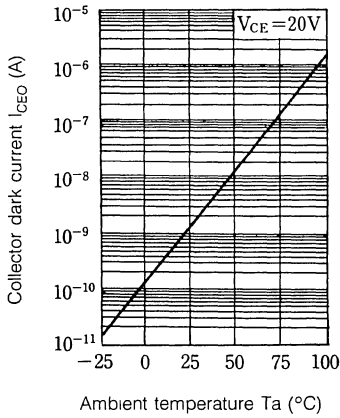


Fig. 10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

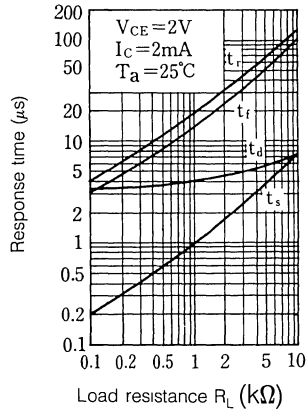


Fig. 11 Frequency Response

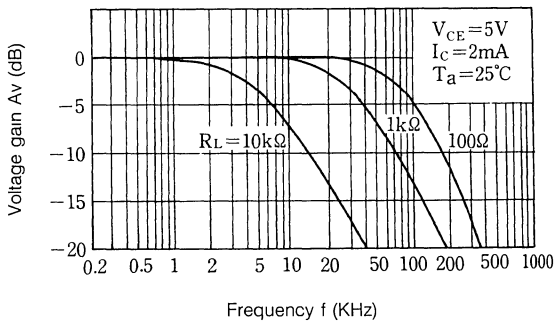
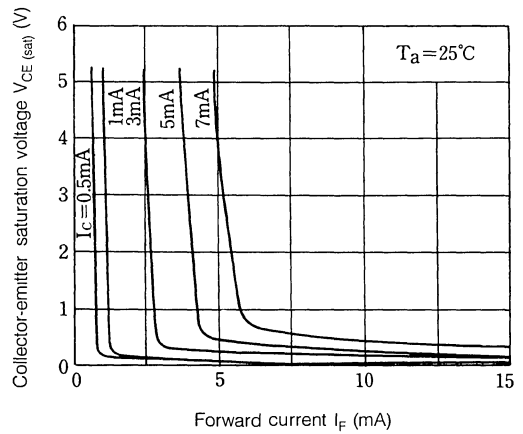
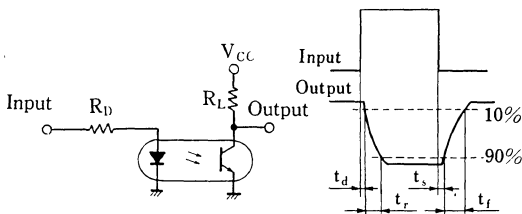


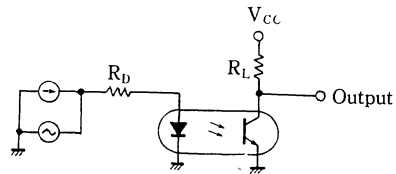
Fig. 12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Test Circuit for Response Time

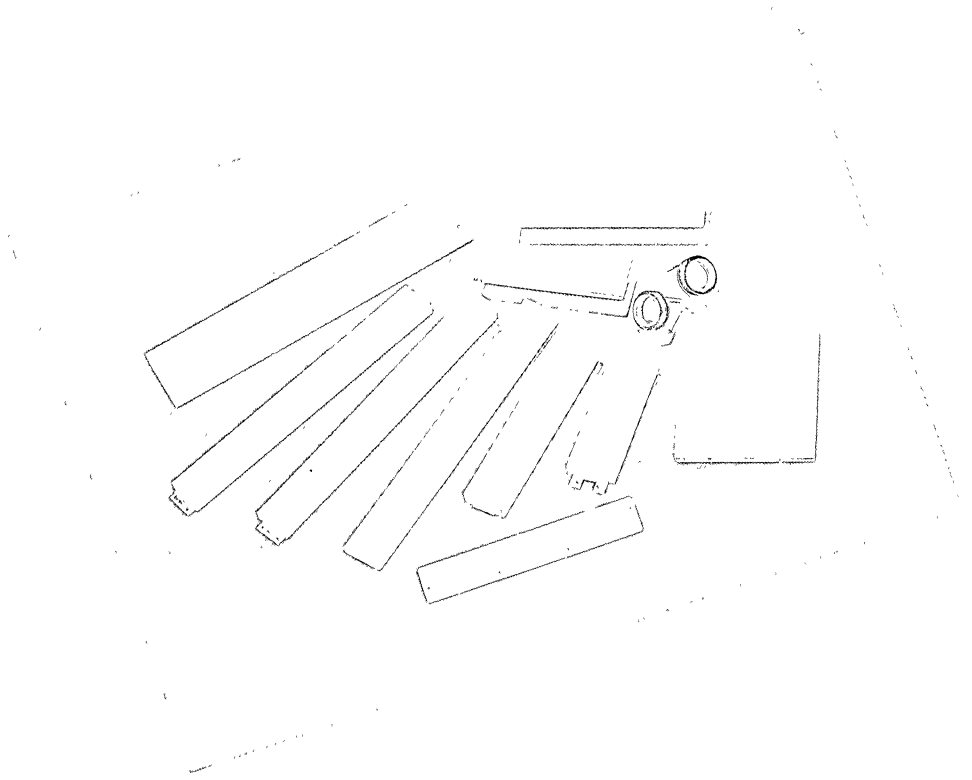


Test Circuit for Frequency Response



B. LCD Back Light

• LCD BACK LIGHT QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE



LCD BACK LIGHT

LCD BACK LIGHT QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY lv TYP.	SUPPLY VOLTAGE	PACKAGE DIMENSION	PAGE NO.
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	TYPE				
77.5mm L 24.0mm W 6.0mm H	LTM-88X18	Yellow (585 nm)	Encap	250 cd/m ²	4.3 V	FIG. 1-1	B-2
169.0mm L 19.5mm W 5.5mm H	LTM-88X20	Green (565 nm)	Encap	50 cd/m ²	4.1 V	FIG. 1-2	B-5
109.0mm L 18.0mm W 3.0mm H	LTM-88X21	Green (565 nm)	Side Look	20 cd/m ²	4.1 V	FIG. 1-3	B-8
169.0mm L 19.5mm W 5.5mm H	LTM-88X30	Yellow (585 nm)	Encap	50 cd/m ²	4.1 V	FIG. 1-4	B-11
165.0mm L 21.5mm W 3.2mm H	LTM-88X32	Green (565 nm)	Coating	45 cd/m ²	4.1 V	FIG. 1-5	B-14
φ20.2mm L 6.8mm H	LTM-88X38	Green (565 nm)	Air	30 cd/m ²	4.2 V	FIG. 1-6	B-17
80.0mm L 24.0mm W 3.2mm H	LTM-89X03	Green (565 nm)	Side Look Coating	26 cd/m ²	4.2 V	FIG. 1-7	B-20
100.0mm L 24.0mm W 3.2mm H	LTM-89X04	Green (565 nm)	Side Look Coating	23 cd/m ²	4.2 V	FIG. 1-8	B-23
178.5mm L 35.5mm W 5.5mm H	LTM-89X06	Green (565 nm)	Coating	100 cd/m ²	4.1 V	FIG. 1-9	B-26
80.0mm L 67.0mm W 3.0mm H	LTM-89X10	Orange (635 nm)	Side Look Coating	4 cd/m ²	8.2 V	FIG. 1-10	B-29
107.65mm L 22.0mm W 7.0mm H	LTM-89X18	Yellow (585 nm)	Encap	30 cd/m ²	4.0 V	FIG. 1-11	B-32

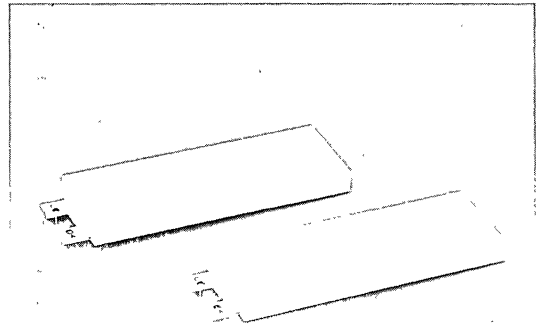


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X18

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE "LCD" EQUIPMENT.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CONCENTRATE CONFIGURATION DESIGNED TO REDUCED THICKNESS.
- RELIABLE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND GUARDED EQUIPMENT.



LCD BACK LIGHT

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

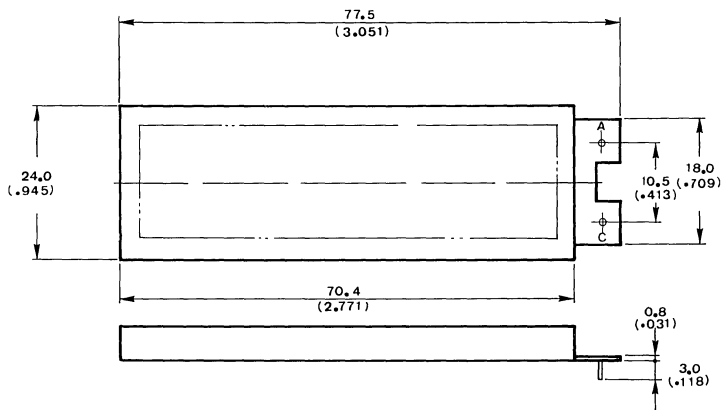
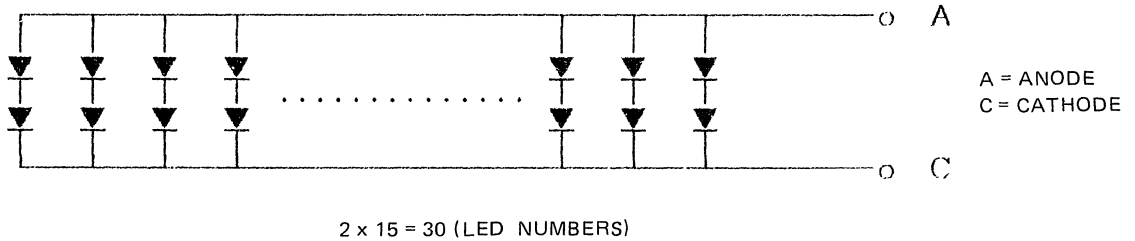


FIG. 1-1

NOTES:

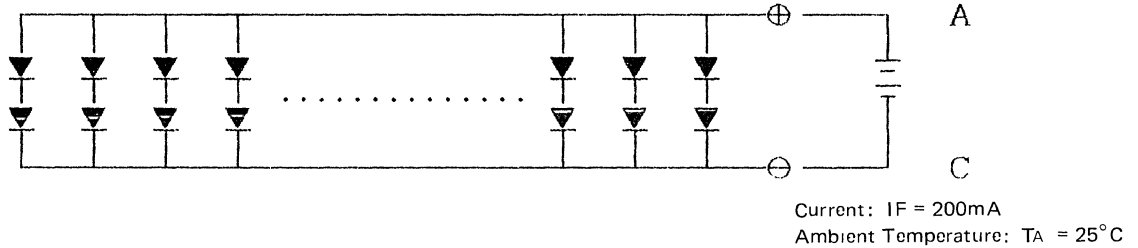
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

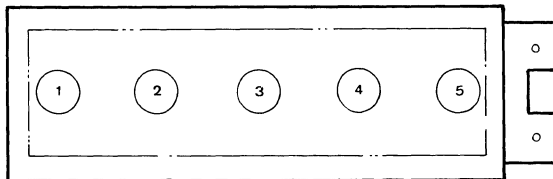


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HOLE" DIAMETER 3φ



- *(Effective Spatial Distribution)
- * 1 to 5 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	160	250	--	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	--	--	50	%	index(1)

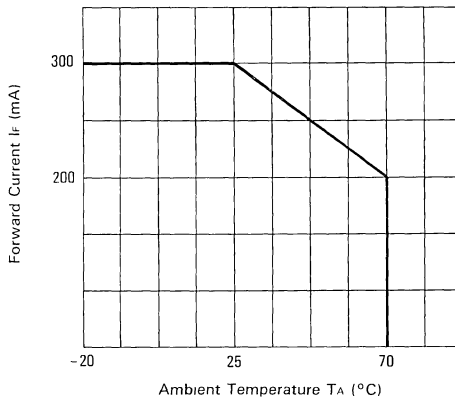
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	300 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	1.4 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	ToPr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	4.1 V	4.3 V	4.5 V	IF = 200 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	585	—	IF = 200 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	0.2 mA	VR = 20 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	—	

* Index (3) Source Color (Yellow DICE)

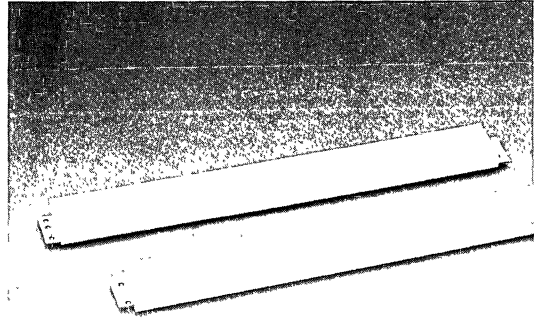


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X20

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE "LCD" EQUIPMENT.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CONCENTRATE CONFIGURATION DESIGNED TO REDUCED THICKNESS.
- RELIABLE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND GUARDED EQUIPMENT.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

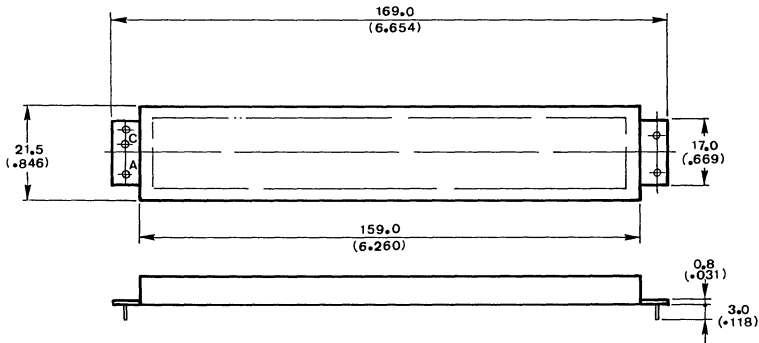
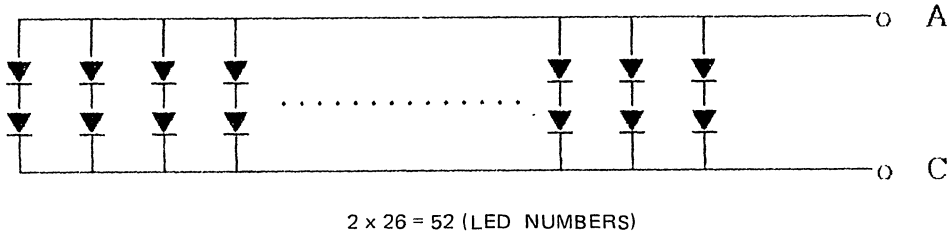


FIG. 1-2

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



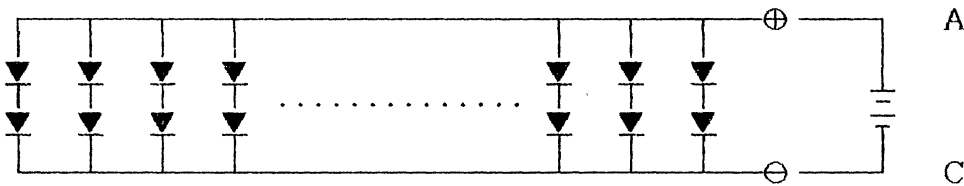
A = ANODE
C = CATHODE



2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

(Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

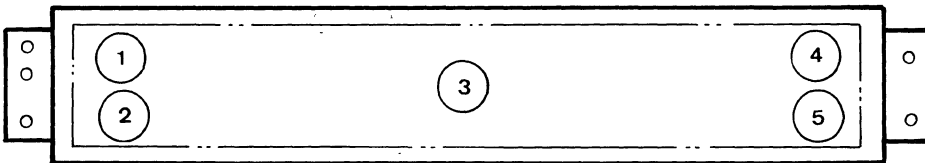
2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



Current: $I_F = 180\text{mA}$
Ambient Temperature: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

2-2 MEASURED METHOD

"HOLE" DIAMETER 3ϕ



*(Effective Spatial Distribution)
* 1 to 5 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	30	50	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index (1)

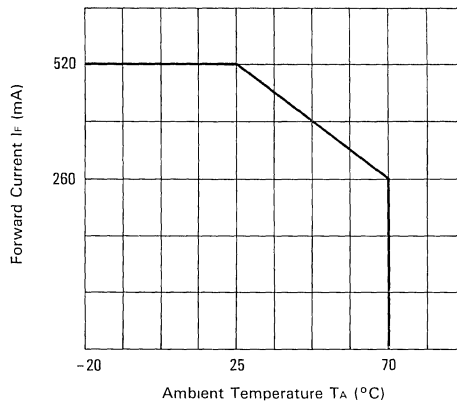
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	520 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	2.3 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	3.8 V	4.1 V	4.4 V	IF = 260 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	565	—	IF = 260 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	2.6 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	IF = 260 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Yellow Green DICE)

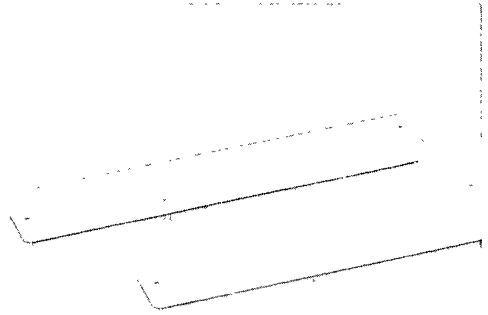


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X21

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

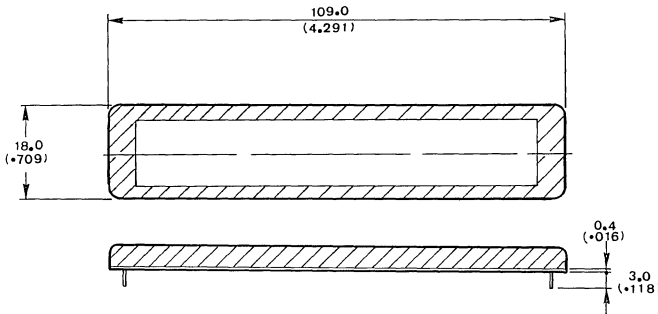
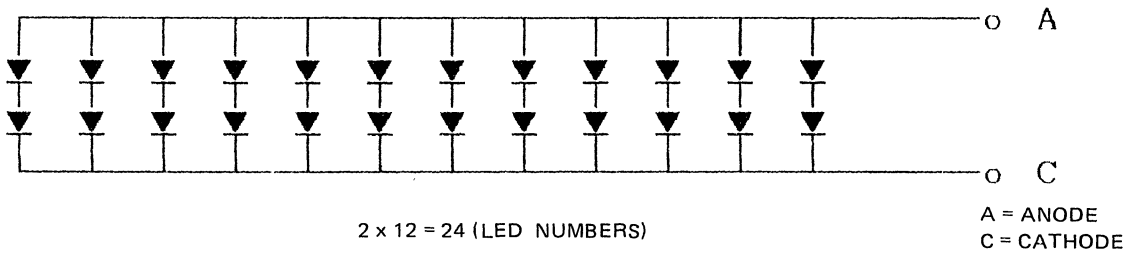


FIG. 1-3

NOTES:

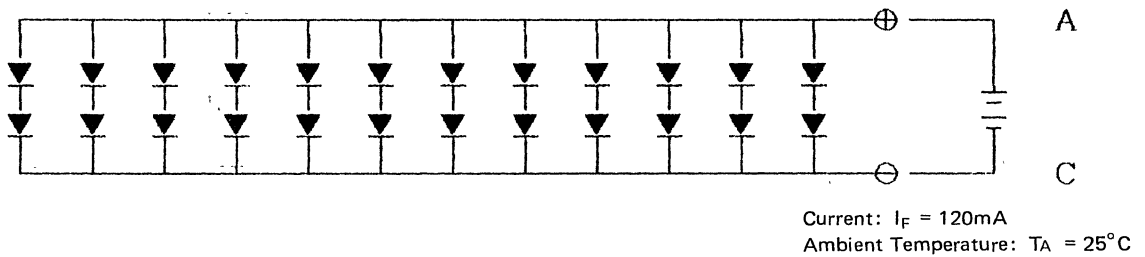
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

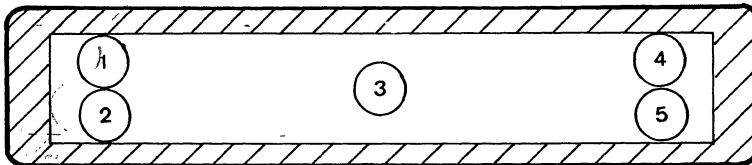


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HOLE" DIAMETER 3ϕ



*(Effective Spatial Distribution)
* 1 to 5 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	15	20	50	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

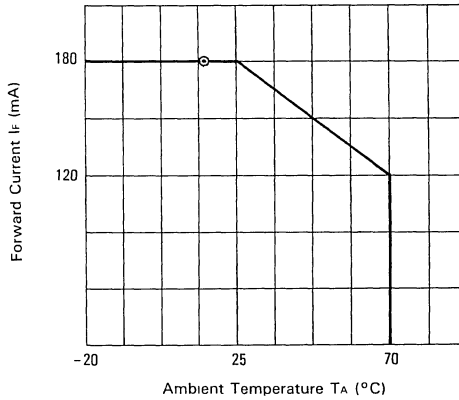
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	180 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	0.8 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	3.8 V	4.1 V	4.4 V	IF = 120 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	565	—	IF = 120 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	2.6 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Wdth	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	IF = 120 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Green DICE)

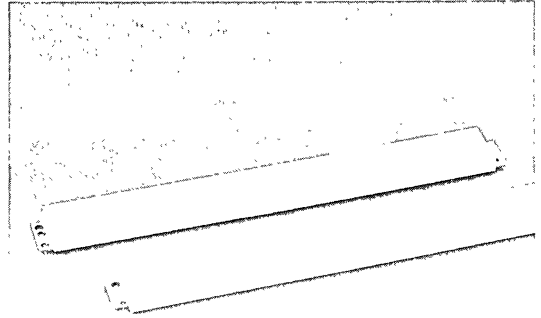


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X30

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE "LCD" EQUIPMENT.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CONCENTRATE CONFIGURATION DESIGNED TO REDUCED THICKNESS.
- RELIABLE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND GUARDED EQUIPMENT.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

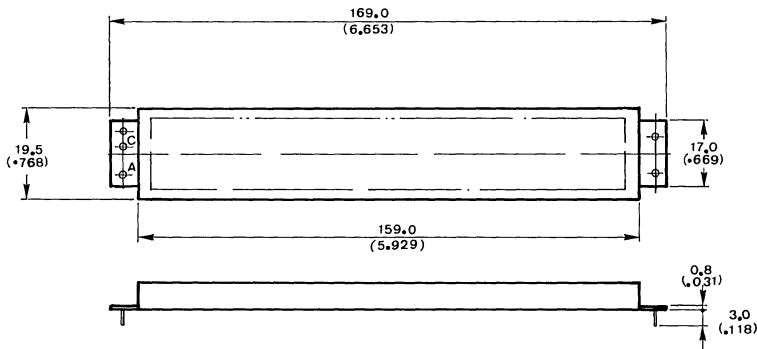
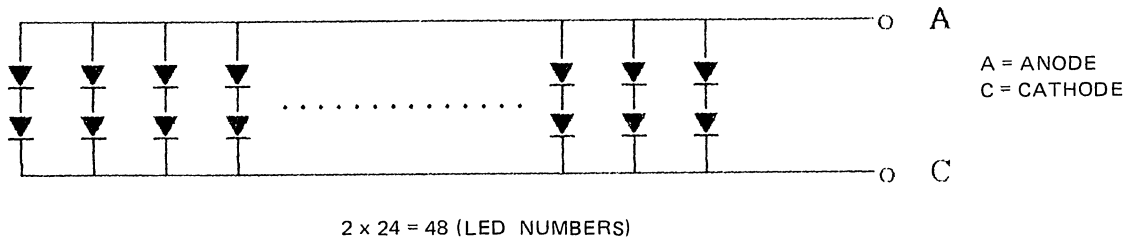


FIG. 1-4

NOTES:

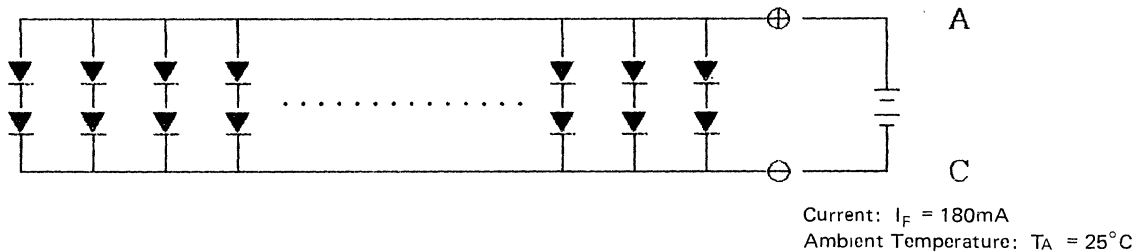
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

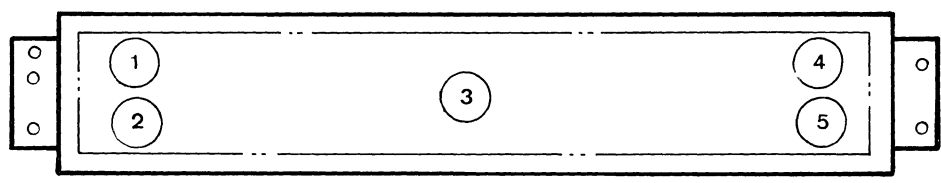


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HORIZONTAL" DIAMETER 3ϕ



*(Effective Spatial Distribution)
* 1 to 5 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	30	50	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

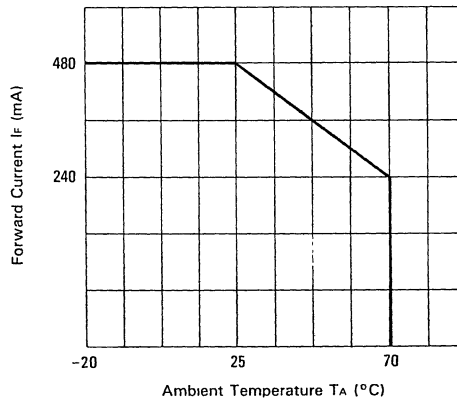
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	I_F	480 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	V_R	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	P_o	2.3 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	T_{sto}	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	V_F	3.8 V	4.1 V	4.4 V	$I_F = 240$ mA	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	585	—	$I_F = 240$ mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	I_R	—	—	2.6 mA	$V_R = 8$ V	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	$I_F = 240$ mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Yellow DICE)

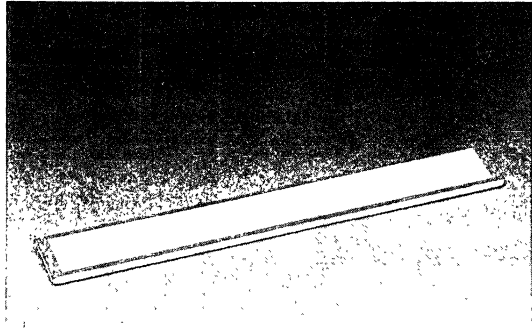


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X32

FEATURES

- THE SOLID LIGHT SOURCE BE ABLE TO REDUCE MECHANICAL STRUCTURE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.



LCD BACK LIGHT

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

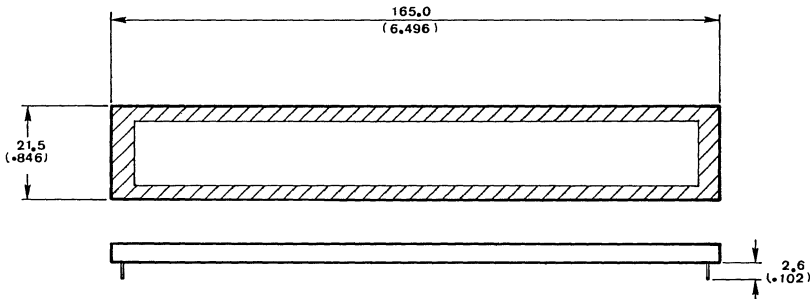
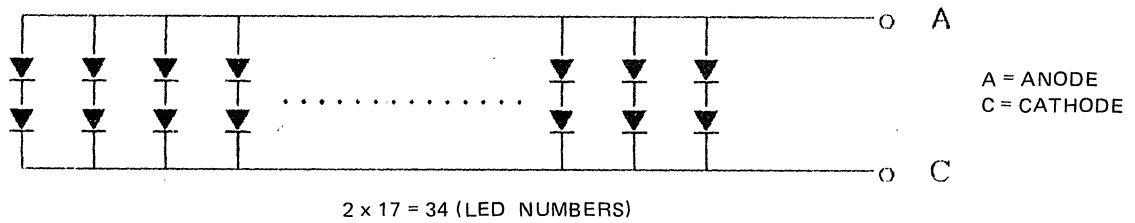


FIG. 1-5

NOTES:

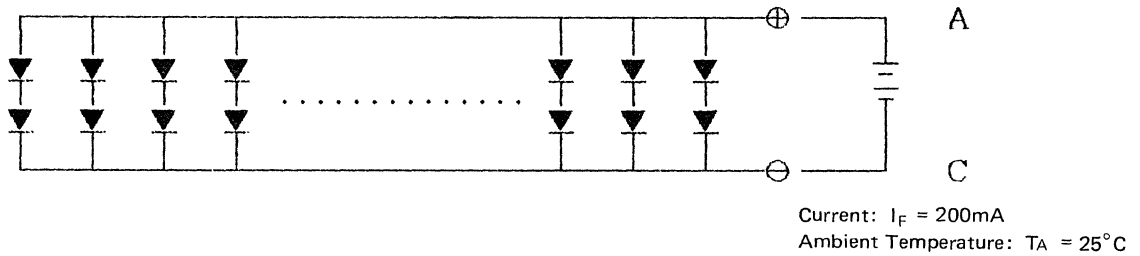
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

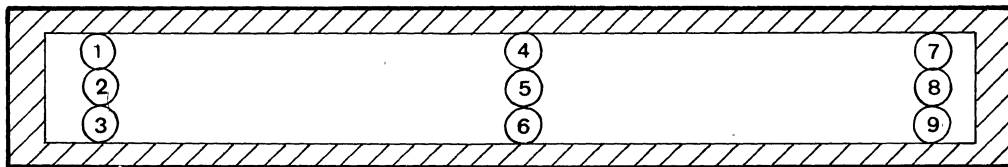


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HOLE" DIAMETER 3ϕ



*(Effective Spatial Distribution)
* 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	35	45	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	60	%	index(1)

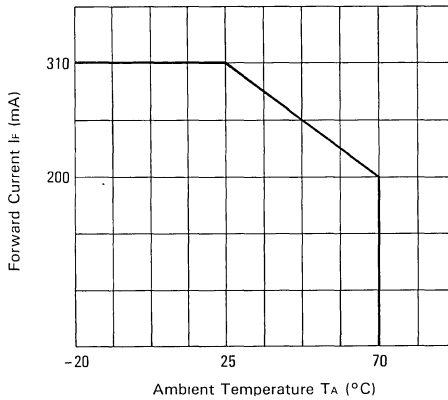
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	310 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	1,33 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	--	4.1 V	4.3 V	IF = 200 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp	--	565	--	IF = 200 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	--	--	0.1 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	--	35	--	IF = 200 mA	

* Index (3) Source Color (Green DICE)

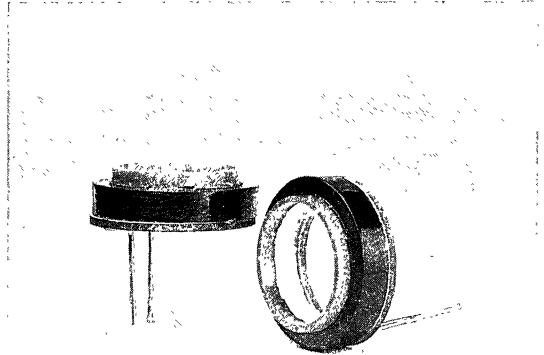


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-88X38

FEATURES

- THE SOLID LIGHT SOURCE BE ABLE TO REDUCE MECHANICAL STRUCTURE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS & LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

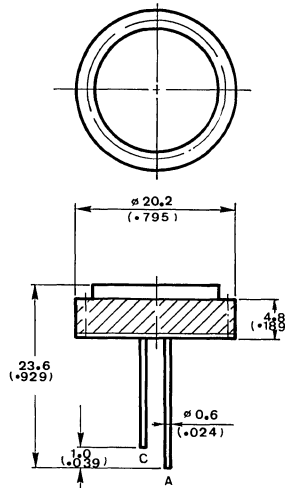
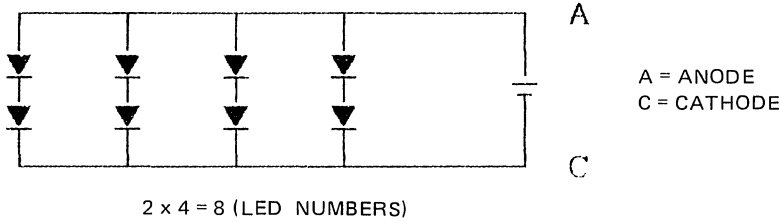


FIG. 1-6

NOTES:

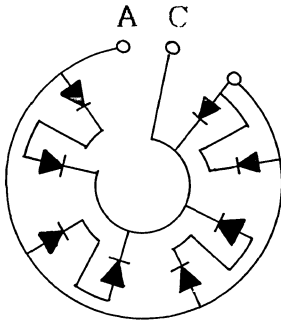
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($\pm 0.010''$) unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



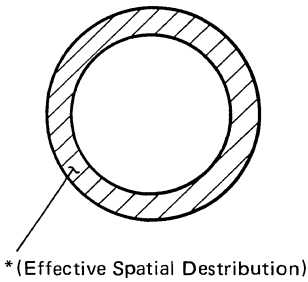
2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



Current: $I_F = 24\text{mA}$
Ambient Temperature: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

2-2 MEASURED METHOD



2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERANCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	20	30	—	cd/m ²	I _F = 24 mA
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	60	%	index(1)

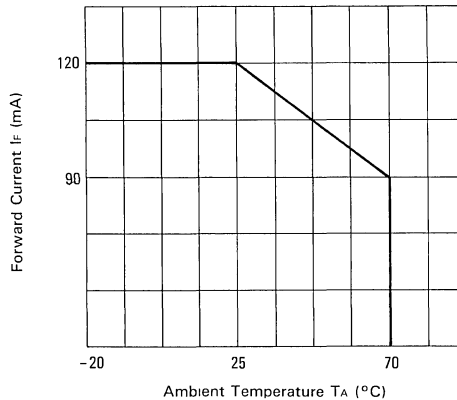
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	120 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	0,38 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	3.8 V	4.0 V	4.2 V	IF = 90 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	--	585	--	IF = 90 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	--	--	0,2 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	--	35	--	IF = 90 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Yellow DICE)

FEATURES

- THE SOLID LIGHT SOURCE BE ABLE TO REDUCE MECHANICAL STRUCTURE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

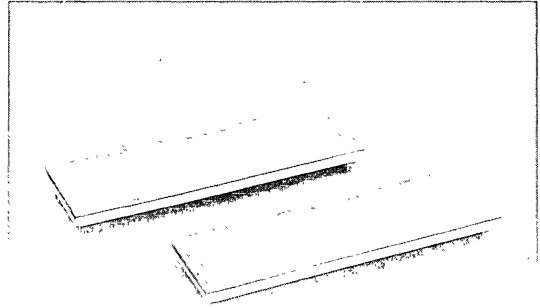
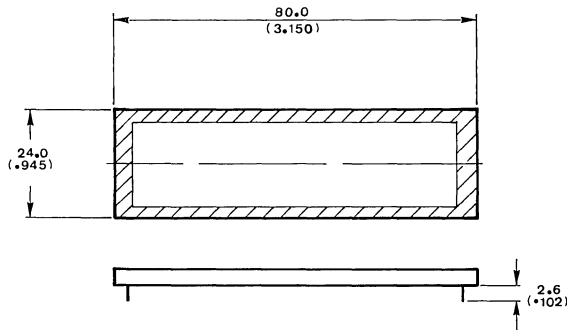
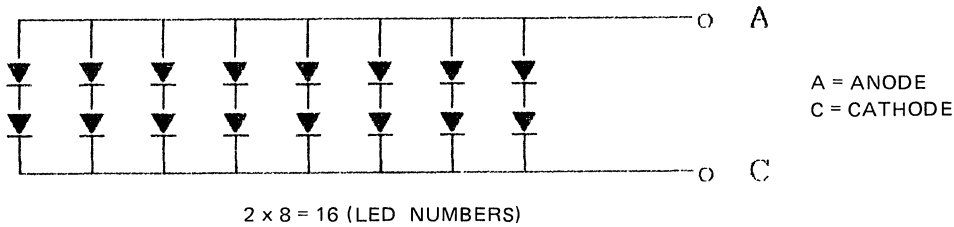
**LCD BACK LIGHT****PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

FIG. 1-7

NOTES:

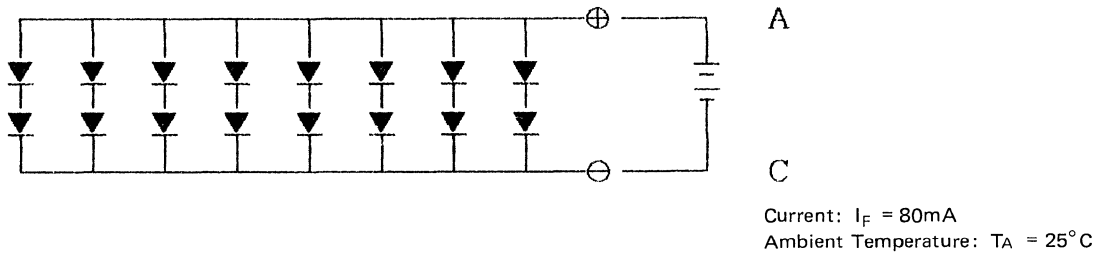
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

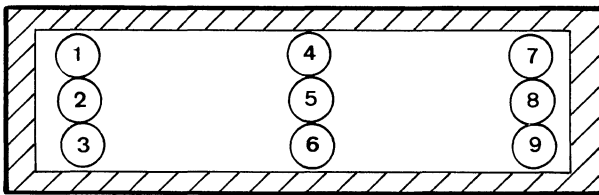


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD



- * (Effective Spatial Distribution)
- * 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	23	26	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

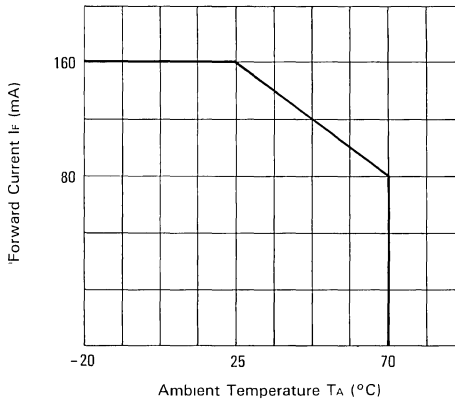
B-21
134 * Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	160 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	0.7 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



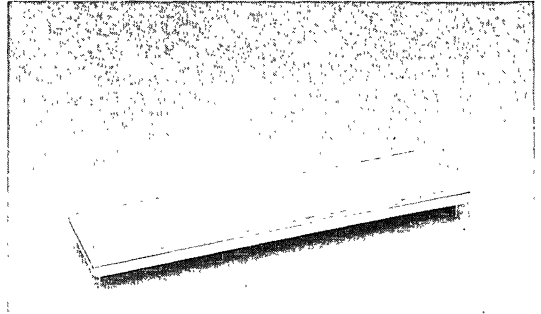
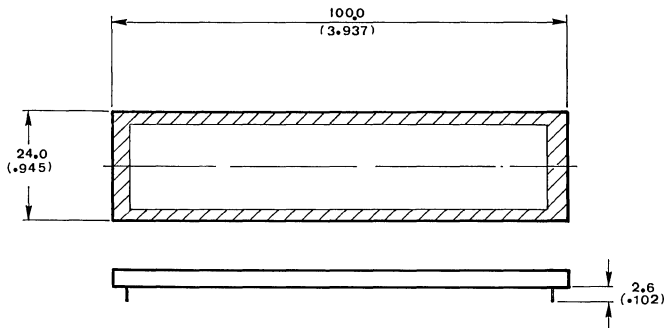
5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	4.0 V	4.2 V	4.4 V	IF = 80 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp	—	565	—	IF = 80 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	0.2 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	—	35	—	IF = 80 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Green DICE)

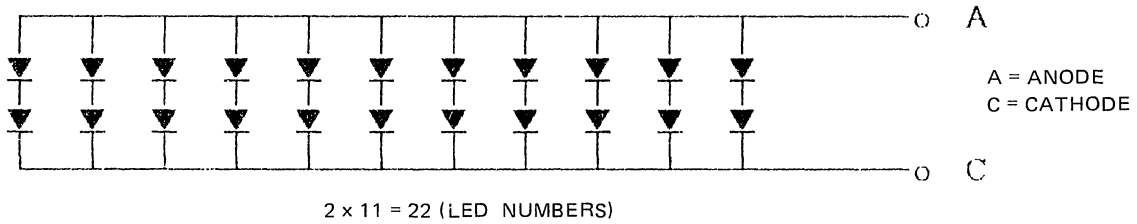
FEATURES

- THE SOLID LIGHT SOURCE BE ABLE TO REDUCE MECHANICAL STRUCTURE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTER APPEARANCE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS****FIG. 1-8****NOTES:**

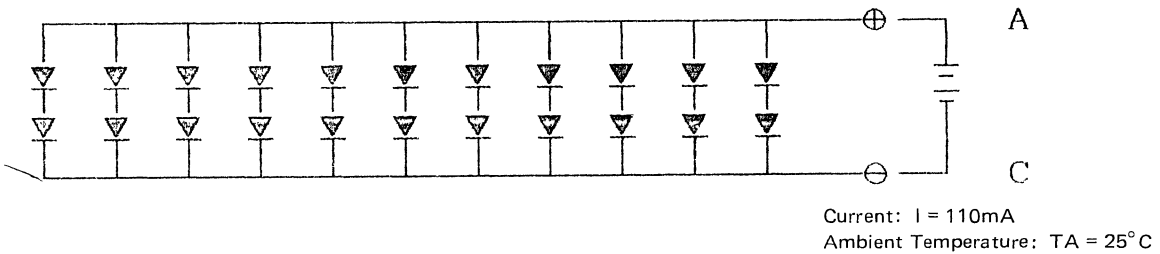
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

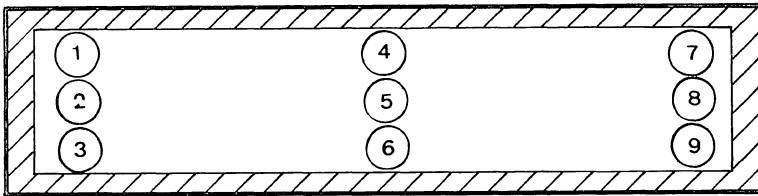


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD



- * (Effective Spatial Distribution)
- * 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	18	23	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

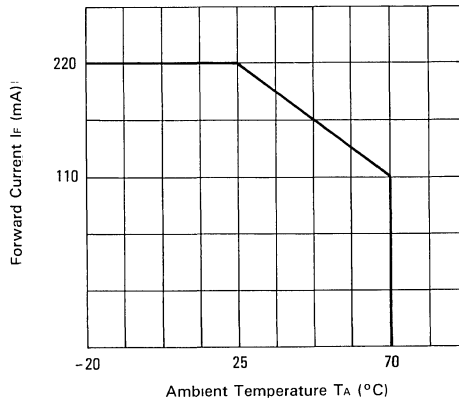
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	220 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	0.968 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	4.0 V	4.2 V	4.4 V	IF = 110 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	565	—	IF = 110 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	0.2 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	IF = 110 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Green DICE)

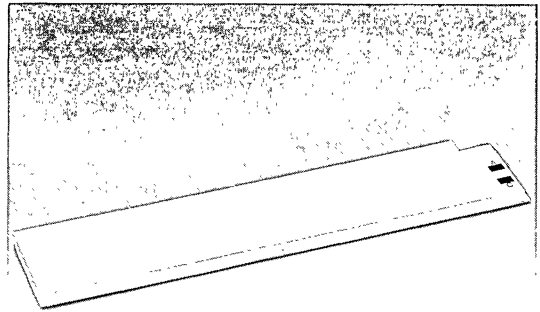


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-89X06

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE "LCD" EQUIPMENT.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CONCENTRATE CONFIGURATION DESIGNED TO REDUCED THICKNESS.
- RELIABLE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND GUARDED EQUIPMENT.



LCD BACK LIGHT

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

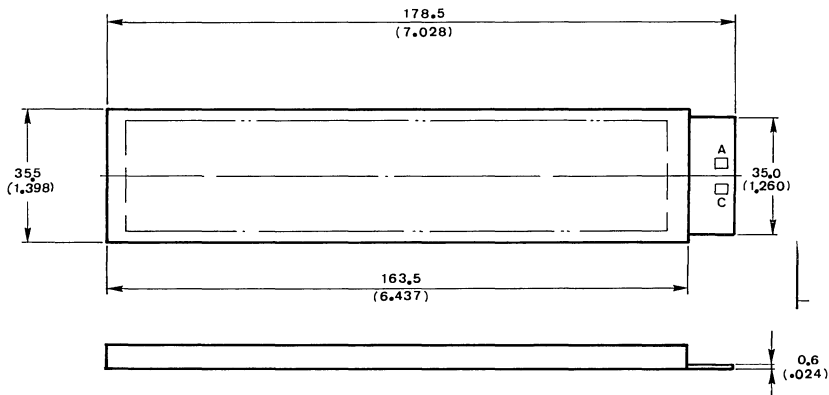
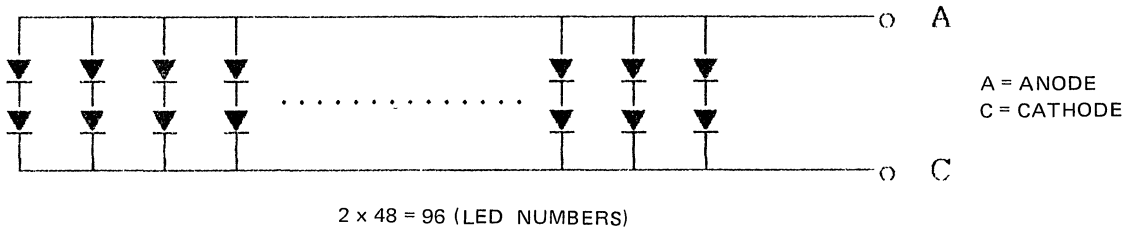


FIG. 1-9

NOTES:

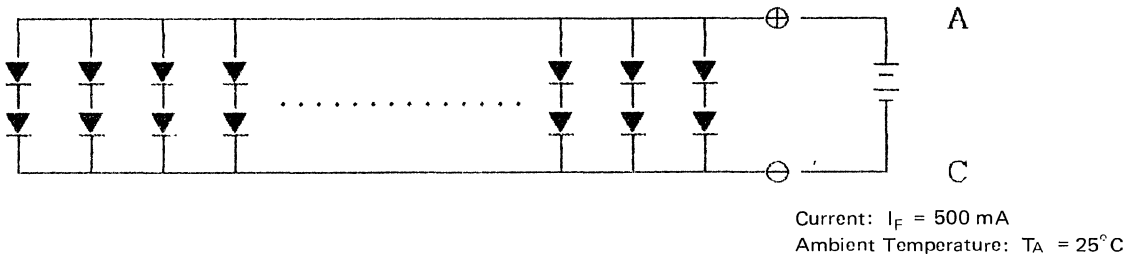
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

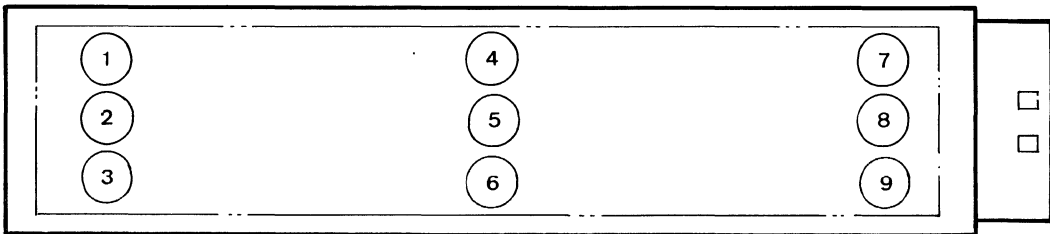


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HOLE" DIAMETER 3φ



- *(Effective Spatial Distribution)
- * 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	80	100	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

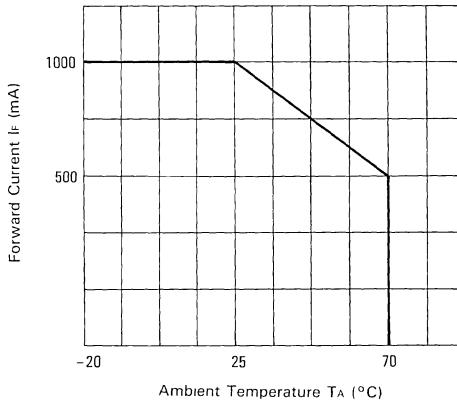
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	1000 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	4,3 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	VF	4.0 V	4.1 V	4.3 V	IF = 500 mA	TA = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	565	—	IF = 500 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	IR	—	—	0.1 mA	VR = 8 V	TA = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—	IF = 500 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Green DICE)

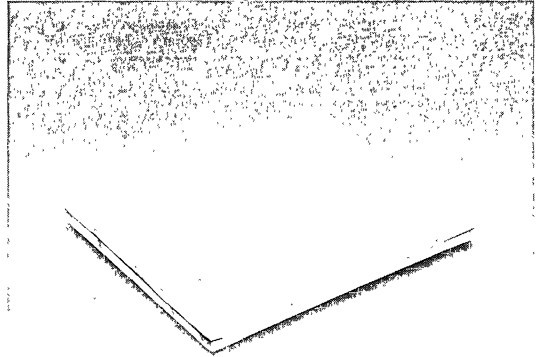


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-89X10

FEATURES

- THE SOLID LIGHT SOURCE BE ABLE TO REDUCE MECHANICAL STRUCTURE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

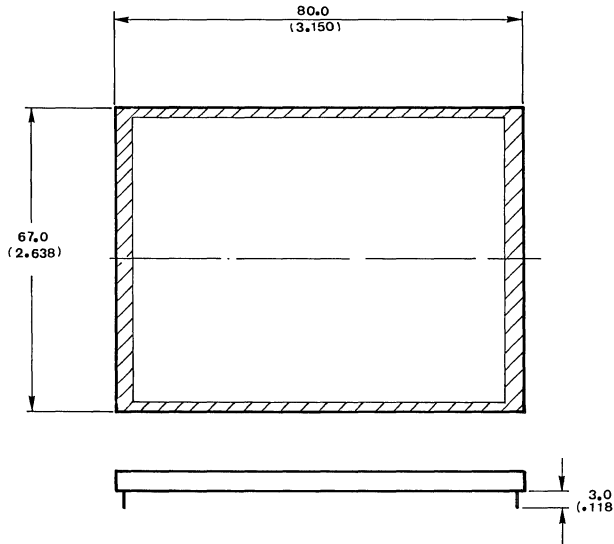
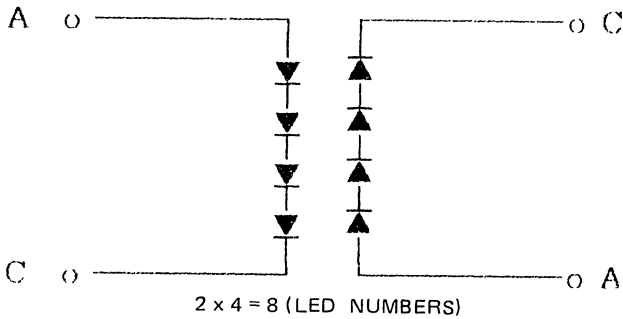


FIG. 1-10

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

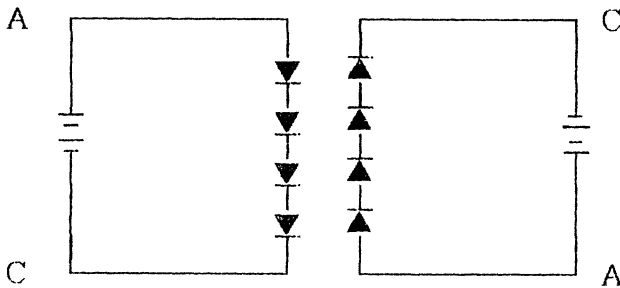


A = ANODE
C = CATHODE

2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

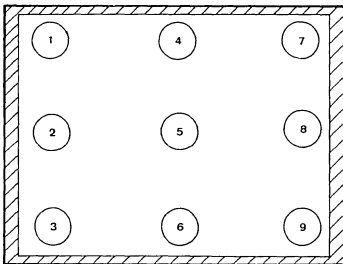
(Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



Current: $I_F = 30\text{mA}$
Ambint Ambient Temperature: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

2-2 MEASURED METHOD



*(Effective Spatial Distribution)
* 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	2	4	-	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	-	-	50	%	index(1)

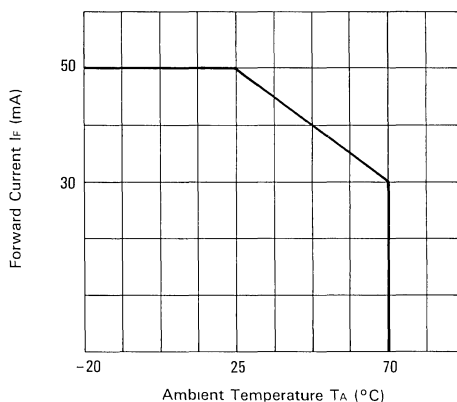
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	IF	50 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	VR	16 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	Po	0.4 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT TA = 25°C

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	V _F	8.0 V	8.2 V	8.4 V	I _F = 30 mA	T _A = 25°C
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	635	—	I _F = 30 mA	Index (3)
Reverse Current	I _R	—	—	0.2 mA	V _R = 16 V	T _A = 25°C
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	40	—	I _F = 30 mA	

* Index (3): Source Color (Orange DICE)

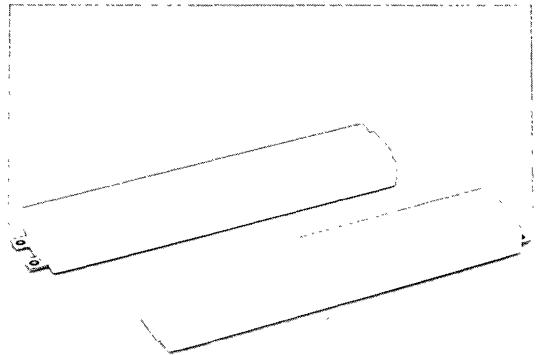


LCD BACK LIGHT

LTM-89X18

FEATURES

- FREE DESIGN ACCORDING TO INSTALL IN "LCD" FIXTURE AND FURNISHED EASILY.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE "LCD" EQUIPMENT.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CONCENTRATE CONFIGURATION DESIGNED TO REDUCED THICKNESS.
- RELIABLE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND GUARDED EQUIPMENT.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

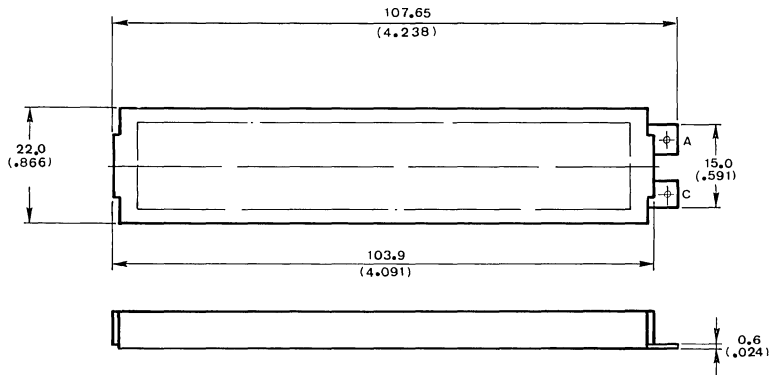


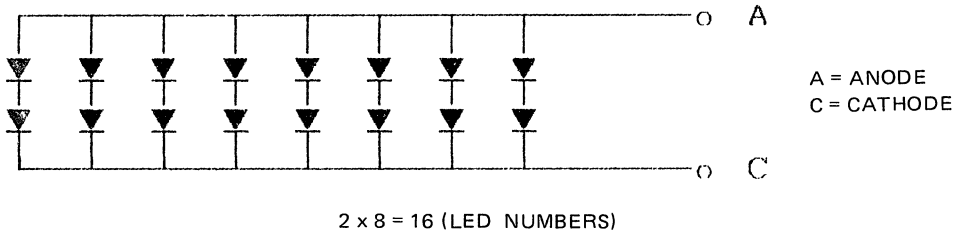
FIG. 1-11

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.30\text{mm}$ (.012") unless otherwise noted.

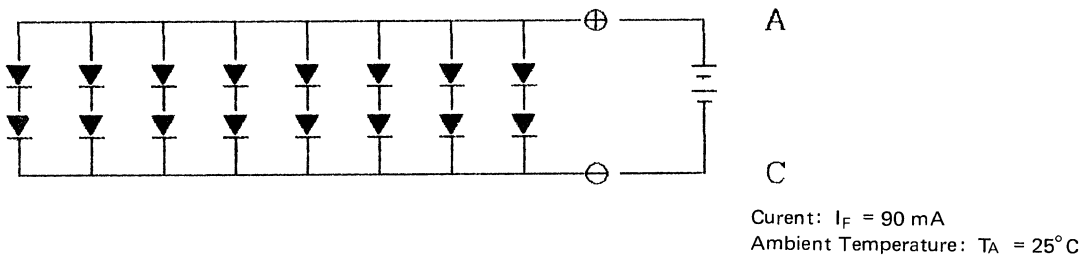
LCD BACK

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

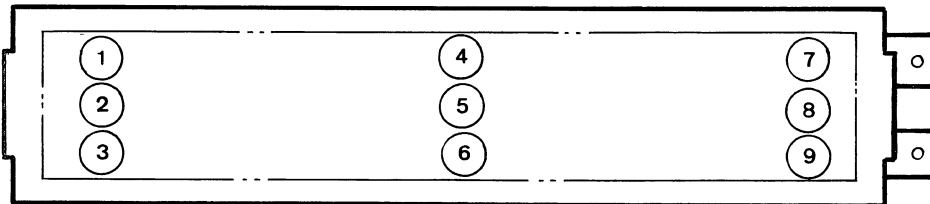


2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS. (Luminous Intensity and Luminous Tolerance.)

2-1 TESTING CIRCUIT



2-2 MEASURED METHOD "HOLE" DIAMETER 3ϕ



- * (Effective Spatial Distribution)
- * 1 to 9 per-position Measured Luminous Intensity.

2-3 RATING

ITEM	RATING			UNIT	REFERENCE
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Luminous Intensity	25	30	—	cd/m ²	
Luminous Tolerance	—	—	50	%	index(1)

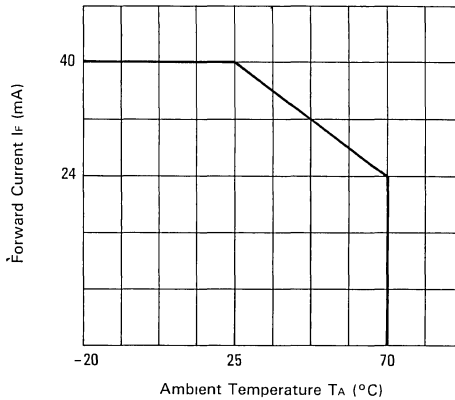
* Index(1) Luminous Tolerance = $\frac{B(\text{MAX}) - B(\text{MIN})}{B(\text{MAX})} \times 100\%$

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	TEST CONDITION
Peak Forward Current	I_F	40 (mA)	index 2
Reverse Voltage	V_R	8 (V)	index 2
Power Dissipation	P_o	0.17 (W)	index 2
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +70 (°C)	
Storage Temperature	T_{sto}	-40 to +80 (°C)	

* Index (2) AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

4. FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



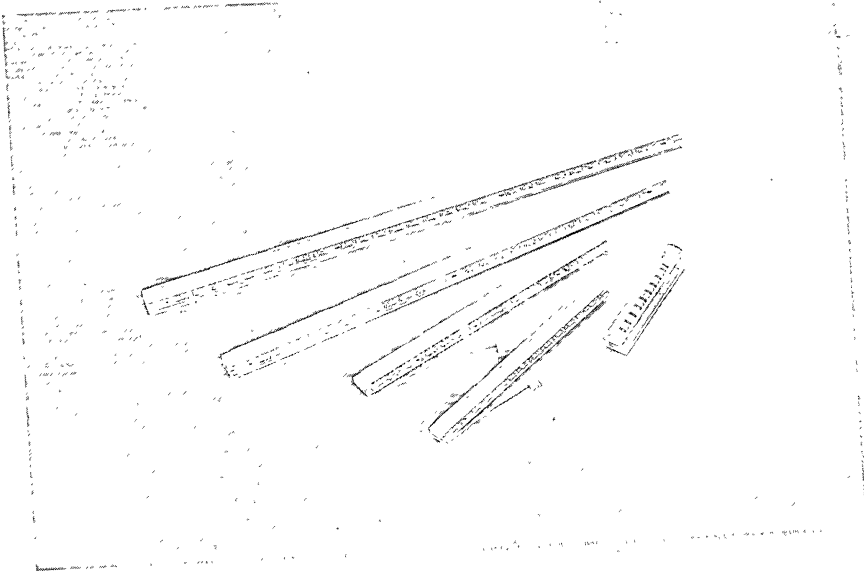
5. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING			TEST CONDITION	REF.
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Forward Voltage	V_F	4.0 V	4.2 V	4.4 V	$I_F = 24 \text{ mA}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	—	565	—	$I_F = 24 \text{ mA}$	Index (3)
Reverse Current	I_R	—	—	0.1 mA	$V_R = 8 \text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	—	35	—		

* Index (3): Source Color (Green DICE)

C. Light Source

• LIGHT SOURCE QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE



LIGHT SOURCE

LIGHT SOURCE QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		EFFECTIVE LENGTH	SUPPLY VOLTAGE	PACKAGE DIMENSION	PAGE NO.
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	TYPE				
243mm L	LTM-88X27	Green (565 nm)	φ4 Transparent	216 mm	12.0 V	FIG. 2-1	C-2
284mm L	LTM-88X28	Green (565 nm)	φ4 Transparent	263 mm	12.0 V	FIG. 2-2	C-6
75mm L	LTM-88X29	Ultra Bright (660 nm)	φ10 Transparent	35 mm	5.0 V	FIG. 2-3	C-10
148mm L	LTM-88X55	Green (565 nm)	φ4 Transparent	128 mm	12.0 V	FIG. 2-4	C-14
125mm L	LTM-89X12	Green (565 nm)	φ4 Transparent	105 mm	12.0 V	FIG. 2-5	C-18

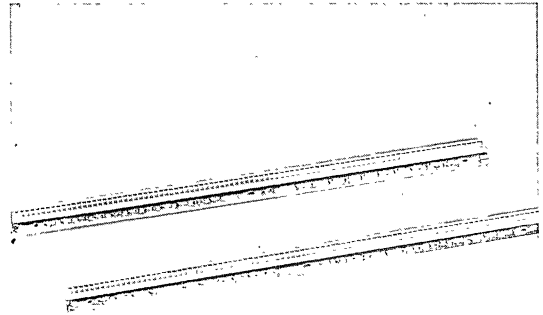


LIGHT SOURCE

LTM-88X27

FEATURES

- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCES.
LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE 92 PCS OF LED.
- HIGH RELIABILITY & LONG LIFE.
- SUITABLE AS A LIGHT SOURCE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLICATIONS FACSIMILE. IMAGE. SCANNER.



LIGHT SOURCE

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

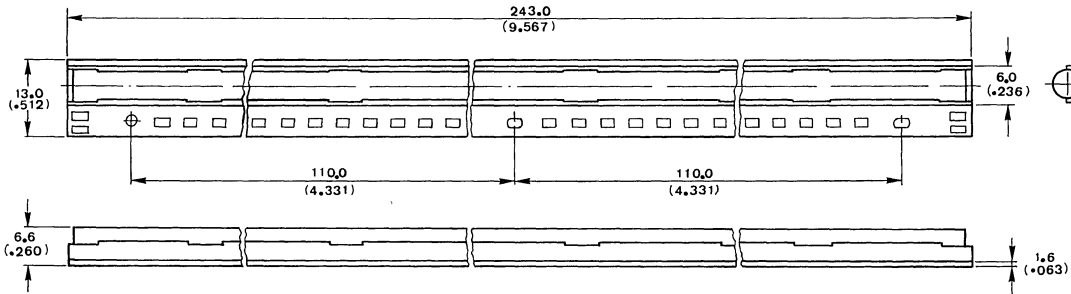
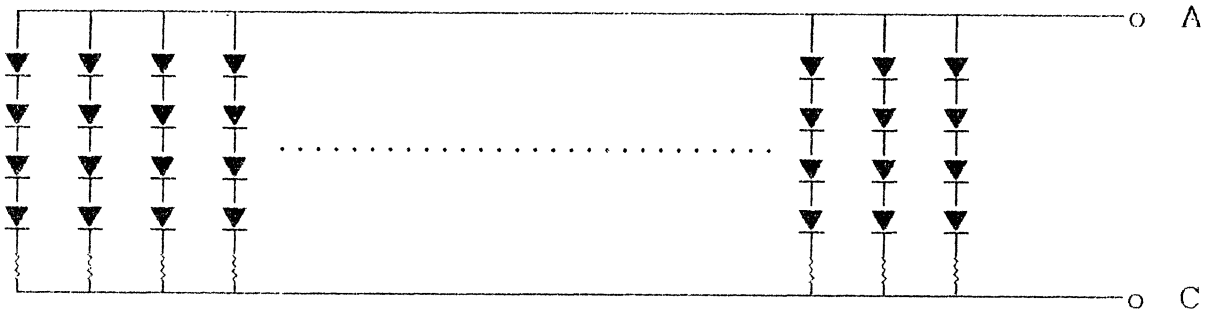


FIG. 2-1

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT



4 x 23 = 92 (LED NUMBERS)

A = ANODE
C = CATHODE

2. ABSOLUTE MAXMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING
Forward Voltage	VDD	13 (V)
Reverse Voltage	VR	16 (V)
Power Disipation	Po	5.6 (W)
Operating Temperature	Topr	-10 to +50 (°C)
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-20 to +60 (°C)

3. ELECTRICALL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Forward Current	IDD	VDD = 12V	—	370	430	mA
Reverse Current	IR	VR = 16V	—	—	100	μA

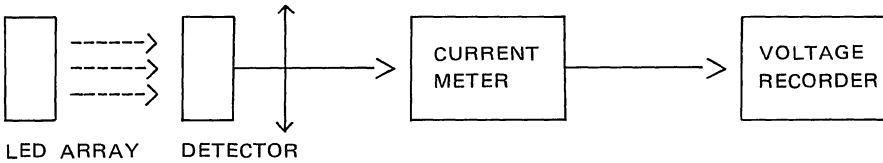
4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Peak Luminous	L_{vp}	VDD = 12 V NOTE 1.	1000	—	—	Lx
Condensing Light Half Width	ΔL		2.05	2.1	2.37	mm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	IF = 20 mA	—	565	—	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	IF = 20 mA	—	25	—	nm

TEST DIAGRAM

VDD=12V

SPEED: 8 ± 2 mm/s.



* NOTE 1. Peak Luminous (L_{vp}), Condensing Light Half Width (ΔHL), Condensing Irradiation Width (ΔL) Measurement:

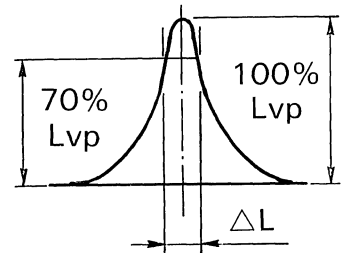
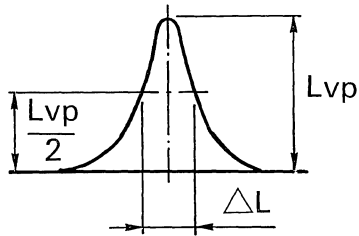
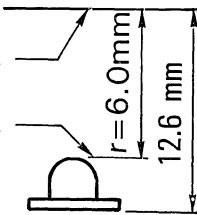
Measure Position

(1) Condensing Light Half

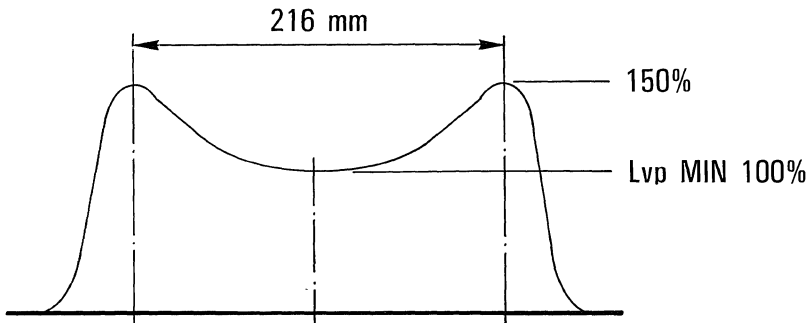
(2) Condensing Irradiation Width

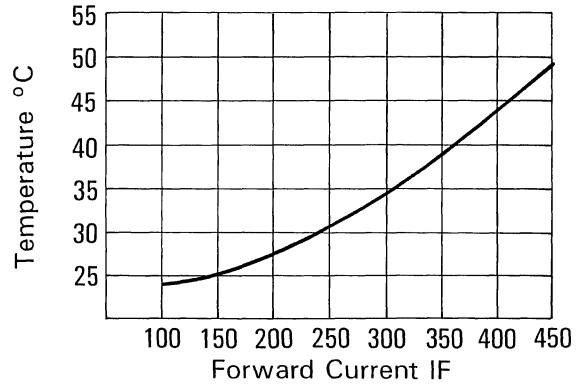
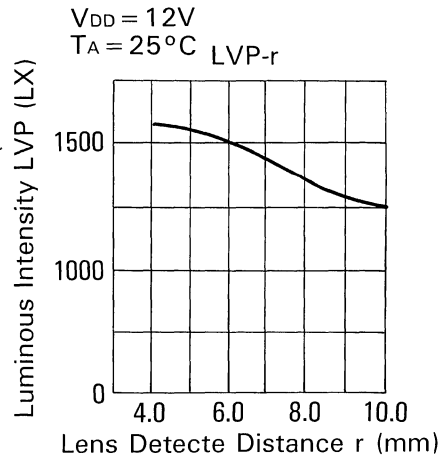
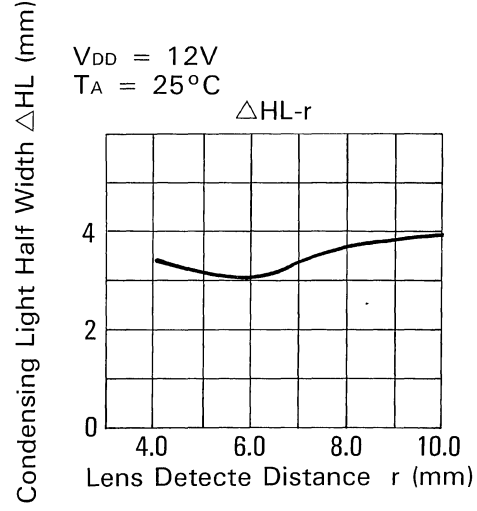
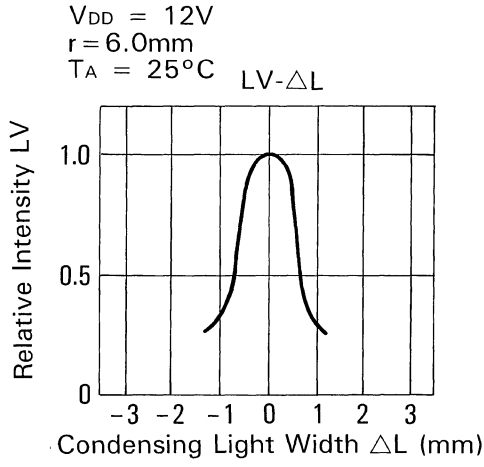
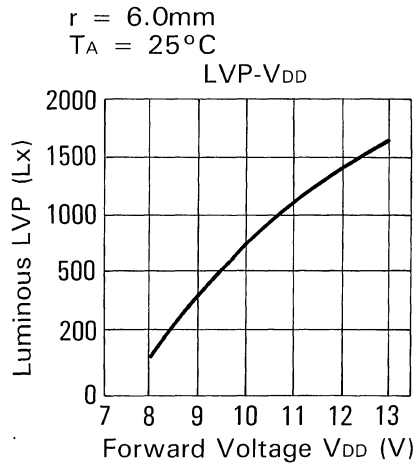
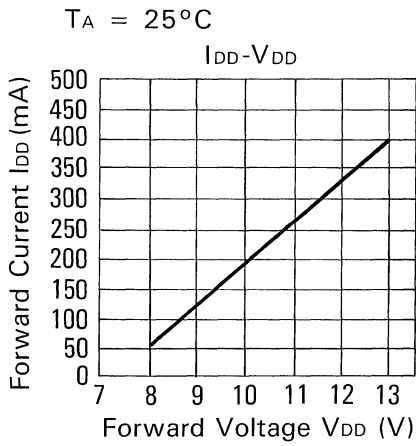
PHOTO
DETECTOR

LENS LINE



Luminous Matching





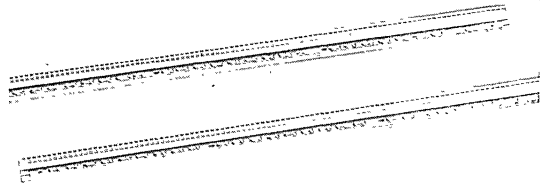


LIGHT SOURCE

LTM-88X28

FEATURES

- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCES.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE 92 PCS OF LED.
- HIGH RELIABILITY & LONG LIFE.
- SUITABLE AS A LIGHT SOURCE OF THE COPIER, APPLICATIONS FACSIMICE.



LIGHT SOURCE

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

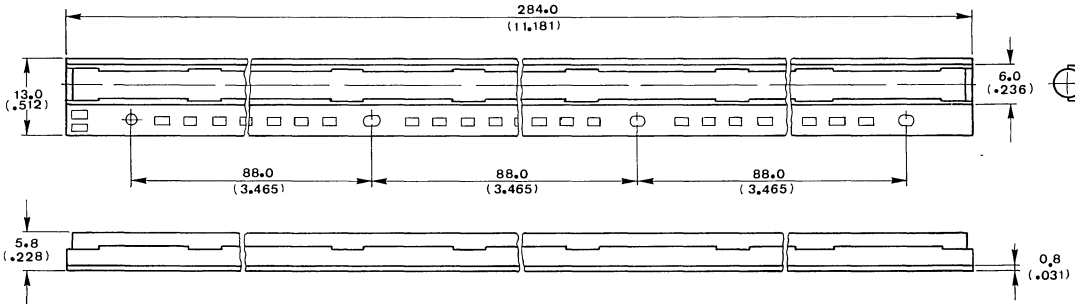
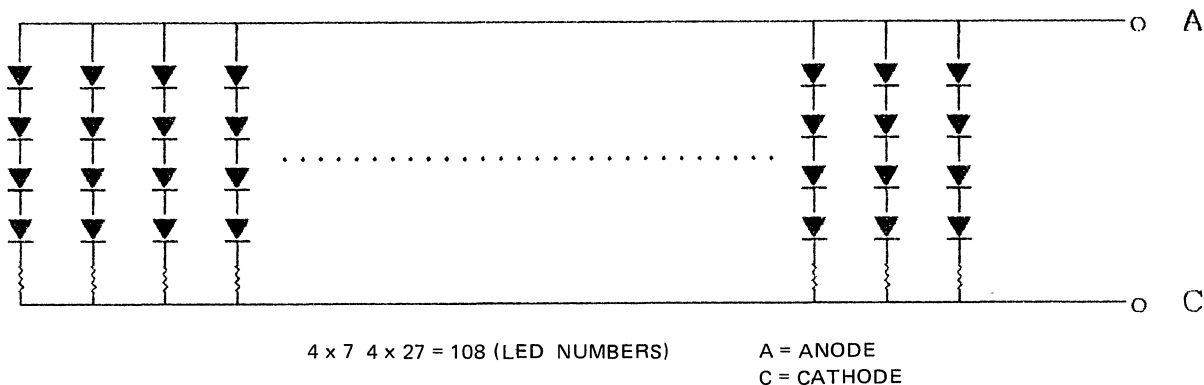


FIG. 2-2

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING
Forward Voltage	V _{DD}	13 (V)
Reverse Voltage	V _R	16 (V)
Power Disipation	P _o	5,98 (W)
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +50 (°C)
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-20 to +60 (°C)

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_a = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Forward Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 12V	—	410	460	mA
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = 16V	—	—	100	μA

4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

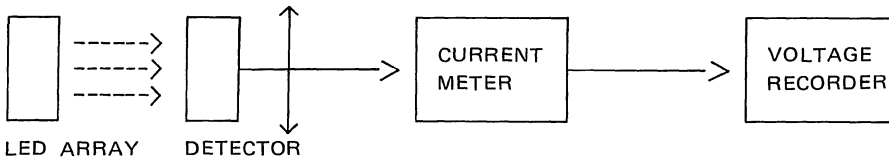
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Peak Luminous	Lvp	VDD = 12 V NOTE 1.	1000	—	—	Lx
Condensing Light Half Width	ΔL		2.05	2.1	2.37	mm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	IF = 20 mA	—	565	—	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	IF = 20 mA	—	25	—	nm

LIGHT SOURCE

TEST DIAGRAM

VDD=12V

SPEED: 8±2mm/s.

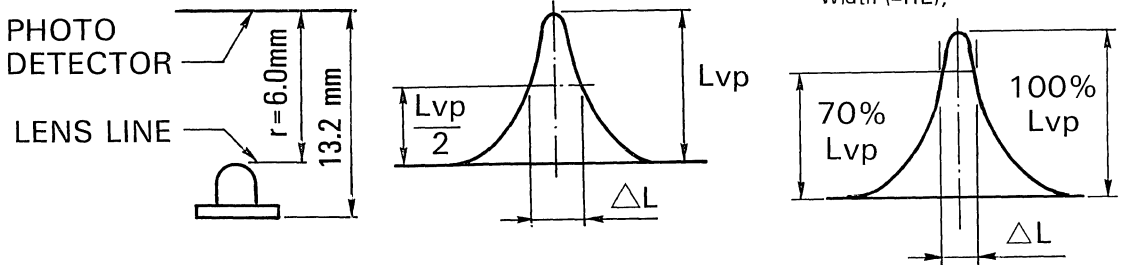


* NOTE 1. Peak Luminous (Lvp), Condensing Light Half Width (ΔHL), Measurement:

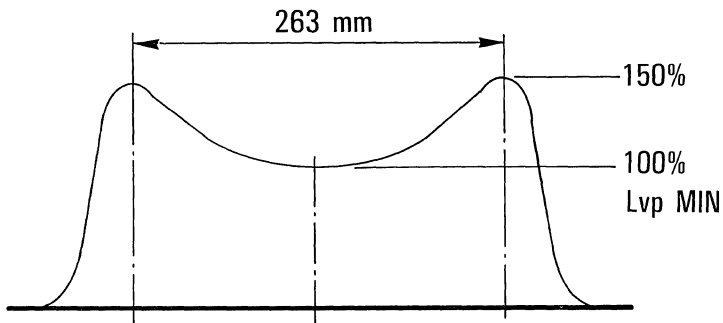
Measure Position

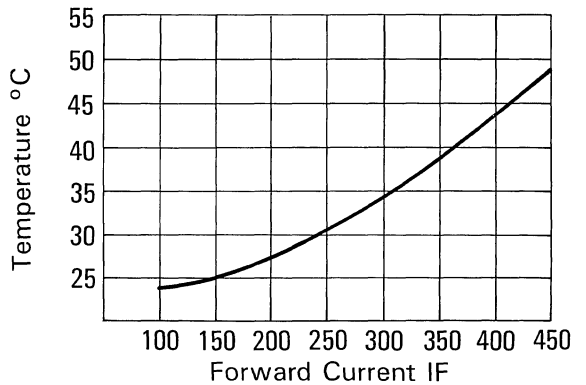
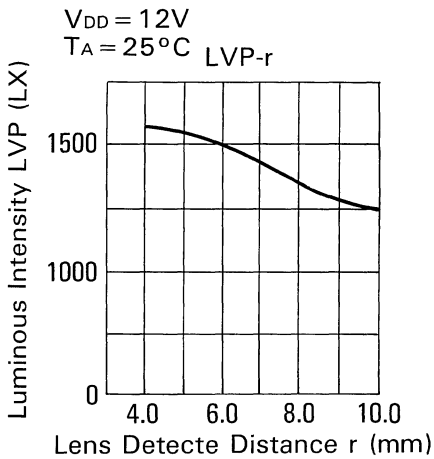
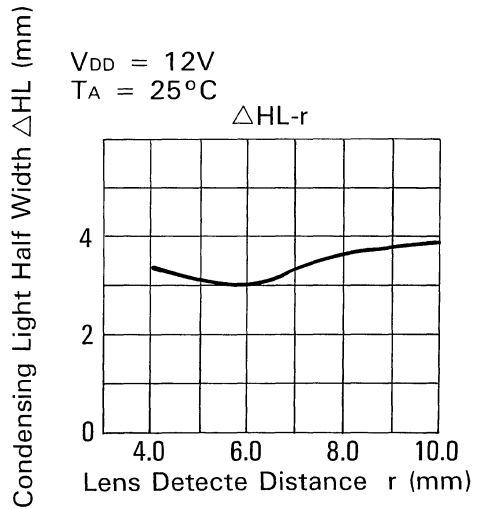
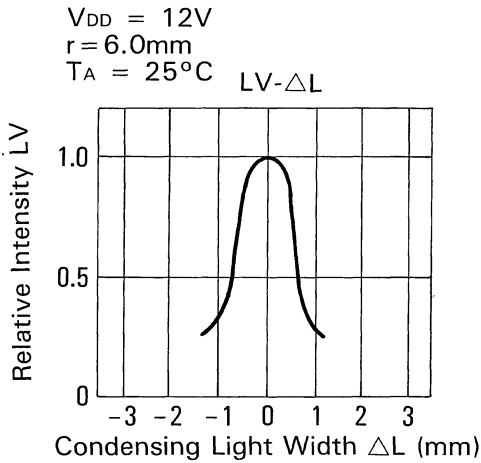
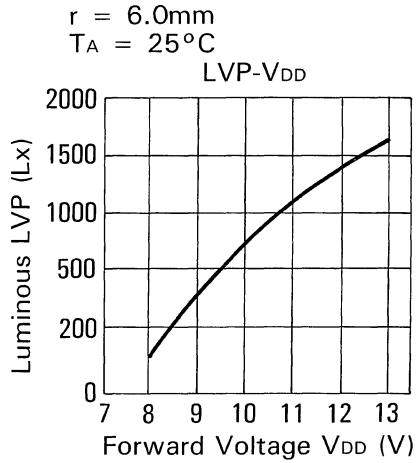
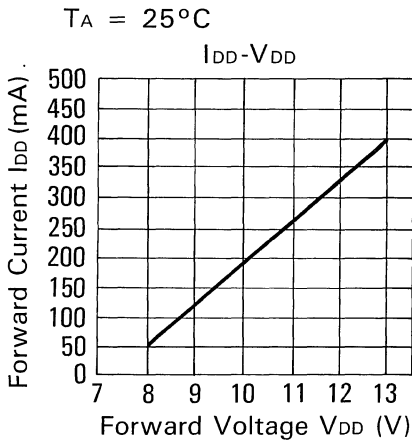
(1) Codensing Light Half

(2) Condensing Irradiation Width Width (ΔHL),



Luminous Matching





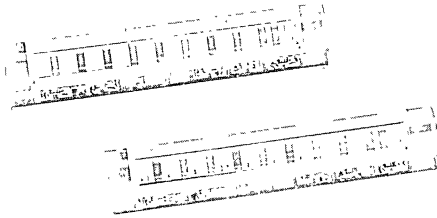


LIGHT SOURCE

LTM-88X29

FEATURES

- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCES.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE 10 PCS OF LED.
- HIGH RELIABILITY & LONG LIFE.
- SUITABLE AS A LIGHT SOURCE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLICATIONS FACSIMILE, IMAGE SCANNER.



LIGHT SOURCE

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

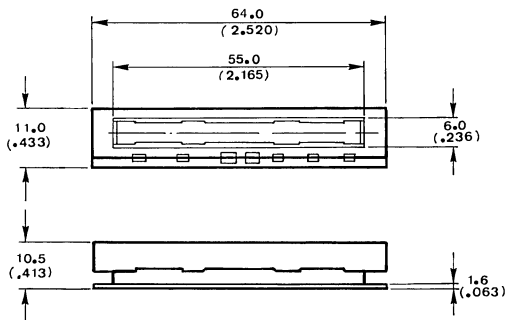
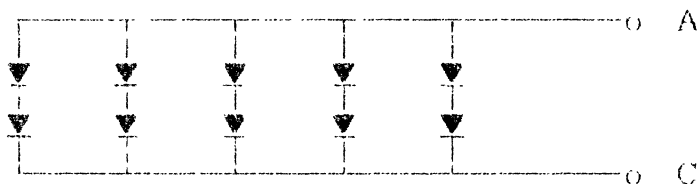


FIG. 2-3

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT



A = ANODE
C = CATHODE

2 x 5 = 10 (LED NUMBERS)

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING
Forward Voltage	VDD	5 (V)
Reverse Voltage	VR	8 (V)
Power Disipation	Po	0.4 (W)
Operating Temperature	Topr	-10 to -50 (°C)
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-20 to +60 (°C)

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Forward Current	IDD	VDD = 5V	—	50	80	mA
Reverse Current	IR	VR = 8V	—	—	100	μA

4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

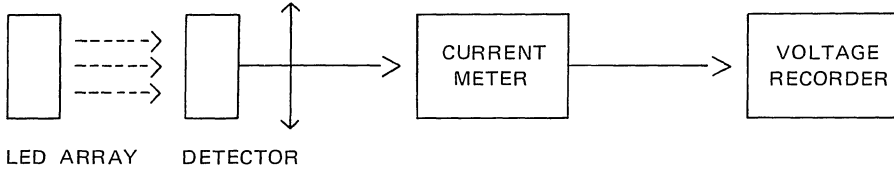
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Peak Luminous	L_{vp}	VDD = 5V NOTE 1.	1000	—	—	mv
Condensing Light Half Width	ΔL		—	7.5	—	mm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	IF = 50mA	—	660	—	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	IF = 50mA	—	20	—	nm

LIGHT SOURCE

TEST DIAGRAM

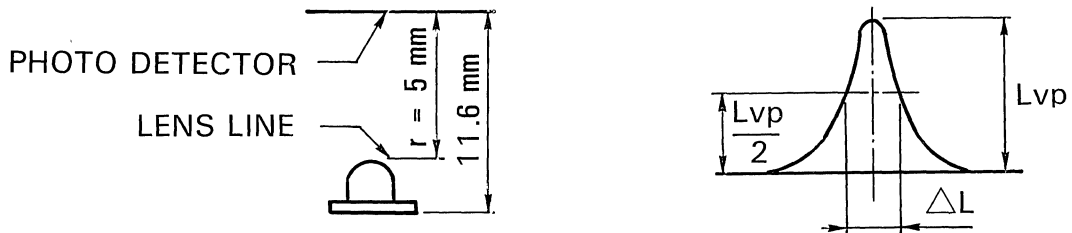
VDD = 5V

SPEED: 8 ± 2 mm/s.

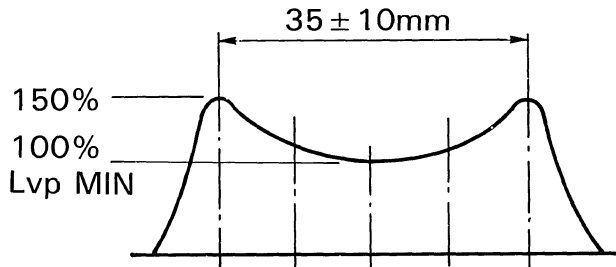


* NOTE 1. Peak Luminous (L_{vp}), Condensing Light Half Width (ΔL) Measurement:

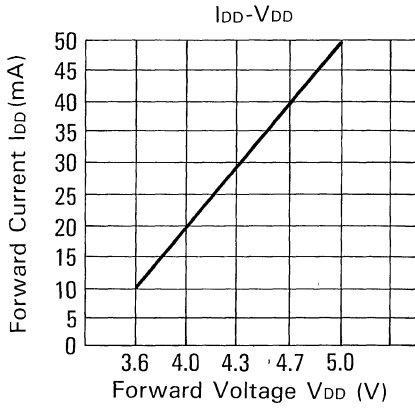
Peak Luminous, Condensing Light Half Width



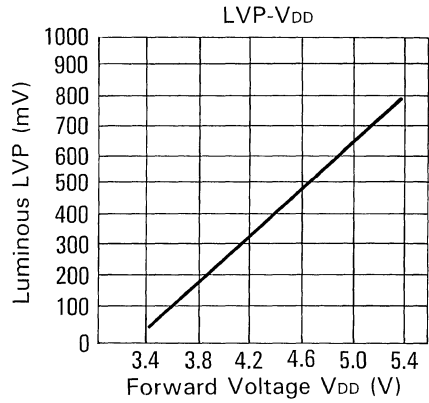
Luminous Matching



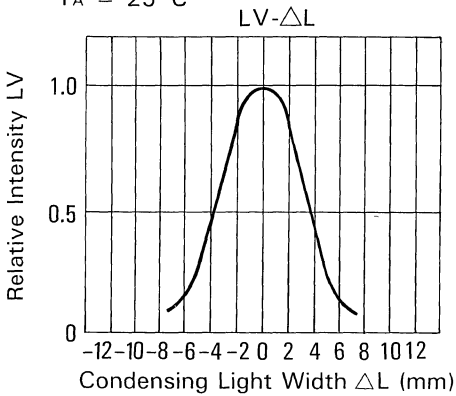
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



$r = 5.0\text{mm}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

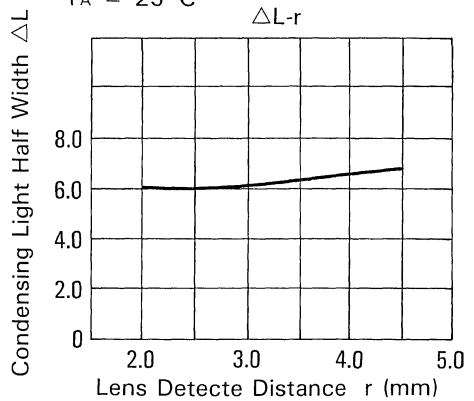


$V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$
 $r = 5.0\text{mm}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

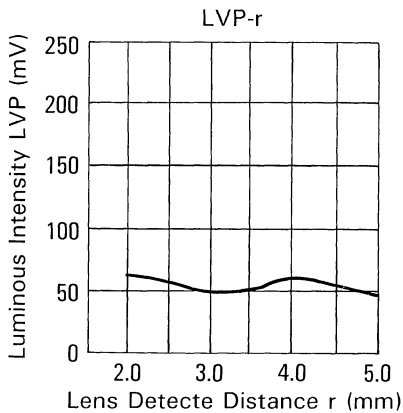


Condensing Light Half Width ΔL (mm)

$V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



$V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



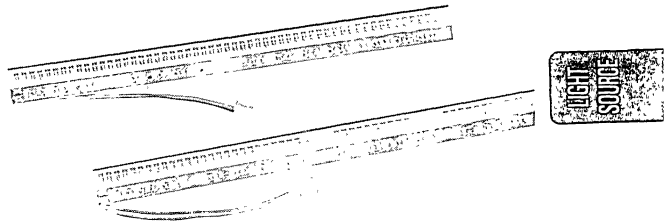


LIGHT SOURCE

LTM-88X55

FEATURES

- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCES.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE 56 PCS OF LED.
- HIGH RELIABILITY & LONG LIFE.
- SUITABLE AS A LIGHT SOURCE OF APPLICATIONS IMAGE SCANNER.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

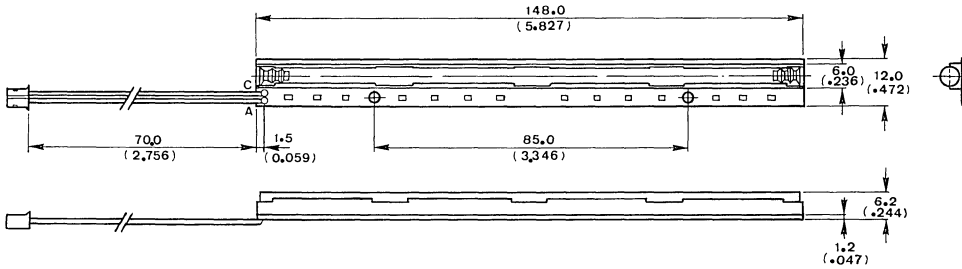
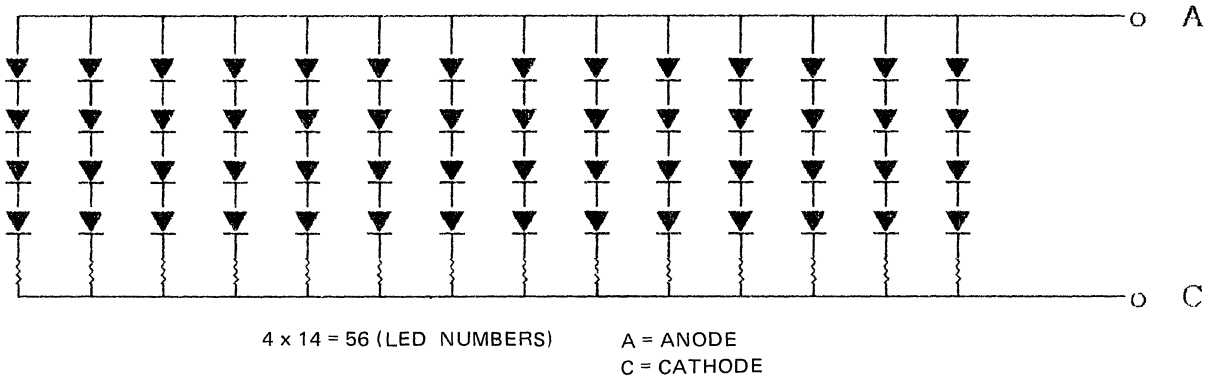


FIG. 2-4

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING
Forward Voltage	VDD	13 (V)
Reverse Voltage	VR	16 (V)
Power Dissipation	Po	4.9 (W)
Operating Temperature	Topr	-10 to +50 (°C)
Storage Temperature	Tsto	-20 to +60 (°C)

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Forward Current	IDD	VDD = 12V	—	300	350	mA
Reverse Current	IR	VR = 16V	—	—	100	μA

4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

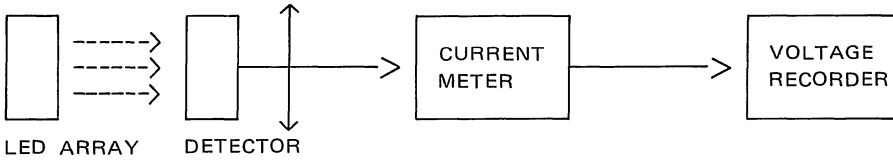
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Peak Luminous	L_{vp}	VDD = 12 V NOTE 1.	1000	—	—	Lx
Condensing Light Half Width	ΔL		—	1.7	—	mm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	IF = 20 mA	—	565	—	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	IF = 20 mA	—	25	—	nm

LIGHT SOURCE

TEST DIAGRAM

VDD=12V

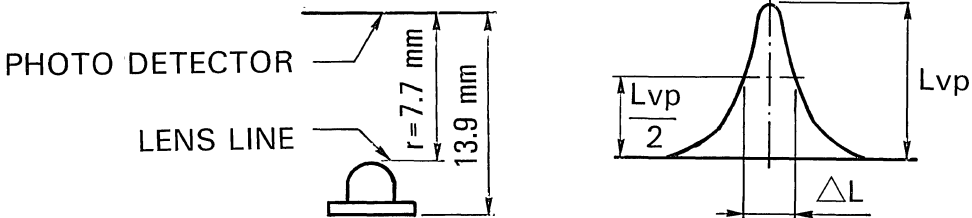
SPEED: 8 ± 2 mm/s.



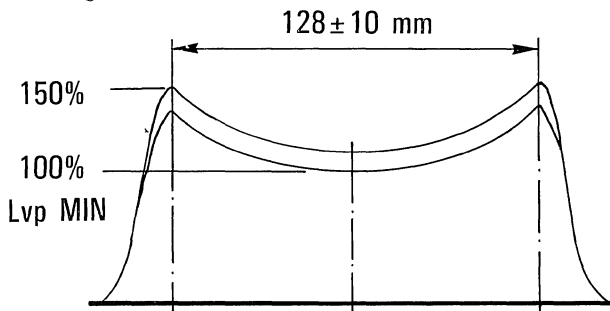
* NOTE 1. Peak Luminous (L_{vp}), Condensing Light Half Width (ΔL) Measurement:

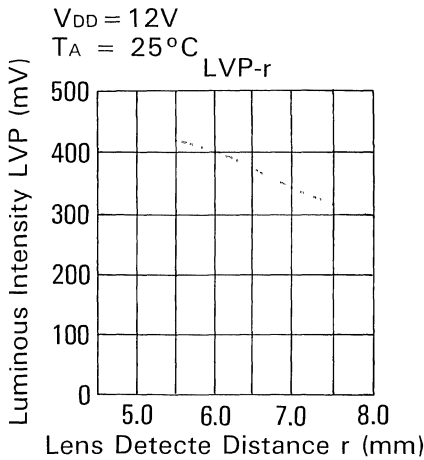
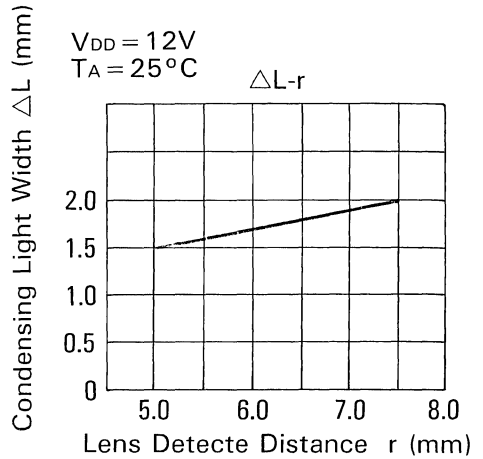
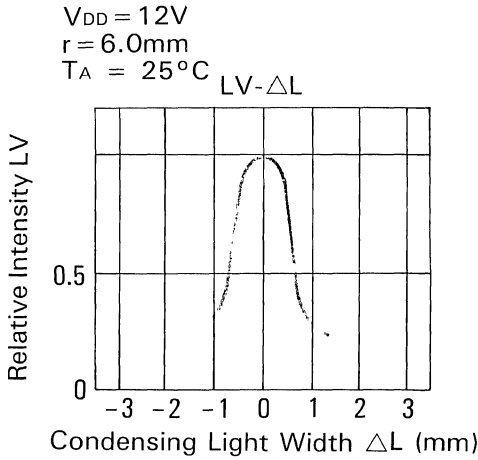
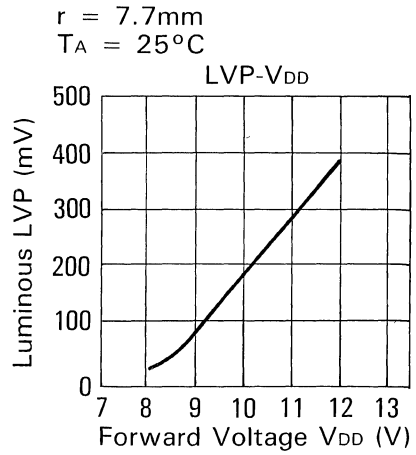
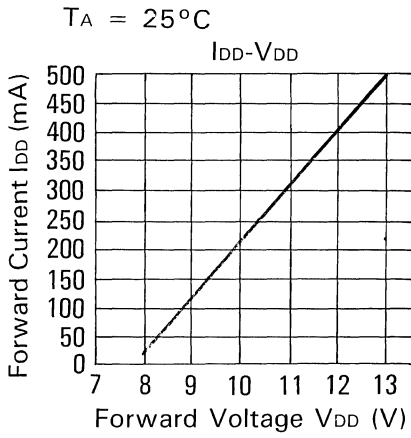
Measure Position

Peak Luminous, Condensing Light Half Width



Luminous Matching





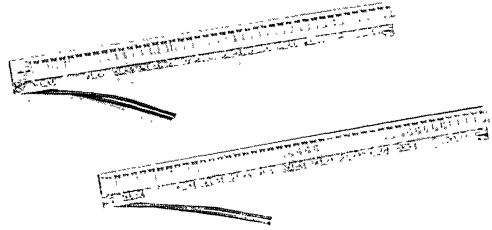


LIGHT SOURCE

LTM-89X12

FEATURES

- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCES.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE 48 PCS OF LED.
- HIGH RELIABILITY & LONG LIFE.
- SUITABLE AS A LIGHT SOURCE OF APPLICATIONS IMAGE SCANNER.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

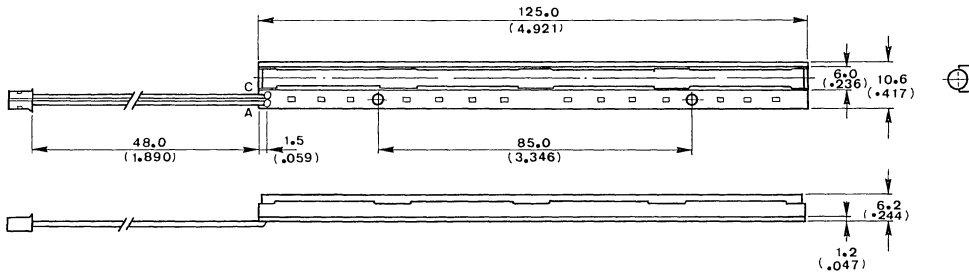
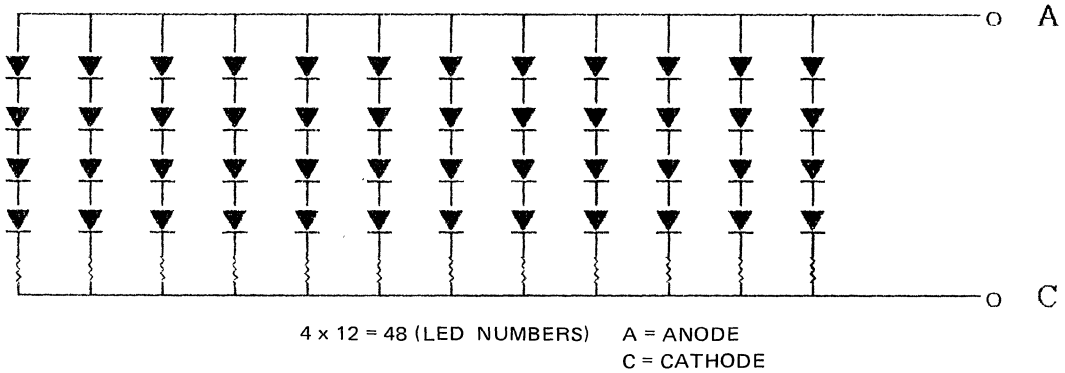


FIG. 2-5

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches.)
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

1. SCHEMATIC CIRCUIT



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING
Forward Voltage	V _{DD}	13 (V)
Reverse Voltage	V _R	16 (V)
Power Disipation	P _o	3.25 (W)
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +50 (°C)
Storage Temperature	T _{sto}	-20 to +70 (°C)

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_a = 25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Forward Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 12V	—	230	250	mA
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = 16V	—	—	100	μA

4. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

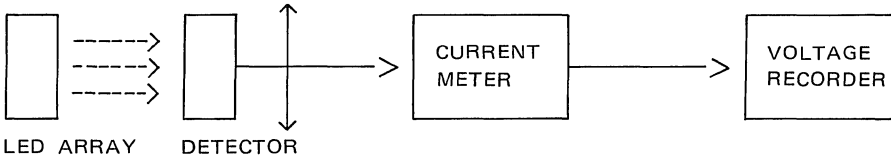
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Peak Luminous	L_{vp}	VDD = 12 V NOTE 1.	1300	—	—	Lx
Condensing Light Half Width	ΔL		—	1.6	—	mm
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	IF = 20 mA	—	565	—	nm
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	IF = 20 mA	—	25	—	nm



TEST DIAGRAM

VDD=12V

SPEED:8±2mm/s.

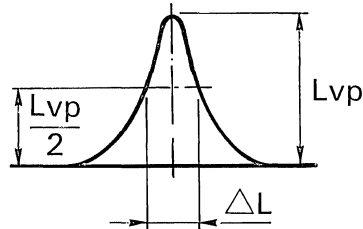
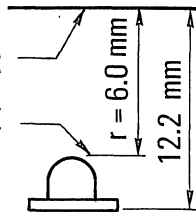


* NOTE 1 Peak Luminous (L_{vp}), Condensing Light Half Width (ΔL) Measurement.

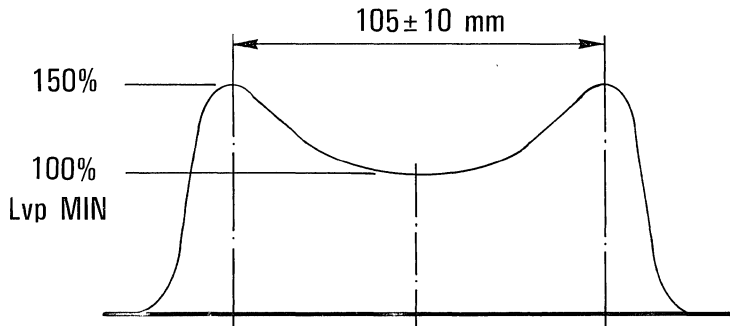
Measure Position

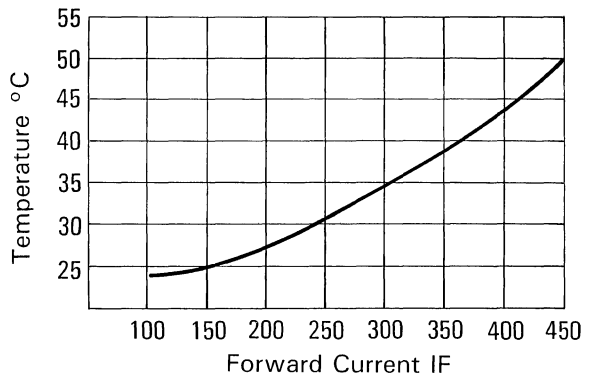
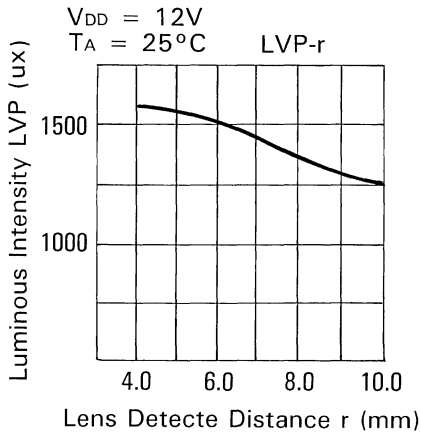
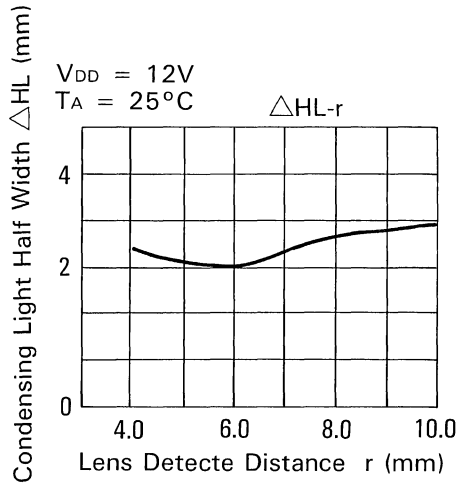
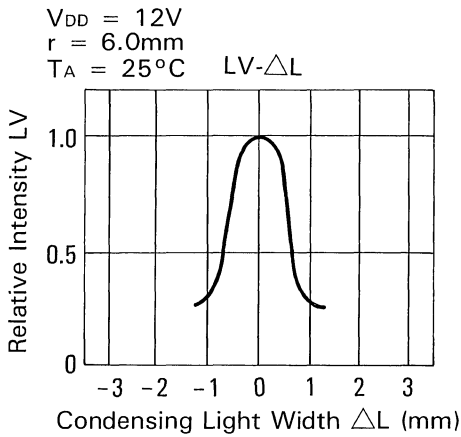
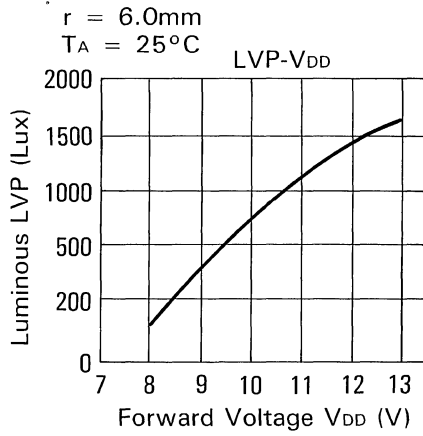
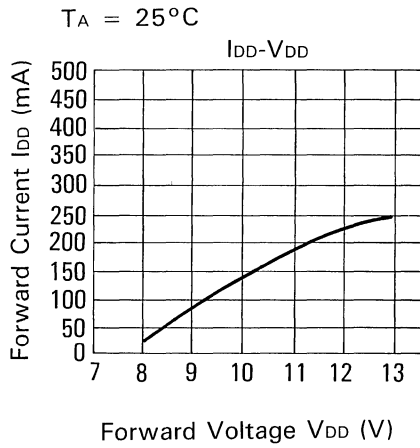
Peak Luminous, Condensing Light Half Width

PHOTO DETECTOR
LENS LINE



Luminous Matching

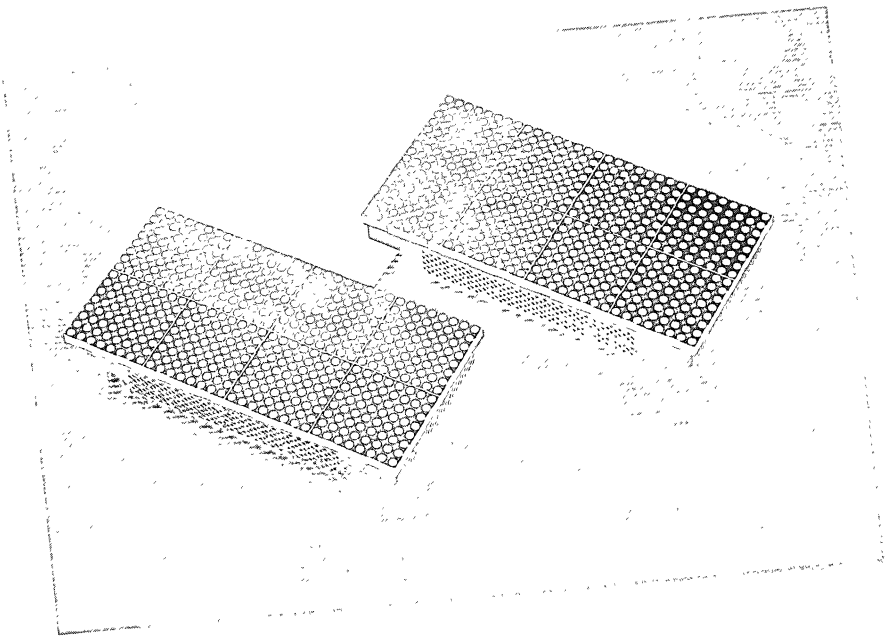




LIGHT
SOURCE

D. Multicolor LED Block Modules for Graphic Displays & Sign Board Displays

- LTM-8711-1 DISPLAY MODULE
- LTM-8843-1 LONG MOVING SIGN MODULE



LTM-8711-1 DISPLAY MODULE SPECIFICATION

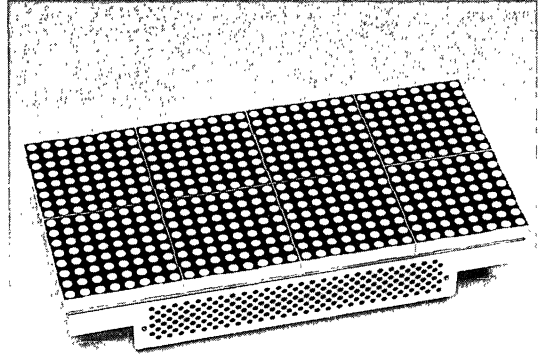
1. SCOPE

The LTM-8711-1 5φ display module consists of CPU memory, driver, and dot matrix display. There are three colors in the module, red, green, and yellow. It is an intelligent display module that can be expanded to as large as you need.

The data is transferred by the personal computer with a particular interface card. Whatever it is character mode or graphic mode. It is colorful & changeable display.

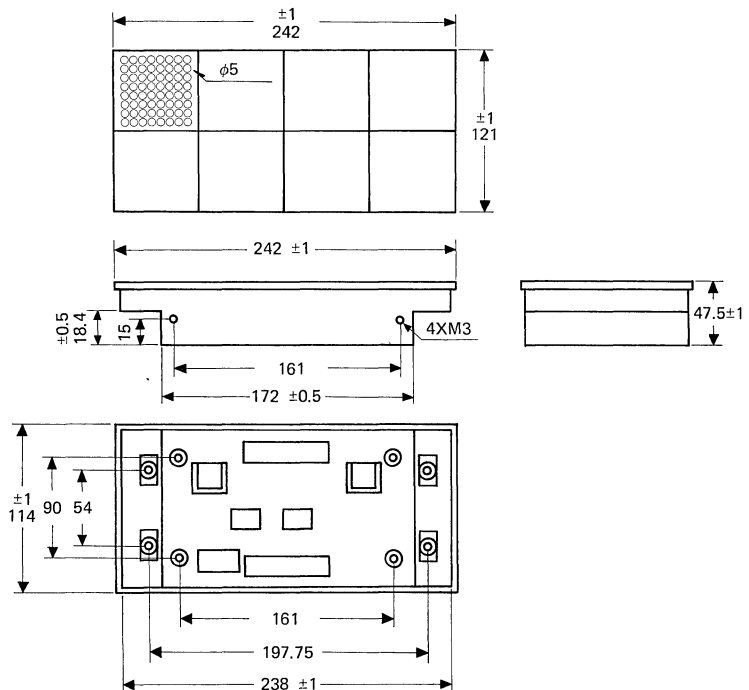
2. FEATURES

- SIZE: 16 X 32 DOTS, 24CM (WIDE) X 12CM (HIGHT).
- COLOR: RED, GREEN, YELLOW.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- CONTENT: CONTROLER, MEMORY, DRIVER AND DOT MATRIX DISPLAY.
- INPUT, OUTPUT: TTL COMPATIBLE.



3. MECHANIC

Outline dimension (FIG.1)



4. ELECTRONIC CHARACTERISTIC

Absolute maximum rating at T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	9	V
Input Voltage	VI		5.5	V
Power Dissipation	PD		30	W
Operating Temperature Range (At Case)	TOP	0	45	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-20	+60	°C

Operation condition at T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Tpy.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage	VDD	7	7.2	8	V
Supply Current	IDD		3		A
Transmission Speed (Per Module)			3		mS
I/O Connector					
Input Voltage	VIH	2.0			V
	VIL			0.8	V
Output Voltage	VOH	2.0			V
	VOL			0.8	V
Output Current	IOH		0.5		mA
	IOL			2.0	mA

Optical characteristic at T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Tpy.	Max.	units	Test Condition
Average Luminous Intensity	I	3000		μcd	At Vdd
Peak Emission Wave Length (Green)	λp	565		nm	= 7.2V
Peak Emission Wave Length (Red)	λp	630		nm	
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio			2:1		

5. CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

Input connector (Type: 3M 3428-6302 or equivalent)

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	DATA B0	11	ADDR. B0
2	DATA B1	12	ADDR. B1
3	DATA B2	13	ADDR. B2
4	DATA B3	14	ADDR. B3
5	DATA B4	15	ADDR. B4
6	DATA B5	16	ADDR. B5
7	DATA B6	17	ADDR. B6
8	DATA B7	18	ADDR. B7
9	INPUT	19	GND
10	OUTPUT	20	GND

Output Connector (Type: 3M 3428-6302 or equivalent)

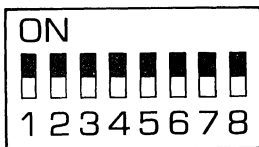
Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	DATA B0	11	ADDR B0
2	DATA B1	12	ADDR, B1
3	DATA B2	13	ADDR, B2
4	DATA B3	14	ADDR, B3
5	DATA B4	15	ADDR, B4
6	DATA B5	16	ADDR, B5
7	DATA B6	17	ADDR, B6
8	DATA B7	18	ADDR, B7
9	OUTPUT	19	GND
10	INPUT	20	GND

Power connector (Type: mates with molex 70156 IDP or 8981-4p connector)

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	VDD	3	GND
2	GND	4	VDD

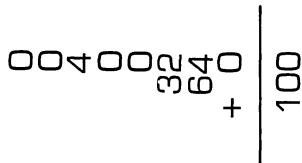
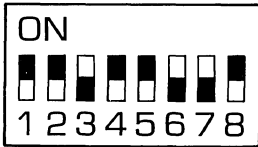
6. SETTING OF ADDRESS SWITCH

"ADDR SW1" Setting

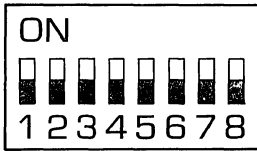


ADDR SW1	VALUE (OFF = "1")	
	OFF	ON
1	1	0
2	2	0
3	4	0
4	8	0
5	16	0
6	32	0
7	64	0
8	128	0

Example. If we want to set address no. → 100



“ADDR SW2” Setting (brightness)



MULTICOLOR LED
MODULES

	Red				Green			
	SW2-5	SW2-6	SW2-7	SW2-8	SW2-1	SW2-2	SW2-3	SW2-4
0	ON	ON	ON	X	ON	ON	ON	X
1	OFF	ON	ON	X	OFF	ON	ON	X
2	ON	OFF	ON	X	ON	OFF	ON	X
3	OFF	OFF	ON	X	OFF	OFF	ON	X
4	ON	ON	OFF	X	ON	ON	OFF	X
5	OFF	ON	OFF	X	OFF	ON	OFF	X
6	ON	OFF	OFF	X	ON	OFF	OFF	X
7	OFF	OFF	OFF	X	OFF	OFF	OFF	X

X Don't-care

7. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION

		<u>Min.</u>	<u>Max.</u>	<u>Units</u>
7-1	Operation temperature range (at case)	0	+45	°C
7-2	Storage temperature range	-20	+60	°C
7-3	Humidity Operation	0	90	%
	Non-operation	0	95	%
7-4	Altitude Operation		2400	m
	Non-operation		9100	m

8. APPLICATION

The big display system allow more efficient use of

- A. The plate of advertising, for example
 - Theater
 - Introduce productions
- B. Information service
 - Securities
 - Exchange rate
 - Other money market
- C. To display the information of hospital.
- D. To display trains destination.
- E. Information system of railroad.

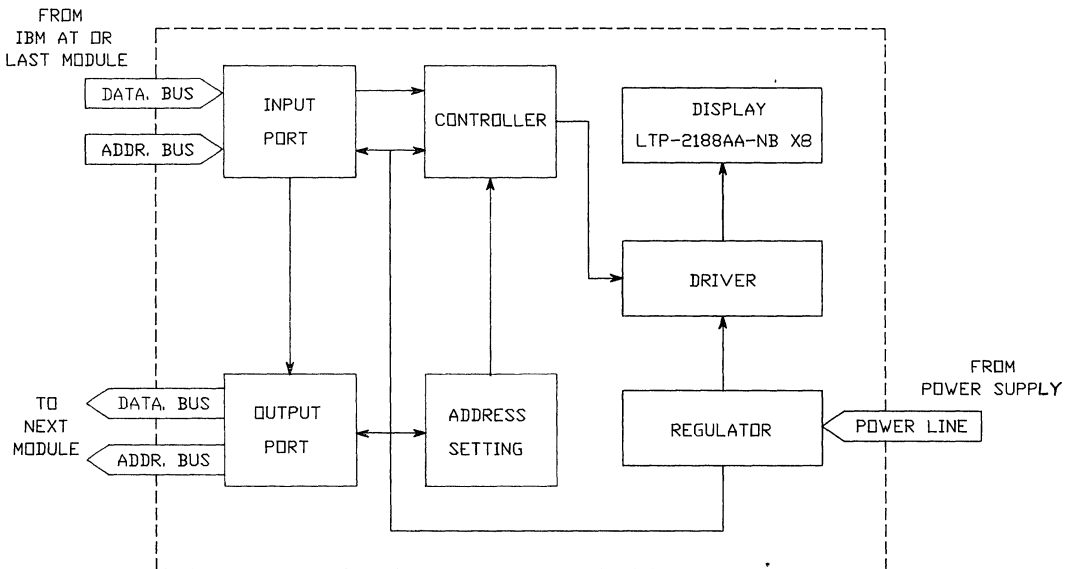
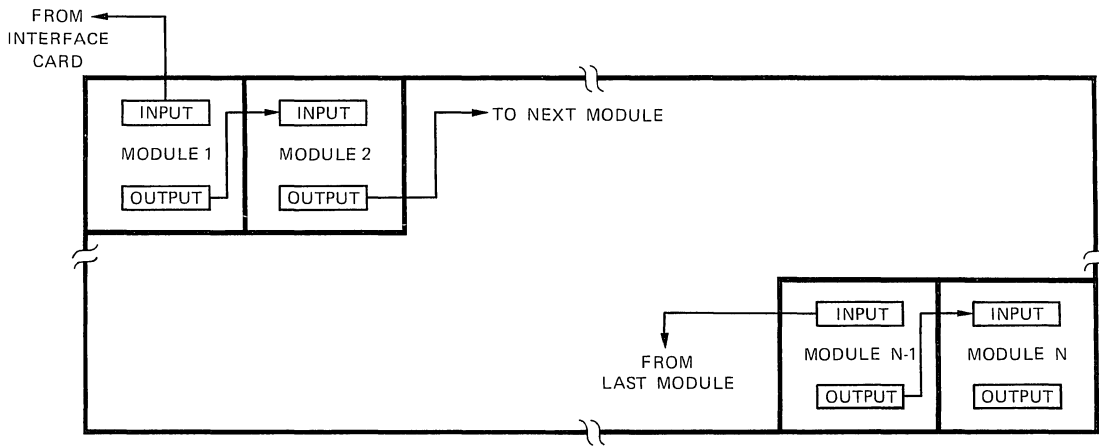


FIG. 2 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



DISPLAY MODULE ARRAY

FIG. 3 DISPLAY MODULE ARRAY

MULTICOLOR LED
MODULES

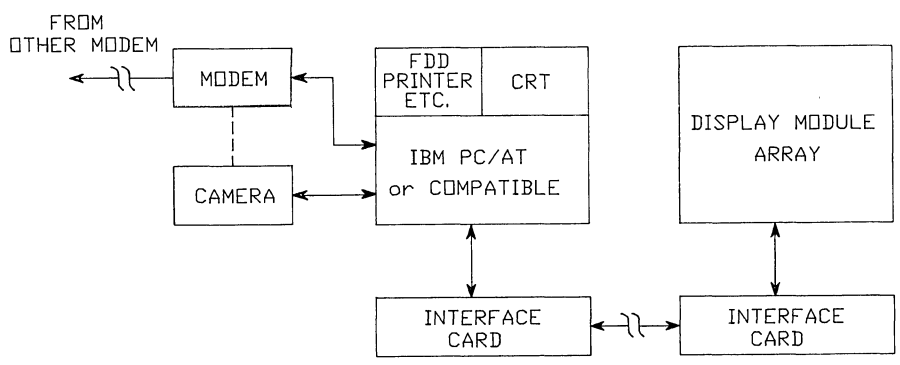


FIG. 4 SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

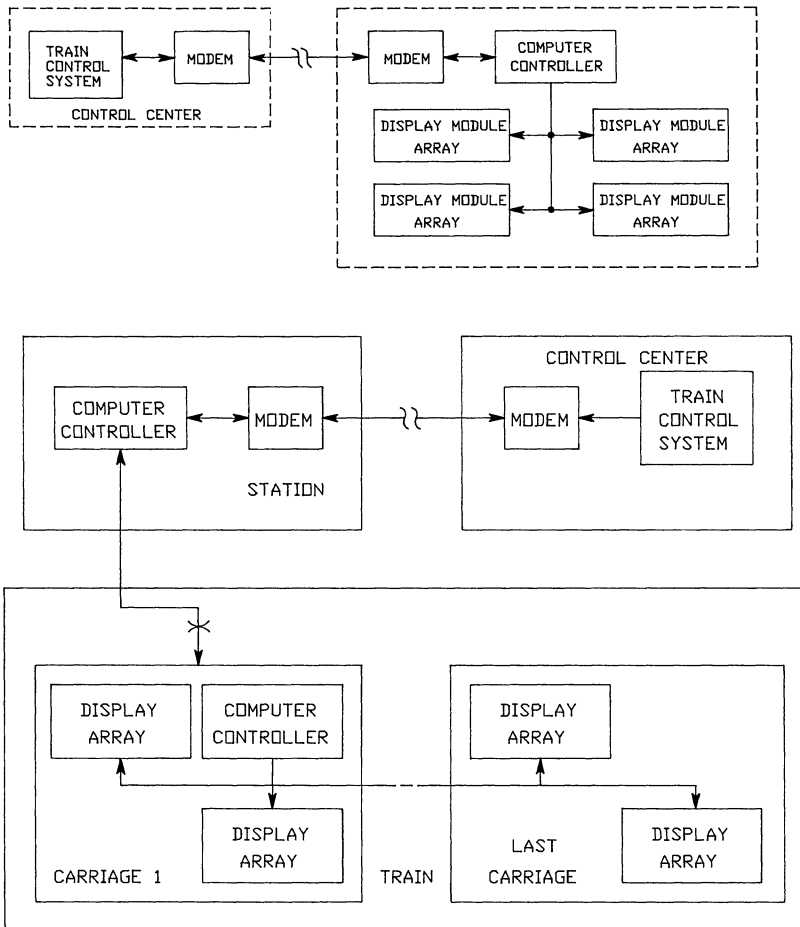


FIG. 5 APPLICATION BLOCK DIAGRAM

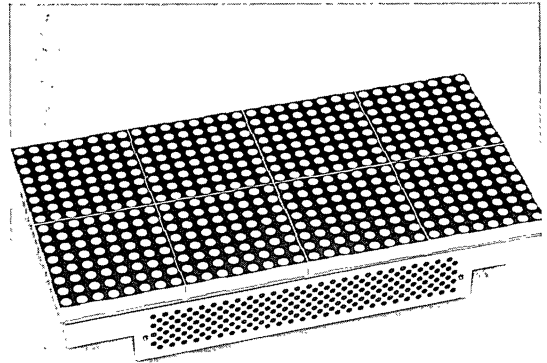


LTM-8843-1 LONG MOVING SIGN MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

1. SCOPE

LTM-8843-1 consists of CPU, memory, driver circuit and Dotmatrix display. There are three colors in the dotmatrix display. The display module is an intelligent module that can expand as large as you need (it connects module by module. Pls refer to FIG 1)

The data is transferred by personal computer with a particular interface card, and there are two forms of data, character or graphic, that you can choose.

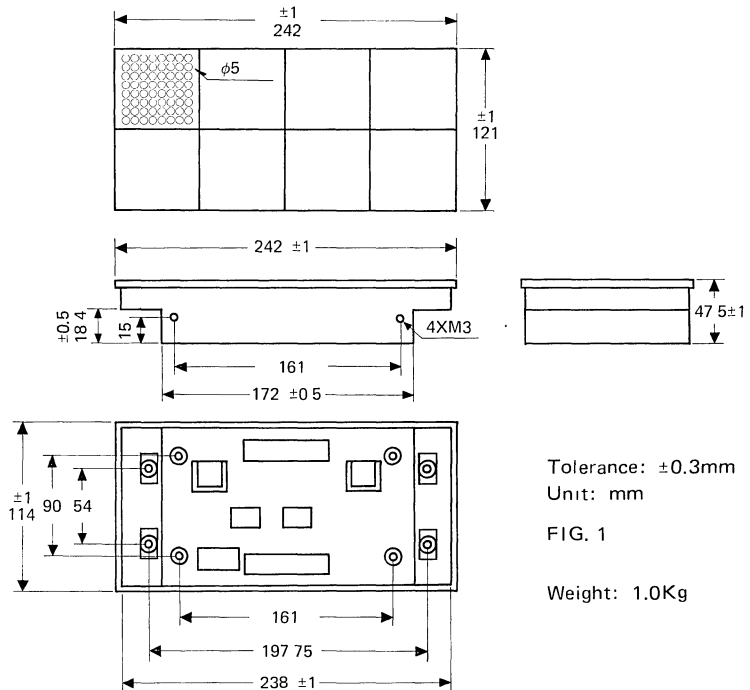


2. FEATURES

- Size: 16*32 dots, 12cm (hight) i24cm (wide) 5.5cm (deep).
- Color: Red, Green, Yellow.
- Content: Control unit, memory, driver circuit, dotmatrix display.
- Speed: High speed — 200 column/sec.
Middle speed — 100 column/sec
Low speed — 50 column/sec.

3. MECHANIC

Outline dimension



MULTICOLOR LED
MODULES

4. CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

Input Connector (Type: 3M 3428-6302 or equivalent)

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	NOT USE	11	DATA B0
2	NOT USE	12	DATA B1
3	NOT USE	13	DATA B2
4	NOT USE	14	DATA B3
5	NOT USE	15	DATA B4
6	NOT USE	16	DATA B5
7	NOT USE	17	DATA B6
8	NOT USE	18	DATA B7
9	ROW SCANNING IN	19	GND
10	FUNCTION IN	20	GND

Output Connector (Type: 3M 3428-6302 or equivalent)

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	NOT USE	11	DATA B0
2	NOT USE	12	DATA B1
3	NOT USE	13	DATA B2
4	NOT USE	14	DATA B3
5	NOT USE	15	DATA B4
6	NOT USE	16	DATA B5
7	NOT USE	17	DATA B6
8	NOT USE	18	DATA B7
9	ROW SCANNING OUT	19	GND
10	FUNCTION OUT	20	GND

POWER CONNECTOR (Type: mates with molex 70156 10P or 8981-4P Connector)

Pin No.	Connection	Pin No.	Connection
1	VDD	3	GND
2	GND	4	VDD

5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING AT T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	9	V
Input Voltage (Singal)	VI		5.5	V
Power Dissipation	PD		30	W
Operating Temperature Range (At Case)	TOP	0	45	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-20	+60	°C

6. OPERATION CONDITION AT T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage	VDD	7	7.2	8	V
Supply Current	IDD		3		A
Transmission Speed (Fast Speed)			200		COLUMN/SEC
Transmission Speed (Middle Speed)			100		COLUMN/SEC
Transmission Speed (Slow Speed)			50		COLUMN/SEC
I/O Connector					
Input Voltage	VIH	2			V
Input Voltage	VIL			0.8	V
Output Voltage	VOH	2			V
Output Voltage	VOL			0.8	V
Output Current	IOH		0.5		mA
Output Current	IOL			2	mA

7. ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	units	Test Condition
Average Luminous Intensity	I		3000		μcd	at VDD = 7.2V
Peak Emission Wave Length (Green)	λP		565		nm	
Peak Emission Wave Length (Red)	λP		630		nm	
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio				2:1		

MULTICOLOR LED MODULES

8. APPLICATION

LTM-8843-1 moving sign system allow more efficient use of

- A. The plate of advertising, for example
 - Theater
 - Introduce productions
- B. Information service
 - Securities
 - Exchange rate
 - Other money market
- C. To display the information of hospital.
- E. To display trains destination.
- F. Information system of railroad.

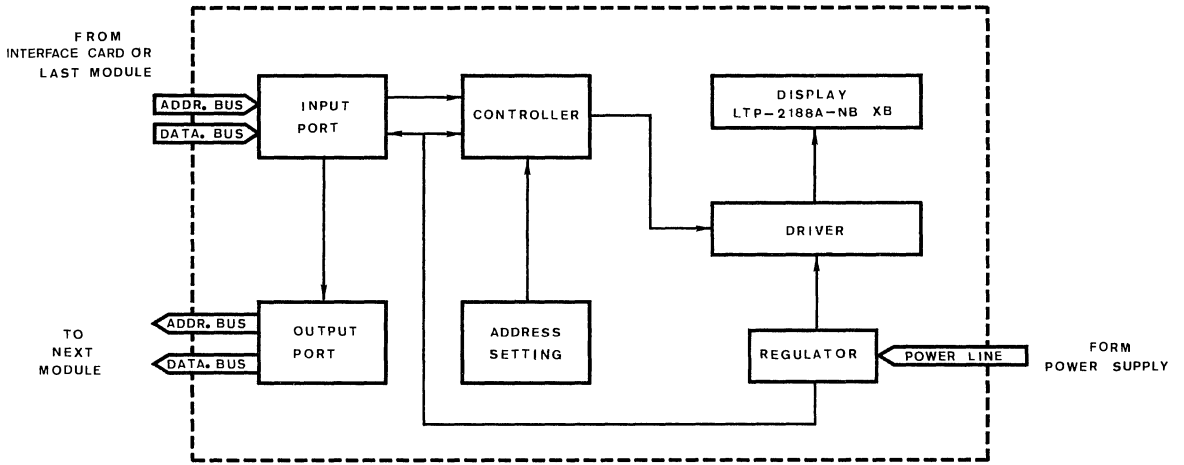
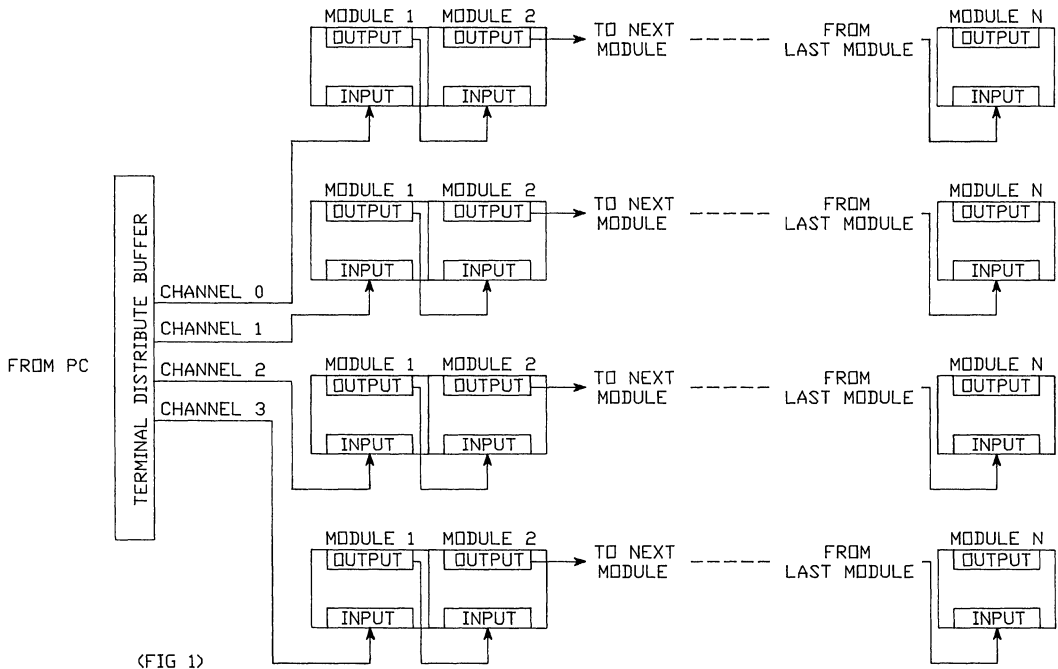


FIG. 2 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



(FIG 1)

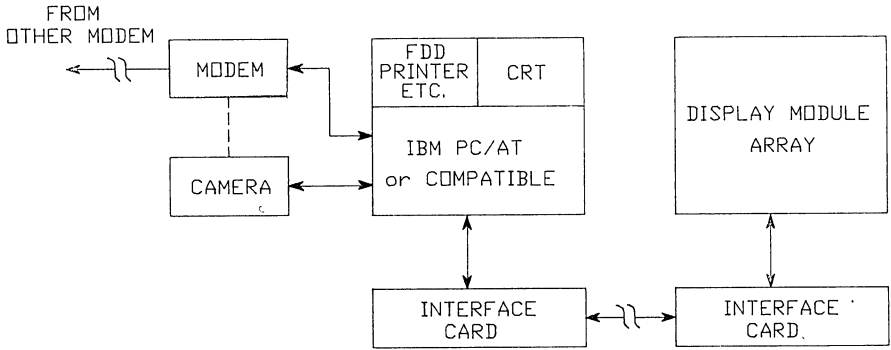


FIG. 4 SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

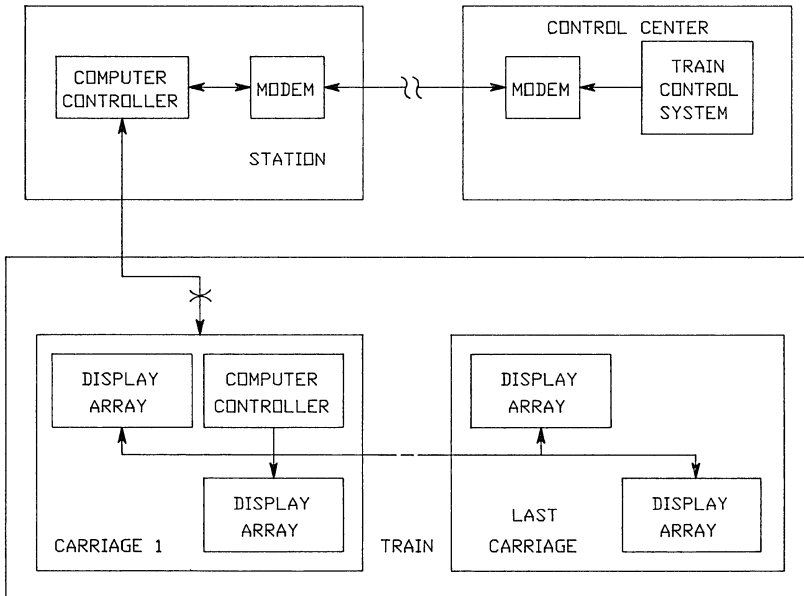
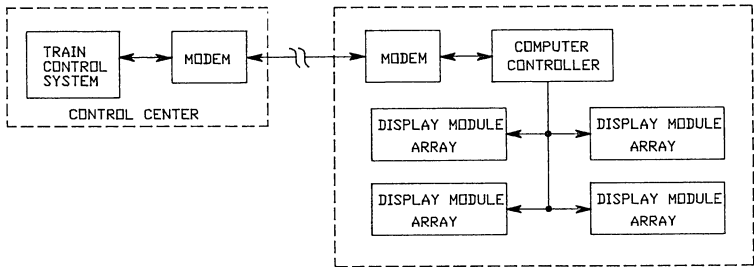


FIG. 5 APPLICATION BLOCK DIAGRAM

MULTICOLOR LED MODULES




1. Infrared Products

- SELECTION GUIDE
- INFRARED EMITTING DIODES
- PHOTOTRANSISTORS
- PHOTODIODES
- TRANSMISSIVE SWITCH
- OPTIC RECEIVER MODULE



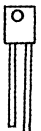


SELECTION GUIDE OF INFRARED PRODUCTS





• INFRARED EMITTING DIODES

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		APERTURE RADIANT INCIDENCE E _e TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	WAVE- LENGTH λP	LENS				
	T-1 Modified 0.5" Lead 0.05" Pitch 3φ	LTE-209	940 nm	Water Clear	0.4 mw/cm ²	16°	1.2 V	1-5
		LTE-209C	940 nm	Smoke	0.4 mw/cm ²	16°	1.2 V	
		LTE-239	880 nm	Water Clear	0.6 mw/cm ²	16°	1.3 V	1-8
		LTE-239C	880 nm	Smoke	0.6 mw/cm ²	16°	1.3 V	
	T-1½ Standard 1" Lead 5φ	LTE-4208	940 nm	Water Clear	1.4 mw/cm ²	20°	1.2 V	1-11
		LTE-4208C	940 nm	Smoke	1.4 mw/cm ²	20°	1.2 V	
		LTE-4238	880 nm	Water Clear	1.4 mw/cm ²	20°	1.3 V	1-14
		LTE-4238C	880 nm	Smoke	1.4 mw/cm ²	20°	1.3 V	
	T-1½ Wide Viewing Angle 5φ	LTE-5208A	940 nm	Water Clear	1.0 mw/cm ²	40°	1.2 V	1-17
		LTE-5208 AC	940 nm	Smoke	1.0 mw/cm ²	40°	1.2 V	
		LTE-5238A	880 nm	Water Clear	1.0 mw/cm ²	40°	1.3 V	1-20
		LTE-5238AC	880 nm	Smoke	1.0 mw/cm ²	40°	1.3 V	

● INFRARED EMITTING DIODES

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		APERTURE RADIANT INCIDANCE E _e TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE No.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	WAVE-LENGTH λP	LENS				
	T-1 Standard 1" Lead 3φ	LTE-4206	940 nm	Water Clear	0.7 mw/cm ²	20°	1.2V	1-23
		LTE-4206C	940 nm	Smoke	0.7 mw/cm ²	20°	1.2V	
	T-1¼ Narrow Viewing Angle 1" Lead 5φ	LTE-2871	940 nm	Water Clear	1.6 mw/cm ²	16°	1.2V	1-26
		LTE-2871C	940 nm	Smoke	1.6 mw/cm ²	16°	1.2V	
	Side Look	LTE-302	940 nm	Water Clear	0.15 mw/cm ²	40°	1.2V	1-29




● PHOTOTRANSISTORS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		LIGHT CURRENT TYP. @ E _e = 1 mw/cm ²	DARK CURRENT MAX. @ V _{CE} = 10V	V _{CE} (SAT) MAX. @ I _C = 0.5 mA	V _{CE0} MIN. @ I _C = 1 mA	PAGE No.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.					
	T-1 Modified 0.05" Pitch 0.5" Lead 3φ	LTR-209	2 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	1-32
	T-1¼ Standard 0.5" Lead 5φ	LTR-3208	4 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	1-35
		LTR-3208E	2 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	
	Side Look	LTR-301	1 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	1-38
	T-1 Standard 1" Lead 3φ	LTR-4206	4 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	1-41
		LTR-4206E	2 mA	100 nA	0.4 V	30 V	

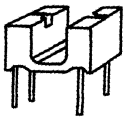
Note. * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the radiant intensity is half the axial radiant intensity

SELECTION GUIDE

• PHOTODIODES

OUTLINE	DEVICE		I_s TYP. @ $E_e = 0.08$ mw/cm^2 @ $V_R = 5V$	$I_D (R)$ MAX. @ $V_R = 10V$	$V_{(BR)R}$ MIN. @ $I_R = 100\mu A$	PEAK SENSITIVITY WAVELENGTH λ_P TYP.	PAGE No.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.					
	Black Plastic	LTR-515AD	$2\mu A$	30 nA	30 V	950 nm	1-44
		LTR-526AD	$2\mu A$	30 nA	30 V	950 nm	1-48
		LTR-536AD	$2\mu A$	30 nA	30 V	950 nm	1-52
			LTR-546AD	$2\mu A$	30 nA	30 V	950 nm

• TRANSMISSIVE SWITCH

OUTLINE	DEVICE		I_{RED} V_F TYP. @ $I_F = 20mA$	SENSOR V_{CE0} MIN. @ $I_C = 1mA$	SENSOR V_{ECO} MIN. @ $I_e = 100\mu A$	I_C MIN. @ $I_F = 20mA /$ $V_{CE} = 5V$	PAGE No.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.					
	Housing Package	LTH-301A	1.2 V	30 V	5 V	$500\mu A$	1-60
		LTH-301-07	1.2 V	30 V	5 V	$400\mu A$	1-63

• OPTIC RECEIVER MODULES

OUTLINE	DEVICE		CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY Fo (KHz)	ARRIVAL DISTANCE TYP. L (m)	SUPPLY VOLTAGE TYP. V _{CC} (V)	CURRENT CONSUMPTION MAX. I _{CC} (mA)	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.					
	22.6x14.6 x12.7	LTM-8705A	38	10	5	2.5	1-66
		LTM-8705B					1-67
		LTM-8705C					1-68
		LTM-8705D					1-69
	14.75x14.75 x13	LTM-8834	56.8	10	5	2.5	1-73
		LTM-8834-1	38				
		LTM-8834-2	32.7				
		LTM-8834-3	36				
		LTM-8834-4	50				
		LTM-8834-5	64				
	16x14.4x9.5	LTM-8835	36	7.8	5	2.5	1-77
	16x14.4x11.7	LTM-8836					1-78
	14.4x14.4x9	LTM-8837					1-82
	24x14x13.4	LTM-8848	36	10	5	2.5	1-86
		LTM-8848A					1-87

INFRARED PRODUCTS



GaAs T-1 MODIFIED 3 ϕ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-209/209C

FEATURES

- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- LOW COST, PLASTIC END LOOKING PACKAGE.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-209 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.
- THE LTE-209 SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.

DESCRIPTION

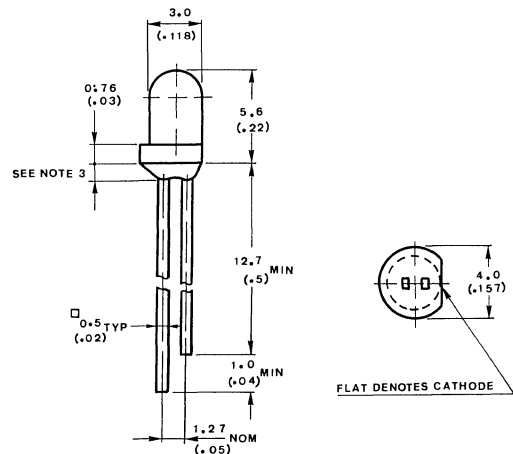
The LTE-209 series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. The LTE-209 series provides a broad range of intensity selection.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL

C-smoke color lens.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

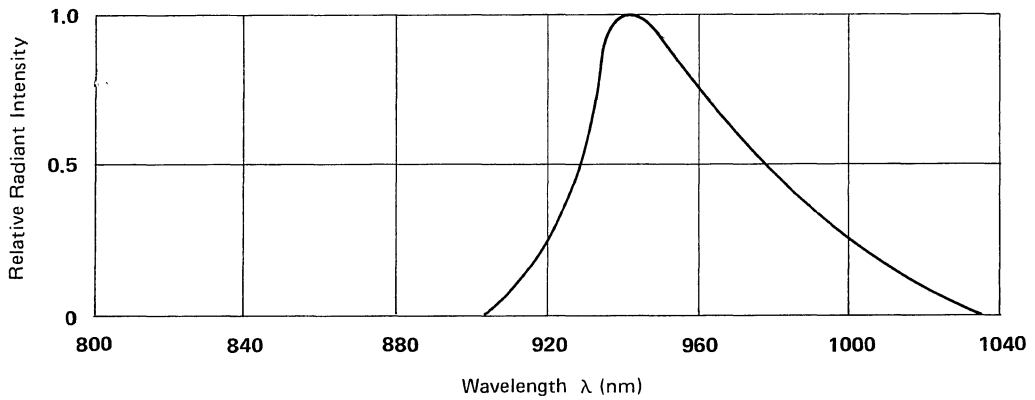


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	209	0.2	0.4		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20 mA
		209C	0.2	0.4			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			940		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta\frac{1}{2}$			16		deg.	

* TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

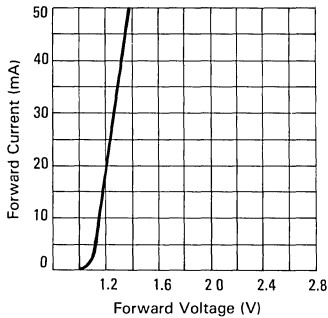


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

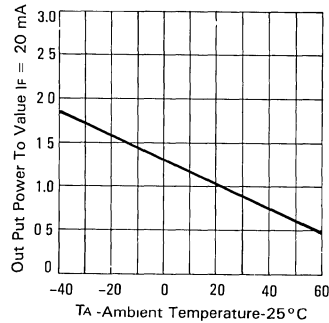


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

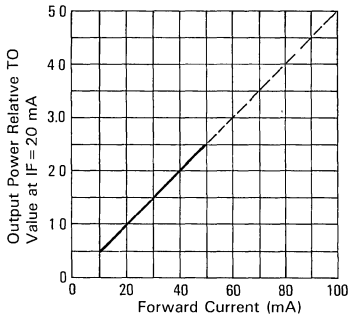


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

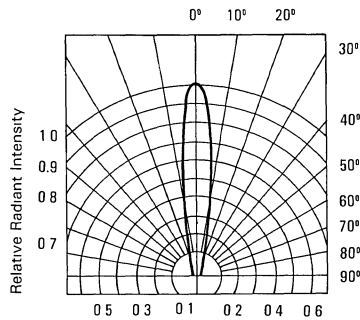


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM



GaAlAs T-1 MODIFIED 3φ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-239/239C

FEATURES

- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- HIGH POWER OUT PUT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-209 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.

DESCRIPTION

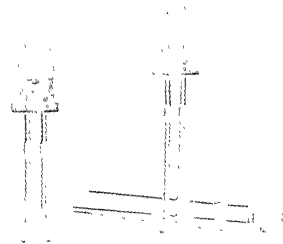
The LTE-239 series are high intensity Gallium Aluminum Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages, Gallium Aluminum Arsenide features a significant increase in the radiated output of Gallium Arsenide at the same forward current. Also with a wavelength centered at 880 nanometers it more closely of silicon phototransistor.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL

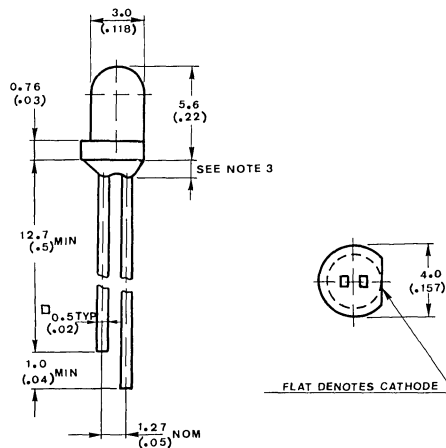
C-smoke color lens

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

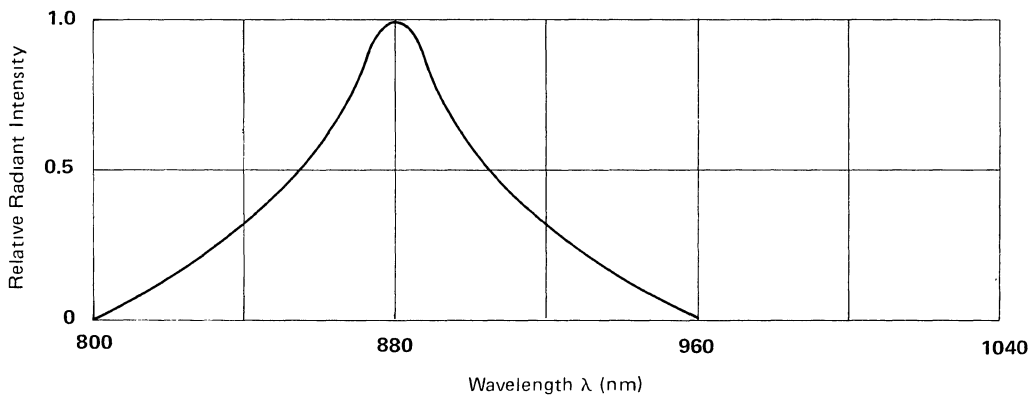


FIG 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	E_e	239	0.4	0.6		mW/cm^2	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
		239C	0.4	0.6			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{Peak}			880		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.3	1.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			0	100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta_{1/2}$			16		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

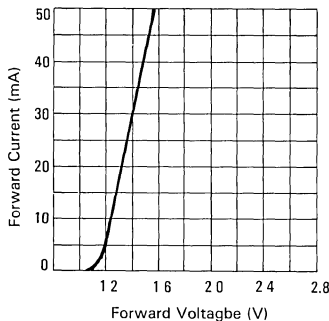


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

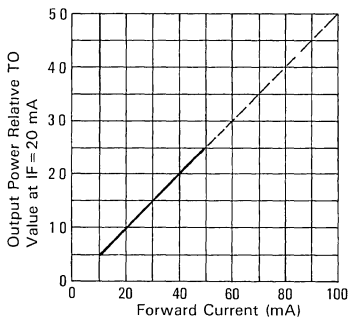


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

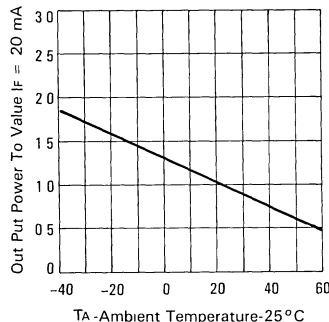


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

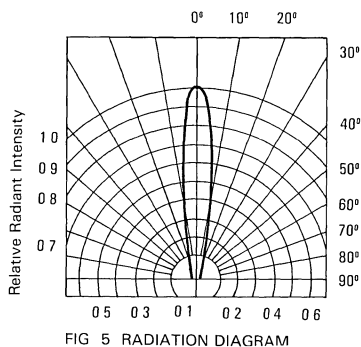


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM

INFRARED PRODUCTS



GaAs T-1³/₄ STANDARD 5 ϕ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-4208/4208C

FEATURES

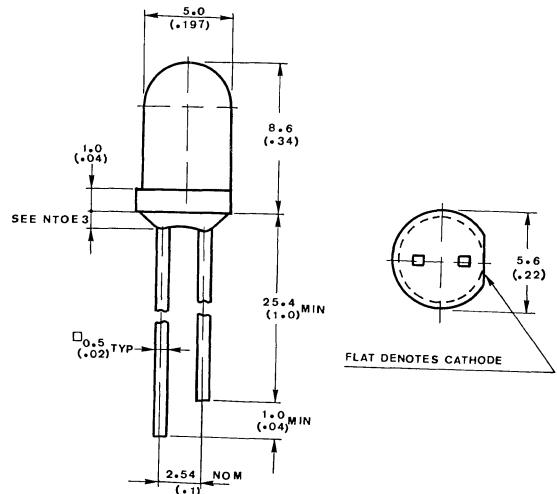
- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- LOW COST PLASTIC END LOOKING PACKAGE.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-3208 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.
- THE LTE-4208 SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.



DESCRIPTION

The LTE-4208 series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. LTE-4208 series provides a broad range of intensity selection. All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL. C-smoke color lens.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s Pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

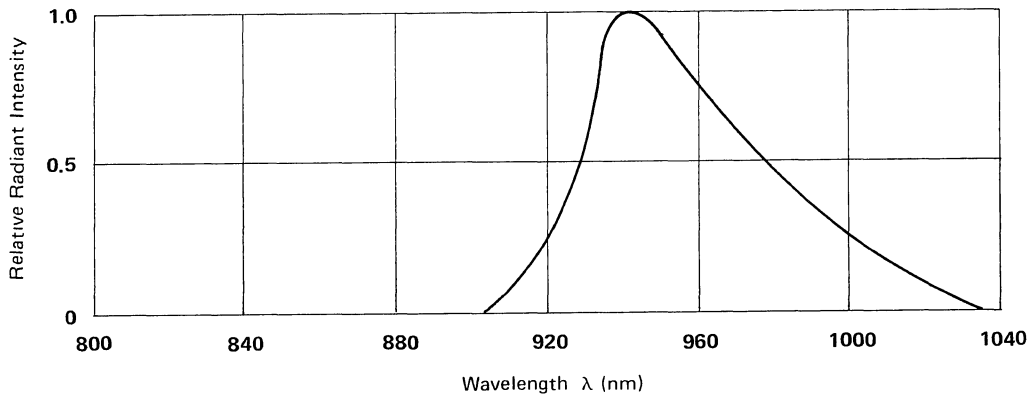


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

INFRARED
PRODUCTS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	E _e	4208	0.5	1.4		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20mA
		4208C	0.5	1.4			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			940		nm	I _F = 20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ			50		nm	I _F = 20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	2θ½			20		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

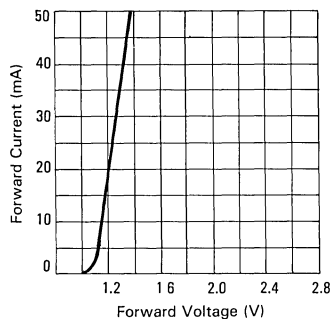


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

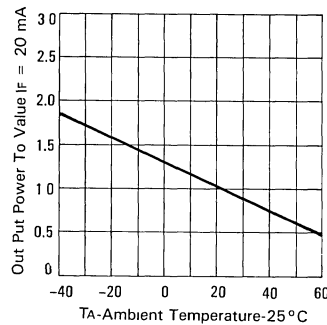


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

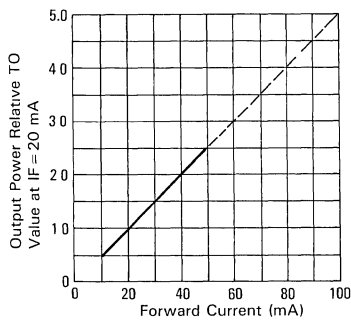


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

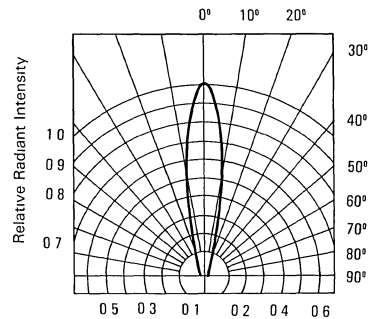


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM



GaAlAs T-1³/₄ MODIFIED 5φ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-4238/4238C

FEATURES

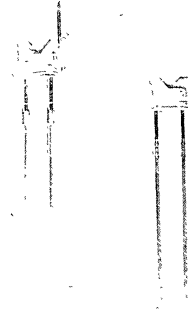
- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- HIGH POWER OUT PUT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-3208 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.

DESCRIPTION

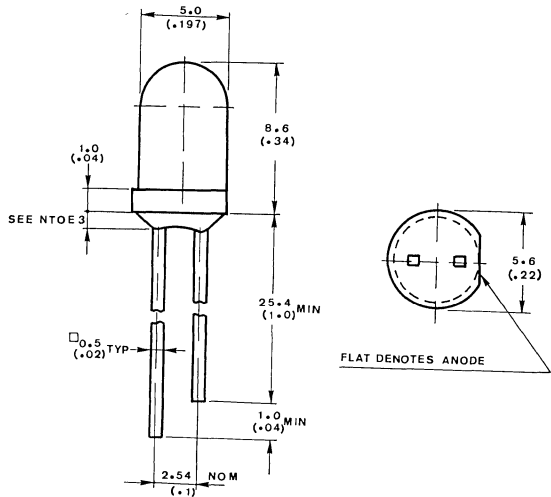
The LTE-4238 series are high intensity Gallium Aluminum Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. Gallium Aluminum Arsenide features a significant increase in the radiated output of Gallium Arsenide at the same forward current. Also with a wavelength centered at 880 nanometers it more closely of silicon phototransistor.

The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL

C-smoke color lens



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1μs pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

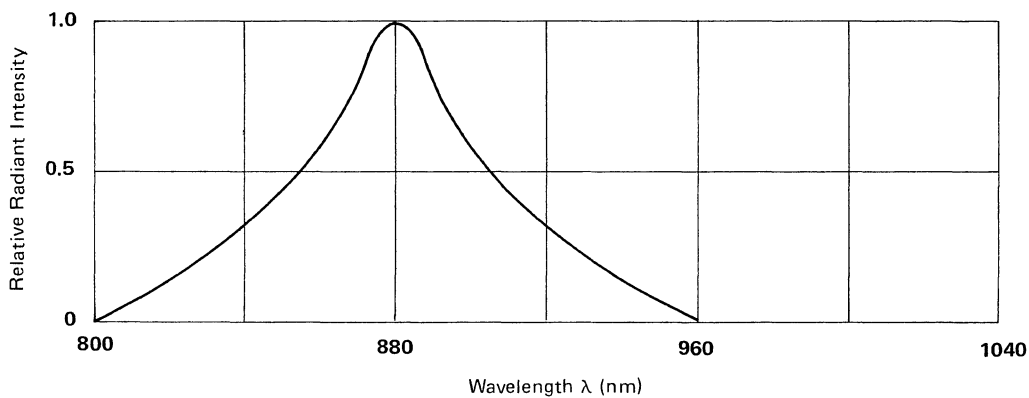


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE--	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	4238	0.8	1.4		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20 mA
		4238C	0.8	1.4			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			880		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.3	1.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta_{1/2}$			20		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

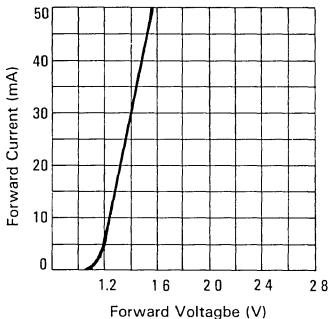


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

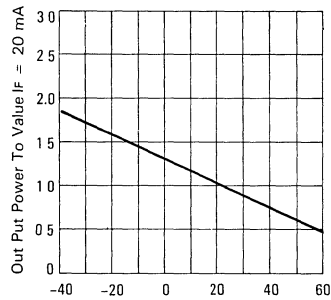


FIG 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

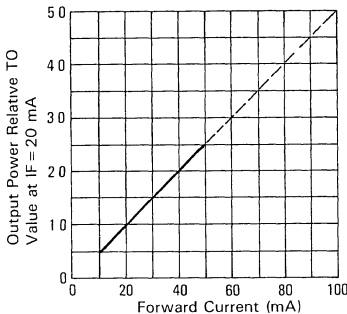


FIG 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

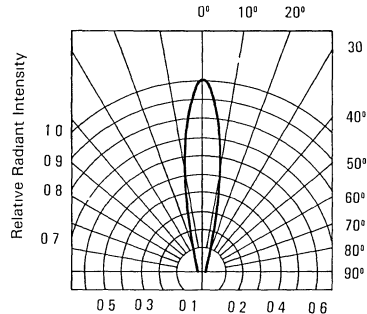


FIG 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM

INFRARED PRODUCTS



GaAs T-1³/₄ STANDARD 5 ϕ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-5208A/5208AC

FEATURES

- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- LOW COST PLASTIC END LOOKING PACKAGE.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-3208 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.
- THE LTE-5208A SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.

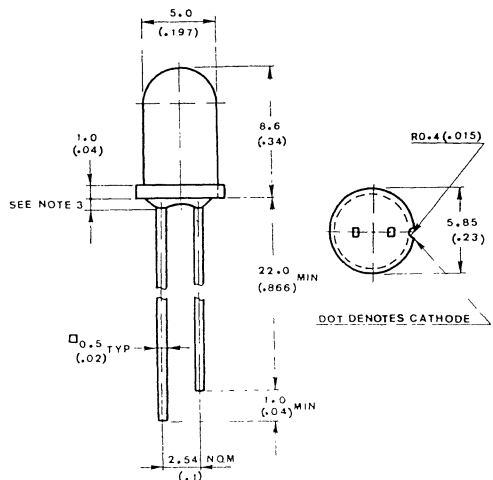
DESCRIPTION

The LTE-5208A series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. The LTE-5208A series provides a broad range of intensity selection.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL

C-smoke color lens.

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, $1\mu\text{s}$ pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

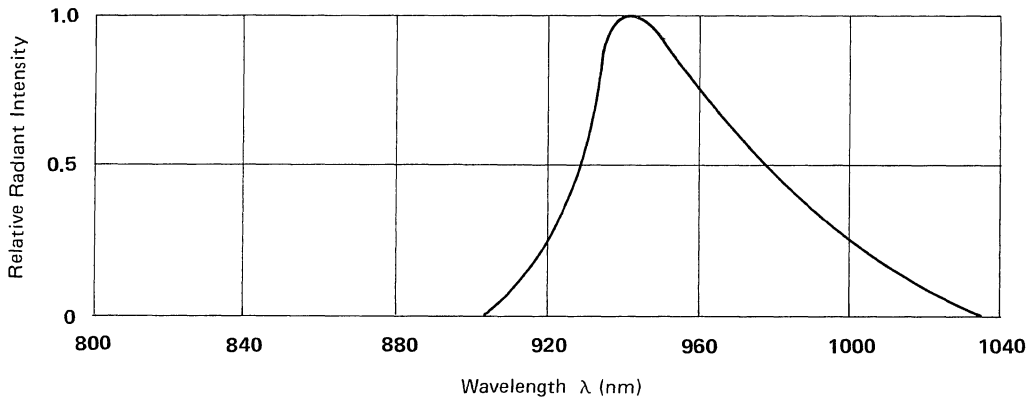


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	5208A	0.5	1.0		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20 mA
		5208AC	0.5	1.0			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			940		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta_{1/2}$			40		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

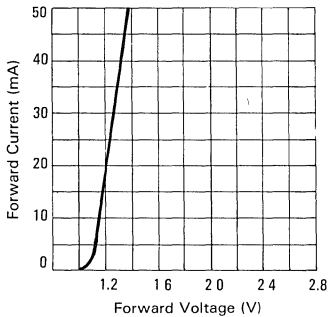


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

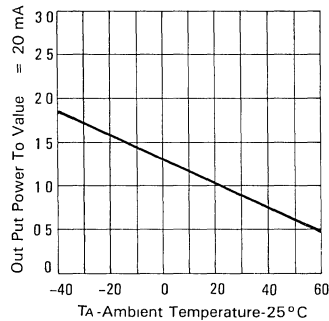


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

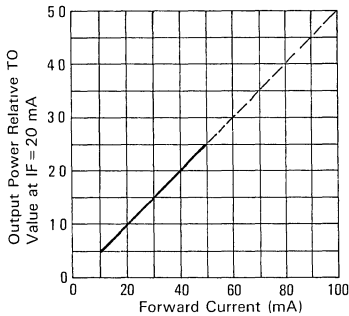


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

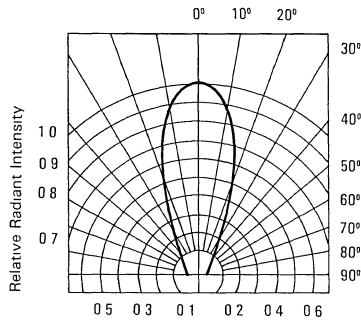


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM



GAAIAS T-1³/₄ STANDARD 5φ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-5238A/5238AC

FEATURES

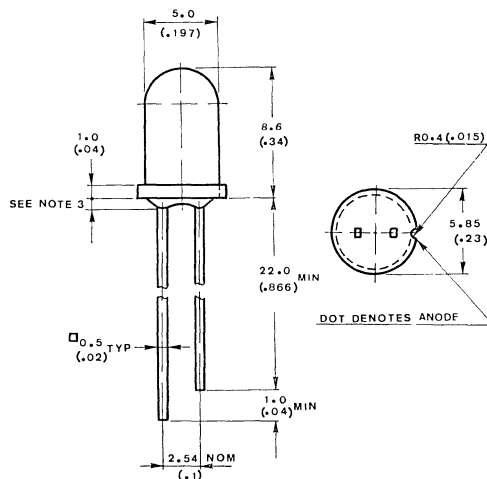
- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- HIGH POWER OUTPUT.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-3208 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.

DESCRIPTION

The LTE-5238A series are high intensity Gallium Aluminum Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. Gallium Aluminum Arsenide features a significant increase in the radiated output of Gallium Arsenide at the same forward current. Also with a wavelength centered at 880 nanometers it more closely of silicon phototransistor.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL C-smoke color lens.

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTE:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specification are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, $1\mu\text{s}$ Pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

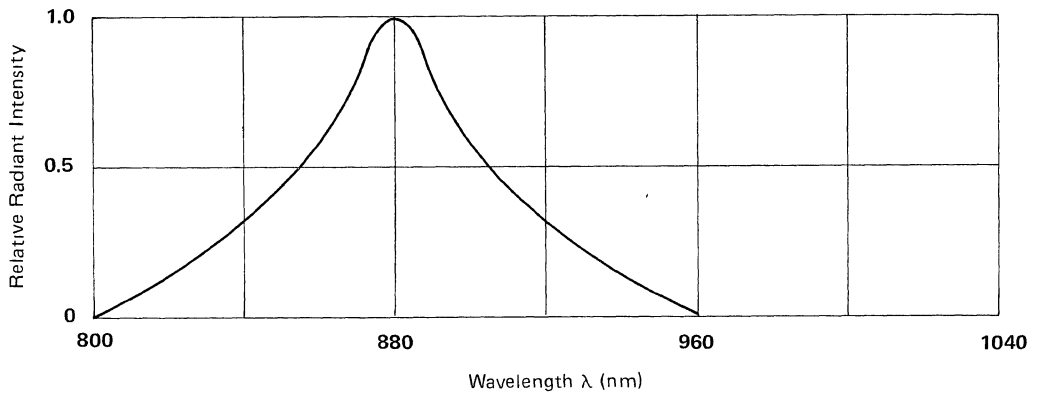


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE--	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	5238A	0.5	1.0		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20mA
		5238AC	0.5	1.0			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			880		nm	I _F = 20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.3	1.8	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See Fig. 5)	$2\theta_{1/2}$			40		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

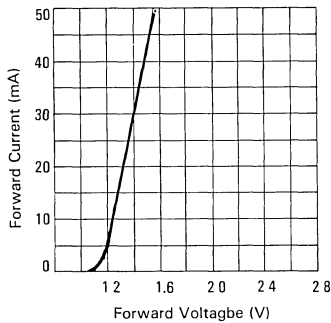


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

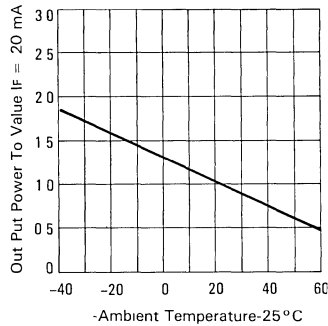


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

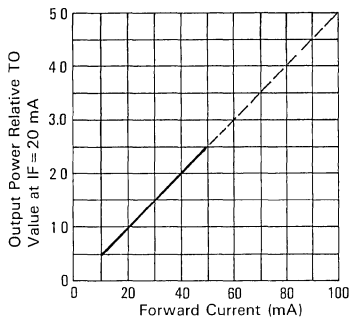


FIG. 4 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

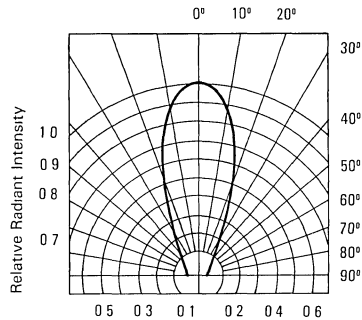


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM

INFRARED PRODUCTS



GaAs T-1 STANDARD 3 ϕ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-4206/4206C

FEATURES

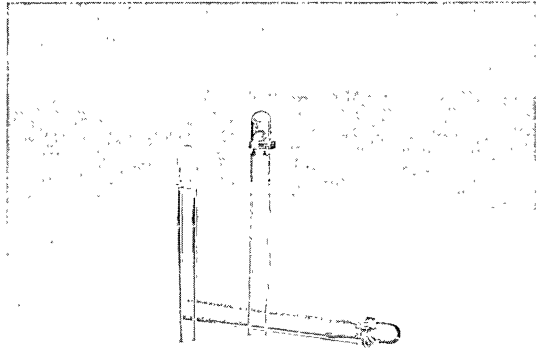
- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- LOW COST PLASTIC END LOOKING PACKAGE.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTARALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-4206 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.
- THE LTE-4206 SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.

DESCRIPTION

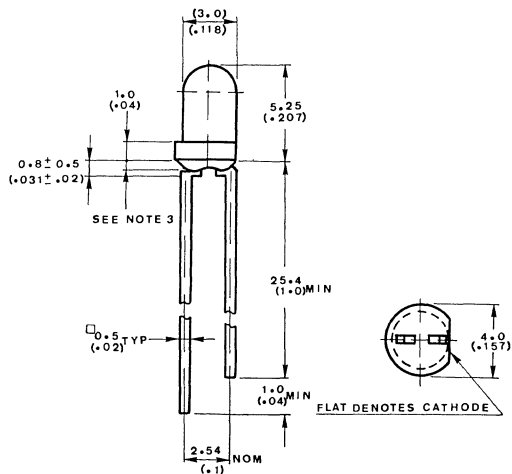
The LTE-4206 series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic end looking packages. LTE-4206 series provides a broad range of intensity selection.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65%AQL

C-smoke color lens.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s Pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

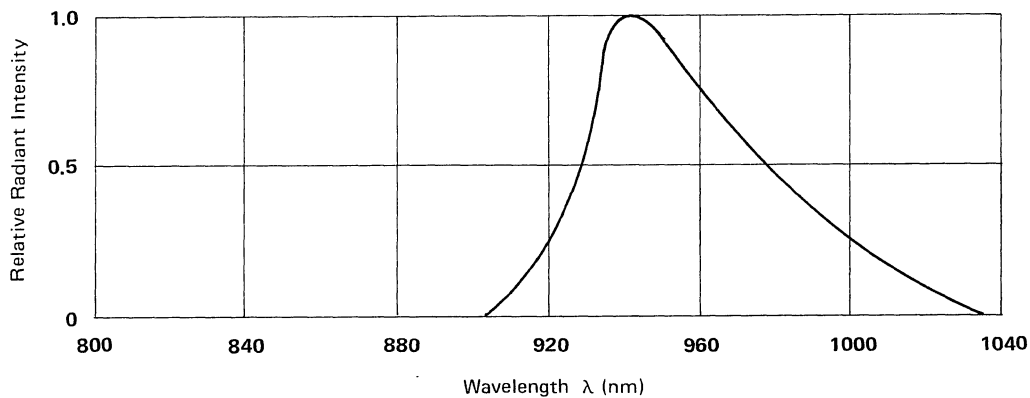


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

INFRARED
PRODUCTS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	4206	0.3	0.7		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20mA
		4206C					
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			940		nm	I _F = 20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta\frac{1}{2}$			20		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

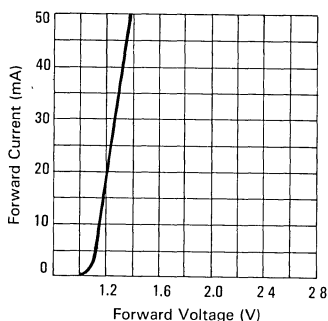


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

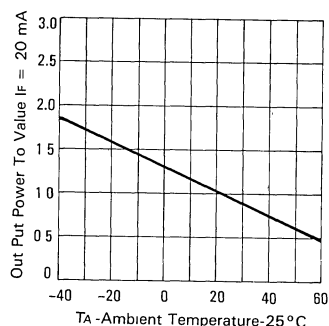


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

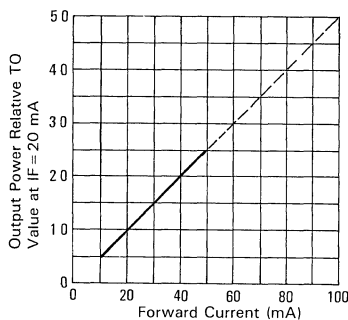


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

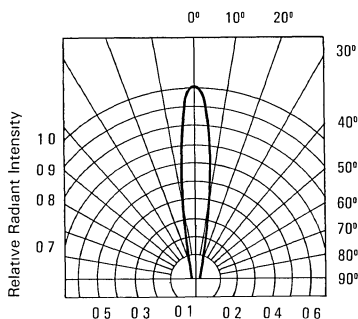


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM



GaAs T-1³/₄ MODIFIED 1" LEA 5φ INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-2871/2871C

FEATURES

- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY.
- LOW COST.
- NARROW BEAM.
- T-1³/₄ MODIFIED PACKAGE.
- THE LTE-2871 SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.

DESCRIPTION

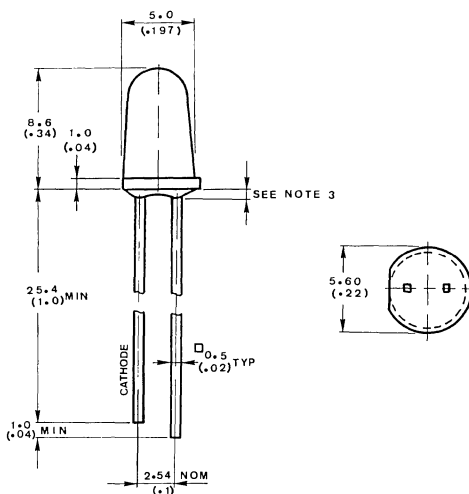
The LTE-2871 series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear pastic end looking packages. The LTE-2871 series provides a broad range of intensity selection.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL

C-smoke color lens



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s Pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

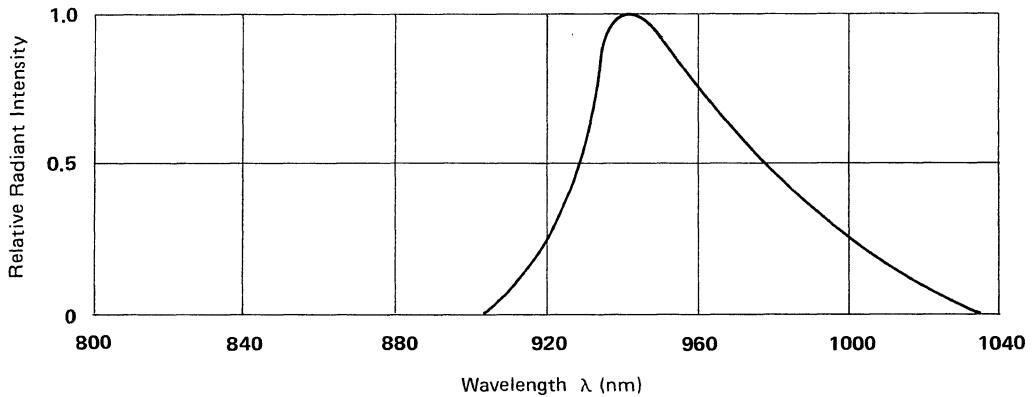


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	2871	0.7	1.6		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20 mA
		2871C	0.7	1.6			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ Peak			940		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See fig. 5)	$2\theta_{1/2}$			16		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

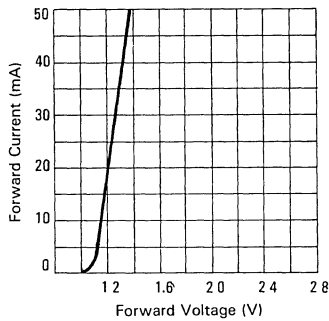


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

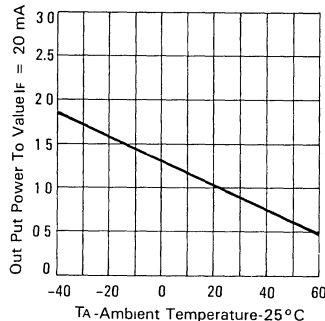


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

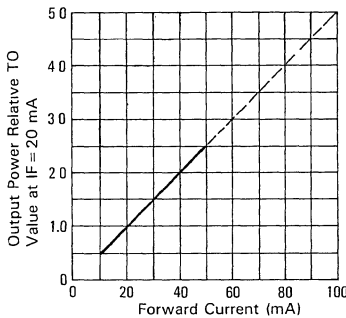


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

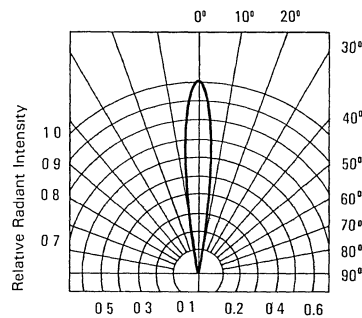


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM





GaAs PLASTIC SIDE LOOK INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

LTE-302

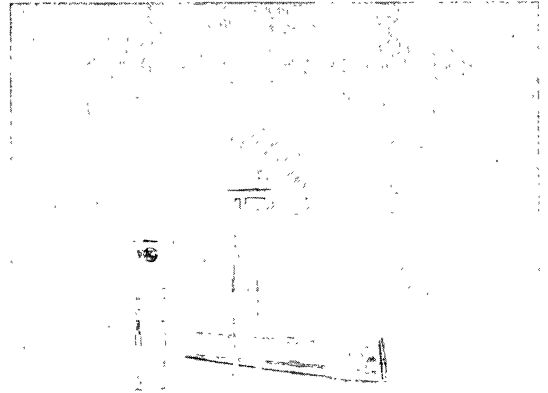
FEATURES

- SELECTED TO SPECIFIC ON-LINE INTENSITY AND RADIANT INTENSITY RANGES.
- LOW COST, PLASTIC SIDE LOOKING PACKAGE.
- MECHANICALLY AND SPECTRALLY MATCHED TO THE LTR-301 SERIES OF PHOTOTRANSISTOR.
- THE LTE-302 SERIES ARE MADE WITH GALLIUM ALUMINUM ARSENIDE WINDOW LAYER ON GALLIUM ARSENIDE INFRARED EMITTING DIODES.

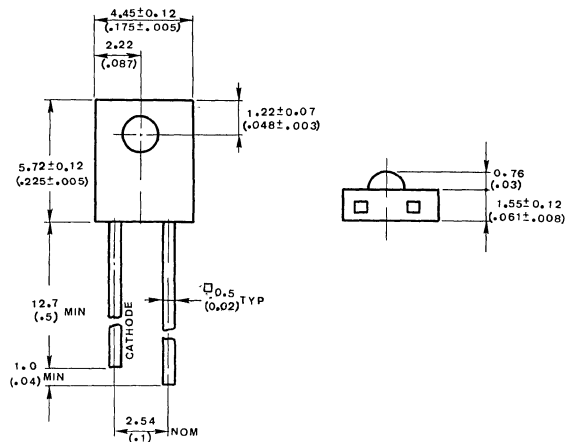
DESCRIPTION

The LTE-302 series are high intensity Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diodes mounted in clear plastic side looking packages. The LTE-302 series provides a broad range of intensity selection.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. The specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65%.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (300pps, 1 μ s Pulse)	3	A
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ$ C to +100 $^\circ$ C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ$ C to +100 $^\circ$ C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ$ C for 5 Seconds	

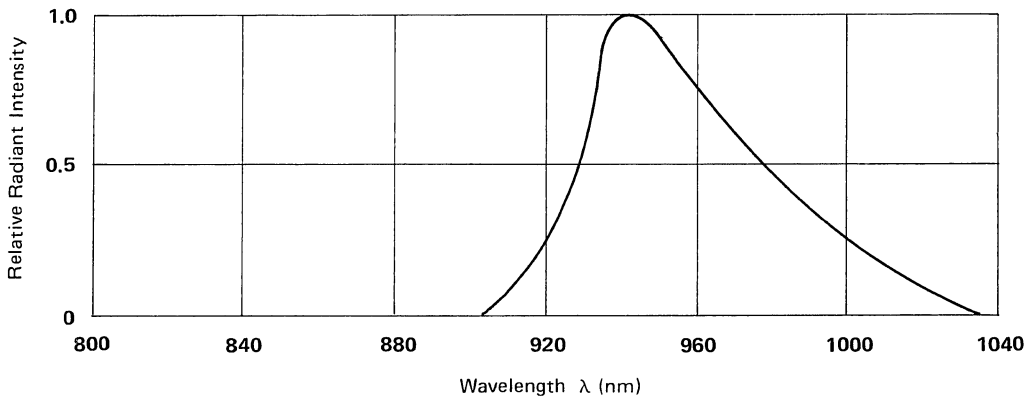


FIG. 1 SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION

INFRARED PRODUCTS

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTE-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Aperture Radiant Incidence	Ee	302	0.07	0.15		mW/cm ²	I _F = 20mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK			940		nm	I _F = 20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			50		nm	I _F = 20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.2	1.6	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			0	100	μA	V _R = 5V
Viewing Angle (See Fig. 5)	$2\theta\frac{1}{2}$			40		deg.	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

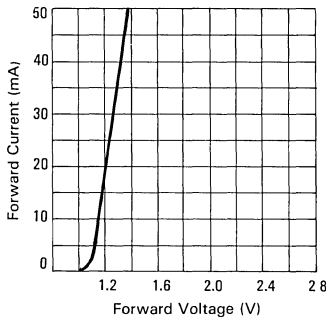


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

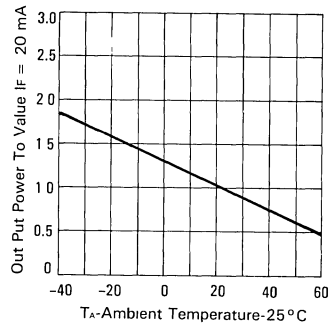


FIG. 3 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

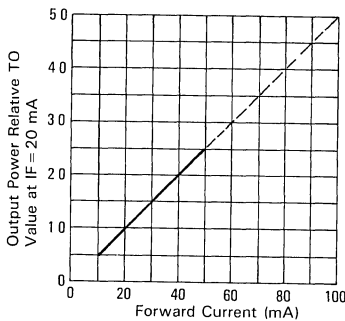


FIG. 4 RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

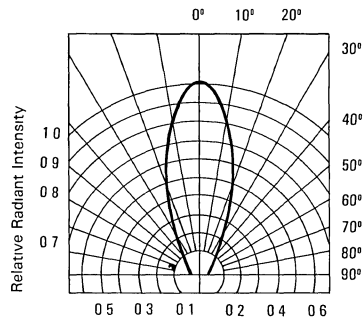


FIG. 5 RADIATION DIAGRAM



NPN T-1 MODIFIED 3 ϕ PHOTODETECTOR

LTR-209

FEATURES

- WIDE RANGE OF COLLECTOR CURRENTS.
- LENSED FOR HIGH SENSITIVITY
- LOW COST PLASTIC PACKAGE.

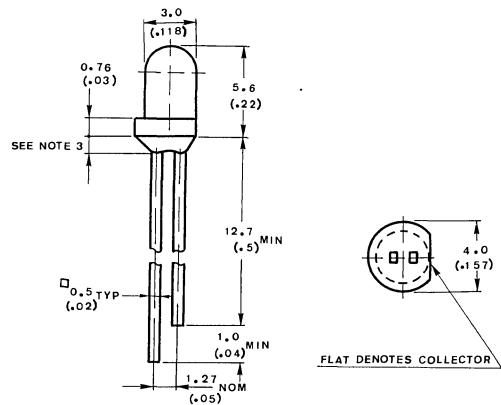
DESCRIPTION

The LTR-209 consist of an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a lensed, clear plastic, end looking package. The lensing effect of the package allows an acceptance half angle of 8° measured from the optical axis to the half power point. This series is mechanically and spectrally matched to the LTE-209 series of infrared emitting diodes.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	REMARK
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) CEO}$	30			V	$I_c = 1\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) ECO}$	5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$			0.4	V	$I_c = 0.5\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0.5\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Rise Time	T_r		5		μS	$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_c = 800\mu\text{A}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$	
Fall Time	T_f		5		μS		
Collector Dark Current	I_{CEO}			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
On State Collector Current	$I_{(ON)}$	1		2	mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$	BINC
		2		4	mA	$E_e = 1\text{mW/cm}^2$	BIND
		4		8	mA	$\lambda = 940\text{nm}$	BINE
		8			mA		BINF

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

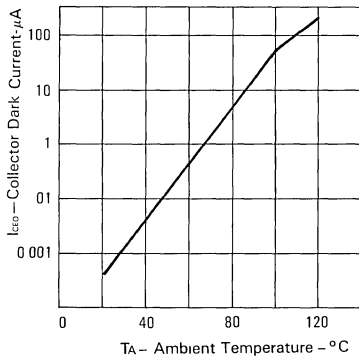


FIG 1 COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

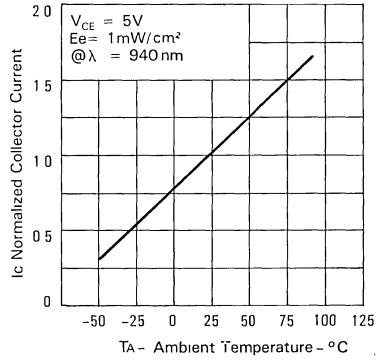


FIG 2 NORMALIZED COLLECTOR CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

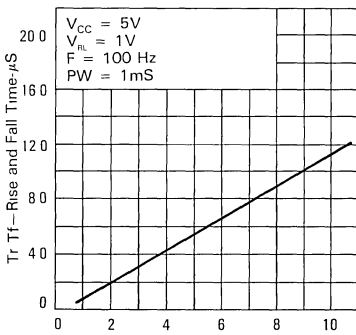


FIG 3 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE

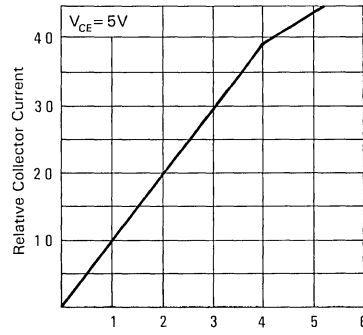


FIG 4 RELATIVE COLLECTOR CURRENT VS IRRADIANCE

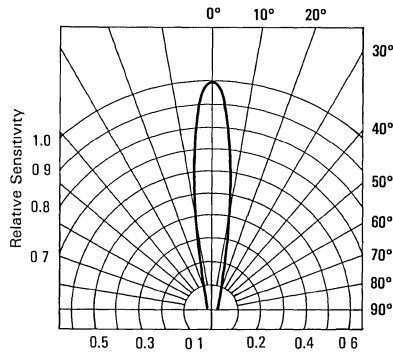


FIG 5 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM





NPN T-1³/₄ STANDARD 5 ϕ PHOTODETECTOR

LTR-3208/3208E

FEATURES

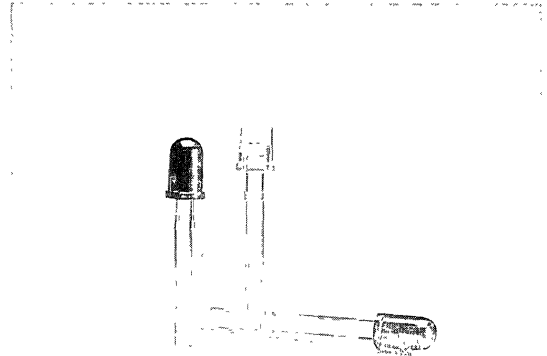
- WIDE RANGE OF COLLECTOR CURRENTS.
- LENSED FOR HIGH SENSITIVITY
- LOW COST PLASTIC PACKAGE.

DESCRIPTION

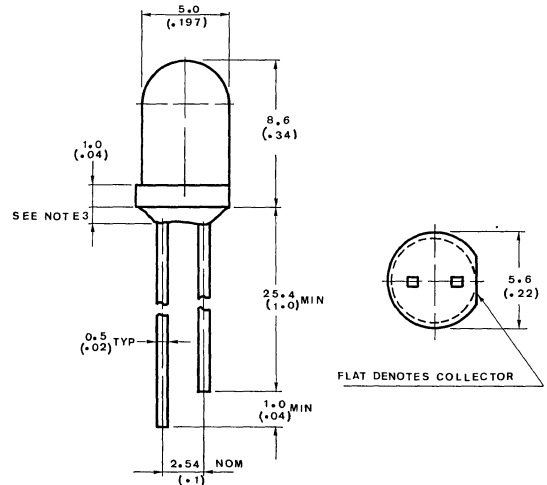
The LTR-3208 series consist of an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a lensed, clear plastic, end looking package. The lensing effect of the package allows an acceptance half angle of 10° measured from the optical axis to the half power point. This series is mechanically and spectrally matched to the LTE-4208 series of infrared emitting diodes.

The LTR-3208E is a special dark plastic package that cut the visible light and suitable for the detectors of infrared applications.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTR-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	REMARK
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$		30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)ECO}$		5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$				0.4	V	$I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0.5\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Rise Time	T_r			5		μS	$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_C = 800\mu\text{A}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$	
Fall Time	T_f			5		μS		
Collector Dark Current	I_{CEO}				100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
On State Collector Current	$I_{(ON)}$	3208	1	4		mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $E_e = 1\text{mW/cm}^2$	
		3208E	1	2		mA		$\lambda = 940\text{nm}$



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

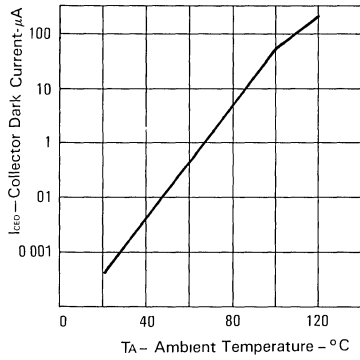


FIG 1 COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

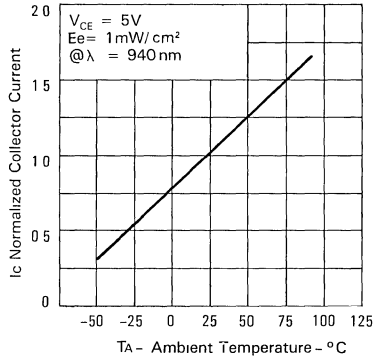


FIG 2 NORMALIZED COLLECTOR CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

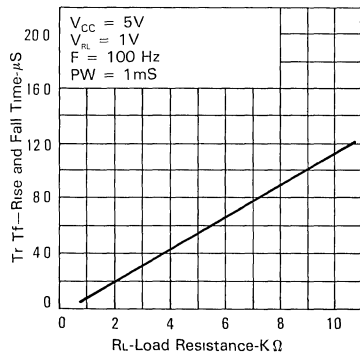


FIG 3 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE

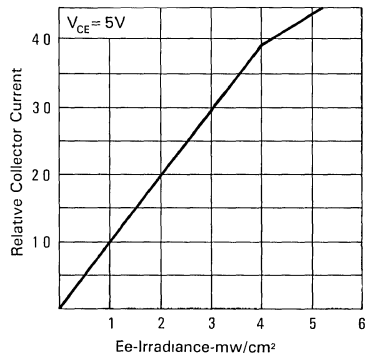


FIG 4 RELATIVE COLLECTOR CURRENT VS IRRADIANCE

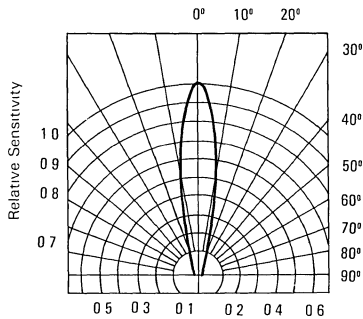


FIG 5 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM



NPN PLASTIC SIDE LOOK PHOTODETECTOR

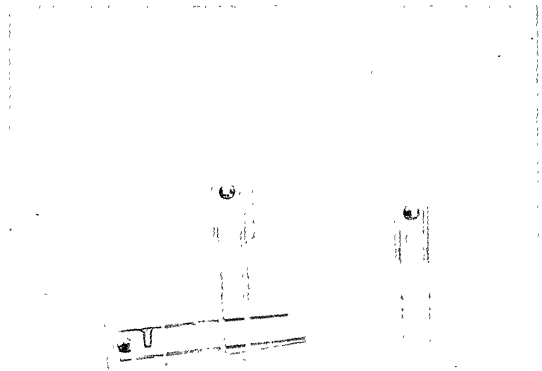
LTR-301

FEATURES

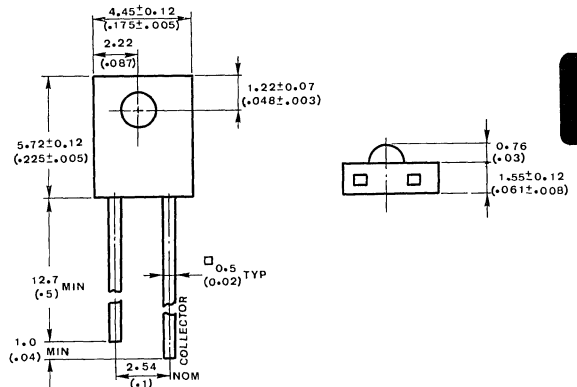
- WIDE RANGE OF COLLECTOR CURRENTS.
- LENSED FOR HIGH SENSITIVITY.
- LOW COST PLASTIC PACKAGE.

DESCRIPTION

The LTR-301 consist of an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a lensed, clear plastic, side looking package. The lensing effect of the package allows an acceptance half angle of 20° measured from the optical axis to the half power point. This series is mechanically and spectrally matched to the LTE-302 series of infrared emitting diodes. All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($\pm 0.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($\pm 0.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	REMARK
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$			0.4	V	$I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0.5\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Rise Time	T_r		5		μS	$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_C = 800\mu\text{A}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$	
Fall Time	T_f		5		μS		
Collector Dark Current	I_{CEO}			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
On State Collector Current	$I_{(ON)}$	0.2	1		mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $E_e = 1\text{mW/cm}^2$ $\lambda = 940\text{nm}$	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

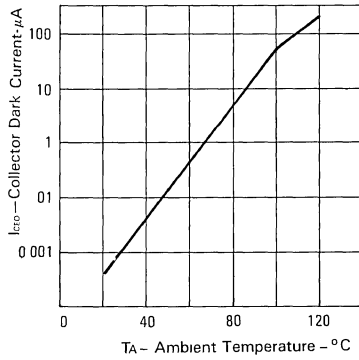


FIG 1 COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

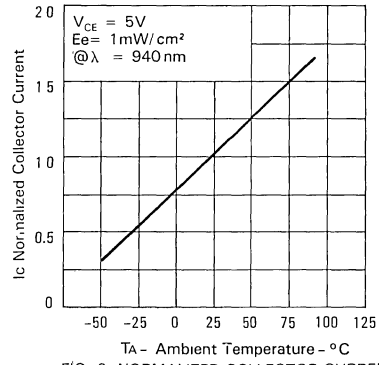


FIG 2 NORMALIZED COLLECTOR CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

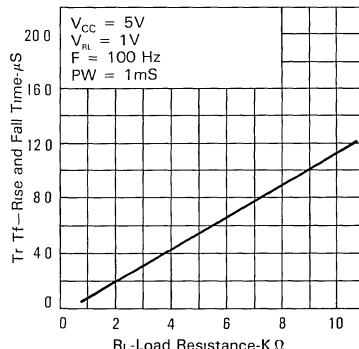


FIG 3 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE

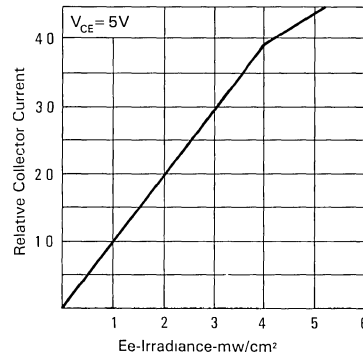


FIG 4 RELATIVE COLLECTOR CURRENT VS IRRADIANCE

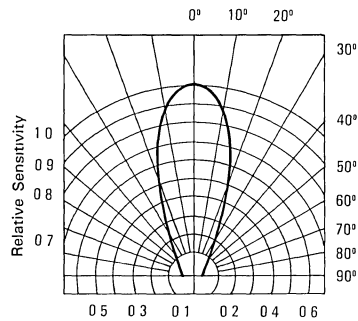


FIG 5 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM





NPN T-1 STANDARD PHOTODETECTOR

LTR-4206/4206E

FEATURES

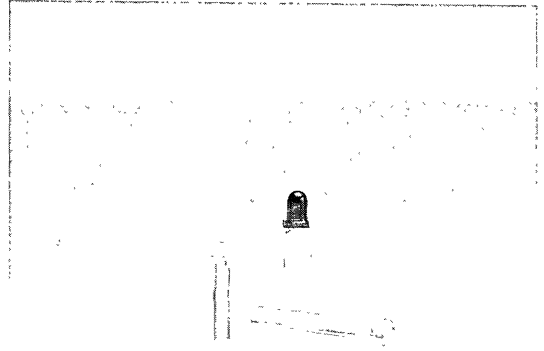
- WIDE RANGE OF COLLECTOR CURRENTS.
- LENSED FOR HIGH SENSITIVITY
- LOW COST PLASTIC PACKAGE.

DESCRIPTION

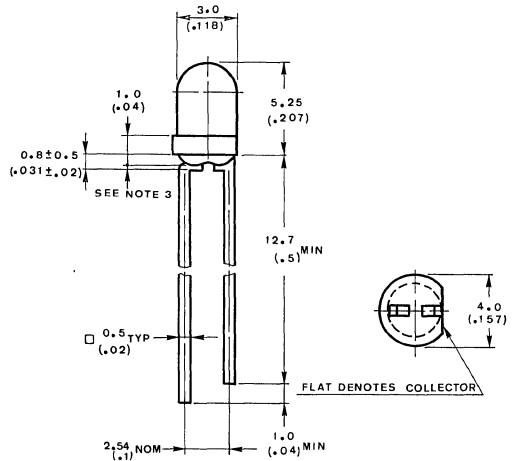
The LTR-4206 series consist of an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a lensed, clear plastic end looking package. The lensing effect of the package allows an acceptance half angle of 10° measured from the optical axis to the half power point. This series is mechanically and spectrally matched to the LTE-4206 series of infrared emitting diodes.

The LTR-4206E is a special dark plastic package that cut the visible light and suitable for the detectors of infrared application.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTR-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	REMARK
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) CEO}$		30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) ECO}$		5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE (SAT)}$				0.4	V	$I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$ $E_e = 0.5\text{mW/cm}^2$	
Rise Time	T_r			5		μS	$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$ $I_C = 800\mu\text{A}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$	
Fall Time	T_f			5		μS		
Collector Dark Current	I_{CEO}				100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$	
On State Collector Current	$I_{(ON)}$	4206	1	4		mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $E_e = 1\text{mW/cm}^2$	
		4206E	1	2		mA	$\lambda = 940\text{nm}$	



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

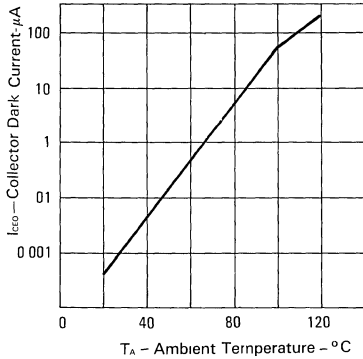


FIG. 1 COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

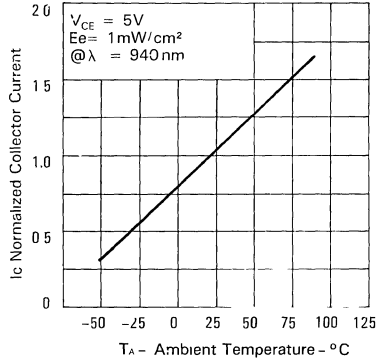


FIG. 2 NORMALIZED COLLECTOR CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

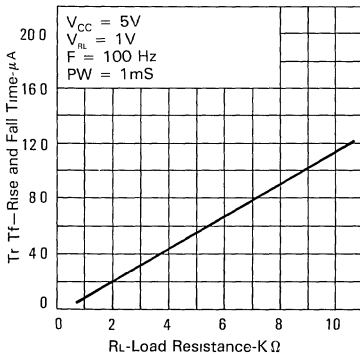


FIG. 3 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE

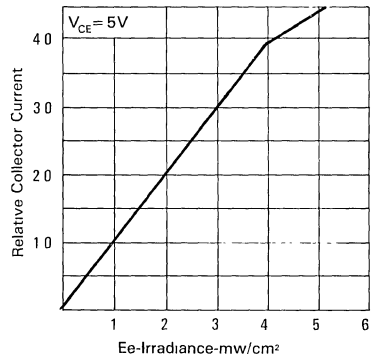


FIG. 4 RELATIVE COLLECTOR CURRENT VS IRRADIANCE

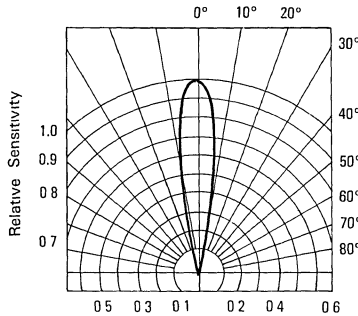


FIG. 5 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM

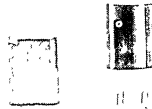


BLACK PLASTIC PHOTODIODE

LTR-516AD

FEATURES

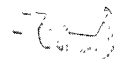
- HIGH PHOTO SENSITIVITY.
- SUITABLE FOR INFRARED RADIATION.
- LOW JUNCTION CAPACITANCE.
- HIGH CUT-OFF FREQUENCY.
- FAST SWITCHING TIME.



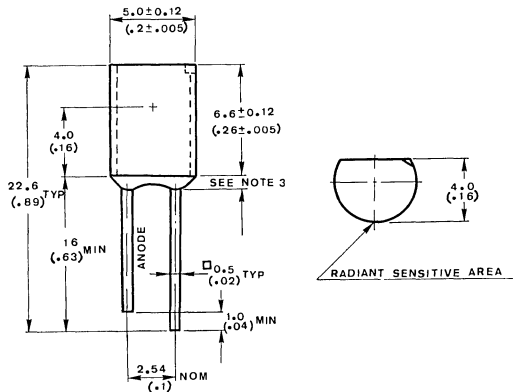
DESCRIPTION

The LTR-516AD is a special dark plastic package that cut the visible light and suitable for the detectors of infrared applications.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing specification are guaranteed to cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTE:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package
5. Specification are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	150	mW
Reverse Break Down Voltage	30	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

$$AREA - .12' \times .12' = 9.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Reverse Break Down Voltage	V _{(BR)R}	30			V	I _R = 100μA E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Reverse Dark Current	I _{D (R)}			30	nA	V _R = 10V E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Open Circuit Voltage	V _{OC}		350		mV	λ = 940nm E _e = 0.5mW/cm ²
Rise Time	T _r		50		nsec	V _R = 10V λ = 940nm
Fall Time	T _f		50		nsec	R _L = 1KΩ
Light Current	I _s	1.7	2		μA	V _R = 5V λ = 940nm E _e = 0.08mW/cm ²
Total Capacitance	C _T		25		pF	V _R = 3V f = 1MHZ E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Wavelength of the Max Sensitivity	λ _{S MAX}		950		nm	
Spectral Sensitivity	S	30	50		$\frac{\mu A \text{ cm}^2}{\text{mw}}$	V _R = 5V
Noise Equivalent Power	NEP		4.4x10 ⁻¹⁴		$\frac{W}{\sqrt{HZ}}$	V _R = 10V
Detection Limit	*D		6.3x10 ¹²		$\frac{\text{cm} \sqrt{HZ}}{w}$	

*The luminance indicated refers to unfiltered radiation of a tungsten filament LAMP at a color temperature of 2856° K.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

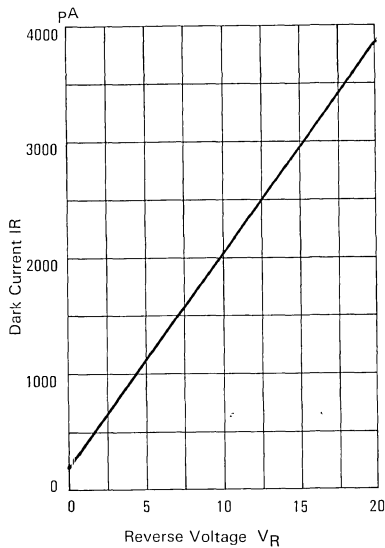


FIG 1 DARK CURRENT VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
TAMB = 25°C, Ee = 0 mW/cm²

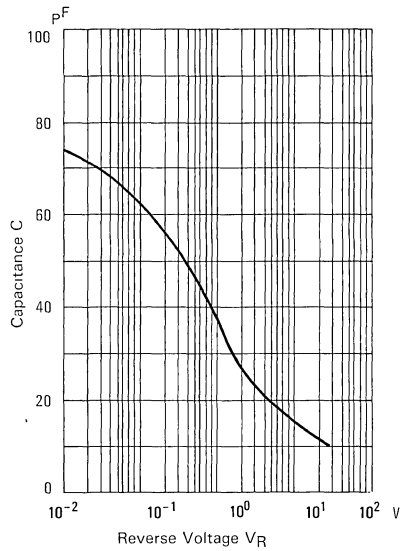


FIG 2 CAPACITANCE VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
F = 1 MHz, Ee = 0 mW/cm²

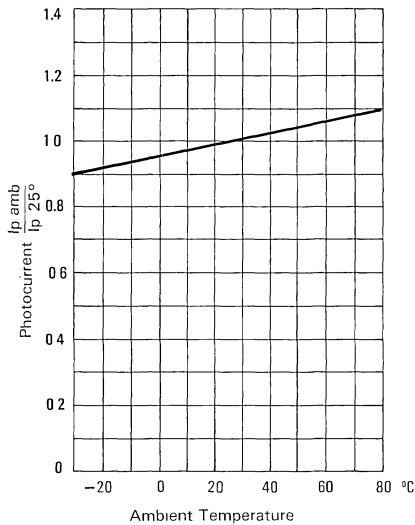


FIG 3 PHOTOCURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

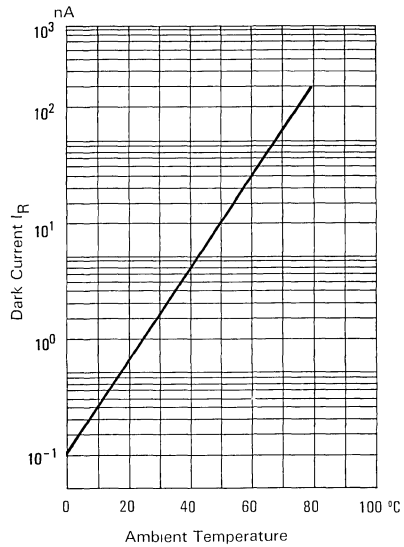


FIG 4 DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
 $V_R = 10V$, Ee = 0 mW/cm²



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

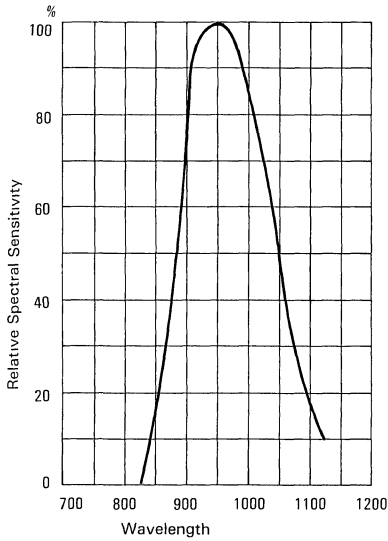


FIG 5 RELATIVE SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY VS WAVELENGTH

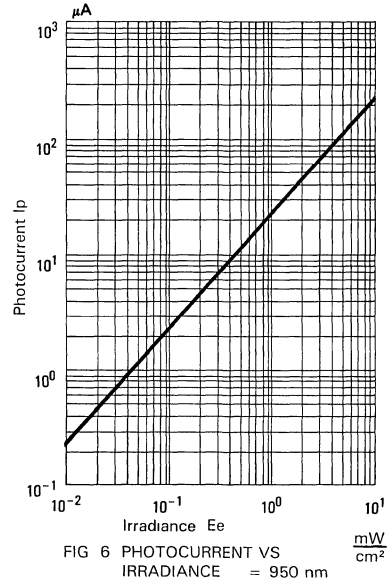


FIG 6 PHOTOCURRENT VS IRRADIANCE = 950 nm

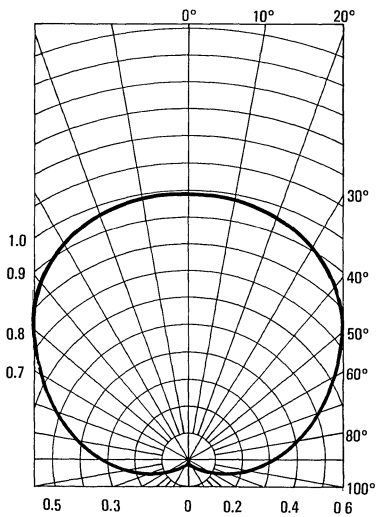


FIG 7 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM

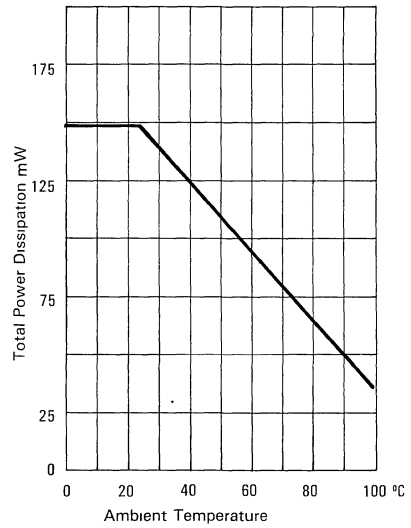


FIG 8 TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	150	mW
Reverse Break Down Voltage	30	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

$$\text{AREA} - .12" \times .12" = 9.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Reverse Break Down Voltage	V _{(BR)R}	30			V	I _R = 100μA E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Reverse Dark Current	I _{D (R)}			30	nA	V _R = 10V E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Open Circuit Voltage	V _{oc}		350		mV	λ = 940nm E _e = 0.5mW/cm ²
Rise Time	T _r		50		nsec	V _R = 10V λ = 940nm
Fall Time	T _f		50		nsec	R _L = 1KΩ
Light Current	I _s	1.7	2		μA	V _R = 5V λ = 940nm E _e = 0.08mW/cm ²
Total Capacitance	C _T		25		pF	V _R = 3V f = 1MHZ E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Wavelength of the Max Sensitivity	λ _{S MAX}		950		nm	
Spectral Sensitivity	S	30	50		$\frac{\mu\text{A cm}^2}{\text{mw}}$	V _R = 5V
Noise Equivalent Power	NEP		4.4x10 ⁻¹⁴		$\frac{\text{W}}{\sqrt{\text{HZ}}}$	V _R = 10V
Detection Limit	*D		6.3x10 ¹²		$\frac{\text{cm} \sqrt{\text{HZ}}}{\text{w}}$	

*The luminance indicated refers to unfiltered radiation of a tungsten filament LAMP at a color temperature of 2856° K.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

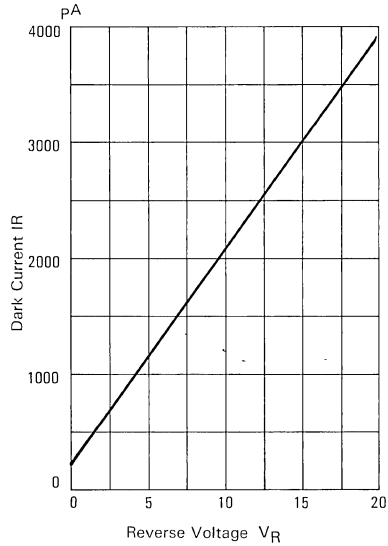


FIG 1 DARK CURRENT VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

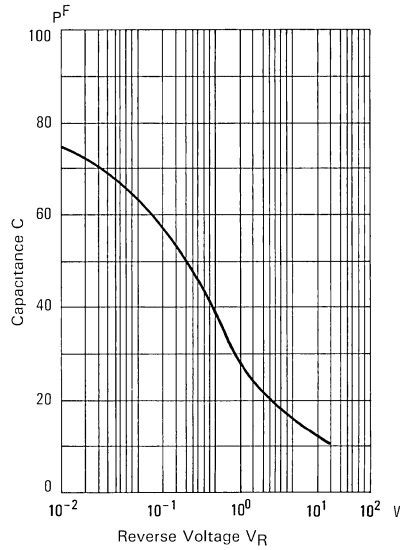


FIG 2 CAPACITANCE VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $F = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

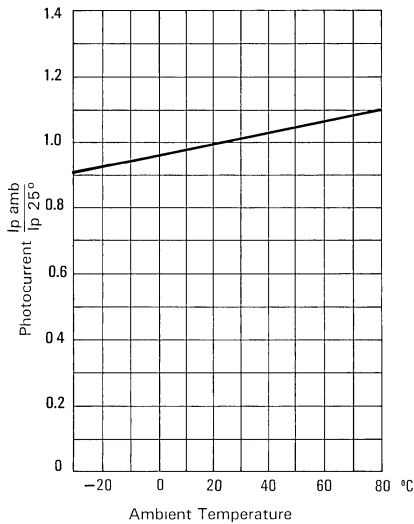


FIG 3 PHOTOCURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

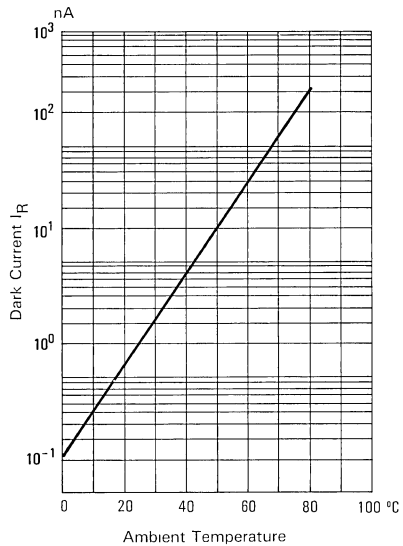


FIG 4 DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
 $V_R = 10\text{V}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

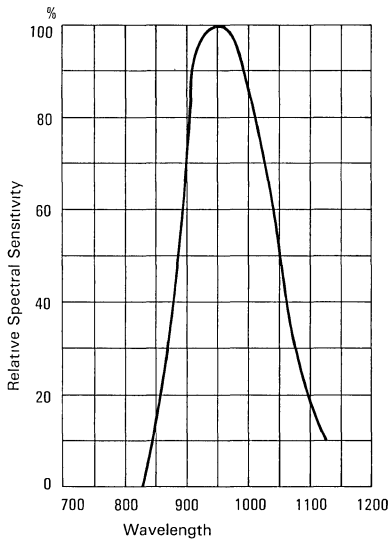


FIG. 5 RELATIVE SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY VS WAVELENGTH

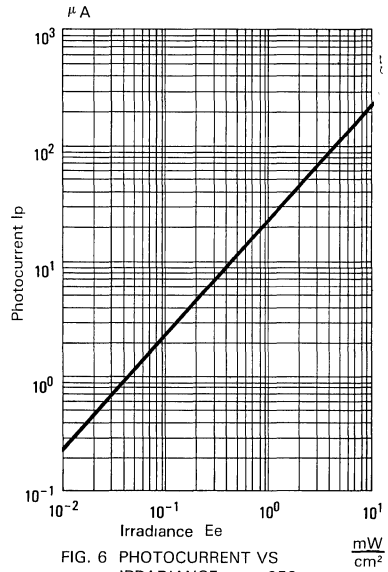


FIG. 6 PHOTOCURRENT VS IRRADIANCE = 950 nm

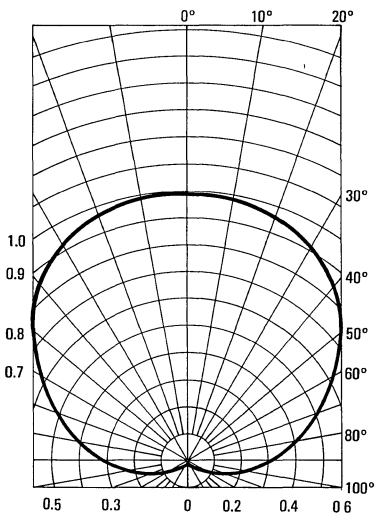


FIG. 7 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM

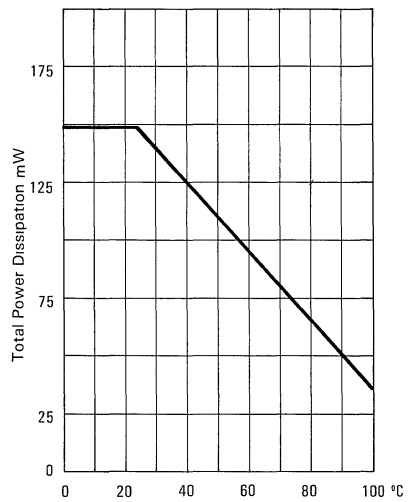


FIG. 8 TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



BLACK PLASTIC PHOTODIODE

LTR-536AD

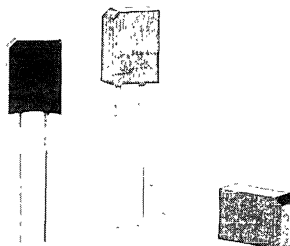
FEATURES

- HIGH PHOTO SENSITIVITY.
- SUITABLE FOR INFRARED RADIATION.
- LOW JUNCTION CAPACITANCE.
- HIGH CUT-OFF FREQUENCY.
- FAST SWITCHING TIME.

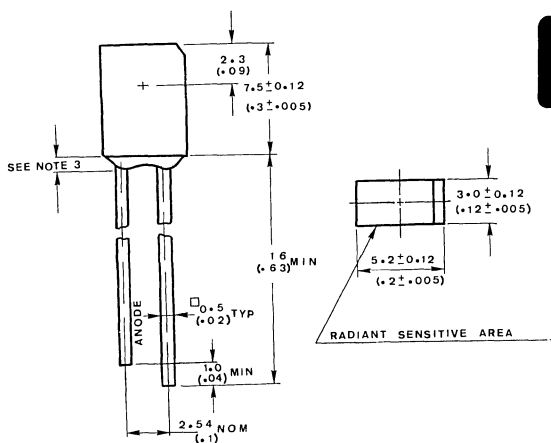
DESCRIPTION

The LTR-536AD is a special dark plastic package that cut the visible light and suitable for the detectors of infrared applications.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing specification are guaranteed to cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTE:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specification are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	150	mW
Reverse Break Down Voltage	30	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

$$ARDA - .12'' \times .12'' = 9.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Reverse Break Down Voltage	$V_{(BR)R}$	30			V	$I_R = 100\mu\text{A}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$
Reverse Dark Current	$I_{D(R)}$			30	nA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$
Open Circuit Voltage	V_{oc}		350		mV	$\lambda = 940\text{nm}$ $E_e = 0.5\text{mW/cm}^2$
Rise Time	T_r		50		nsec	$V_R = 10\text{V}$ $\lambda = 940\text{nm}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$
Fall Time	T_f		50		nsec	
Light Current	I_s	1.7	2		μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$ $\lambda = 940\text{nm}$ $E_e = 0.08\text{mW/cm}^2$
Total Capacitance	C_T		25		pF	$V_R = 3\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$ $E_e = 0\text{mW/cm}^2$
Wavelength of the Max Sensitivity	$\lambda_{S\text{MAX}}$		950		nm	
Spectral Sensitivity	S	30	50		$\frac{\mu\text{A cm}^2}{\text{mw}}$	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Noise Equivalent Power	NEP		4.4×10^{-14}		$\frac{\text{W}}{\sqrt{\text{HZ}}}$	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Detection Limit	*D		6.3×10^{12}		$\frac{\text{cm} \sqrt{\text{HZ}}}{\text{W}}$	

*The luminance indicated refers to unfiltered radiation of a tungsten filament LAMP at a color temperature of 2856°K.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

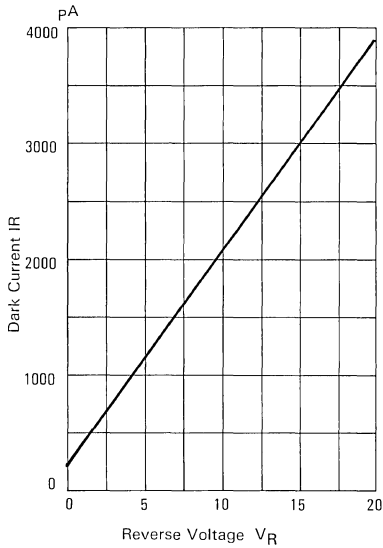


FIG 1 DARK CURRENT VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

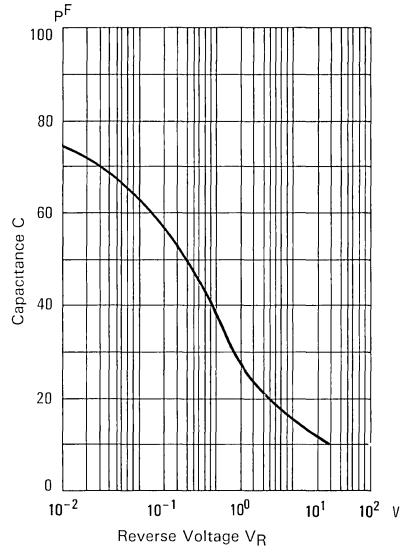


FIG 2 CAPACITANCE VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $F = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

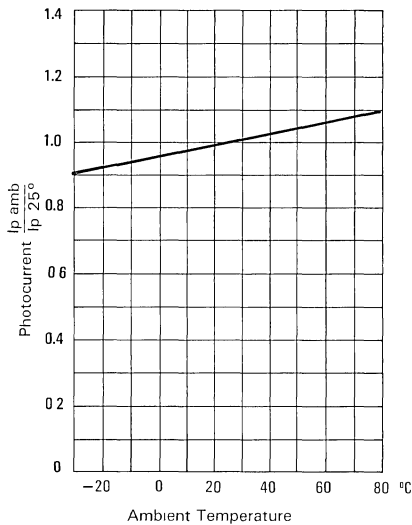


FIG 3 PHOTOCURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

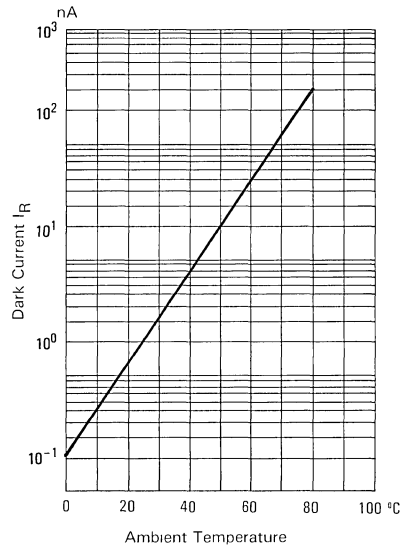


FIG 4 DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
 $V_R = 10\text{V}$, $E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL/CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

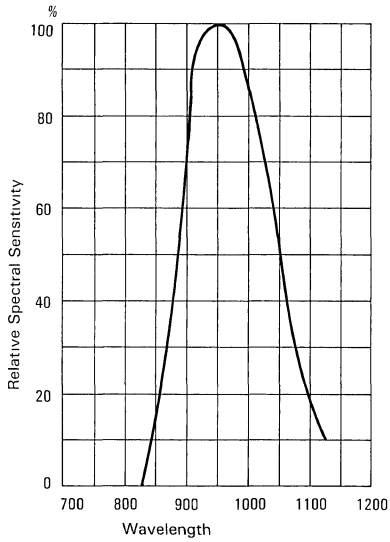


FIG 5 RELATIVE SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY VS WAVELENGTH

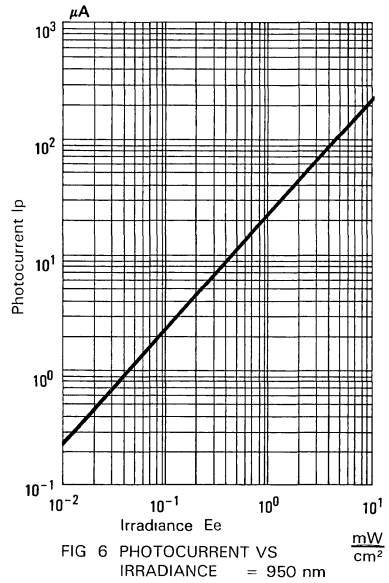


FIG 6 PHOTOCURRENT VS IRRADIANCE = 950 nm

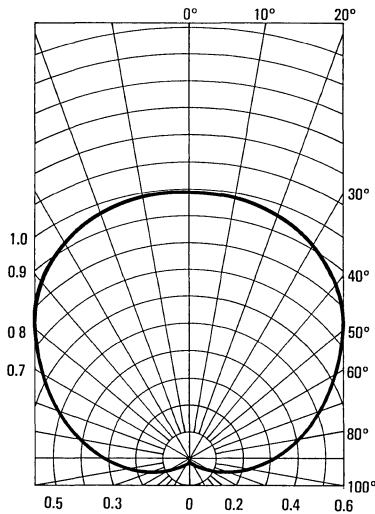


FIG 7 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM

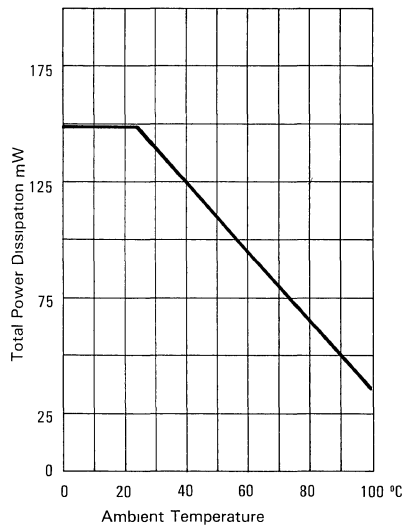


FIG. 8 TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



BLACK PLASTIC PHOTODIODE

LTR-546AD

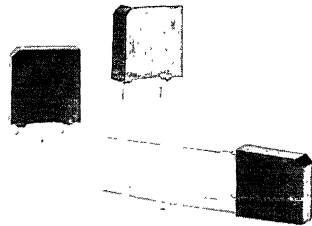
FEATURES

- HIGH PHOTO SENSITIVITY.
- SUITABLE FOR INFRARED RADIATION.
- LOW JUNCTION CAPACITANCE.
- HIGH CUT-OFF FREQUENCY.
- FAST SWITCHING TIME.

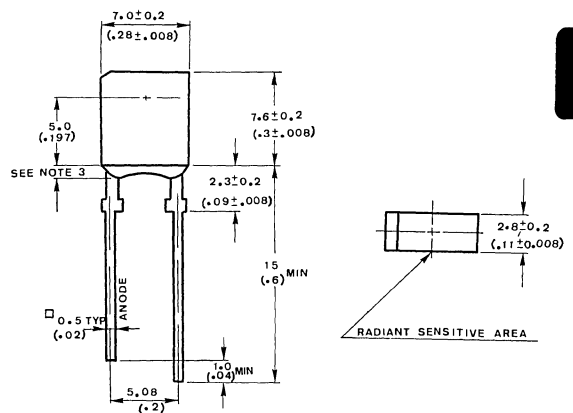
DESCRIPTION

The LTR-546AD is a special dark plastic package that cut the visible light and suitable for the detectors of infrared application.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing specification are guaranteed to cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	150	mW
Reverse Break Down Voltage	30	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

$$AREA - .12" \times .12" = 9.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Reverse Break Down Voltage	V _{(BR)R}	30			V	I _R = 100μA E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Reverse Dark Current	I _{D (R)}			30	nA	V _R = 10V E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Open Circuit Voltage	V _{oc}		350		mV	λ = 940nm E _e = 0.5mW/cm ²
Rise Time	T _r		50		nsec	V _R = 10V λ = 940nm R _L = 1KΩ
Fall Time	T _f		50		nsec	
Light Current	I _s	1.7	2		μA	V _R = 5V λ = 940nm E _e = 0.08mW/cm ²
Total Capacitance	C _T		25		pF	V _R = 3V f = 1MHZ E _e = 0mW/cm ²
Wavelength of the Max Sensitivity	λ _{SMAX}		950		nm	
Spectral Sensitivity	S	30	50		$\frac{\mu A \text{ cm}^2}{\text{mw}}$	V _R = 5V
Nose Equivalent Power	NEP		4.4x10 ⁻¹⁴		$\frac{W}{\sqrt{HZ}}$	V _R = 10V
Detection Limit	*D		6.3x10 ¹²		$\frac{\text{cm} \sqrt{HZ}}{w}$	

*The luminance indicated refers to unfiltered radiation of a tungsten filament LAMP at a color temperature of 2856° K.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

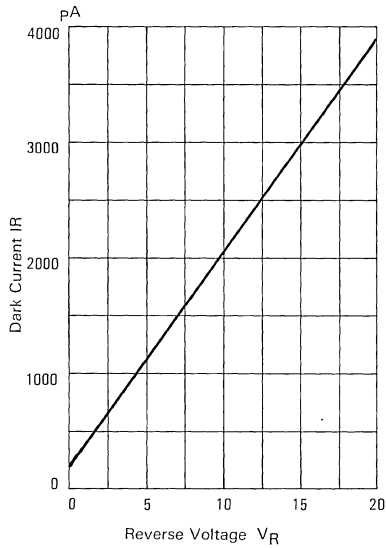


FIG 1 DARK CURRENT VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ C, E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

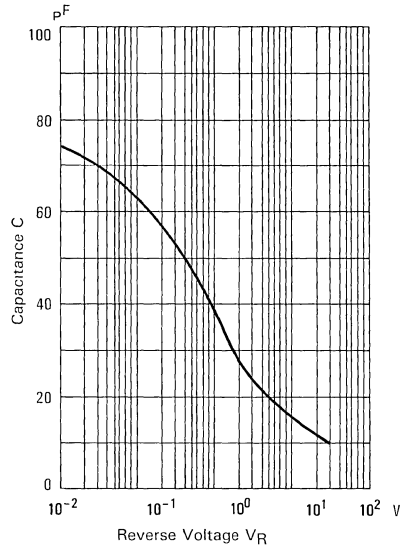


FIG 2 CAPACITANCE VS REVERSE VOLTAGE
 $F = 1 \text{ MHz}, E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

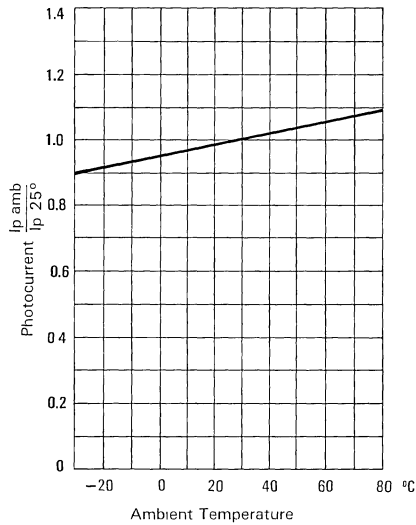


FIG 3 PHOTOCURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

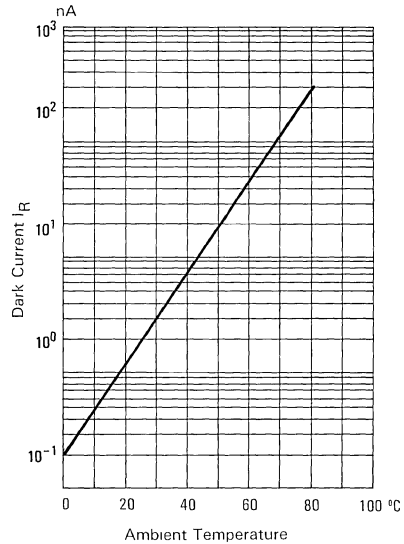


FIG 4 DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
 $V_R = 10V, E_e = 0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

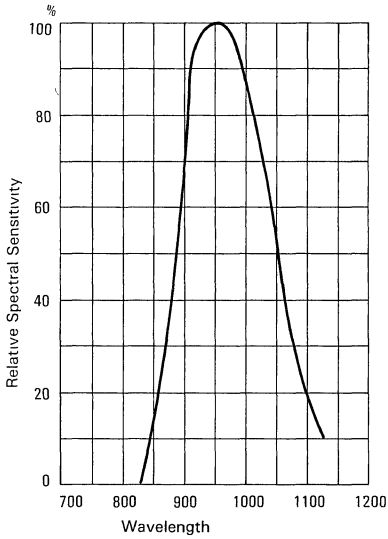


FIG. 5 RELATIVE SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY VS WAVELENGTH

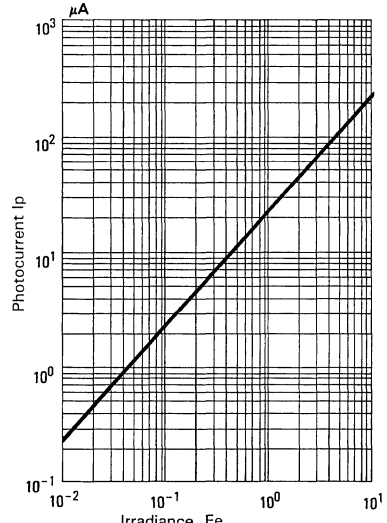


FIG 6 PHOTOCURRENT VS IRRADIANCE = 950 nm

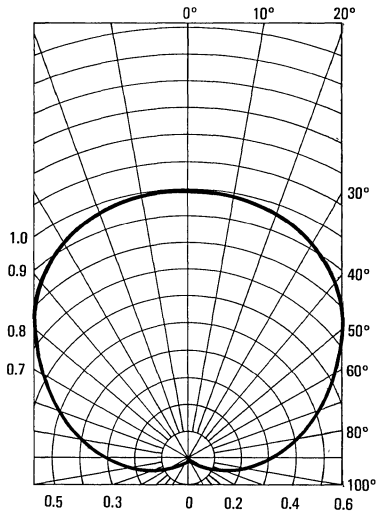


FIG 7 SENSITIVITY DIAGRAM

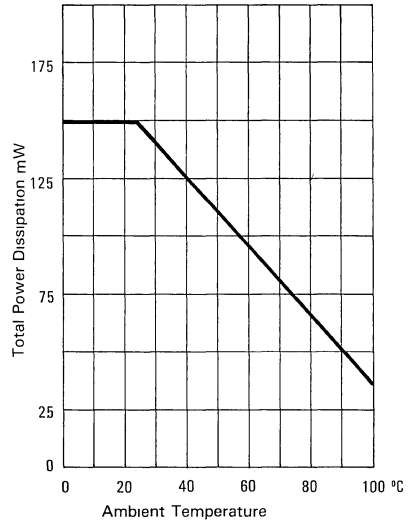


FIG 8 TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



PLASTIC SIDE LOOK TRANSMISSIVE SWITCHES

LTH-301A

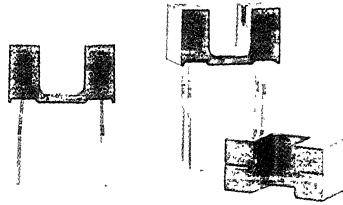
FEATURES

- NON-CONTACT SWITCHING.
- FOR DIRECT PC BOARD OR DUAL-IN-LINE SOCKET MOUNTING.
- FAST SWITCHING SPEED

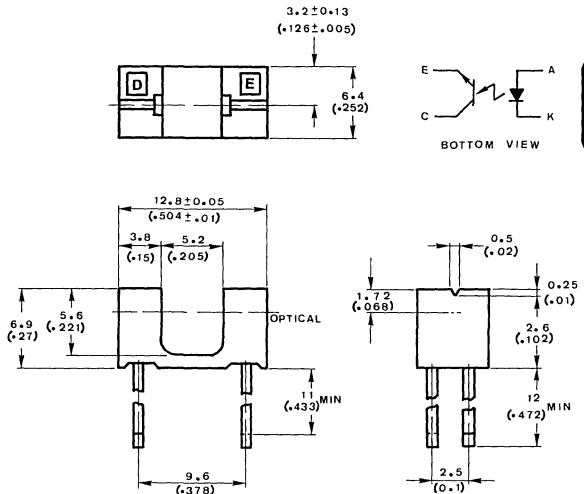
DESCRIPTION

The LTH-301A consists of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode and an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a low cost black plastic housing on opposite sides of a 0.061" (1.55mm) wide slot. Phototransistor switching takes place whenever an opaque object passes through the slot. The LTH-301A is designed for direct soldering into PC boards of mounting in standard dual-in-line sockets.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Diode Power Dissipation	100	mW
Phototransistor Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Phototransistor Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Diode Derating Linear From 25°C	1.33	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
INPUT DIODE						
Forward Voltage	V_F		1.2	1.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R		0	100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR						
Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) CEO}$	30			V	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$
Emitter Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR) ECO}$	5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$
Collector Emitter Dark Current	I_{CEO}			100	nA	$V_{ce} = 10\text{ V}, I_F = 0$
COUPLER						
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE (SAT)}$			0.4	V	$I_C = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
On State Collector Current	$I_C (ON)$	0.5	1		mA	$V_{ce} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

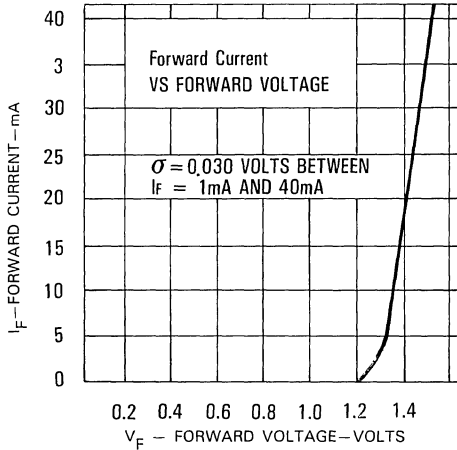


FIG. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

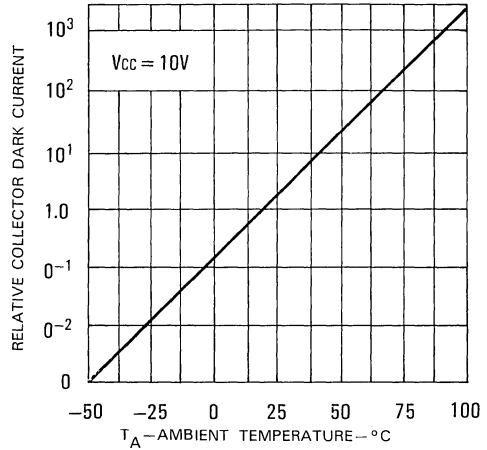


FIG. 2 RELATIVE COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

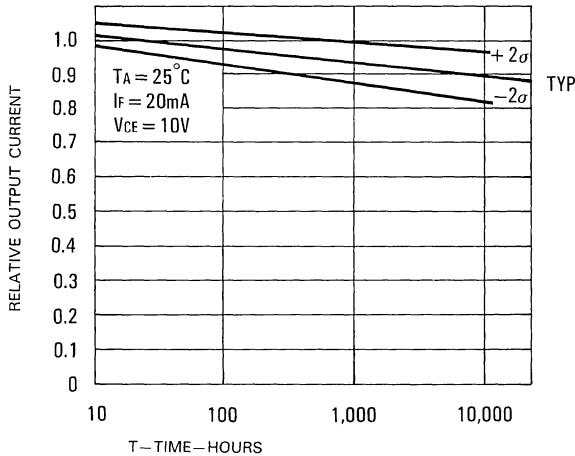


FIG. 3 RELATIVE OUTPUT CURRENT VS TIME

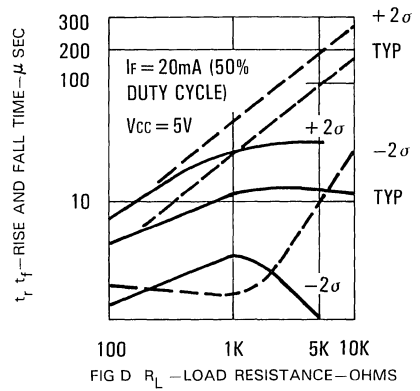


FIG. 4 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE





PLASTIC SIDE LOOK TRANSMISSIVE SWITCHES

LTH-301-07

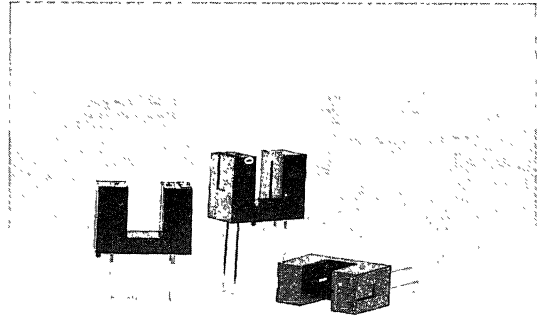
FEATURES

- NON-CONTACT SWITCHING.
- FOR DIRECT PC BOARD OR DUAL-IN-LINE SOCKET MOUNTING.
- FAST SWITCHING SPEED

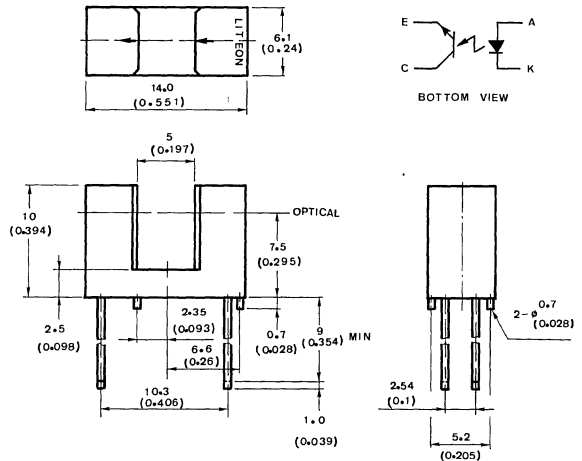
DESCRIPTION

The LTH-301-07 consists of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode and an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a low cost black plastic housing on opposite sides of a 0.02" (0.5mm) wide slot. Phototransistor switching takes place whenever an opaque object passes through the slot. The LTH-301-07 is designed for direct soldering into PC boards or mounting in standard dual-in-line sockets.

All electrical parameters are 100% tested by manufacturing. Specifications are guaranteed to a cumulative .65% AQL.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Diode Power Dissipation	100	mW
Phototransistor Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Phototransistor Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Diode Derating Linear From 25°C	1.33	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
INPUT DIODE						
Forward Voltage	V_F		1.2	1.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R		0	100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR						
Collector Emitter Break down Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$
Emitter Collector Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$
Collector Emitter Dark Current	I_{CEO}			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, I_F = 0$
COUPLER						
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$			0.4	V	$I_C = 0.2\text{mA}$ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$
On State Collector Current	$I_C(ON)$	0.4	0.7		mA	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_F = 20\text{mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

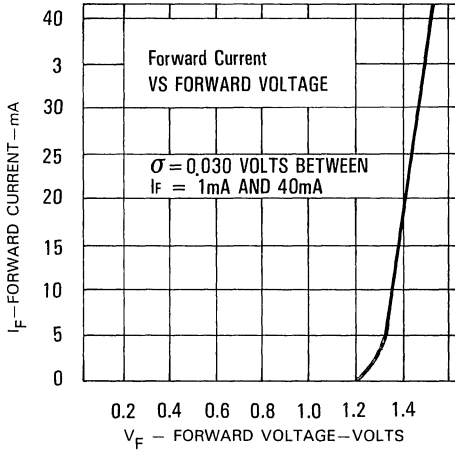


FIG. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

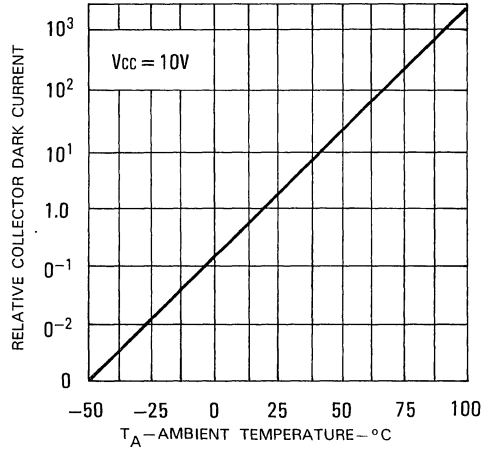


FIG. 2 RELATIVE COLLECTOR DARK CURRENT VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

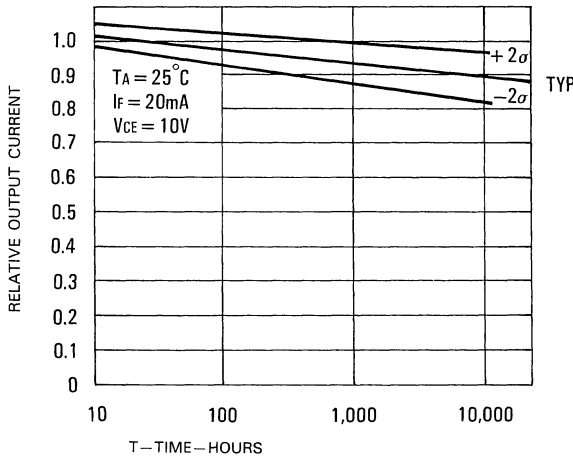


FIG. 3 RELATIVE OUTPUT CURRENT VS TIME

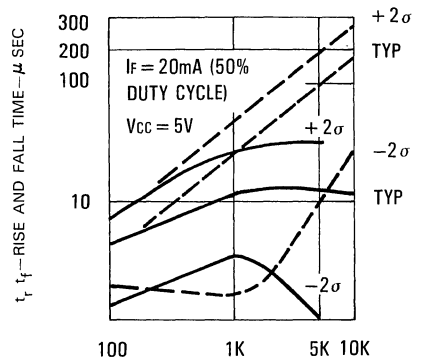


FIG. 4 RISE AND FALL TIME VS LOAD RESISTANCE

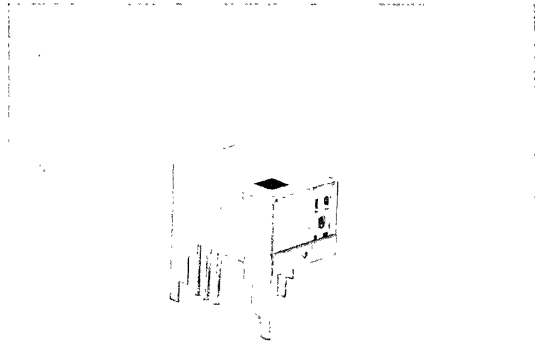


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8705A

FEATURES

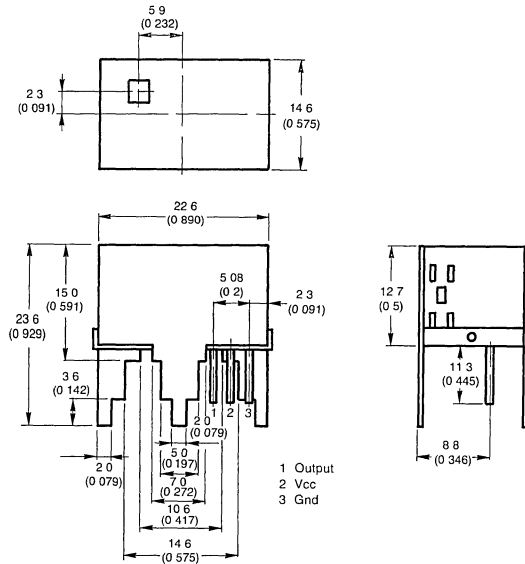
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICAL STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

INFRARED PRODUCTS



INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

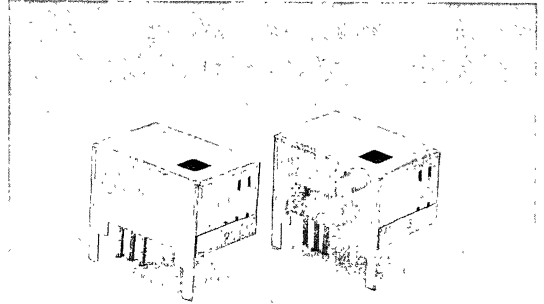
LTM-8705A

FEATURES

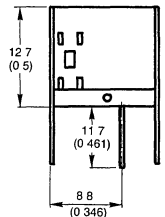
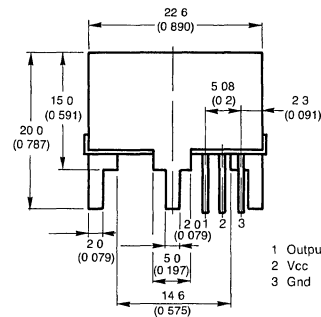
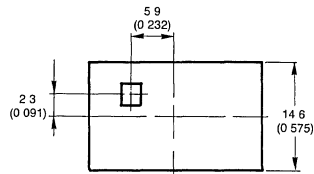
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.

DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

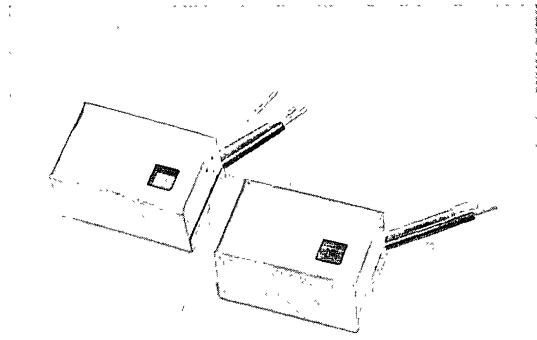


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8705C

FEATURES

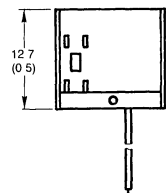
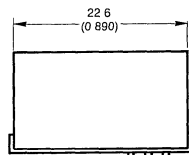
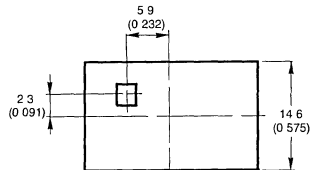
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



WIRE TYPE

- 1 Output (Black)
- 2 Vcc (Red)
- 3 Gnd (White)

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.



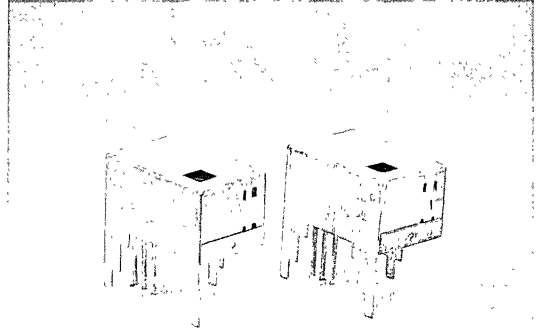


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8705D

FEATURES

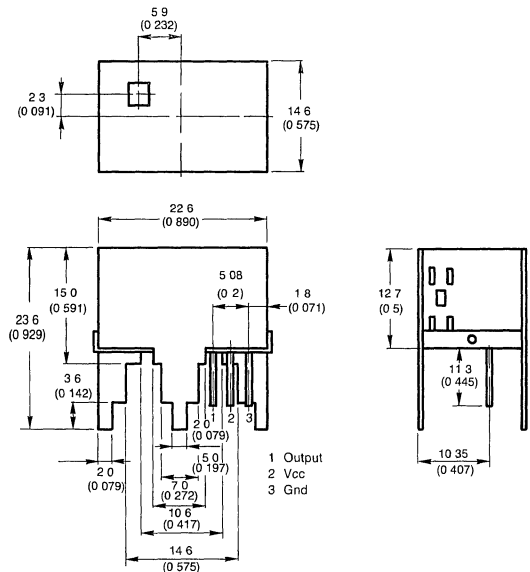
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

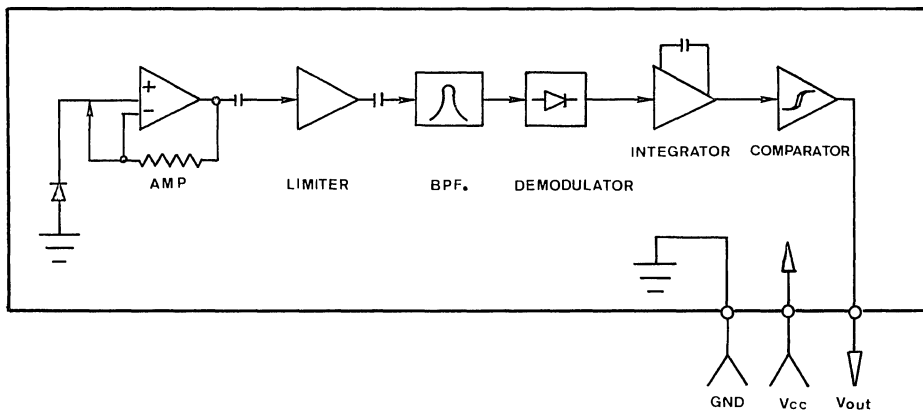
1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

* Supply voltage	Vcc	6.3	V
* Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +60	°C
* Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C

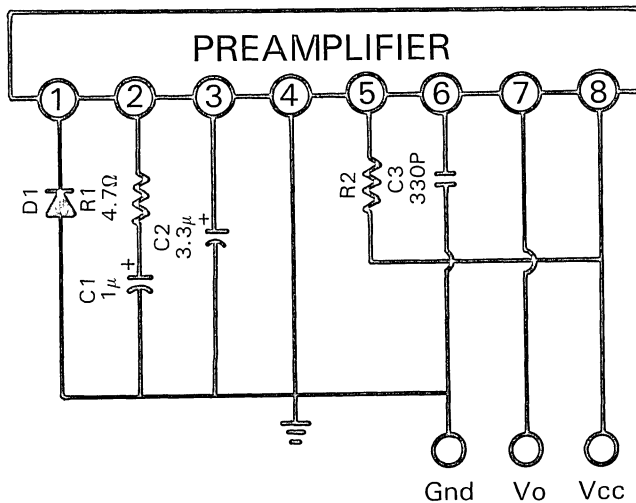
2. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

* Supply voltage	Vcc	4.7 to 5.3	V
------------------	-----	------------	---

3. MODULE SCHEMATIC



4. RECEIVER MODULE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



5. MEASURE METHOD

A. Standard transmitter:

The transmitter whose output is adjusted up become $V_o = 400 \text{ mVp-p}$ by the output waveform as shown in Fig. 1 and using the measuring method as shown in Fig. 2 is specified as the standard transmitter.

However, the infrared diode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 940 \text{ nm}$, $\Delta\lambda = 50 \text{ nm}$.

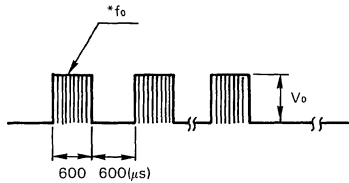


Fig. 1 Output waveform

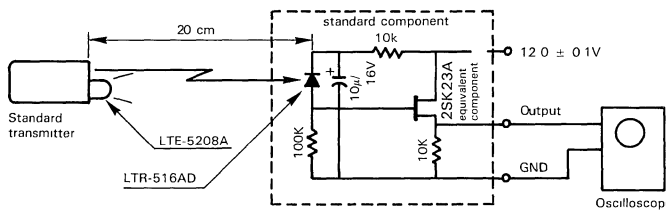


Fig. 2 Measuring method

B. Arrival distance measuring condition as shown in Fig. 3

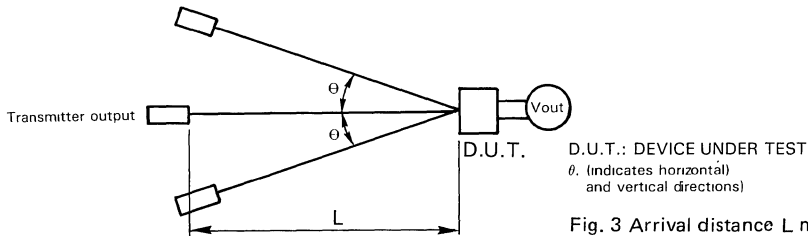


Fig. 3 Arrival distance L measuring condition

C. Pulse width measuring condition

Specifies at the TWL and the TWH period of the output pulse by using the aforementioned standard transmitter as shown in Fig. 4.

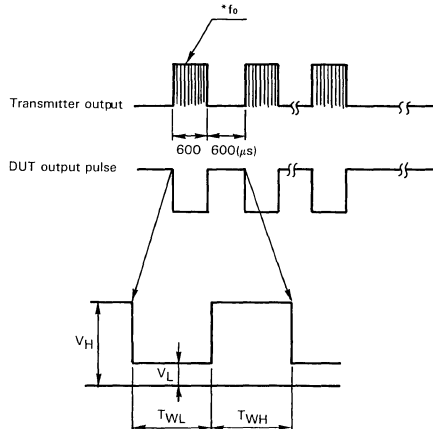


Fig. 4 Output pulse

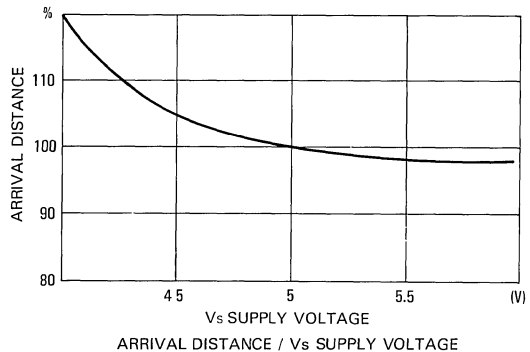
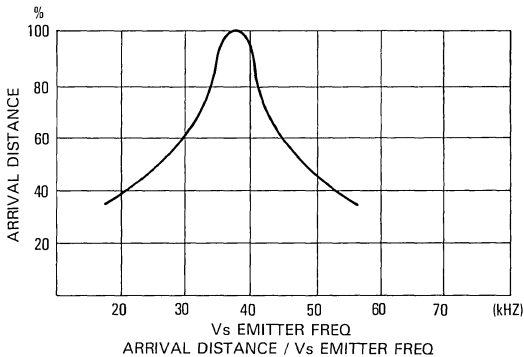
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	I_{cc}	Non-signal input	1.1		2.5	mA
Arrival distance	L	At the ray axis	8.0	10.0		m
		The ray receiving surface at a vertex and in relation to the ray axis: a. In the range of 30° cone b. In the range of 45° cone	6.0 3.0			
Low level output voltage	V_L	30 cm over the ray axis			0.5	V
High level output voltage	V_H	30 cm over the ray axis	4.5			V
Low level pluse width	TWL	Specified by the output TWL period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pulses)	410	660	910	μs
High level pluse width	TWH	Specified by the output TWH period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pluses)	290	540	790	μs

* CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY $F_0 = 38\text{ KHZ}$

7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



INFRARED PRODUCTS



INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8834/8834-1/8834-2

8834-3/8834-4/8834-5

FEATURES

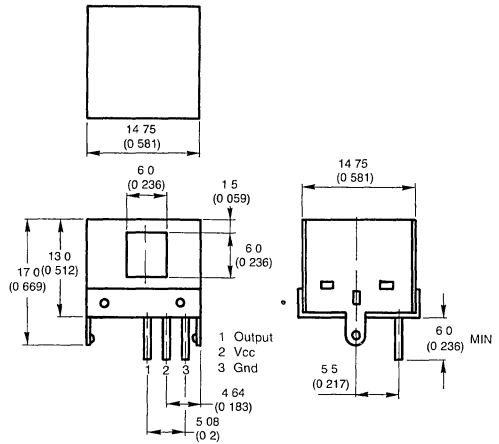
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

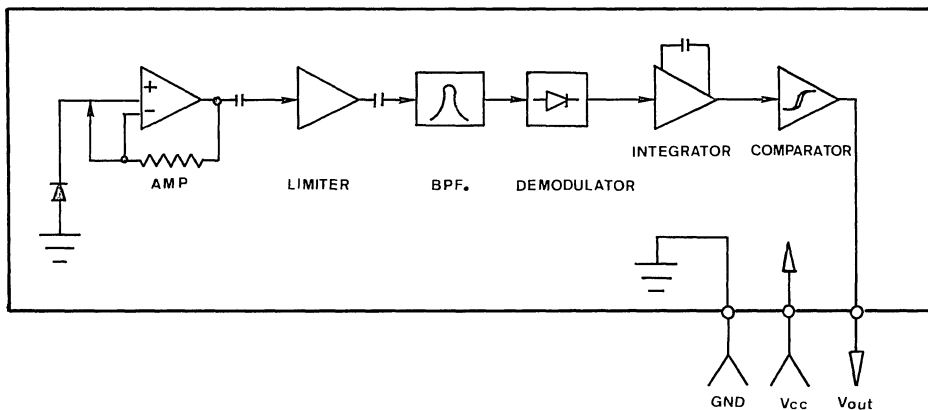
1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

* Supply voltage	Vcc	6.3	V
* Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +60	°C
* Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C

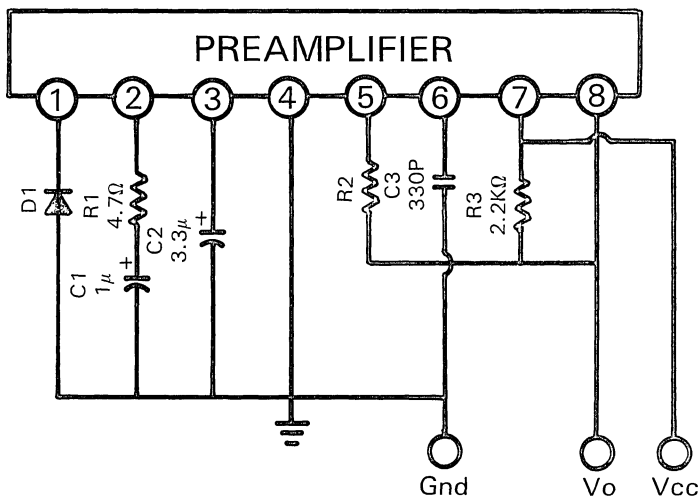
2. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

* Supply voltage	Vcc	4.7 to 5.3	V
------------------	-----	------------	---

3. MODULE SCHEMATIC



4. RECEIVER MODULE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



5. MEASURE METHOD

A. Standard transmitter:

The transmitter whose output is adjusted up become $V_o = 400$ mVp-p by the output waveform as shown in Fig. 1 and using the measuring method as shown in Fig. 2 is specified as the standard transmitter. However, the infrared diode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 940$ nm, $\Delta\lambda = 50$ nm.

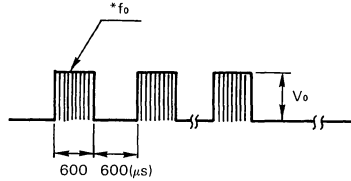


Fig. 1 Output waveform

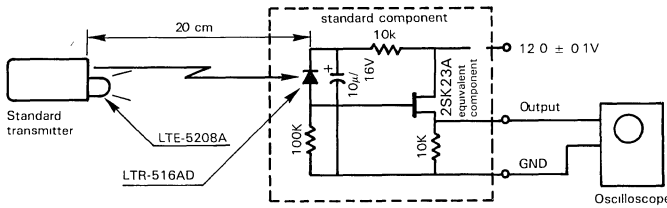


Fig. 2 Measuring method

B. Arrival distance measuring condition as shown in Fig. 3

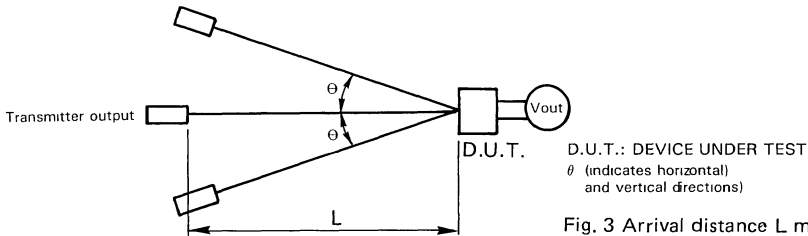


Fig. 3 Arrival distance L measuring condition

C. Pulse width measuring condition

Specifies at the TWL and the TWH period of the output pulse by using the aforementioned standard transmitter as shown in Fig. 4.

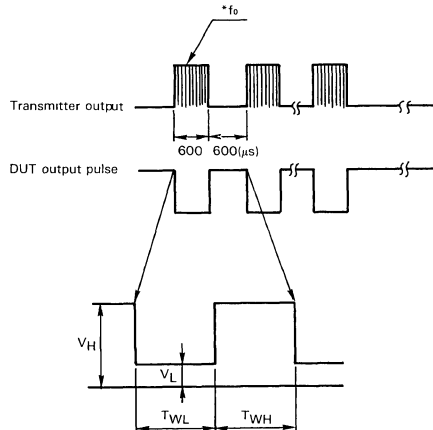


Fig. 4 Output pulse

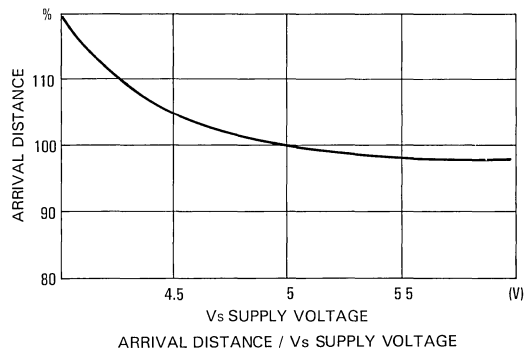
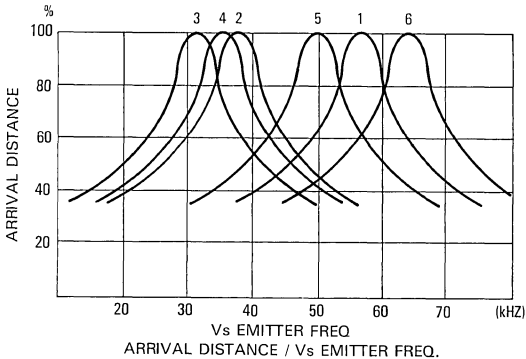
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	I_{cc}	Non-signal input	1.1		2.5	mA
Arrival distance	L	At the ray axis	8.0	10.0		m
		The ray receiving surface at a vertex and in relation to the ray axis: a. In the range of 30° cone b. In the range of 45° cone	6.0 3.0			
Low level output voltage	V_L	30 cm over the ray axis			0.5	V
High level output voltage	V_H	30 cm over the ray axis	4.5			V
Low level pulse width	TWL	Specified by the output TWL period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pulses)	410	660	910	μs
High level pulse width	TWH	Specified by the output TWH period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pulses)	290	540	790	μs

* CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY $F_0 =$ 1. LTM-8834-56.8 (KHZ) 2. LTM-8834-1.38 3. LTM-8834-2.32.7 4. LTM-8834-3.36 5. LTM-8834-4.50 6. LTM-8834-5.64

7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



INFRARED PRODUCTS

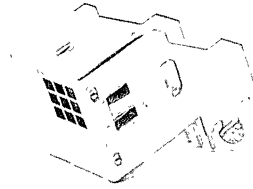


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8836

FEATURES

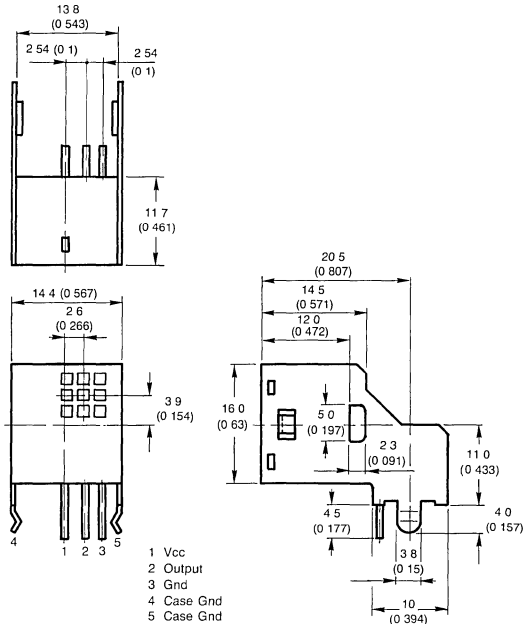
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.



INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

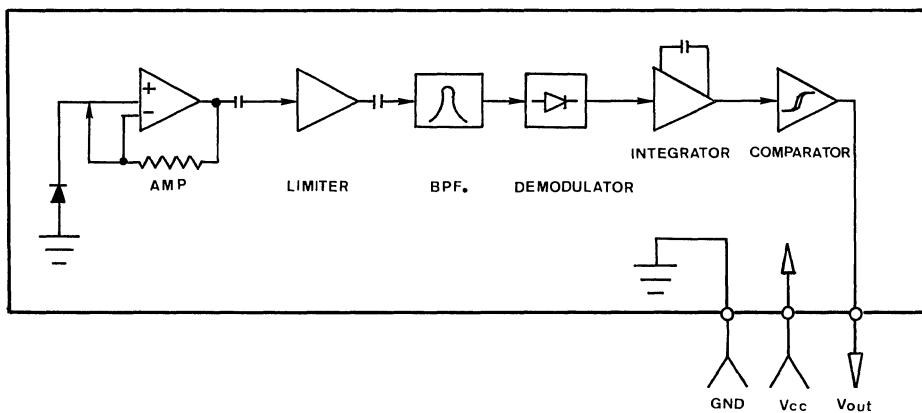
1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

* Supply voltage	Vcc	6.3	V
* Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +60	°C
* Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C

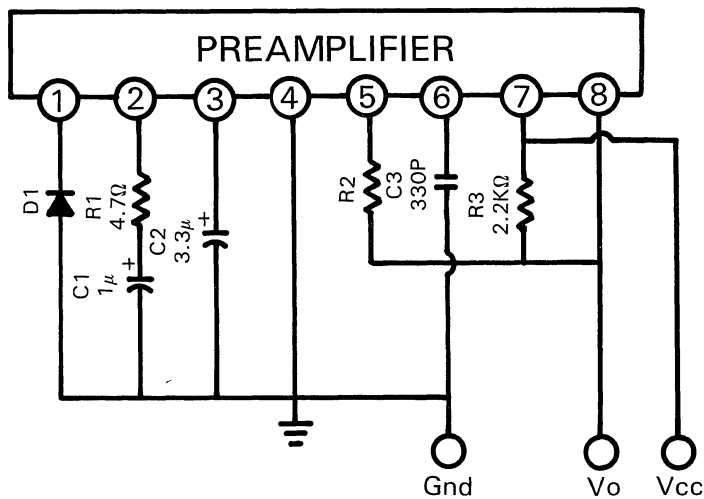
2. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

* Supply voltage	Vcc	4.7 to 5.3	V
------------------	-----	------------	---

3. MODULE SCHEMATIC



4. RECEIVER MODULE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



5. MEASURE METHOD

A. Standard transmitter:

The transmitter whose output is adjusted up become $V_o = 400 \text{ mVp-p}$ by the output waveform as shown in Fig. 1 and using the measuring method as shown in Fig. 2 is specified as the standard transmitter. However, the infrared diode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 940 \text{ nm}$, $\Delta\lambda = 50 \text{ nm}$.

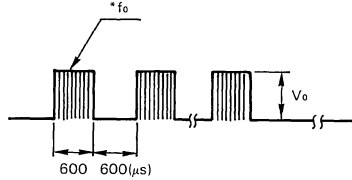


Fig. 1 Output waveform

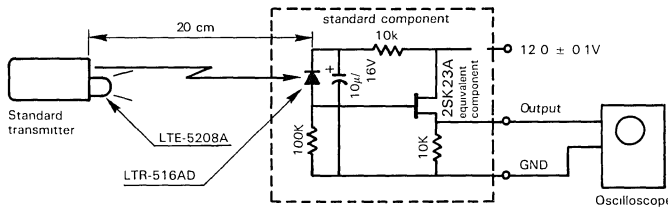


Fig. 2 Measuring method

B. Arrival distance measuring condition as shown in Fig. 3

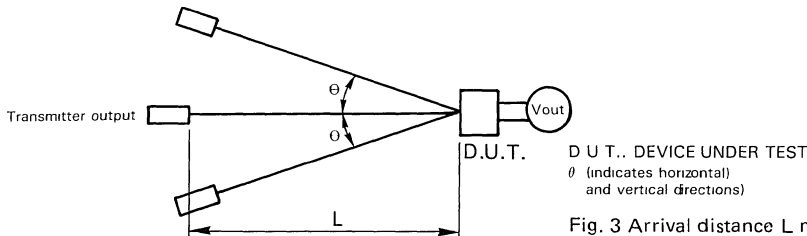


Fig. 3 Arrival distance L measuring condition

C. Pulse width measuring condition

Specifies at the TWL and the TWH period of the output pulse by using the aforementioned standard transmitter as shown in Fig. 4.

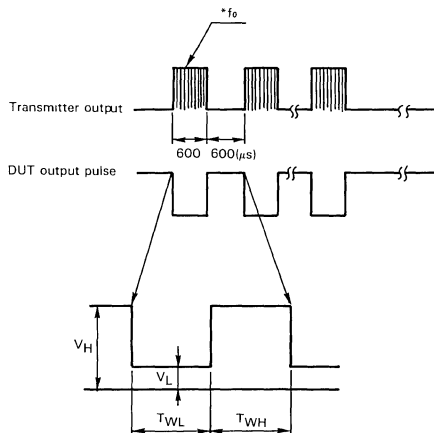


Fig. 4 Output pulse

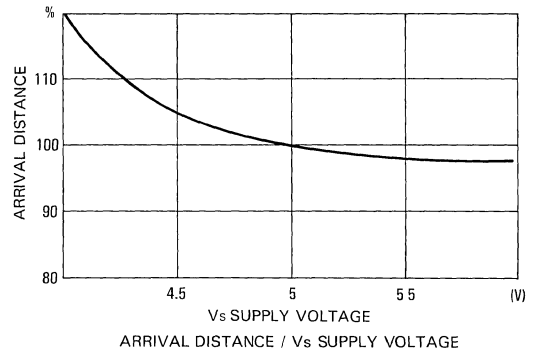
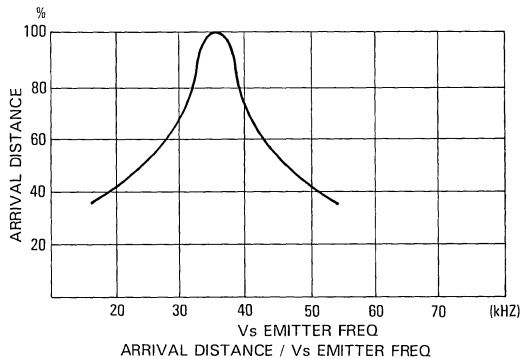
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 5V)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	Icc	Non-signal input	1.1		2.5	mA
Arrival distance	L	At the ray axis	6.3	7.8		m
		The ray receiving surface at a vertex and in relation to the ray axis: a. In the range of 30° cone b. In the range of 45° cone	5.1 3.9			
Low level output voltage	VL	30 cm over the ray axis			0.5	V
High level output voltage	VH	30 cm over the ray axis	4.5			V
Low level pluse width	TWL	Specified by the output TWL period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pluses)	410	660	910	μs
High level pluse width	TWH	Specified by the output TWH period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pluses)	290	540	790	μs

* CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY F0 = 36 KHZ

7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES





INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8837

FEATURES

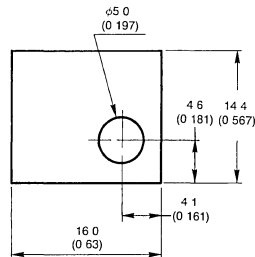
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

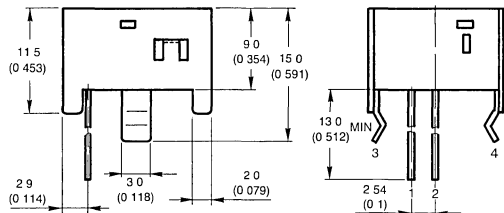
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



- 1 Output
- 2 Vcc
- 3 Case Gnd
- 4 Case Gnd

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.



INFRARED PRODUCTS

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

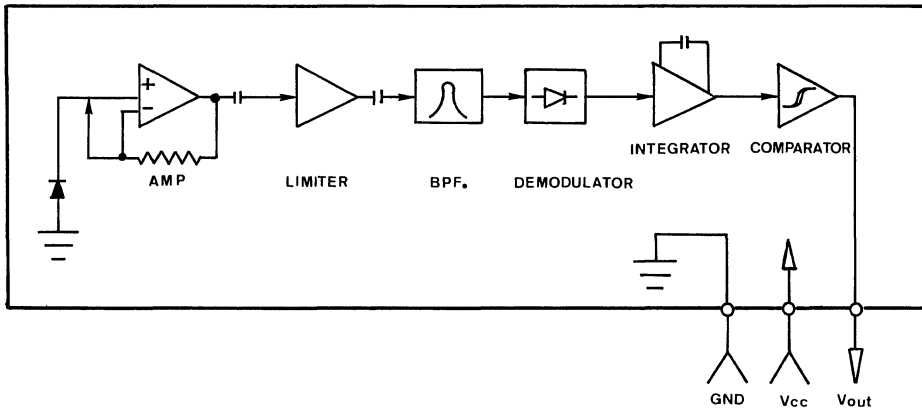
1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

* Supply voltage	Vcc	6.3	V
* Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +60	°C
* Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C

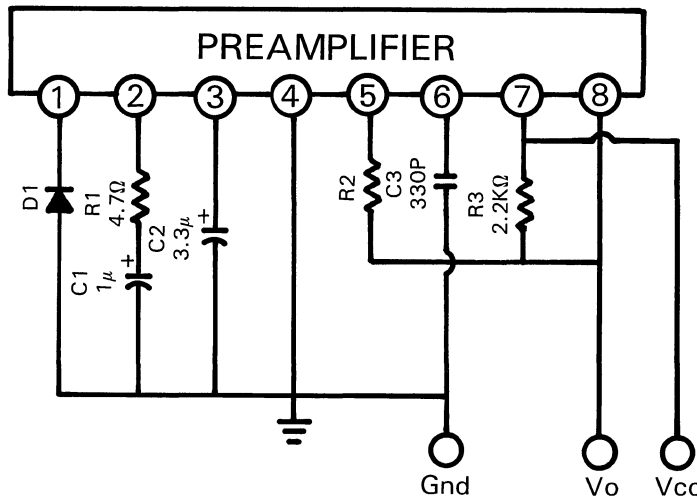
2. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

* Supply voltage	Vcc	4.7 to 5.3	V
------------------	-----	------------	---

3. MODULE SCHEMATIC



4. RECEIVER MODULE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



5. MEASURE METHOD

A. Standard transmitter :

The transmitter whose output is adjusted up become $V_o = 400 \text{ mVp-p}$ by the output waveform as shown in Fig. 1 and using the measuring method as shown in Fig. 2 is specified as the standard transmitter. However, the infrared diode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 940 \text{ nm}$, $\Delta\lambda = 50 \text{ nm}$.

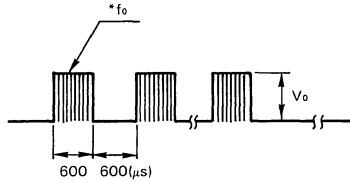


Fig. 1 Output waveform

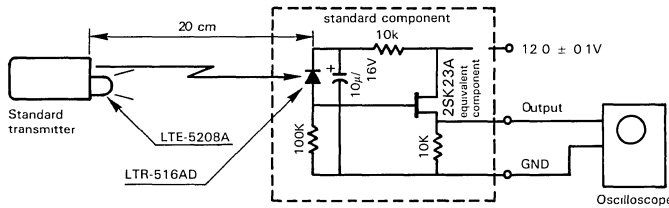


Fig. 2 Measuring method

B. Arrival distance measuring condition as shown in Fig. 3

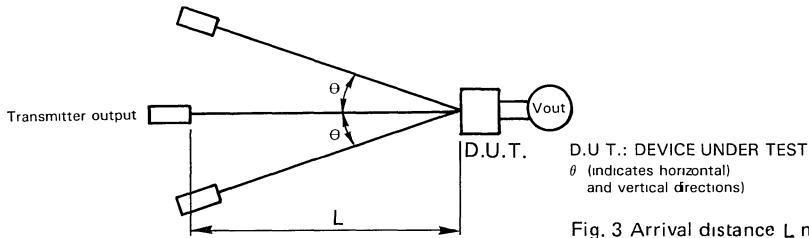


Fig. 3 Arrival distance L measuring condition

C. Pulse width measuring condition

Specifies at the TWL and the TWH period of the output pulse by using the aforementioned standard transmitter as shown in Fig. 4.

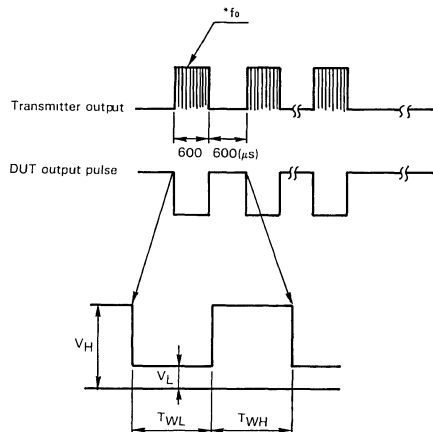


Fig. 4 Output pulse

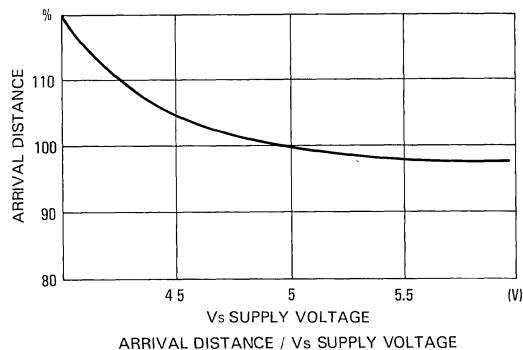
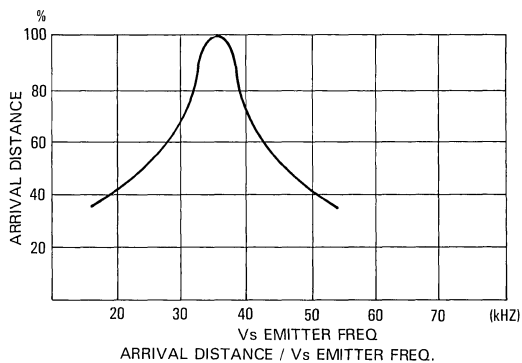
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	I_{cc}	Non-signal input	1.1		2.5	mA
Arrival distance	L	At the ray axis	8.0	10.0		m
		The ray receiving surface at a vertex and in relation to the ray axis: a. In the range of 30° cone b. In the range of 45° cone	6.0 3.0			
Low level output voltage	V_L	30 cm over the ray axis			0.5	V
High level output voltage	V_H	30 cm over the ray axis	4.5			V
Low level pluse width	TWL	Specified by the output TWL period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pulses)	410	660	910	μs
High level pluse width	TWH	Specified by the output TWH period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pluses)	290	540	790	μs

* CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY $F_0 = 36\text{ KHZ}$

7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



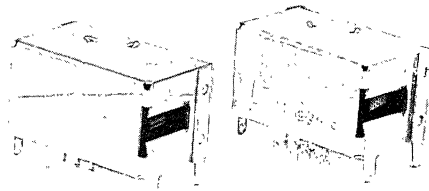


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8848

FEATURES

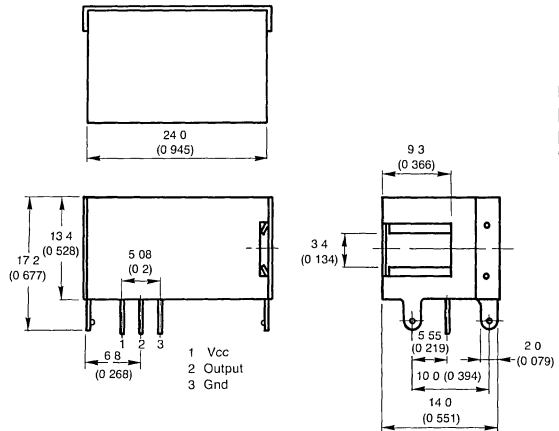
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.



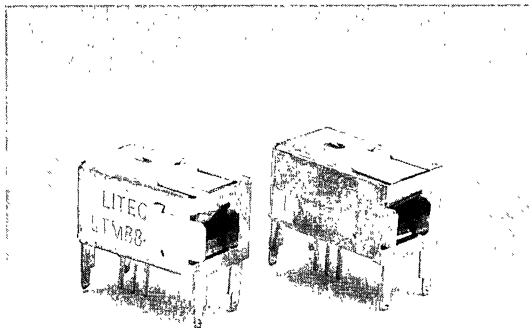


INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER MODULES

LTM-8848A

FEATURES

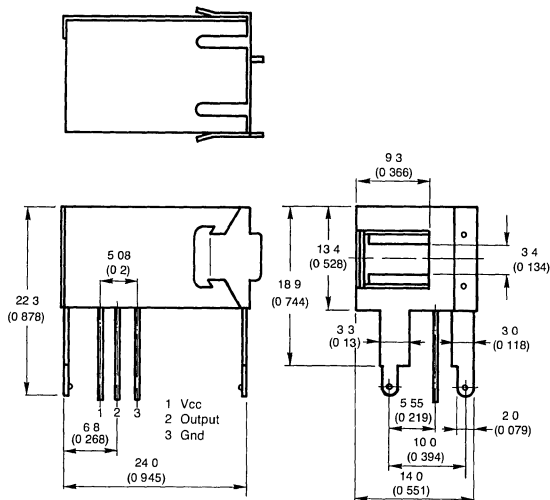
- EASY TO HANDLE SMALL TYPE MODULE.
- EXCELLENT MECHANICALLY STRENGTH AND ELECTRICAL STABILITY.
- CAN BE INSTALLED DIRECTLY TO EQUIPMENT.



DESCRIPTION

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology.
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a PIN diode and a receiving preamplifier IC.
- It can be used for TVs, VTRs, audio equipment, air conditioners, car stereo radio, toys, home computers and all other equipments requiring remote control.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

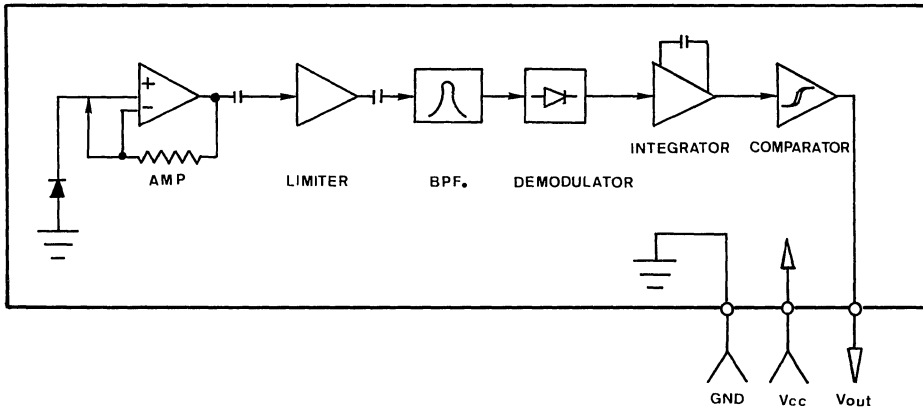
1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

* Supply voltage	Vcc	6.3	V
* Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +60	°C
* Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C

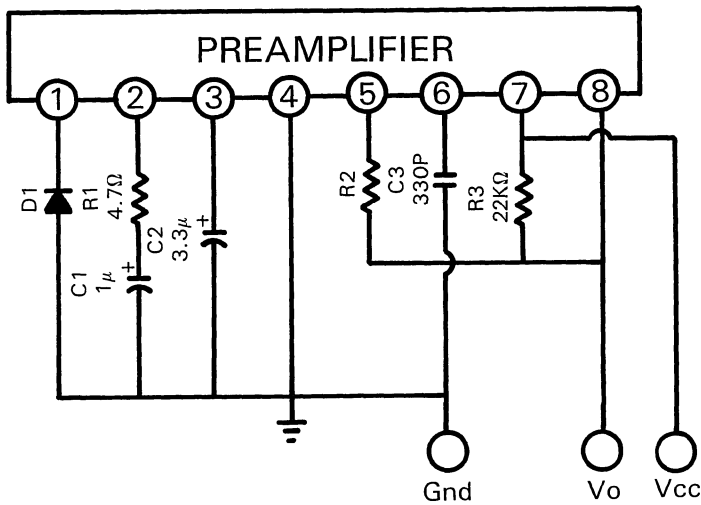
2. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

* Supply voltage	Vcc	4.7 to 5.3	V
------------------	-----	------------	---

3. MODULE SCHEMATIC



4. RECEIVER MODULE EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



INFRARED
PRODUCTS

5. MEASURE METHOD

A. Standard transmitter:

The transmitter whose output is adjusted up become $V_o = 400 \text{ mVp-p}$ by the output waveform as shown in Fig. 1 and using the measuring method as shown in Fig. 2 is specified as the standard transmitter. However, the infrared diode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_{\text{peak}} = 940 \text{ nm}$, $\Delta\lambda = 50 \text{ nm}$.

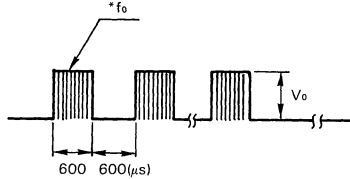


Fig. 1 Output waveform

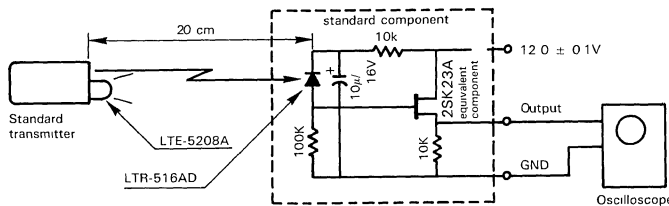


Fig. 2 Measuring method

B. Arrival distance measuring condition as shown in Fig. 3

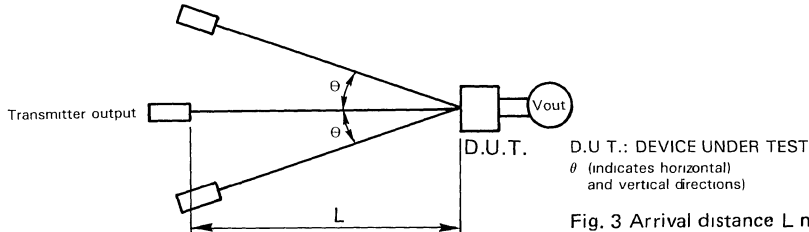


Fig. 3 Arrival distance L measuring condition

C. Pulse width measuring condition

Specifies at the T_{WL} and the T_{WH} period of the output pulse by using the aforementioned standard transmitter as shown in Fig. 4.

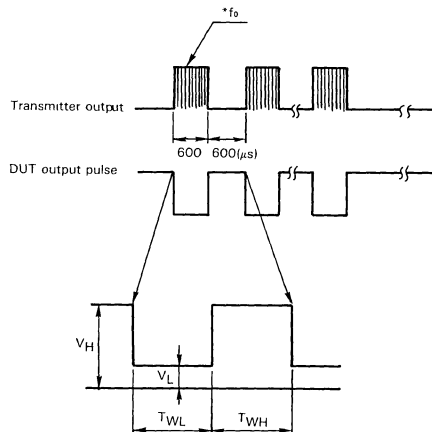


Fig. 4 Output pulse

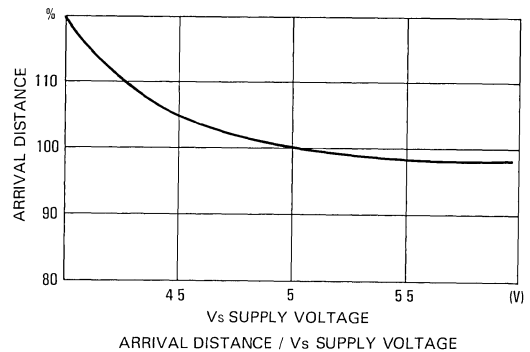
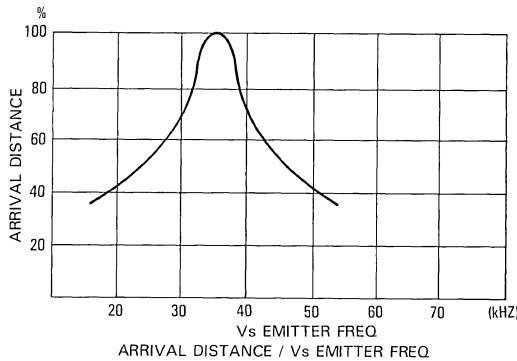
6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	RATING			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	I _{cc}	Non-signal input	1.1		2.5	mA
Arrival distance	L	At the ray axis	8.0	10.0		m
		The ray receiving surface at a vertex and in relation to the ray axis: a. In the range of 30° cone b. In the range of 45° cone	6.0 3.0			
Low level output voltage	V _L	30 cm over the ray axis			0.5	V
High level output voltage	V _H	30 cm over the ray axis	4.5			V
Low level pluse width	T _{WL}	Specified by the output TWL period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pulses)	410	660	910	μs
High level pluse width	T _{WH}	Specified by the output TWH period within a range from 5cm to the arrival distance (Average value of 50 pluses)	290	540	790	μs

* CARRIER WAVE FREQUENCY F₀ = 36 KHZ

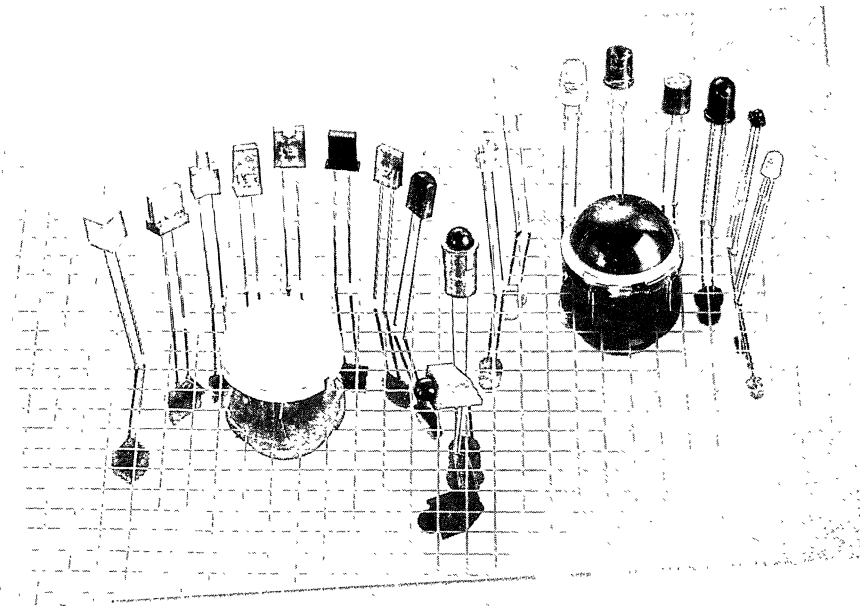
7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



INFRARED PRODUCTS

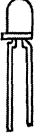
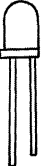
2. LED Lamps

- SELECTION GUIDE
- HOW TO USE LITON LED LAMPS
- CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE
- RESISTOR LAMPS
- FLASH LAMPS
- AXIAL LAMPS
- SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMPS
- BIG LED LAMPS
- ULTRA BRIGHT LED LAMPS
- LOW CURRENT LED LAMPS
- STANDARD LED LAMPS
- SPECIAL LED LAMPS
- DUAL COLOR LED LAMPS
- TAPE AND REEL
 - RADIAL TAPE AND REEL
 - SURFACE MOUNT TAPE AND REEL
- PANEL MOUNTING GROMMENTS
- LED CIRCUIT BOARD AND SNAP-IN INDICATORS

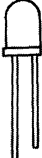


SELECTION GUIDE

RESISTOR LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY Iv TYP.	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	OPERATING VOLTAGE	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 Standard 1" LEAD 3φ	LTL-4201-R1	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	40°	5 V	2-35
		LTL-4201-R2			0.9 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4211-R1	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	40°	5 V	
		LTL-4211-R2			1.8 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4231-R1	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	5 V	
		LTL-4231-R2			5.8 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4251-R1	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	5 V	
		LTL-4251-R2			5.7 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4291-R1	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	5 V	
		LTL-4291-R2			5.7 mcd		12 V	
	T-1¼ Standard 1" LEAD 5φ	LTL-4203-R1	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	36°	5 V	2-43
		LTL-4203-R2			1.0 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4213-R1	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	36°	5 V	
		LTL-4213-R2			4.0 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4223-R1	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	5 V	
		LTL-4223-R2			8.9 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4233-R1	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	5 V	
		LTL-4233-R2			8.9 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4253-R1	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	5 V	
		LTL-4253-R2			8.9 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4293-R1	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	5 V	
		LTL-4293-R2			8.9 mcd		12 V	
		LTL-4238-R1	Green (565 nm)	water Clear	70 mcd	20°	5 V	
		LTL-4238-R2			85 mcd		12 V	

FLASH LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY Iv TYP.	BLINK FREQ.	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS			
	T-1¼ Standard 1" LEAD 5φ	LTL-4263-FL	Red (660 nm)	Diffused	30 mcd	f = 2.2 HZ	2-52
		LTL-4213-FL	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.0 mcd	f = 2.2 HZ	
		LTL-4233-FL	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.5 mcd		

Notes.

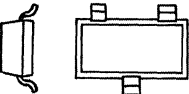
2-1 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

280 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

◎ AXIAL LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Subminiature Lamp	LTL-93BEK1	Orange (630 nm)	Water Clear	12.5 mcd	34°	2.0 V	2-57
		LTL-93BGK1	Green (565 nm)	Water Clear	15.0 mcd	34°	2.1 V	
		LTL-93BYK1	Yellow (585 nm)	Water Clear	8.5 mcd	34°	2.1 V	
		LTL-93BHRA1	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	3.7 mcd	90°	2.0 V	
		LTL-93BGA1	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	90°	2.1 V	
		LTL-93BYA1	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	90°	2.1 V	

◎ SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.	
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS					
	SOT-23 Surface Mount LED Lamp	LTL-907PK	Bright Red (697 nm)	Water Clear	1.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	2-62	
		LTL-907LK	Green (565 nm)	Water Clear	2.0 mcd	140°	2.1 V		
		LTL-907EK	Orange (630 nm)	Water Clear	2.0 mcd	140°	2.0 V		
		LTL-907CK	GaAlAs Red	Water Clear	3.5 mcd	140°	1.8 V	2-67	2-67
		LTL-907HK	Green	Water Clear	2.0 mcd	140°	2.1 V		
			Orange				2.0 V		
		LTL-907NK	GaAlAs Red	Water Clear	3.5 mcd	140°	1.8 V		
			GaAlAs Red						
LTL-907JK	Orange	Water Clear	2.0 mcd	140°	2.0 V				
	Orange								

Notes:


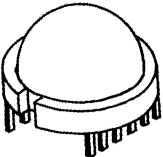
* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).





SELECTION GUIDE

● BIG LED LAMPS

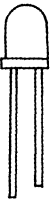

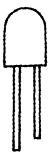
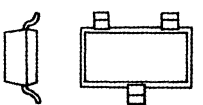
OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Standard 1" Lead 8φ	LTL-327HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	46°	2.0 V	2-72
		LTL-327G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	46°	2.1 V	
		LTL-327Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	46°	2.1 V	
		LTL-327A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	46°	2.1 V	
		LTL-327EA	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	46°	2.0 V	
	12 Pin DIP, 100" Centers 20φ	L TJ-811HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	25.0 mcd	180°	2.0 V	2-77
		L TJ-811G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	25.0 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		L TJ-811Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	25.0 mcd	180°	2.1 V	

● ULTRA BRIGHT LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY ***I _v TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1¼ Narrow Viewing Angle 1" Lead 5φ	LTL-353CKL2	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Water Clear	300 mcd	12°	1.8 V	2-82
		LTL-353CKH3		Water Clear	500 mcd	12°		
		LTL-353CKH4		Water Clear	1000 mcd	12°		
	T-1¼ Standard 1" Lead 5φ	LTL-307C	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Diffused	60 mcd	50°	1.8 V	2-85
		LTL-307CE		Transparent	90 mcd	40°		
		LTL-307CK		Water Clear	90 mcd	40°		

Notes:

- 2-3 * 2θ½ is the off axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 282 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).
- *** The luminous intensity of LTL-353 serial are not include 15% Tolerance.

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1¾ Standard 1" Lead 5φ	LTL-4263	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Diffused	90 mcd	40°	1.8 V	2-88
		LTL-4264H4	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Transparent	270 mcd	16°	1.8 V	
		LTL-4264H3		Transparent	220 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4264L2		Transparent	150 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4264L1		Transparent	100 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4268H4	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Water Clear	270 mcd	16°	1.8 V	
		LTL-4268H3		Water Clear	220 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4268L2		Water Clear	150 mcd	16°		
LTL-4268L1	Water Clear	100 mcd		16°				
	T-1 Standard 1" Lead 3φ	LTL-4261N	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Diffused	48 mcd	60°	1.8 V	2-91
		LTL-4262N		Transparent	80 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4266N		Water Clear	80 mcd	45°		
	Medium Profile 4.6φ Flangeless	LTL-10263W	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Diffused	40 mcd	60°	1.8 V	2-94
	SOT-23 Surface Mount LED Lamp	LTL-907CK	GaAlAs Red (660 nm)	Water Clear	3.5 mcd	140°	1.9 V	2-97

Notes.



* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm)

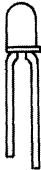
LED
LAMPS

SELECTION GUIDE

● LOW CURRENT LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 2mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 2mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 Standard 1" Lead 3φ	LTL-4221NLC	Hi, Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.8 mcd	45°	1.8 V	2-100
	T-1¼ Standard 1" Lead 5φ	LTL-307ELC	Hi, Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.0 mcd	50°	1.8 V	2-103

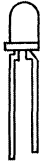

● STANDARD LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 Standard 0.5" Lead 3φ	LTL-201	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	76°	1.7 V	2-106
		LTL-202		Transparent	2.0 mcd	30°		
		LTL-205		White Diffused	0.8 mcd	76°		
		LTL-211	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	76°	2.1 V	
		LTL-221	Hi, Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	76°	2.0 V	
		LTL-231	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	76°	2.1 V	
		LTL-232		Transparent	8.0 mcd	30°		
		LTL-251	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	76°	2.1 V	
		LTL-252		Transparent	8.0 mcd	30°		
		LTL-291	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	76°	2.0 V	

Notes:

2-5 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

284 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 Standard High Perfor- mance 3φ	LTL-4201	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	40°	1.7 V	2-112
		LTL-4202		Transparent	4.0 mcd	20°		
		LTL-4211	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	40°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4221	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	40°	2.0 V	
		LTL-4222		Transparent	12.6 mcd	20°		
		LTL-4231	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4232		Transparent	12.6 mcd	20°		
		LTL-4251	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4252		Transparent	12.6 mcd	20°		
		LTL-4291	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	40°	2.0 V	
		LTL-4292		Transparent	12.6 mcd	20°		
LTL-4296	Water Clear	12.6 mcd		20°				
	T-1 Standard 1'' Lead, 3φ	LTL-4201N	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V	2-112
		LTL-4202N		Transparent	2.5 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4211N	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4221N	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.0 V	
		LTL-4222N		Transparent	12.6 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4231N	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4232N		Transparent	12.6 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4236N		Water Clear	12.6 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4251N	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4252N		Transparent	12.6 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4256N		Water Clear	12.6 mcd	45°		
		LTL-4291N	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.0 V	
		LTL-4292N		Transparent	12.6 mcd	45°		
LTL-4296N	Water Clear	12.6 mcd		45°				

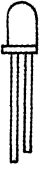


Notes.

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half axial luminous intensity.

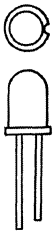
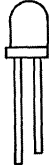

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).



SELECTION GUIDE

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY Iv TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 0.05" Pitch 0.5" Lead 3φ	LTL-209	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	72°	1.7 V	2-123
		LTL-219	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	72°	2.1 V	
		LTL-229	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	72°	2.0 V	
		LTL-239	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	72°	2.1 V	
		LTL-259	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	72°	2.1 V	
		LTL-299	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	72°	2.0 V	
	T-1¼ Standard 0.5" Lead 5φ	LTL-203	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	54°	1.7 V	2-128
		LTL-204		Transparent	2.0 mcd	32°		
		LTL-213	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	54°	2.1 V	
		LTL-223	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	54°	2.0 V	
		LTL-224		Transparent	3.5 mcd	32°		
		LTL-233	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	3.0 mcd	54°	2.1 V	
		LTL-234		Transparent	3.5 mcd	32°		
		LTL-253	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	54°	2.1 V	
		LTL-254		Transparent	3.5 mcd	32°		
		LTL-293	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	3.0 mcd	54°	2.0 V	
LTL-294	Transparent	3.5 mcd		32°				
	T-1¼ Standard 1" Lead, High Performance 5φ	LTL-4203	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	36°	1.7 V	2-134
		LTL-4204		Transparent	5.5 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4208		Water Clear	5.5 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4213	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	36°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4214		Transparent	12.6 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4223	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	2.0 V	
		LTL-4224		Transparent	40.0 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4233	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4234		Transparent	40.0 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4238		Water Clear	60.0 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4253	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	2.1 V	
		LTL-4254		Transparent	40.0 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4258		Water Clear	40.0 mcd	16°		
		LTL-4293	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	8.7 mcd	36°	2.0 V	
LTL-4294	Transparent	40.0 mcd		16°				
LTL-4298	Water Clear	40.0 mcd		16°				

- 2-7 Notes:
 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half axial luminous intensity.
 286 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY Iv TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	Vf TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR **	LENS				
	T-1 ¾ Standard 1" Lead 5φ	LTL-307P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	50°	2.1 V	2-134
		LTL-307PE		Transparent	9.0 mcd	40°		
		LTL-307E	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	19.0 mcd	50°	2.0 V	
		LTL-307EE		Transparent	30.3 mcd	40°		
		LTL-307G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	50°	2.1 V	
		LTL-307GE		Transparent	29.0 mcd	40°		
		LTL-307Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	12.6 mcd	50°	2.1 V	
		LTL-307EA	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	19.0 mcd	50°	2.0 V	
	Medium Profile 4.6φ	LTL-10203	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V	2-144
		LTL-10213	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-10223	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.0 V	
		LTL-10233	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-10253	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
	Medium Profile 4.6φ Flangeless	LTL-10203W	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V	2-144
		LTL-10223W	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.0 V	
		LTL-10233W	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-10253W	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-10293W	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.0 V	

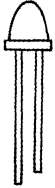

Notes.

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

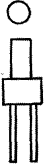
** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).



SELECTION GUIDE

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	T-1 1/4 Low Profile 5φ	LTL-5203	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.5 mcd	64°	1.7 V	2-150
		LTL-5223	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	4.0 mcd	64°	2.0 V	
		LTL-5233	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	4.0 mcd	64°	2.1 V	
		LTL-5253	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	4.0 mcd	64°	2.1 V	
	Dot point 1.8φ	LTL-709R	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.7 mcd	25°	1.7 V	2-154
		LTL-709E	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.0 mcd	38°	2.0 V	
		LTL-709L	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.5 mcd	38°	2.1 V	
		LTL-709Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	3.5 mcd	38°	2.1 V	
		LTL-709EA	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	3.5 mcd	38°	2.0 V	


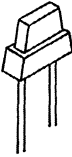

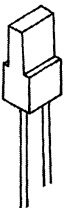
• SPECIAL LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Panel Dot Indicators	LTL-1204A	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.1 mcd	120°	1.7 V	2-159
		LTL-1214A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-1224A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	120°	2.0 V	
		LTL-1234A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-1254A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.0 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-1274A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.0 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-1294A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	120°	2.0 V	

2.9 Notes:

288 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	2.0mm Square Top	LTL-717R	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.1 mcd	110°	1.7 V	2-159
		LTL-717P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	110°	2.1 V	
		LTL-717HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	110°	2.0 V	
		LTL-717G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	110°	2.1 V	
		LTL-717Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	110°	2.1 V	
		LTL-717A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.5 mcd	110°	2.1 V	
	1.5mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-723R	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.3 mcd	88°	1.7 V	2-165
		LTL-723P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.75 mcd	88°	2.1 V	
		LTL-723HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	88°	2.0 V	
		LTL-723G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	88°	2.1 V	
		LTL-723Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	88°	2.1 V	
		LTL-723A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	88°	2.1 V	
	2.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-757P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	130°	2.1 V	2-170
		LTL-757E	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	130°	2.0 V	
		LTL-757G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-757Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
	2.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-767P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	140°	2.1 V	2-174
		LTL-767E	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
		LTL-767G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	0.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-767Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	140°	2.1 V	

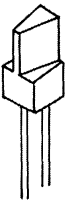
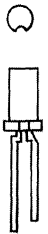
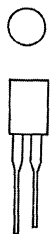

Notes.

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

LED
LAMPS

SELECTION GUIDE




OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY Iv TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	Vf TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Arrow Head Pointers	LTL-8212A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	100°	2.1 V	2-178
		LTL-8222A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	100°	2.0 V	
		LTL-8232A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-8252A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-8292A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	100°	2.0 V	
	Cylindrical 1" Lead 3φ	LTL-2201AL	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	180°	1.7 V	2-183
		LTL-2211AL	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2221AL	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	180°	2.0 V	
		LTL-2231AL	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2251AL	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2271AL	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2291AL	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	180°	2.0 V	
	Cylindrical 5φ	LTL-2203A	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	200°	1.7 V	2-189
		LTL-2213A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.3 mcd	200°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2223A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	200°	2.0 V	
		LTL-2233A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	200°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2253A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	200°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2293A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	200°	2.0 V	
	Cylindrical Wide Viewing Angle Back Lighting 5φ	LTL-2214RT	Bright Red (697 nm)	Transparent	0.4 mcd	150°	2.1 V	2-194
		LTL-2214WC		Water Clear	0.4 mcd	150°		
		LTL-2224RT	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Transparent	1.7 mcd	150°	2.0 V	
		LTL-2234GT	Green (565 nm)	Transparent	1.7 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2234WC		Water Clear	1.7 mcd	150°		
		LTL-2254YT	Yellow (585 nm)	Transparent	1.7 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2254WC		Water Clear	1.7 mcd	150°		
LTL-2294WC	Orange (630 nm)	Water Clear	1.7 mcd	150°	2.0 V			

2-11
290

Notes

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half axial luminous intensity.




** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Rounded Rectangular	LTL-6203LN	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	70°	1.7 V	2-199
		LTL-6213LN	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	1.5 mcd	70°	2.1 V	
		LTL-6223LN	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	70°	2.0 V	
		LTL-6233LN	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	70°	2.1 V	
		LTL-6253LN	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	70°	2.1 V	
		LTL-6293LN	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	70°	2.0 V	
	2.0mm x 4.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-403P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	104°	2.1 V	2-204
		LTL-403G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	104°	2.1 V	
		LTL-403Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	104°	2.1 V	
		LTL-403A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	104°	2.1 V	
	2.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-3201A	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	140°	1.7 V	2-209
		LTL-3211A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3221A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
		LTL-3231A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3251A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3271A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3291A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.0 V	

Notes
 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm)



SELECTION GUIDE

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	2.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-23203A	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	140°	1.7 V	2-209
		LTL-23213A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23223A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
		LTL-23233A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23253A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23273A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23293A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
	2.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars Flangeless	LTL-433R	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	140°	1.7 V	2-215
		LTL-433P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-433HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
		LTL-433G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-433Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-433A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	140°	2.1 V	
		LTL-433EA	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	140°	2.0 V	
	1.8mm x 5.5mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-3215S	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	150°	2.1 V	2-220
		LTL-3235S	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3255S	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3295S	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.0 V	




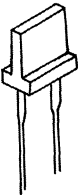
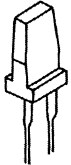
2-13

Notes

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

292

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	1.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-3217A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	120°	2.1 V	2-225
		LTL-3237A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3257A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3277A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3297A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	120°	2.0 V	
	1.0mm x 5.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-3218A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	106°	2.1 V	2-225
		LTL-3238A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	106°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3258A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	106°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3278A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	106°	2.1 V	
	1.5mm x 3.8mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-13218A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.3 mcd	180°	2.1 V	2-230
		LTL-13238A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13258A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13278A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	180°	2.1 V	
	1.5mm x 7.0mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-13215A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	150°	2.1 V	2-235
		LTL-13225A	Hi, Eff, Red (635 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.0 V	
		LTL-13235A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13255A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13295A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	150°	2.0 V	
	2.2mm x 4.5mm Rectangular Bars	LTL-13219B	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.26 mcd	170°	2.1 V	2-240
		LTL-13239B	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	0.75 mcd	170°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13259B	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	170°	2.1 V	
		LTL-13279B	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	170°	2.1 V	



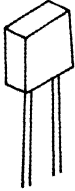

Notes:

* 20½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

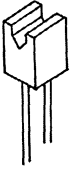


** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).



SELECTION GUIDE

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	2.4mmx 5.0mm Rectan- gular Bars	LTL-23201AL	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	130°	1.7 V	2-245
		LTL-23211AL	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23221AL	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	130°	2.0 V	
		LTL-23231AL	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23251AL	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23291AL	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.3 mcd	130°	2.0 V	
	2.0mmx 6.0mm Rectan- gular Bars	LTL-23214A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	125°	2.1 V	2-250
		LTL-23234A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	0.75 mcd	125°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23254A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	125°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23274A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	125°	2.1 V	
	2.5mmx 7.1mm Rectan- gular Bars	LTL-3213A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.4 mcd	130°	2.1 V	2-255
		LTL-3223A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	130°	2.0 V	
		LTL-3233A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.9 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3253A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	130°	2.1 V	
		LTL-3293A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	2.5 mcd	130°	2.0 V	
	Double 2.0mm Square Top	LTL-23216A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.57 mcd	120°	2.1 V	2-260
		LTL-23236A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.2 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23256A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.2 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23276A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.2 mcd	120°	2.1 V	
		LTL-23296A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.2 mcd	120°	2.0 V	

2-15 Notes:
 * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Double 1.5mm x 5mm Rectan- gular Top	LTL-472P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.2 mcd	200°	2.1 V	2-265
		LTL-472G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.1 mcd	200°	2.1 V	
		LTL-472Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	0.7 mcd	200°	2.1 V	
	3.0mm Square Top	LTL-9212A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	100°	2.1 V	2-269
		LTL-9222A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	100°	2.0 V	
		LTL-9232A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9252A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9272A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9292A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	100°	2.0 V	
	5.0mm Square Top	LTL-9213A	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.6 mcd	150°	2.1 V	2-269
		LTL-9223A	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	150°	2.0 V	
		LTL-9233A	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9253A	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9273A	Amber (600 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	150°	2.1 V	
		LTL-9293A	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	1.7 mcd	150°	2.0 V	


Notes.

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

LED
LAMPS

SELECTION GUIDE

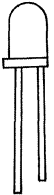
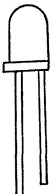
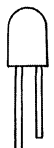
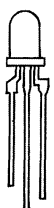
OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	3.2mmx 5.6mm Reflector Cap Rectan- gular Bars	LTL-33221AA	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	3.8 mcd	100°	2.0 V	2-274
		LTL-33231AA	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-33251AA	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	100°	2.1 V	

Notes.

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

⊗ DUAL COLOR LED LAMPS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 20mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	BiPolar T-1¼ Red	LTL-298E	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm) 2pcs	Diffused	5.0 mcd	50°	2.0V	2-278
	Bi-Color T-1¼ Standard Lamp	LTL-298VJ	Green	White Diffused	8.7 mcd	50°	2.1 V	2-281
			Red		1.2 mcd		1.7 V	
		LTL-298WJ	Green	White Diffused	8.7 mcd	50°	2.1 V	2-284
			Orange		5.5 mcd		2.0 V	
		LTL-293SJ	Green	White Diffused	12.0 mcd	80°	2.1 V	2-287
			GaAlAs Red		19.0 mcd		1.8 V	
	Bi-Color 4.6φ Flangeless	LTL-313SJ	Green	White Diffused	13.0 mcd	60°	2.1 V	2-290
			GaAlAs Red		38.0 mcd		1.8 V	
	T-1¼ Dual Color Indicator	LTL-52EG	Green	White Diffused	5.0 mcd	54°	2.1 V	2-293
			Orange		5.0 mcd		2.0 V	
	T-1¼ Dual Color Indicator	LTL-52RG	Green	White Diffused	5.0 mcd	54°	2.1 V	2-296
			Bright Red		1.1 mcd		2.1 V	
	LTL-52DG	Green (565 nm) 2pcs	Green Diffused	8.7 mcd	54°	2.1 V	2-299	

Notes:

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

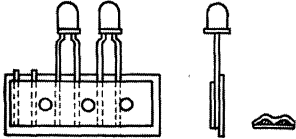
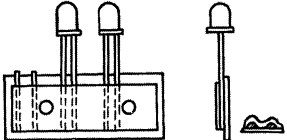
** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).



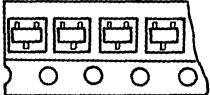
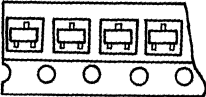
SELECTION GUIDE

• TAPE AND REEL

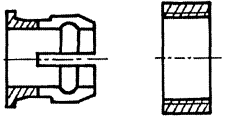
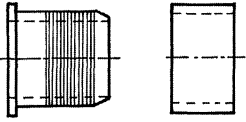
RADIAL TAPE AND REEL

OUTLINE	OPTION CODE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
	.001 .011 .021	5mm (0.197'') Preformed Leads With — 001 : 2.5mm (0.1'') and — 011 : 4.0mm (0.157'') and — 021 : 7.5mm (0.295'') from Seating plane to Lamp Bottom.	2-302
	.002 .012 .022	2.54mm (0.1'') Straight Leads With —002 : 18mm (0.709''), and —012 : 22mm (0.866''), and —022 : 26mm (1.024'') from Feed Hole to Lamp Bottom.	

SURFACE MOUNT TAPE AND REEL

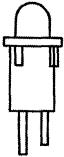
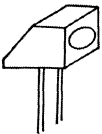
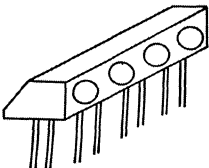
OUTLINE	OPTION CODE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
	LTL-907TA	Available with choice of orientation	2-306
	LTL-907TB	Available with choice of orientation.	

● PANEL MOUNTING GROMMETS

PACKAGE	PART NO. LTL-	DESCRIPTION		PAGE NO.
	001B	Black	Mounting Clip Ring for T-1½ Lamps	2-309
	001C	Clear		
	004B	Black Mounting Grommets for LTL-332 x 1AA Series Lamps		2-311

SECTION GUIDE

LED CIRCUIT BOARD AND SNAP-IN INDICATORS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	Snap-in Indicators Holder with LTL-10200W Lamp Series	LTL-603-1	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V	2-312
		LTL-633-1	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-653-1	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
	Logic-status Indicators Holder with LTL 10200W Lamp Series	LTL-503-11	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V	2-316
		LTL-533-11	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
		LTL-553-11	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V	
	LTL-503-14	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.8 mcd	60°	1.7 V		
	LTL-533-14	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V		
	LTL-553-14	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	5.6 mcd	60°	2.1 V		

Notes:

* 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

** Peak Emission wavelength (nm)

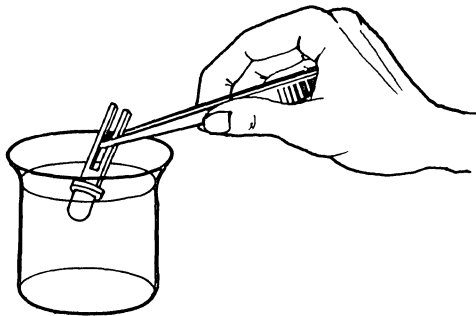
HOW TO USE LITON LED LAMPS

Generally, LITON LED Lamps can be used the same way as other general purpose semiconductors, however the following precautions must be taken to protect the LED.

1. CLEANING

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED, they could harm the resin of the LED. If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in alcohol, Freon TE or chloroslen at normal temperature for less than 1 minute. When other chemical solutions not specified are used, it may cause cracks or haze on the surface of the lens.

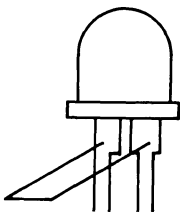
FIG. 1



2. FORMING

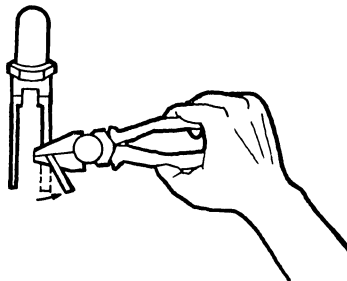
- 2.1 Do not form during or after soldering. If forming is required, it must be done before soldering.
- 2.2 Please keep in mind, any stress applied to resin can break gold wire in LED.
- 2.3 Form leads pin by securing under the tie bar cut (Fig. 2) and bending with radio pliers or the equivalent to avoid pressure on resin (Fig. 3).

FIG. 2

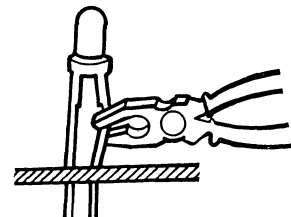


Tie bar cut

FIG. 3



Secure lead pin



Form before soldering

3. SOLDERING

3.1 Solder under tie-bar cut as show in Fig. 4. Hold pin leads, with tweezers during soldering, especially for smaller LED.

FIG. 4

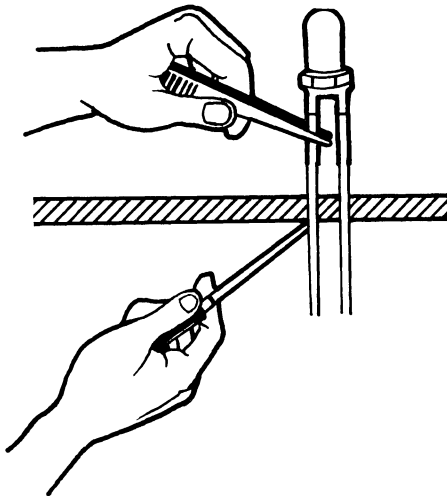
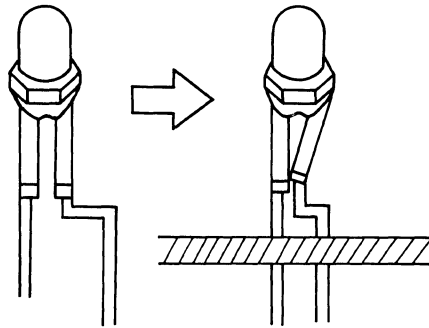


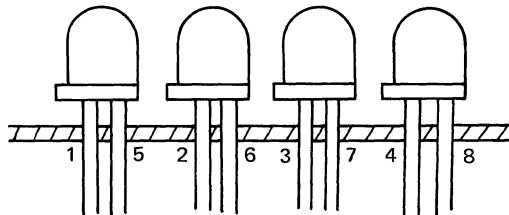
FIG. 5



If pitch of mounting holes is incorrect formed.
Pins will become distorted during insertion.

- 3.2 If stress is applied to LED while it is being on P.C. board, disconnection may, occur during soldering or after mounting due to creep. Lead pin mounting holes must coincide with original or formed lead pin pitch to prevent stress.
- 3.3 Lead forming should be not add any stress to the LED body, to do so can fracture the device epoxy and possibly break bond wires, which will cause failure.
- 3.4 When an LED is mounted into a P.C. board, pitch spacing should be carefully aligned so as not to cause any stress to the lead wires. Otherwise the stress will cause problems in high temperature operation. Three minutes are necessary for the LED to return to normal temperature after solder operation.
- 3.5 If soldering one line of LED on a P.C. board by using a soldering iron, don't solder both the leads of the LED at same time. (see Fig. 6).

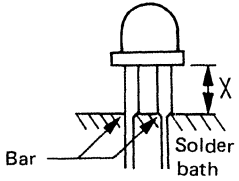
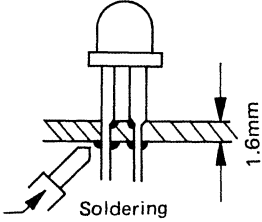
FIG. 6



HOW TO USE LITON LED LAMPS

3.6 The soldering iron should be operated at under 30w power consumption.

3.7 The LITON LED soldering specification is shown as below:

METHOD	CONDITIONS	TEMP	TIME
Soldering bath method	Dip LED up to Xmm from resin  A cross-sectional diagram showing an LED package being dipped into a solder bath. The LED is held by a bar. The distance from the top of the LED to the solder bath is labeled 'X'. The solder bath is labeled 'Solder bath' and the bar is labeled 'Bar'.	230°C ± 5	Within 5 Seconds
Soldering method	Soldering iron: 30W Tip: 4.5φ × 32mm Through hole-P.C.B. 1.6mm thick  A cross-sectional diagram showing an LED package being soldered onto a through-hole PCB. A soldering iron tip is shown applying solder to the LED leads. The PCB thickness is labeled '1.6mm' and the soldering process is labeled 'Soldering'.	Tip Temp. 295°C ± 5°C	Within 3 Seconds

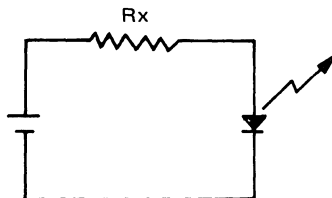
4. PREVENTING OVERCURRENT

- 4.1 Do not overcurrent.
- 4.2 In order to operate LITON LED under stable conditions, put protective resistors in series. Resistor Values can be determined by supply voltage or current for the LED. Recommended current for use is in the range of IF 10mA to 20mA. (Fig. 7).
- 4.3 Circuit must be designed so that overvoltage (overcurrent) is not applied to the LED during ON/OFF switching. Transients or pulse current can damage the junction of the LED die.

5. BRIGHTNESS AND COLOR

- 5.1 For obtain even brightness multiple LED should be kept at the same current.
- 5.2 To increase brightness, increase current.
- 5.3 It checked at a distance of 30cm from the LED to the eye detects.

FIG. 7



6. RELIABILITY TESTS AND CONDITIONS

TEST	CONDITIONS	DESCRIPTION
Operating Life Test	@20mA or @10mA Duty = 1/8 Ta = 25° ± 5°C 1500 ⁺⁷² ₋₂₄ Hours	This test is conducted for the purpose of determining the resistance of a part in electrical and thermal stresses.
High Temperature Storage Test	Ta = 105°C 1000 ⁺⁷² ₋₂₄ Hours	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device which is laid under condition of high temperature for hours.
Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta = -55°C 1000 ⁺⁷² ₋₂₄ Hours	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device which is laid under condition of low temperature for hours.
High Temperature High Humidity Test	T = 65° ± 3°C RH = 90 ~ 95% 240 Hours	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device under tropical condition for hours.
Thermal Shock Test	-55°C ~ +105°C (Air to air) (10 Min) (10 Min) x 10 cycles Transfer time: 5 Sec.	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device to sudden extreme changes in high and low temperature.
Solder Resistance Test	Ta = 260° ± 5°C Dwell solder 10±1 sec. Cooling 5 seconds x 1 cycle. More than 1.6mm away from resin of LED	This test is intended to determine the thermal characteristic resistance of the device to sudden exposures at extreme changes in temperature when soldering the lead wire.
Solderability Test	Ta = 230° ± 5°C Dwell Flux 5 ± 1 sec. Dwell solder 5 ± ½ sec.	This test is intended to see soldering well performed or not.
Drop Test	0 ~ 9Kg H = 760mm 9.1 ~ 22Kg H = 610mm 22.1 ~ 45.5Kg H=530mm One angle, three corners three surface	This test is intended to see the certain height drop to effect the device.
Vibration Test	F = 900-3600-900 RPM (sweep cycle/min) Amplitude = 1.5mm Test Time: 15 min for 3 faces each. Acceleration: 1.5-21.8-1.5G (1G=9.8m/sec ²)	This vibration test is intended to determine the suitability of the device.

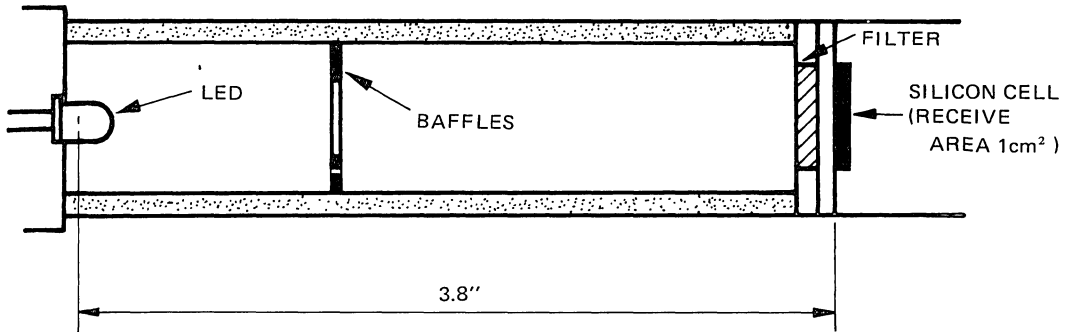
HOW TO USE LITON LED LAMPS

7. HOW TO TEST LUMINOUS INTENSITY OF LITON LED LAMPS

7.1 Standard luminous intensity tester:
EG & G MODEL 550-1 RADIOMETER/PHOTOMETER

7.2 Reference luminous intensity tester:
A. TEXTRONIX J16 PHOTOMETER
B. VIM MODEL 200 PHOTOMETER

7.3 Measurement hints



7.4 LED adapter

At one foot, one footcandle is equivalent to one candela.

At 3.8 inches, one footcandle is equivalent to 100 millicandelas.

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE FOR:

H.P./TELEFUNKEN/SIEMENS/MATSUSHITA/ROHM/SHARP LED LAMPS

In order to designate the similarity between the other manufacturers' device and the nearest LITON equivalent. This guide has been included a letter code system to cover this.

Code Definitions:

- A — LITON device is electrically and mechanically equivalent.
- B — Minor electrical differences exist.
- C — Minor mechanical differences exist.
- D — Significant electrical differences exist.
- E — Significant mechanical differences exist.

Since Optoelectronics is a relatively young industry, it is possible that different devices offered by two or more manufacturers will satisfy the requirements of one application. Therefore, slight mechanical or electrical variations should not disqualify the nearest equivalent.

The data contained in this guide is believed to be accurate. However, no responsibility is assumed by TAIWAN LITON ELECTRONIC CO., LTD. for the use of this data in actual circuit design.

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE FOR:

H.P. (Hewlett Packard) Equivalent LED Lamps

H.P. PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HLMP-0300/0301	LTL-3223A	A
HLMP-0400/0401	LTL-3253A	A
HLMP-0503/0504	LTL-3233A	A
HLMP-1000/1002	LTL-4201N	A
HLMP-1300/1301/1302	LTL-4221N	A
HLMP-1321	LTL-4222N	A
HLMP-1400/1401/1402	LTL-4251N	A
HLMP-1421	LTL-4252N	A
HLMP-1503/1523	LTL-4231N	A
HLMP-1521	LTL-4232N	A
HLMP-1700	LTL-4221NLC	A
HLMP-3002/3003	LTL-307R	A
HLMP-3300/3301/3762	LTL-307E	A

H.P. PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HLMP-3315/3316	LTL-307EE	A
HLMP-3350/3351	LTL-5233	A
HLMP-3400/3401/3862	LTL-307Y	A
HLMP-3450/3451	LTL-5253	A
HLMP-3502/3507/3962	LTL-307G	A
HLMP-3517/3519	LTL-307GE	A
HLMP-3553/3554	LTL-5233	A
HLMP-4700	LTL-307ELC	A
HLMP-5000	LTL-503-11	E
HLMP-5030	LTL-523-11	E
HLMP-5040	LTL-553-11	E
HLMP-5050	LTL-533-11	E
HLMP-D400/D401	LTL-307EA	A



CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

TELEFUNKEN Equivalent LED Lamps

TELEFUNKEN PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
TLUR-2400/2401	LTL-709R	A
TLUO-2400/2401	LTL-709EA	A
TLUY-2400/2401	LTL-709Y	A
TLUG-2400/2401	LTL-709G	A
TLSR-3200/3201	LTL-2201AL	E
TLSO-3200/3201	LTL-2291AL	E
TLSY-3200/3201	LTL-2251AL	E
TLSG-3200/3201	LTL-2231AL	E
TLSR-3300/3301	LTL-9202A	E
TLSO-3300/3301	LTL-9292A	E
TLSY-3300/3301	LTL-9252A	E
TLSG-3300/3301	LTL-9232A	E
TLHR-4200/4201/4202/ 4203/4205	LTL-4202N	A
TLHY-4200/4201/4203	LTL-4252N	A
TLHG-4200/4201/4202/ 4203/4205	LTL-4232N	A
TLHR-4400/4401/4402/ 4403/4405	LTL-4201N	A
TLHY-4400/4401/4402/ 4403/4405	LTL-4251N	A
TLHG-4400/4401/4402/ 4403/4405	LTL-4231N	A
TLSR-5100/5101	LTL-23201AL	C
TLSO-5100/5101	LTL-23291AL	C
TLSY-5100/5101	LTL-23251AL	C

TELEFUNKEN PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
TLSG-5100/5101	LTL-23231AL	C
TLSR-5300/5301	LTL-9204A	A
TLSO-5300/5301	LTL-9294A	A
TLSY-5300/5301	LTL-9254A	A
TLSG-5300/5301	LTL-9234A	A
TLAR-5400/5401	LTL-6203LN	A
TLAO-5400/5401	LTL-6293LN	A
TLAY-5400/5401	LTL-6253LN	A
TLAG-5400/5401	LTL-6233LN	A
TLUR-6400/6401	LTL-307R	A
TLUO-6400/6401	LTL-307EA	A
TLUY-6400/6401	LTL-307Y	A
TLUG-6400/6401	LTL-307G	A
TLHR-6200/6201/6202/ 6203/6205	LTL-4224	A
TLHY-6200/6201/6202/ 6203/6205	LTL-4254	A
TLHG-6200/6201/6202/ 6203/6205	LTL-4234	A
TLHR-6400/6401/6402 6403/6405	LTL-307E	A
TLHY-6400/6401/6402 6403/6405	LTL-307Y	A
TLEG-6400/6401/6402/ 6403/6405	LTL-307G	A

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

SIEMENS Equivalent LED Lamps

SIEMENS PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LDR-1101/1102/1103	LTL-4201N	A
LDH-1111/1112/1113	LTL-4221N	A
LDY-1131/1132/1133	LTL-4251N	A
LDG-1151/1152/1153	LTL-4231N	A
LDR-1201	LTL-10203N	C
LDG-1231	LTL-10233N	C
LDY-1251	LTL-10253N	C
LDH-2310	LTL-907EK	A
LDY-2320	LTL-907YK	A
LDG-2330	LTL-907LK	A
LDH-3601/3602/3603	LTL-23201AL	A

SIEMENS PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LDR-3701/3702/3703	LTL-23221AL	A
LDY-3801/3802/3803	LTL-23251AL	A
LDG-3901/3902/3903	LTL-23231AL	A
LDR-5091/5092/5093	LTL-4204	A
LDR-5101/5102/5103	LTL-307R	A
LDH-5121/5122/5123	LTL-307E	A
LDY-5161/5162/5163	LTL-307Y	A
LDG-5171/5172/5173	LTL-307G	A
LDH-5191/5192/5193	LTL-4224	A
LDY-5391/5392/5393	LTL-4254	A
LDG-5591/5592/5593	LTL-4238	A



CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

MATSUSHITA (PANASONIC) Equivalent LED Lamps

MATSUSHITA PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LN2TRPHL/21RPH	LTL-307P	A
LN21 RCPH/21 RCPHL	LTL-307PE	A
LN21CAL (U)	LTL-4268H3	A
LN217RP	LTL-3215S	C
LN222RP	LTL-1214A	A
LN224RP	LTL-3218A	C
LN226RP	LTL-8212A	C
LN242RP	LTL-433P	A
LN245RP	LTL-23216A	B/E
LN28RP	LTL-4211	C
LN28RCP	LTL-4212	C
LN31 GPHL/31GPH	LTL-307G	A
LN31 CPHL/31GCPH	LTL-307GE	A
LN31GCPHL(U)/ 31GCPH (U)	LTL-4234	B
LN317GP	LTL-3235S	C

MATSUSHITA PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LN322GP	LTL-1234A	A
LN324GP	LTL-3238A	C
LN326GP	LTL-8232A	C
LN342GP	LTL-433G	A
LN345GP	LTL-23236A	B/E
LN38GP	LTL-4231	B/C
LN38GCP	LTL-4232	B/C
LN41 YPH/41YPHL	LTL-307Y	A
LN417YP	LTL-3255S	C
LN422YP	LTL-1254A	A
LN424YP	LTL-3278A	C
LN442YP	LTL-433Y	A
LN445YP	LTL-23276A	B/E
LN48YP	LTL-4271	B/C
LN81 RPHL/81RPH	LTL-307E	A
LN81 RCPHL/81RCPH	LTL-307EE	A

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

ROHM Equivalent LED Lamps

ROHM PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
SLR-34VR/SLH-34VR	LTL-4221	A
SLR-34VC	LTL-4222	A
SLR-34VT	LTL-4296	A
SLR-34DU/SLH-34DU	LTL-4291	A
SLR-34DC	LTL-4292	A
SLR-34DT	LTL-4296	A
SLR-34YY/SLH-34YY	LTL-4251	A
SLR-34YC	LTL-4252	A
SLR-34YT	LTL-4256	A
SLR-34MG/SLH-34MG	LTL-4231	A
SLR-34MC	LTL-4232	A
SLR-34MT	LTL-4236	A
SLR-56VR/SLH-56VR	LTL-307E	B
SLR-56VC	LTL-307EE	B
SLR-56DU/SLH-56DC	LTL-307EA	A
SLR-56YY/SLH-56YY	LTL-307Y	A
SLR-56MG/SLH-56MG	LTL-307G	A
SLR-56MC	LTL-307GE	A

ROHM PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
SPR-56MVW	LTL-52EA	A
SLV-56VC	LTL-2224RT	A
SLV-56VT	LTL-2294WC	A
SLV-56DC	LTL-2224RT	A
SLV-56DT	LTL-2294WC	A
SLV-56YC	LTL-2254YT	A
SLV-56YT	LTL-2254WC	A
SLV-56MC	LTL-2234GT	A
SLV-56MT	LTL-2234WC	A
SLR-80VR	LTL-327HR	A
SLR-80MG	LTL-327G	A
SLR-80YY	LTL-327Y	A
LSR-80DU	LTL-327EA	A
SLB-25VR	LTL-3221A	C
SLB-25DU	LTL-3291A	C
SLB-25YY	LTL-3251A	C
SLB-25MG	LTL-3231A	C



CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

SHARP Equivalent LED Lamps

SHARP PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
GL3AR2	LTL-4201	E
GL3PR7	LTL-4211	B/E
GL3HD7	LTL-4221	B/E
GL3EG7	LTL-4231	B/E
GL3HY7	LTL-4251	B/E
GL5AR1	LTL-203	A
GL5PR1	LTL-213	A
GL5PR5	LTL-307P	A
GL5PR6	LTL-307PE	A
GL5PR27	LTL-2214RT	A
GL5HD5	LTL-307E	A
GL5HD27	LTL-2224PT	A
GL5EG5	LTL-307G	A
GL5HY1	LTL-253	A
GL5HY5	LTL-307Y	A
GL5HY27	LTL-2254YT	A
GL5PR21	LTL-4214	B
GL5PR24	LTL-4218	B
GL5HD21	LTL-4224	B
GL5EG21	LTL-4234	B
GL5EG24	LTL-4238	B
GL5HY21	LTL-4254	B
GL9PR2	LTL-3211A	A
GL9PR26	LTL-433P	C
GL9HD2	LTL-3221A	A
GL9HD26	LTL-433HR	C
GL9EG2	LTL-3231A	A

SHARP PART NO.	LITON PART NO.	CODE
GL9HY2	LTL-3251A	A
GL9HY26	LTL-433Y	C
GL9PR10	LTL-13218A	A
GL9HD10	LTL-13228A	A
GL9H10	LTL-13258A	A
GL9PR23	LTL-13219B	B/C
GL9HD23	LTL-13229B	B/C
GL9EG23	LTL-13239B	B/C
GL9HY23	LTL-13259B	B/C
GL9PR24	LTL-3218A	C
GL9HD24	LTL-3228A	C
GL9EG24	LTL-3238A	C
GL9HY24	LTL-3258A	C
GL9PR25	LTL-3217A	A
GL9EG25	LTL-3237A	A
GL9HY25	LTL-3257A	A
GL9PR40	LTL-23216A	E
GL9HY40	LTL-23256A	E
GL9PR4	LTL-9213A	A
GL9HD4	LTL-9223A	A
GL9EG4	LTL-9233A	A
GL9HY4	LTL-9253A	A
GL9PR6	LTL-8212A	A
GL9HD6	LTL-8222A	A
GL9HG6	LTL-8232A	A
GL9HY6	LTL-8252A	A

CROSS REFERENCE FOR IR/PTR/PTD

INFRARED EMITTING DIODES

LITON	HONEWELL	TRW	T.I.	SIEMENS	TOSHIBA	KODENSHI
LTE-209/209C	SPE8505/8525	OP160	TIL32	—	—	—
LTE-239/239C	—	OP260	TIL902	—	—	—
LTE-4208/4208C	—	—	TIL39	LD274	TLN110	EL-ILI
LTE-4238/4238C	SEP8703-00X	OP295	TIL906	LD484	—	—
LTE-5208A/5208AC	—	—	TIL38	LD271	TLN105A	—
LTE-5238A/5238AC	SEP8703-30X	OP290	TIL905	SFH485	TLN205	—
LTE-302	SEP8506/8526	OP140	—	IRL80	—	—
LTE-4206	—	OP161	—	SFH409	—	—



PHOTO TRANSISTORS

LITON	TOSHIBA	HONEWELL	TRW	SIEMENS	T.I.
LTR-209	—	SDP8425	OP500	—	TIL78
LTR-4208	TPS610	SDP8403	—	BP103B	TIL414
LTR-301	—	SDP8406	OP550	LRT-80	—

PHOTODIODES

LITON	SIEMENS	KODENSHI	TOSHIBA
LTR-516AD	SFH205	—	—
LTR-526AD	SFH206	—	—
LTR-536AD	—	HP-3FR2	—
LTR-546AE	—	HP-5FR3	TPS703
LTR-546AD	—	—	TPS703A





T-1 (3mm) RESISTOR LAMPS

LTL-4201-R1/R2 RED

LTL-4251-R1/R2 YELLOW

LTL-4211-R1/R2 BRIGHT RED

LTL-4291-R1/R2 ORANGE

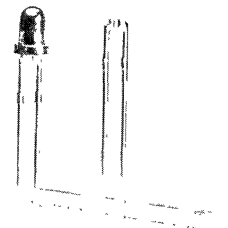
LTL-4231-R1/R2 GREEN

FEATURES

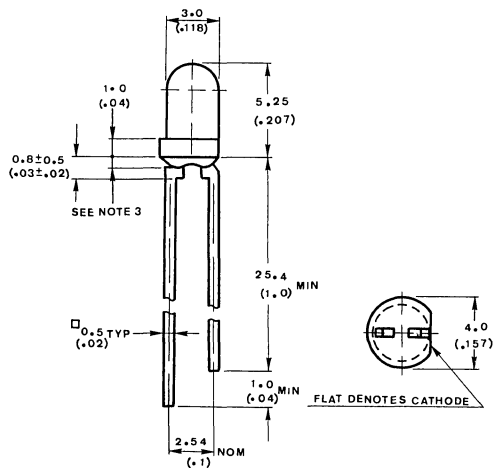
- INTEGRAL CURRENT LIMITING RESISTOR.
- COST EFFECTIVE.
Saves Spaces and Resistor Cost.
- EXTERNAL RESISTOR REQUIRED WITH 5 VOLT/12 VOLT SUPPLY.
- AVAILABLE IN ALL COLORS.
Red, High Efficiency Red, Yellow and Green in T-1 Packages.

DESCRIPTION

The RESISTOR LAMP contains an integral current limiting resistor in series with the LED. This allows the lamp to be driven from a high volt source without an external current limiter. The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode. The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode. The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4201-R1/R2	Red	Diffused	Red
4211-R1/R2	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4231-R1/R2	Green	Diffused	Green
4251-R1/R2	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
4291-R1/R2	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protrued resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	RED/BRIGHT RED/ GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE 5V LAMPS	RED/BRIGHT RED/ GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE 12V LAMPS	UNIT
DC Forward Voltage (T _A = 25°C)	7.5	15	volts
Reverse Voltage	5	5	volts
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

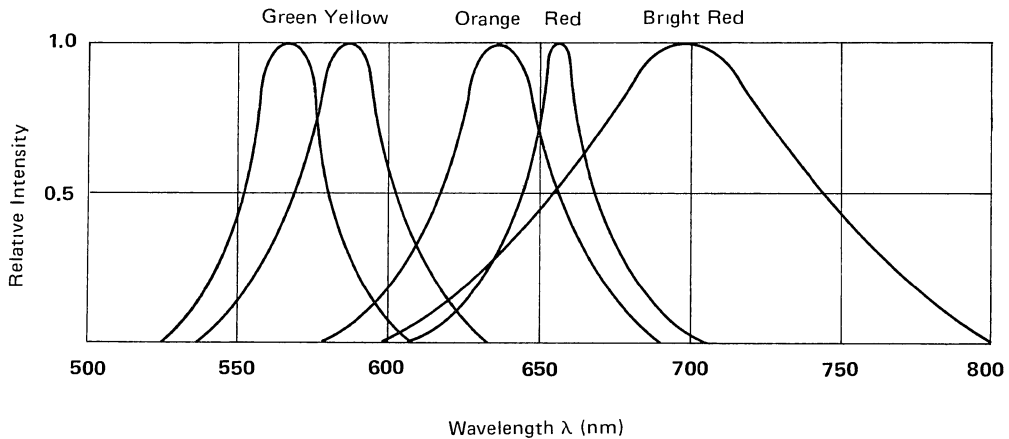
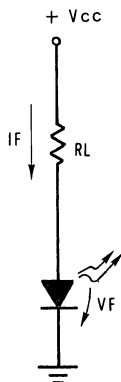


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT:



V_{CC} = 5 volts
(R_L = 250 ohms ± 20%)

V_{CC} = 12 volts
(R_L = 800 ohms ± 20%)

$$I_F = \frac{V_{CC} - V_F}{R_L}$$

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4201-R1	0.3	0.8		mcd	VF=5V
		4201-R2	0.3	0.9			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta 1/2$	4201-R1/R2		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4201-R1/R2		655		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half - Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4201-R1/R2		24		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4201-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4201-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4201-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta 1/2$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

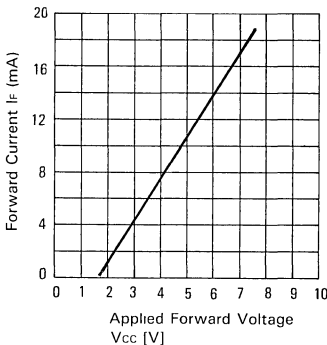


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 5 VOLT DEVICES

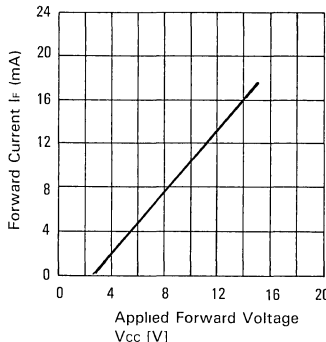


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 12 VOLT DEVICES

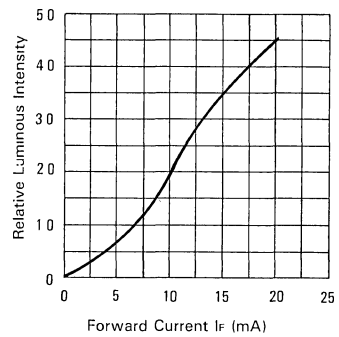


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

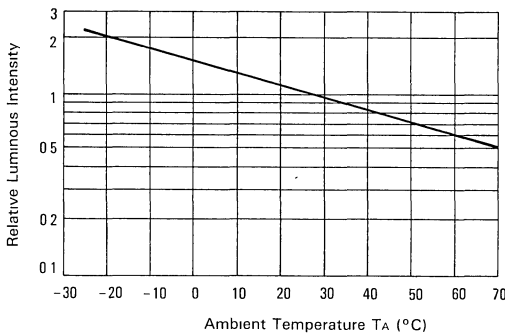


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

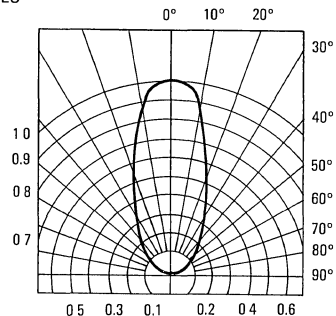


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4211-R1	1.1	3.8		mcd	VF=5V
		4211-R2	1.1	4.0			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4211-R1/R2		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4211-R1/R2		697		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4211-R1/R2		90		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4211-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4211-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4211-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

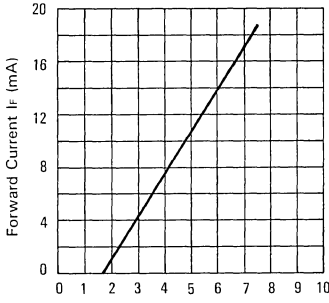


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES

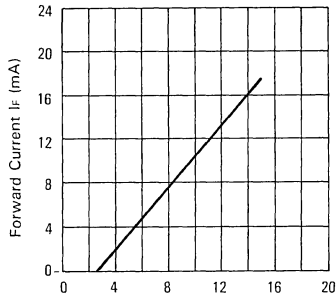


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

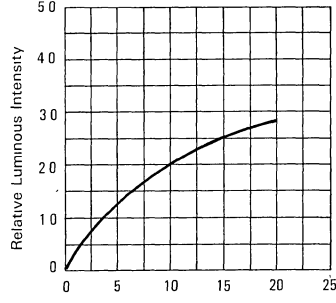


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

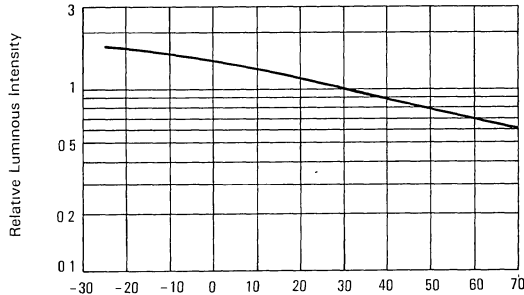


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

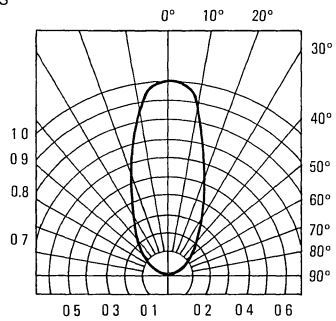


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4231-R1	2.5	5.6		mcd	VF=5V
		4231-R2	2.5	5.8			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4231-R1/R2		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4231-R1/R2		565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4231-R1/R2		30		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4231-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4231-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4231-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

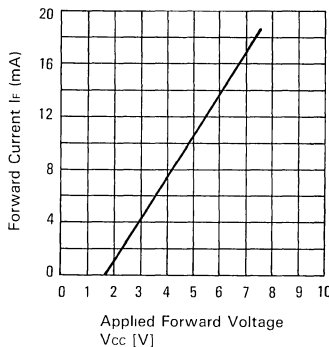


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES

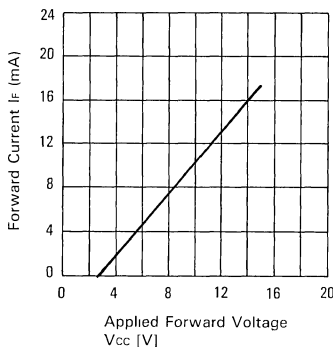


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

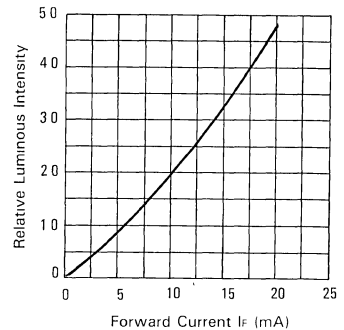


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

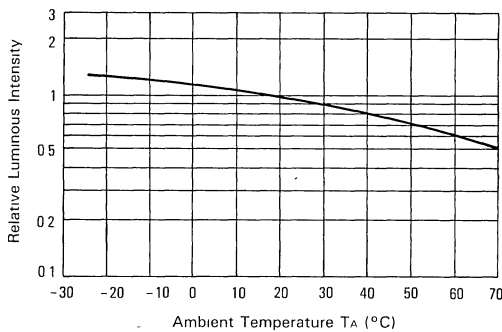


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

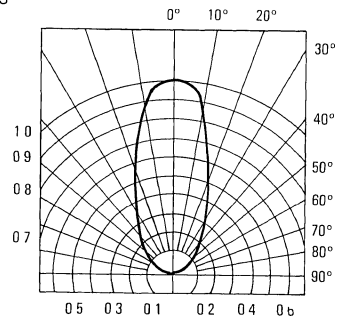


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	4251-R1	2.5	5.6		mcd	VF=5V
		4251-R2	2.5	5.7			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	4251-R1/R2		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4251-R1/R2		585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half - Width	Δλ	4251-R1/R2		35		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	I _F	4251-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	I _F	4251-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	I _R	4251-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES. 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2 θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

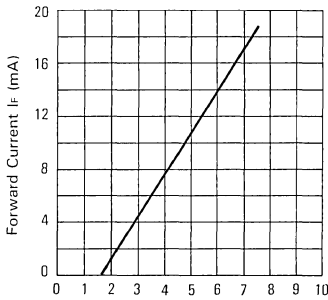


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES

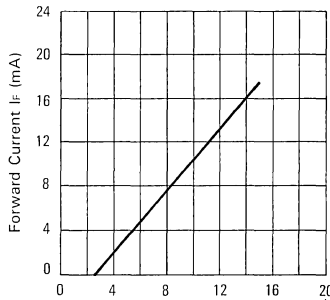


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

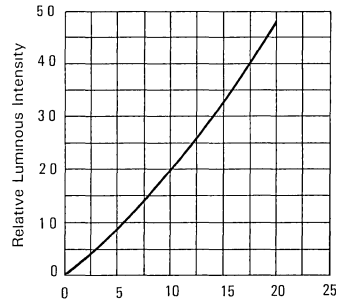


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

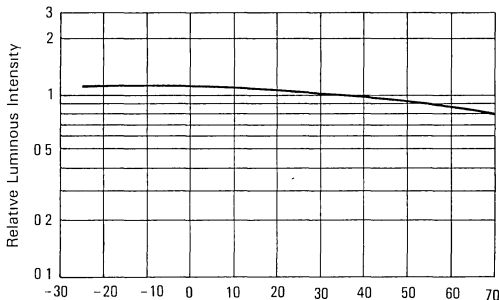


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

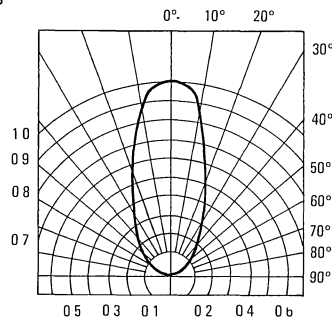


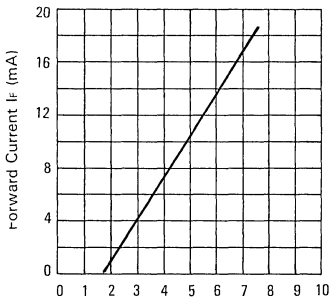
FIG. 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



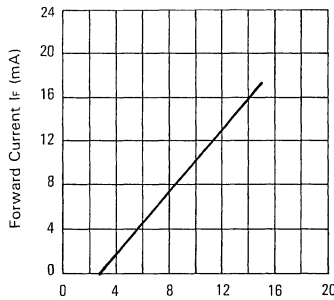
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4291-R1	2.5	5.6		mcd	VF=5V
		4291-R2	2.5	5.7			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4291-R1/R2		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 26)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4291-R1/R2		630		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4291-R1/R2		40		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4291-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4291-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4291-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
 FIG. 22 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
 FIG. 23 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

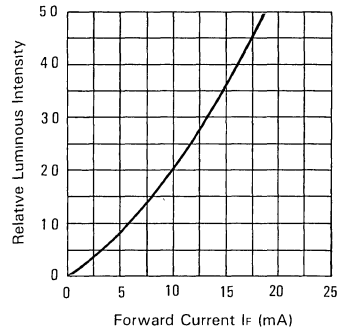
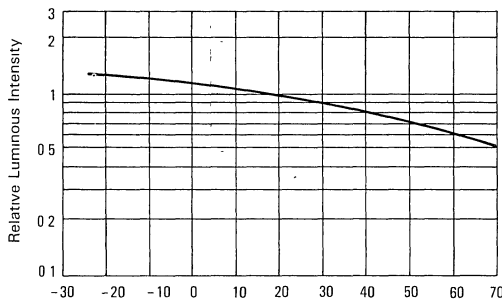


FIG. 24 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT



Ambient Temperature T_A ($^\circ\text{C}$)
 FIG. 25 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

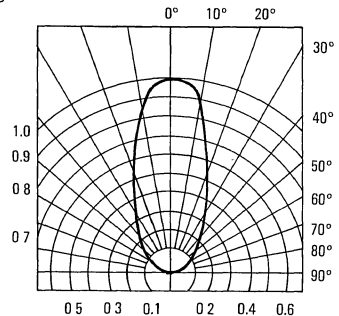


FIG. 26 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

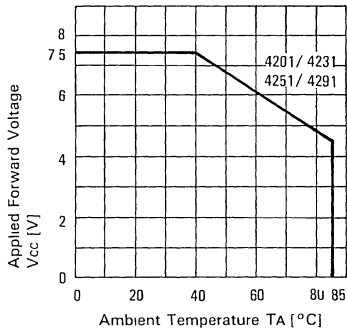


FIG 27 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [5 VOLT DEVICES]

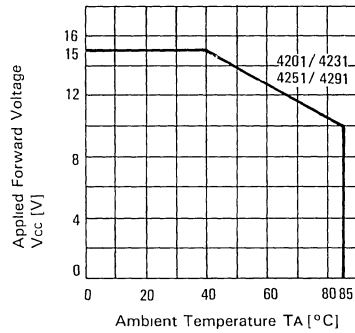


FIG 28 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [12 VOLT DEVICES]

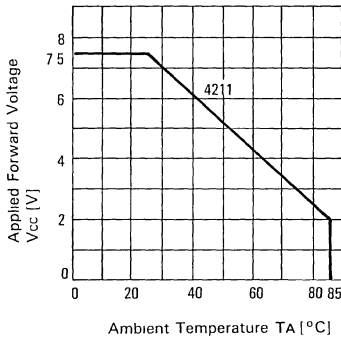


FIG 29 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [5 VOLT DEVICES]

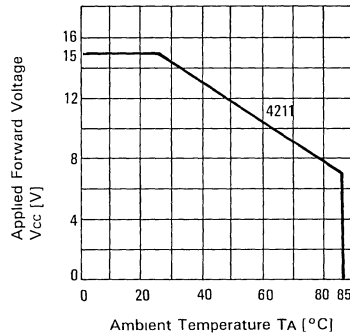


FIG 30 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [12 VOLT DEVICES]





T-1 3/4 (5mm) RESISTOR LAMPS

LTL-4203-R1/R2 RED
 LTL-4213-R1/R2 BRIGHT RED
 LTL-4223-R1/R2 HI.EFF.RED
 LTL-4233-R1/R2 GREEN
 LTL-4238-R1/R2 GREEN
 LTL-4253-R1/R2 YELLOW
 LTL-4293-R1/R2 ORANGE

FEATURES

- INTEGRAL CURRENT LIMITING RESISTOR.
- COST EFFECTIVE.
Saves Spaces and Resistor Cost.
- EXTERNAL RESISTOR REQUIRED WITH 5 VOLT/12 VOLT SUPPLY.
- AVAILABLE IN ALL COLORS.
Red, High Efficiency Red, Yellow and Green in T-1 3/4 Packages.

DESCRIPTION

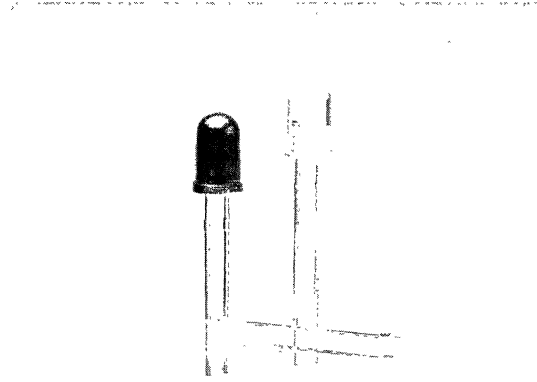
The RESISTOR LAMP contains an integral current limiting resistor in series with the LED. This allows the lamp to be driven from a high volt source without an external current limiter. The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode. The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode. The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

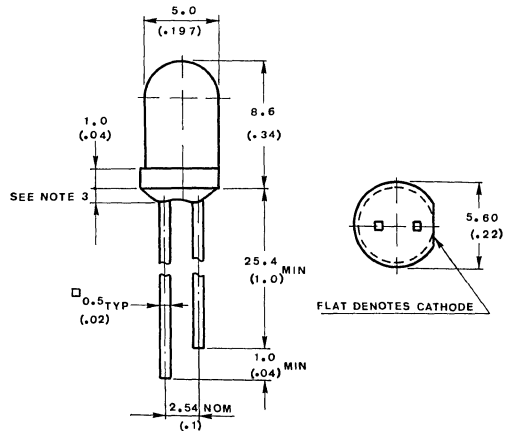
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4203-R1/R2	Red	Diffused	Red
4213-R1/R2	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4223-R1/R2	Red	Diffused	Hi, Eff. Red
4233-R1/R2	Green	Diffused	Green
4238-R1/R2	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	Green
4253-R1/R2	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
4293-R1/R2	Orange	Diffused	Orange



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($0.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED/BRIGHT RED/ HI.EFF. RED GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE 5V LAMPS	RED/BRIGHT RED/ HI.EFF. RED GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE 12V LAMPS	UNIT
DC Forward Voltage ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	7.5	15	volts
Reverse Voltage	8	5	volts
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

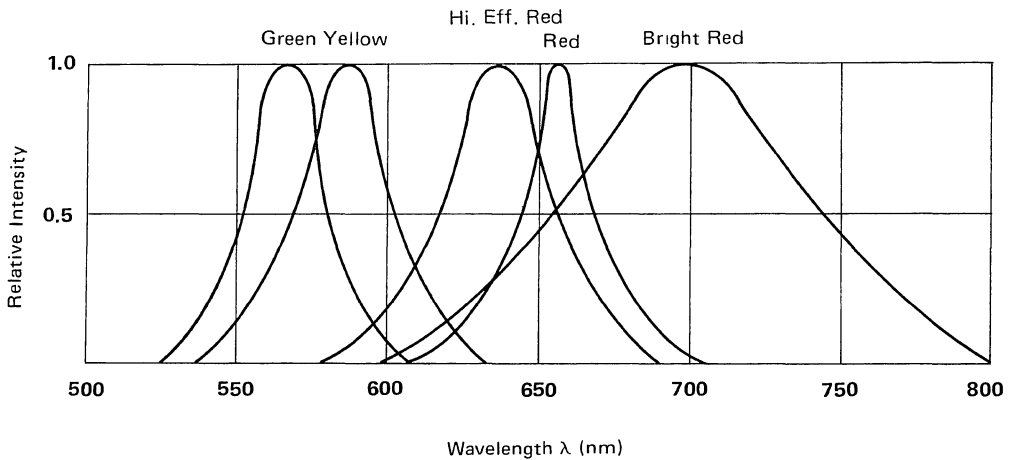
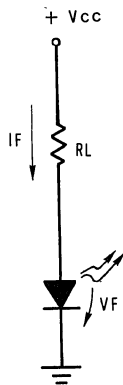


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT:



$V_{CC} = 5$ volts
($R_L = 250$ ohms $\pm 20\%$)

$V_{CC} = 12$ volts
($R_L = 800$ ohms $\pm 20\%$)

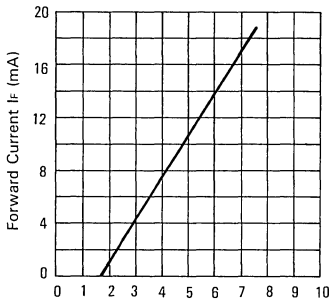
$$I_F = \frac{V_{CC} - V_F}{R_L}$$

LED
LAMPS

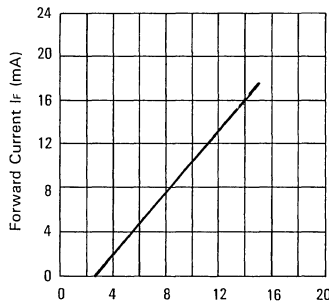
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION	
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4203-R1	0.3	0.8		mcd	VF=5V	NOTE.1
		4203-R2	0.3	1.0			VF=12V	
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4203-R1/R2		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 6)	
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4203-R1/R2		655		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)	
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4203-R1/R2		24		nm		
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4203-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V	
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4203-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V	
Reverse Current	IR	4203-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V	

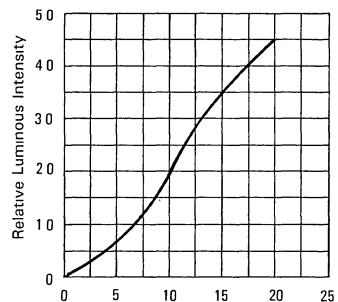
NOTES. 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.



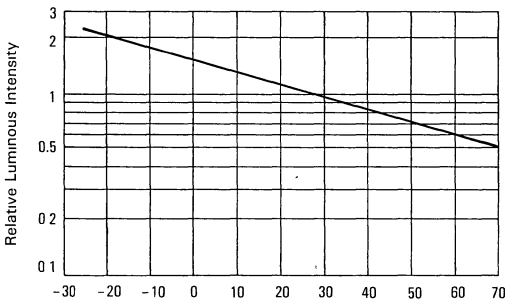
Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
 FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 5 VOLT DEVICES



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
 FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 12 VOLT DEVICES



Forward Current I_f (mA)
 FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT



Ambient Temperature T_A ($^\circ\text{C}$)
 FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

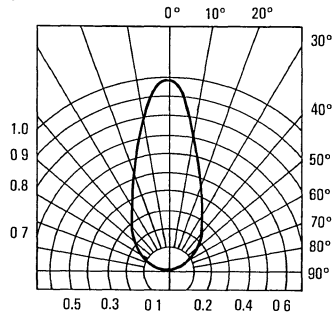
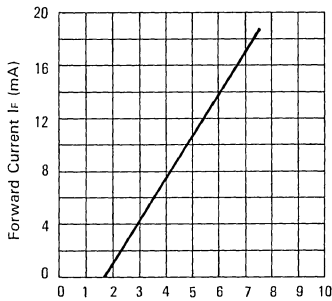


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

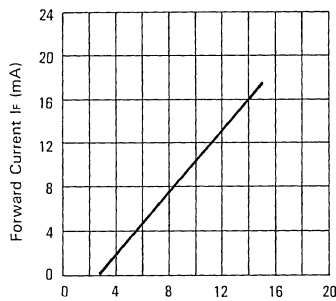
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4213-R1	1.1	3.8		mcd	VF=5V
		4213-R2	1.1	4.0			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4213-R1/R2		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4213-R1/R2		697		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4213-R1/R2		90		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4213-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4213-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4213-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

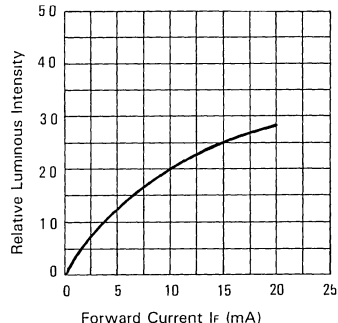
- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.



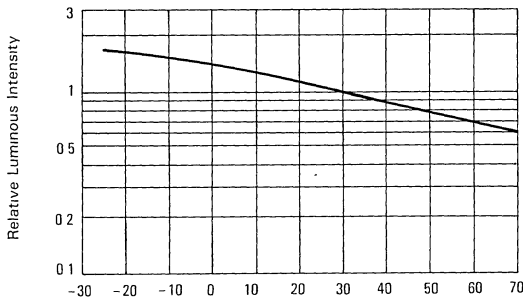
Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES



Forward Current I_f (mA)
FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT



Ambient Temperature T_A ($^\circ\text{C}$)
FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

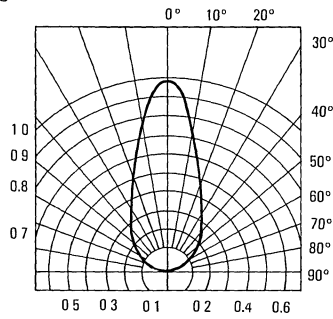


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

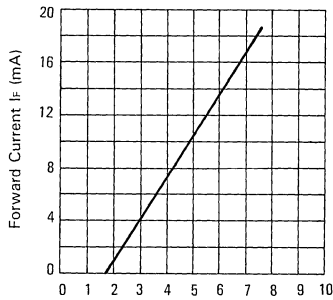


ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

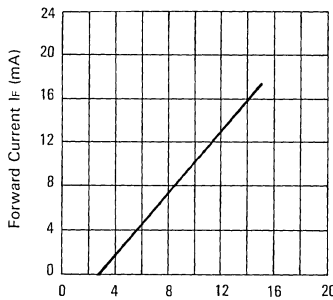
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4223-R1	2.5	8.7		mcd	VF=5V
		4223-R2	2.5	8.9			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4223-R1/R2		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4223-R1/R2		635		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4223-R1/R2		40		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4223-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4223-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4223-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES



Applied Forward Voltage V_{cc} [V]
FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

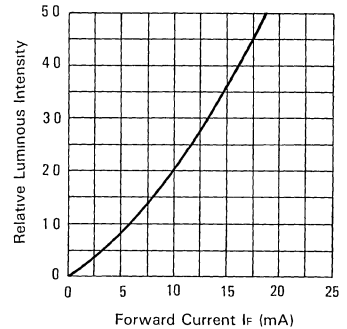
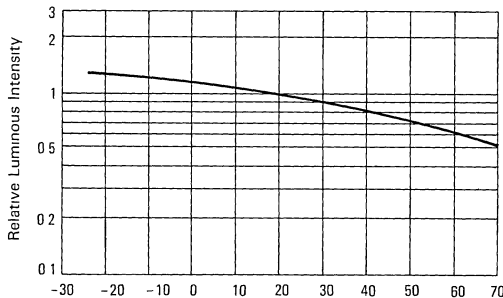


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT



Ambient Temperature T_A ($^\circ\text{C}$)
FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

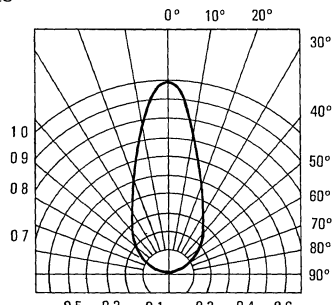


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4233-R1 4238-R1	2.5 35	8.7 70		mcd	VF=5V
		4233-R2 4238-R2	2.5 40	8.9 85			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4233-R1/R2 4238-R1/R2		36 16		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4233-R1/R2 4238-R1/R2		565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4233-R1/R2 4238-R1/R2		30		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4233-R1 4238-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4233-R2 4238-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4233-R1/R2 4238-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Éclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

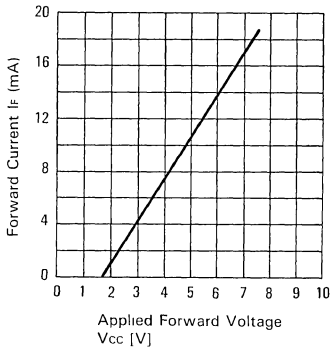


FIG 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 5 VOLT DEVICES

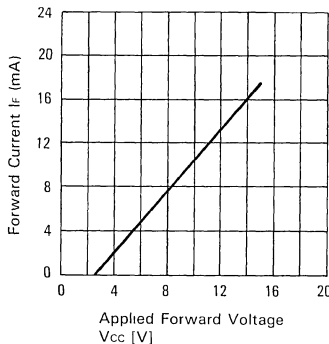


FIG 18 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 12 VOLT DEVICES

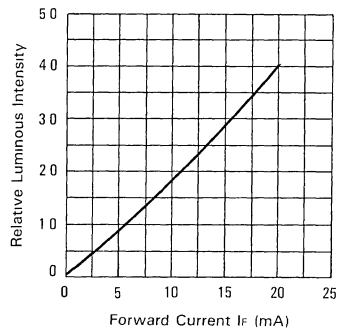


FIG 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

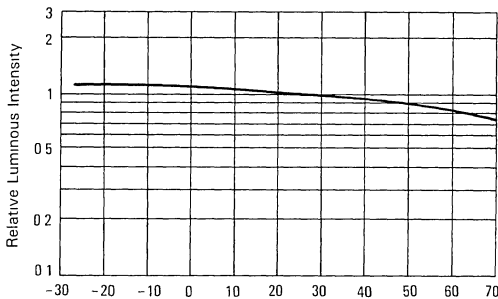


FIG 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

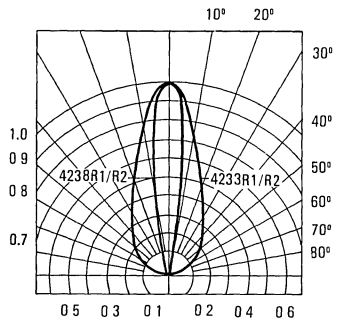


FIG 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4253-R1	2.5	8.7		mcd	VF=5V
		4253-R2	2.5	8.9			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4253-R1/R2		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 26)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	4253-R1/R2		585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4253-R1/R2		35		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4253-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4253-R2		12	20	mA	VF = 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4253-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

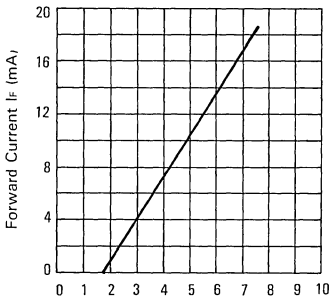


FIG 22 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 5 VOLT DEVICES

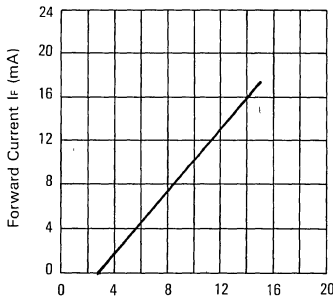


FIG 23 FORWARD CURRENT VS APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE 12 VOLT DEVICES

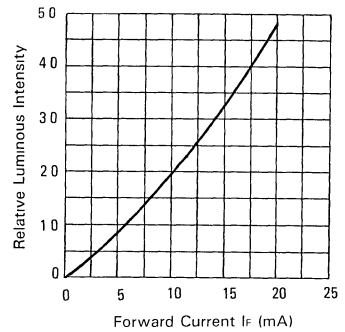


FIG 24 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

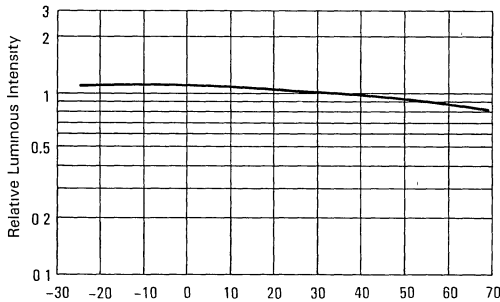


FIG. 25 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

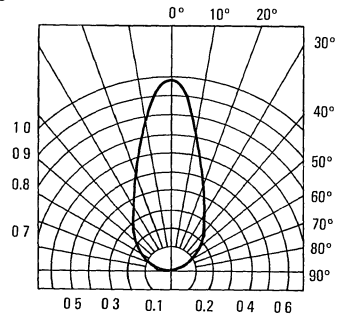


FIG. 26 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4293-R1	2.5	8.7		mcd	VF=5V
		4293-R2	2.5	8.9			VF=12V
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4293-R1/R2		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig 31)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4293-R1/R2		630		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half – Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4293-R1/R2		40		nm	
Forward Current 5V Devices	IF	4293-R1		10	20	mA	VF = 5V
Forward Current 12V Devices	IF	4293-R2		12	20	mA	VF 12V
Reverse Current	IR	4293-R1/R2			100	μA	VR = 5V

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

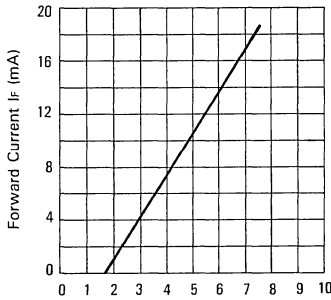


FIG. 22 FORWARD CURRENT VS. APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 5 VOLT DEVICES

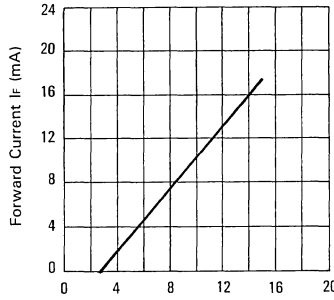


FIG. 23 FORWARD CURRENT VS. APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE. 12 VOLT DEVICES

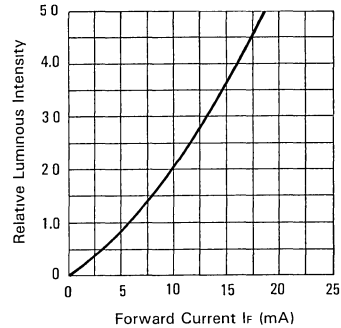


FIG. 24 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

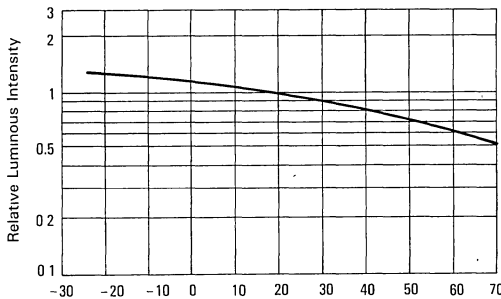


FIG. 25 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

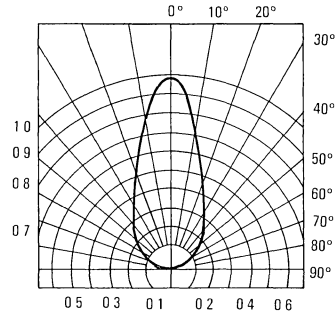


FIG. 31 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



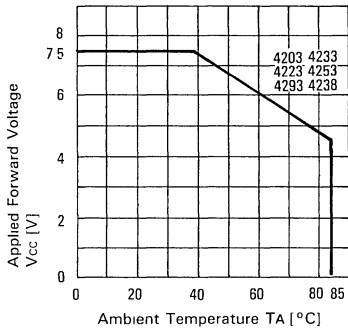


FIG 32 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [5 VOLT DEVICES]

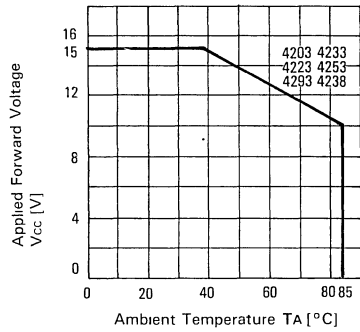


FIG 33 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [12 VOLT DEVICES]

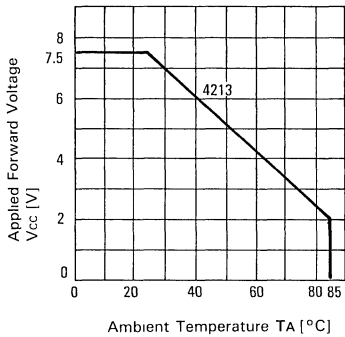


FIG 34 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [5 VOLT DEVICES]

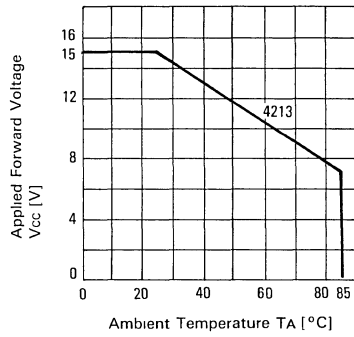


FIG 35 MAXIMUM ALLOWED APPLIED FORWARD VOLTAGE VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE [12 VOLT DEVICES]



T-1³/₄ (5mm) FLASH LAMPS

LTL-4213-FL BRIGHT RED

LTL-4233-FL GREEN

LTL-4263-FL ULTRA BRIGHT RED

FEATURES

- OPERATION VOLTAGE RANGE: 3V – 10V.
- ±2.4HZ FLASHING RATE AT V_{DD} : 3.0V.
- 1/4 DUTY-CYCLE.
- ADJUSTABLE FLASHING RATE.

DESCRIPTION

The flash lamp contains an integral circuit oscillator series with the LED. This allows the lamp to be driven from a high voltage source without any external component. (The FLASH LAMP is a high voltage blinking LED).

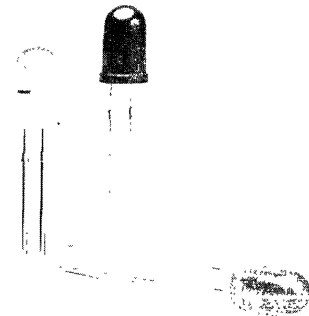
The Ultra Bright Red source color are made with Gallium Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

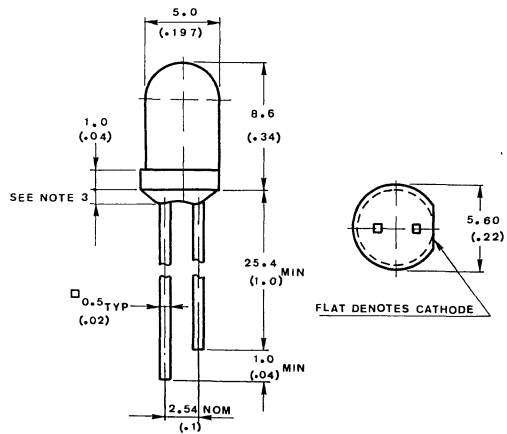
The Ultra Bright Red source color are made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4213-FL	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4233-FL	Green	Diffused	Green
4263-FL	Red	Diffused	GaAlAs Red



PACKAGE DIMENSION

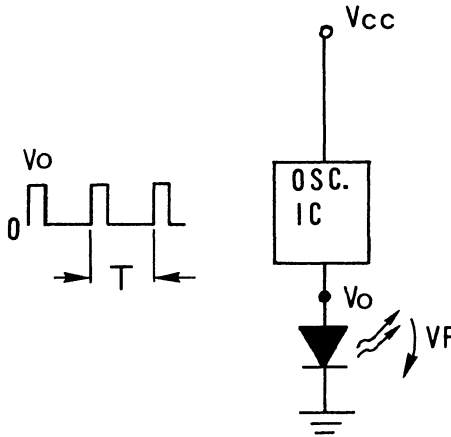


NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT:



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-50°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds

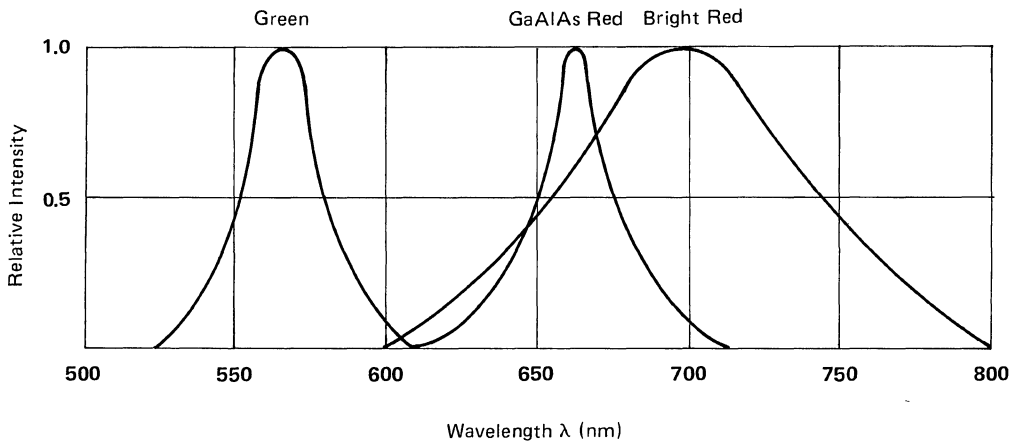


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4213-FL	0.6	1.1		mcd	$V_{DD} : 3.0 \text{ V}$
			1.8	4.0			$V_{DD} : 10.0 \text{ V}$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4213-FL		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 4)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4213-FL		697		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Operating Voltage	V_{DD}	4213-FL	3.0		10.0	volt	(Fig.2)
Blinking Freq.	f	4213-FL	2.0		2.4	HZ	$V_{DD} : 3.0 \dots 10.0 \text{ V}$ (Fig.3)

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

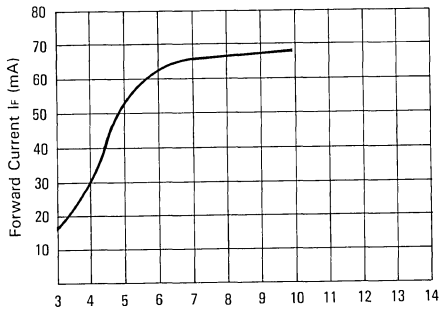


FIG 2 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)

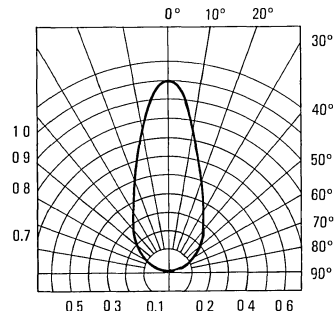


FIG 4 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

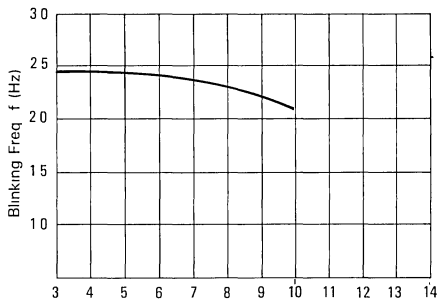


FIG 3 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4233-FL	1.5	3.5		mcd	$V_{DD} : 3.0\text{ V}$
			4.5	10.0			$V_{DD} : 10.0\text{V}$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4233-FL		36		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 7)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4233-FL		565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Operating Voltage	V_{DD}	4233-FL	3.0		10.0	volt	(Fig.5)
Blinking Freq.	f	4233-FL	2.0		2.4	HZ	$V_{DD} : 3.0 \dots 10.0\text{V}$ (Fig.6)

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

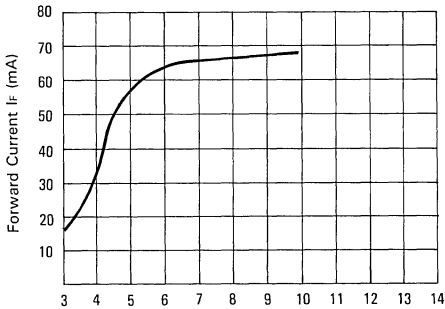


FIG 5 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)

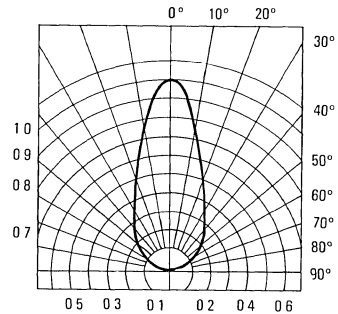


FIG 7 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

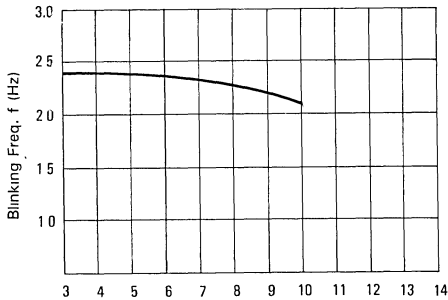


FIG 3 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. (LTL-)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4263-FL	9	17		mcd	$V_{DD} .3.0 \text{ V}$
			19	36			$V_{DD} .10.0\text{V}$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4263-FL		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 10)
Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda \text{ PEAK}$	4263-FL		660		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Operating Voltage	V_{DD}	4263-FL	3.0		10.0	volt	(Fig.8)
Blinking Freq.	f	4263-FL	2.0		2.4	HZ	$V_{DD} .3.0 \dots 10.0\text{V}$ (Fig.9)

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

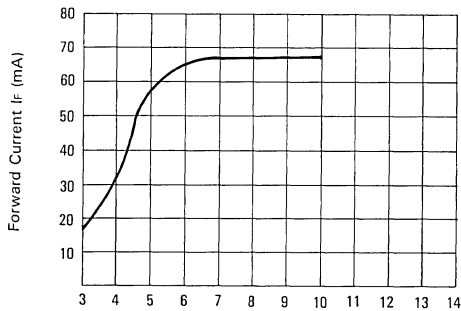


FIG. 8 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)

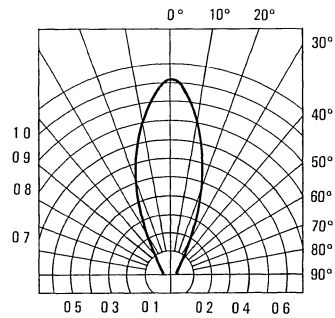


FIG. 10 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

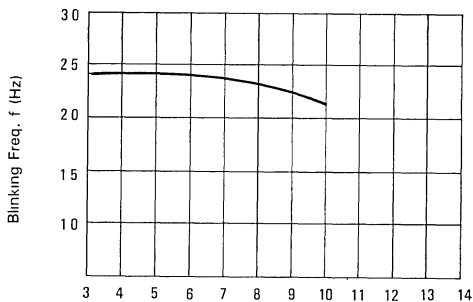


FIG. 9 APPLIED VOLTAGE VDD (VOLT)



SUBMINIATURE SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-93BEK1/HRA1 ORANGE
 LTL-93BGK1/GA1 GREEN
 LTL-93BYK1/YA1 YELLOW

FEATURES

- SUBMINIATURE PACKAGE STYLE.
- LOW PACKAGE PROFILE.
- AXIAL LEADS
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

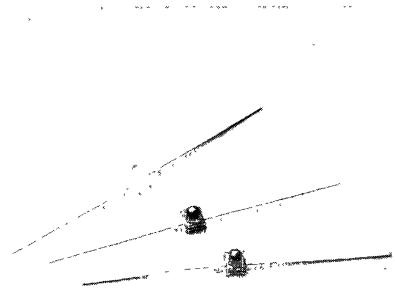
DESCRIPTION

The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

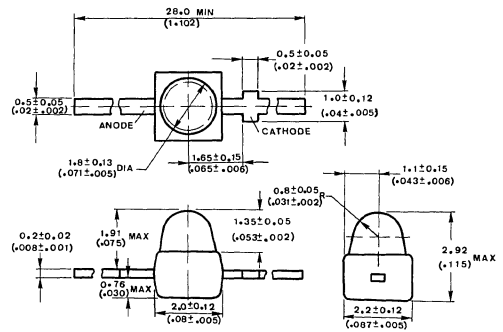
Lamps in this series of solid state indicators are molded in an axial lead subminiature package of molded epoxy. Size makes these lamp suitable for PC board mounting in space sensitive application.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
93BEK1	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	Orange
93BHRA1	Red	Diffused	
93BGK1	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	Green
93BGA1	Green	Diffused	
93BYK1	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	Yellow
93BYA1	Yellow	Diffused	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (0.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	ORANGE	GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 3 Seconds			

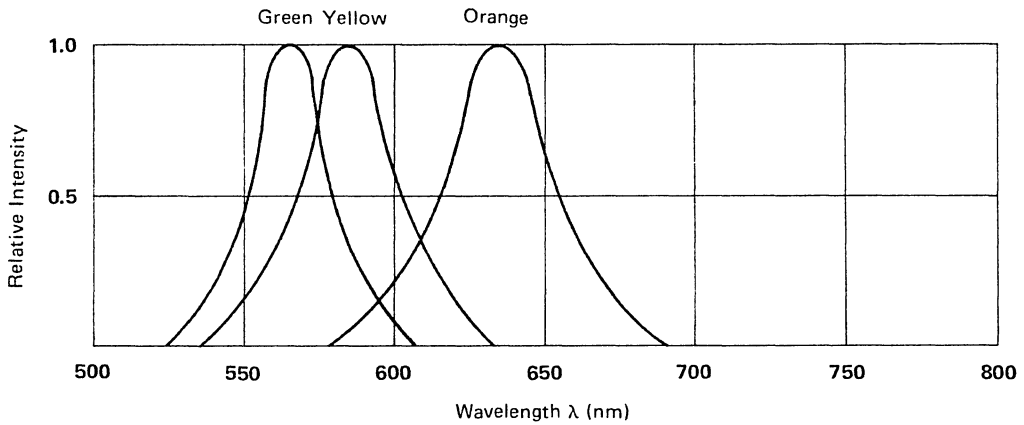


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	93BEK1 93BHRA1	3.7 1.1	12.5 3.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	93BEK1 93BHRA1		34 90		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

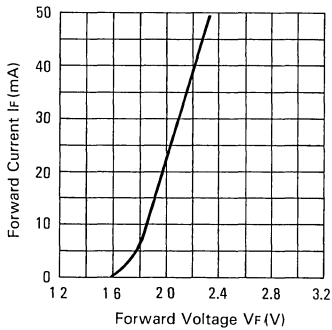


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

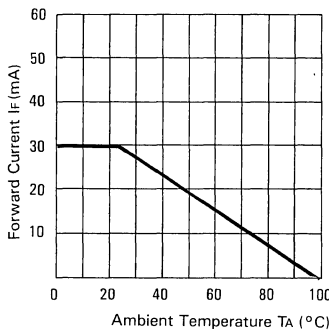


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

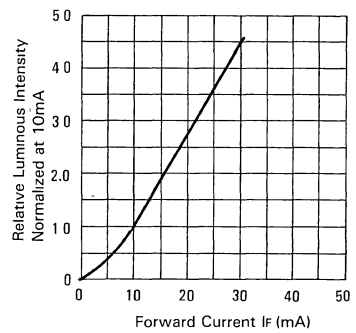


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

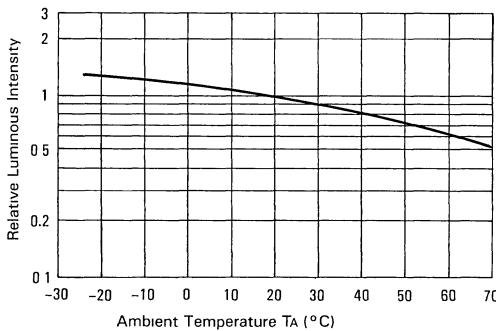


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

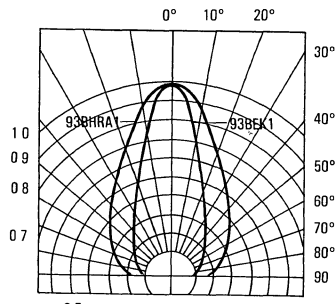


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	93BGA1 93BGK1	0.7 4.0	2.5 15.0		mcd	$I = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	93BGA1 93BGK1		90 34		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	93BGA1 93BGK1		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	93BGA1 93BGK1		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_f	93BGA1 93BGK1		2.1	2.8	V	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_r	93BGA1 93BGK1			100	μA	$V = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	93BGA1 93BGK1		35		PF	$V = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

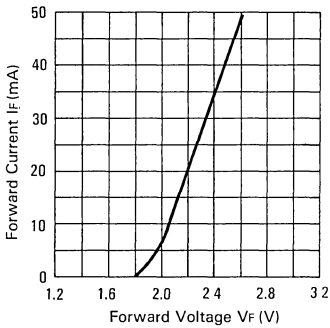


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

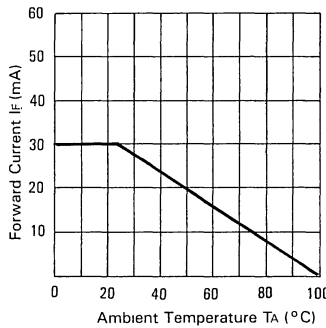


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

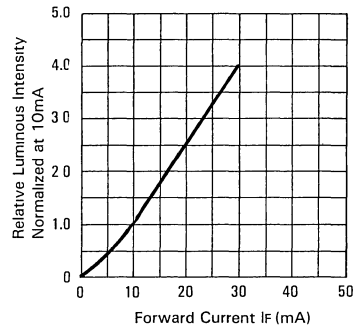


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

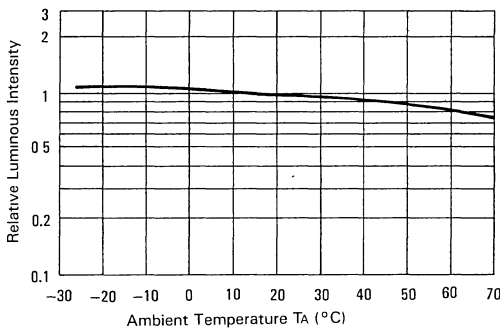


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

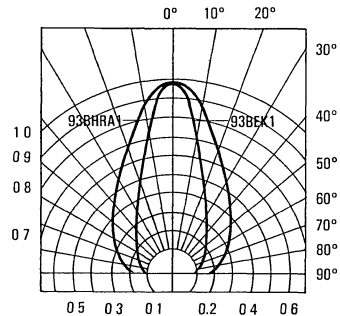


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	93BYA1 93BYK1	1.7 2.5	5.6 8.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	93BYA1 93BYK1		90 34		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	93BYA1 93BYK1		585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	93BYA1 93BYK1		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	93BYA1 93BYK1		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	93BYA1 93BYK1			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	93BYA1 93BYK1		15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

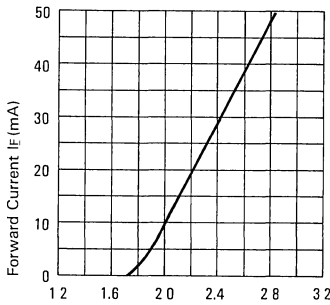


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

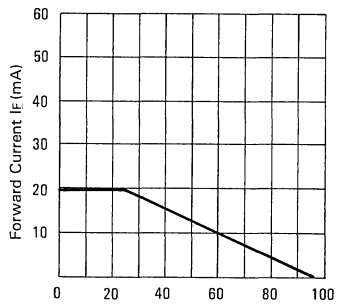


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

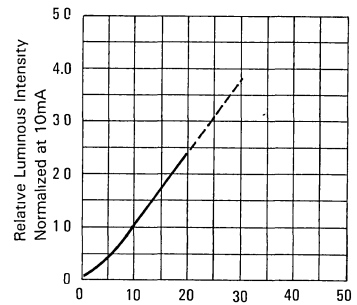


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

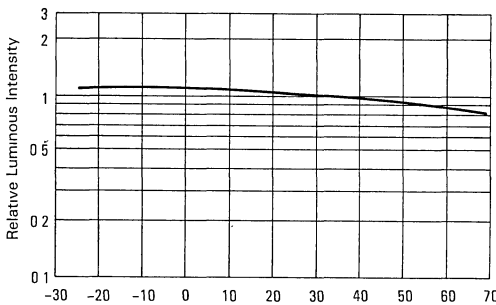


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

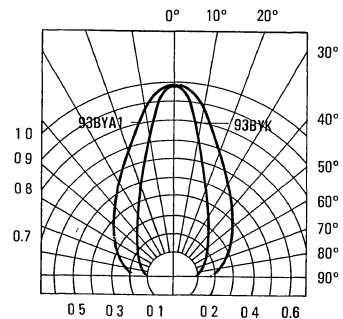


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMP

LTL-907PK/907LK/907EK

FEATURES

- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE LED LAMP.
- SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LAMP.
- SINGLE CHIP.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY/LOWER POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

DESCRIPTION

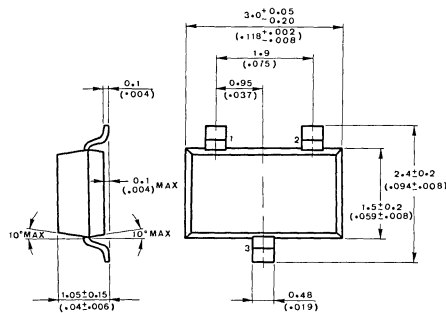
The LTL-907 series are clear non-diffused epoxy microminiature package for surface mount assembly. LTL-907PK is Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode. LTL-907LK is Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. LTL-907FK is Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
907PK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	Bright Red
907LK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	Green
907EK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



PIN NO.	LTL-907PK LTL-907LK LTL-907EK
1	N.C.
2	Anode
3	Cathode

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($\pm 0.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Lead Soldering Temperature	240°C for 5 Seconds			

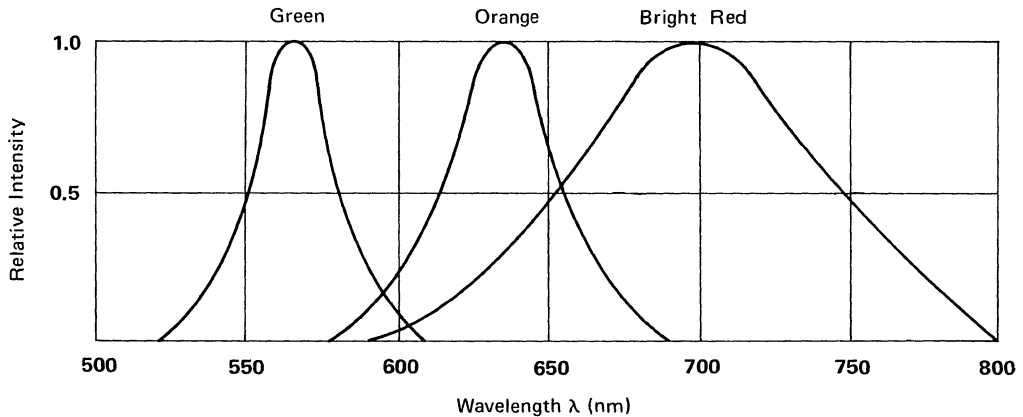


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	907PK	0.5	1.7		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	907PK		140		deg.	Note 2(Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-respose curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

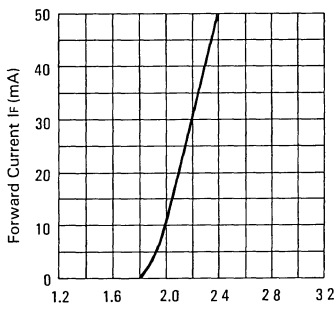


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

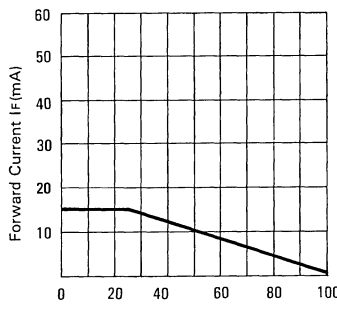


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

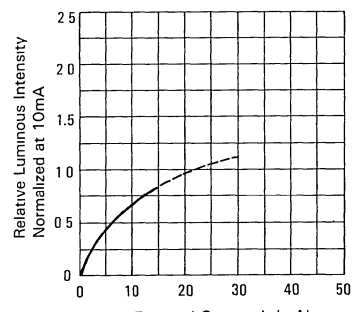


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

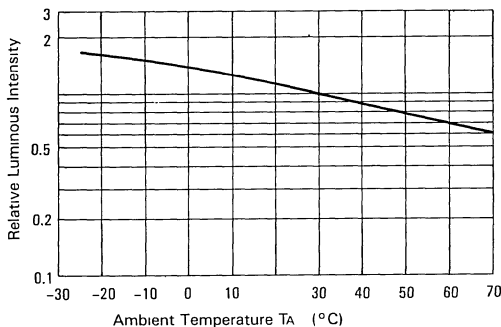


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

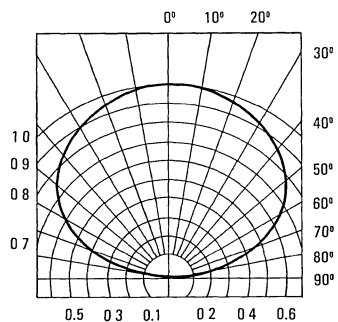


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	907LK	0.6	2.0		mcd	I _F = 20mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	907LK		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F			2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R				100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C			35		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-respose curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

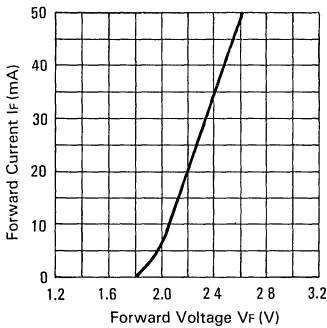


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

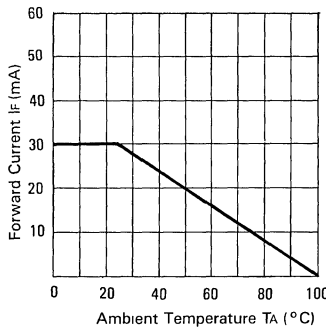


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

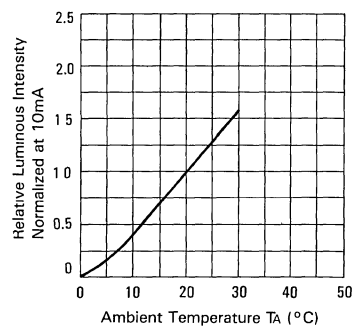


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

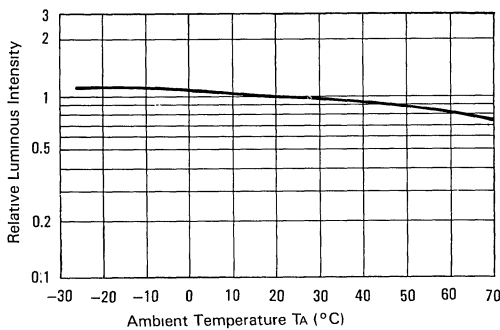


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

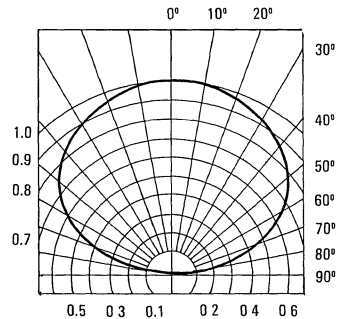


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	907EK	0.6	2.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{\frac{1}{2}}$	907EK		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{\frac{1}{2}}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

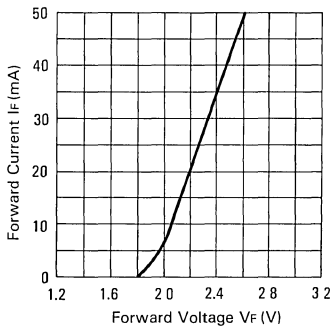


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

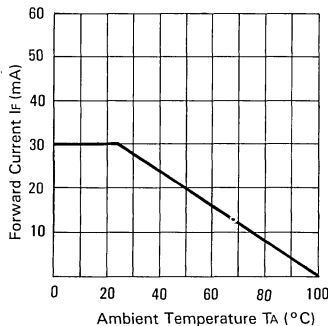


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

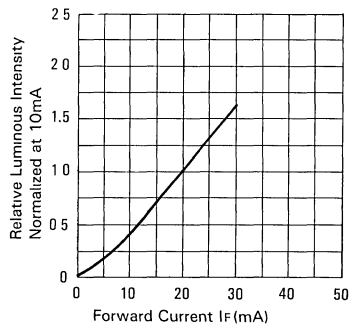


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.

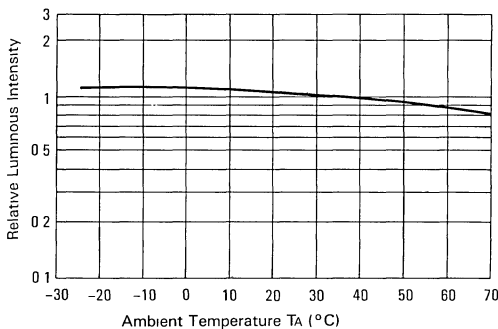


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

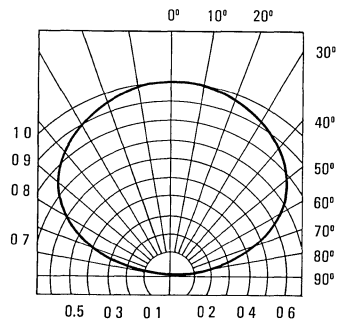


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMPS

LTL-907HK/907JK/907NK

FEATURES

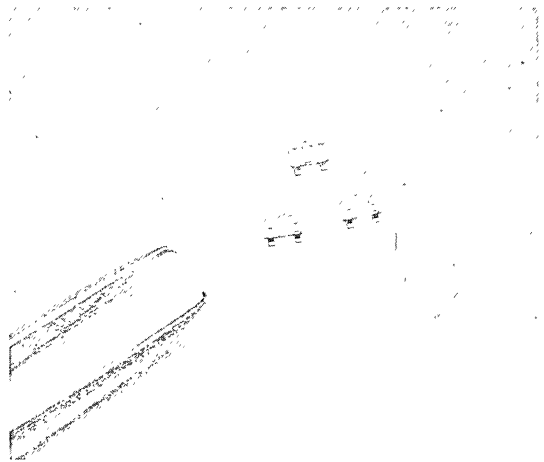
- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE LED LAMP.
- SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LAMP.
- DOUBLE CHIP.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY/LOWER POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-907HK are bicolor LED contains two integral chip one orange Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide and one green Gallium Phosphide, operation independently of each other with a common anode.

The LTL-907JK is clear non-diffused epoxy micro-miniature package for surface mount assembly double orange Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Light Emitting Diode.

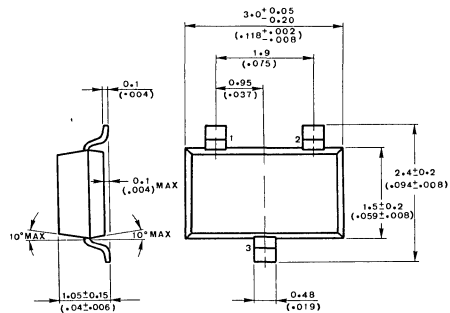
The LTL-907NK utilizing double Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Ultra-brightness red.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
907HK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	Orange
			Green
907JK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	Orange
			Orange
907NK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	GaAlAs Red
			GaAlAs Red

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (0.010 "') unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

PIN NO.	LTL-907HK	LTL-907JK	LTL-907NK
1	Cathode (Orange)	Cathode	Anode
2	Cathode (Green)	Cathode	Anode
3	Anode	Anode	Cathode

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GaAlAs RED	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	120	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature	240°C for 5 Seconds			

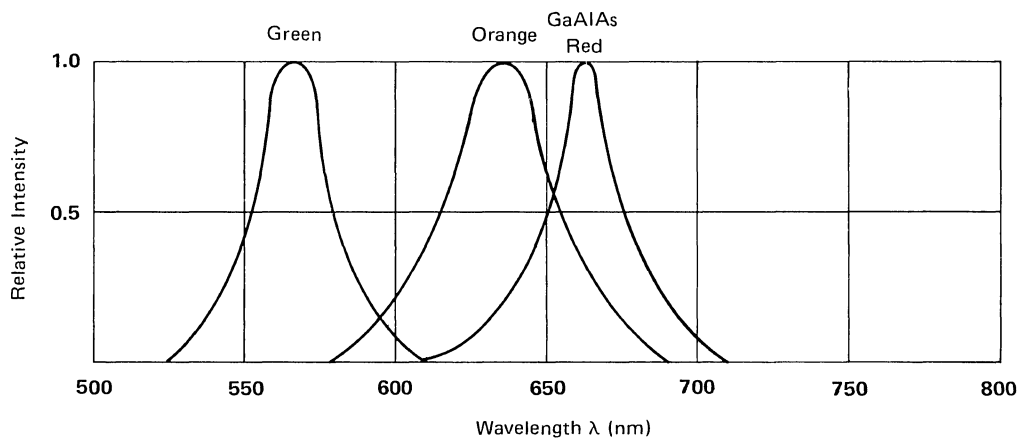


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-907HK	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	Orange Green	0.6 0.6	2.0 2.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Orange Green		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	Orange Green		630 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Orange Green		40 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	Orange Green		2.0 2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	Orange Green			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	Orange Green		20 35		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

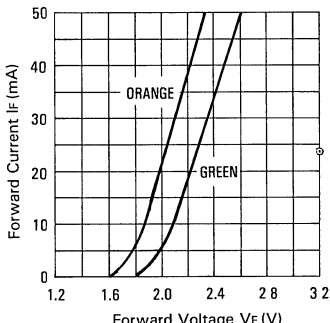


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

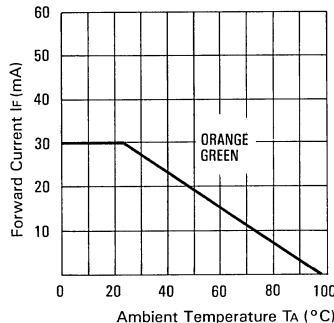


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

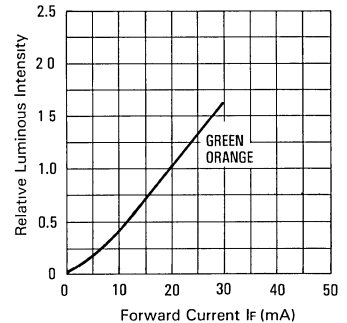


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS.

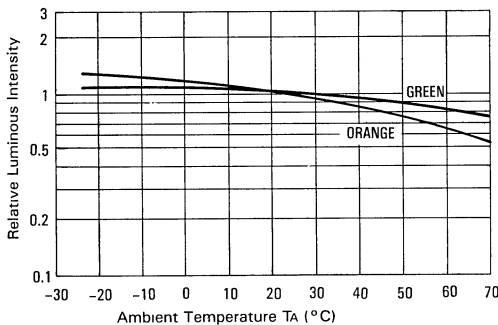


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

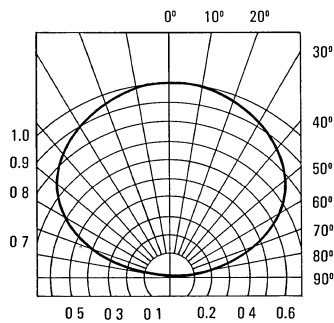


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	907NK	1.1	3.5		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	907NK		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

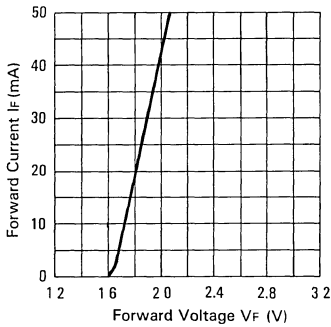


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

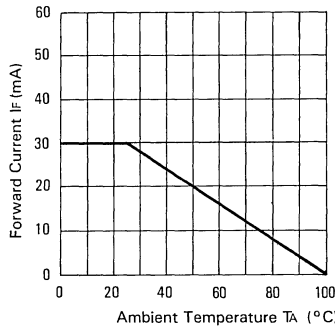


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT VS DERATING CURVE

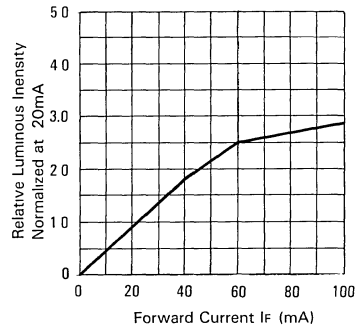


FIG 9 Relative LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

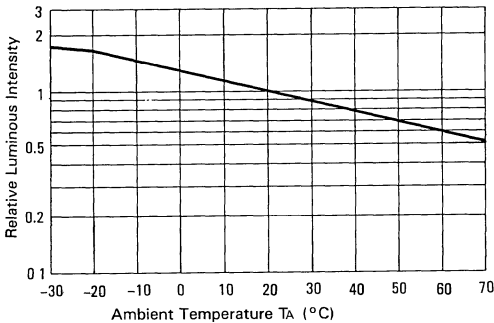


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

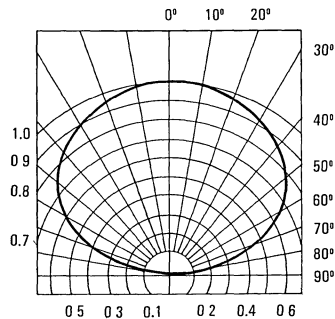


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	907JK	0.6	2.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	907JK		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-respose curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

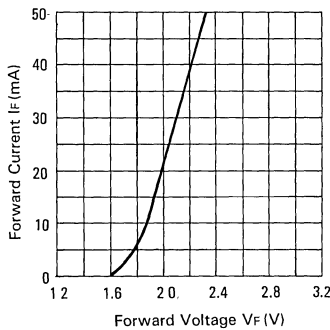


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

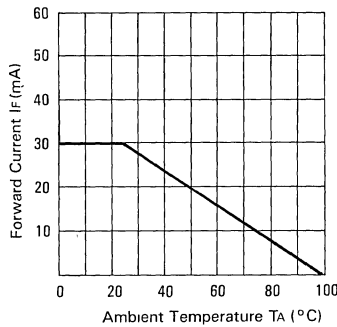


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

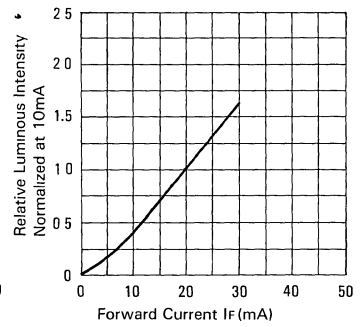


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

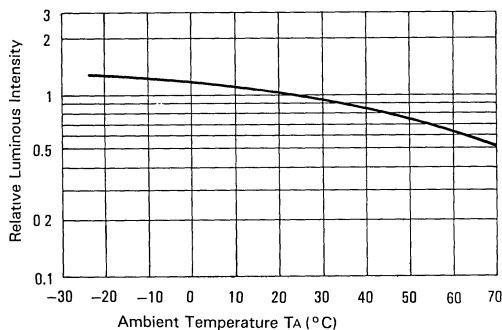


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

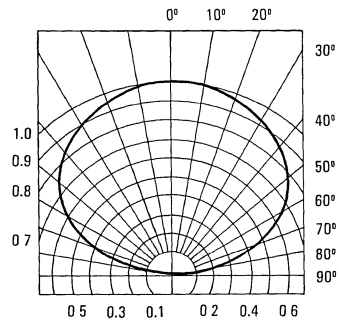


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



BIG(8mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-327HR HIGH EFFICIENCY RED LTL-327A AMBER
 LTL-327G GREEN LTL-327EA ORANGE
 LTL-327Y YELLOW

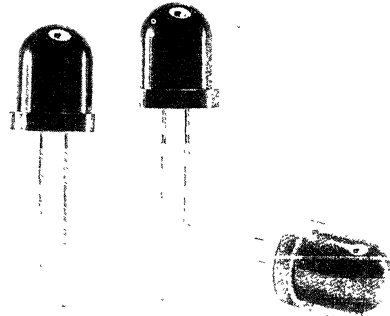
FEATURES

- 8mm DIAMETER BIG LAMP.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- I. C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

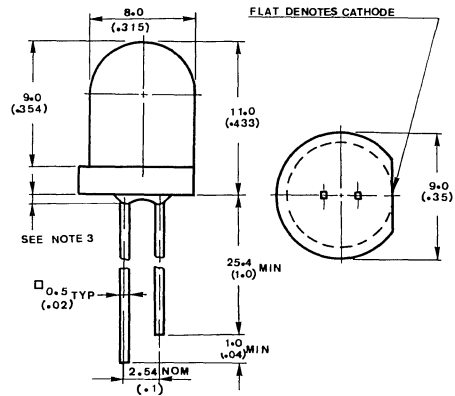
The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
327HR	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
327G	Green	Diffused	Green
327Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
327A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
327EA	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	GREEN	AMBER YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

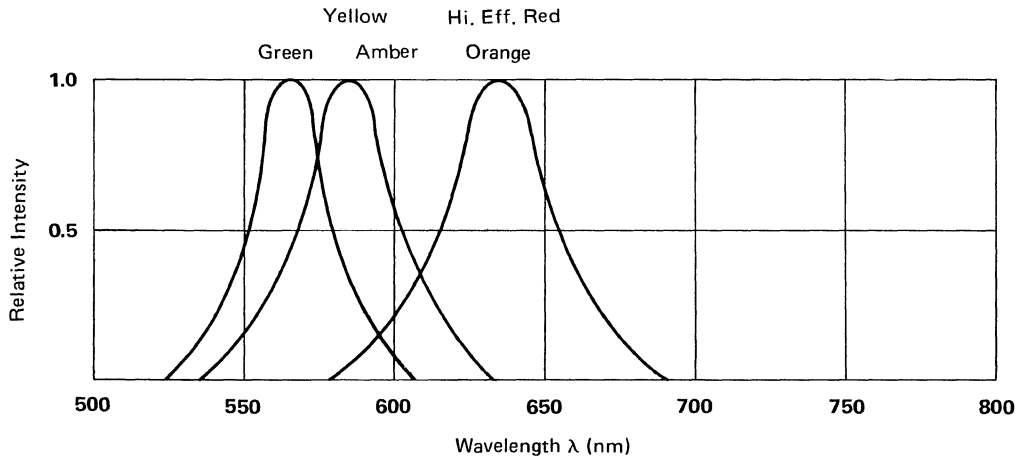


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	327HR	3.7	12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	327HR		46		deg.	Note 2 (Fig 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	327HR		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	327HR		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	327HR		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	327HR			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	327HR		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

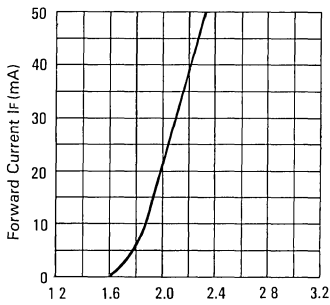


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

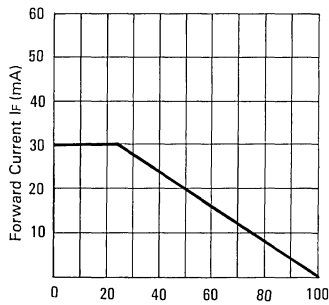


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

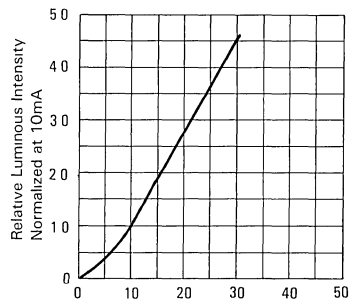


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

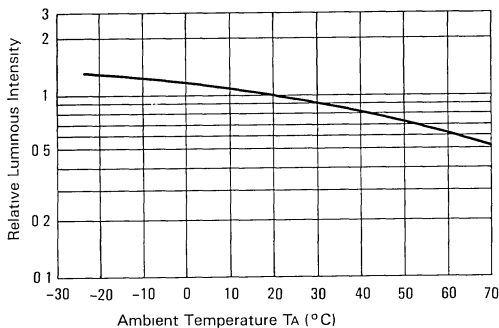


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

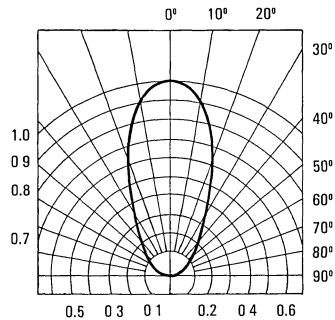


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	327G 327Y	3.7 3.7	12.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	327G 327Y		46		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	327G 327Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	327G 327Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	327G 327Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	327G 327Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	327G 327Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

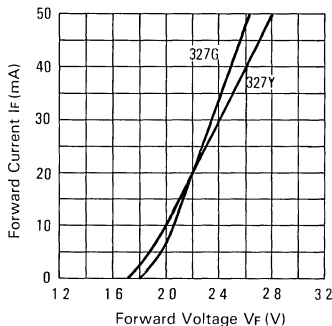


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

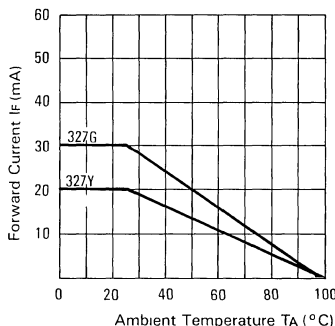


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

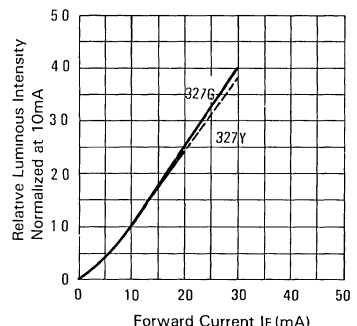


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

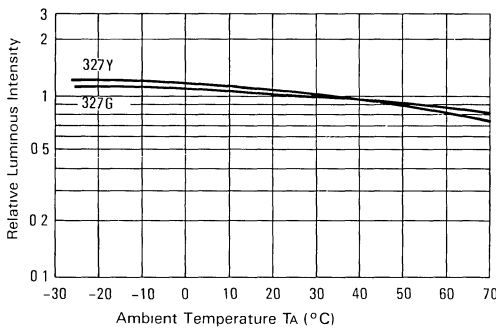


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

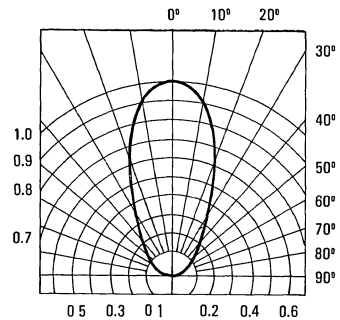


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	327A 327EA	3.7 3.7	12.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	327A 327EA		46		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	327A 327EA		600 630		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	327A 327EA		35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	327A 327EA		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	327A 327EA			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	327A 327EA		15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

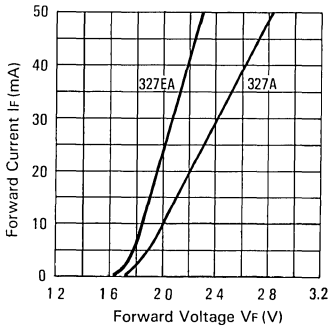


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

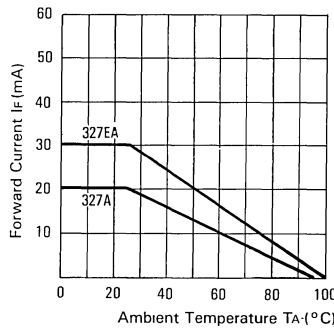


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

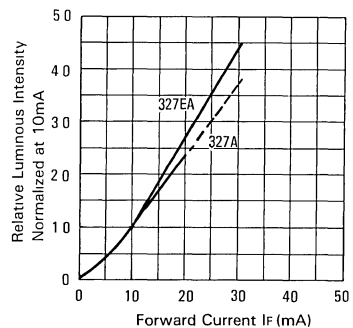


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

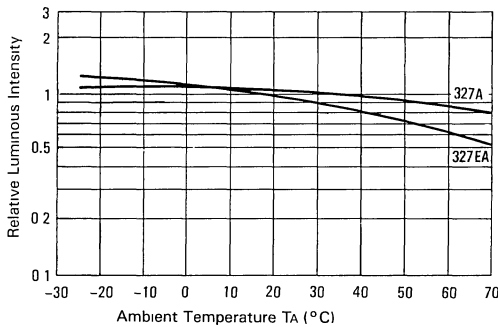


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

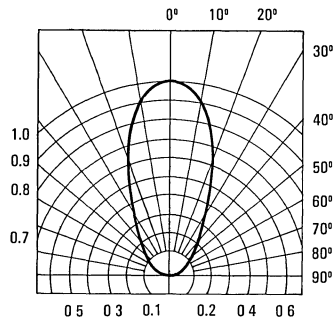


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



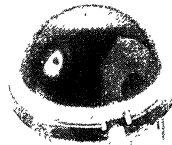


0.8" (20mm) BIG LAMP

LTJ-811 HR/811G/811Y

FEATURES

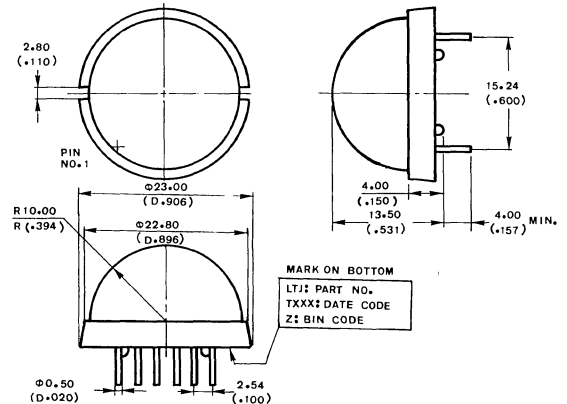
- 0.8 INCH (20.0mm) DIAMETER BIG LAMP.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/ YELLOW/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- GRAPHIC STACKING ALLOWABLE.
- HIGH LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- EXCELLENT ON-OFF CONTRAST.
- SUITABLE FOR MULTIPLEX OPERATION.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTJ-811 series big lamp are sphere light sources designed for a variety of application where a large, bright source of light is required. The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. The green devices have green diffused lens color. The yellow devices have yellow diffused lens color. The high efficiency red devices have red diffused lens color.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{inches}}$ tolerance are:

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$
 2. $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')} \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$
- $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$

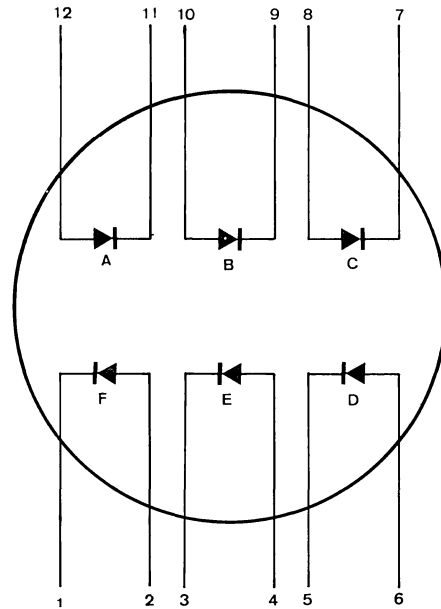
DEVICES

PART NO. LTJ-			DESCRIPTION
GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	
811G	811Y	811HR	Universal, Sphere Lens

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	Cathode F
2	Anode F
3	Cathode E
4	Anode E
5	Cathode D
6	Anode D
7	Cathode C
8	Anode C
9	Cathode B
10	Anode B
11	Cathode A
12	Anode A

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Chip	75	60	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Chip (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Chip	25	20	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip	0.3	0.24	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$				

LED
LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTJ-811Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Lamp	I_v	11	25		mcd	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength Per Lamp	λ_P		585		nm	$I_F = 120\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width Per Lamp	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 120\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

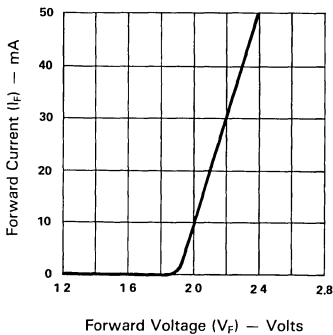


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

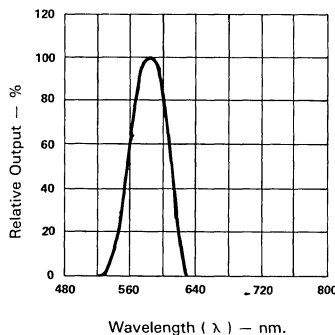


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

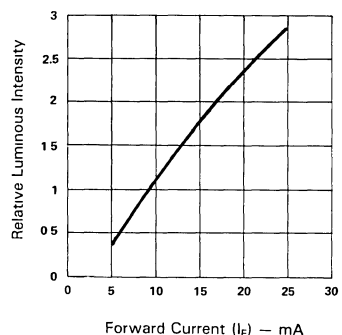


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

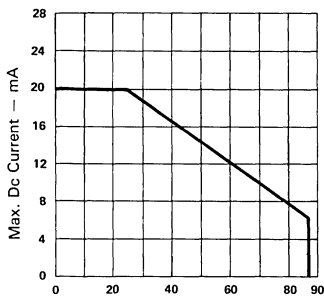


Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

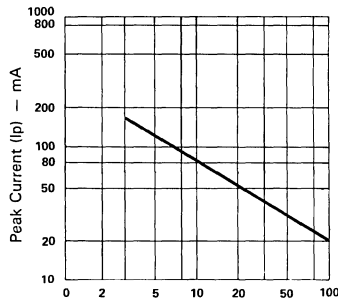


Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

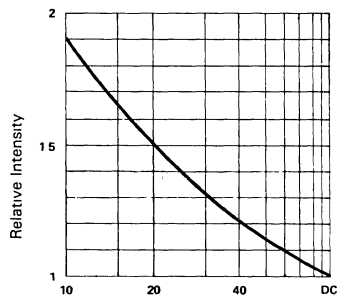


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

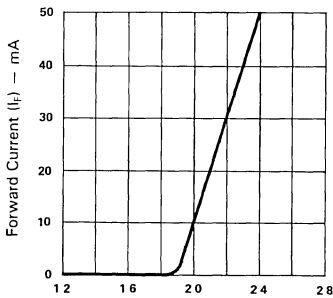
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTJ-811G

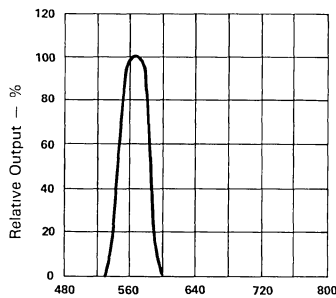
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Lamp	I_v	11	25		mcd	$I_F = 60 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength Per Lamp	λ_P		565		nm	$I_F = 120 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width Per Lamp	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 120 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

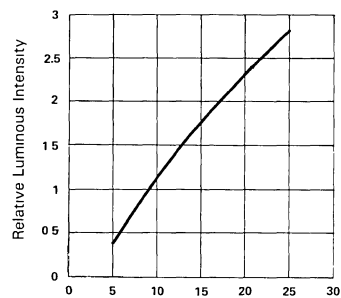
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



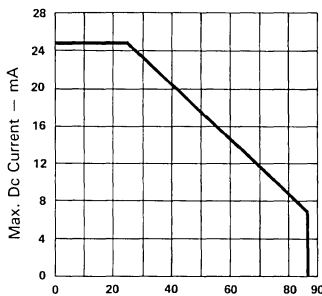
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.



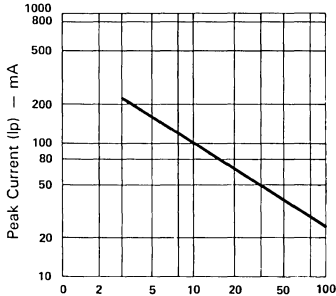
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



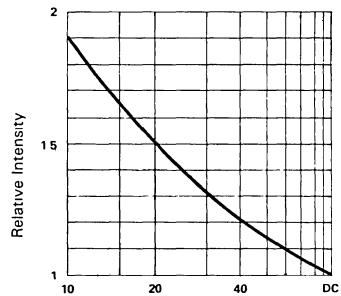
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

LED LAMPS

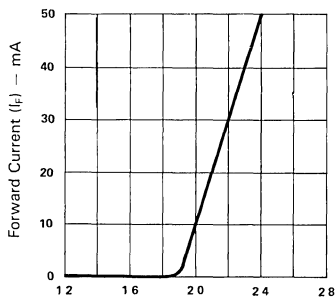
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTJ-811HR

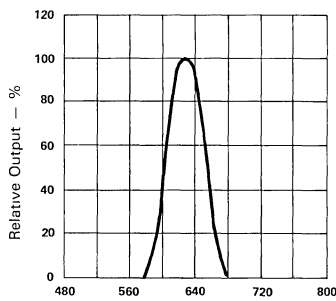
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Lamp	I_V	11	25		mcd	$I_F = 60 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength Per Lamp	λ_P		585		nm	$I_F = 120 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width Per Lamp	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 120 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

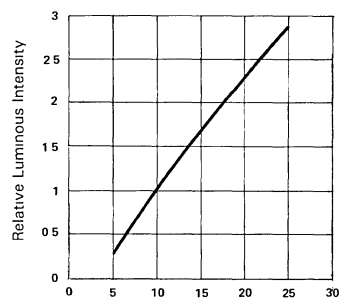
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



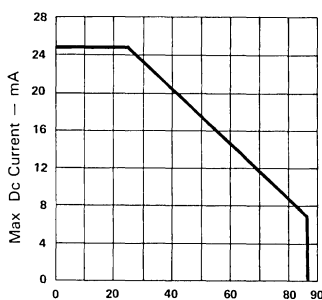
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



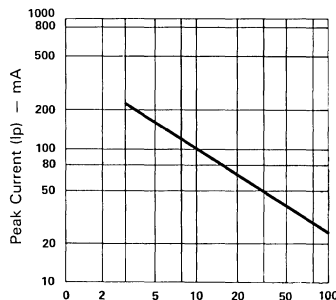
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



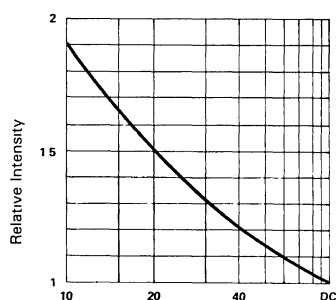
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)



ULTRA BRIGHT RED SOLID STATE LAMPS T-1^{3/4} MODIFIED 1" LEAD

LTL-353CK (NEW IMPROVED PART TO REPLACE LTL-283CK SERIES)

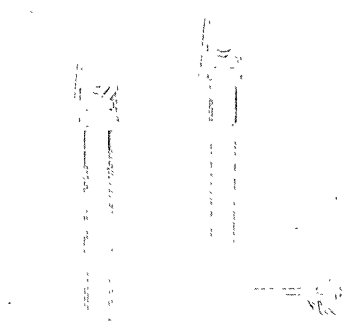
FEATURES

- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS.
- NEW STURDY LEADS.
- IC COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT CAPABILITY.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-353CK is Gallium Aluminum Arsenide red light emitting diodes.

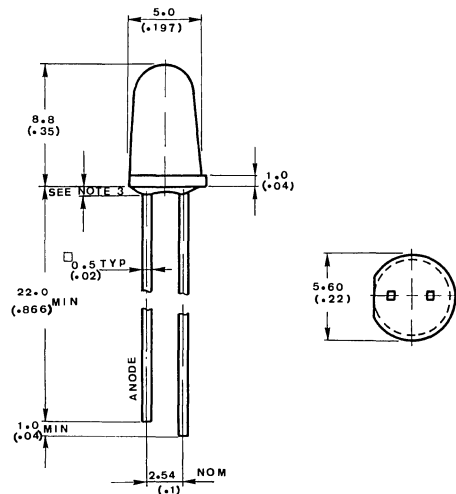
These clear, non-diffused Ultra Bright lamps but perform conventional LED lamps, by utilizing new ultra intensity material. We achieve superior product performance.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
353CK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	GaAlAs Red

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

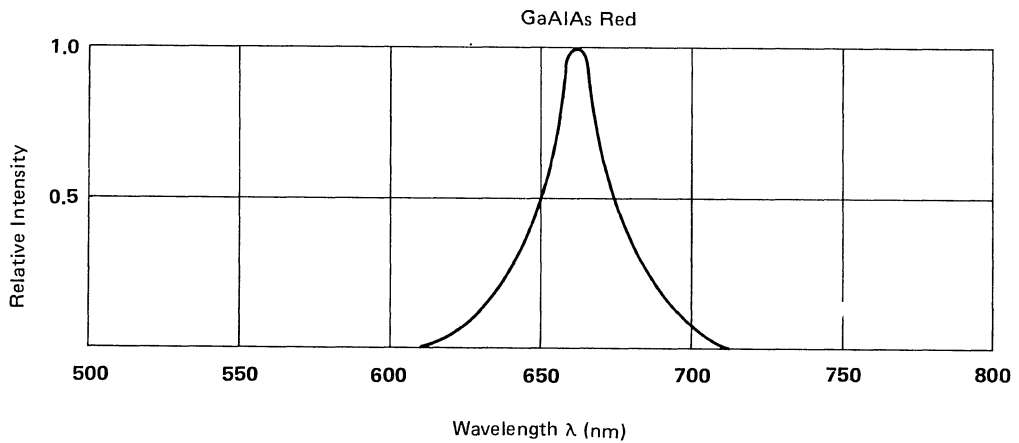


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	353CK L2 353CK H3 353CK H4	150 400 700	300 500 1000		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$			12		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ MA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 4\text{ V}$
Capactance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHZ}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Éclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

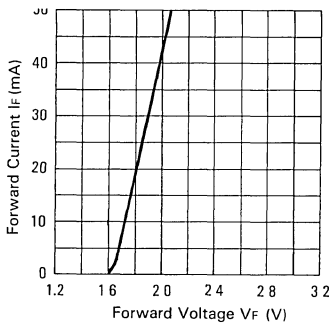


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

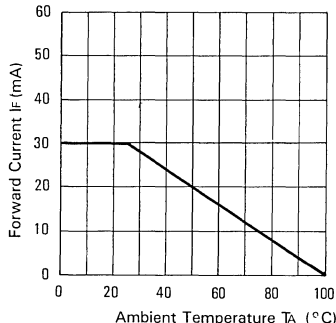


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

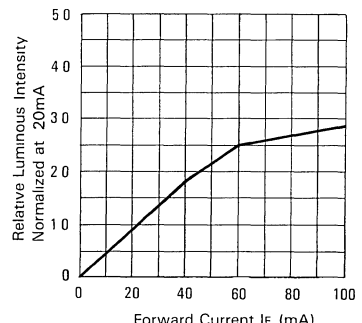


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

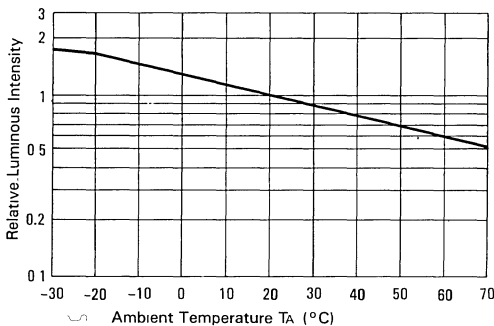


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

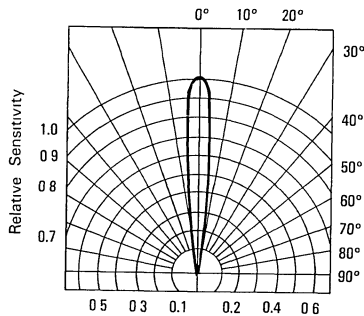


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





ULTRA BRIGHT RED SOLID STATE LAMPS T-1 3/4 STANDARD 5φ LED

LTL-307C/307CE/307CK

FEATURES..

- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS.
- NEW STURDY LEADS.
- IC COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT CAPABILITY.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

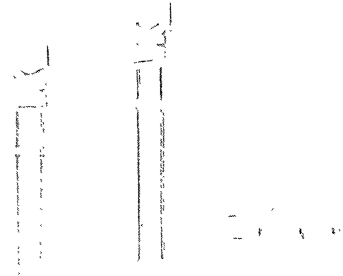
The LTL-307C, 307CE, 307CK series are Gallium Aluminum Arsenide superbrightness red light emitting diodes.

LTL-307C; Red, diffused.

LTL-307CE, Red, Transparent.

LTL-307CK, water clear.

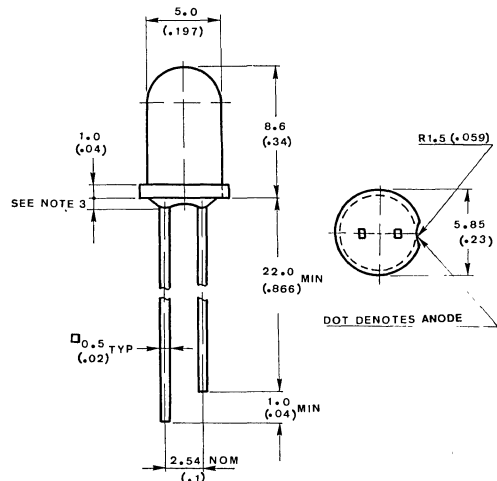
These LED Lamps perform conventional, and we achieve superior product performance by utilizing new higher intensity material.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
307C	Red	Diffused	GaAlAs Red
307CE	Red	Transparent	GaAlAs Red
307CK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	GaAlAs Red

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1 ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

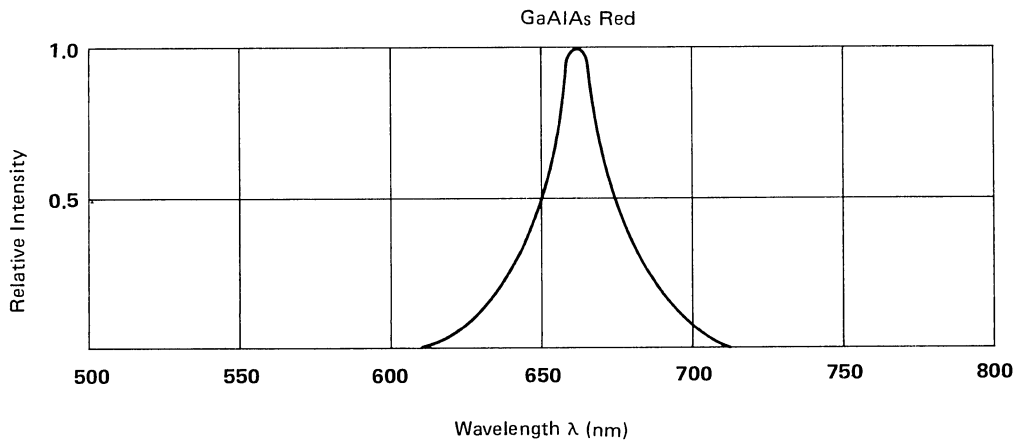


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	307C 307CE 307CK	19 29 29	60 90 90		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	307C 307CE 307CK		50 40 40		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 4\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

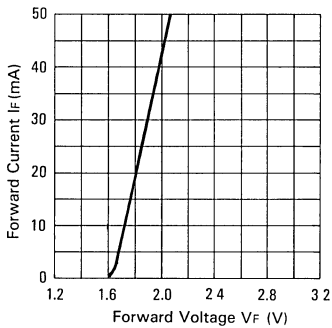


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

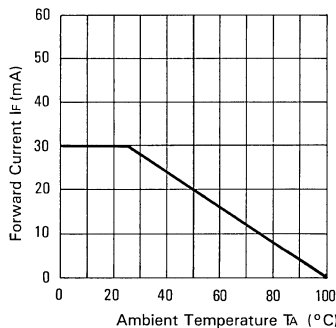


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

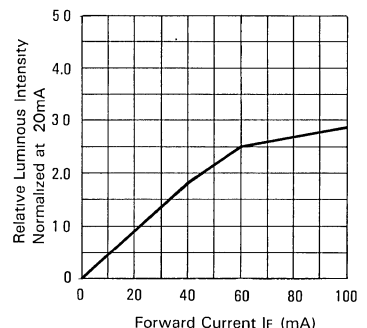


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

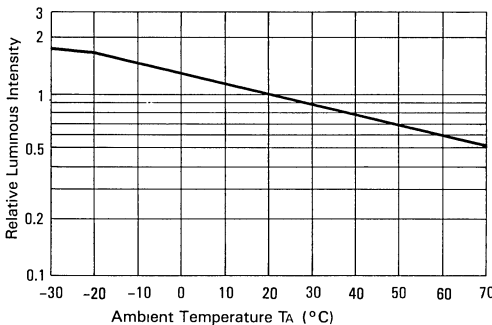


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

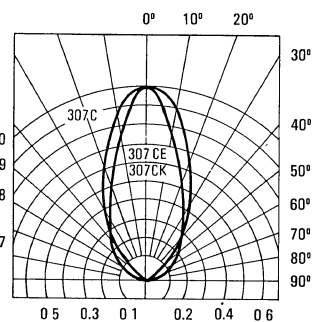


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ULTRA BRIGHT RED SOLID STATE LAMPS T-1³/₄ STANDARD 5 ϕ LED

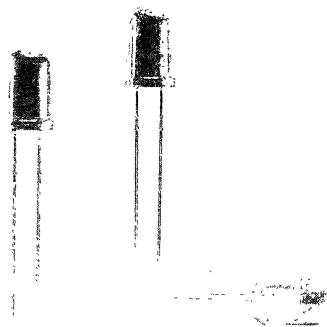
LTL-4263 / 4264 / 4268

FEATURES

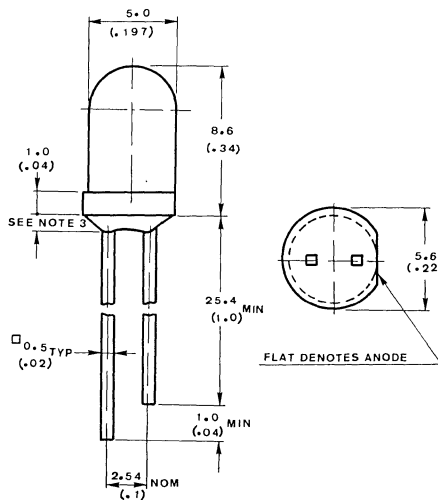
- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS.
- NEW STURDY LEADS.
- IC COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT CAPABILITY.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The semiconductor material is Gallium Aluminum Arsenid Ultra-brightness red Light emitting diodes. The LTL-4263, have Red diffused lens. The LTL-4264 have red, non-diffused lenses where as the LTL-4268, has a tinted, non-diffused lenses lamp out perform conventional LED lamps. By utilizing new higher intensity material, we achieve superior product performance.



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

DEVICES

PART NO. PTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4263	Red	Diffused	GaAlAs Red
4264H4	Red	Transparent	GaAlAs Red
4264H3			
4264L2			
4264L1			
4268H4	Water Clear	Non-diffused	GaAlAs Red
4268H3			
4268L2			
4268L1			



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

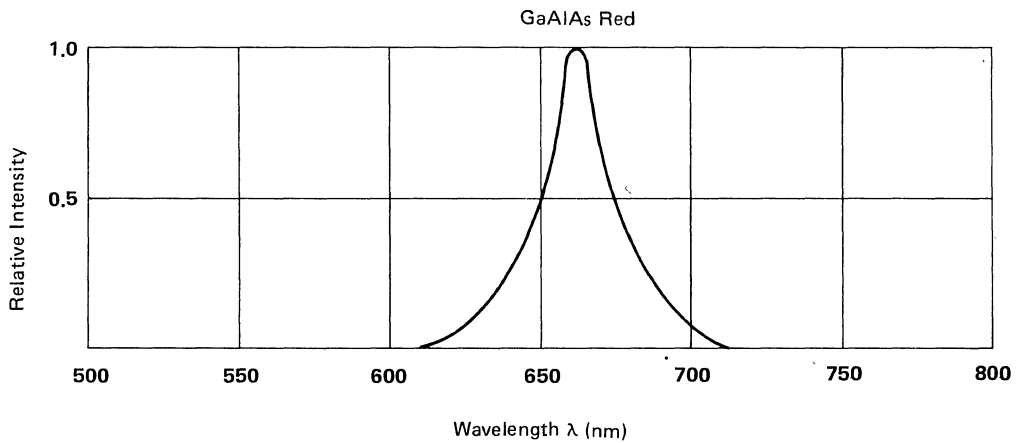


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	4263	29	90		mcd	I _F = 20 mA Note 1
		4264H4	230	270			
		4264H3	160	220			
		4264L2	90	150			
		4264L1	80	100			
		4268H4	230	270			
		4268H3	160	220			
		4268L2	90	150			
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	4263 4264 4268		40 16 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.8	2.4	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R				100	μA	V _R = 4V
Capacitance	C			30		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

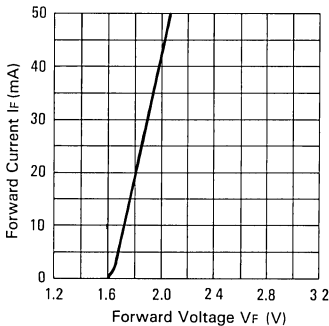


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

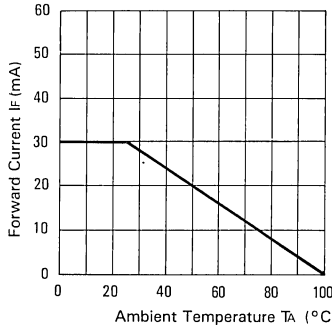


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

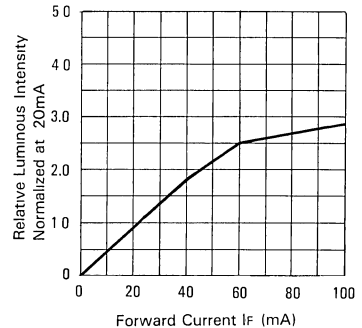


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

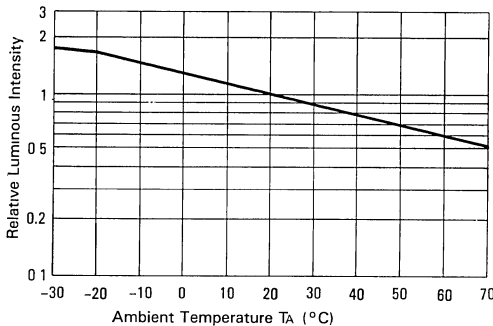


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

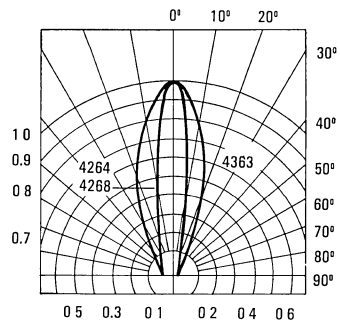


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS



ULTRA BRIGHT RED SOLID STATE LAMPS T-1 STANDARD

3 ϕ LED

LTL- 4261N/4262N/4266N

FEATURES

- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS.
- NEW STURDY LEADS.
- IC COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT CAPABILITY.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LOW COST.

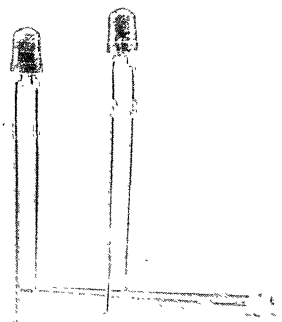
DESCRIPTION

The LTL-4261N, 4262N, 4266N series is Gallium Aluminum Arsenide superbrightness red light emitting diodes.

LTL-4261N Red, diffused.

LTL-4262N Red, transparent.

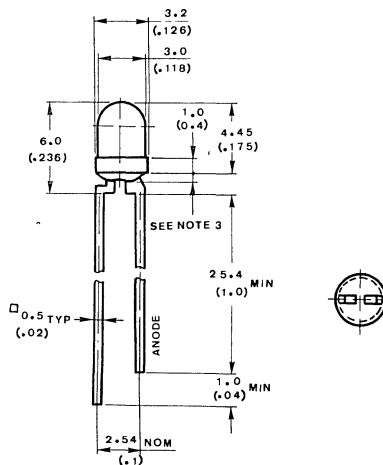
LTL-4266N water clear. These Lamp out perform conventional LED lamps. By utilizing new higher intensity material, we achieve superior product performance.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4261N	Red	Diffused	GaAlAs Red
4262N	Red	Transparent	GaAlAs Red
4266N	Water Clear	Non-diffused	GaAlAs Red

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1 ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

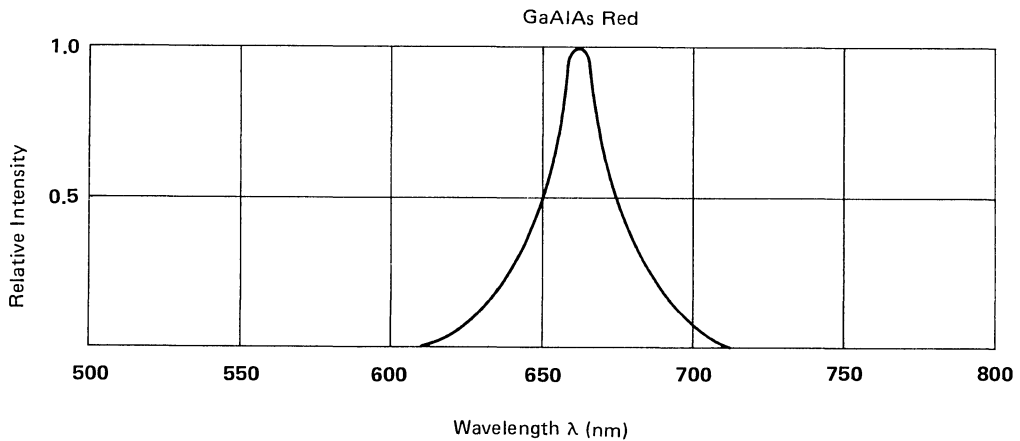


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4261N 4262N 4266N	8.7 19 19	48 80 80		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4261N 4262N 4266N		60° 45° 45°		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 4\text{ V}$
Capactance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

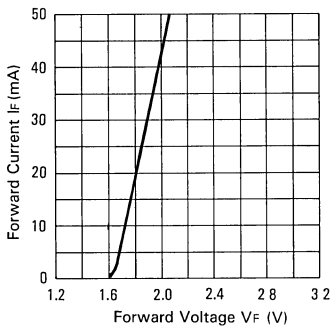


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

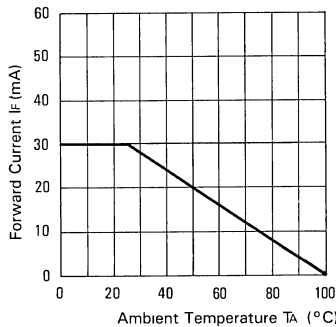


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

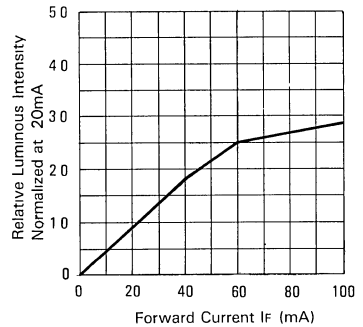


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

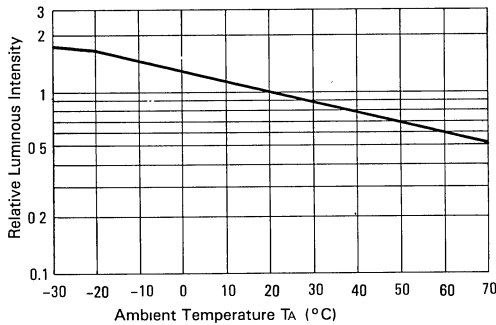


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

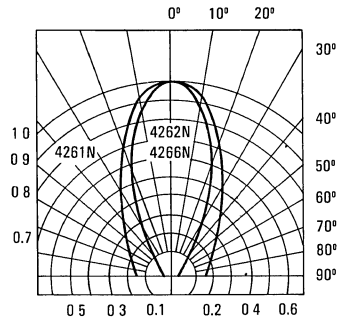


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ULTRA BRIGHT RED SOLID STATE LAMPS MEDIUM PROFILE 4.6φ FLANGELESS

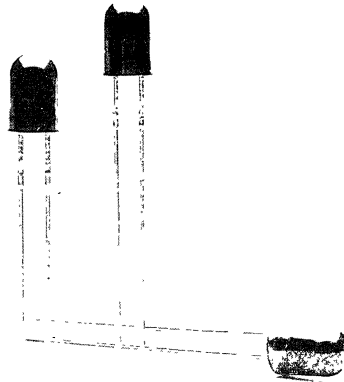
LTL-10263W

FEATURES

- ULTRA BRIGHTNESS.
- NEW STURDY LEADS.
- IC COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT CAPABILITY.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

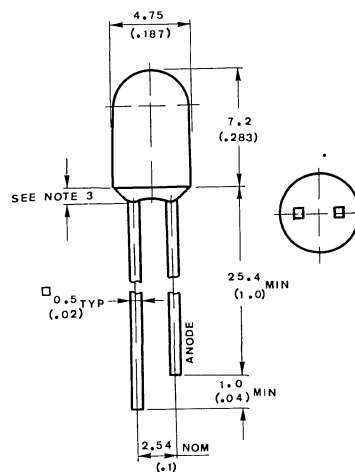
The LTL-10263W is Gallium Aluminum Arsenide red light emitting diodes. These red, diffused lamps out perform conventional LED lamps. By utilizing new higher intensity material, we achieve superior product performance.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
10263W	Red	Diffused	GaAlAs Red

PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

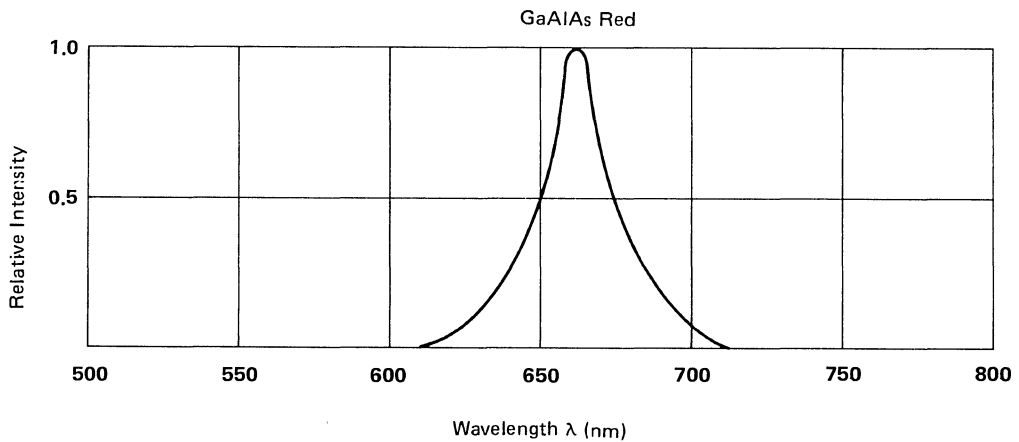


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	11	40		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1.
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$		60°		deg	Note 2 Fig. 6.
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}		660		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F		1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
Capacitance	C		30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

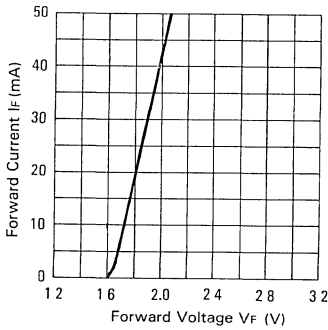


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

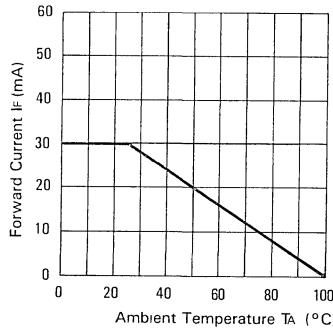


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

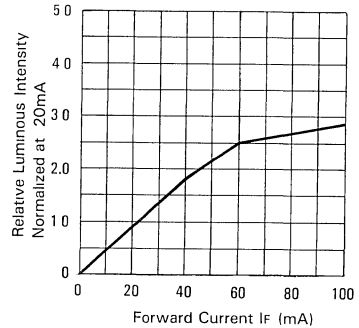


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

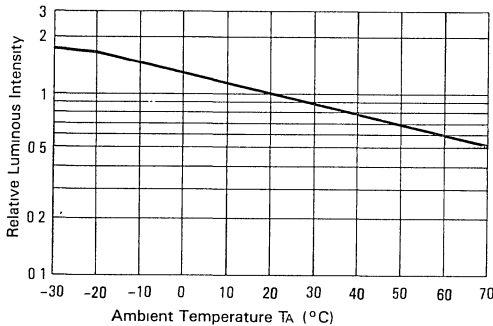


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

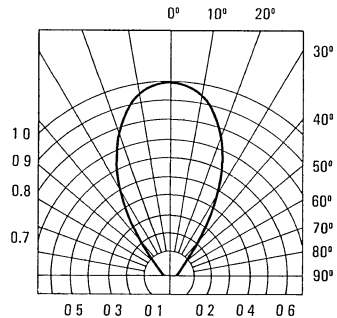


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LED LAMP

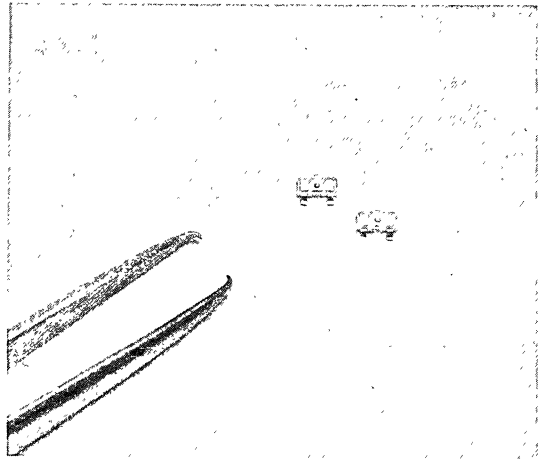
LTL-907CK

FEATURES

- MICROMINATURE PACKAGE LED LAMP.
- SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LAMP.
- SINGLE CHIP.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY/LOWER POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

DESCRIPTION

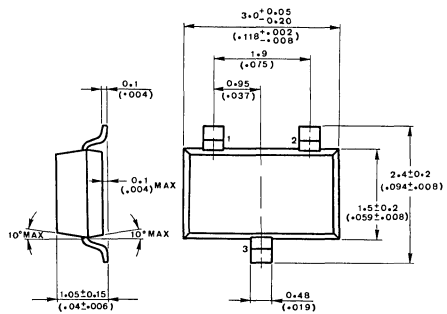
The LTL-907CK is clear non-diffused epoxy micro-miniature package for surface mount assembly. LTL-907CK Red GaAlAs, Ultra-Brightness.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR	PIN NO.
	COLOR	DIFFUSION		
907CK	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	GaAlAs Red	1 2 Cathode 3 Anode

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25mm$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature	240 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

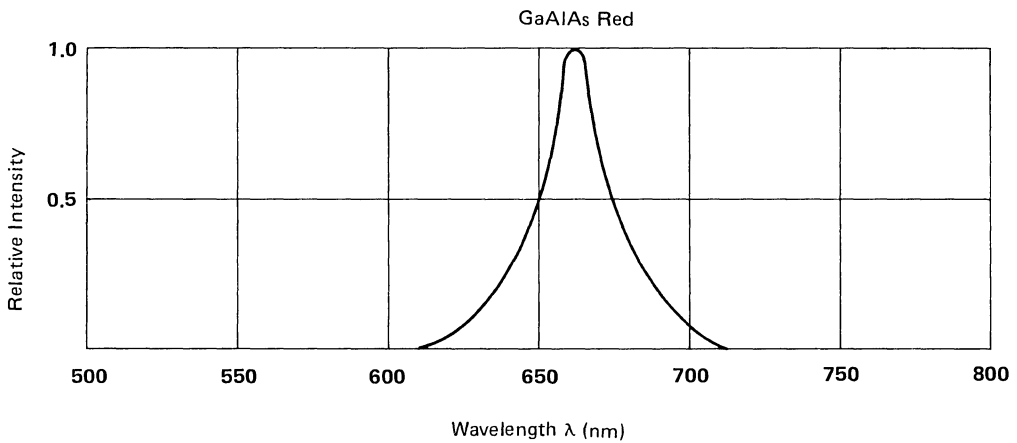


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	907CK	2.5	3.5		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$, Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	907CK		140		deg.	Note 2,(Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			660		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$			20		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.8	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

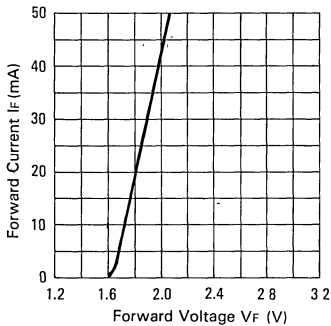


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

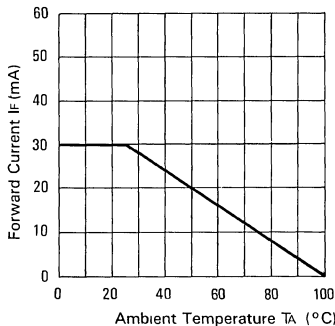


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT VS. DERATING CURVE

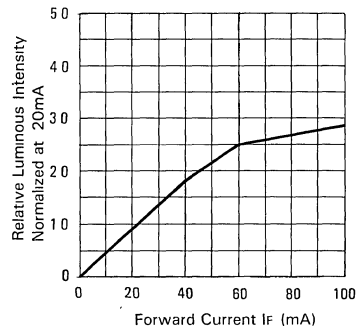


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

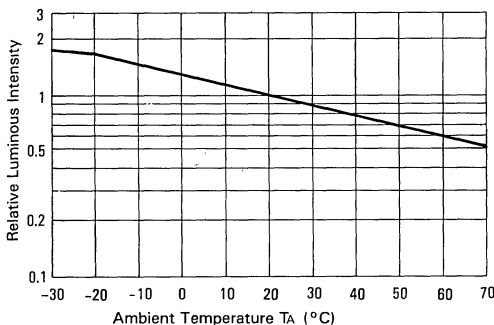


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

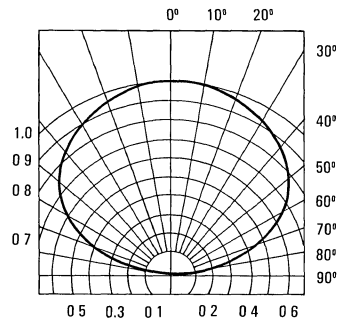


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



T-1 (3mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-422INLC LOW CURRENT HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

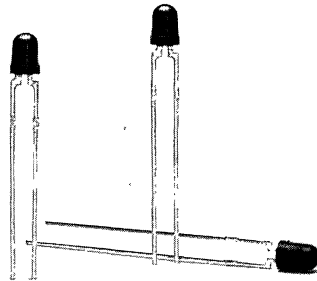
FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- POPULAR T-1 DIAMETER 25mm(1") LENGTH OF LEADS PACKAGE.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-422INLC is made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

These lamp use low current, and it has High Efficiency Red Brightness.



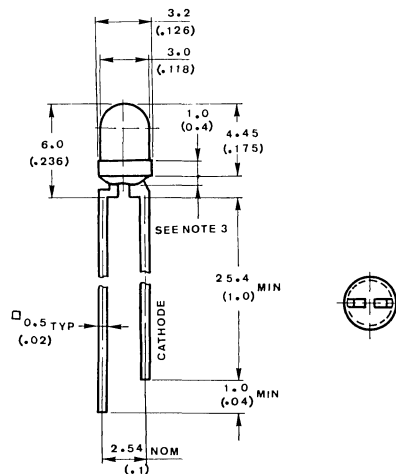
DEVICES

PART NO. LTL—	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
422INLC	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	24	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	7	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.1	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

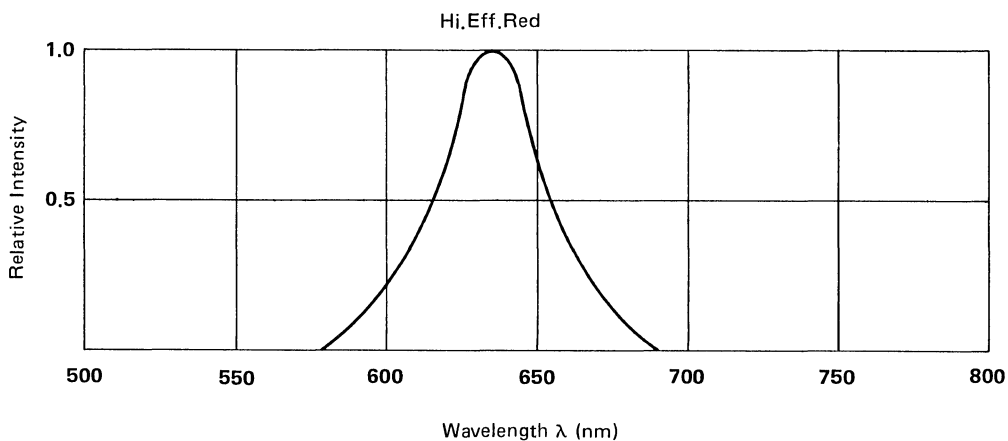


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4221NLC	1.0	1.8		mcd	$I_F = 2\text{ mA}$ (Note 1)
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4221NLC		45		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4221NLC		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4221NLC		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4221NLC		1.8	2.2	V	$I_F = 2\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4221NLC			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	4221NLC		4		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

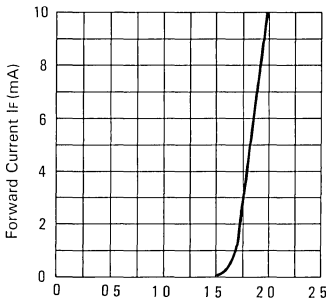


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

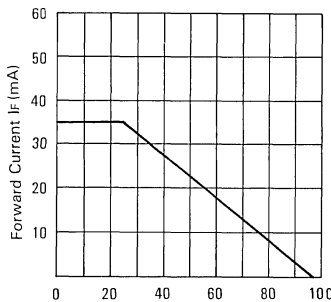


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

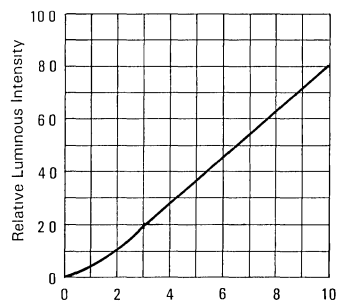


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

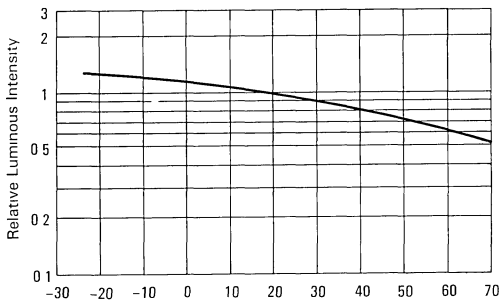


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

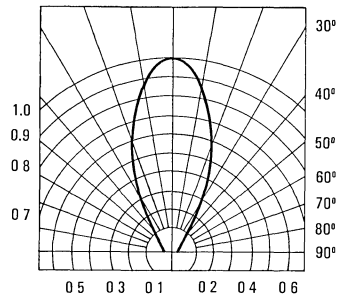


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





T-1 3/4 (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-307ELC LOW CURRENT HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

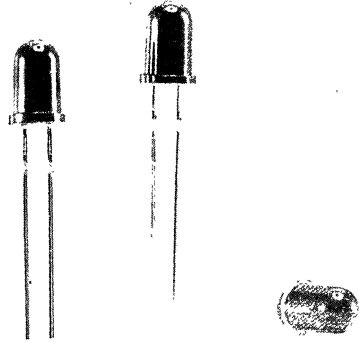
FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- POPULAR T-1 3/4 DIAMETER, 25mm(1") LENGTH
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-307ELC is made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

These lamp use low current, and it has High Efficiency Red Brightness.



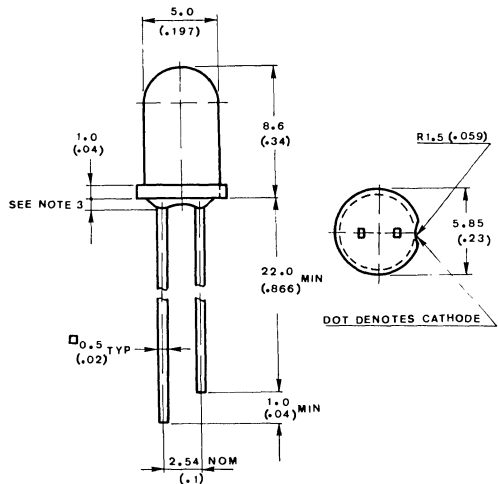
DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
307ELC	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

PACKAGE DIMENSION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation	24	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	7	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.1	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds	

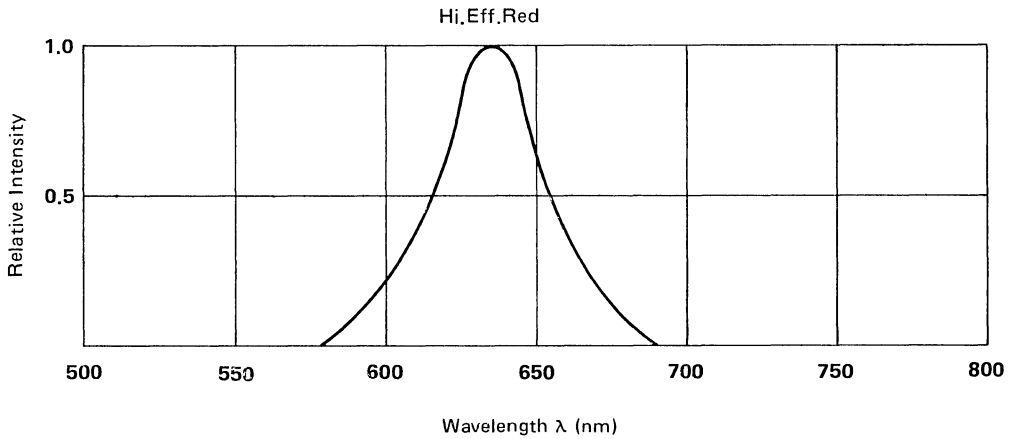


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	307ELC	1.2	3.0		mcd	$I_F = 2\text{ mA}$ (Note 1)
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	307ELC		50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	307ELC		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	307ELC		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	307ELC		1.8	2.2	V	$I_F = 2\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	307ELC			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	307ELC		4		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

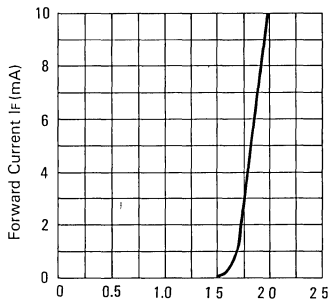


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

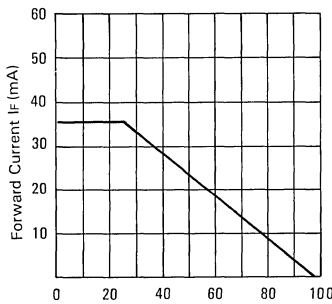


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

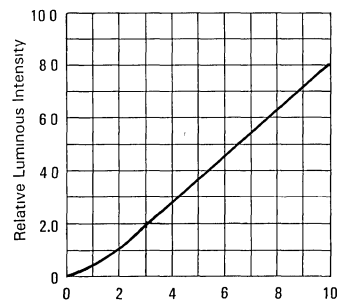


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

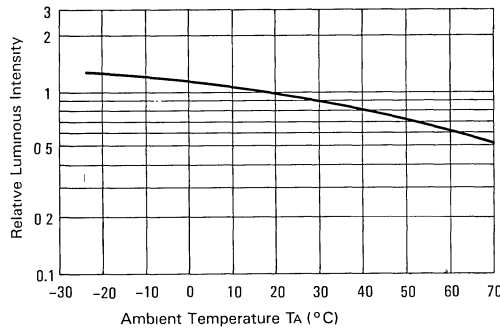


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

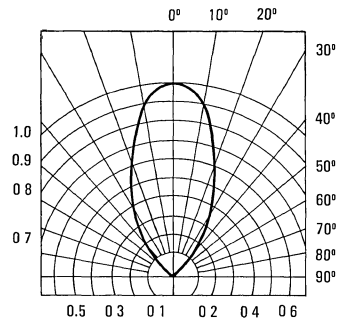


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



T-1(3mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-201 RED
 LTL-211 BRIGHT RED
 LTL-221 HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-231 GREEN
 LTL-251 YELLOW
 LTL-291 ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- CMOS/MOS AND TTL COMPATIBLE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

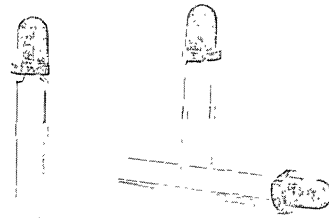
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

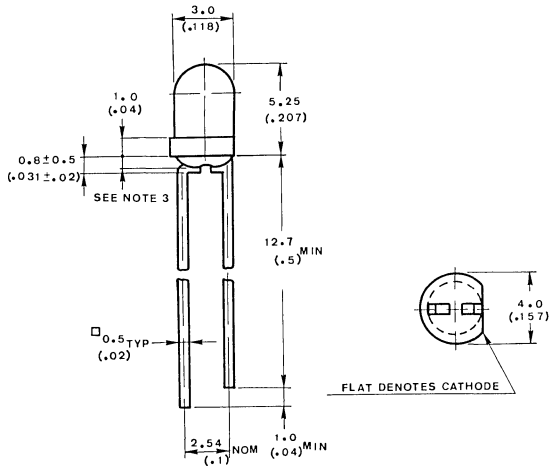
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
201	Red	Diffused	Red
202	Red	Transparent	
205	White	Diffused	
211	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
221	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
231	Green	Diffused	Green
232		Transparent	
251	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
252		Transparent	
291	Orange	Diffused	Orange



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

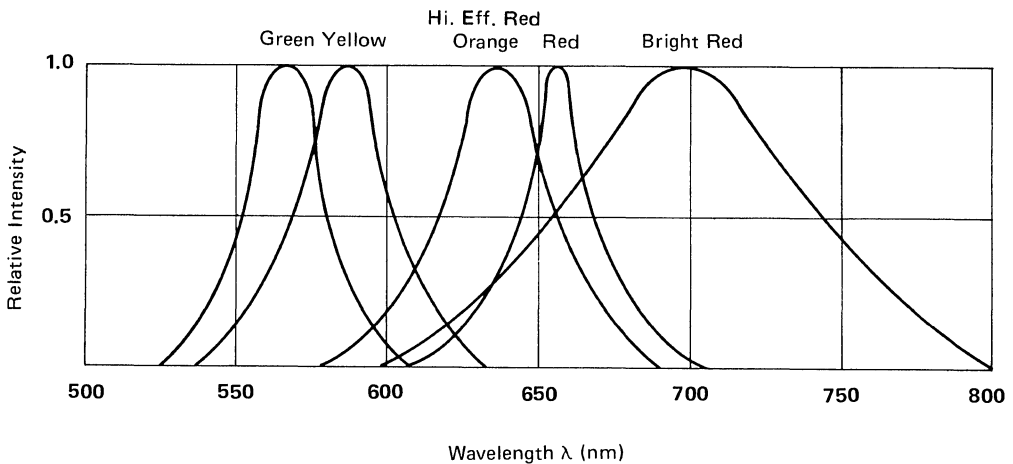


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	201 202 205	0.3 0.7 0.3	0.8 2.0 0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	201 202 205		76 30 76		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			655		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capactance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

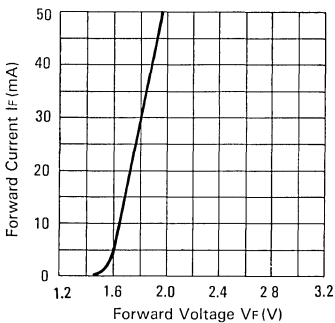


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

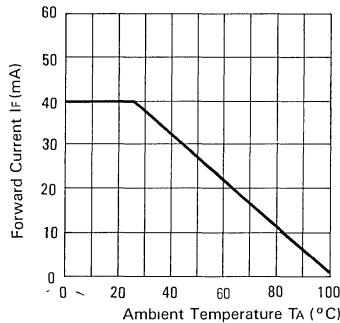


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

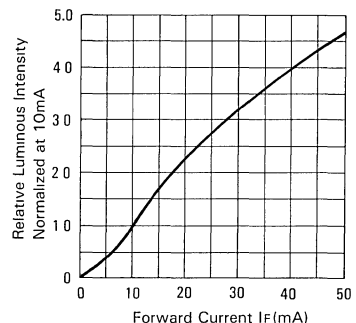


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

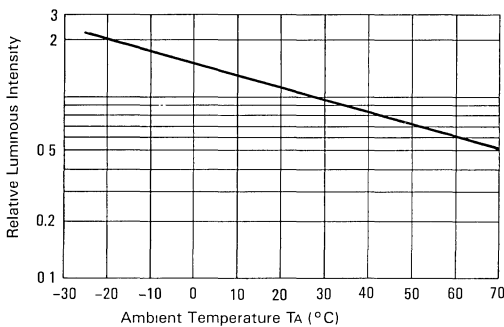


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

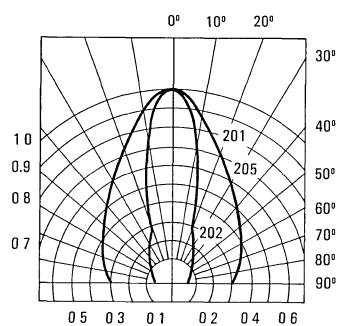


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	211 221	0.4 1.1	1.1 3.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	211 221		76 76		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	211 221		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	211 221		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	211 221		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	211 221			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capactance	C	211 221		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

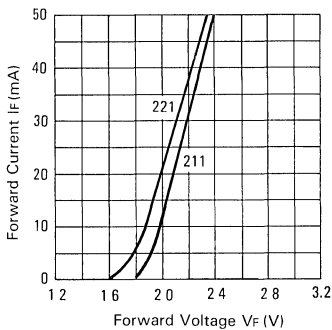


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

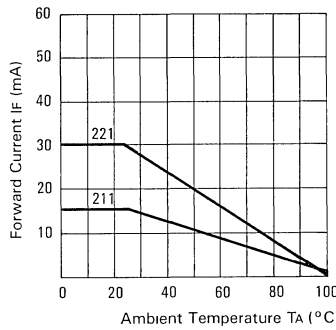


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

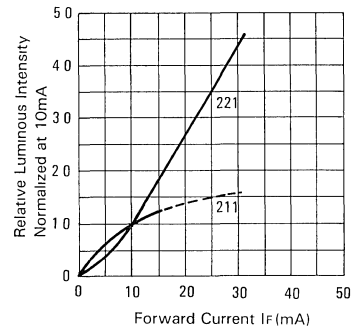


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

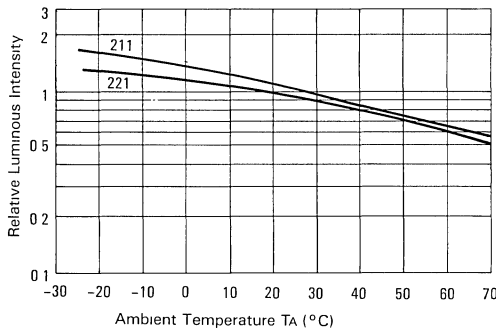


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

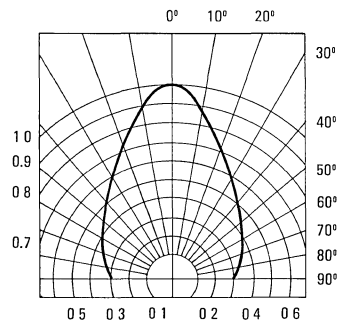


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	231	1.1	3.8		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
		232	2.5	8.0			
		251	1.1	3.8			
		252	2.5	8.0			
Viewing Angle	20½	231		76		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
		232		30			
		251		76			
		252		30			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	231		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
		232		565			
		251		585			
		252		585			
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	231		30		nm	
		232		30			
		251		35			
		252		35			
Forward Voltage	V _F	231				V	I _F = 20 mA
		232		2.1	2.8		
		251					
		252					
Reverse Current	I _R	231				μA	V _R = 5V
		232			100		
		251					
		252					
Capacitance	C	231		35		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ
		232		35			
		251		15			
		252		15			

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

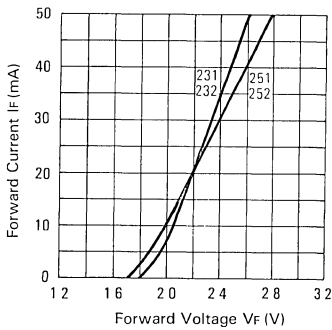


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

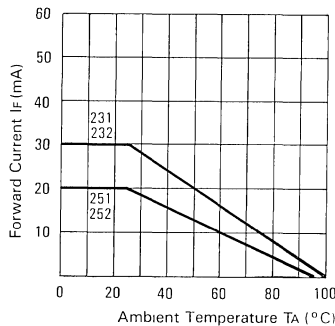


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

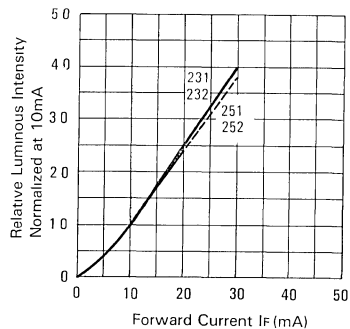


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

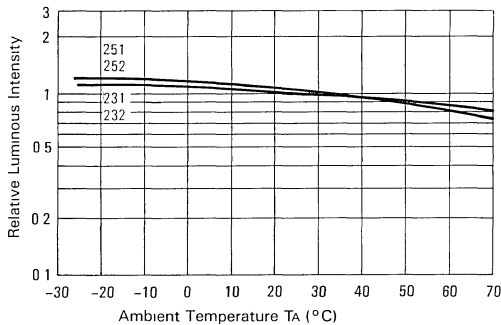


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

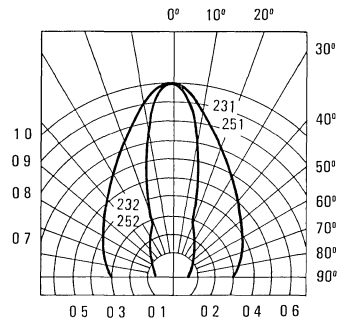


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	291	1.1	3.8		mod	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	291		76		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	291		630		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	291		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	291		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	291			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	291		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

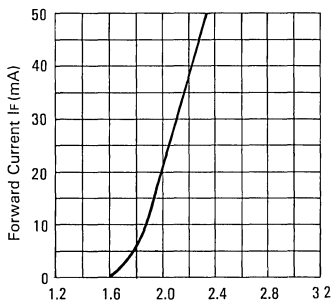


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

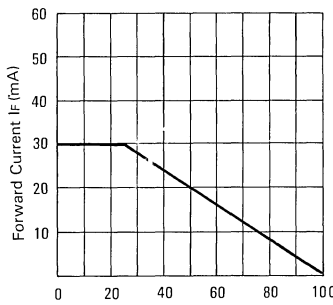


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

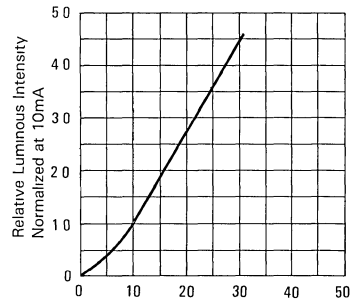


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

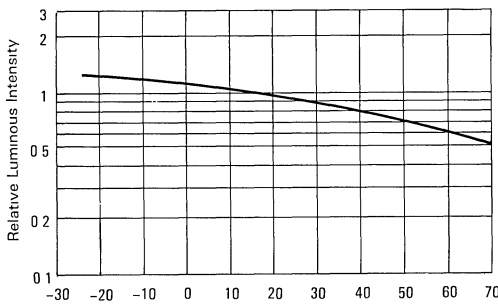


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

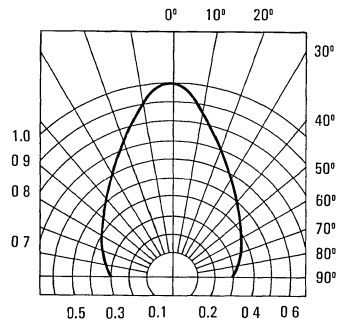


FIG. 21, SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



T-1(3mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-4201/4201N RED
LTL-4211/4211N BRIGHT RED
LTL-4221/4221N HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-4231/4231N GREEN
LTL-4251/4251N YELLOW
LTL-4291/4291N ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- POPULAR T-1 DIAMETER, 25mm (1") LENGTH OF LEADS PACKAGE.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

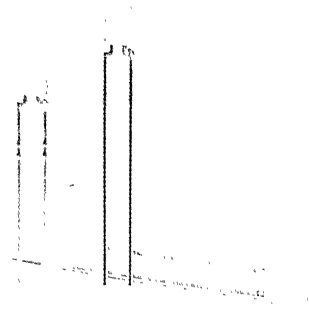
The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

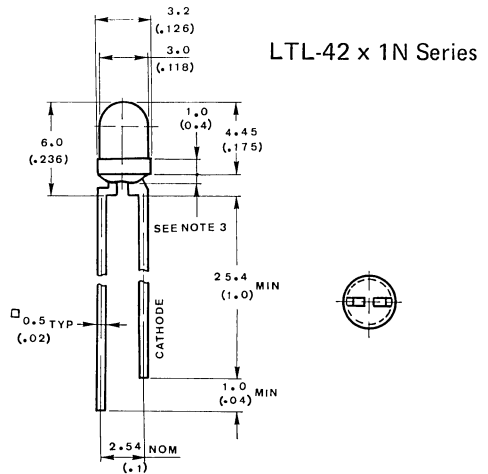
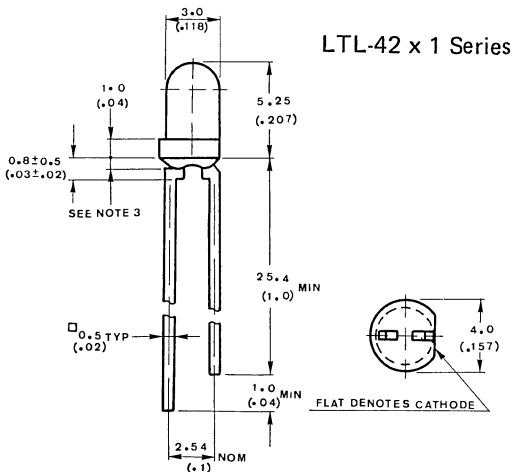
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4201	Red	Diffused	Red
4202	Red	Transparent	
4206	Water Clear	Non-diffused	
4211	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4221	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
4222	Red	Transparent	
4231	Green	Diffused	Green
4232	Green	Transparent	
4251	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
4252	Yellow	Transparent	
4291	Orange	Diffused	Orange
4292	Orange	Transparent	
4296	Water Clear	Non-diffused	

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4201N	Red	Diffused	Red
4202N		Transparent	
4211N	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4221N	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
4222N		Transparent	
4231N	Green	Diffused	Green
4232N		Transparent	
4236N		Non-diffused	
4251N	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
4252N		Transparent	
4256N		Non-diffused	
4291N	Orange	Diffused	Orange
4292N		Transparent	
4296N		Non-diffused	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

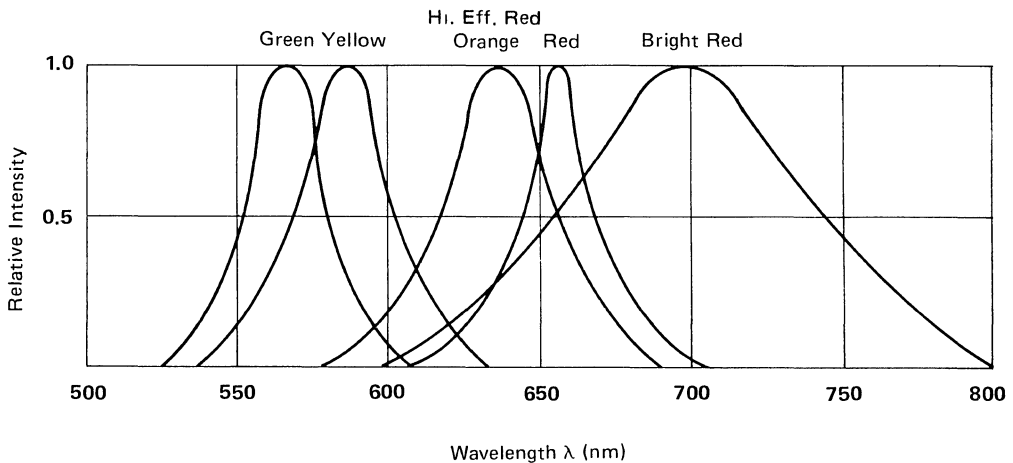


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4201 4202 4211	0.3 1.1 0.6	0.8 4.0 1.7		mcd	IF = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	4201 4202 4211		40 20 40		deg.	Note 2 (Fig 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λPEAK	4201 4202 4211		655 655 697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	4201 4202 4211		24 24 90		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	4201 4202 4211		1.7 1.7 2.1	2.0 2.0 2.8	V	IF = 20 mA
Reverse Current	IR	4201 4202 4211			100	μA	VR = 5 V
Capacitance	C	4201 4202 4211		30 30 55		PF	VF = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

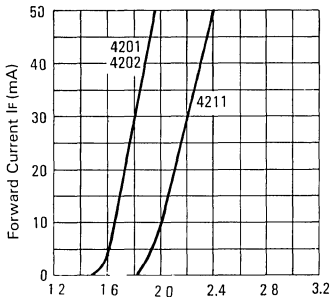


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

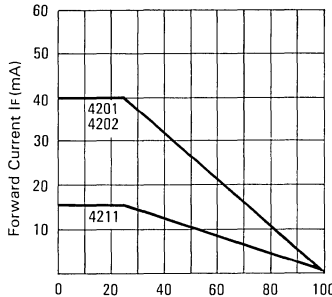


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

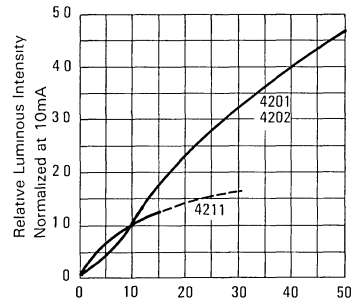


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

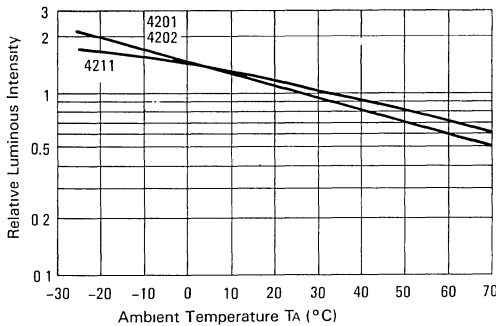


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

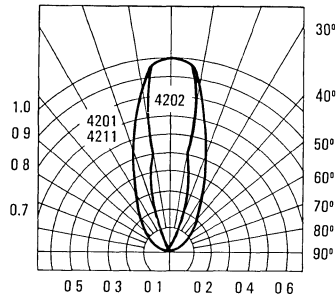


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4221 4222	1.1 4.0	3.8 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4221 4222		40 20		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4221 4222		635 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4221 4222		40 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4221 4222		2.0 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4221 4222			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capactance	C	4221 4222		20 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

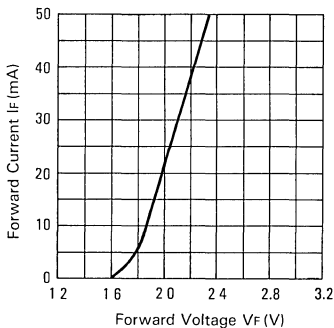


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

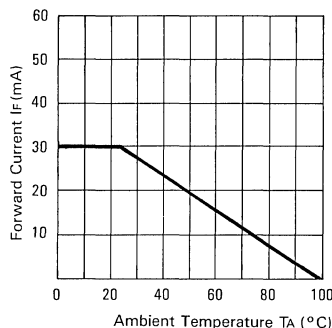


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

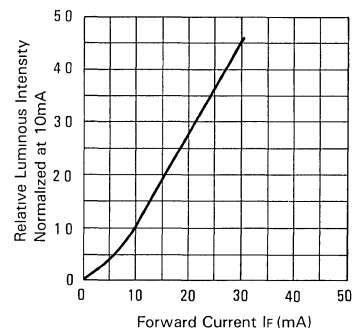


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

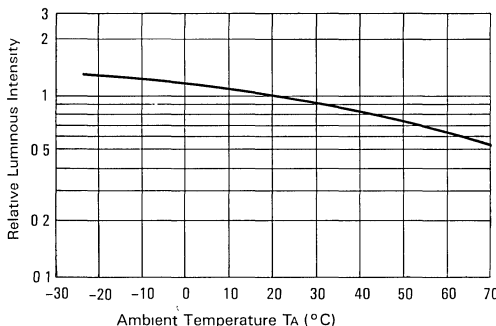


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

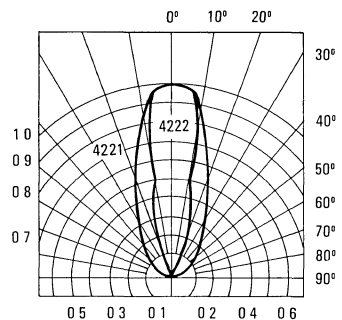


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4231 4232 4251 4252	1.7 4.0 1.7 4.0	5.6 12.6 5.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4231 4232 4251 4252		40 20 40 20		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4231 4232 4251 4252		565 565 585 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4231 4232 4251 4252		30 30 35 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4231 4232 4251 4252		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4231 4232 4251 4252			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	4231 4232 4251 4252		35 35 15 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

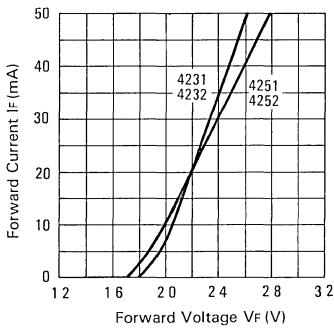


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

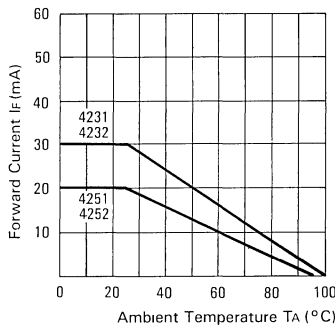


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

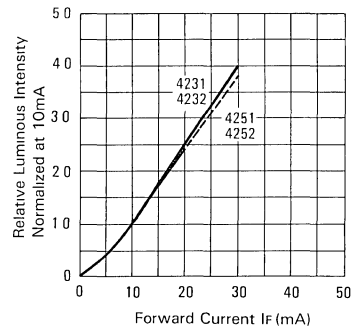


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

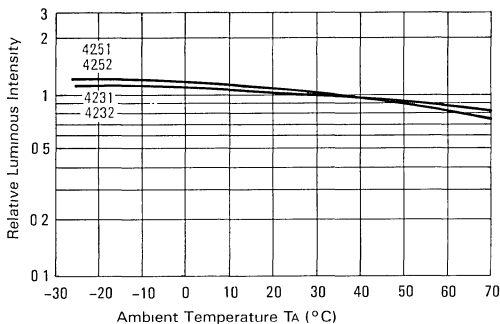


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

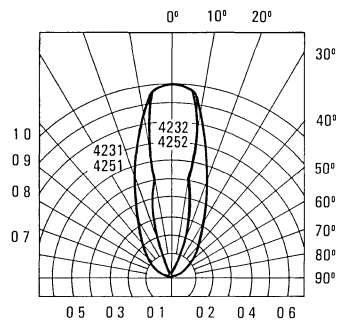


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4291 4292 4296	1.7 4.0 4.0	5.6 12.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4291 4292 4296		40 20 20		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

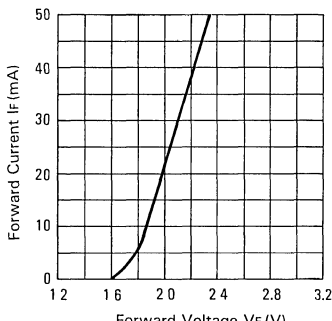


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

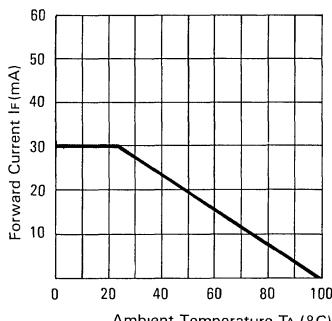


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

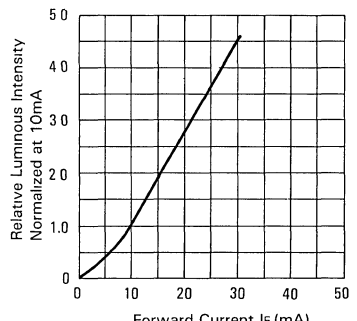


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

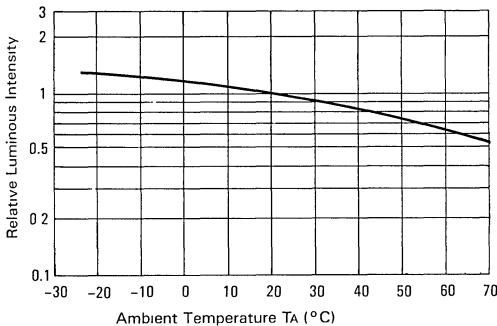


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

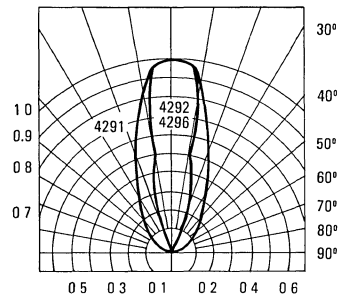


FIG. 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4201N 4202N 4211N	0.3 0.8 0.8	0.8 2.5 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4201N 4202N 4211N		60 45 60		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 26)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4201N 4202N 4211N		655 655 697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4201N 4202N 4211N		24 24 90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4201N 4202N 4211N		1.7 1.7 2.0	2.0 2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4201N 4202N 4211N			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	4201N 4202N 4211N		30 30 55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES. 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

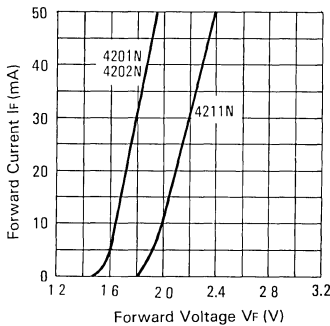


FIG 22 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

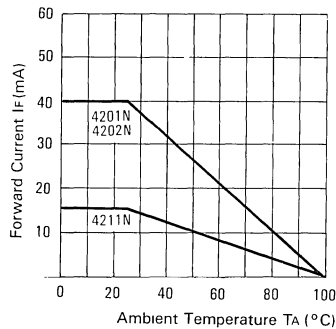


FIG 23 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

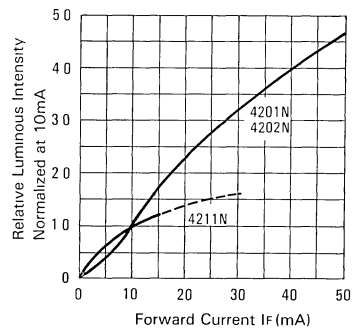


FIG 24 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

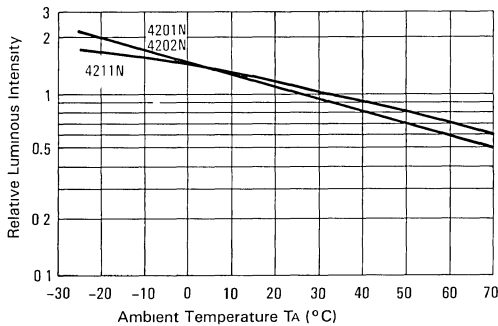


FIG 25 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

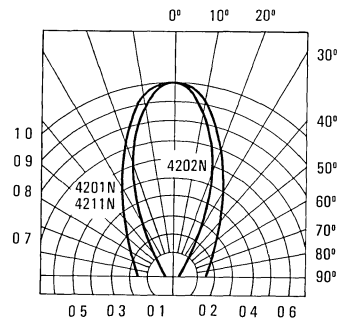


FIG 26 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	4221N 4222N	1.7 4.0	5.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4221N 4222N		60 45		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 31)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4221N 4222N		635 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4221N 4222N		40 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4221N 4222N		2.0 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4221N 4222N			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	4221N 4222N		20 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

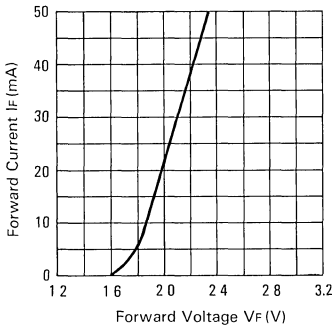


FIG 27 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

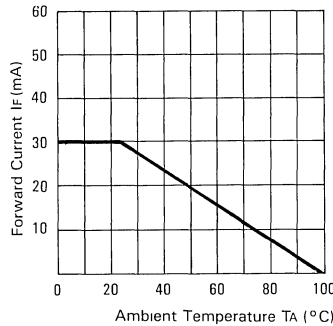


FIG 28 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

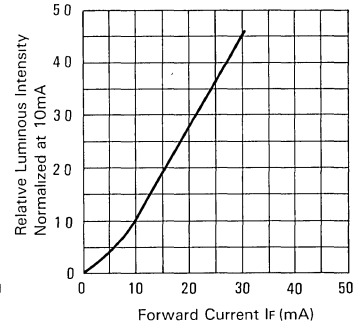


FIG 29 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

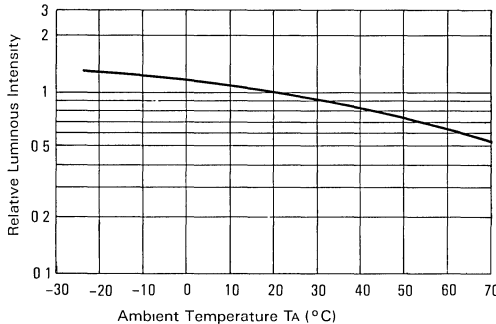


FIG 30 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

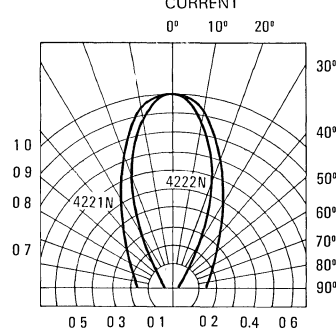


FIG 31 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	4231N 4232N 4236N	1.7 4.0 4.0	5.6 12.6 12.6		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	4231N 4232N 4236N		60 45 45		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 36)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	4231N 4232N 4236N		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	4231N 4232N 4236N		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	4231N 4232N 4236N		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	4231N 4232N 4236N			100	μA	V _R = 5 V
Capacitance	C	4231N 4232N 4236N		35		Pf	V _F = 0 f = 1MHz

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

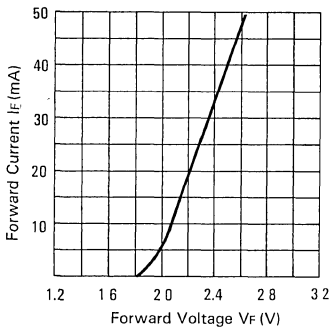


FIG 32 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

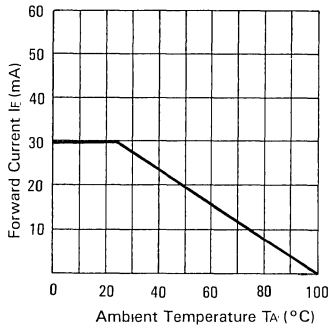


FIG 33 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

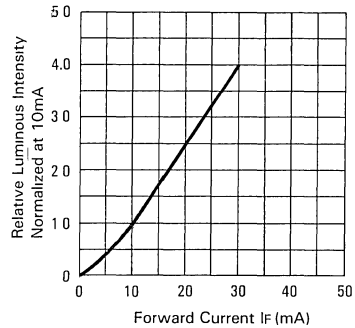


FIG 34 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.

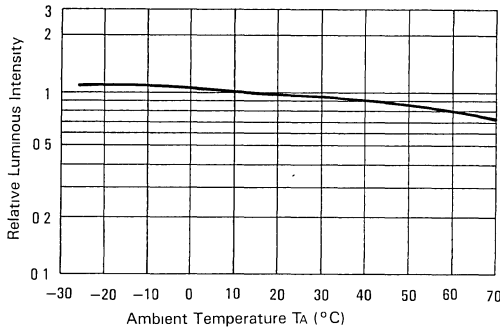


FIG 35 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

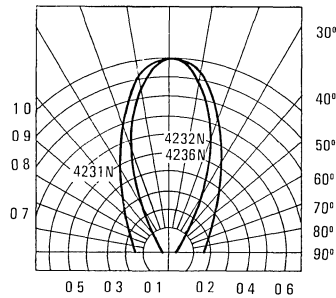


FIG 36 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4251N 4252N 4256N	1.7 4.0 4.0	5.6 12.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4251N 4252N 4256N		60 45 45		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 41)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4251N 4252N 4256N		585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4251N 4252N 4256N		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4251N 4252N 4256N		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4251N 4252N 4256N			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	4251N 4252N 4256N		15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

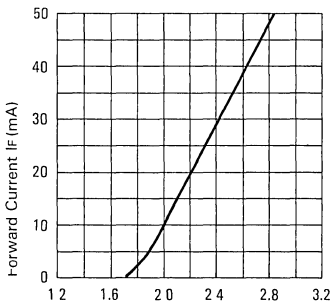


FIG 37 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

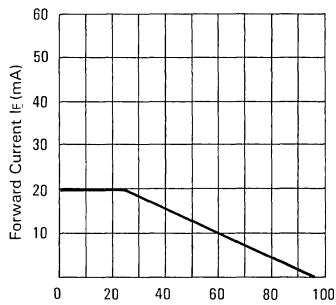


FIG 38 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

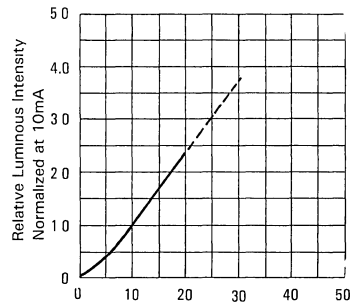


FIG 39 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT
 0° 10° 20°

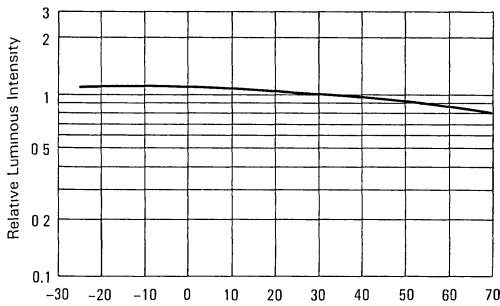


FIG 40 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

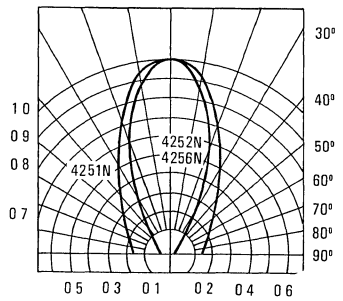


FIG 41 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4291N 4292N 4296N	1.7 4.0 4.0	5.6 12.6 12.6		mcld	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4291N 4292N 4296N		60 45 45		deg	Note 2 (Fig 46)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

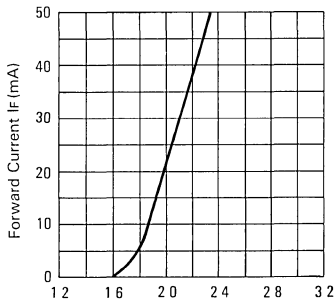


FIG 42 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

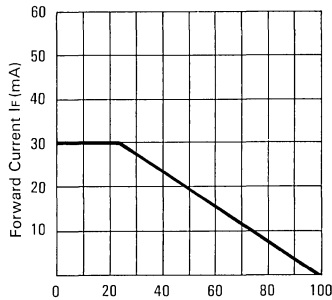


FIG 43 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

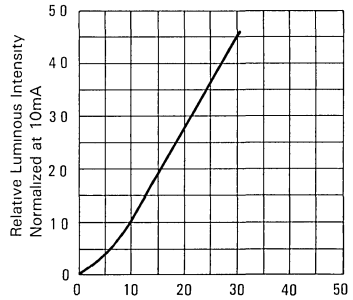


FIG 44 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

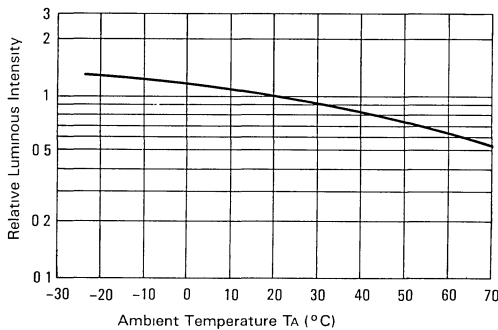


FIG 45 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

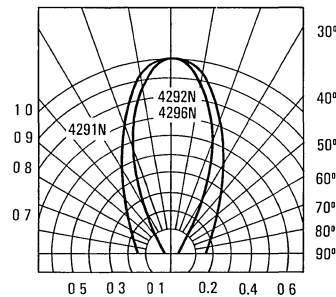


FIG. 46 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





T-1(3mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-209 RED

LTL-219 BRIGHT RED

LTL-229 HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-239 GREEN

LTL-259 YELLOW

LTL-299 ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- 1.27mm (0.5") LEAD SPACING.
- T-1 DIAMETER.
- DIFFUSED LENS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- LOW COST.

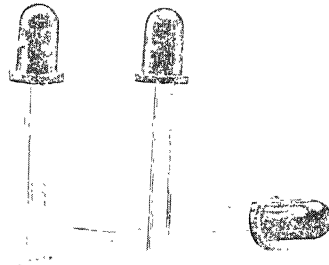
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

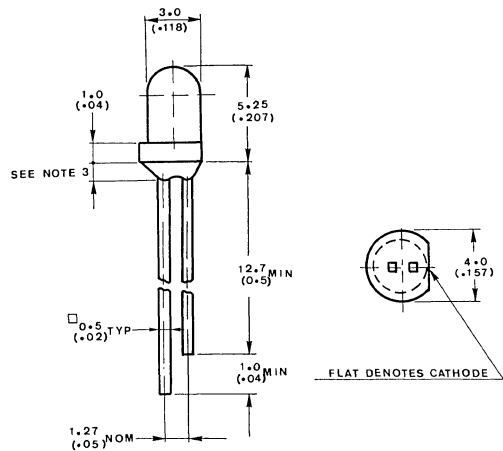
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
209	Red	Diffused	Red
219	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
229	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
239	Green	Diffused	Green
259	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
299	Orange	Diffused	Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

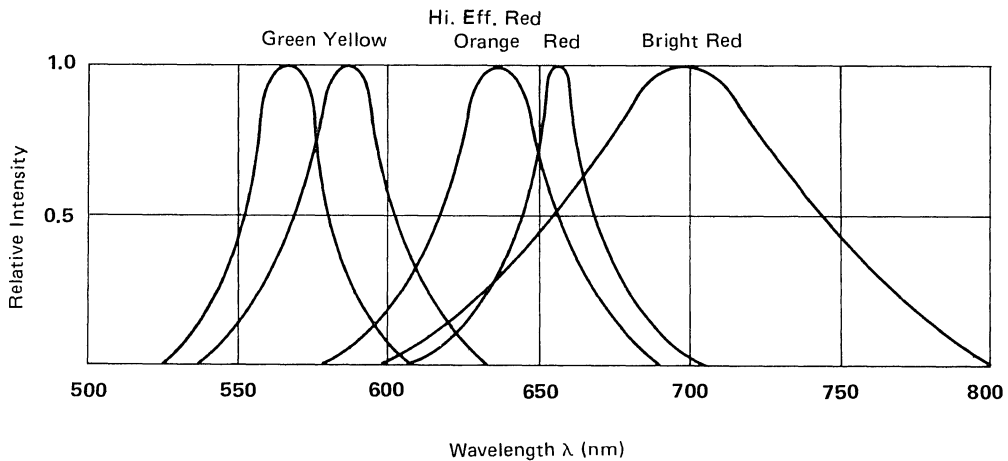


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	209 219 229	0.3 0.4 0.8	0.8 1.1 3.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	209 219 229		72		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	209 219 229		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	209 219 229		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	209 219 229		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.0 2.8 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	209 219 229			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	209 219 229		30 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

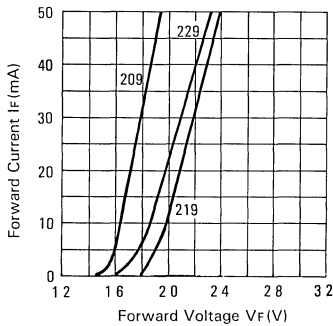


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

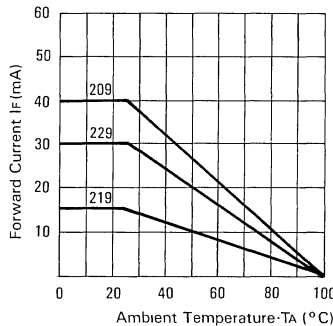


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

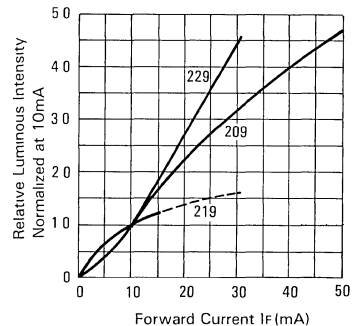


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

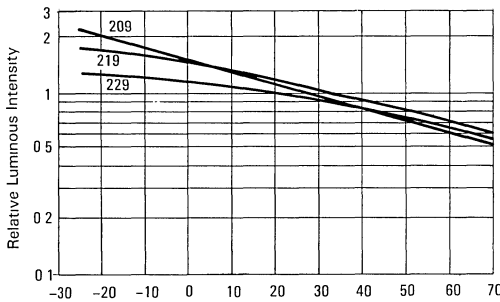


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

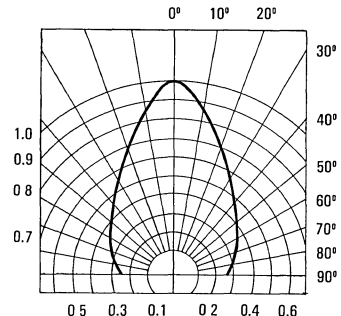


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	239 259	0.8 0.8	3.8 3.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	239 259		72		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	239 259		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	239 259		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	239 259		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	239 259			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	239 259		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

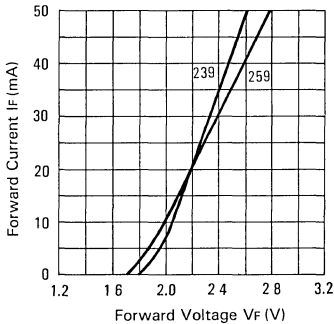


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

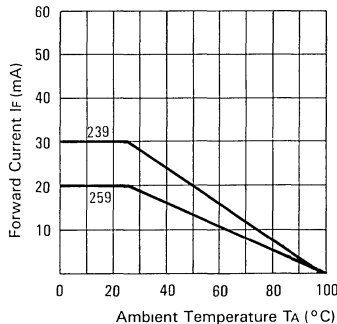


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

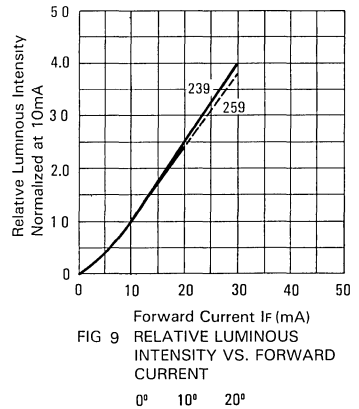


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

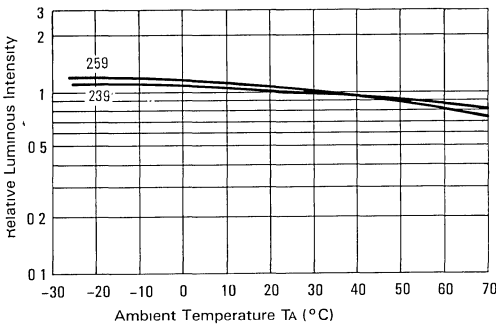


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

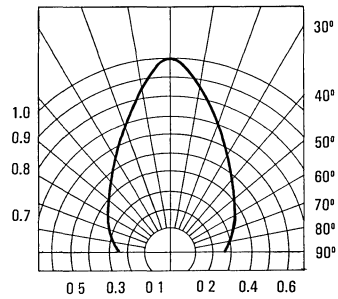


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	299	0.8	3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	299		72		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	299		630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	299		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	299		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	299			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	299		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

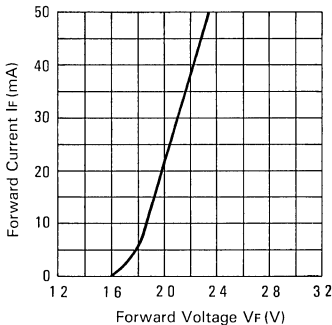


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

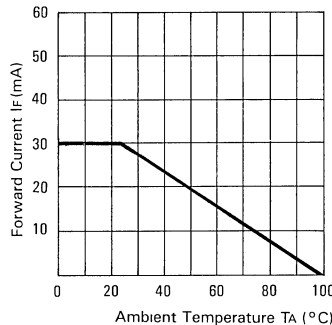


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

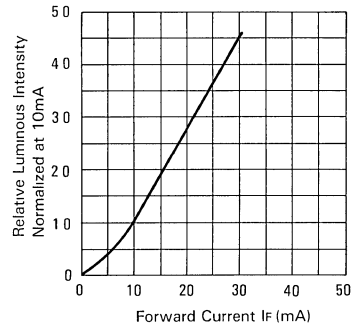


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT
 0° 10° 20°

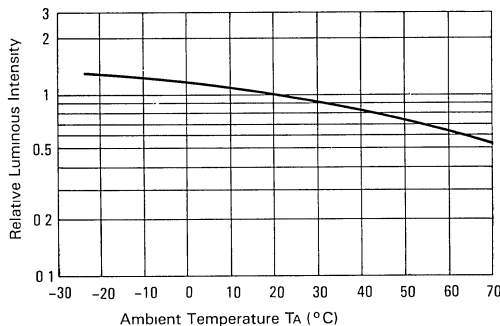


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

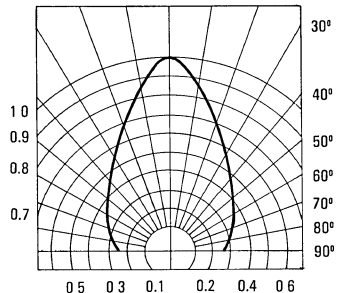


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



T-1³/₄(5mm)SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-203 RED

LTL-213 BRIGHT RED

LTL-223 HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-233 GREEN

LTL-253 YELLOW

LTL-293 ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- POPULAR T-1³/₄ DIAMETER PACKAGE.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

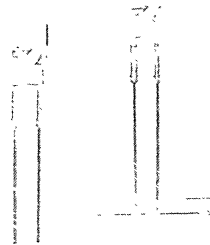
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

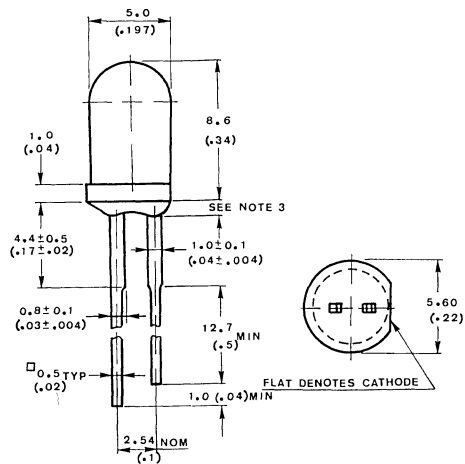
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL—	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
203 204	Red	Diffused	Red
213	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
223 224	Red	Diffused Transparent	Hi. Eff. Red
233 234	Green	Diffused Transparent	Green
253 254	Yellow	Diffused Transparent	Yellow
293 294	Orange	Diffused Transparent	Orange



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

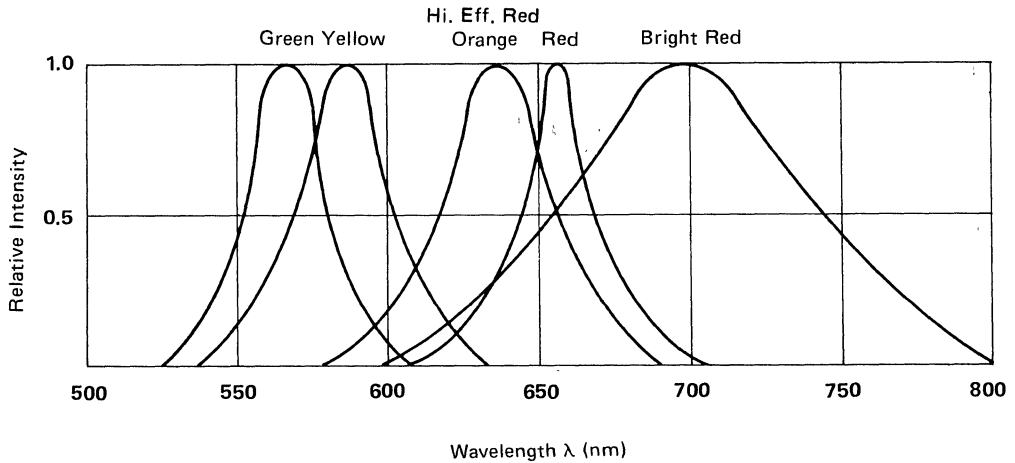


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	203 204	0.2 0.7	0.6 2.0		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	203 204		54 32		deg.	Note 2 (Fig 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}			655		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ			24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F			1.7	2.0	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R				100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C			30		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

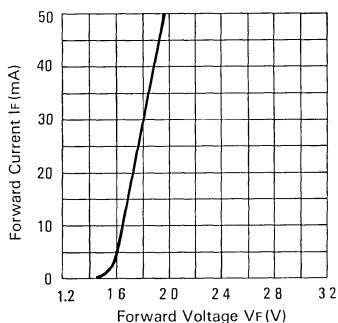


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

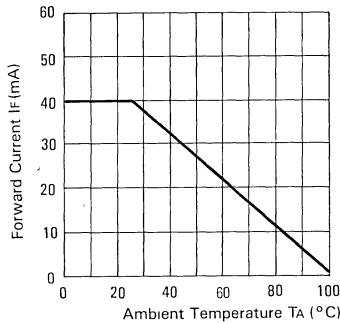


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

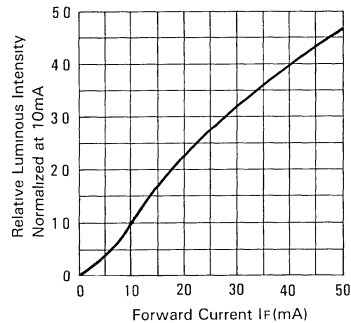


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

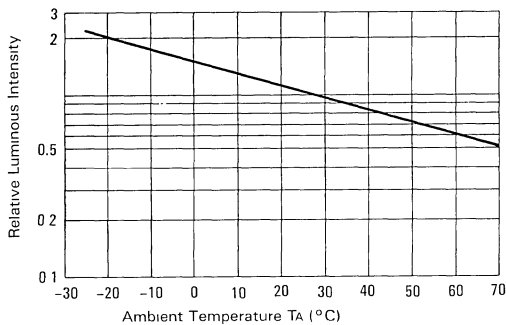


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

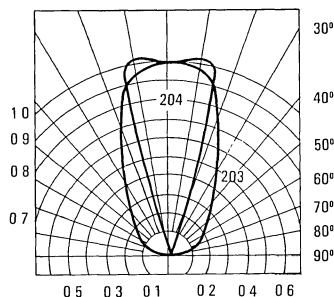


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	213 223 224	0.4 1.0 1.0	1.1 3.0 3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	213 223 224		54 54 32		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	213 223 224		697 635 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	213 223 224		90 40 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	213 223 224		2.1 2.0 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	213 223 224			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	213 223 224		55 20 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

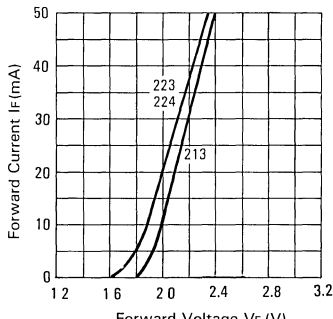


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

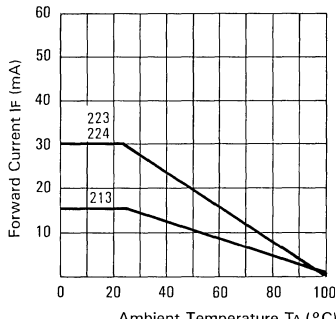


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

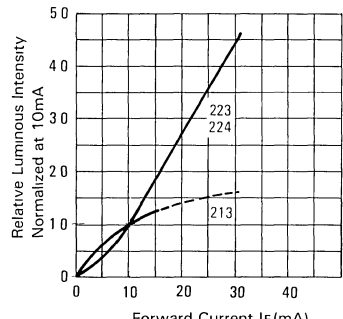


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

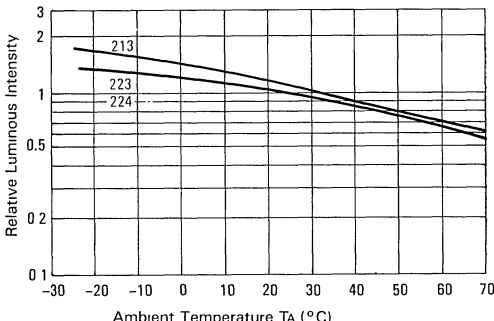


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

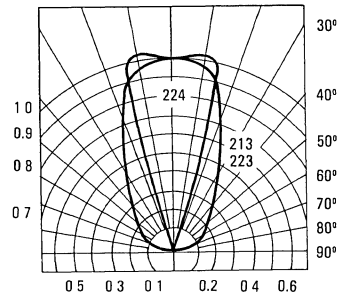


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	233 234 253 254	0.7 0.7 1.0 1.0	2.5 3.5 2.5 3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	233 234 253 254		54 32 54 32		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	233 234 253 254		565 565 585 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	233 234 253 254		30 30 35 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	233 234 253 254		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	233 234 253 254			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	233 234 253 254		35 35 15 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

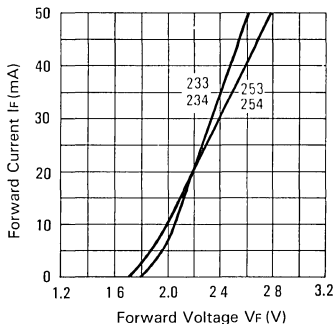


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

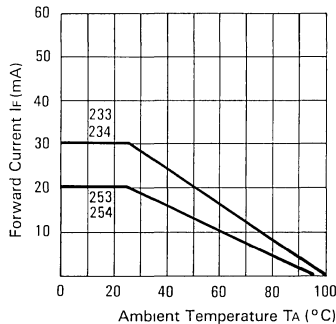


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

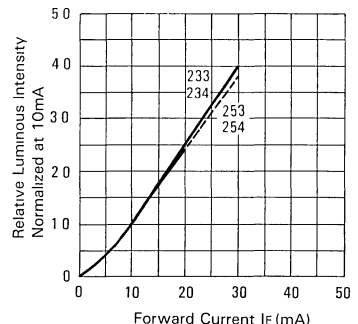


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

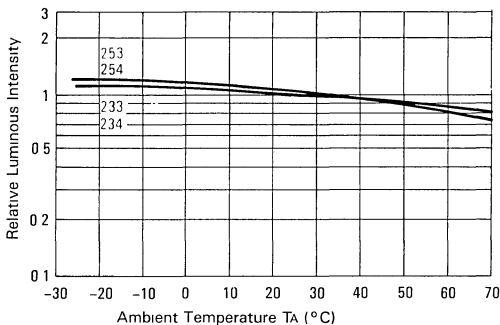


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

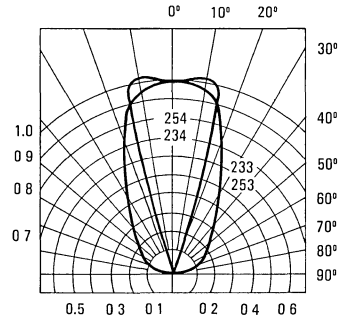


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	293 294	1.0 1.0	3.0 3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	293 294		54 32		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

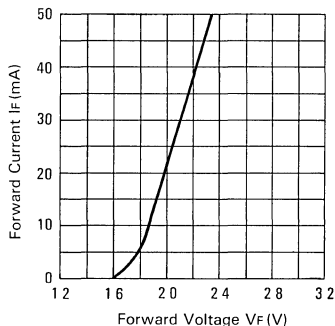


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

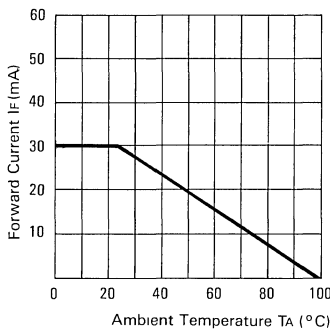


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

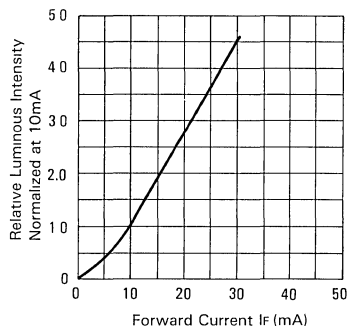


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

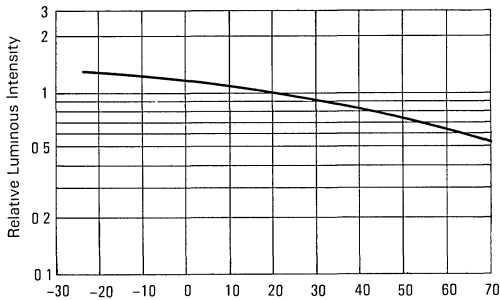


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

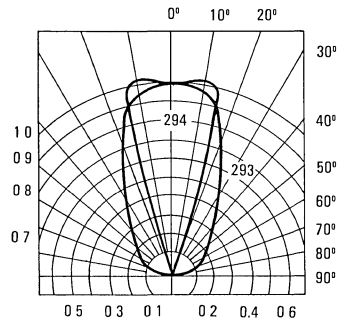


FIG. 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMPS

LTL-4203	RED	LTL-4233/307G	GREEN
LTL-4213/307P	BRIGHT RED	LTL-4253/307Y	YELLOW
LTL-4223/307E	HIGH EFFICIENCY RED	LTL-4294/307EA	ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY.
- VERSATILE MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR PANEL.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- POPULAR T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ DIAMETER, 1" LEAD LENGTH.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

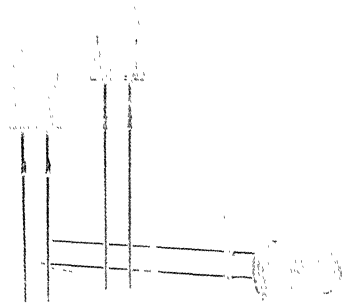
The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

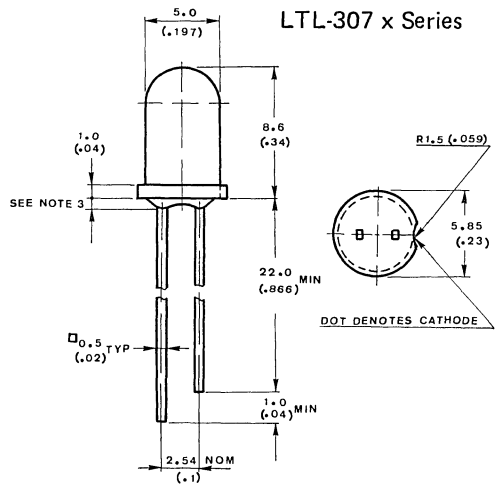
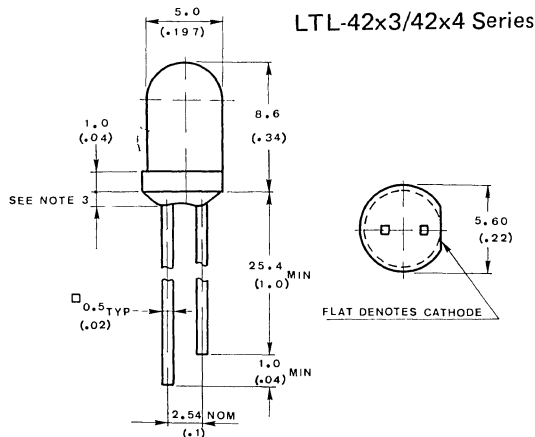
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
4203	Red	Diffused	Red
4204	Red	Transparent	
4208	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	
4213	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
4214		Transparent	
4223	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
4224		Transparent	
4233	Green	Diffused	Green
4234		Transparent	
4253	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
4254		Transparent	
4293	Orange	Diffused	Orange
4294		Transparent	

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
307P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
307PE		Transparent	
307E	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
307EE		Transparent	
307G	Green	Diffused	Green
307GE		Transparent	
307Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
307EA	Orange	Diffused	Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

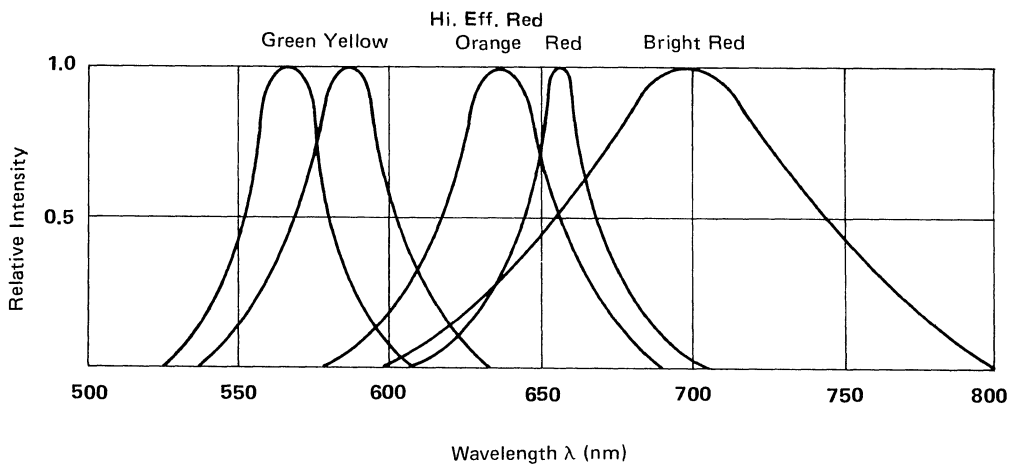


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4203 4204 4208	0.3 1.7 1.7	0.8 5.5 5.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4203 4204 4208		36 16 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			655		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

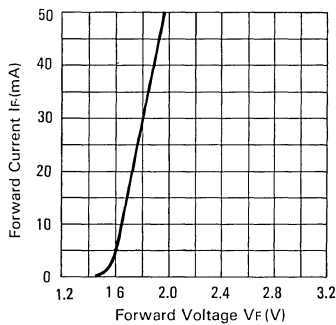


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

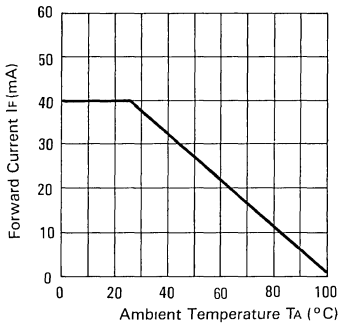


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

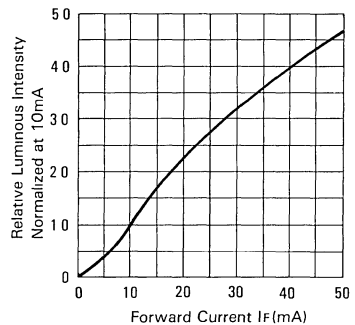


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.

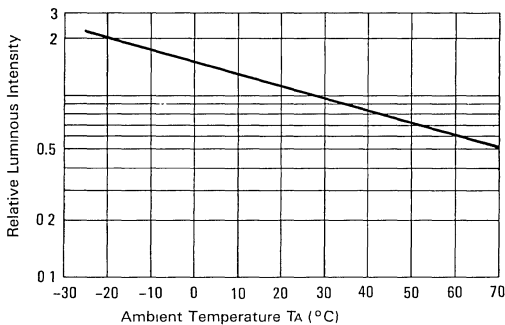


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

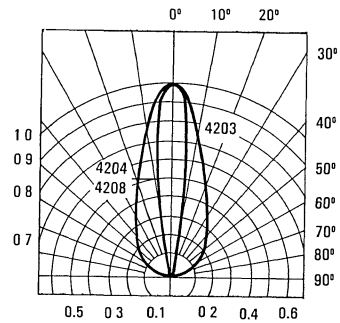


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4213 4214 4223 4224	1.1 2.5 2.5 10.0	3.8 12.6 8.7 40.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4213 4214 4223 4224		36 16 36 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	4213 4214 4223 4224		697 697 635 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	4213 4214 4223 4224		90 90 40 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	4213 4214 4223 4224		2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	4213 4214 4223 4224			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	4213 4214 4223 4224		55 55 20 20		PF	$V = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

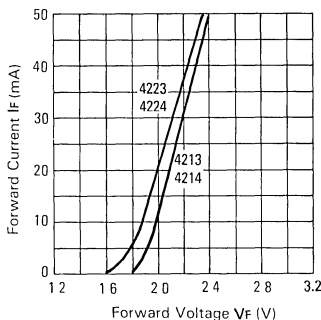


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

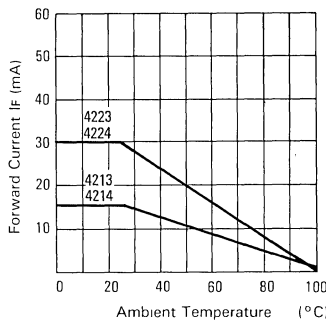


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

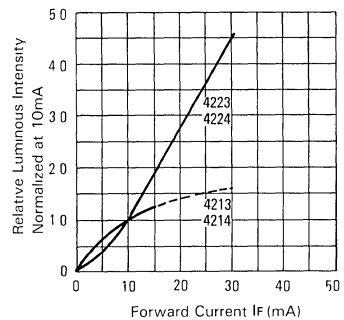


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

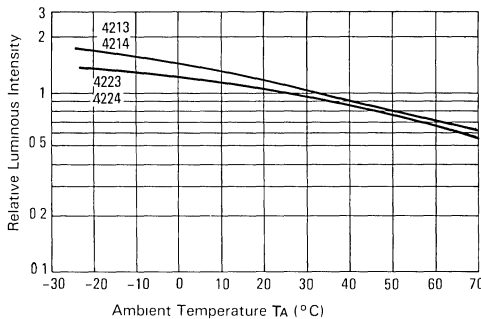


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

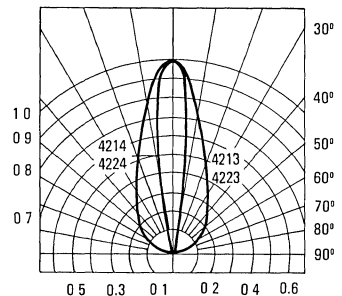


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	4233 4234 4238	2.5 10.0 29.0	8.7 40.0 60.0		mcd	IF = 10mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	4233 4234 4238		36 16 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λPEAK	4233 4234 4238		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	4233 4234 4238		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	4233 4234 4238		2.1	2.8	V	IF = 20mA
Reverse Current	IR	4233 4234 4238			100	μA	VR = 5 V
Capacitance	C	4233 4234 4238		35		PF	VF = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

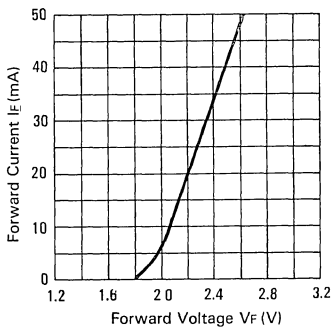


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

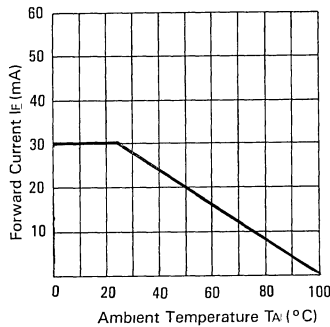


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

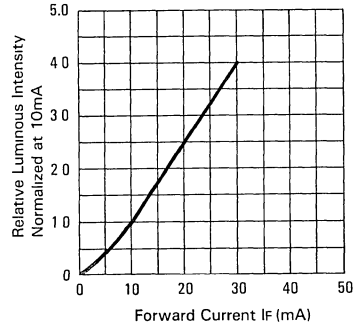


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

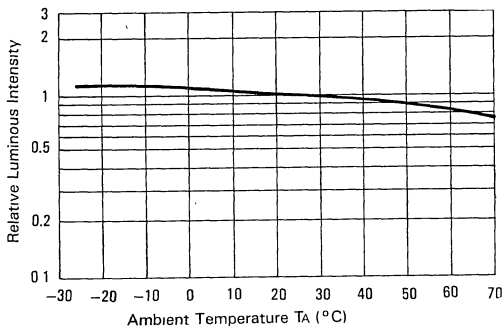


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

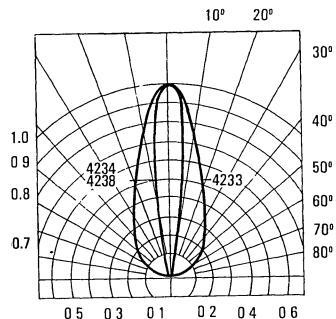


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	IV	4253 4254 4258	2.5 10.0 10.0	8.7 40.0 40.0		mcđ	If = 10mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	4253 4254 4258		36 16 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λPEAK	4253 4254 4258		585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	4253 4254 4258		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	4253 4254 4258		2.1	2.8	V	If = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	4253 4254 4258			100	μA	V _R = 5 V
Capacitance	C	4253 4254 4258		15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. θ½ is the off axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

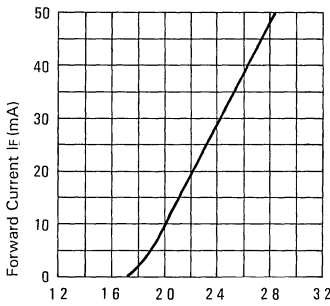


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

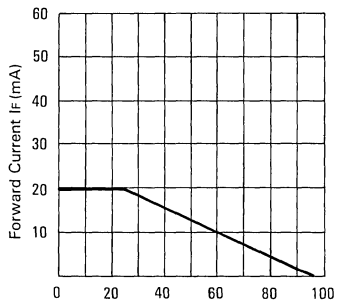


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

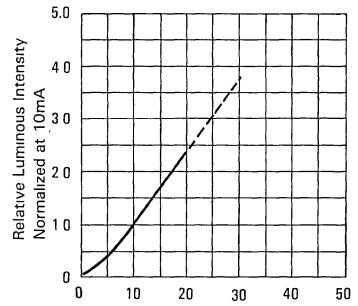


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

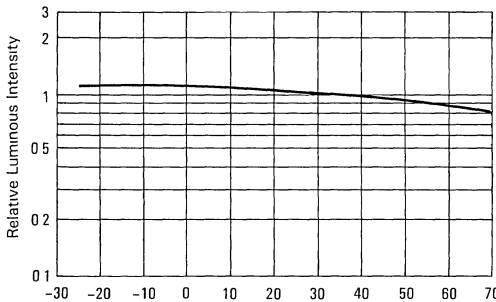


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

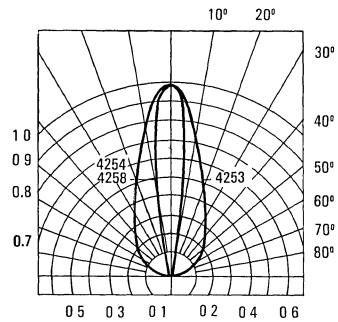


FIG. 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	4293 4294 4298	2.5 10.0 10.0	8.7 40.0 40.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	4293 4294 4298		36 16 16		deg.	Note 2 (Fig 26)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

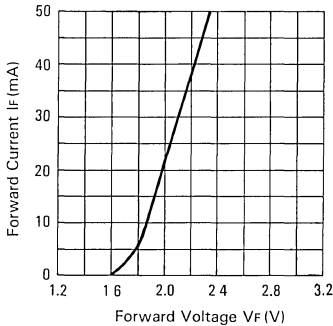


FIG. 22 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

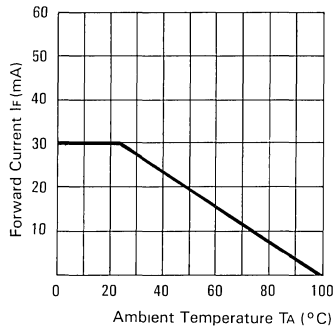


FIG. 23 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

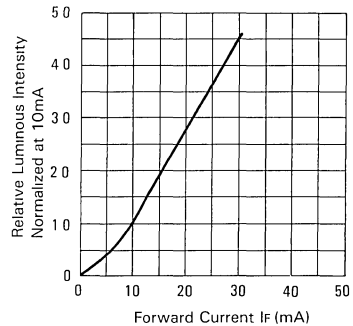


FIG. 24 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

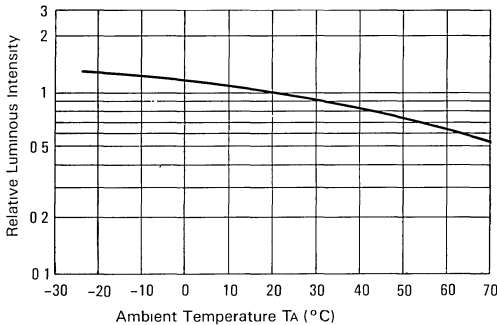


FIG. 25 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

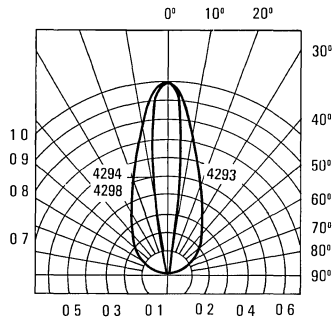


FIG. 26 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	307P 307PE 307E 307EE	1.1 2.5 5.6 9.0	5.6 9.0 19.0 30.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	307P 307PE 307E 307EE		50 40 50 40		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 31)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	307P 307PE 307E 307EE		697 697 635 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	307P 307PE 307E 307EE		90 90 40 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	307P 307PE 307E 307EE		2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	307P 307PE 307E 307EE			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	307P 307PE 307E 307EE		55 55 20 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

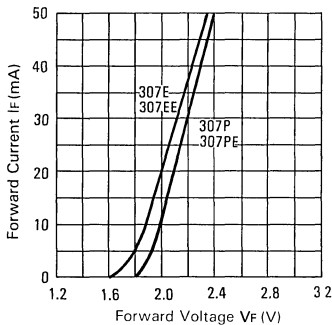


FIG. 27 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

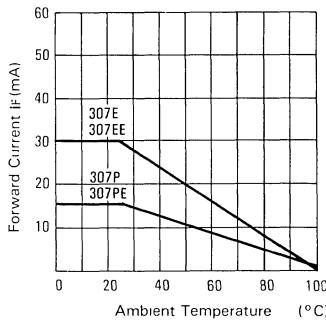


FIG. 28 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

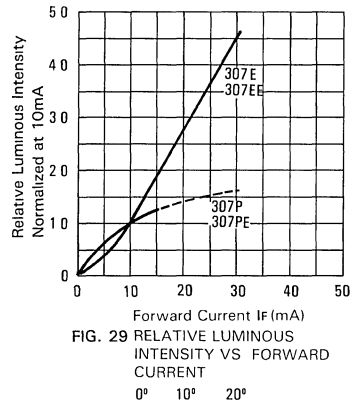


FIG. 29 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

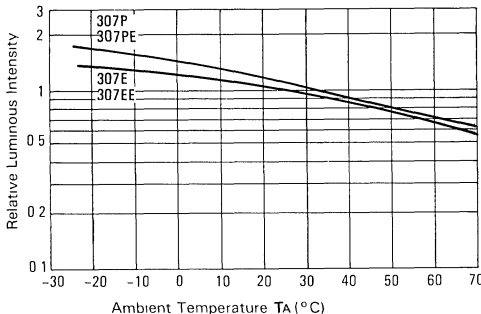


FIG. 30 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

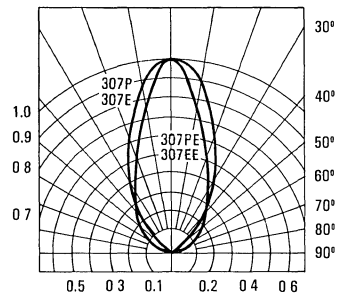


FIG. 31 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	307G 307GE 307Y	4.0 8.7 4.0	12.6 29.0 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	307G 307GE 307Y		50 40 50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 36)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	307G 307GE 307Y		565 565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	307G 307GE 307Y		30 30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	307G 307GE 307Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	307G 307GE 307Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	307G 307GE 307Y		35 35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

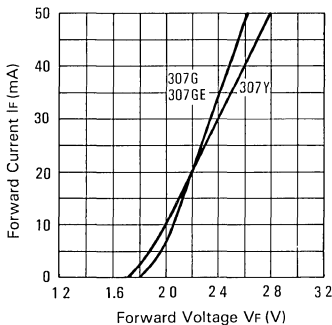


FIG 32 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

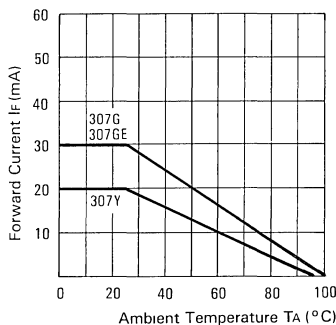


FIG 33 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

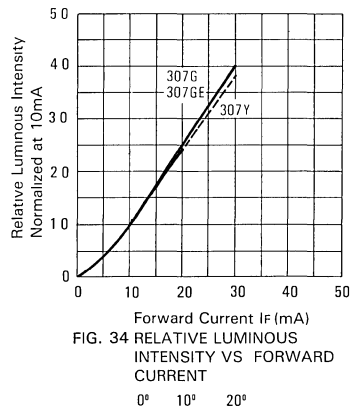


FIG 34 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

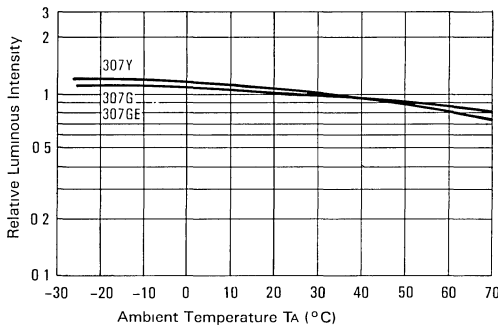


FIG 35 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

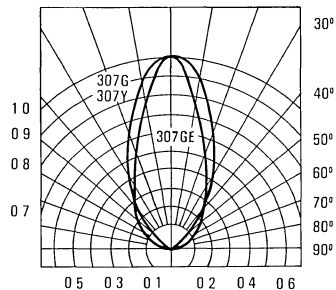


FIG 36 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	307EA	5.6	19.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	307EA		50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 41)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

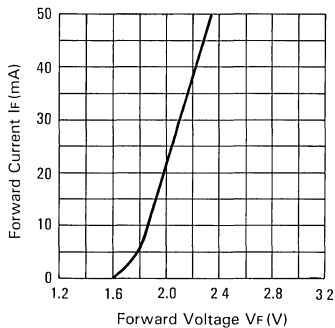


FIG. 37 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

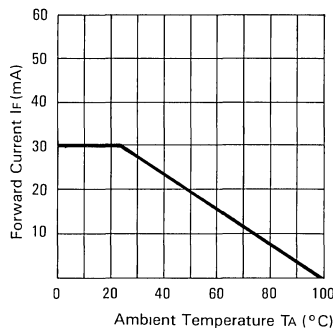


FIG. 38 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

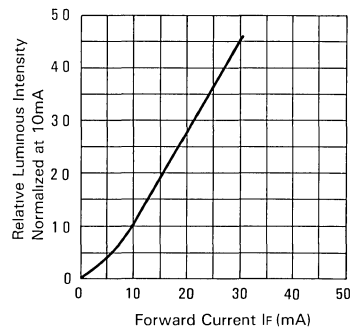


FIG. 39 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

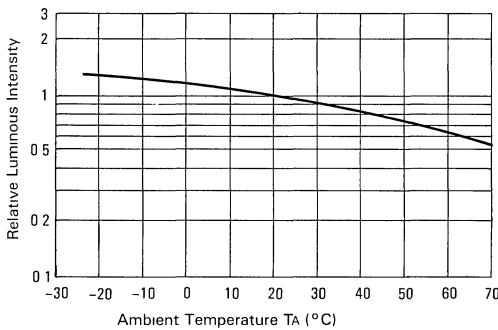


FIG. 40 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

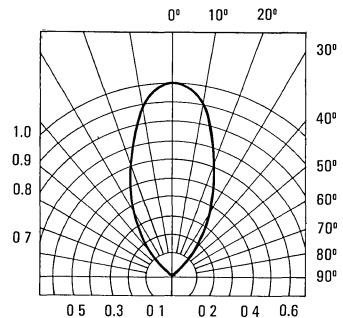


FIG. 41 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



MEDIUM PROFILE T-1 3/4 LED LAMPS

LTL-10203/10203W RED
LTL-10213 BRIGHT RED
LTL-10223/10223W HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-10233/10233W GREEN
LTL-10253/10253W YELLOW
LTL-10293W ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- MEDIUM PROFILE: 7.24mm (0.285") NOMINAL.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENT.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

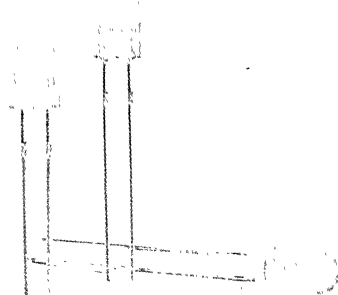
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

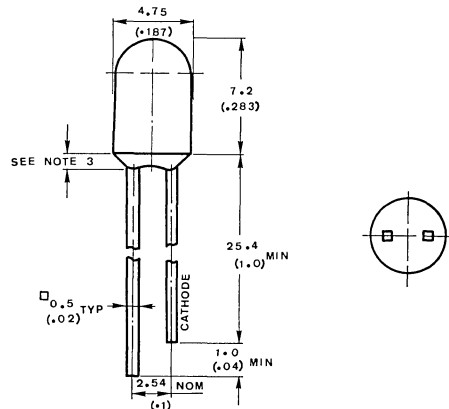
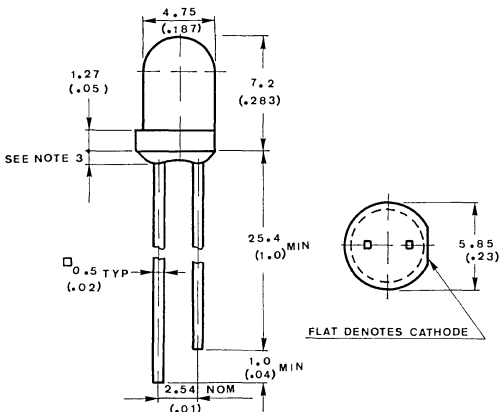
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-102 x 3W Series

LTL-102 x 3 Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
10203	Red	Diffused	Red
10213	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
10223	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
10233	Green	Diffused	Green
10253	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
10203W	Red	Diffused	Red
10223W	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
10233W	Green	Diffused	Green
10253W	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
10293W	Orange	Diffused	Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	HI.EFF. RED ORANGE	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.25	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

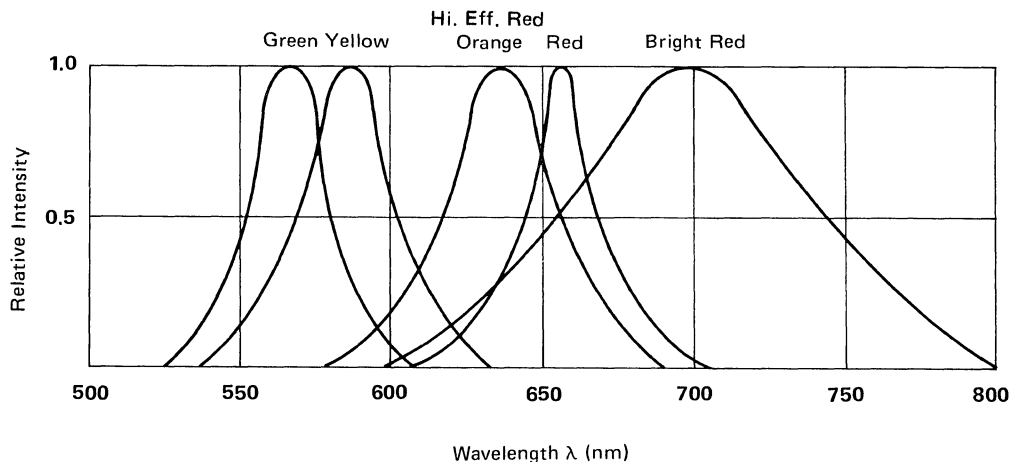


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	10203 10213 10203W	0.3 0.8 0.3	0.8 2.5 0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	10203 10213 10203W		60 60 60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	10203 10213 10203W		655 697 655		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	10203 10213 10203W		24 90 24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	10203 10213 10203W		1.7 2.1 1.7	2.0 2.8 2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	10203 10213 10203W			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	10203 10213 10203W		30 55 30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

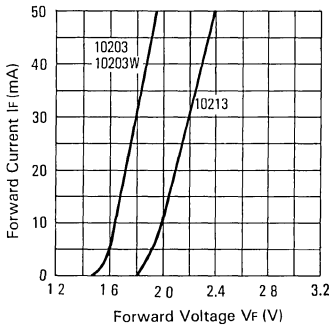


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

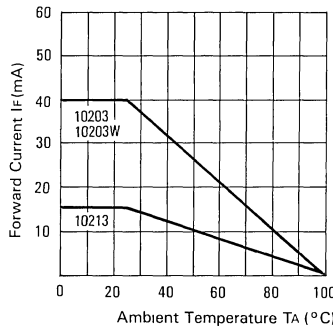


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

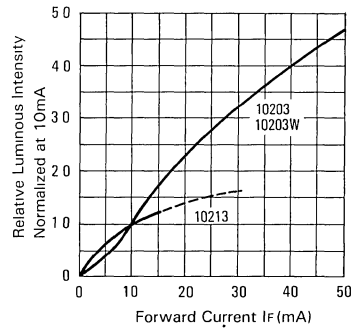


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

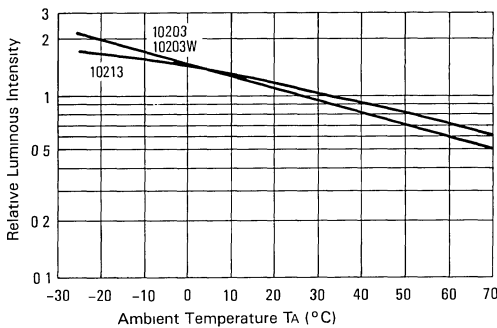


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

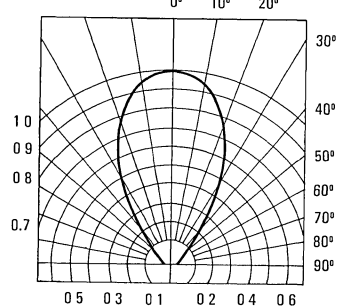


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	10223 10223W	1.7 1.7	5.6 5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	10223 10223W		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	10223 10223W		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	10223 10223W		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	10223 10223W		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	10223 10223W			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	10223 10223W		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

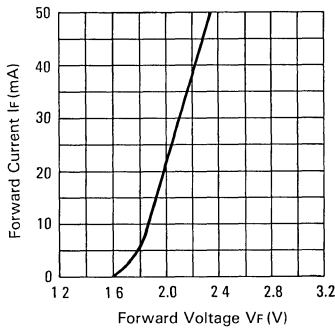


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

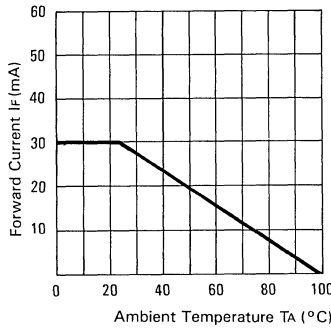


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

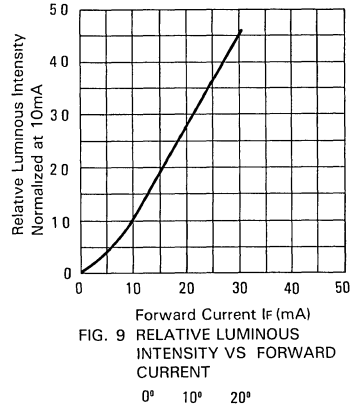


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

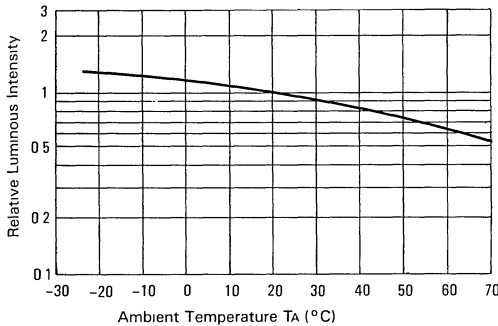


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

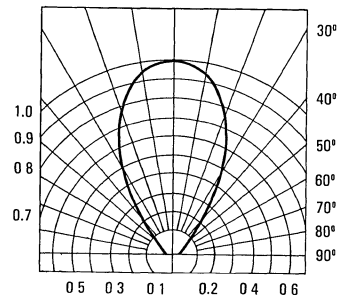


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	10233 10253 10233W 10253W	1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	5.6 12.6 5.6 12.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	10233 10253 10233W 10253W		60 60 60 60		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	10233 10253 10233W 10253W		565 585 565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	10233 10253 10233W 10253W		30 35 30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	10233 10253 10233W 12053W		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	10233 10253 10233W 10253W			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	10233 10253 10233W 10253W		35 15 35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

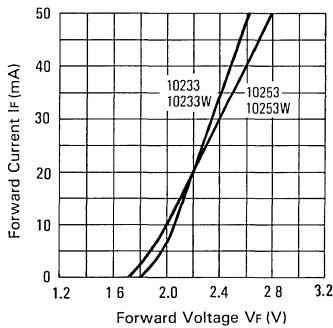


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

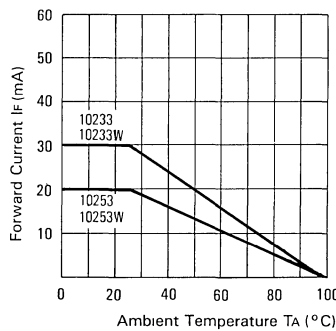


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

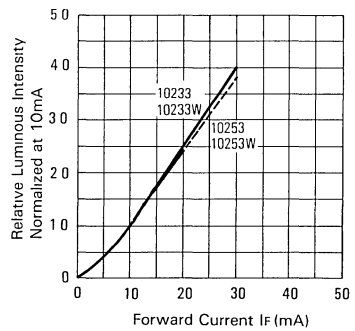


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

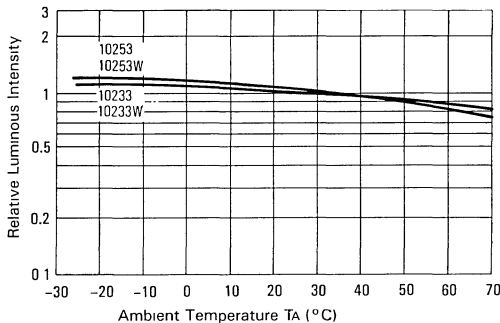


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

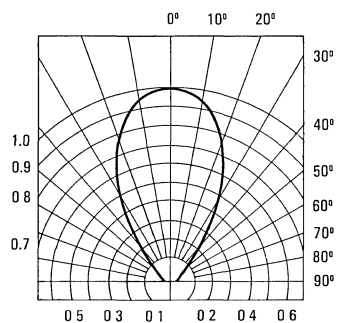


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	10293W	1.7	5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	10293W		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

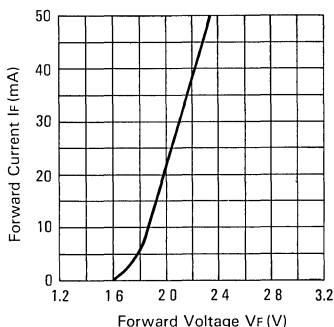


FIG. 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

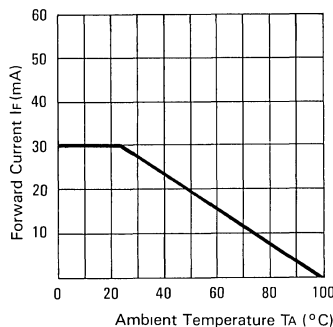


FIG. 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

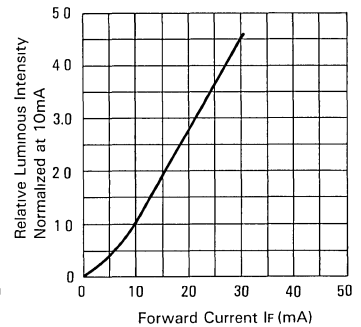


FIG. 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

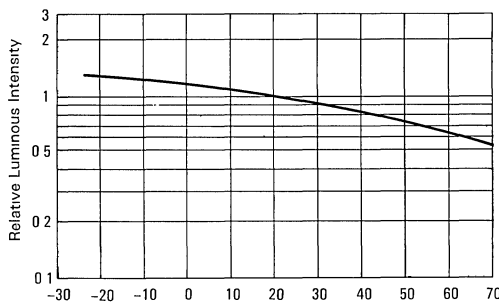


FIG. 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

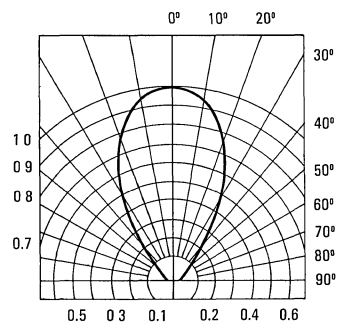


FIG. 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



LOW PROFILE T-1 3/4 LED LAMPS

LTL-5203 RED

LTL-5233 GREEN

LTL-5223 HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-5253 YELLOW

FEATURES

- HIGH INTENSITY LIGHT SOURCE WITH TWO LENSES EFFECTS.
- RED, GREEN AND YELLOW COLORS AVAILABLE.
- LOW PROFILE.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

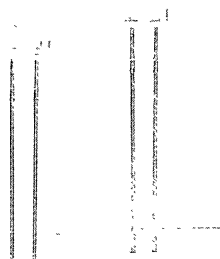
The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

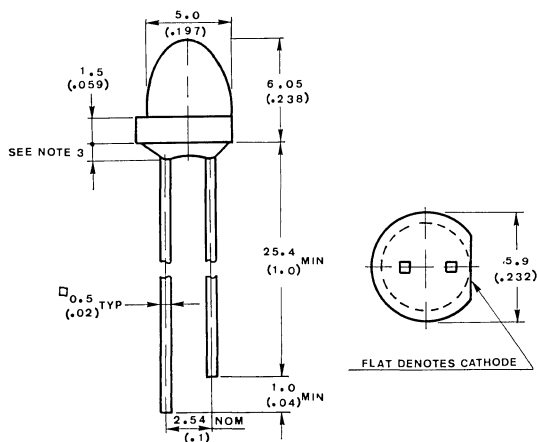
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
5203	Red	Diffused	Red
5223	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
5233	Green	Diffused	Green
5253	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	HI. EFF. RED	GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	100	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	120	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C				
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

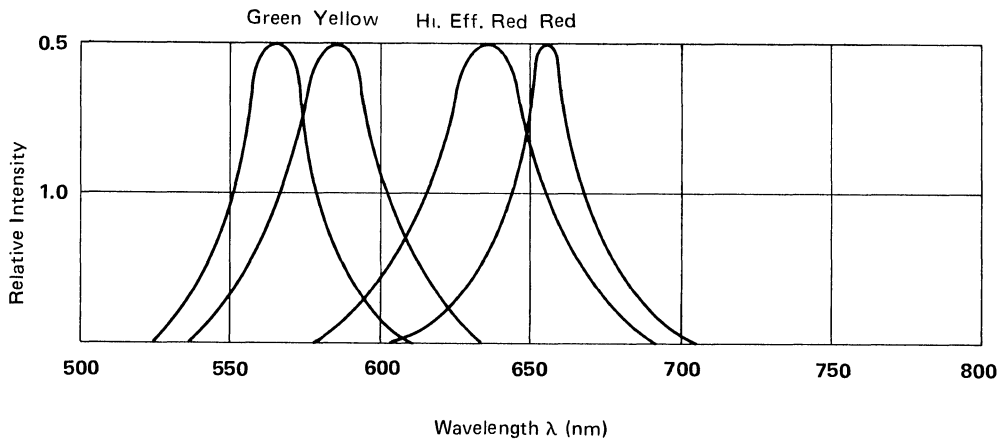


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL- v	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	5203 5223	0.2 1.0	0.5 4.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	5203 5223		64 64		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	5203 5223		655 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	5203 5223		24 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	5203 5223		1.7 2.0	2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	5203 5223			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	5203 5223		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

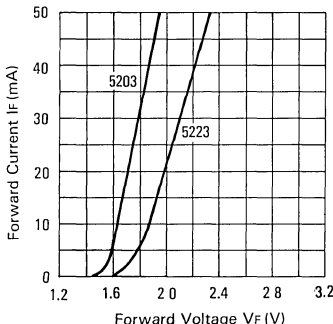


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

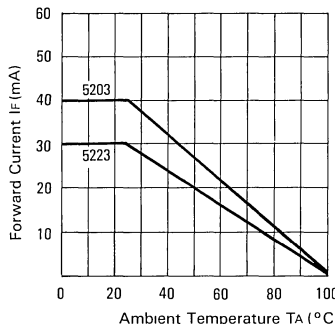


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

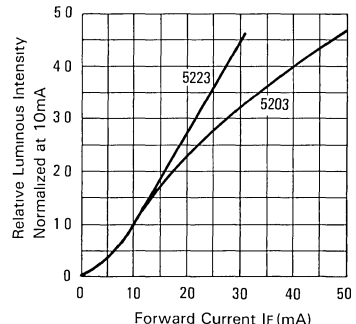


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

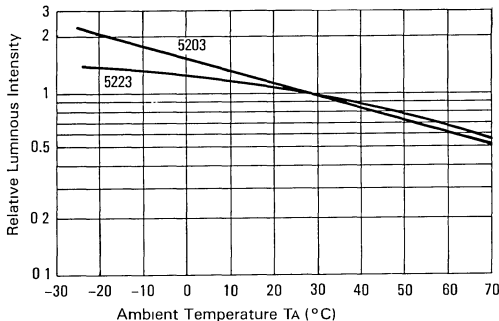


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

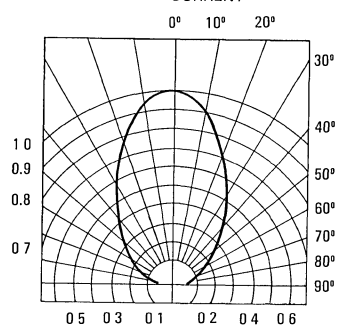


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	5233 5253	1.0 1.0	4.0 4.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	5233 5253		64 64		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	5233 5253		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	5233 5253		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	5233 5253		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	5233 5253			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	5233 5253		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

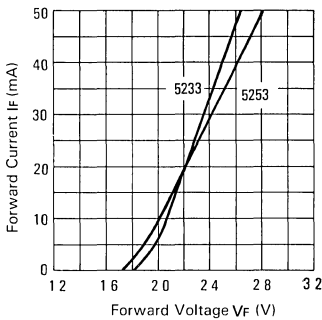


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

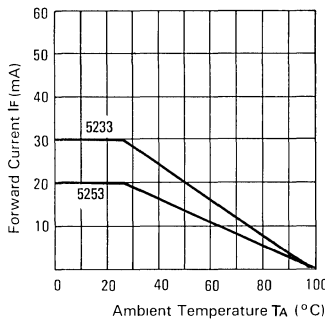


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

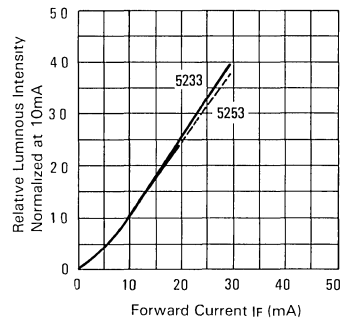


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

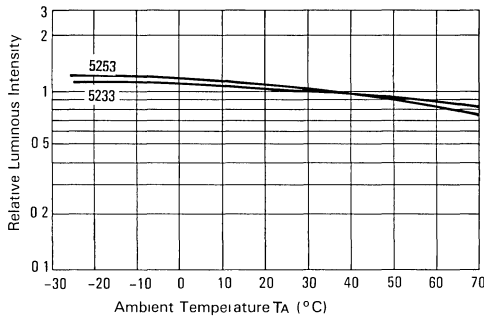


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

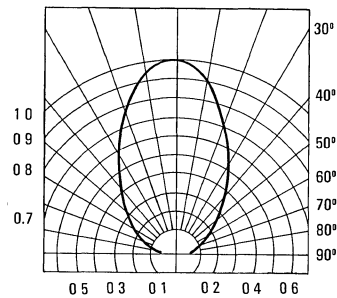


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



(1.8mm) DOT POINT LED LAMPS

LTL-709R RED

LTL-709Y YELLOW

LTL-709E HIGH EFFICIENCY RED LTL-709EA ORANGE

LTL-709L GREEN

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

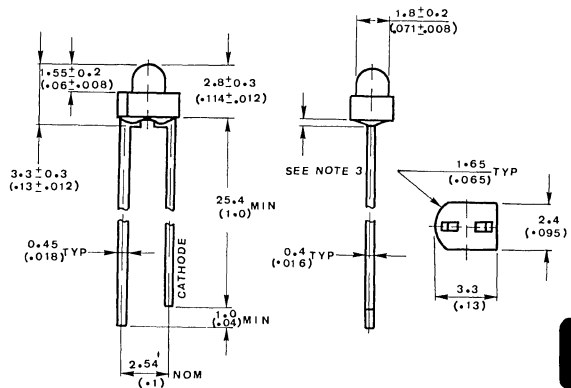
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL—	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
709R	Red	Diffused	Red
709E	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
709L	Green	Diffused	Green
709Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
709EA	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1 μ s Pulse Width)	200	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C				
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

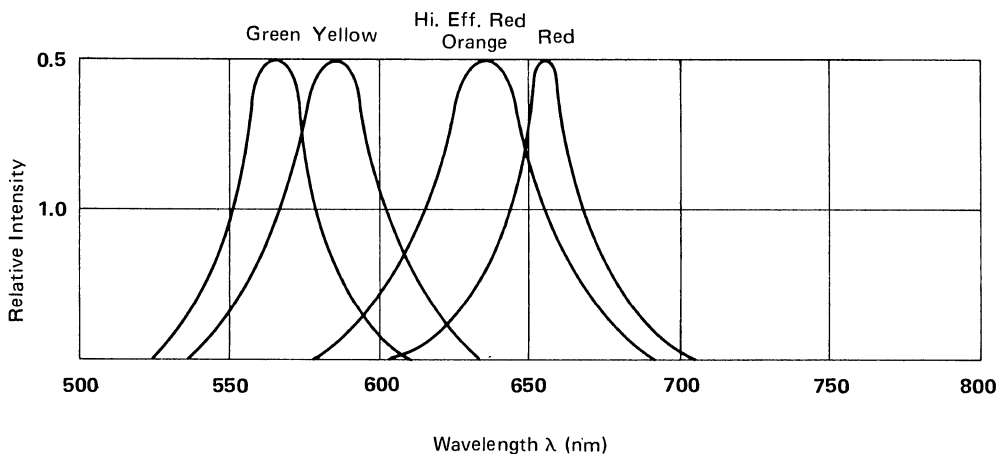


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	709R 709E	0.3 0.7	0.7 3.0		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	709R 709E		25° 38°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6) (Fig.11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	709R 709E		655 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	709R 709E		24 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	709R 709E		1.7 2.0	2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	709R 709E			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	709R 709E		30 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

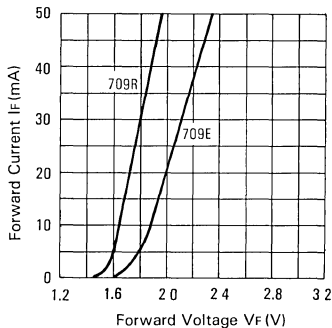


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

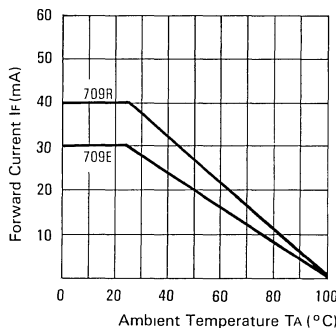


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

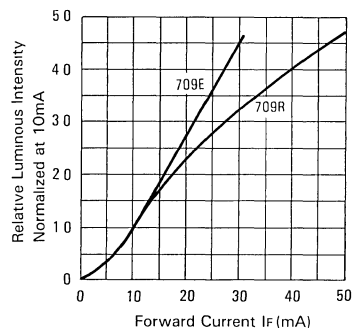


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

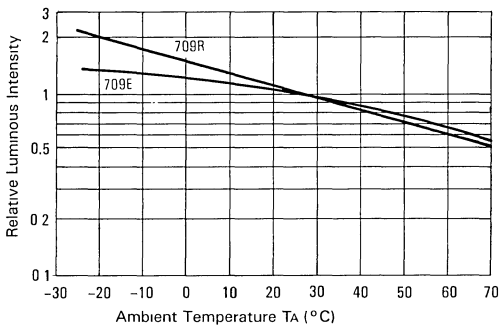


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

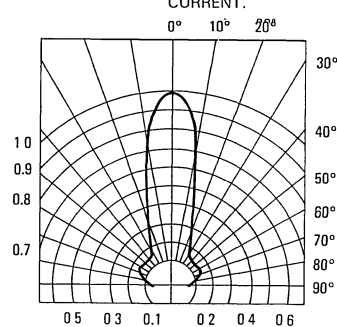


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	709L 709Y	0.5 1.1	1.5 3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	709L 709Y		38°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	709L 709Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	709L 709Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	709L 709Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	709L 709Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	709L 709Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

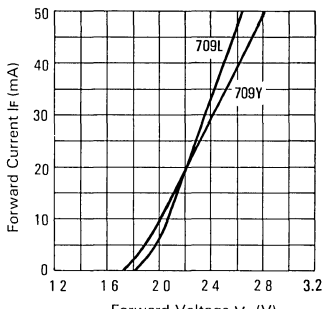


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

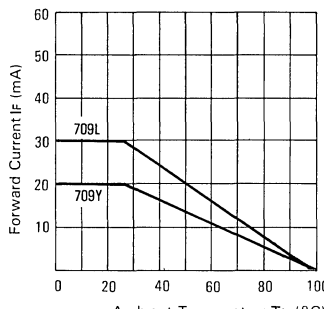


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

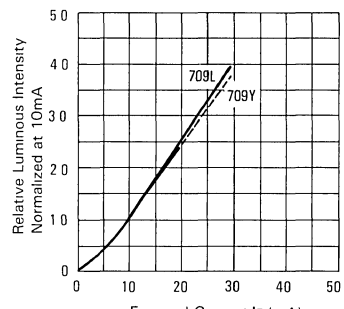


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

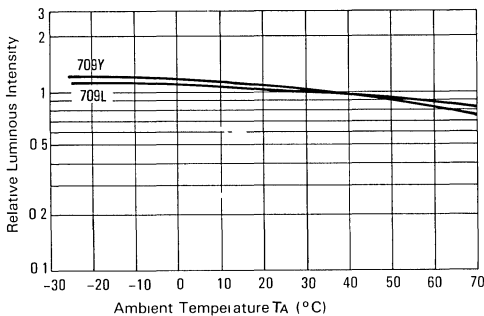


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

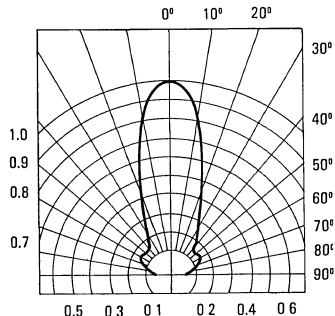


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	709EA	1.1	3.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	709EA		38°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

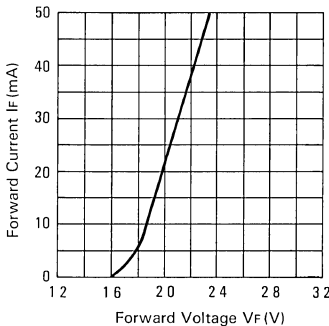


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

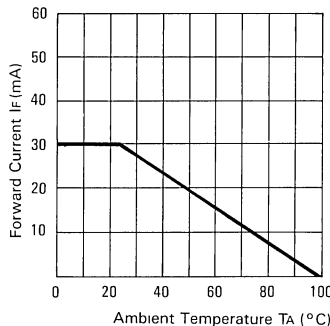


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

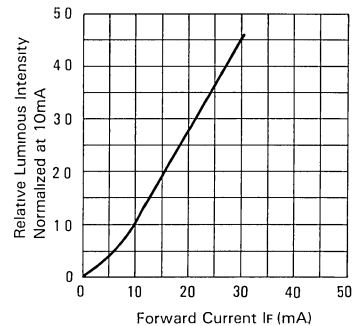


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

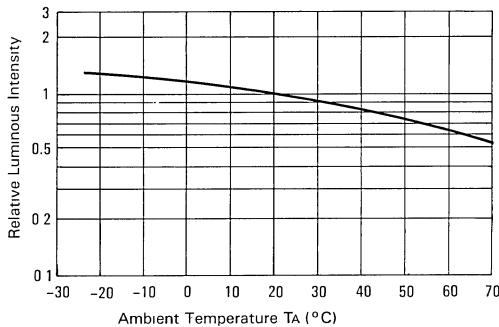


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

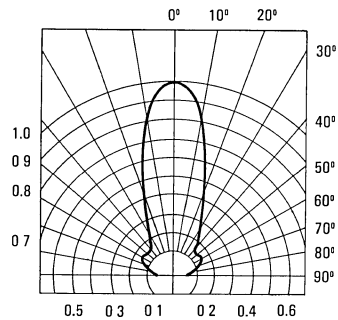


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS



LED PANEL DOT INDICATORS

LTL-1204A/717R	RED	LTL-1254A/717Y	YELLOW
LTL-1214A/717P	BRIGHT RED	LTL-1274A/717A	AMBER
LTL-1224A/717HR	HIGH EFFICIENCY RED	LTL-1294A	ORANGE
LTL-1234A/717G	GREEN		

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- SUITABLE FOR PULSED OPERATION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE AUDIO PANEL INDICATOR.
- FITS 2mm HOLE IN PANELS UP TO 4.5 mm (0.177") THICK.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

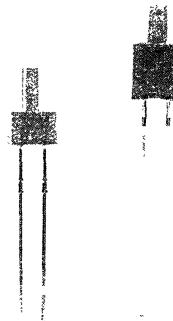
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

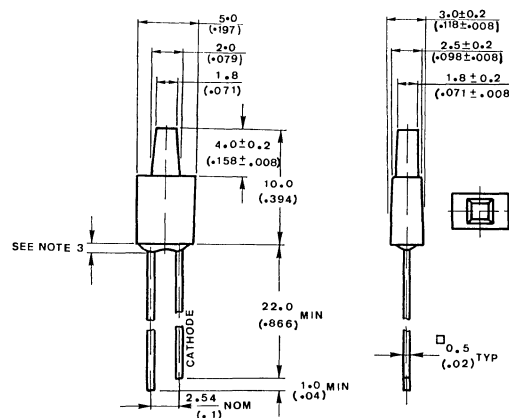
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

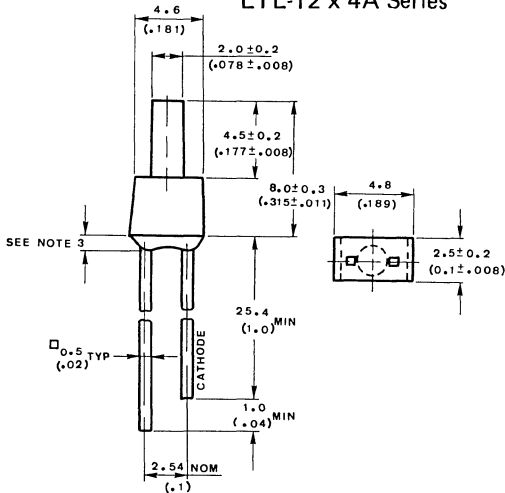
LTL-717 x Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LTL-12 x 4A Series



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
1204A	Red	Diffused	Red
1214A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
1224A	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
1234A	Green	Diffused	Green
1254A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
1274A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
1294A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
717R	Red	Diffused	Red
717P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
717HR	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
717G	Green	Diffused	Green
717Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
717A	Amber	Diffused	Amber

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

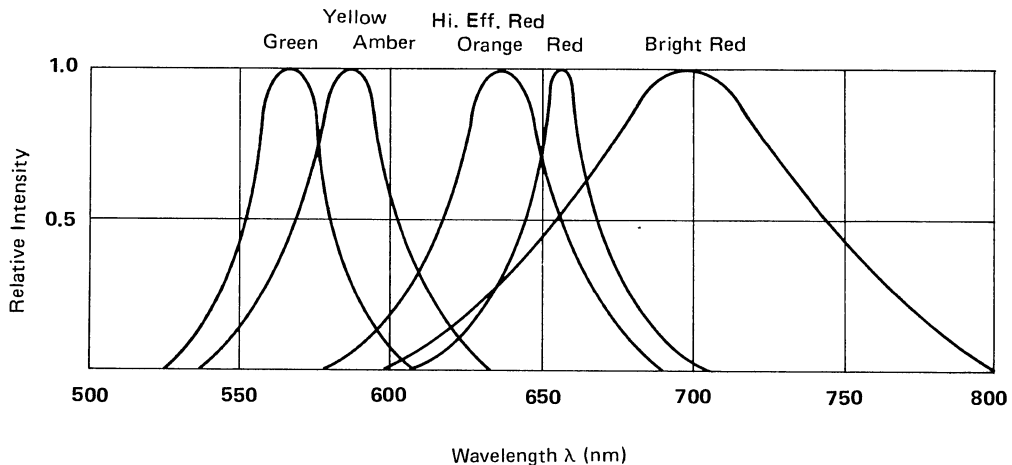


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	1204A 1214A 717R 717P	0.06 0.2 0.06 0.2	0.1 0.6 0.1 0.6		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	1204A 1214A 717R 717P		120 120 110 110		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	1204A 1214A 717R 717P		655 697 655 697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	1204A 1214A 717R 717P		24 90 24 90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	1204A 1214A 717R 717P		1.7 2.1 1.7 2.1	2.0 2.8 2.0 2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	1204A 1214A 717R 717P			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	1204A 1214A 717R 717P		30 55 30 55		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

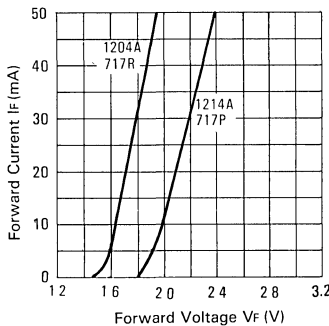


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

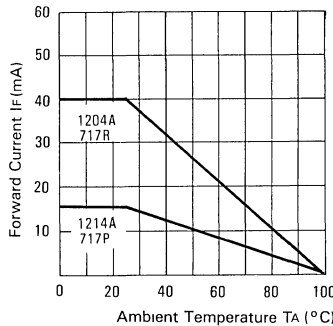


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

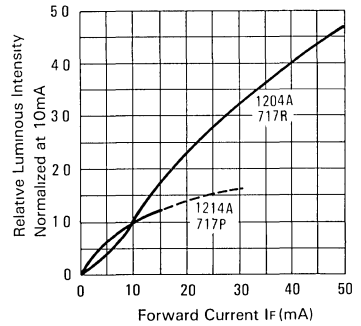


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

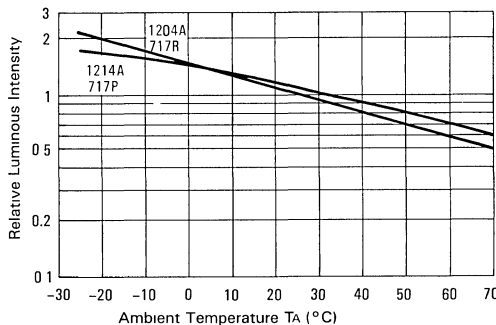


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

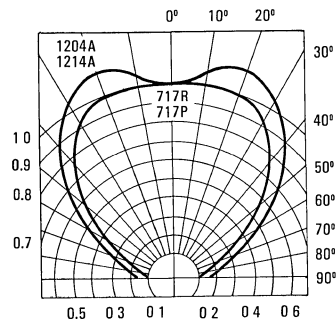


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	1224A 717HR	0.4 0.4	1.3 1.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	1224A 717HR		120 110		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	1224A 717HR		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	1224A 717HR		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	1224A 717HR		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	1224A 717HR			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	1224A 717HR		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

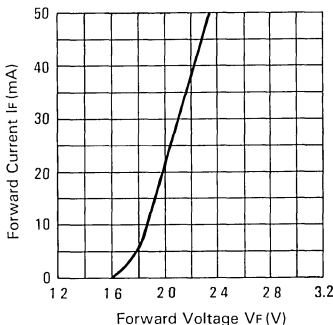


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

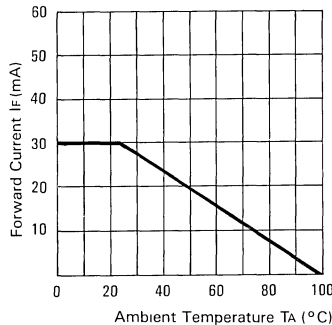


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

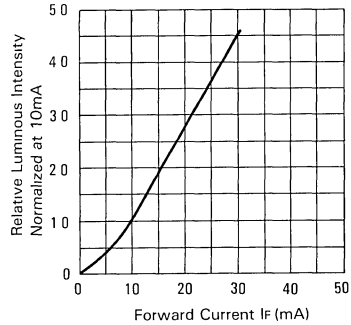


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

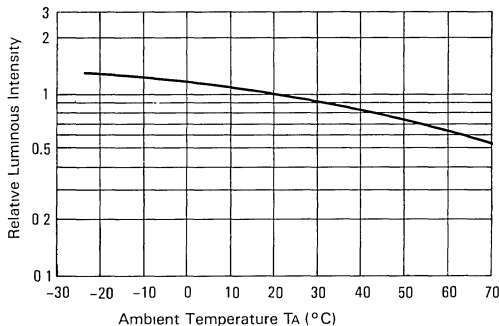


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

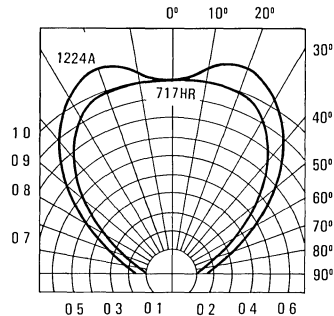


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.7	1.3 1.0 1.7 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y		120 120 110 110		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y		565 585 565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y		30 35 30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	1234A 1254A 717G 717Y		35 15 35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

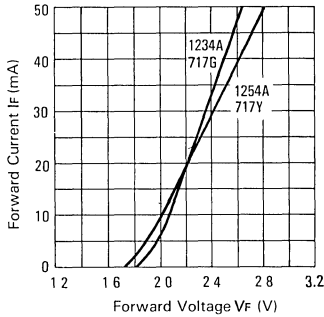


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

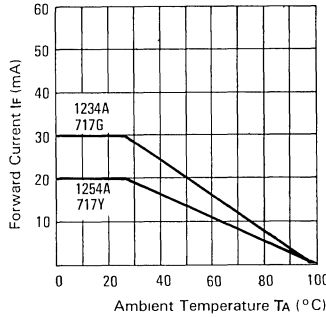


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

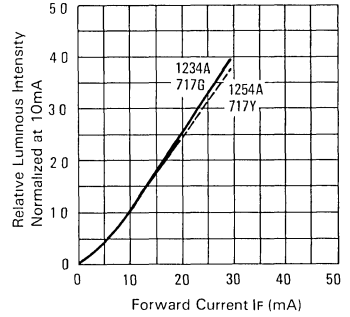


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

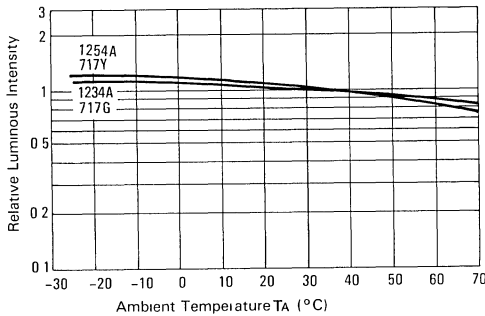


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

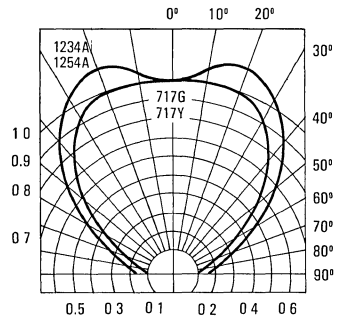


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	1274A 1294A 717A	0.3 0.4 0.5	1.0 1.3 1.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	1274A 1294A 717A		120 120 110		deg.	Note (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	1274A 1294A 717A		600 630 600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	1274A 1294A 717A		35 40 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	1274A 1294A 717A		2.1 2.0 2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	1274A 1294A 717A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	1274A 1294A 717A		15 20 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

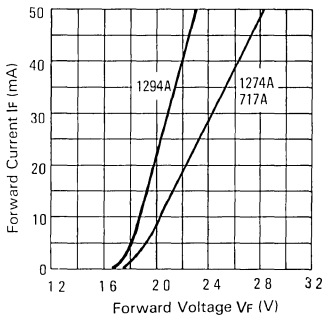


FIG 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

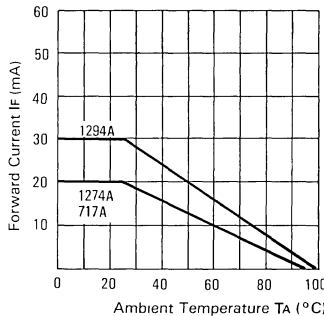


FIG 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

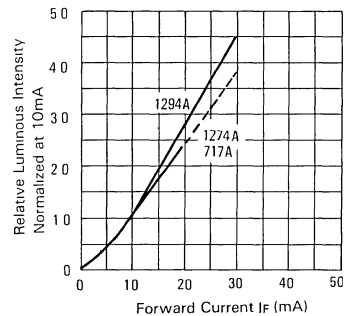


FIG 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

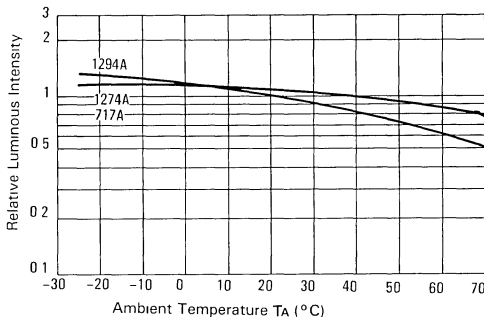


FIG 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

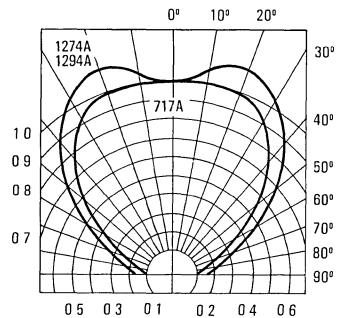


FIG 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





1.5×5.0 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-723R RED
 LTL-723P BRIGHT RED
 LTL-723HR HIGH EFFICIENCY RED
 LTL-723G GREEN
 LTL-723Y YELLOW
 LTL-723A AMBER

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- SUITABLE FOR PULSED OPERATION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE AUDIO PANEL INDICATOR.
- FITS 1.5x5 mm HOLE IN PANELS UP TO 3.5 mm THICK.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

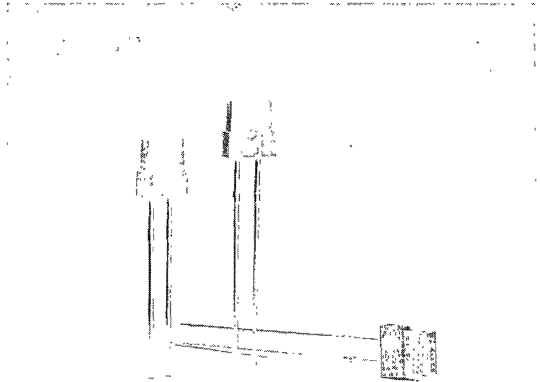
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

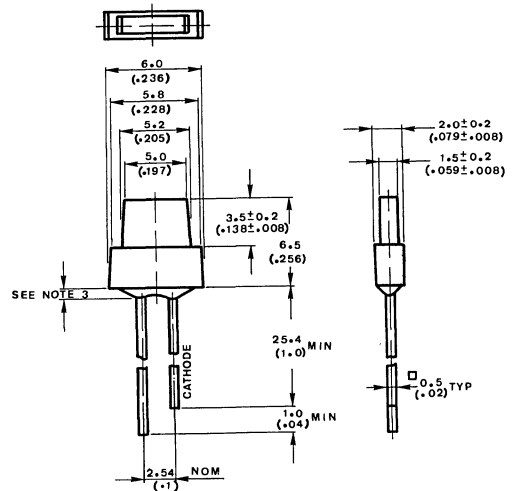
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	COLOR
723R	Red	Diffused	Red
723P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
723HR	Red	Diffused	Hi, Eff. Red
723G	Green	Diffused	Green
723Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
723A	Amber	Diffused	Amber

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

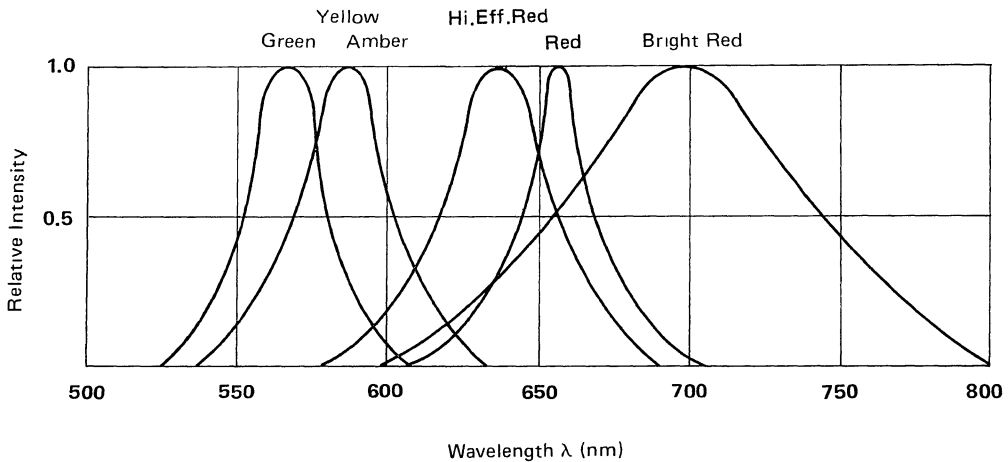


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT.	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	723R 723P 723E	0.1 0.3 0.5	0.3 0.7 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	723R 723P 723E		88°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	723R 723P 723E		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	723R 723P 723E		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	723R 723P 723E		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.0 2.8 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	723R 723P 723E			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	723R 723P 723E		30 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

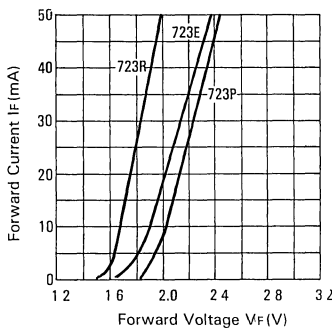


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

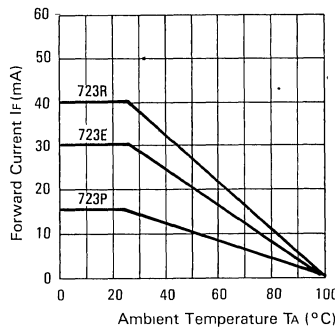


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

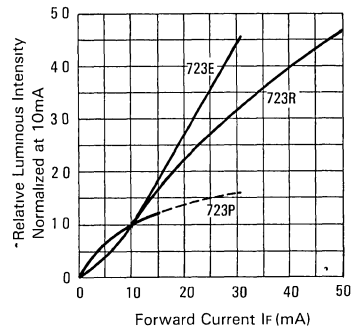


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

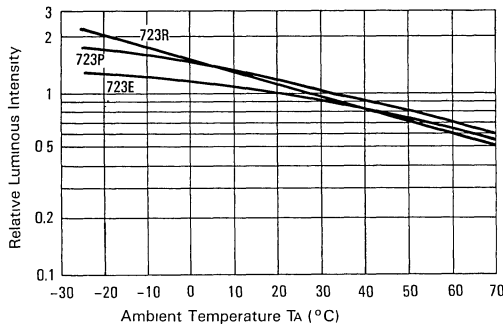


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

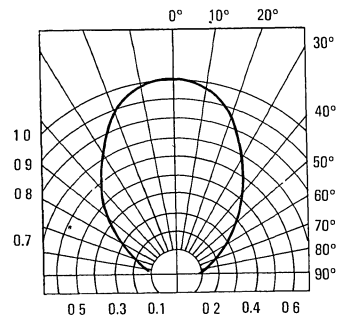


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT.	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	723G 723Y	0.7 0.7	2.5 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	723G 723Y		88°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	723G 723Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	723G 723Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	723G 723Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	723G 723Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	723G 723Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

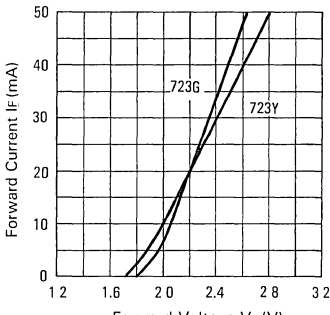


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

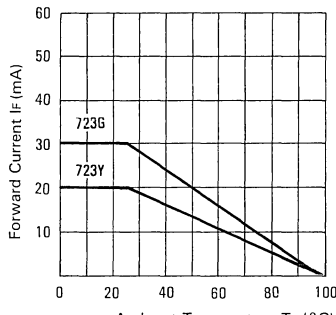


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

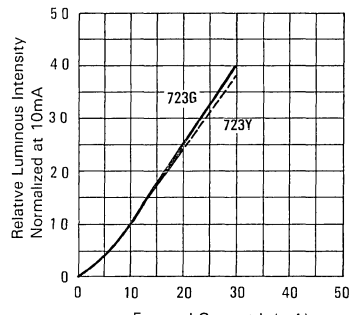


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT
FIG 6

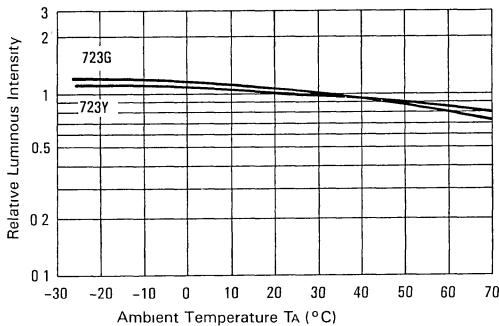


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

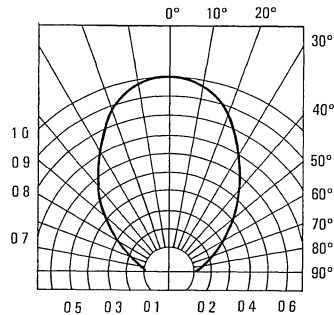


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT.	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	723A	0.7	2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	723A		88		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

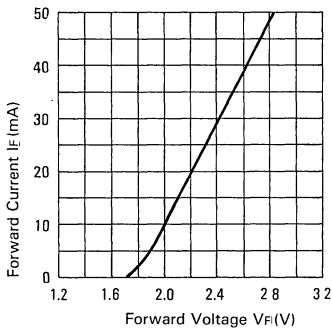


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

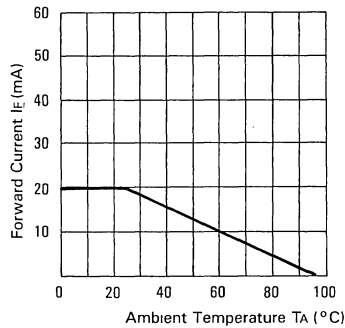


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

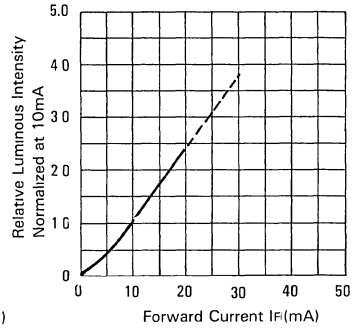


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

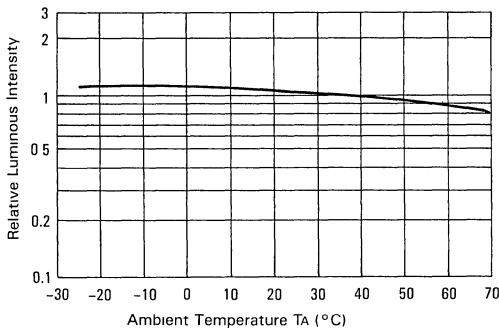


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

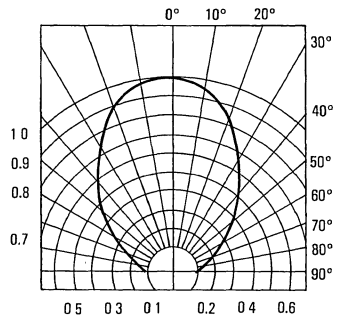


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2x5 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-757P BRIGHT RED

LTL-757G GREEN

LTL-757E HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-757Y YELLOW

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

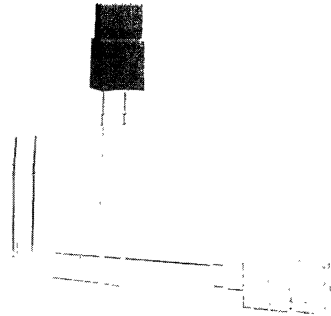
The High Efficiency Red source color Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

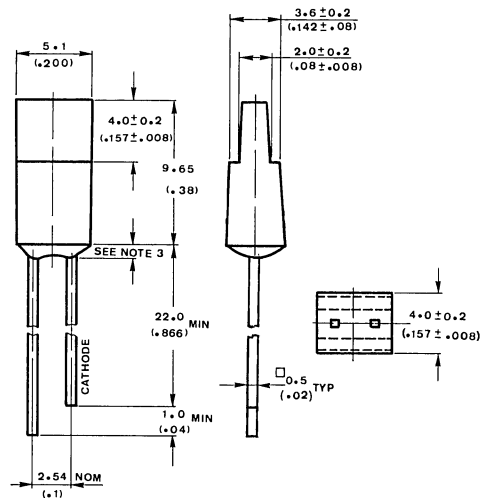
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
757P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
757E	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
757G	Green	Diffused	Green
757Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm ($.010$ "') unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5 mm ($.059$ "') max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

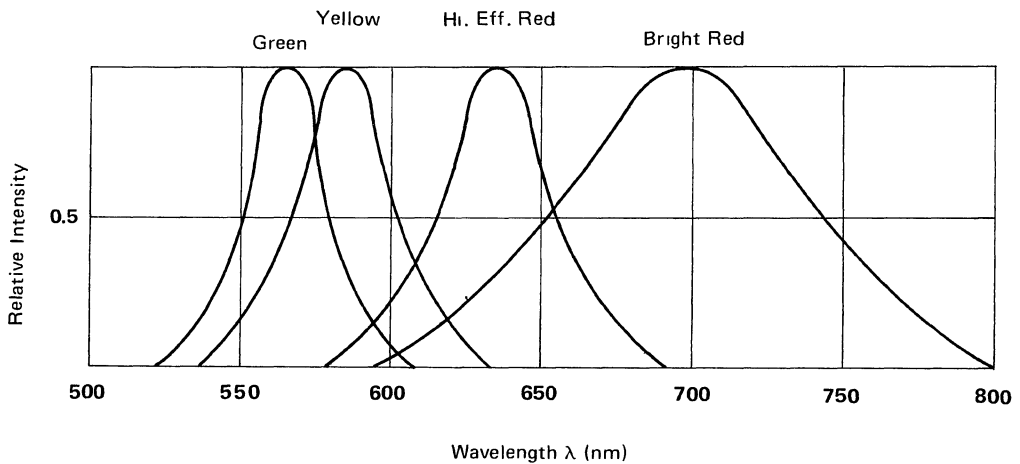


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	757P 757E	0.1 0.4	0.4 1.1		mcd	IF = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	757P 757E		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λPEAK	757P 757E		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	757P 757E		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	757P 757E		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	IF = 20 mA
Reverse Current	IR	757P 757E			100	μA	VR = 5V
Capacitance	C	757P 757E		55 20		PF	VF = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

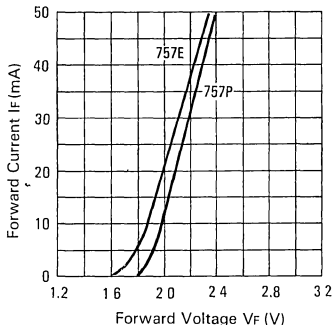


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

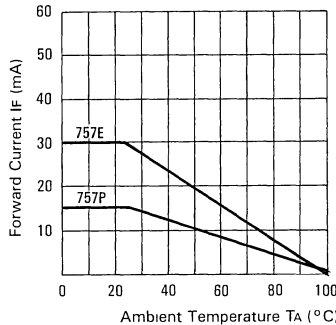


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

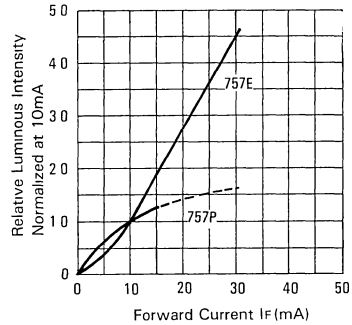


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

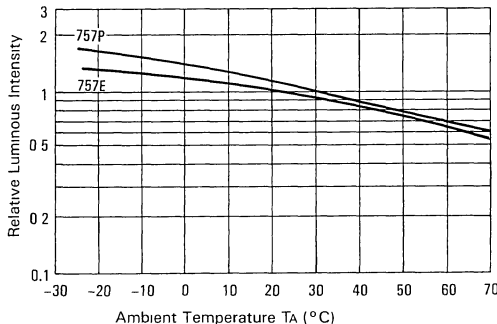


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

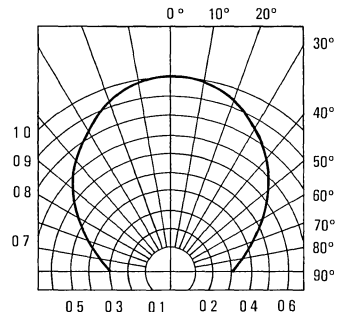


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	757G 757Y	0.6 0.7	1.7 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	757G 757Y		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	757G 757Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	757G 757Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	757G 757Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	757G 757Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	757G 757Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

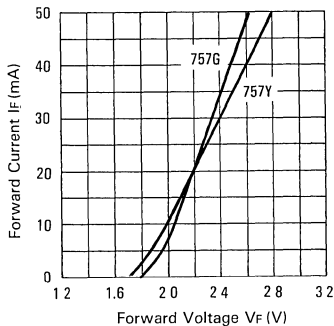


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

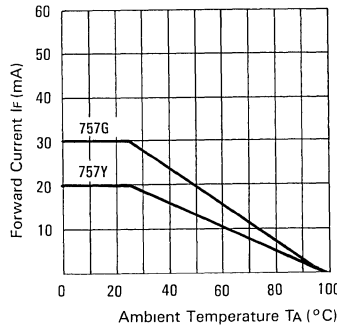


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

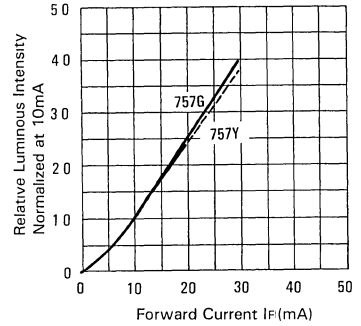


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

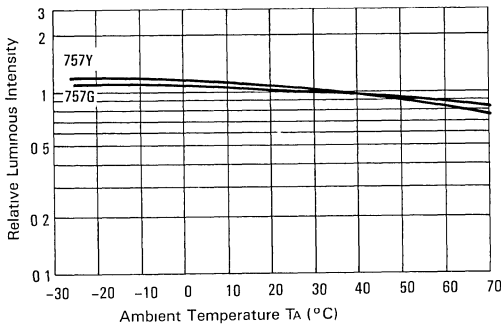


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

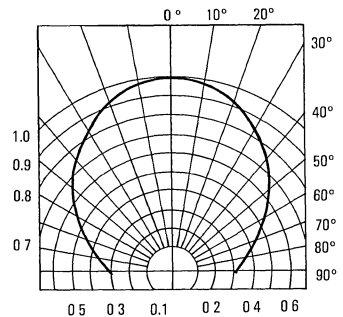


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2x5 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-767P BRIGHT RED

LTL-767G GREEN

LTL-767E HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-767Y YELLOW

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

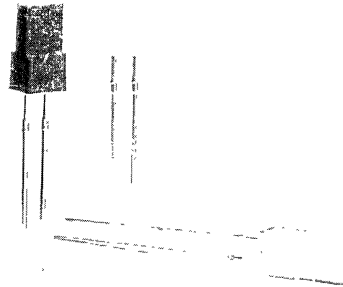
DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

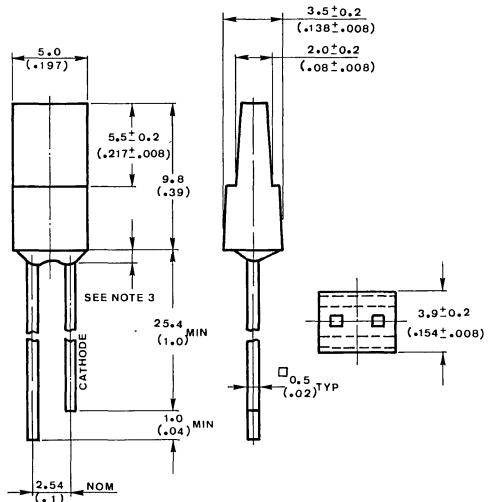
The High Efficiency Red Source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
767P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
767E	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
767G	Green	Diffused	Green
767Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.EFF.RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

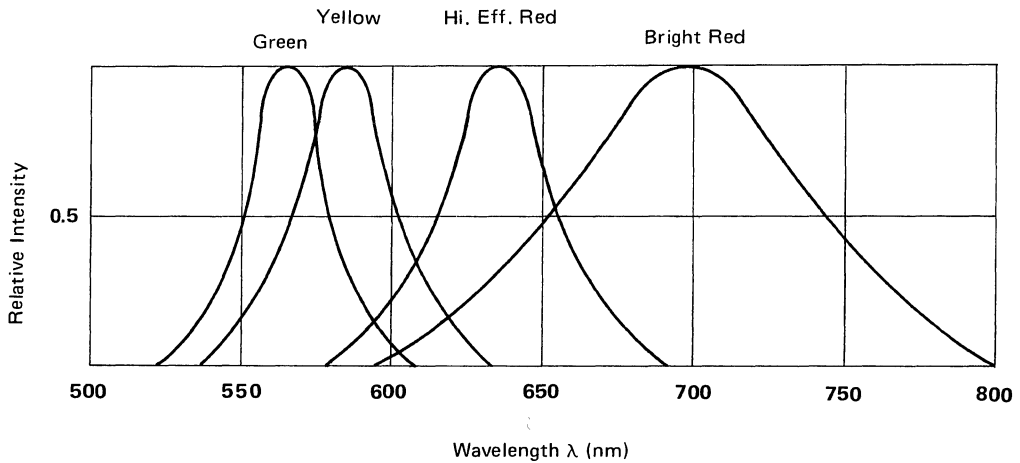


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	767P 767E	0.1 0.6	0.4 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	767P 767E		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	767P 767E		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	767P 767E		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	767P 767E		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	767P 767E			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	767P 767E		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

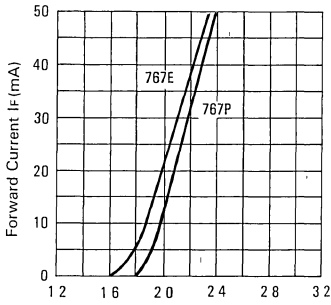


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

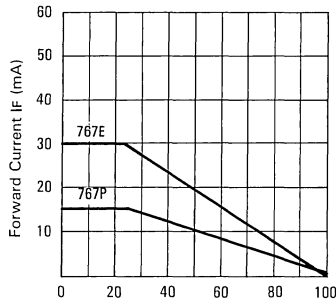


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

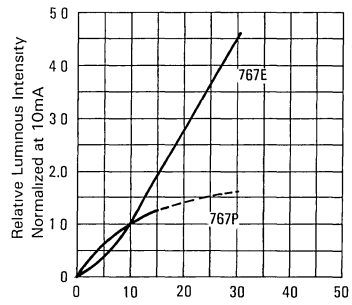


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

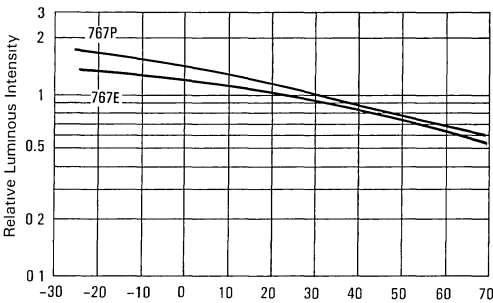


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

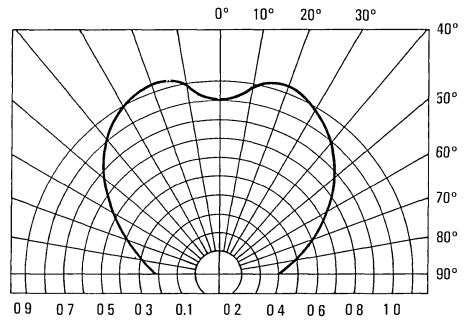


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	767G 767Y	0.4 0.5	1.0 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	767G 767Y		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	767G 767Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	767G 767Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	767G 767Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	767G 767Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	767G 767Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES
1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

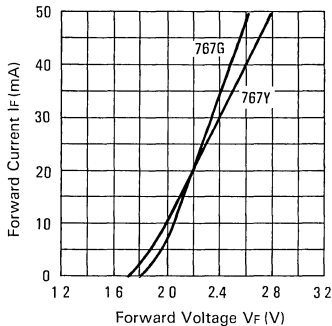


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

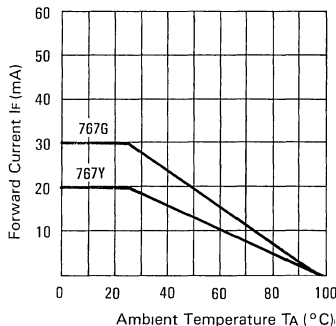


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

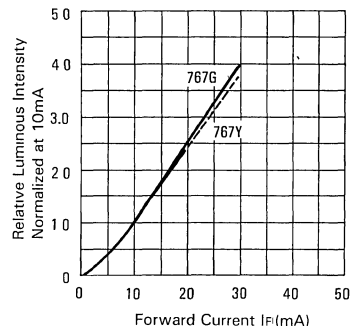


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

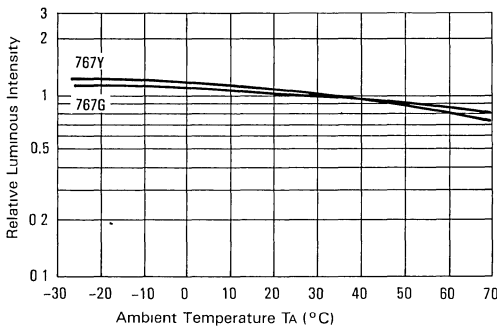


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

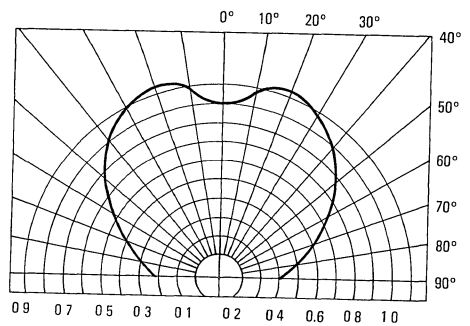


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ARROWHEAD POINTERS LED LAMPS

LTL-8212A BRIGHT RED

LTL-8252A YELLOW

LTL-8222A HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-8292A ORANGE

LTL-8232A GREEN

FEATURES

- HIGH VISIBILITY POINT SOURCE.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR DIRECTION INDICATOR OF TAPE RECORDER.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE/LOW CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.

DESCRIPTION

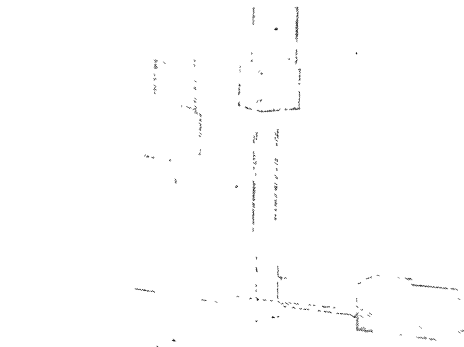
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

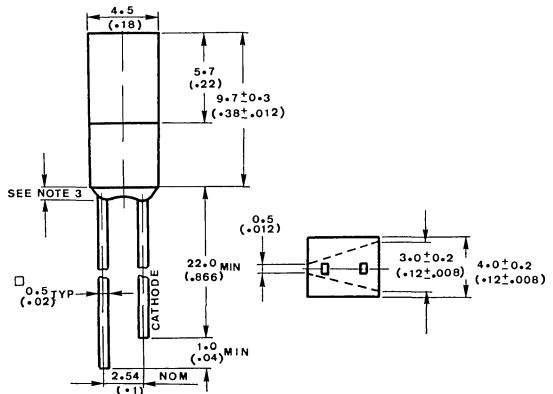
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
8212A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
8222A	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
8232A	Green	Diffused	Green
8252A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
8292A	Orange	Diffused	Orange



PACKAGE DIMENSION



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

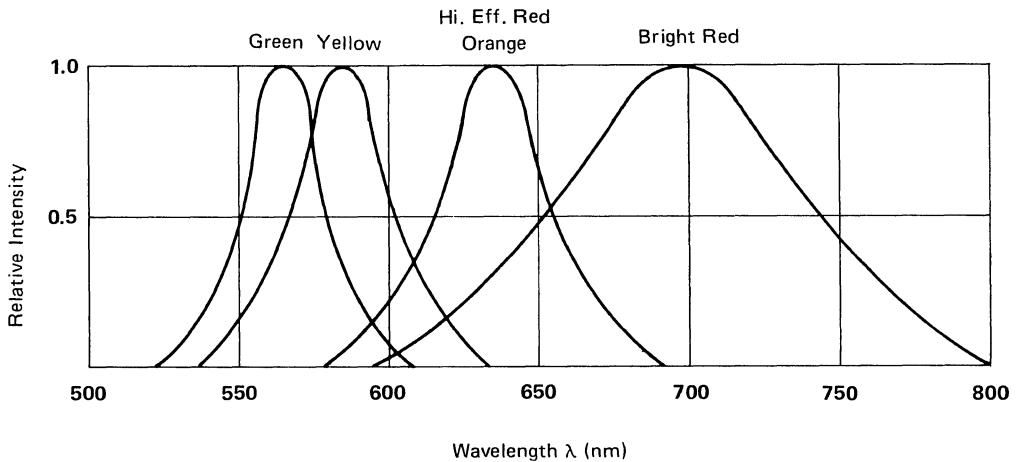


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	8212A 8222A	0.2 0.4	0.6 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	8212A 8222A		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	8212A 8222A		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	8212A 8222A		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	8212A 8222A		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	8212A 8222A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	8212A 8222A		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

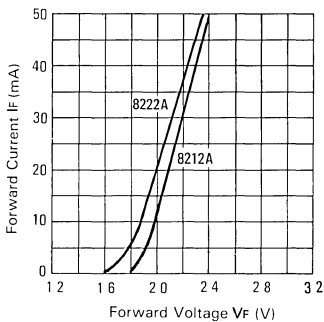


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

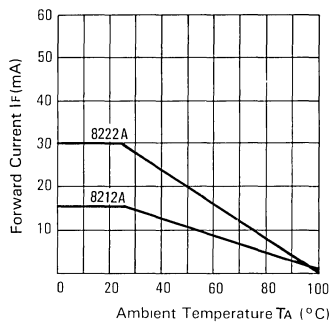


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

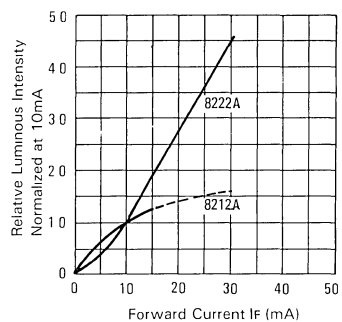


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

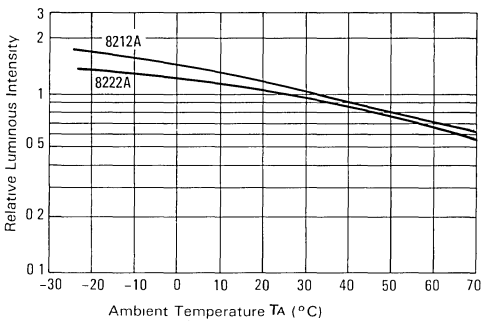


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

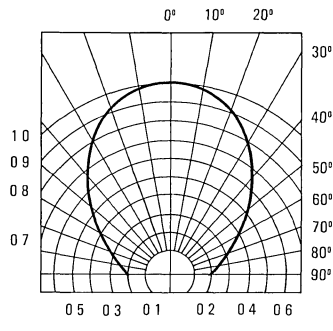


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	8232A 8252A	0.4 0.4	1.1 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	8232A 8252A		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	8232A 8252A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	8232A 8252A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	8232A 8252A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	8232A 8252A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	8232A 8252A		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

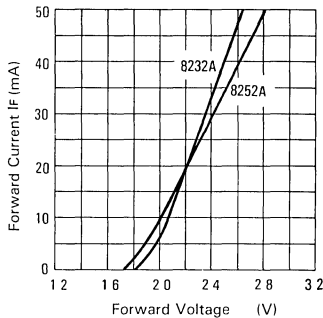


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

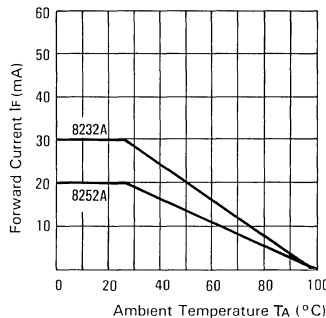


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

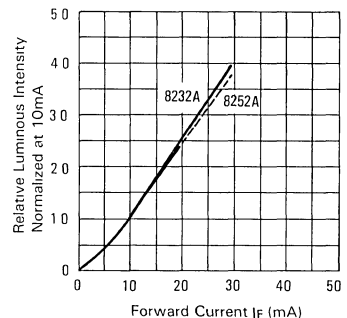


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

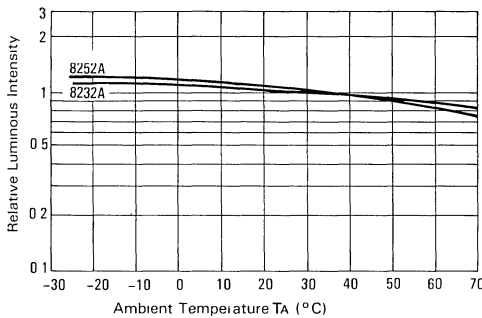


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

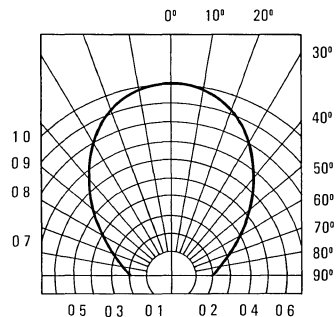


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	8292A	0.5	1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	8292A		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

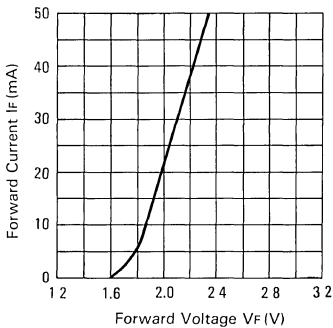


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

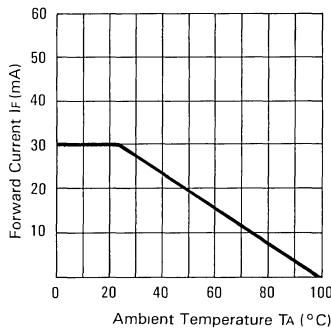


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

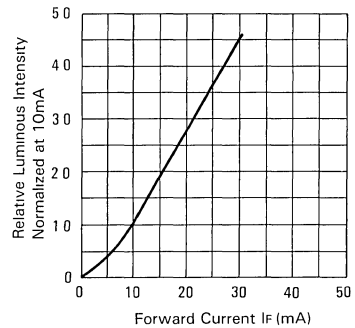


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

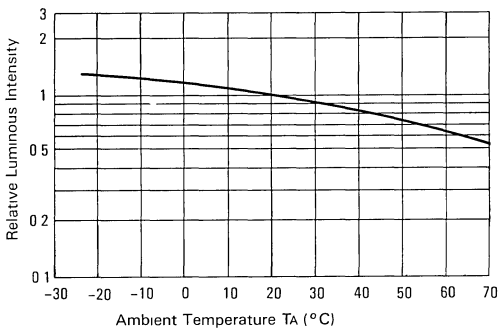


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

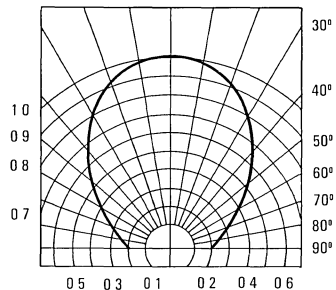


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





(3mm) CYLINDRICAL LED LAMPS

LTL- 2201AL RED
 LTL- 2211AL BRIGHT RED
 LTL- 2221AL HIGH EFFICIENCY RED
 LTL- 2231AL GREEN

LTL- 2251AL YELLOW
 LTL- 2271AL AMBER
 LTL- 2291AL ORANGE

FEATURES

- CYLINDRICAL SHAPE.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW COST.

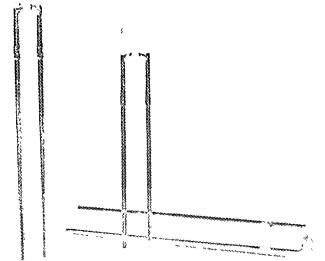
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

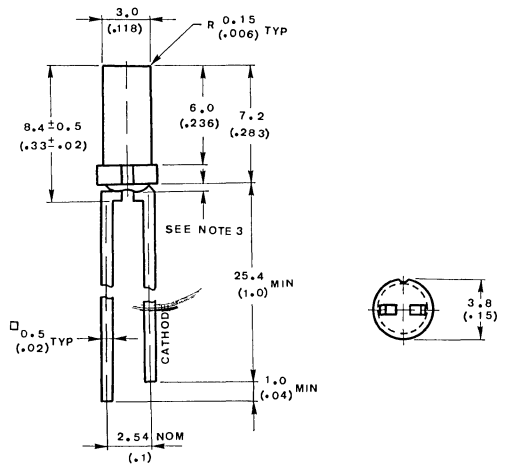
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-22 x 1AL Series



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
2201AL	Red	Diffused	Red
2211AL	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
2221AL	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
2231AL	Green	Diffused	Green
2251AL	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
2271AL	Amber	Diffused	Amber
2291AL	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	HI.EFF.RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

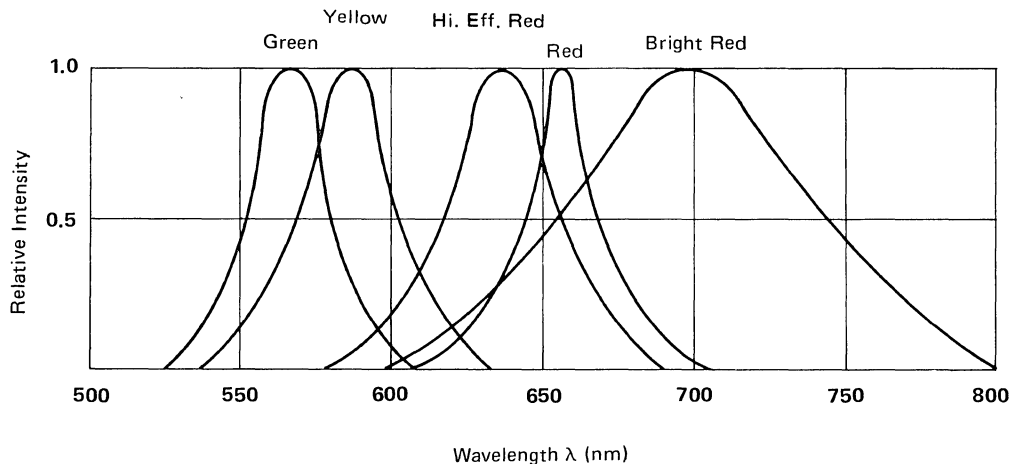


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2201AL 2211AL	0.1 0.4	0.2 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2201AL 2211AL		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2201AL 2211AL		655 697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2201AL 2211AL		24 90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2201AL 2211AL		1.7 2.1	2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2201AL 2211AL			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	2201AL 2211AL		30 55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

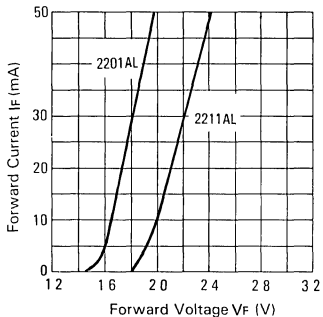


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

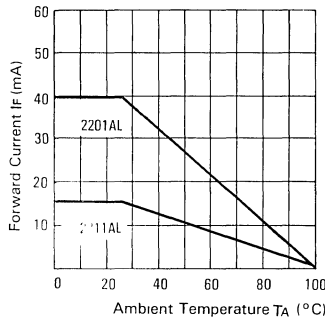


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

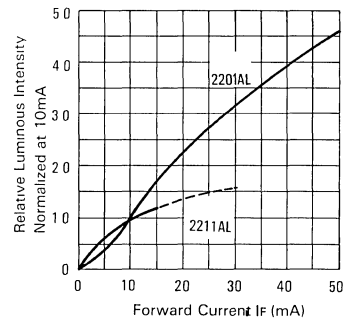


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

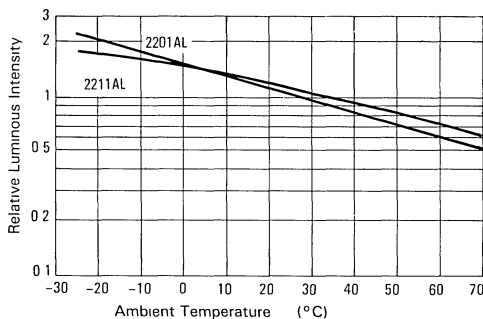


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

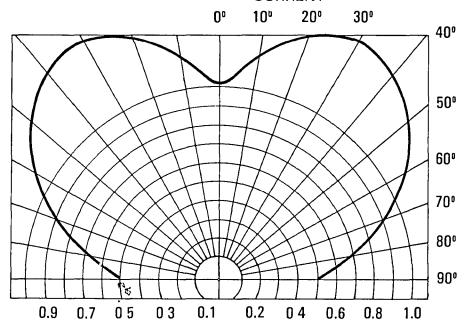


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2221AL	0.5	1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2221AL		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2221AL		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2221AL		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2221AL		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2221AL			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	2221AL		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

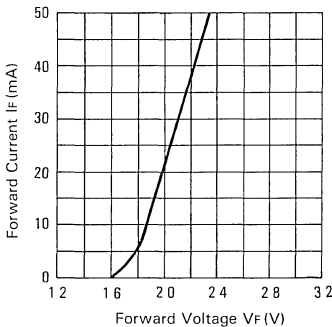


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

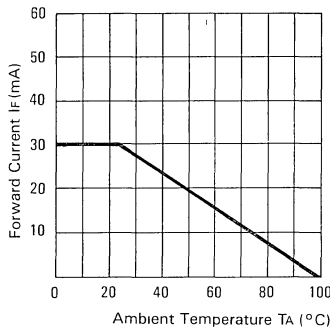


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

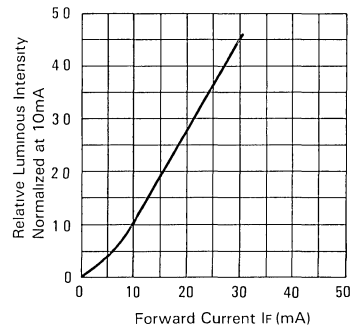


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

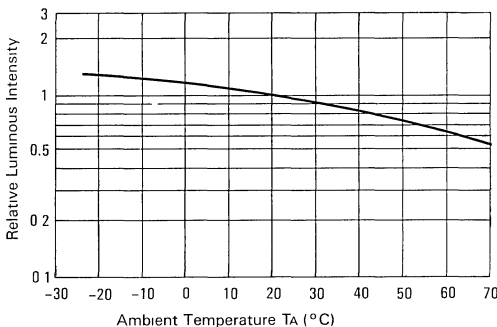


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

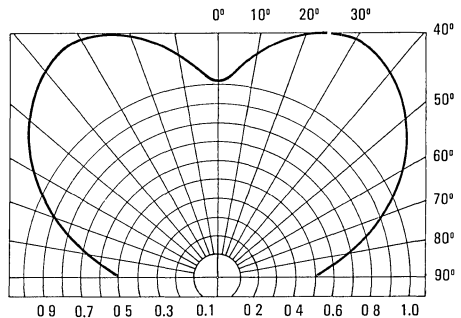


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2231AL 2251AL	0.6 0.7	1.7 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2231AL 2251AL		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2231AL 2251AL		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2231AL 2251AL		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2231AL 2251AL		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2231AL 2251AL			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	2231AL 2251AL		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

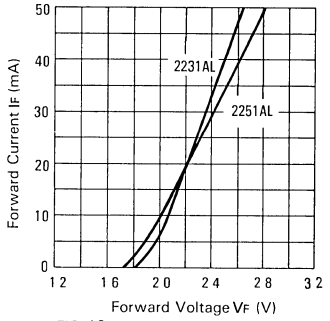


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

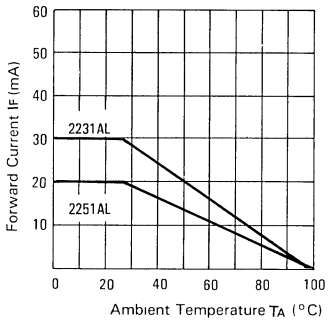


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

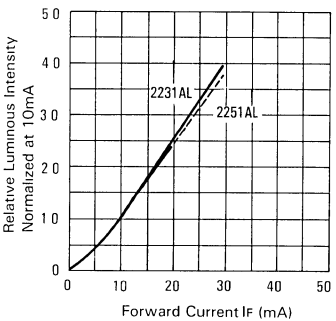


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

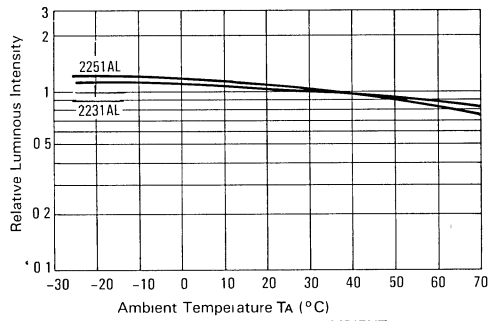


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

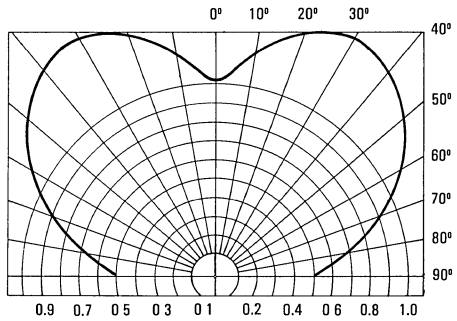


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2271AL 2291AL	0.7 0.5	2.5 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2271AL 2291AL		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2271AL 2291AL		600 630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2271AL 2291AL		35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2271AL 2291AL		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2271AL 2291AL			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	2271AL 2291AL		15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

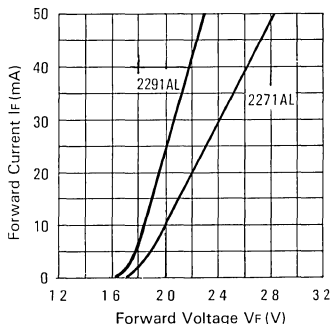


FIG 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

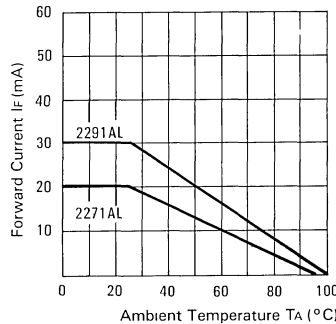


FIG 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

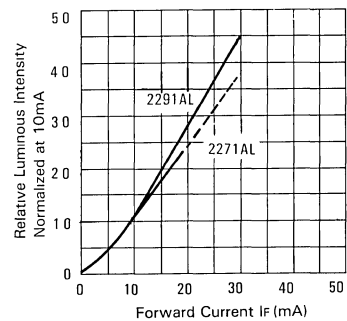


FIG 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

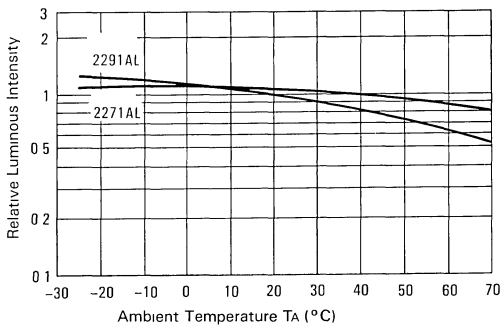


FIG 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

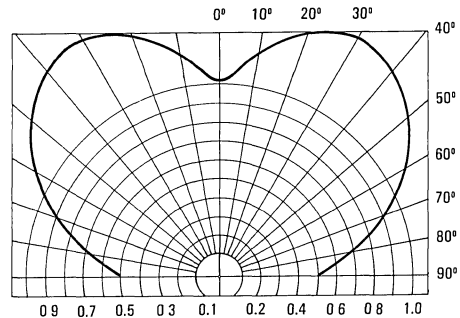


FIG 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



(5mm) CYLINDRICAL LED LAMPS

LTL-2203A RED

LTL-2213A BRIGHT RED

LTL-2223A HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-2233A GREEN

LTL-2253A YELLOW

LTL-2293A ORANGE

FEATURES

- CYLINDRICAL SHAPE.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

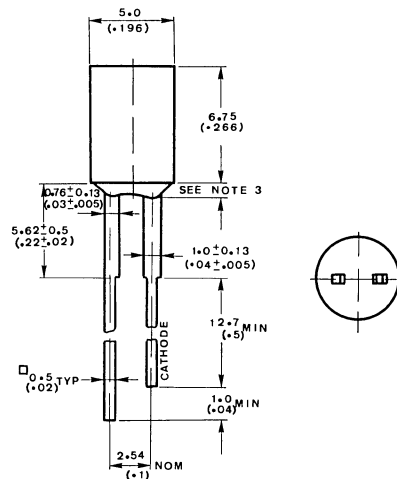
The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
2203A	Red	Diffused	Red
2213A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
2223A	Red	Diffused	Hi.Eff. Red
2233A	Green	Diffused	Green
2253A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
2293A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.EFF.RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Solering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

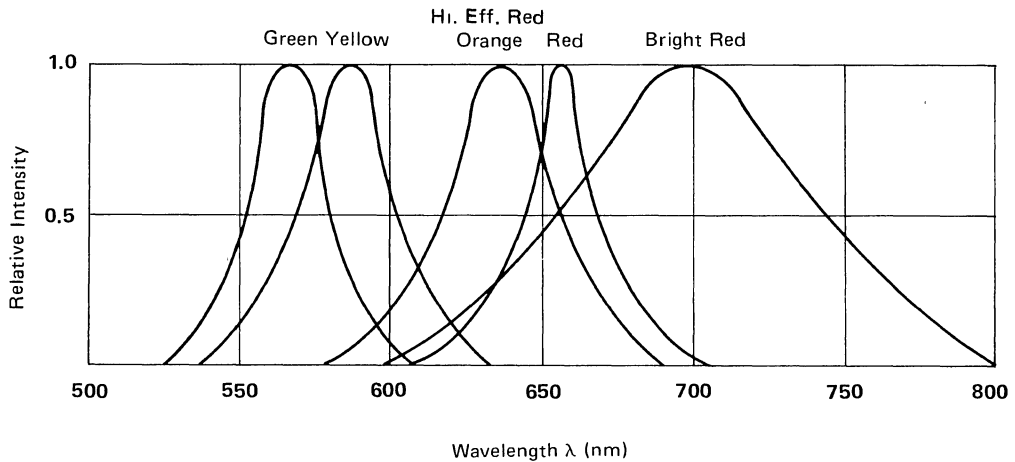


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2203A 2213A 2223A	0.08 0.1 0.4	0.2 0.3 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2203A 2213A 2223A		200		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2203A 2213A 2223A		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2203A 2213A 2223A		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2203A 2213A 2223A		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.0 2.8 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2203A 2213A 2223A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	2203A 2213A 2223A		30 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

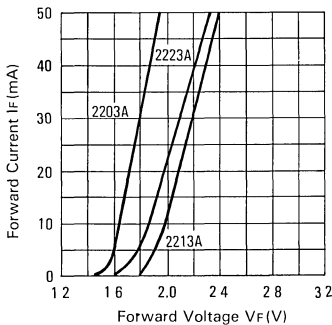


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

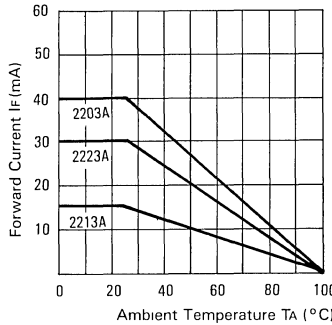


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

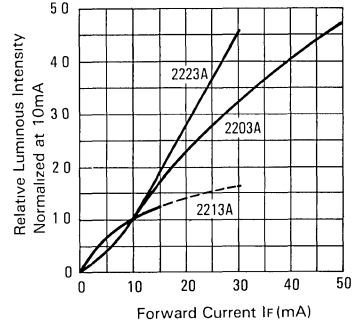


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

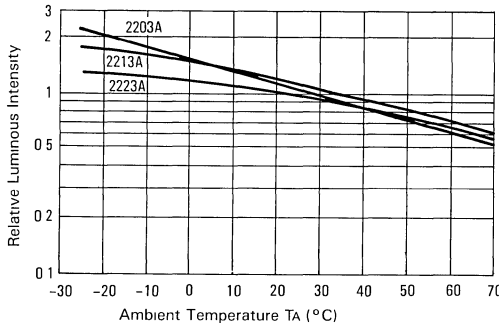


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

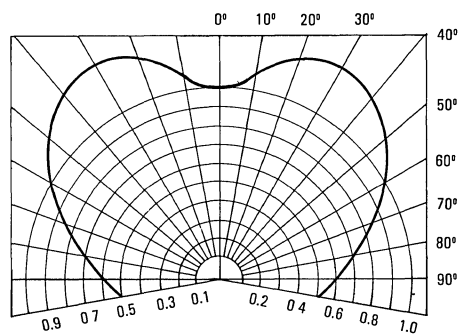


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	2233A 2253A	0.4 0.4	1.1 1.1		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	2233A 2253A		200		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	2233A 2253A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	2233A 2253A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	2233A 2253A		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	2233A 2253A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	2233A 2253A		35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

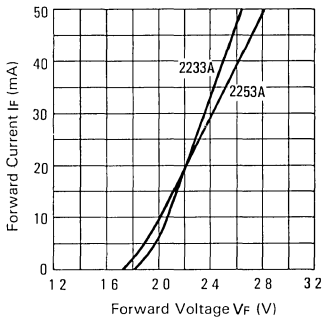


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

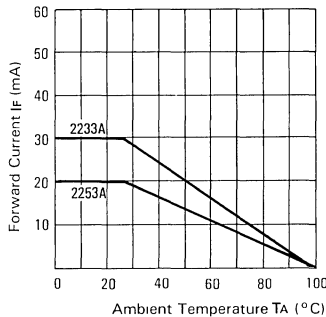


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

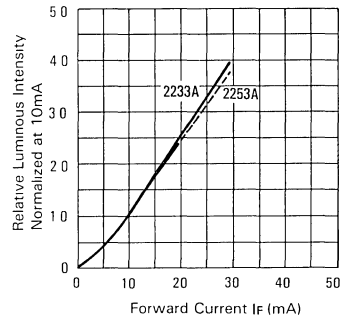


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

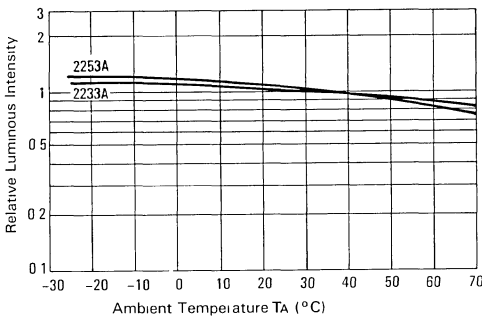


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

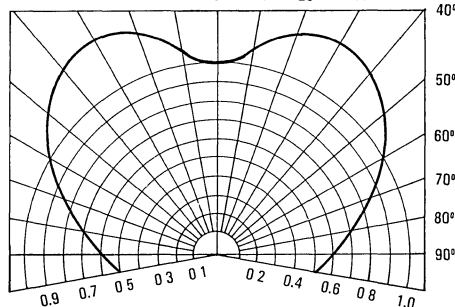


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	2293A	0.4	1.1		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	2293A		200		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F			2.0	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R				100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C			20		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

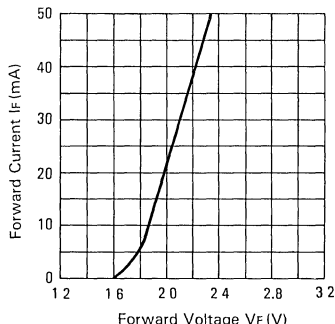


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

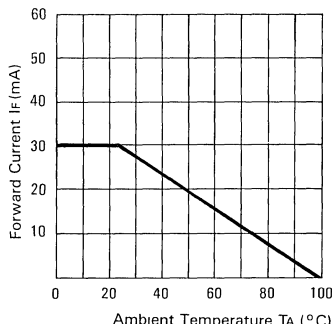


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

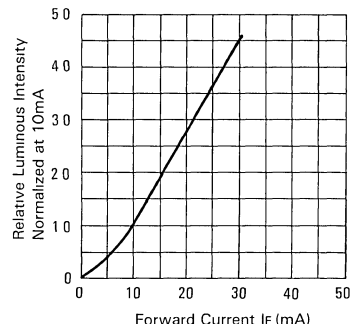


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

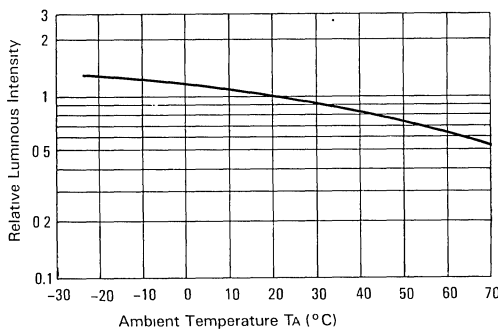


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

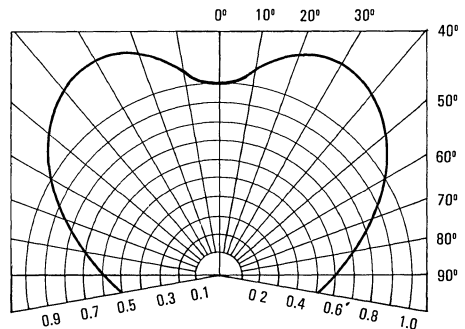


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



(5mm) CYLINDRICAL LED LAMPS

LTL-2214RT/ 2214WC BRIGHT RED LTL-2224RT HIGH EFFICIENCY RED
 LTL-2234GT/ 2234WC GREEN LTL-2294WC ORANGE
 LTL-2254YT/ 2254WC YELLOW

FEATURES

- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY
- LOW COST.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

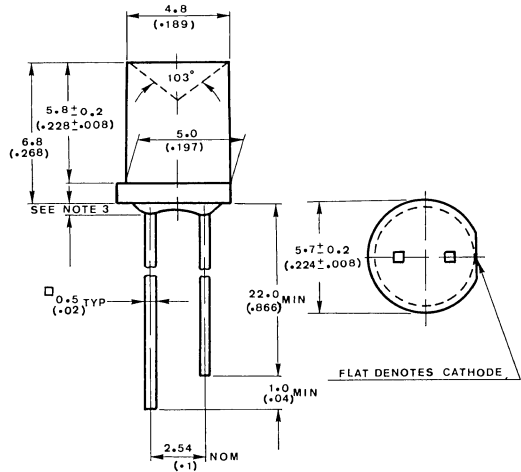
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
2214RT 2214WC	Red Water Clear	Transparent Non-Diffused	Bright Red
2234GT 2234WC	Green Water Clear	Transparent Non-Diffused	Green
2254YT 2254WC	Yellow Water Clear	Transparent Non-Diffused	Yellow
2224RT	Red	Transparent	Hi. Eff. Red
2294WC	Water Clear	Non-Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YEELOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +100 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

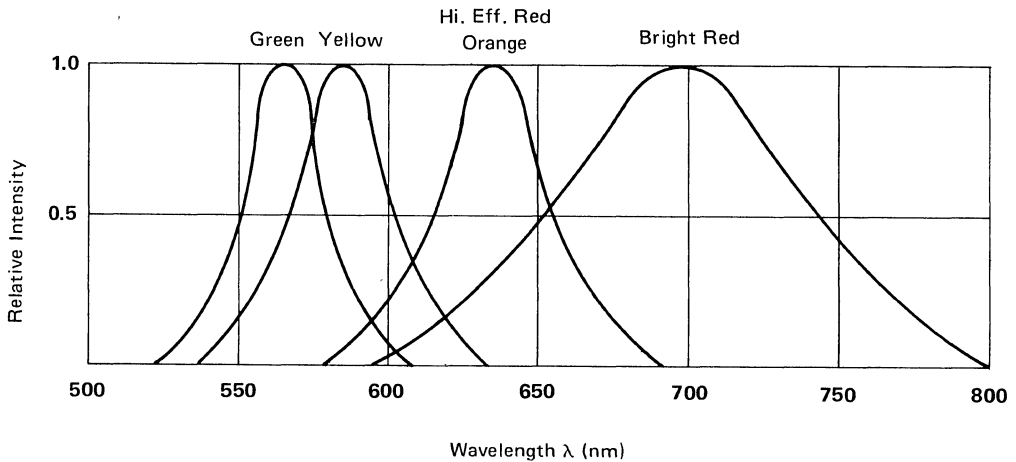


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2214RT 2214WC	0.2 0.2	0.4 0.4		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2214RT 2214WC		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2214RT 2214WC		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2214RT 2214WC		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2214RT 2214WC		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2214RT 2214WC			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	2214RT 2214WC		55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Éclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

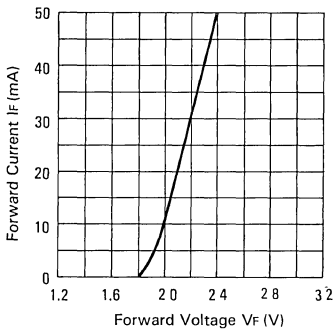


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

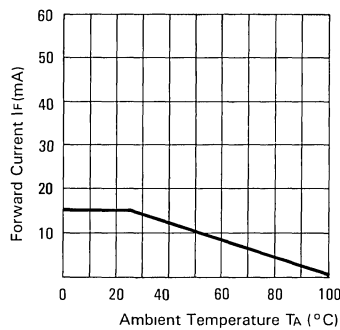


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

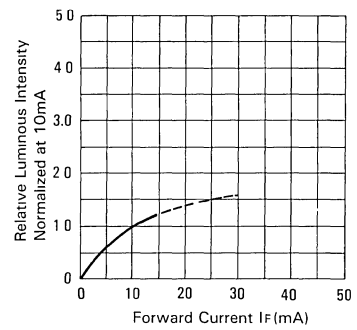


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

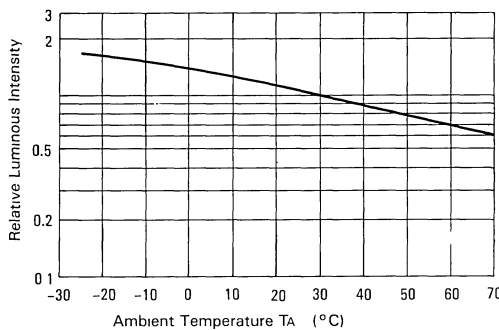


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

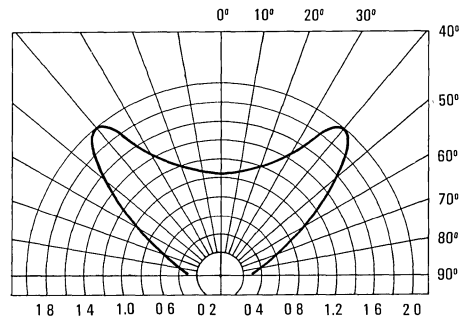


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC		565 565 585 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC		30 30 35 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	2234GT 2234WC 2254YT 2254WC		35 35 15 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

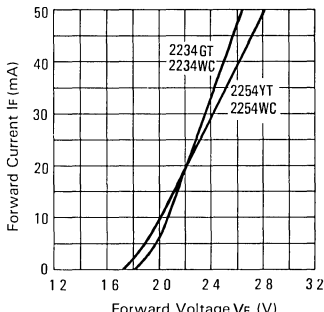


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

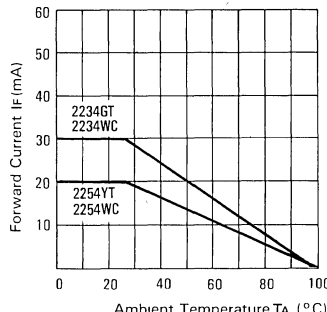


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

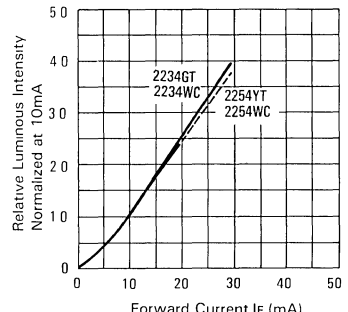


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

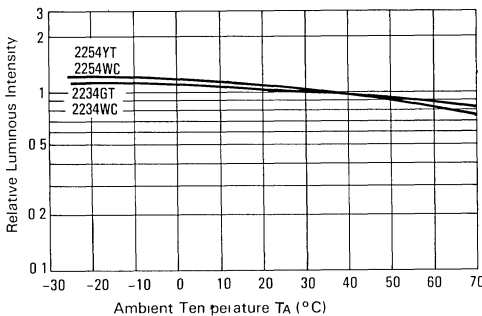


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

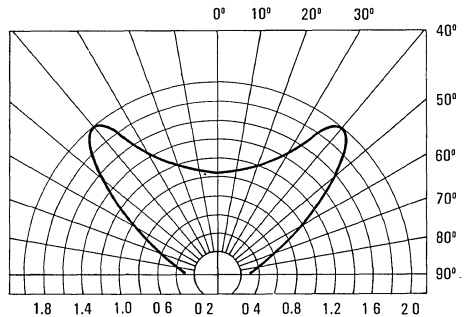


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	2224RT 2294WC	0.5 0.5	1.7 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	2224RT 2294WC		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	2224RT 2294WC		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	2224RT 2294WC		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	2224RT 2294WC		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	2224RT 2294WC			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	2224RT 2294WC		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

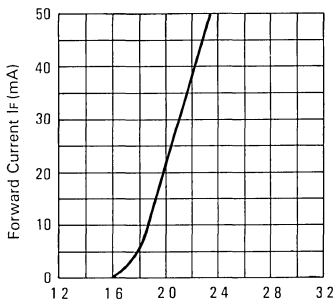


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

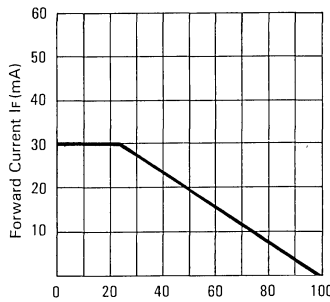


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

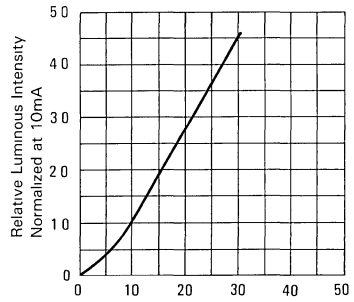


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

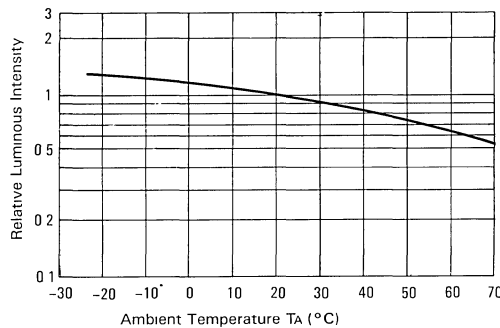


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

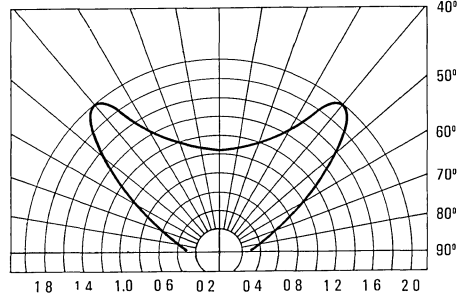


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ROUND RECTANGULAR LED LAMPS

LTL-6203LN RED

LTL-6213LN BRIGHT RED

LTL-6223LN HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-6233LN GREEN

LTL-6253LN YELLOW

LTL-6293LN ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MINIMUM LEAD LENGTH 1".
- ROUNDED END RECTANGULAR SHAPE.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

DESCRIPTION

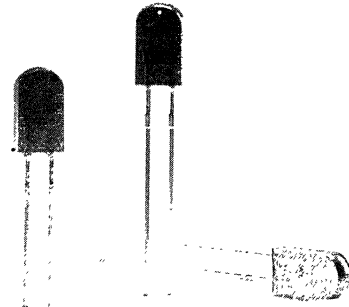
The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

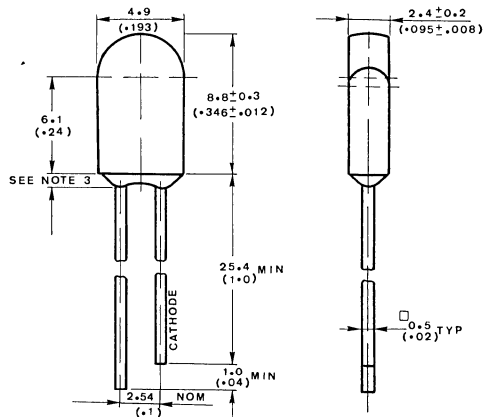
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
6203LN	Red	Diffused	Red
6213LN	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
6223LN	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
6233LN	Green	Diffused	Green
6253LN	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
6293LN	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

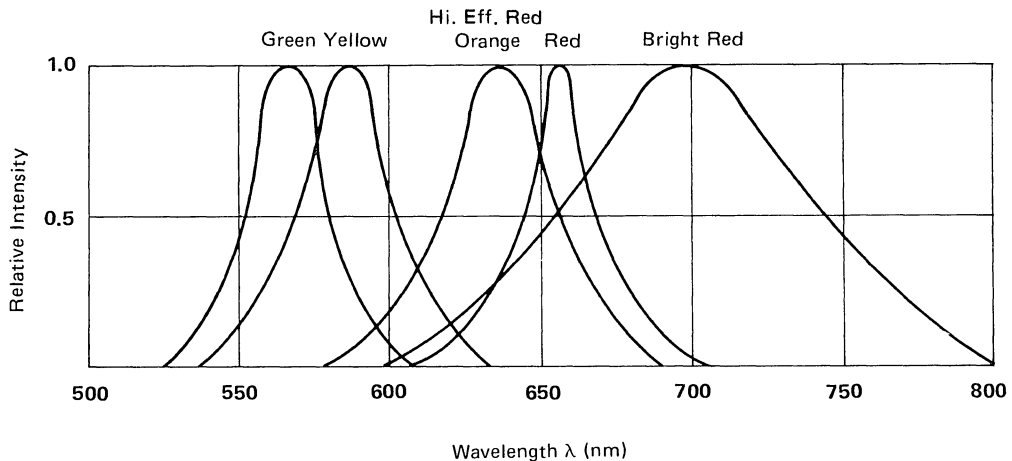


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL--	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN	0.09 0.4 1.7	0.2 1.5 5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN		70		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	6203LN 6213LN 6223LN		30 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

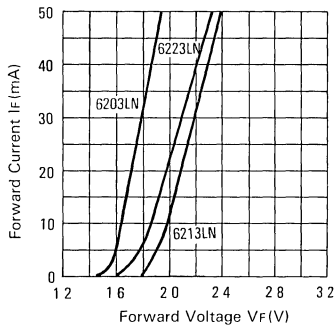


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

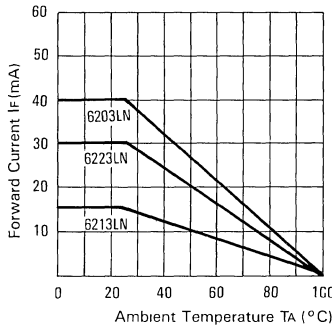


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

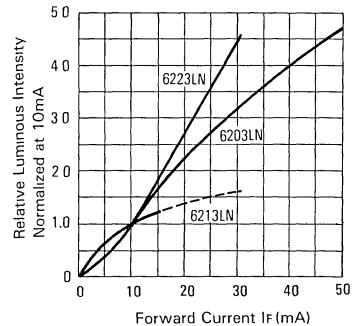


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

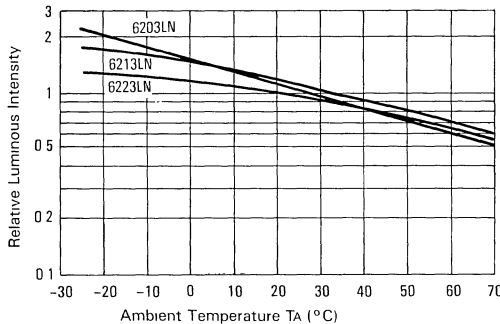


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

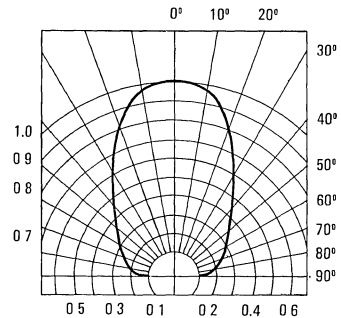


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	6233LN 6253LN	1.7 1.7	5.6 5.6		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	6233LN 6253LN		70		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	6233LN 6253LN		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	6233LN 6253LN		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	6233LN 6253LN		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	6233LN 6253LN			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	6233LN 6253LN		35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

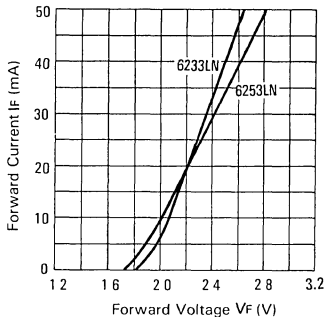


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

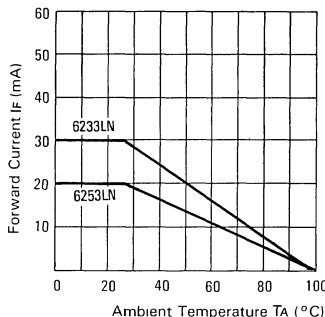


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

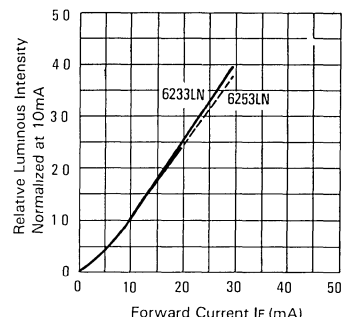


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

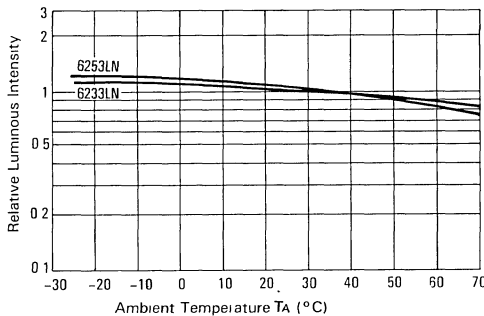


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

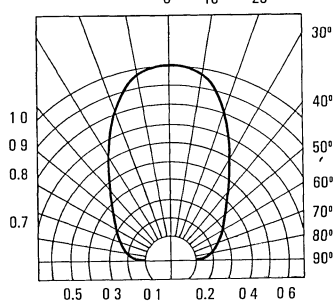


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	6293LN	1.7	5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	6293LN		70		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	6293LN		630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	6293LN		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	6293LN		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	6293LN			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	6293LN		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

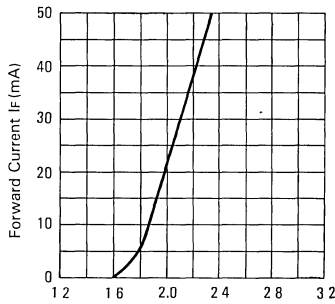


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

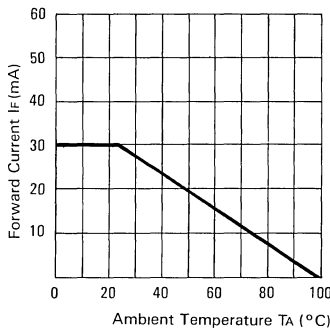


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

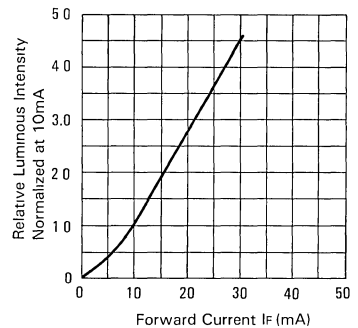


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

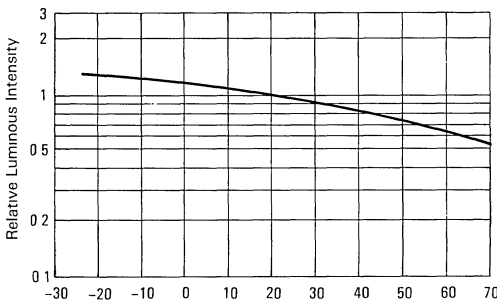


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

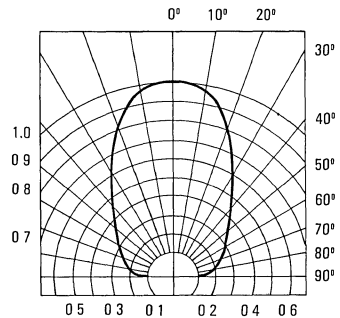


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2x4 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-403P BRIGHT RED
LTL-403G GREEN

LTL-403Y YELLOW
LTL-403A AMBER

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

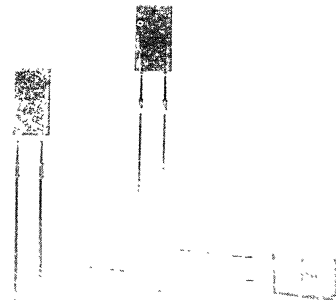
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

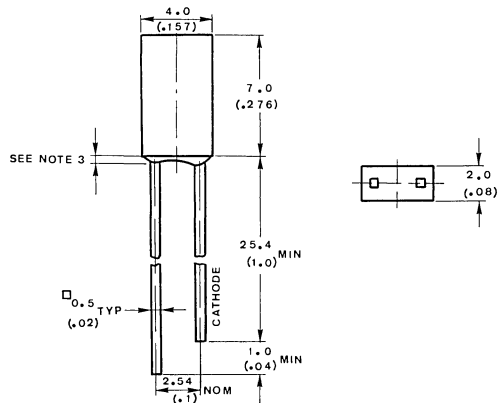
The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
403P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
403G	Green	Diffused	Green
403Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
403A	Amber	Diffused	Amber



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063 in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

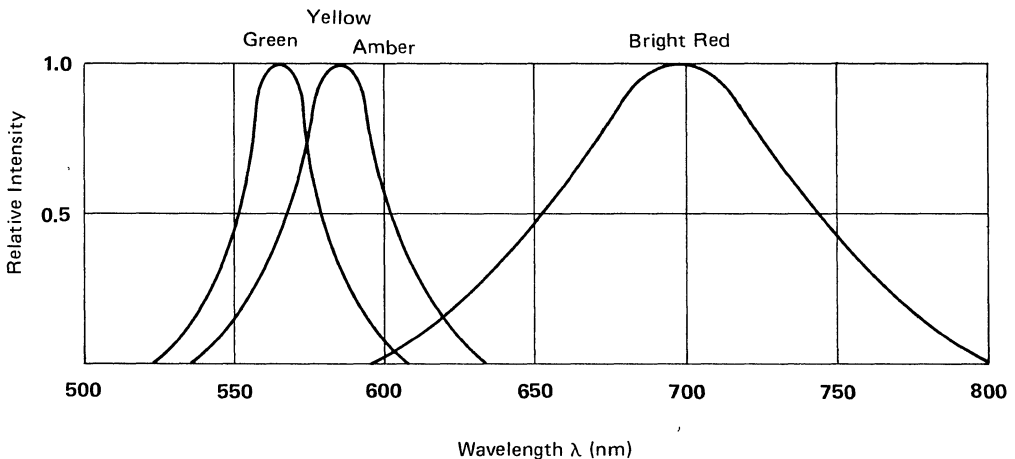


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	403P	0.1	0.4		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	403P		104		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	403P		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	403P		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	403P		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	403P			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	403P		55		Pf	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

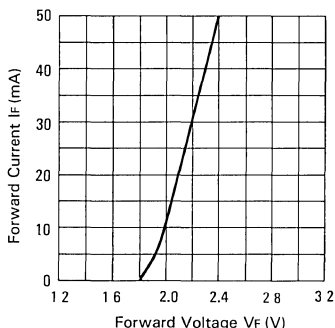


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

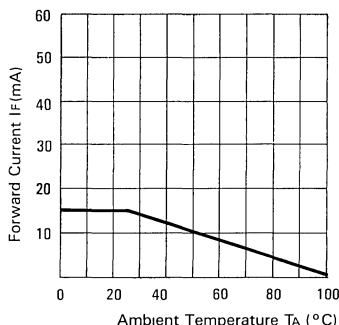


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

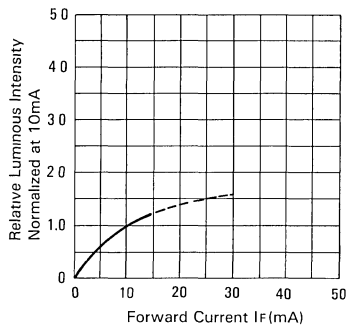


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

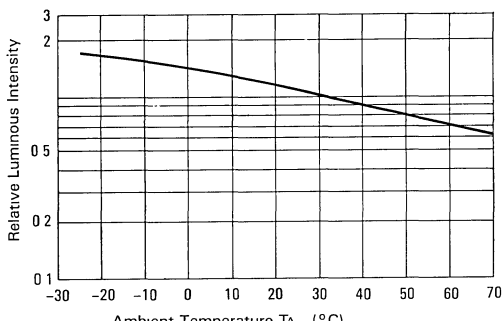


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

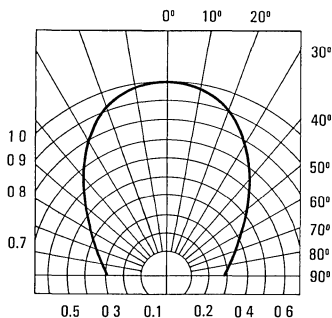


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	403G 403Y	0.7 0.7	2.5 2.5		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	403G 403Y		104		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	403G 403Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	403G 403Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	403G 403Y		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	403G 403Y			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	403G 403Y		35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

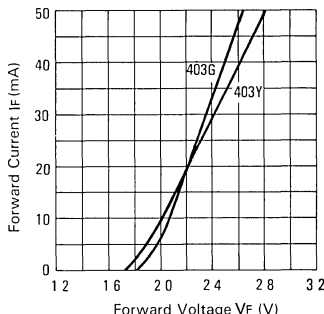


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

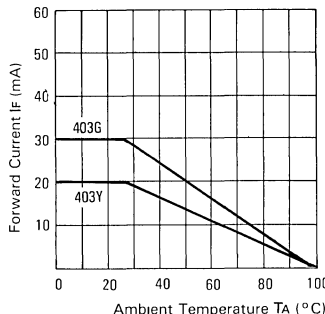


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

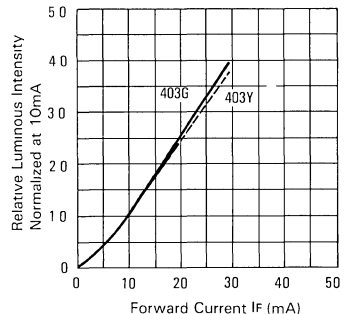


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

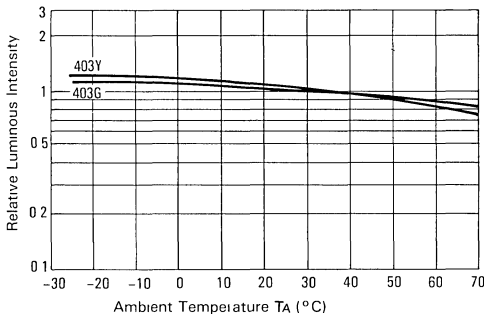


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

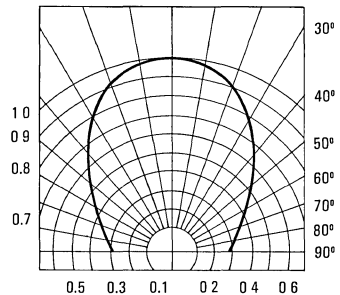


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	403A	0.7	2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	403A		104		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

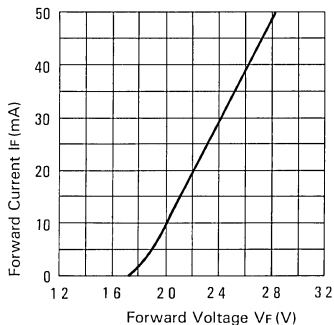


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

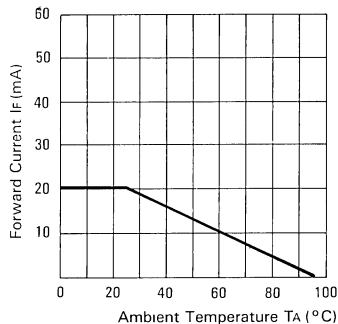


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

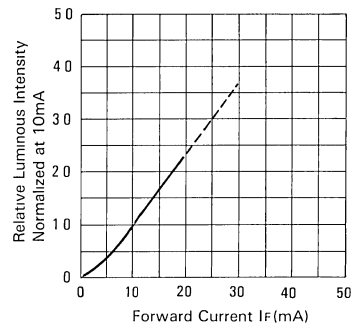


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.

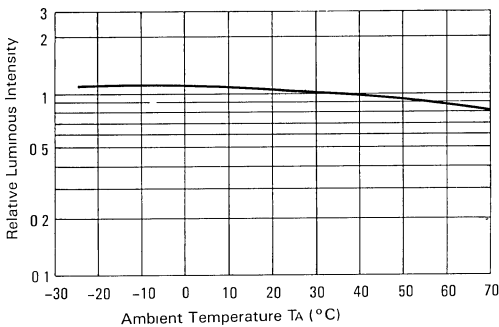


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

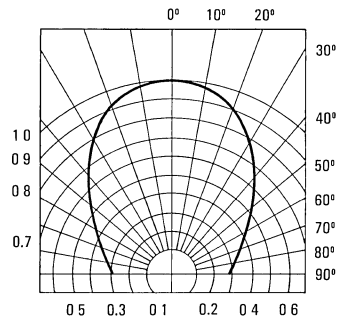


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





2x5 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-3201A / 23203A RED	LTL-3251A / 23253A YELLOW
LTL-3211A / 23213A BRIGHT RED	LTL-3271A / 23273A AMBER
LTL-3221A / 23223A HIGH EFFICIENCY RED	LTL-3291A / 23293A ORANGE
LTL-3231A / 23233A GREEN	

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

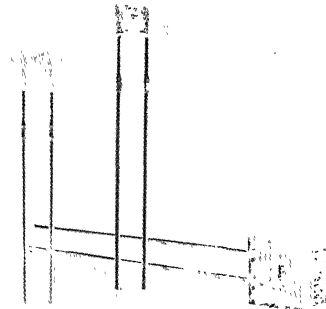
The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

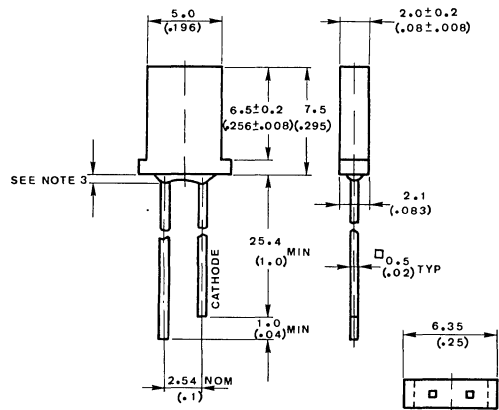
The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

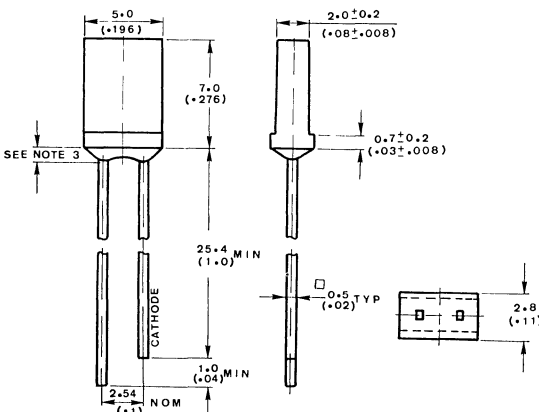


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-232x3A Series



LTL-32x1A Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
3201A	Red	Diffused	Red
3211A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
3221A	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
3231A	Green	Diffused	Green
3251A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
3271A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
3291A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
23203A	Red	Diffused	Red
23213A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
23223A	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
23233A	Green	Diffused	Green
23253A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
23273A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
23293A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

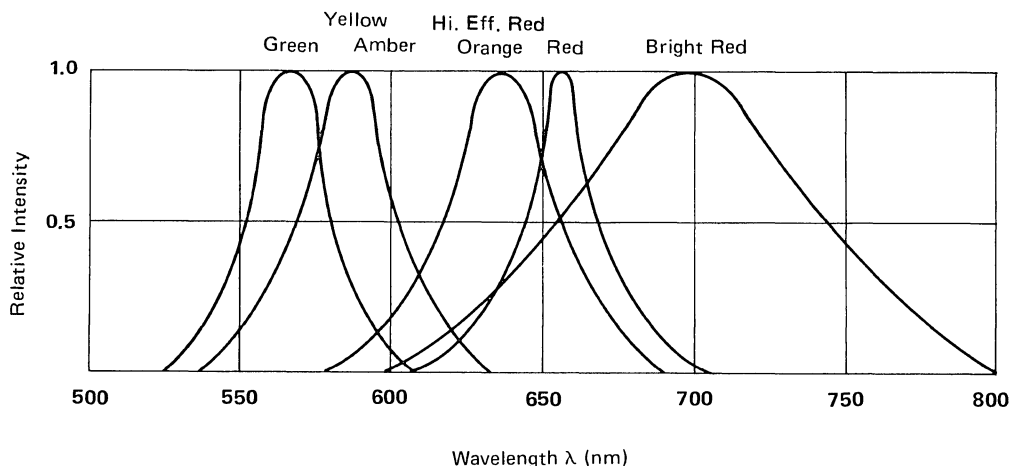


FIG 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

LED
LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A	0.08 0.2 0.08 0.2	0.2 0.6 0.3 0.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A		140 140 140 140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A		655 697 655 697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A		24 90 24 90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A		1.7 2.1 1.7 2.1	2.0 2.8 2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3201A 3211A 23203A 23213A		30 55 30 55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

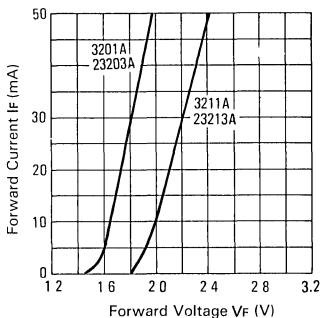


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

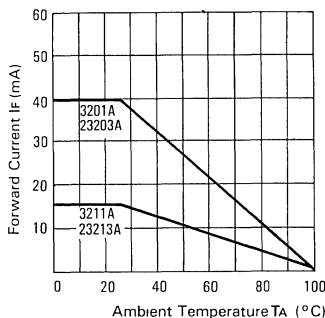


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

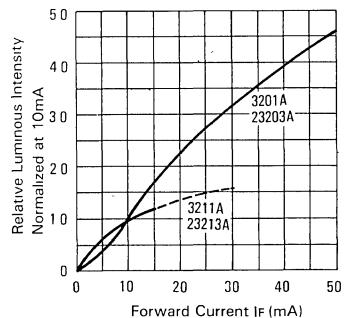


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

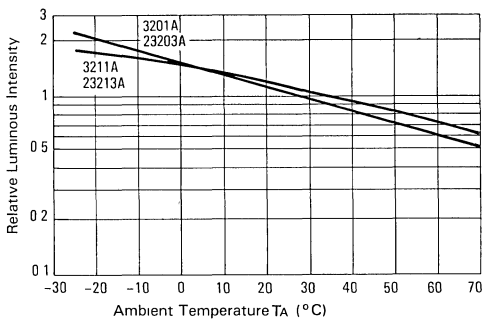


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

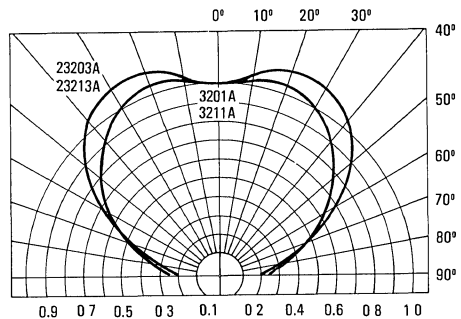


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	3221A 23223A	0.5 0.7	1.7 2.5		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	3221A 23223A		140 140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	3221A 23223A		635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	3221A 23223A		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	3221A 23223A		2.0	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	3221A 23223A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	3221A 23223A		20		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

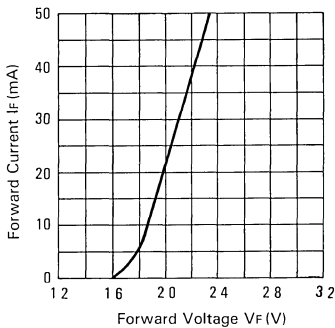


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

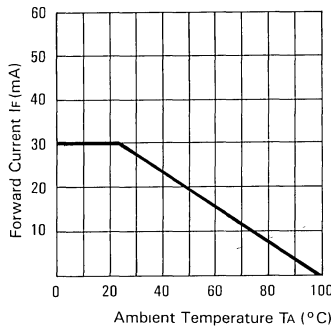


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

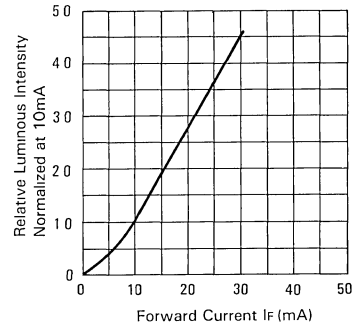


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

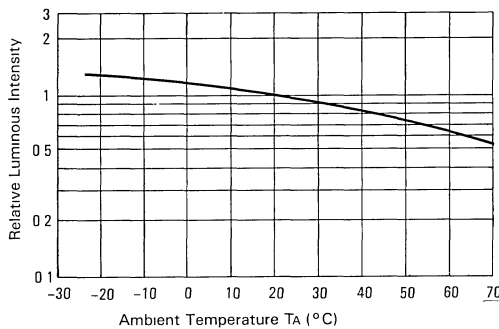


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

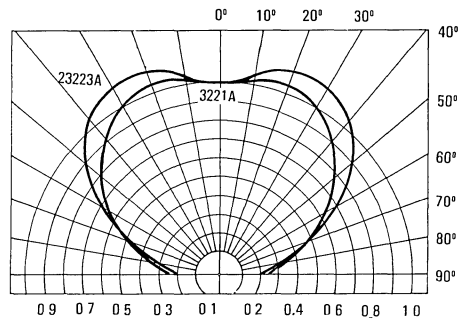


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.1	1.7 2.5 3.8 3.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A		140 140 140 140		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A		565 585 565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A		30 35 30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3231A 3251A 23233A 23253A		35 15 35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

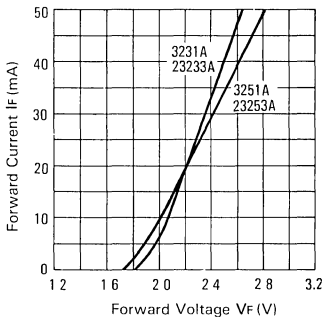


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

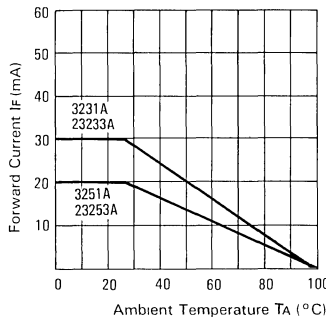


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

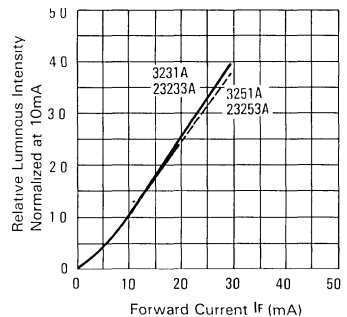


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

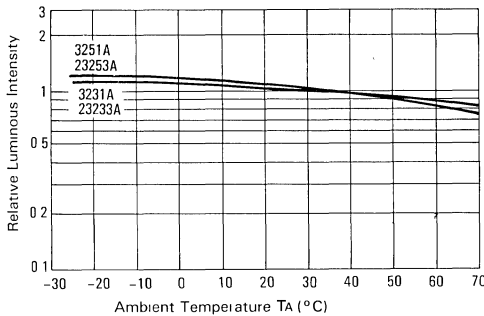


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

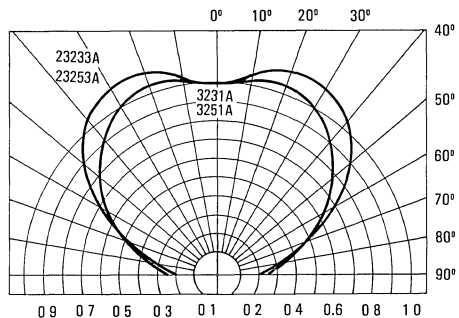


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A	0.5 0.5 1.1 0.7	1.7 1.7 3.8 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A		140 140 140 140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 21)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A		600 630 600 630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A		35 40 35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A		2.1 2.0 2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3271A 3291A 23273A 23293A		15 20 15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

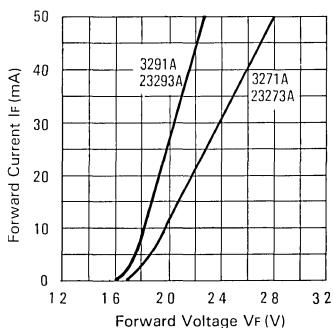


FIG 17 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

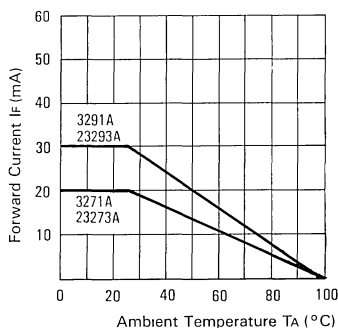


FIG 18 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

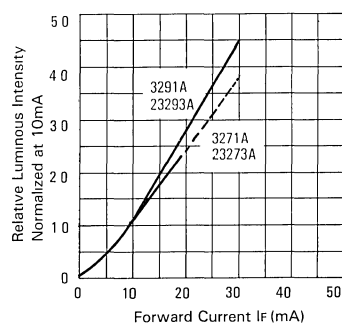


FIG 19 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

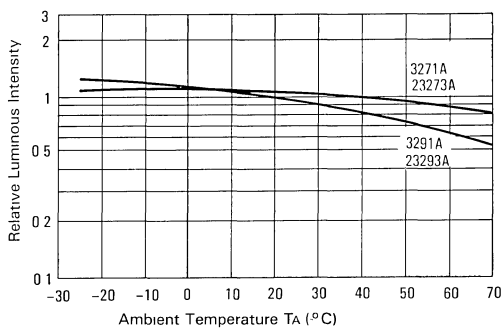


FIG 20 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

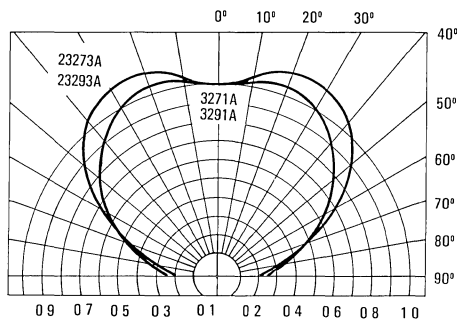


FIG 21 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





2x5 RECTANGULAR BAR FLANGELESS LED LAMPS

LTL-433R RED
LTL-433P BRIGHT RED
LTL-433HR HIGH EFFICIENCY RED
LTL-433G GREEN

LTL-433Y YELLOW
LTL-433A AMBER
LTL-433EA ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

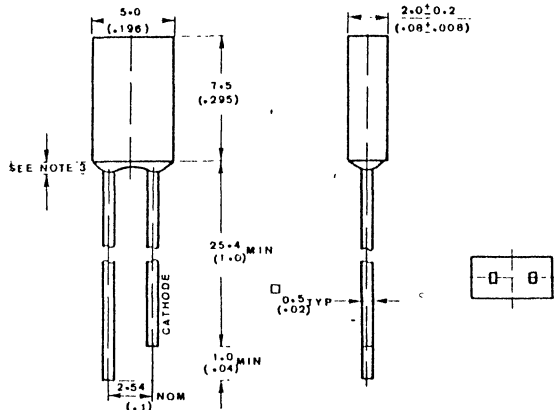
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
433R	Red	Diffused	Red
433P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
433HR	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
433G	Green	Diffused	Green
433Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
433A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
433EA	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	AMBER YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 55°C to + 100°C					
Lead Solering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds					

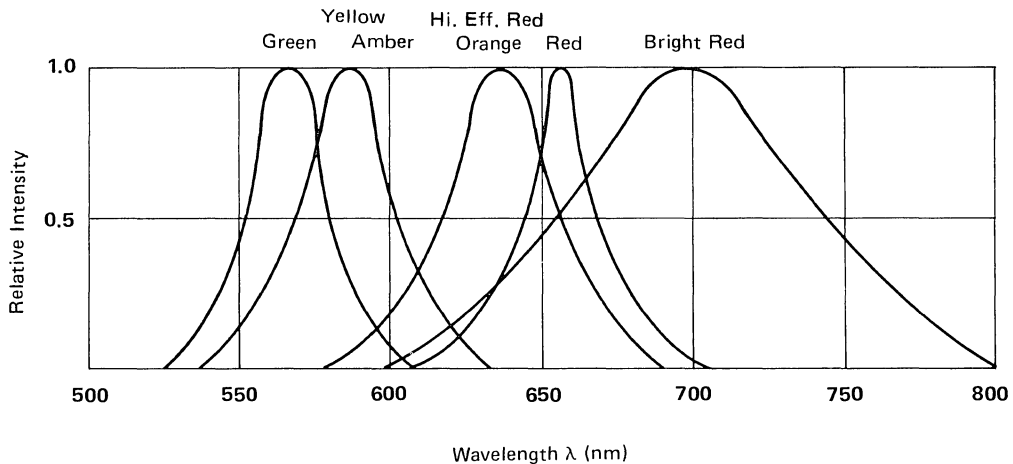


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

LED
LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	433R 433P 433HR	0.08 0.2 0.5	0.2 0.6 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	433R 433P 433HR		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	433R 433P 433HR		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	433R 433P 433HR		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	433R 433P 433HR		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.0 2.8 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	433R 433P 433HR			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	433R 433P 433HR		30 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

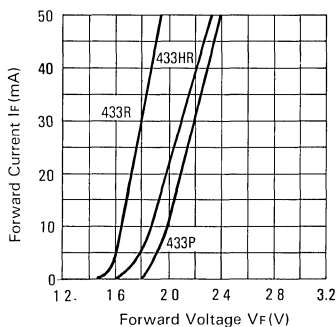


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

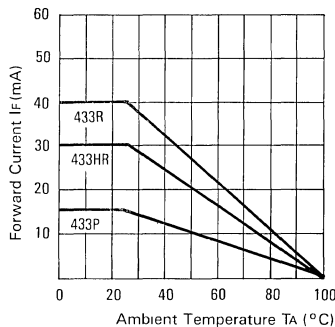


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

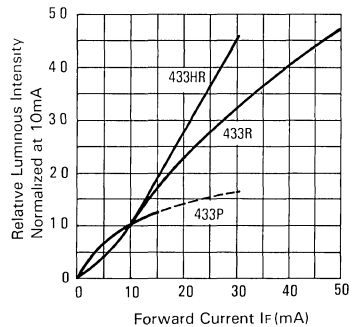


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

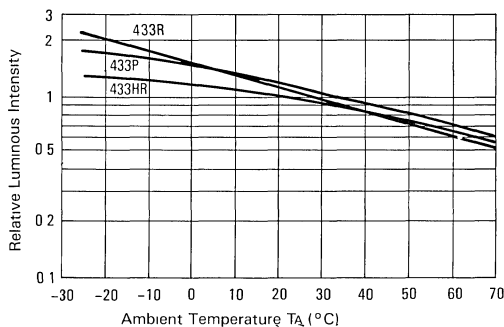


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

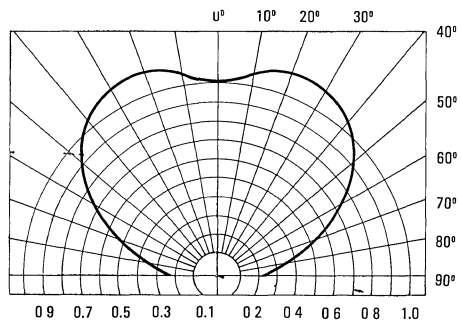


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	433G 433Y	0.6 0.6	1.7 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	433G 433Y		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	433G 433Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	433G 433Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	433G 433Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	433G 433Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	433G 433Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

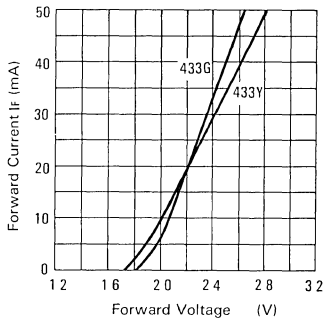


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

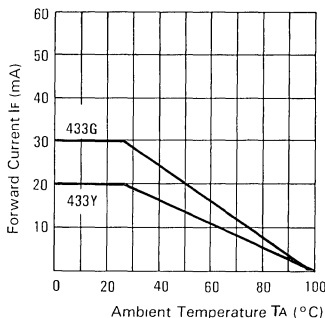


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

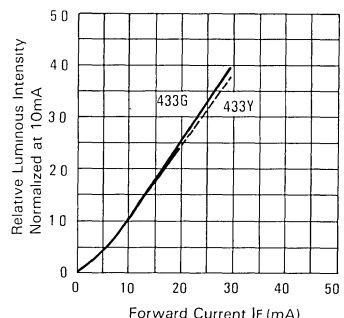


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

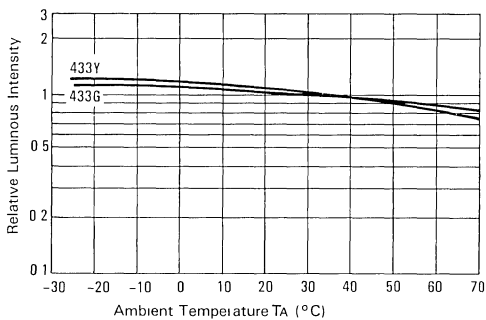


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

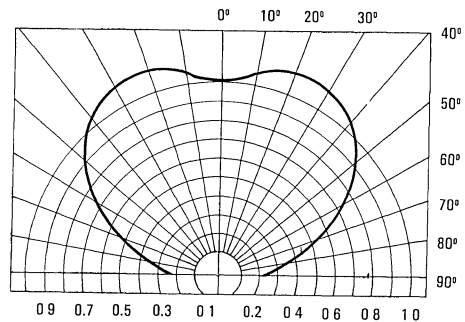


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	433A 433EA	0.6 0.5	2.5 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	433A 433EA		140		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	433A 433EA		600 630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	433A 433EA		35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	433A 433EA		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	433A 433EA			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	433A 433EA		15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

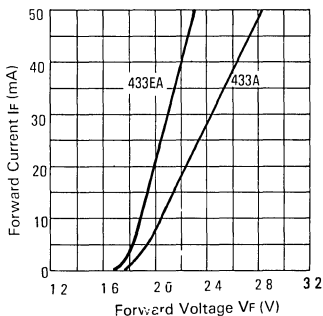


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

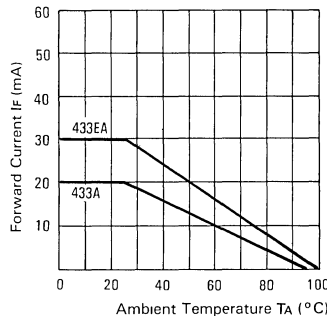


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

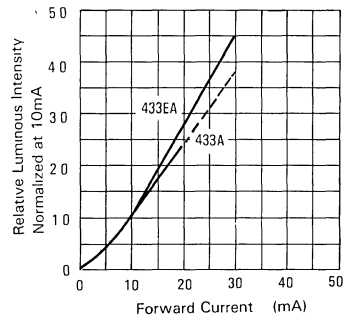


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

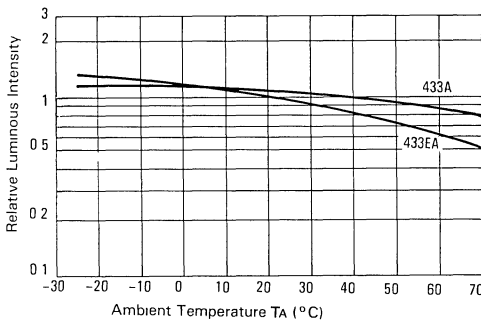


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

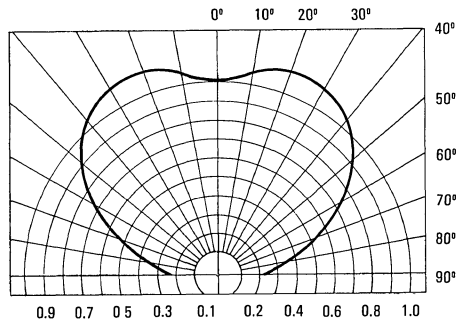


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-3215S BRIGHT RED
LTL-3235S GREEN

LTL-3255S YELLOW
LTL-3295S ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

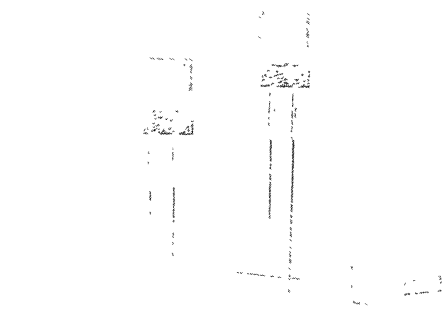
The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

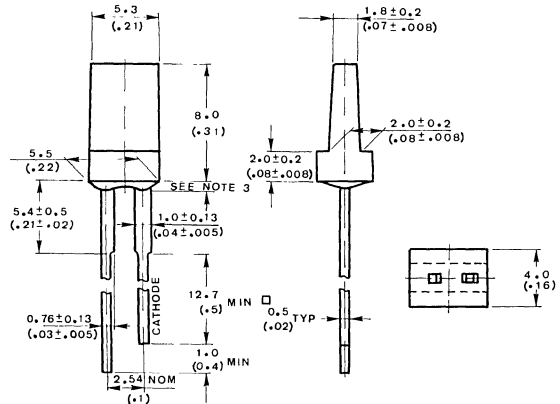
The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
3215S	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
3235S	Green	Diffused	Green
3255S	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
3295S	Orange	Diffused	Orange



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

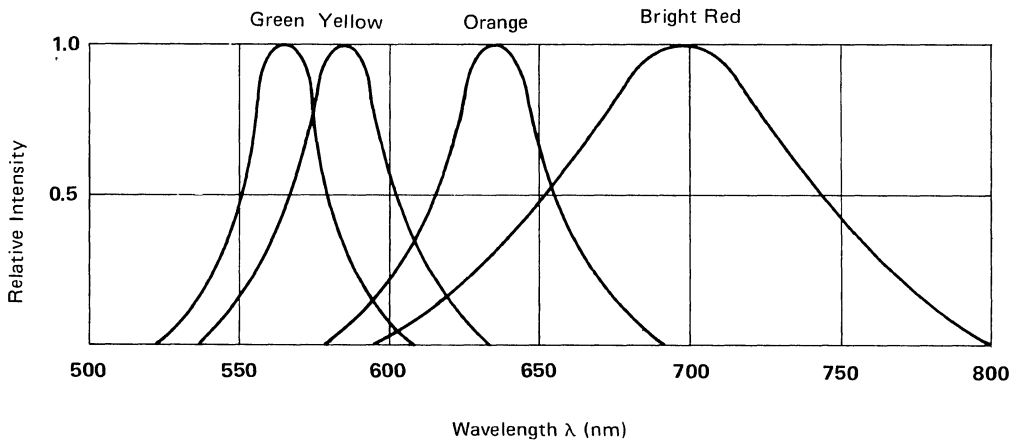


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3215S	0.2	0.4		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3215S		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3215S		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3215S		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3215S		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3215S			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3215S		55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

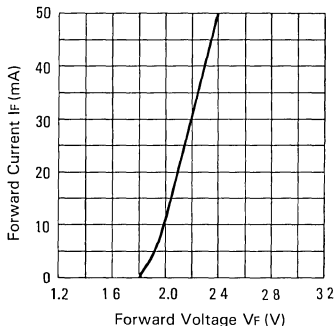


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

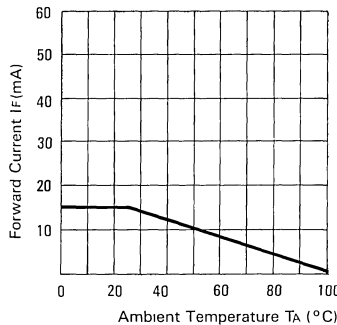


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

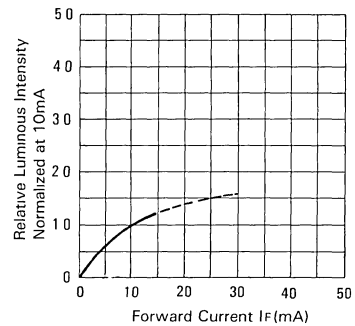


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

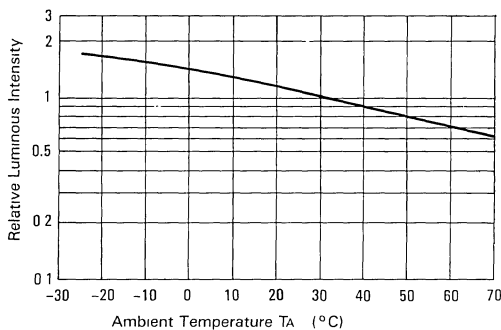


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

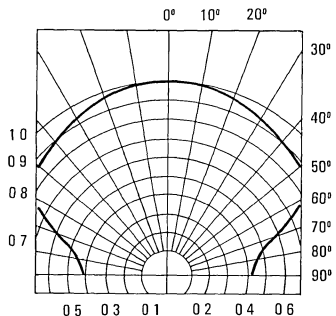


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3235S 3255S	0.3 0.4	0.8 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3235S 3255S		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3235S 3255S		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3235S 3255S		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3235S 3255S		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3235S 3255S			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3235S 3255S		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

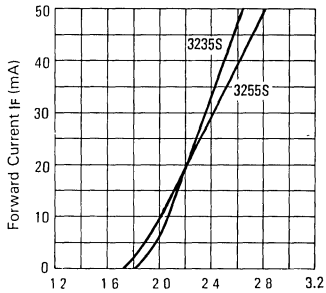


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

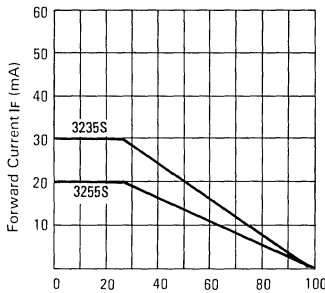


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

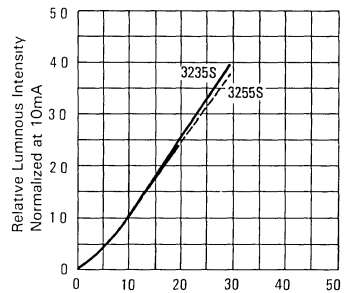


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

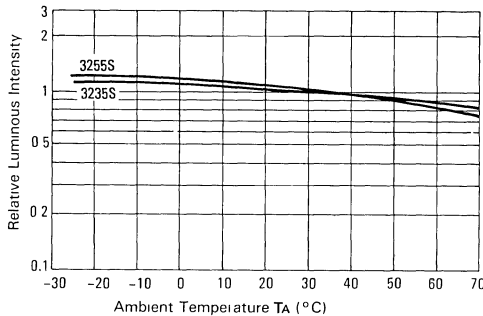


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

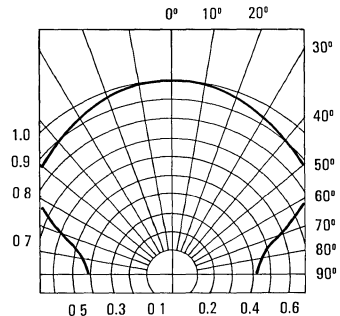


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3295S	0.3	0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3295S		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3295S		630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3295S		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3295S		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3295S			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3295S		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

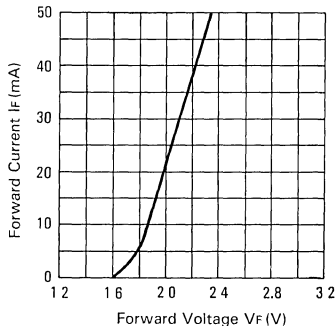


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

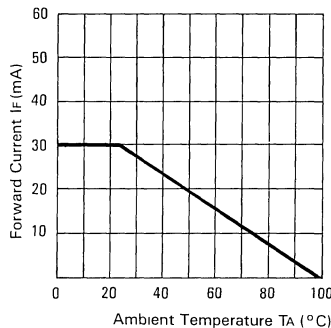


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

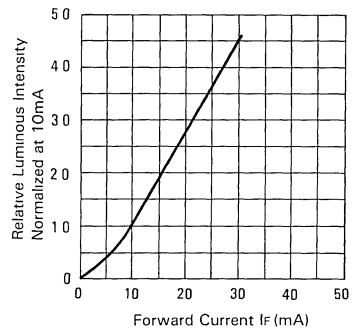


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

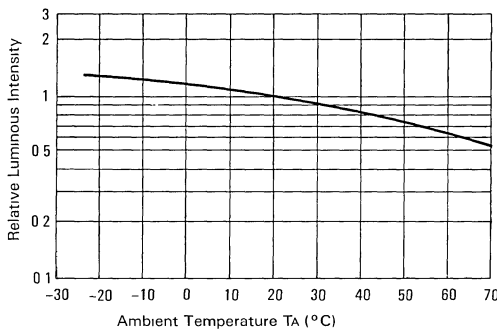


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

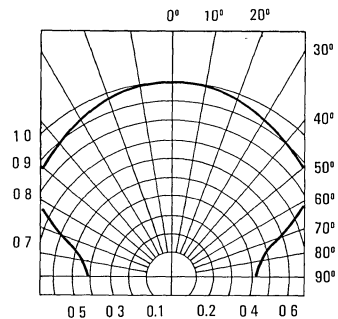


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





RECTANGULAR BARS LED LAMPS

LTL-3217A/3218A BRIGHT RED LTL-3277A/3278A AMBER
 LTL-3237A/3238A GREEN LTL-3297A ORANGE
 LTL-3257A/3258A YELLOW

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

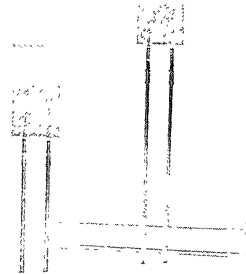
DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

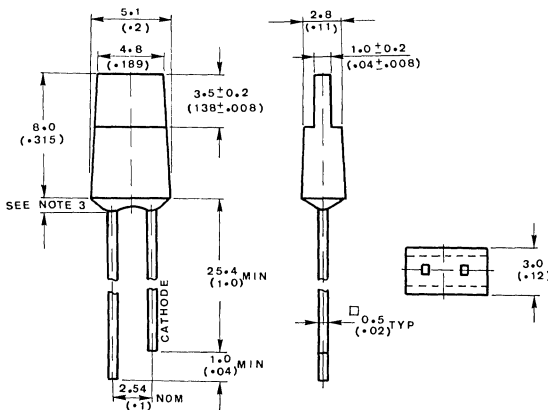
The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

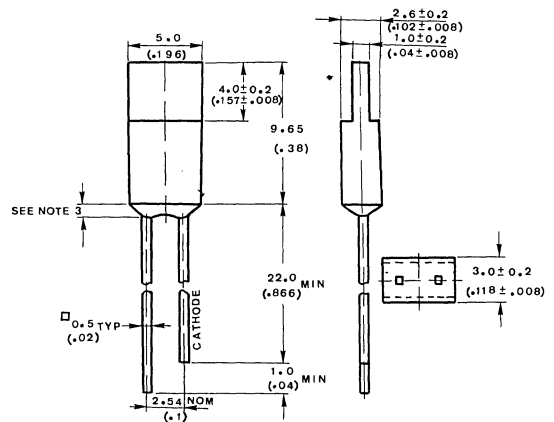


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-32 x 7A Series



LTL-32 x 8A Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
3217A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
3237A	Green	Diffused	Green
3257A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
3277A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
3297A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
3218A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
3238A	Green	Diffused	Green
3258A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
3278A	Amber	Diffused	Amber

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

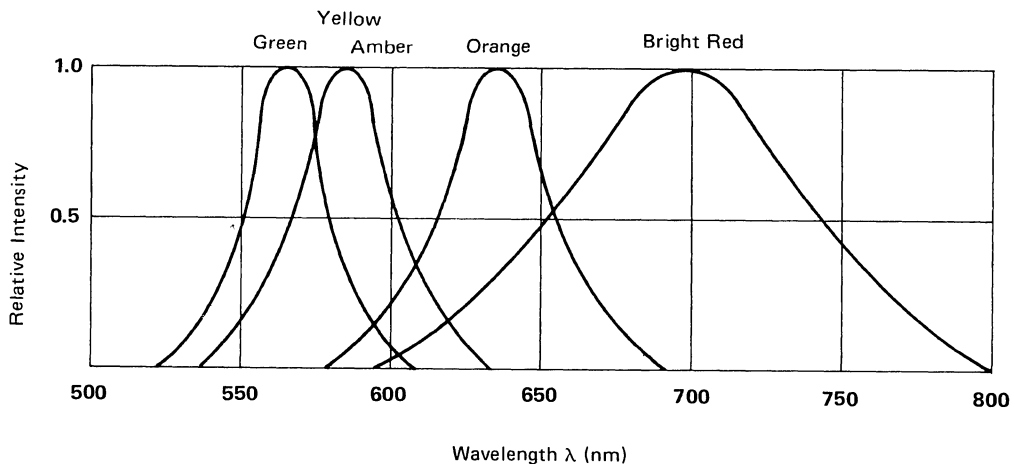


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	3217A 3218A	0.3 0.2	0.8 0.6		mcd	IF = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	3217A 3218A		120 106		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λPEAK	3217A 3218A		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	3217A 3218A		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	3217A 3218A		2.1	2.8	V	IF = 20 mA
Reverse Current	IR	3217A 3218A			100	μA	VR = 5V
Capacitance	C	3217A 3218A		55		PF	VF = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

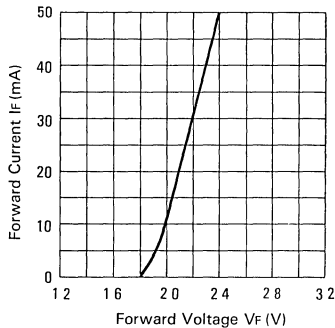


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

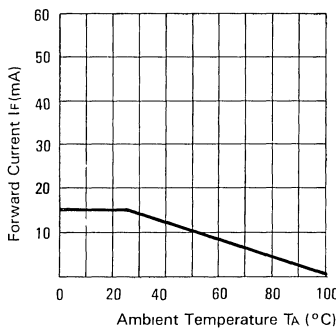


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

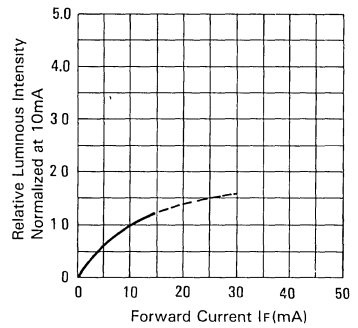


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

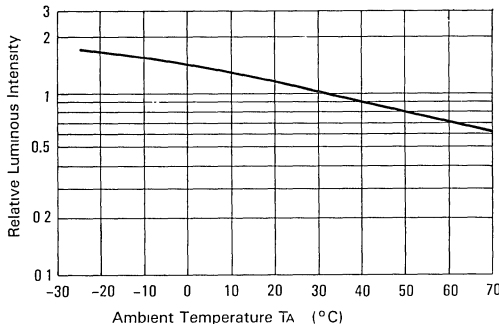


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

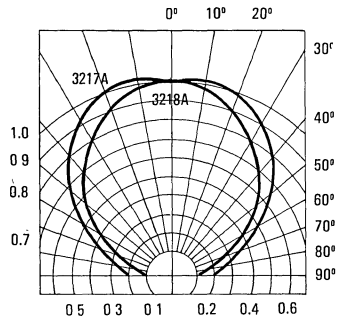


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A	0.5 0.3 0.5 0.5	1.7 0.8 1.7 1.7		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A		120 120 106 106		deg	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A		565 585 565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A		30 35 30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	3237A 3257A 3238A 3258A		35 15 35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

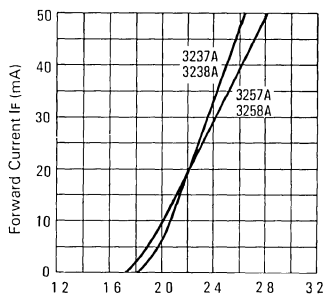


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

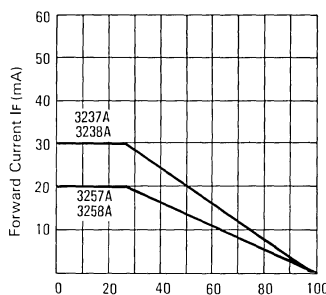


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

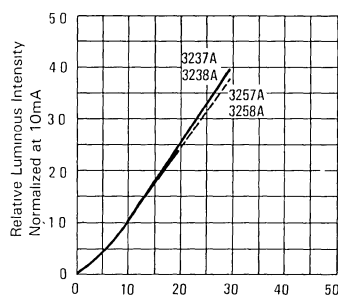


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

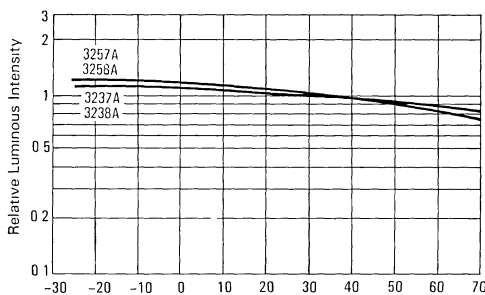


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

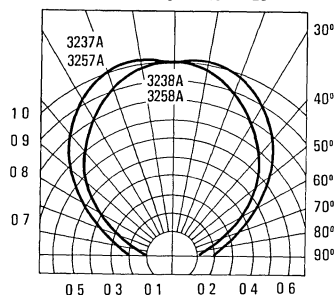


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	3277A 3297A 3278A	0.5 0.5 0.5	1.7 1.7 1.7		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3277A 3297A 3278A		120 120 106		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3277A 3297A 3278A		600 630 600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3277A 3297A 3278A		35 40 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	3277A 3297A 3278A		2.1 2.0 2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	3277A 3297A 3278A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	3277A 3297A 3278A		15 20 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

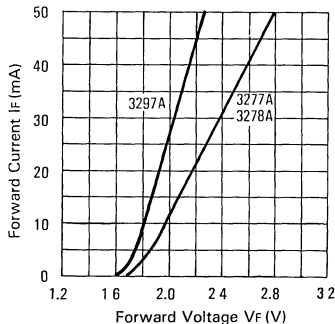


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

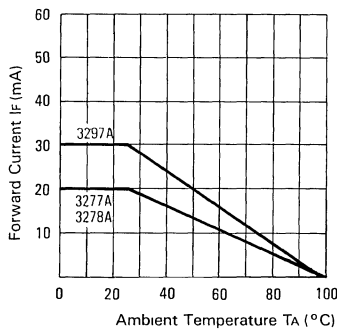


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

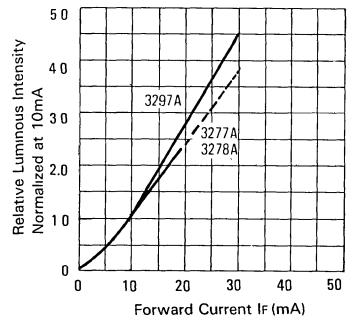


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

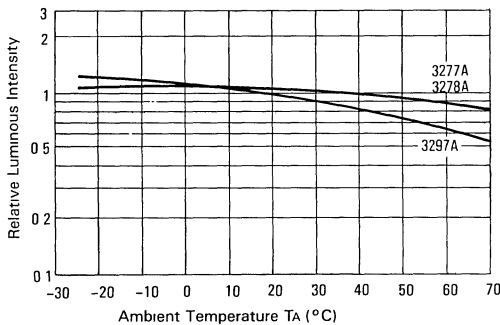


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

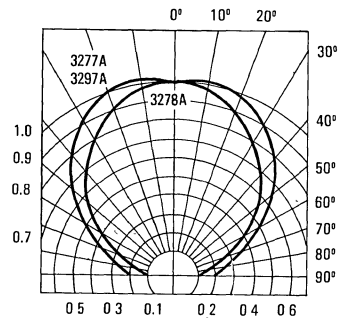


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



1.5x3.8 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-13218A BRIGHT RED
LTL-13238A GREEN

LTL-13258A YELLOW
LTL-13278A AMBER

FEATURES

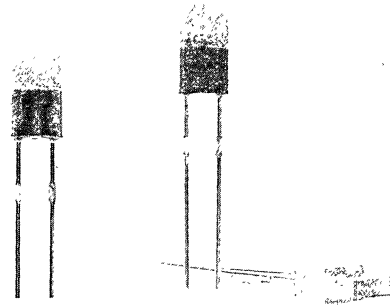
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I. C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

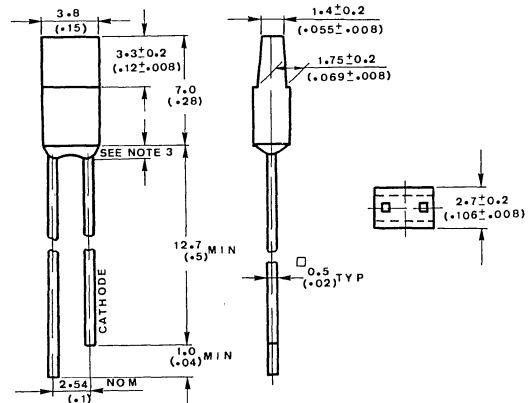
The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
13218A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
13238A	Green	Diffused	Green
13258A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
13278A	Amber	Diffused	Amber

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED
LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

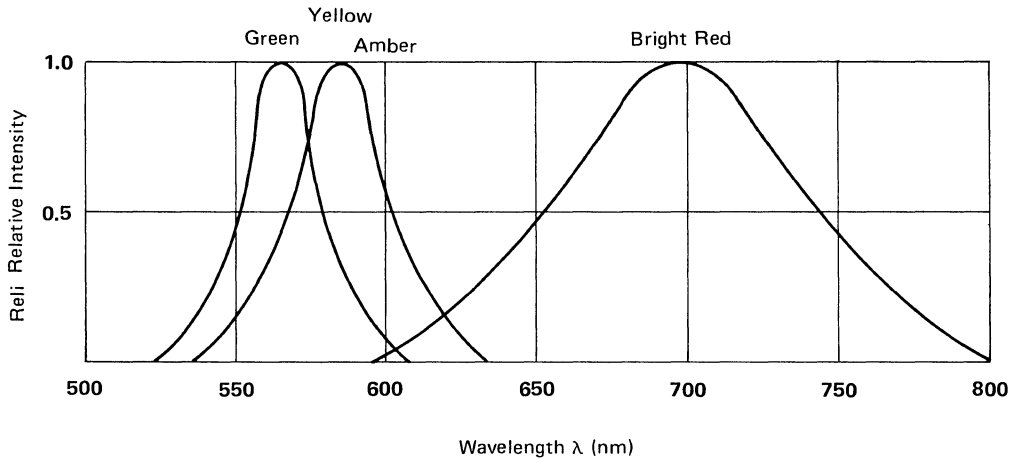


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13218A	0.1	0.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13218A		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13218A		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13218A		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13218A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13218A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	13218A		55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

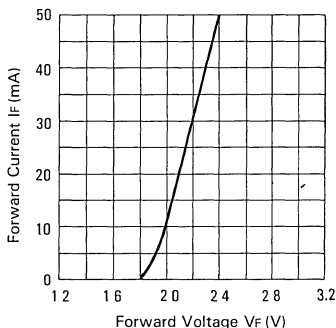


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

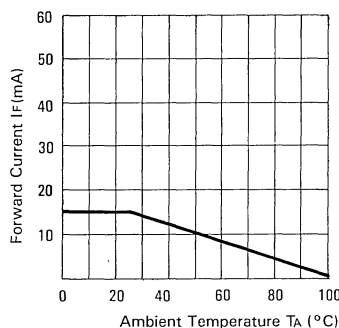


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

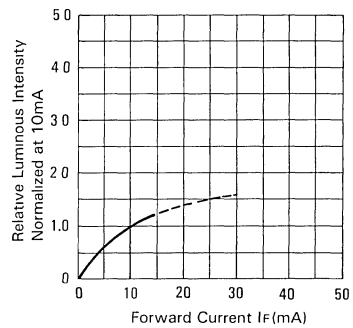


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

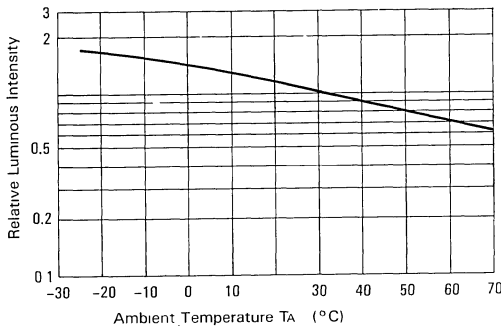


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

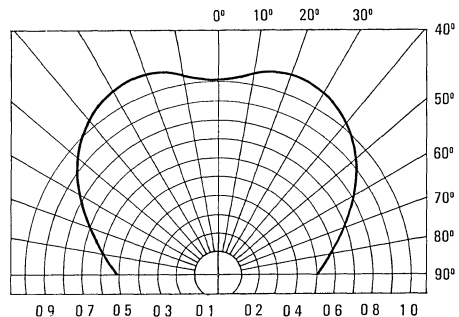


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13238A 13258A	0.4 0.4	1.1 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13238A 13258A		180		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13238A 13258A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13238A 13258A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13238A 13258A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13238A 13258A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	13238A 13258A		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

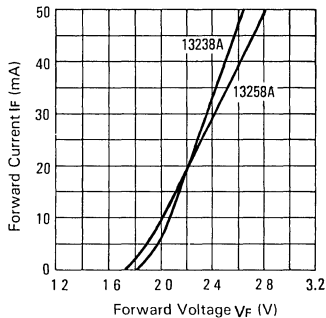


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

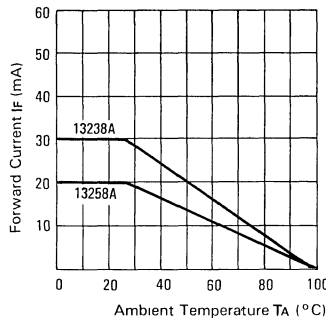


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

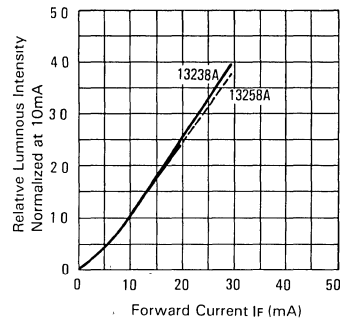


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

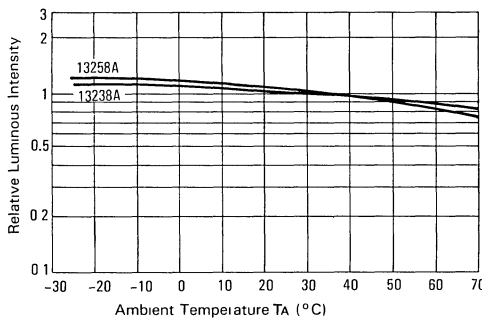


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

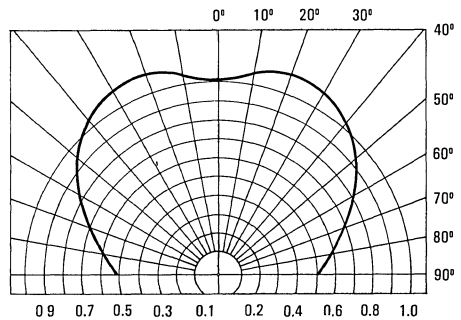


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13278A	0.4	1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13278A		180		deg.	Note 2(Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13278A		600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13278A		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13278A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13278A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	13278A		15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

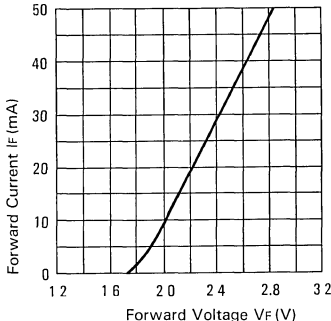


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

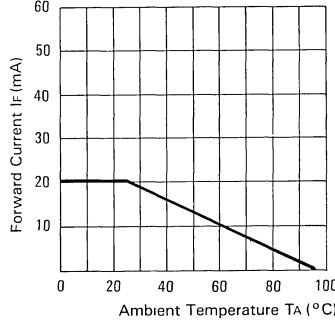


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

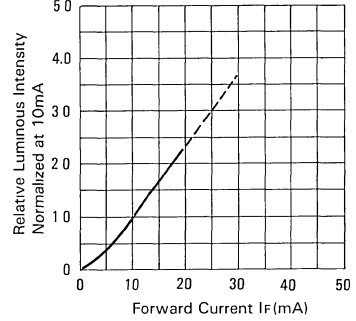


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

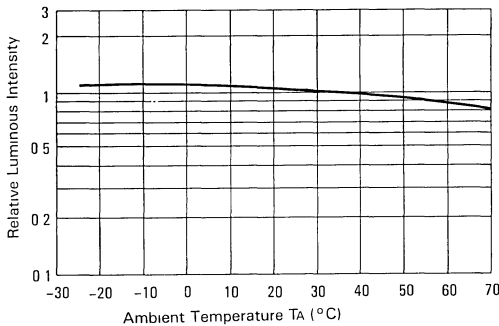


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

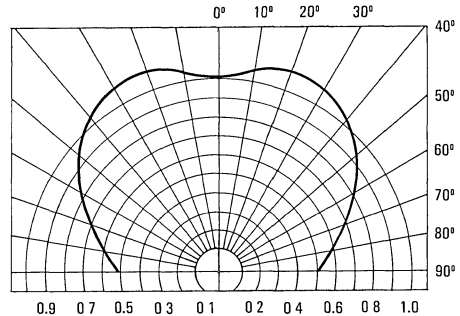


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





1.5x7.0 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-13215A BRIGHT RED

LTL-13255A YELLOW

LTL-13225A HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-13295A ORANGE

LTL-13235A GREEN

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

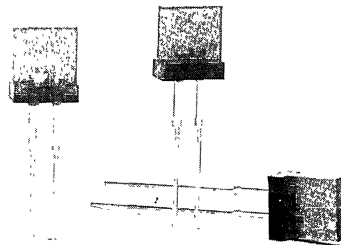
DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

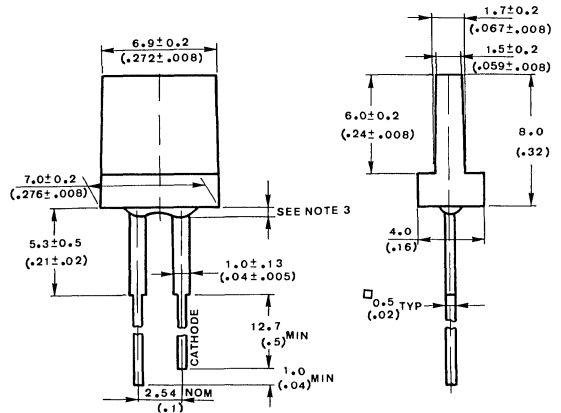
The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
13215A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
13225A	Red	Diffused	Hi.Eff.Red
13235A	Green	Diffused	Green
13255A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
13295A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.EFF.RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

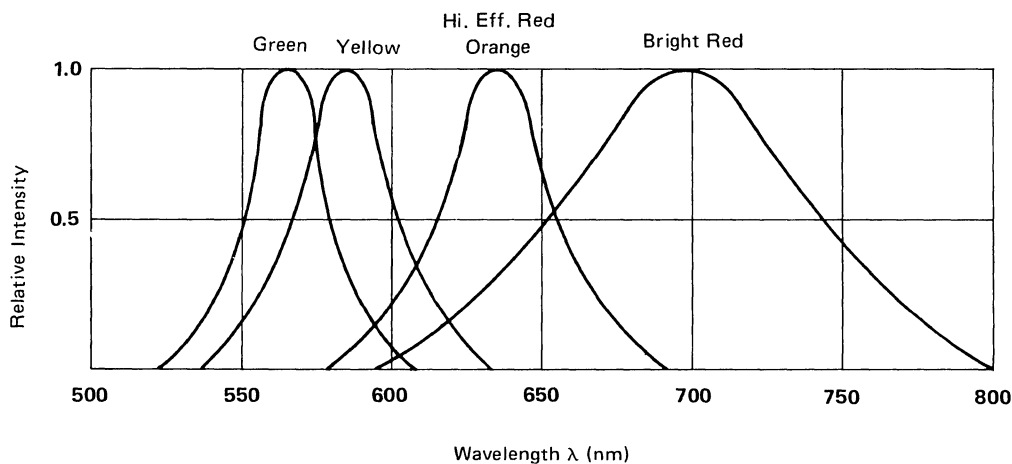


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	13215A 13225A	0.2 0.3	0.4 0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13215A 13225A		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13215A 13225A		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13215A 13225A		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13215A 13225A		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13215A 13225A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	13215A 13225A		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

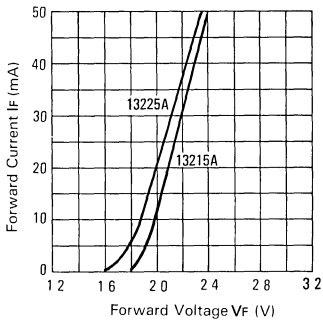


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

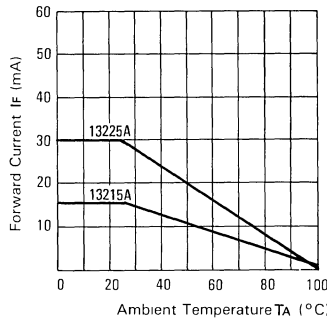


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

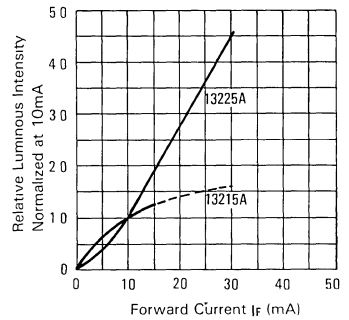


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

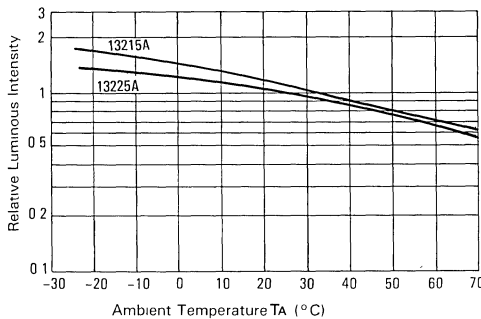


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

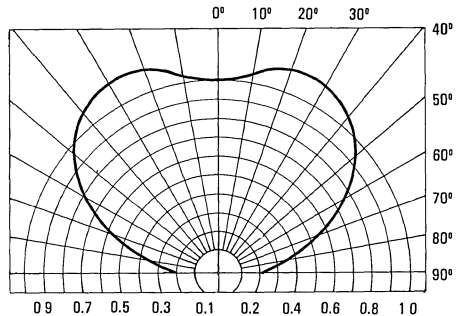


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	13235A 13255A	0.3 0.3	0.8 0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13235A 13255A		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13235A 13255A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13235A 13255A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13235A 13255A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13235A 13255A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	13235A 13255A		35 15			$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

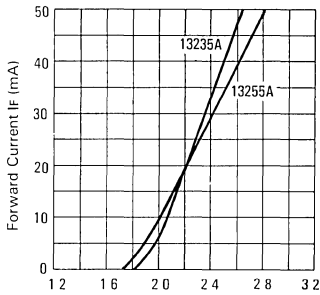


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

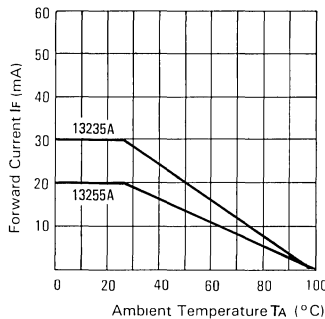


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

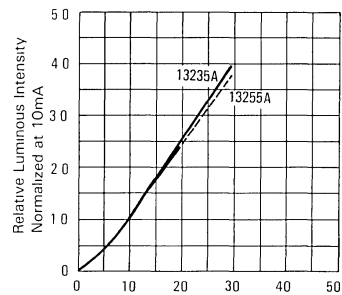


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

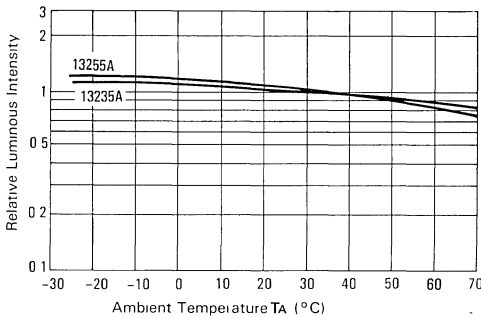


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

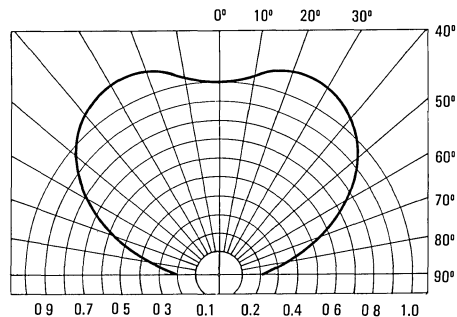


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13295A	0.3	0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13295A		150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

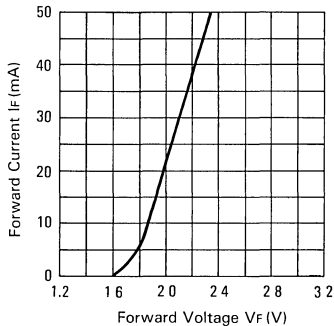


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

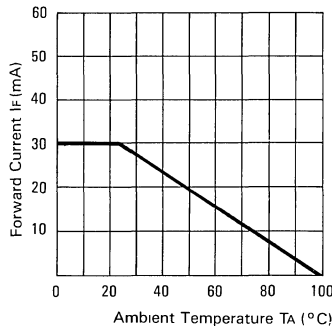


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

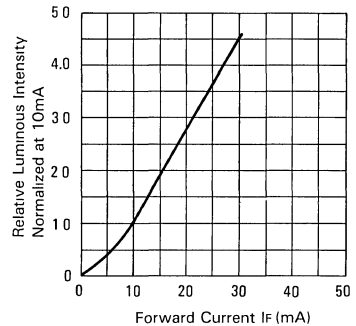


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

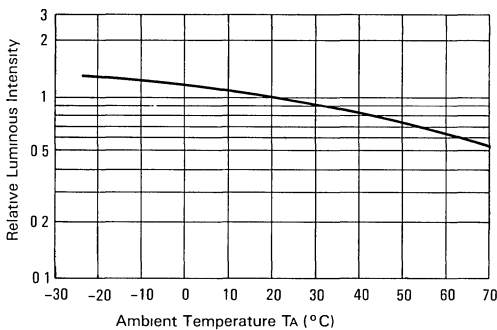


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

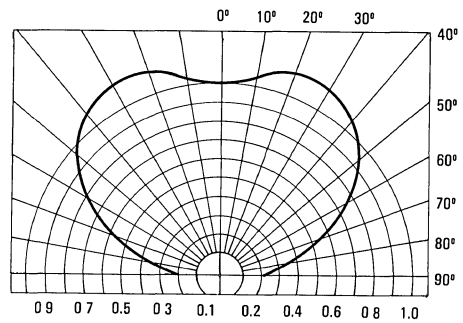


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2.2x4.5 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-13219B BRIGHT RED LTL-13259B YELLOW
 LTL-13239B GREEN LTL-13279B AMBER

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

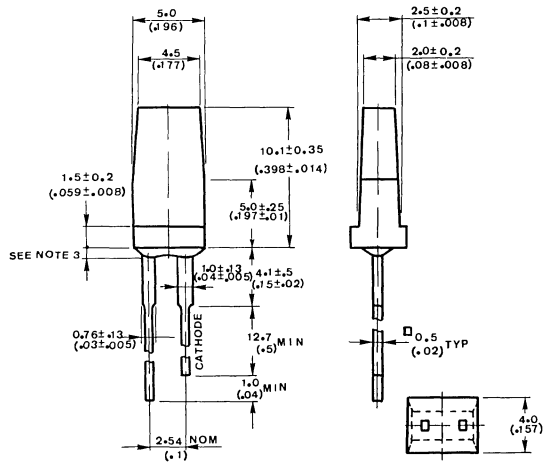
The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
13219B	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
13239B	Green	Diffused	Green
13259B	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
13279B	Amber	Diffused	Amber

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

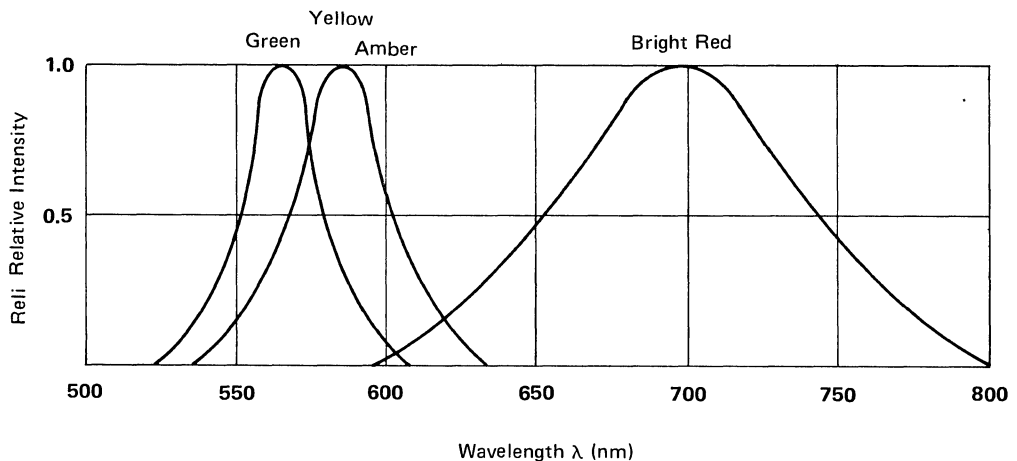


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13219B	0.1	0.26		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13219B		170		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

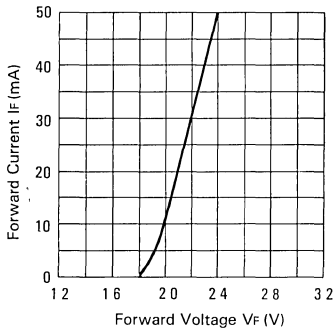


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

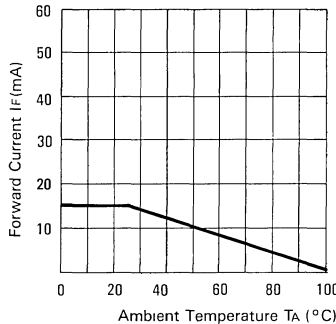


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

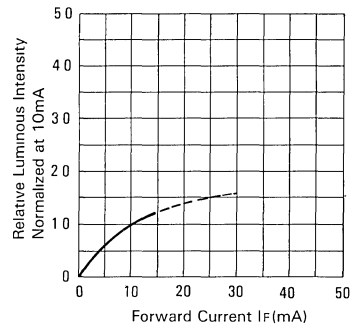


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

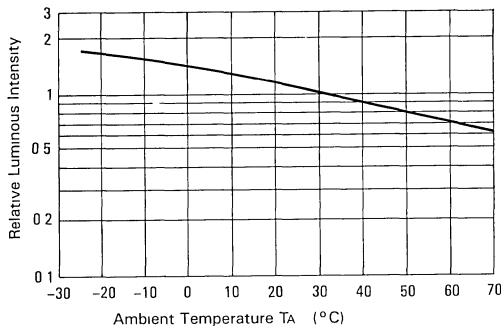


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

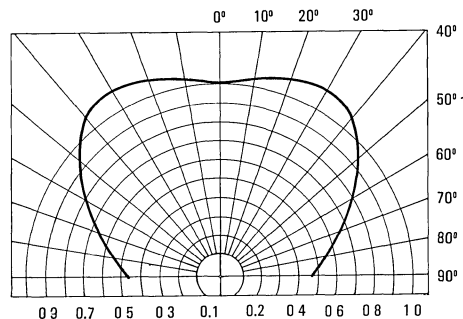


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13239B 13259B	0.3 0.4	0.75 1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13239B 13259B		170		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	13239B 13259B		565 585		nm	Measurement- @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	13239B 13259B		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	13239B 13259B		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	13239B 13259B			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	13239B 13259B		35 15		PF	$f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

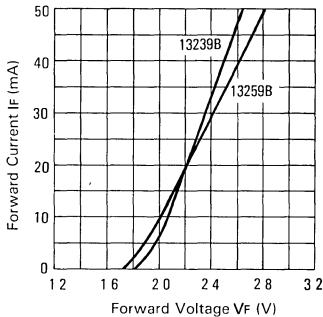


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

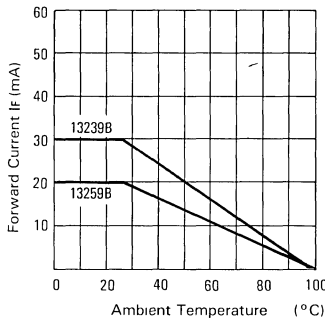


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

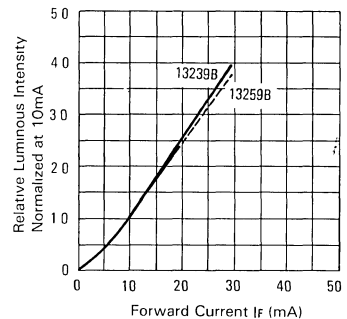


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

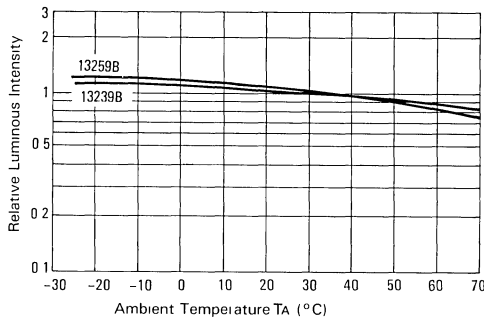


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

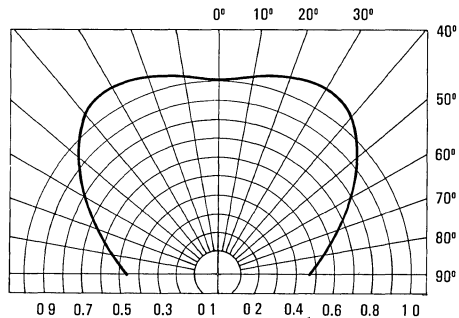


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	13279B	0.4	1.1		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	13279B		170		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

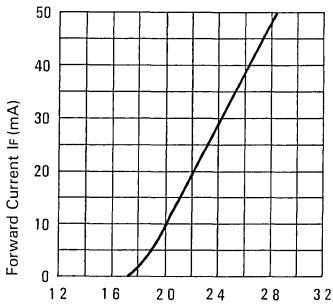


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

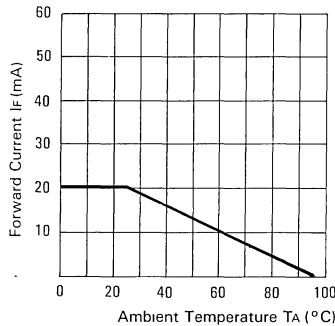


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

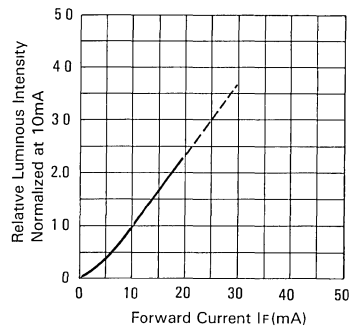


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

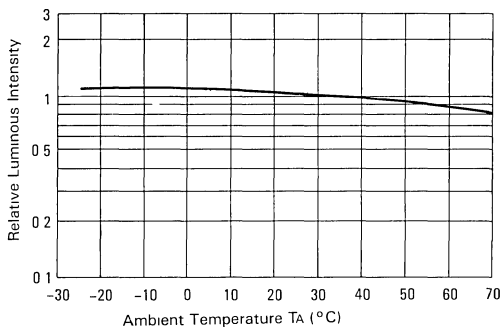


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

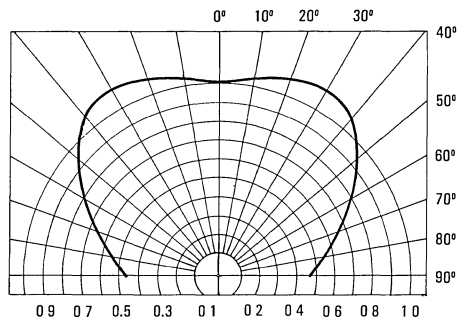


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





2.4x5.0 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-23201AL RED

LTL-23211AL BRIGHT RED

LTL-23221AL HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-23231AL GREEN

LTL-23251AL YELLOW

LTL-23291AL ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

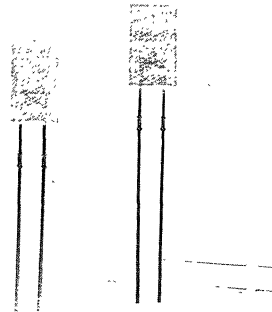
DESCRIPTION

The Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

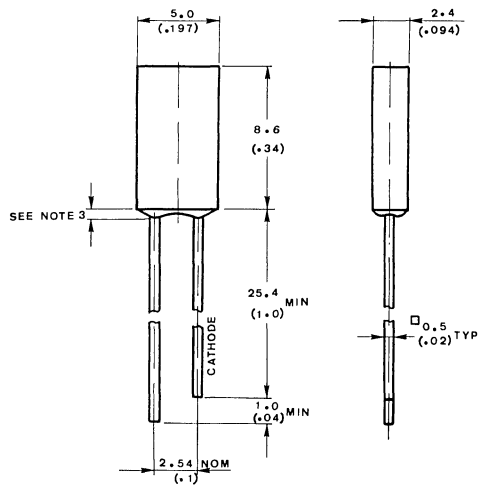
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
23201AL	Red	Diffused	Red
23211AL	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
23221AL	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
23231AL	Green	Diffused	Green
23251AL	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
23291AL	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$					
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds					

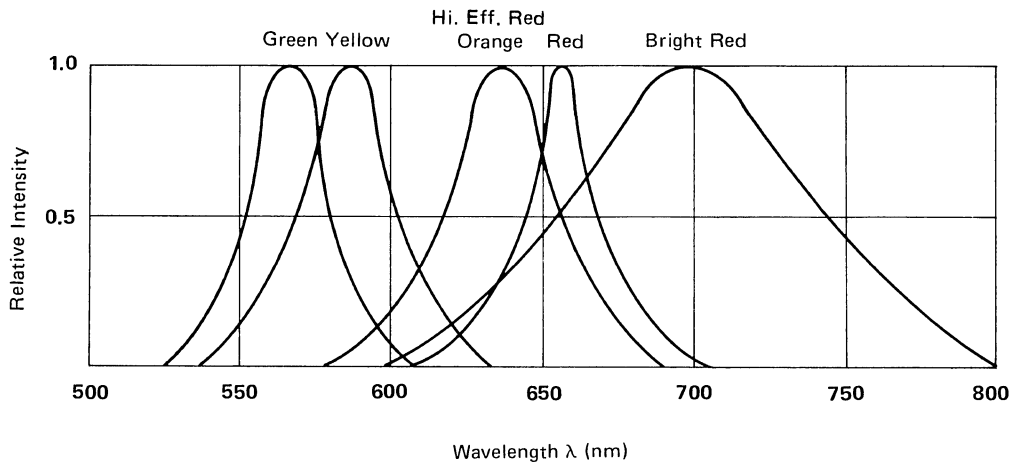


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL	0.08 0.2 0.4	0.2 0.4 1.3		mcd	I _F = 10 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL		655 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL		24 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL		1.7 2.1 2.0	2.0 2.8 2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	23201AL 23211AL 23221AL		30 55 20		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

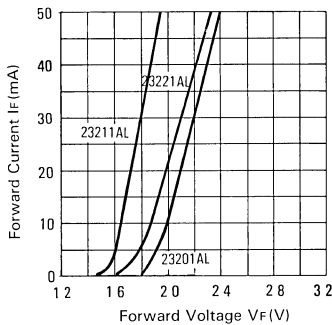


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

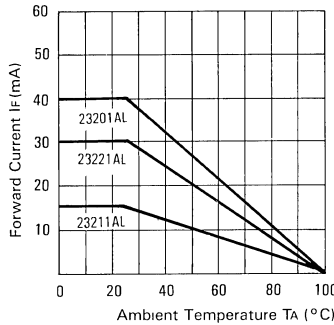


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

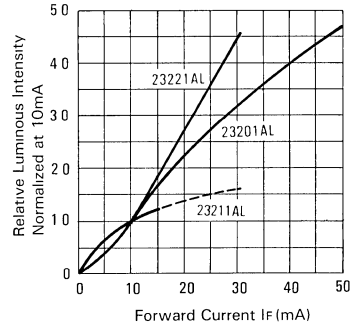


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

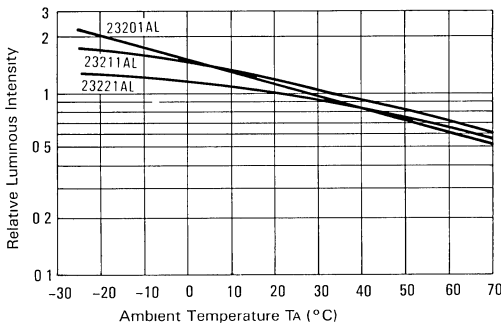


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

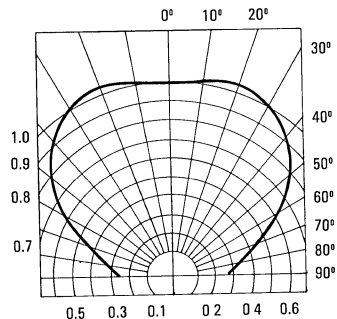


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23231AL 23251AL	0.4 0.4	1.3 1.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23231AL 23251AL		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	23231AL 23251AL		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	23231AL 23251AL		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	23231AL 23251AL		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	23231AL 23251AL			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	23231AL 23251AL		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

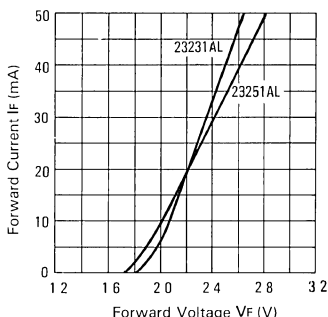


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

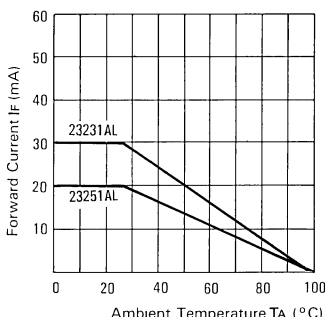


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

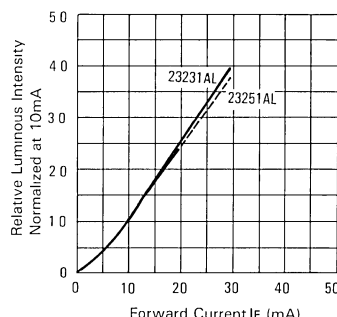


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

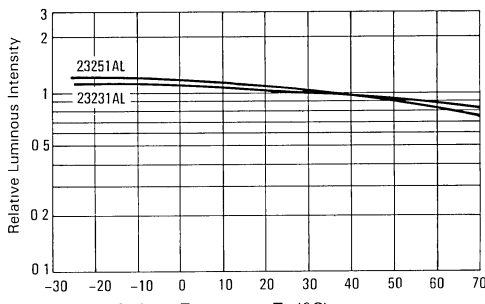


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

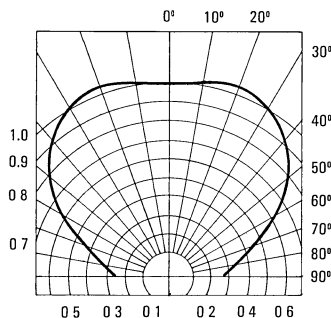


FIG.11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23291AL	0.4	1.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23291AL		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

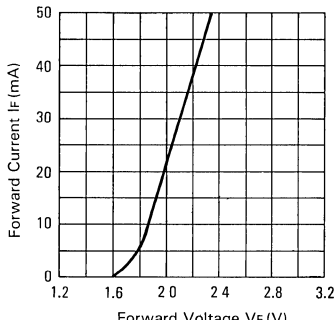


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

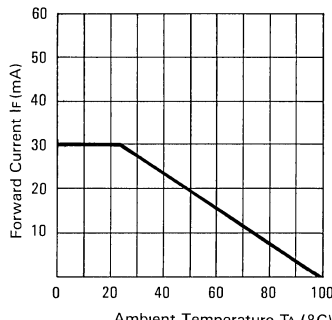


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

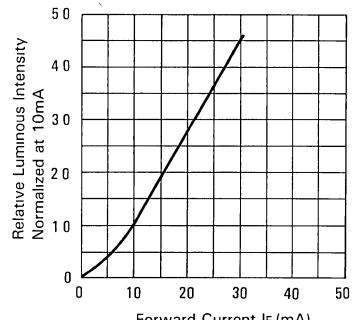


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

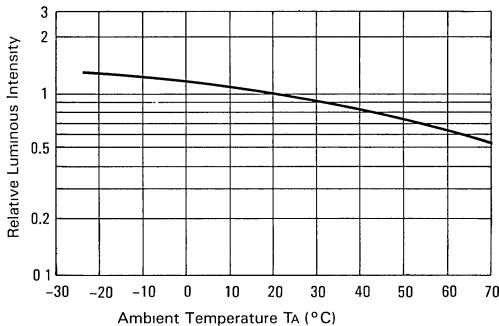


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

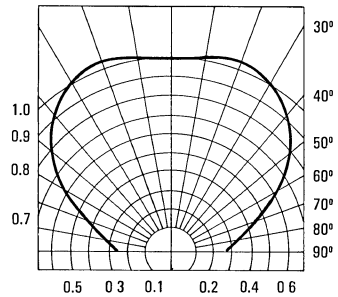


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2.0x6.0 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-23214A BRIGHT RED
LTL-23234A GREEN

LTL-23254A YELLOW
LTL-23274A AMBER

FEATURES

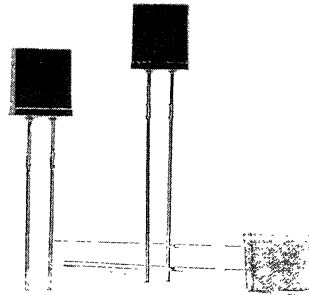
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

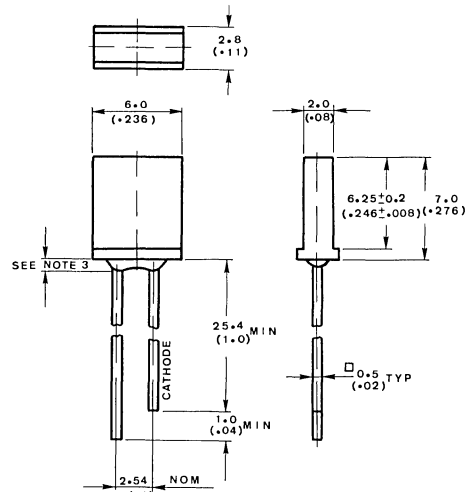
The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
23214A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
23234A	Green	Diffused	Green
23254A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
23274A	Amber	Diffused	Amber

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

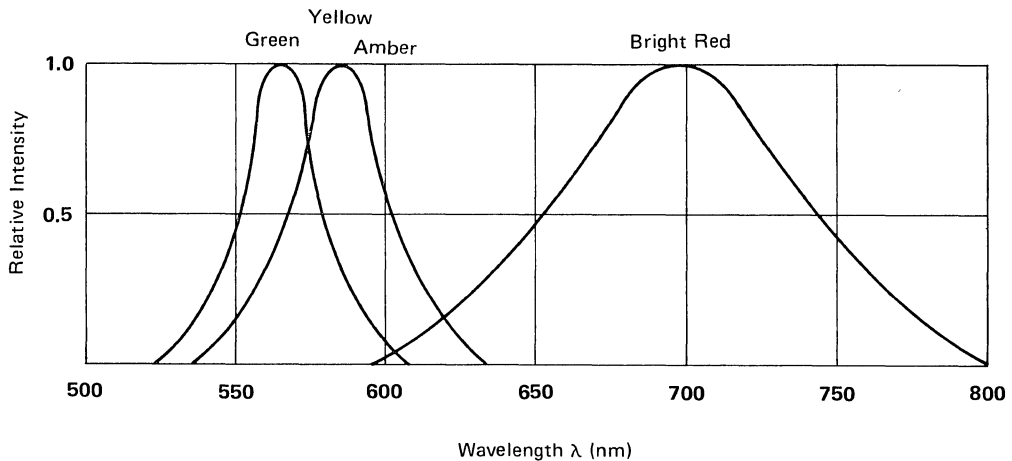


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23214A	0.3	0.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23214A		125		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	23214A		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	23214A		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	23214A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	23214A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	23214A		55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

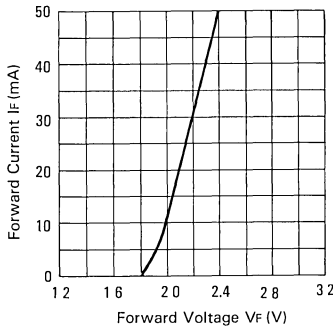


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

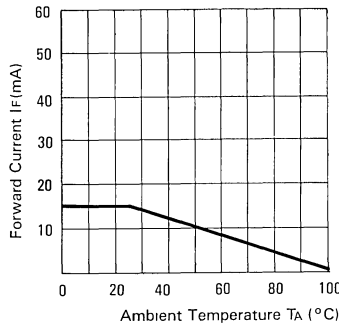


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

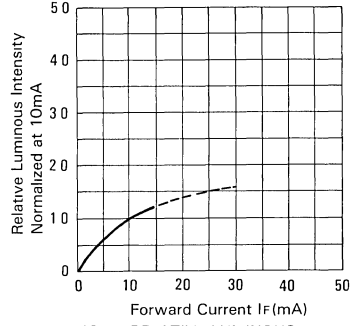


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

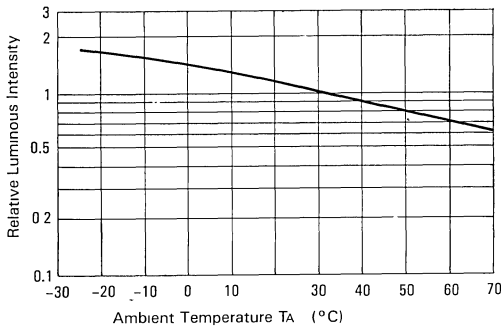


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

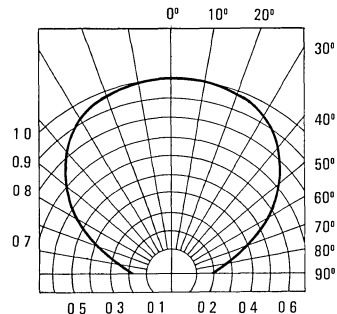


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23234A 23254A	0.3 0.5	0.75 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23234A 23254A		125		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	23234A 23254A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	23234A 23254A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	23234A 23254A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	23234A 23254A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	23234A 23254A		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

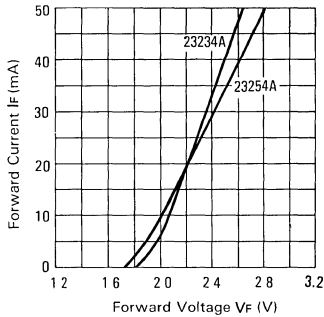


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

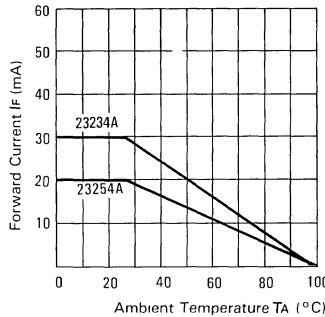


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

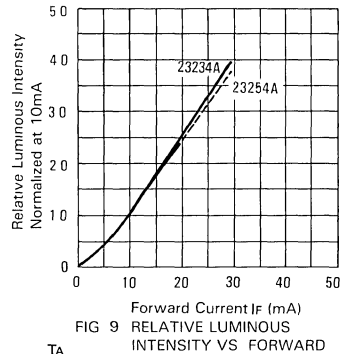


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

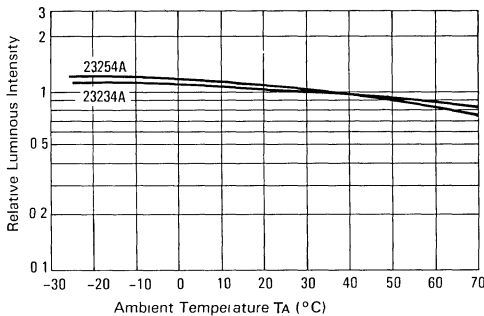


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

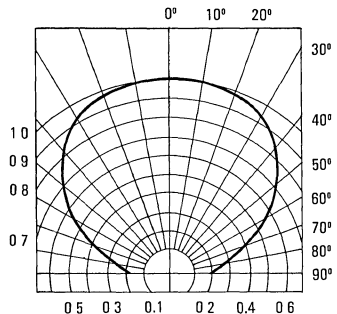


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23274A	0.5	1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23274A		125		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	23274A		600		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	23274A		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	23274A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	23274A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	23274A		1.5		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

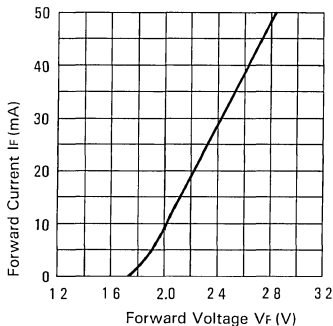


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

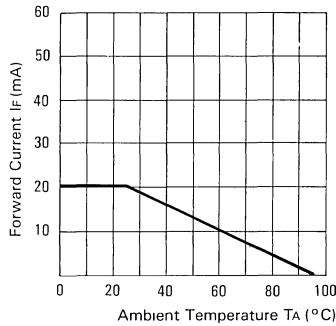


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

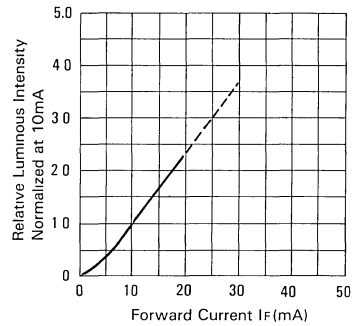


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

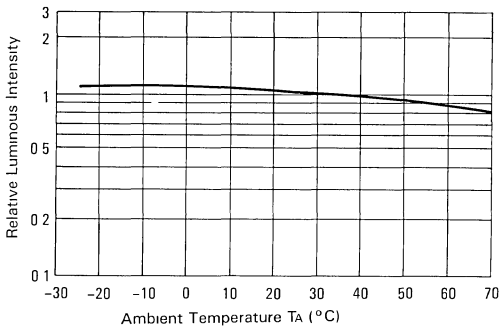


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

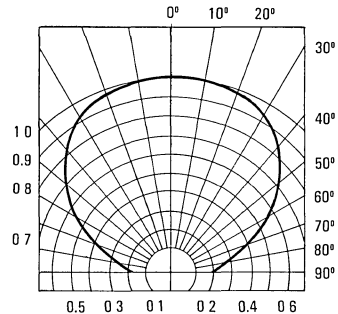


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



2.5x7.1 RECTANGULAR BAR LED LAMPS

LTL-3213A BRIGHT RED
LTL-3223A HI. EFF. RED
LTL-3233A GREEN

LTL-3253A YELLOW
LTL-3293A ORANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

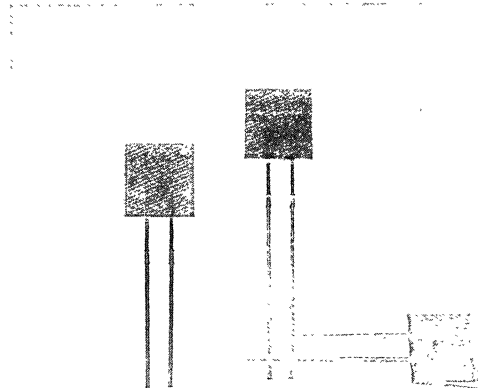
DESCRIPTION

The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

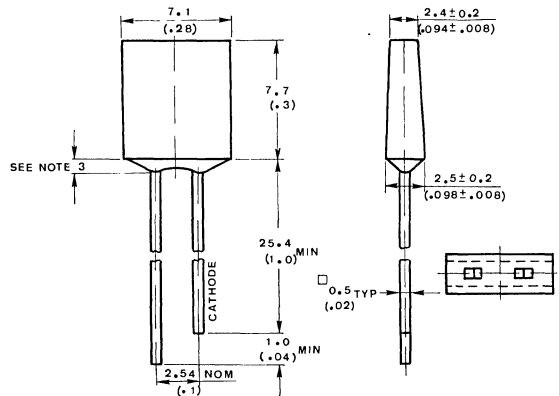
The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
3213A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
3223A	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
3233A	Green	Diffused	Green
3253A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
3293A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI. EFF. RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

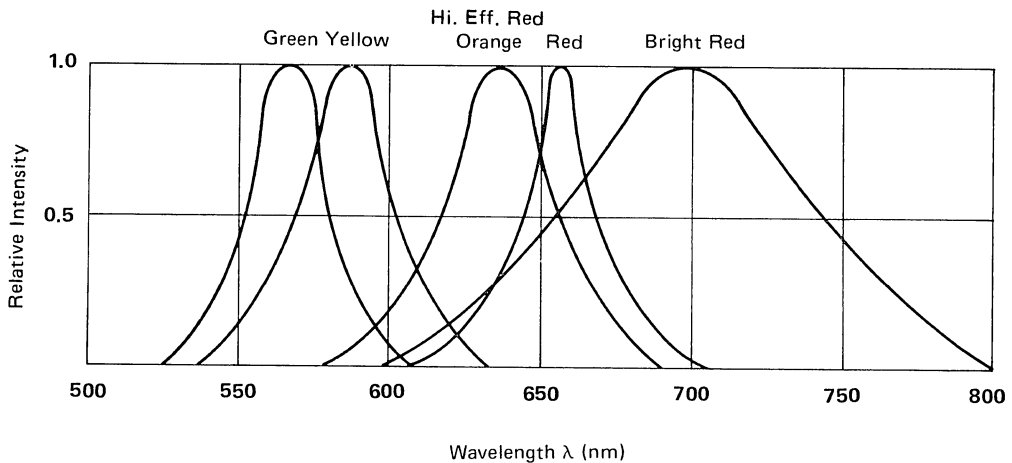


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	3213A 3223A	0.3 1.1	0.7 2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3213A 3223A		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3213A 3223A		697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3213A 3223A		90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3213A 3223A		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3213A 3223A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	3213A 3223A		55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

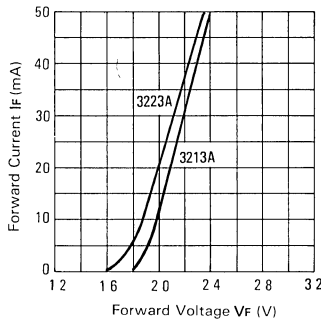


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

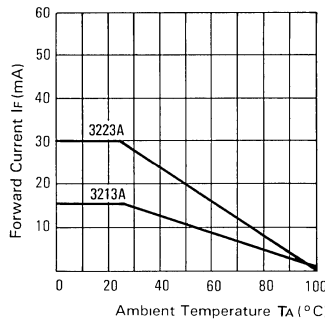


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

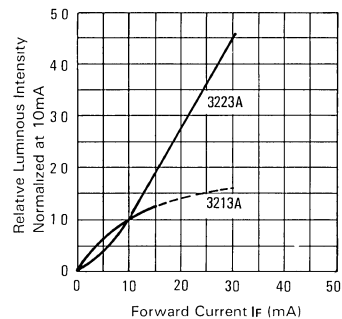


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

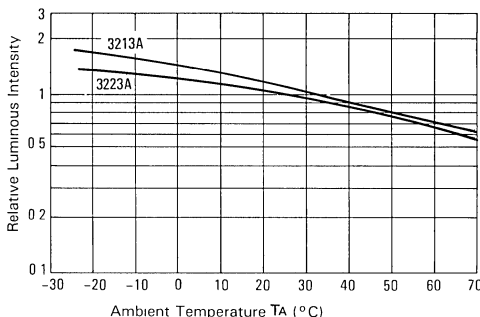


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

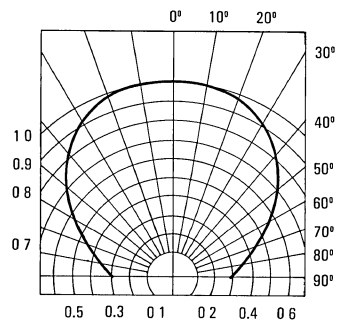


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3233A 3253A	0.8 0.5	1.9 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3233A 3253A		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3233A 3253A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3233A 3253A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3233A 3253A		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3233A 3253A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	3233A 3253A		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

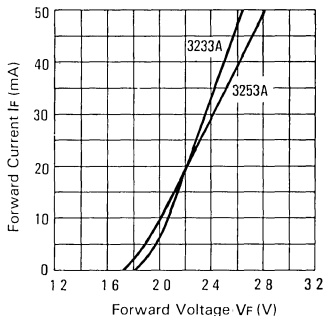


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

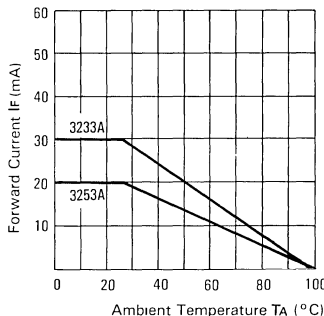


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

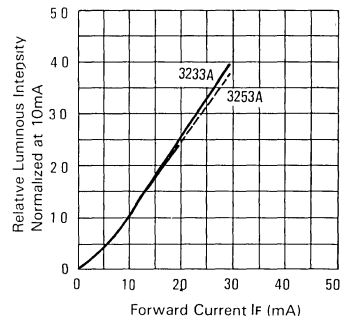


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

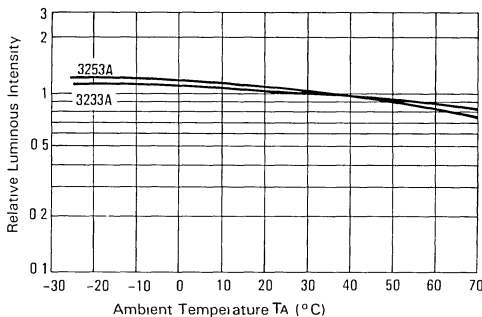


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

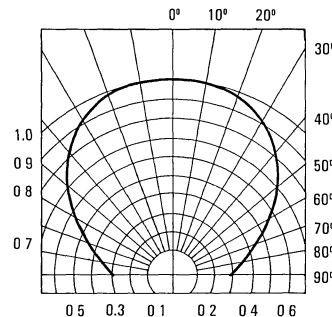


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	3293A	1.1	2.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	3293A		130		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	3293A		630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	3293A		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	3293A		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	3293A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	3293A		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

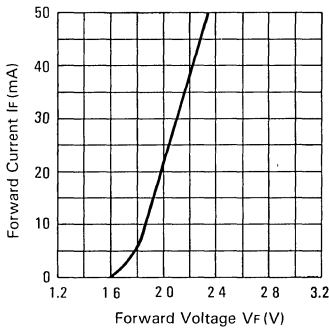


FIG. 12 FORWARD CURRENT (V) VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

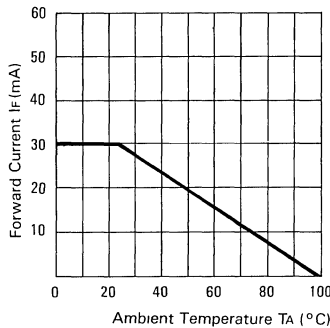


FIG. 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

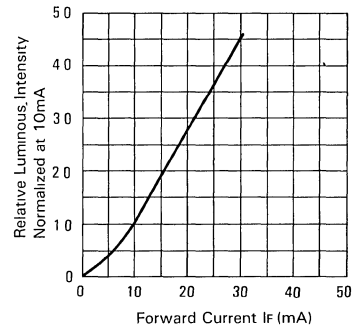


FIG. 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

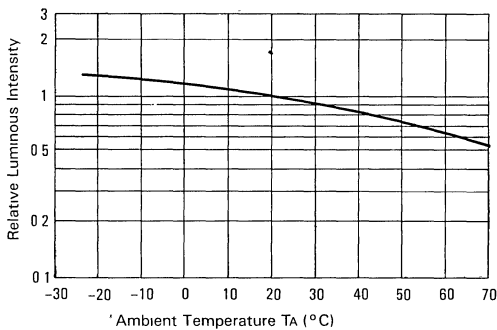


FIG. 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

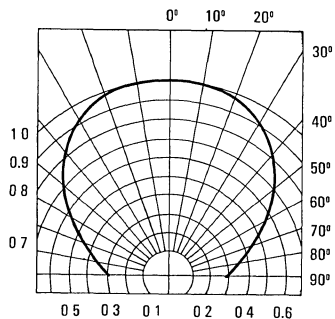


FIG. 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



DOUBLE 2.0 SQUARE TOP LED LAMPS

LTL-23216A BRIGHT RED
 LTL-23236A GREEN
 LTL-23256A YELLOW

LTL-23276A AMBER
 LTL-23296A DRANGE

FEATURES

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

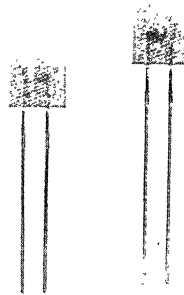
DESCRIPTION

The bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

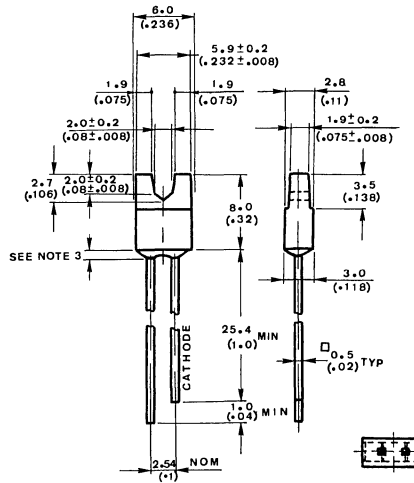
The Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
23216A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
23236A	Green	Diffused	Green
23256A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
23276A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
23296A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds				

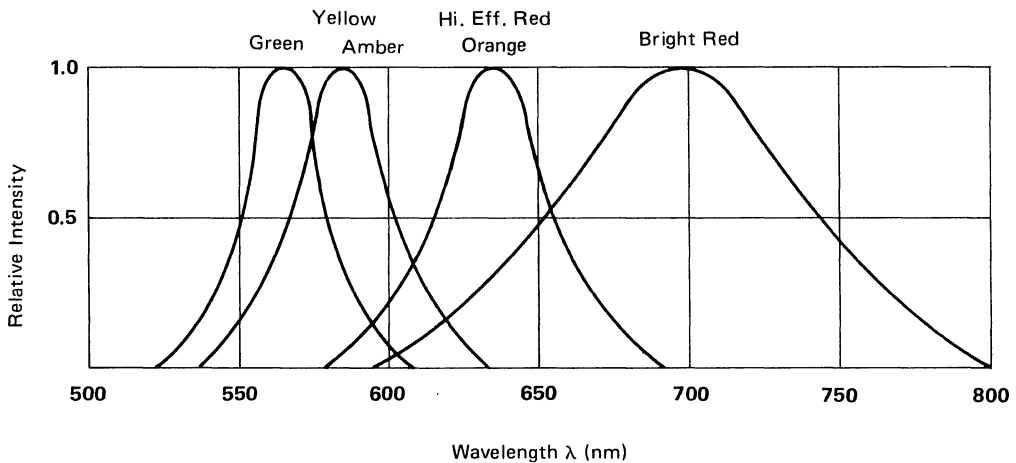


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23216A	0.1	0.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23216A		120		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C			55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

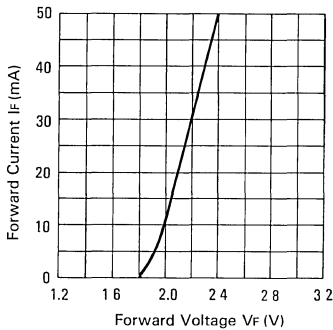


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

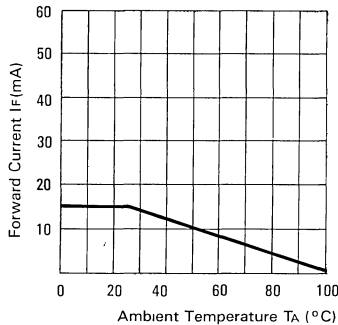


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

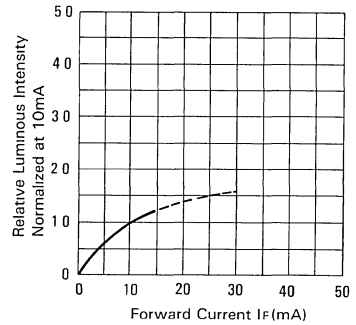


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

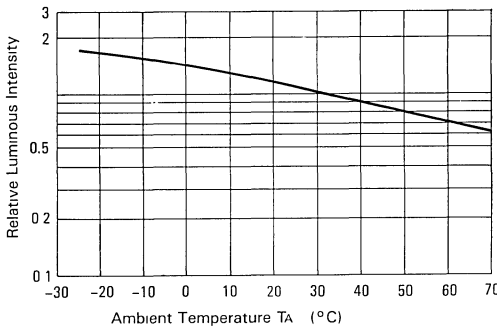


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

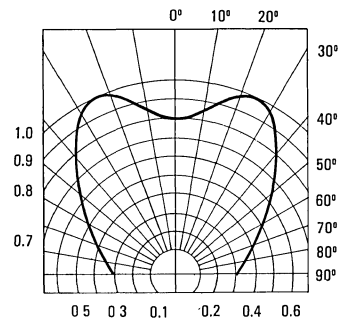


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	23236A 23256A	0.4 0.4	1.2 1.2		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	23236A 23256A		120		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	23236A 23256A		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	23236A 23256A		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	23236A 23256A		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	23236A 23256A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	23236A 23256A		35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-respose curve.

2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

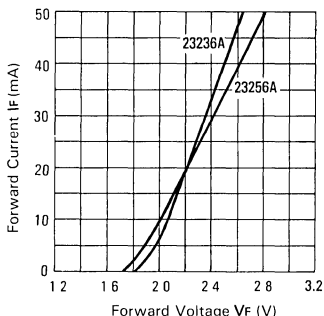


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

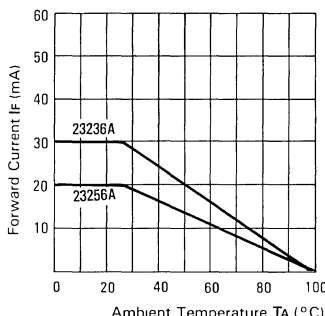


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

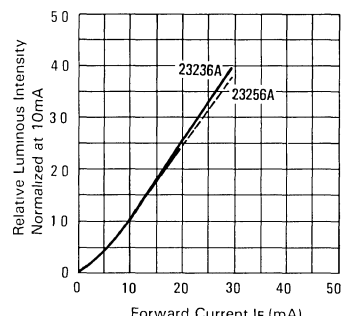


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

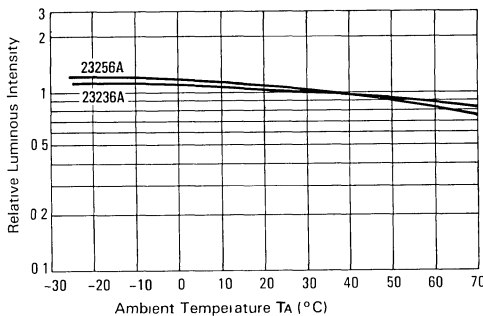


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

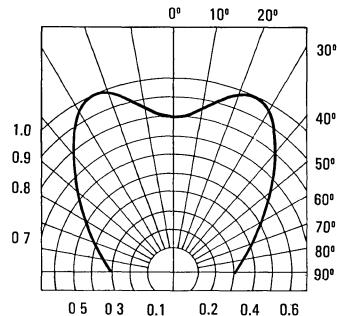


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	23276A 23296A	0.4 0.4	1.2 1.2		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	23276A 23296A		120		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	23276A 23296A		600 630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	23276A 23296A		35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	23276A 23296A		2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	23276A 23296A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	23276A 23296A		15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

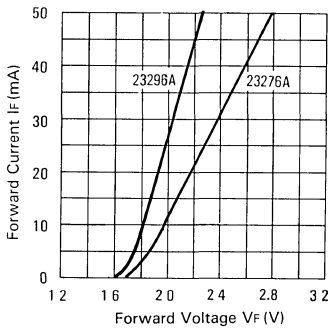


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

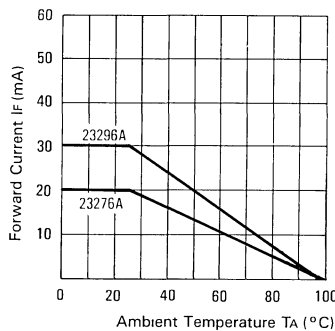


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

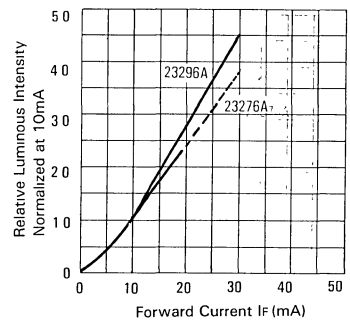


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

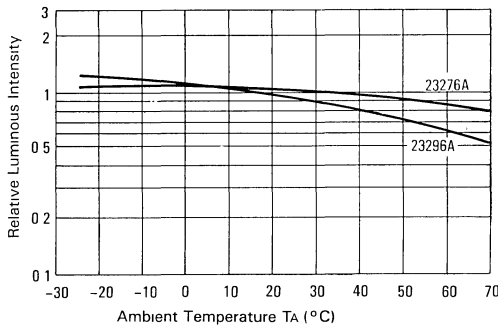


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

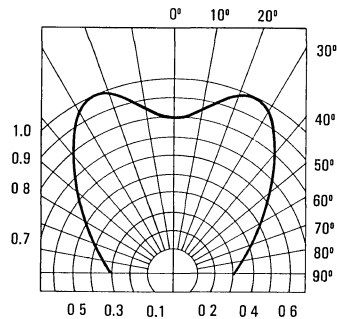


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





DOUBLE 1.5x5 RECTANGULAR TOP LED LAMPS

LTL-472P BRIGHT RED
LTL-472G GREEN
LTL-472Y YELLOW

FEATURE

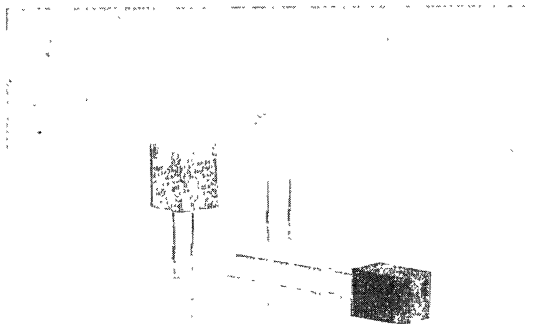
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- MOST SUTIBLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

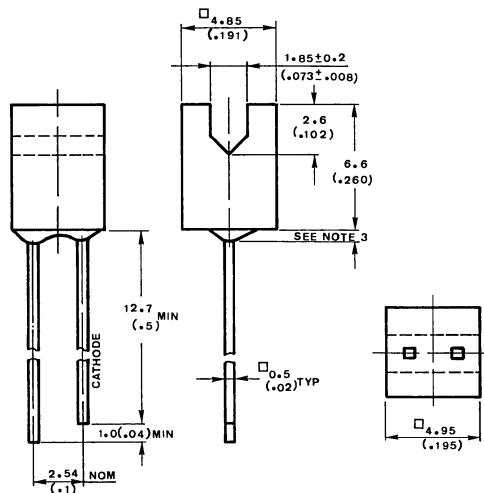
The Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
472P	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
472G	Green	Diffused	Green
472Y	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 DutyCycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

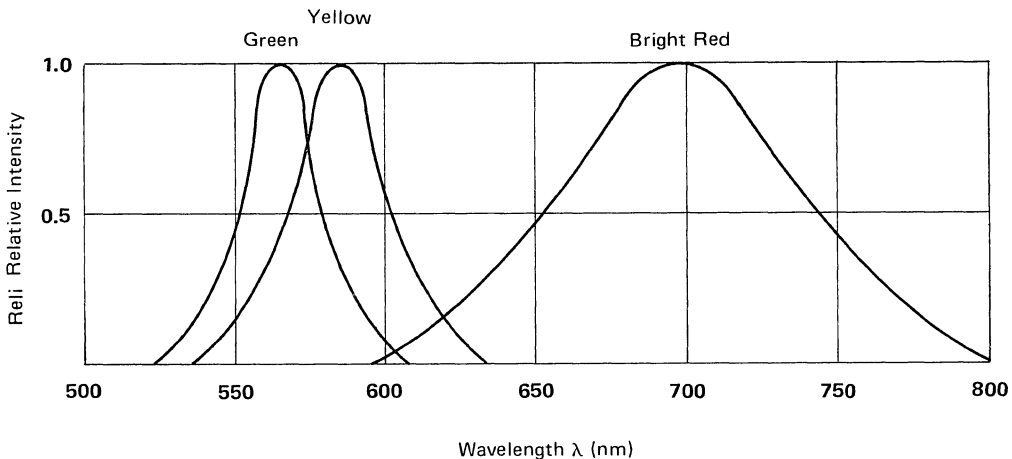


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	472P	0.1	0.3		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	472P		200°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	472P		697		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	472P		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	472P		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	472P			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	472P		55		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

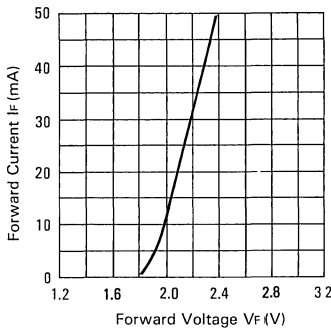


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

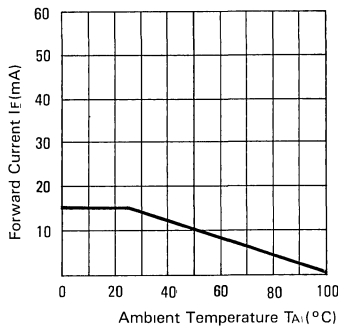


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

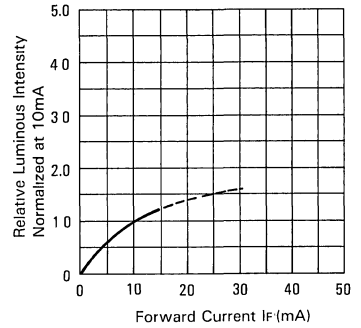


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

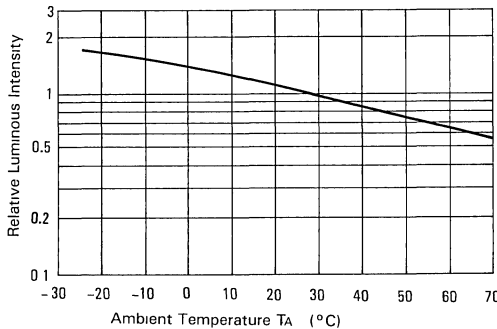


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

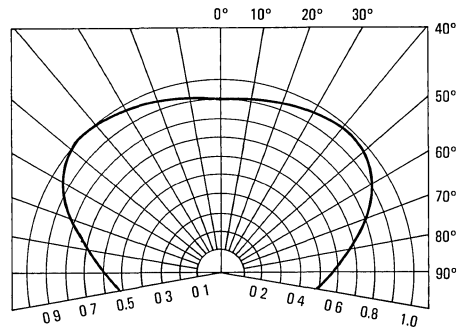


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	472G 472Y	0.3 0.3	0.7 0.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	472G 472Y		200°		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	472G 472Y		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	472G 472Y		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	472G 472Y		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	472G 472Y			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	472G 472Y		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

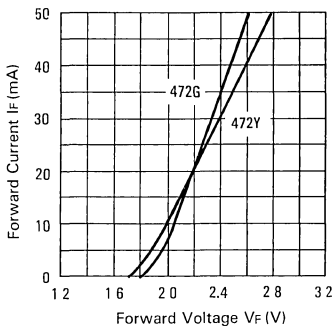


FIG. 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

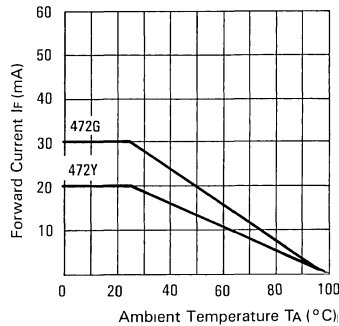


FIG. 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

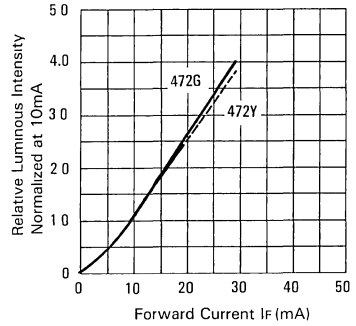


FIG. 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

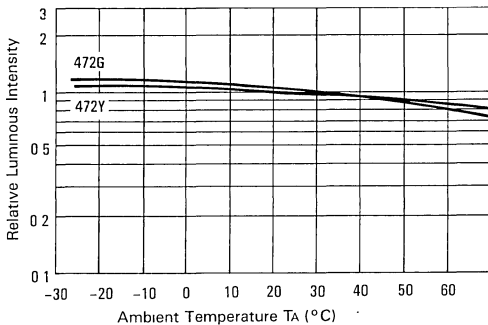


FIG. 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

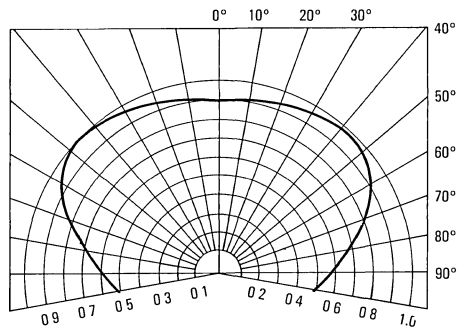


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



3.0, 5.0 SQUARE TOP LED LAMPS

LTL-9212A/9213A BRIGHT RED
 LTL-9222A/9223A HIGH EFFICIENCY RED
 LTL-9232A/9233A GREEN

LTL-9252A/9253A YELLOW
 LTL-9272A/9273A AMBER
 LTL-9292A/9293A ORANGE

FEATURES

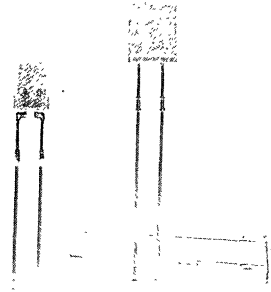
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- MOST SUITABLE FOR USE LIKE LEVEL INDICATOR.
- EXCELLENT UNIFORMITY OF LIGHT EMISSION.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

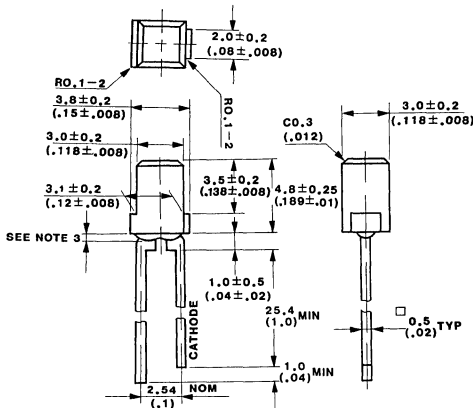
The bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode.

The High Efficiency Red and Orange source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow and Amber source color devices are made with gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

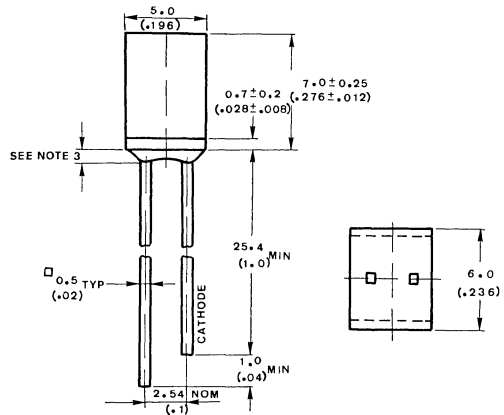


LTL-92x2A Series



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-92x3A Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm ($.010$ "') unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5 mm ($.059$ "') max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
9212A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
9222A	Red	Diffused	Hi.Eff.Red
9232A	Green	Diffused	Green
9252A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
9272A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
9292A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
9213A	Red	Diffused	Bright Red
9223A	Red	Diffused	Hi.Eff.Red
9233A	Green	Diffused	Green
9253A	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow
9273A	Amber	Diffused	Amber
9293A	Orange	Diffused	Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW AMBER	HI.EFF.RED ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	60	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	80	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	20	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	0.25	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$				
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds				

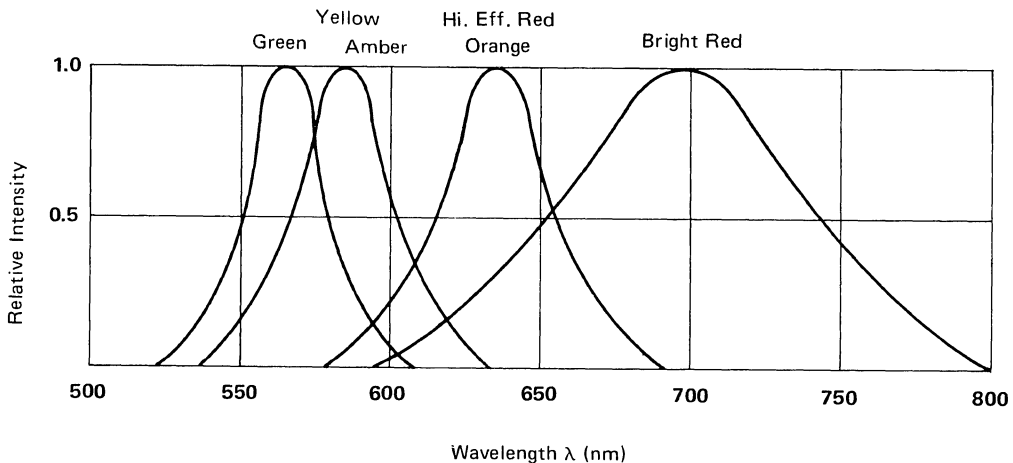


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A	0.3 0.5 0.2 0.5	0.8 1.7 0.6 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A		100 100 150 150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A		697 635 697 635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A		90 40 90 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A		2.1 2.0 2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	9212A 9222A 9213A 9223A		55 20 55 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

- NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

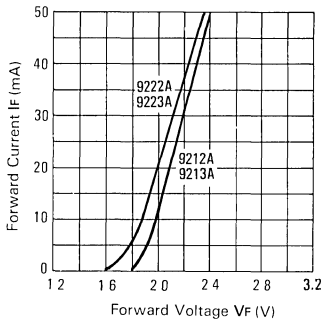


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

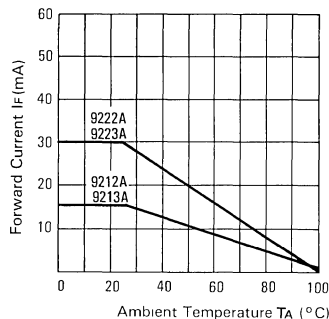


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

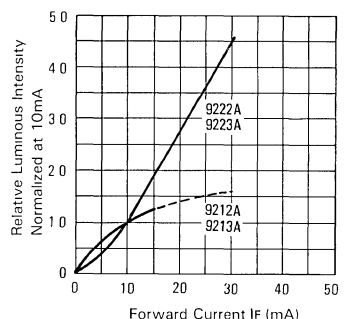


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

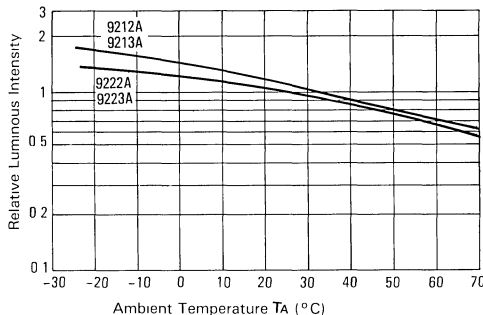


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

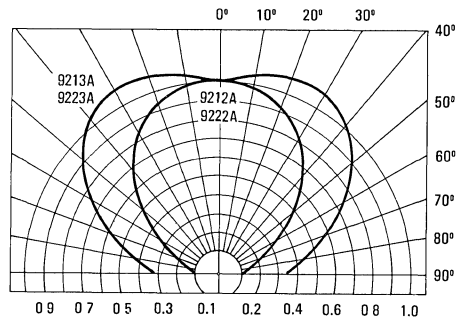


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	9232A	0.5	1.7		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1
		9252A	0.5	1.7			
		9233A	0.5	1.7			
		9253A	0.5	1.7			
Viewing Angle	$2\theta\frac{1}{2}$	9232A		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
		9252A		100			
		9233A		150			
		9253A		150			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	9232A		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
		9252A		585			
		9233A		565			
		9253A		585			
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	9232A		30		nm	
		9252A		35			
		9233A		30			
		9253A		35			
Forward Voltage	V _F	9232A 9252A 9233A 9253A		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	9232A 9252A 9233A 9253A			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	9232A 9252A 9233A 9253A		35 15 35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta\frac{1}{2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

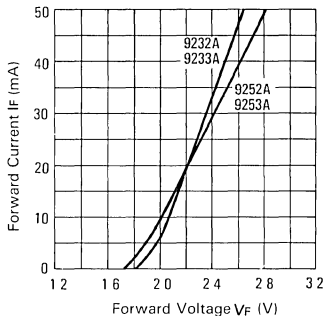


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

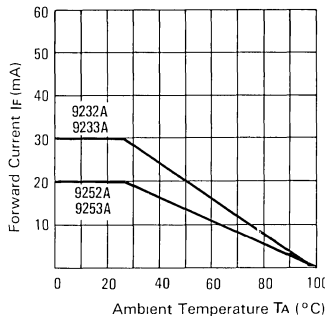


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

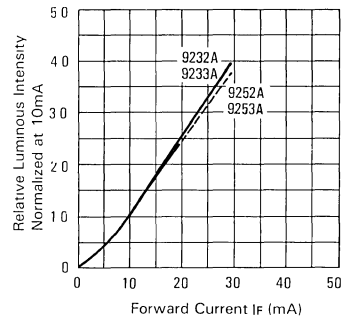


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

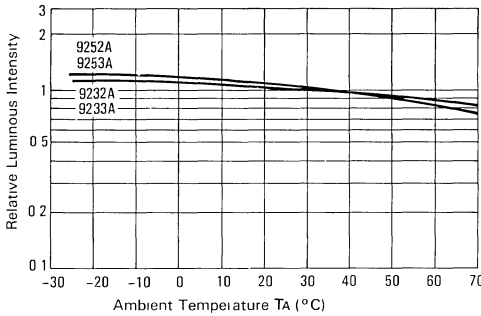


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

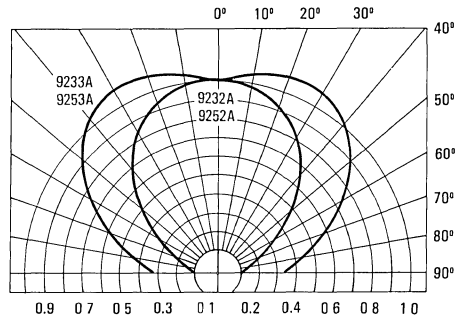


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A		100 100 150 150		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 16)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A		600 630 600 630		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A		35 40 35 40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A		2.1 2.0 2.1 2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	9272A 9292A 9273A 9293A		15 20 15 20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

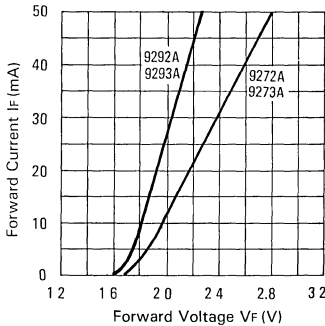


FIG 12 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

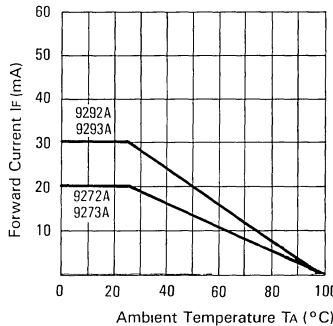


FIG 13 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

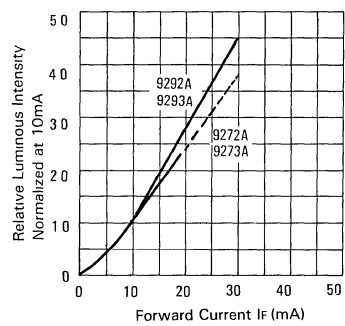


FIG 14 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

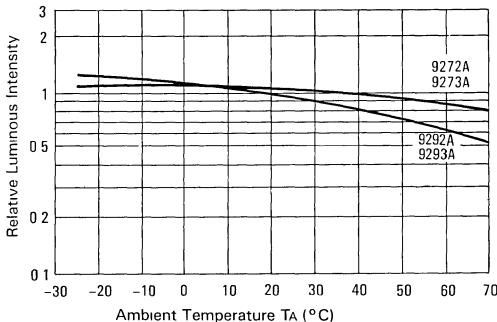


FIG 15 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

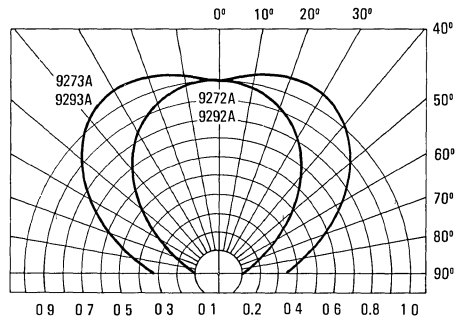


FIG 16 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



3.2x5.6 REFLECTOR CAP RECTANGULAR BARS

LTL-33221AA HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

LTL-33231AA GREEN

LTL-33251AA YELLOW

APPLICATIONS

- LEGEND BACKLIGHTING.
- ILLUMINATED PUSHBUTTON.
- PANEL INDICATOR.
- BARGRAPH METER.

DESCRIPTION

The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

The Yellow source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Yellow Light Emitting Diode.

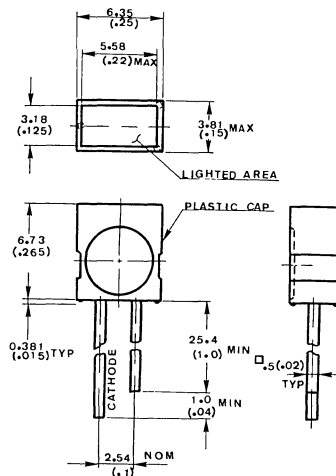
DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
33221AA	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red
33231AA	Green	Diffused	Green
33251AA	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	HI. EFF. RED	GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

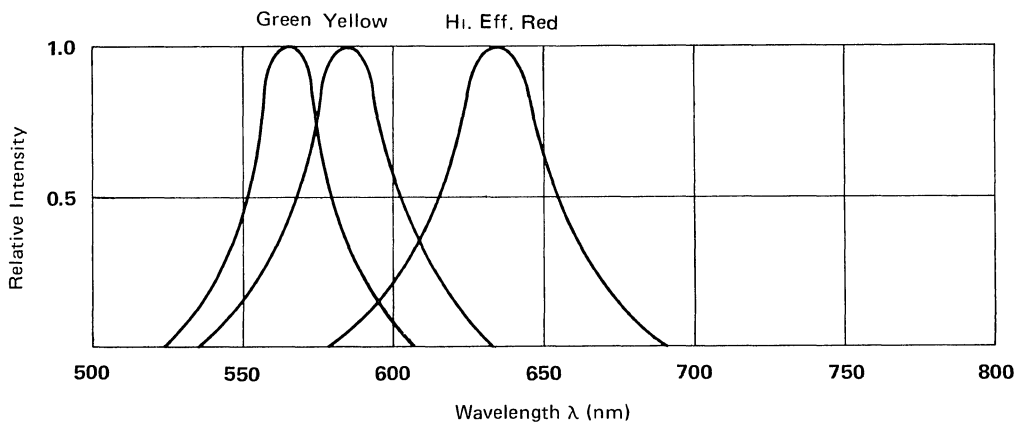


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	33221AA	1.1	3.8		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	33221AA		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	33221AA		635		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	33221AA		40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	33221AA		2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	33221AA			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	33221AA		20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

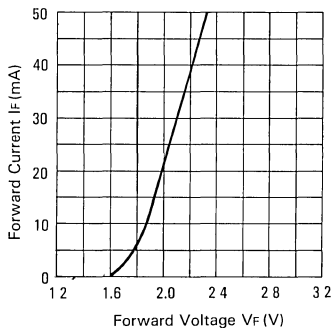


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

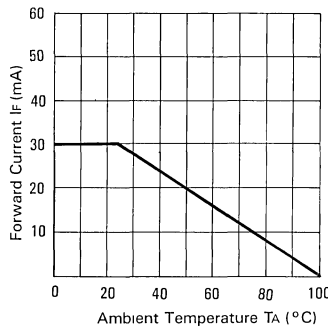


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

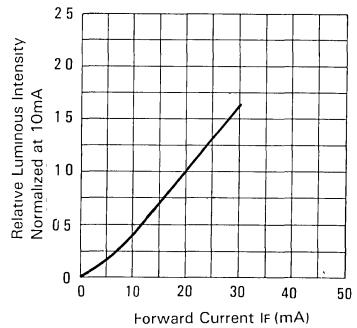


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

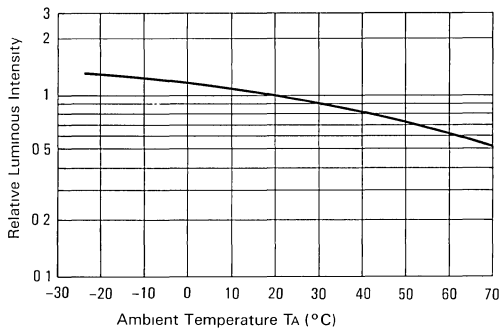


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

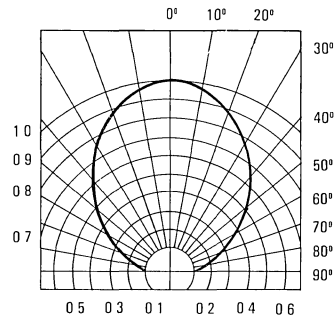


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	33231AA 33251AA	1.7 1.7	5.6 5.6		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	33231AA 33251AA		100		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	33231AA 33251AA		565 585		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	33231AA 33251AA		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	33231AA 33251AA		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	33231AA 33251AA			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	33231AA 33251AA		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

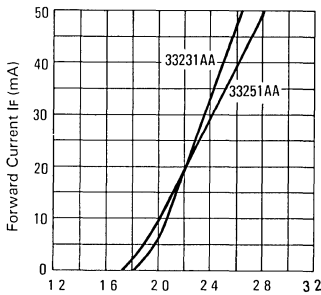


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

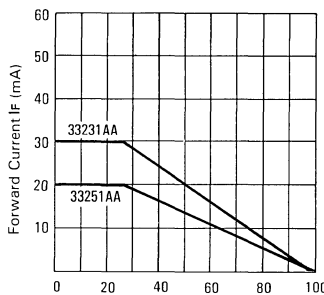


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

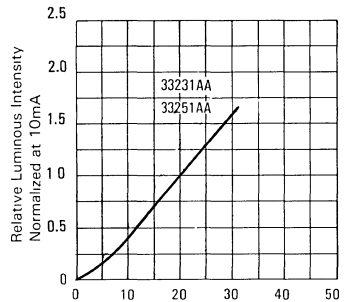


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

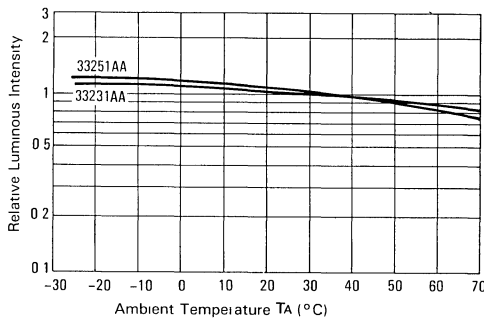


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

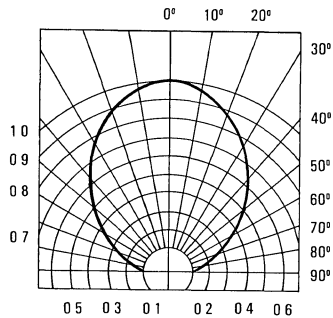


FIG 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



BIPOLAR INDICATOR LAMP

LTL-298E HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

FEATURES

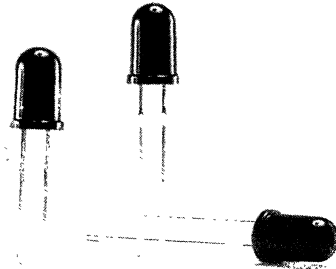
- T-1 1/2 TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

High Efficiency Red source color chip is Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode.

The LTL-298E is a red, diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide High Efficiency Red Light Emitting Diode.

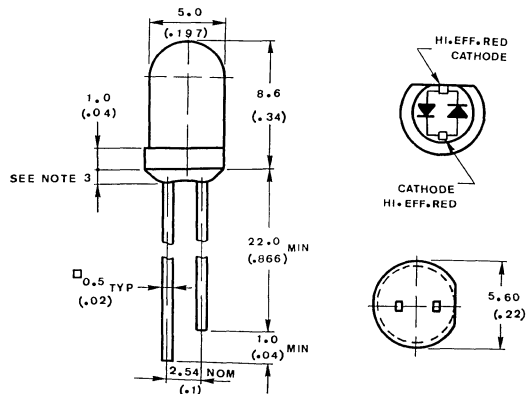
The dual chips operating dependently of each other.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
298E	Red	Diffused	Hi. Eff. Red

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	HI. EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

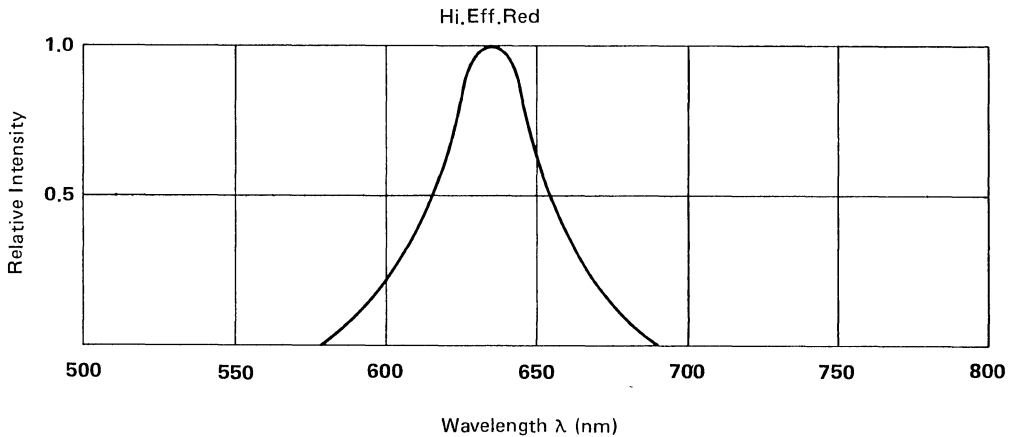


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-298E	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	298E	1.5	5.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	298E		50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			635		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$			40		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F			2.0	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R				100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C			20		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Éclairage) eye-response curve.

2 $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

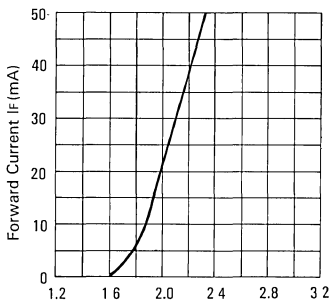


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

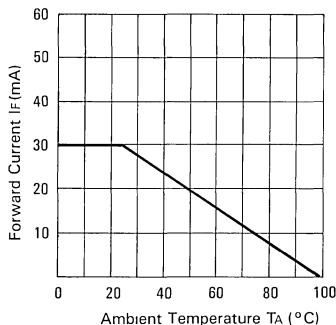


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE.

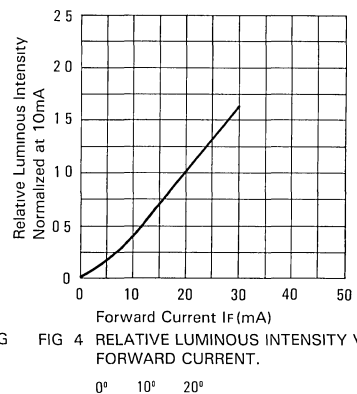


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT.

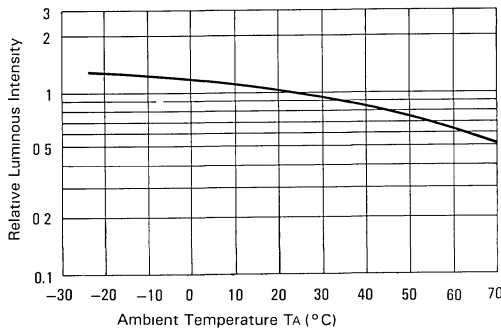


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

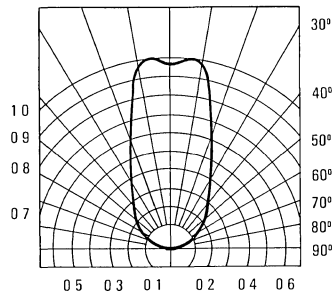


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

LTL-298VJ RED-GREEN

FEATURES

- RED AND GREEN CHIPS ARE MATCHED FOR UNIFORM LIGHT OUTPUT.
- T-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

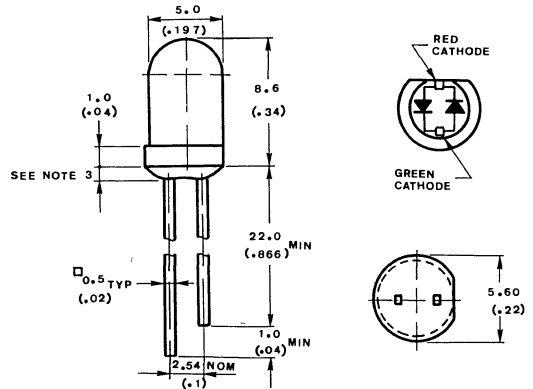
DESCRIPTION

The Red/Green LTL-298VJ bicolor lamp is a white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide red Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The dual chips operating depently of each other.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
298VJ	White	Diffused	Red
			Green

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	GREEN	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

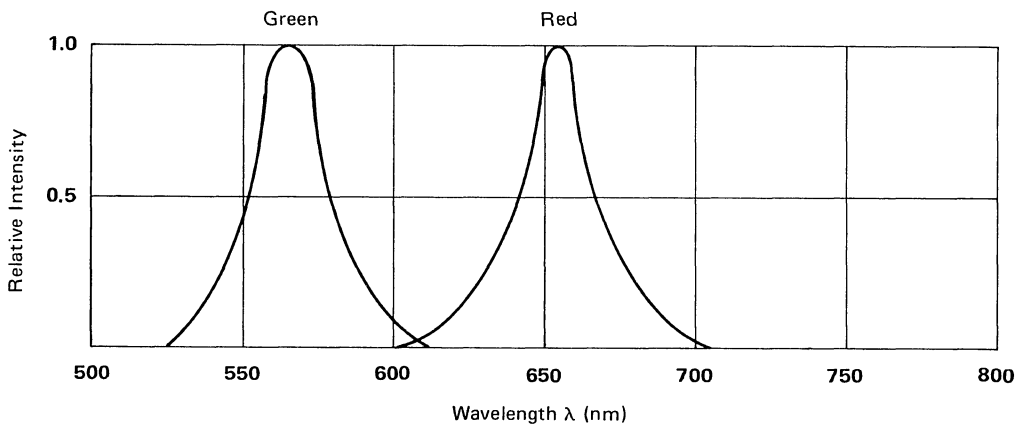


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-298VJ	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	Red Green	0.4 2.5	1.2 8.7		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Red Green		50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	Red Green		655 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Red Green		24 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	Red Green		1.7 2.1	2.0 2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	Red Green			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	Red Green		30 35		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES. 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

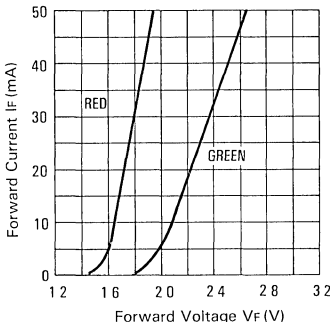


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

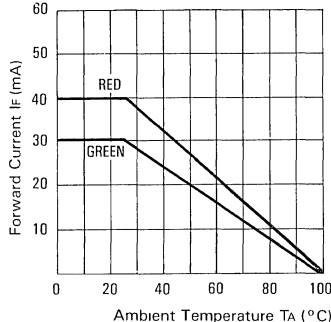


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

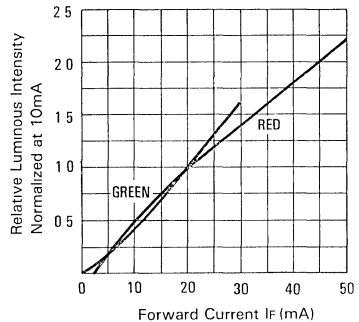


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

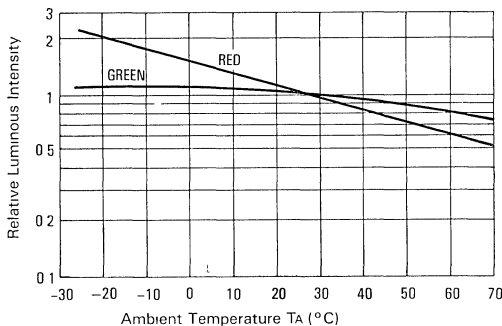


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

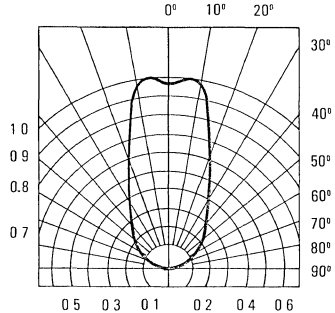


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

LTL-298WJ ORANGE-GREEN

FEATURES

- ORANGE AND GREEN CHIPS ARE MATCHED FOR UNIFORM LIGHT OUTPUT.
- T-1 1/4 TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

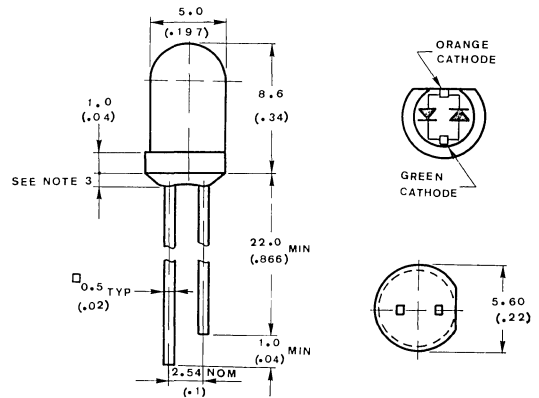
DESCRIPTION

The Green/Orange LTL-298WJ bicolor lamp is a white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode. The dual chips operating dependently of each other.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
298WJ	White	Diffused	Green
			Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.4	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

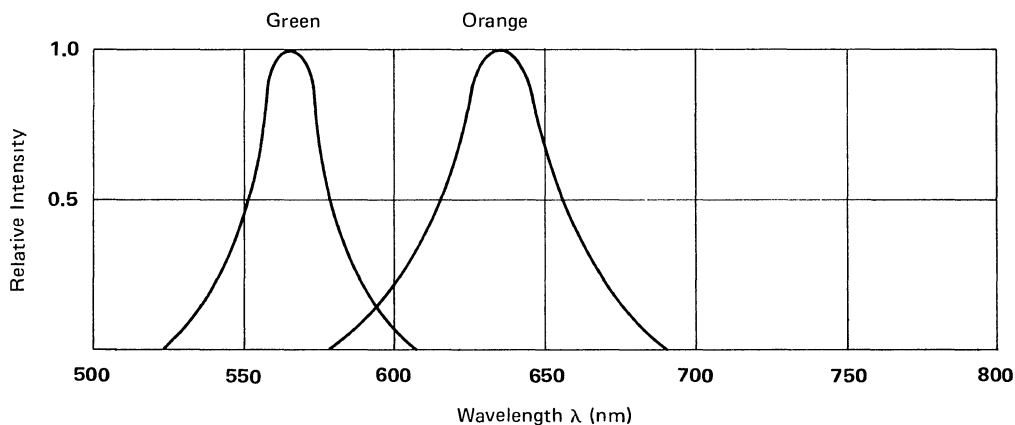


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-298WJ	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	Orange Green	1.7 2.5	5.5 8.7		mcd	IF = 20 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	Orange Green		50		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ PEAK	Orange Green		630 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	Orange Green		40 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	Orange Green		2.0 2.1	2.8	V	IF = 20 mA
Reverse Current	IR	Orange Green			100	μA	VR = 5V
Capacitance	C	Orange Green		20 35		PF	VF = 0 f = 1 MHZ

- NOTES
- Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve
 - θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity

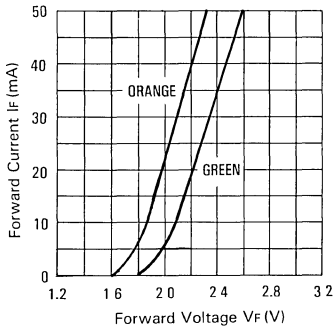


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

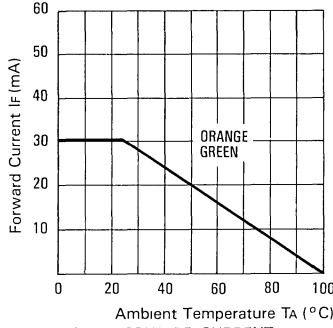


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

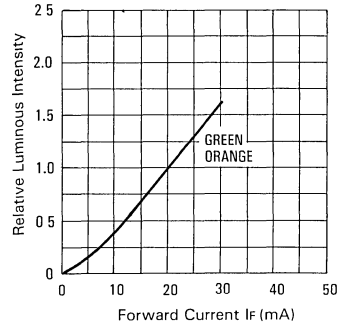


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

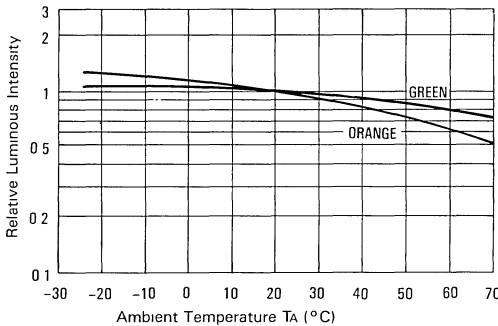


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

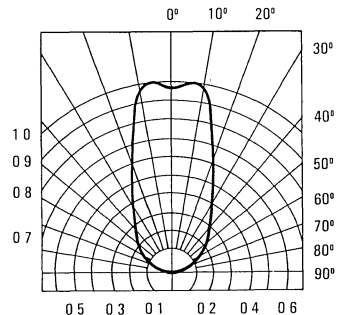


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

LTL-293SJ CaAIAS RED-GREEN

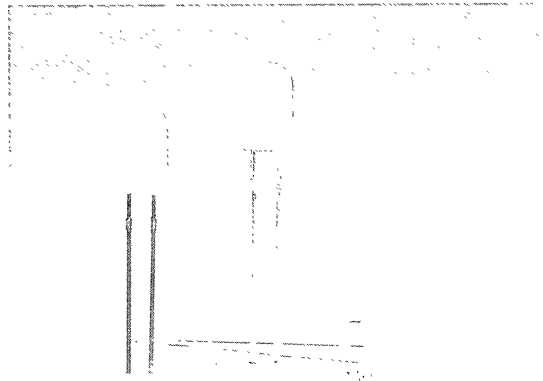
FEATURES

- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS.
- T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The Red/Green LTL-293SJ bicolor lamp is white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips utilizing Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Ultra-brightness Red Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode.

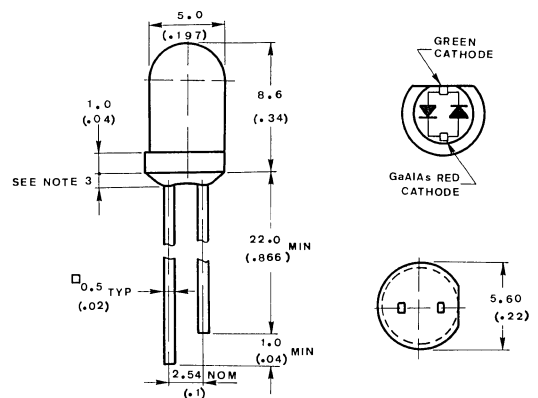
The Red and the Green operating dependently of each other.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
293SJ	White	Diffused	GaAlAs Red
			Green

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	GaAlAs RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

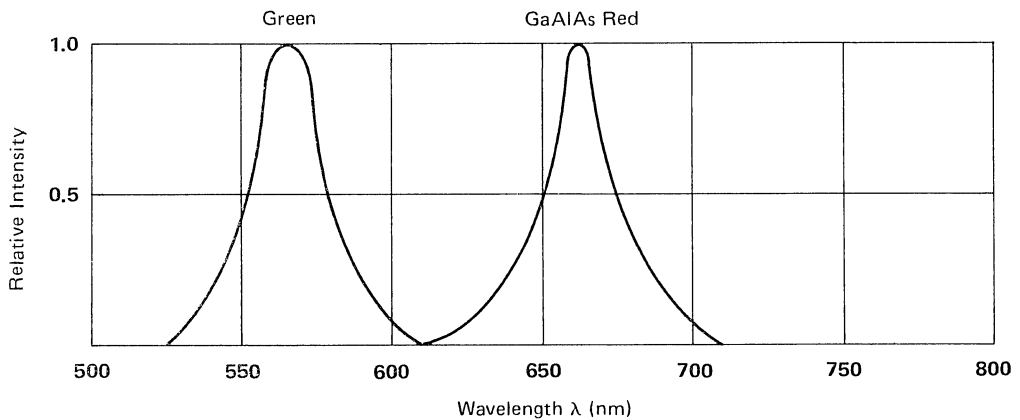


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-293SJ	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	Iv	GaAlAs Red Green	5.6 4.0	19.0 12.0		mcd	I _F = 20 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	GaAlAs Red Green		80		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	GaAlAs Red Green		660 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	GaAlAs Red Green		20 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	GaAlAs Red Green		1.8 2.1	2.4 2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	GaAlAs Red Green			100 100	μA	V _R = 4V V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	GaAlAs Red Green		30 35		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

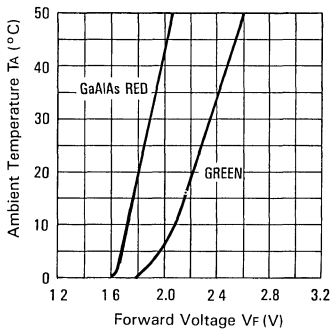


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

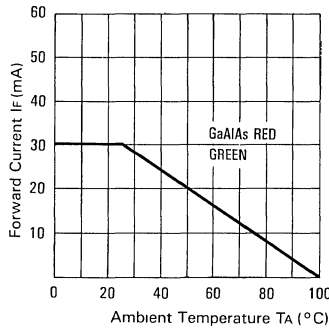


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

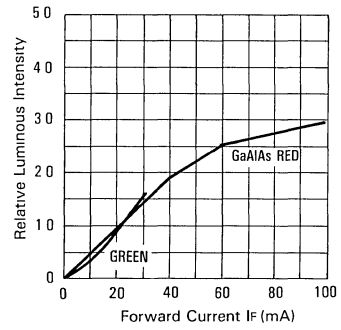


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS

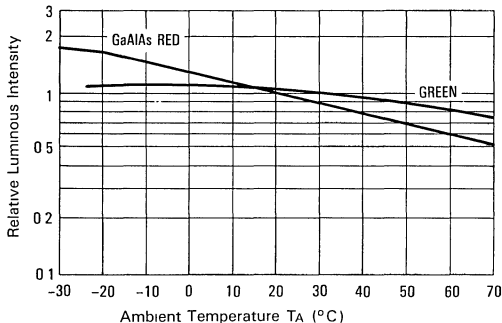


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

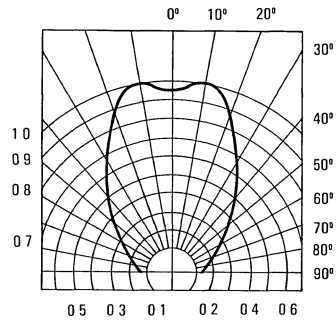


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

LTL-293SJ GaAIAs RED-GREEN

FEATURES

- ULTRA-BRIGHTNESS
- T-1 1/2 TYPE PACKAGE
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.

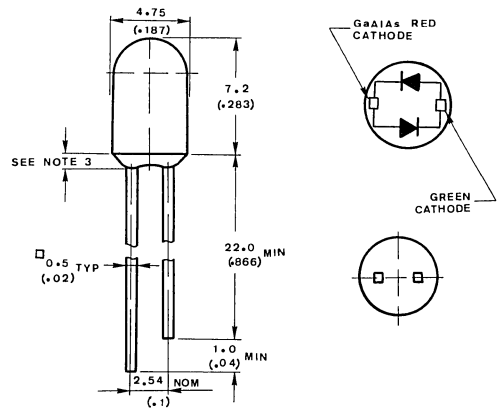
DESCRIPTION

The Red/Green LTL-313SJ bicolor Lamp is a white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Ultra-brightness Red Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The dual chips operating dependently of each other.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
313SJ	White	Diffused	GaAlAs Red
			Green

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	GaAlAs RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1 ms Pulse Width)	120	200	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.5	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

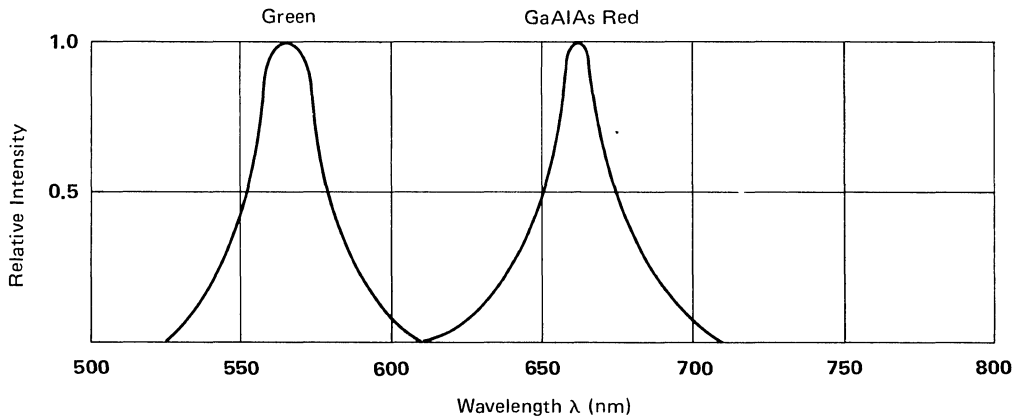


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-313SJ	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	GaAlAs Red Green	11 4.0	38.0 13.0		mcd	I _F = 20 mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	GaAlAs Red Green		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	GaAlAs Red Green		660 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	GaAlAs Red Green		20 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	GaAlAs Red Green		1.8 2.1	2.4 2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R	GaAlAs Red Green			100 100	μA	V _R = 4V V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	GaAlAs Red Green		30 35		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1 MHz

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

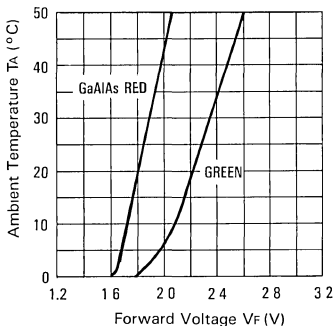


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

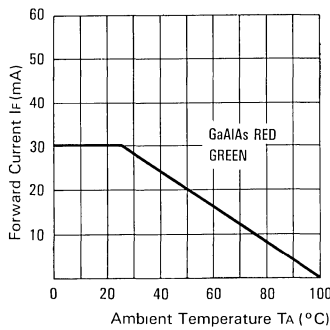


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

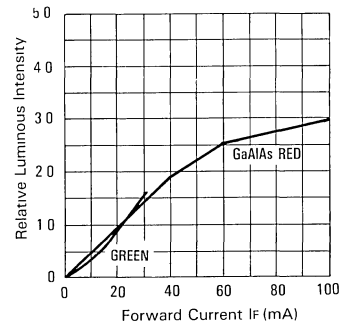


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS

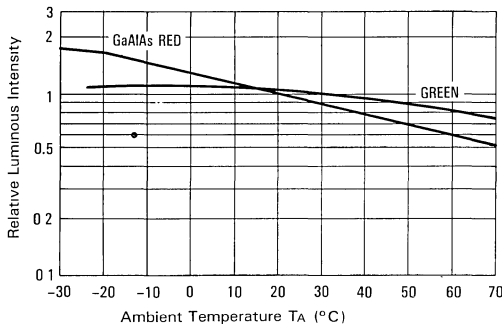


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

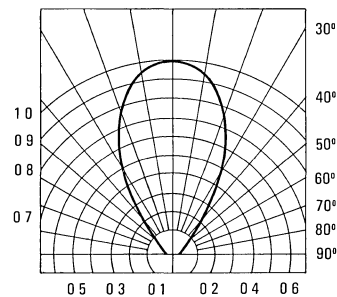


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

LED LAMPS



DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

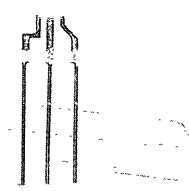
LTL-52EG ORANGE-GREEN

FEATURES

- ORANGE AND GREEN CHIPS ARE MATCHED FOR UNIFORM LIGHT OUTPUT.
- T-1 1/4 TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

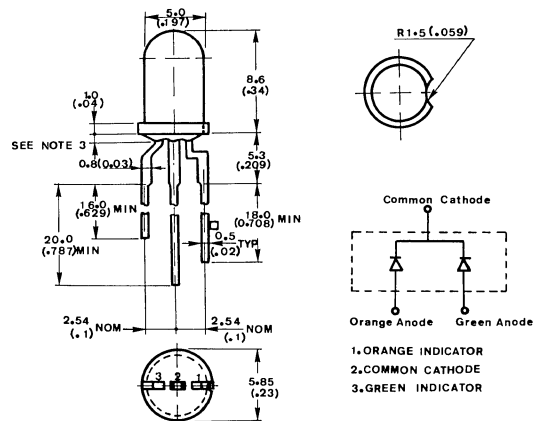
The orange/Green LTL-52EG bicolor Lamp is a white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The Orange and the Green operating independently of each other with a common cathode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
52EG	White	Diffused	Green
			Orange

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ ($\pm 0.010''$) unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm ($\pm 0.059''$) max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

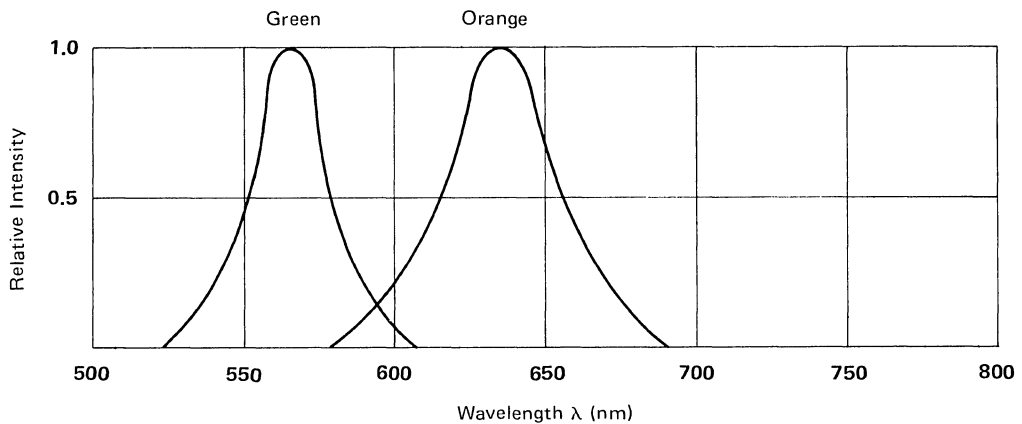


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-52EG	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	Orange Green	1.5 1.5	5.0 5.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Orange Green		54		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	Orange Green		630 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Orange Green		40 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	Orange Green		2.0 2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	Orange Green			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	Orange Green		20 35		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

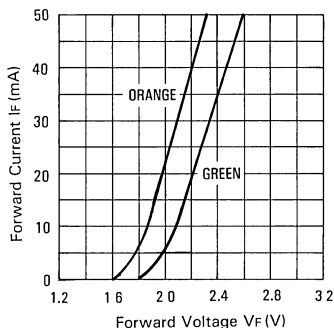


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

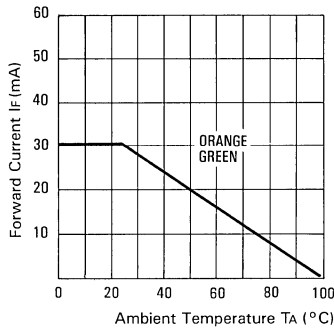


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

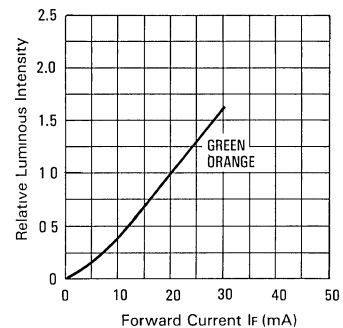


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

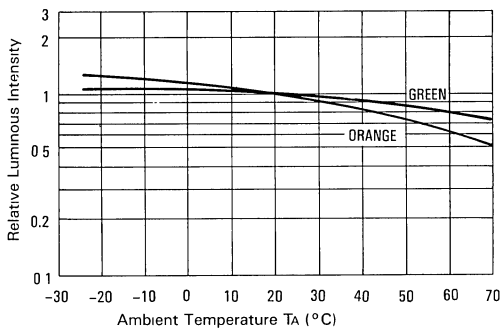


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

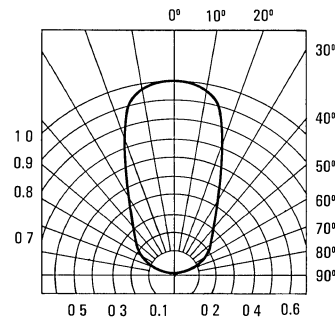


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

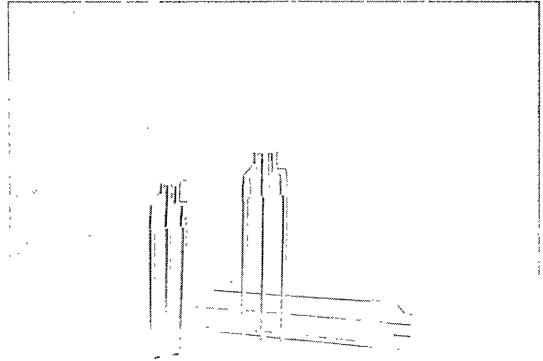
LTL-52RG BRIGHT RED – GREEN

FEATURES

- RED AND GREEN CHIPS ARE MATCHED FOR UNIFORM LIGHT OUTPUT.
- T-1½ TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

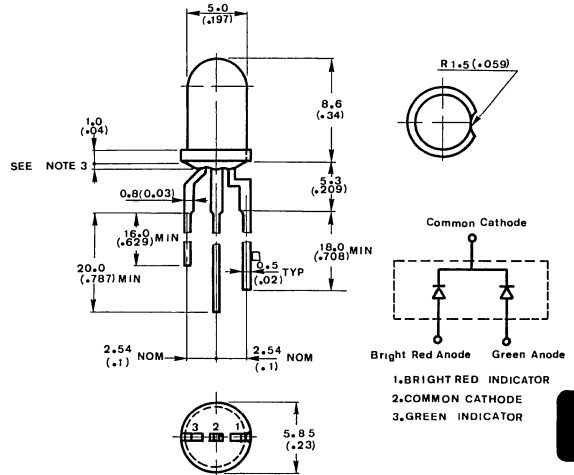
The Bright Red/Green LTL-52RG bicolor Lamp is a white diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Red Light Emitting Diode and Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The Bright Red and the Green operating independently of each other with a common cathode.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
52RG	White	Diffused	Green
			Bright Red

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

LED
LAMPS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Power Dissipation	40	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.2	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds		

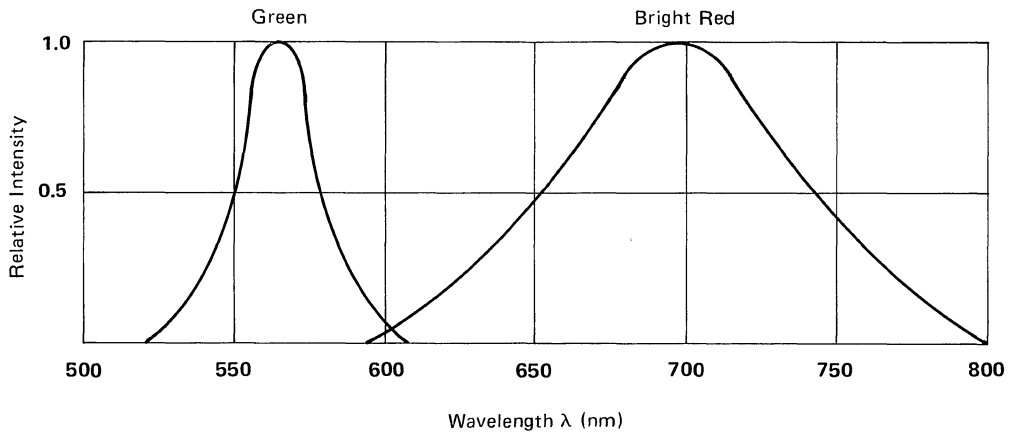


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-52RG	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	Bright Red Green	0.5 1.5	1.7 5.0		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Bright Red Green		54		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	Bright Red Green		697 565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Bright Red Green		90 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	Bright Red Green		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	Bright Red Green			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	Bright Red Green		55 35		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

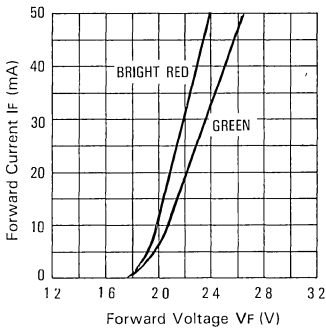


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

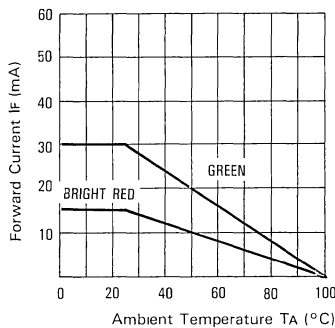


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

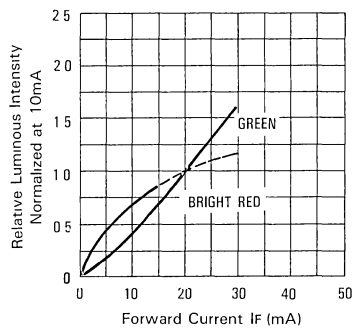


FIG 7 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

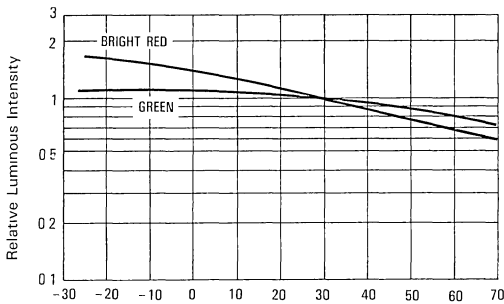


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

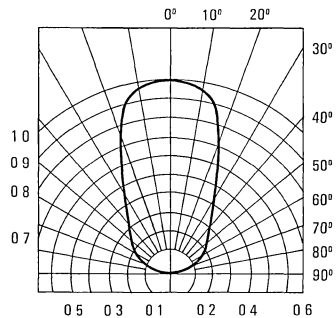
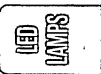


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION





DUAL COLOR INDICATOR LAMP

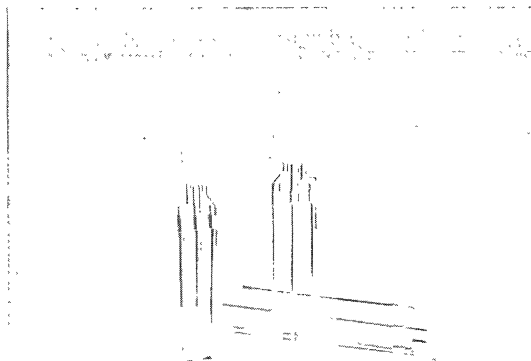
LTL-52DG DUAL GREEN

FEATURES

- T-1½ TYPE PACKAGE.
- LONG LIFE-SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION I.C. COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

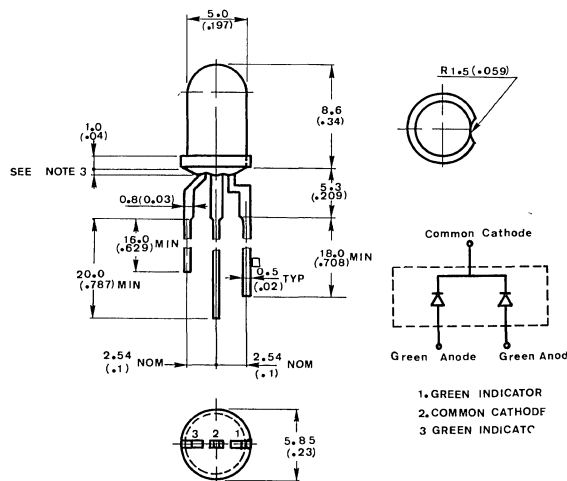
The Green LTL-52DG bicolor Lamp is a Green diffused, wide viewing angle, dual chips, utilizing Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode. The dual chips operating dependently of each other.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL-	LENS		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
52DG	Green	Diffused	Green

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm (.059") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	UNIT
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

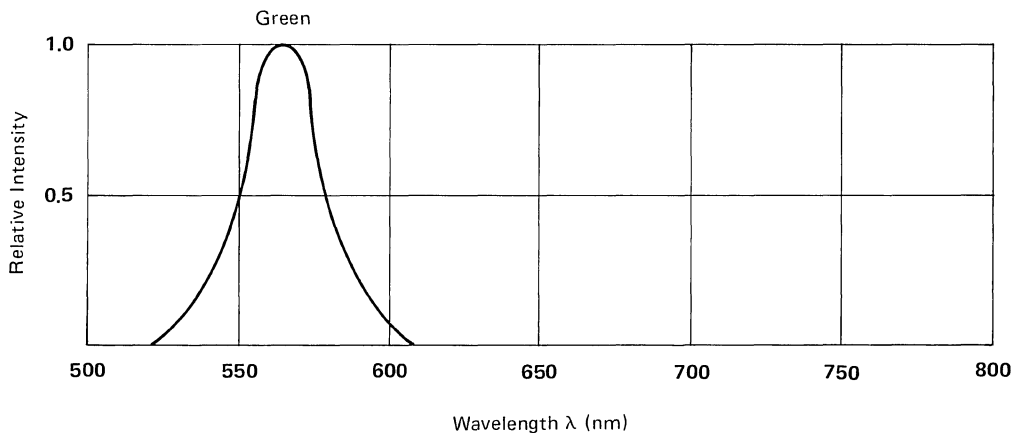


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL—	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	52DG	2.5	8.7		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	52DG		54		deg	Note 2 (Fig 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	52DG		565		nm	Measurement @ Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	52DG		30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	52DG		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	52DG			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Capacitance	C	52DG		35		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

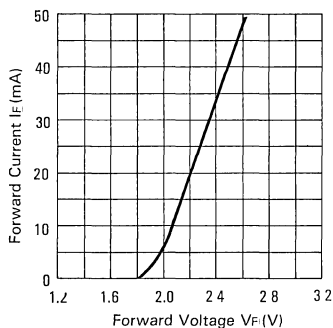


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

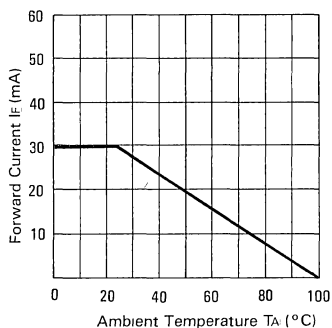


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

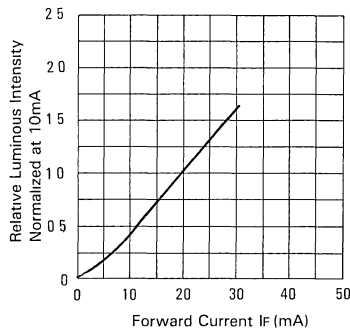


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

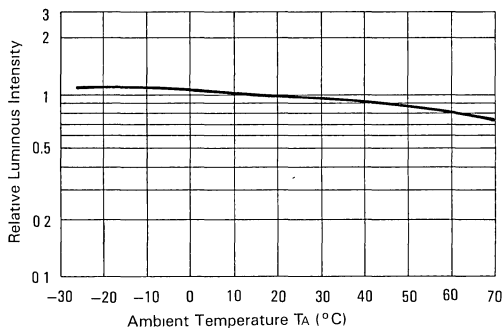


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

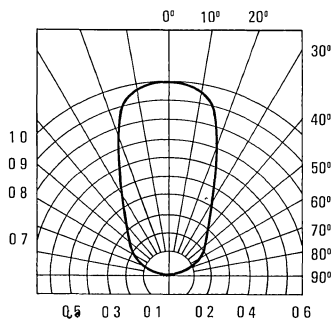


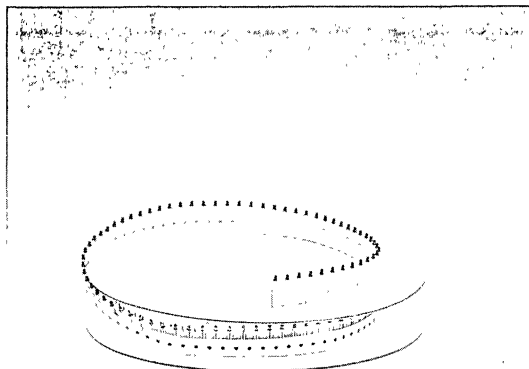
FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



LAMPS ARE AVAILABLE IN TAPE AND REEL

FEATURES

- AUTOMATICALLY INSERTABLE WITH RADIAL 5mm (.197") and 2.54mm (0.1") STRAIGHT LEAD SPACING AVAILABLE.
- MOST RADIAL LEAD PLASTIC LED LAMPS AVAILABLE PACKAGED IN TAPE AND REEL.
- 5mm (.197") AND 2.54mm (0.1") STRAIGHT LEAD SPACING AVAILABLE.
- REEL PACKAGING SIMPLIFIES HANDLING AND TESTING.



DESCRIPTION

The option 001 Lamp devices have preformed leads with 5mm (0.197 inch) spacing for automatic insertion into P.C. boards by radial lead insertion equipment. The option 002 Lamp devices have straight leads with 2.54 mm (0.1 inch) spacing. Packaged taped and reeled for ease of handling. Most standard catalog radial lead LED Lamps are available packaged in the tape and reel.

ORDERING INFORMATION

To order LED Lamps packaged on tape and reel include the appropriate option code along with the device catalog part number. Example: To order the LTL-4200 Series on tape and reel with preformed leads (5mm lead spacing) order as follows: LTL-4200-001 or LTL-4200-011.

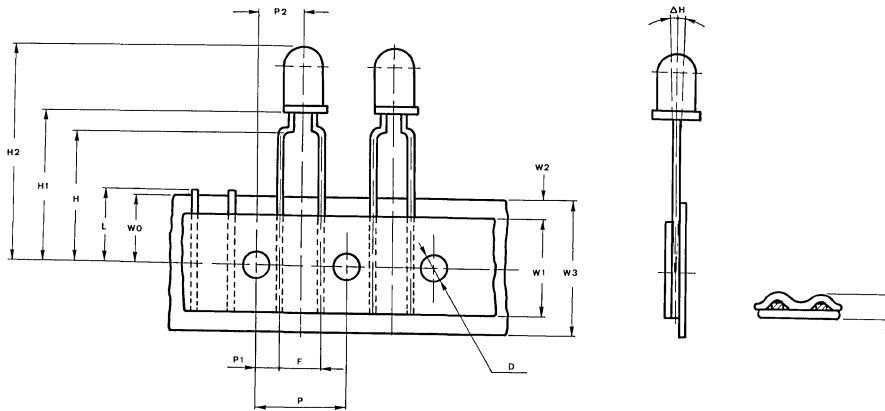
LED Lamps with 0.5mm square leads with 5mm lead spacing are recommended for use with automatic insertion equipment. It is suggested that insertion machine compatibility be confirmed.

DEVICES

OPTION CODE	FIG.	DESCRIPTION
-001	1	Tape and Reel 5mm (0.197") Preformed Leads with 2.54mm (0.1") From Lamp Seating Plane to Lamp Bottom.
-011	1	Tape and Reel 5mm (0.197") Preformed Leads with 4.0mm (0.157") From Lamp Seating Plane to Lamp Bottom.
-021	1	Tape and Reel 5mm (0.197") Preformed Leads with 7.5mm (0.295") From Lamp Seating Plane to Lamp Bottom.
-002	2	Tape and Reel 2.54mm (0.1") Straight Leads with 18mm (0.709") From Feed Hole to Lamp Bottom.
-012	2	Tape and Reel 2.54mm (0.1") Straight Leads with 22mm (0.866") From Feed Hole to Lamp Bottom
-022	2	Tape and Reel 2.54mm (0.1") Straight Leads with 26mm (1.024") From Feed Hole to Lamp Bottom.

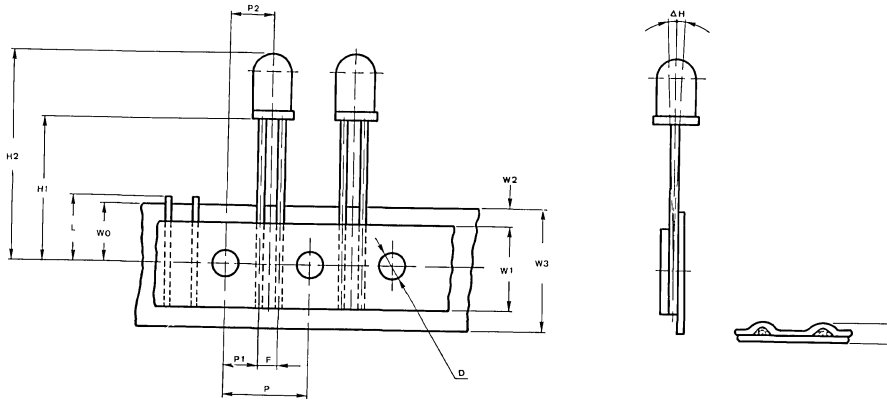


FIG. 1: Forming Lead Radial Devices



ITEM	OPTION CODE	SYMBOL	SPECIFICATION			
			MINIMUM		MAXIMUM	
			MM	INCH	MM	INCH
Tape Feed Hole Diameter	—	D	3.8	0.149	4.2	0.165
Component Lead Pitch	—	F	4.8	0.188	5.8	0.228
Front to Rear Deflection	—	ΔH	—	—	2.0	0.078
Height of Seating Plane	—	H	15.5	0.610	16.5	0.649
Feed Hole to Bottom of Component	-001	H1	17.5	0.689	19.5	0.767
	-011		19.0	0.748	21.0	0.826
	-021		22.5	0.886	24.5	0.965
Feed Hole to Overall Component Height	—	H2	—	—	32.0	1.259
Lead Length After Component height	—	L	W ₀		11.0	0.433
Feed Hole Pitch	—	P	12.4	0.488	13.0	0.511
Lead Location	—	P1	3.15	0.124	4.55	0.179
Center of Component Location	—	P2	5.05	0.198	7.65	0.301
Overall Taped Package Thickness	—	T	—	—	1.42	0.056
Feed Hole Location	—	W ₀	8.5	0.334	9.75	0.384
Adhesive Tape Width	—	W ₁	14.5	0.571	15.5	0.610
Adhesive Tape Position	—	W ₂	0	0	4.0	0.157
Tape Width	—	W ₃	17.5	0.689	19.0	0.748

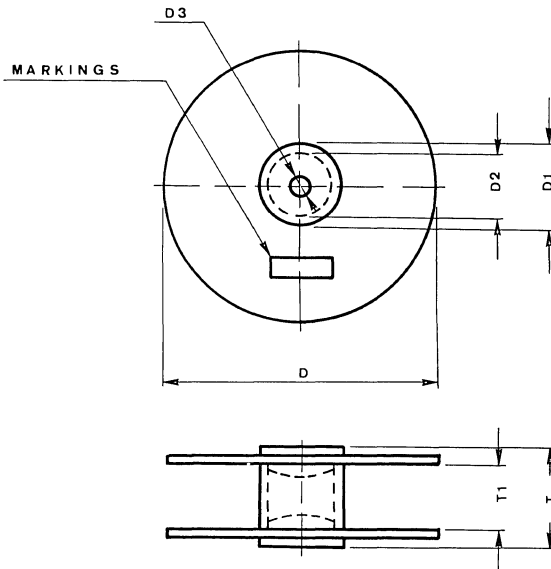
FIG. 2: Straight Lead Devices



ITEM	OPTION CODE	SYMBOL	SPECIFICATION			
			MINIMUM		MAXIMUM	
			MM	INCH	MM	INCH
Tape Feed Hole Diameter	—	D	3.8	0.149	4.2	0.165
Component Lead Pitch	—	F	2.3	0.091	3.0	0.118
Front to Rear Deflection	—	ΔH	—	—	2.0	0.078
Feed Hole to Bottom of Component	—002	H1	17.5	0.689	18.5	0.728
	—012		21.5	0.846	22.5	0.886
	—022		25.5	1.004	26.5	1.043
Feed Hole to Overall Component Height	—	H2	—	—	32.0	1.259
Lead Length After Component Height	—	L	W ₀		11.0	0.433
Feed Hole Pitch	—	P	12.4	0.488	13.0	0.511
Lead Location	—	P1	4.4	0.173	5.8	0.228
Center of Component Location	—	P2	5.05	0.198	7.65	0.301
Overall Taped Package Thickness	—	T	—	—	1.42	0.056
Feed Hole Location	—	W ₀	8.5	0.334	9.75	0.384
Adhesive Tape Width	—	W ₁	14.5	0.571	15.5	0.610
Adhesive Tape Position	—	W ₂	0	0	4.0	0.157
Tape Width	—	W ₃	17.5	0.689	19.0	0.748

LED LAMPS

FIG. 3: Device Packaging



ITEM	SYMBOL	SPECIFICATION				REMARKS
		MINIMUM		MAXIMUM		
		MM	INCH	MM	INCH	
Reel Diameter	D	78.2	3.07	380.0	14.96	
Core Diameter	D1	34.9	1.37	102.0	4.02	
Hub Recess Inside Diameter	D2	28.6	1.12	88.0	3.47	
Arbor Hole Diameter	D3	13.8	0.54	38.1	1.5	
Overall Reel Thickness	T	—	—	57.2	2.25	
Inside Reel Flange Thickness	T1	30.0	1.18	50.0	1.97	



SURFACE MOUNT OPTION FOR SOT-23 PACKAGE LED LAMPS

LTL-907TA/LTL-907TB

FEATURES

- COMPATIBLE WITH AUTOMATIC PLACEMENT EQUIPMENT.
- MICROMINIATURE PACKAGE LED LAMP.
- SURFACE MOUNT ASSEMBLY LAMP.
- HIGH EFFICIENCY/LOWER POWER CONSUMPTION.
- LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-907TA and LTL-907TB are used robust Plastic tape and each reel contains 3000 devices.

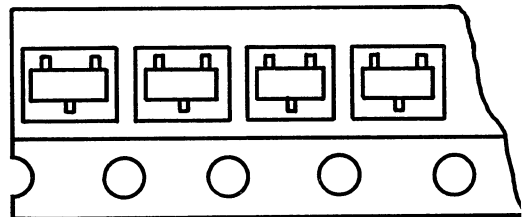
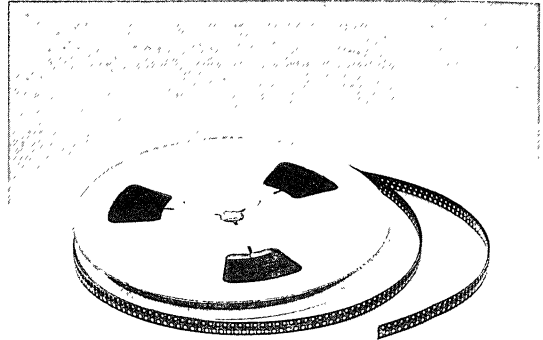
The allowable missing are 0.5% devices/tape and no more than 3 consecutive vacant spaces on the tape, which Tapes are 100 min. allowable vacant spaces at the start of the reel and 50 min. at end of reel.

Tape peel-off strength of 30 to 60 gram at 10° angle, at 120mm per minute pull rate, Available with choice of orientation.

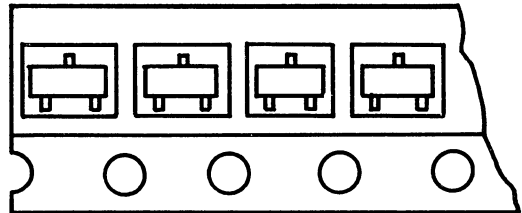
ORDERING INFORMATION

To obtain LTL-907Series LED Lamps Package on tape and reel, include the appropriate option code along with the devices catalogue Part Number.

Example: To order the LTL-907PK on tape and reel with option A, which Part No. as follow LTL-907PK TA. To order the LTL-907PK on tape and reel with option B, which Part No. as follow: LTL-907PK TB



OPTION A

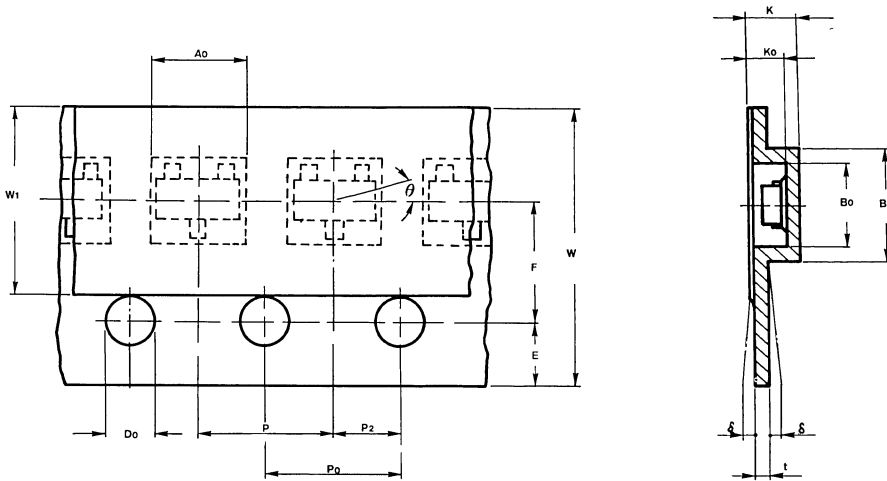


OPTION B

LED LAMPS

TAPING AND PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

Fig. 1 Configuration of bandolier. (dimension in mm.)



Compartment	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Length		3,2	+0,2
Width		2,7	+0,2
Depth	K_0	0,95	+0,2
Width Outside	B_1	3,3	max.
Pitch	P	4,0	$\pm 0,1$
Deviation	\ominus	15°	max.

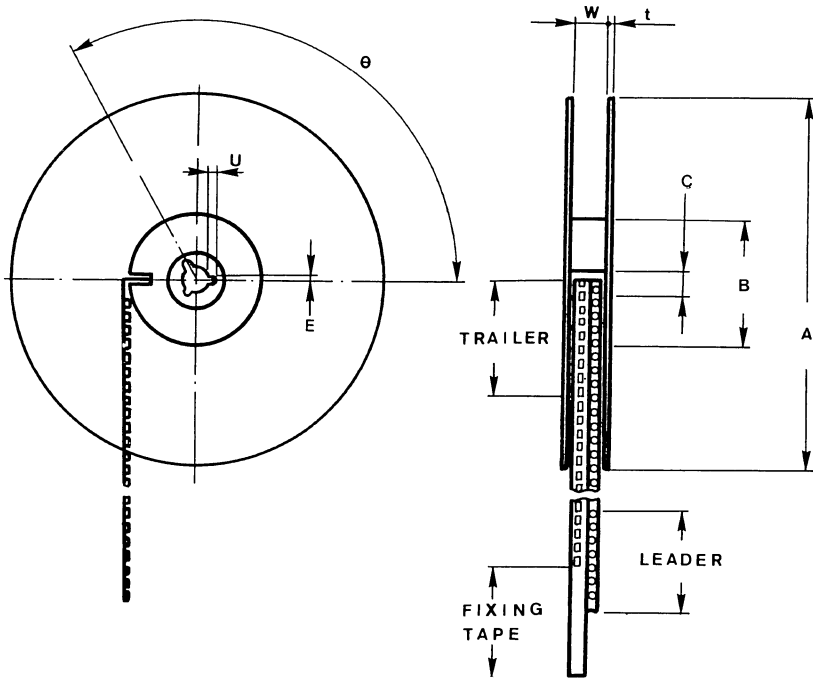
Sprocket hole	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Diameter	D_0	1,5	+0,1
Pitch	P_0	4,0	$\pm 0,1$
Distance	E	1,75	$\pm 0,1$
Cumulative (10) Pitch error		$\pm 0,1$	

Centers line dimensions	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Length direction	P_2	2,0	$\pm 0,05$
Width direction	F	3,5	$\pm 0,05$

Fixing tape	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Width	W_1	5,5	$\pm 0,25$
Thickness	—	0,1	max.

Carrier tape	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Width	W	8,0	$\pm 0,2$
Bending	δ	0,3	max.
Thickness	t	0,3	max.
Overall thickness	K	1,4	max.

Fig. 2 Configuration of reel and flange (dimensions in mm).



Flange	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Diameter	A	178	+0 -2
Thickness	t	2.0	±0,5
Space between flanges	W	10,5	±0,5

Hub	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Diameter	B	8,0	±2,0
Spindle hole	C	13	±0,5

Key Slit	Symbol	Dimension	Tol.
Width	E	2	±0,5
Depth	U	4	±0,5
Location	Θ	120	deg



PANEL MOUNTING GROMMETS (FOR LED PANEL INDICATORS)

LTL-001B LTL-001C

DESCRIPTION

1. The LTL-001 Series of mounting grommets is intended for panel mounting of many standard Liton Light emitting diode indicators. The grommets are made of plastic and are available in clear and black.
2. The LTL-001 Series will easily mount the applicable lamps on any panel thickness up to 2.80mm (.110") (See figure A.)
3. For panel thickness greater than 2.80mm (.110") counterboring is required. (See figure B.)

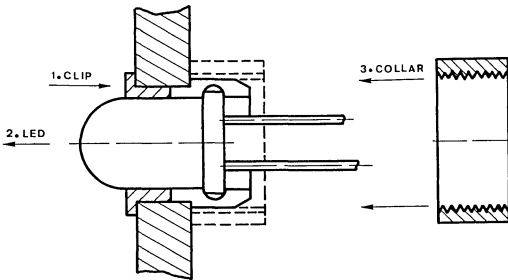
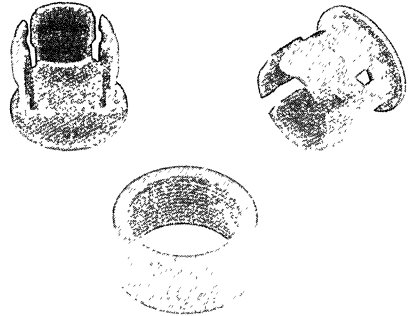


FIG A: PANEL THICKNESS 2.80mm (.110") MAX.

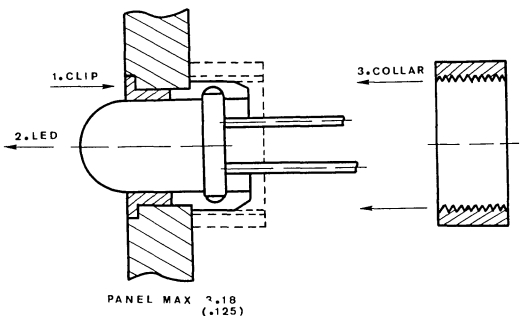
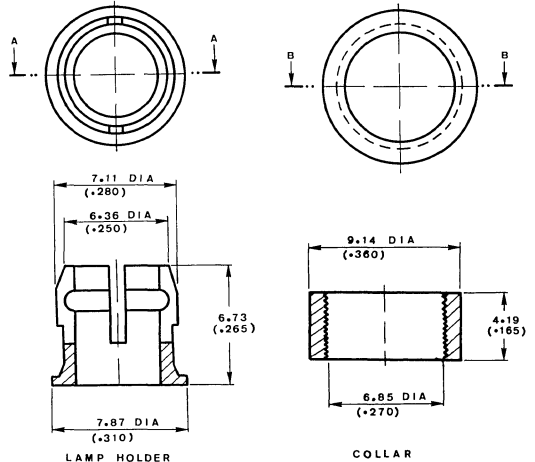


FIG B: PANEL THICKNESS GREATER THAN 2.80mm (.110").

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), tolerance is 0.25mm (0.1") unless otherwise notes.
2. Material: Polypropylene equivalent for mounting drill a 6.35mm (.25") hole.

APPLICATION

PART NO.	AVAILABILITY
LTL-001B (Black)	Standard
LTL-001C (Clear)	Special order only

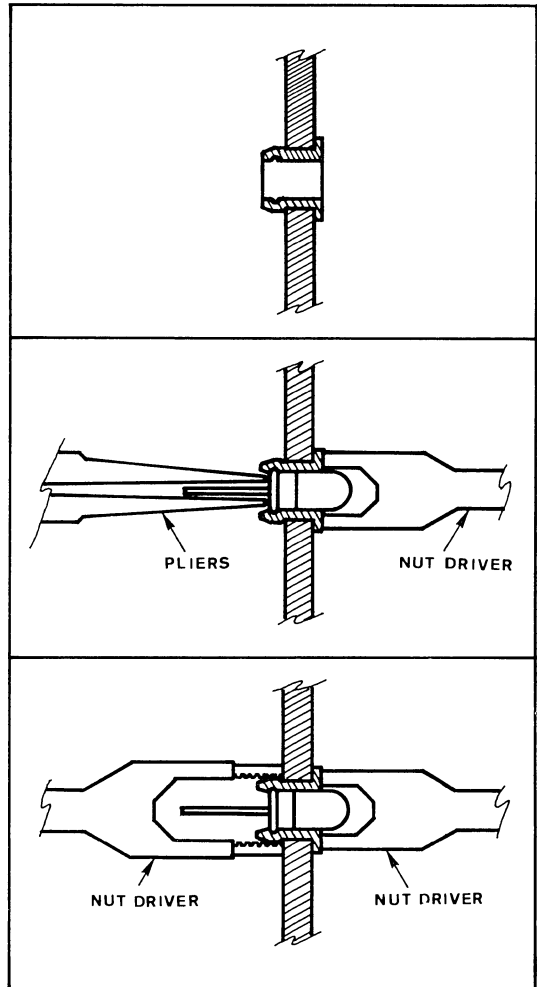
APPLICATION LAMPS

LTL-203 Series
 LTL-4203 Series.
 LTL-10203 Series.
 All 5mm (.2") diameter package.

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Drill an ASA C size 6.35mm (.250") diameter hole in the panel. Deburr but do not chamfer the edges of the hole.

1. Press the holder into the hole from the front of the panel.
2. Press the LED into the holder from the back. Use blunt long nose pliers to push on the LED. Do not use force on the LED Leads. A tool such as a nut driver may be used to press on the holder.
3. Slip a collar onto the back of the clip and press tight using tools such as two nut drivers.



LED
LAMP

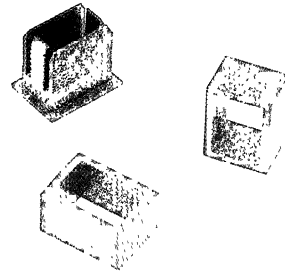


PANEL MOUNTING GROMMETS FOR LTL-332x1AA SERIES LAMP

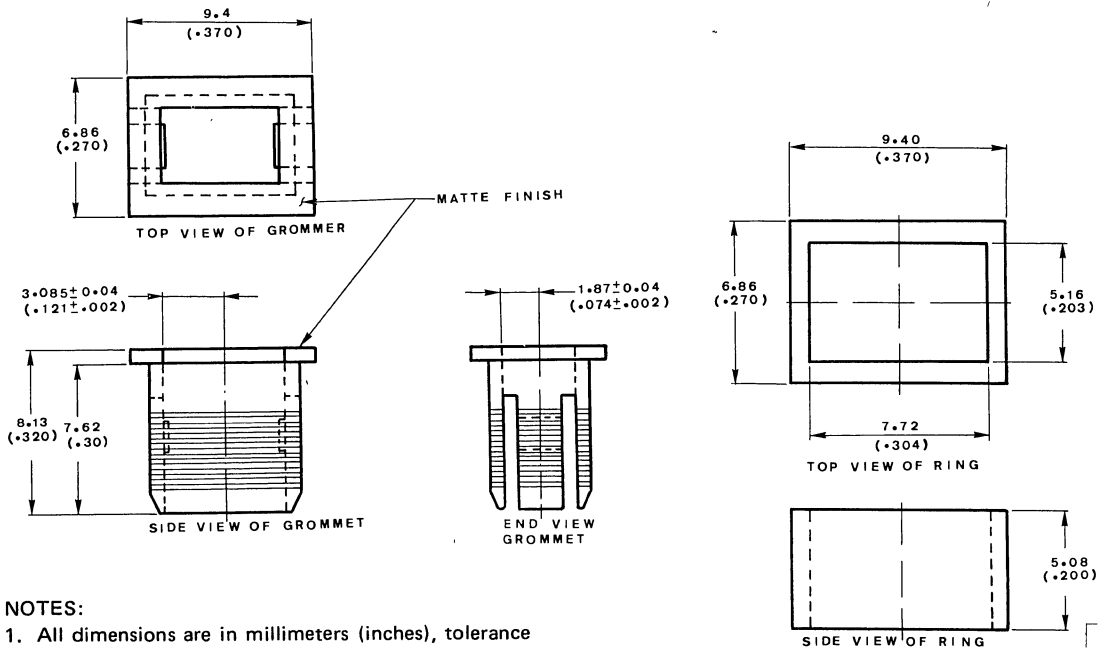
LTL-004B

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-004B mounting grommet is intended for panel mounting the LTL-332x1AA Series of rectangular lamps. The grommets are made of black plastic and provide the user with an easy to mount, professional appearance when viewed on a front panel. The LTL-004B can be used on any panel thickness up to 3.18mm (.125").



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), tolerance is 0.25mm (.01") unless otherwise noted.
2. Material: Black Polypropylene.

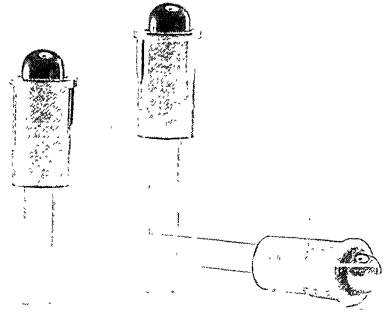


SNAP-IN LED INDICATORS

LTL-603-1 RED
 LTL-633-1 GREEN
 LTL-653-1 YELLOW

FEATURES

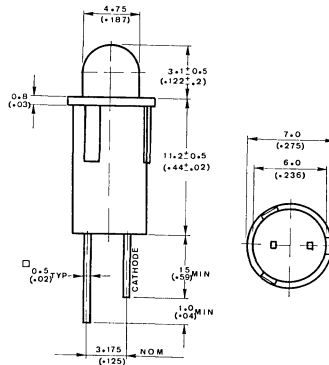
- SNAP-IN MOUNTING REQUIRES NO ADDITIONAL HARDWARE.
- STRAIGHT TERMINALS SUITABLE FOR SOLDERING.
- DESIGNED FOR QUICK POSITIVE INSERTION IN PANELS FROM 0.8mm (0.31") THROUGH 1.6mm (0.062").
- BLACK HOUSING ENHANCES CONTRAST RATIO.
- ANODE LEAD TRIMMED LONGER THAN CATHODE FOR POLARITY IDENTIFICATION.
- WIDE ANGLE VISIBILITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.



APPLICATIONS

- COMPUTERS.
- PROCESS CONTROLLERS.
- INSTRUMENTATION.
- POINT OF SALE.
- COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT.
- HOME ENTERTAINMENT EQUIPMENT.
- VENDING MACHINES.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL—	LED LENS COLOR		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
603-1	Red	Diffused	Red
633-1	Green	Diffused	Green
653-1	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. The holder color is black only.
4. The holder raw material is thermal plastic polypropylene.
5. The LED lamps are LTL-10203W (short lead) series.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	GREEN	YELLOW	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	0.25	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +100°C			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

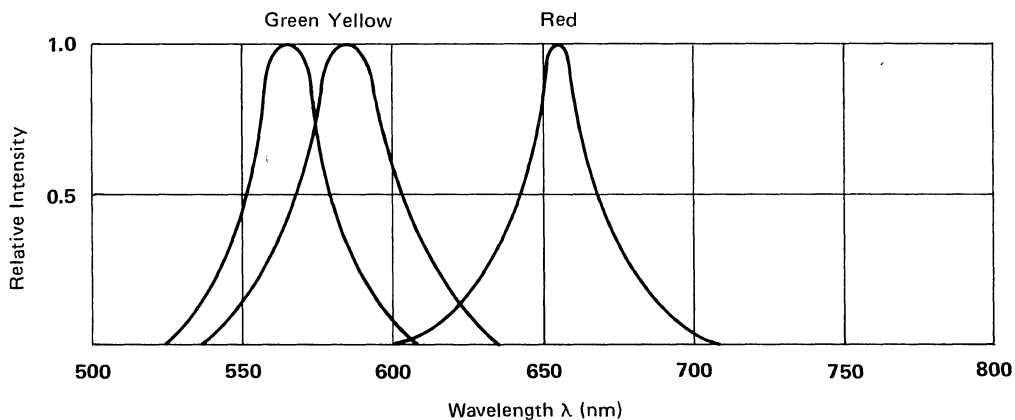


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	603-1	0.3	0.8		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	603-1		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	603-1		655		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	603-1		24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	603-1		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	603-1			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	603-1		30		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

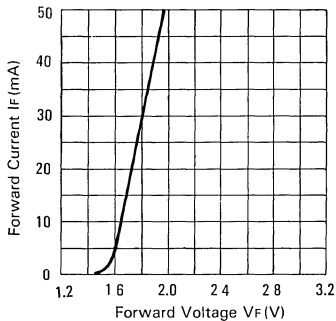


FIG. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

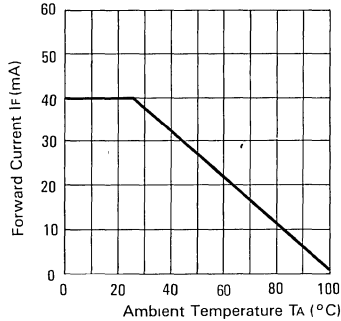


FIG. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

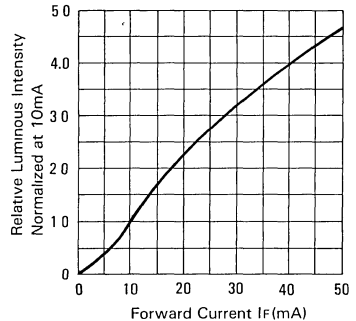


FIG. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.

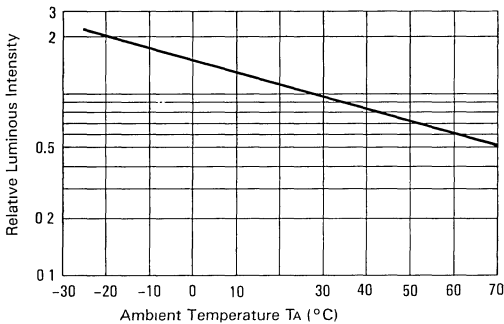


FIG. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

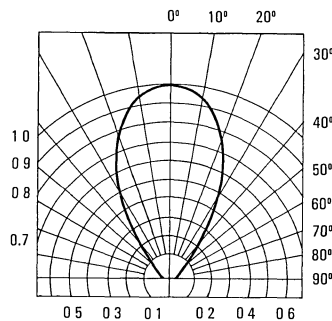


FIG. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	633-1 653-1	1.7 1.7	5.6 5.6		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ _½	633-1 653-1		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	633-1 653-1		565 585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	633-1 653-1		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	633-1 653-1		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	633-1 653-1			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C	633-1 653-1		35 15		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. θ_½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

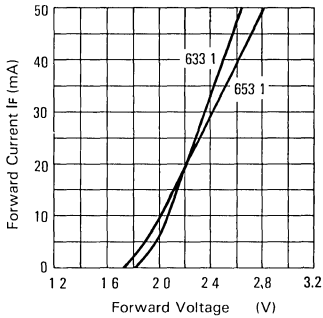


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

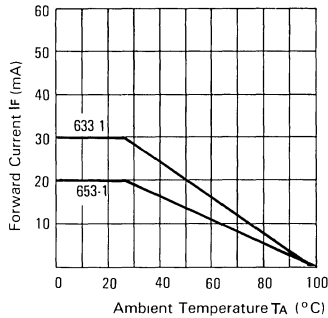


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

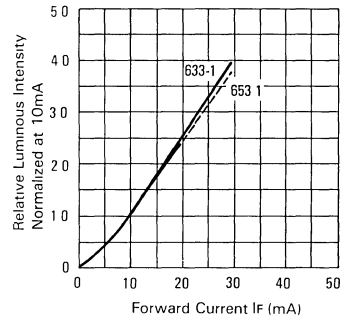


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

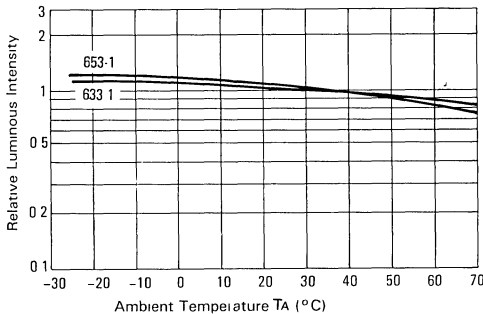


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

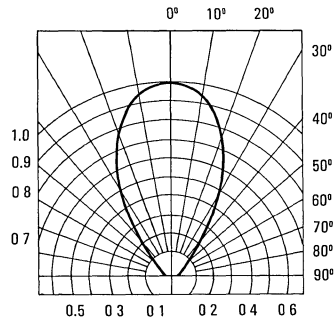


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ONE AND FOUR ELEMENT LED ARRAYS

LTL-5 x 3-14 SERIES

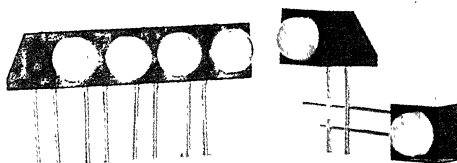
LTL-5 x 3-11 SERIES

FEATURES

- DESIGNED FOR EASE IN CIRCUIT BOARD ASSEMBLY.
- BLACK CASE ENHANCES CONTRAST RATIO.
- DESIGNED TO ALLOW FOR HIGH DENSITY PACKAGING.
- SINGLE PACKAGE PROVIDES 4-LINE STATUS INDICATIONS.
- SOLID STATE LIGHT SOURCE.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- HIGH RELIABILITY-LIFE MEASURED IN YEARS.

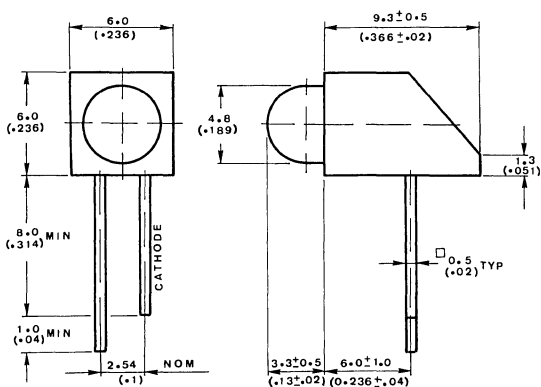
APPLICATIONS

- CIRCUIT BOARD INDICATOR.
- PANEL ILLUMINATION.
- LOGIC STATUS INDICATOR.
- BINARY DATA DISPLAY-PERMITS STACKING SO THAT MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS CAN BE DISPLAYED.
- POSITION INDICATOR

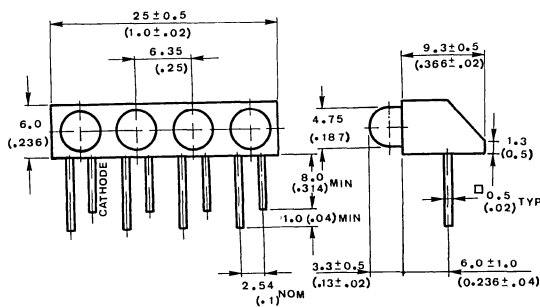


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTL-5x3-11 Series



LTL-5x3-14 Series



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. The holder color is black only.
4. The holder raw material is thermal plastic polypropylene.
5. The LED lamps are LTL-10203W (short lead) series.



DEVICES

PART NO. LTL—	LED LENS COLOR		SOURCE COLOR
	COLOR	DIFFUSION	
503-11 503-14	Red	Diffused	Red
533-11 533-14	Green	Diffused	Green
553-11 553-14	Yellow	Diffused	Yellow

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	LTL— 503-11 503-14	LTL— 533-11 533-14	LTL— 553-11 553-14	UNIT
Power Dissipation	80	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	200	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	40	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.5	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^\circ\text{C}$			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm (0.063in) From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds			

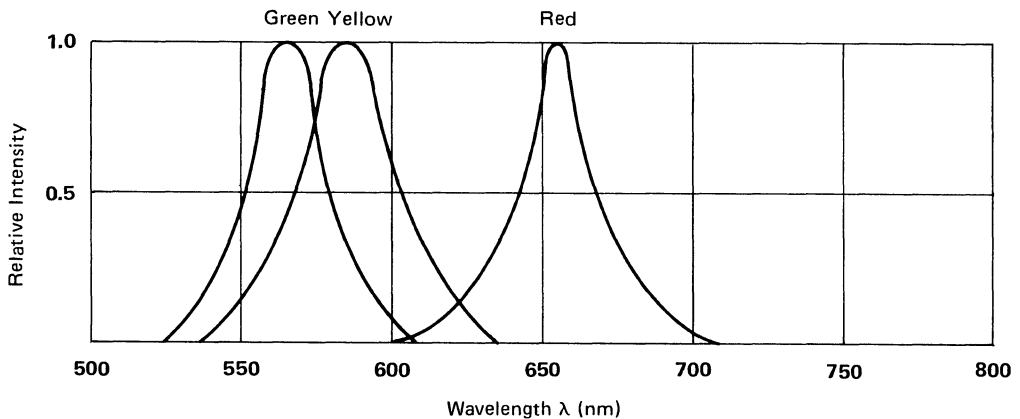


FIG. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	503-11 503-14	0.3 0.3	0.8 0.8		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2θ½	503-11 503-14		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}	503-11 503-14		655		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ	503-11 503-14		24		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F	503-11 503-14		1.7	2.0	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R	503-11 503-14			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance ^c	C	503-11 503-14		30		PF	V _F = 0 f = 1MHZ

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

2. θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

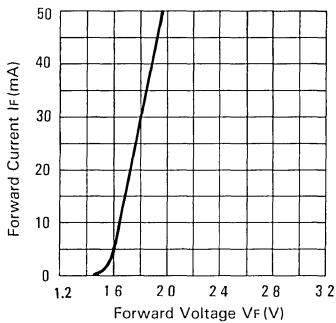


FIG 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

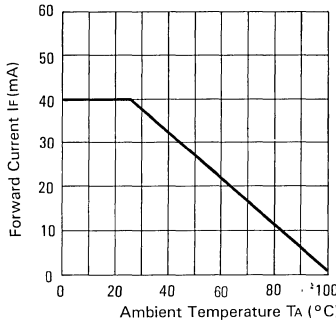


FIG 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

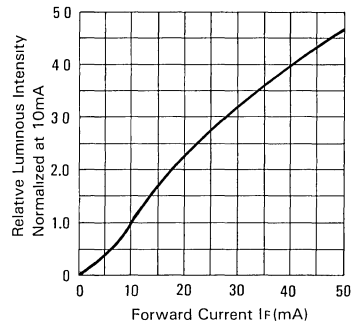


FIG 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT.
0° 10° 20°

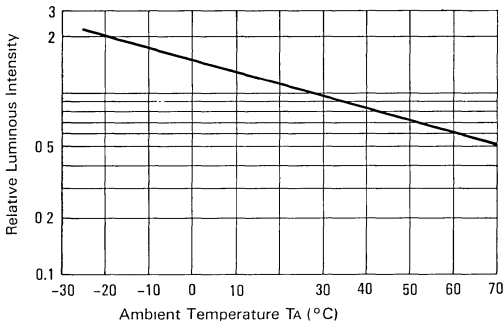


FIG 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

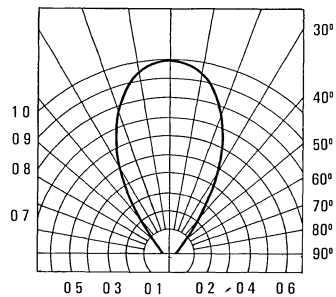


FIG 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND CURVES AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	PART NO. LTL-	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_V	533-11/-14 553-11/-14	1.7 1.7	5.6 5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	533-11/-14 553-11/-14		60		deg.	Note 2 (Fig. 11)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}	533-11/-14 553-11/-14		565 585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig. 1)
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	533-11/-14 553-11/-14		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	533-11/-14 553-11/-14		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	533-11/-14 553-11/-14			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C	533-11/-14 553-11/-14		35 15		PF	$V_F = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHZ}$

NOTES: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

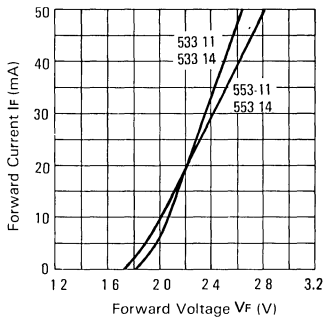


FIG 7 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

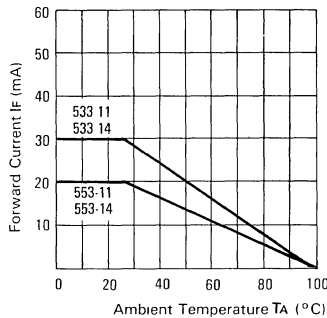


FIG 8 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

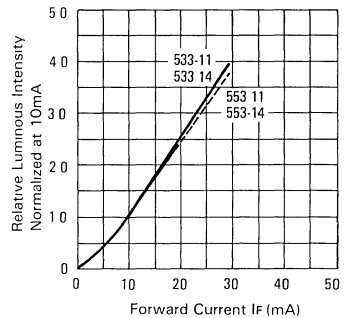


FIG 9 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT

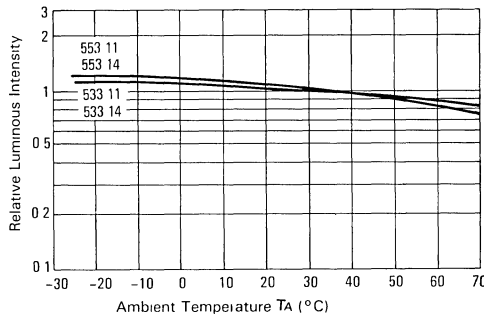


FIG 10 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

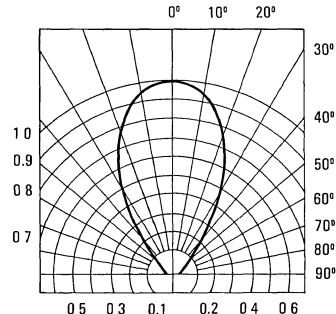
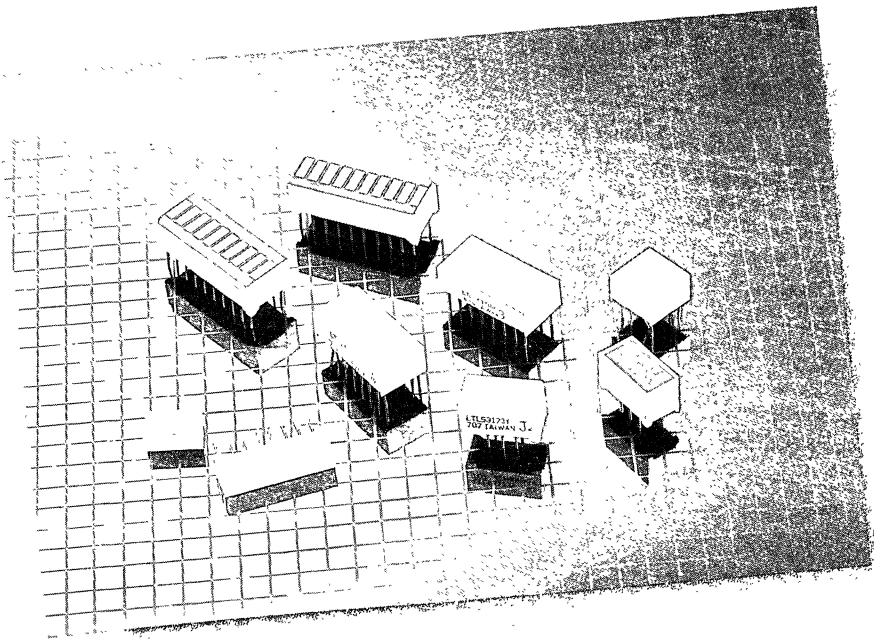


FIG. 11 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

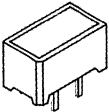

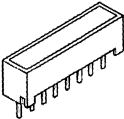
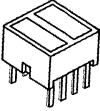
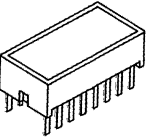
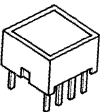


3. LED Light Bars & Bar Graph Arrays

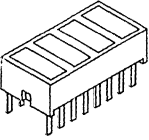
- SELECTION GUIDE
- LED LIGHT BARS
- LED BAR GRAPH ARRAYS

SELECTION GUIDE

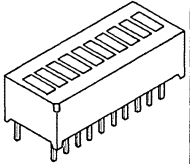
LED LIGHT BARS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10 mA	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20 mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	5 Pin DIP .100" Centers .550" L x .295" W x .315" H	LTL-57173HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-3
		LTL-54173G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-53173Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
	4 Pin In-Line .100" Centers .400" L x .195" W x .240" H	LTL-2300HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-8
		LTL-2500G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2400Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
	8 Pin In-Line .100" Centers .800" L x .195" W x .240" H	LTL-2350HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.0V	3-8
		LTL-2550G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2450Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
	8 Pin DIP .100" Centers .400" L x .400" W x .240" H	LTL-2600HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-8
		LTL-2800G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2700Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
	16 Pin DIP .100" Centers .800" L x .400" W x .240" H	LTL-2620HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-8
		LTL-2820G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2720Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	4,2 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
	8 Pin DIP .100" Centers .400" L x .400" W x .240" H	LTL-2655HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-8
		LTL-2855G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2755Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	8,0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	

Notes: * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity
 ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10 mA	TYPICAL VIESING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20 mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	16 Pin DIP .100" Centers .800" L x .400" W x .240" H	LTL-2685HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	16.0 mcd	100°	2.0 V	3-8
		LTL-2885G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	16.0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTL-2785Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	16.0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	

○ LED BAR GRAPH ARRAYS

OUTLINE	DEVICE		DESCRIPTION		LUMINOUS INTENSITY I _v TYP. @ 10 mA	TYPICAL VIESING ANGLE 2θ½*	V _f TYP. @ 20 mA	PAGE NO.
	PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR**	LENS				
	20 Pin DIP .100" Centers 995" L x .400" W x 315" H	LTA-1000R	Red (655 nm)	Diffused	0.5 mcd	100°	1.7 V	3-15
		LTA-1000P	Bright Red (697 nm)	Diffused	0.7 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTA-1000G	Green (565 nm)	Diffused	2.0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTA-1000Y	Yellow (585 nm)	Diffused	2.0 mcd	100°	2.1 V	
		LTA-1000E	Orange (630 nm)	Diffused	2.0 mcd	100°	2.0 V	
		LTA-1000HR	Hi. Eff. Red (635 nm)	Diffused	2.0 mcd	100°	2.0 V	

- Notes:
1. * 2θ½ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity
 2. ** Peak Emission wavelength (nm).
 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.
 4. Brightness data for reference only.



53173Y LTL- 54173G SERIES 57173HR

12.7mm x 6.35mm LIGHT BAR

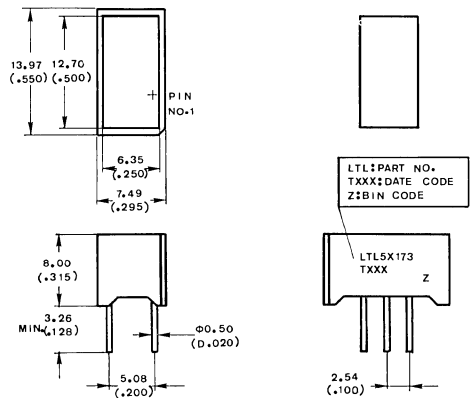
FEATURES

- 12.7mm x 6.35mm RECTANGULAR LIGHT BAR.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/ YELLOW/ HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LARGE, BRIGHT, UNIFORM LIGHT EMITTING AREAS.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EXCELLENT ON-OFF CONTRAST.
- CAN BE USED WITH PANEL AND LEGEND MOUNT.
- SUITABLE FOR MULTIPLEX OPERATION.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.

DESCRIPTION

The LTL-53173Y/54173G/57173HR series bars are rectangular light sources designed for a variety of applications where a large bright source of light is required. These light bars are configured in dual-in-line packages. The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on transparent GaP substrate. The green devices have green bar color, yellow devices have yellow bar color, and high-efficiency red devices have red bar color.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

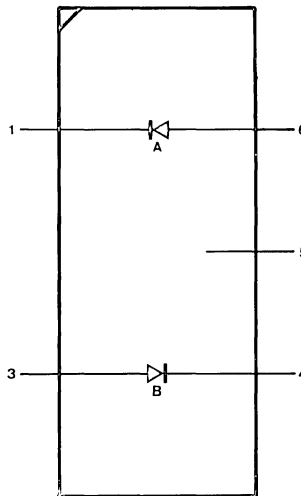
1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm ($\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$)
2. ± 0.25 mm (0.010'') unless otherwise noted.

PART NO. LTL-			DESCRIPTION
GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	
54173G	53173Y	57173HR	Universal, Rectangular Bar

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	Cathode A
2	No Pin
3	Anode B
4	Cathode B
5	No Connection
6	Anode A

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Chip	75	60	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Chip (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Chip	25	20	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip	0.3	0.24	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTL-54173G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	I_V	2.3	4.2		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

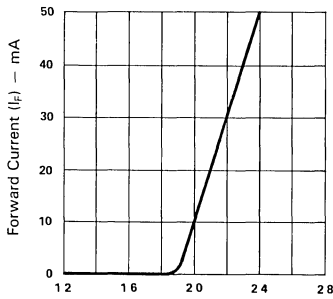


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

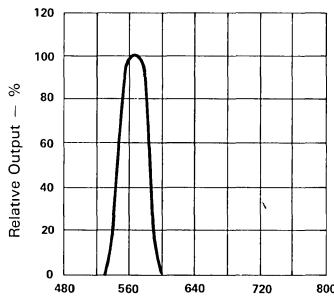


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

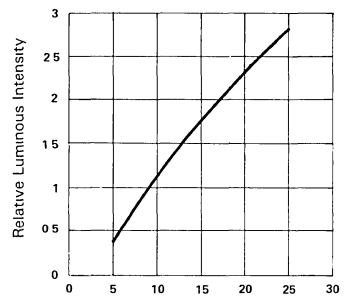


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

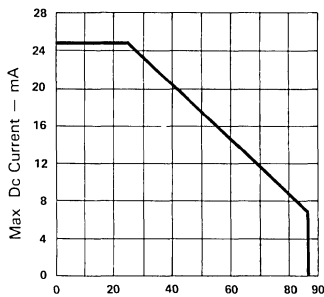


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

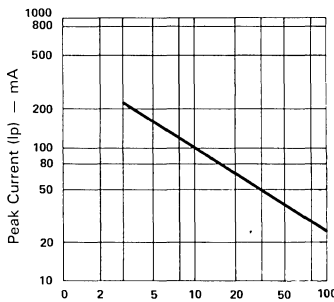


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

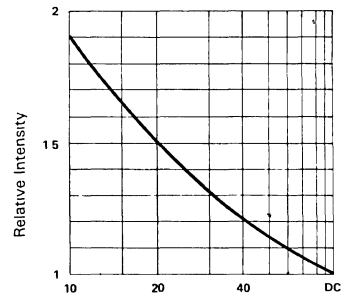


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTL-53173Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	I_v	2.3	4.2		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

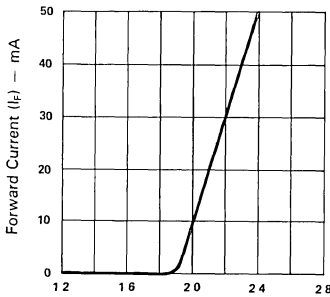


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

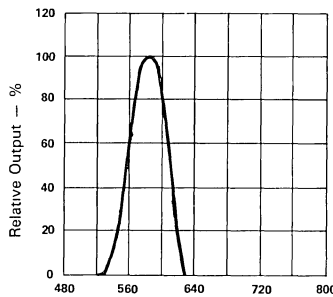


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

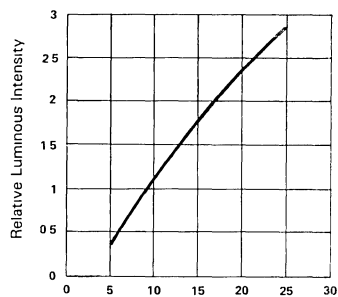


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

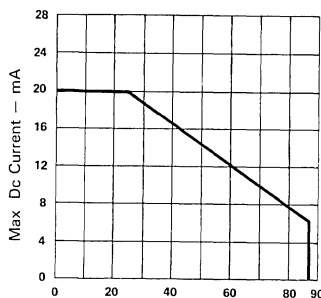


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

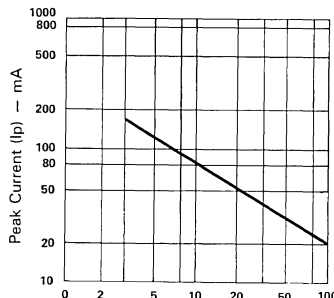


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

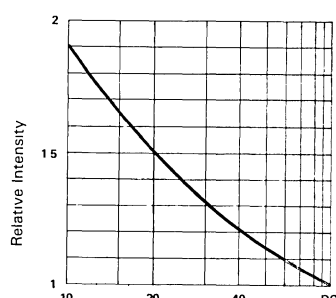


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

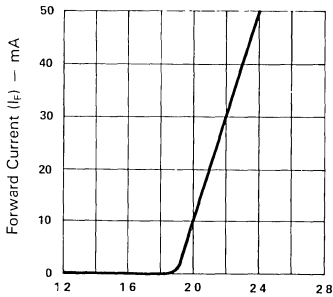
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTL-53173HR

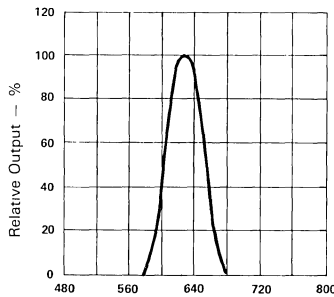
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	I_V	2.3	4.2		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Chip	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Chip	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

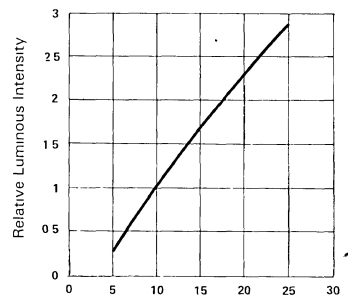
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



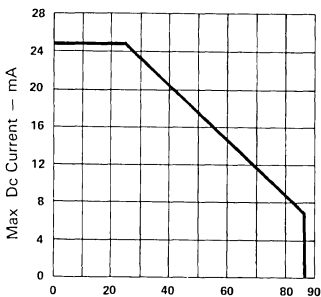
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



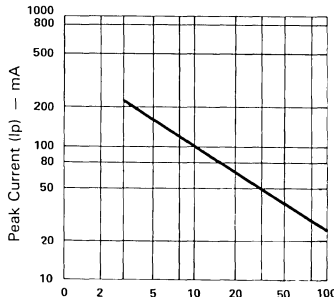
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



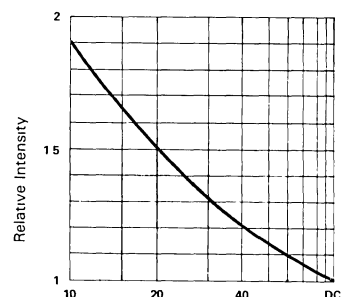
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)



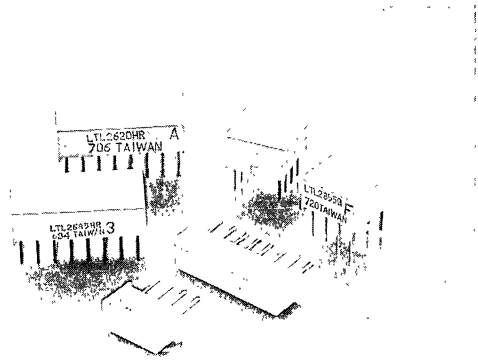
2300/2600 LTL- 2400/2700 SERIES 2500/2800

LIGHT BARS

LED LIGHT BARS
& BAR GRAPH ARRAYS

FEATURES

- RECTANGULAR LIGHT BAR.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/
YELLOW/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LARGE, BRIGHT, UNIFORM LIGHT EMITTING
AREAS.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT ON-OFF CONTRAST.
- CAN BE USED WITH PANEL AND LEGEND
MOUNT.
- SUITABLE FOR MULTIPLEX OPERATION.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARDS.



DESCRIPTION

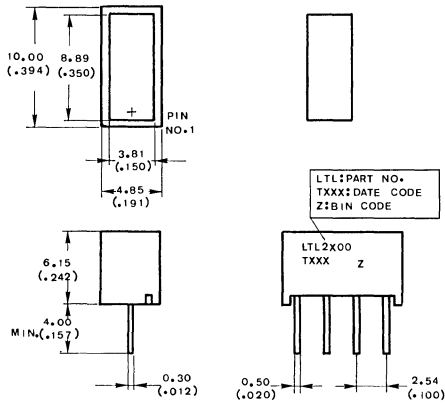
The LTL-2300/2400/2500/2600/2700/2800 series light bars are rectangular light sources designed for a variety of applications where a large bright source of light is required. These light bars are configured in single-in-line and dual-in-line packages. The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on transparent GaP substrate. All devices have white bar color.

DEVICES

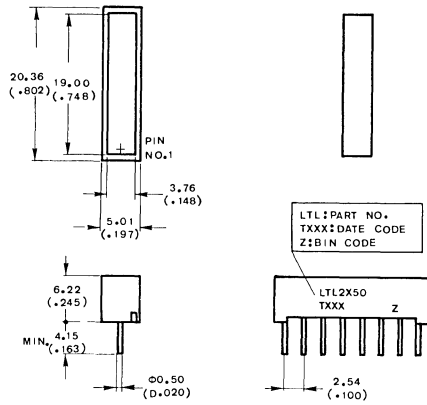
PART NO. LTL--			Size of Light Emitting Areas	PACKAGE DIMENSION		INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED				
2500G	2400Y	2300HR	8.89 mm x 3.81 mm (.350 in x .150 in.)	A		A
2550G	2450Y	2350HR	19.05 mm x 3.81 mm (.750 in x .150 in.)	B		B
2800G	2700Y	2600HR	8.89 mm x 3.81 mm (.350 in x .150 in.)	C		C
2855G	2755Y	2655HR	8.89 mm x 8.89 mm (.350 in x .350 in.)	D		D
2820G	2720Y	2620HR	8.89 mm x 3.81 mm (.350 in x .150 in.)	E		E
2885G	2785Y	2685HR	8.89 mm x 19.05 mm (.350 in x .750 in.)	F		F

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

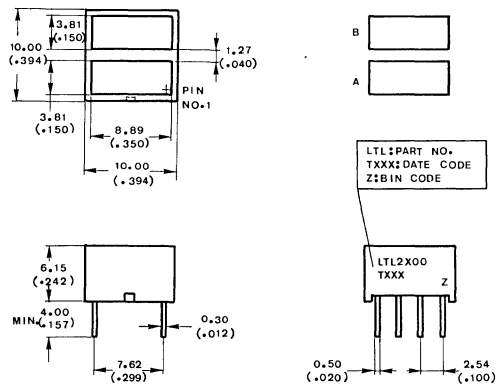
A. LTL-2300/2400/2500



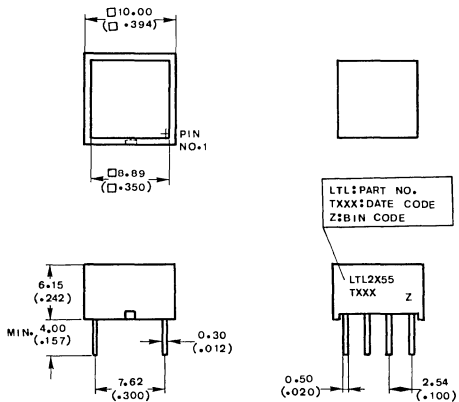
B. LTL-2350/2450/2550



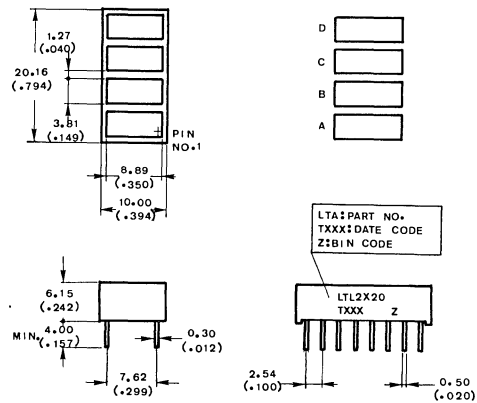
C. LTL-2600H/2700/2800



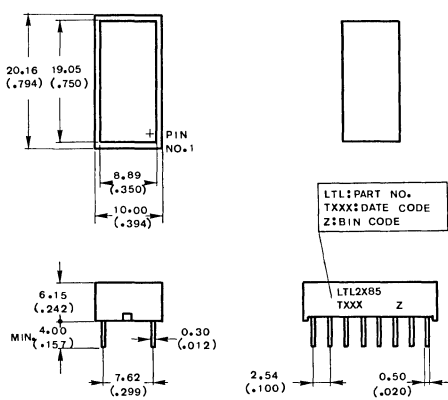
D. LTL-2655/2755/2855



E. LTL-2620/2720/2820



F. LTL-2685/2785/2885



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are:

3-9
610

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{+0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.
 $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$

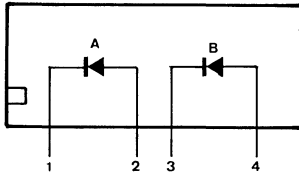
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A LTL-2300/2400/2500	B LTL-2350/2450/2550	C LTL-2600/2700-2800	D LTL-2655/2755/2855
1	Cathode A	Cathode A	Cathode A	Cathode A
2	Anode A	Anode A	Anode A	Anode A
3	Cathode B	Cathode B	Anode B	Anode B
4	Anode B	Anode B	Cathode B	Cathode B
5		Cathode C	Cathode C	Cathode C
6		Anode C	Anode C	Anode C
7		Cathode D	Anode D	Anode D
8		Anode D	Cathode D	Cathode D

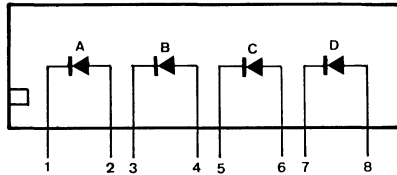
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	E. LTL-2620/2720/2820	F. LTL-2685/2785/2885
1	Cathode A	Cathode A
2	Anode A	Anode A
3	Anode B	Anode B
4	Cathode B	Cathode B
5	Cathode C	Cathode C
6	Anode C	Anode C
7	Anode D	Anode D
8	Cathode D	Cathode D
9	Cathode E	Cathode E
10	Anode E	Anode E
11	Anode F	Anode F
12	Cathode F	Cathode F
13	Cathode G	Cathode G
14	Anode G	Anode G
15	Anode H	Anode H
16	Cathode H	Cathode H

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

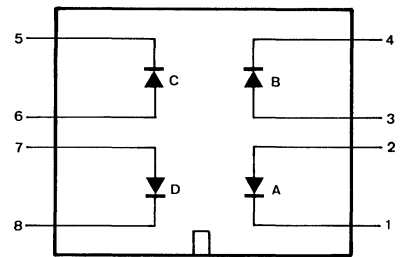
A. LTL-2300/2400/2500



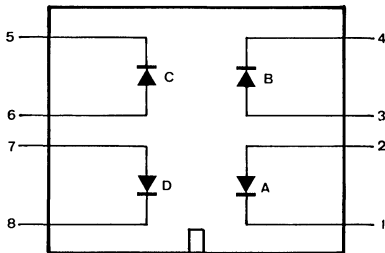
B. LTL-2350/2450/2550



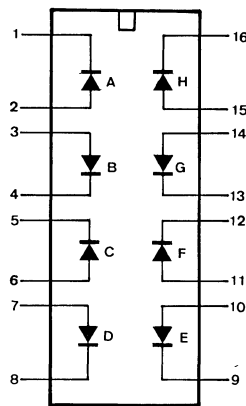
C. LTL-2600/2700/2800



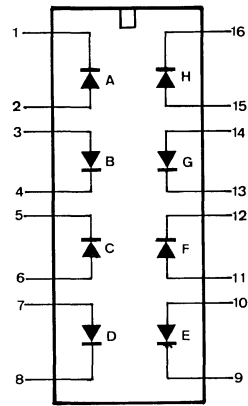
D. LTL-2655/2755/2855



E. LTL-2620/2720/2820



F. LTL-2685/2785/2885



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

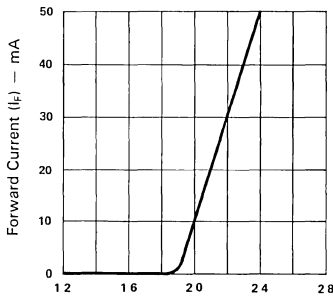
PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Chip	75	60	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Chip (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Chip	25	20	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip	0.3	0.24	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ HI-EFF RED LTL-2300HR/2600HR SERIES

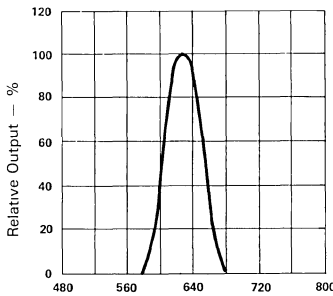
PARAMETER	LTL-	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	2300	Iv	1.3	4.2		mcd	I _F = 10 mA
	2350		3.5	8			
	2600		1.3	4.2			
	2620		1.3	4.2			
	2655		3.5	8			
	2685		7	16			
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ_p		635		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width		$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage any Chip		V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current any Chip		I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

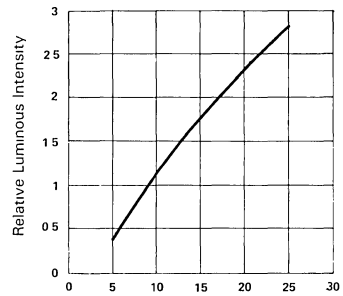
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



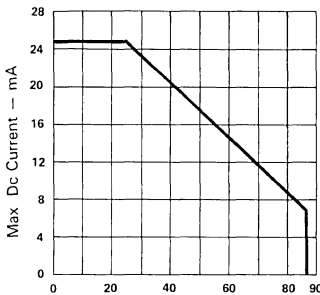
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



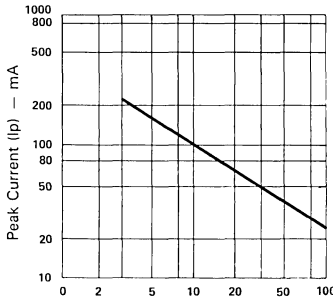
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



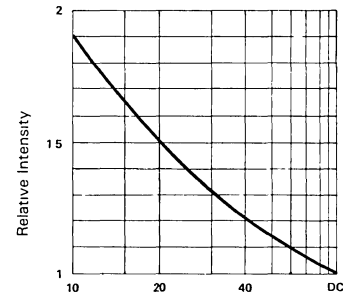
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig.4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig.5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig.6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ YELLOW LTL-2400Y/2700Y SERIES

PARAMETER	LTL-	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	2400	Iv	1.3	4.2		mcd	I _F = 10 mA
	2450		3.5	8			
	2700		1.3	4.2			
	2720		1.3	4.2			
	2755		3.5	8			
	2785		7	16			
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ_p		585		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width		$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage any Chip		V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current any Chip		I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

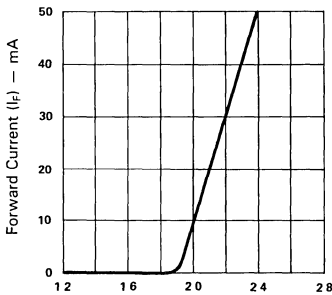


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

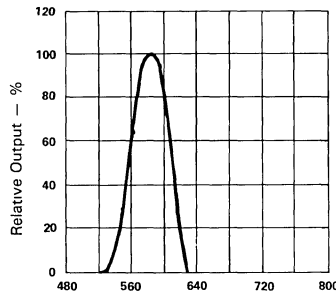


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

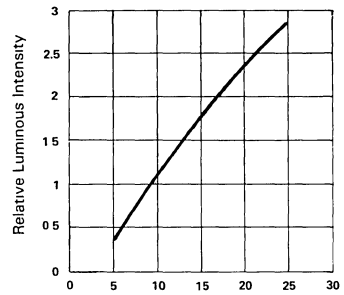


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

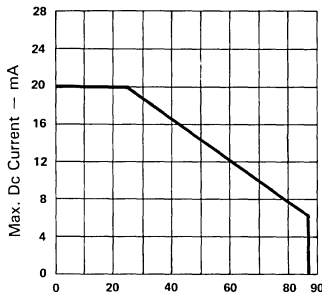


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

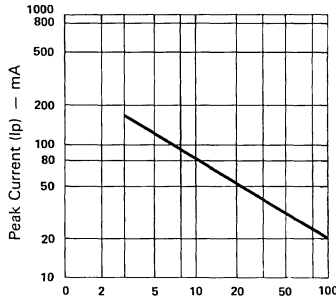


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

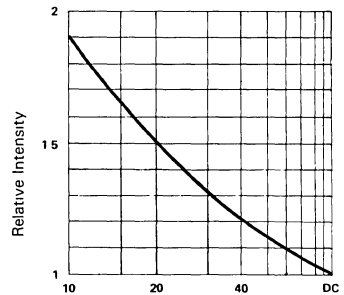


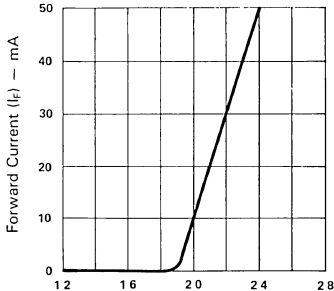
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ GREEN LTL-2500G/2800G SERIES

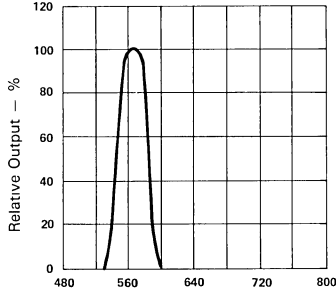
PARAMETER	LTL-	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity Per Bar	2500	Iv	1.3	4.2		mcd	I _F = 10 mA
	2550		3.5	8			
	2800		1.3	4.2			
	2820		1.3	4.2			
	2855		3.5	8			
	2885		7	16			
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ_p		565		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width		$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage any Chip		V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current any Chip		I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

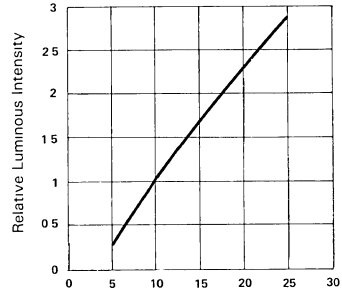
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



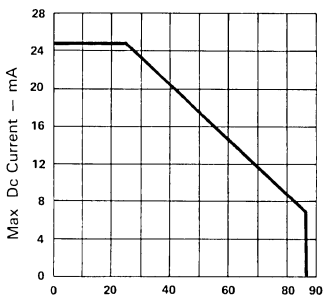
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



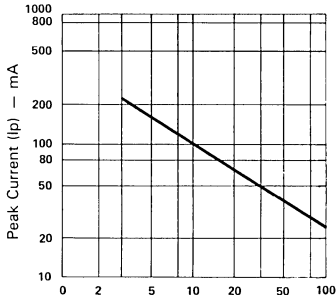
Wavelength (λ) – nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



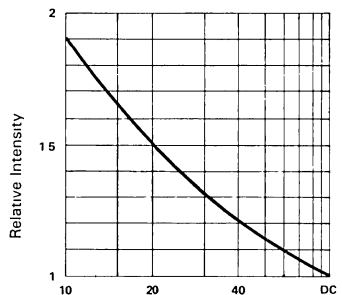
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – °C
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

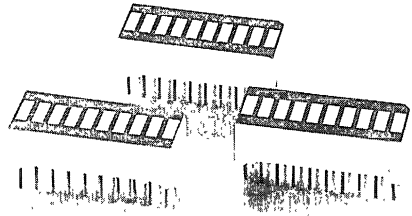


LTA-1000 SERIES

BAR GRAPH ARRAY

FEATURES

- LARGE SEGMENTS, CLOSELY SPACED.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED / GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- END STACKABLE.
- FAST SWITCHING, EXCELLENT FOR MULTIPLEXING.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- IC COMPATIBLE.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



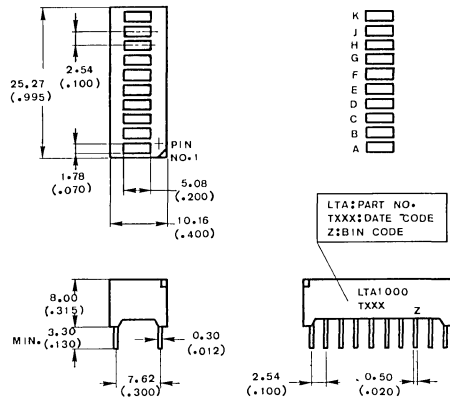
DESCRIPTION

The LTA-1000 series are ten rectangular light sources array displays designed for a variety of applications where a continuously large, bright source of light is required. The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. The red, bright red, green, yellow, and orange devices have gray face and white segment color. The high efficiency red devices have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTA-						DESCRIPTION
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	
1000R	1000P	1000G	1000Y	1000E	1000HR	Universal, Ten Rectangular Bar

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



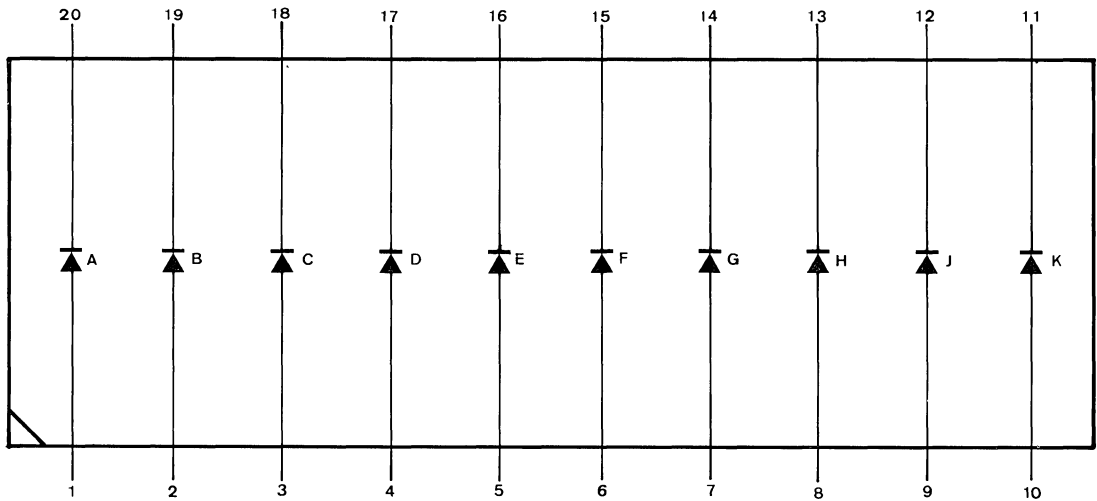
NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\left(\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''} \right)$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	Anode A	11	Cathode K
2	Anode B	12	Cathode J
3	Anode C	13	Cathode H
4	Anode D	14	Cathode G
5	Anode E	15	Cathode F
6	Anode F	16	Cathode E
7	Anode G	17	Cathode D
8	Anode H	18	Cathode C
9	Anode J	19	Cathode B
10	Anode K	20	Cathode A

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

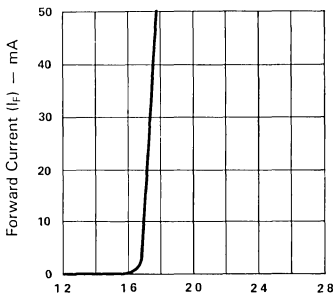
PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Bar	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Bar (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Bar	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Bar	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Bar	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTA-1000R

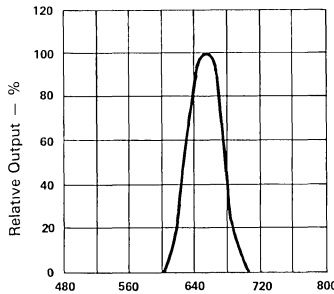
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

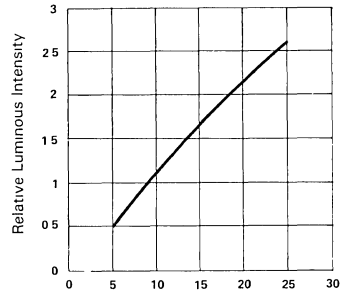
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



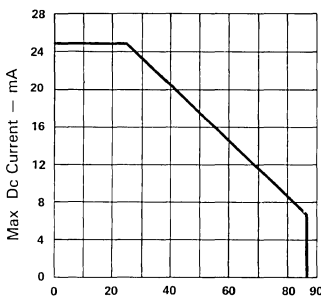
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



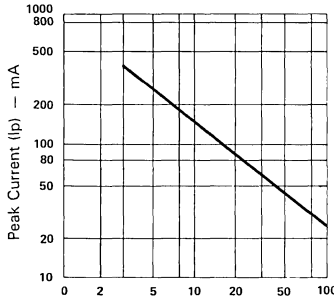
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



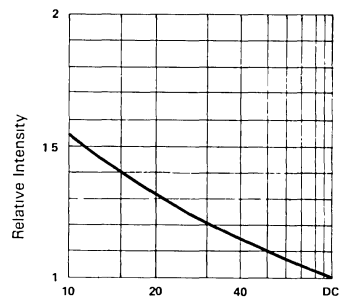
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

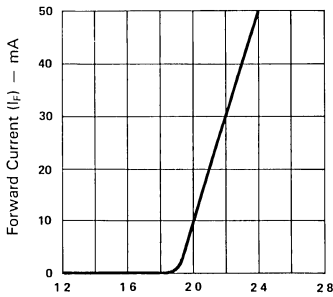
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTA-1000P

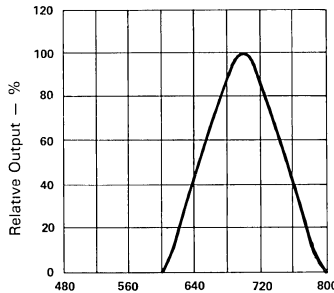
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	300	700		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

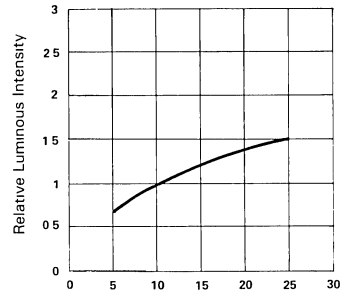
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



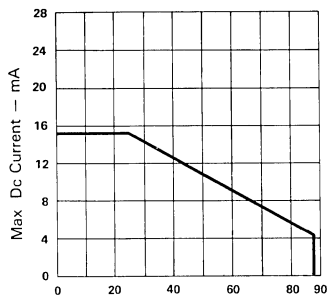
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



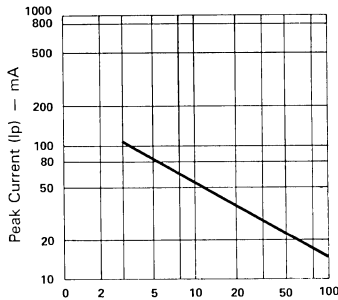
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



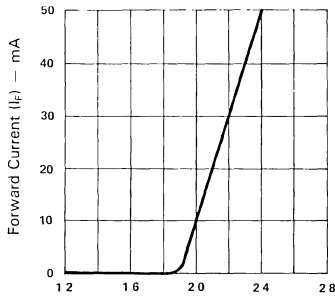
Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTA-1000G

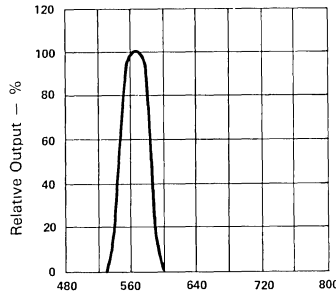
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

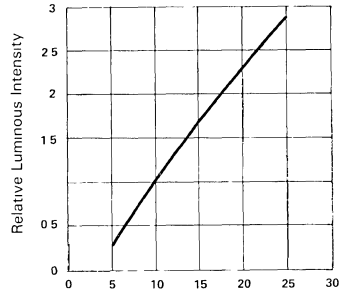
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



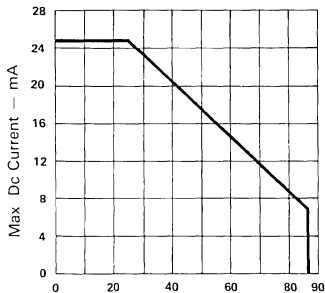
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



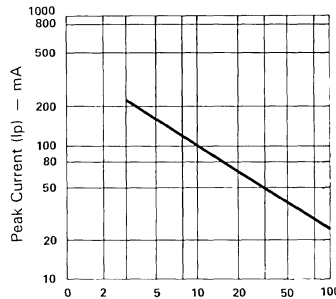
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



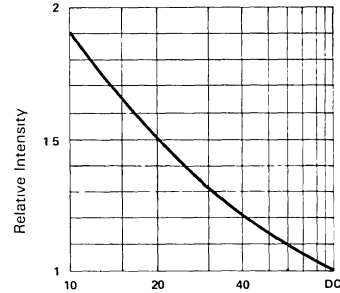
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

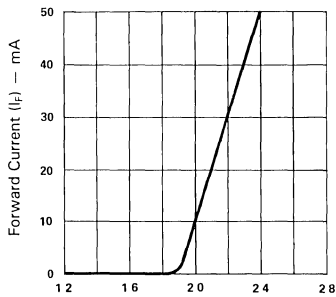
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTA-1000Y

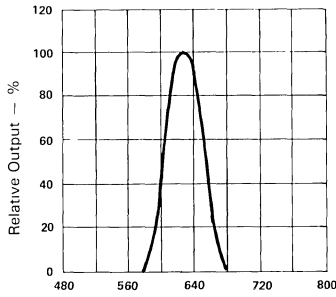
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

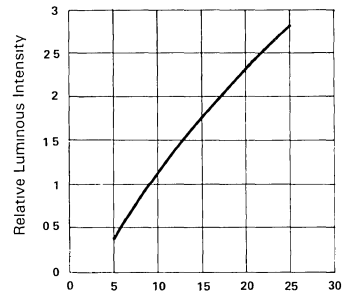
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



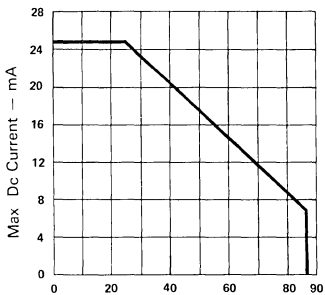
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



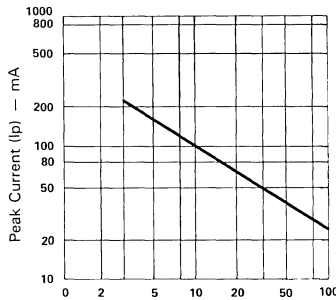
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



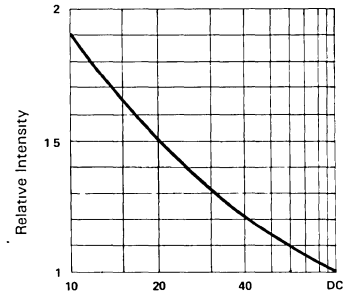
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



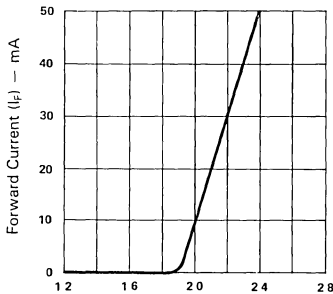
Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTA-1000E

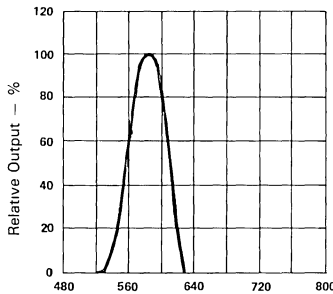
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

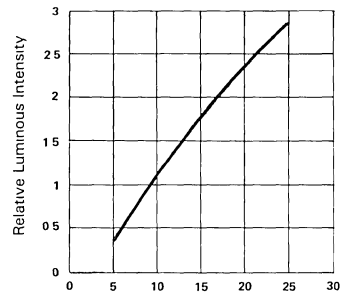
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



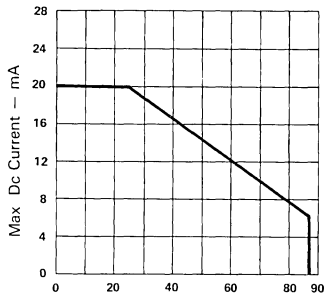
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



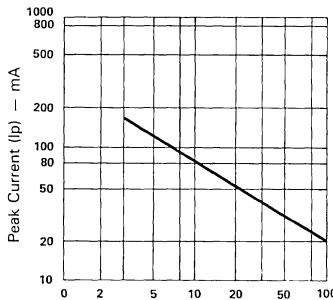
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



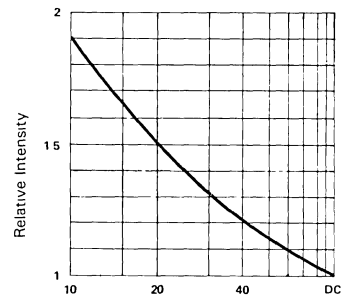
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTA-1000HR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Bar	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Bar	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-}m$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

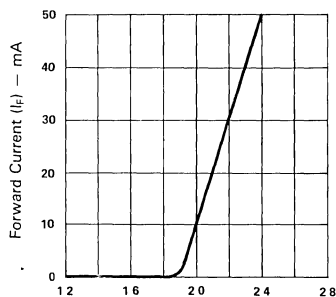


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

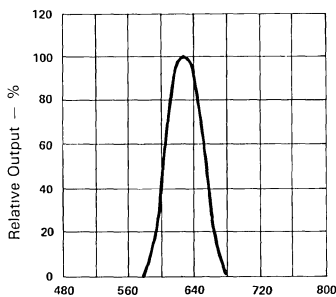


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

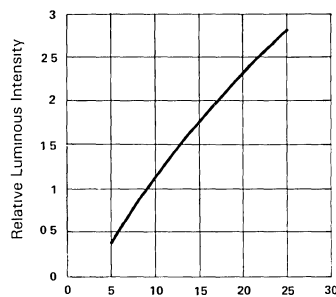


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

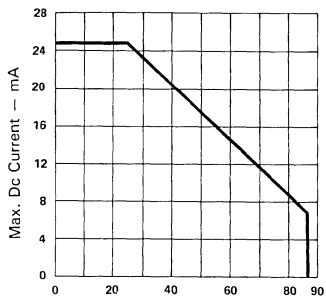


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

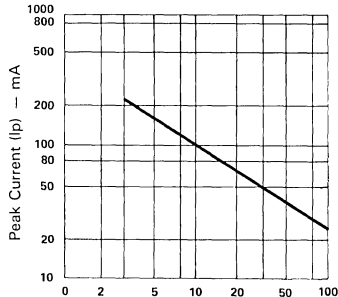


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

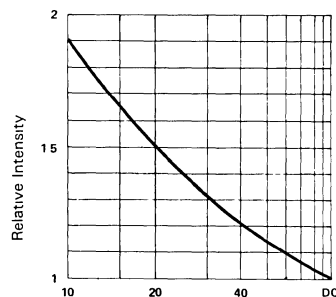
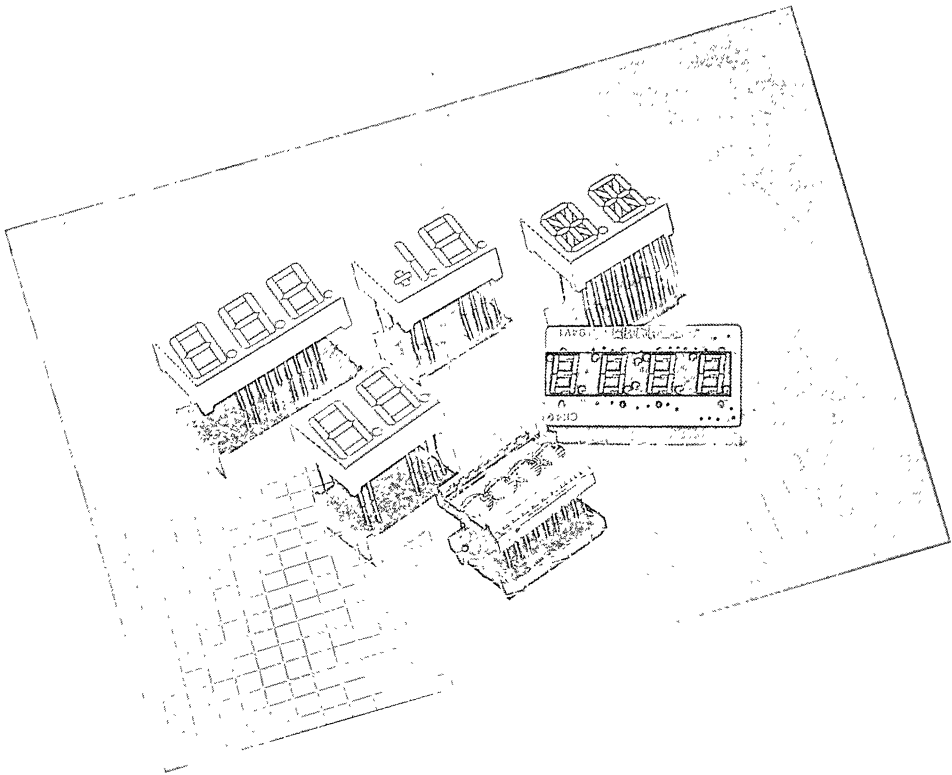


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

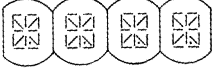
- NOTES: 1 Clean only in water, isopropanol, ethanol, freon TF (or equivalent).
2. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

4. LED Displays with Driver IC Built-In

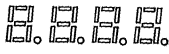
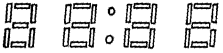
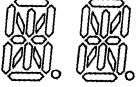
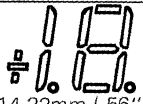
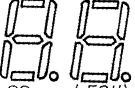
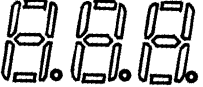
- SELECTION GUIDE
- PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY (DISCONTINUED)
- LED DISPLAY WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN



● PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY(DISCONTINUED)

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/**** V = 5.0V	PAGE NO.
 <p>4.06mm (.16") Dual-In-Line .79"H x 1"W x .26"D Epoxy Type</p>	LTM-2416	Red	Magnified Four Character	1250 μ cd	4-2

● LED DISPLAY WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @ I = 0.4mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>7.62mm (.3") Single-In-Line .8"H x 1.6"W x .23"D Air Type</p>	LTM-8328 PKR-04 8328GKR-04	Bright Red Green	Four Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal With 2 Extra Output Bits	155 μ cd 220 μ cd	4-6
 <p>7.62mm (.3") 0.7"H x 1.6"W x .23"D Air Type</p>	LTM-8631GMH 8631YMH	Green Yellow	Four Digit with Colon	220 μ cd 270 μ cd	4-12
 <p>13.8mm (.54") Dual-In-Line .74"H x 1"W x .3"D Epoxy Type</p>	LTM-8647AR 8647AP 8647AG 8647AE 8647AHR	Red Bright Red Green Orange Hi-Eff Red	Dual Character, With 4 Extra Output Bits	400 μ cd 650 μ cd 1800 μ cd 1800 μ cd 1800 μ cd	4-17
 <p>14.22mm (.56") Dual-In-Line .75"H x 1"W x .32"D Epoxy Type</p>	LTM-8529R 8529P 8529G 8529Y 8529E 8529HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi-Eff Red	1 1/2 Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal With 8 Extra Output Bits	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	4-24
 <p>14.22mm (.56") Dual-In-Line .75"H x 1"W x .32"D Epoxy Type</p>	LTM-8530R 8530P 8530G 8530Y 8530E 8530HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi-Eff Red	Dual Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal With 8 Extra Output Bits	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	4-24
 <p>14.22mm (.56") Dual-In-Line .75"H x 1.5"W x .32"D Epoxy Type</p>	LTM-8522R 8522P 8522G 8522Y 8522E 8522HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi-Eff Red	Triple Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal With 8 Extra Output Bits	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	4-24



LTM-2416

ALPHANUMERIC PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY WITH MEMORY/DECODER/DRIVER

FEATUERES:

- μ P BUS COMPATIBLE.
- END STACKABLE.
- TTL COMPATIBLE.
- 64 CHARACTER ASCII FORMAT.
- ON BOARD MEMORY, DECODE, MIX, DRIVE.
- TOTALLY ENCAPSULATED PACKAGE.
- INDEPENDENT AND ASYNCHRONOUS DIGIT ACCESS.
- ULTRA-FAST ACCESS TIME-50 ns.
- PARALLEL ENTRY.
- MEMORY CLEAR FUNCTION.
- DISPLAY BLANK FUNCTION.

APPLICATIONS

- HAND HELD TERMINALS.
- TELECOMMUNICATION.
- INSTRUMENTATIONS.
- MINICOMPUTERS.
- WORD PROCESSORS.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The IC chip monolithic LED intelligent display circuit is manufactured using stand complementary MOS technology. The convention and type of data entry procedure is designed to be microprocessor bus and TTL compatible with no interface circuitry required.

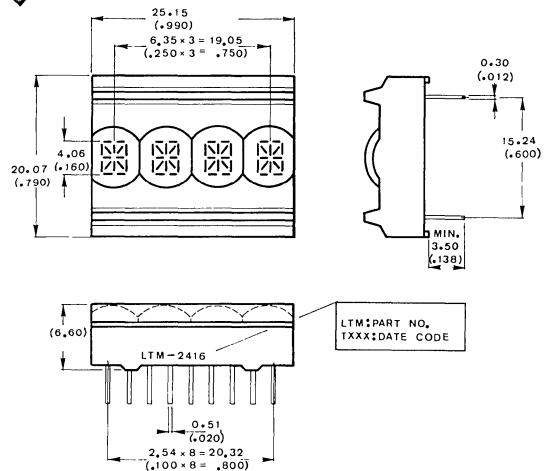
The intergrated circuit contains memory, ASCII ROM decoder, multiplexing circuitry and drivers. The integrated circuit has memory to store four 7-bit ASCII Words corresponding to the four digits. An ASCII to alphanumeric ROM decoder, multiplexing and drive circuitry to drive the digits. Data entry is asynchronous and can be random. The internal memory can be written asynchronously through the 7-bit data bus (D0-D6) into the digit location addressed by the 2-bit address bus (A0-A1). For multiple chip circuit, chip select input can be decoded or a One-of-n decoder IC's can be used to extend the address for large displays. The cursor function causes all segments of a digit position to illuminate. The cursor is not a character, however, and upon removal the previously displayed character will reappear.



PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

DISCONTINUED

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$, tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTIONS

PIN NO.	CONNECTIONS	PIN NO.	CONNECTIONS
1	$\overline{\text{CE1}}$ Chip Enable	10	Gnd
2	$\overline{\text{CE2}}$ Chip Enable	11	D0 Data Input
3	$\overline{\text{CLR}}$ Clear	12	D1 Data Input
4	CUE Cursor Enable	13	D2 Data Input
5	$\overline{\text{CU}}$ Cursor Select	14	D3 Data Input
6	$\overline{\text{WR}}$ Write	15	D4 Data Input
7	A1 Address Input	16	D5 Data Input
8	A0 Address Input	17	D4 Data Input
9	VCC	18	Display Blank

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING:

1. Voltage, Any pin respect to GND	-0.3V to VCC + 0.3V
2. Operating Temperature range	-20°C to +70°C
3. Storage temperature range	-40°C to +85°C
4. Power dissipation at 25°C	595 mw
5. Operating VCC range	4.5V to 5.5V
6. VCC max	7.0V
7. Solder temperature (soldering 10 sec)	260°C

OPTICAL/ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Vcc	Supply Voltage	(Vcc = 5.0) Allsegs. on	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Icc		(Vcc = 5.0) Eight seg./dig.		75		mA
Icc		(Vcc = 5.0) Display blank		40	100	mA
Icc		(Vcc = 5.0) Display blank		0.6		mA
VIL	Input Voltage Low	(Vcc = 5.0)			0.8	V
VIH	Input Voltage High	(Vcc = 5.0)	2.0		Vcc	V
IIL	Input Current Max.	(Vcc = 5.0)		35	125	μA
tW	Write Pulse	Vcc = 5.0V	60			ns
tDS	Data Set-up Time	Vcc = 5.0V	50			ns
tDH	Data Hold Time	Vcc = 5.0V	40			ns
tAS	Address Set-up Time	Vcc = 5.0V	70			ns
tAH	Address Hold Time	Vcc = 5.0V	40			ns
	Segment Luminous Intensity	Vcc = 5.0V		1250		μcd
	Intensity Matching. Within A Digit	Vcc = 5.0V		±33		%
	Off-Axis Viewing Angle	Vcc = 5.0V		±50		degrees
	Digit Size			160		mil
	Spectral Peak Wavelength	Vcc = 5.0V		655		nm
	Spectral Width Half Intensity	Vcc = 5.0V		40		nm

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

• ENTRY INTO DATA MEMORY

To enter an ASCII code CE1 and CE2 inputs must be low, CU must be high. When the address is set up at A0 and A1, the WR can go low, at which time the internal RAM will respond to the data inputs (D0-D6). Note that the data need not be set up prior to the WR transition all digits can be cleared by holding the CLR input low for the specified interval.

• ENTRY INTO CURSOR MEMORY

This is accomplished by setting the CE1 and CE2 inputs as well as the CU input low. The cursor memory consists of 4 bits corresponding to the four digits, each one addressable by way of the A0 and A1 inputs. Once the address is stable, the WR input must go low and the cursor memory will respond to the D0 input. That is, if D0 is high, a cursor will be written and if D0 is low, the cursor will be erased. CLR will not erase a cursor. A cursor will only be displayed when CUE is high and the cursor function can be bypassed by typing CUE low; flashing cursor can be implemented by pulsing CUE, the results in alternately displaying the cursor and the character originally written in digit. CUE will not alter the contents of either the cursor or data memory.

• BLANKING THE DISPLAY

Display blanking can be realized by using the BL input, by taking be low, the display will be disabled while leaving the contents of the data and cursor memory unchanged. A flashing display will occur if BL is pulsed. The display is blanked by BL regardless of whether a cursor or character is being displayed.

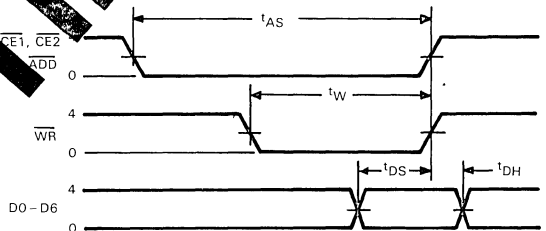
• CLEARING THE DISPLAY

Pulsing the CLR pin low for the specified time will clear all internal data memory while leaving the cursor memories unchanged. Timing characteristics write cycle waveforms.

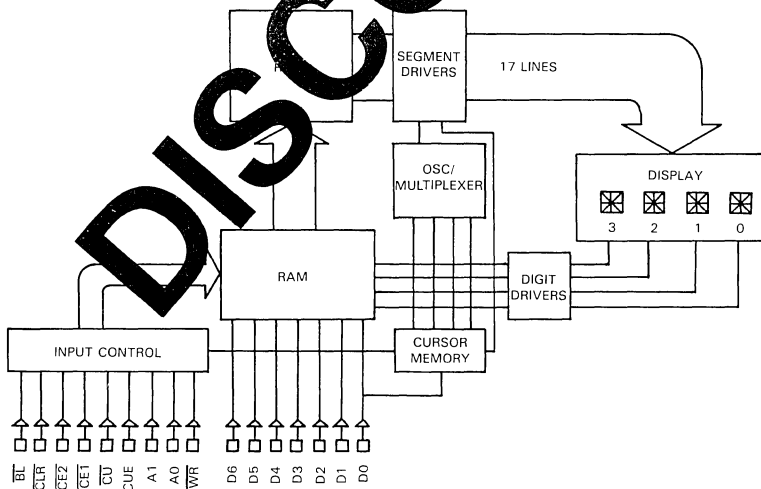
• ILLEGAL ASCII

If an illegal ASCII code is entered into the data memory (D6 = 15) the display will automatically be blanked for the corresponding digit.

TYPING CYCLE WAVEFORM



• INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



CHARACTER SET

	D0	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H	L	H			
	D1	L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H			
	D2	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H			
	D3	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H			
	D6	D6	D4		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
	L	H	L	2		!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	<	>	*	+	=	-	.	/
	L	H	H	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	-	_	=	\	/	?
	H	L	L	4	0	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
	H	L	H	5	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	[\]	^	_

DATE AND CURSOR ENTRY FUNCTION TABLE

FUNCTION	BL	CE1	CE2	CUE	CU	WR	CLR	A0	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	DIG 3	DIG 2	DIG 1	DIG 0
Write Date Memory								L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	NC	NC	NC	A
	X	L	L	X	H	L		H	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	NC	NC	B	NC
								H	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	NC	C	NC	NC
Write Cursor								L	L	X	X	X	X	X	H	NC	NC	NC	☒
	X	L	L	X	L			L	H	X	X	X	X	X	H	NC	NC	☒	NC
								H	L	X	X	X	X	X	H	NC	☒	NC	NC
Clear Cursor								L	L	X	X	X	X	X	L	NC	NC	NC	NC
	X	L					X	L	H	X	X	X	X	X	L	NC	NC	NC	NC
								H	H	X	X	X	X	X	L		NC	NC	NC
CUE		H	X	X	L	X	X	H	Display previously written data							D	C	B	A
		H	X	X	H	X	X	H	Display previously written cursor							☒	☒	☒	☒
Clear		H		X	X	X	X	L	Clear data memory										
									Cursor memory unchanged										
Blank		L	X	X	X	X	X	X	Blank display										
									Data and cursor memories unchanged										

- "H" Logic high input
- "L" Logic low input.
- "X" Don't care
- NC: No change.
- ☒ : cursor character (all segment on)



LTM-8328XKR SERIES

0.3" FOUR DIGIT 7-SEGMENT NUMERIC DISPLAY WITH MOS IC DRIVER

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- FOUR-DIGIT, RIGHT HAND DECIMAL.
- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE OPERATION.
- SERIAL DATA INPUT.
- CONSTANT CURRENT DRIVERS.
- CONTINUOUS BRIGHTNESS CONTROL
- OUTPUT AVAILABLE FOR TWO EXTERNAL LEDS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- CHOICE OF TWO BRIGHT COLORS – BRIGHT RED/GREEN
- TTL COMPATIBLE.

DESCRIPTION

The LTM-8328KR series are 0.3 inch (7.62mm) height numeric display modules, having a built-in M5450 MOS integrated circuits. The integrated circuit contains serial data input, 35 bit shift registers. 34 LED driver outputs and a brightness control. The bright red and green devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The MOS integrated circuits produced with N-channel silicon gate technology.

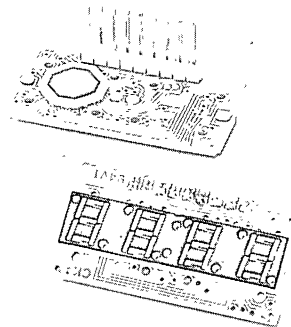
All the displays have black face with white diffused film.

APPLICATIONS

- MICROPROCESSOR DISPLAY.
- DIGITAL CLOCK, THERMOMETER, COUNTER, VOLTMETER.
- INSTRUMENTATION READOUTS.

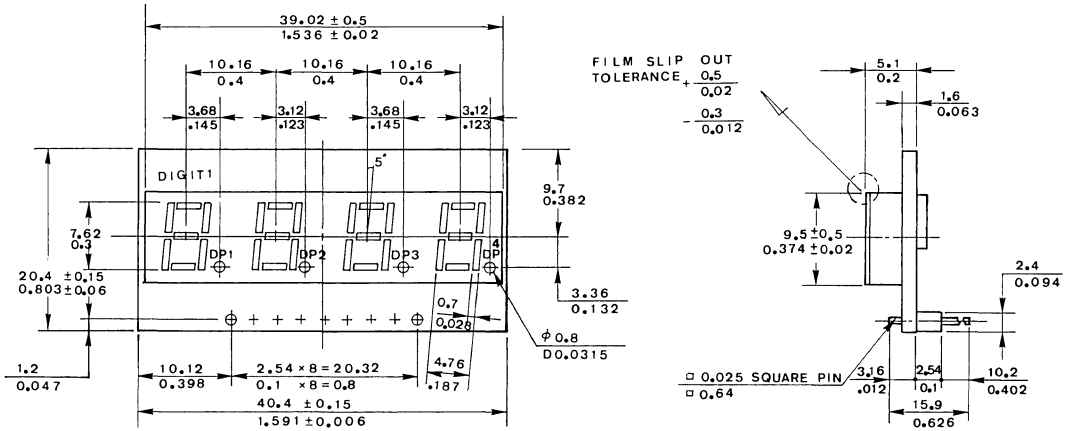
DEVICES

PART NO. LTM-		DESCRIPTION
BRIGHT RED	GREEN	
8328PKR-04	8328GKR-04	Four Digit R.H.D.P., With I.C. Driver



PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

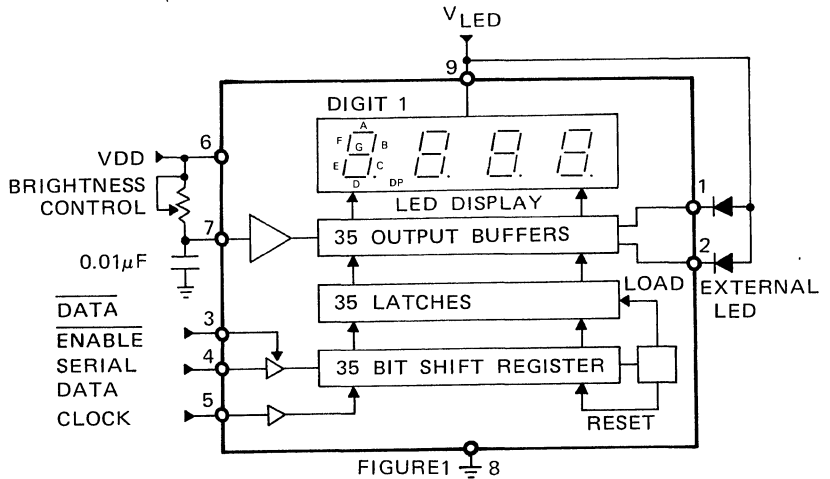


NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$, tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	EXT LED 1
2	EXT LED 2
3	$\overline{\text{DATA ENABLE}}$
4	DATA SERIAL
5	CLOCK
6	VDD
7	DIMMER
8	GND
9	VLED

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply Voltage *1	V_{DD}	-0.3	15	V
Input Voltage	V_I	-0.3	15	V
Off State Output Voltage	V_o (off)		15	V
LED Supply Voltage	V_{LED}	2.8	3.5	V
Power Dissipation of IC *2	P_D (IC)		660	mW
Supply Current	I_{DD}		7	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T_{op}	-20	+60	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-20	+60	$^\circ\text{C}$
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} (GND)

2. Power dissipation of IC is given by $P_D = (V_{LED} - V_F) \bullet (I_F) \bullet (\text{No. of Segments}) + (7\text{mA}) \bullet V_{DD}$

* V_F is LED forward voltage

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	4.75		13.2	V	
Input Voltage						
Logical "0" Level		-0.3		0.8	V	$\pm 10\mu\text{A}$ Input Bias
Logical "1" Level	V_I	2.2		V_{DD}	V	$4.75\text{V} < V_{DD} < 5.25\text{V}$
Logical "1" Level		$V_{DD} - 2$		V_{DD}	V	$V_{DD} > 5.25\text{V}$
Brightness Input Current	I_B	0		0.75	mA	
Brightness Input Voltage	V_B	3		4.3	V	Input Current = $750\mu\text{A}$
Off State Voltage	V_o (off)			13.2	V	
Output Sink Current						
Segment Off				10	μA	$I_B = 0\mu\text{A}$
Segment On			3		mA	$I_B = 100\mu\text{A}$
			6		mA	$I_B = 200\mu\text{A}$
Input Clock Frequency	F_{clock}	0		0.5	MHZ	
Output Matching	I_o			± 20	%	

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

LTM-8328PKR-04

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	120	250		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		697		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8328GKR-04

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	200	400		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		565		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		30		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _B = 0.4 mA

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Serial data transfer from the data source to the display driver is accomplished with 2 signals serial data and clock. Using a format of a leading "1" followed by the 35 data bits allows data transfer without an additional load signal. The 35 data bits are latched after the 36th bit is complet, thus providing nonmultiplexed, direct drive to the display. Outputs change only if the serial data bits differ from the previous time.

Brightness of display is determined by control the output current of LED display. A 1nF capacitor should be connected to brightness control, Pin 7 to prevent possible oscillations. The output current is typically 25 times greater than the current into Pin 7 which is set by an external variable resistor. There is an internal limiting resistor of 400Ω nominal value.

Figure 1 shows the input data format. A start bit of logical "1" precede the 35 bits of data. At the 36th clock, a LOAD signal is generated synchronously

with the high state of the clock, which loads the 35 bits of the shift registers into the latches. At the low state of the clock a RESET signal is generated which clears all the shift registers for the next set of data. The shift registers are static master-slave configuration. There is no clear for master portion of the first register, thus allowing continous operation.

There must be a complete set of 36 clocks or the shift registers won't clear. When power is first applied to the chip an internal power ON reset signal is generated which reset all registers and all latches. The START bit and first clock return the chip on its normal operation. Bit 1 is the first following the start bit and it will appear on the segment A of the digit 1. A logical "1" at the input will turn on the appropriate LED. Figure 2 shows the timing relationship between data, clock, and DATA ENABLE. A max. clock frequency of 0.5 MHz is assumed.

FIGURE 1 Input Data Format.

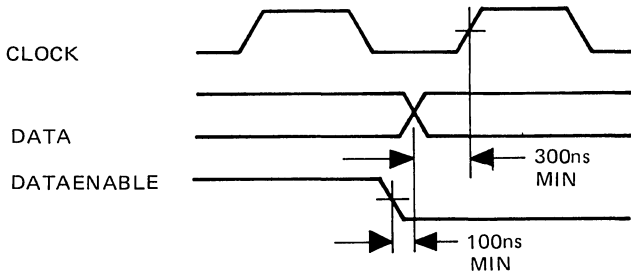
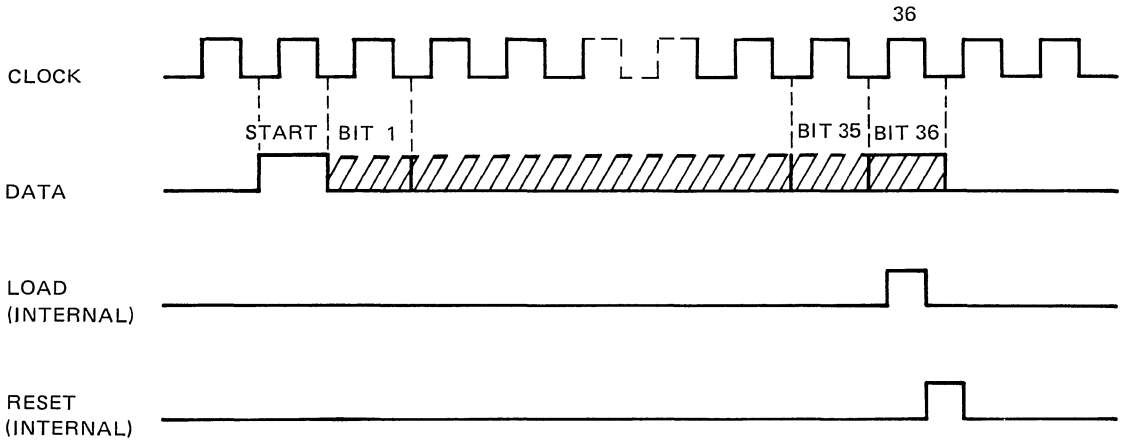
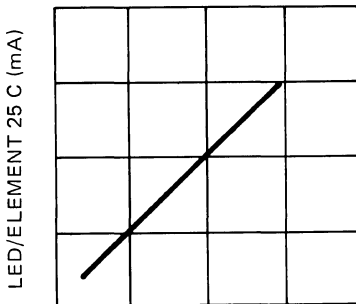


FIGURE 2 Timing Relationship.

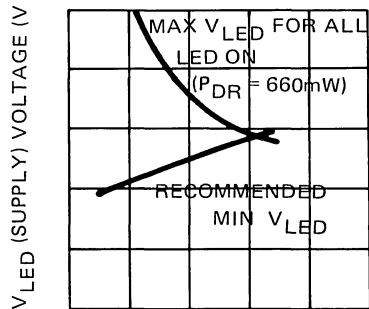


Typical LED Element Current Vs Applied Brightness Control Current

LED Supply Voltage Range



I_{BR} CONT (μA)



I_{LED}/ELEMENT 25°C (mA)

TABLE I SERIAL DATA INPUT SEQUENCE

BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT	BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT
1	1	A	18	3	B
2	1	B	19	3	C
3	1	C	20	3	D
4	1	D	21	3	E
5	1	E	22	3	F
6	1	F	23	3	G
7	1	G	24	3	DP
8	1	DP	25	4	A
9	2	A	26	4	B
10	2	B	27	4	C
11	2	C	28	4	D
12	2	D	29	4	E
13	2	E	30	4	E
14	2	F	31	4	G
15	2	G	32	4	DP
16	2	DP	33		LED 1
17	3	A	34		LED 2

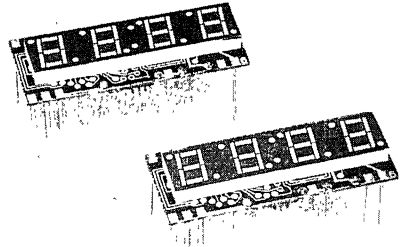


LTM-8631XMH SERIES

0.3" FOUR DIGIT 7-SEGMENT NUMERIC DISPLAY WITH MOS IC DRIVER

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- FOUR-DIGIT WITH COLON.
- SUPPLY VOLTAGE 5V.
- SERIAL DATA INPUT.
- CURRENT GENERATOR OUTPUT FOR 5 EXTERNAL LEDS.
- DATA ENABLE.
- NO EXTERNAL CAPACITOR OR RESISTOR REQUIRED.
- CHOICE OF TWO COLORS – YELLOW/GREEN.
- TTL COMPATIBLE.



PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

DESCRIPTION

The LTM-8631XMH series are 0.3 inch (7.62mm) height numeric display modules, having a built-in M5450 MOS integrated circuits. The integrated circuit contains serial data input, 35 bit shift registers. 34 LED driver outputs and a brightness control. All the displays have black face with white diffused film.

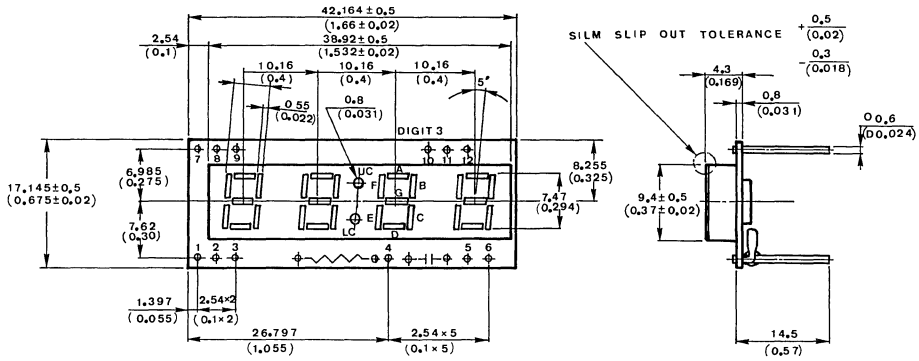
APPLICATIONS

- MICROPROCESSOR DISPLAY.
- DIGITAL CLOCK, THERMOMETER, COUNTER, VOLTMETER.
- INSTRUMENTATION READOUTS.
- DISPLAY FOR DIGITAL MEASURING INSTRUMENT.
- TV-, VIDEO- AND AUDIO-PANELS.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTM--		DESCRIPTION
YELLOW	GREEN	
8631 YMH	8631 GMH	Four Digit, Colon With I.C. Driver

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

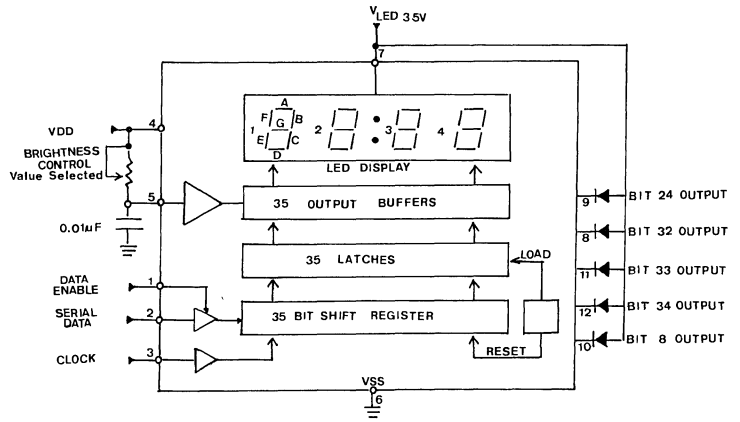


NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	SERIAL DATA
2	CLOCK INPUT
3	V _{DD}
4	N.C.
5	GND
6	V _{LED}
7	DATA ENABLE
8	EXT. LED 2
9	EXT. LED 1
10	EXT. LED 3
11	EXT. LED 4
12	EXT. LED 5

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{DD}	:	4.75V to 5.25V
V_{LED}	:	3.25V to 4.10V
Voltage at any other pin	:	-0.3V to 5.25V
Driver chip power dissipation	:	660mW max.
Operating temperature	:	-20°C to 70°C
Storage temperature	:	-20°C to 70°C
Lead temperature (Soldering: 5 sec. max.)	:	230°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{DD} = 5V \pm 0.25V$ (if not otherwise specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T = 25^{\circ}C$	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	DIM.
I_{DD}	V_{DD} Supply Current, pin 3	$V_{DD} = 5.25V$			7.5	mA
I_{LED}	V_{LED} Supply Current, pin 6	$V_{DD} = 5.25V, V_{LED} = 3.5V$ all segs & ext drives ON Ext drives loaded as per the circuit of Figure 1	180		300	mA
V_{iL}	Input Voltage "0" Level		-0.3		0.8	V
V_i	Input Voltage "1" Level		2.2		5.25	V
I_L	Input Leakage Current				10	μA
f_C	Input Clock Frequency				0.5	MHz
	Duty Cycle		40	50	60	%

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T = 25^{\circ}C$	MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	DIM.
I	Luminous Intensity per segment	$V_{DD} = 4.75V, V_{LED} = 3.5V$; (all segs & ext. drives ON)	O,G	0.3	0.5		mcd
			Y	0.16	0.3		mcd
	Intensity matching	$V_{DD} = 5.0V, V_{LED} = 3.5V$				± 40	%
λ_p	Wavelength of peak emission	$V_{DD} = 5.0V, V_{LED} = 3.5V$	O		630		nm
			Y		585		nm
			G		565		nm

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LTM-8631 series is specifically designed to operate with minimal interface with the data source. Serial data transfer from the data source to the display driver is accomplished with 2 signals, serial data and clock. Using a format of a leading "1" followed by the 35 data bits allows data transfer without an additional load signal. The 35 data bits are latched after the 36th bit is complete, thus providing non-multiplexed, direct drive to the display.

Outputs change only if the serial data bits differ from the previous time.

Figure 1 shows the timing relationship between DATA, CLOCK and DATA ENABLE and the input data format. The max. clock frequency is 0.5 MHz.

A start bit of logical "1" precedes the 35 bits of data. At the 36th clock a LOAD signal is generated syn-

chronously with the high state of the clock, which loads the 35 bits of the shift registers into the latches.

At the low state of the clock a RESET signal is generated, which clears all the shift registers for the next set of data. The shift registers are static master-slave configurations. There is no clear for the master portion of the first shift register, thus allowing continuous operation.

There must be a complete set of 36 clocks or the shift registers will not clear!

When power is first applied to the chip an internal power ON reset signal is generated which resets all registers and all latches. The START bit and the first clock return the chip to its normal operation.

Bit 1 is the first bit following the start bit. A logical "1" at the input will turn on the appropriate LED.

FIGURE 1 Input Data Format.

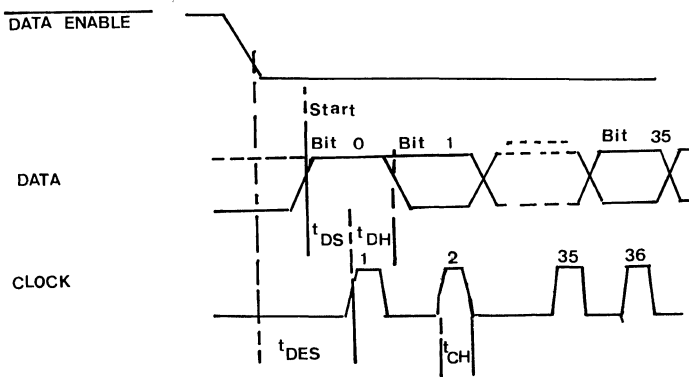


FIGURE 2 Timing Relationship.

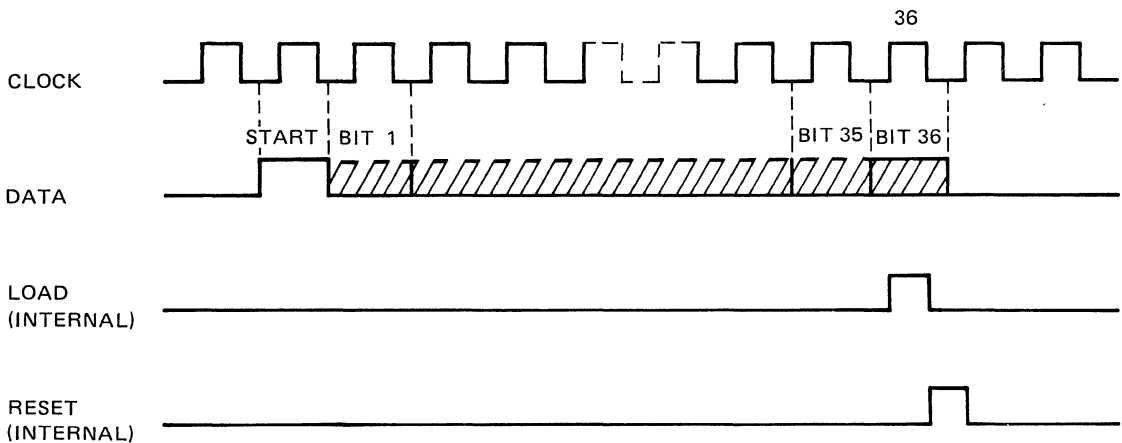


TABLE I SERIAL DATA INPUT SEQUENCE

BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT	BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT
1	1	A	18	3	B
2	1	B	19	3	C
3	1	C	20	3	D
4	1	D	21	3	E
5	1	E	22	3	F
6	1	F	23	3	G
7	1	G	24	EXT	LED 4
8	EXT	LED 3	25	4	A
9	2	A	26	4	B
10	2	B	27	4	C
11	2	C	28	4	D
12	2	D	29	4	E
13	2	E	30	4	E
14	2	F	31	4	G
15	2	G	32	EXT	LED 5
16	2	DP	33	EXT	LED 1
17	3	A	34	EXT	LED 2

PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

AC CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	DIM	WAVEFORMS
t_{DE}	DATA ENABLE Set up time		400		ns	See Fig. 1
t_D	Set up time Data to clock	300			ns	
t_D	Hold time Data to clock	100			ns	
t_C	Clock – Hold time	400			ns	
f_C	Max. clock pulse frequency			500	KHz	



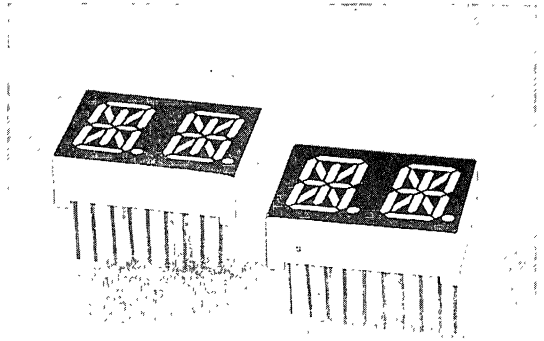
LTM-8647A SERIES

0.54" 2-CHARACTER 14-SEGMENT

ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY WITH MOS I.C. DRIVER

FEATURES

- 0.54 INCH (13.8mm) DIGIT HEIGHT, 14-SEGMENT CHARACTER.
- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE OPERATION.
- SERIES DATA INPUT.
- CONSTANT CURRENT DRIVERS.
- CONTINUOUS BRIGHTNESS CONTROL.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY, LONG OPERATION LIFE.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- CHOICE OF FIVE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- TTL COMPATIBLE.



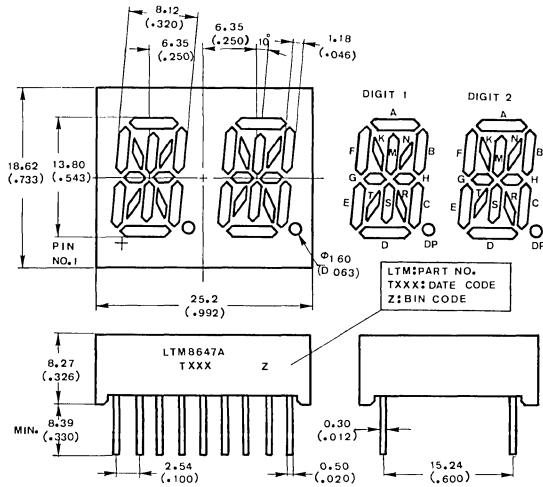
DESCRIPTION

The LTM-8647A series are dual character 14-segment alphanumeric display modules, having a built-in M5450 MOS integrated circuits. The integrated circuit contains series data input, 35 bit shift registers, 34 LED driver outputs and a brightness control. The red devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The orange and high efficiency red devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. The MOS integrated circuits produced with N-channel silicon gate technology. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and orange displays have gray face and white segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTM-					DESCRIPTION
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	
8647AR	8647AP	8647AG	8647AE	8647AHR	Dual Character, with I.C. Driver

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted
 $\left(\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''} \right)$

PACKAGE PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	Bit 32 Output	10	No. Pin
2	Bit 33 Output	11	No. Pin
3	Bit 34 Output	12	No. Pin
4	Data Input	13	Vss* 1
5	Clock Input	14	Vss* 1
6	Data Enable	15	No. Pin
7	VDD	16	No. Pin
8	VLED	17	Bit 31 Output
9	Brk Control	18	No. Pin

NOTE: Pin 13 & 14 are internally connected

PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED
DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply Voltage *1	V _{DD}	-0.3	15	V
Input Voltage	V _I	-0.3	15	V
Off State Output Voltage	V _O (off)		15	V
LED Supply Voltage	V _{LED}	2.8	3.5	V
Power Dissipation of IC *2	P _D (IC)		350	mW
Supply Current	I _{DD}		7	mA
operating Temperature Range	T _{op}	-20	+60	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-20	+60	°C
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} (GND)

2. Power dissipation of IC is given by $P_D = (V_{LED} - V_F) \bullet (I_F) \bullet (\text{No. of Segments}) + (7\text{mA}) \bullet V_{DD}$

*V_F is LED forward voltage

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.75		13.2	V	
Input Voltage						
Logical "0" Level		-0.3		0.8	V	±10μA Input Bias
Logical "1" Level	V _I	2.2		V _{DD}	V	4.75V < V < 5.25V
Logical "1" Level		V _{DD} -2		V _{DD}	V	V _{DD} > 5.25V
Brightness Input Current	I _B	0	0.75		mA	
Brightness Input Voltage	V _B	3		4.3	V	Input Current = 750μA
Off State Voltage	V _O (off)			13.2	V	
Output Sink Current				10	μA	I _B = 0μA
Segment Off			3		mA	I _B = 100μA
Segment On			6		mA	I _B = 200μA
Input Clock Frequency	F _{CLOCK}	0		0.5	MHZ	
Output Matching	I _O			±20	%	

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C
LTM-8647AR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	200	400		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		655		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		24		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{v-m}			2.1		I _B = 0.4 mA

PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED
DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

LTM-8647AP

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	300	650		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		697		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{v-m}			2.1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8647AG

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	600	1800		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		565		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		30		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{v-m}			2.1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8647AE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	600	1800		μcd	I _B = 0.4 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		630		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		40		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{v-m}			2.1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8647AHR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	600	1800		μcd	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

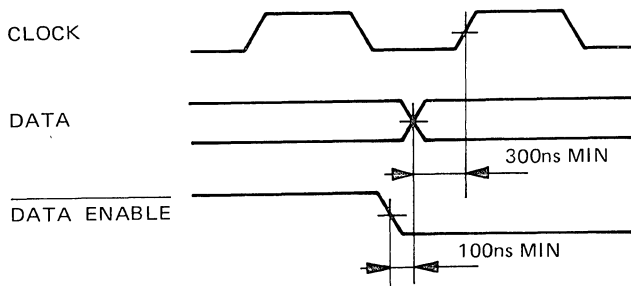
Serial data transfer from the data source to the display driver is accomplished with 2 signals serial data and clock. Using a format of a leading "1" followed by the 35 data bits allows data transfer without an additional load signal. The 35 data bits are latched after the 36th bit is complete, thus providing nonmultiplexed, direct drive to the display. Outputs change only if the serial data bits differ from the previous time.

Brightness of display is determined by control the output current of LED display. A InF capacitor should be connected to brightness control, Pin 9 to prevent possible oscillations. The output current is typically 25 times greater than the current into Pin 9 which is set by an external variable resistor. There is an internal limiting resistor of 400Ω nominal value.

Figure 1 shows the input data format. A start bit of logical "1" precede the 35 bits of data. At the 36th

clock, a LOAD signal is generated synchronously with the high state of the clock, which loads the 35 bits of the shift registers into the latches. At the low state of the clock a RESET signal is generated which clears all the shift registers for the next set of data. The shift registers are static master-slave configuration. There is no clear for master portion of the first register, thus allowing continuous operation.

There must be a complete set of 36 clocks or the shift registers won't clear. When power is first applied to the chip an internal power ON reset signal is generated which reset all registers and all latches. The START bit and first clock return the chip on its normal operation. Bit 1 is the first following the start bit and it will appear on the segment A of the digit 1. A logical "1" at the input will turn on the appropriate LED. Figure 2 shows the timing relationship between data, clock, and DATA ENABLE. A max. clock frequency of 0.5 MHz is assumed.



FIGURE/INPUT data format. FIG. 1 Input data format.

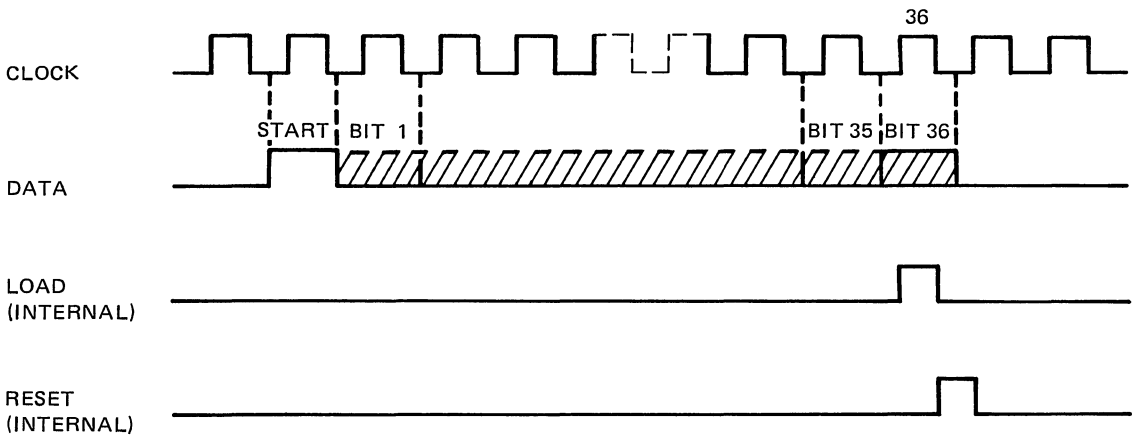


FIG. 2 Timing relationship

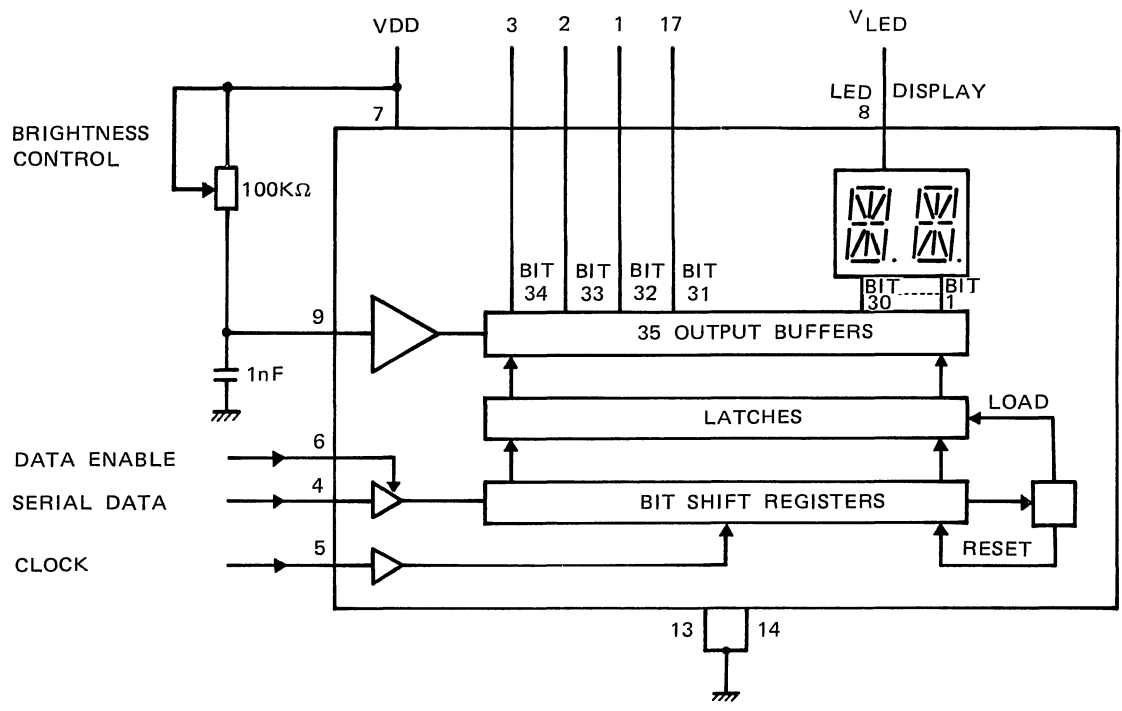


FIG. 3 Internal Block Diagram

TABLE I SERIAL DATA INPUT SEQUENCE

BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT	BIT	DIGIT	SEGMENT
1	2	A	18	1	D
2	2	B	19	1	E
3	2	C	20	1	F
4	2	D	21	1	G
5	2	E	22	1	H
6	2	F	23	1	K
7	2	G	24	1	M
8	2	H	25	1	N
9	2	K	26	1	R
10	2	M	27	1	S
11	2	N	28	1	T
12	2	R	29	1	DP
13	2	S	30	2	DP
14	2	T	31		PIN 17
15	1	A	32		PIN 1
16	1	B	33		PIN 2
17	1	C	34		PIN 3

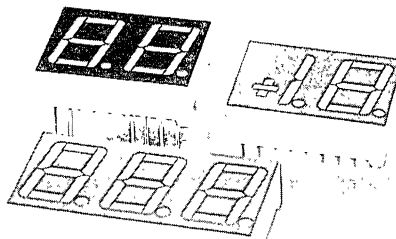


8522 LTM- 8529 SERIES 8530

0.56 INCH 7-SEGMENT
NUMERIC DISPLAY WITH MOS I.C. DRIVER

FEATURES

- 0.56 INCH (14.22mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE OPERATION.
- SERIAL DATA INPUT.
- CONSTANT CURRENT DRIVERS.
- CONTINUOUS BRIGHTNESS CONTROL.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY-LONG OPERATION LIFE.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED / GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.



PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED
DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

DESCRIPTION

The LTM-8522/8529/8530 series are 0.56 inch (14.22mm) height numeric display modules, and a built-in M5450 MOS integrated circuits. The integrated circuit contains series data input, 35 bit shift register, 34 LED driver output and brightness control.

The red devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The orange and high efficiency red devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. The MOS integrated circuits produced with N-channel silicon gate technology.

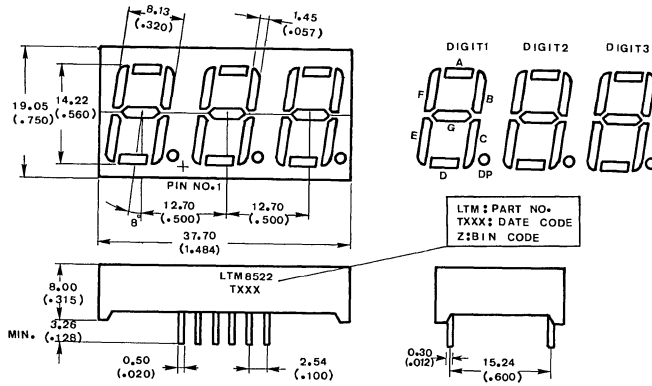
Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and yellow displays have gray face and white segment color. Orange displays have orange face and orange segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

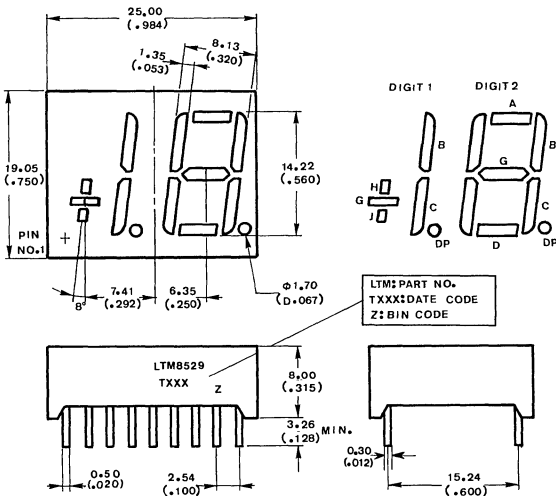
PART NO. LTM-						DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED		
8522R	8522P	8522G	8522Y	8522E	8522HR	3 Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal	A
8529R	8529P	8529G	8529Y	8529E	8529HR	1½ Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal	B
8530R	8530P	8530G	8530Y	8530E	8530HR	2 Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal	C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

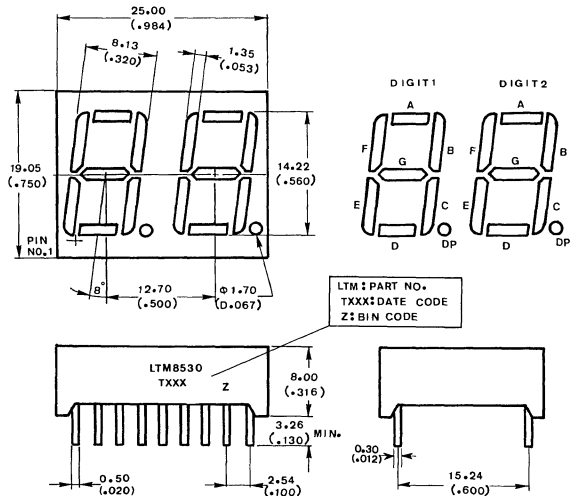
A. LTM-8522



B. LTM-8529



C. LTM-8530



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION		
	LTM-8522	LTM-8529	LTM-8530
1	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}
2	V _{LED}	V _{LED}	V _{LED}
3	V _{LED}	NO PIN	NO PIN
4	Bit 25 Output	NO PIN	NO PIN
5	Bit 25 Output	NO PIN	NO PIN
6	Bit 27 Output	Bit 15 Output	Bit 17 Output
7	Bit 28 Output	Bit 16 Output	Bit 18 Output
8	Bit 29 Output	Bit 17 Output	Bit 19 Output
9	Bit 30 Output	Bit 18 Output	Bit 20 Output
10	Bit 31 Output	Bit 19 Output	Bit 21 Output
11	Bit 32 Output	Bit 20 Output	Bit 22 Output
12	Bit 33 Output	Bit 21 Output	Bit 23 Output
13	Bit 34 Output	Bit 22 Output	Bit 24 Output
14	Data Enable	Data Enable	Data Enable
15	Data Input	Data Input	Data Input
16	Clock Input	Clock Input	Clock Input
17	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V _{DD}
18	BRT. Control	BRT. Control	BRT. Control

PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED
DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply Voltage *1	V _{DD}	-0.3	15	V
Input Voltage	V _I	-0.3	15	V
Off State Output Voltage	V _O (off)		15	V
LED Supply Voltage	V _{LED}	2.8	3.5	V
Power Dissipation of IC *2	PD (IC)		350	mW
Supply Current	I _{DD}		7	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T _{OP}	-20	+60	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-20	+60	°C
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} (GND)
 2. Power dissipation of IC is given by $P_D = (V_{LED} - V_F) \bullet (I_F) \bullet (\text{No. of Segment} + (7\text{mA}) V_{DD})$
 *V_F is LED forward voltage.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	4.75		13.2	V	
Input Voltage						
Logical "0" Level		-0.3		0.8	V	± 10μA Input Bias
Logical "1" Level	V _I	2.2		V _{DD}	V	4.75V < V _{DD} < 5.25V
Logical "1" Level		V _{DD} - 2		V _{DD}	V	V _{DD} > 5.25V
Brightness Input Current	I _B	0		0.75	mA	
Brightness Input Voltage	V _B	3		4.3	V	Input Current = 750μA
Off State Voltage	V _O (off)			13.2	V	
Output Sink Current						
Segment Off				10	μA	I _B = 0 μA
Segment On			3		mA	I _B = 100 μA
			6		mA	I _B = 200 μA
Input Clock Frequency	F _{CLOCK}	0		0.5	MHZ	
Output Matching	I _O			±20	%	

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

LTM-8522R/8529R/8530R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	200	500		μcd	I _B = 0.4mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		655		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		24		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8522P/8529P/8530P

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	300	700		μcd	I _B = 0.4mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		700		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	I _B = 0.4 mA
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _B = 0.4 mA

LTM-8522G/8529G/8530G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$

LTM-8522Y/8529Y/8530Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	1700		μcd	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$

LTM-8522E/8529E/8530E

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$

LTM-8522HR/8529HR/8530HR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_B = 0.4 \text{ mA}$

PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY & LED DISPLAYS WITH DRIVER IC BUILT IN

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Series data transfer from the data source to the display driver is accomplished with 2 signals serial data and clock. Using a format of a leading "1" following by the 35 data bits allows data transfer without an additional load signal. The 35 data bits are latched after the 36th bit is complet, thus providing nonmultiplexed, direct drive to the display. Outputs change only if the serial data bits differ from the previous time.

Brightness of display is determined by control the output current of LED display. A 1nF capacitor should be connected to brightness control, Pin 18 to prevent possible oscillations. The output current is typically 25 times greater than the current into Pin 18 which is set by an external variable resistor. There is an internal limiting resistor of 400Ω nominal value. Figure 2 shows the input data format. A start bit of logical "1" precede the 35 bits of data. At the 36th clock, a LOAD signal is generated synchronously with

the high state of the clock, which loads the 35 bits of the shift registers into the latches. At the low state of the clock a RESET signal is generated which clears all the shift registers for the next set of data. The shift registers are static master-slave configuration. There is no clear for master portion of the first register, thus allowing contionous operation.

There must be a complete set of 36 clocks or the shift registers won't clear. When power is first applied to the chip an internal power ON reset signal is generated which reset all registers and all latches. The START bit and first clock return the chip on its normal operation. Bit 1 is the first following the start bit and it will appear on the segment A of the digit 1. A logical "1" at the input will turn on the appropriate LED. Figure 3 shows the timing relationship between data, clock, and DATA ENABLE. A max. clock frequency of 0.5 MHz is assumed.

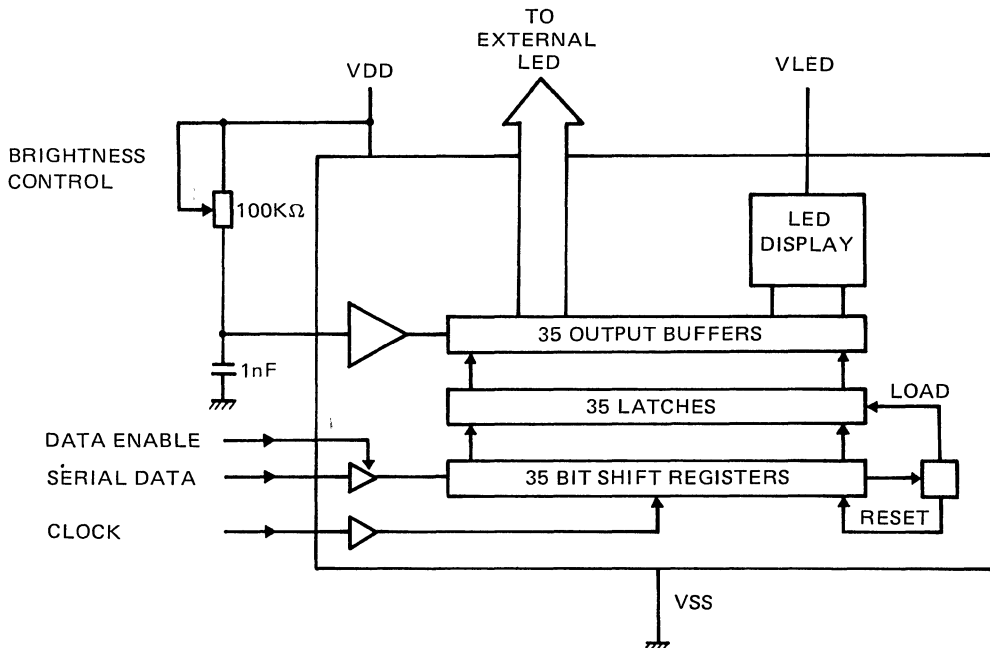


FIGURE 1. Internal Block Diagram

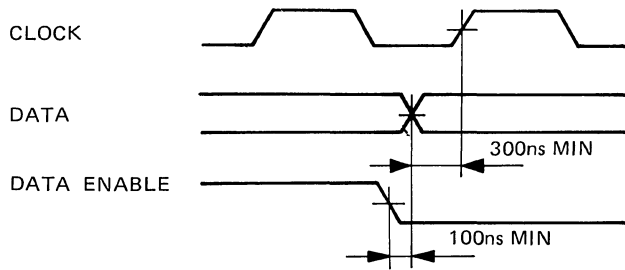


FIGURE 2. Input Data Format

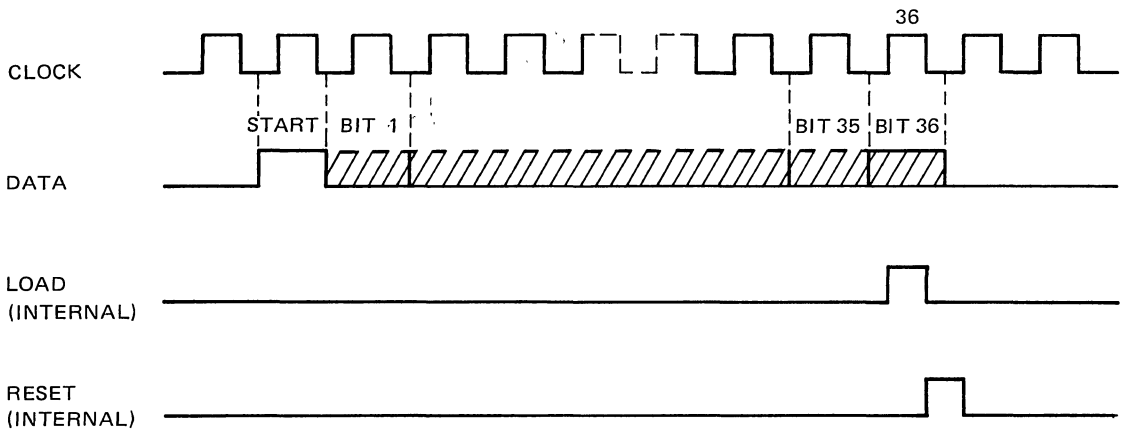


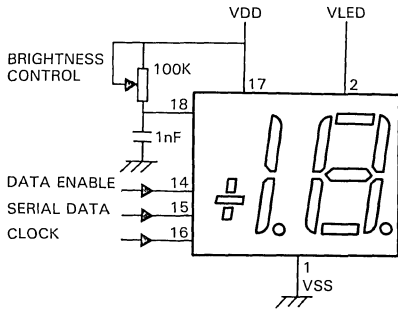
FIGURE 3. Timing Relationship.

TABLE I SERIAL DAT INPUT SEQUENCE

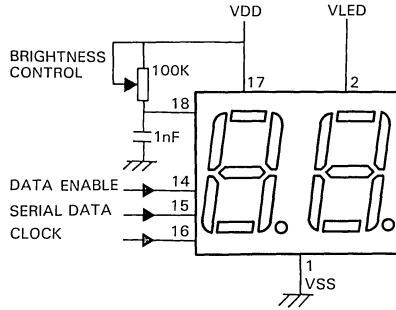
BIT	LTM-8522		LTM-8529		LTM-8530	
	DIGIT	SEGMENT	DIGIT	SEGMENT	DIGIT	SEGMENT
1	1	A	1	B	1	A
2	1	B	1	C	1	B
3	1	C	1	G	1	C
4	1	D	1	H	1	D
5	1	E	1	J	1	E
6	1	F	1	D.P.	1	F
7	1	G	2	A	1	G
8	1	D.P.	2	B	1	D.P.
9	2	A	2	C	2	A
10	2	B	2	D	2	B
11	2	C	2	E	2	C
12	2	D	2	F	2	D
13	2	E	2	G	2	E
14	2	F	2	D.P.	2	F
15	2	G		PIN 6	2	G
16	2	D.P.		PIN 7	2	D.P.
17	3	A		PIN 8		PIN 6
18	3	B		PIN 9		PIN 7
19	3	C		PIN 10		PIN 8
20	3	D		PIN 11		PIN 9
21	3	E		PIN 12		PIN 10
22	3	F		PIN 13		PIN 11
23	3	G		NO CONNECTION		PIN 12
24	3	D.P.		NO CONNECTION		PIN 13
25		PIN 4		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
26		PIN 5		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
27		PIN 6		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
28		PIN 7		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
29		PIN 8		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
30		PIN 9		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
31		PIN 10		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
32		PIN 11		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
33		PIN 12		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION
34		PIN 13		NO CONNECTION		NO CONNECTION

TYPICAL APPLICATION

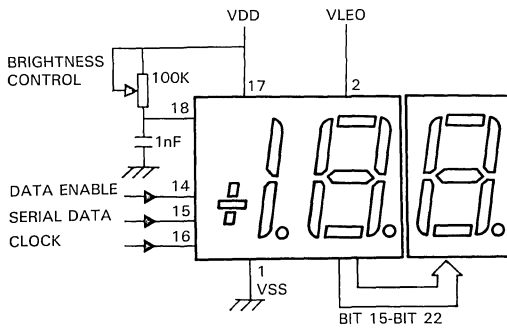
A. 1½ DIGIT DISPLAY



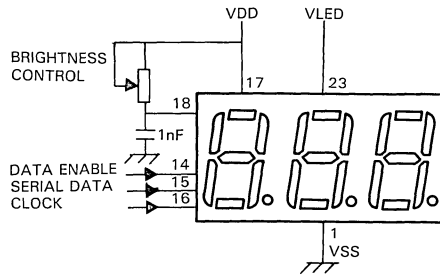
B. 2 DIGIT DISPLAY



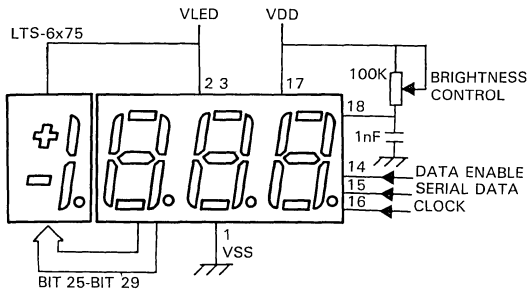
C. 2½ DIGIT DISPLAY



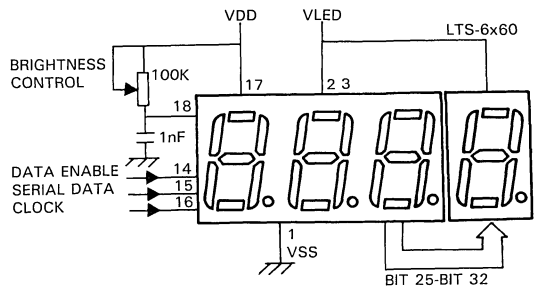
D. 3 DIGIT DISPLAY



E. 3½ DIGIT DISPLAY



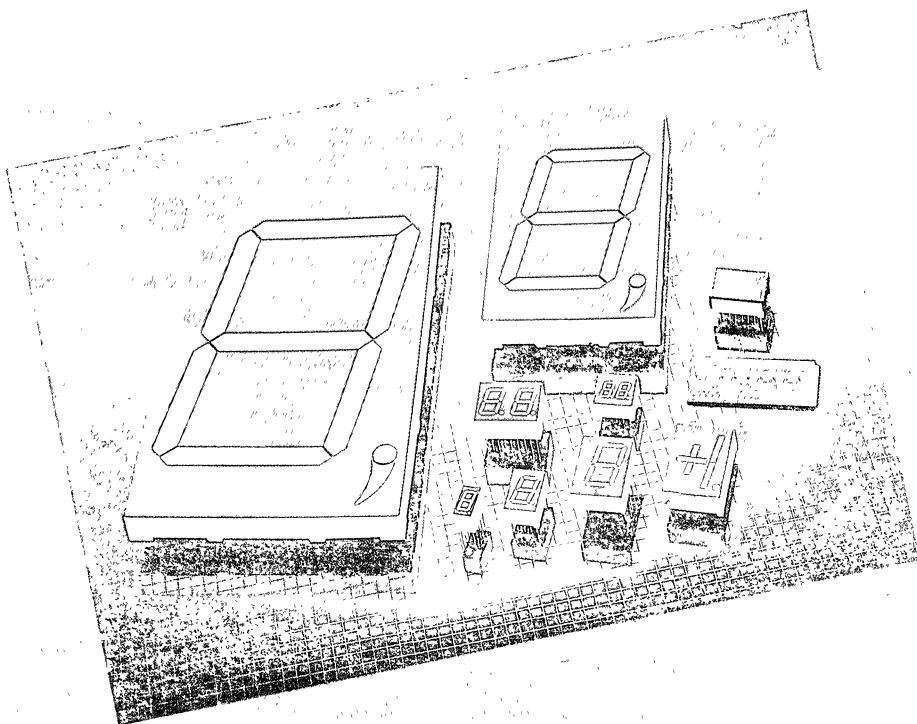
F. 4 DIGIT DISPLAY



- NOTES
- 1 Clean only in water, isopropanol, ethanol, freon TF (or equivalent).
 - 2 Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve

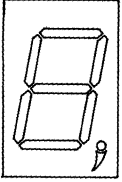
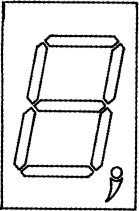
5. Seven-Segment LED Displays & Alphanumeric Displays

- SELECTION GUIDE
- CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE
- SINGLE COLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
- MULTICOLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
- SINGLE COLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS
- MULTICOLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS
- DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS
- THREE-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS
- FOUR-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS
- ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS SELECTION GUIDE
- MULTIDIGIT LED DISPLAYS

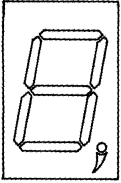
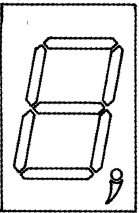


SELECTION GUIDE

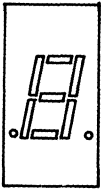
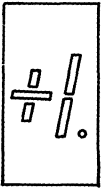
• SINGLE COLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG.	PAGE NO.
 <p>76.2mm (3.0") Dual-In-Line 4.3"Hx2.8"Wx.51"D</p>	LTS-30301G 30301HRB	Green Hi-Eff. Red	Comma Anode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	@ If = 20mA 30 mcd 30 mcd	5-20
	30801G 30801HRB	Green Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	30 mcd 30 mcd	
 <p>127.0mm (5.0") Dual-In-Line 7.1"Hx4.3"Wx.51"D</p>	LTS-50301G 50301HRB	Green Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Anode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	@ If = 30mA 60 mcd 60 mcd	5-27
	50801G 50801HRB	Green Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	60 mcd 60 mcd	

• MULTICOLOR ULTRALARGE SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS

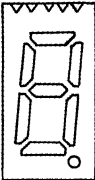


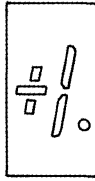
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG.	PAGE NO.
 <p>76.2mm (3.0") Dual-In-Line 4.3"Hx2.8"Wx.51"D</p>	LTS-30302A	Green & Orange	Common Anode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	@ If = 10mA 15 mcd	5-20
	30802A	Green & Orange	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	15 mcd	
 <p>127.0mm (5.0") Dual-In-Line 7.1"Hx4.3"Wx.51"D</p>	LTS-50302A	Green & Orange	Common Anode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	@ If = 20mA 40 mcd	5-27
	50802A	Green & Orange	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal & Comma	40 mcd	

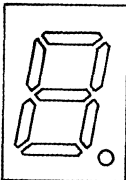
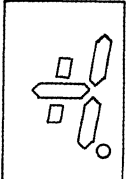
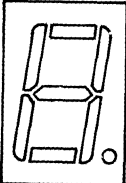
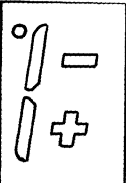
SINGLE COLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @ If = 10mA	PAGE NO.
  7.62mm (3") Dual-In-Line 74"H x 39"W x 2"D	LTS- 311AR	Red	Universal, ± 1 Overflow	500 μ cd	5-34
	311AP	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	311AG	Green		2000 μ cd	
	311AY	Yellow		2000 μ cd	
	311AE	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	311AHR	Hi. -Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
	312AR	Red	Common Anode, Rt. & Lt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd	5-34
	312AP	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	312AG	Green		2000 μ cd	
	312AY	Yellow		2000 μ cd	
	312AE	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	312AHR	Hi. -Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
	313AR	Red	Common Cathode, Rt Hand, Decimal	500 μ cd	5-34
	313AP	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	313AG	Green		2000 μ cd	
	313AY	Yellow		2000 μ cd	
	313AE	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	313AHR	Hi. -Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
	315AR	Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd	5-34
	315AP	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	315AG	Green		2000 μ cd	
	315AY	Yellow		2000 μ cd	
	315AE	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	315AHR	Hi. -Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
316AR	Red	Common Anode ± 1 Overflow	500 μ cd	5-34	
316AP	Bright Red		750 μ cd		
316AG	Green		2000 μ cd		
316AY	Yellow		2000 μ cd		
316AE	Orange		2000 μ cd		
316AHR	Hi. -Eff. Red		2000 μ cd		

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

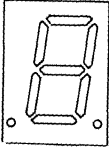
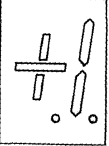
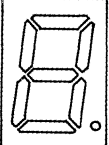
SELECTION GUIDE

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @ IF = 10mA	PAGE NO.
  9.20mm (.36") Dual-In-Line .56"H x .26"W x .34"D	LTS-360R	Red	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd	5-43
	360P	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	360G	Green		2000 μ cd	
	360E	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	360HR	Hi.-Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
	367R	Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd	
	367P	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
	367G	Green		2000 μ cd	
	367E	Orange		2000 μ cd	
	367HR	Hi.-Eff. Red		2000 μ cd	
	368R	Red	Common Cathode, \pm 1 Overflow	500 μ cd	
	368P	Bright Red		750 μ cd	
368G	Green	2000 μ cd			
368E	Orange	2000 μ cd			
368HR	Hi.-Eff. Red	2000 μ cd			
  10.16mm (.4") Dual-In-Line .74"H x .39"W x .2"D	LTS-4705AR	Red	Universal, \pm 1 Overflow	550 μ cd	5-51
	4705AP	Bright Red		850 μ cd	
	4505AG	Green		2200 μ cd	
	4805AY	Yellow		2200 μ cd	
	4605AE	Orange		2200 μ cd	
	4905AHR	Hi.-Eff. Red	2200 μ cd		
	4710AR	Red	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	550 μ cd	
	4710AP	Bright Red		850 μ cd	
	4510AG	Green		2200 μ cd	
	4810AY	Yellow		2200 μ cd	
	4610AE	Orange		2200 μ cd	
	4910AHR	Hi -Eff. Red	2200 μ cd		
	4730AR	Red	Common Anode, \pm 1 Overflow	550 μ cd	
	4730AP	Bright Red		850 μ cd	
	4530AG	Green		2200 μ cd	
	4830AY	Yellow		2200 μ cd	
	4630AE	Orange		2200 μ cd	
	4930AHR	Hi -Eff. Red	2200 μ cd		
	4740AR	Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	550 μ cd	
	4740AP	Bright Red		850 μ cd	
4540AG	Green	2200 μ cd			
4840AY	Yellow	2200 μ cd			
4640AE	Orange	2200 μ cd			
4940AHR	Hi.-Eff. Red	2200 μ cd			
4780AR	Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	550 μ cd		
4780AP	Bright Red		850 μ cd		
4580AG	Green		2200 μ cd		
4880AY	Yellow		2200 μ cd		
4680AE	Orange		2200 μ cd		
4980AHR	Hi.-Eff. Red	2200 μ cd			

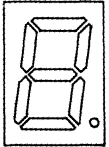
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @ If = 10 mA	PAGE NO.		
  13.2mm (.52") Dual-In-Line 7"H x .49"W x .28"D	LTS- 546AR 546AP 546AG 546AY 546AE 546AHR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-60		
	547AR 547AP 547AG 547AY 547AE 547AHR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd			
	548AR 548AP 548AG 548AY 548AE 548AHR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Anode, ± 1 Overflow	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd			
	549AR 549AP 549AG 549AY 549AE 549AHR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, ± 1 Overflow.	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd			
	  14.22mm (.56") Dual-In-Line 75"H x .5"W x .32"D	LTS- 6760R 6760P 6460G 6860Y 6660E 6960HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal		600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	5-69
		6780R 6780P 6480G 6880Y 6680E 6980HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal		600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	
		6775R 6775P 6475G 6875Y 6675E 6975HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Anode, ± 1 Overflow		600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	
		6795R 6795P 6495G 6895Y 6695E 6995HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, ± 1 Overflow		600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

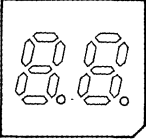
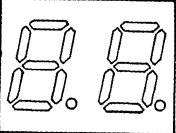
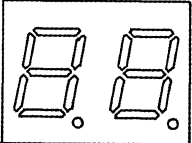
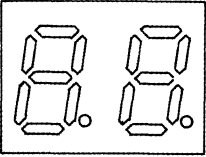
SELECTION GUIDE

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. I _v /SEG. @ I _F = 10 mA	PAGE NO.	
  20.32mm (8") Dual-In-Line 1.09"H x .79"W x .33"D	LTS- 3401LR 3401LP 3401LG 3401LY 3401LE	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange	Common Anode, Rt & Lt Hand Decimal	600 μcd 950 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd	5-78	
	3403LR 3403LP 3403LG 3403LY 3403LE	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange	Common Cathode, Rt. & Lt. Hand Decimal	600 μcd 950 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd		
	3406LR 3406LP 3406LG 3406LY 3406LE	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange	Universal, ±1 Overflow	600 μcd 950 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd 2400 μcd		
	 25.4mm (1.0") Dual-In-Line 1.3"H x .9"W x .34"D	LTS- 10804G 10804Y 10804E	Green Yellow Orange	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	4500 μcd 4500 μcd 4500 μcd	5-86
		10304G 10304Y 10304E	Green Yellow Orange	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	4500 μcd 4500 μcd 4500 μcd	

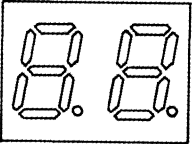
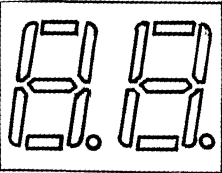
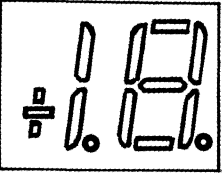
MULTICOLOR SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. I _v /SEG. @ I _F = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 25.4mm (1.0") Dual-In-Line 1.3"H x .9"W x .34"D	LTS- 10805A	Green & Orange	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	4500 μcd	5-86
	10305A	Green & Orange	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	4500 μcd	

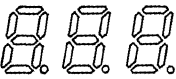
DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @If = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>7.62mm (.3") Dual-In-Line .63"H x .62"W x .29"D</p>	LTD-322R 322P 322G	Red Bright Red Green	Common Cathode, Dual Digit	400 μ cd 650 μ cd 1600 μ cd	5-92
	323R 323P 323G	Red Bright Red Green	Common Anode, Dual Digit	400 μ cd 650 μ cd 1600 μ cd	
 <p>10.21mm (.4") Dual-In-Line .63"H x .87"W x .32"D</p>	LTD-432RC 432PC 432GC 432EC	Red Bright Red Green Orange	Common Cathode, Dual Digit	200 μ cd 300 μ cd 800 μ cd 800 μ cd	5-98
	482RC 482PC 482GC 482EC	Red Bright Red Green Orange	Common Anode, Dual Digit	200 μ cd 300 μ cd 800 μ cd 800 μ cd	
 <p>11.0mm (.43") Dual-In-Line .74"H x .94"W x .26"D</p>	LTD-524P 524G	Bright Red Green	Common Anode, Dual Digit	600 μ cd 1800 μ cd	5-105
 <p>127mm (5") Dual-In-Line .76"H x 1"W x .38"D</p>	LTD-535R 535P 535G 535Y 535E 535HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Cathode Dual Digit, R.t, Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-110
	585R 585P 585G 585Y 585E 585HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff Red	Common Anode Dual Digit, R.t, Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	

SELECTION GUIDE

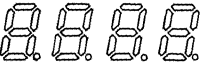
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @IF = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>13.2mm (0.52") Dual-In-Line .69"H x .99"W x .28"D</p>	LTD-5250R 5250P 5250G 5250Y 5250E 5250HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Anode, Dual Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-119
	LTD-5260R 5260P 5260G 5260Y 5260E 5260HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Dual Digit Rt. Hand. Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	
	LTD-6710R 6710P 6410G 6810Y 6610E 6910HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Anode, Dual Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	5-128
	6730R 6730P 6430G 6830Y 6630E 6930HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Anode, 1½ Digit, Rt. Hand Decimal	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	
	6740R 6740P 6440G 6840Y 6640E 6940HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Dual Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	
<p>14.22mm (.56") Dual-In-Line 75"H x 1"W x .32"D</p>	6750R 6750P 6450G 6850Y 6650E 6950HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Common Cathode, 1½ Digit, Rt. Hand Dicimal	600 μ cd 950 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd 2400 μ cd	

THREE-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @IF = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>13.2mm (.52") Dual-In-Line .7"H x 1.5"W x .28"D</p>	LTC- 5836R 5836P 5836G 5836Y 5836E 5836HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Anode, Three-Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-137
	5336R 5336P 5336G 5336Y 5336E 5336HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Three-Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

FOUR-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/SEG. @IF = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>13.2mm (.52") Dual-In-Line .7"H x 2"W x .28"D</p>	LTC- 5837R 5837P 5837G 5837Y 5837E 5837HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi-Eff Red	Common Anode, Four-Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-146
	5337R 5337P 5337G 5337Y 5337E 5337HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi -Eff. Red	Common Cathode, Four-Digit Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	

SELECTION GUIDE

• MULTIDIGIT LED DISPLAYS

DIGIT SIZE	RED		BRIGHT RED		DESCRIPTION		
	PART NUMBER	TYP. Iv/SEG @ 5mA	PART NUMBER	TYP. Iv/SEG @ 10mA	DRIVE MODE	DISPLAY MODE (HOUR)	DISPLAY FONT
0.1"	LTB-0022	250 μ cd	--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	8x8
	LTB-0028		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	x88.
	LTB-0038		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	888.
	LTB-0047		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	8888
	LTB-402		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	xxxx8888x
	LTB-1466		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	xx888888x
	LTB-1478		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	x8888888x
	LTB-1488		--		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	x88888888
LTB-1498	--	MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	8888888888			
0.2"			LTF-216141A1P	80 μ cd	MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	x8888-8888x
0.3"			LTF-804-8P	80 μ cd	MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	xx88888888xx
			LTF-804-12P		MULTIPLEX C.C.	FF	888888888888

NOTES C.C : Common Cathode C.A : COMMON ANODE FF : FULL FEATURE.

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE FOR:

G.I./H.P./TELEFUNKEN/SIEMENS/TOSHIBA/MATSUSHITA/ROHM

In order to designate the similarity between the other manufacturers' device and the nearest LITON equivalent. This guide has been included a letter code system to cover this.

Code Definitions:

- A — LITON device is electrically and mechanically equivalent.
- B — Minor electrical differences exist.
- C — Minor mechanical differences exist.
- D — Significant electrical differences exist.
- E — Significant mechanical differences exist.

Since Optoelectronics is a relatively young industry, it is possible that different devices offered by two or more manufacturers will satisfy the requirements of one application. Therefore, slight mechanical or electrical variations should not disqualify the nearest equivalent.

The data contained in this guide is believed to be accurate. However, no responsibility is assumed by TAIWAN LITON ELECTRONIC CO., LTD. for the use of this data in actual circuit design.

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

G.I. (General Instrument) Equivalent LED Numeric Display

GI PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	GI PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
MAN-71A	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A	MAN-4610A	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4610AE	A
MAN-72A	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A	MAN-4640A	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4640AE	A
MAN-73A	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-316AR	A	MAN-4680A	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4680AE	A
NAN-74A	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-315AR	A	MAN-4705A	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4705AR	A
MAN-78A	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-313AR	A	MAN-4710A	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4710AR	A
MAN-3410A	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A	MAN-4740A	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4740AR	A
MAN-3420A	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A	MAN-4780A	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4780AR	A
MAN-3430A	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-316AG	A	MAN-4805A	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4805AY	A
MAN-3440A	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-315AG	A	MAN-4810A	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4810AY	A
MAN-3480A	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-313AG	A	MAN-4840A	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4840AY	A
MAN-3610A	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-312AE	A	MAN-4880A	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4880AY	A
MAN-3620A	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-312AE	A	MAN-4905A	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-4905AHR	A
MAN-3630A	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-316AE	A	MAN-4910A	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-4910AHR	A
MAN-3640A	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-315AE	A	MAN-4940A	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-4940AHR	A
MAN-3680A	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-313AE	A	MAN-4980A	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-4980AHR	A
MAN-3810A	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	A	MAN-6160	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6160WE	A
MAN-3820A	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	A	MAN-6180	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6108WE	A
MAN-3830A	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-316AY	A	MAN-6460	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-6460G	A
MAN-3840A	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-315AY	A	MAN-6480	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-6800G	A
MAN-3880A	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-313AY	A	MAN-6660	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-6660E	A
MAN-3910A	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-312AHR	A	MAN-6680	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-6680E	A
MAN-3920A	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-312AHR	A	MAN-6760	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-6760R	A
MAN-3930A	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-316AHR	A	MAN-6780	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-6780R	A
MAN-3940A	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-315AHR	A	MAN-6860	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-6860Y	A
MAN-3980A	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-313AHR	A	MAN-6880	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-6880Y	A
FND-350	0.36" 1D	RED	LTS-360R	A	MAN-6960	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6960HR	A
FND-357	0.36" 1D	RED	LTS-367R	A	MAN-6980	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6980HR	A
FND-358	0.36" 1D	RED	LTS-368R	A	MAN-6175	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6175WE	A
FND-360	0.36" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-360P	A	MAN-6195	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6195WE	A
FND-367	0.36" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-367P	A	MAN-6475	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-6475G	A
FND-368	0.36" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-368P	A	MAN-6495	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-6495G	A
FND-310	0.36" 1D	H.R.	LTS-360HR	A	MAN-6675	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-6675E	A
FND-317	0.36" 1D	H.R.	LTS-367HR	A	MAN-6695	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-6695E	A
FND-318	0.36" 1D	H.R.	LTS-368HR	A	MAN-6775	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-6775R	A
MAN-4405A	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4505AG	A	MAN-6795	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-6795R	A
MAN-4410A	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4510AG	A	MAN-6875	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-6875Y	A
MAN-4440A	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4540AG	A	MAN-6895	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-6895Y	A
MAN-4480A	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4580AG	A	MAN-6975	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6975HR	A
MAN-4605A	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4605AE	A	MAN-6995	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-6995HR	A

G. I. (General Instrument) Equivalent LED Numeric Display

GI PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	GI PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
MAN-8410	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3401LG	D	MAN-6650	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6650E	A
MAN-8430	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3406LG	D	MAN-6710	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6710R	A
MAN-8440	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3403LG	D	MAN-6730	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6730R	A
MAN-8450	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3406LG	D	MAN-6740	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6740R	A
MAN-8610	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3401LE	D	MAN-6750	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6750R	A
MAN-8630	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3406LE	D	MAN-6810	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6800Y	A
MAN-8640	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3403LE	D	MAN-6830	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6830Y	A
MAN-8650	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3406LE	D	MAN-6840	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6840Y	A
MAN-8810	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3401LY	D	MAN-6850	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6850Y	A
MAN-8830	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3406LY	D	MAN-6910	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6910HR	A
MAN-8840	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3403LY	D	MAN-6930	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6930HR	A
MAN-8850	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3406LY	D	MAN-6940	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6940HR	A
MAN-8910	0.8" 1D	H R	LTS-3401LE	D	MAN-6950	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6950HR	A
MAN-8930	0.8" 1D	H R.	LTS-3406LE	D	MAN-2A	0.32" 1D	RED	LTP-305R	A
MAN-8940	0.8" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3403LE	D	GMA-2175	2.0" 1D	ORANGE	LTP-2057AE	A
MAN-8950	0.8" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3406LE	D	GMC-2175	2.0" 1D	ORANGE	LTP-2157AE	A
MAN-6110	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6110WE	A	GMA-2975	2.0" 1D	H R	LTP-2057AHR	A
MAN-6130	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6130WE	A	GMC-2975	2.0" 1D	H.R.	LTP-2157AHR	A
MAN-6140	0.56" 2D	H R.	LTD-6140WE	A	GMA-2475	2.0" 1D	GREEN	LTP-2057AG	A
MAN-6150	0.56" 2D	H R.	LTD-6150WE	A	GMC-2475	2.0" 1D	GREEN	LTP-2157AG	A
MAN-6410	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	A	GMA-2185	2.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTP-2058AE	A
MAN-6430	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6430G	A	GMC-2185	2.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTP-2158AE	A
MAN-6440	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	A	GMA-2985	2.4" 1D	H.R.	LTP-2058AHR	A
MAN-6450	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6450G	A	GMC-2985	2.4" 1D	H.R.	LTP-2158AHR	A
MAN-6610	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6610E	A	GMA-2485	2.4" 1D	GREEN	LTP-2058AG	A
MAN-6630	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6630E	A	GMC-2485	2.4" 1D	GREEN	LTP-2158AG	A
MAN-6640	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6640E	A					

SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
 & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

H.P. (Hewlett Packard) Equivalent LED Numeric Display

H.P. PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	H.P. PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HDSP-7301	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-360R	C	5082-7751	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A
HDSP-7303	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-367R	C	5082-7756	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7756R	A
HDSP-7308	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-368R	C	5028-7760	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7760R	A
HDSP-7311	0.3" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-360P	C	5082-7650	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7651HR	A
HDSP-7313	0.3" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-367P	C	5082-7651	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7651HR	A
HDSP-7318	0.3" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-368P	C	5082-7653	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7653HR	A
HDSP-7501	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-360HR	C	5082-7656	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7656HR	A
HDSP-7503	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-367HR	C	5082-7660	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	A
HDSP-7508	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-368HR	C	5082-7661	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	A
HDSP-7511	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-360WE	C	5082-7663	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7663YN	A
HDSP-7513	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-367WE	C	5082-7666	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7666YN	A
HDSP-7518	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-368WE	C	HDSP-4600	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
HDSP-7801	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-360G	C	HDSP-4601	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
HDSP-7803	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-367G	C	HDSP-4603	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7673GN	A
HDSP-7808	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-368G	C	HDSP-4606	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7676GN	A
5082-7730	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A	HDSP-3730	0.43" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3731E	A
5082-7731	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A	HDSP-3731	0.43" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3731E	A
5082-7736	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-311AR	A	HDSP-3733	0.43" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3733E	A
5082-7740	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-313AR	A	HDSP-3736	0.43" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3736E	A
5082-7610	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-312AHR	A	HDSP-3351	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3351WE	A
5082-7611	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-312AHR	A	HDSP-3353	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3353WE	A
5082-7613	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-313AHR	A	HDSP-3356	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3356WE	A
5082-7616	0.3" 1D	H.R.	LTS-311AHR	A	HDSP-4130	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	B
5082-7620	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	A	HDSP-4131	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	B
5082-7621	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	A	HDSP-4133	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7663YN	B
5082-7623	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-313AY	A	HDSP-4136	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7666YN	B
5082-7626	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-311AY	A	HDSP-5301	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5301AR	A
HDSP-3600	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A	HDSP-5303	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5303AR	A
HDSP-3601	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A	HDSP-5307	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5307AR	A
HDSP-3603	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-313AG	A	HDSP-5308	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5308AR	A
HDSP-3606	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-311AG	A	HDSP-5501	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5501AE	A
HDSP-3530	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-312AE	B	HDSP-5503	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5503AE	A
HDSP-3531	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-312AE	B	HDSP-5507	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5507AE	A
HDSP-3533	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-313AE	B	HDSP-5508	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5508AE	A
HDSP-3536	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-311AE	B	HDSP-5551	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-5551WE	A
HDSP-4030	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	B	HDSP-5553	0.56" 1D	H.R.	LTS-5553WE	A
HDSP-4031	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	B	HDSP-5601	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5801AG	A
HDSP-4033	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-313AY	B	HDSP-5603	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5803AG	A
HDSP-4036	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-311AY	B	HDSP-5607	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5807AG	A
5082-7750	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A	HDSP-5608	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5808AG	A

H.P. (Hewlett Packard) Equivalent LED Numeric Display

H.P. PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	H.P. PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HDSP-5701	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5701AY	A	HDSP-3905	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3403LE	A
HDSP-5703	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5703AY	A	HDSP-3906	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTD-3406LE	A
HDSP-5707	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5707AY	A	HDSP-4200	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTD-3401LY	A
HDSP-5708	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5708AY	A	HDSP-4201	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTD-3401LY	A
HDSP-5531	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5501AE	B	HDSP-4203	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3403LY	A
HDSP-5533	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5503AE	B	HDSP-4205	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LST-3403LY	A
HDSP-5537	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5507AE	B	HDSP-4206	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3406LY	A
HDSP-5538	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5508AE	B	HDSP-8600	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3401LG	A
HSDP-5731	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5701AY	B	HDSP-8601	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3401LG	A
HDSP-5733	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5703AY	B	HDSP-8603	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3403LG	A
HDSP-5737	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5707AY	B	HDSP-8605	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3403LG	A
HDSP-5738	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5708AY	B	HDSP-8606	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3406LG	A
HDSP-3400	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3401LR	A	HDSP-5321	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-5321RA	A
HDSP-3401	0.8" 1D	RED	LRS-3401LR	A	HDSP-5323	0.56" 2D	RED	LDT-5323AR	A
HDSP-3403	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3403LR	A	HDSP-5521	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-5521AE	A
HDSP-3405	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3403LR	A	HDSP-5523	0.56" 2D	ORAGEN	LTD-5523AE	A
HDSP-3406	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3406LR	A	HDSP-5621	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-5621AG	A
HDSP-3900	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3401LE	A	HDSP-5623	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-5623AG	A
HDSP-3901	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3401LE	A	HDSP-5721	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-5721AY	A
HDSP-3903	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3403LE	A	HDSP-5723	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-5723AY	A

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

TELEFUNKEN Equivalent LED Numeric Display

TELEFUNKEN PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	TELEFUNKEN PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
D200-PA	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4710AR	E	D350-PA	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-5301AR	C
D200-PK	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4780AR	E	D350-PK	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-5303AR	C
D201-PA	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4610AE	E	D351-PA	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5501AE	C
D201-PK	0.4" 1K 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4680AE	E	D351-PK	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5503AE	C
D202-PA	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTD-4510AG	E	D352-PA	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5801AG	C
D202-PK	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4580AG	E	D352-PK	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5803AG	C
D203-PA	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4810AY	E	D353-PA	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5701AY	C
D203-PK	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4880AY	E	D353-PK	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5703AY	C
D290-PA	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4705AR	E	D380-PA	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-5307AR	E
D290-PK	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-4705AR	E	D380-PK	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-5308AR	E
D291-PA	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4605AE	E	D381-PK	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5507AE	E
D291-PK	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-4605AE	E	D381-PK	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5508AE	E
D292-PA	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4505AG	E	D382-PA	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5807AG	E
D292-PK	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-4505AG	E	D382-PK	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5808AG	E
D293-PA	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4805AY	E	D383-PA	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5707AY	E
D293-PK	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-4055AY	E	D383-PK	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5708AY	E
D390-PA	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-548AR	D	TDDR-5250	0.51" 2D	RED	LTD-6710R	C
D390-PK	0.51" 1D	RED	LTS-549AR	D	TDDR-5260	0.51" 2D	RED	LTD-6740R	C
D391-PA	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-548AE	D	TDDO-5250	0.51" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6610E	C
D391-PK	0.51" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-549AE	D	TDDO-5260	0.51" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6640E	C
D392-PA	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-548AG	D	TDDY-5250	0.51" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6810Y	C
D392-PK	0.51" 1D	GREEN	LTS-549AG	D	TDDY-5260	0.51" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6840Y	C
D393-PA	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-548AY	D	TDDG-5250	0.51" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	C
D393-PK	0.51" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-549AY	D	TDDG-5260	0.51" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	C

SIEMENS (LITRONIX) EQUIVALENT LED NUMERIC DISPLAY

SIEMENS PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HD-1105R	0.39" 1D	RED	LTS-360R	E
HD-1107R	0.39" 1D	RED	LTS-367R	E
HD-1108R	0.39" 1D	RED	LTS-368R	E
HD-1105O	0.39" 1D	H.R.	LTS-360HR	E
HD-1107O	0.39" 1D	H.R.	LTS-367HR	E
HD-1108O	0.39" 1D	H.R.	LTS-368HR	E
HD-1105G	0.39" 1D	GREEN	LTS-360G	E
HD-1107G	0.39" 1D	GREEN	LTS-367G	E
HD-1108G	0.39" 1D	GREEN	LTS-368G	E
DL-7750R	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A
DL-7751R	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A
DL-7756R	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7756R	A
DL-7760R	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7760R	A
DL-7650O	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7651HR	A
HD-7651O	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7651HR	A
HD-7653O	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7653HR	A
HD-7656O	0.43" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7656HR	A
HD-7660Y	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	A
HD-7661Y	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	A
HD-7663Y	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7663YN	A
HD-7666Y	0.43" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7666YN	A
HD-7670G	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
HD-7671G	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
HD-7673G	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7673GN	A
HD-7676G	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7676GN	A
HD-1131R	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-546AR	C
HD-1123R	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-548AR	D
HD-1133R	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-547AR	C
HD-1134R	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-549AR	D

SIEMENS PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
HD-1131O	0.53" 1D	H.R.	LTS-546AHR	C
HD-1132O	0.53" 1D	H.R.	LTS-548AHR	D
HD-1133O	0.53" 1D	H.R.	LTS-537AHR	C
HD-1134O	0.53" 1D	H.R.	LTS-549AHR	D
HD-1131Y	0.53" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-546AY	C
HD-1132Y	0.53" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-548AY	D
HD-1133Y	0.53" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-547AY	C
HD-1134Y	0.53" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-549AY	D
HD-1131G	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-546AG	C
HD-1132G	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-548AG	D
HD-1133G	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-547AG	C
HD-1134G	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-549AG	D
DL-3400	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3401LR	A
DL-3401	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3401LRA	A
DL-3403	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3403LR	A
DL-3405	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3403LR	A
DL-3406	0.8" 1D	RED	LTS-3406LR	A
DL-3900	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3401LE	A
DL-3901	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3401LE	A
DL-3903	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3403LE	A
DL-3905	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3403LE	A
DL-3906	0.8" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-3406LE	A
DL-5735	0.7" 1D	RED	LTP-747R	D
DLG-5735	0.7" 1D	GREEN	LTP-747G	D
DL-57	0.3" 1D	RED	LTP-305R	A
RBG-1000	10 ARRAY	RED	LTA-1000R	C
OBG-1000	10 ARRAY	ORANGE	LTA-1000E	C
YBG-1000	10 ARRAY	YELLOW	LTA-1000Y	C
GBG-1000	10 ARRAY	GREEN	LTA-1000G	C

SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

TOSHIBA EQUIVALENT LED NUMERIC DISPLAY

TOSHIBA PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
TLR-332	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-313AR	A
TLR-333	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A
TLR-334	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-311AR	A
TLR-335	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	A
TLG-332	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-313AG	A
TLG-333	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A
TLG-334	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-311AG	A
TLG-335	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	A
TLR-342	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7760R	A
TLR-343	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A
TLR-344	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7756R	A
TLR-345	0.43" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	A
TLG-342	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7673GN	A
TLG-343	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
TLG-344	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7676GN	A
TLG-345	0.43" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	A
TLR-368	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-547AR	A
TLR-369	0.53" 1D	RED	LTS-546AR	A
TLG-368	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-547AG	A
TLG-369	0.53" 1D	GREEN	LTS-546AG	A
TLR-362	0.56" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-5303AP	C
TLR-363	0.56" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-5301AP	C
TLR-364	0.56" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-5308AP	C
TLR-365	0.56" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-5307AP	C
TLG-362	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5803AG	C
TLG-363	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5801AG	C
TLG-364	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5808AG	C

TOSHIBA PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
TLG-365	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5807AG	C
TLR-312	0.33" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-367P	E
TLR-313	0.33" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-360P	E
TLR-315	0.33" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-368P	E
TLR-312	0.33" 1D	GREEN	LTS-367G	E
TLR-313	0.33" 1D	GREEN	LTS-360G	E
TLG-315	0.33" 1D	GREEN	LTS-368G	E
TLR-370	0.5" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTP-537P	A
TLR-371	0.5" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTP-578P	A
TLR-370	0.5" 1D	GREEN	LTP-537G	A
TLR-371	0.5" 1D	GREEN	LTP-587G	A
TLR-322	0.3" 2D	RED	LTD-322R	A
LTR-323	0.3" 2D	RED	LTD-323R	A
TLR-322	0.3" 2D	GREEN	LTD-322G	A
TLG-323	0.3" 2D	GREEN	LTD-323G	A
TLR-320	0.4" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-432PC	A
TLR-321	0.4" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-482PC	A
TLG-320	0.4" 2D	GREEN	LTD-432GC	A
TLG-321	0.4" 2D	GREEN	LTD-482GC	A
TLG-324	0.5" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-535P	A
TLR-325	0.5" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-585P	A
TLG-324	0.5" 2D	GREEN	LTD-535G	A
TLG-325	0.5" 2D	GREEN	LTD-585G	A
TLR-366	0.56" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-6740P	C
TLR-367	0.56" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-6710P	C
TLG-366	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	C
TLG-367	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	C

MATSUSHITA (PANASONIC) EQUIVALENT LED NUMERIC DISPLAY

MATSUSHITA PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LN-513RA	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	C
LN-513RK	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-315AR	D
LN-513GA	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	C
LN-513GK	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-315AG	D
LN-513YA	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	C
LN-513YK	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-315AY	C
LN-513OA	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-312AE	C
LN-513OK	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-315AE	D
LN-513RKS	0.3" 1D	RED	LTS-313AR	D
LN-513GKS	0.3" 1D	GREEN	LTS-313AG	D
LN-513YKS	0.3" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-313AY	D
LN-513OKS	0.3" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-313AE	D
LN-514RA	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	C
LN-514RK	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-7760R	C
LN-514GA	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	C
LN-514GK	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7673GN	C
LN-514YA	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	C
LN-514K	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7663YN	C
LN-514OA	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-7651HR	C
LN-514OK	0.4" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-7653HR	C
LN-516RA	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5301AR	C
LN-516RK	0.56" 1D	RED	LTS-5303AR	C

MATSUSHITA PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LN-516GA	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5801AG	C
LN-516GK	0.56" 1D	GREEN	LTS-5803AG	C
LN-516YA	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5701AY	C
LN-516YK	0.56" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-5703AY	C
LN-516OA	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5501AE	C
LN-516OK	0.56" 1D	ORANGE	LTS-5503AE	C
LN-524RA	0.43" 1D	RED	LTD-6710R	C
LN-524RK	0.43" 2D	RED	LTD-6740R	C
LN-524GA	0.43" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	C
LN-524GK	0.43" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	C
LN-524YA	0.43" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6810Y	C
LN-524YK	0.43" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6840Y	C
LN-524OA	0.43" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6610E	C
LN-524OK	0.43" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6640E	C
LN-526RA	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6710R	C
LN-526RK	0.56" 2D	RED	LTD-6740R	C
LN-526GA	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	C
LN-526GK	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	C
LN-526YA	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6810Y	C
LN-526YK	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6840Y	C
LN-526OA	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6610E	C
LN-526OK	0.56" 2D	ORANGE	LTD-6640E	C

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

CROSS REFERENCE GUIDE

ROHM EQUIVALENT LED NUMERIC DISPLAY

ROHM PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE	ROHM PART NO.	DIGIT SIZE	COLOR	LITON PART NO.	CODE
LA-301VB	0.31" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-360P	D	LAI-501VF	0.5" 1D	RED	LTS-546AR	C
LA-301VL	0.31" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-367P	D	LA-501VP	0.5" 1D	RED	LTS-547AR	C
LA-301VM	0.31" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-368P	D	LA-501OF	0.5" 1D	H.R.	LTS-546AHR	C
LA-3010B	0.31" 1D	H.R.	LTS-360HR	D	LA-501OP	0.5" 1D	H.R.	LTS-547AHR	C
LA-3010L	0.31" 1D	H.R.	LTS-367HR	D	LA-501YF	0.5" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-546AY	C
LA-3010M	0.31" 1D	H.R.	LTS-368HR	D	LA-501YF	0.5" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-547AY	C
LA-301MB	0.31" 1D	GREEN	LTS-360G	D	LA-501MF	0.5" 1D	GREEN	LTS-546AG	C
LA-301ML	0.31" 1D	GREEN	LRS-367G	D	LT-501MP	0.5" 1D	GREEN	LTS-546AG	C
LA-301MM	0.31" 1D	GREEN	LTS-368G	D	LA-801VF	0.8" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-3401LP	E
LA-301VA	0.31" 1D	RED	LTS-312AR	C	LA-801VP	0.8" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-3403LP	E
LA-301VK	0.31" 1D	RED	LTS-315AR	D	LA-801OF	0.8" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3401LE	E
LA-3010A	0.31" 1D	H.R.	LTS-312AHR	C	LA-801OP	0.8" 1D	H.R.	LTS-3403LE	E
LA-3010K	0.31" 1D	H R	LRS-315AHR	D	LA-801YF	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3401LY	E
LA-301YA	0.31" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-312AY	C	LA-801YP	0.8" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-3403LY	E
LA-301YK	0.31" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-315AY	D	LA-801MF	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3401LG	E
LA-301MA	0.31" 1D	GREEN	LTS-312AG	C	LA-801MP	0.8" 1D	GREEN	LTS-3403LG	E
LA-301MK	0.31" 1D	GREEN	LTS-315AG	D	LA-101VF	1.0" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-1720P	E
LA-401VA	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-7751R	C	LA-101VP	1.0" 1D	BRIGHT RED	LTS-1723P	E
LA-401VK	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-7760R	C	LA-101OF	1.0" 1D	H.R.	LTS-1720E	E
LA-4010A	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7651HR	C	LA-101OP	1.0" 1S	H.R.	LTS-1723E	E
LA-4010K	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-7653HR	C	LA-101MF	1.0" 1D	GREEN	LTS-1720G	E
LA-401YA	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7661YN	C	LA-101MP	1.0" 1D	GREEN	LTS-1723G	E
LA-401YK	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-7663YN	C	LB-202VB	0.3" 2D	RED	LTD-323R	D
LA-401MA	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-7671GN	C	LB-202VL	0.3" 2D	RED	LTD-322R	D
LA-401MK	0.4" 1D	GRENE	LTS-7673GN	C	LB-202MB	0.3" 2D	GREEN	LTD-323G	D
LA-401VF	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-546AR	C	LB-202ML	0.3" 2D	GREEN	LTD-322G	D
LA-401VP	0.4" 1D	RED	LTS-547AR	C	LB-402VA	0.4" 2D	RED	LTS-482RC	C
LA-401OF	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-546AHR	C	LB-402VK	0.4" 2D	RED	LTP-432RC	D
LA-401OP	0.4" 1D	H.R.	LTS-547AHR	C	LB-402OA	0.4" 2D	H.R.	LTP-482PC	D
LA-401YF	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-546AY	C	LB-402OK	0.4" 2D	H.R.	LTP-432PC	D
LA-401YP	0.4" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-547AY	C	LA-402MA	0.4" 2D	GREEN	LTD-482PC	C
LA-401MF	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-546AG	C	LA-402MA	0.4" 2D	GREEN	LTD-432GC	C
LA-401MP	0.4" 1D	GREEN	LTS-547AG	C	LA-602VA	0.56" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-6710P	C
LA-501VA	0.5" 1D	RED	LTS-546AR	E	LA-602VK	0.56" 2D	BRIGHT RED	LTD-6740P	C
LA-501VK	0.5" 1D	RED	LTS-547AR	E	LA-602OA	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6910HR	C
LA-5010A	0.5" 1D	H.R.	LTS-546AHR	E	LA-602OK	0.56" 2D	H.R.	LTD-6940HR	C
LA-5010K	0.5" 1D	H.R.	LTS-547AHR	E	LA-602YA	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6810Y	C
LA-501YA	0.5" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-546AY	E	LA-602YK	0.56" 2D	YELLOW	LTD-6840Y	C
LA-501YK	0.5" 1D	YELLOW	LTS-547AY	E	LA-602MA	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6410G	C
LA-501MA	0.5" 1D	GEEEN	LTS-546AG	A	LA-602MK	0.56" 2D	GREEN	LTD-6440G	C
LA-501MK	0.5" 1D	GREEN	LTS-547AG	E					

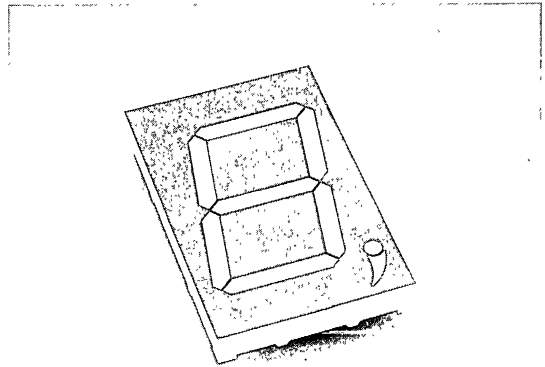


LTS- 30301/30801 SERIES 30302A/30802A

3 INCH SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR ULTRA LARGE SINGLE DIGIT LED NUMERICAL DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 3 INCH (76.2mm) ULTRA LARGE DIGIT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF TWO BRIGHT COLORS – GREEN/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS – GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED).



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-30000 series are 3 inch (76.2mm) height ultra large single digit displays.

The LTS-30301/30801 series are single color displays. The green displays have black face and green segment color, the high efficiency red displays have black face and red segment color.

The LTS-30302A/30802A are multicolor displays. The multicolor displays have black face and white segment color.

The green series utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

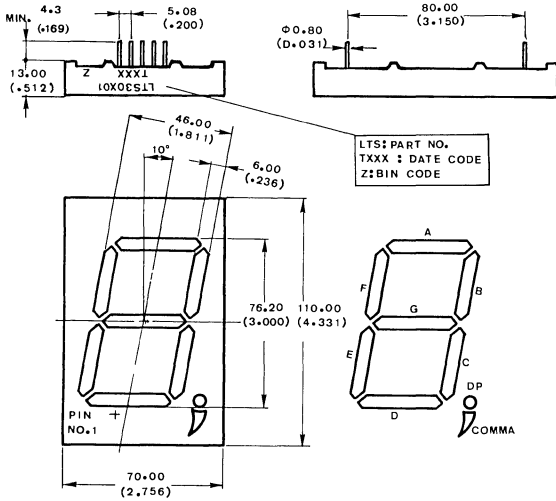
DEVICES

PART NO. LTS-			DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	HI-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
30301G	30301HRB	—	Common Cathode	A	A
30801G	30801HRB	—	Common Anode	A	B
—	—	30302A	Common Cathode	B	C
—	—	30802A	Common Anode	B	D

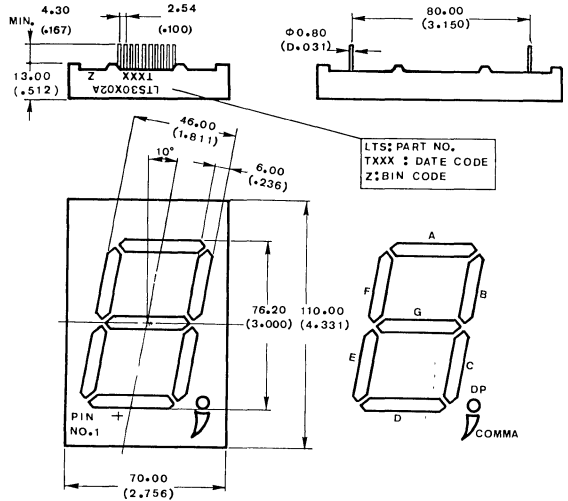
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-30301/30801



B. LTS-30302A/30802A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum valum

$$\begin{matrix} +1.00 \\ -0.00 \\ +0.040'' \\ -0.000'' \end{matrix} \text{ mm}$$

$$2. \frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$$

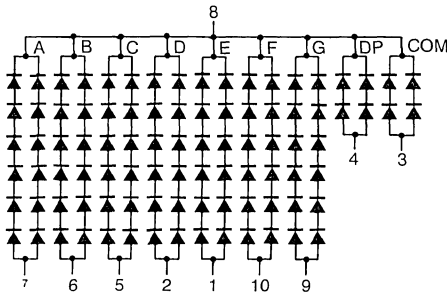
unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

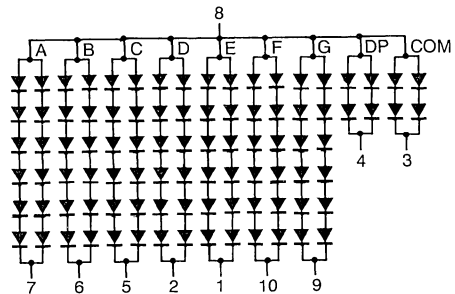
PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	LTS-30301	LTS-30801	LTS-30302A	LTS-30802A
1	Segment E Anode	Segment E Cathode	Anode E, Green	Cathode E, Green
2	Segment D Anode	Segment D Cathode	Anode E, Orange	Cathode E, Orange
3	Comma Anode	Comma Cathode	Anode D, Green	Cathode D, Green
4	D. P. Anode	D. P. Cathode	Anode D, Orange	Cathode D, Orange
5	Segment C Anode	Segment C Cathode	Anode Comma, Green	Cathode Comma, Green
6	Segment B Anode	Segment B Cathode	Anode Comma, Orange	Cathode Comma, Orange
7	Segment A Anode	Segment A Cathode	Anode DP, Green	Cathode DP, Green
8	Common Cathode	Common Anode	Anode DP, Orange	Cathode DP, Orange
9	Segment G Anode	Segment G Cathode	Anode C, Green	Cathode C, Green
10	Segment F Anode	Segment F Cathode	Anode C, Orange	Cathode C, Orange
11			Anode B, Green	Cathode B, Green
12			Anode B, Orange	Cathode B, Orange
13			Anode A, Green	Cathode A, Green
14			Anode A, Orange	Cathode A, Orange
15			Cathode Common, Green	Anode Common, Green
16			Cathode Common, Orange	Anode Common, Orange
17			Anode F, Green	Cathode F, Green
18			Anode F, Orange	Cathode F, Orange
19			Anode G, Green	Cathode G, Green
20			Anode G, Orange	Cathode G, Orange

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

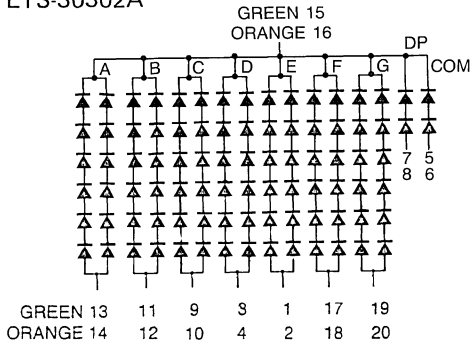
A. LTS-30301



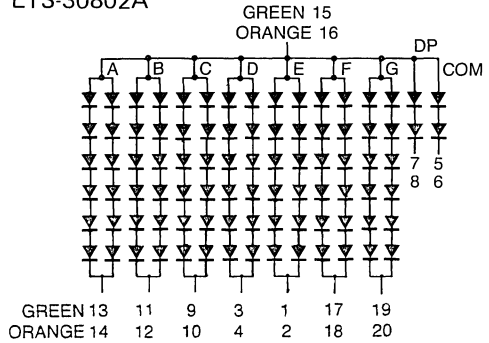
B. LTS-30801



C. LTS-30302A



D. LTS-30802A



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	30x01		30x02A		UNIT
	GREEN	HI.-EFF. RED	GREEN	ORANGE	
Power Dissipation Per Segment	650	650	330	330	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	160	80	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	40	40	20	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.48	0.48	0.24	0.24	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	30	30	30	30	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C				
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C				
Soler Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C					

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-30301G/30801G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	12	30		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		565		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		12.6 (4.2)	16.8 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			200	μA	$V_R = 30\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

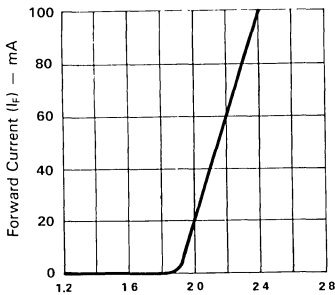


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

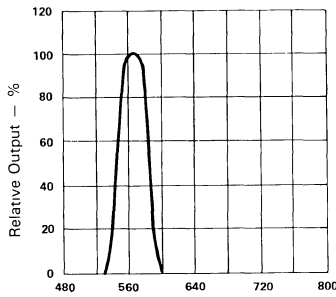


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

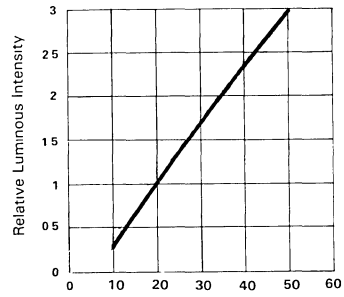


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

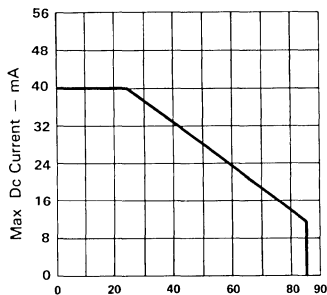


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

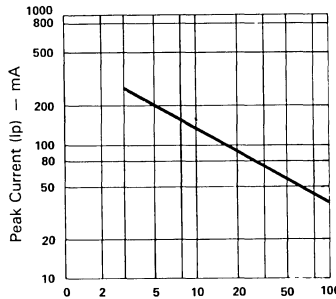


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

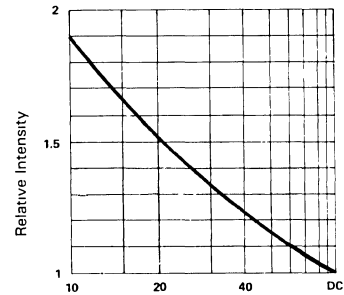


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-30301 HRB/30801 HRB

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	12	30		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		635		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		12.6 (4.2)	16.8 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			200	μA	$V_R = 30\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

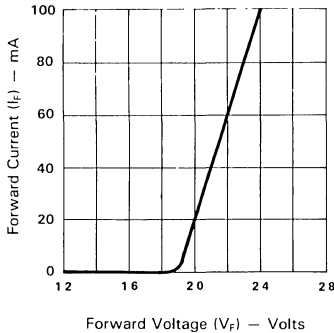


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

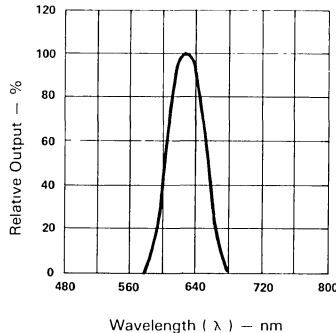


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

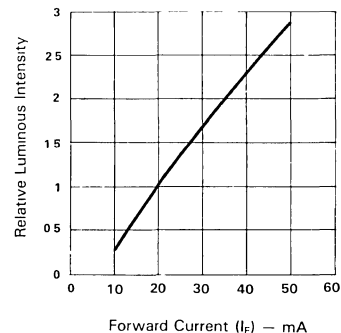


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

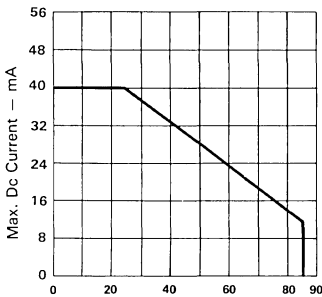


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

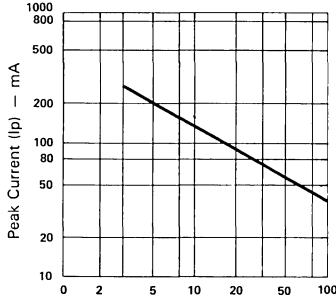


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

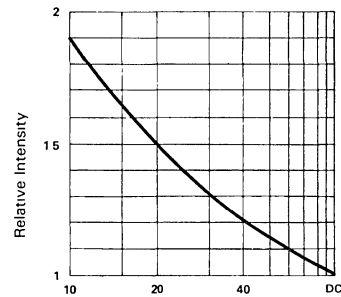


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-30302A/30802A (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	6	15		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		12.6 (4.2)	16.8 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 30\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

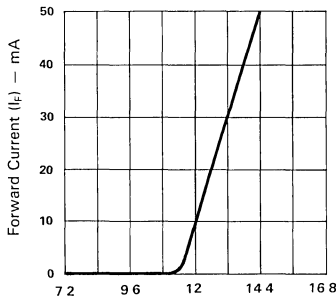


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

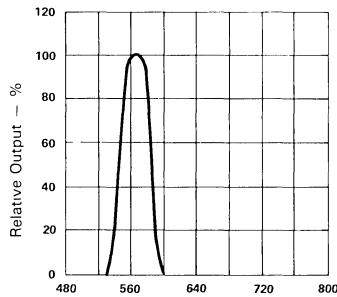


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

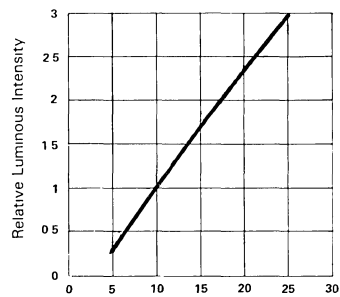


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

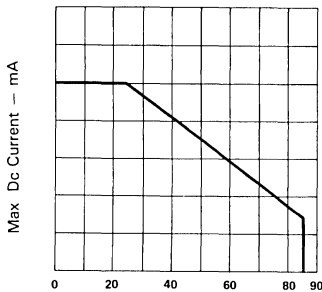


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

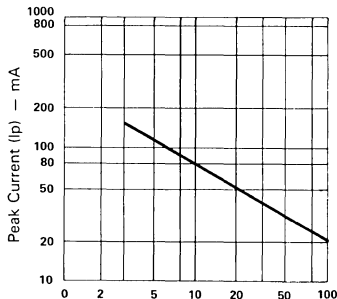


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

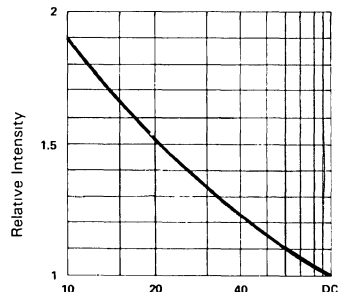


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-30302A/30802A (ORANGE)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	6	15		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		12.6 (4.2)	16.8 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 30\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

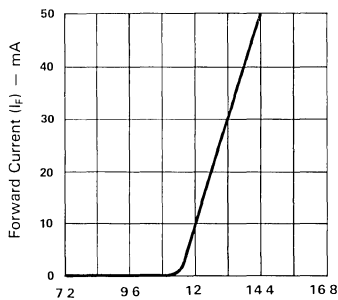


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

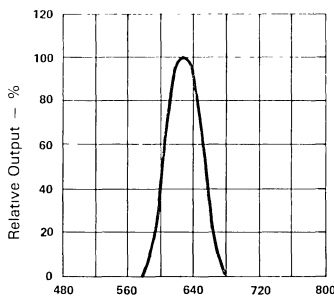


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

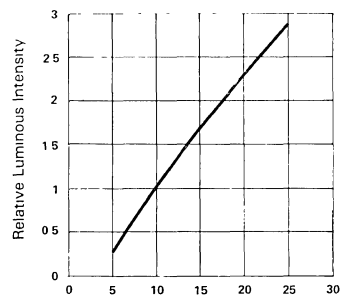


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

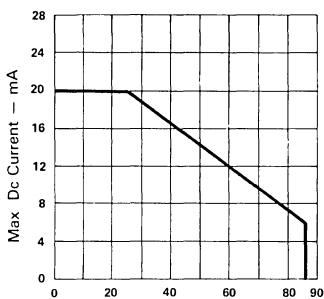


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

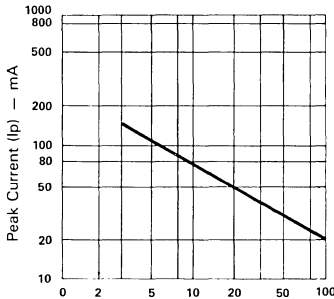


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

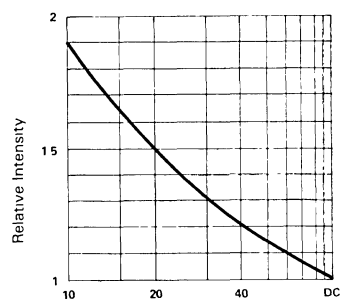


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS



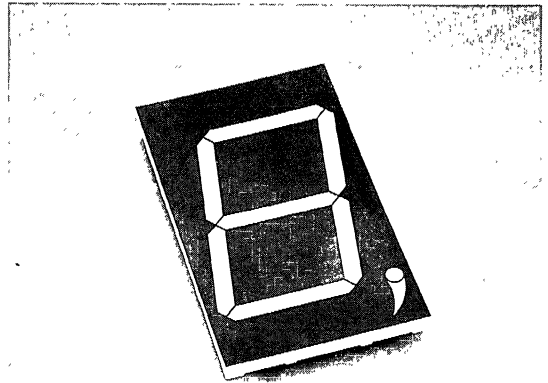
LTS- 50301/50801 SERIES

50302A/50802A

5 INCH SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR ULTRA LARGE SINGLE DIGIT LED NUMERICAL DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 5 INCH (127.0mm) ULTRA LARGE DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF TWO BRIGHT COLORS – GREEN/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS – GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED).



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-50000 series are 5 inch (127 mm) height ultra large single digit displays.

The LTS-50301/50801 series are single color displays. The green displays have black face and green segment color, the high efficiency red displays have black face and red segment color.

The LTS-50302A/50802A are multicolor displays. The multicolor displays have black face and white segment color.

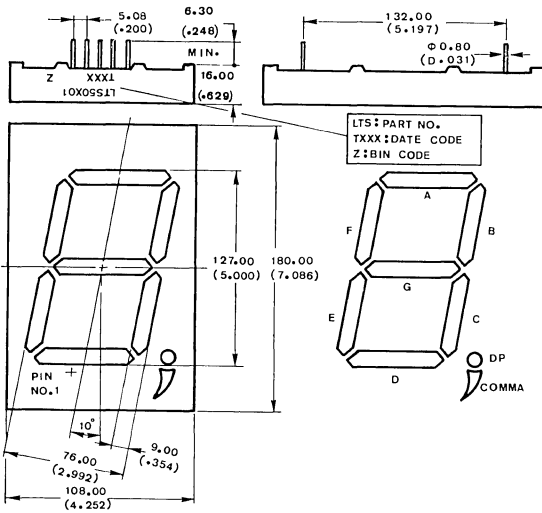
The green series utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

DEVICES

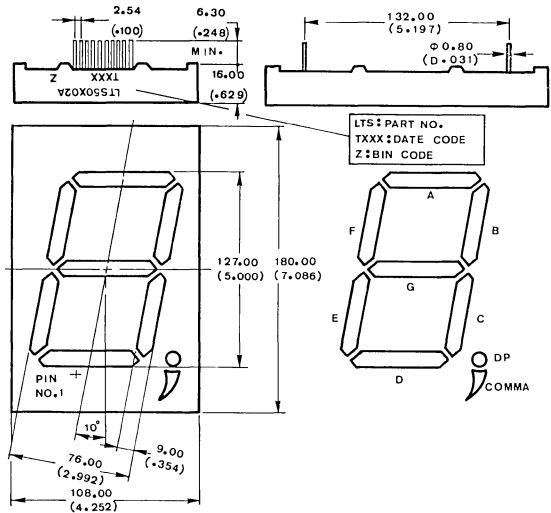
PART NO. LTS-			DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
50301G	50301HRB	—	Common Cathode	A	A
50801G	50801HRB	—	Common Anode	A	B
—	—	50302A	Common Cathode	B	C
—	—	50802A	Common Anode	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-50301/50801



B. LTS-50302A /50802A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are (inches)

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$ 2. $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

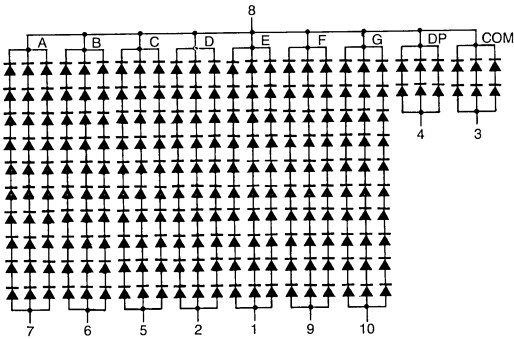
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	LTS-50301	LTS-50801	LTS-50302A	LTS-50802A
1	Segment E Anode	Segment E Cathode	Anode E, Green	Cathode E, Green
2	Segment D Anode	Segment D Cathode	Anode E, Orange	Cathode E, Orange
3	Comma Anode	Comma Cathode	Anode D, Green	Cathode D, Green
4	D.P. Anode	D.P. Cathode	Anode D, Orange	Cathode D, Orange
5	Segment C Anode	Segment C Cathode	Anode Comma, Green	Cathode Comma, Green
6	Segment B Anode	Segment B Cathode	Anode Comma, Orange	Cathode Comma, Orange
7	Segment A Anode	Segment A Cathode	Anode DP, Green	Cathode DP, Green
8	Common Cathode	Common Anode	Anode DP, Orange	Cathode DP, Orange
9	Segment F Anode	Segment F Cathode	Anode C, Green	Cathode C, Green
10	Segment G Anode	Segment G Cathode	Anode C, Orange	Cathode C, Orange
11			Anode B, Green	Cathode B, Green
12			Anode B, Orange	Cathode B, Orange
13			Anode A, Green	Cathode A, Green
14			Anode A, Orange	Cathode A, Orange
15			Cathode Common, Green	Anode Common, Green
16			Cathode Common, Orange	Anode Common, Orange
17			Anode G, Green	Cathode G, Green
18			Anode G, Orange	Cathode G, Orange
19			Anode F, Green	Cathode F, Green
20			Anode E, Orange	Cathode F, Orange

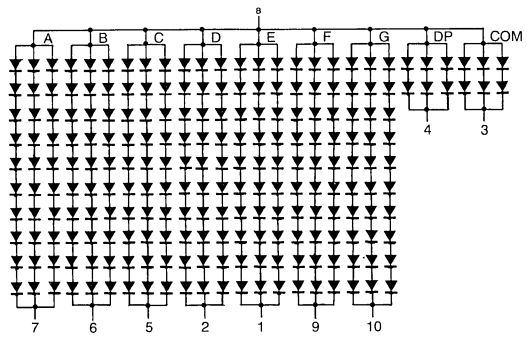
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

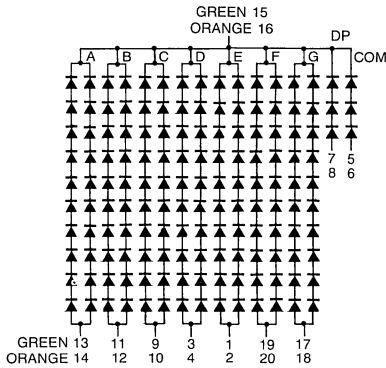
A. LTS-50301



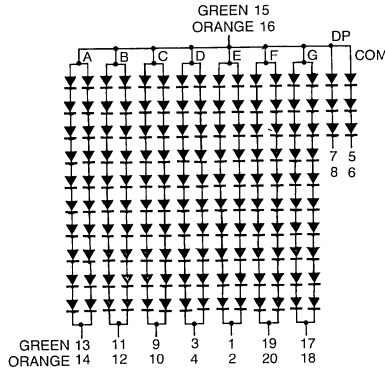
B. LTS-50801



C. LTS-50302A



D. LTS-50802A



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	50x01		50x02A		UNIT
	GREEN	HI.-EFF. RED	GREEN	ORANGE	
Power Dissipation Per Segment	1200	1200	900	900	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	180	180	160	160	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	60	60	40	40	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.72	0.72	0.48	0.48	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	50	50	50	50	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C				
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C				
Soler Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C					

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
LTS-50301G/50801G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	21	60		mcd	$I_F = 30\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		21 (4.2)	28 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			300	μA	$V_R = 50\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
 (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

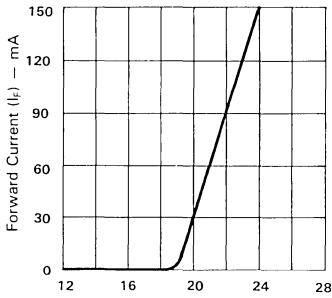


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

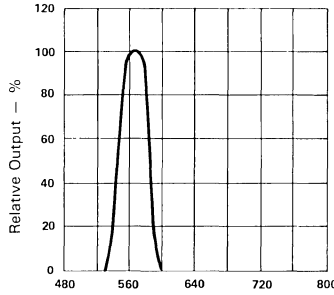


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

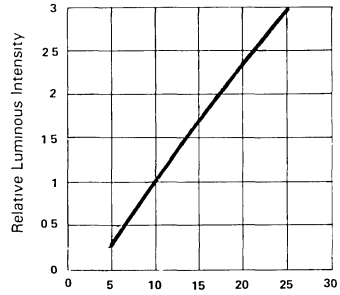


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

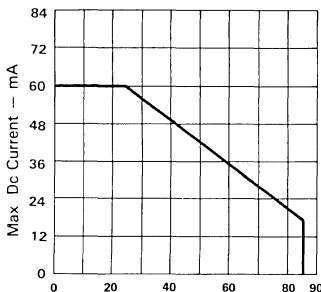


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

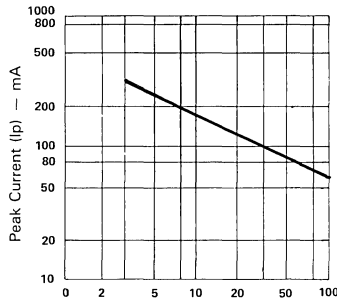


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

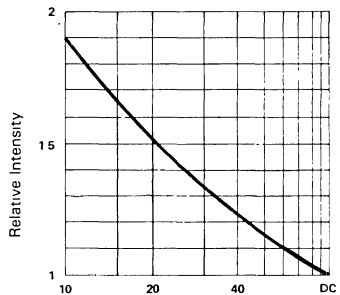


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-50301HRB/50801HRB

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	21	60		mcd	$I_F = 30\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		630		nm	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		21 (4.2)	28 (5.6)	V	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			300	μA	$V_R = 50\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

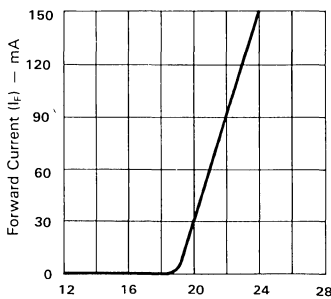


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

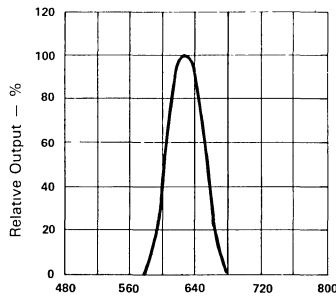


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

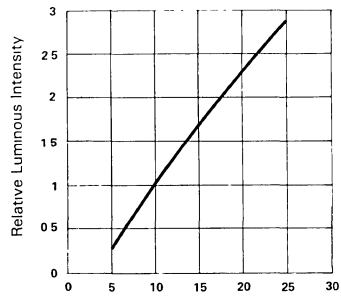


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

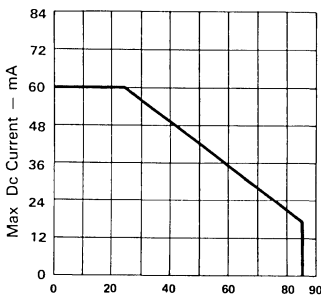


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

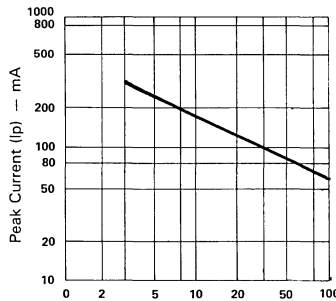


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

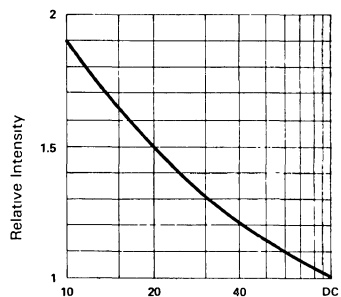


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTS-50302A/50802A (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	13	40		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		21 (6.3)	28 (8.4)	V	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			200	μA	$V_R = 50\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

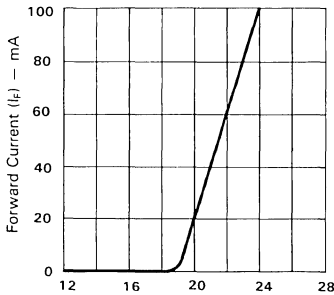


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

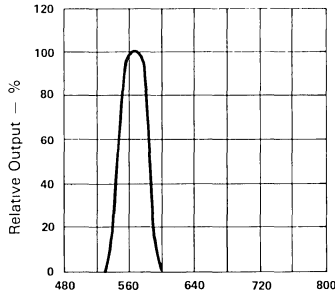


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

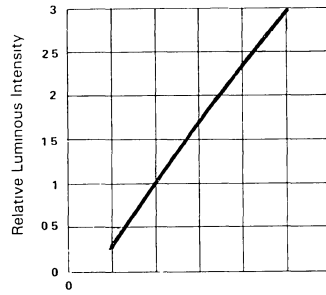


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

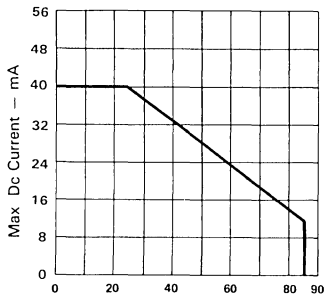


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

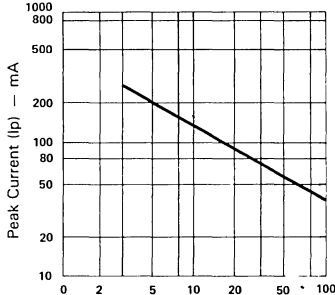


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

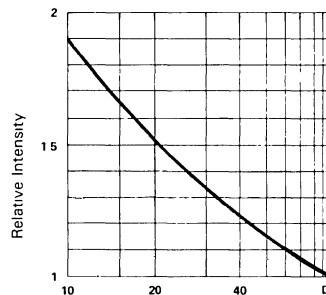


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

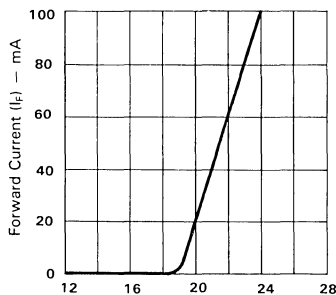
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-50302A/50802A (ORANGE)

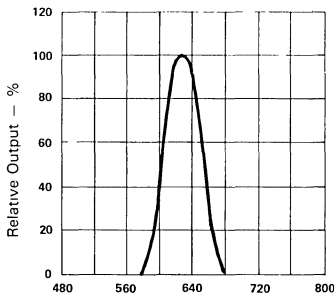
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	16	40		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment (D.P.)	V_F		21 (6.3)	28 (8.4)	V	$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			200	μA	$V_R = 50\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 40\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

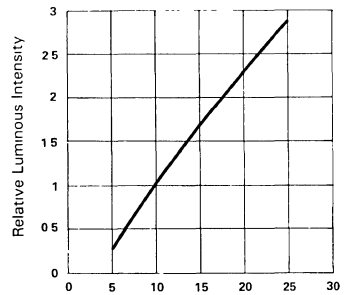
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



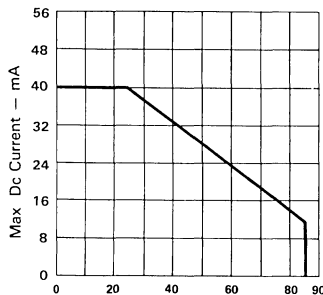
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



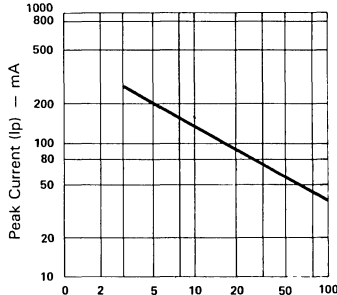
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



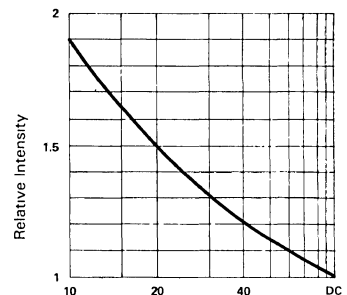
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)



LTS-310A SERIES

0.3" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

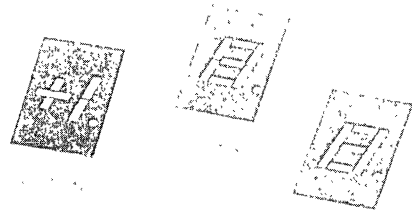
FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED / GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.

DESCRIPTION

The LTS-310A series are 0.3 inch (7.62mm) height single digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and yellow displays have gray face and white segment color. Orange displays have orange face and orange segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.



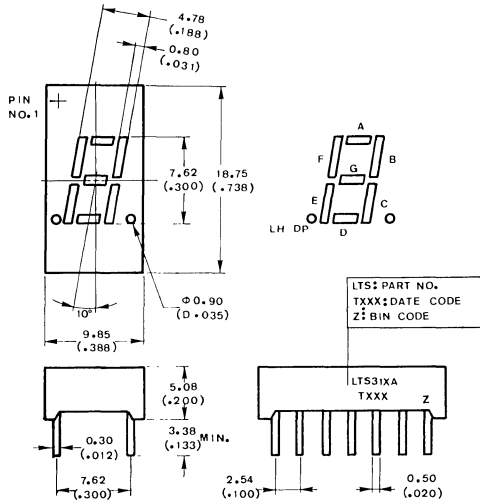
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

DEVICES

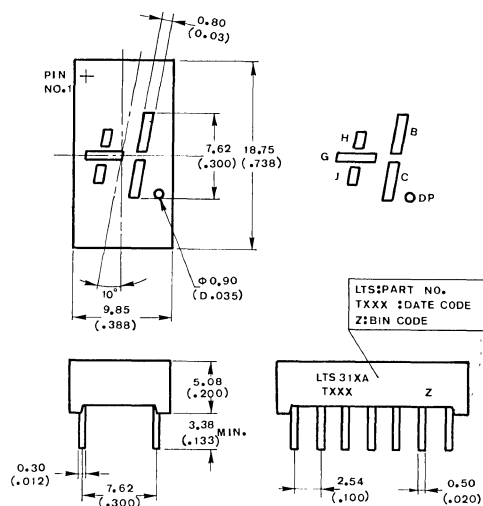
PART NO. LTS--						DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED			
311AR	311AP	311AG	311AY	311AE	311AHR	Universal, ± 1 Overflow	B	A
312AR	312AP	312AG	312AY	312AE	312AHR	Common Anode, Rt. and Lt. Hand Decimal	A	B
313AR	313AP	313AG	313AY	313AE	313AHR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	C
315AR	315AP	315AG	315AY	315AE	315AHR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	D
316AR	316AP	316AG	316AY	316AE	316AHR	Common Anode, ± 1 Overflow	B	E

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-312A/313A/315A



B. LTS-311A/316A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are:
(inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

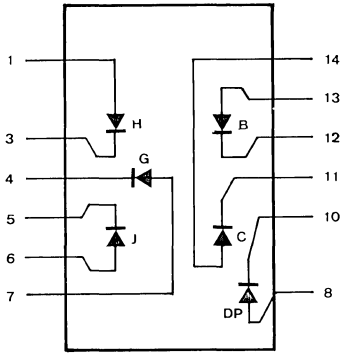
PIN NO.	CONNECTION				
	A. LTS-311A	B. LTS-312A	C. LTS-313A	D. LTS-315A	E. LTS-316A
1	Anode H	Cathode A	Common Cathode *2	Anode F	Anode G,H&J *4
2	No Pin	Cathode F	Anode F	Anode G	No Pin
3	Cathode H	Common Anode *1	Anode G	No Pin	Anode G, H&J *4
4	Cathode G	No Pin	Anode E	Common Cathode *3	No Pin
5	Cathode J	No Pin	Anode D	No Pin	No Pin
6	Anode J	Cathode L,D,P.	Common Cathode *2	Anode E	No Pin
7	Anode G	Cathode E	Anode D,P.	Anode D	Cathode H&J
8	Anode D,P.	Cathode D	Anode C	Anode C	Cathode G
9	No Pin	Cathode R,D,P.	Anode B	Anode D,P.	No Connection
10	Cathode D,P.	Cathode C	Anode A	No Pin	Cathode C
11	Cathode C	Cathode G	—	No Pin	Cathode B
12	Cathode B	No Pin	—	Common Cathode *3	No Pin
13	Anode B	Cathode B	—	Anode B	No Pin
14	Anode C	Common Anode *1	—	Anode A	Anode B&C

NOTES 1. Pin 3 & 14 are internally connected
2 Pin 1 & 6 are internally connected

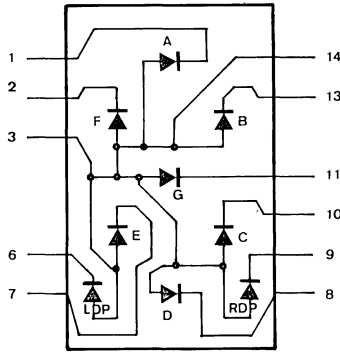
3 Pin 4 & 12 are internally connected.
4 Pin 1 & 3 are internally connected

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

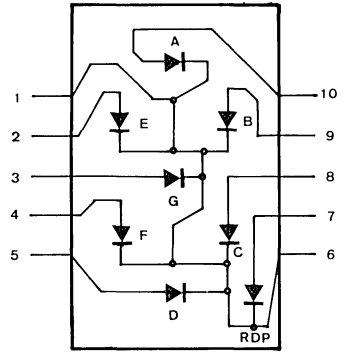
A. LTS-311A



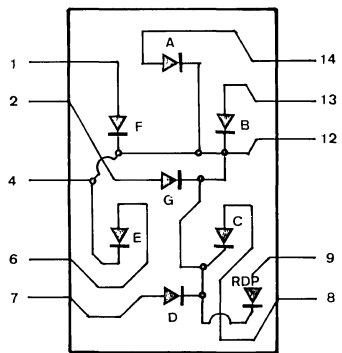
B. LTS-312A



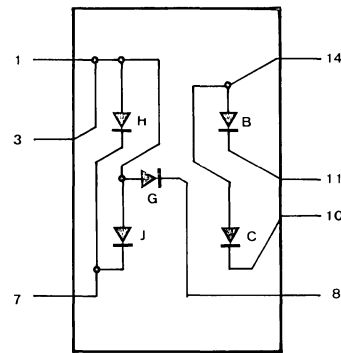
C. LTS-313A



D. LTS-315A



E. LTS-316A



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75*	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

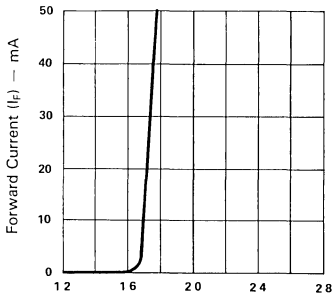
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AR SERIES

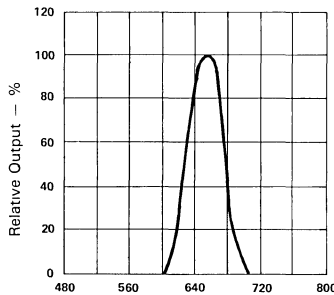
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I_{v-m}			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

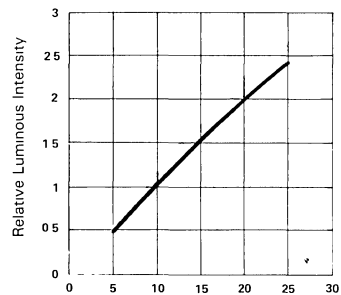
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



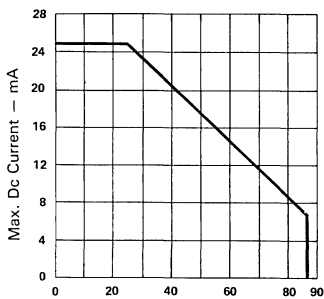
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



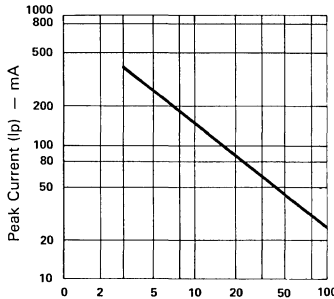
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



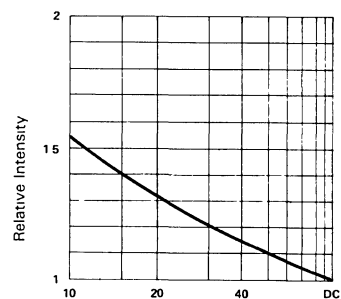
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AP SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	320	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

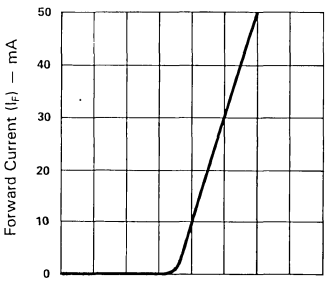


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

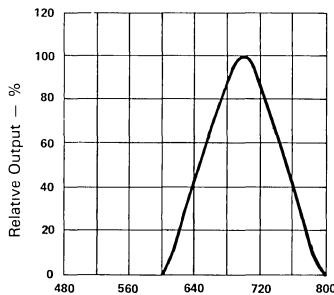


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

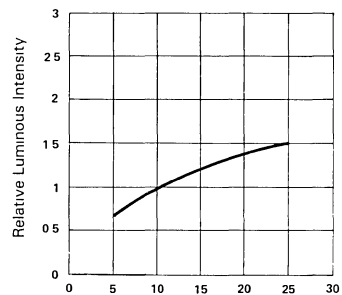


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

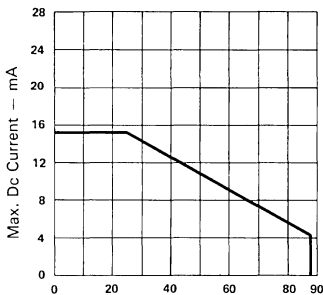


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

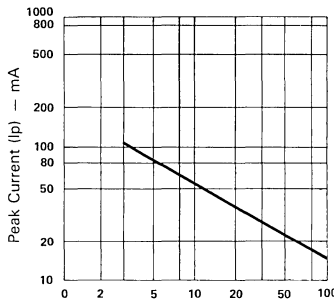


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AG SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

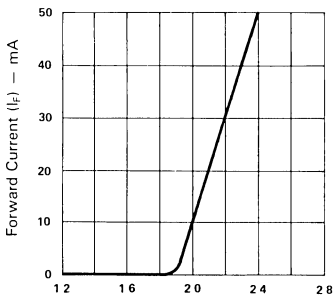


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

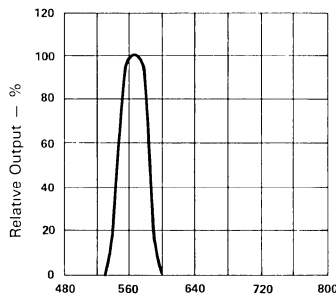


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

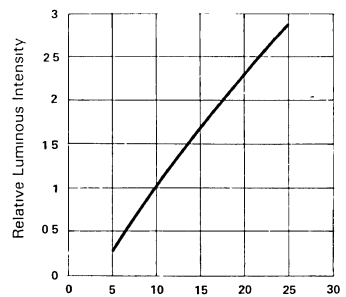


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

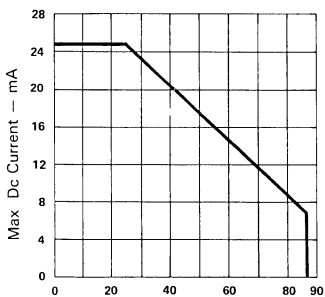


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

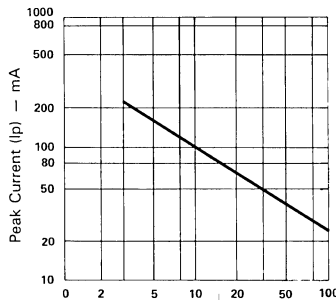


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

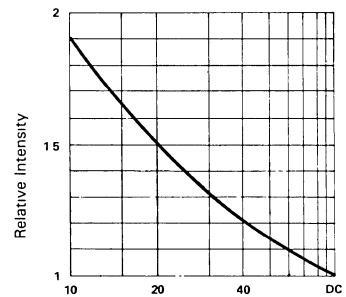


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

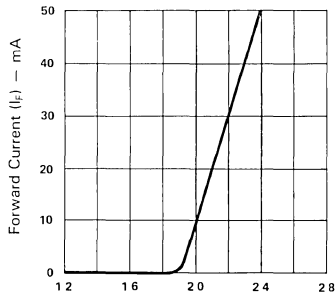
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AY SERIES

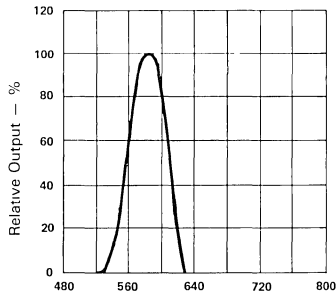
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

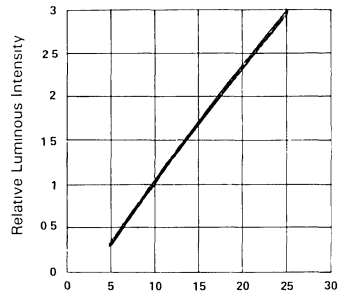
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



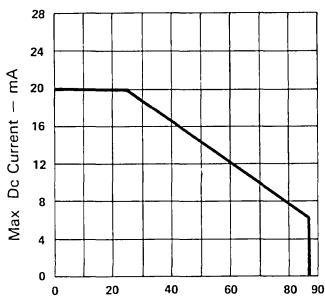
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



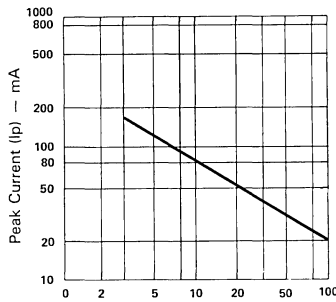
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



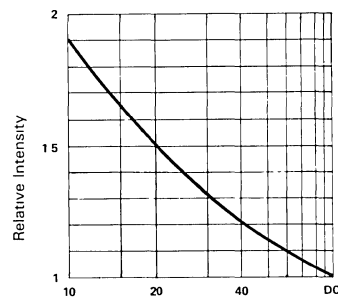
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AE SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

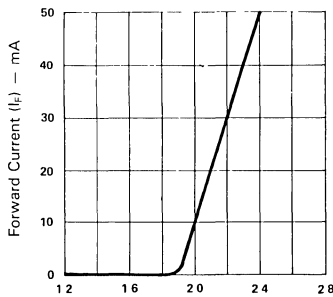


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

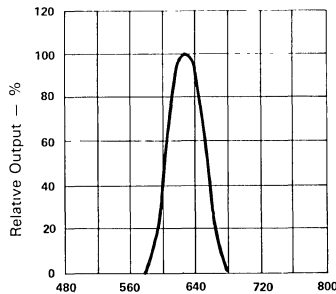


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

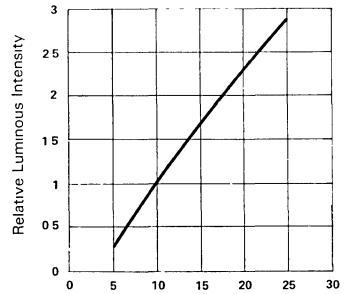


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

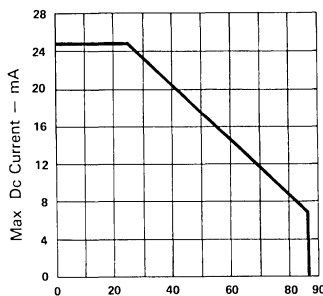


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

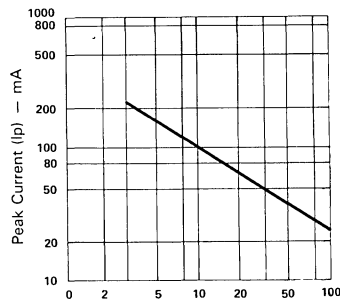


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

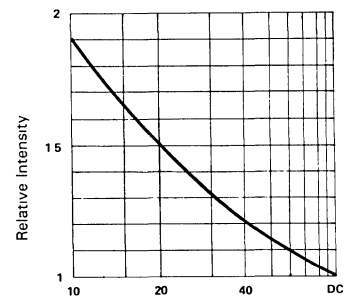


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

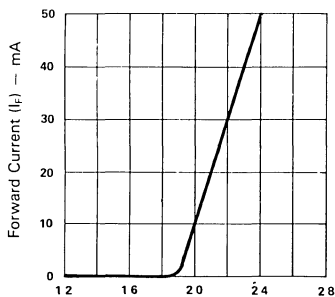
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-310AHR SERIES

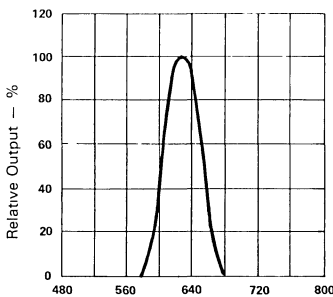
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

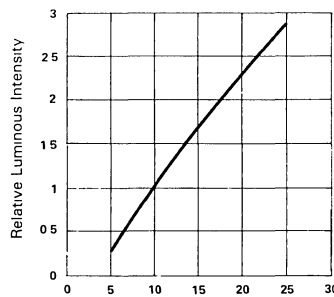
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



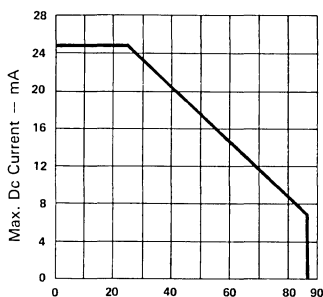
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



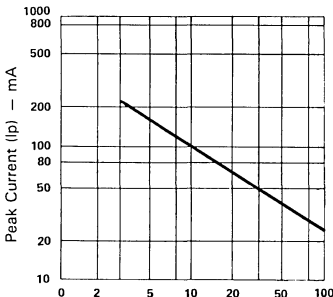
Wavelength (λ) - nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



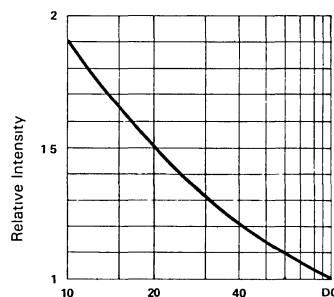
Forward Current (I_F) - mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) - $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS



LTS-360 SERIES

0.36" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.36 INCH (9.20mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF FIVE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARDS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-360 series are 0.36 inch (9.20mm) height single digit displays.

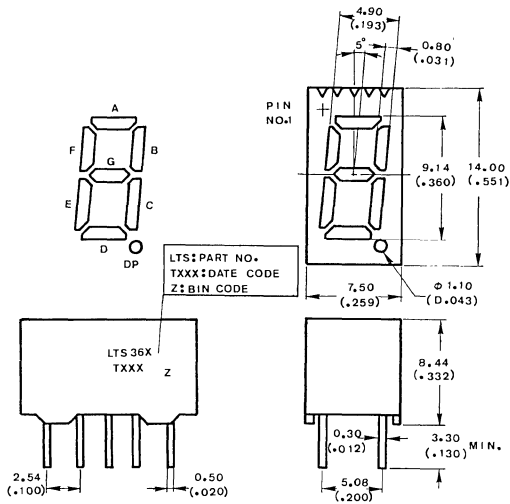
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red and high efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color. Green and orange displays have gray face and white segment color.

DEVICES

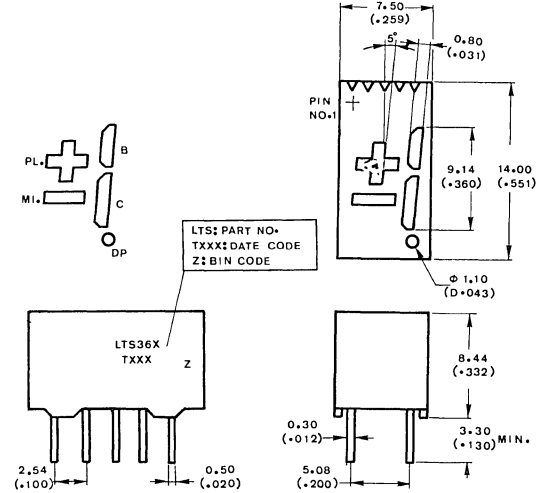
PART NO. LTS--					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED			
360R	360P	360G	360E	360HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	A
367R	367P	367G	367E	367HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	B
368R	368P	368G	368E	368HR	Common Cathode, ±1 Overflow	B	C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-360/367



B. LTS-368



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$ $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

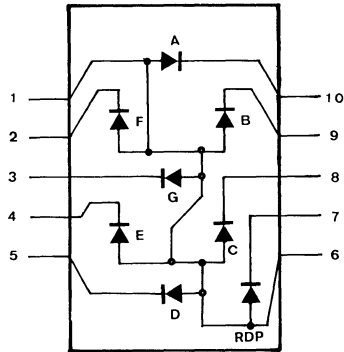
PIN NO.	CONNECTION		
	A. LTS-360	B. LTS-367	C. LTS-368
1	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode Pl. & Mi. *
2	Cathode F	Anode F	Anode Plus Sign
3	Cathode G	Anode G	Anode Minus Sign
4	Cathode E	Anode E	Cathode Pl. & Mi. *2
5	Cathode D	Anode D	No Pin
6	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode B, C & D.P. *3
7	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.	Anode D.P.
8	Cathode C	Anode C	Anode C
9	Cathode B	Anode B	Anode B
10	Cathode A	Anode A	Cathode B, C & D.P. *3

- NOTES: 1. Pin 1 & 6 are internally connected.
 2. Pin 1 & 4 are internally connected.
 3. Pin 6 & 10 are internally connected.

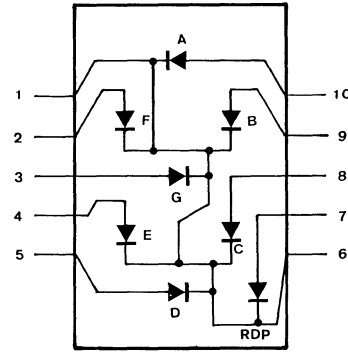
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
of ALUMINUM BRONZE TECHNOLOGY

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

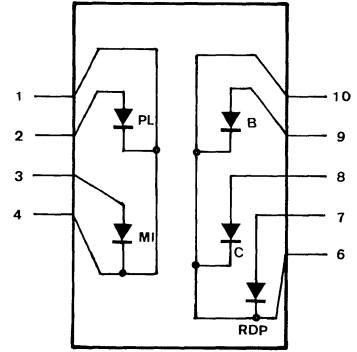
A. LTS-360



B. LTS-367



C. LTS-368



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C					
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C						

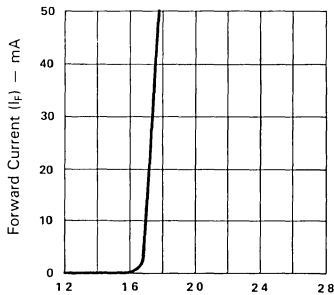
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-360R SERIES

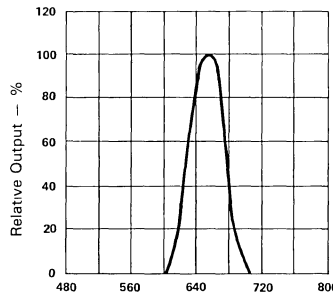
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

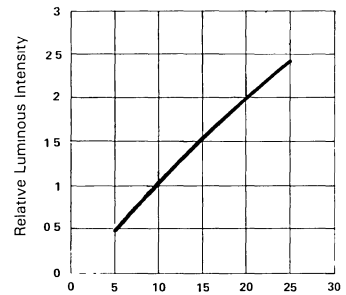
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



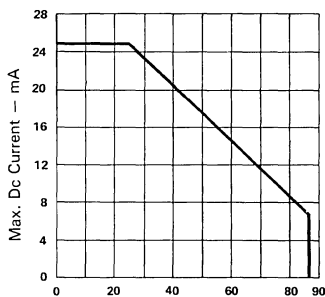
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



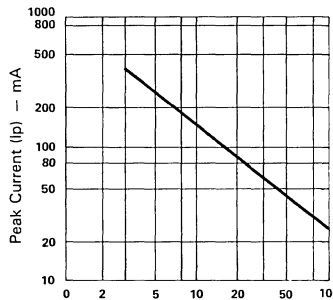
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



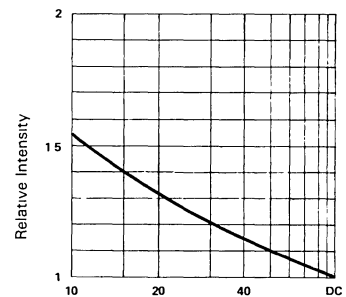
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

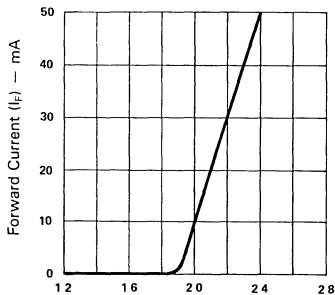
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-360P SERIES

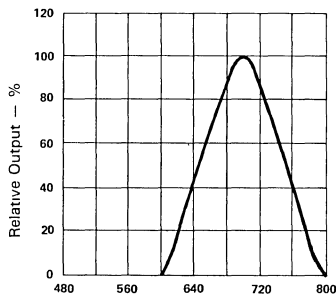
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	320	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

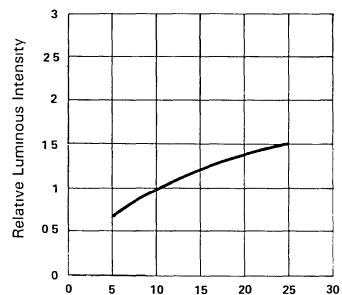
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



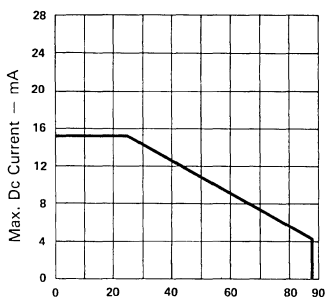
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.



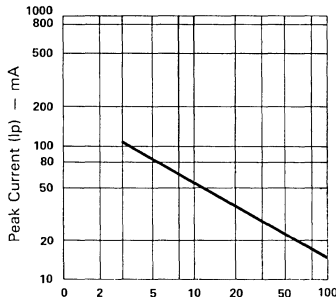
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

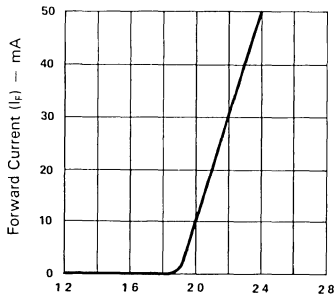
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-360G SERIES

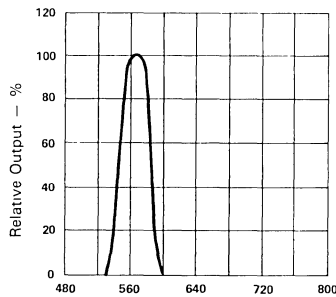
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

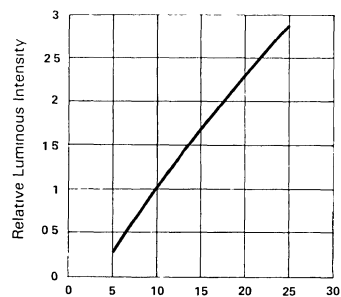
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



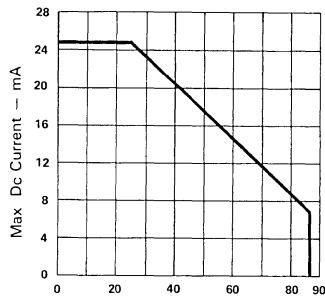
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



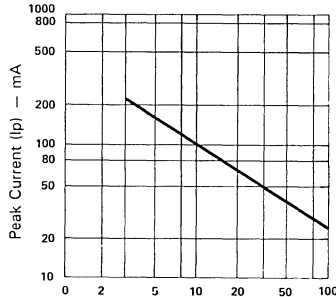
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



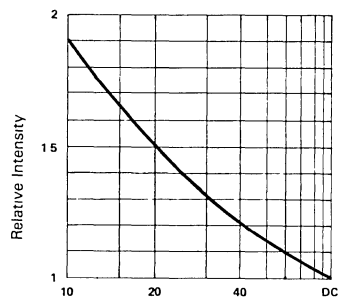
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ kHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-360E SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

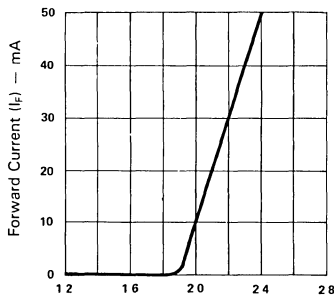


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

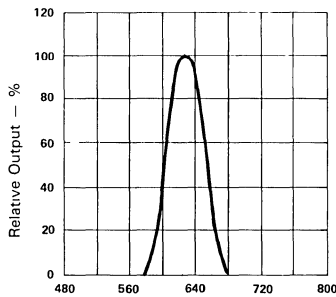


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

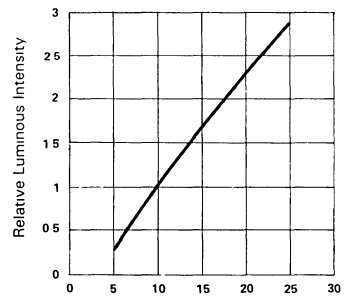


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

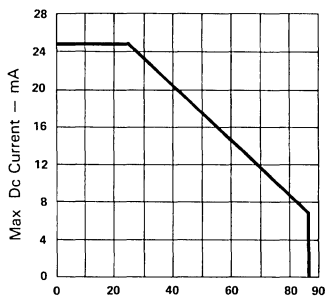


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

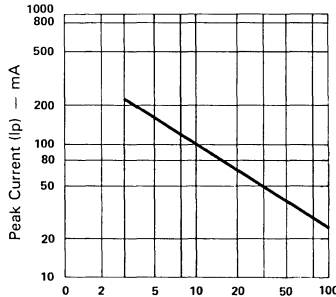


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

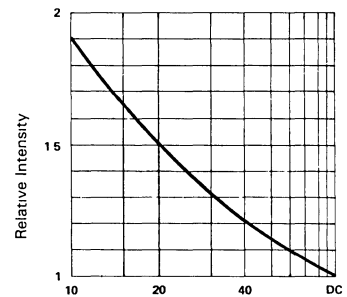


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-360HR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

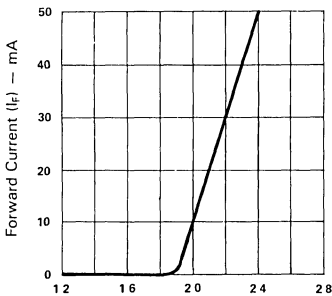


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

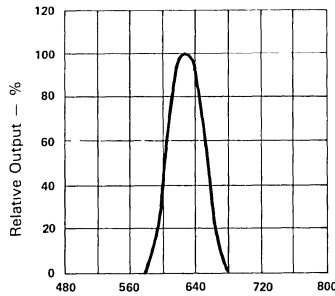


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

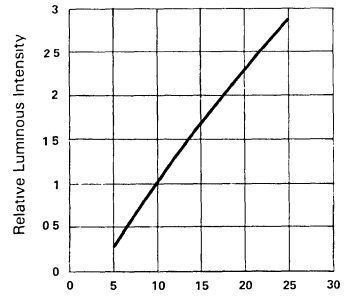


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

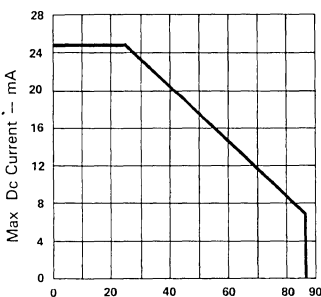


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

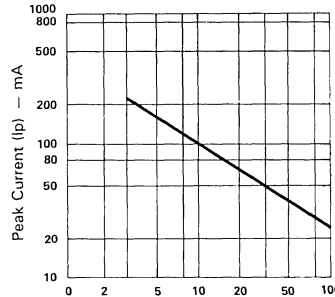


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

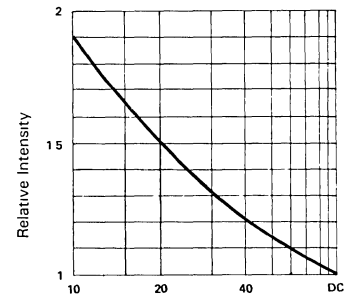


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

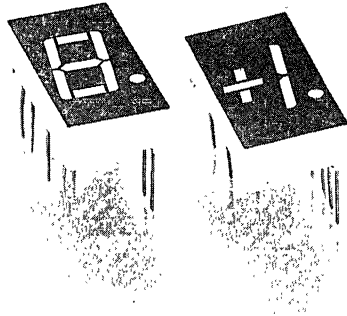


LTS-4000A SERIES

0.4" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.4 INCH (10.16mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-4000A series are 0.4 inch (10.16mm) height single digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and yellow displays have gray face and white segment color. Orange displays have orange face and orange segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

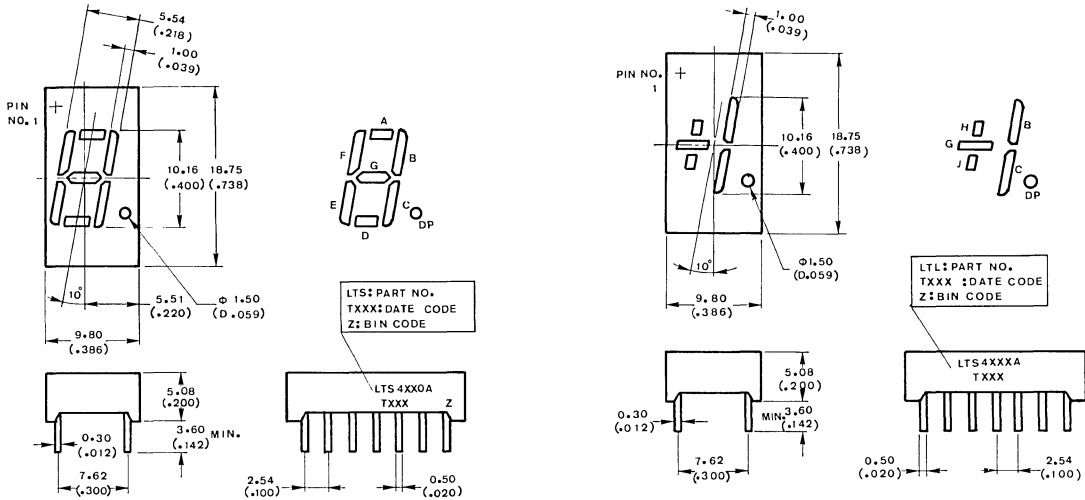
DEVICES

PART NO. LTS--						DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED			
4705AR	4705AP	4505AG	4805AY	4605AE	4905AHR	Universal, ± 1 Overflow	B	A
4710AR	4710AP	4510AG	4810AY	4610AE	4910AHR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	B
4730AR	4730AP	4530AG	4830AY	4630AE	4930AHR	Common Anode, ± 1 Overflow	B	C
4740AR	4740AP	4540AG	4840AY	4640AE	4940AHR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	D
4780AR	4780AP	4580AG	4880AY	4680AE	4980AHR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	E

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-4x10A/4x40A/4x80A

B. LTS-4x05A/4x30A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25}{(0.010)}$ mm unless otherwise noted. $\frac{+0.040}{-0.000}$ inch

PIN CONNECTION

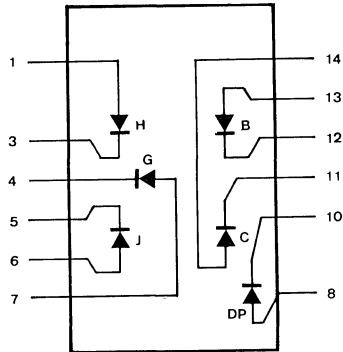
PIN NO.	CONNECTION				
	A. LTS-4x05A	B. LTS-4x10A	C. LTS-4x30A	D. LTS-4x40A	E. LTS-4x80A
1	Anode H	Cathode A	Anode G, H & J *2	Anode F	Common Cathode *4
2	No Pin	Cathode F	No Pin	Anode G	Anode F
3	Cathode H	Common Anode *1	Anode G, H & J *2	No Pin	Anode G
4	Cathode G	No Pin	No Pin	Common Cathode *3	Anode E
5	Cathode J	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	Anode D
6	Anode J	No Pin	No connection	Anode E	Common Cathode *4
7	Anode G	Cathode E	Cathode H & J	Anode D	Anode D, P.
8	Anode D, P.	Cathode D	Cathode G	Anode C	Anode C
9	No Pin	Cathode D.P.	Cathode D.P.	Anode D P	Anode B
10	Cathode D.P.	Cathode C	Cathode C	No Pin	Anode A
11	Cathode C	Cathode G	Cathode B	No Pin	—
12	Cathode B	No Pin	No Pin	Common Cathode *3	—
13	Anode B	Cathode B	No Pin	Anode B	—
14	Anode C	Common Anode *1	Anode B, C & D.P.	Anode A	—

- NOTES: 1. Pin 3 & 14 are internally connected. 2. Pin 1 & 3 are internally connected. 3. Pin 4 & 12 are internally connected. 4. Pin 1 & 6 are internally connected.

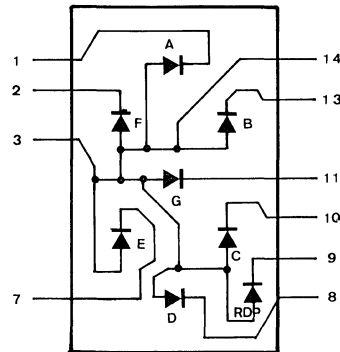
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

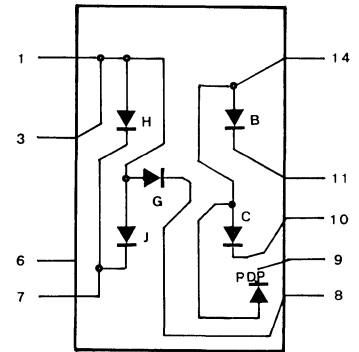
A. LTS-4x05A



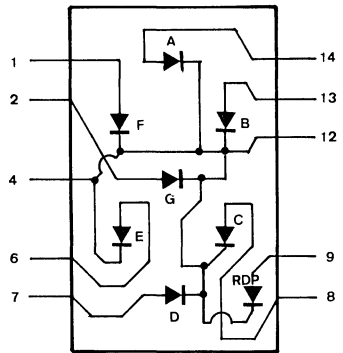
B. LTS-4x10A



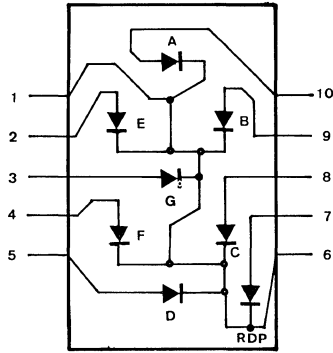
C. LTS-4x30A



D. LTS-4x40A



E. LTS-4x80A



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-4700AR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	550		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

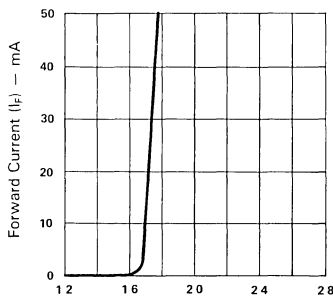


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

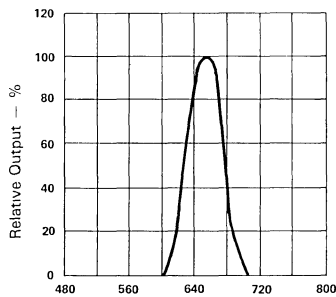


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

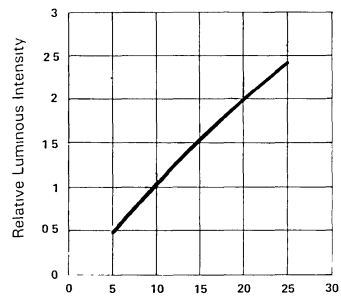


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

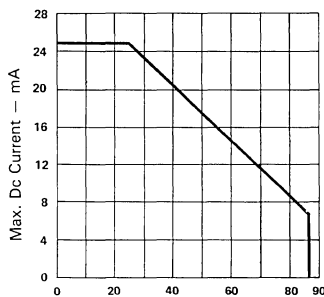


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

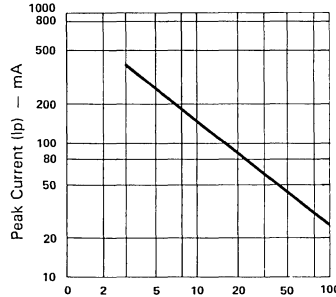


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

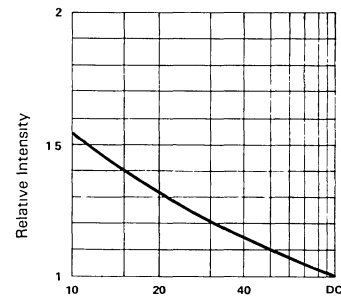


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

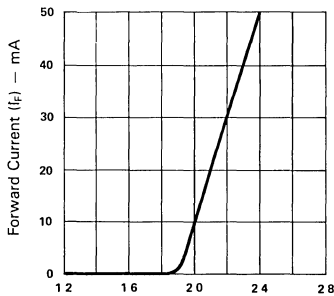
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-4700AP SERIES

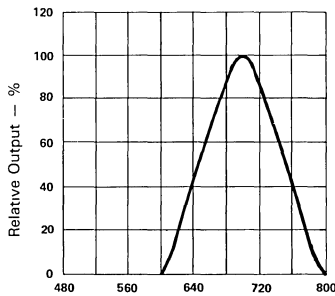
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	340	850		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

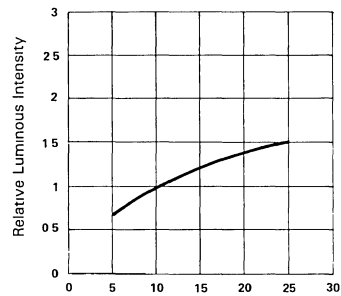
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



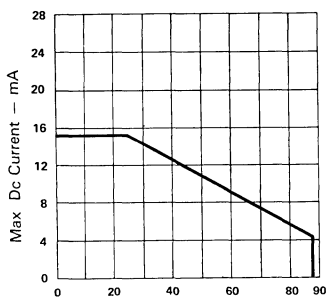
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



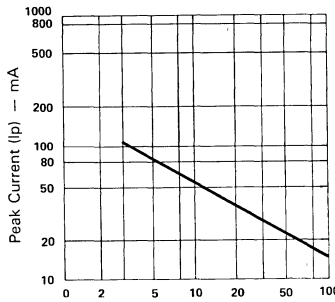
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



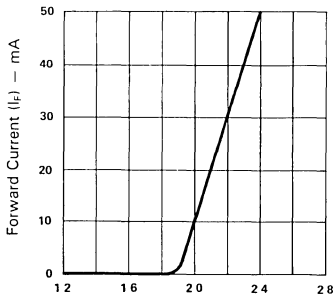
Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTS-4500AG SERIES

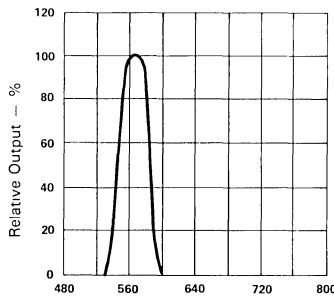
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	850	2200		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

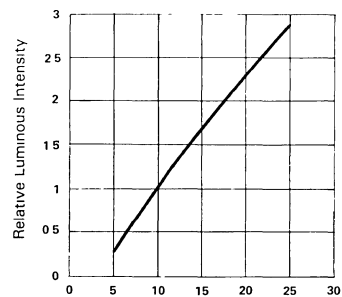
(25°C : Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



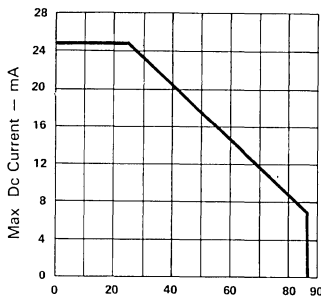
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



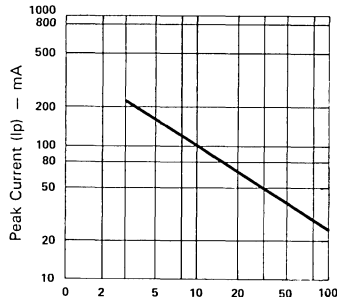
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



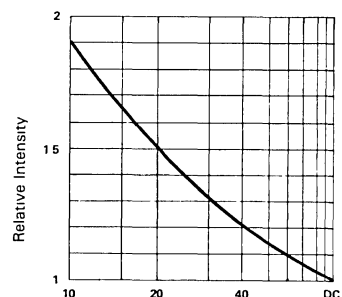
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

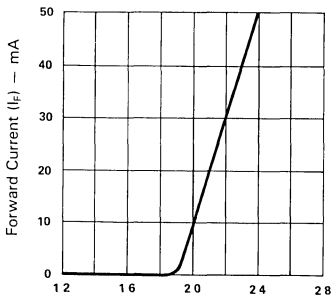
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-4800AY SERIES

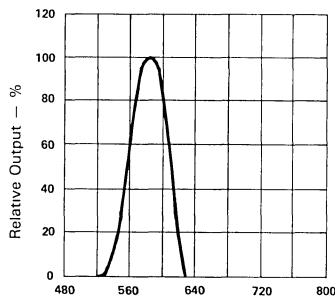
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2200		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

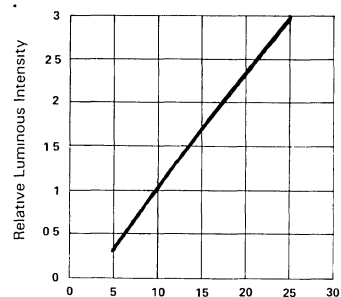
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



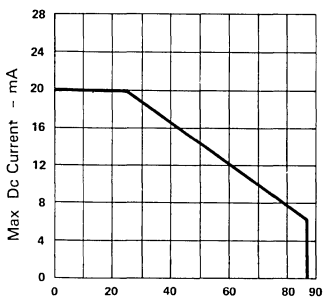
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



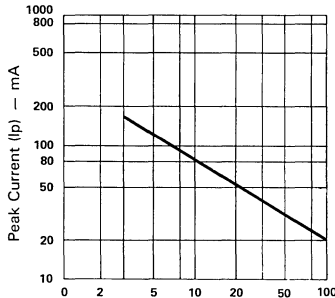
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



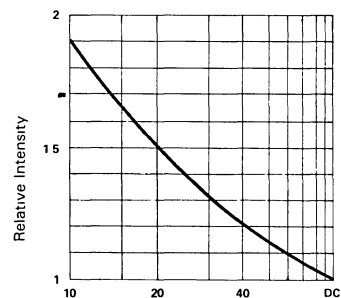
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-4600AE SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	850	2200		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

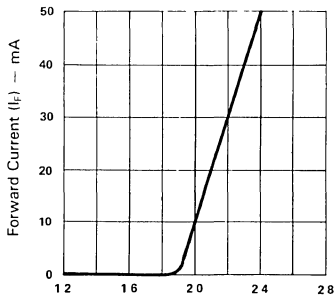


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

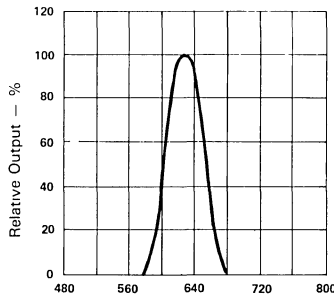


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

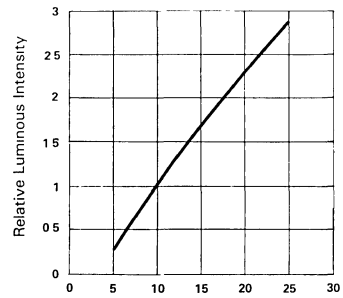


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

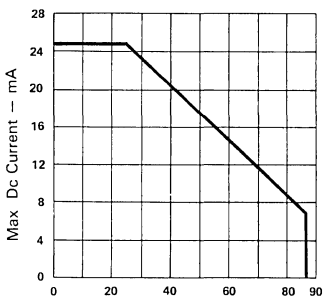


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

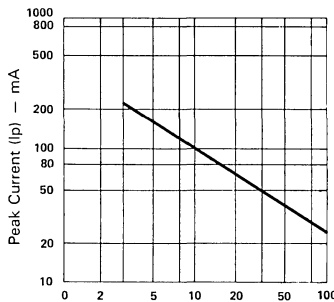


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

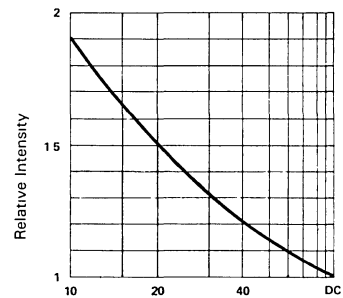


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-4900AHR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	850	2200		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

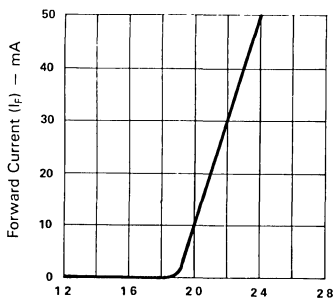


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT I_F VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

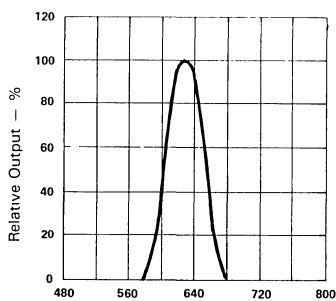


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

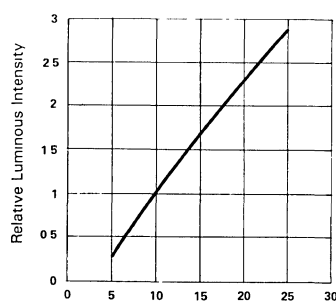


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY I_v VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

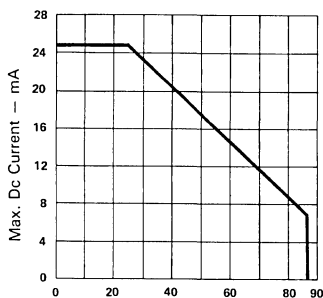


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

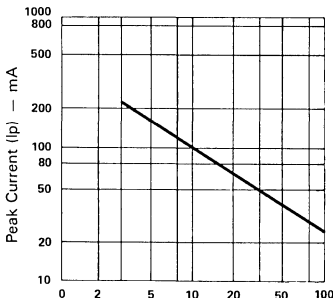


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT I_p VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

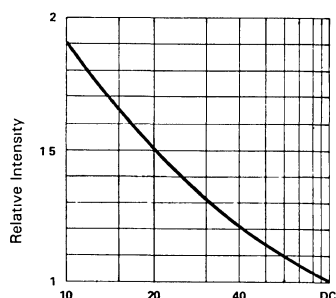


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY I_v VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

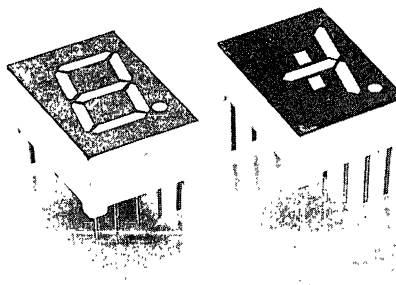


LTS-540A SERIES

0.52" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.52 INCH (13.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-540A series are 0.52 inch (13.2mm) height single digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white segment color. Green displays have gray face and green segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

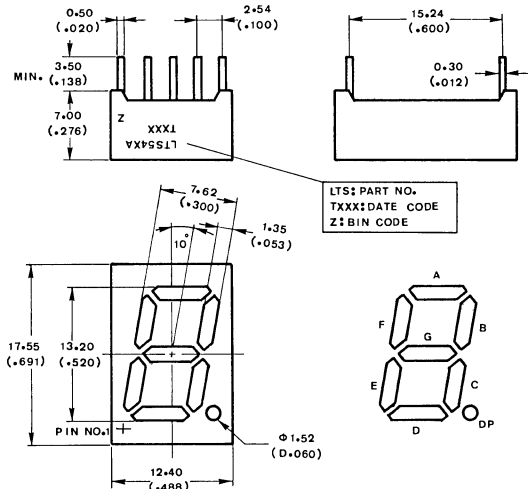
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

DEVICES

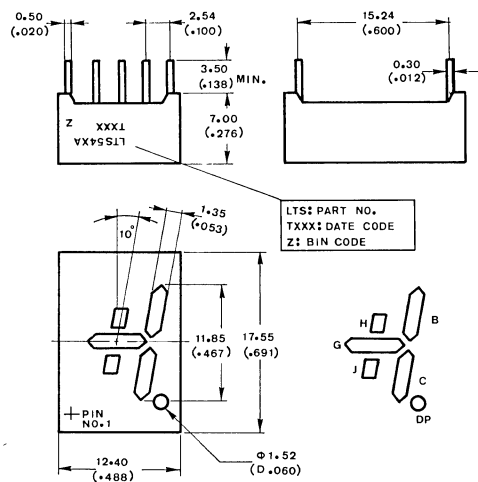
PART NO. LTS--						DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF RED			
546AR	546AP	546AG	546AY	546AE	546AHR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	A
547AR	547AP	547AG	547AY	547AE	547AHR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	B
548AR	548AP	548AG	548AY	548AE	548AHR	Common Anode, ±1 Overflow	B	C
549AR	549AP	549AG	549AY	549AE	549AHR	Common Cathode, ±1 Overflow	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-546A/547A



B. LTS-548A/549A



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- ± 0.25 mm $\frac{\pm 0.25}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

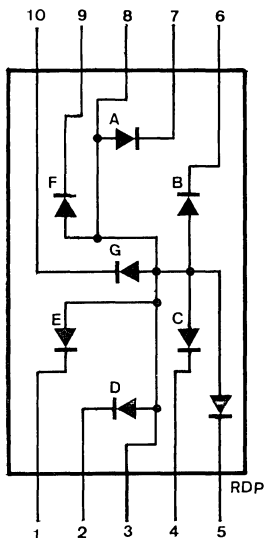
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A. LTS-546A	B. LTS-547A	C. LTS-548A	D. LTS-549A
1	Cathode E	Anode E	Cathode J	Anode J
2	Cathode D	Anode D	No Connection	No Connection
3	Common Anode*	Common Cathode*	Common Anode*	Common Cathode*
4	Cathode C	Anode C	Cathode C	Anode C
5	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.
6	Cathode B	Anode B	Cathode B	Anode B
7	Cathode A	Anode A	No Connection	No Connection
8	Common Anode*	Common Cathode*	Common Anode*	Common Cathode*
9	Cathode F	Anode F	Cathode H	Anode H
10	Cathode G	Anode G	Cathode G	Anode G

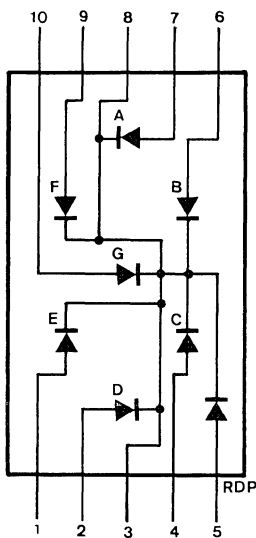
NOTES: 1. Pin 3 & 8 are internally connected.
2. Pin 5 & 6 are internally connected.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

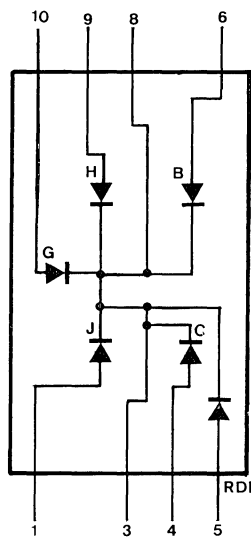
A. LTS-546A



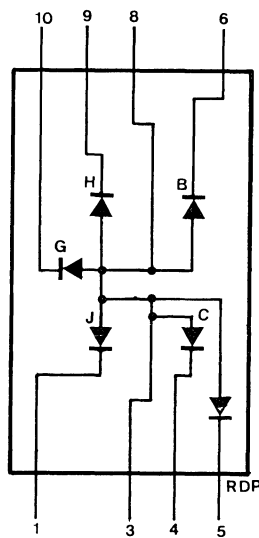
B. LTS-547A



C. LTS-548A



D. LTS-549A



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

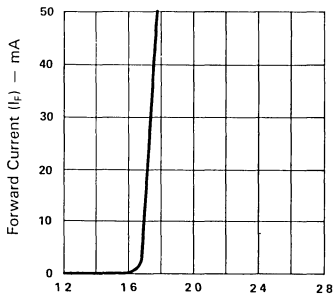
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-540AR SERIES

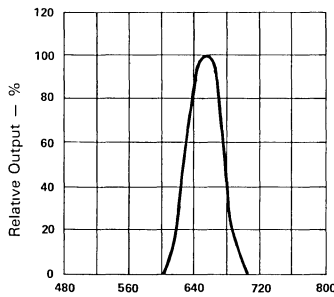
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

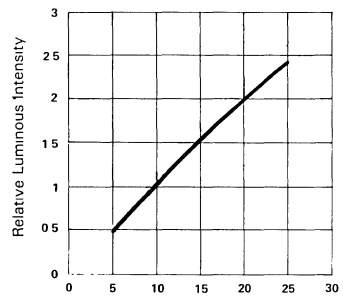
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



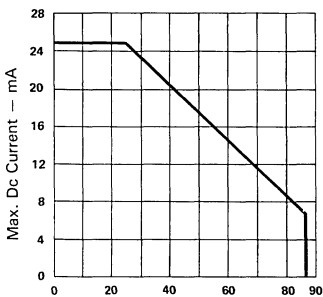
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



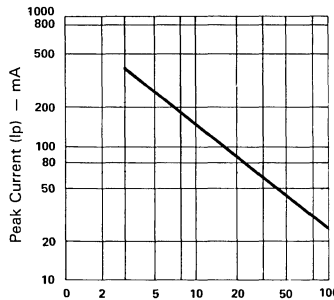
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



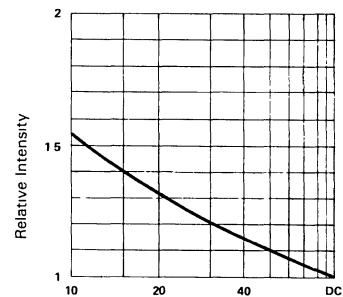
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA PER SEG}$)

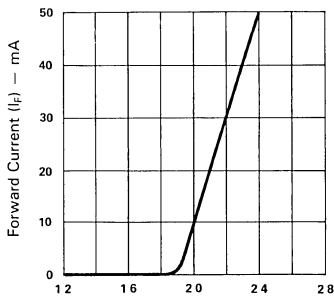
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-540AP SERIES

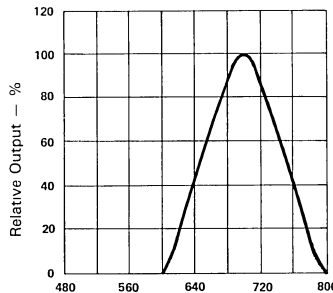
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

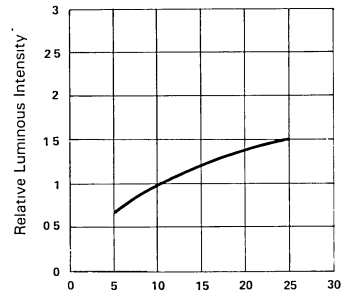
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



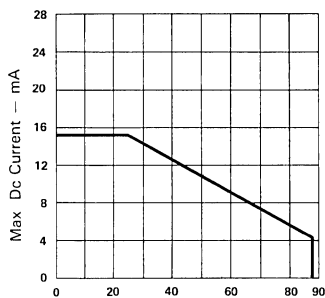
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



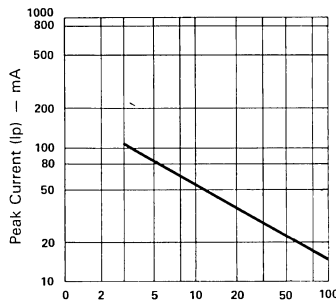
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

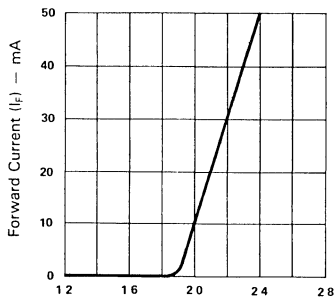
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-540AG SERIES

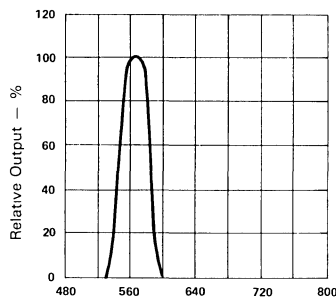
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

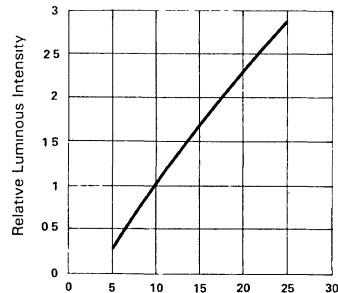
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



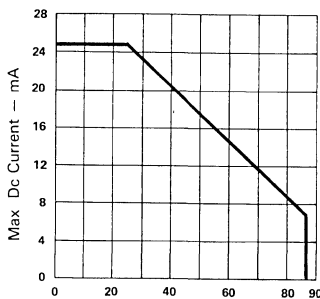
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



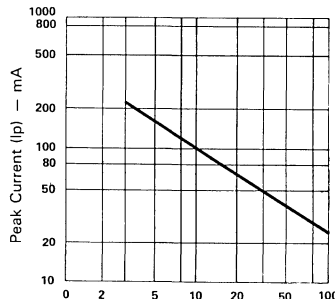
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



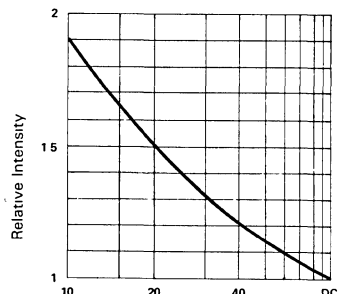
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



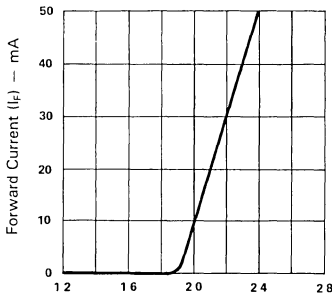
Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTS-540AY SERIES

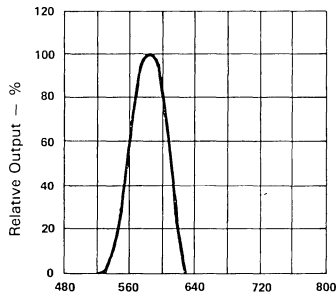
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

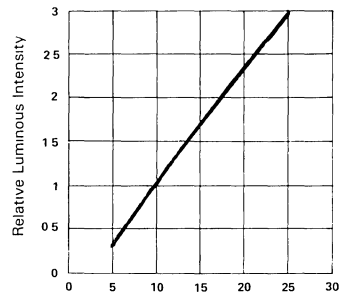
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



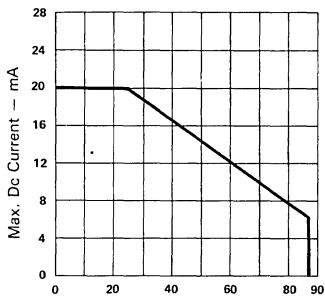
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



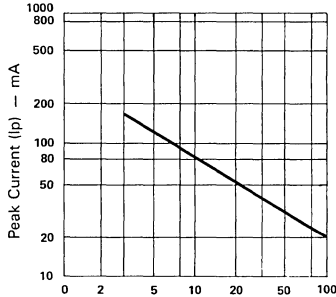
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



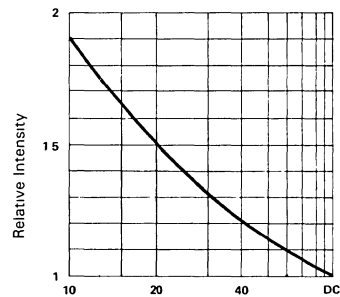
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-540AE SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

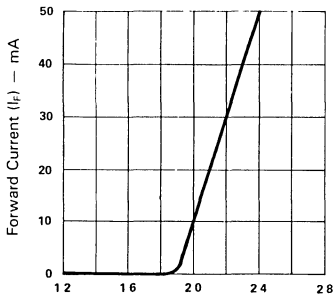


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

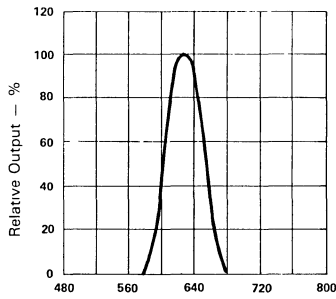


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

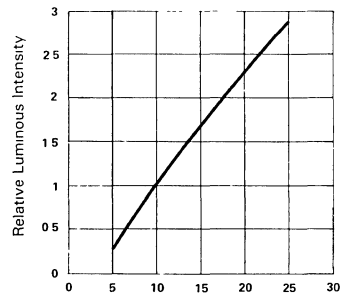


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

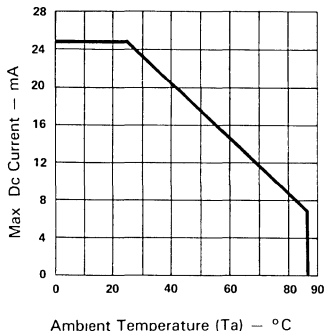


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

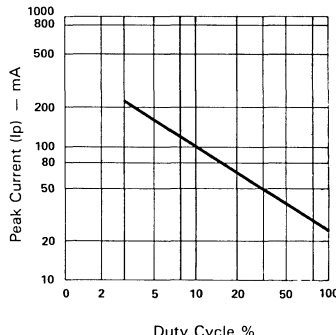


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

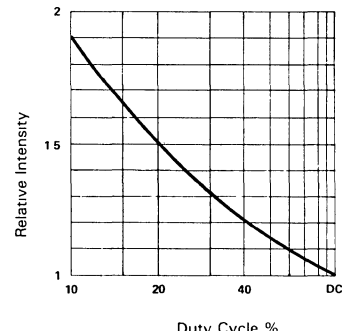


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

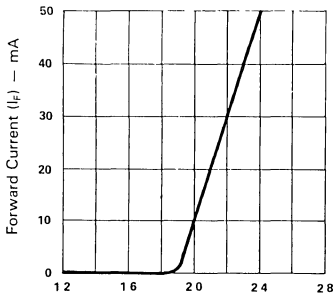
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-540AHR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	900	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

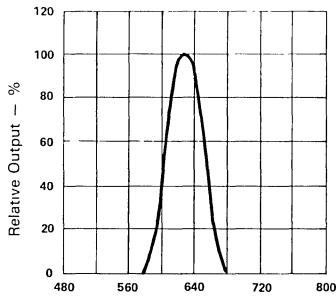
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



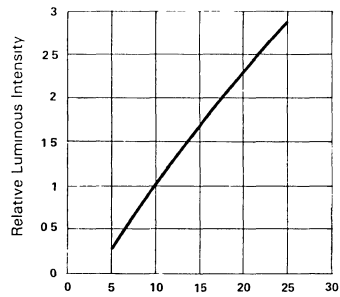
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts

Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



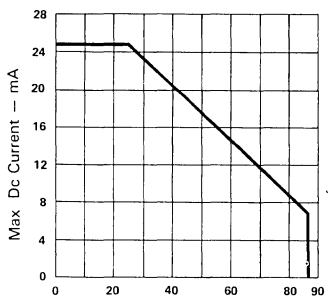
Wavelength (λ) — nm

Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



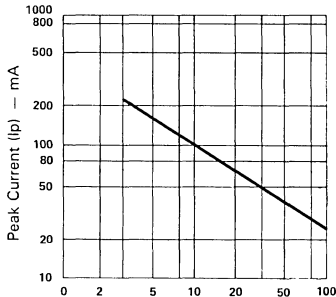
Forward Current (I_F) — mA

Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



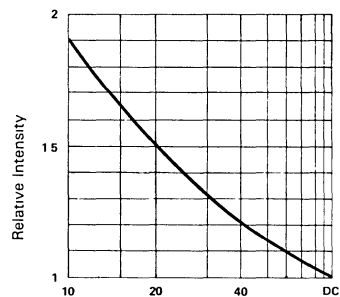
Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$

Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %

Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %

Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

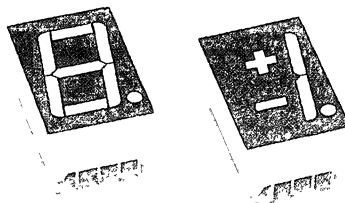


LTS-6000 SERIES

0.56 SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.56 INCH (14.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED / GREEN / YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-6000, series are 0.56 inch (14.2mm) height single digit displays.

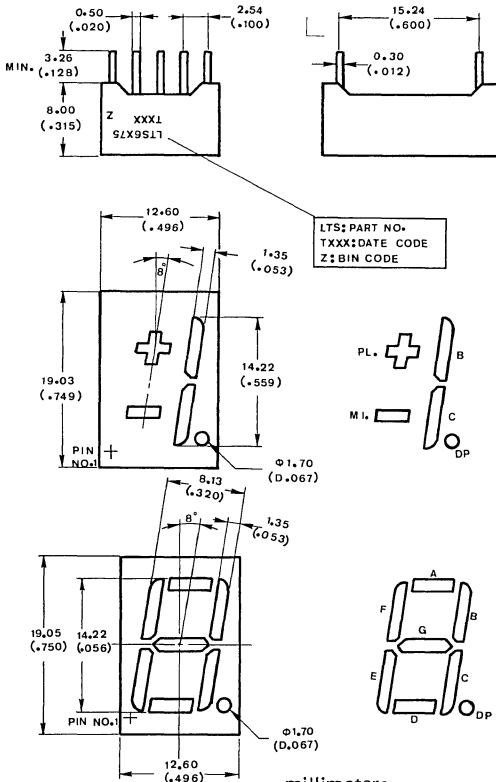
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and yellow displays have gray face and white segment color. Orange displays have orange face and orange segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO.						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF. RED		
LTS-6760R	6760P	6460G	6860Y	6660E	6960HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A
LTS-6780R	6780P	6480G	6880Y	6680E	6980HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B
LTS-6775R	6775P	6475G	6875Y	6675E	6975HR	Common Anode, ±1 Overflow	C
LTS-6795R	6795P	6495G	6895Y	6695E	6995HR	Common Cathode, ±1 Overflow	D

PACKAGE DIMENSION

LTS-6x60/6x80/6x75/6x95



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are:
(inches)

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$ 2. $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')} \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$
($\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$)

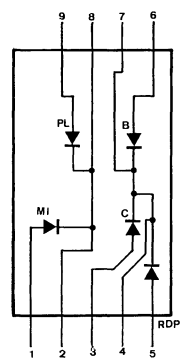
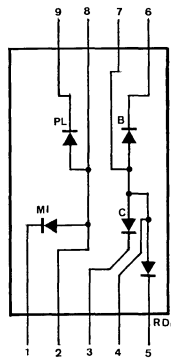
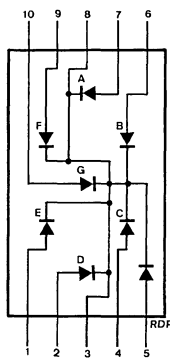
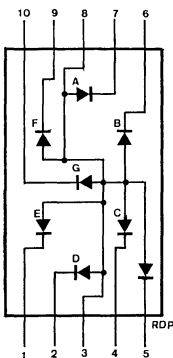
INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTS-6x60

B. LTS-6x80

C. LTS-6x75

D. LTS-6x95



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PIN CONNECTION

PIN	CONNECTION			
NO.	A. LTS-6x60	B. LTS-6x80	C. LTS-6x75	D. LTS-6x95
1	Cathode E	Anode E	Cathode Minus Sign	Anode Minus Sign
2	Cathode D	Anode D	Anode Pl., Mi *2	Cathode Pl., Mi *2
3	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode C	Anode C
4	Cathode C	Anode C	Anode B.C.Dp *3	Cathode B.C.Dp *3
5	Cathode D.P	Anode D.P.	Cathode Cp	Anode Dp
6	Cathode B	Anode B	Cathode B	Anode B
7	Cathode A	Anode A	Anode B.C.Dp *3	Cathode B.C.Dp *3
8	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Anode Pl., Mi. *2	Cathode Pl., Mi. *2
9	Cathode F	Anode F	Cathode Plus Sign	Anode Plus Sign
10	Cathode G	Anode G	No Connection	No Connection

- NOTES: 1. Pin 3 & 8 are internally connected.
 2. Pin 2 & 8 are internally connected.
 3. Pin 4 & 7 are internally connected.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

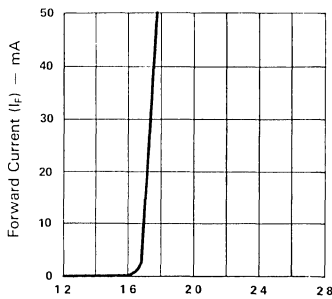
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6700R SERIES

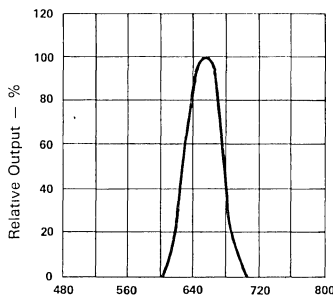
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

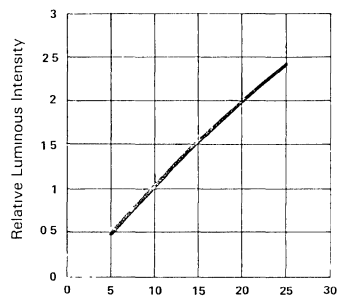
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



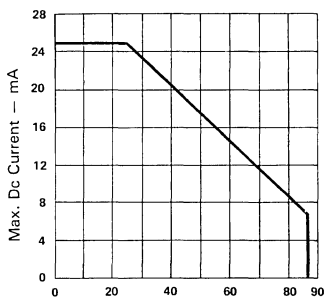
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



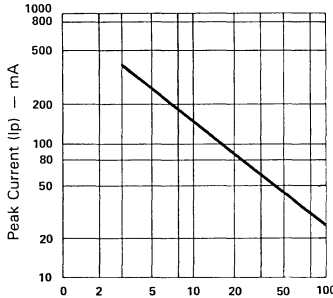
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



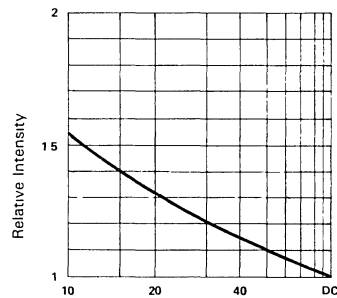
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ kHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6700P SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	950		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

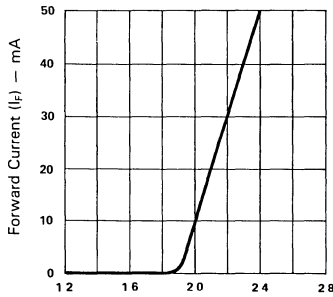


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

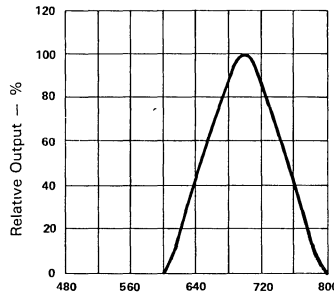


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

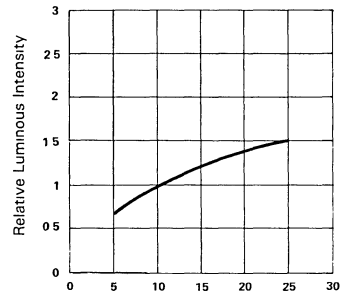


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

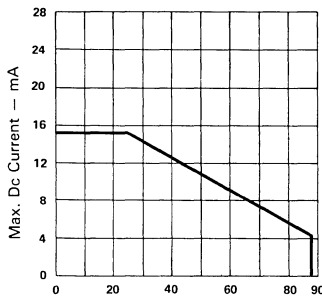


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

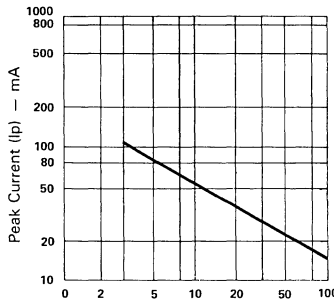


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

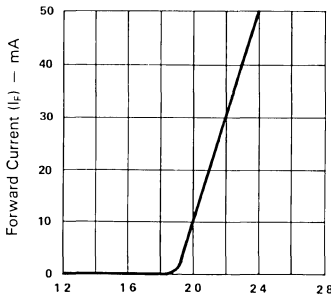
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6400G SERIES

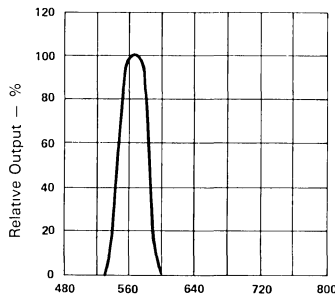
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

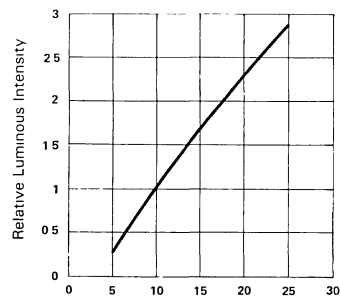
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



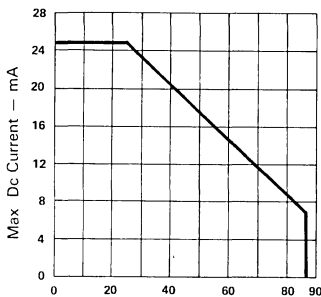
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



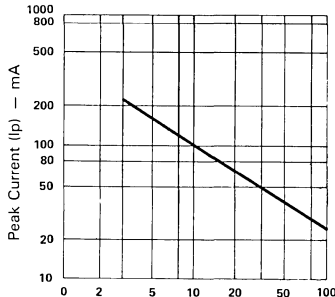
Wavelength (λ) - nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



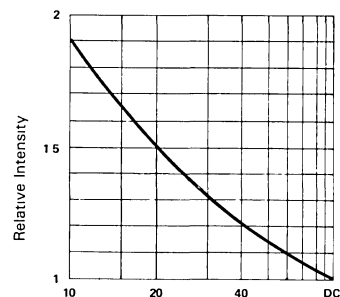
Forward Current (I_F) - mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

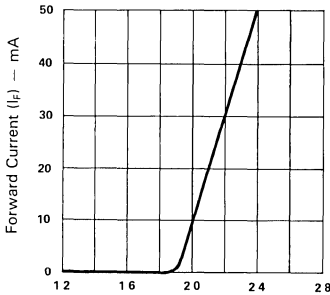
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6800Y

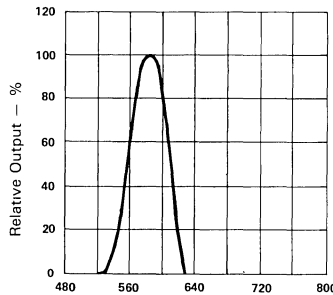
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

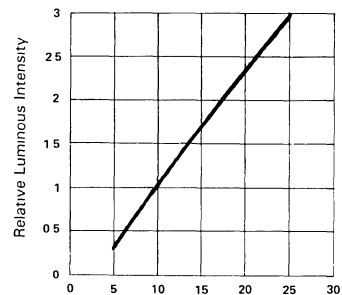
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



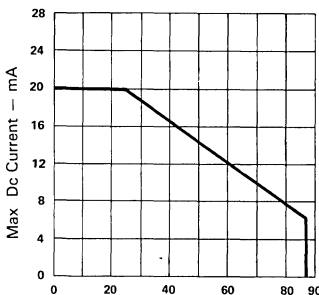
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



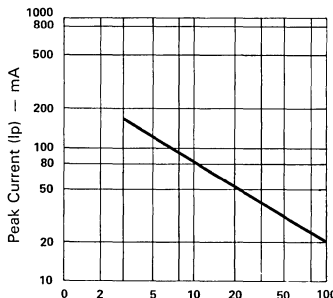
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



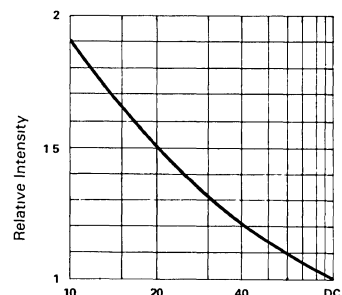
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6600E SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		45		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

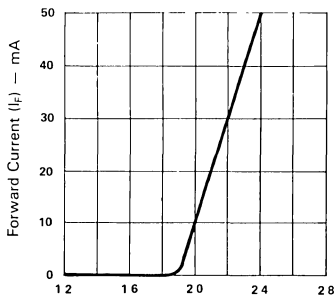


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

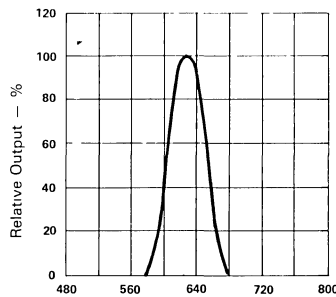


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

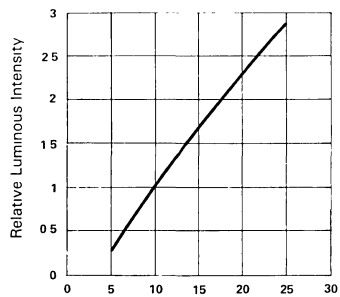


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

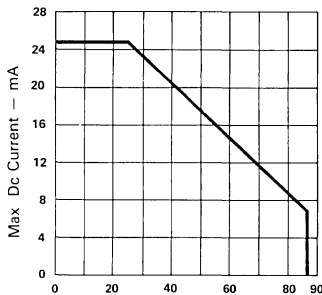


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

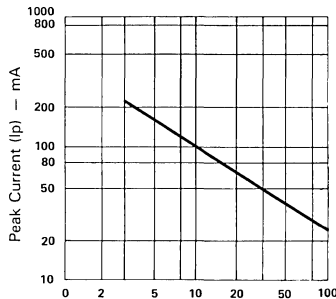


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

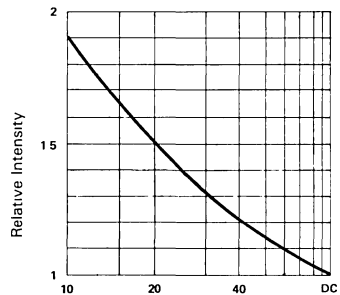


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-6900HR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		45		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

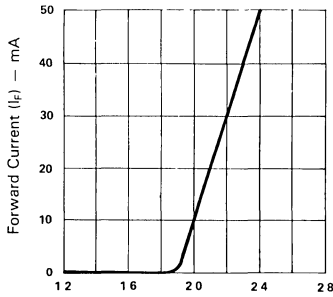


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

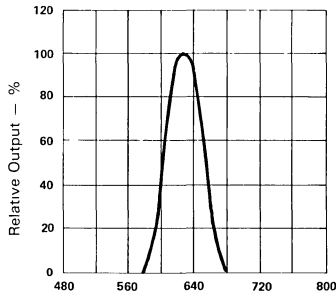


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

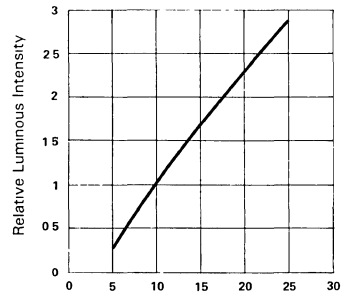


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

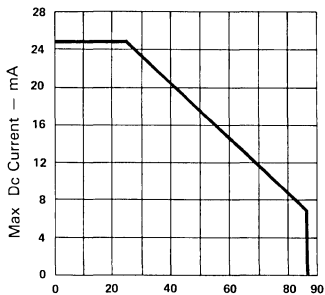


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

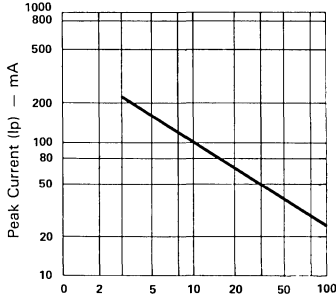


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

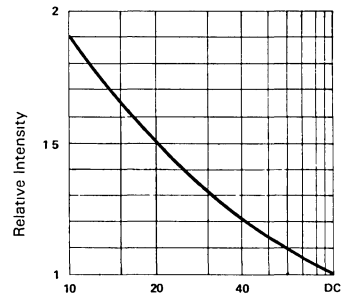


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

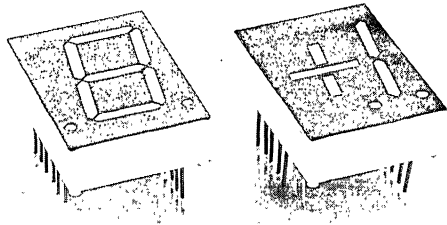


LTS-3400L SERIES

0.8" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.8 INCH (20.32mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF FIVE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I. C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-3400L series are 0.8 inch (20.32mm) height single digit displays.

The red series devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The orange series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. All devices have gray face and white segment color.

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

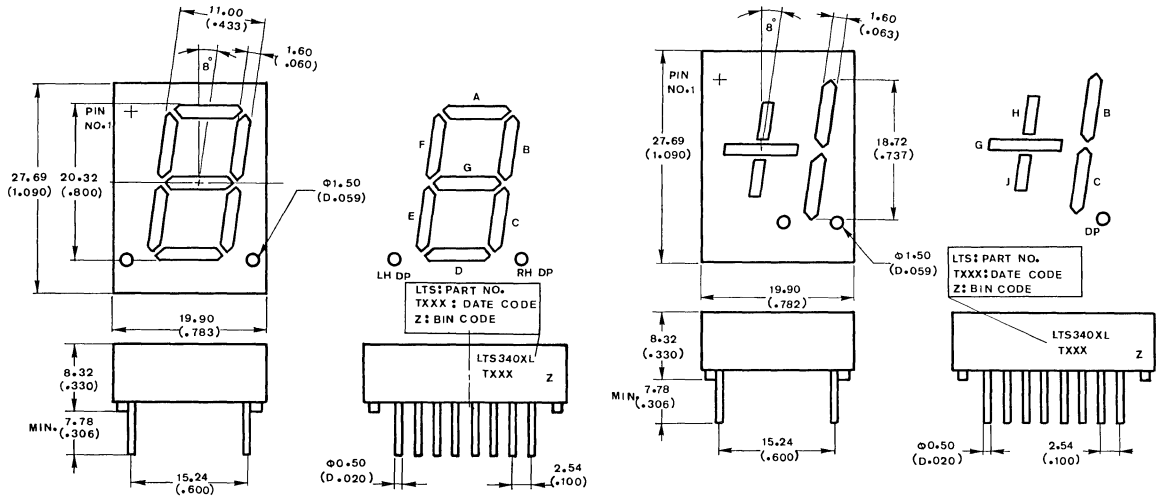
DEVICES

PART NO. LTS-					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE			
3401LR	3401LP	3401LG	3401LY	3401LE	Common Anode, Rt. & Lt. Hand Decimal	A	A
3403LR	3403LP	3403LG	3403LY	3403LE	Common Cathode, Rt. & Lt. Hand Decimal	A	B
3406LR	3406LP	3406LG	3406LY	3406LE	Universal, ± 1 Overflow, Rt. Hand Decimal	B	C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-3401L/3403L

B. LTS-3406L



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

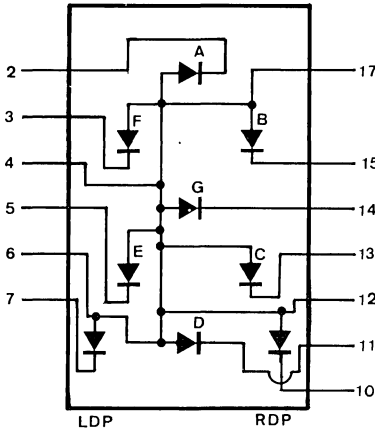
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION		
	A. LTS-3401L	B. LTS-3403L	C. LTS-3406L
1	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
2	Cathode A	Anode A	Cathode B *2
3	Cathode F	Anode F	Anode H
4	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode H
5	Cathode E	Anode E	Cathode G
6	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode J
7	Cathode L.D.P.	Anode L.D.P.	Anode J
8	No Pin	No Pin	Cathode D.P. *3
9	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
10	Cathode R.D.P.	Anode R.D.P.	Anode D.P.
11	Cathode D	Anode D	Cathode D.P. *3
12	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode C
13	Cathode C	Anode C	Anode C
14	Cathode G	Anode G	Anode G
15	Cathode B	Anode B	Anode B
16	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
17	Common Anode *1	Common Cathode *1	Cathode B *2
18	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin

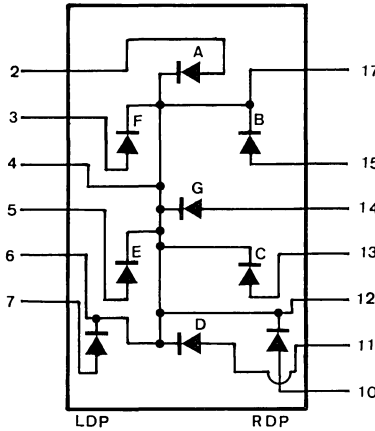
- NOTES
- Pin 4, 6, 12 & 17 are internally connected.
 - Pin 2 & 17 are internally connected.
 - Pin 8 & 11 are internally connected.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

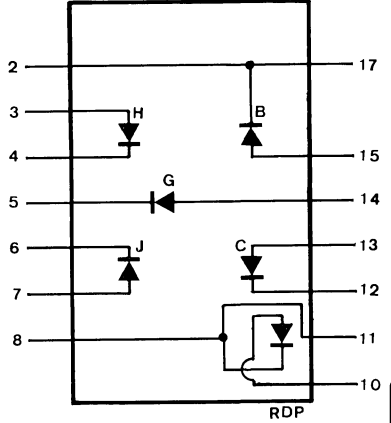
A. LTS-3401Lx



B. LTS-3403Lx



C. LTS-3406Lx



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1 ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C					
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C					
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C						

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-3400LR SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

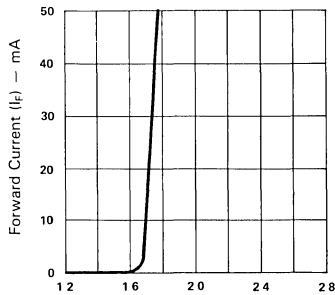


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

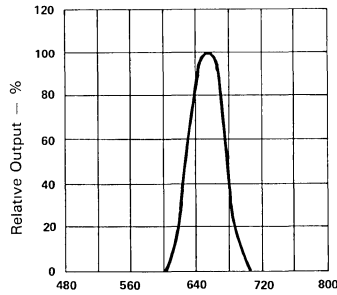


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

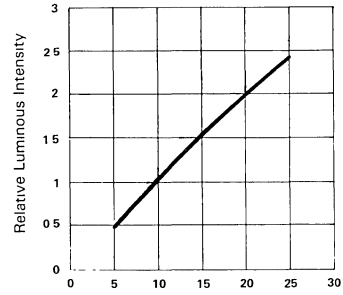


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

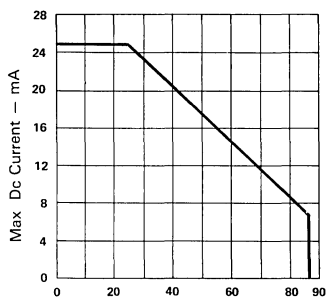


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

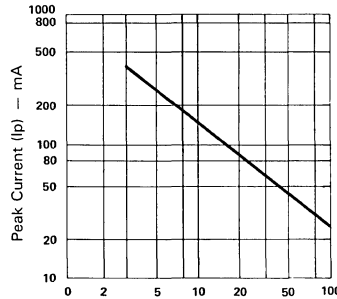


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

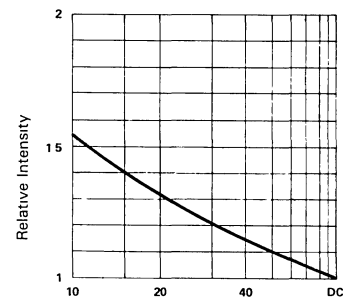


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

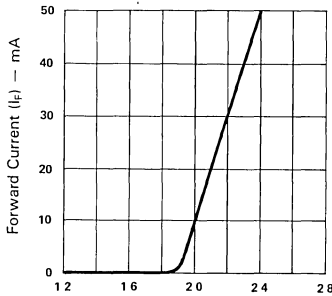
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-3400LP SERIES

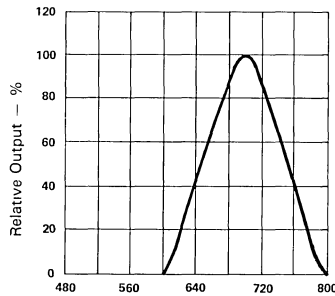
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	950		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

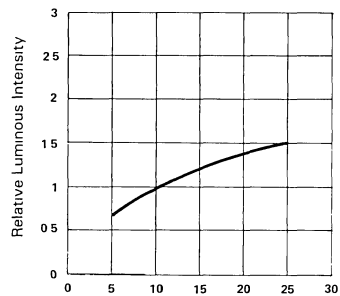
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



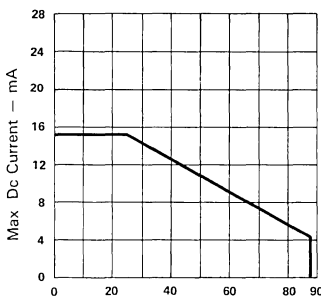
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



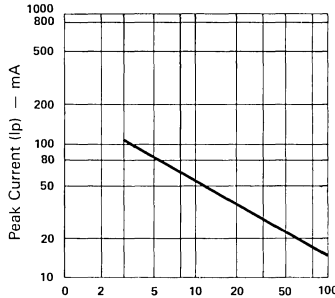
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

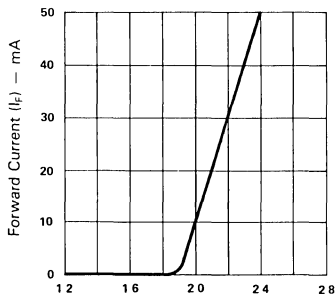
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-3400LG SERIES

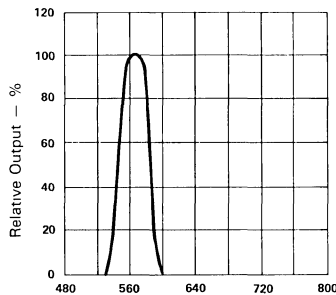
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

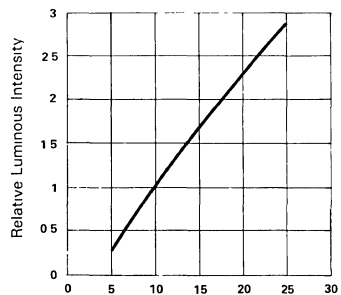
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



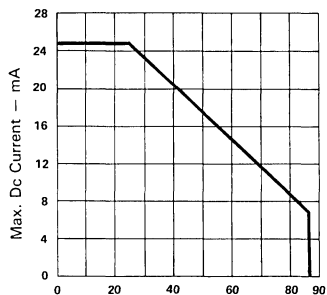
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



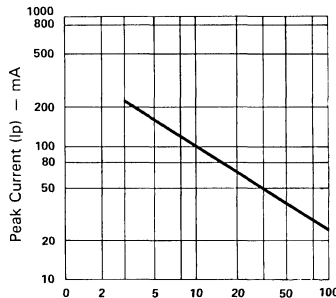
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



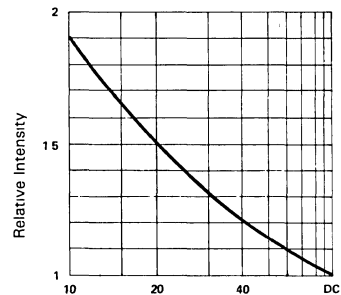
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

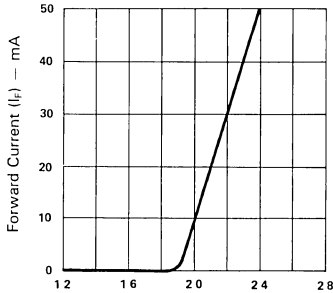
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-3400LY SERIES

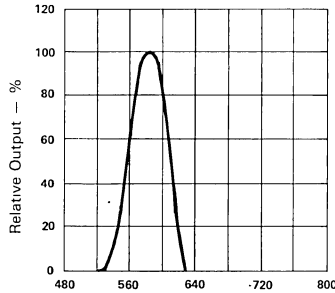
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

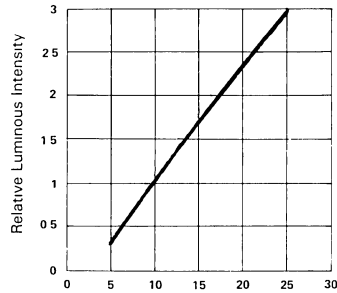
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



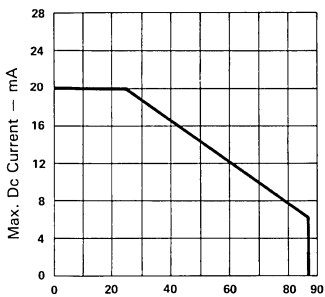
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



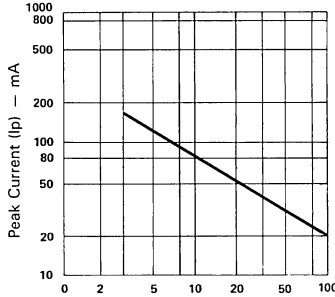
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



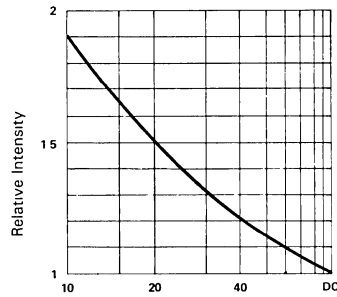
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-3400LE SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

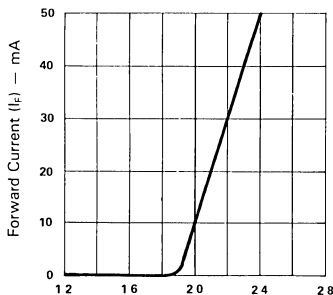


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

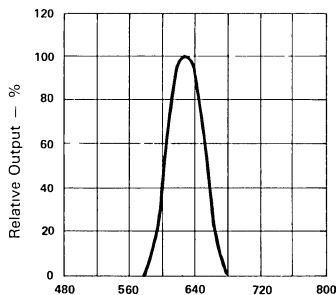


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

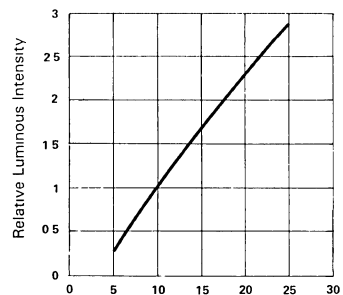


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

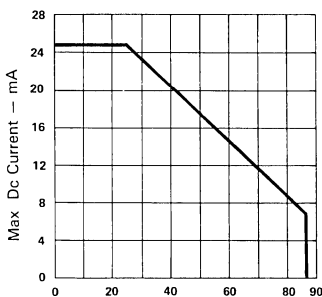


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

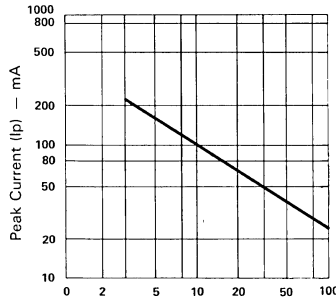


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

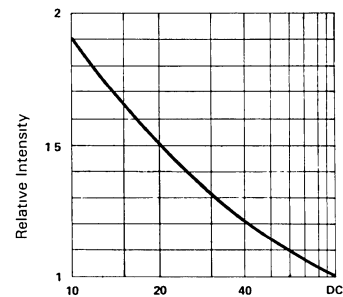


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

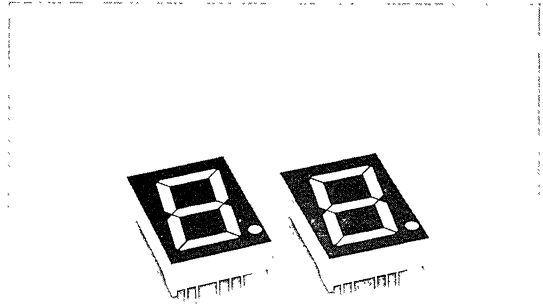


LTS-10804/10304 SERIES 10805A/10305A

1.0" SINGLE DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 1.0 INCH (25.4mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTS-10000 series are 1.0 inch (25.4mm) height single digit displays.

The and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow and orange series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. All devices have black face and white segment color.

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

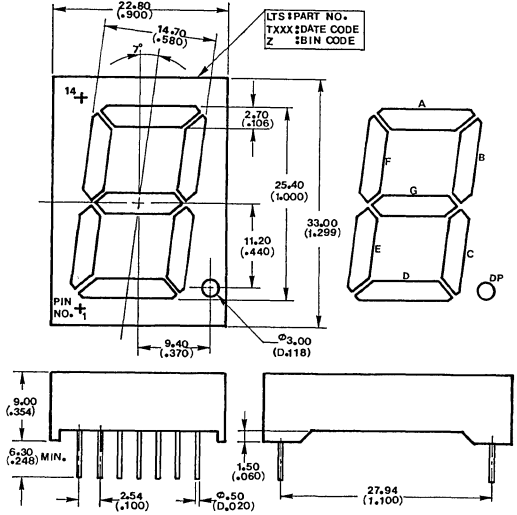
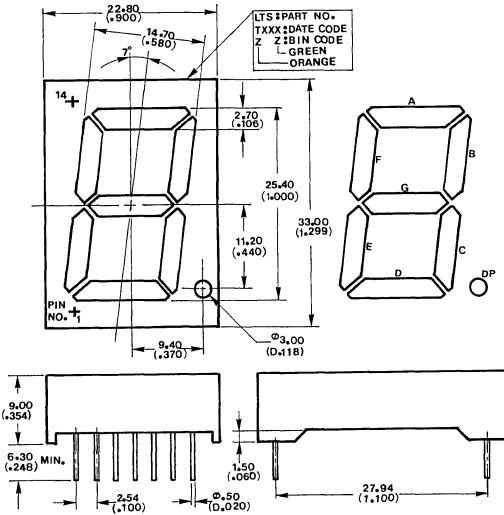
DEVICES

GREEN	PART NO. LTS-			DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
	YELLOW	ORANGE	MULTI-COLOR			
10804G	10804Y	10804E	-	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	A
10304G	10304Y	10304E	-	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal	A	B
-	-	-	10805A	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B	C
-	-	-	10305A	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTS-10x04

B. LTS-10x05A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

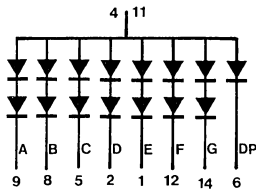
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25}{(0.010)}$ mm unless otherwise noted. $\frac{+0.040}{-0.000}$ (inches)

PIN CONNECTION

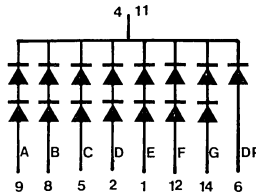
PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A. LTS-10804	B. LTS-10304	C. LTS-10805A	D. LTS-10305A
1	Cathode E	Anode E	Cathode E	Anode E
2	Cathode D	Anode D	Cathode D	Anode D
3	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
4	Common Anode	Common Cathode	Common Anode Green	Common Cathode Green
5	Cathode C	Anode C	Cathode C	Anode C
6	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.
7	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
8	Cathode B	Anode B	Cathode B	Anode B
9	Cathode A	Anode A	Cathode A	Anode A
10	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
11	Common Anode	Common Cathode	Common Anode Orange	Common Cathode Orange
12	Cathode F	Anode F	Cathode F	Anode F
13	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin
14	Cathode G	Anode G	Cathode G	Anode G

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

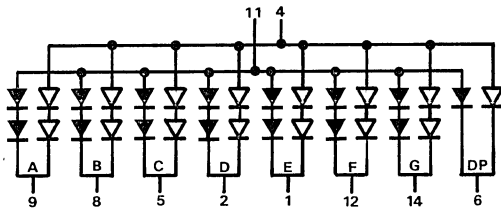
A. LTS-10804



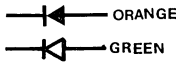
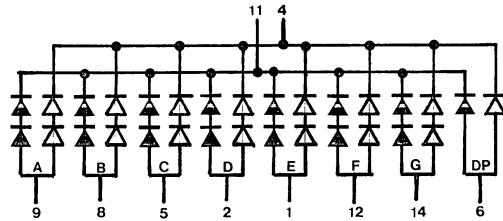
B. LTS-10304



C. LTS-10805A



D. LTS-10305A



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

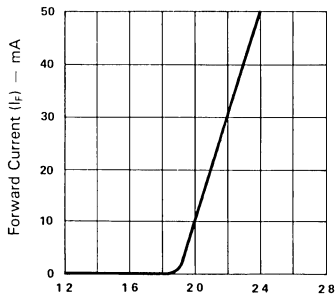
PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	120	100	120	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	20	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.24	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	10	10	10	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$				

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTS-10000G/10000A (GREEN)

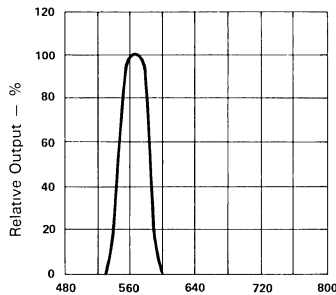
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	2.5	4.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		4.2 (2.1)	5.6 (2.8)	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

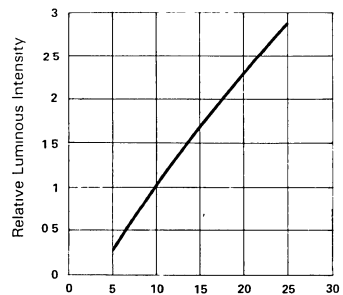
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



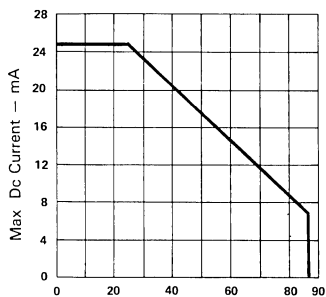
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



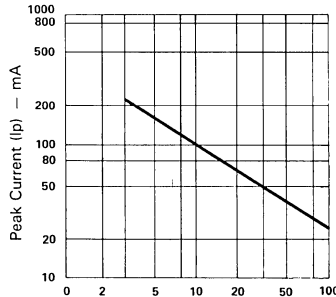
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



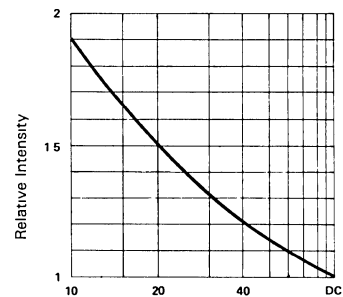
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTS-1000Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	2.5	4.5		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		4.2 (2.1)	5.6 (2.8)	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

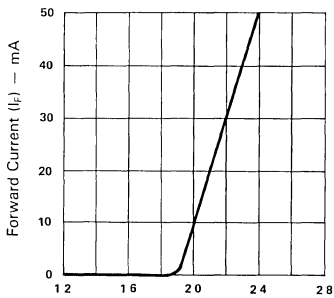


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

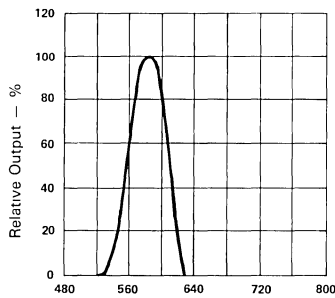


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

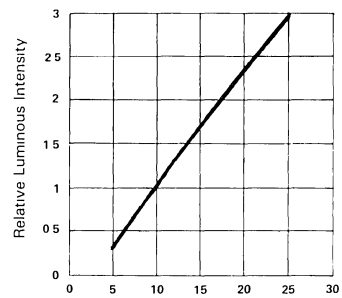


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

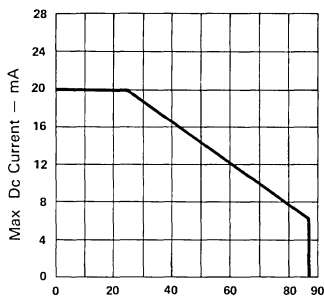


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

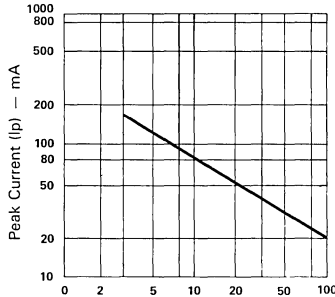


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

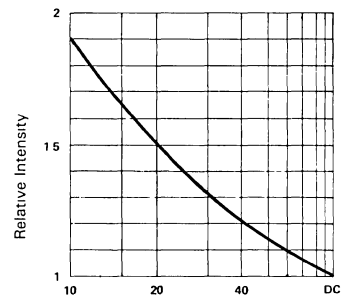


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

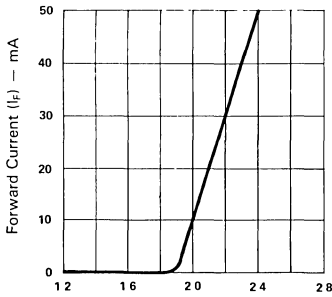
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTS-10000E/10000A (ORANGE)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	2.5	4.5		mcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		4.2 (2.1)	5.6 (2.8)	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

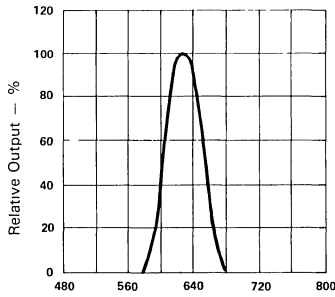
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



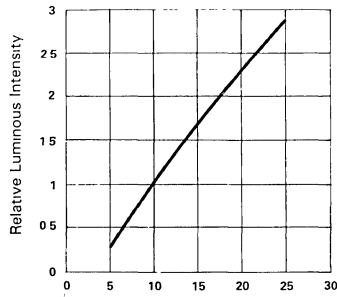
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts

Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



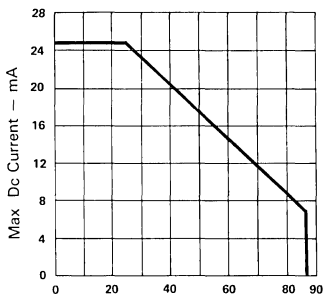
Wavelength (λ) - nm

Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



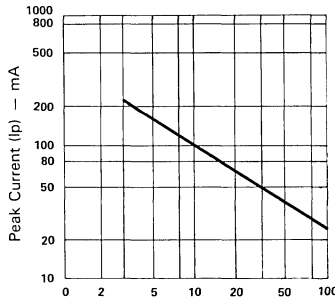
Forward Current (I_F) - mA

Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



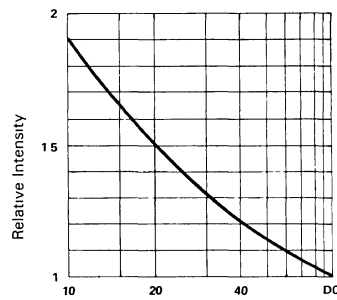
Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$

Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %

Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %

Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

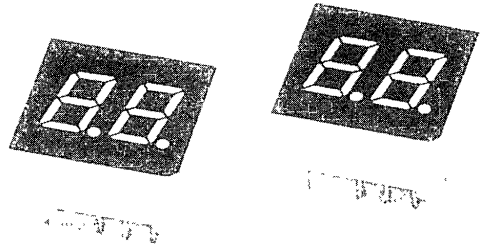


LTD-322/323 SERIES

0.3" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/ BRIGHT RED/GREEN.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- COMMON ANODE OR COMMON CATHODE MODELS.
- TWO DIGIT PACKAGE SIMPLIFIES ALIGNMENTS & ASSEMBLY.
- LEADS ON .100" (2.54mm) CENTERS.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.



DESCRIPTION

The LTD-322/323 series are 0.3 inch (7.62 mm) height dual digit displays.

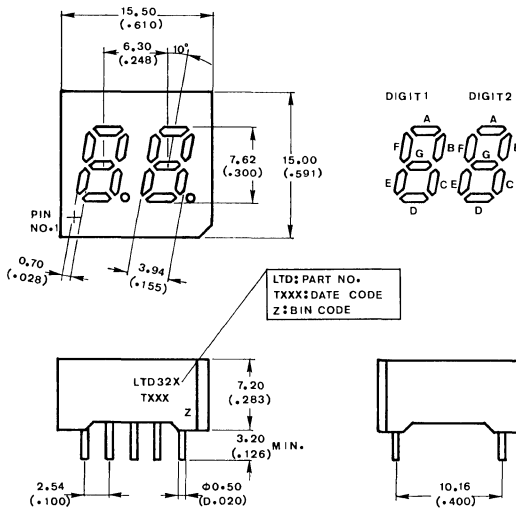
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red and green displays have black face and white segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTD-			DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		
322R	322P	322G	Common Cathode	A
323R	323P	323G	Common Anode	B

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000} \text{ mm}$ ($\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$)

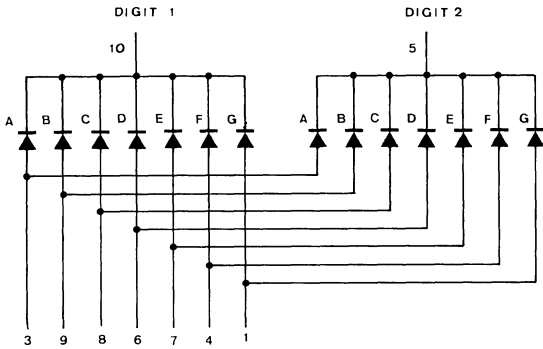
2. $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

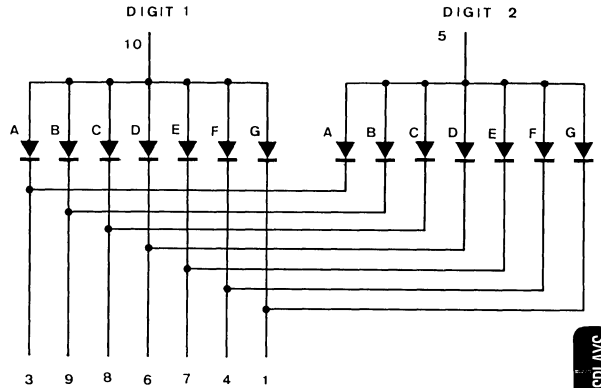
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTD-322	B. LTD-323
1	Anode G	Cathode G
2	No Pin	No Pin
3	Anode A	Cathode A
4	Anode F	Cathode F
5	Common Cathode (Digit 2)	Common Anode (Digit 2)
6	Anode D	Cathode D
7	Anode E	Cathode E
8	Anode C	Cathode C
9	Anode B	Cathode B
10	Common Cathode (Digit 1)	Common Anode (Digit 1)

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTD-322



B. LTD-323



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-322R/323R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	200	400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

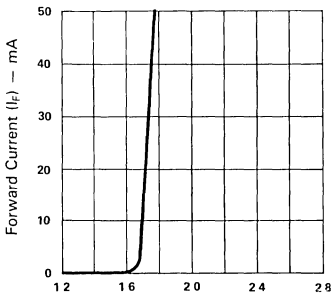


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

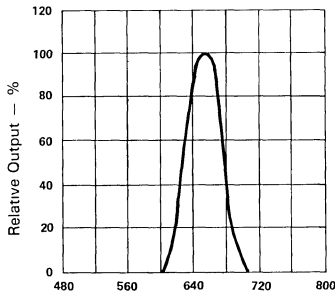


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

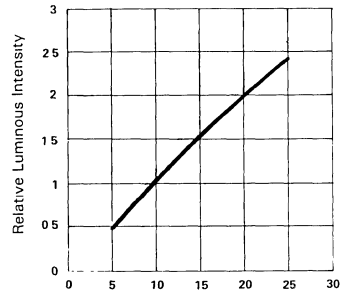


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

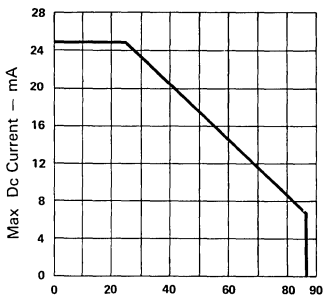


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

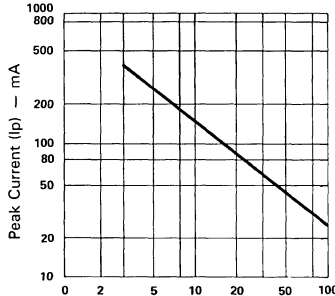


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

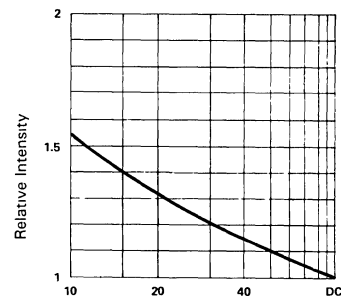


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

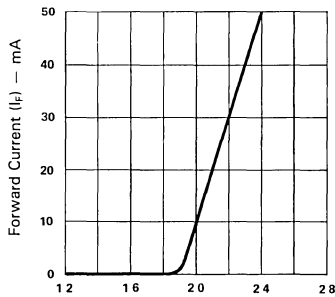
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD – 322P/323P

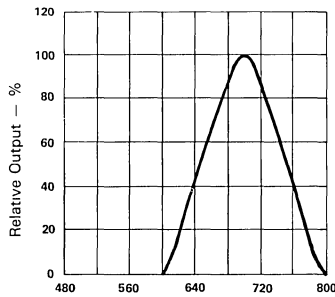
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_V	250	650		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

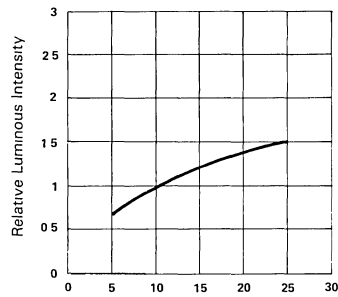
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



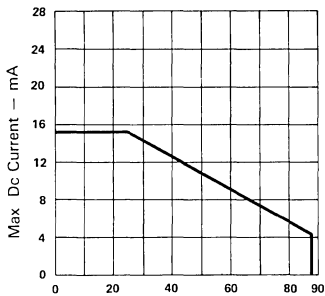
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



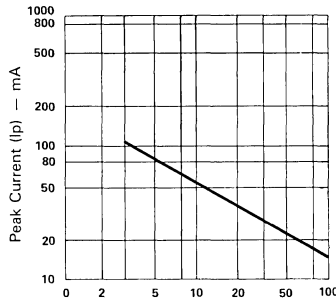
Wavelength (λ) – nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

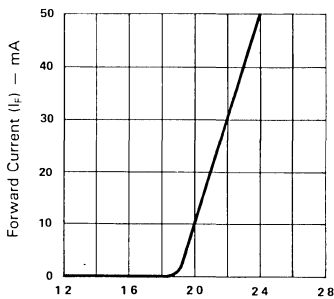
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-322G/323G

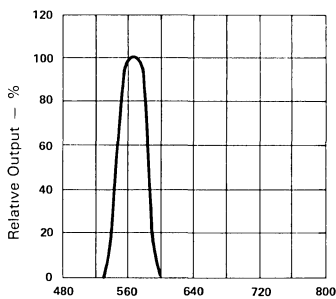
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	600	1600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

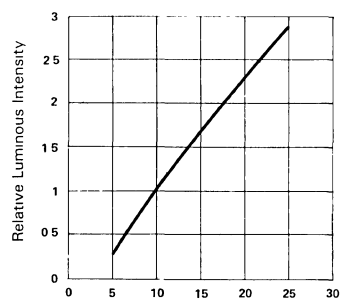
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



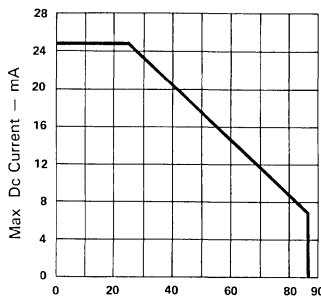
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



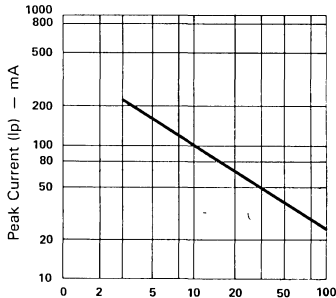
Wavelength (λ) - nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



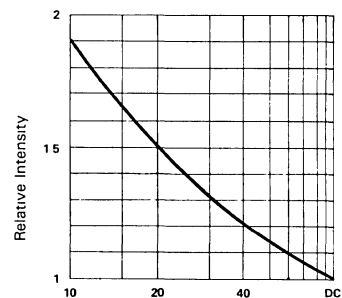
Forward Current (I_F) - mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

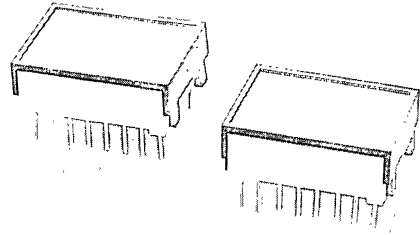


LTD-432XC SERIES 482XC

0.4" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.4 INCH (10.21 mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-RED / BRIGHT RED/GREEN/ORANGE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- COMMON ANODE OR COMMON CATHODE MODELS.
- TWO DIGIT PACKAGE SIMPLIFIES ALIGNMENTS & ASSEMBLY.
- LEADS ON .100" (2.54mm) CENTERS.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

DESCRIPTION

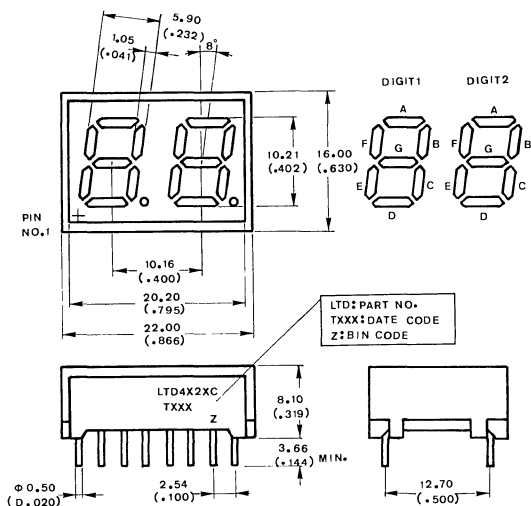
The LTD-432XC/482XC series are 0.4 inch (10.21mm) height dual digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The orange series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red and orange displays have red cap. Green displays have green cap.

DEVICE

PART NO. LTD-				DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED.	GREEN	ORANGE		
432RC	432PC	432GC	432EC	Common Cathode	A
482RC	482PC	482GC	482EC	Common Anode	B

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

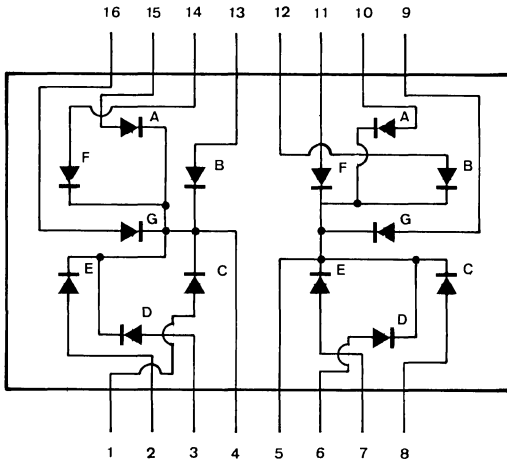
1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$ $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$ 2. $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

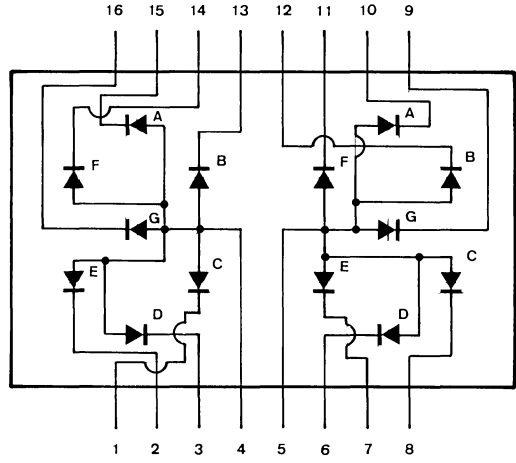
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTD-432XC	B. LTD-482XC
1	Anode C (Digit 1)	Cathode C (Digit 1)
2	Anode E (Digit 1)	Cathode E (Digit 1)
3	Anode D (Digit 1)	Cathode D (Digit 1)
4	Common Cathode (Digit 1)	Common Anode (Digit 1)
5	Common Cathode (Digit 2)	Common Anode (Digit 2)
6	Anode D (Digit 2)	Cathode D (Digit 2)
7	Anode E (Digit 2)	Cathode E (Digit 2)
8	Anode C (Digit 2)	Cathode C (Digit 2)
9	Anode G (Digit 2)	Cathode G (Digit 2)
10	Anode A (Digit 2)	Cathode A (Digit 2)
11	Anode F (Digit 2)	Cathode F (Digit 2)
12	Anode B (Digit 2)	Cathode B (Digit 2)
13	Anode B (Digit 1)	Cathode B (Digit 1)
14	Anode F (Digit 1)	Cathode F (Digit 1)
15	Anode A (Digit 1)	Cathode A (Digit 1)
16	Anode G (Digit 1)	Cathode G (Digit 1)

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTD-432XC



B. LTD-482XC



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$					

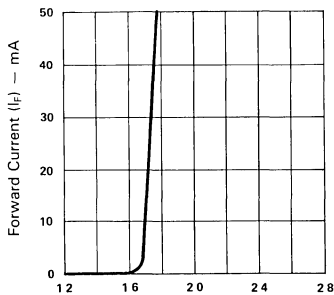
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-432RC/482RC SERIES

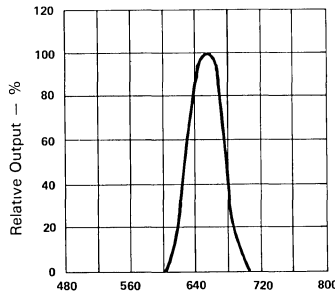
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	100	300		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

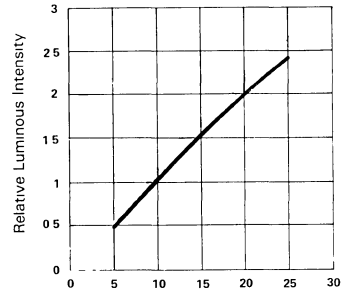
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



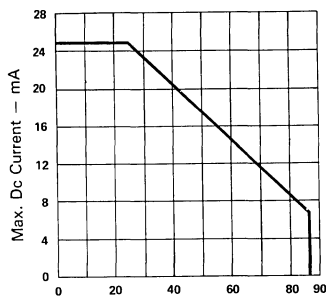
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



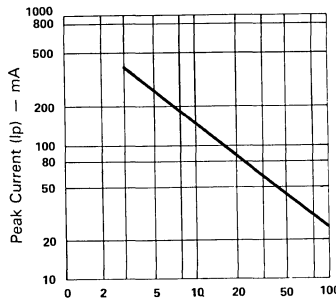
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



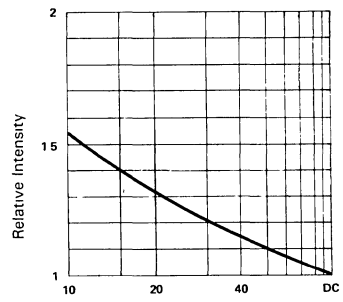
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-432PC/482PC SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

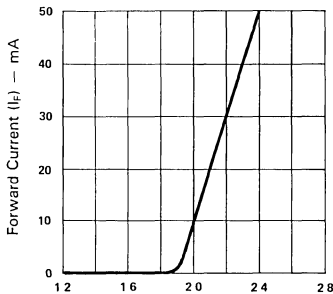


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

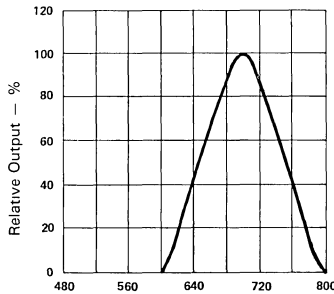


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

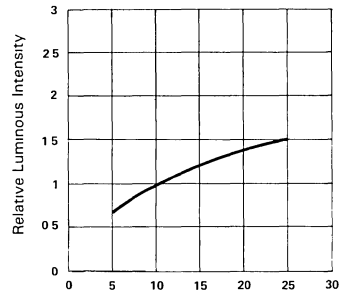


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

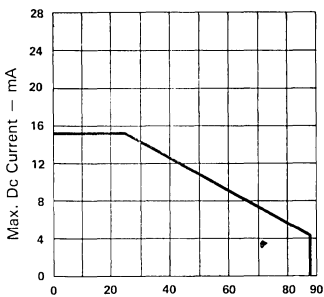


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

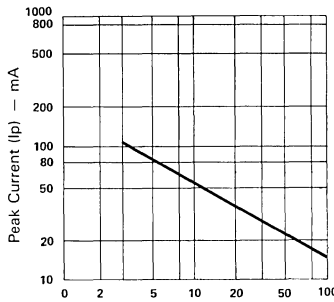


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

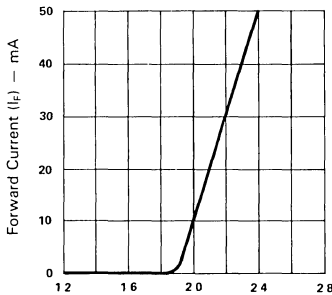
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-432GC/482GC SERIES

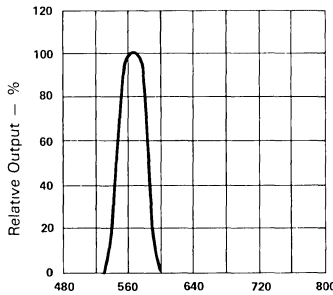
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	500	1100		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

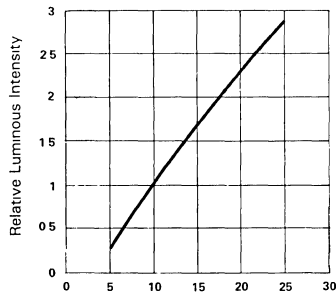
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



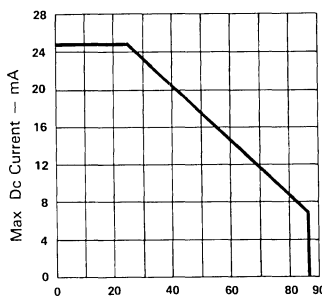
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



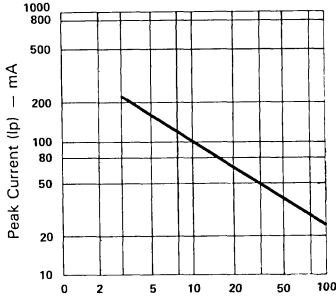
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



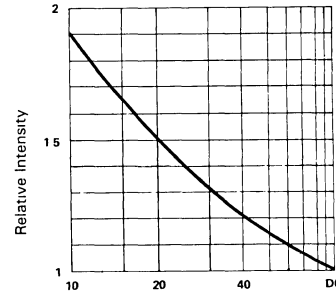
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-432EC/482EC SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	500	1100		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

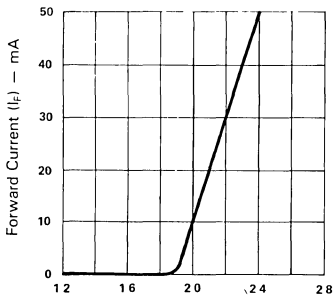


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

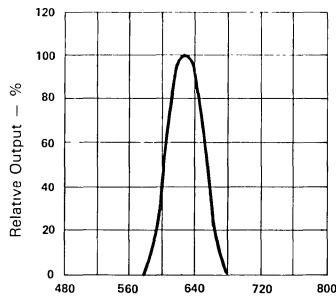


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

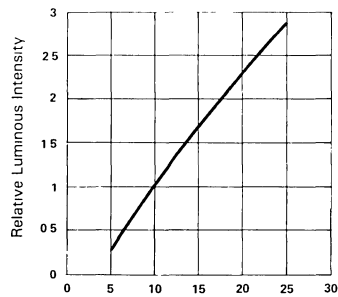


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

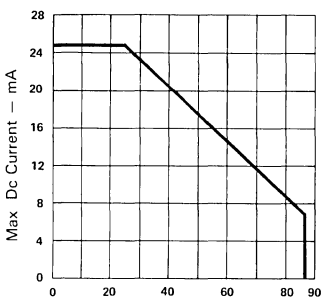


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

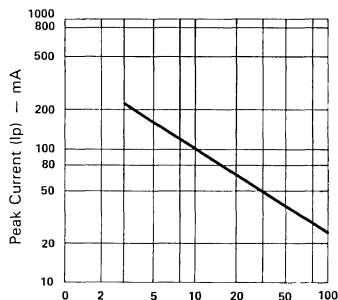


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

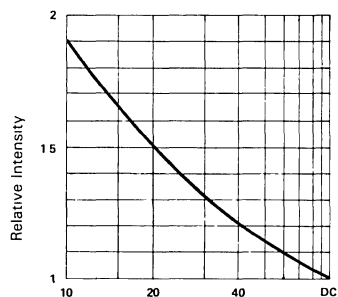


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

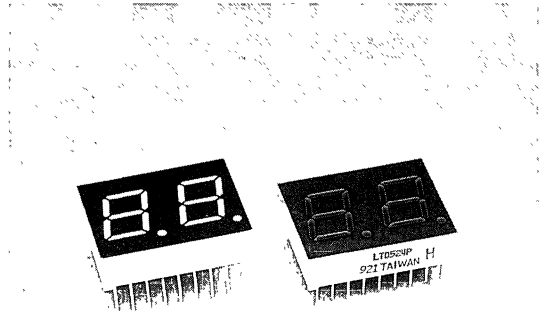


LTD-524 SERIES

0.43" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- .43 INCH (11.0mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF FIVE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTD-524 series are .43 inch (11.0mm) height dual digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow and orange series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

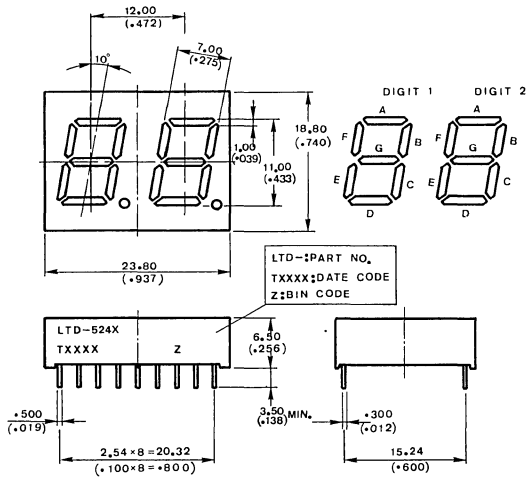
Bright red displays have black face and red segment color.

Green, displays have black face and green segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTD--		DESCRIPTION
BRIGHT RED	GREEN	
524P	524G	Common Anode

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

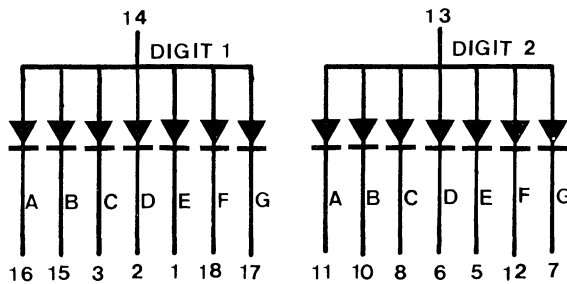
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$ $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	PIN NO.	CONNECTION
	LTD-524		LTD-524
1	Cathode E (Digit 1)	10	Cathode B (Digit 2)
2	Cathode D (Digit 1)	11	Cathode A (Digit 2)
3	Cathode C (Digit 1)	12	Cathode F (Digit 2)
4	No Connection	13	Common Anode (Digit 2)
5	Cathode E (Digit 2)	14	Common Anode (Digit 1)
6	Cathode D (Digit 2)	15	Cathode B (Digit 1)
7	Cathode G (Digit 2)	16	Cathode A (Digit 1)
8	Cathode C (Digit 2)	17	Cathode G (Digit 1)
9	No Connection	18	Cathode F (Digit 1)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	40	75	nW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	15	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.18	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$		
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$			

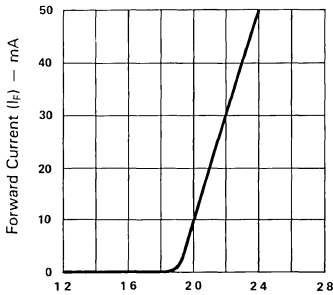
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-524P SERIES

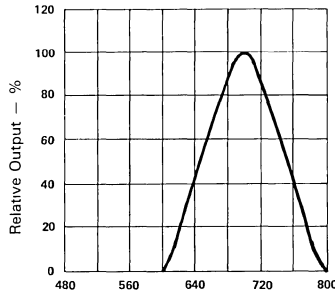
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	250	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

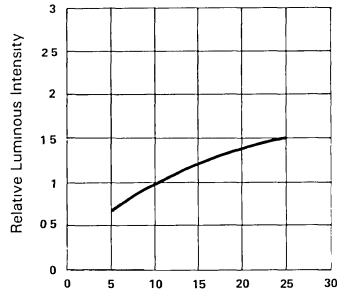
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



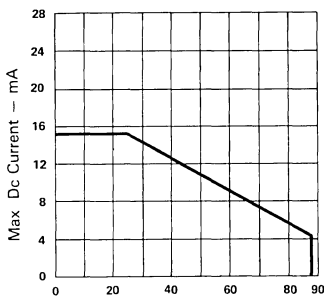
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.



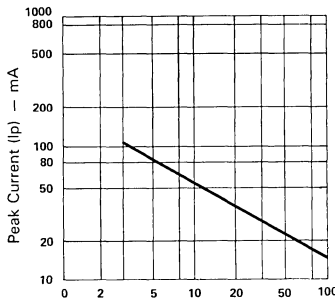
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

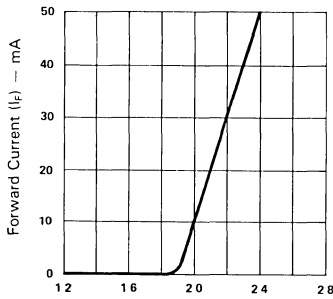
SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-524G SERIES

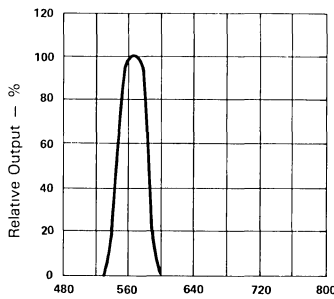
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

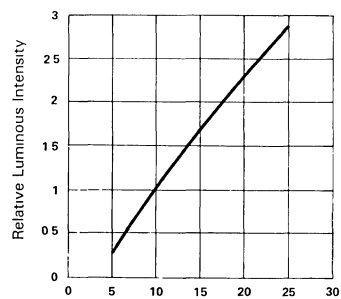
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



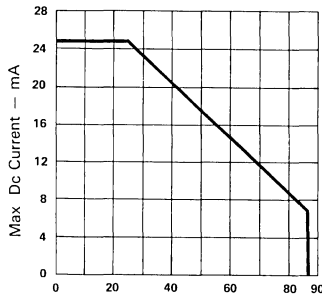
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



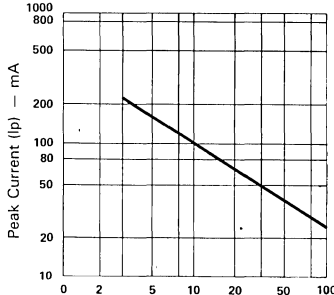
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



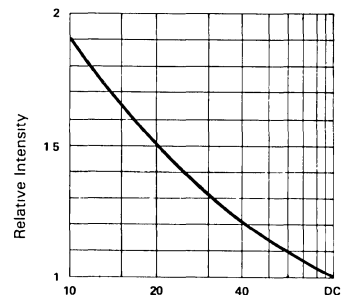
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

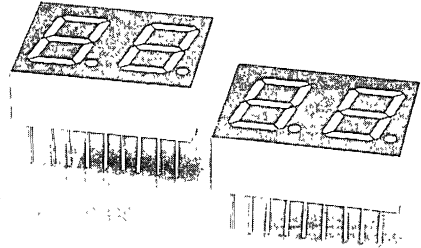


LTD-535 585 SERIES

0.5" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.5 INCH (12.7mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- COMMON ANODE OR COMMON CATHODE MODELS.
- TWO DIGIT PACKAGE SIMPLIFIES ALIGNMENTS & ASSEMBLY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTD-535/585 series are 0.5 inch (12.7mm) height dual digit displays.

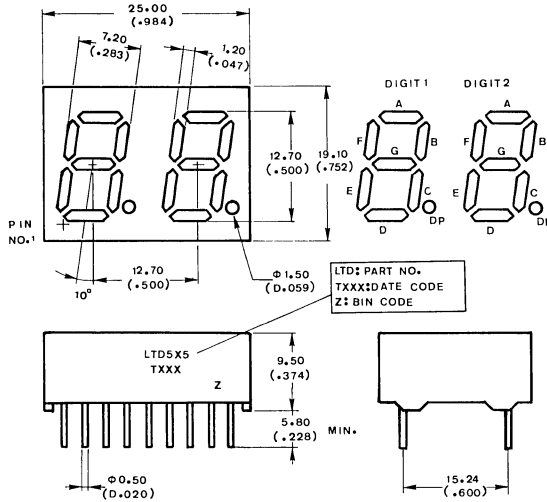
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red, green, yellow and orange displays have black face and white segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTD-						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED		
535R	535P	535G	535Y	535E	535HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A
585R	585P	585G	585Y	585E	585HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

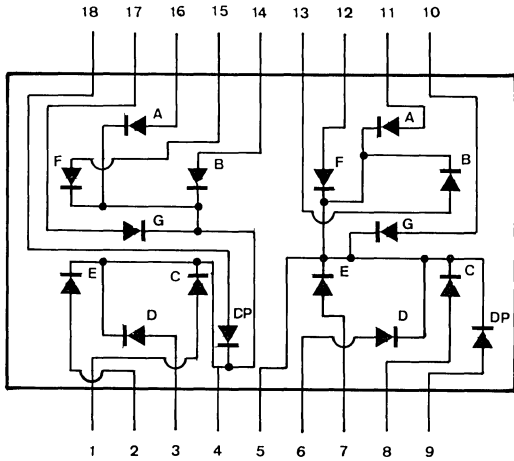
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $(\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''})$
- ± 0.25 mm $(0.010'')$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

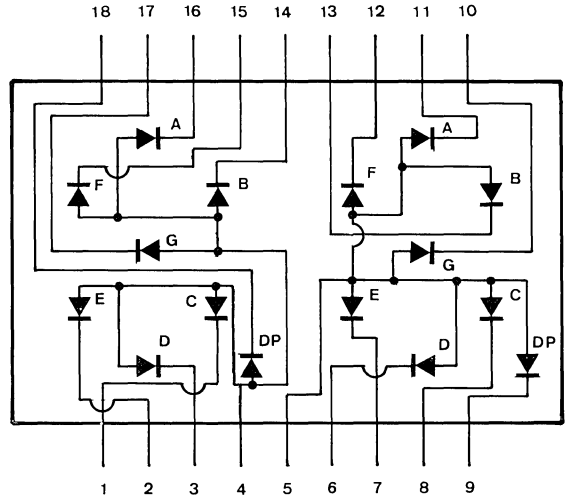
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTD-535	B. LTD-585
1	Anode C (Digit 1)	Cathode C (Digit 1)
2	Anode E (Digit 1)	Cathode E (Digit 1)
3	Anode D (Digit 1)	Cathode D (Digit 1)
4	Common Cathode (Digit 1)	Common Anode (Digit 1)
5	Common Cathode (Digit 2)	Common Anode (Digit 2)
6	Anode D (Digit 2)	Cathode D (Digit 2)
7	Anode E (Digit 2)	Cathode E (Digit 2)
8	Anode C (Digit 2)	Cathode C (Digit 2)
9	Anode D.P. (Digit 2)	Cathode D.P. (Digit 2)
10	Anode G (Digit 2)	Cathode G (Digit 2)
11	Anode A (Digit 2)	Cathode A (Digit 2)
12	Anode F (Digit 2)	Cathode F (Digit 2)
13	Anode B (Digit 2)	Cathode B (Digit 2)
14	Anode B (Digit 1)	Cathode B (Digit 1)
15	Anode F (Digit 1)	Cathode F (Digit 1)
16	Anode A (Digit 1)	Cathode A (Digit 1)
17	Anode G (Digit 1)	Cathode G (Digit 1)
18	Anode D.P. (Digit 1)	Cathode D.P. (Digit 1)

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTD-535



B. LTD-585



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-535R/585R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

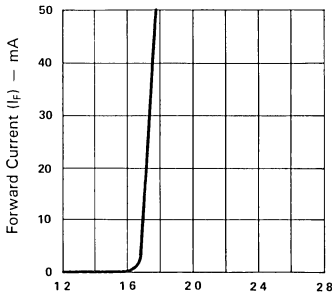


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

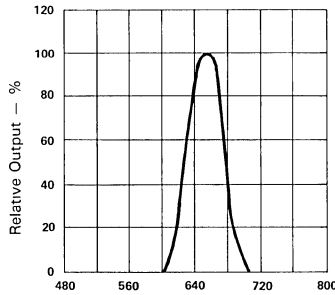


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

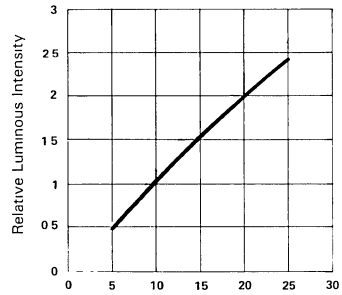


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

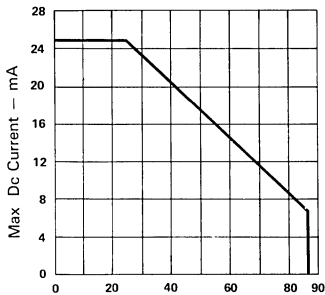


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

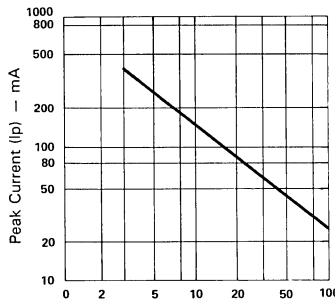


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

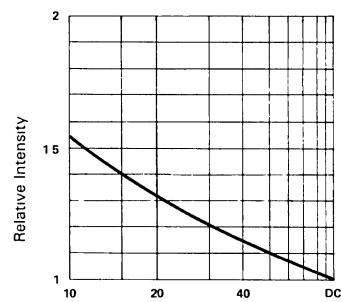


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-535P/585P

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

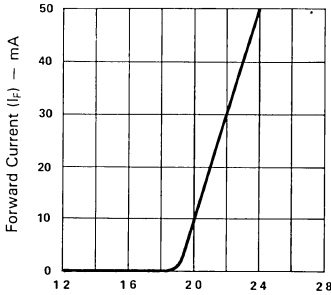


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

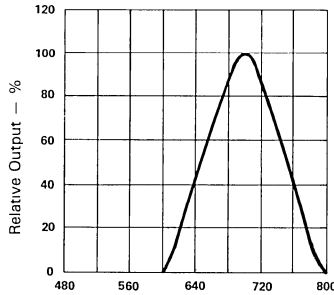


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

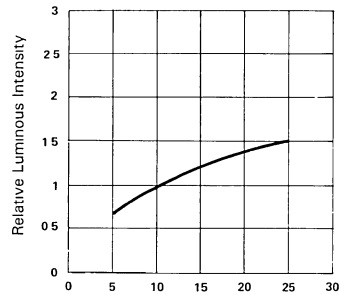


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

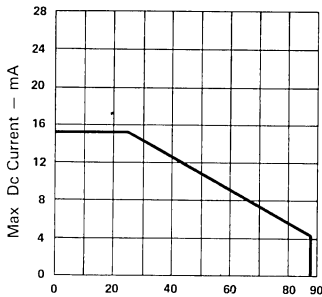


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

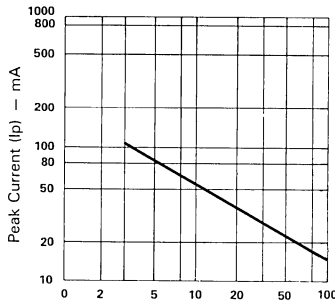


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

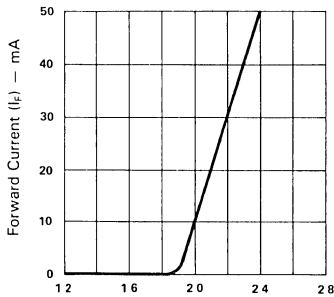
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-535G/585G

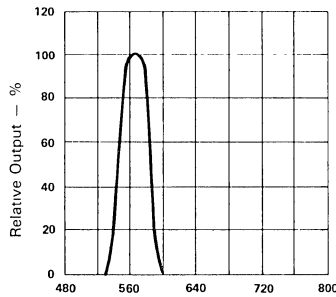
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-}m$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

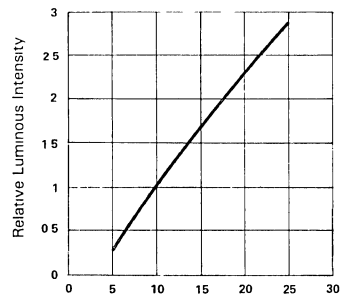
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



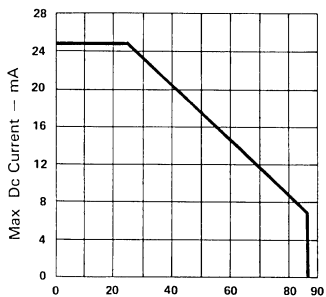
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



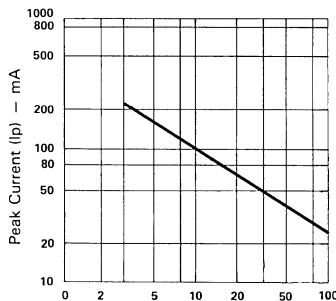
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



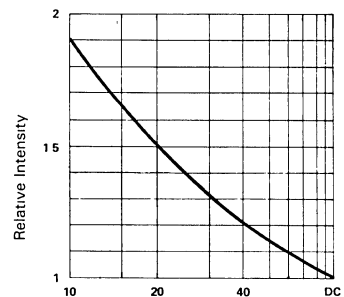
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

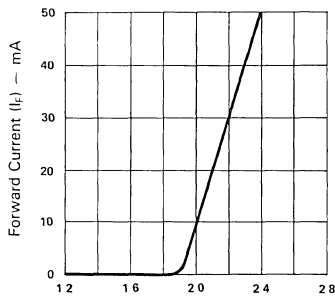
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

LTD-535Y/585Y

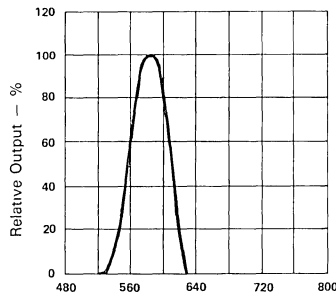
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	600	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

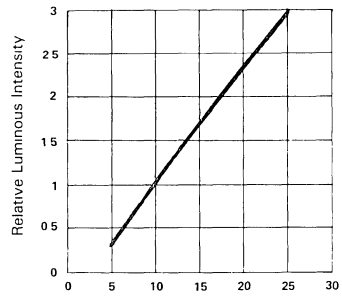
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



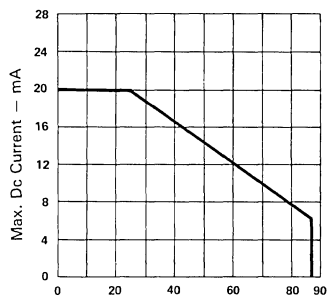
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



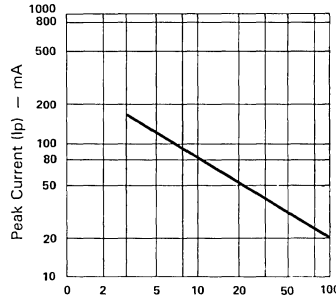
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



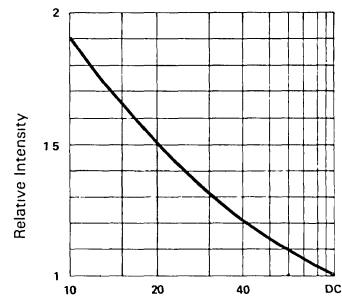
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

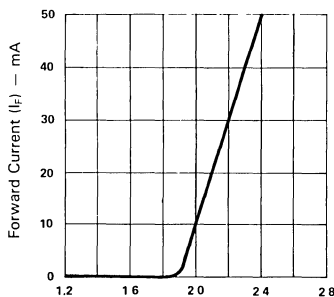
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-535E/585E

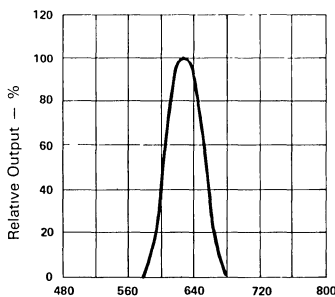
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

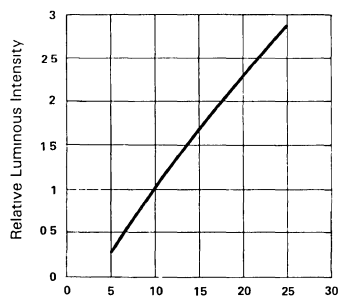
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



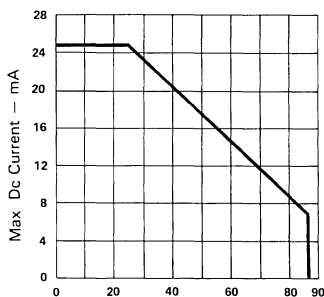
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



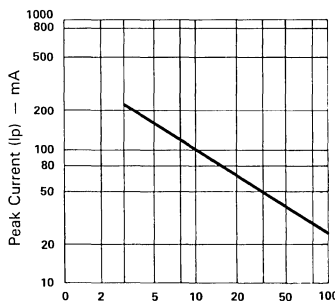
Wavelength (λ) - nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



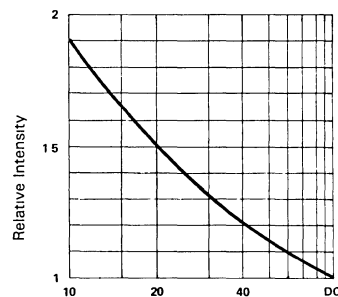
Forward Current (I_F) - mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



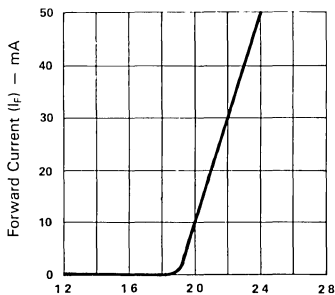
Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-535HR/585HR

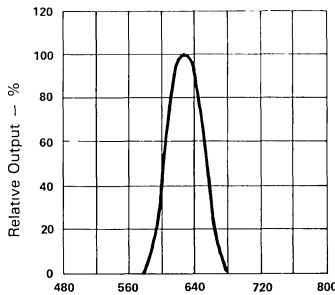
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

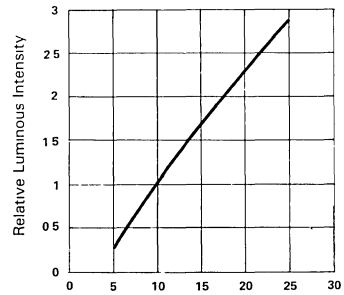
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



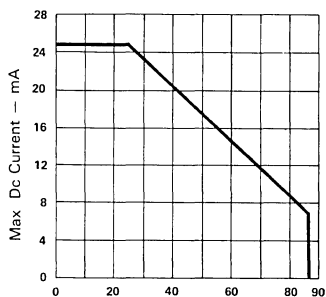
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



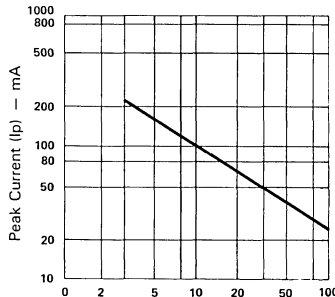
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



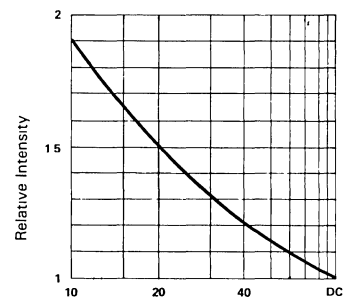
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

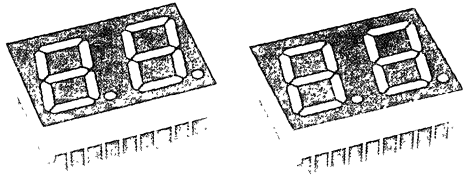


LTD-5250 5260 SERIES

0.52" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.52 INCH (13.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

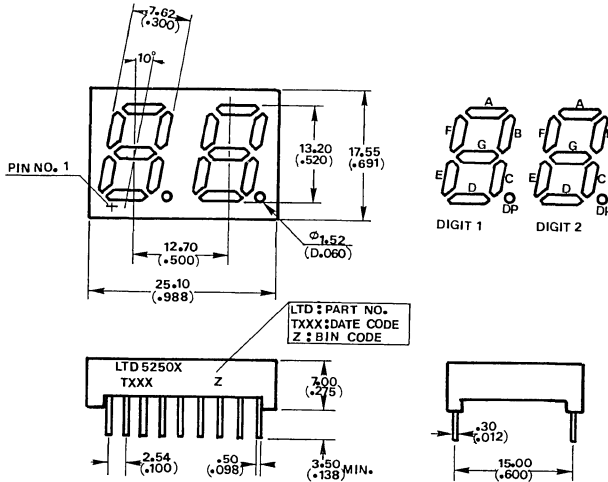
The LTD-5000 series are 0.52 inch (13.2mm) height dual digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices are utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white segment color. Green displays have gray face and green segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTD--						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED		
5250R	5250P	5250G	5250Y	5250E	5250HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A
5260R	5260P	5260G	5260Y	5260E	5260HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010)^n}$ unless otherwise noted.

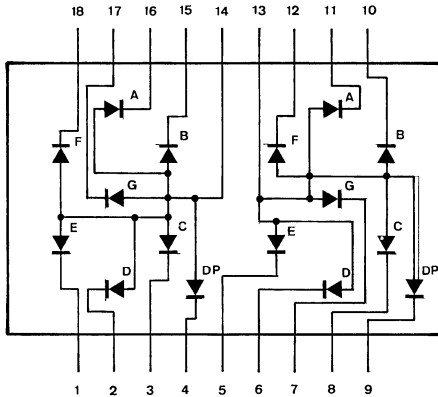
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	LTC-5250	LTC-5260
1	Cathode E (Digit 1)	Anode E (Digit 1)
2	Cathode D (Digit 1)	Anode D (Digit 1)
3	Cathode C (Digit 1)	Anode C (Digit 1)
4	Cathode D.P. (Digit 1)	Anode D.P. (Digit 1)
5	Cathode E (Digit 2)	Anode E (Digit 2)
6	Cathode D (Digit 2)	Anode D (Digit 2)
7	Cathode G (Digit 2)	Anode G (Digit 2)
8	Cathode C (Digit 2)	Anode C (Digit 2)
9	Cathode D P (Digit 2)	Anode D.P. (Digit 2)
10	Cathode B (Digit 2)	Anode B (Digit 2)
11	Cathode A (Digit 2)	Anode A (Digit 2)
12	Cathode F (Digit 2)	Anode F (Digit 2)
13	Common Anode (Digit 2)	Common Cathode (Digit 2)
14	Common Anode (Digit 1)	Common Cathode (Digit 1)
15	Cathode B (Digit 1)	Anode B (Digit 1)
16	Cathode A (Digit 1)	Anode A (Digit 1)
17	Cathode G (Digit 1)	Anode G (Digit 1)
18	Cathode F (Digit 1)	Anode F (Digit 1)

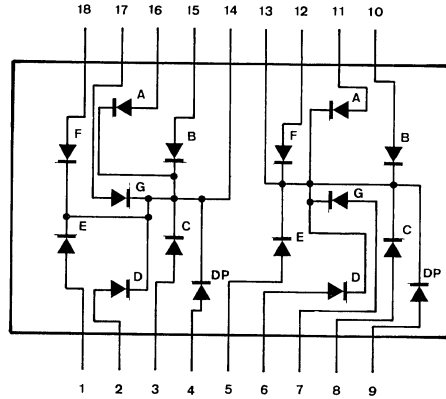
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTD-5250



B. LTD-5260



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$						
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$							

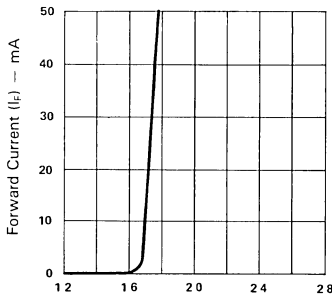
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-5250R/5260R

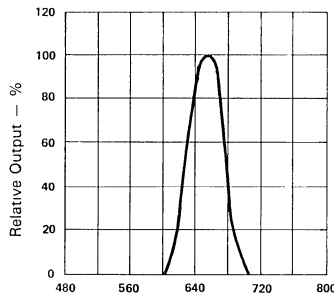
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

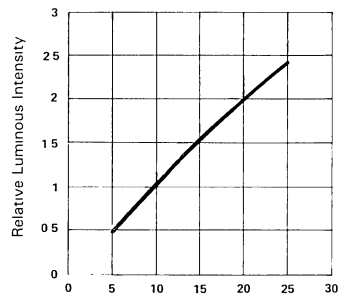
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



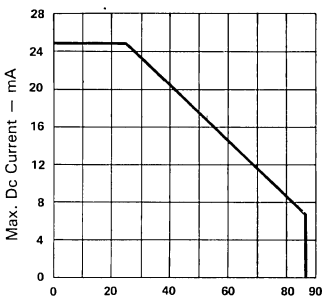
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT V_S FORWARD VOLTAGE



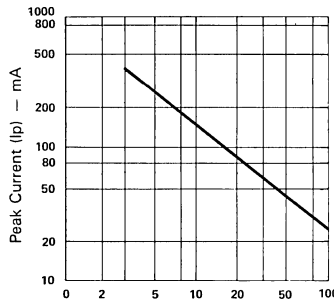
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



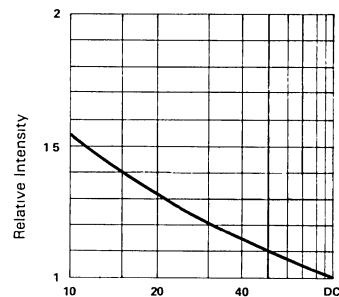
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_S FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG V_S AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT V_S DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_S DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-5250P/5260P

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

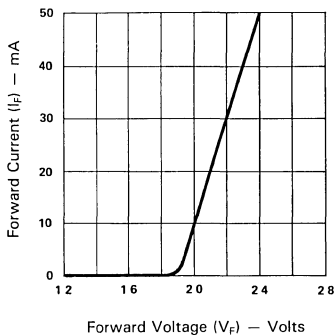


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT V_s FORWARD VOLTAGE

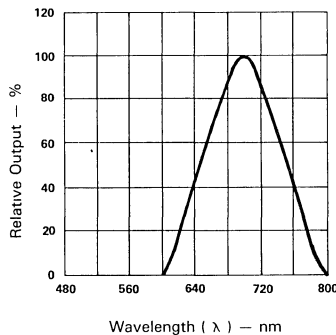


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

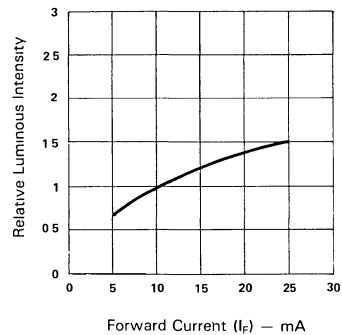


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_s FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

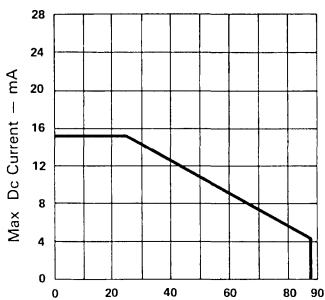


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG V_s AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

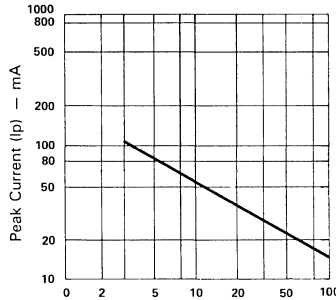


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT V_s DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-5250G/5260G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

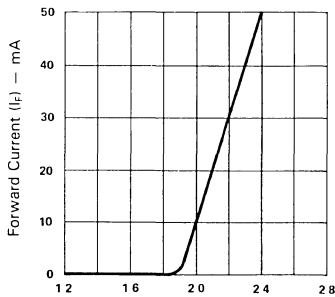


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

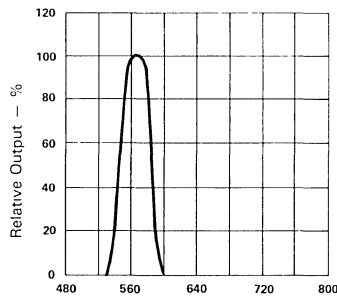


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

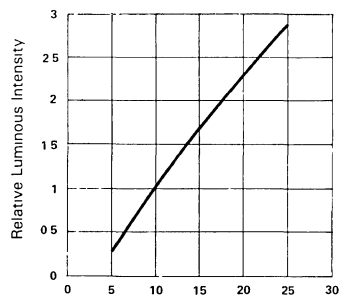


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

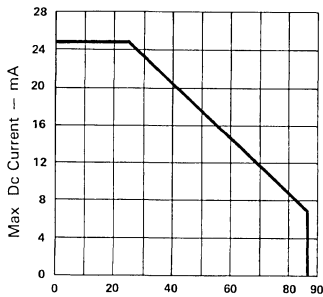


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

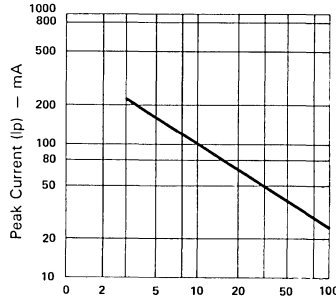


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

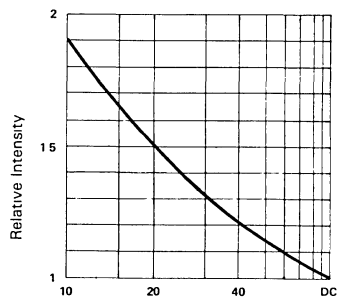


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-5250Y/5260Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

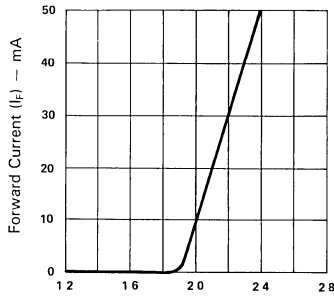


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

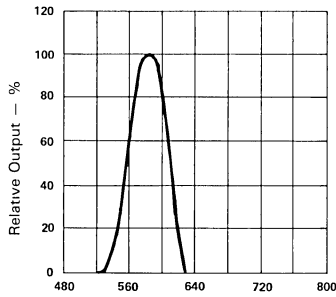


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

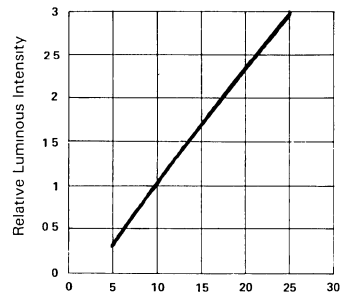


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

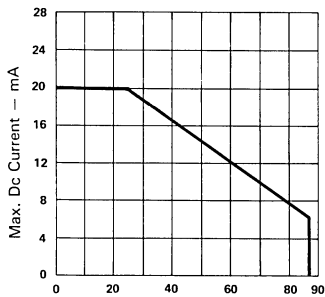


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

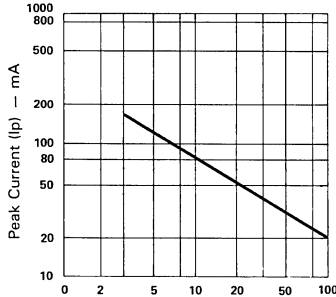


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

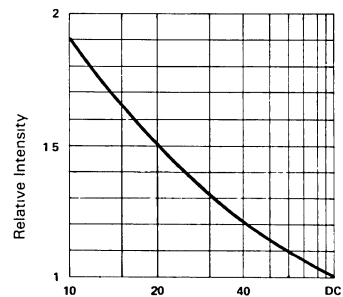


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

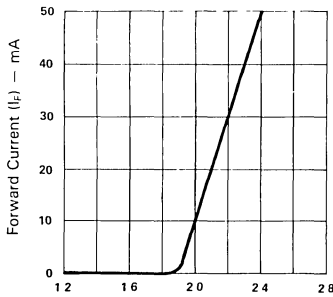
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-5250E/5260E

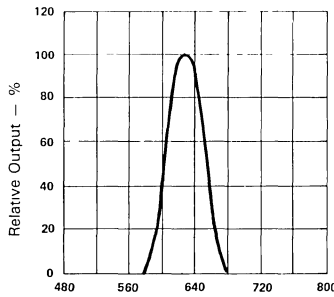
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

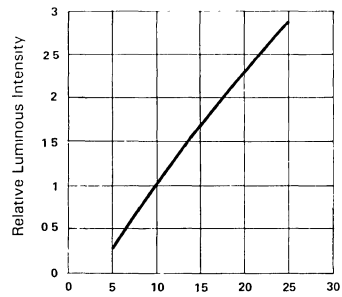
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



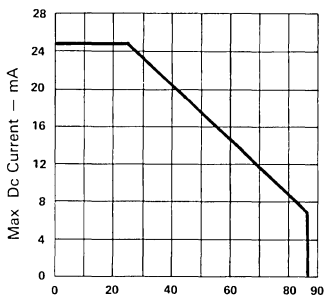
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



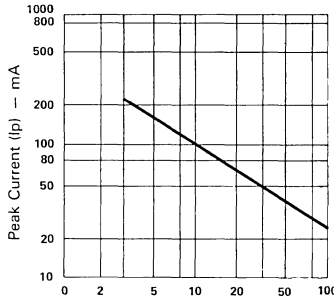
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



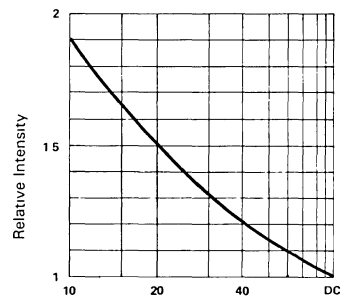
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-5250HR/5260HR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	900	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

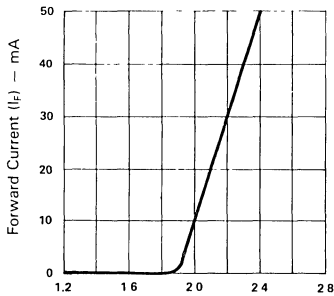


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

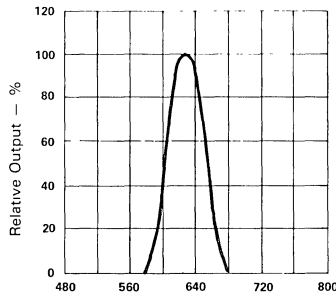


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

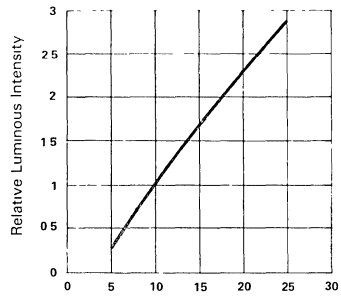


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

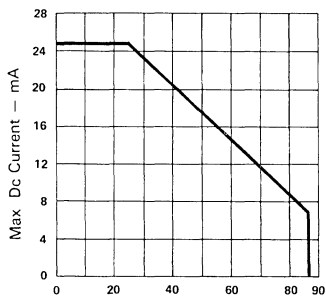


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

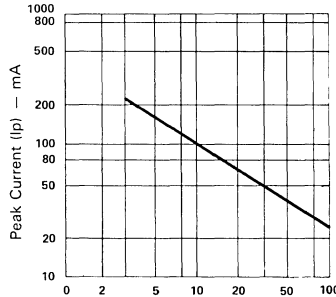


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

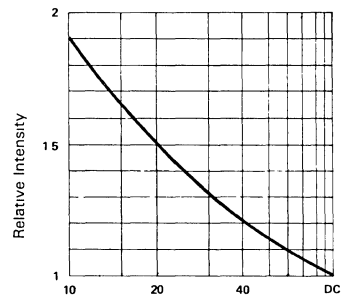


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

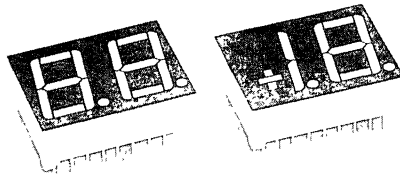


LTD-6000 SERIES

0.56" DUAL DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.56 INCH (14.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTD-6000, series are 0.56 inch (14.2mm) height, dual digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices are utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green and yellow displays have gray face and white segment color. Orange displays have orange face and orange segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

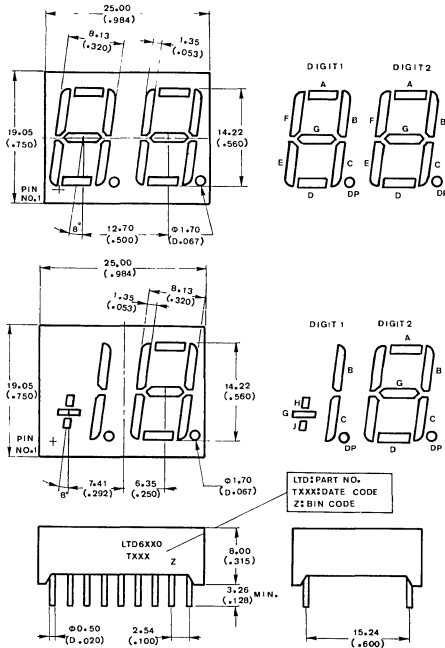


DEVICES

PART NO. LTD--						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED		
6710R	6710P	6410G	6810Y	6610E	6910HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A
6730R	6730P	6430G	6830Y	6630E	6930HR	Common Anode, ±1.8 Overflow	B
6740R	6740P	6440G	6840Y	6640E	6940HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	C
6750R	6750P	6450G	6850Y	6650E	6950HR	Common Cathode, ±1.8 Overflow	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTD-6x10/6x30/6x40/6x50



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

1. Lead length (from seating plane):

$$\text{minimum value} = \frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm} = \frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$$

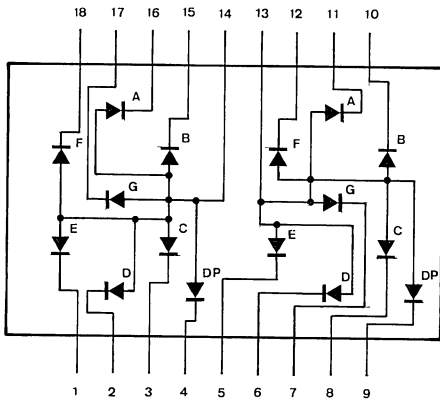
2. $\frac{\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

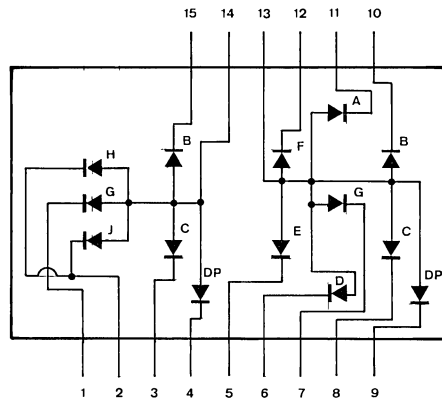
PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A. LTD-6x10	B. LTD-6x30	C. LTD-6x40	D. LTD-6x50
1	Cathode E (Digit 1)	Cathode G (Digit 1)	Anode E (Digit 1)	Anode G (Digit 1)
2	Cathode D (Digit 1)	Cathode J. H (Digit 1)	Anode D (Digit 1)	Anode J. H (Digit 1)
3	Cathode C (Digit 1)	Cathode C (Digit 1)	Anode C (Digit 1)	Anode C (Digit 1)
4	Cathode D.P. (Digit 1)	Cathode D.P. (Digit 1)	Anode D.P. (Digit 1)	Anode D.P. (Digit 1)
5	Cathode E (Digit 2)	Cathode E (Digit 2)	Anode E (Digit 2)	Anode E (Digit 2)
6	Cathode D (Digit 2)	Cathode D (Digit 2)	Anode D (Digit 2)	Anode D (Digit 2)
7	Cathode G (Digit 2)	Cathode G (Digit 2)	Anode G (Digit 2)	Anode G (Digit 2)
8	Cathode C (Digit 2)	Cathode C (Digit 2)	Anode C (Digit 2)	Anode C (Digit 2)
9	Cathode D.P. (Digit 2)	Cathode D.P. (Digit 2)	Anode D.P. (Digit 2)	Anode D.P. (Digit 2)
10	Cathode B (Digit 2)	Cathode B (Digit 2)	Anode B (Digit 2)	Anode B (Digit 2)
11	Cathode A (Digit 2)	Cathode A (Digit 2)	Anode A (Digit 2)	Anode A (Digit 2)
12	Cathode F (Digit 2)	Cathode F (Digit 2)	Anode F (Digit 2)	Anode F (Digit 2)
13	Common Anode (Digit 2)	Common Anode (Digit 2)	Common Cathode (Digit 2)	Common Cathode (Digit 2)
14	Common Anode (Digit 1)	Common Anode (Digit 1)	Common Cathode (Digit 1)	Common Cathode (Digit 1)
15	Cathode B (Digit 1)	Cathode B (Digit 1)	Anode B (Digit 1)	Anode B (Digit 1)
16	Cathode A (Digit 1)	No Connection	Anode A (Digit 1)	No Connection
17	Cathode G (Digit 1)	No Connection	Anode G (Digit 1)	No Connection
18	Cathode F (Digit 1)	No Connection	Anode F (Digit 1)	No Connection

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

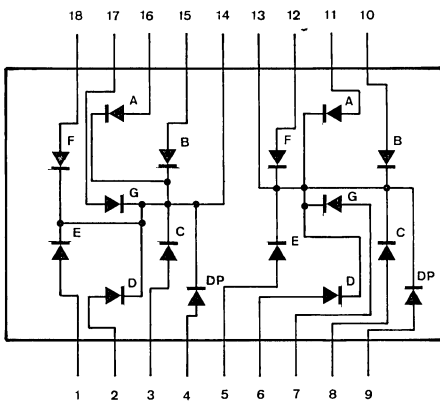
A. LTD-6x10



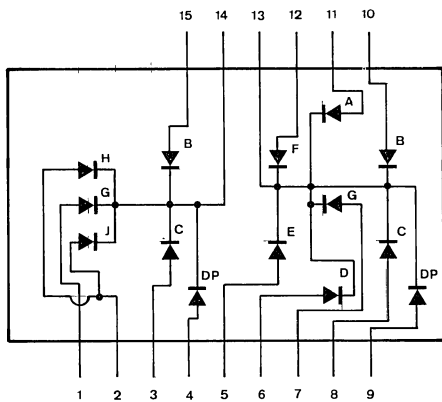
B. LTD-6x30



C. LTD-6x40



D. LTD-6x50



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$						
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$							

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-6700R SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

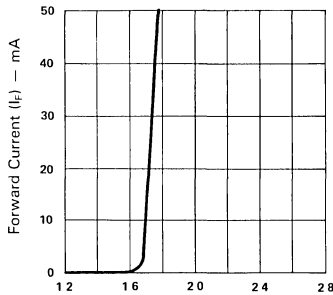


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

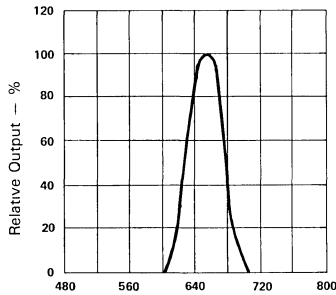


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

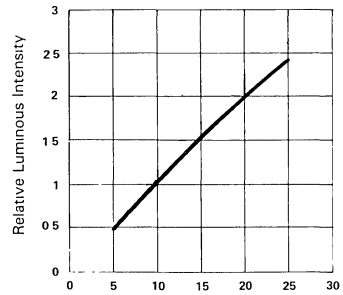


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

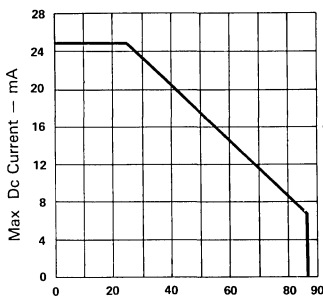


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

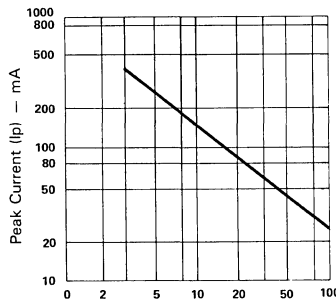


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

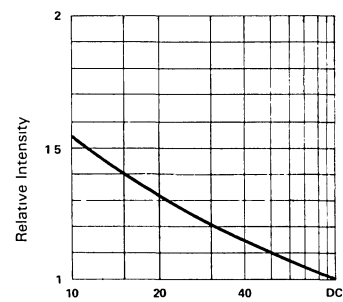


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTD-6700P SERIES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	950		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

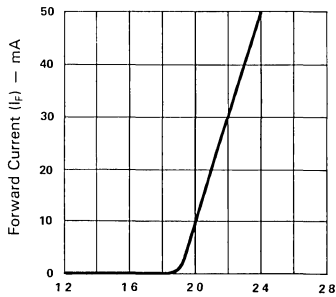


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT V_S FORWARD VOLTAGE

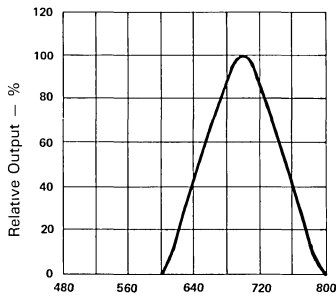


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

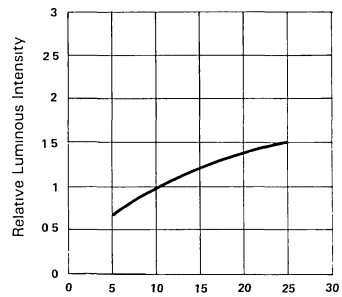


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_S FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

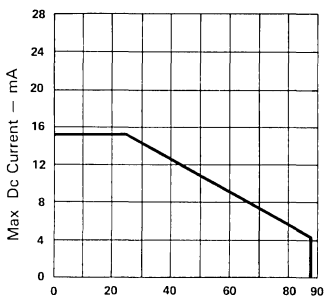


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT V_S AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

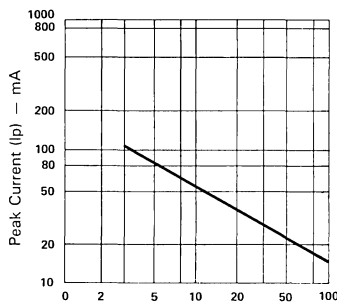


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT V_S DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

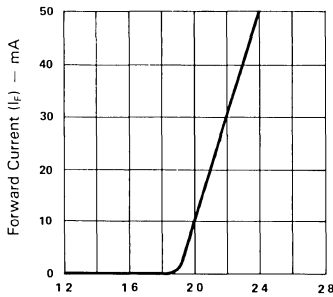
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-6400G SERIES

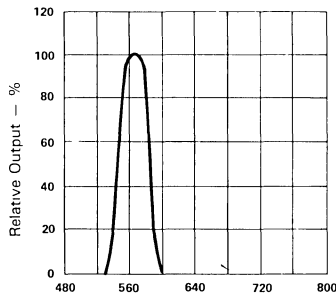
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

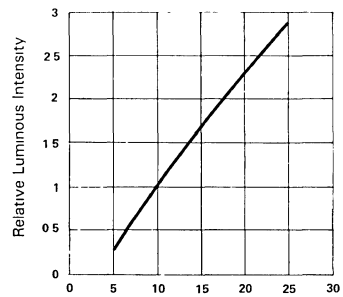
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



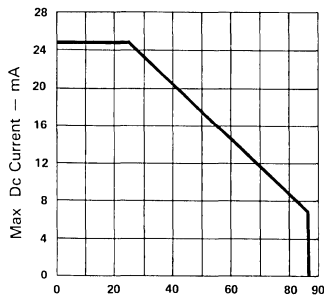
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



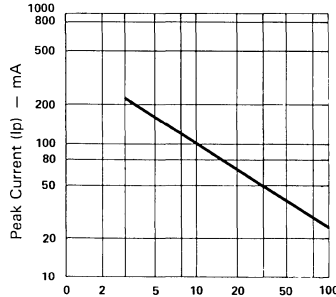
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



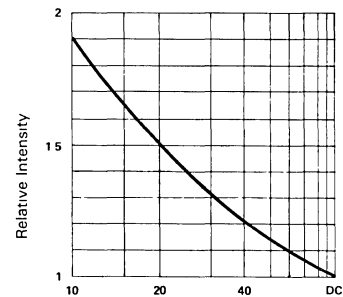
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA PER SEG}$)

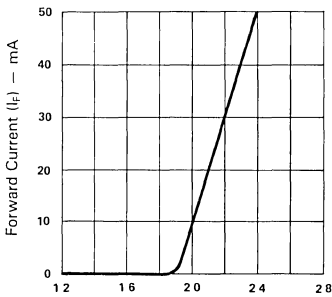
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-6800Y SERIES

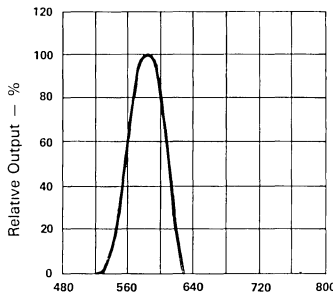
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

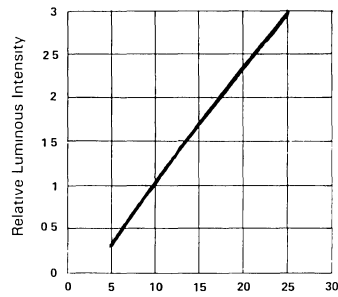
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



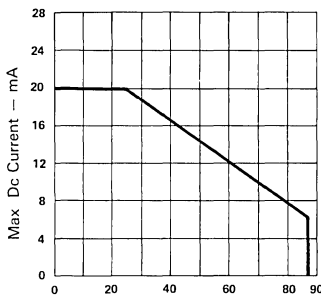
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



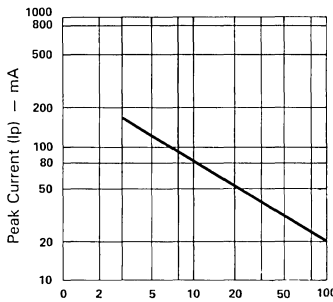
Wavelength (λ) - nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



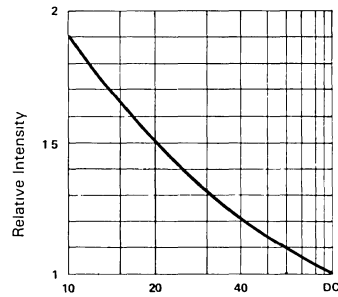
Forward Current (I_F) - mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 1.0\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

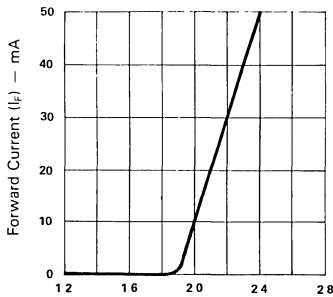
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-6600E SERIES

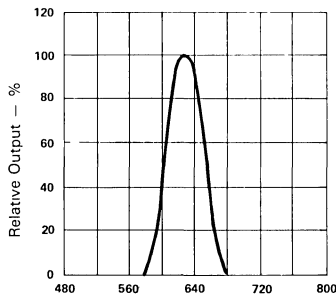
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

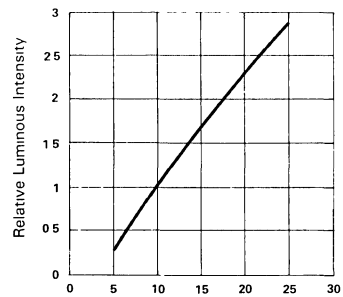
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



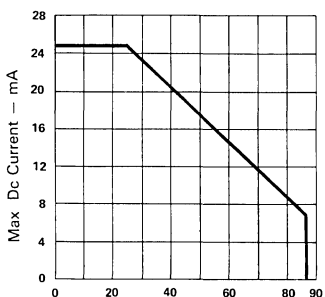
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



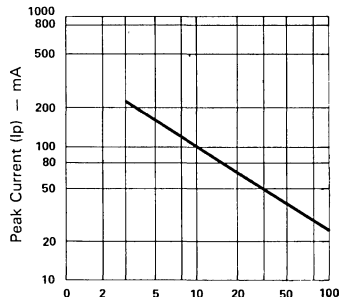
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



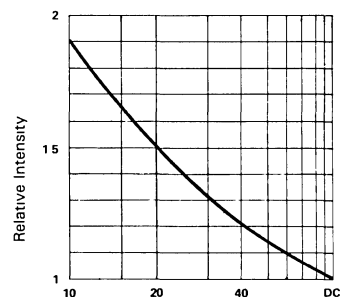
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

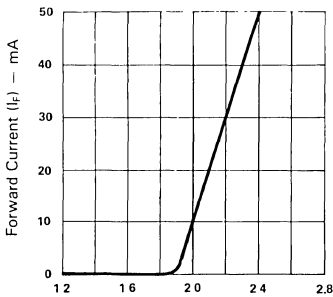
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTD-6900HR SERIES

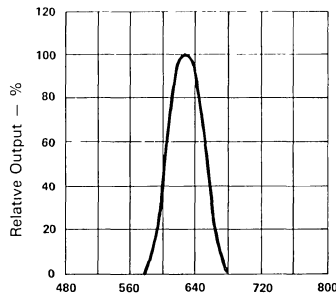
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

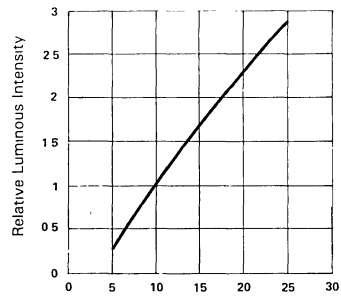
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



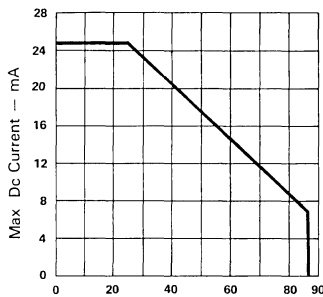
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



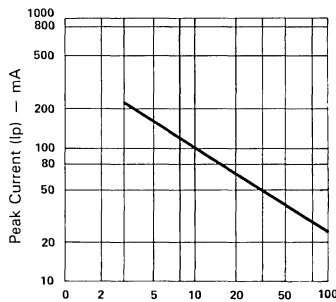
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



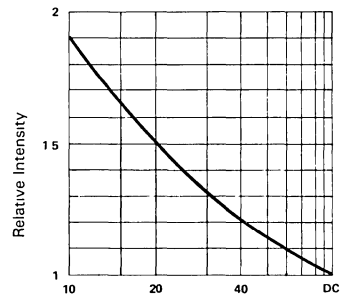
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS.

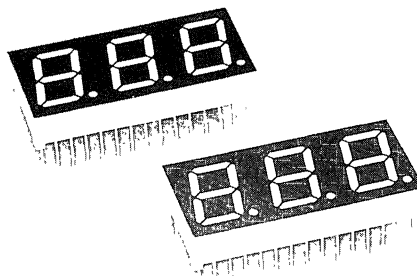


LTC-5836 -5336 SERIES

0.52" THREE-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.52 INCH (13.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-5000 series are 0.52 inch (13.2mm) height three-digit

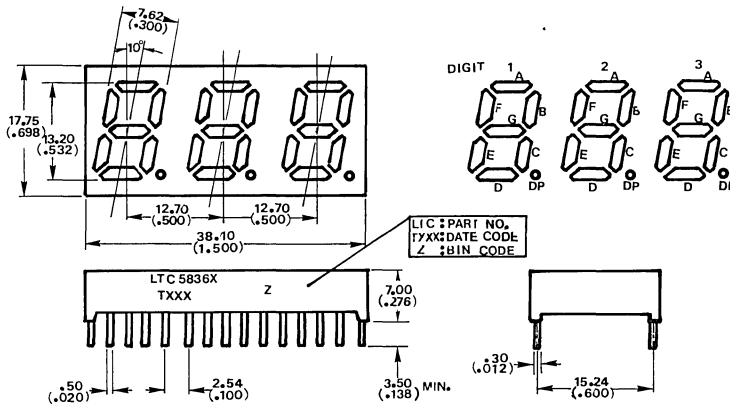
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices are utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white segment color. Green displays have gray face and green segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTC-						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF. RED		
5836R	5836P	5836G	5836Y	5836E	5836HR	Common Anode Rt. Hand Decimal	A
5336R	5336P	5336G	5336Y	5336E	5336HR	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal	B

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTC-5x36



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$ 2. ± 0.25 mm (0.010'') unless otherwise noted.

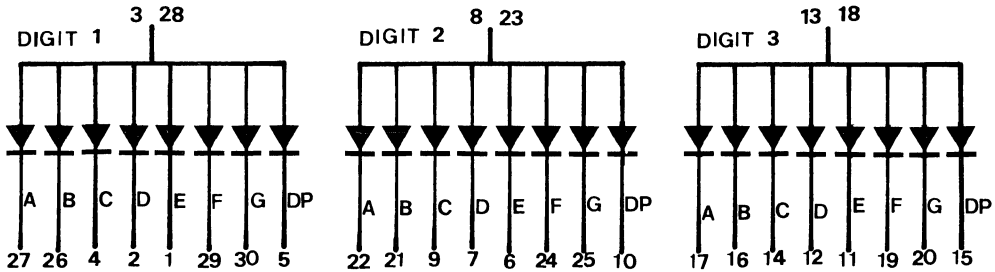
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	CONNECTION
	LTC-5836	LTC-5336
1	Cathode E (Digit 1)	Anode E (Digit 1)
2	Cathode D (Digit 1)	Anode D (Digit 1)
3	Common Anode Digit 1	Common Cathode Digit 1
4	Cathode C (Digit 1)	Anode C (Digit 1)
5	Cathode DP (Digit 1)	Anode DP (Digit 1)
6	Cathode E (Digit 2)	Anode E (Digit 2)
7	Cathode D (Digit 2)	Anode D (Digit 2)
8	Common Anode Digit 2	Common Cathode Digit 2
9	Cathode C (Digit 2)	Anode C (Digit 2)
10	Cathode DP (Digit 2)	Anode DP (Digit 2)
11	Cathode E (Digit 3)	Anode E (Digit 3)
12	Cathode D (Digit 3)	Anode D (Digit 3)
13	Common Anode Digit 3	Common Cathode Digit 3
14	Cathode C (Digit 3)	Anode C (Digit 3)
15	Cathode DP (Digit 3)	Anode DP (Digit 3)
16	Cathode B (Digit 3)	Anode B (Digit 3)
17	Cathode A (Digit 3)	Anode A (Digit 3)
18	Common Anode Digit 3	Common Cathode Digit 3
19	Cathode F (Digit 3)	Anode F (Digit 3)
20	Cathode G (Digit 3)	Anode G (Digit 3)
21	Cathode B (Digit 2)	Anode B (Digit 2)
22	Cathode A (Digit 2)	Anode A (Digit 2)
23	Common Anode Digit 2	Common Cathode Digit 2
24	Cathode F (Digit 2)	Anode F (Digit 2)
25	Cathode G (Digit 2)	Anode G (Digit 2)
26	Cathode B (Digit 1)	Anode B (Digit 1)
27	Cathode A (Digit 1)	Anode A (Digit 1)
28	Common Anode Digit 1	Common Cathode Digit 1
29	Cathode F (Digit 1)	Anode F (Digit 1)
30	Cathode G (Digit 1)	Anode G (Digit 1)

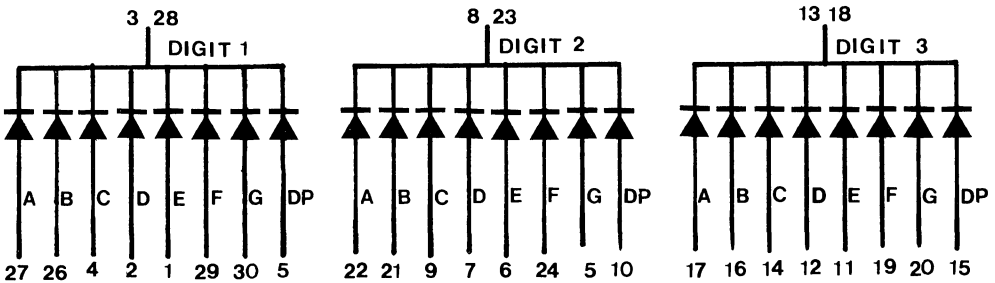
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTC-5836



B. LTC-5336



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5836R/5336R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

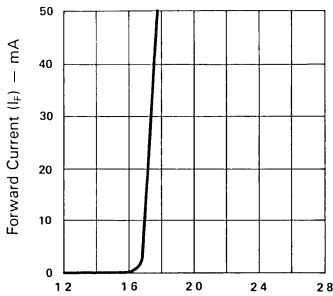


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

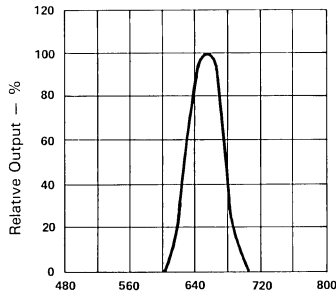


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

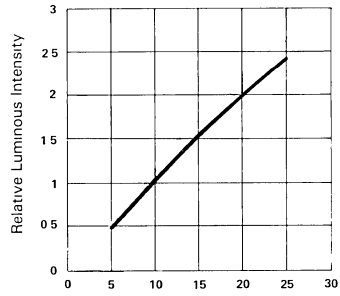


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

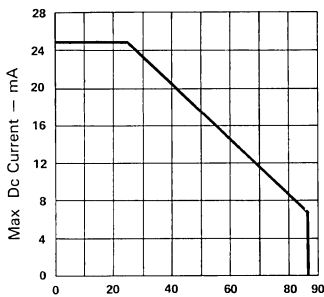


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

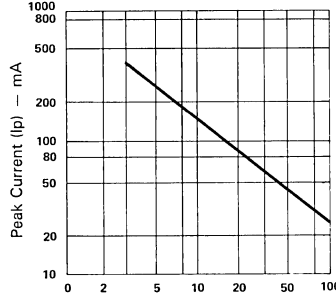


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ kHz}$)

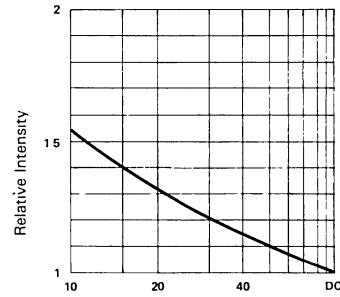


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5836P/5336P

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

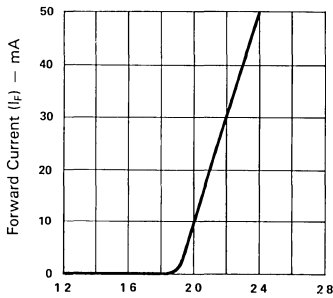


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

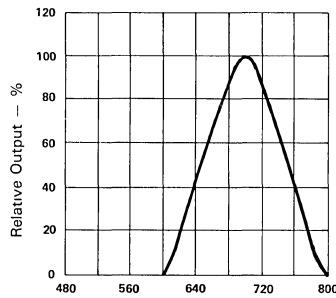


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

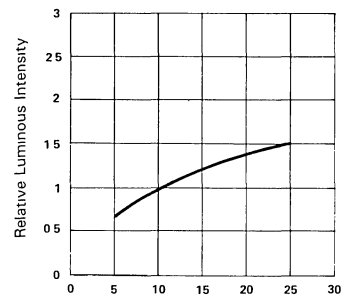


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

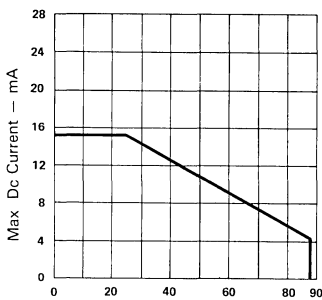


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

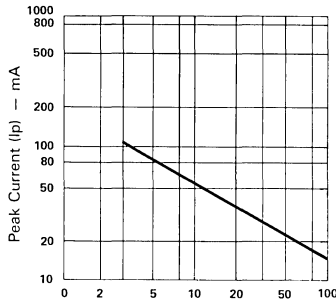


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
LTC-5836G/5336G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

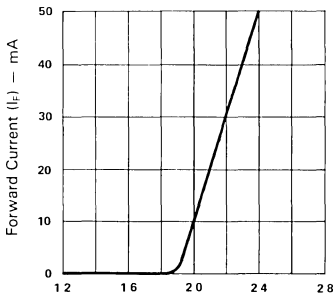


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

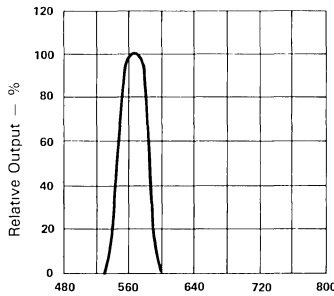


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

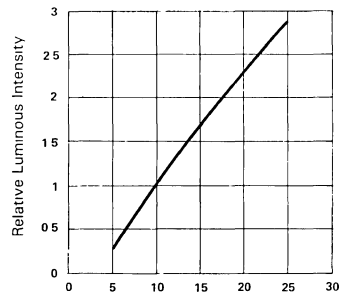


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

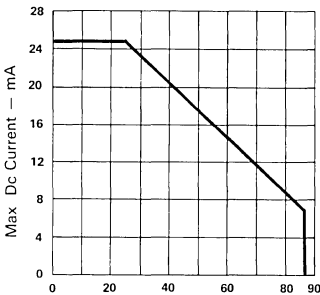


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

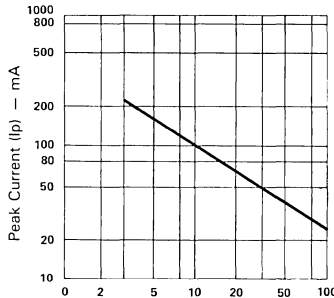


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

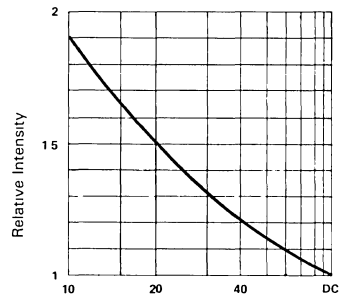


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

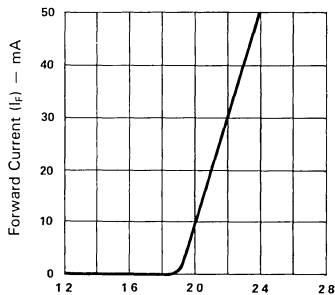
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5836Y/5336Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

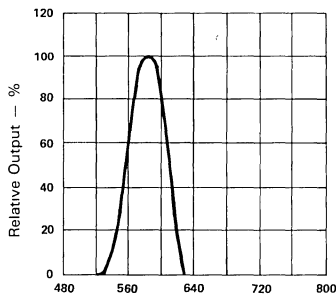
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



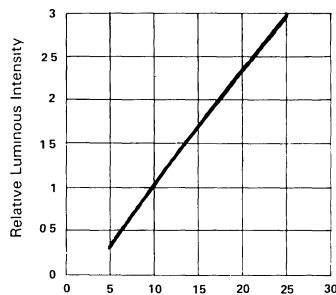
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts

Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



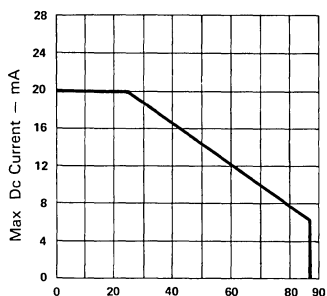
Wavelength (λ) — nm

Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



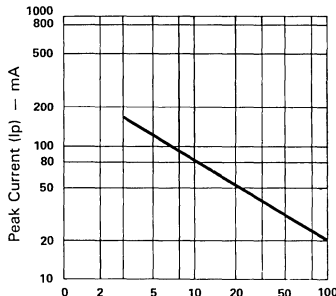
Forward Current (I_F) — mA

Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



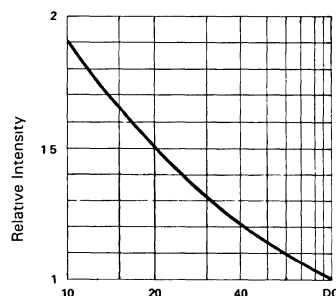
Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$

Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %

Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %

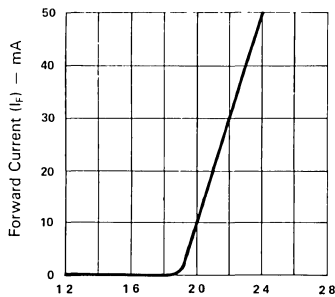
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTC-5836E/5336E

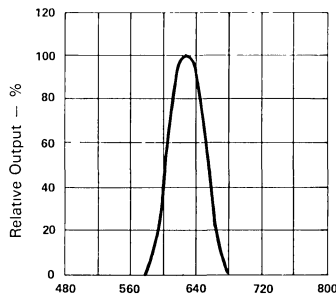
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

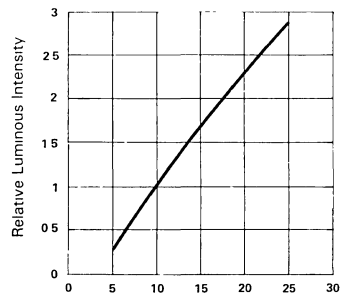
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



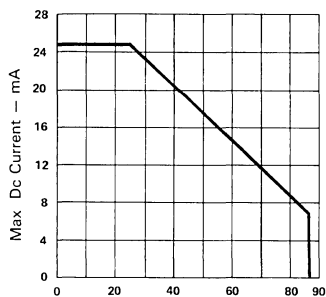
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



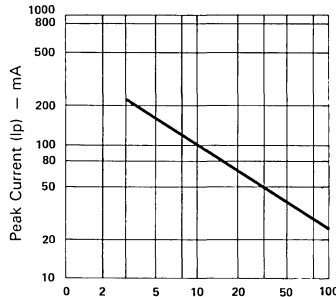
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



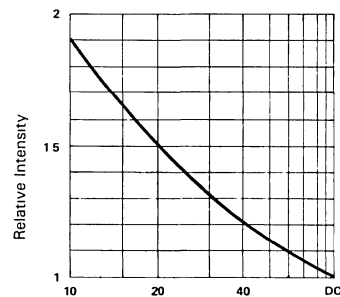
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

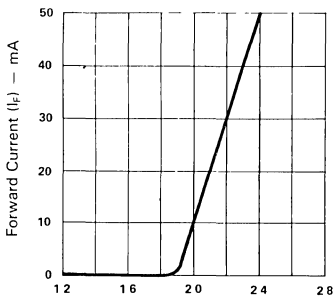
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5836HR/5336HR

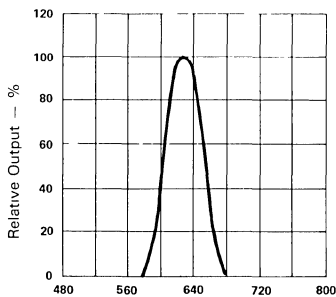
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

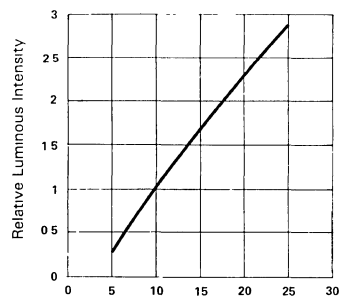
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



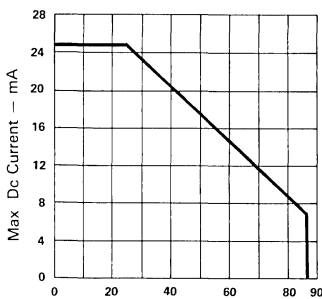
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



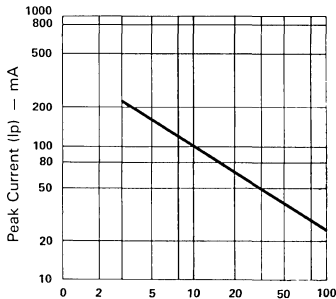
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



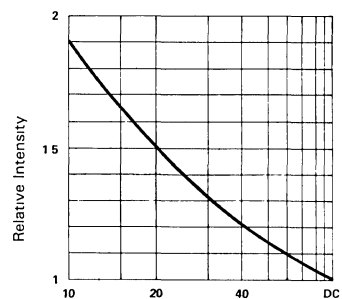
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

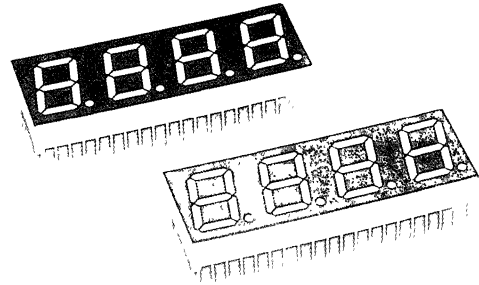


LTC-5837 5337 SERIES

0.52" FOUR-DIGIT NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.52 INCH (13.2mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS-RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTD-5000 series are 0.52 inch (13.2mm) height four-digit.

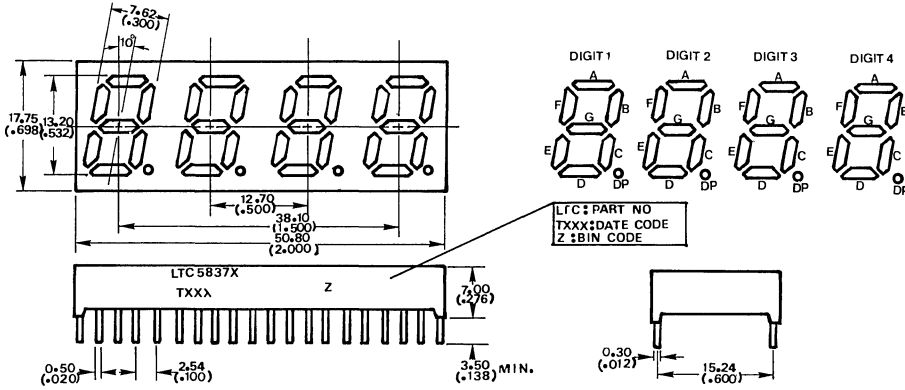
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices are utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red, bright red, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white segment color. Green displays have gray face and green segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

DEVICES

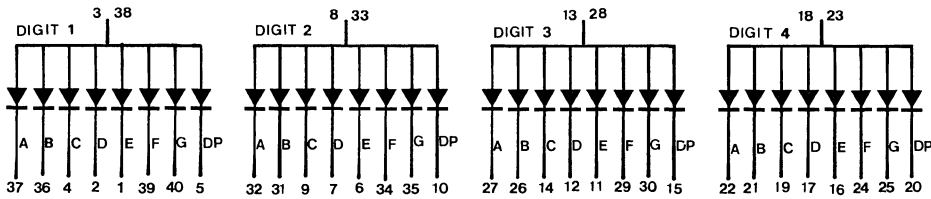
PART NO. LTD-						DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED		
5837R	5837P	5837G	5837Y	5837E	5837HR	Common Anode Rt. Hand Decimal	A
5337R	5337P	5337G	5337Y	5337E	5337HR	Common Cathode Rt. Hand Decimal	B

PACKAGE DIMENSION

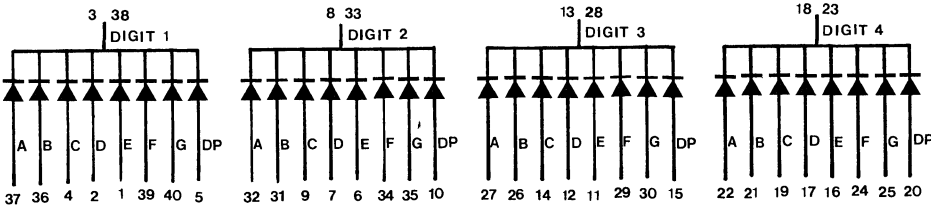


INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTC-5837



B. LTC-5337



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT Ta = 25°C

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	LTC-5837	LTC-5337
1	Cathode E (Digit 1)	Anode E (Digit 1)
2	Cathode D (Digit 1)	Anode D (Digit 1)
3	Common Anode (Digit 1)	Common Cathode (Digit 1)
4	Cathode C (Digit 1)	Anode C (Digit 1)
5	Cathode D.P. (Digit 1)	Anode D.P. (Digit 1)
6	Cathode E (Digit 2)	Anode E (Digit 2)
7	Cathode D (Digit 2)	Anode D (Digit 2)
8	Common Anode (Digit 2)	Common Cathode (Digit 2)
9	Cathode C (Digit 2)	Anode C (Digit 2)
10	Cathode D.P. (Digit 2)	Anode D.P. (Digit 2)
11	Cathode E (Digit 3)	Anode E (Digit 3)
12	Cathode D (Digit 3)	Anode D (Digit 3)
13	Common Anode (Digit 3)	Common Cathode (Digit 3)
14	Cathode C (Digit 3)	Anode C (Digit 3)
15	Cathode D.P. (Digit 3)	Anode D.P. (Digit 3)
16	Cathode E (Digit 4)	Anode E (Digit 4)
17	Cathode D (Digit 4)	Anode D (Digit 4)
18	Common Anode (Digit 4)	Common Anode (Digit 4)
19	Cathode C (Digit 4)	Anode C (Digit 4)
20	Cathode D.P. (Digit 4)	Anode D.P. (Digit 4)
21	Cathode B (Digit 4)	Anode B (Digit 4)
22	Cathode A (Digit 4)	Anode A (Digit 4)
23	Common Anode (Digit 4)	Common Cathode (Digit 4)
24	Cathode F (Digit 4)	Anode F (Digit 4)
25	Cathode G (Digit 4)	Anode G (Digit 4)
26	Cathode B (Digit 3)	Anode B (Digit 3)
27	Cathode A (Digit 3)	Anode A (Digit 3)
28	Common Anode (Digit 3)	Common Cathode (Digit 3)
29	Cathode F (Digit 3)	Anode F (Digit 3)
30	Cathode G (Digit 3)	Anode G (Digit 3)
31	Cathode B (Digit 2)	Anode B (Digit 2)
32	Cathode A (Digit 2)	Anode A (Digit 2)
33	Common Anode (Digit 2)	Common Cathode (Digit 2)
34	Cathode F (Digit 2)	Anode F (Digit 2)
35	Cathode G (Digit 2)	Anode G (Digit 2)
36	Cathode B (Digit 1)	Anode B (Digit 1)
37	Cathode A (Digit 1)	Anode A (Digit 1)
38	Common Anode (Digit 1)	Common Cathode (Digit 1)
39	Cathode F (Digit 1)	Anode F (Digit 1)
40	Cathode G (Digit 1)	Anode G (Digit 1)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5837R/5337R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

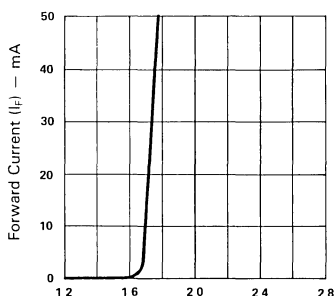


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

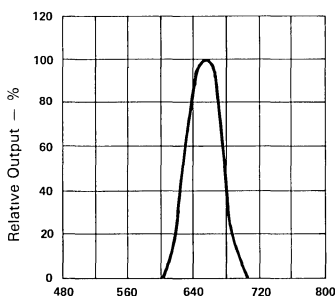


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

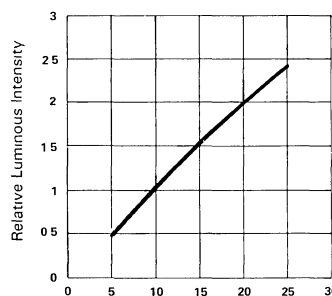


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

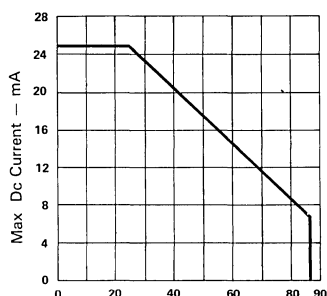


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

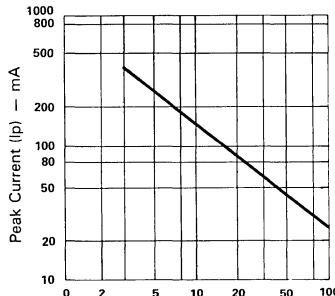


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

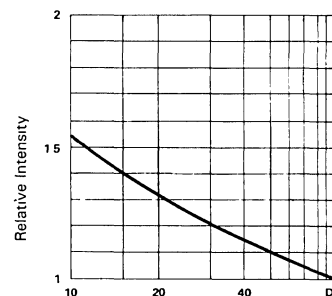


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

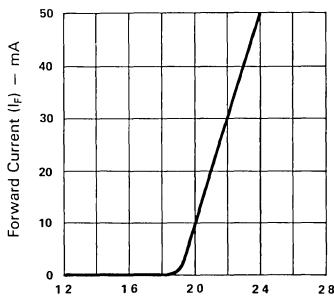
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5837P/5337P

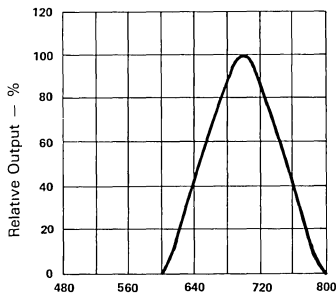
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

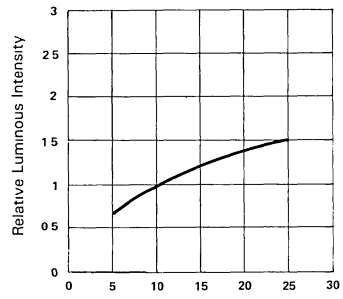
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



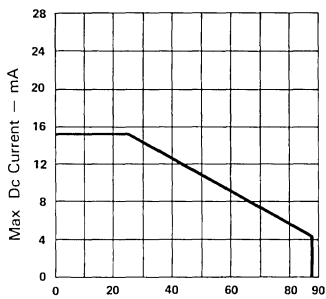
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



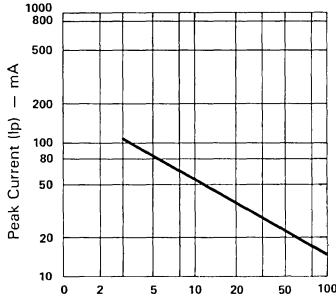
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5837G/5337G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

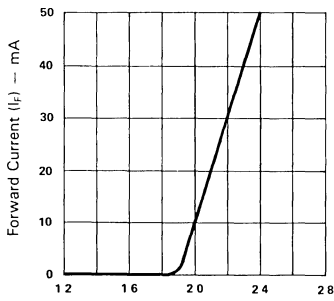


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

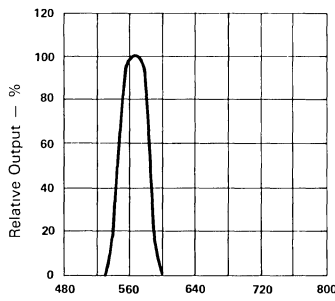


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

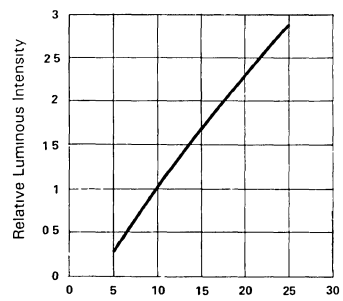


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

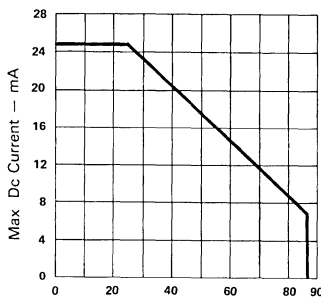


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

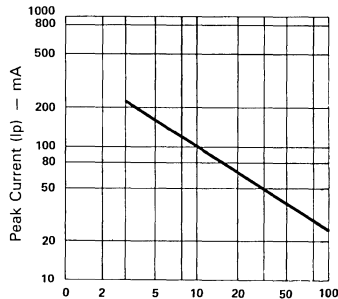


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

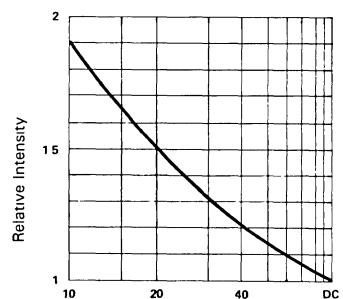


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_e = 10\text{ mA PER SEG}$)

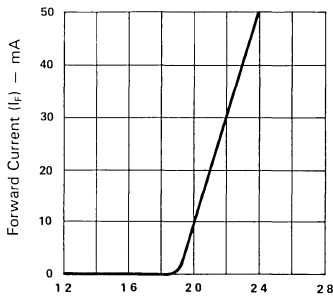
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5837Y/5337Y

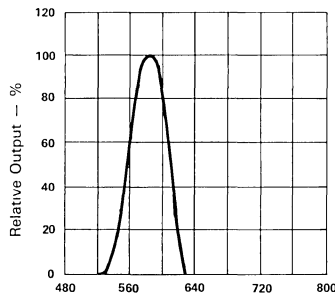
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

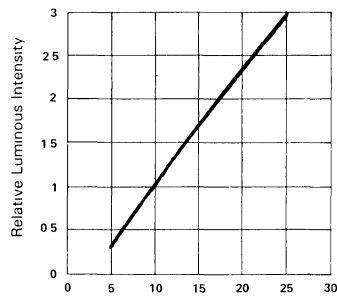
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



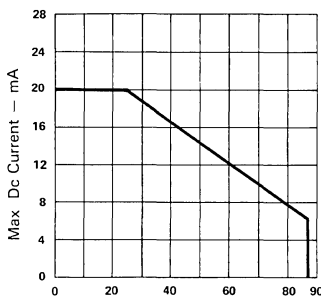
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



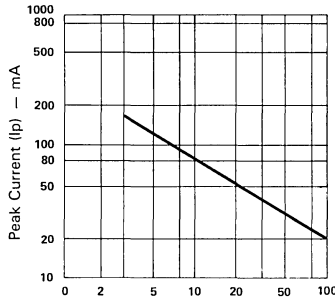
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



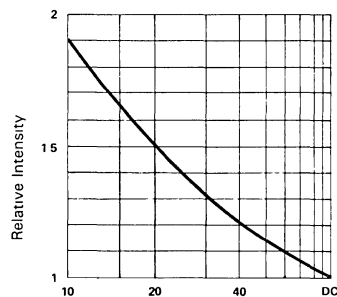
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

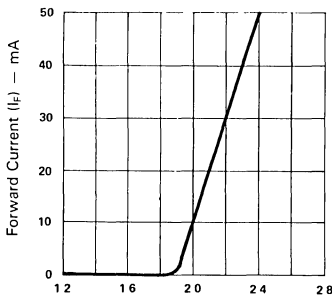
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-5837E/5337E

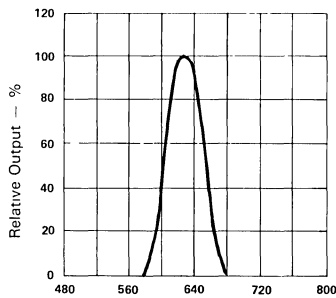
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

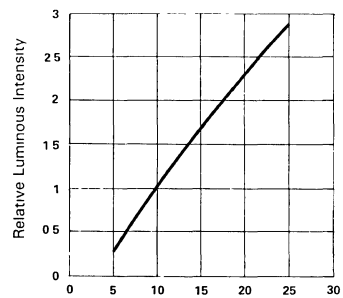
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



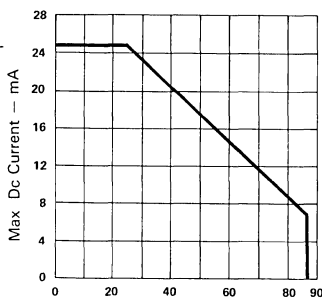
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



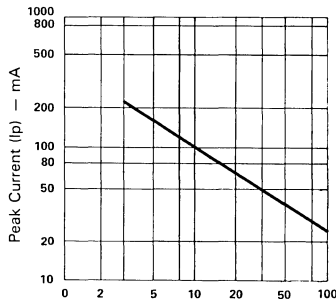
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



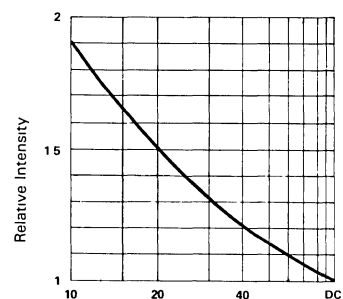
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
LTC-5837HR/5337HR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
 (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

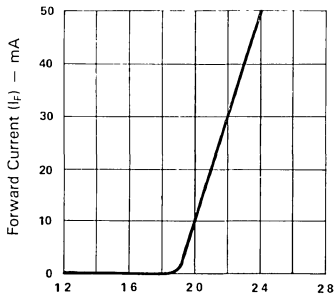


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

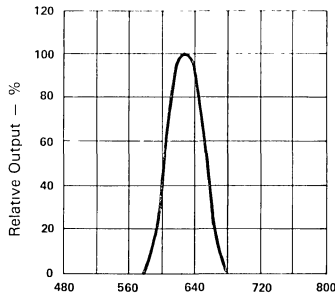


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

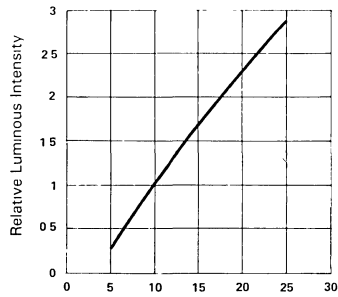


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

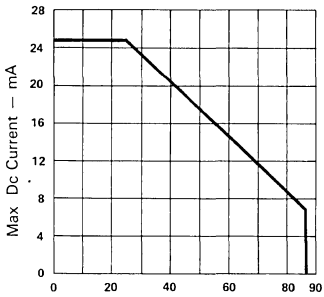


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

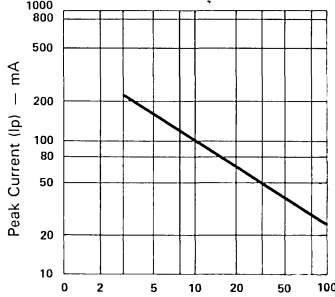


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

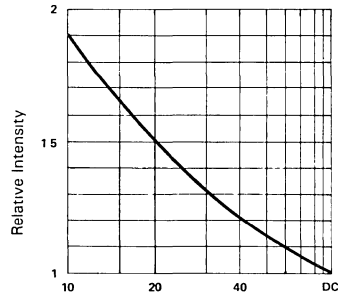
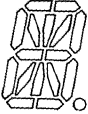
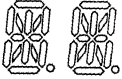


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

SELECTION GUIDE

● ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. I _v /SEG. @ I _F = 10 mA	PAGE NO.
 <p>12.7mm (.5") Dual-In-Line 1"H x .63" W x .38" D</p>	LTP- 537R 537P 537G 537Y 537E 537HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Cathode Single Character, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	5-156
	587R 587P 587G 587Y 587E 587HR	Red Bright Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Common Anode, Single Character, Rt. Hand Decimal	500 μ cd 750 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	
 <p>13.8mm (.54") Dual-In-Line .84"H x 1" W x .32" D</p>	LTP- 3784R 3784G 3784E	Red Green Orange	Multiplex, Dual Character. Rt. Hand Decimal	400 μ cd 1800 μ cd 1800 μ cd	5-156
	3785R 3785G 3785E	Red Green Orange	Multiplex, Dual, Character. Rt. Hand Desimal	400 μ cd 1800 μ cd 1800 μ cd	

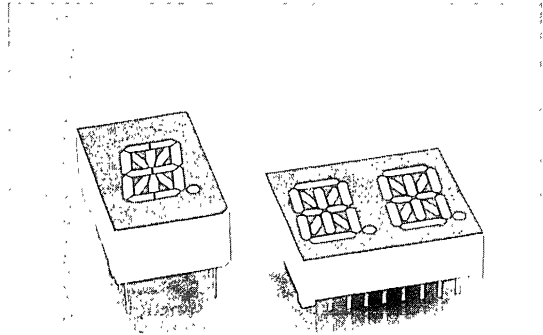


LTP- 537/587 SERIES 3784/3785

0.5" & 0.54" ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTER APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- COMMON ANODE OR COMMON CATHODE MODELS.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY. EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-537/587 series are 0.5 inch (12.7mm) height 16-segment single digit alphanumeric displays.

The red, bright red, green and orange displays have black face and white segment colors. The high efficiency red display has red face and red segment colors.

The LTP-3784/3785 series are 0.54 inch (13.8mm) height 14-segment dual digit alphanumeric displays.

The dual digit displays have gray face and white segment color.

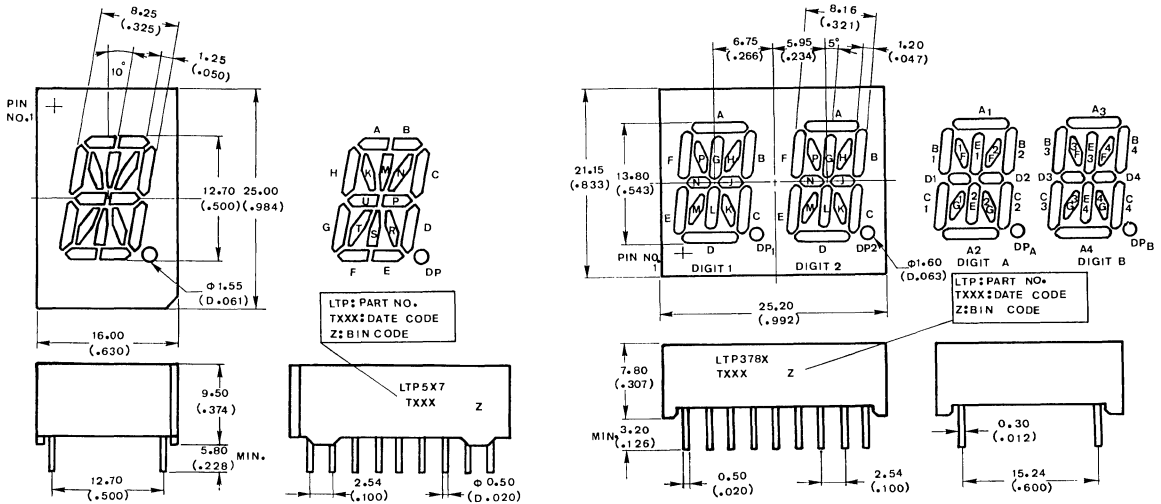
The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTP--						DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED			
537R	537P	537G	537Y	537E	537HR	Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	A
587R	587P	587G	587Y	587E	587HR	Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal	A	B
3784R	—	3784G	—	3784E	—	Multiplex Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B	C
3785R	—	3785G	—	3785E	—	Multiplex Common Cathode, Rt. Hand Decimal	B	D

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

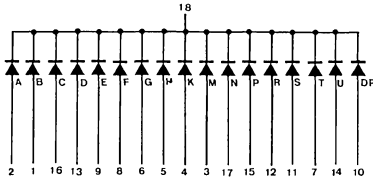
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.
- $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$

PIN CONNECTION

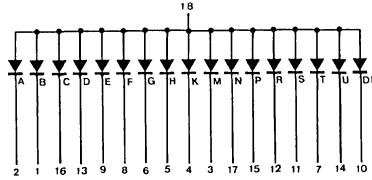
PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A. LTP-537	B. LTP-587	C. LTP-3784	D. LTP-3785
1	Anode B	Cathode B	Anode E	Anode D ₁ , D ₂ , D ₃ , D ₄
2	Anode A	Cathode A	Anode M	No connection
3	Anode M	Cathode M	No Connection	Anode G ₁ , G ₂ , G ₃ , G ₄
4	Anode K	Cathode K	Anode L	Anode C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄
5	Anode H	Cathode H	Anode K	Cathode A ₂ , B ₂ , C ₂ , E ₂ , F ₂ , G ₂ , D.P.A.
6	Anode G	Cathode G	Anode J	Anode D.P.A.
7	Anode T	Cathode T	Anode D	No Connection
8	Anode F	Cathode F	Anode D.P.	Cathode A ₃ , B ₃ , C ₃ , D ₃ , E ₃ , F ₃ , G ₃
9	Anode E	Cathode E	Anode C	Anode D.P.B.
10	Anode D.P.	Cathode D.P.	Anode B	Cathode A ₄ , B ₄ , C ₄ , D ₄ , E ₄ , F ₄ , G ₄ , D.P.B.
11	Anode S	Cathode S	Common Cathode, Character 2	No Connection
12	Anode R	Cathode R	Anode A	Anode A ₁ , A ₂ , A ₃ , A ₄
13	Anode D	Cathode D	Anode N	No Connection
14	Anode U	Cathode U	Anode H	Anode B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₃ , B ₄
15	Anode P	Cathode P	Anode G	Cathode A ₁ , B ₁ , C ₁ , D ₁ , E ₁ , F ₁ , G ₁
16	Anode C	Cathode C	Common Cathode, Character 1	No Connection
17	Anode N	Cathode N	Anode P	Anode E ₁ , E ₂ , E ₃ , E ₄
18	Common Cathode	Common Anode	Anode F	Anode F ₁ , F ₂ , F ₃ , F ₄

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

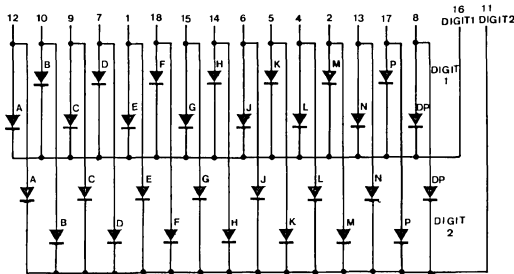
A. LTP-537



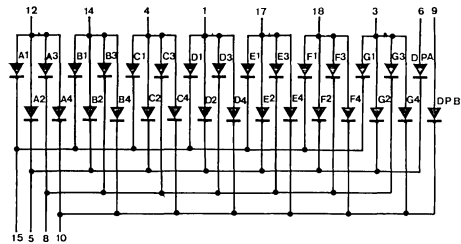
B. LTP-587



C. LTP-3784



D. LTP-3785



SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	55	40	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	60	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	15	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.18	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	- 25°C to + 85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-537R/587R & LTP-3784R/3785R

PARAMETER	LTP—	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	537R/587R	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
	3784R/3785R	I_v	200	400		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width		$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.		V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.		I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio		$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

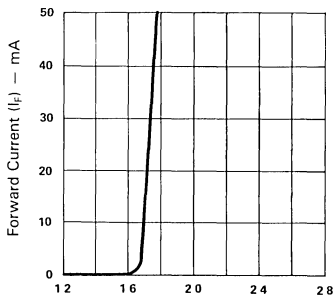


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

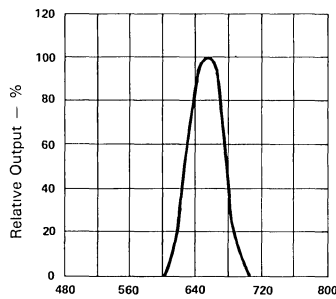


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

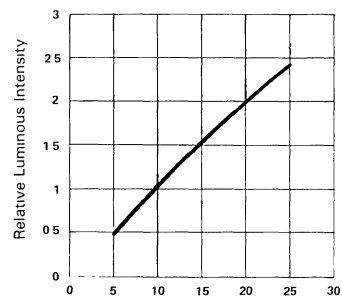


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

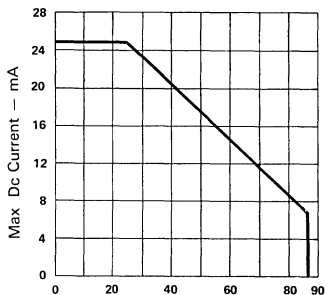


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

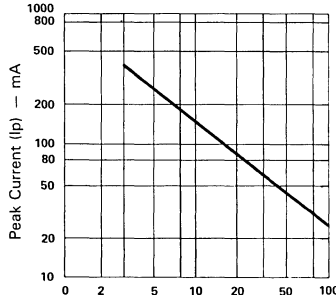


Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

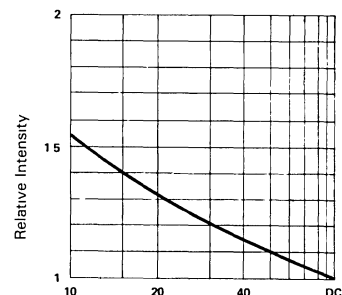


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

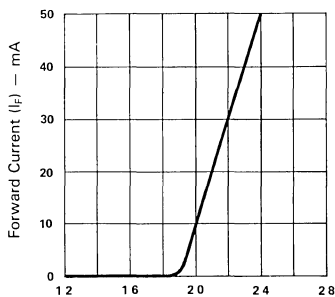
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-537P/587P

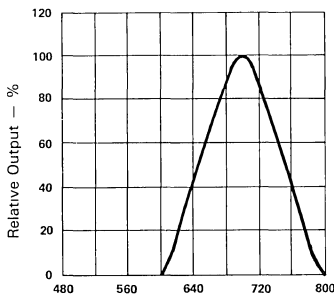
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	300	750		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

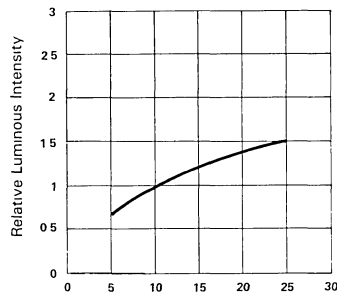
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



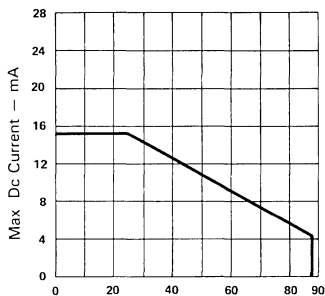
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



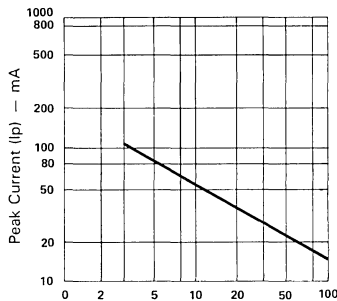
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-537G/587G & LTP-3784G/3785G

PARAMETER	LTP-	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	537G/587G	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
	3784G/3785G	I_v	600	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width		$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.		V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.		I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio		$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

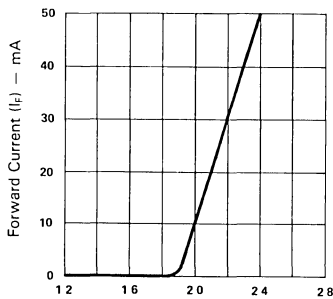


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

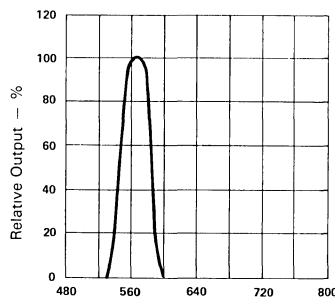


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

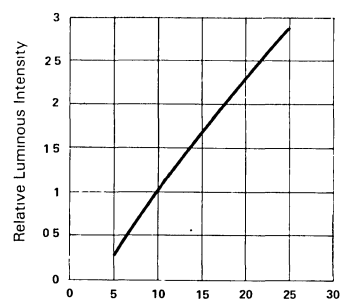
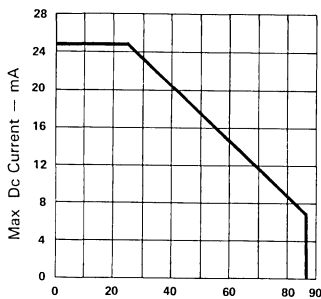


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



5-161 Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

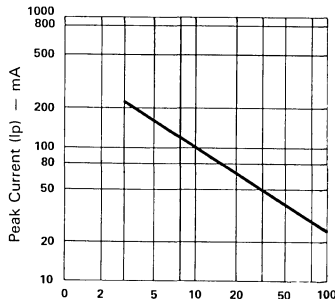


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

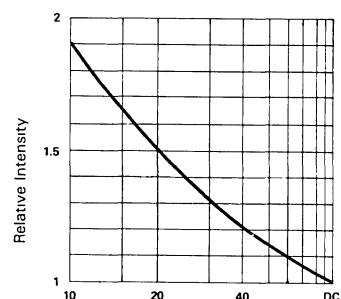


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

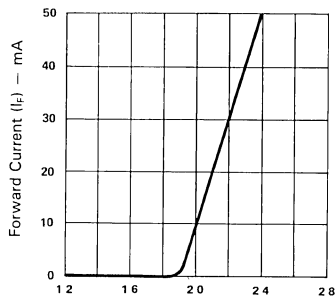
LTP-537Y/587Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

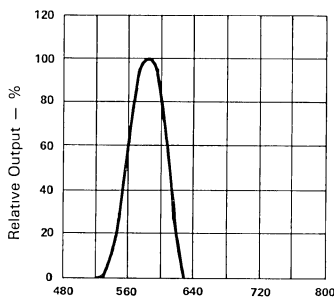
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

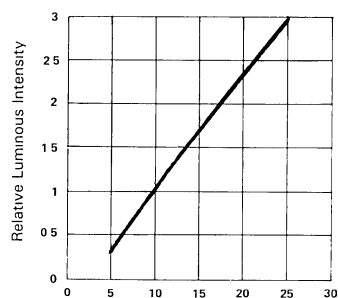
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



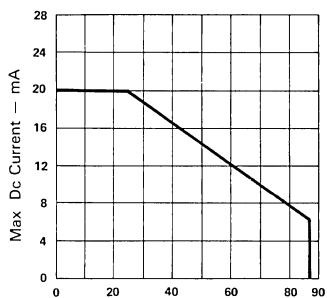
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



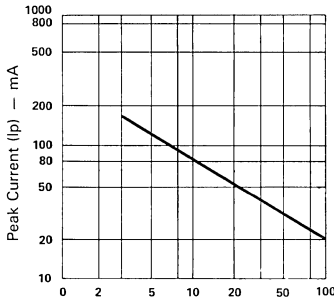
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



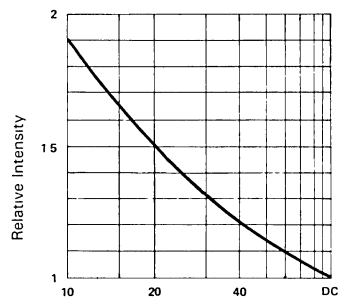
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C
LTP-537E/587E & LTP-3784E/3785E

PARAMETER	LTP-	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	537E/587E	I _v	750	2000		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
	3784E/3785E	I _v	600	1800		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength		λ _p		630		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width		Δλ		40		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.		V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.		I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5 V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio		I _v -m			2:1		I _F = 20 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

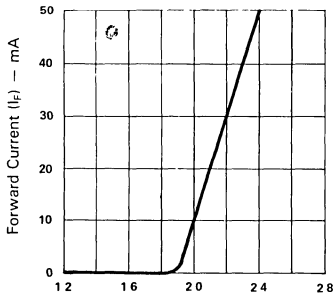


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT V_S FORWARD VOLTAGE

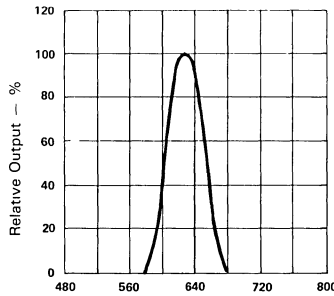


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

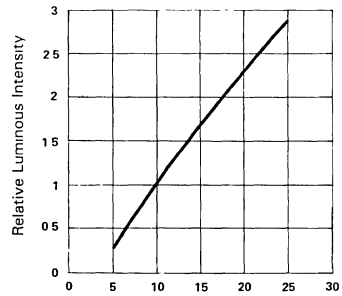


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_S FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

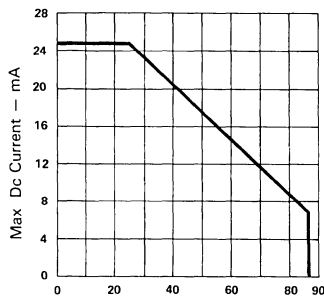


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG V_S AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

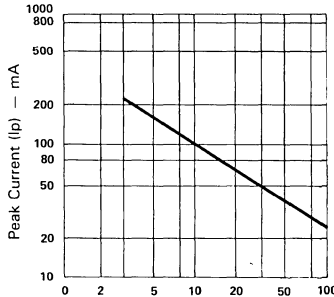


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT V_S DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

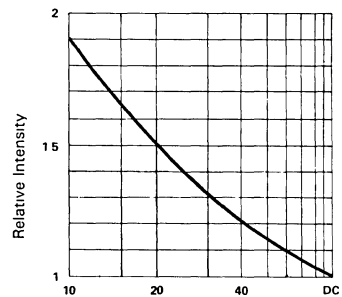


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_S DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-537HR/587HR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	2000		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2.1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

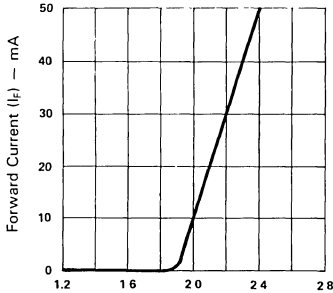


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

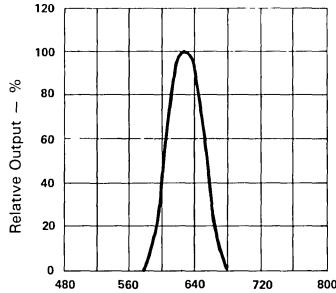


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

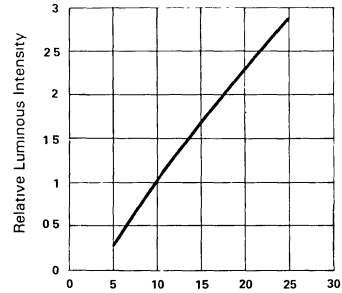


Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

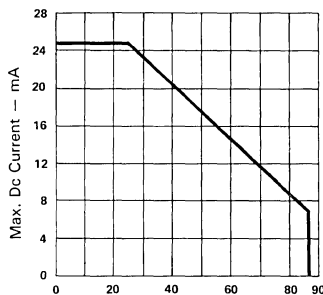


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

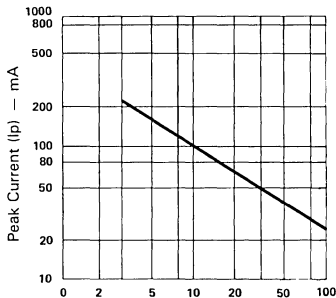


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

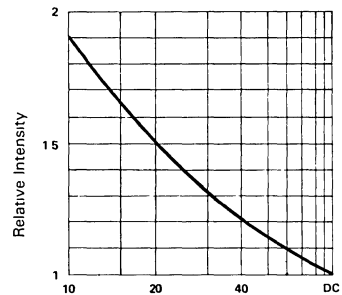


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

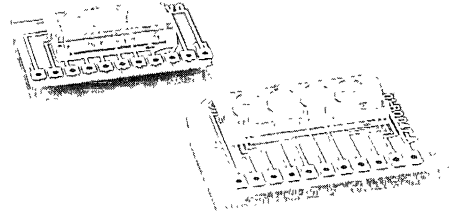


LTB-1400 SERIES

RED 7-SEGMENT MAGNIFIED MONOLITHIC NUMERIC DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- INTEGRATED MAGNIFIER LENS.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS.
- MONOLITHIC CONSTRUCTION FOR MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS AT MINIMUM POWER.
- COMMON CATHODE FOR SIMPLICITY OF MULTIPLEXING.
- CATEGORIZED FOR BRIGHTNESS UNIFORMITY.



DESCRIPTION

The LTB-0022/0028/0038/0047 & LTB-1466/1468/1488/1498 are red numeric LED displays. Low cost is achieved through minimum use of monolithic GaAsP material and magnification to full height using a simple integrated lens construction.

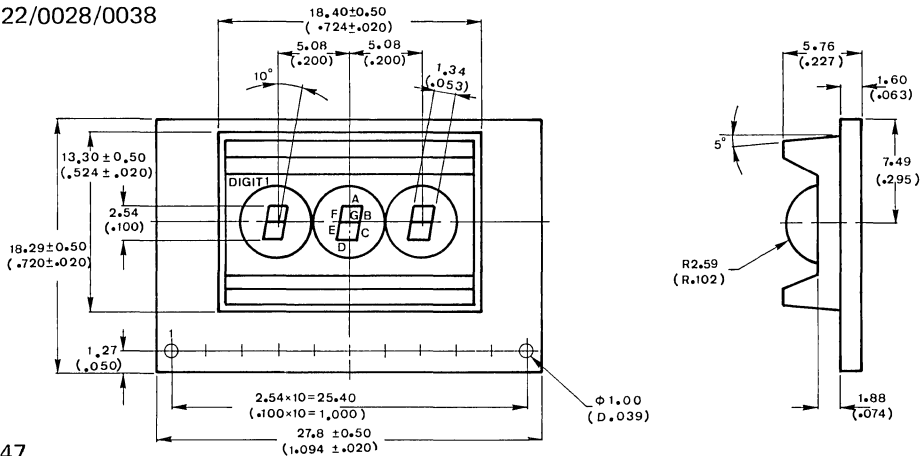
These displays are designed for multiplex operation the desired digit being displayed by selecting the appropriate cathode. A right hand decimal point is provided. All devices are optimized for low power portable battery operated equipment using MOS and CMOS integrated logic circuits.

DEVICES

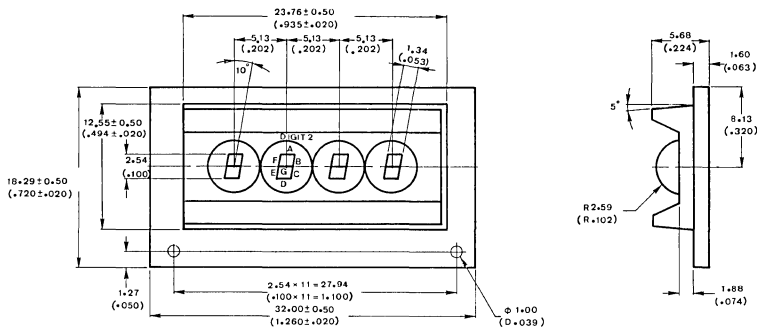
PART NO. LTB—	DESCRIPTION	DISPLAY FONT	CIRCUIT	PIN CODE	P.D.
0022	2	⊖x⊖	MPX	A	A
0028	2	x⊖⊖	MPX	B	A
0038	3	⊖⊖⊖	MPX	C	A
0047	4	⊖⊖⊖⊖	MPX	D	B
1466	6	x⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖x	MPX	E	C
1478	7	x⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖x	MPX	E	C
1488	8	x⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖.	MPX	E	C
1498	9	⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖⊖.	MPX	E	C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

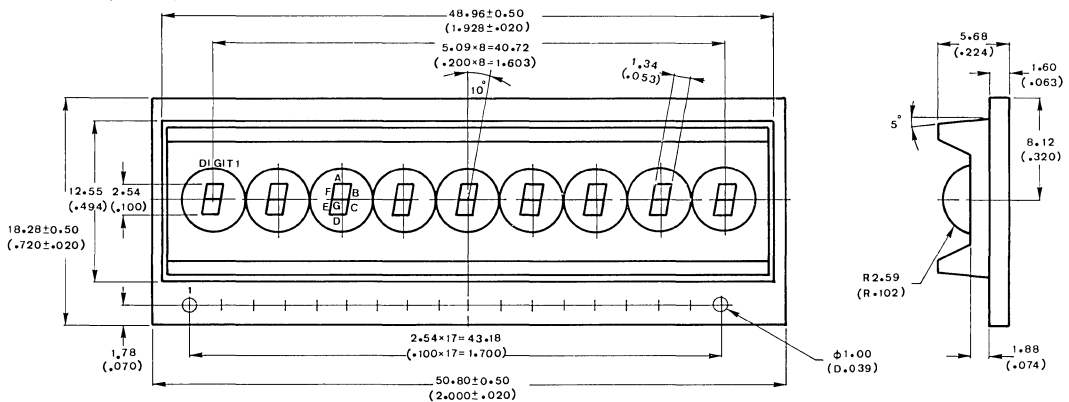
A. LTB-0022/0028/0038



B. LTB-0047



C. LTB-402/1466/1478/1488/1498

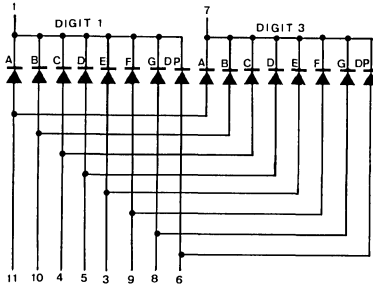


NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$, tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

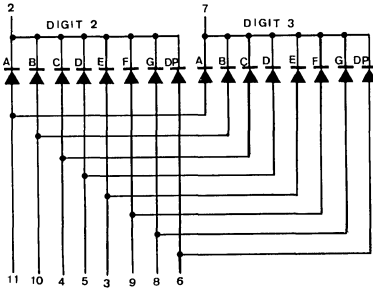
SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS
& ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

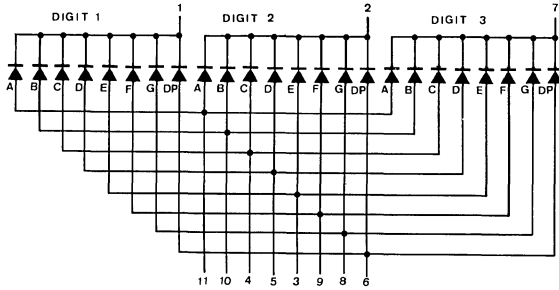
A. LTB-0022



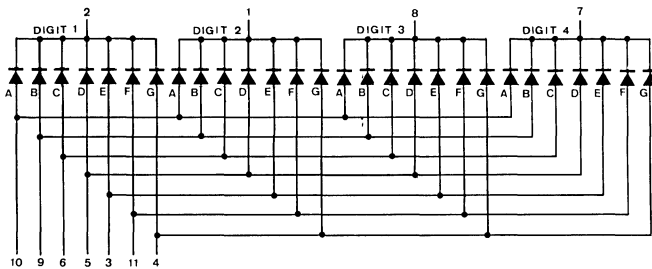
B. LTB-0028



C. LTB-0038



D. LTB-0047



PIN NO.	LTA-1498	LTA-1488	LTA-1478	LTA-1466	CATHODE	ANODE
1	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	
2	Digit 1	NC	NC	NC	V	
3	Segment C	Segment C	Segment C	Segment C		V
4	Digit 2	Digit 1	Digit 1	NC	V	
5	DP	DP	DP	DP		V
6	Digit 3	Digit 2	Digit 2	Digit 1	V	
7	Segment A	Segment A	Segment A	Segment A		V
8	Digit 4	Digit 3	Digit 3	Digit 2	V	
9	Segment E	Segment E	Segment E	Segment E		V
10	Digit 5	Digit 4	Digit 4	Digit 3	V	
11	Segment D	Segment D	Segment D	Segment D		V
12	Digit 6	Digit 5	Digit 5	Digit 4	V	
13	Segment G	Segment G	Segment G	Segment G		V
14	Digit 7	Digit 6	Digit 6	Digit 5	V	
15	Segment B	Segment B	Segment B	Segment B		V
16	Digit 8	Digit 7	Digit 7	Digit 6	V	
17	Segment F	Segment F	Segment F	Segment F		
18	Digit 9	Digit 8	NC	NC	V	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	ICF	5	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	IPF	40	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	VR	3	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-25°C to 60°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-25°C to 70°C	
Power Dissipation per Digit	PD	50	mW
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C From 3 Seconds at 2mm From the Case or Reflector Edge			

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity per Digit	Iv		100		μcd	IF = 5 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp		655		nm	IF = 5 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		40		nm	IF = 5 mA
Forward Voltage	VF		1.6			IF = 5 mA
Reverse Current	IR			100	μA	VR = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	Iv-m				2:1	IF = 5 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

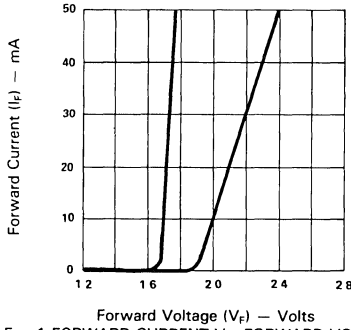


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

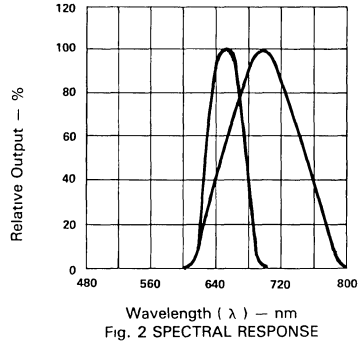


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

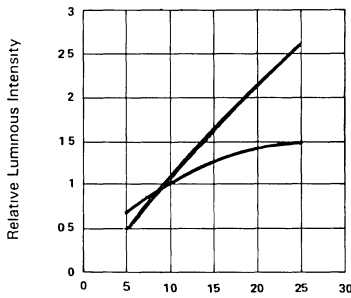


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

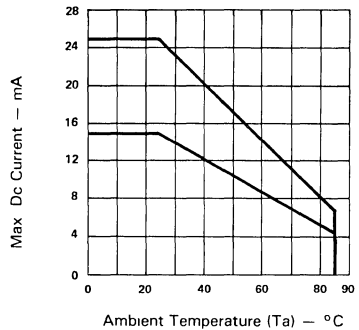


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

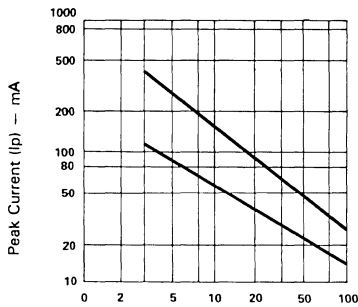


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

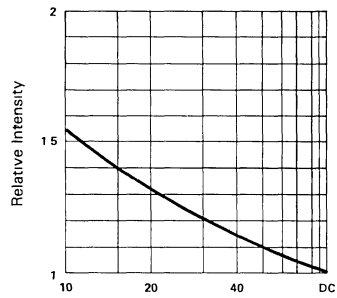


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

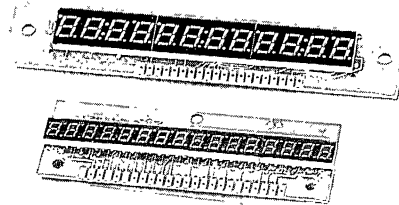


LTF 216141/804 SERIES

0.2" & 0.3" MULTI-DIGIT DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.2 & 0.3 INCH (5.08mm/7.6mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, MULTIPLEX PINOUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- RED (GaAsP) 14 DIGIT LED CLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD BRIGHT RED (GaP) DISPLAY SUFFIX PARE AVAILABLE.



DESCRIPTION

The LTF-2000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, microprocessor . . . etc.

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

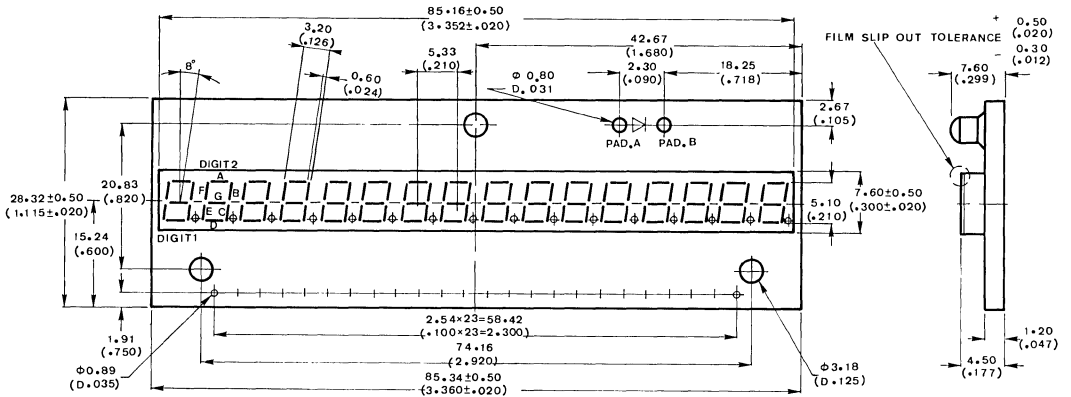
DEVICES

PART NO. LTF-	DESCRIPTION				DISPLAY FONT	PACKAGE DIMENSION	PIN CONNECTION
	DRIVE		COLOR				
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	RED			
216141A1	C. C.	MPX		V	xBBBBBBBBBBBBBBx	A	A
216141A1P	C. C.	MPX	V		xBBBBBBBBBBBBBBx	A	A
804-12P	C. C.	MPX	V		BBBBBBBBBBBBBB	B	B
804-12	C. C.	MPX		V	BBBBBBBBBBBBBB	B	B
804-08P	C. C.	MPX	V		xxBBBBBBBBxx	B	B
804-08	C. C.	MPX		V	xxBBBBBBBBxx	B	B

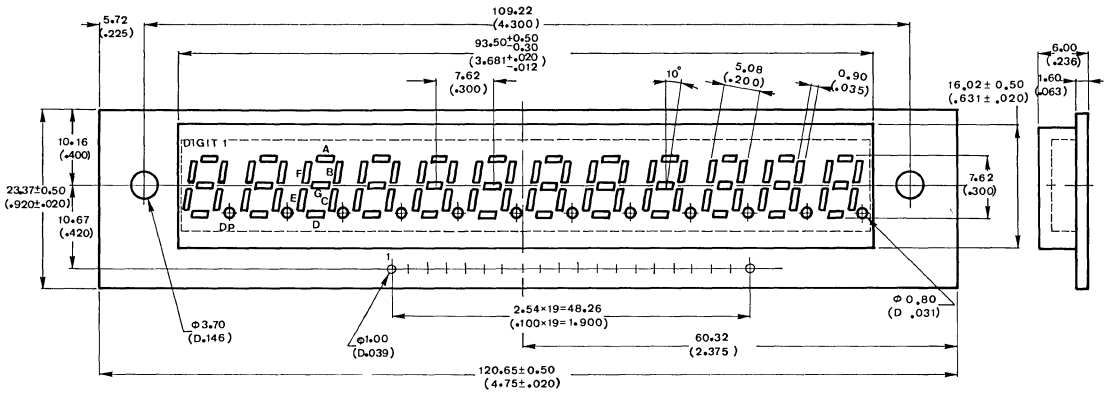
NOTES: 1. C.C. common cathode 2. MPX multiplex

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTF-216141A1P



B. LTF-804



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$, tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

A. LTF-216141

PIN NO.	FUNCTION	PIN NO.	FUNCTION	PIN NO.	FUNCTION
1	Pad A Anode	9	Digit 7 Cathodes	17	Digit 11 Cathodes
2	Digit 2 Cathodes	10	Segment E Anode	18	Segment F Anode
3	Digit 3 Cathodes	11	Digit 8 Cathodes	19	Digit 12 Cathodes
4	Digit 4 Cathodes	12	Segment A Anode	20	Segment B Anode
5	Digit 5 Cathodes	13	Digit 9 Cathodes	21	Digit 13 Cathodes
6	Decimal Point Anode	14	Segment G Anode	22	Digit 14 Cathodes
7	Digit 6 Cathodes	15	Digit 10 Cathodes	23	Digit 15 Cathodes
8	Segment C Anode	16	Segment D Anode	24	Pad B Cathode

B. LTF-804-12

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	Digit 1 Cathodes	11	Digit 11 Cathodes
2	Digit 4 Cathodes	12	Segment A Anode
3	Digit 3 Cathodes	13	Segment B Anode
4	Digit 2 Cathodes	14	Segment C Anode
5	Digit 5 Cathodes	15	Segment D Anode
6	Digit 6 Cathodes	16	Decimal Point Anodes
7	Digit 7 Cathodes	17	Segment G Anode
8	Digit 8 Cathodes	18	Segment F Anode
9	Digit 9 Cathodes	19	Segment E Anode
10	Digit 10 Cathodes	20	Digit 12 Cathodes

LTF-804-8

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	Nc	11	Nc
2	Digit 4 Cathodes	12	Segment A Anode
3	Digit 3 Cathodes	13	Segment B Anode
4	NC	14	Segment C Anode
5	Digit 5 Cathodes	15	Segment D Anode
6	Digit 6 Cathodes	16	Decimal Point Anodes
7	Digit 7 Cathodes	17	Segment G Anode
8	Digit 8 Cathodes	18	Segment F Anode
9	Digit 9 Cathodes	19	Segment E Anode
10	Digit 10 Cathodes	20	Nc

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I _{CF}	25	20	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I _{PF}	200	150	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I _F /pulse	30	30	30 30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	V _R	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-25°C to 60°C			
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-25°C to 70°C			
Power Dissipation Per Segment	P _D	60	60	60	mW
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.35	0.42	0.42	mA/°C
Max Solder Temperature 260°C C From 3 Seconds at 2mm From the Case or Reflector Edge					

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

- Freon TE or TF
- Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
- Dai-Fron Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	RED	35	70		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
		BRIGHT RED	40	80			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _P	RED	630	655	680	nm	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RRE		697			
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	RED		24		nm	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RED		90			
Forward Voltage	V _F	RED		1.7	2.2	V	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RED		2.1	2.8		
Reverse Current	I _R	RED			100	μA	V _R = 5V
		BRIGHT RED			100		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{vm}	All Model			2:1		I _F = 10 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

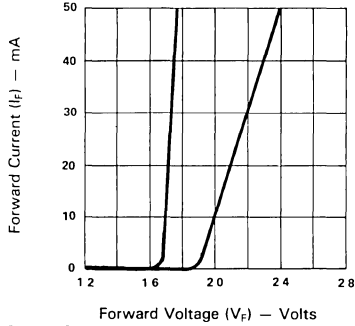


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

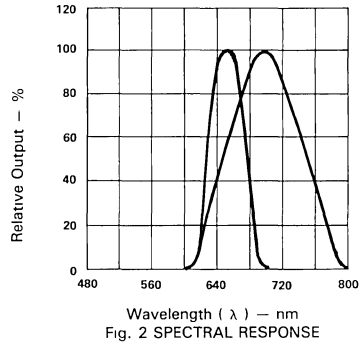


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

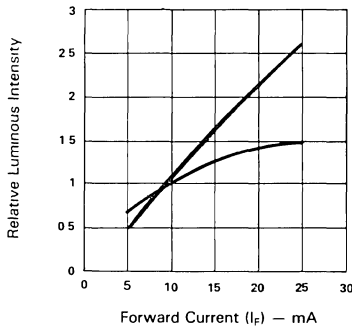


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

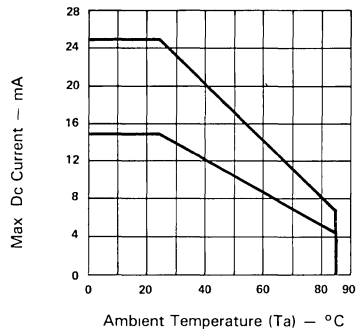


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

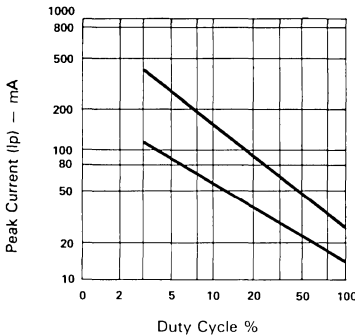


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

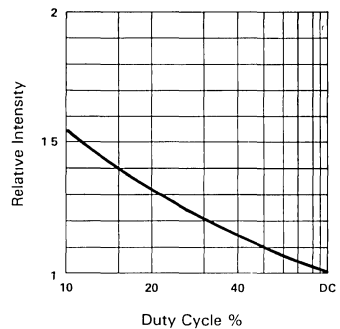


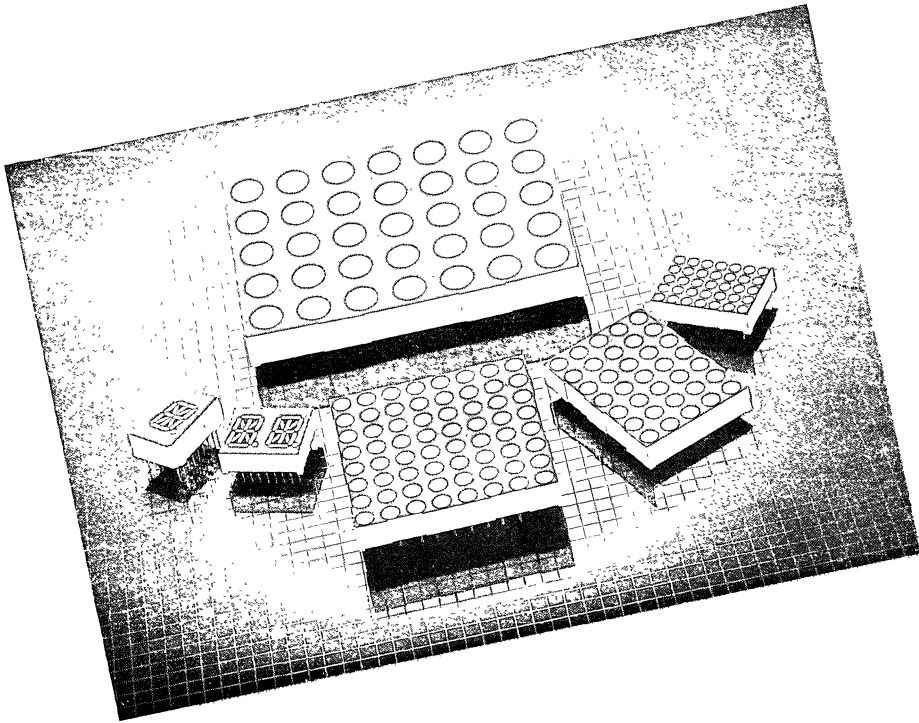
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

SEVEN-SEGMENT LED DISPLAYS & ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAYS

- NOTES: 1. Clean only in water, isopropanol, ethanol, freon TF (or equivalent).
2. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.


6. Dot Matrix Displays

- **SELECTION GUIDE**
- **HOW TO USE LITON LED DISPLAYS**
- **4x4 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **4x4 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **5x7 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **5x7 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **5x8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **5x8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **8x8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**
- **8x8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS**




SELECTION GUIDE

4 x 4 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

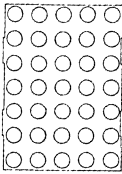
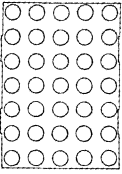
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA $\frac{1}{8}$ DUTY	PAGE NO.
 50.8mm (2.0") Dual-In-Line 2.0"H x 2.0"W x .34"D	LTP- 2344G 2344Y 2344E	Green Yellow Orange	Anode Row, Cathode Column	11000 μ cd 9000 μ cd 11000 μ cd	6-11

4 x 4 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

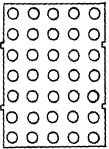
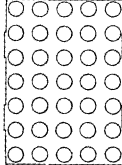
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA $\frac{1}{8}$ DUTY	PAGE NO.
 50.8mm (2.0") Dual-In-Line 2.0"H x 2.0"W x .34"D	LTP- 2044A3	Green & Orange	Anode Row, Cathode Column	11000 μ cd 11000 μ cd	6-11

5 x 7 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA $\frac{1}{8}$ DUTY	PAGE NO.
 7.62mm (.3") Dual-In-Line .73"H x .38"W x .12"D	LTP- 305R 305G 305HR	Red Green Hi. -Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	400 μ cd 1600 μ cd 1600 μ cd	6-17
 17.8mm (.7") Dual-In-Line .7"H x .5"W x .25"D	LTP- 747R 747G 747Y 747E 747HR	Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Anode Column Cathode Row	500 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	6-23
	757R 757G 757Y 757E 757HR	Red Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Cathode Column, Anode Row	500 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd 2000 μ cd	
 30.48mm (1.2") Dual-In-Line 1.6"H x .9"W x .32"D	LTP- 1457AG 1457AY 1457AE 1457AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd	6-31
	1557AG 1557AY 1557AE 1557AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Cathode Column, Anode Row	3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd	

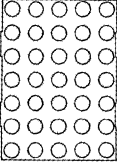
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA ¹ / ₈ DUTY	PAGE NO.
 50.8mm (2.0") Dual-In-Line 2.1"H x 1.5"W x .34" D	LTP- 2057AG 2057AY 2057AE 2057AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-39
	2157AG 2157AY 2157AE 2157AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Cathode Column, Anode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	
 101.6mm (4.0") Dual-In-Line 4.2"H x 3"W x .51"D	LTP- 4057AG 4057AY 4057AE 4057AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd	6-47
	4157AG 4157AY 4157AE 4157AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi.-Eff. Red	Cathode Column, Anode Row	8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd	

5 x 7 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

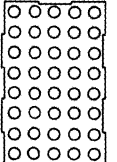
PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA ¹ / ₈ DUTY	PAGE NO.
 30.48mm (1.2") Dual-In-Line 1.6"H x 9"W x 2"D	LTP- 1257AA	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd	6-31
	1357AA	Green & Orange	Cathode Column, Anode Row	3000 μ cd 3000 μ cd	
 50.8mm (2.0") Dual-In-Line 2.1"H x 1.5"W x .34"D	LTP- 2657AA	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-39
	2757AA	Green & Orange	Cathode Column, Anode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	



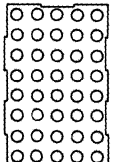
SELECTION GUIDE

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA 1/8 DUTY	PAGE NO.
 <p>101.6mm (4.0") Dual-In-Line 4.2"Hx3"Wx.51"D</p>	LTP-4257AA	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd	6-47
	4357AA	Green & Orange	Cathode Column, Anode Row	8000 μ cd 8000 μ cd	

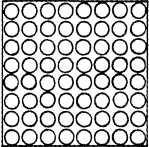
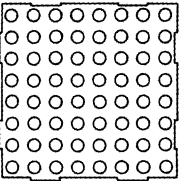
5 x 8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA 1/8 DUTY	PAGE NO.
 <p>58.42mm (2.3") Dual-In-Line 2.4"H x 1.5"W x .35"D</p>	LTP-2058AG 2058AY 2058AE 2058AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-55
	2158AG 2158AY 2158AE 2158AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Cathode Column, Anode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	

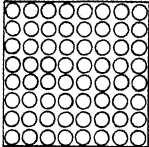
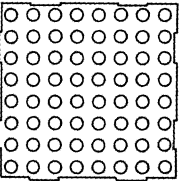
5 x 8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA 1/8 DUTY	PAGE NO.
 <p>58.42mm (2.3") Dual-In-Line 2.4"Hx1.5"Wx.35"E</p>	LTP-2458AA	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-55
	2558AA	Green & Orange	Cathode Column, Anode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	

8 x 8 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA 1/8 DUTY	PAGE NO.
 <p>47.0mm (1.85") Dual-In-Line 1.9"H x 1.9"W x .35"D</p>	LTP- 18088G 18088E	Green Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	3500 μ cd 3500 μ cd	6-63
 <p>58.42mm (2.3") Dual-In-Line 2.4"H x 2.4"W x .36"D</p>	LTP- 2088AG 2088AY 2088AE 2088AHR	Green Yellow Orange Hi. -Eff. Red	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-68

8 x 8 MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

PACKAGE	PART NO.	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	TYP. Iv/DOT @ Ip=48 mA 1/8 DUTY	PAGE NO.
 <p>47.0mm (1.85") Dual-In-Line 1.9"H x 1.9"W x .35"D</p>	LTP- 18188A	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	3500 μ cd 3500 μ cd	6-63
 <p>58.42mm (2.3") Dual-In-Line 2.4"Hx2.4"Wx.36"D</p>	LTP- 2188A	Green & Orange	Anode Column, Cathode Row	4000 μ cd 4000 μ cd	6-68

HOW TO USE LITON LED DISPLAYS

Generally, Liton LED displays can be used as same way as other general semiconductors. However the following precautions must be taken to protect the LED displays.

1. CLEANING

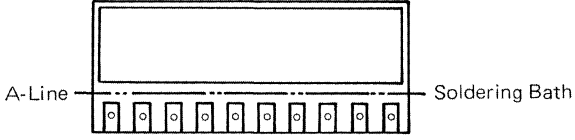
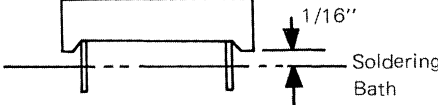
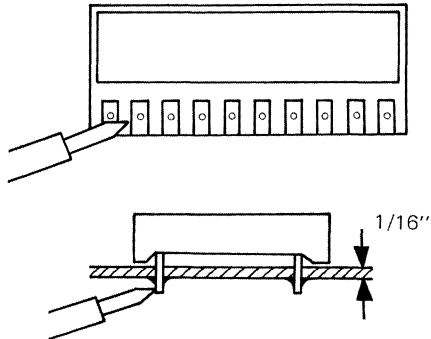
Do not use unspecified chemical liquids to clean display. They could harm the display. If cleaning is necessary, wipe the pin out with alcohol, Freon TE or Chlorosen at normal temperature for less than 1 minute, or wipe the surface with alcohol. When other chemical solutions not specified are used. It may cause crack or haze on the surface of the display.

2. SOLDERING

2.1 The soldering iron should be operated under 40W power consumption.

2.2 The Liton LED displays soldering specification is shown as table 1.

2.3 The neutrality flux must be used before soldering.

METHOD	CONDITIONS	TEMP.	TIME
Soldering Bath Method	<p>(1) Dip depth should under A-line</p>  <p>A-Line is the middle between the edge of soldering pad and the edge of lite pipe.</p> <p>(2) Dip depth should under 1/16 inch below seating plane</p> 	260° C ± 5° C	Within 3 Seconds
Soldering Method	<p>Soldering Iron: 40W Tip: 4.5φ x 32mm</p> 	Tip Temp 205° C ± 5° C	Within 3 Seconds

3. PREVENTING OVER CURRENT

3.1 Do not overcurrent

3.2 In order to operate Liton LED displays under stable conditions. Put protective resistors in series (Fig. 1). Resistor values can be determined by supplying voltage or current for the led display. Recommended current is in the range of forward current 5mA to 20mA.

3.3 Circuit must be designed so that overvoltage (overcurrent) is not applied to the LED during on/off switching. Transients or pulse current will damage the junction of LED die.

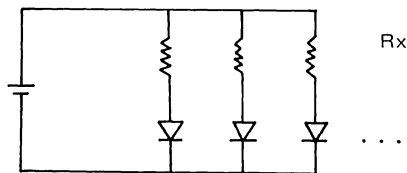


Fig. 1

4. BRIGHTNESS AND COLOR

4.1 For obtaining even brightness. Each segment should be at the same current, so the best circuit design is to supply constant current for each segment.

4.2 To increase brightness. Increase current. But do not over maximum rating.

4.3 To check the appearance defect of LED display, the viewing distance should be 30cm minimum.

4.4 For obtaining more uniform brightness on yellow and green display. The supplying forward current should over 10mA, but do not over maximum rating.

5. HOW TO TEST LUMINOUS INTENSITY OF LED DISPLAY

5.1 Equipment: Taktronix

A. J16-Photometer

B. J6501-Yellow & Green Probe

C. J6505-Red Probe

5.2 Measurement Hints

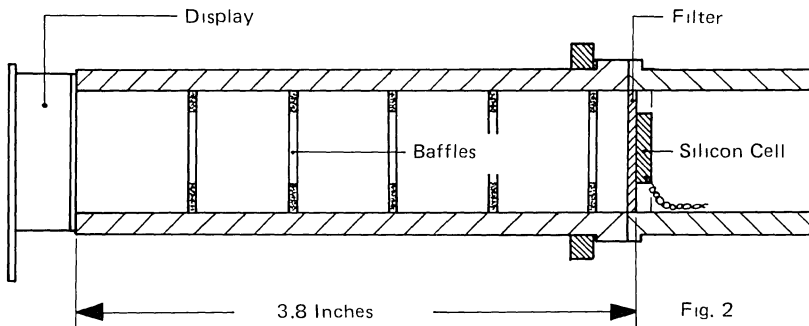


Fig. 2



5.3 LED Probe and Adapter

At one foot, one footcandle is equivalent to one candela.

At 3.8 inches one footcandle is equivalent to 100 millicandelas.

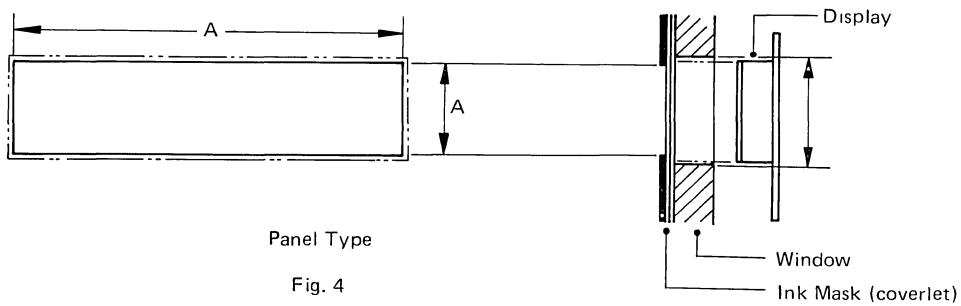
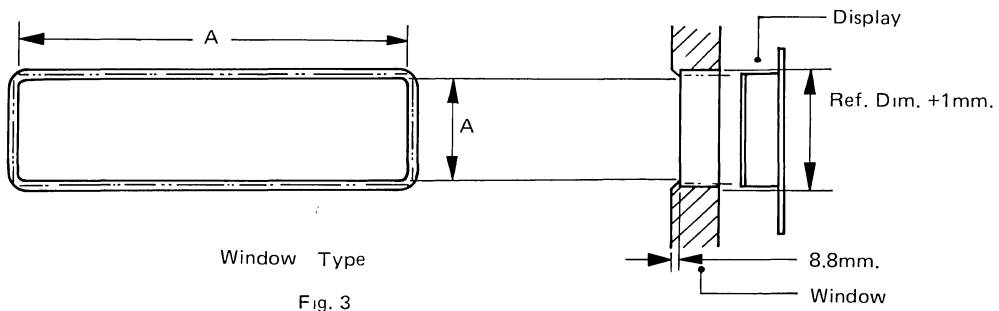
5.4 The average luminous intensity is obtained by summing the luminous intensity of each segment and dividing by the total number of segments. The numeric displays are categorized for luminous intensity with the intensity category designated by a letter located on the side of the package.

HOW TO USE LITON LED DISPLAYS

6. RELIABILITY TESTS AND CONDITIONS

TEST	CONDITONS	DESCRIPTION
Operating Life Test	<p>I_F = maximum rating current $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ 1000 $\begin{smallmatrix} +72 \\ -24 \end{smallmatrix}$ Hours</p>	This test is conducted for the purpose of determining the resistance of a part in electrical and thermal stresses.
High Temperature storage test	<p>$T_a = 65^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Air type) $T_a = 85^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Epoxy type) 1000 $\begin{smallmatrix} +72 \\ -24 \end{smallmatrix}$ Hours</p>	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device which is laid under condition of high temperature for hours.
Low Temperature storage test	<p>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Air type) $T_a = 35^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Epoxy type) 1000 $\begin{smallmatrix} +72 \\ -24 \end{smallmatrix}$ Hours</p>	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device which is laid under condition of low temperature for hours.
High Temperature high humidity Test	<p>$T_a = 40^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ RH = 90 ~ 95% (Air type) $T_a = 65^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ RH = 90 ~ 95% (Epoxy type) 1000 $\begin{smallmatrix} +72 \\ -24 \end{smallmatrix}$ Hours</p>	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device under tropical condition for hours.
Thermal Shock Test (Air to air)	<p>$-25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ to $65^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Air type) $-35^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ (Epoxy type) 10 Min./Temp., Transfer 5 Sec. 10 Cycles</p>	The purpose of this test is to determine the resistance of the device to sudden extreme. Transition time between temp. Ambients shall be 5 sec. maximum
Solderability Test	<p>($T_a = 230^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$) Dwell flux T = 5 ± 1 Sec. Dwell solder T $5 \pm .5$ Sec.</p>	This test is intended to see soldering is well performed or not.
Drop Test	<p>0 ~ 9kg H = 760mm 9.1 ~ 22kg H = 610mm 22.1 ~ 45.5kg H = 530mm one angle, three corners, six surfaces.</p>	This test is intended to see the certain height drop to affect the device.
Vibration Test	<p>F = 600-3600RPM Amplitude = 1.5mm At acceleration of 9G T = 15 min. To each direction.</p>	This vibration test is intended to determine the suitability of the device.

7. MECHANICAL



- Notes:
1. For mechanical design of LED display application, we recommend to refer Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.
 2. For 8.6" ~ 1.8" clock display of liton's product, the "A" dimension design should cover typically 0.5mm on the each edge of lite pipe. For the special type LED clock display, such as the segments or the dots are too close to the edge of lite pipe. To obtain the 0.5mm buffer area, the "A" dimension should be adjusted to the optimun. Please refer to the detail package dimensions in Liton's data book.

8. The BIN brightness classification as follow:

CATEGORY A:

μ cd /seg.

BIN CODE	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K
RANGE	80~ 130	131~ 210	211~ 340	341~ 540	541~ 860	861~ 1380	1381~ 2210	2211~ 3540	3541~ 5660	5661~ 9060

PROPERTY: LTS-4x05A, 4x10A, 4x30A, 4x80A, 6x60, 6x75, 6x80, 6x95
 LTD-322, 323, 6x10, 6x30, 6x40, 6x50
 LTA-1000
 LTL-5x173
 LTM-8522, 8529, 8530.

CATEGORY B:

μ cd /seg.

BIN CODE	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P
RANGE	50~ 80	81~ 130	131~ 210	211~ 340	341~ 540	541~ 860	861~ 1380	1381~ 2210	2211~ 3540	3541~ 5660	5661~ 9060	9061~ 14500	14501~ 23200

PROPERTY: LTS-31xA, 36x , 54xA, 340x
 LTD-4x2, 524, 52x0, 5x5
 LTP-5x7, 378x
 LTM-8647
 LTC-5x36, 5x37

CATEGORY C:

μ cd /seg.

BIN CODE	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
RANGE	100~ 130	131~ 170	171~ 220	221~ 290	291~ 370	371~ 480	481~ 620	621~ 810	811~ 1050	1051~ 1370	1371~ 1780	1781~ 2310	2311~ 3000

BIN CODE	N	P	Q	R	S	T	U
RANGE	3001~ 3900	3901~ 5070	5071~ 6590	6591~ 8570	8571~ 11140	11141~ 14480	14481~ 18820

PROPERTY: All single color matrix . series displays.
 (LTP-2x44 Exclude)

CATEGORY D:

μ cd /seg.

BIN CODE	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
RANGE	711~ 820	821~ 940	941~ 1080	1081~ 1240	1241~ 1430	1431~ 1640	1641~ 1890	1891~ 2170	2170~ 2500	2501~ 2880	2881~ 3310

BIN CODE	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Z ₁
RANGE	3311~ 3810	3811~ 4380	4381~ 5040	5041~ 5800	5801~ 6670	6671~ 7670	7671~ 8820	8821~ 10140	10141~ 11660	11661~ 13410	13411~ 15020	15021~ 17730

PROPERTY: All multi-color dot matrix . series display.
 (LTP-2x44 Exclude)

CATEGORY E:

mcd/seg.

BIN CODE	3	2	1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	M	J
RANGE	1.3~ 1.8	1.9~ 2.5	2.6~ 3.5	3.6~ 5.0	5.1~ 7.0	7.1~ 10.0	10.1~ 14.0	14.1~ 20.0	20.1~ 28.0	28.1~ 39.0	39.1~ 55.0	55.1~ 77.0

PROPERTY: LTJ-811
LTL-2x00, 2x20, 2x50, 2x55, 2x85
LTP-2x44

CATEGORY F:

μcd/seg.

BIN CODE	3	2	1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
RANGE	220~ 320	321~ 380	381~ 450	451~ 520	521~ 630	631~ 900	901~ 1250	1251~ 1750	1751~ 2450	2451~ 3430	3431~ 4450

PROPERTY: LTP-305

CATEGORY G:

mcd/seg.

BIN CODE	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	O
RANGE	2.0~ 3.2	3.3~ 5.0	5.1~ 8.0	8.1~ 13.0	13.1~ 21.0	21.1~ 34.0	34.1~ 54.0	54.1~ 86.0	86.1~ 138.0	138.1~ 221.0

PROPERTY: LTS-30x01, 30x02, 50x01, 50x02, 10x04, 10x05.

- NOTE: 1. The average luminous intensity is obtained by summing the luminous intensity of each segment and dividing by the total number of segments. The displays are categorized for luminous intensity with the intensity category designated by a letter located on the side of the package. The BIN brightness classification is as above.
2. Please put same BIN grade of brightness together when displays are assembled together for the uniformity.



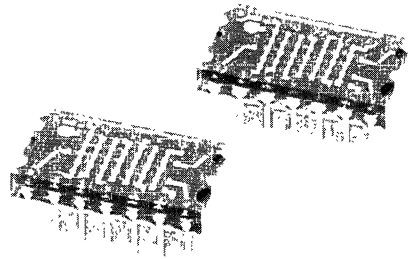


LTP-305 SERIES

0.3" 5 x 7 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-RED/ GREEN/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- 36 LIGHT EMITTING DIODES.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT AND DECIMAL POINT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

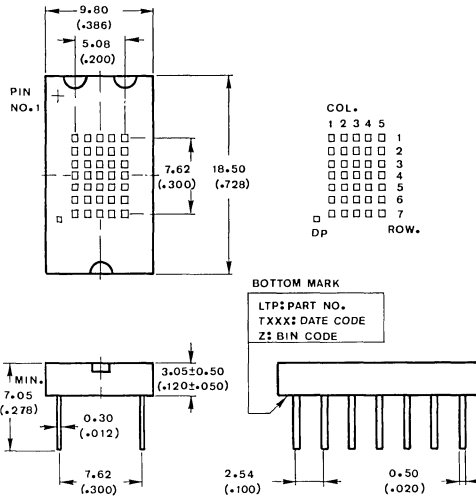
The LTP-305 series are 0.3 inch (7.62mm) matrix height 5x7 dot matrix displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The green series devices are utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red displays have red package color. Green displays have green package color. High efficiency displays have red package color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTP--			DESCRIPTION
RED	GREEN	HI.-EFF RED	
305R	305G	305HR	Anode Column, Cathode Row; Lt. Hand Decimal

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

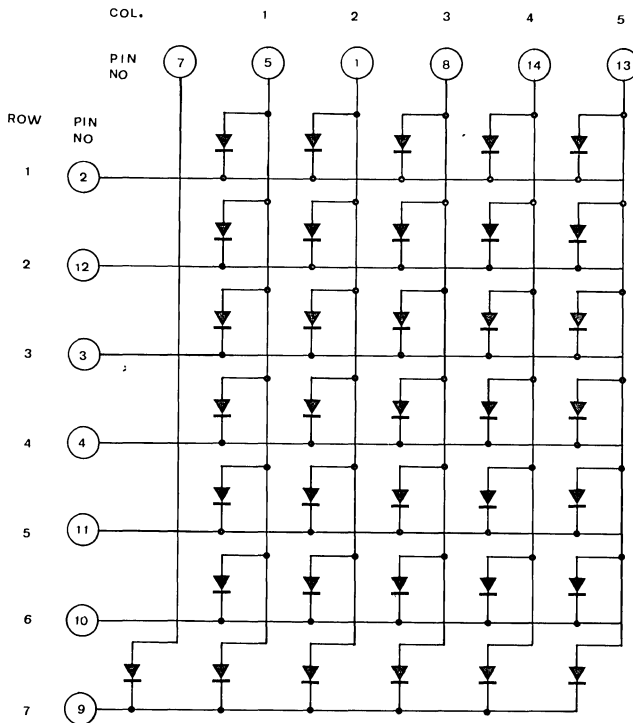
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	Anode, Column 2	8	Anode, Column 3
2	Cathode, Row 1	9	Cathode, Row 7
3	Cathode, Row 3	10	Cathode, Row 6
4	Cathode, Row 4	11	Cathode, Row 5
5	Anode, Column 1	12	Cathode, Row 2
6	No Pin	13	Anode, Column 5
7	Anode, Decimal (Point)	14	Anode, Column 4

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	GREEN	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Display	750	1000	1000	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	60	60	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	20	20	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.25	0.25	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

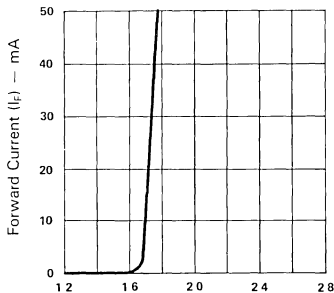
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-305R

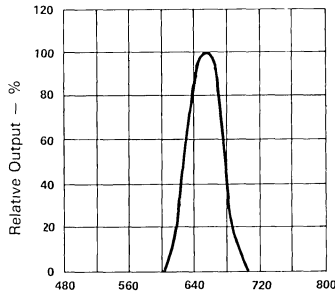
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	200	400		μcd	$I_P = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Dot	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

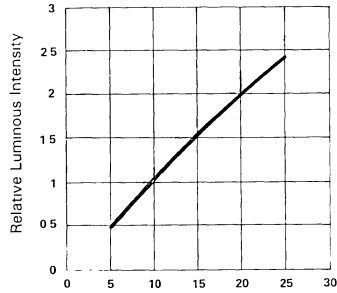
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



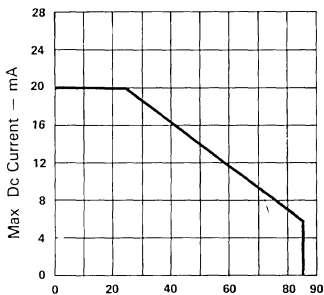
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



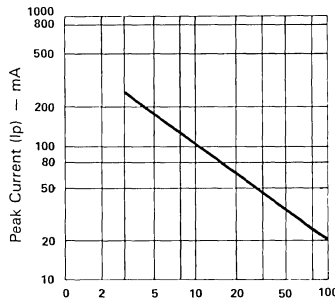
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



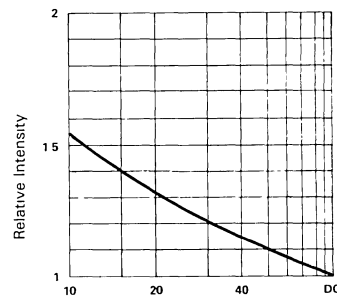
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)



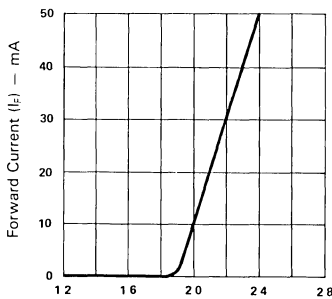
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-305G SERIES

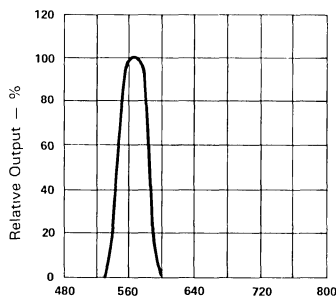
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	600	1600		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

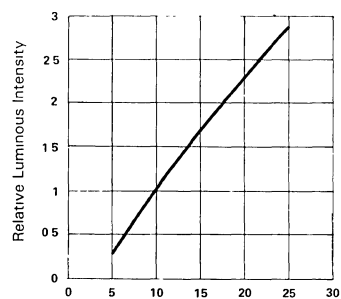
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



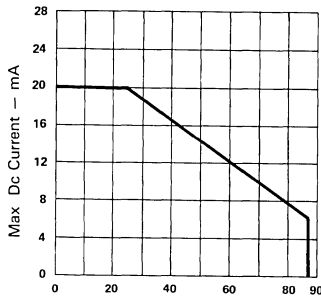
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



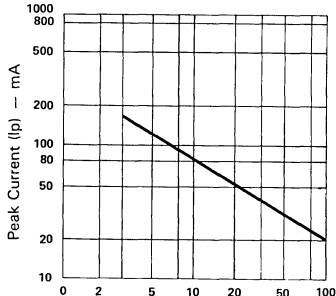
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



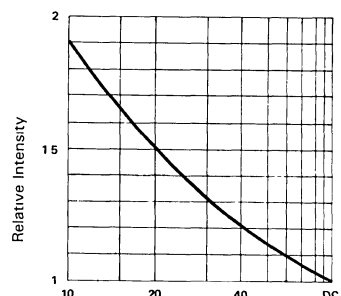
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

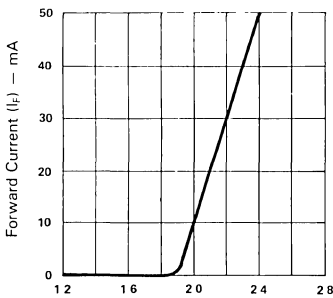
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-305HR SERIES

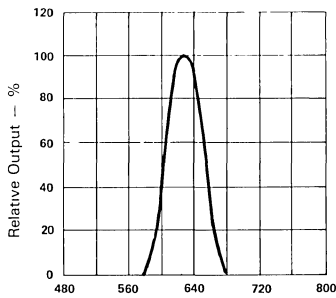
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous intensity	I_v	600	1600		μcd	$I_P = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

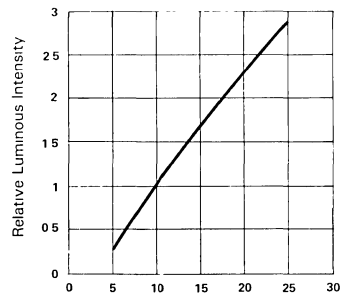
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



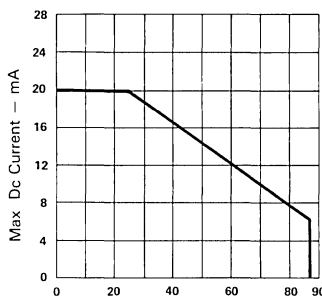
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.



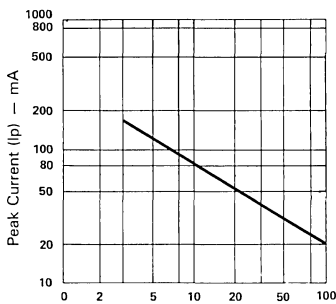
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



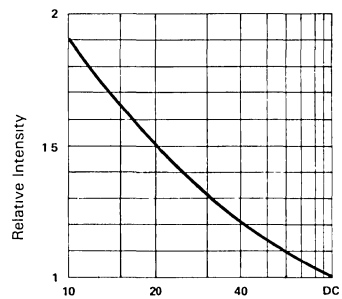
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)



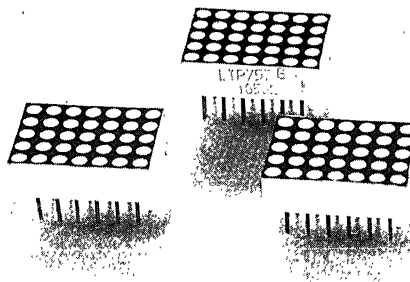


LTP- 747 757 SERIES

0.7" 5 x 7 SINGLE COLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 0.7 INCH (17.2 mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS — RED / BRIGHT RED / GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW, OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.



DESCRIPTION

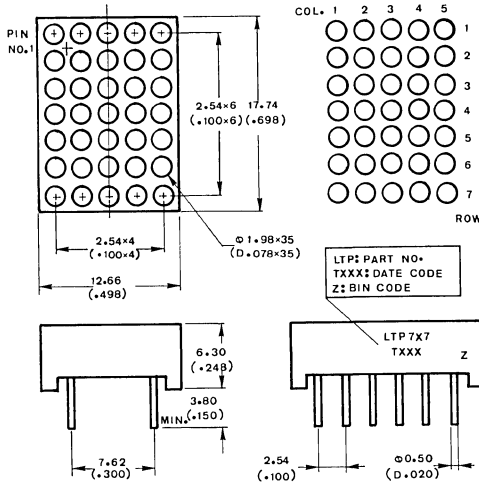
The LTP-747/757 series are 0.7 inch (17.2 mm) matrix height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high-efficiency red series utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. The red, green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The bright red and high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTP-					DESCRIPTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF, RED		
747R	747G	747Y	747E	747HR	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A
757R	757G	757Y	757E	757HR	Cathode Column; Anode Row	B

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm ($\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$)
- $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

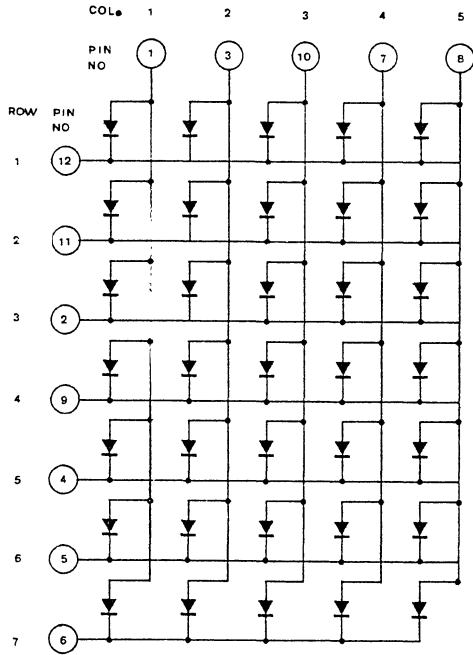
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	LTP-747	LTP-757
1	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1
2	Cathode Row 3	Anode Row 3
3	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2
4	Cathode Row 5	Anode Row 5
5	Cathode Row 6	Anode Row 6
6	Cathode Row 7	Anode Row 7
7	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4
8	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5
9	Cathode Row 4	Anode Row 4
10	Anode Column 3	Cathode Column 3
11	Cathode Row 2	Anode Row 2
12	Cathode Row 1	Anode Row 1

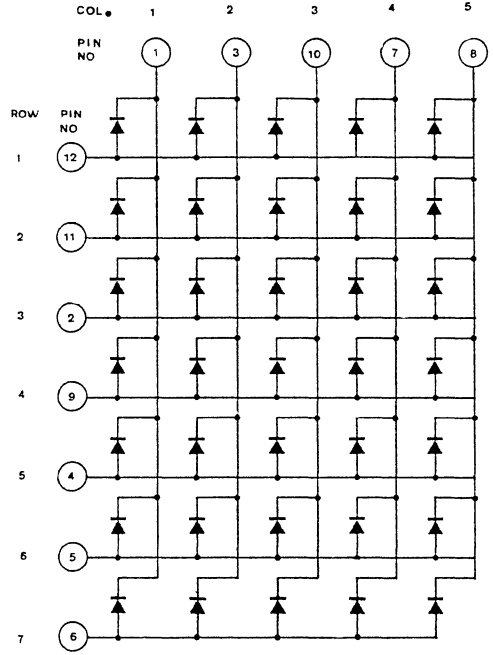
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTP-747



B. LTP-757



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	45	60	50	60	60	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	80	60	80	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	20	20	16	20	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.24	.024	0.2	0.24	0.24	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$					
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$					
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C						

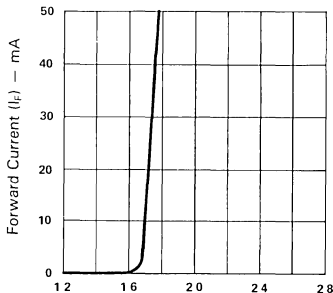
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-747R/757R

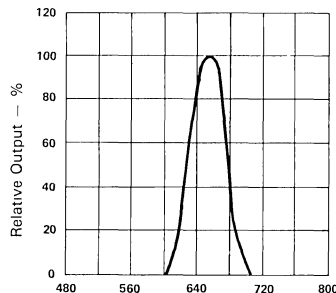
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	500		μcd	$I_P = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dct.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

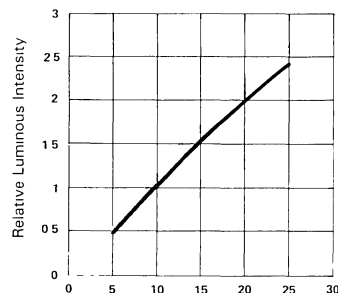
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



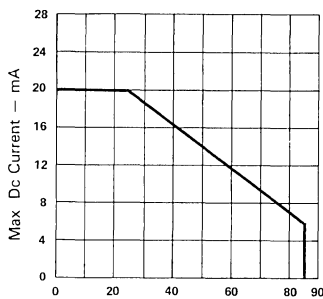
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



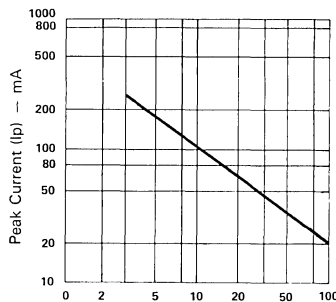
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



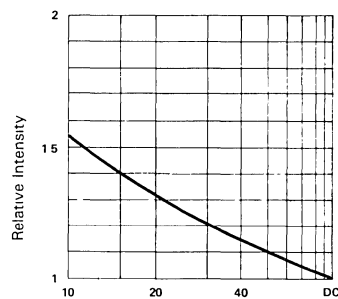
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

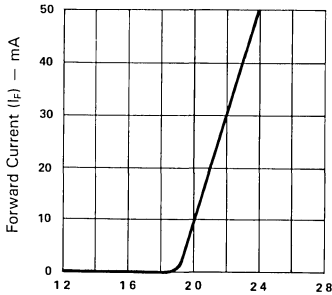


ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-747Y/757Y

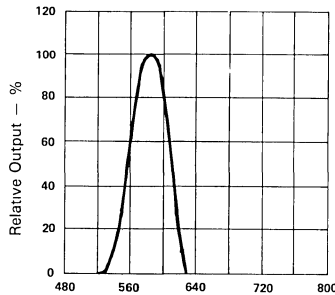
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dct	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

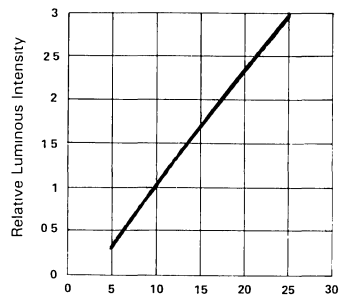
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



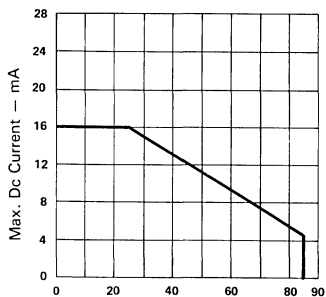
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



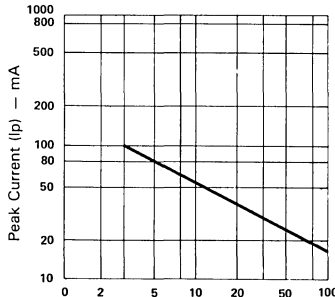
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



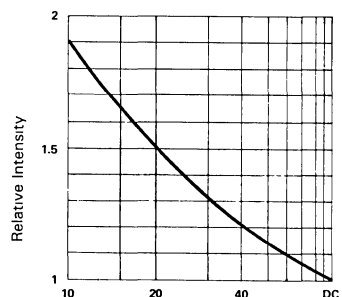
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-747G/757G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT'	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_P = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dct	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

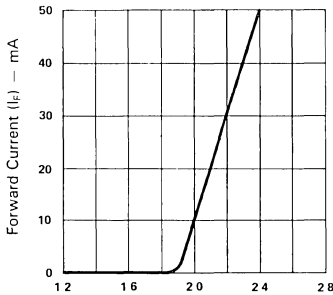


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

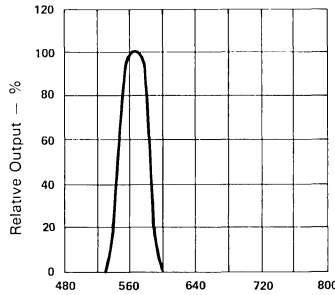


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

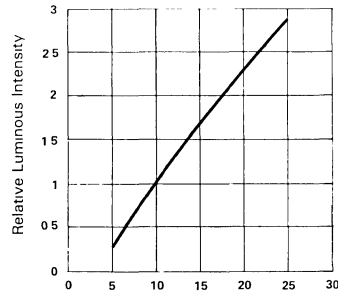


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

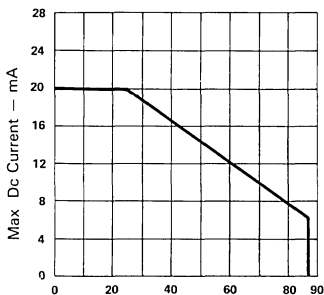


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

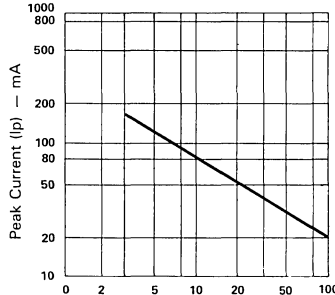


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

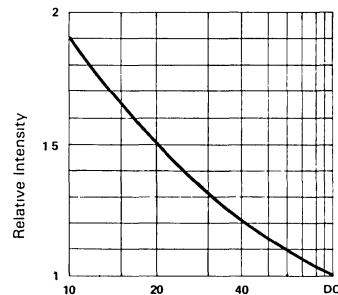


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-747E/757E

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CODITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_F = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dct	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

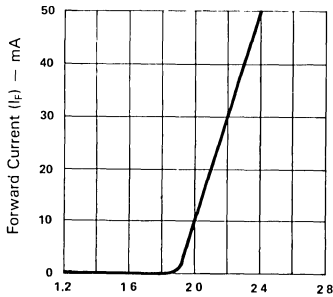


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

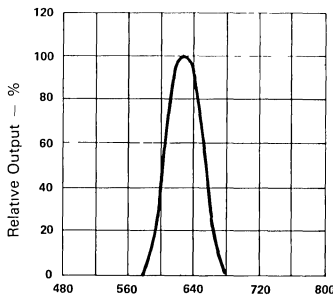


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

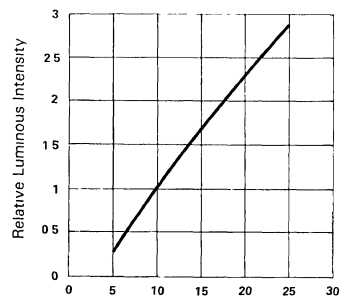


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

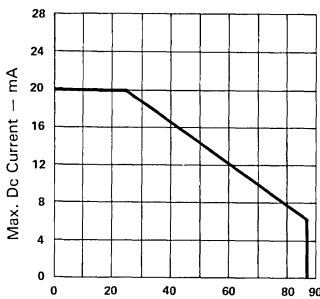


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

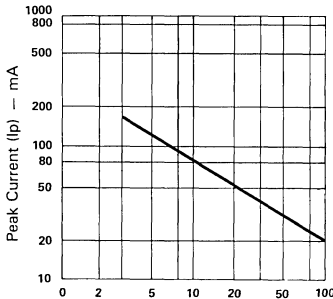


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

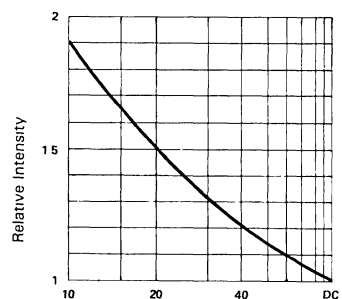


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

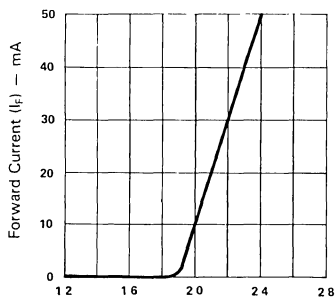
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-747HR/757HR

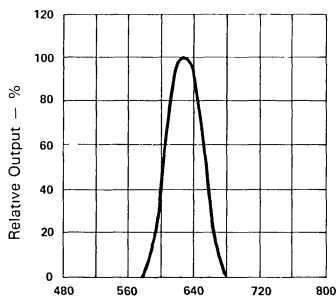
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CODITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	700	2000		μcd	$I_P = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dct	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

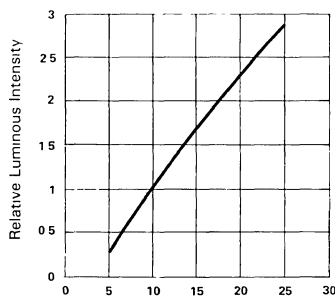
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



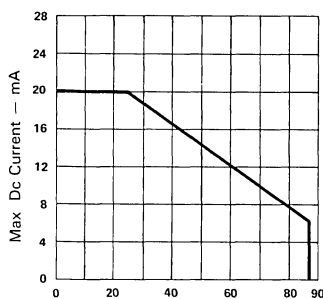
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



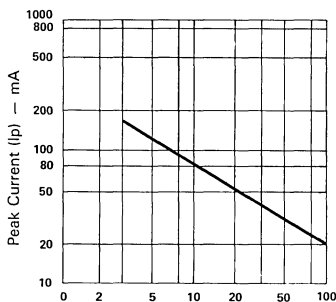
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



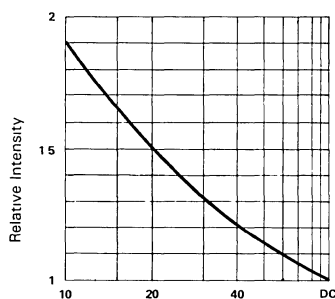
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

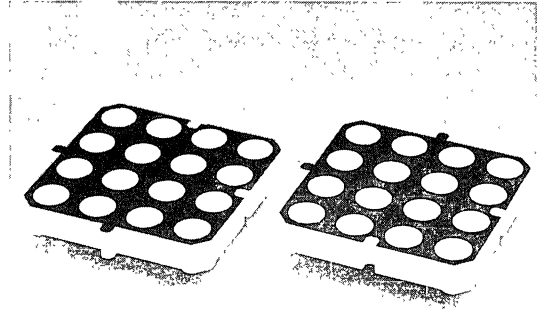


LTP-2344 2044 A3 SERIES

2.0" 4x4 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 2.0 INCH (50.80mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- 4x4 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF THREE BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED).



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-2x44 series are 2.0 inch (50.80mm) matrix-height 4x4 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-2044A₃ are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-2344 series are single color displays. The bright red green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

The green series devices are made from GaP on a transparent LED chips which utilize transparent GaP substrate.

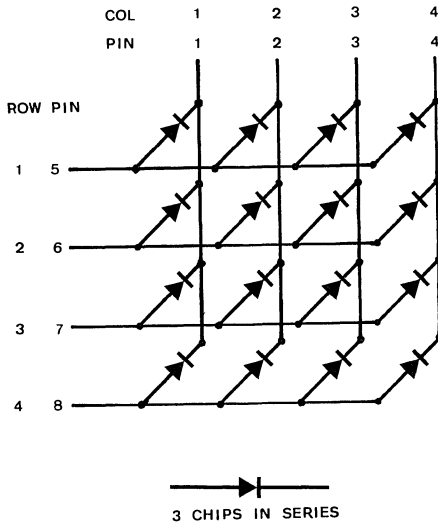
The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

DEVICES

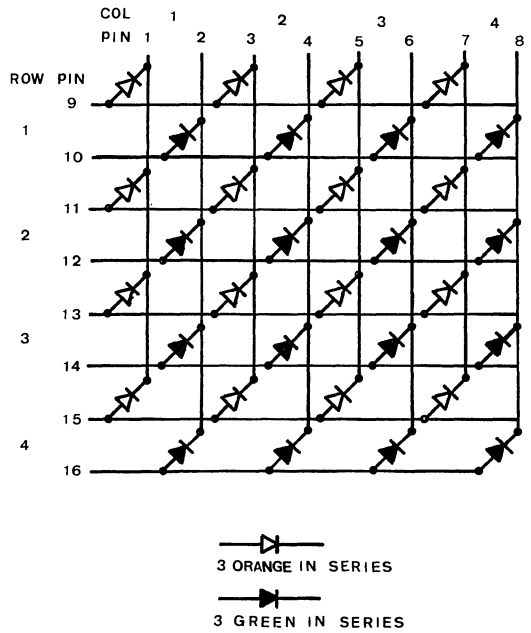
PART NO. LTP--				DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	MULTI-COLOR			
2344G	2344Y	2344E	—	Anode Row, Cathode Column	A	A
—	—	—	2044A ₃	Anode Row, Cathode Column	B	B

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTP-2344



B. LTP-2044A₃



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	150	180	150	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	75	80	75	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	18	20	18	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.26	0.24	0.26	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	15	15	15	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C			
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C				

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2344G/2044A₃ (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	5.0	11.0		mcd	$I_F = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		6.3	8.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 15\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

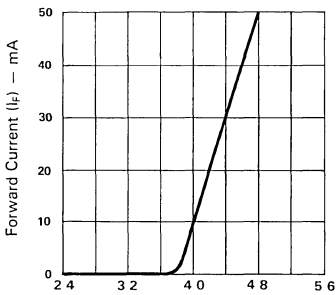


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

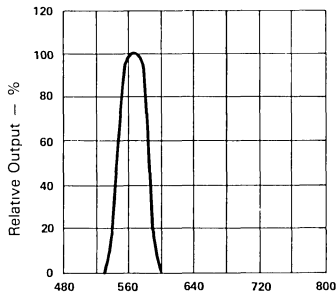


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

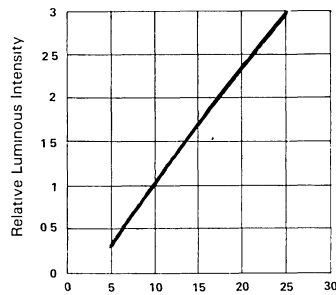


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

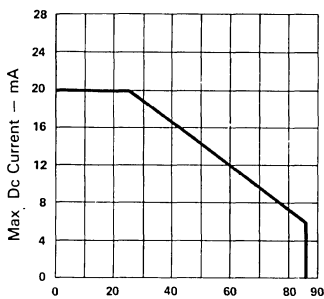


Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

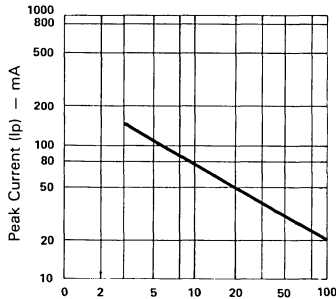


Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

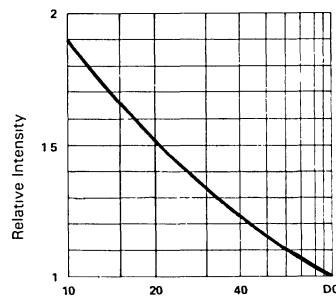


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

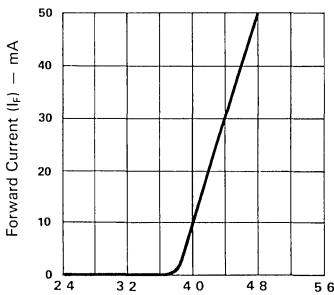
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2344Y

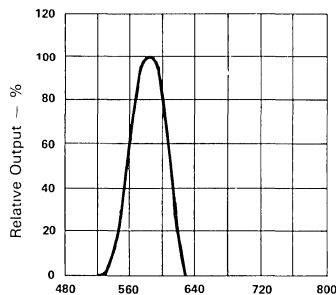
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_V	5.0	9.0		mcd	$I_F = 48\text{mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		6.3	8.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 15\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_V\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

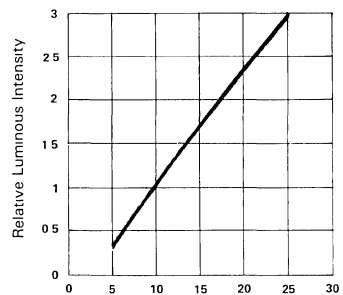
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



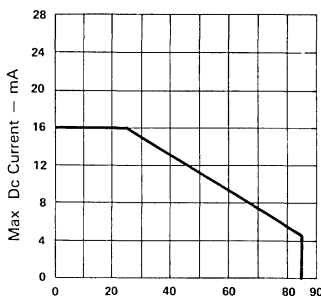
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



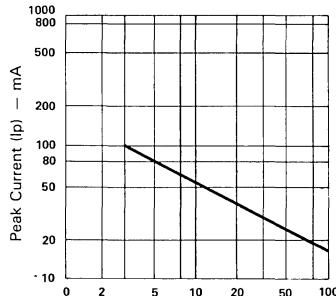
Wavelength (λ) – nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



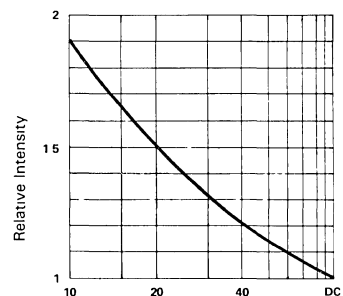
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{KHz}$)



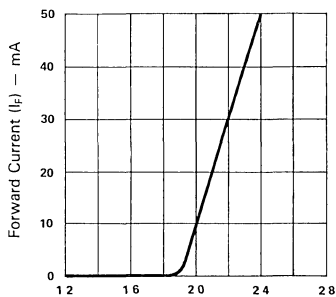
Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2344E/2044A₃ (ORANGE)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	5.0	11.0		mcd	$I_P = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		6.3	8.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 15\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

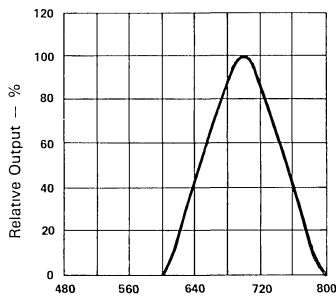
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



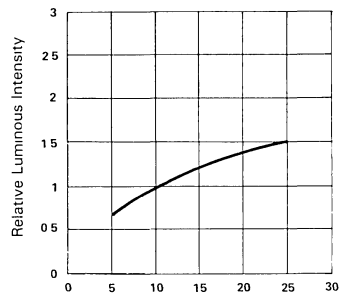
Forward Voltage (V_F) - Volts

Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



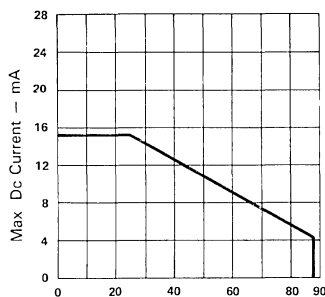
Wavelength (λ) - nm

Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



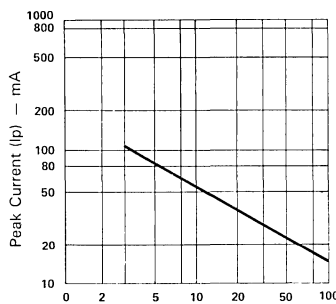
Forward Current (I_F) - mA

Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) - $^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %

Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ kHz}$)



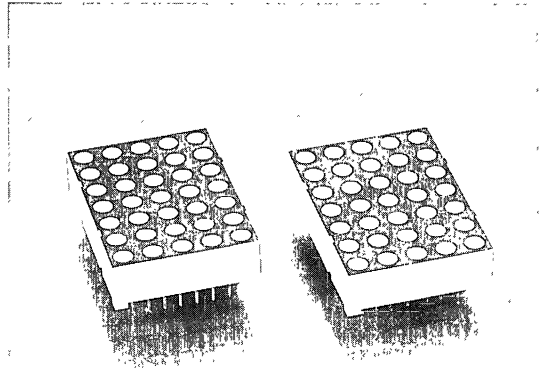


LTP- 1257AA/1357AA SERIES 1457A/1557A

1.2" 5x7 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 1.2" INCH (30.48mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED)



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-1 x 57A series are 1.2 inch (30.48mm) matrix height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-1257AA/1357AA are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-1457A/1557A series are single color displays. The green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

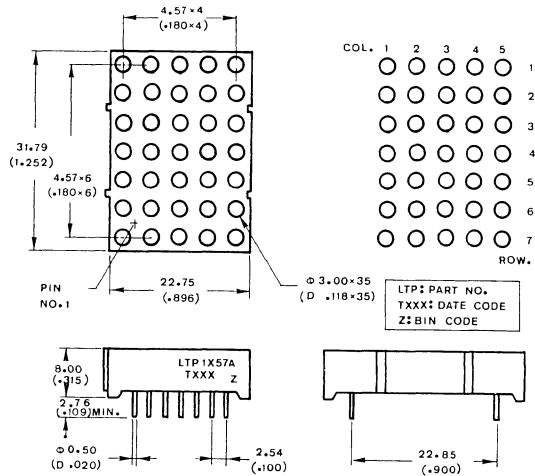
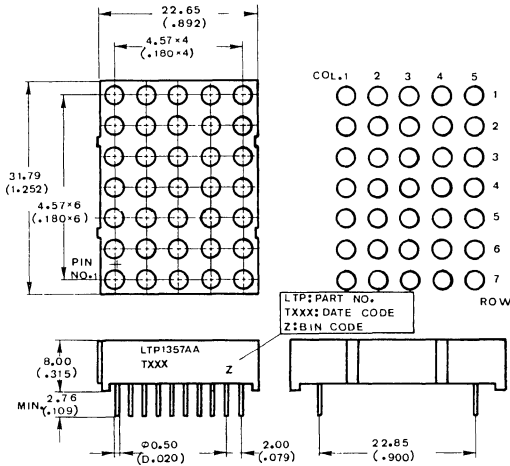
DEVICES

PART NO. LTP-					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
—	—	—	—	1257AA	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
—	—	—	—	1357AA	Cathode Column, Anode Row	A	B
1457AG	1457AY	1457AE	1457AHR	—	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	C
1557AG	1557AY	1557AE	1557AHR	—	Cathode Column, Anode Row	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-1257AA/1357AA

B. LTP-1457A/1557A



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{+0.25mm}{(0.010")}$ unless otherwise noted. $\frac{+0.040"}{-0.000"}$
-

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

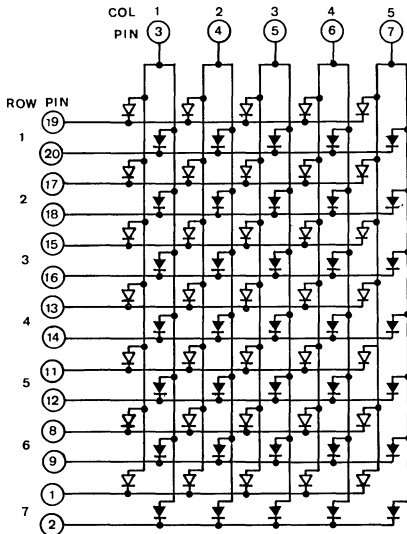
PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION			
	A LTP-1257AA	B LTP-1357AA	C LTP-1457A	D LTP-1557A
1	Cathode Row 7 Green	Anode Row 7 Green	Cathode Row 5	Anode Row 5
2	Cathode Row 7 Orange	Anode Row 7 Orange	Cathode Row 7	Anode Row 7
3	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2
4	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
5	Anode Column 3	Cathode Column 3	Cathode Row 4*2	Anode Row 4*2
6	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5
7	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5	Cathode Row 6	Anode Row 6
8	Cathode Row 6 Green	Anode Row 6 Green	Cathode Row 3	Anode Row 3
9	Cathode Row 6 Orange	Anode Row 6 Orange	Cathode Row 1	Anode Row 1
10	No Connection	No Connection	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4
11	Cathode Row 5 Green	Anode Row 5 Green	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
12	Cathode Row 5 Orange	Anode Row 5 Orange	Cathode Row 4*2	Anode Row 4*2
13	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1
14	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange	Cathode Row 2	Anode Row 2
15	Cathode Row 3 Green	Anode Row 3 Green		
16	Cathode Row 3 Orange	Anode Row 3 Orange		
17	Cathode Row 2 Green	Anode Row 2 Green		
18	Cathode Row 2 Orange	Anode Row 2 Orange		
19	Cathode Row 1 Green	Anode Row 1 Green		
20	Cathode Row 1 Orange	Anode Row 1 Orange		

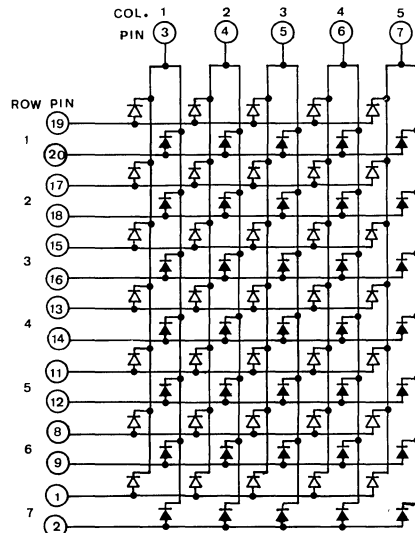
NOTES: 1. Pin 4 & 11 are internally connected.
2. Pin 5 & 12 are internally connected.



INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTP-1257AA

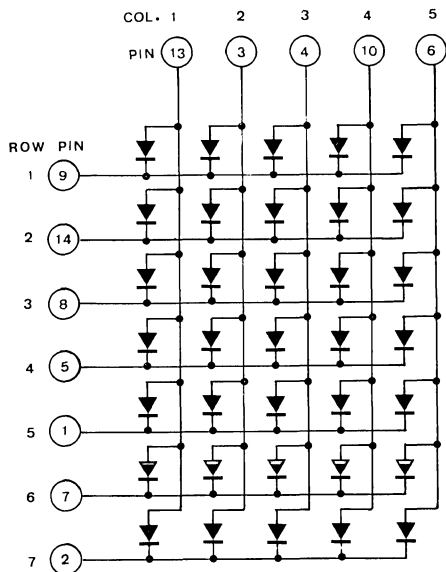


B. LTP-1357AA

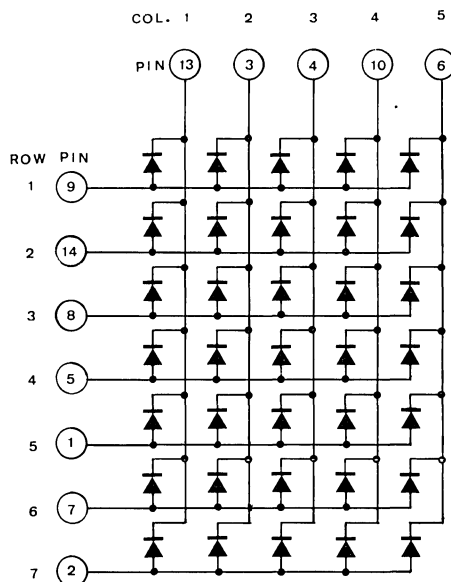


NOTE: The sign "  " stands for GREEN color chips
The sign "  " stands for ORANGE color chips

C. LTP-1457A



D. LTP-1557A



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Sec. at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$					

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-1257AA/1357AA (GREEN) & LTP-1457AG/1557AG

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	3000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

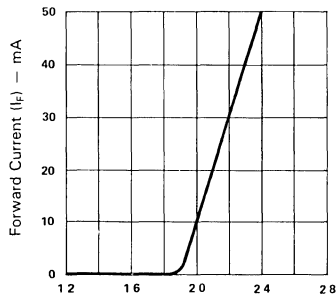


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

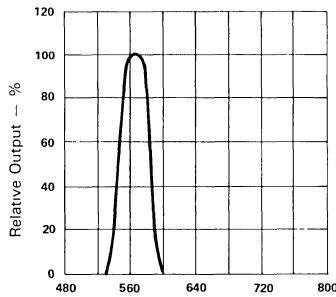


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

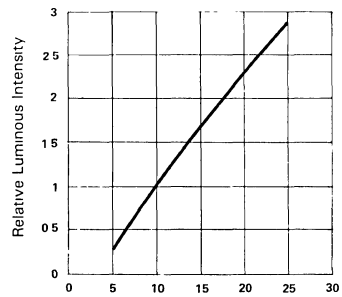


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

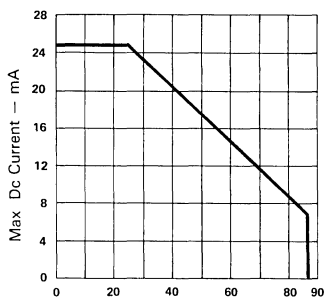


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

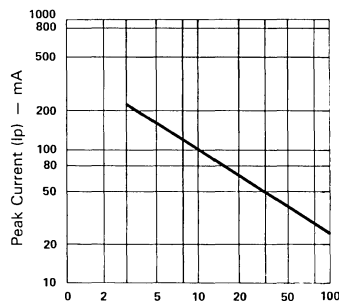


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

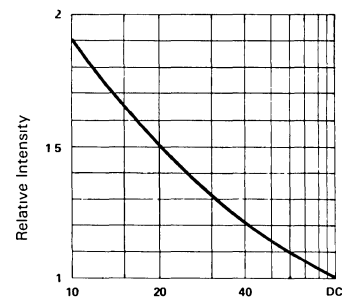


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-1457AY/1557AY

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity *1, 2	I_v	800	3000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25° Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

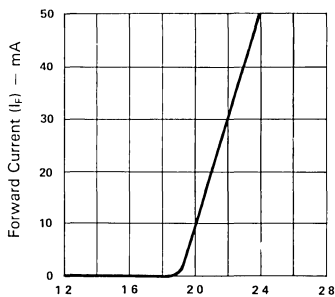


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

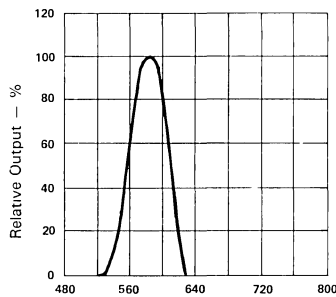


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

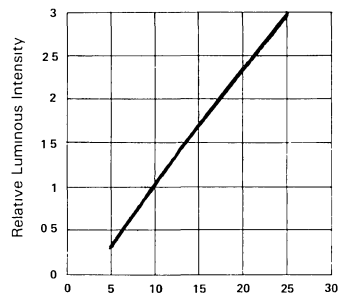


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)

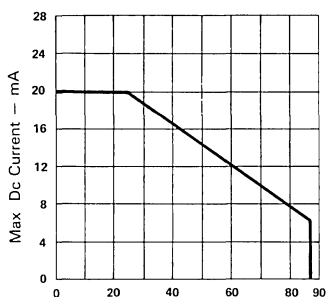


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

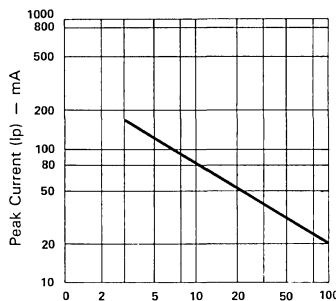


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

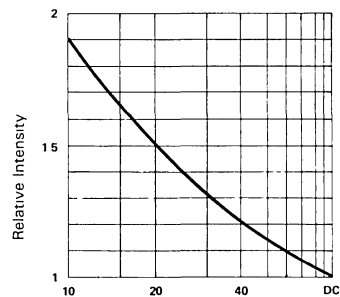


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

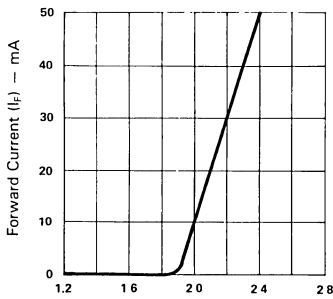
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-1257AA/1357A (ORANGE) & LTP-1457AE/1557AE

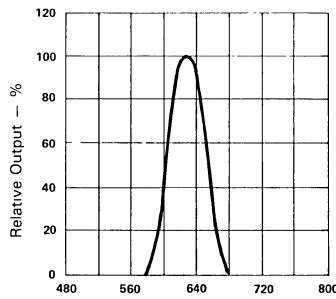
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	800	3000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

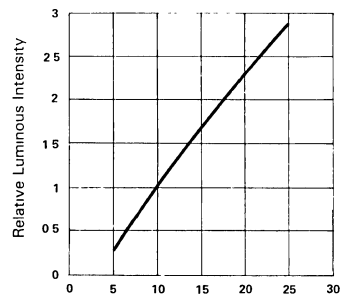
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



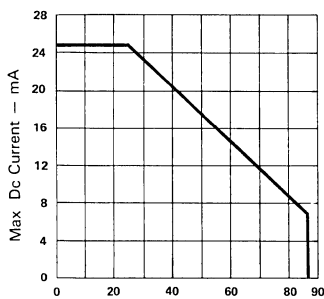
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



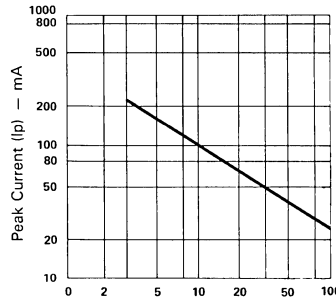
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



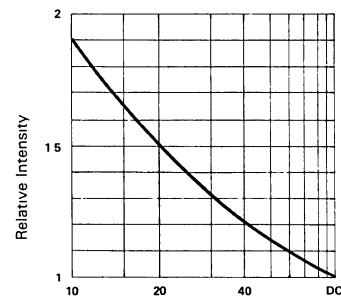
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

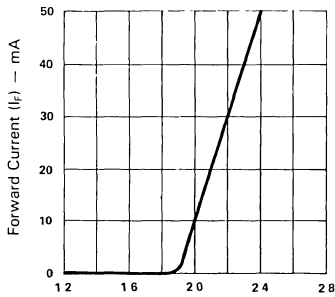
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

LTP-1457AHR/1557AHR

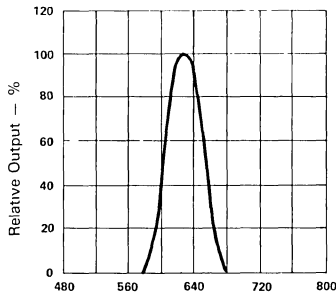
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	800	3000		μcd	I _p = 48 mA 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		635		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		40		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current, any Dot	I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _F = 20 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

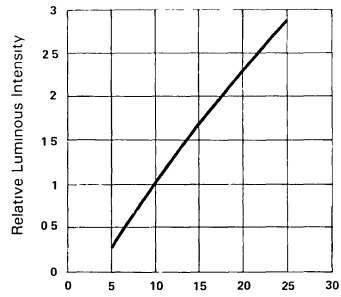
(25° Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



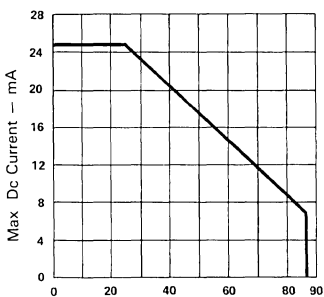
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



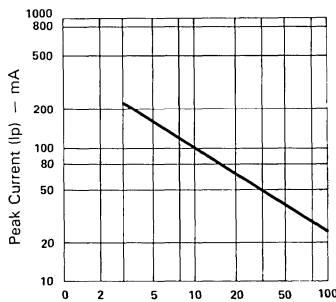
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



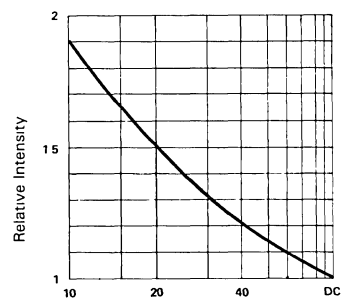
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — °C
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

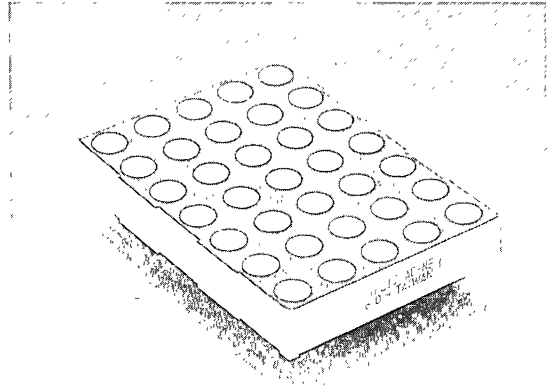


LTP- 2057A/2157A 2657AA/2757AA SERIES

2.0" 5 x 7 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 2.0" INCH (50.8 mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY. SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED)



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-2 x 57A series are 2.0 inch (50.80mm) matrix-height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-2657AA/2757AA are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-2057/2157A series are single color displays. The green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

The green series devices utilized LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

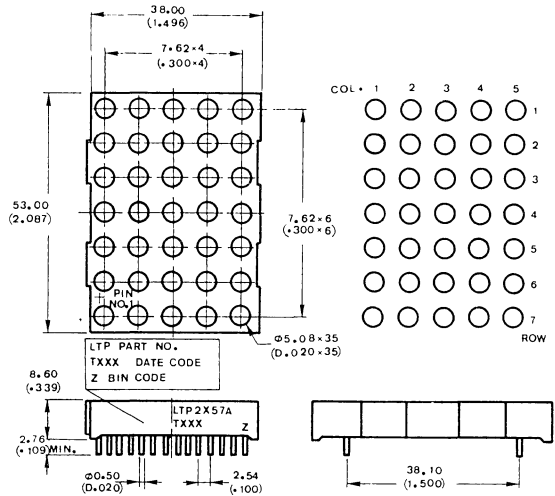
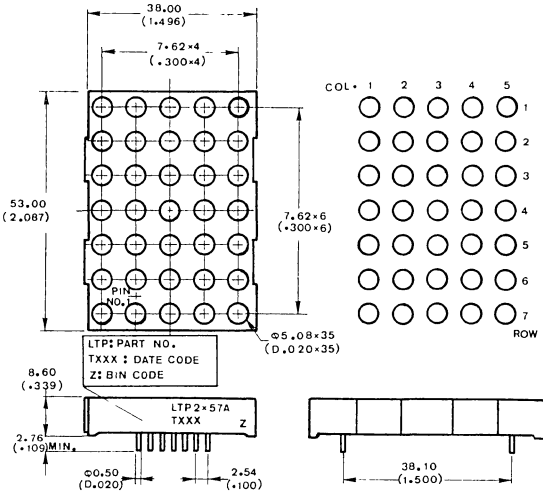
DEVICES

PART NO. LTP-					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
2057AG	2057AY	2057AE	2057AHR	—	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
2157AG	2157AY	2157AE	2157AHR	—	Cathode Column, Anode Row	A	B
—	—	—	—	2657AA	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	C
—	—	—	—	2757AA	Cathode Column, Anode Row	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-2057A/2157A

B. LTP-2657AA/2757AA



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.
- $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTP-2057A	B. LTP-2157A
1	Cathode Row 5	Anode Row 5
2	Cathode Row 7	Anode Row 7
3	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2
4	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
5	Cathode Row 4*2	Anode Row 4*2
6	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5
7	Cathode Row 6	Anode Row 6
8	Cathode Row 3	Anode Row 3
9	Cathode Row 1	Anode Row 1
10	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4
11	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
12	Cathode Row 4*2	Anode Row 4*2
13	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1
14	Cathode Row 2	Anode Row 2

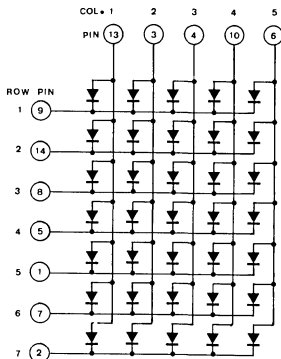
- NOTES: 1. Pin 4 & 11 are internally connected
 2. Pin 5 & 12 are internally connected

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

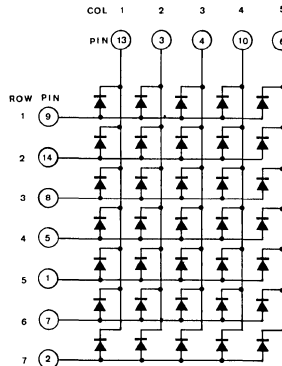
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	C. LTP-2657AA	D. LTP-2757AA
1	Anode Column 1 Green	Cathode Column 1 Green
2	Anode Column 1 Orange 1	Cathode Column 1 Orange
3	Cathode Row 7 Green	Anode Row 7 Green
4	Cathode Row 7 Orange	Anode Row 7 Orange
5	Anode Column 2 Green	Cathode Column 2 Green
6	Anode Column 2 Orange	Cathode Column 2 Orange
7	Anode Column 3 Green	Cathode Column 3 Green
8	Anode Column 3 Orange	Cathode Column 3 Orange
9	Cathode Row 5 Green	Anode Row 5 Green
10	Cathode Row 5 Orange	Anode Row 5 Orange
11	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green
12	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange
13	Cathode Row 6 Green	Anode Row 6 Green
14	Cathode Row 6 Orange	Anode Row 6 Orange
15	Anode Column 5 Green	Cathode Column 5 Green
16	Anode Column 5 Orange	Cathode Column 5 Orange
17	Cathode Row 1 Green	Anode Row 1 Green
18	Cathode Row 1 Orange	Anode Row 1 Orange
19	Anode Column 4 Green	Cathode Column 4 Green
20	Anode Column 4 Orange	Cathode Column 4 Orange
21	Anode Column 3 Green	Cathode Column 3 Green
22	Anode Column 3 Orange	Cathode Column 3 Orange
23	Cathode Row 3 Green	Anode Row 3 Green
24	Cathode Row 3 Orange	Anode Row 3 Orange
25	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green
26	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange
27	Cathode Row 2 Green	Anode Row 2 Green
28	Cathode Row 2 Orange	Anode Row 2 Orange

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

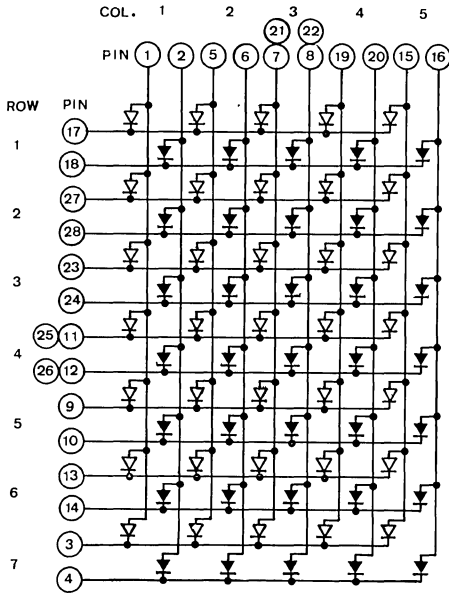
A. LTP-2057A



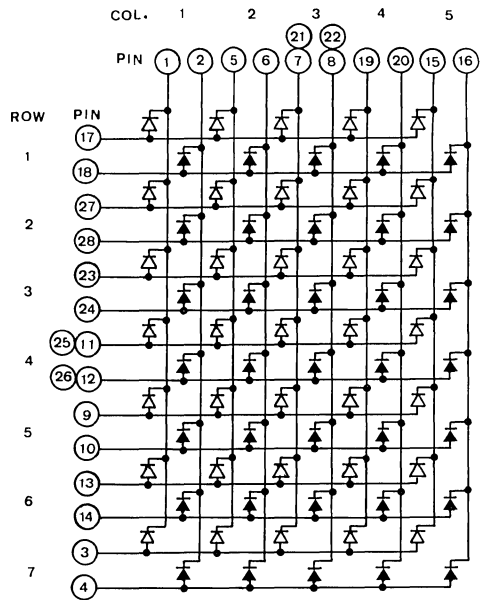
B. LTP-2157A



C. LTP-2657AA



D. LTP-2757AA



- NOTES: 1. The sign " ∇ " stands for GREEN color chips.
 2. The sign " \blacktriangleright " stands for ORANGE color chips.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Storage Temperature Range	-25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Sec. at 260 $^\circ\text{C}$					

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

LTP-2057AG/2157AG & LTP-2657AA/2757AA (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I _v	1500	4000		μcd	I _F = 48 mA 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		565		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		30		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current, any Dot	I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _v -m			2:1		I _F = 20 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

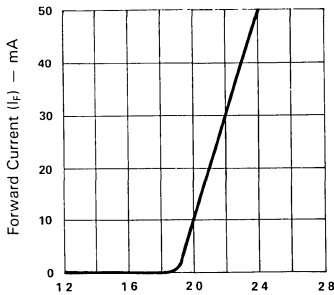


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT V_s FORWARD VOLTAGE

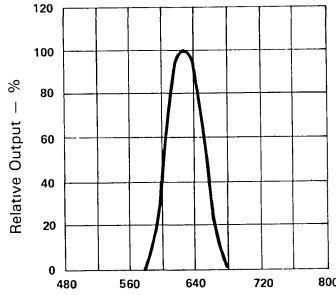


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

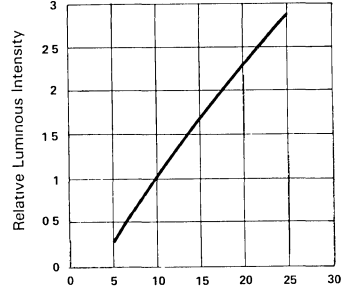


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_s FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

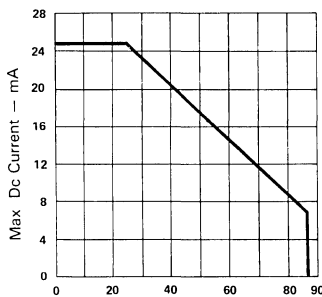


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG V_s AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

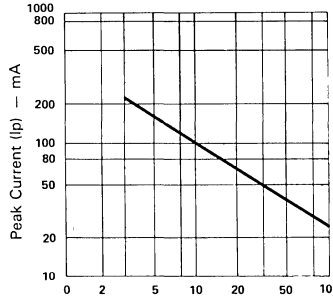


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT V_s DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

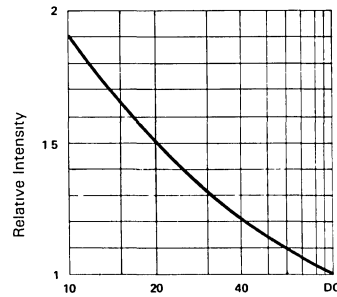


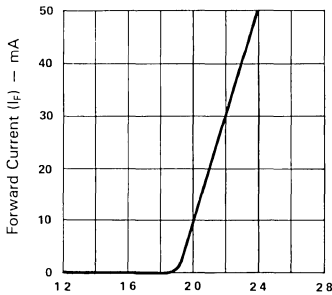
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY V_s DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2057AY/2157AY

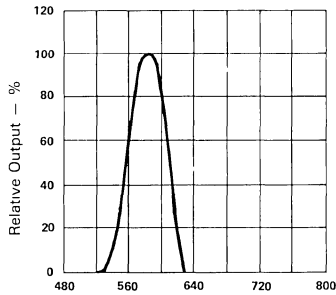
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1200	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

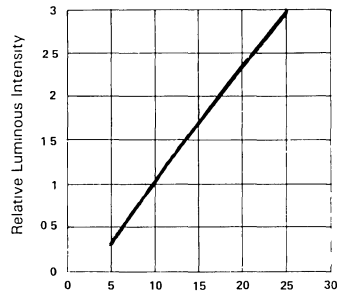
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



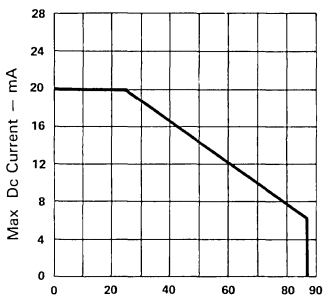
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



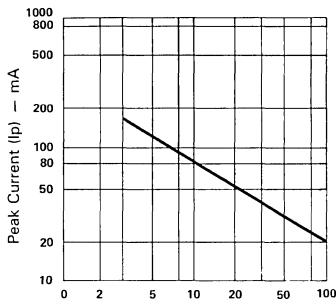
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



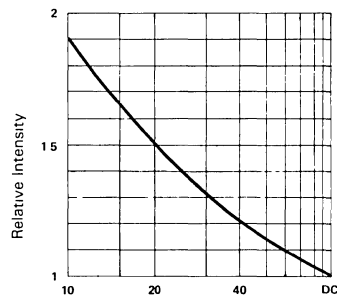
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PFR SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA PER SEG}$)

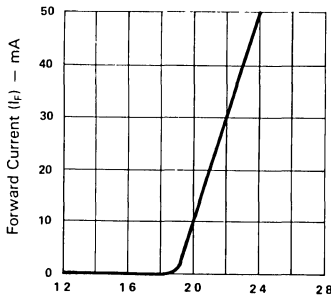
DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2057AE/2157AE & LTP-2657AA/2757AA (ORANGE)

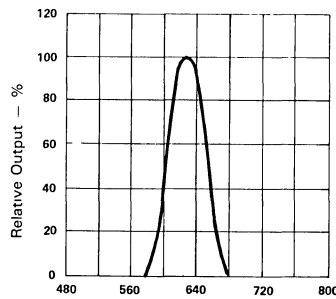
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

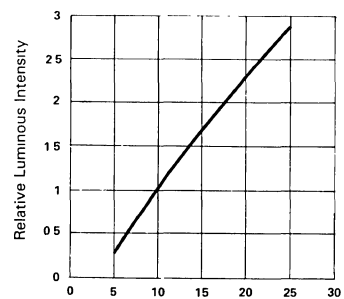
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



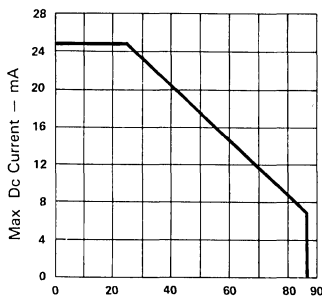
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



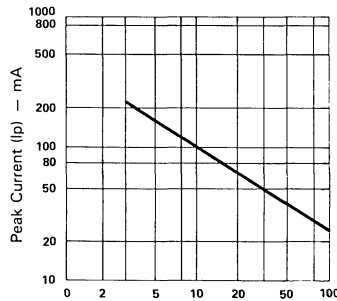
Wavelength (λ) – nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



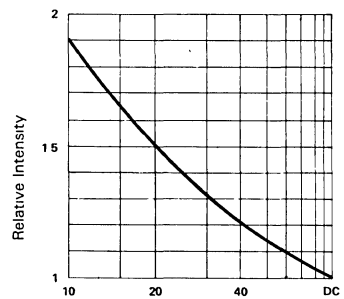
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2057AHR/2157AHR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

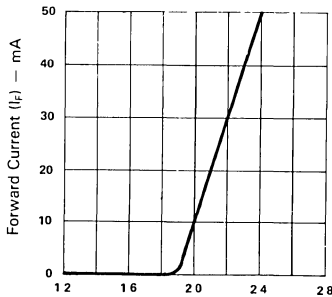


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

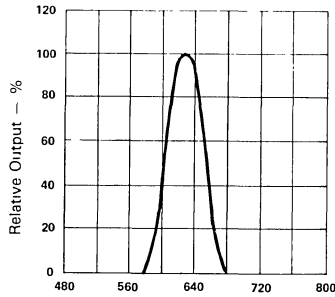


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

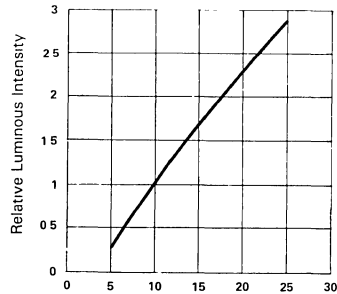


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

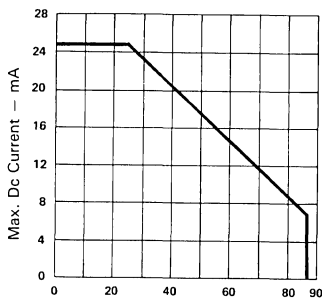


Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

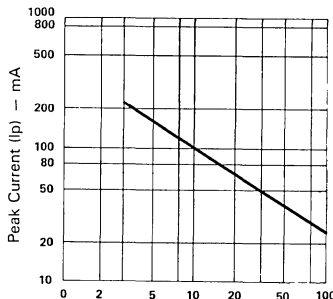


Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

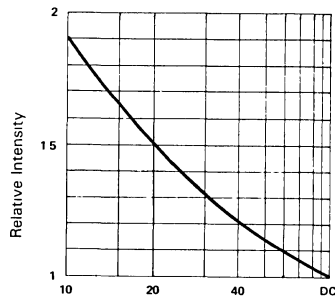


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

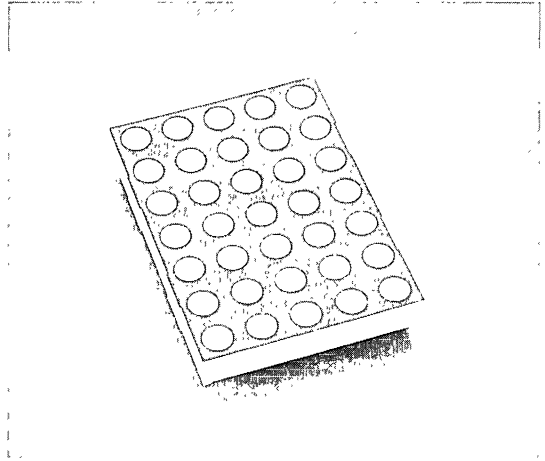


LTP- 4057AX/4157AX SERIES 4257AA/4357AA

5" 5 x 7 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 4" INCH (101.6mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION – CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO-THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED).



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-4x57A series are 4.0 inch (101.6 mm) matrix height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-4257AA/4357AA are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-4057A/4157A series are single color displays. The green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

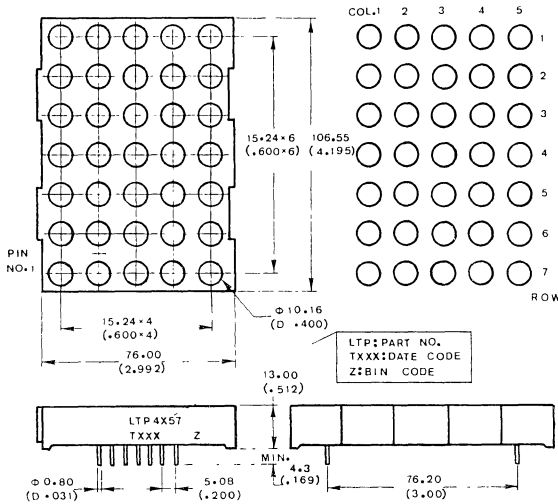
The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

DEVICES

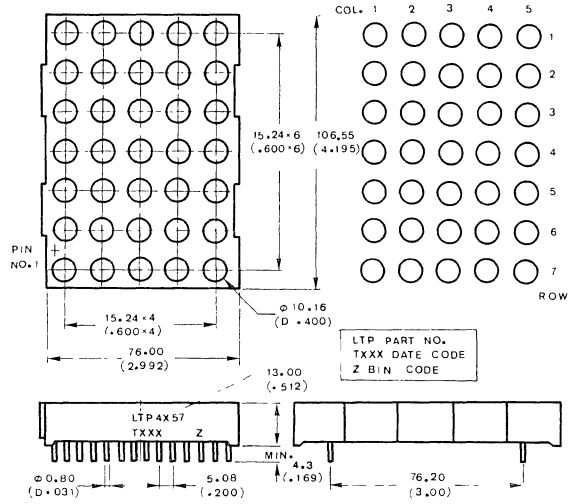
PART NO. LTP-					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
4057AG	4057AY	4057AE	4057AHR	—	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
4157AG	4157AY	4157AE	4157AHR	—	Cathode Column, Anode Row	A	B
—	—	—	—	4257AA	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	C
—	—	—	—	4357AA	Cathode Column, Anode Row	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-4057A/4157A



B. LTP-4257AA/4357AA



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $(\frac{+0.040}{-0.000})$
- ± 0.25 mm (0.010") unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

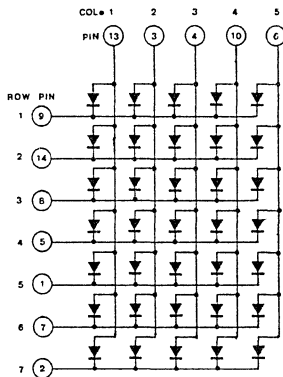
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTP-4057A	B. LTP-4157A
1	Cathode Row 5	Anode Row 5
2	Cathode Row 7	Anode Row 7
3	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2
4	Anode Column 3	Cathode Column 3
5	Cathode Row 4	Anode Row 4
6	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5
7	Cathode Row 6	Anode Row 6
8	Cathode Row 3	Anode Row 3
9	Cathode Row 1	Anode Row 1
10	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4
11	Anode Column 3	Cathode Column 3
12	Cathode Row 4	Anode Row 4
13	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1
14	Cathode Row 2	Anode Row 2

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

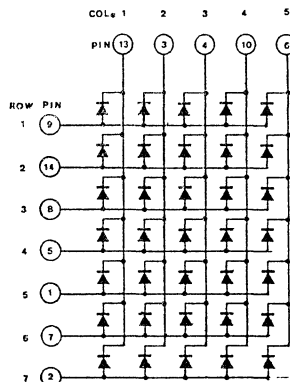
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	C. LTP-4257AA	D. LTP-4357AA
1	Anode Column 1 Green	Cathode Column 1 Green
2	Anode Column 1 Orange	Cathode Column 1 Orange
3	Cathode Row 7 Green	Anode Row 7 Green
4	Cathode Row 7 Orange	Anode Row 7 Orange
5	Anode Column 2 Green	Cathode Column 2 Green
6	Anode Column 2 Orange	Cathode Column 2 Orange
7	Anode Column 3 Green	Cathode Column 3 Green
8	Anode Column 3 Orange	Cathode Column 3 Orange
9	Cathode Row 5 Green	Anode Row 5 Green
10	Cathode Row 5 Orange	Anode Row 5 Orange
11	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green
12	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange
13	Cathode Row 6 Green	Anode Row 6 Green
14	Cathode Row 6 Orange	Anode Row 6 Orange
15	Anode Column 5 Green	Cathode Column 5 Green
16	Anode Column 5 Orange	Cathode Column 5 Orange
17	Cathode Row 1 Green	Anode Row 1 Green
18	Cathode Row 1 Orange	Anode Row 1 Orange
19	Anode Column 4 Green	Cathode Column 4 Green
20	Anode Column 4 Orange	Cathode Column 4 Orange
21	Anode Column 3 Green	Cathode Column 3 Green
22	Anode Column 3 Orange	Cathode Column 3 Orange
23	Cathode Row 3 Green	Anode Row 3 Green
24	Cathode Row 3 Orange	Anode Row 3 Orange
25	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green
26	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange
27	Cathode Row 2 Green	Anode Row 2 Green
28	Cathode Row 2 Orange	Anode Row 2 Orange

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

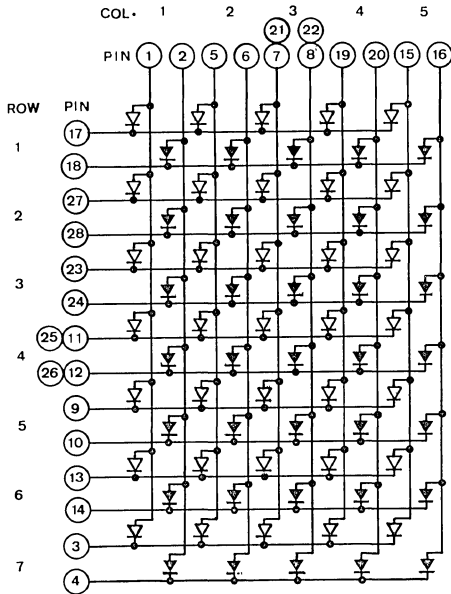
A. LTP-4057A



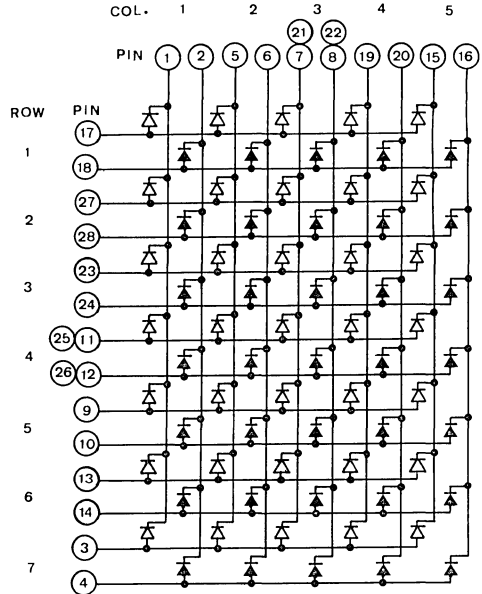
B. LTP-4157A





C. LTP-4257AA



D. LTP-4357AA



NOTE: The Sign "  " stands for ORANGE color 2 chips series
 The Sign "  " stands for GREEN color 2 chips series

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	120	100	120	120	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	80	60	80	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	20	16	20	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.24	0.2	0.24	0.24	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	10	10	10	10	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Sec. at 260°C					



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-4057AG/4157AG & 4257AA/4357AA (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST COND
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	3000	8000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		4.2	5.6	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25° Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

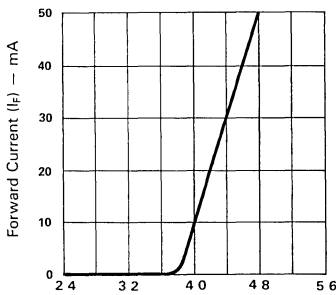


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

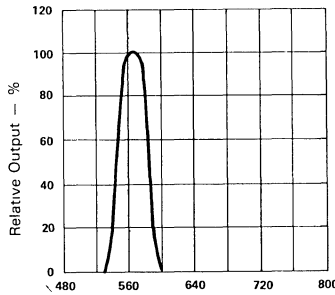


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

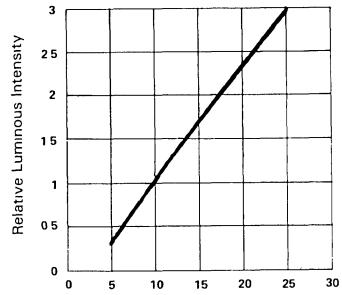


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

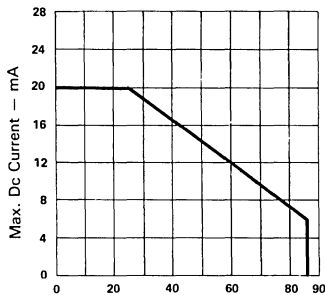


Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

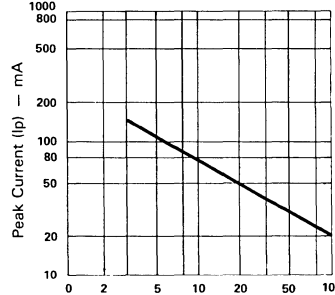


Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE.% (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

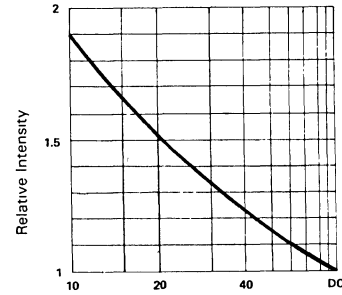


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE.% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-4057AY/4157AY

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST COND
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	2000	8000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		4.2	5.6	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

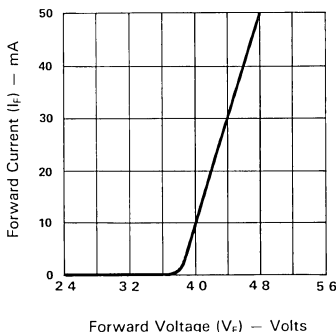


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

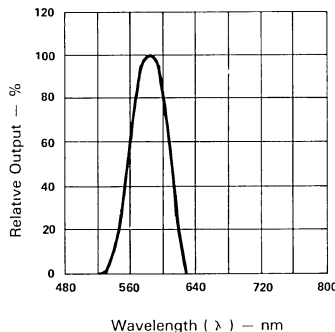


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

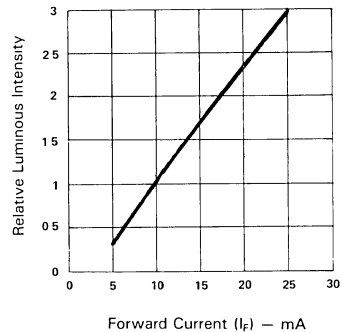


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

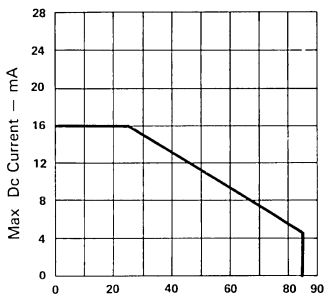


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

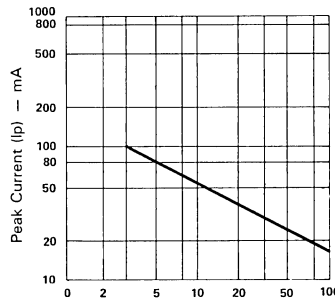


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

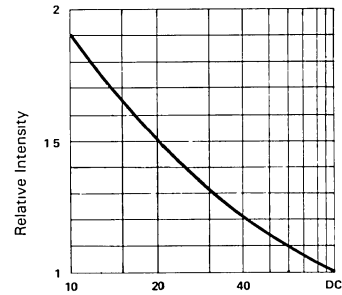


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

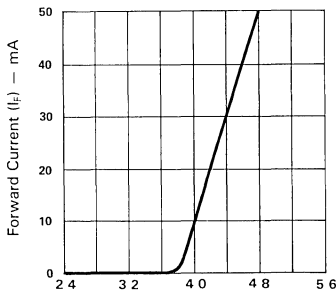
DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

**ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
LTP-4057AE/4157AE & 4257AA/4357AA (ORANGE)**

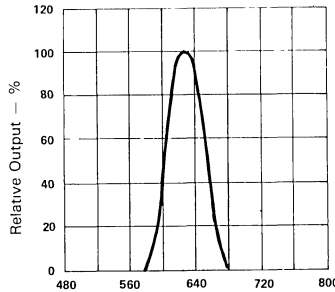
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST COND
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	3000	8000		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		4.2	5.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

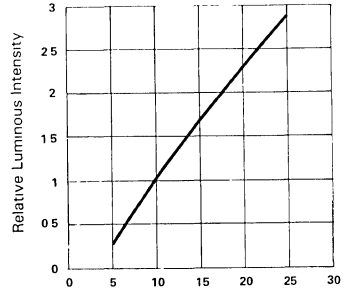
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



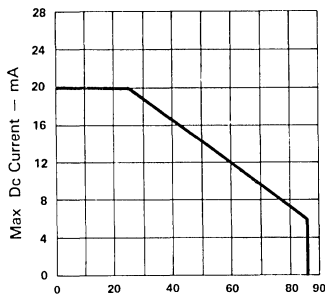
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



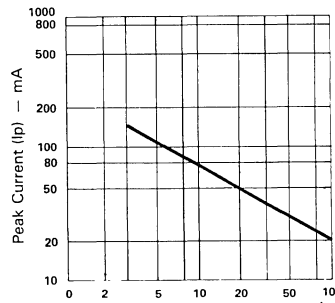
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



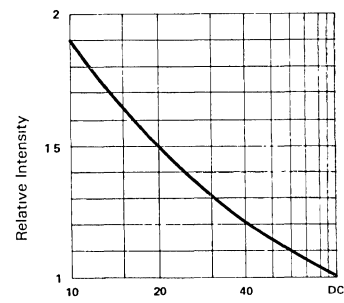
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-4057AHR/4157AHR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST COND
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	3000	8000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		4.2	5.6	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 10\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

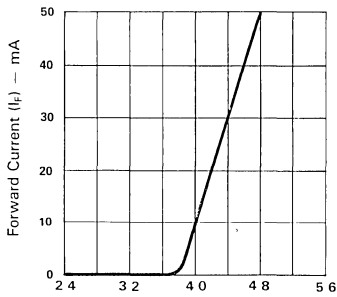


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

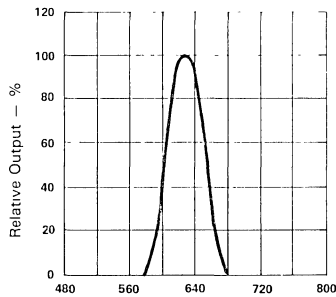


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

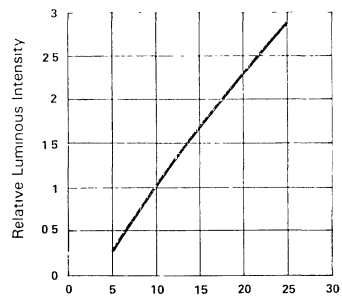


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

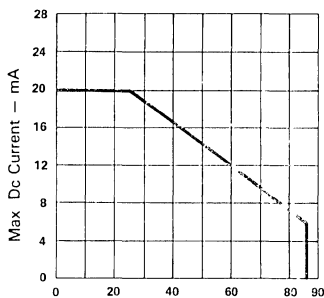


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

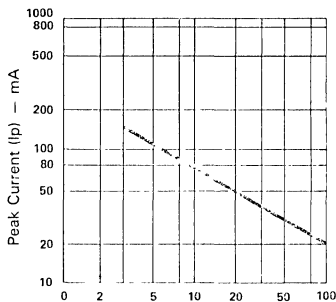


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

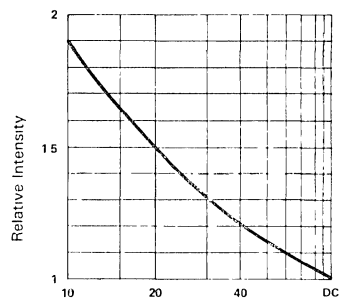


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

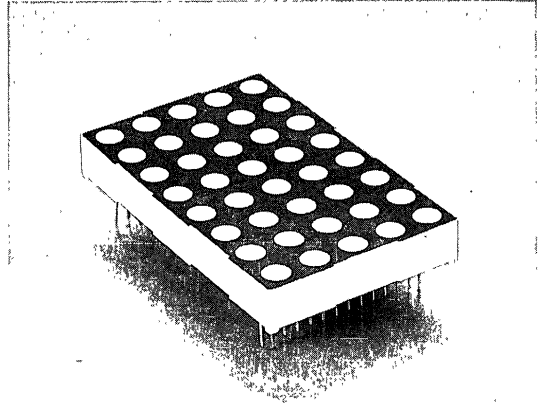


LTP- 2058A/2158A SERIES 2458AA/2558AA

2.3" 5 x 8 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 2.3" INCH (58.42mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- 5 x 7 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED)



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-2 x 58A series are 2.3 inch (30.48mm) matrix-height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-2458AA/2558AA are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-2058A / 2158A series are single color displays. The green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

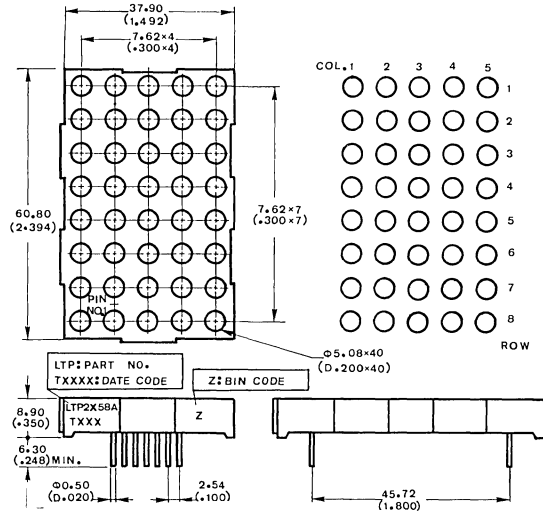
The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

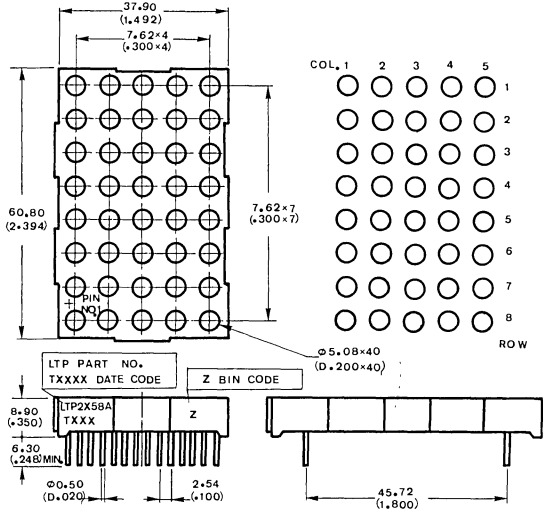
PART NO. LTP-					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
2058AG	2058AY	2058AE	2058AHR	-	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
2158AG	2158AY	2158AE	2158AHR	-	Cathode Column, Anode Row	A	B
-	-	-	-	2458AA	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	C
-	-	-	-	2558AA	Cathode Column, Anode Row	B	D

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-2058A/2158A



B. LTP-2458AA/2558AA



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are:

- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{-0.00}{+0.040''}$ mm ($\frac{-0.000''}{+0.0016''}$)
- ± 0.25 mm ($\pm 0.010''$) unless otherwise noted.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTP-2058A	B. LTP-2158A
1	Cathode Row 6	Anode Row 6
2	Cathode Row 8	Anode Row 8
3	Anode Column 2	Cathode Column 2
4	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
5	Cathode Row 5	Anode Row 5
6	Anode Column 5	Cathode Column 5
7	Cathode Row 7	Anode Row 7
8	Cathode Row 3	Anode Row 3
9	Cathode Row 1	Anode Row 1
10	Anode Column 4	Cathode Column 4
11	Anode Column 3*1	Cathode Column 3*1
12	Cathode Row 4	Anode Row 4
13	Anode Column 1	Cathode Column 1
14	Cathode Row 2	Anode Row 2

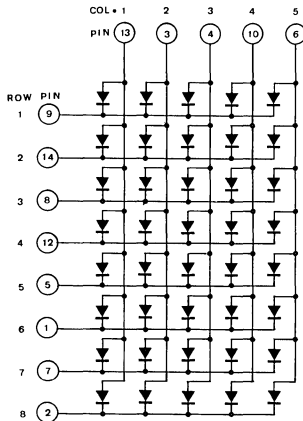
NOTE: 1. Pin 4 & 11 are internally connected.



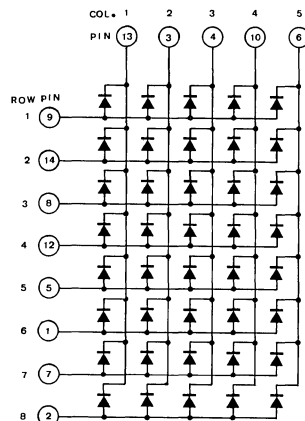
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	C. LTP-2458AA	D. LTP-2558AA
1	Cathode Row 6 Green	Anode Row 6 Green
2	Cathode Row 6 Orange	Anode Row 6 Orange
3	Cathode Row 8 Green	Anode Row 8 Green
4	Cathode Row 8 Orange	Anode Row 8 Orange
5	Anode Col. 2 Green	Cathode Col. 2 Green
6	Anode Col. 2 Orange	Cathode Col. 2 Orange
7	Anode Col. 3 Green	Cathode Col. 3 Green
8	Anode Col. 3 Orangw	Cathode Col. 3 Orange
9	Cathode Row 5 Green	Anode Row 5 Green
10	Cathode Row 5 Orange	Anode Row 5 Orange
11	Anode Col. 5 Green	Cathode Col. 5 Green
12	Anode Col. 5 Orange	Cathode Col. 5 Orange
13	Cathode Row 7 Green	Anode Row 7 Green
14	Cathode Row 7 Orange	Anode Row 7 Orange
15	Cathode Row 3 Green	Anode Row 3 Green
16	Cathode Row 3 Orange	Anode Row 3 Orange
17	Cathode Row 1 Green	Anode Row 1 Green
18	Cathode Row 1 Orange	Anode Row 1 Orange
19	Anode Col. 4 Green	Cathode Col. 4 Green
20	Anode Col. 4 Orange	Cathode Col. 4 Orange
21	Anode Col. 3 Green	Cathode Col. 3 Green
22	Anode Col. 3 Orange	Cathode Col. 3 Orange
23	Cathode Row 4 Green	Anode Row 4 Green
24	Cathode Row 4 Orange	Anode Row 4 Orange
25	Anode Col. 1 Green	Cathode Col. 1 Green
26	Anode Col. 1 Orange	Cathode Col. 1 Orange
27	Cathode Row 2 Green	Anode Row 2 Green
28	Cathode Row 2 Orange	Anode Row 2 Orange

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

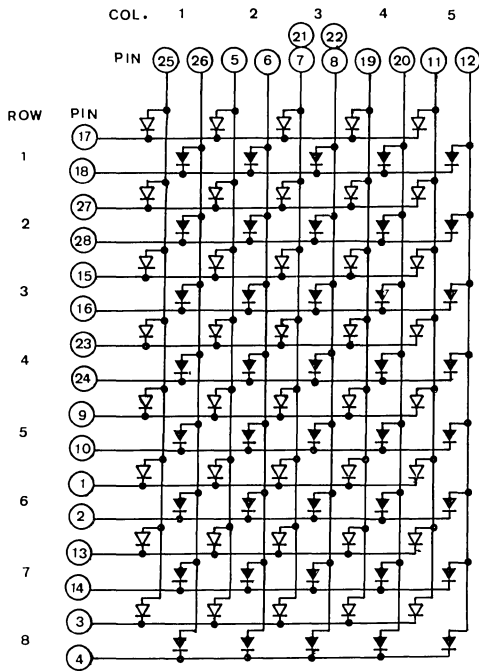
A. LTP-2058A



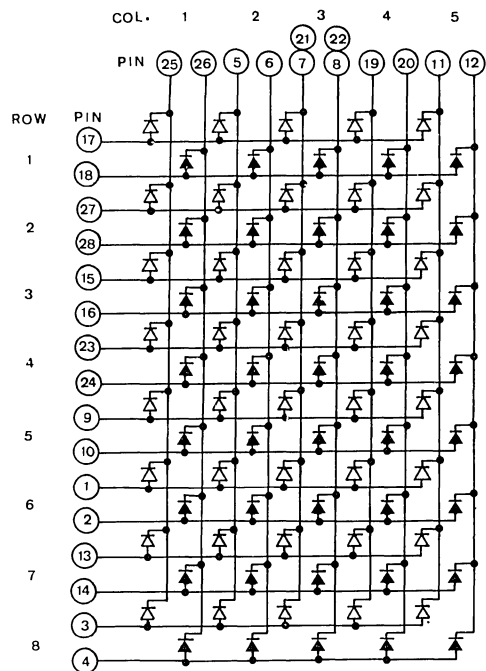
B. LTP-2158A



C. LTP-2458AA



D. LTP-2558AA



- NOTES: 1. The sign " \rightarrow " stands for ORANGE color chip.
 2. The sign " \leftarrow " stands for GREEN color chip.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Sec. at 260°C					

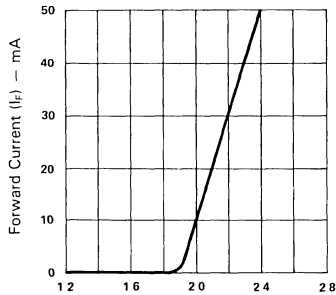
DOT-MATRIX DISPLAYS

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2058AG/2158AG & LTP-2458AA/2558AA (GREEN)

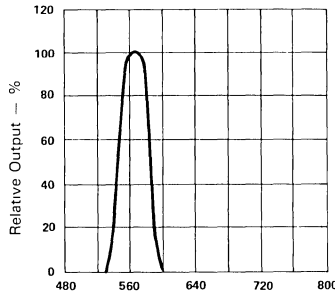
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

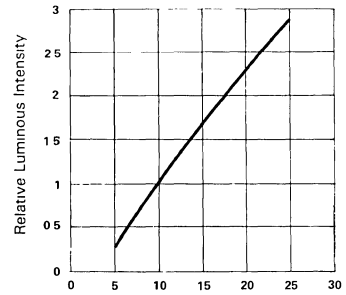
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



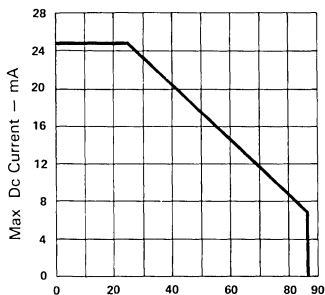
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



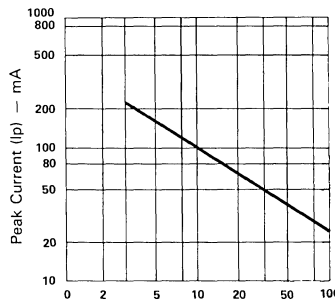
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



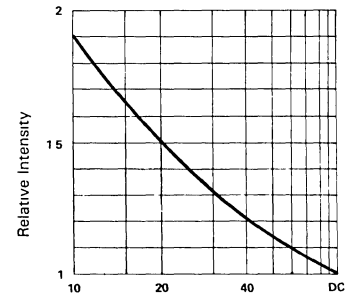
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{ mA PER SEG}$)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2058AY/2158AY

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1200	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

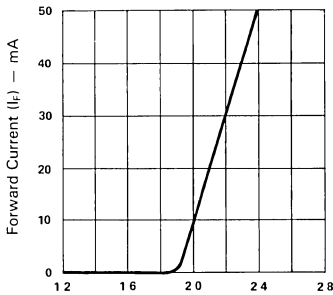


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

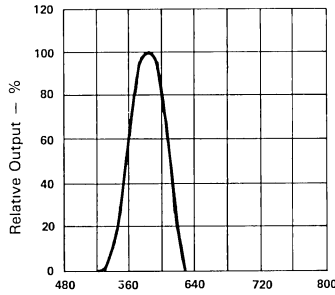


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

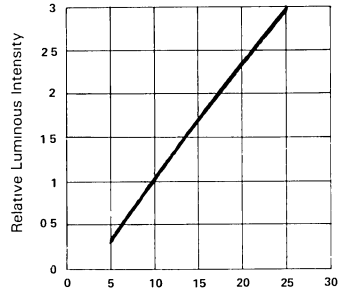


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

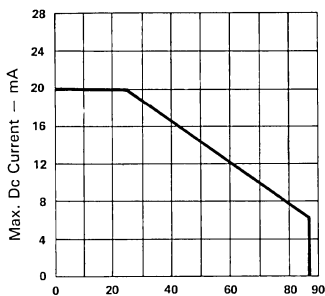


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

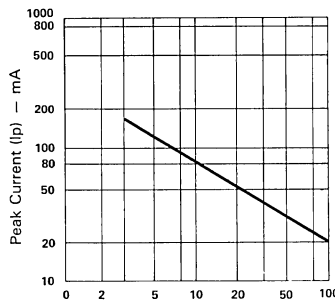


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

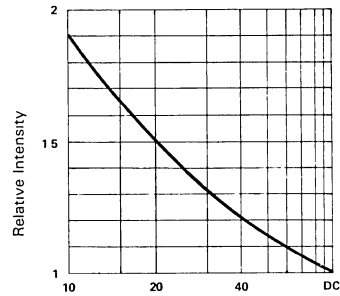


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_p = 10 \text{ mA PER SEG}$)

DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

**ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
LTP-2058AE/2158AE & LTP-2458AA/2558AA (ORANGE)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_F = 48 \text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

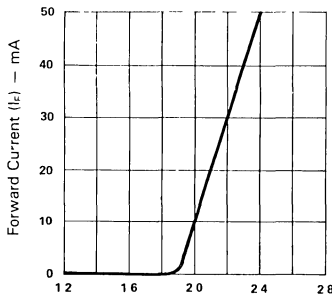


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

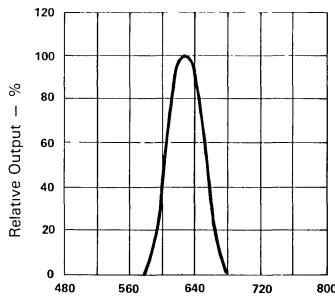


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

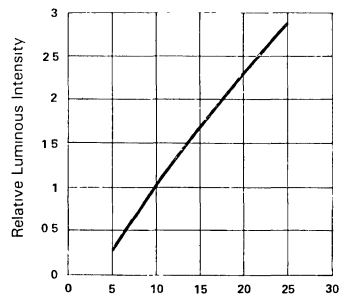


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

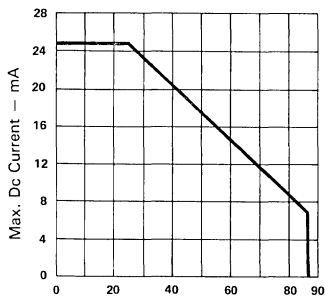


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

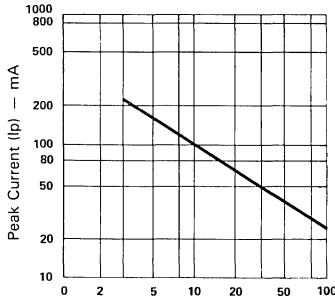


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

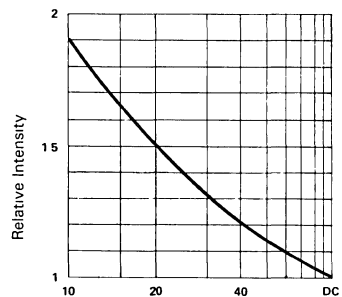


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2058AHR/2158AHR

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Dot	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Dot	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

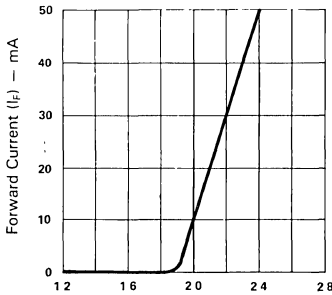


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

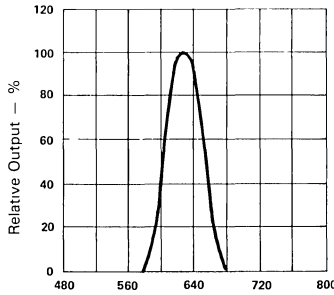


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

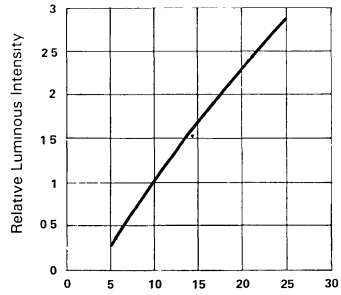


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

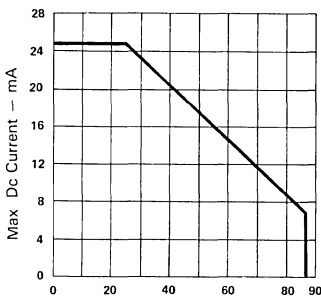


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

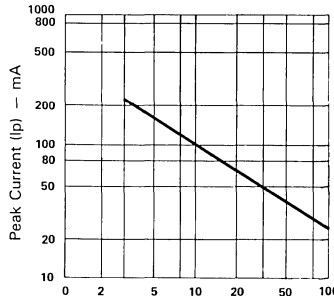


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

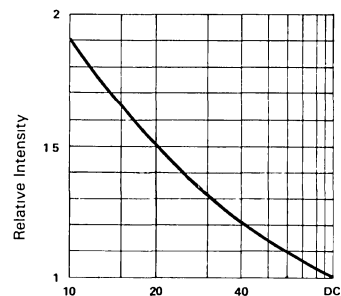


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

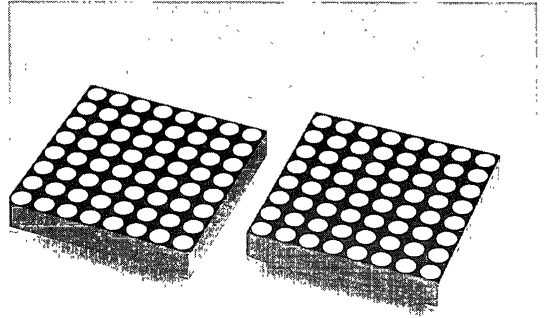


LTP-18088X 18188A SERIES

1.85" 8 x 8 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR
DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 1.85 INCH (47.0 mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- 8 x 8 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN/ORANGE/.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED)



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-18x88 series are 1.85 inch (47.0 mm) matrix-height 8x8 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-18188A are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have black face and white dot color.

The LTP-18088 series are single color displays. The green, and orange displays have black face and white dot color.

The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

The orange series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

DEVICES

PART NO. LTP--			DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	ORANGE	MULTI-COLOR			
LTP-18088G	18088E	--	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
--	--	18188A	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	B

PIN CONNECTION

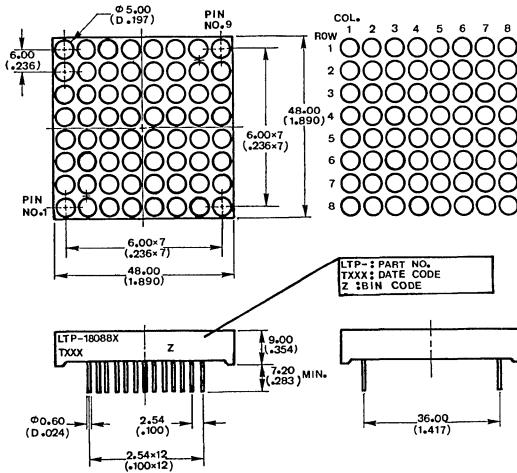
PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A: LTP-18088	B: LTP-18188A
1	Cathode Row 2	Cathode Row 2
2	Anode Column 2	Anode Column 2 Green
3	No Pin	Anode Column 2 Orange
4	Cathode Row 4	Cathode Row 4
5	Anode Column 4	Anode Column 4 Green
6	No Pin	Anode Column 4 Orange
7	Cathode Row 6	Cathode Row 6
8	Anode Column 6	Anode Column 6 Green
9	No Pin	Anode Column 6 Orange
10	Cathode Row 8	Cathode Row 8
11	Anode Column 8	Anode Column 8 Green
12	No Pin	Anode Column 8 Orange
13	Cathode Row 7	Cathode Row 7
14	Anode Column 7	Anode Column 7 Green
15	No Pin	Anode Column 7 Orange
16	Cathode Row 5	Cathode Row 5
17	Anode Column 5	Anode Column 5 Green
18	No Pin	Anode Column 5 Orange
19	Cathode Row 3	Cathode Row 3
20	Anode Column 3	Anode Column 3 Green
21	No Pin	Anode Column 3 Orange
22	Cathode Row 1	Cathode Row 1
23	Anode Column 1	Anode Column 1 Green
24	No Pin	Anode Column 1 Orange

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

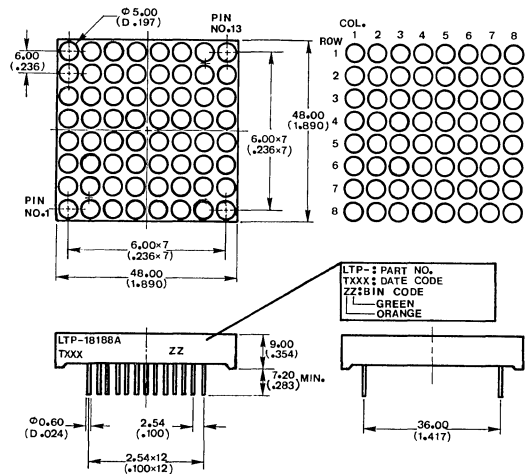
PARAMETER	GREEN	ORANGE	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Dot	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Dot (1/16 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Dot	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Dot	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Dot	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C		
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C			

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-18088



B. LTP-18188A



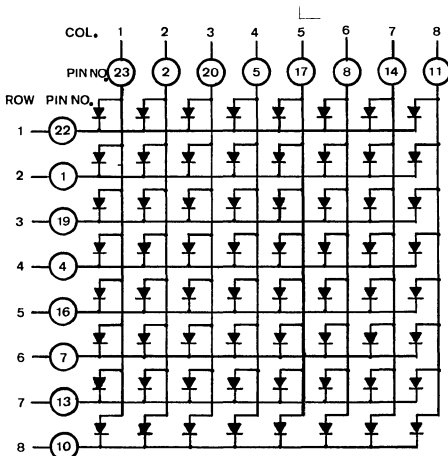
NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

1. Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value
2. $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (0.010") unless otherwise otherwise noted.

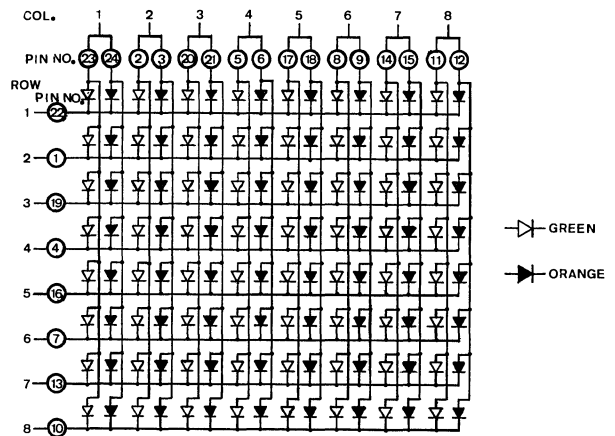
$$\begin{array}{l} +1.00 \\ -0.000 \end{array} \text{ mm} \\ \left(\begin{array}{l} +0.040'' \\ -0.000'' \end{array} \right)$$

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTP-18088



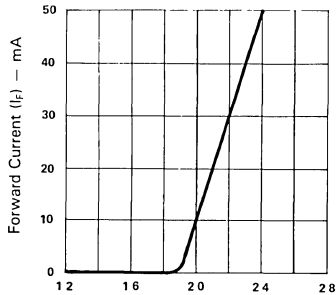
B. LTP-18188A



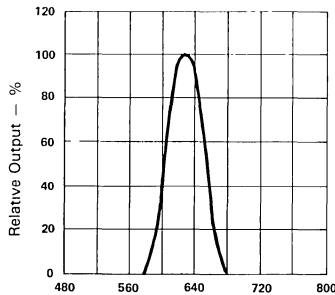
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-18088E/18188A (DRANGE)

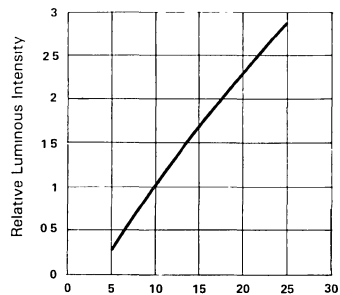
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1000	3500		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Dot	V		2.1	2.8	V	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Dot	I			100	μA	V = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I = 20\text{ mA}$



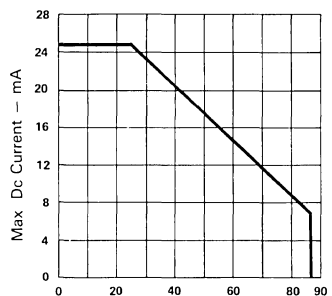
Forward Voltage (V_f) — Volts
Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE



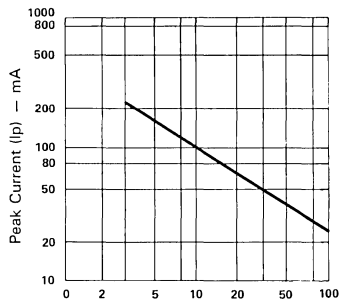
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



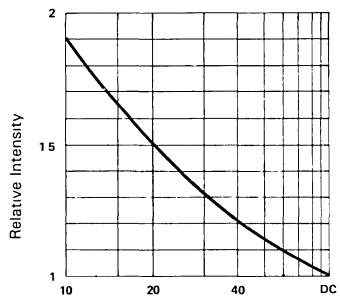
Forward Current (I_f) — mA
Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



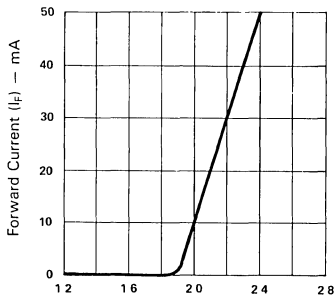
Duty Cycle %
Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)



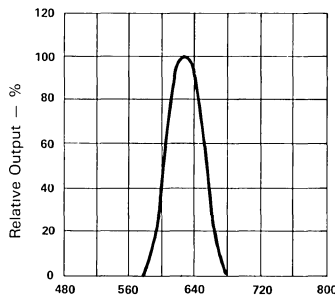
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-18088G/18188A (GREEN)

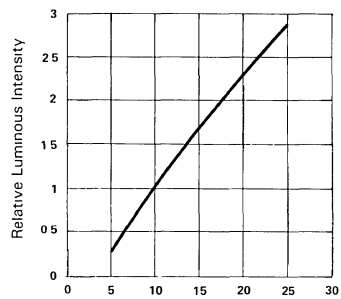
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1000	3500		μcd	$I_p = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Dot	V		2.1	2.8	V	$I = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current any Dot	I			100	μA	V = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I = 20\text{ mA}$



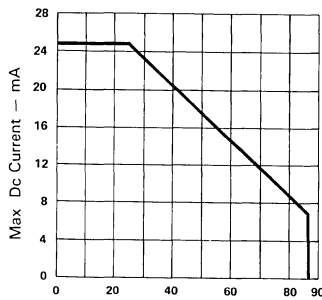
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



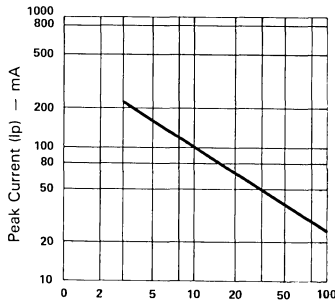
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



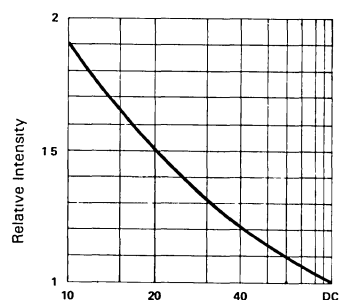
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

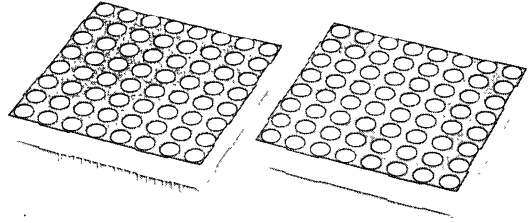


LTP- 2088A 2188AA SERIES

2.3" 8 x 8 SINGLE COLOR & MULTICOLOR DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 2.3" INCH (58.42mm) MATRIX HEIGHT.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- SINGLE PLANE, WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- 8 x 8 ARRAY WITH X-Y SELECT.
- COMPATIBLE WITH USASCII AND EBCDIC CODES.
- STACKABLE VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY.
- CHOICE OF TWO MATRIX ORIENTATION CATHODE ROW OR CATHODE COLUMN.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- SINGLE COLOR DISPLAYS HAVE THE CHOICE OF FOUR BRIGHT COLORS-GREEN / YELLOW / ORANGE / HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- MULTICOLOR DISPLAYS ARE APPLICABLE TO THREE BRIGHT COLORS: GREEN, ORANGE AND YELLOW (GREEN AND ORANGE MIXED)



DESCRIPTION

The LTP-2x88A series are 1.2 inch (30.48mm) matrix-height 5 x 7 dot matrix displays.

The LTP-2188AA are multicolor applicable displays. The multicolor displays have gray face and white dot color.

The LTP-2088A series are single color displays. The green, yellow and orange displays have gray face and white dot color. The high efficiency red displays have red face and red dot color.

The green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate.

The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate.

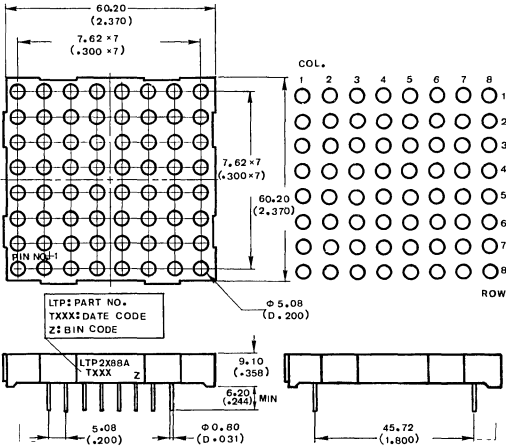
DEVICES

PART NO. LTP--					DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DIMENSION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	MULTI-COLOR			
2088AG	2088AY	2088AE	2088AHR	---	Anode Column, Cathode Row	A	A
--	--	--	--	2188AA	Anode Column, Cathode Row	B	B

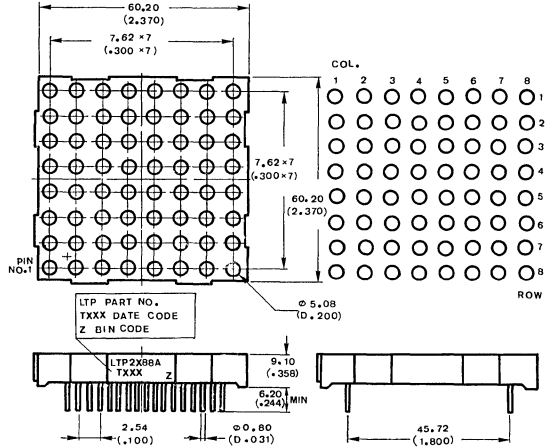
DOT MATRIX
DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTP-2088A



B. LTP-2188AA

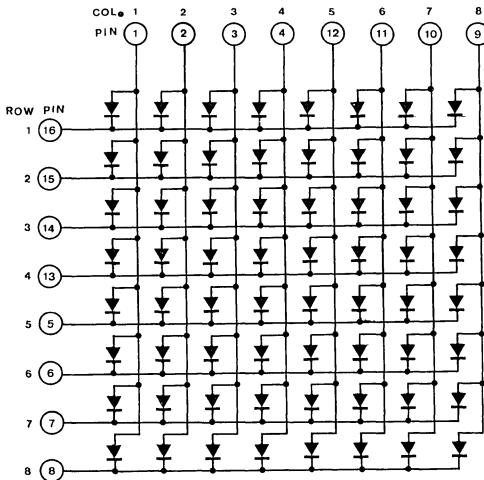


NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters tolerance are: (inches)

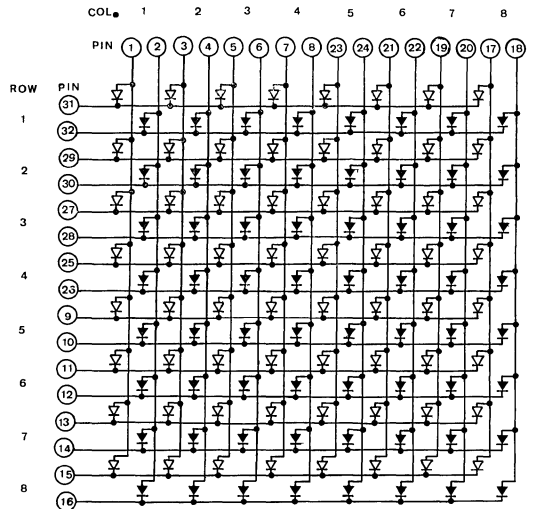
- Lead length (from seating plane): minimum value $\frac{+1.00}{-0.000}$ mm $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTP-2088A



B. LTP-2188AA



- NOTES: 1. The Sign " " stands for GREEN color dice.
 2. The Sign " " stands for ORANGE color dice.

PIN CONNECTION

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	
	A. LTP-2088A	B. LTP-2188AA
1	Anode Col 1	A , Col., 1, Green
2	Anode Col 2	A., Col. 1, Orange
3	Anode Col 3	A , Col. 2, Green
4	Anode Col. 4	A., Col. 2, Orange
5	Cathode Row 5	A., Col. 3, Green
6	Cathode Row 6	A , Col. 3, Orange
7	Cathode Row 7	A , Col. 4, Green
8	Cathode Row 8	A , Col. 4, Orange
9	Anode Col. 8	C., Row 5, Green
10	Anode Col. 7	C., Row 5, Orange
11	Anode Col. 6	C., Row 6, Green
12	Anode Col. 5	C., Row 6, Orange
13	Cathode Row 4	C., Row 7, Green
14	Cathode Row 3	C., Row 7, Orange
15	Cathode Row 2	C., Row 8, Green
16	Cathode Row 1	C., Row 8, Orange
17		A., Col. 8, Green
18		A., Col. 8, Orange
19		A., Col. 7, Green
20		A., Col. 6, Green
21		A., Col. 6, Green
22		A., Col. 6, Orange
23		A., Col. 5, Green
24		A , Col. 5, Orange
25		C., Row 4, Green
26		C., Row 4, Orange
27		C., Row 3, Green
28		C., Row 3, Orange
29		C., Row 2, Green
30		C., Row 2, Orange
31		C., Row 1, Green
32		C., Row 1, Orange

DOT MATRIX DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI-EFF RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	75	60	75	75	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1mS Pulse Width)	100	80	100	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	25	20	25	25	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.3	0.24	0.3	0.3	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C				
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Sec. at 260°C					

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2088AG/2188AA (GREEN)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_F = 48\text{ mA}$ 1/8 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

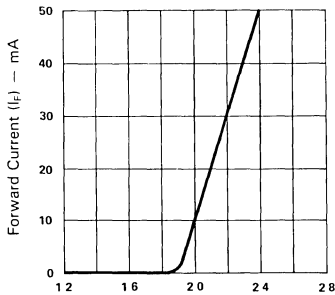


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

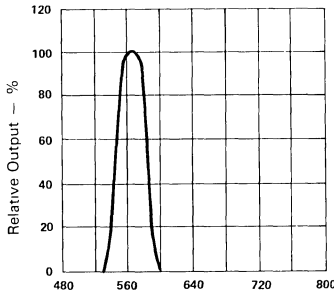


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

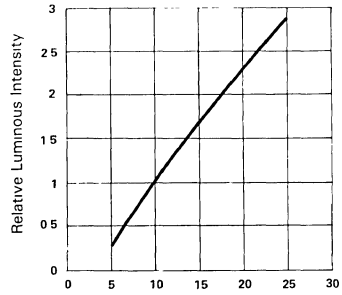


Fig 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

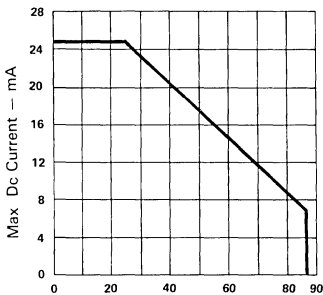


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

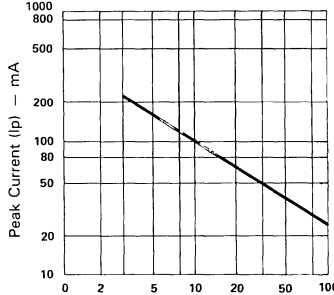


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

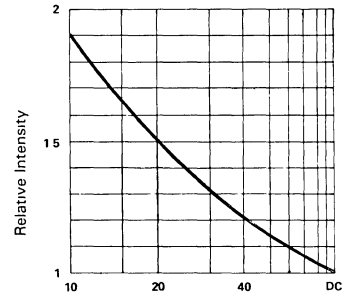


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

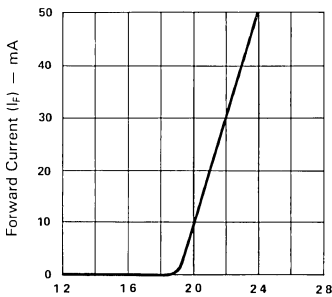
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2088AY

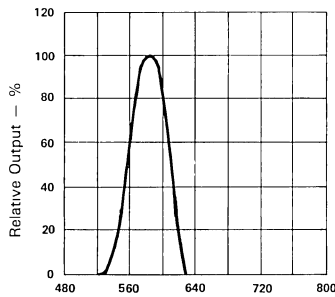
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	900	4000		μcd	$I_F = 160\text{ mA}$ 1/16 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

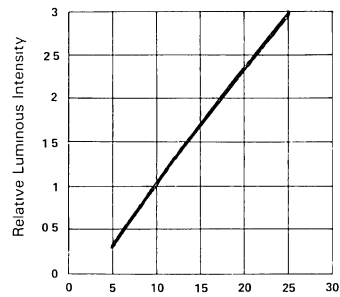
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



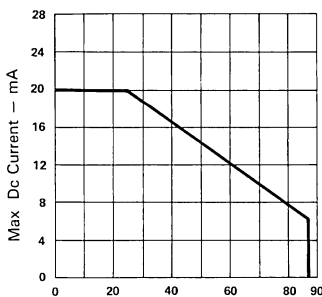
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



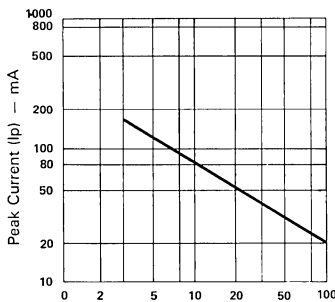
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



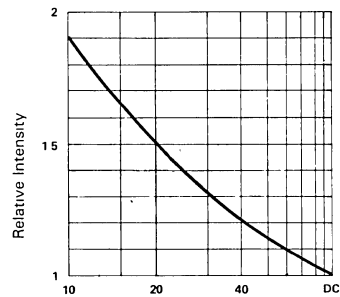
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_a) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — F = 1 KHz)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ LTP-2088AE/2188AA (ORANGE)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 160 \text{ mA}$ 1/16 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

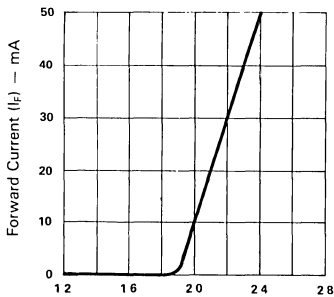


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT I_F Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

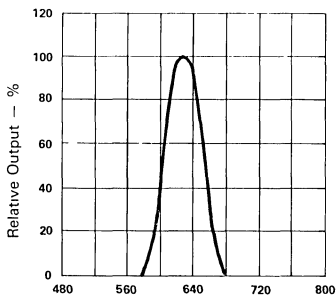


Fig 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

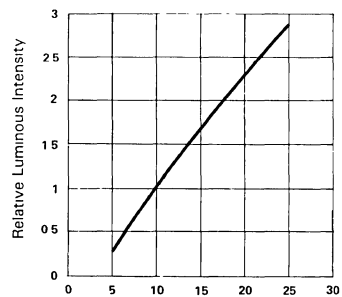


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

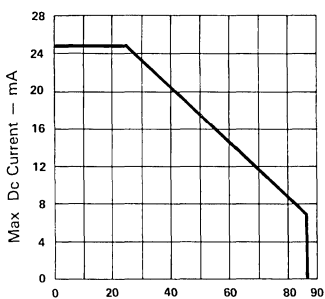


Fig 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

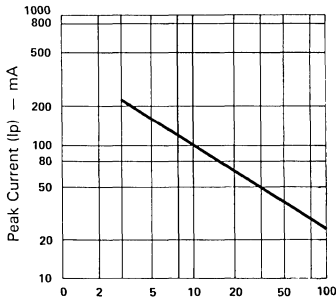


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)

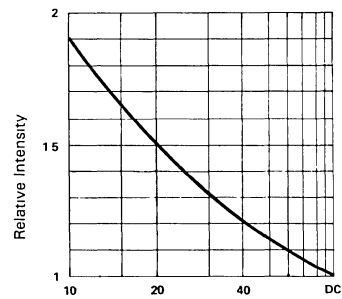


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

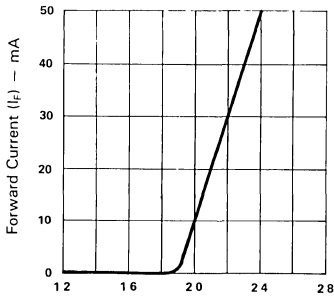
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTP-2088AHR

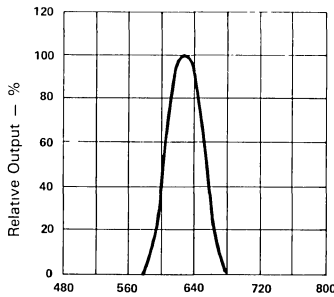
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	1500	4000		μcd	$I_p = 160\text{ mA}$ 1/16 DUTY
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage, any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

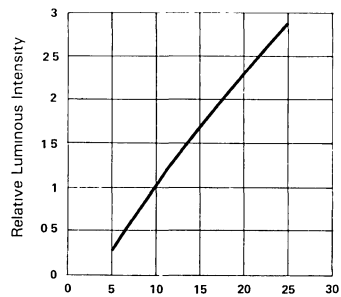
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



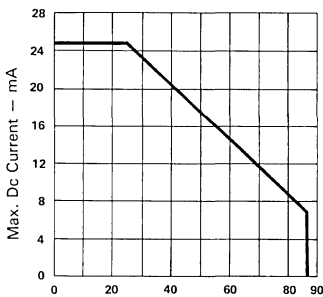
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



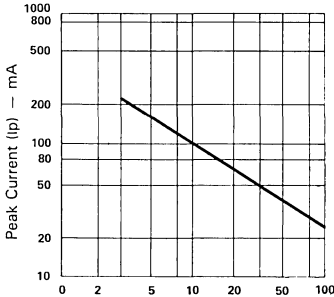
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



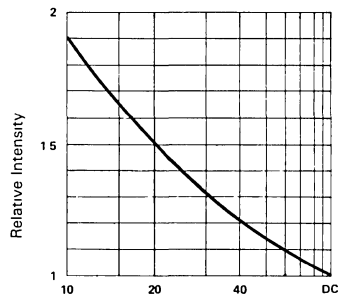
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

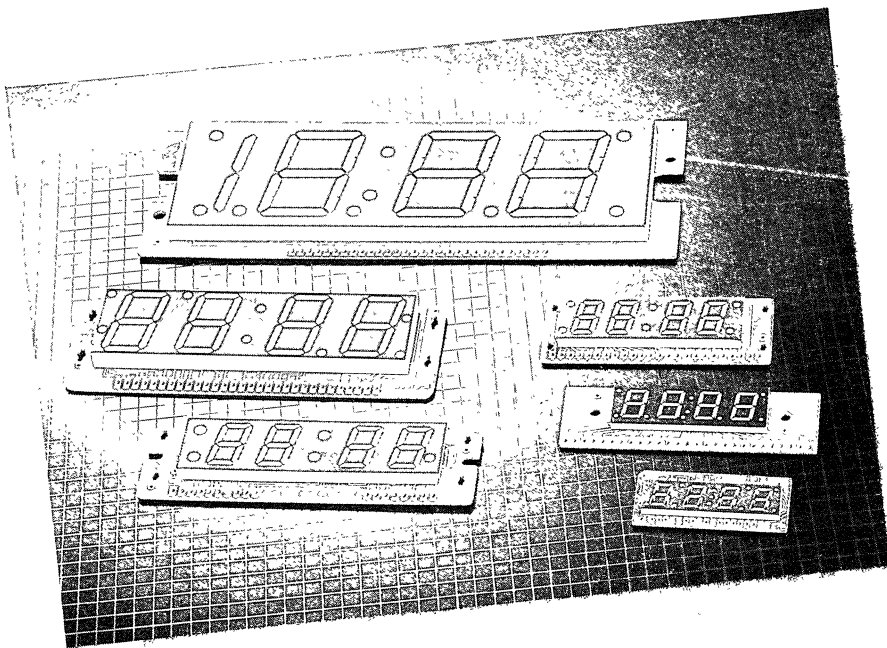


Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)



7. LED Clock & Frequency Displays

- SELECTION GUIDE
- CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS



SELECTION GUIDE

CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

DIGIT SIZE	BRIGHT RED		GREEN		DESCRIPTION				PAGE NO.
	PART NUMBER	TYP. Iv/SEG. @10mA	PART NUMBER	TYP. Iv/SEG. @10mA	DRIVE MODE		DISPLAY MODE (HOUR)	DISPLAY FONT	
0.3" EPOXY TYPE	LTC-3710P	350μcd	LTC-3710G	1000μcd	MULTIPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	7-2
	LTC-3718P		LTC-3718G		MULTIPLEX	C.C.	FF	:1888:	
0.3"	LTC-3137A1P-12 LTC-3137A1P-24 LTC-3137A3P	155μcd	LTC-3137A1G-12 LTC-3137A1G-24	220μcd	DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	7-18
	LTC-3702SP LTC-3708SP		LTC-3702SG LTC-3708SG		MULTIPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
	LTC-3808SP		LTC-3808SG		DIRECT	C.A.	FF	:1888:	
	LTC-3730PMA-1 LTC-3614MSJ		LTC-3730GLY-1		MULTIPLEX	C.C.	FF	8888 ₃	
0.4"	LTC-14401A1P-2 LTC-14403A1P-2 LTC-4401PAA2	145μcd	LTC-14401A1G-2 LTC-14403A1G-2	210μcd	DIRECT	C.A.	12	:1888:	7-26
					DIRECT	C.A.	12	:1888:	
					DUPLEX	C.A.	FF	:8888:	
0.5"	LTC-5502A1P-12S	350μcd	LTC-5502A1G-12S	610μcd	DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	7-31
	LTC-5612ELM	600μcd			MULTIPLEX	C.A.	FF	:8888:	
0.6"	LTC-612D1P LTC-617D1P LTC-627D1P LTC-637C1P-12 LTC-637C1P LTC-637D1P-12 LTC-637D1P LTC-637D1P-12S LTC-637D1P-S LTC-637D1P-W LTC-674D1P-12 LTC-674D1P	350μcd	LTC-612D1G LTC-617D1G LTC-627D1G LTC-637C1G-12 LTC-637C1G LTC-637D1G-12 LTC-637D1G LTC-637D1G-12S LTC-637D1G-S	600μcd	MULTIPLEX	C.A.	FF	:8888:	7-36
					MULTIPLEX	C.A.	FF	:8888:	
					MULTIPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
					DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	
					LTC-674D1G-12 LTC-674D1G	DIRECT	C.A.	12	
			DIRECT	C.A.	FF	:8888:			
0.9"	LTC-937S1P	340μcd	LTC-937S1G	600μcd	DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	7-44
	LTC-937S1P-12		LTC-937S1G-12		DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	
1.4"	LTC-14501A1P-2	600μcd	LTC-14501A1G-2	1100μcd	DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	7-48
1.8"	LTC-18501A1P-2 LTC-18501A1P	670μcd	LTC-18501A1G-2 LTC-18501A1G	1200μcd	DUPLEX	C.C.	12	:1888:	7-52
	LTC-1867A1P-2 LTC-18501A1P-4		LTC-1867A1G-2 LTC-18501A1G-4		DIRECT	C.C.	12	:1888:	
25"	LTC-25501PAK	670μcd			DUPLEX	C.C.	FF	:8888:	7-57
	LTC-25601PAK				MULTIPLEX	C.A.	FF	:8888:	

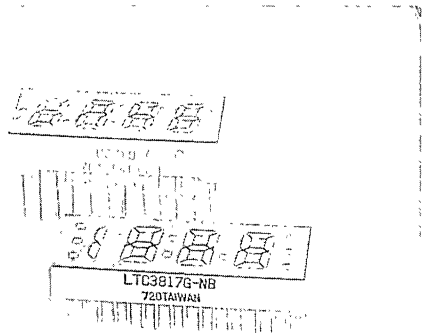


LTC-3710 SERIES

0.3" FOUR LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- CHOICE OF SIX BRIGHT COLORS RED/BRIGHT RED/GREEN/YELLOW/ORANGE/HIGH EFFICIENCY RED.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
- EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
- HIGH CONTRAST.
- HIGH BRIGHTNESS.
- WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
- SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.
- I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- EASY MOUNTING ON P.C. BOARD OR SOCKETS.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-3710 series devices are 0.3 inch (7.62mm) height four digit displays.

The red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a GaAs substrate. The bright red and green series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate. The yellow, orange and high efficiency red series devices utilize LED chips which are made from GaAsP on a transparent GaP substrate. Red and bright red displays have black face and red segment color. Green, and orange displays have black face and white segment color, Yellow displays have black face and yellow segment color. High efficiency red displays have red face and red segment color.

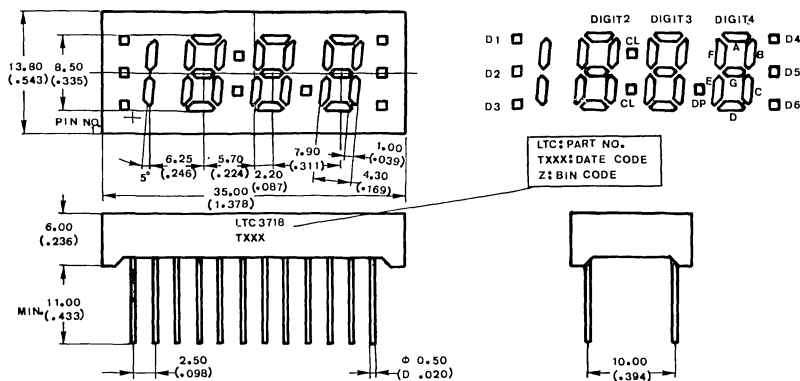
DEVICES

PART NO. LTC--						DESCRIPTION
RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	
3710R	3710P	3710G	3710Y	3710E	3710HR	Multiplex, Common Cathode
3718R	3718P	3718G	3718Y	3718E	3718HR	Multiplex, Common Cathode



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

B. LTC-3718 Series



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance are:

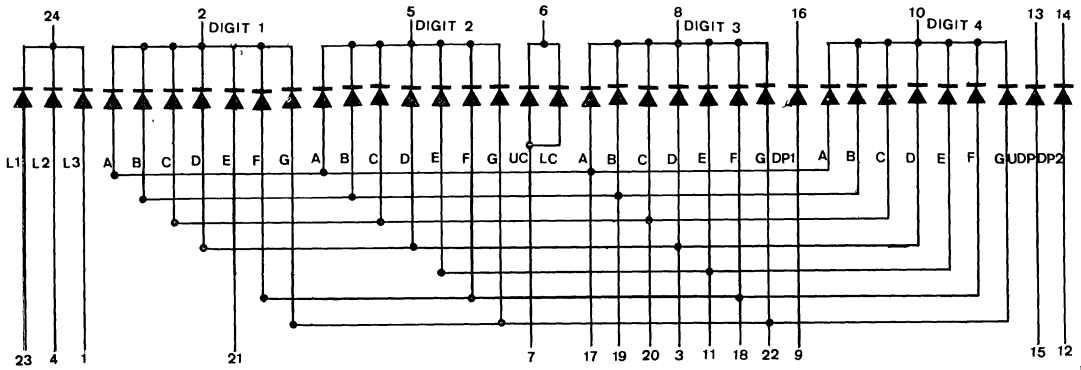
- Lead length (from setting plane): MINIMUM VALUE $\frac{+1.00}{-0.00} \text{ mm}$ $\frac{+0.040''}{-0.000''}$
- $\pm 0.25 \text{ mm}$ $\frac{\pm 0.010''}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

PIN NO.	CONNECTION	PIN NO.	CONNECTION
1	ANODE D1	13	ANODE G
2	ANODE D3	14	COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 4
3	COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 1	15	ANODE B
4	ANODE D	16	ANODE A
5	ANODE 3	17	ANODE F
6	CATHODE UC, LC	18	ANODE UC, LC
7	COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 3	19	COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 2
8	ANODE D.P.	20	ANODE E
9	CATHODE D.P.	21	ANODE D2
10	ANODE D6	22	ANODE 4
11	ANODE D5	23	CATHODE D2, D4
12	CATHODE D5, D6	24	CATHODE D1, D3

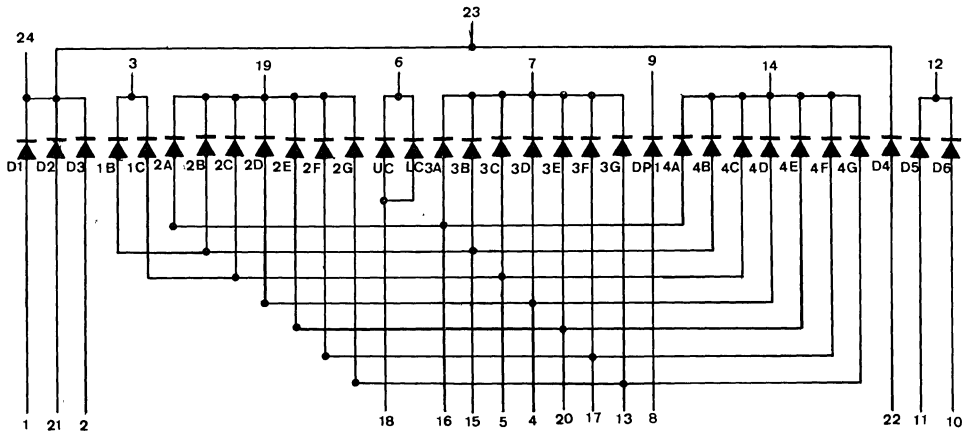
LED CLOCK &
FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

LTC-3710 Series



LTC-3718 Series



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	HI.-EFF. RED	UNIT
Power Dissipation Per Segment	45	30	60	50	60	60	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	40	80	60	80	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current Per Segment	20	12	20	16	20	20	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C Per Segment	0.24	0.14	0.24	0.2	0.24	0.24	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage Per Segment	5	5	5	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Storage Temperature Range	-25°C to +85°C						
Solder Temperature 1/16 inch Below Seating Plane for 3 Seconds at 260°C							

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	450		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

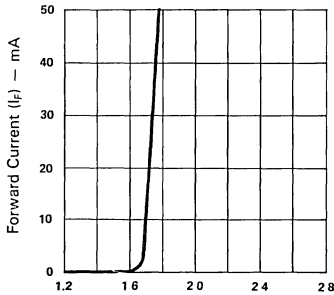


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

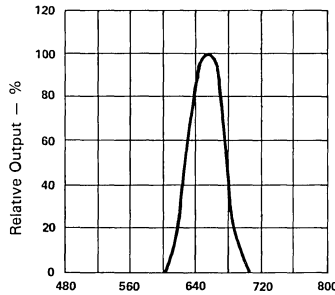


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

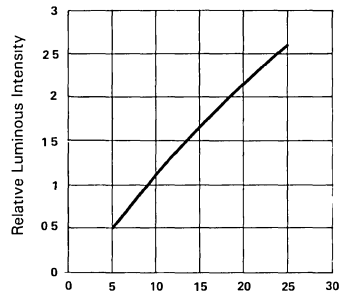


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

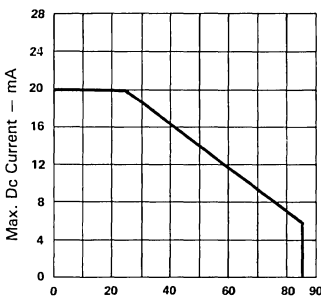


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

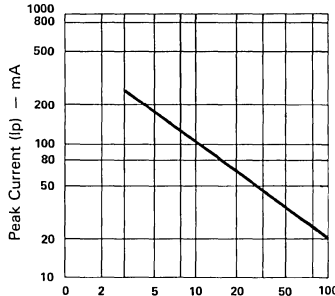


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

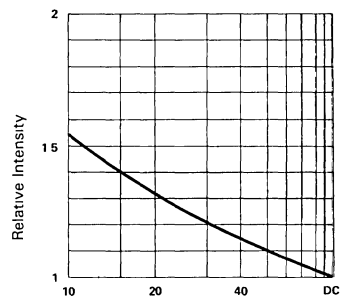


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

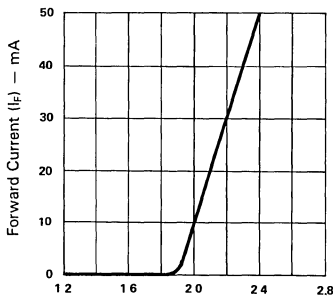
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710P

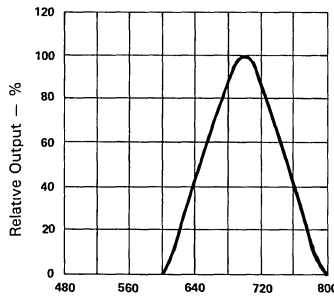
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	250	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

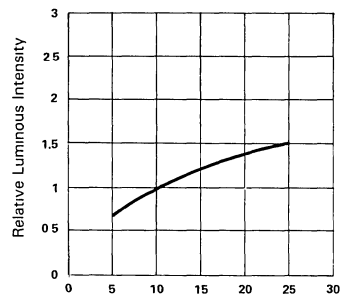
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



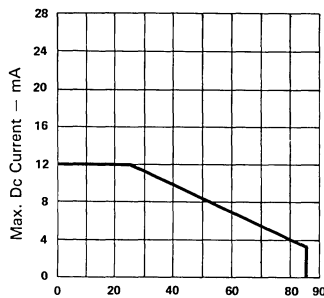
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.



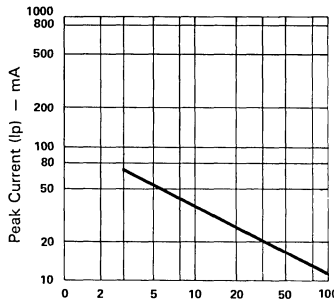
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



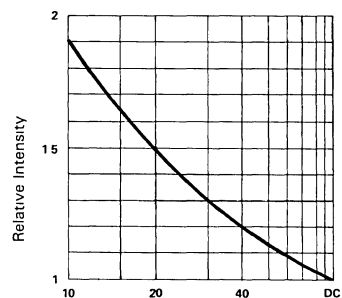
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ kHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

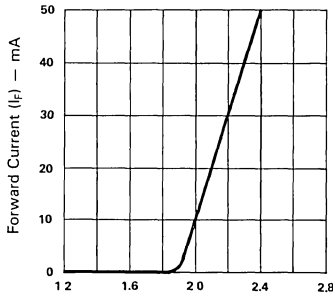
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710G

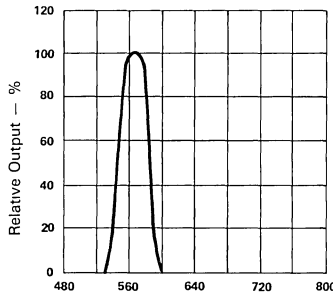
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

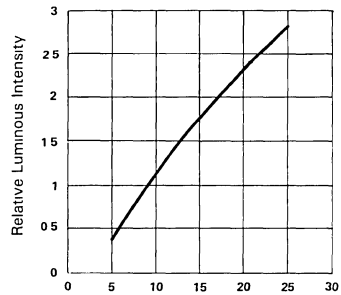
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



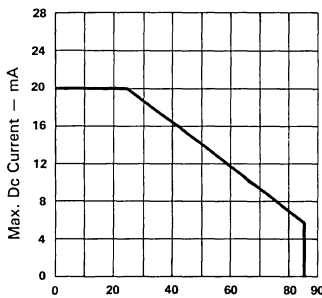
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.



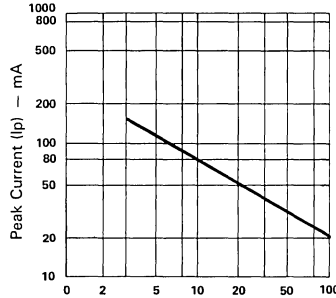
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



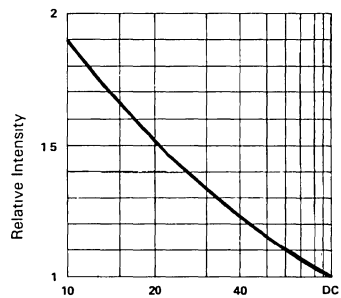
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG.)



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710Y

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	600	1300		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

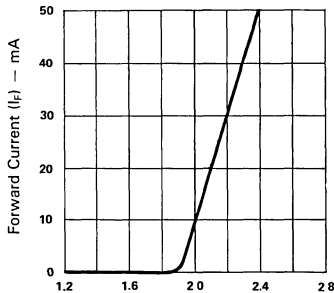


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

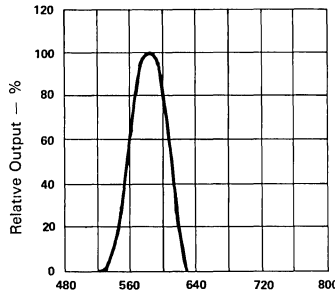


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

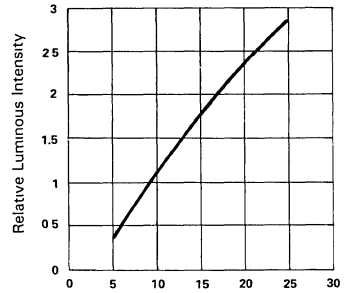


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

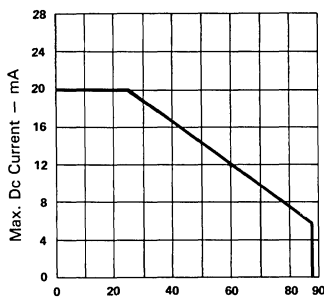


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

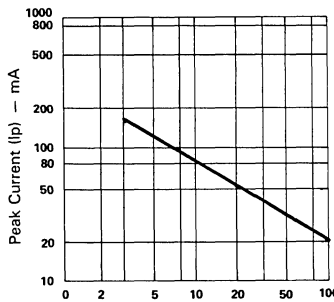


Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE = $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

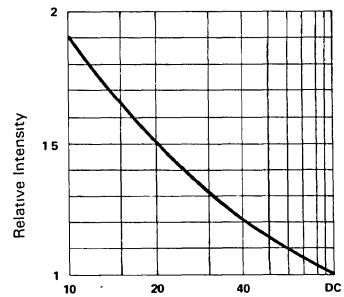


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

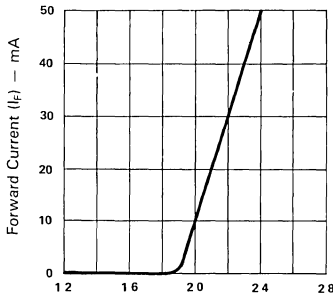
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710E

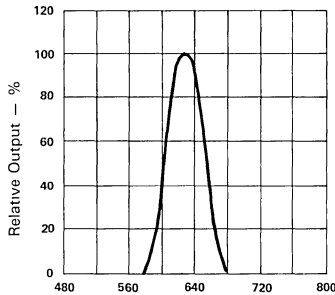
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

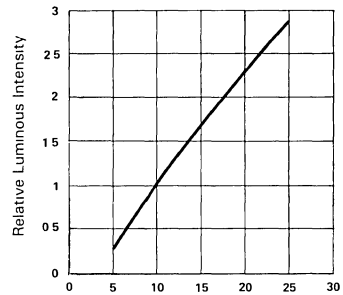
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



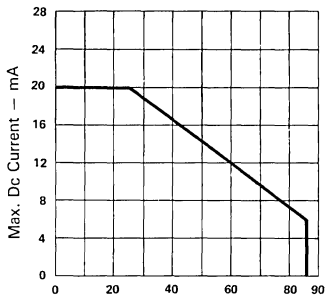
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.



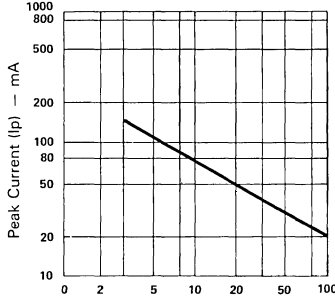
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



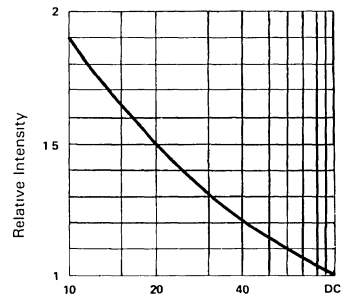
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

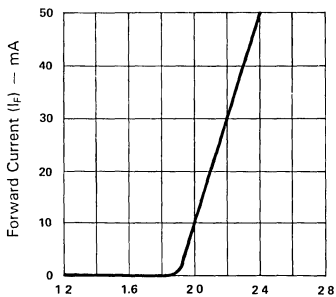
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3710HR

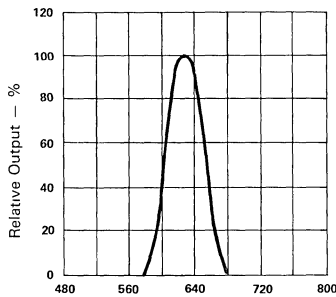
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

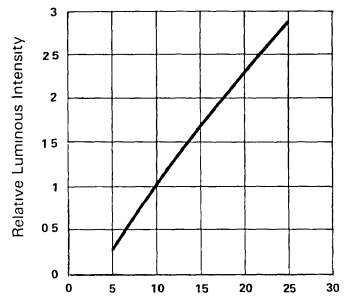
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



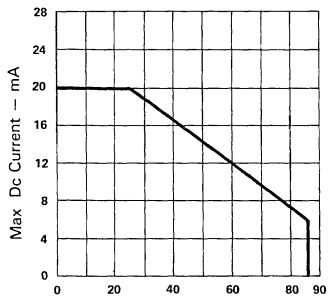
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



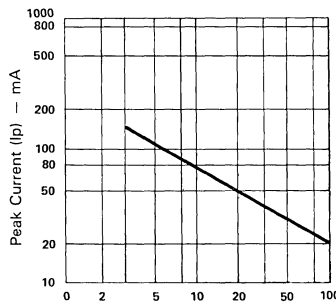
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



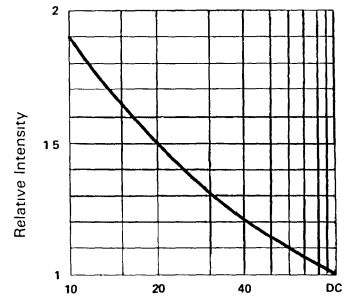
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1 \text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 1.0\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718R

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	200	450		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		655		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		1.7	2.0	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

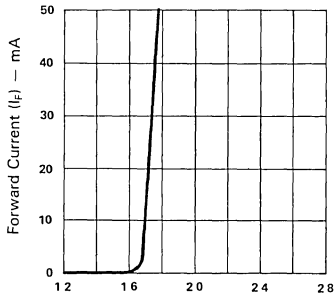


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

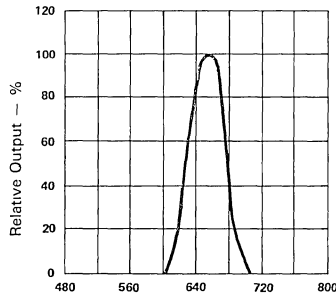


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

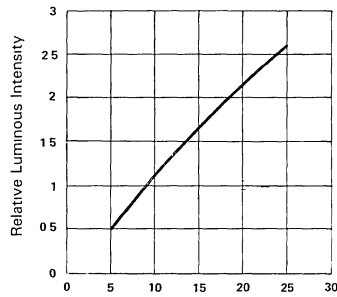


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

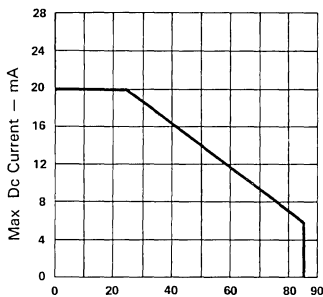


Fig. 4 MAX ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

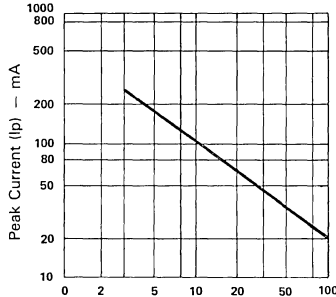


Fig. 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

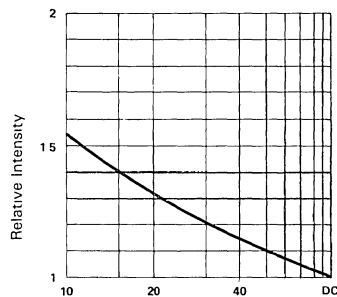


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)



ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718P

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	250	600		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

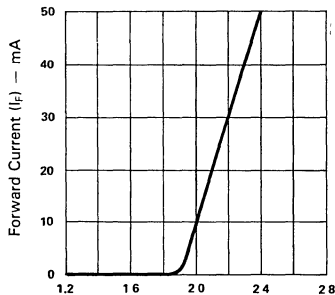


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

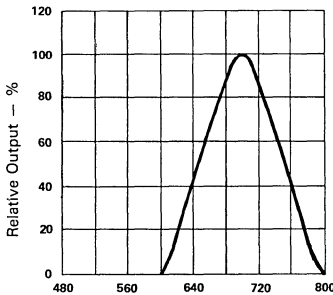


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

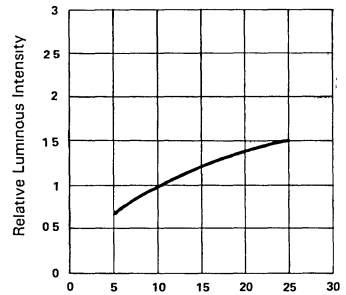


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

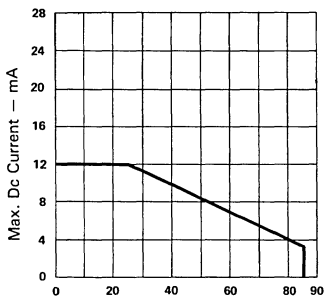


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

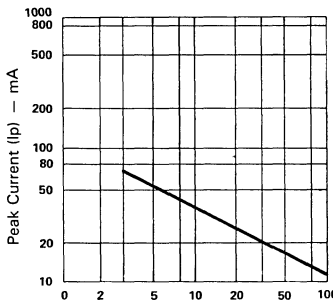


Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

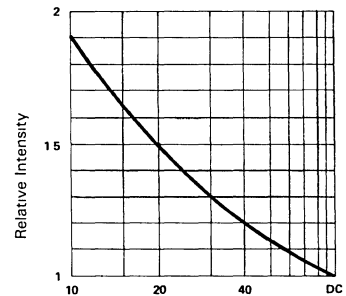


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG.)

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718G

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		565		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

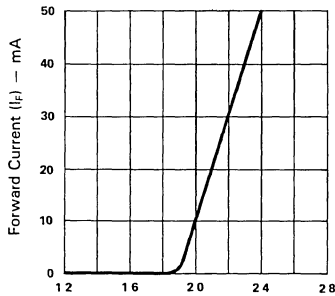


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

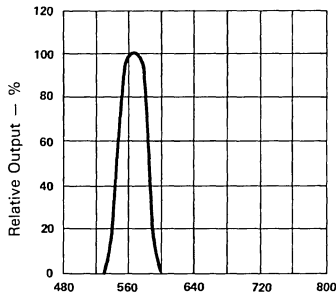


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

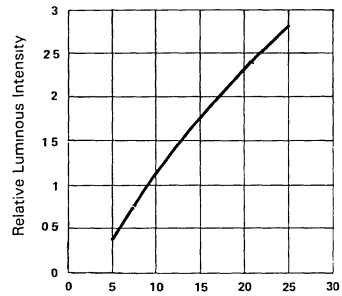


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

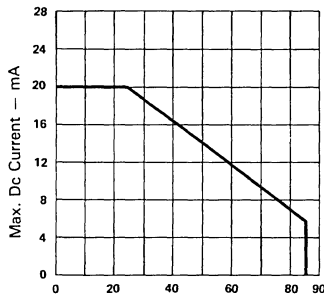


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

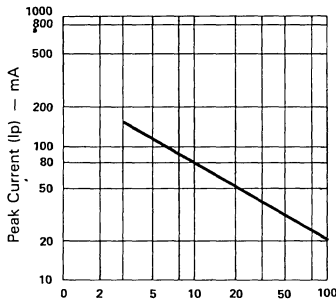


Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)

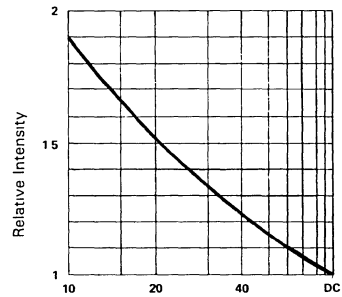


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG)

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

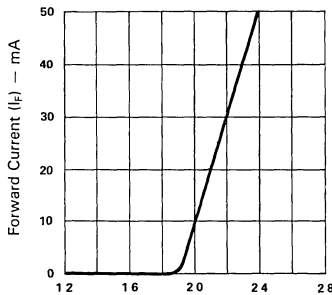
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718Y

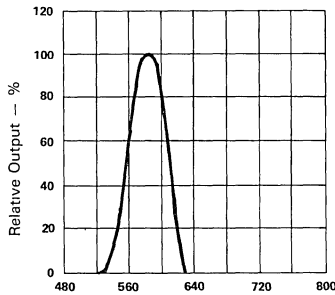
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	600	1300		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

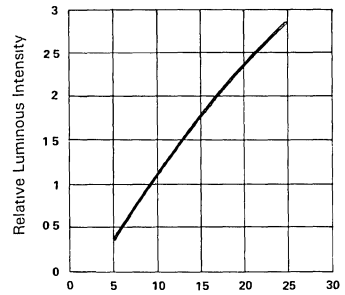
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



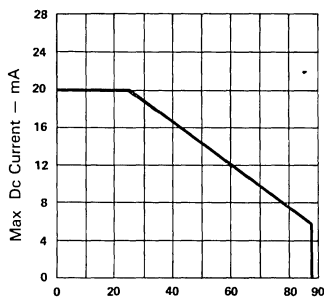
Forward Voltage (V_F) – Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.



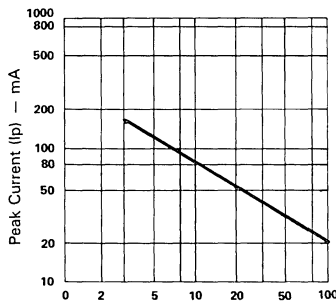
Wavelength (λ) – nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



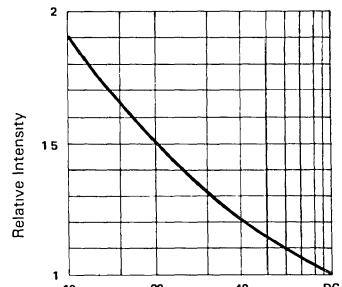
Forward Current (I_F) – mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) – $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE – $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ PER SEG.)

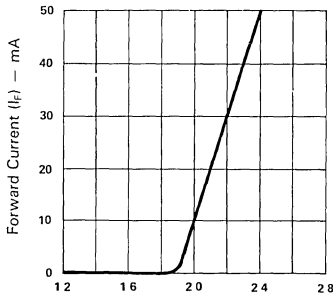
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718E

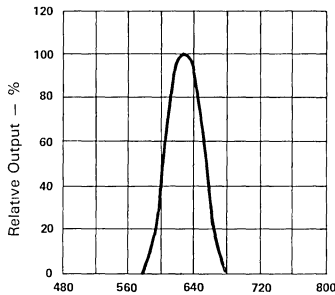
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		630		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

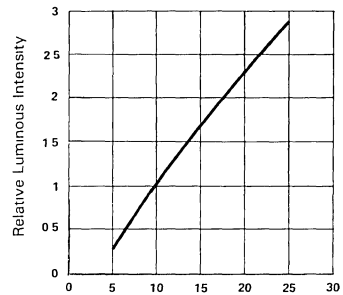
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



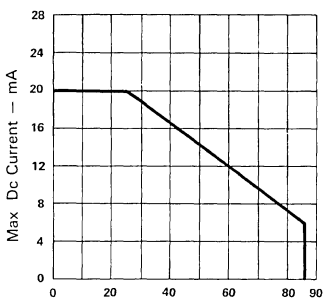
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



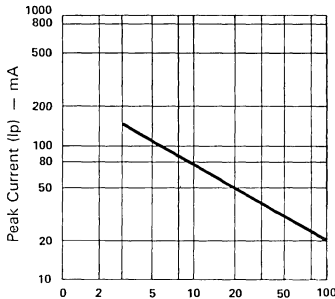
Wavelength (λ) — nm
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



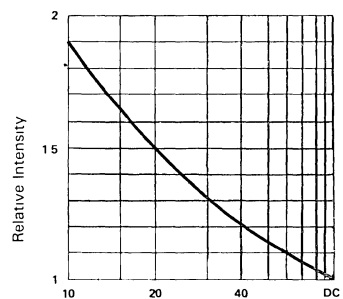
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs DUTY CYCLE% (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)



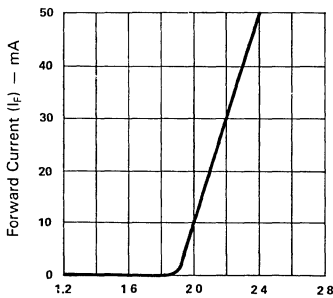
ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

LTC-3718HR

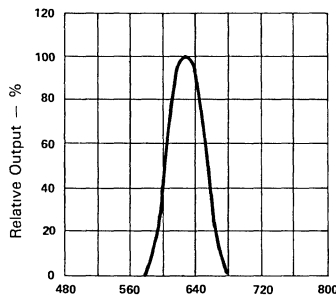
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Average Luminous Intensity	I_v	750	1800		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		635		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		40		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage any Segment or D.P.	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current, any Segment or D.P.	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	$I_v\text{-m}$			2:1		$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

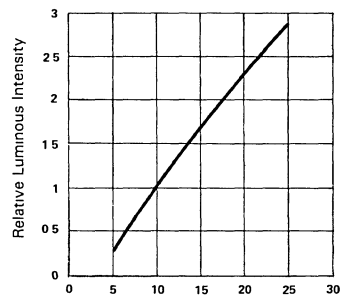
(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



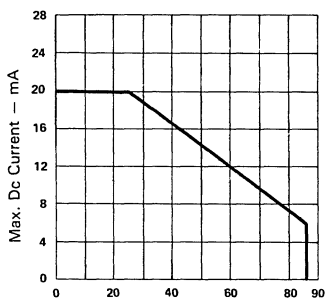
Forward Voltage (V_F) — Volts
Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs FORWARD VOLTAGE



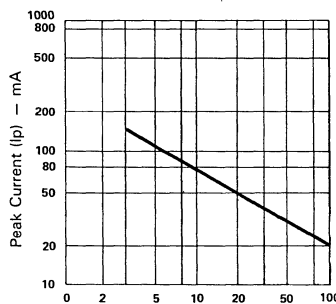
Wavelength (λ) — nm.
Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.



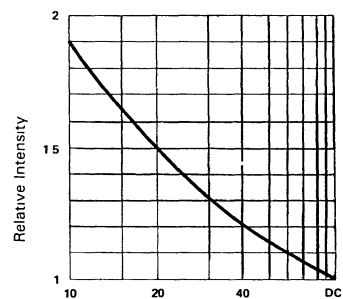
Forward Current (I_F) — mA
Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).



Ambient Temperature (T_A) — $^\circ\text{C}$
Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE — $F = 1\text{ KHz}$)



Duty Cycle %
Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ PER SEG)

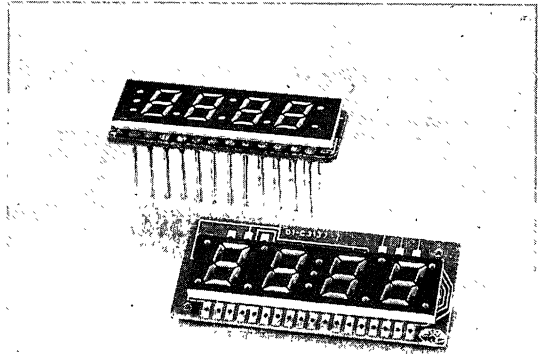


LTC-3000 SERIES

0.3" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.3 INCH (7.62 mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH 12/24 HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- RED (GaASP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD [GREEN (GaP) DISPLAY SUFFIX G, BRIGHT RED (GaP) DISPLAY-SUFFIX P ARE AVAILABLE].



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-3000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

1. CLOCK DISPLAY

PART NO. LTC.	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION	REMARK
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM			
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW				
3137A1P-12	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	A	A	
3137A1G-12	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	A	A	
3137A1P-24	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V		A	A	
3137A1G-24	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V		A	A	
3137A3P	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V		A	A	BLACK FACE WHITE SEGS.
3702SP	C.C.	MPX	V		A.G.D.E.F.	V	V	V/V	B	B	
3702SG	C.C.	MPX		V	A.G.D.E.F.	V	V	V/V	B	B	
3708SP	C.C.	MPX	V		A.G.D.E.F.	V		V/V	C	C	
3708SG	C.C.	MPX		V	A.G.D.E.F.	V		V/V	C	C	
3808SP	C.A.	D.D.		V	NO	V	V	V/V	D	D	
3808SG	C.A.	D.D.		V	NO	V	V	V/V	D	D	

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

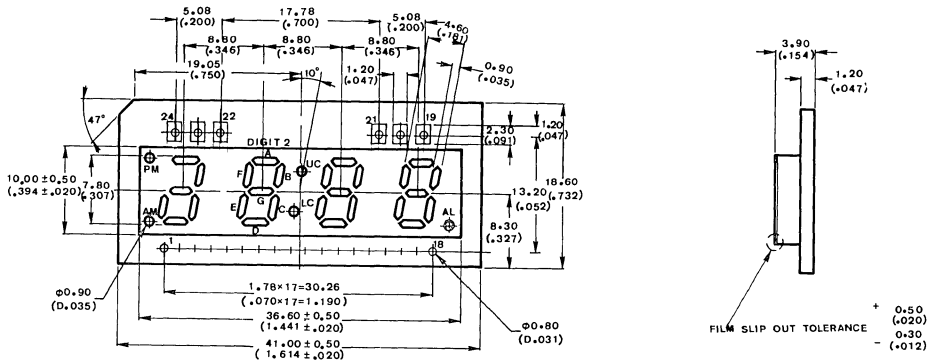
2. MULTI – FUNCTION DISPLAY (Customer design is acceptable)

PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION					INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR				
	FROM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	YELLOW		
3614 MSJ	C.A.	MPX.	V	V	V		H
3730PMA-1	C.C.	MPX	V				I
3730GLY-1	C.C.	MPX.		V			I

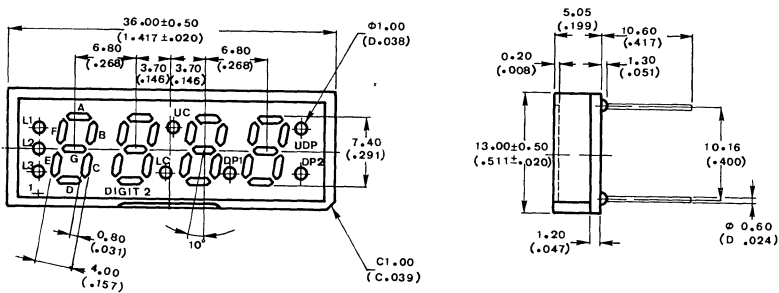
NOTES. 1. C.A . common anode, C.C . common cathode
 2 MPX multiplex, DPX. duplex, D D direct drive

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

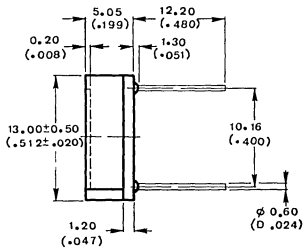
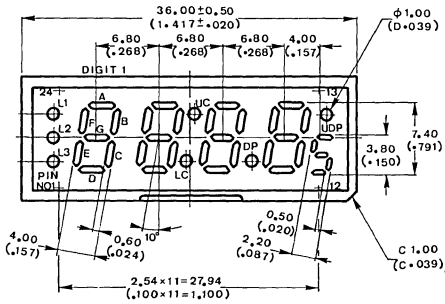
A. LTC-3137A1 x Series



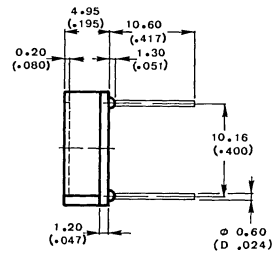
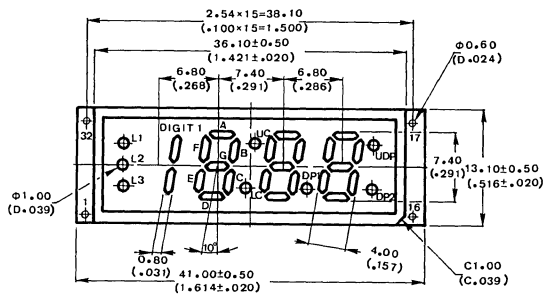
B. LTC-3702S x Series



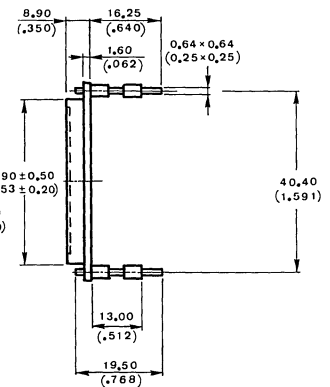
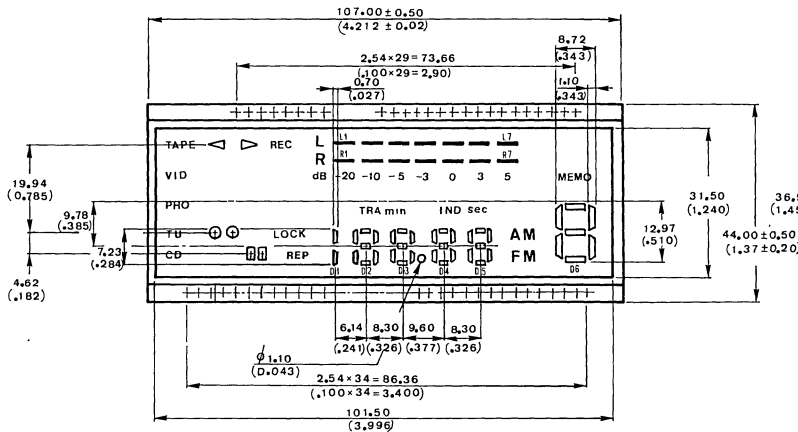
C. LTC-3708S x Series



D. LTC-3808S x Series

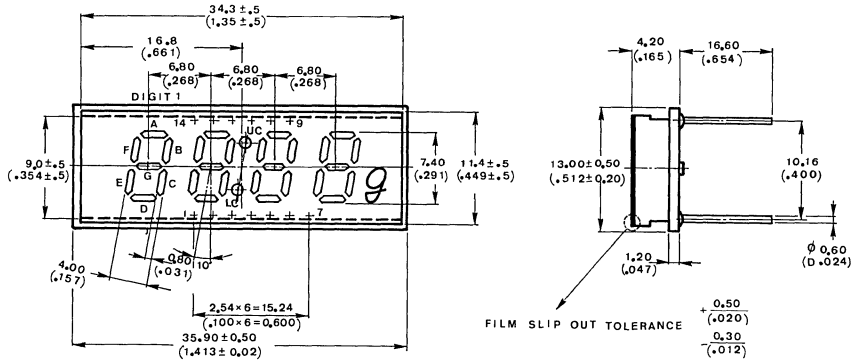


E. LTC-3614 MSJ



LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

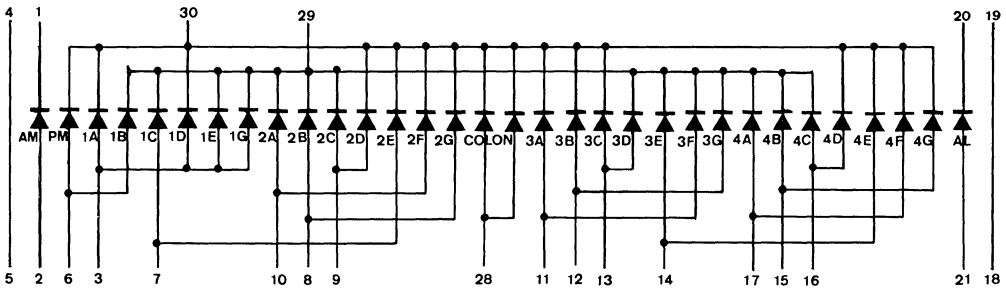
F. LTC-3730 Series



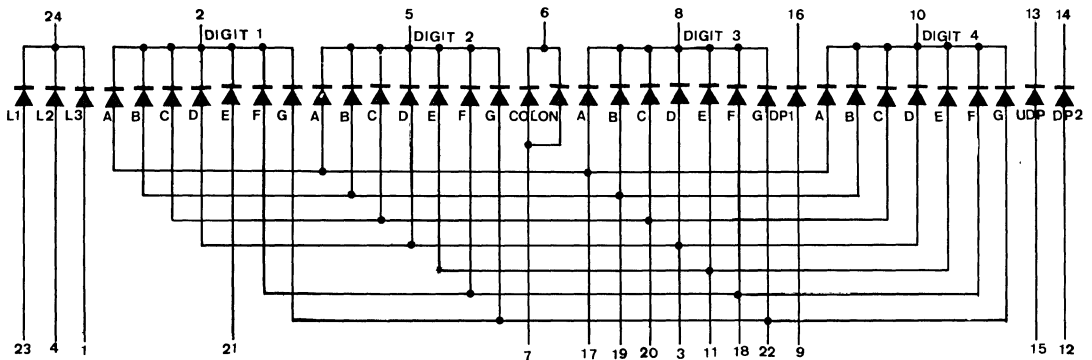
NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010\text{''})}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

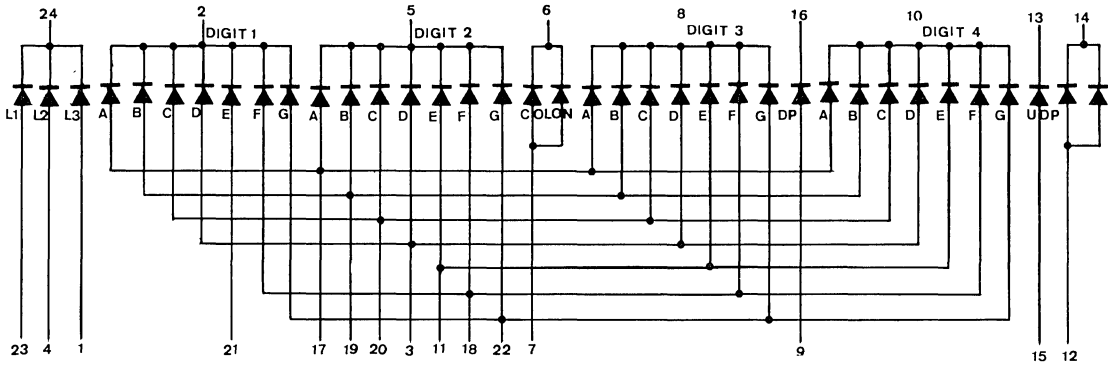
A. LTC-3137



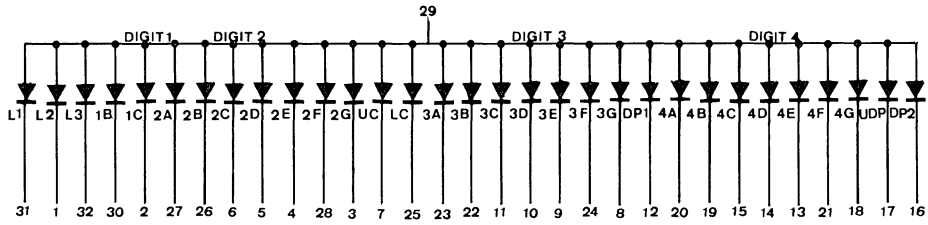
B. LTC-3702



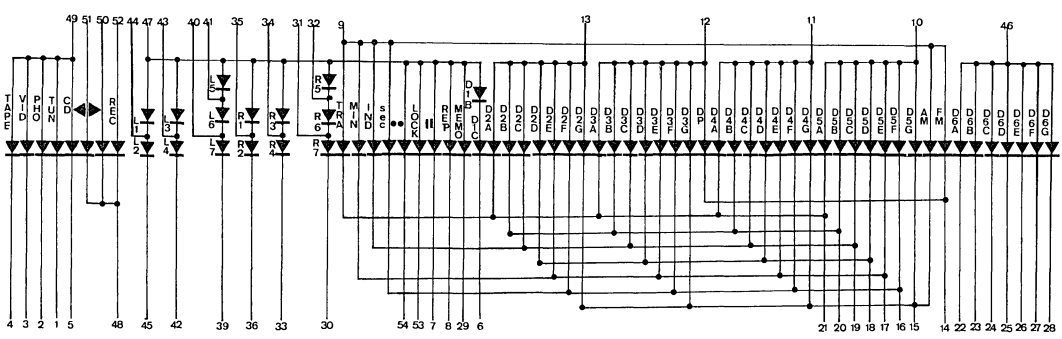
C. LTC-3708



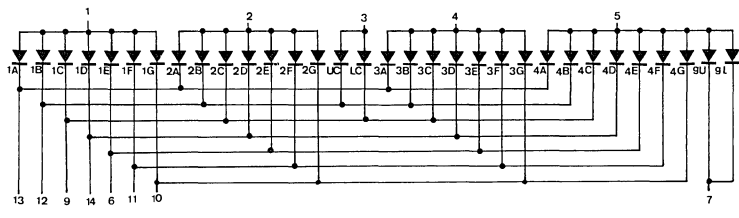
D. LTC-3808S x Series



E. LTC-3614 MSJ



F. LTC-3730 Series



LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

CONTINUOUS NEXT PAGE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RED	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I _{CF}	25	20	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I _{PF}	200	150	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I _F /pulse	30	30	30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	V _R	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-25°C to 60°C			
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-25°C to 70°C			
Derating Linear From 25°C	P _D	2.4	2.4	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.35	0.42	0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C For 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case Or Reflector Edge					

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Daiflon Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	RED	35	80		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
		BRIGHT RED	65	155			
		GREEN	90	220			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p	RED	630	655	680	nm	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RED		697			
		GREEN		565			
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	RED		24		nm	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RED		90			
		GREEN		30			
Forward Voltage	V _F	RED		1.7	2.2	V	I _F = 20 mA
		BRIGHT RED		2.1	2.8		
		GREEN		2.1	2.8		
Reverse Current	I _R	RED			100	μA	V _R = 5V
		BRIGHT RED			100		
		GREEN			100		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{vm}	All Model			2:1		I _F = 10 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

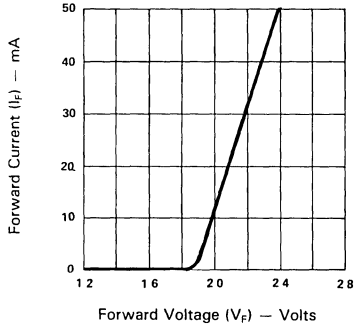


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

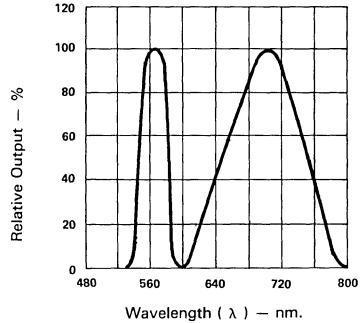


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

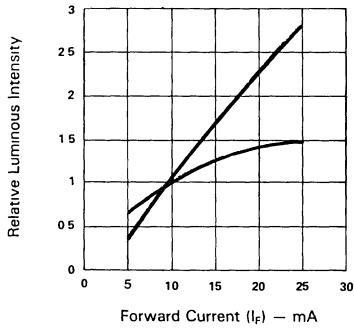


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

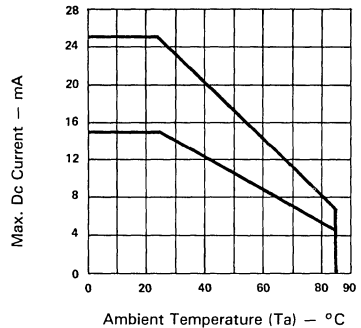


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

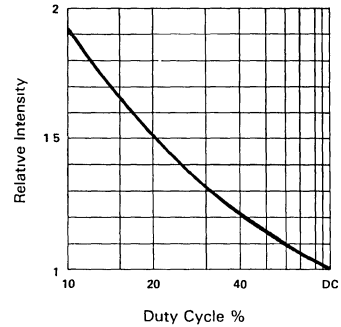
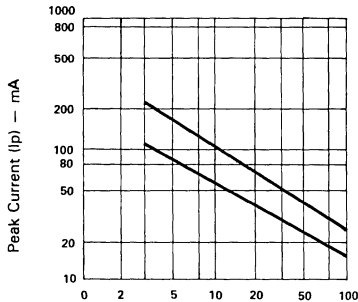


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG}$)

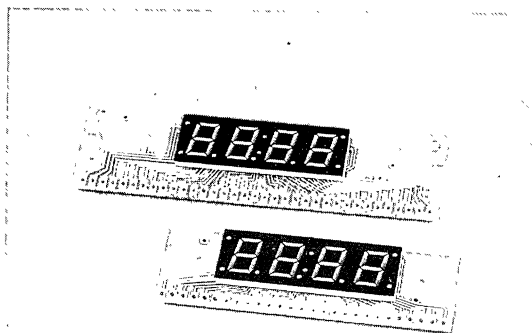


LTC-4000 SERIES

0.4" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.4 INCH (10.16mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH 12/24 HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- RED (GaAsP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD [BRIGHT RED (GaP) DISPLAY-SUFFIX P ARE AVAILABLE.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-4000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

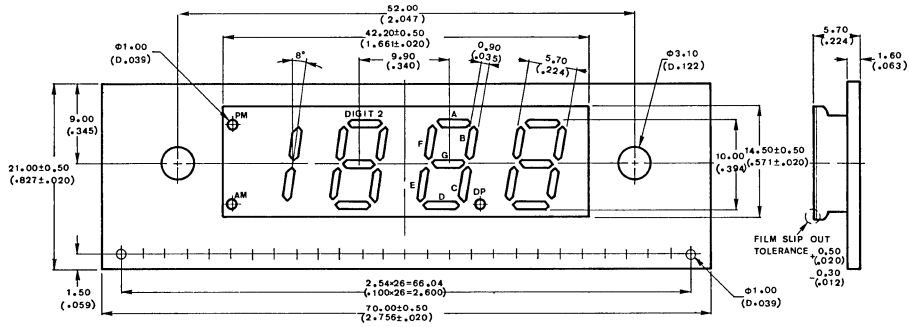
DEVICES

PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
14401A1P-2	C.A.	D.D.	V		NO			V/V	A	A
14401A1G-2	C.A.	D.D.		V	NO			V/V	A	A
14403A1P-2	C.A.	D.D.	V		NO	V	V	V/V	B	B
14403A1G-2	C.A.	D.D.		V	NO	V	V	V/V	B	B
4401PAA2	C.A.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	C	C

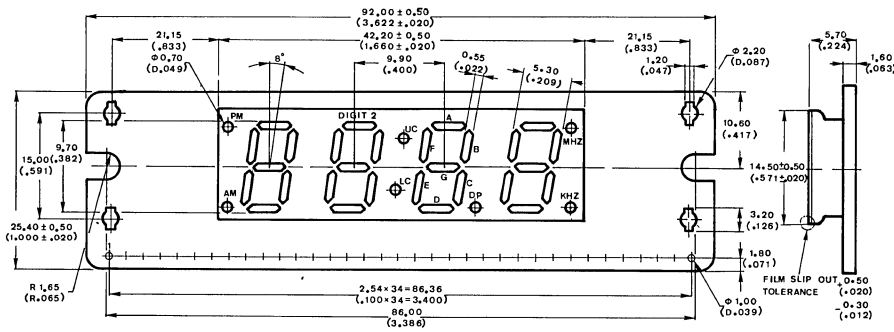
LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

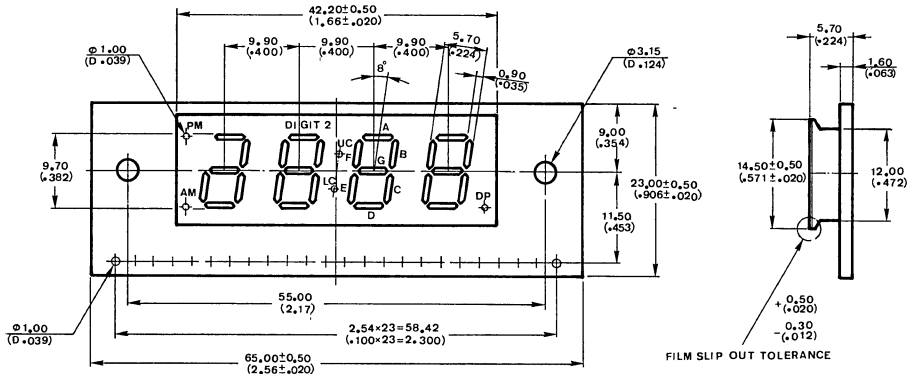
A. LTC-14401A1 x Series



B. LTC-14403A1 x Series



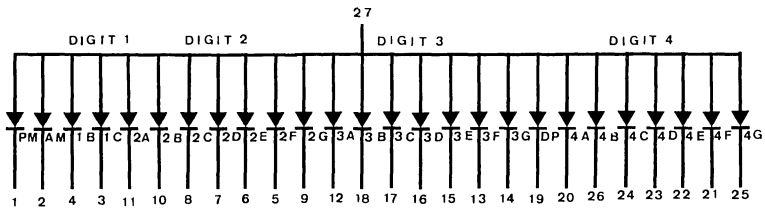
C. LTC-4401 PAA2



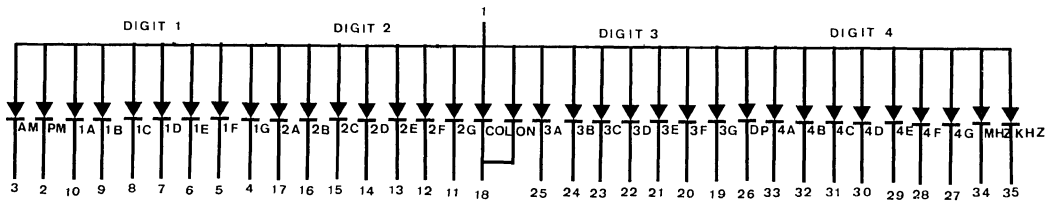
NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{(\text{inches})}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

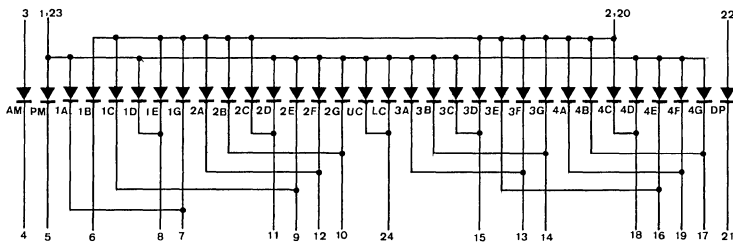
A. LTC-14401A



B. LTC-14403A



C. LTC-4401 PAA2



LED CLOCK &
FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RED	GREEN	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I_{CF}	25	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I_{PF}	200	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I_F /pulse	30	30	A
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	V_R	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-25°C to 60°C		
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-25°C to 70°C		
Derating Linear From 250°C	P_d	2.4	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.35	0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C For 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case Or Reflector Edge				

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	RED	35	80		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
		BRIGHT RED	60	145			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P	RED	630	655	680	nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
		BRIGHT RED		697			
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	RED		24		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
		BRIGHT RED		90			
Forward Voltage	V_F	RED		1.7	2.2	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
		BRIGHT RED		2.1	2.8		
Reverse Current	I_R	RED			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$
		BRIGHT RED			100		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I_{vm}	All Model			2:1		$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25° C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

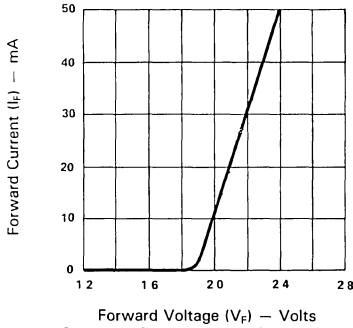


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

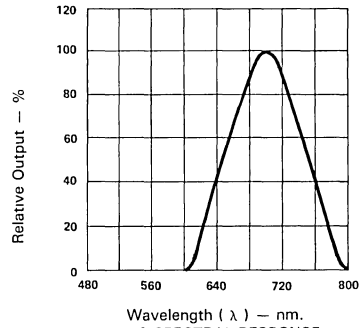


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

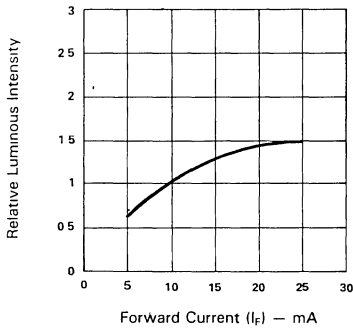


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

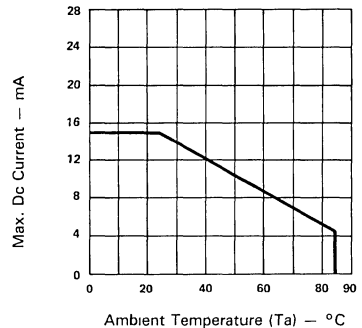


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

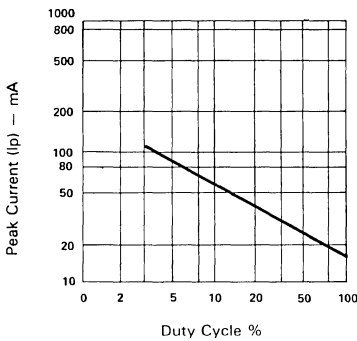


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

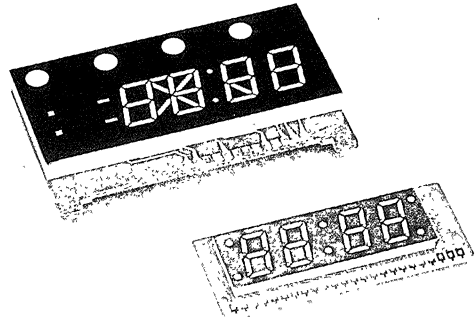


LTC-5000 SERIES

0.5" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 0.5 INCH (12.7mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH 12/24 HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD [GREEN (GaP) DISPLAY SUFFIX G.].



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-5000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

DEVICES

1. CLOCK DISPLAY

PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
5502A1P-12S	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	D	G
5502A1G-12S	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	D	G

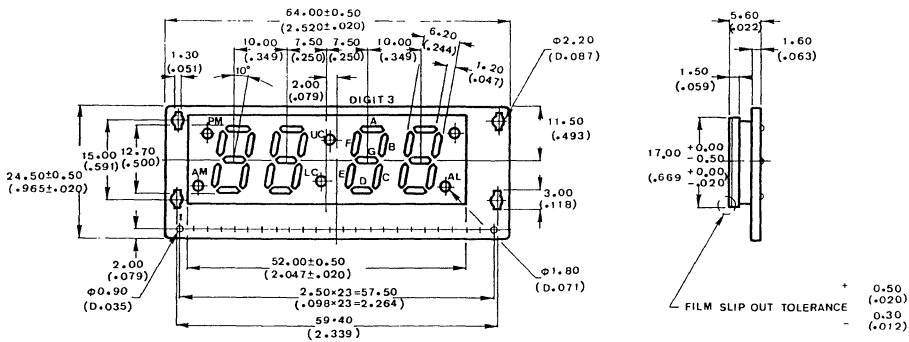
2. MULTI – FUNCTION DISPLAY (Customer design is acceptable)

PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION			INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	ORANGE		
5612ELM	C.A.	MPX	V		H

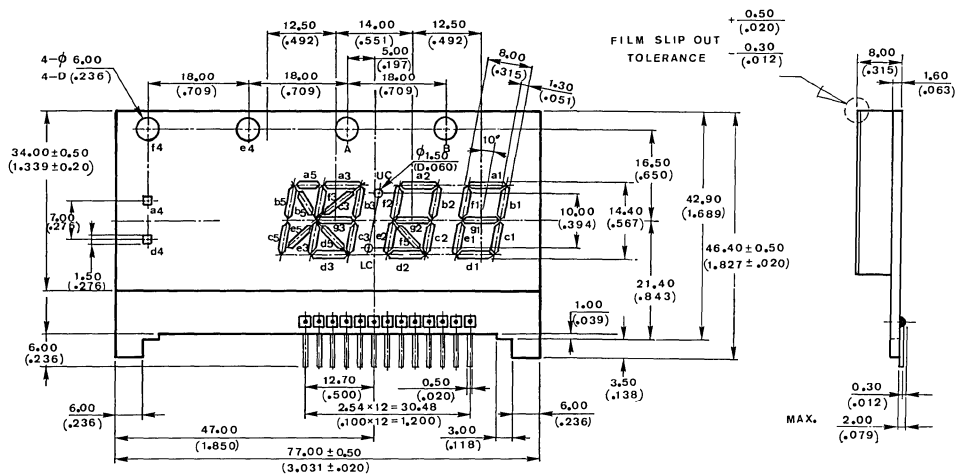
NOTES: 1. C.A. . common anode C.C.. common cathode
 2. MPX multiplex DPX: duplex D.D . direct drive

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTC-5502A1 x Series



B. LTC-5612 ELM



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010\text{''})}$ unless otherwise noted.

LED CLOCK &
FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RED	GREEN	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I_{CF}	25	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I_{PF}	200	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I_F /pulse	30	30	A
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	V_R	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range*	T_{opr}	-25°C to 60°C		
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-25°C to 70°C		
Derating Linear From 25°C	P_D	2.4	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C For 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case Or Reflector Edge				

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	BRIGHT RED	140	350		μcd	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
		GREEN	245	610			
Edge Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	BRIGHT RED		697		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
		GREEN		565			
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	BRIGHT RED		90		nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
		GREEN		30			
Forward Voltage	V_F	BRIGHT RED		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
		GREEN		2.1	2.8		
Reverse Current	I_R	BRIGHT RED			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
		GREEN			100		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I_{vm}	All Model			2.1		$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

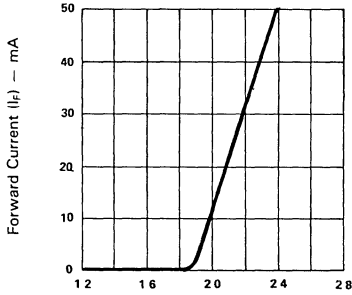


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

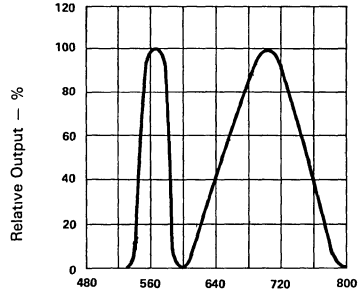


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

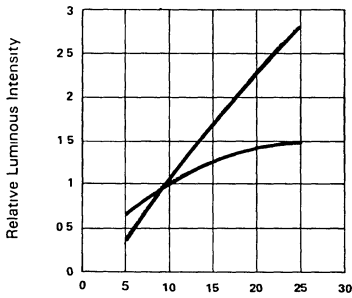


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

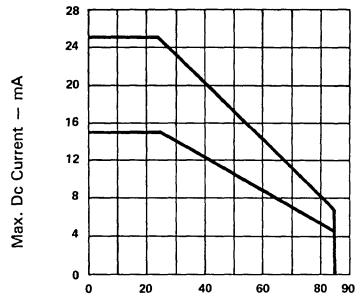


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

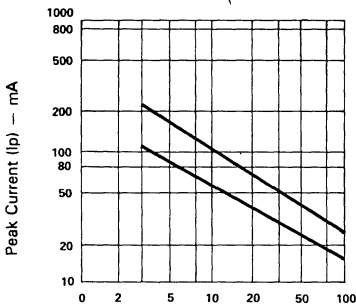


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

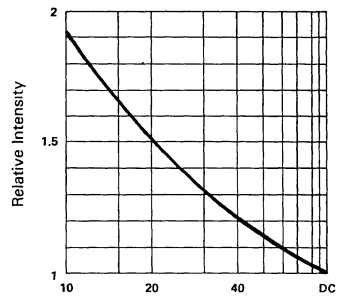


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_F = 10mA PER SEG.)

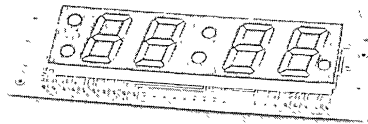


LTC-6000 SERIES

0.6" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.6 INCH (15.24mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH 12/24 HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/5 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD [GREEN (GaP) DISPLAY SUFFIX G.].



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-6000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

DEVICES

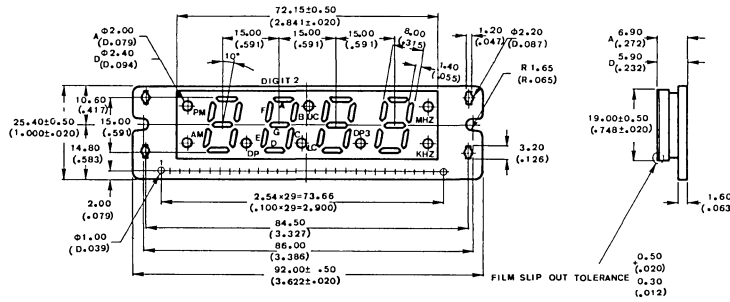
PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
612D1P	C.A.	MPX	V		YES	V	V	V/V	A	A
612D1G	C.A.	MPX		V	YES	V	V	V/V	A	A
617D1P	C.A.	MPX	V		YES		V	V/V	B	B
617D1G	C.A.	MPX		V	YES		V	V/V	B	B
627D1P	C.C	MPX	V		YES		V	V/V	C	C
627D1G	C.C.	MPX		V	YES		V	V/V	C	C

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

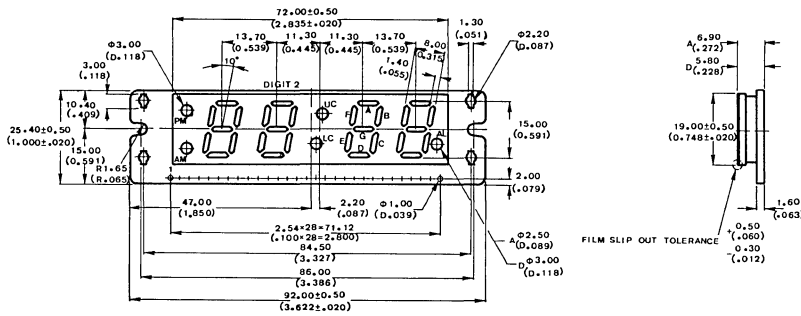
PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM PM		
	FORM	IRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
637C1P	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	D
637C1P-12	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	D	D
637C1G-12	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	D	D
637C1G	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	D
637D1P-12	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	D	E
637D1G-12	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	D	E
637D1G	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	E
637D1G-12S	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	D	E
637D1G-S	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	E
637D1P	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	E
637D1P-12S	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	D	E
637D1P-S	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	E
637DIP-W	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	D	E
674D1G-12	C.A.	D.D.		V	NO	V		V/V	I	K
674D1P-12	C.A.	D.D.	V		NO	V		V/V	I	K
674D1G	C.A.	D.D.		V	YES	V		V/V	I	K
674D1P	C.A.	D.D.	V		YES	V		V/V	I	K

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

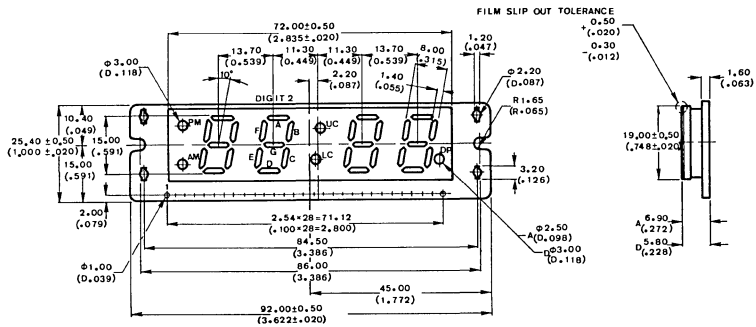
A. LTC-612 D1 x Series



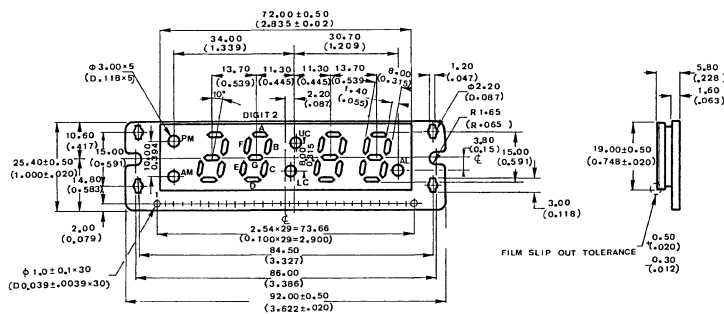
B. LTC-617 D1 x Series



C. LTC-627 D1 x Series

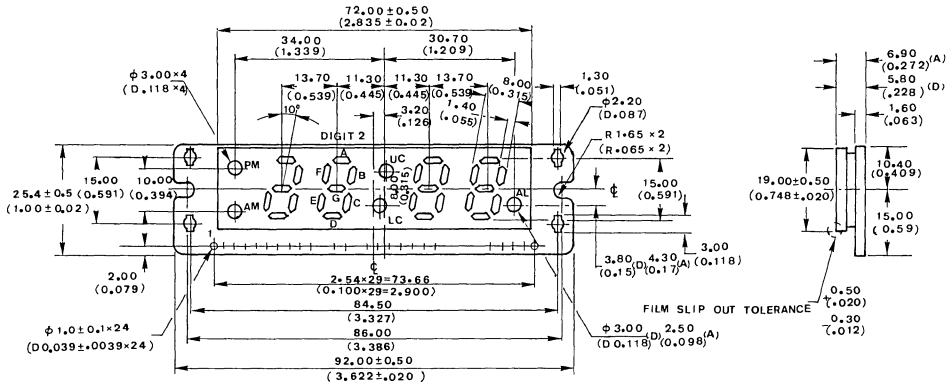


D. LTC-637C1 x Series

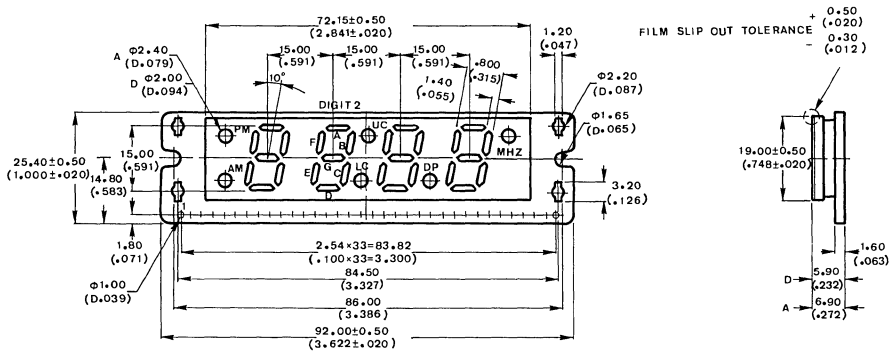


LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

E. LTC-637 D1 x Series



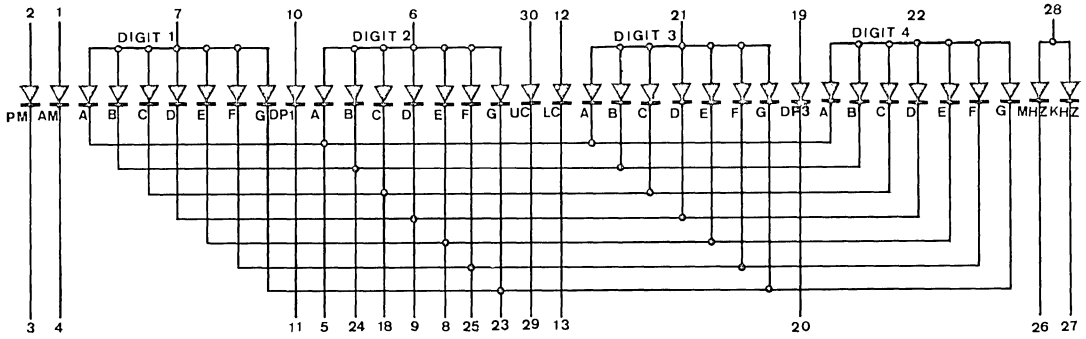
F. LTC-674 D1 x Series



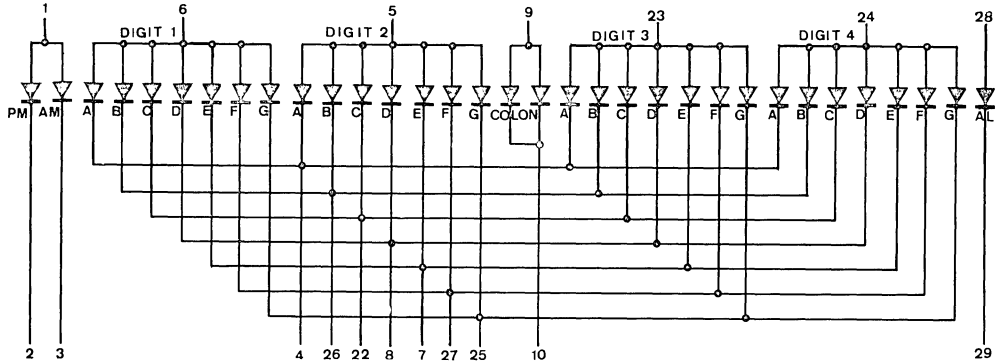
NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010\text{'})}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

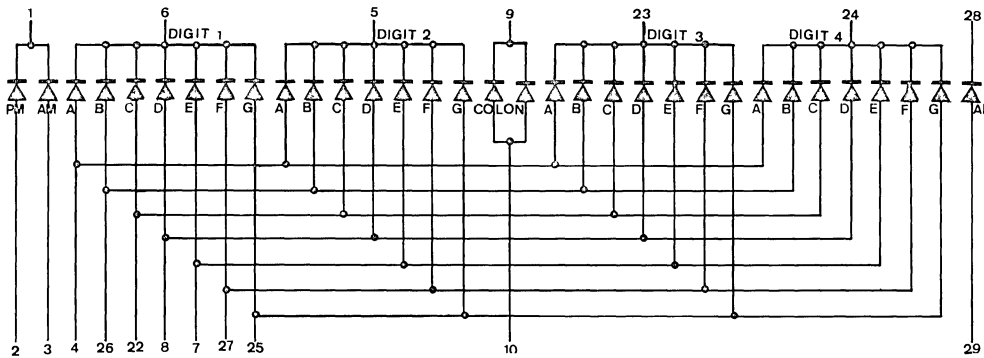
A. LTC-612



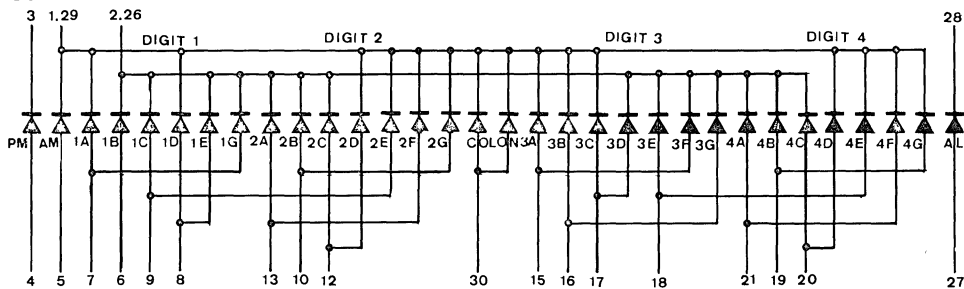
B. LTC-617



C. LTC-627

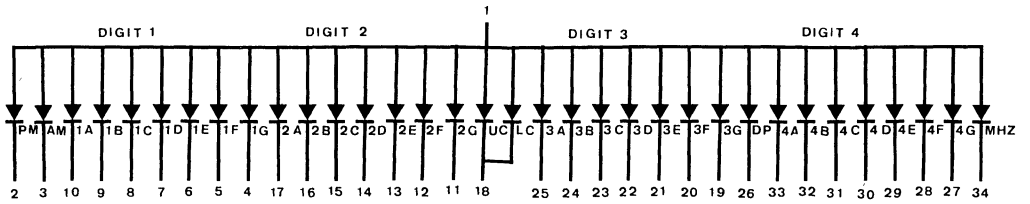


D. LTC-637



LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

E. LTC-674



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	BRIGHT RED	GREEN	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	ICF	20	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	IPF	150	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	IF /pulse	30	30	A
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	VR	5	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-25°C to 60°C		
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-25°C to 70°C		
Derating Linear From 25°C	PD	2.4	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C For 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case Or Reflector Edge				

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF

Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol

Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICES	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intersity	Iv	BRIGHT RED	140	350		μcd	IF = 10 mA
		GREEN	245	600			
Edge Peak Emission Wavelength	λp	BRIGHT RED		697		nm	IF = 20 mA
		GREEN		565			
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	BRIGHT RED		90		nm	IF = 20 mA
		GREEN		30			
Forward Voltage	VF	BRIGHT RED		2.1	2.8	V	IF = 20 mA
		GREEN		2.1	2.8		
Reverse Current	IR	BRIGHT RED			100	μA	VR = 5V
		GREEN			100		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	Ivm	All Model			2.1		IF = 10 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

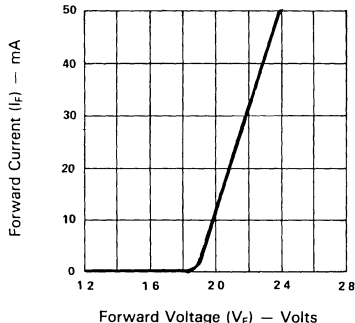


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

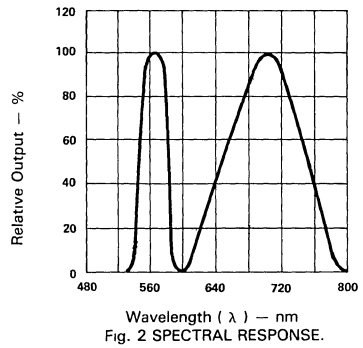


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

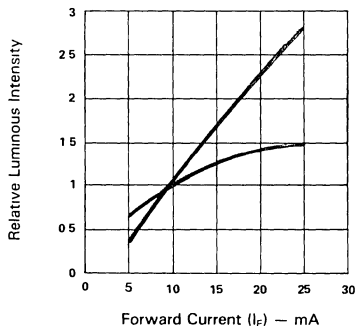


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

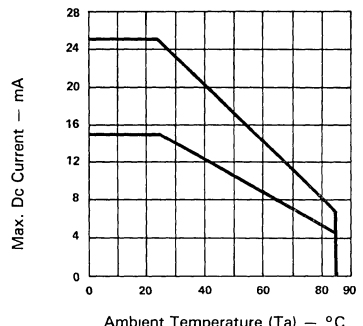


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

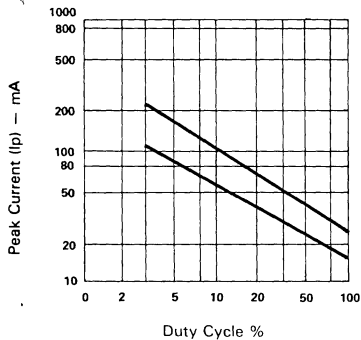


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

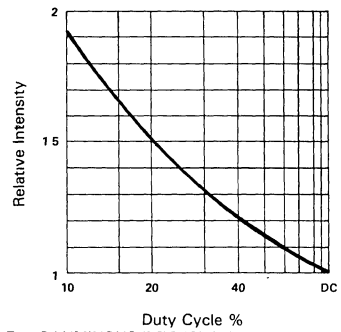


Fig 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE $I_f = 10\text{mA PER SEG.}$)

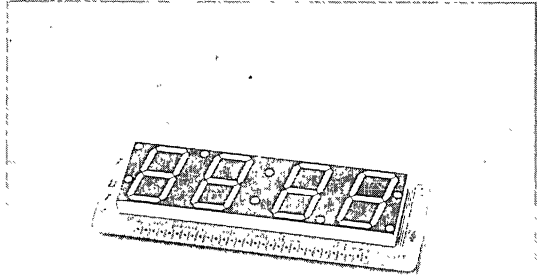


LTC-9000 SERIES

0.9" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

FEATURES

- 0.9 INCH (22.86mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH 12/24 HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST.
- LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD SUFFIX P.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-9000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

DEVICES

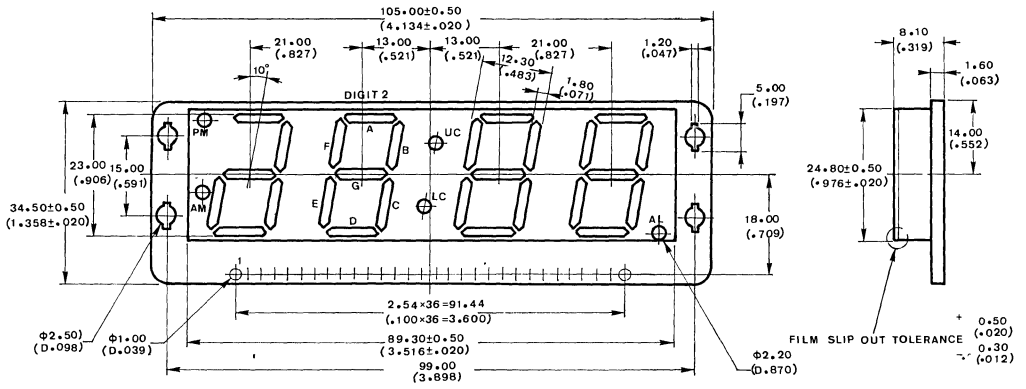
PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
937S1P-12	C.C.	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	C	C
937S1G-12	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	C	C
937S1P	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	C	C
937S1G	C.C.	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V	V/V	C	C

NOTES 1. C.A.. common anode C.C . common cathode 2 MPX multiplex DPX . duplex D D.. direct drive

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

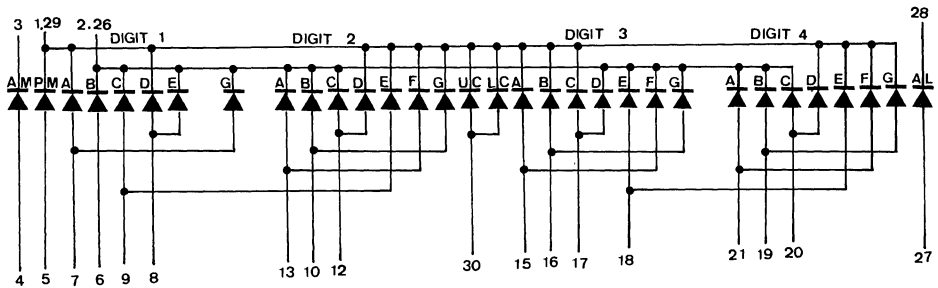
A. LTC-937S1 x Series



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTC-937S



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I_{CF}	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I_{PF}	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I_F /pulse	30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment or Decimal Point)	V_R	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-25°C to 60°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-25°C to 70°C	
Derating Linear From 25°C	P_D	2.4	mW
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	$\text{mA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C For 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case Or Reflector Edge			

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	135	340		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I_{vm}			2:1		$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

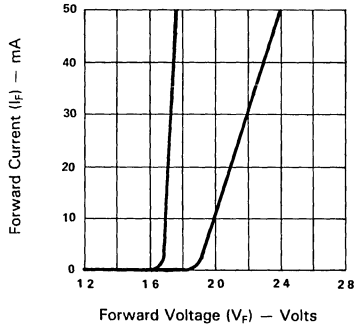


Fig. 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

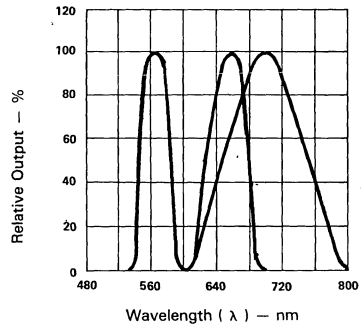


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

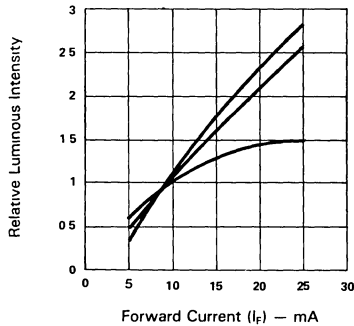


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

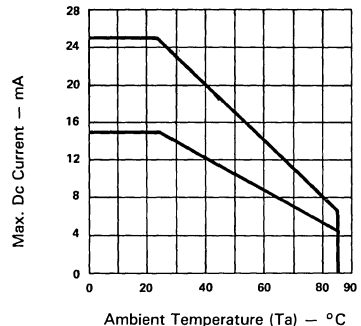


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

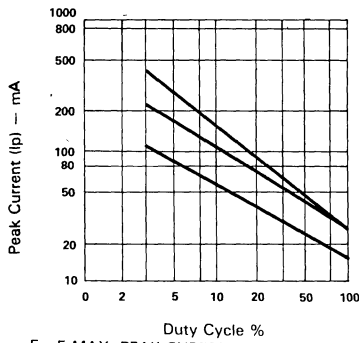


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

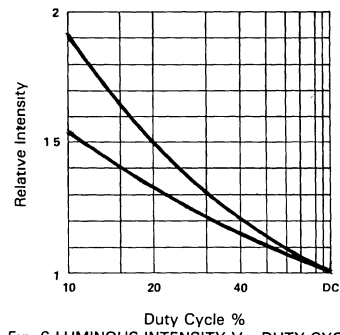


Fig. 6 LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs. DUTY CYCLE % (AVERAGE I_f = 10mA PER SEG)

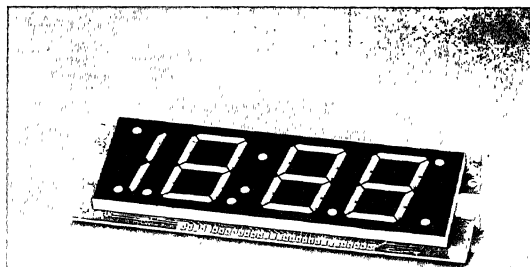


LTC-14000 SERIES

1.4" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 1.4 INCH (35.56mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST. LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaAsP) 4 DIGIT LED CLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-14000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

DEVICES

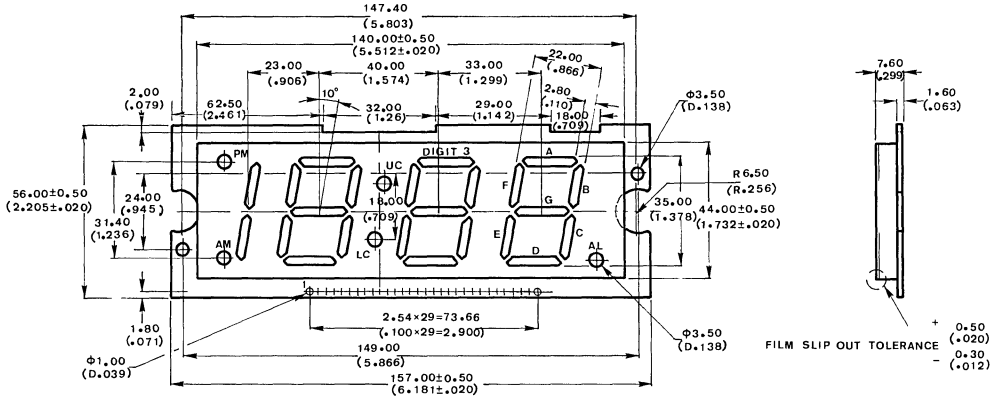
PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT			
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW	
14501A1P-2	C.C.	DPX.	V		NO		V	V/V
14501A1G-2	C.C.	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V

NOTES: 1. C.C.: common cathode 2. DPX: d; uplex D.D.: direct drive

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

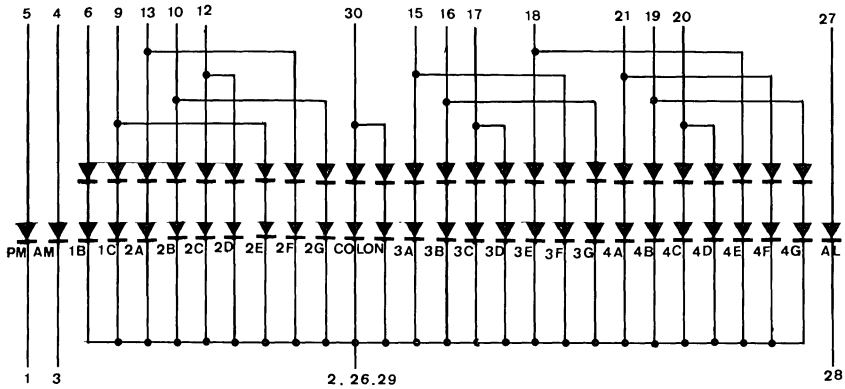
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

LTC-14501A1 x Series



NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I _{PF}	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I _F /pulse	30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment or Decimal Point)	V _R	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-25°C to 60°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg} T _{stg}	-25°C to 70°C	
Derating Linear From 250°C	P _D	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C From 3 Seconds at 2mm From the Case or Reflector Edge			

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.

2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.

3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

Freon TE or TF

Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol

Dai-Fron Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	245	600		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		697		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{vm}			2:1		I _F = 10 mA



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

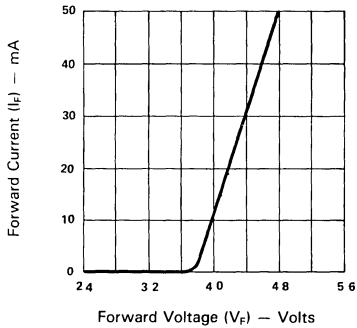


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE

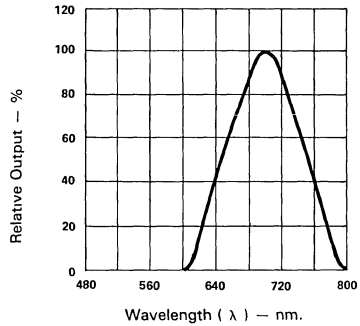


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE.

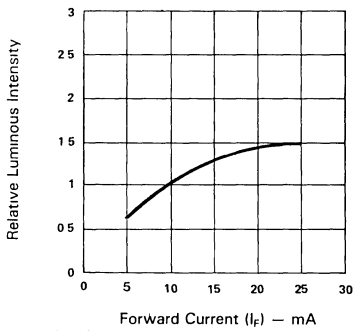


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT)

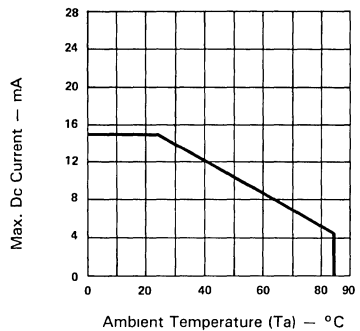


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

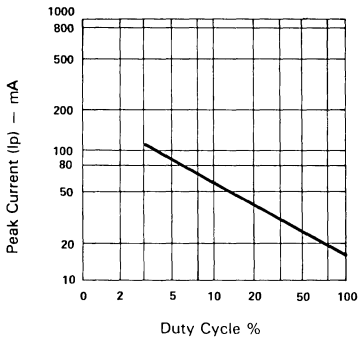


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

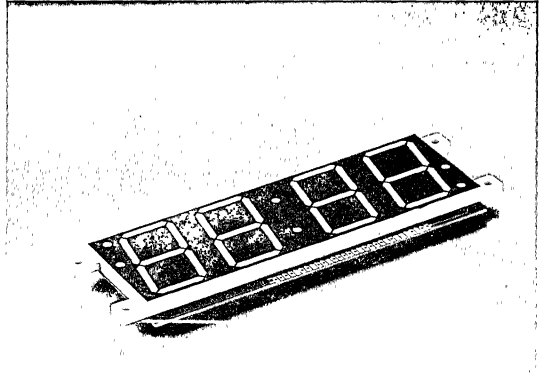


LTC-18000 SERIES

1.8" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 1.8 INCH (45.72mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- FLEXIBLE TO SELECT BOTH $1\frac{1}{2}$ /₂₄ HOURS AND FULL FEATURE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST. LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH $\frac{1}{2}$ DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH $\frac{1}{6}$ DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD SUFFIX P.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-18000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

DEVICES

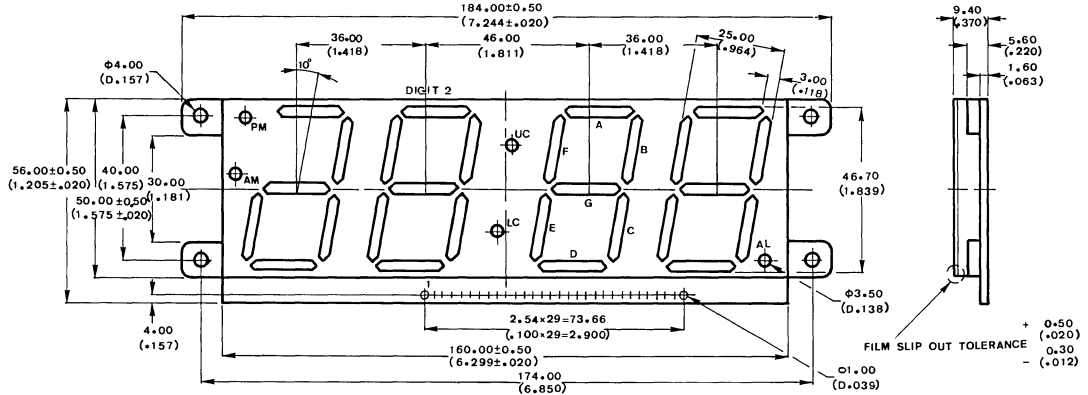
PART NO. LTC-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT				INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PACKAGE DIMENSION
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM PM		
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW			
18501A1P	C.C	DPX	V		A G D E.		V	V/V	A	A
18501A1G	C.C.	DPX		V	A G D E.		V	V/V	A	A
18501A1P-2	C C	DPX	V		NO		V	V/V	A	A
18501A1G-2	C.C	DPX		V	NO		V	V/V	A	A
18501A1P-4	C.C.	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V		A	A
18501A1G-4	C C	DPX		V	A.G.D.E.		V		A	A
1867TA1P-2	C.C.	D.D.	V		NO		V	/V	B	B
1867TA1G-2	C.C	D.D.		V	NO		V	/V	B	B

NOTES: 1. C.C - common cathode 2. DPX. duplex D.D. direct drive

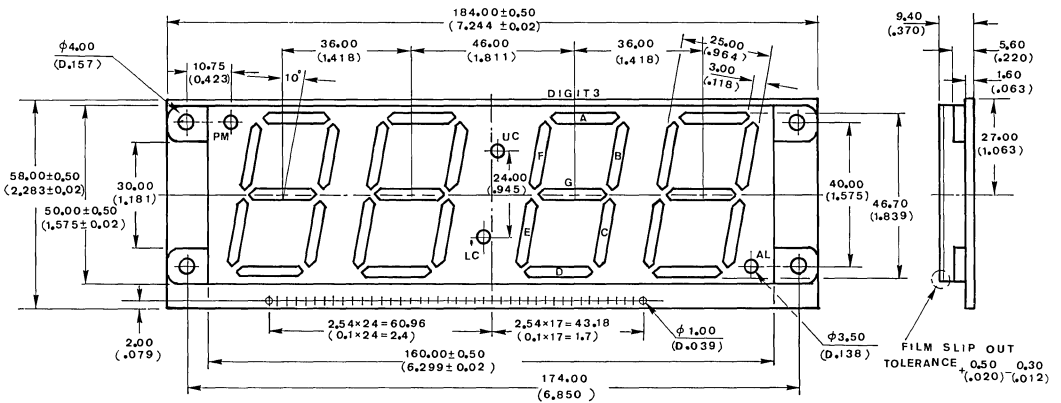
LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

PACKAGE DIMENSION

LTC-18501A1 x Series



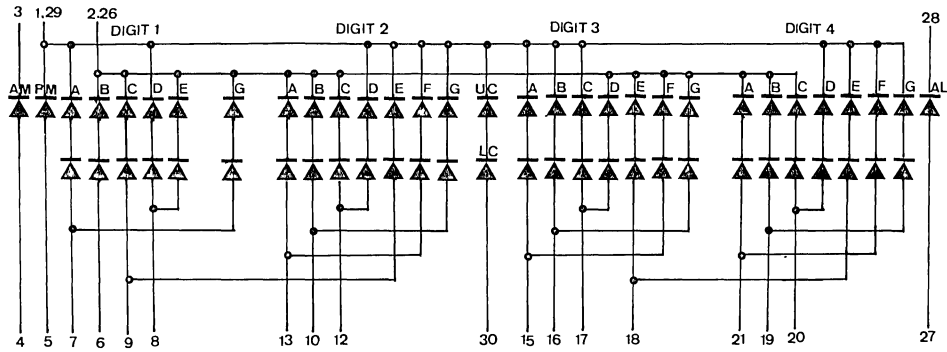
LTC-1867A1 x Series



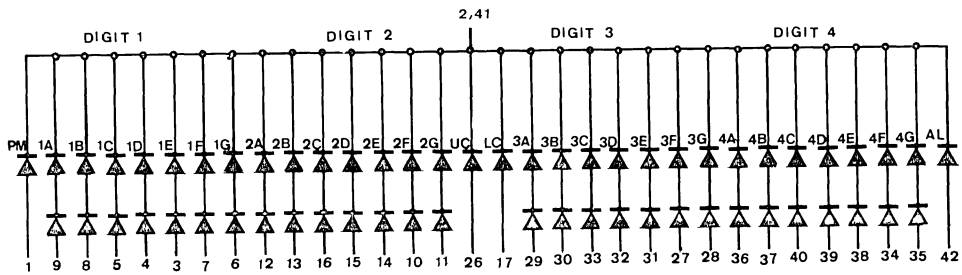
NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{0.010''}$ unless otherwise noted.

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTC-18501A



B. LTC-1867T



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I_{CF}	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I_{PF}	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I_F /pulse	30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment of Decimal Point)	V_R	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-25°C to 60°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-25°C to 70°C	
Derating Linear From 250°C	P_D	2.4	W
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C for 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case or Reflector Edge			

NOTE: Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water.
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

From TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I_v	270	670		μcd	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		697		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		90		nm	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage	V_F		2.1	2.8	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I_{vm}			2:1		$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

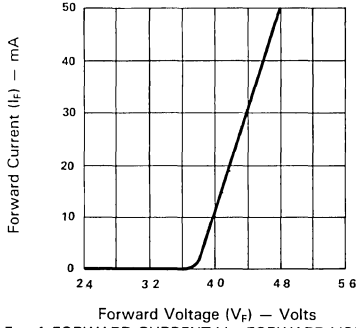


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

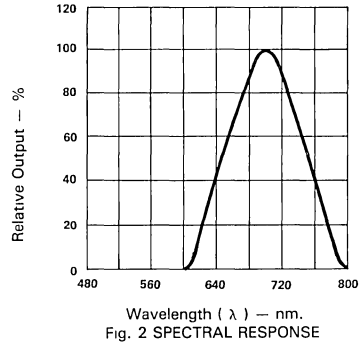


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

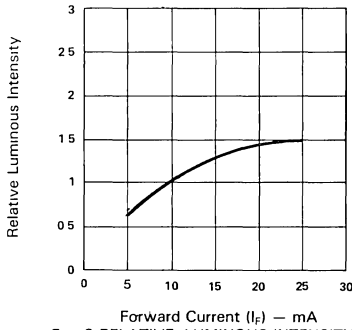


Fig 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY Vs FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

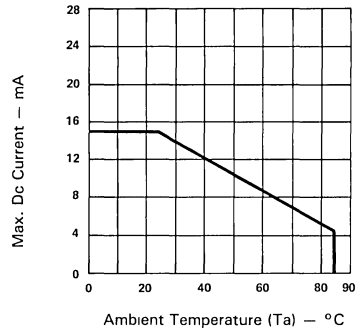


Fig. 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. Vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

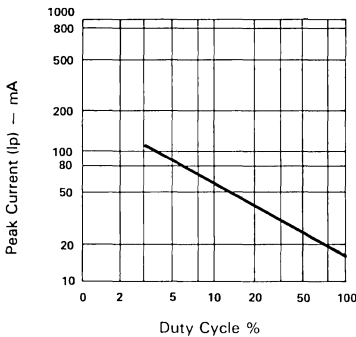


Fig 5 MAX. PEAK CURRENT Vs DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

LED CLOCK & FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

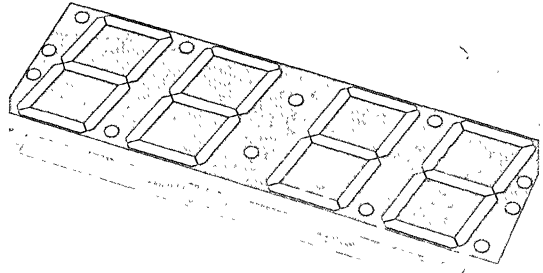


LTC-25000 SERIES

2.5" FOUR DIGIT LED CLOCK FREQUENCY DISPLAY

FEATURES

- 2.5 INCH (63.5mm) HEIGHT CHARACTER RED OR GREEN OR GREEN COLOR.
- COMMON CATHODE, COMMON ANODE; DIRECT, DUPLEX AND MULTIPLEX PIN OUT ARE AVAILABLE.
- CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
- WIDE ANGLE, LONG DISTANCE VIEWING.
- COLOR FILTER PROVIDES HIGH CONTRAST. LOW POWER REQUIREMENTS, HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.
- PRACTICAL BRIGHTNESS ARE OBTAINED AT ABOUT 8MA/SEGMENT DIRECT DRIVE; 20MA (WITH 1/2 DUTY RATIO) FOR DUPLEX DRIVE; 50MA (WITH 1/6 DUTY RATIO) FOR MULTIPLEX DRIVE.
- BRIGHT RED (GaP) 4 DIGIT LED COLOCK DISPLAY VERSION STANDARD SUFFIX P.



DESCRIPTION

The LTC-25000 Series devices are designed for viewing distance of up to two meters and for using in instrument, test equipment, communication equipment, business machines, computers, micro processor . . . etc.

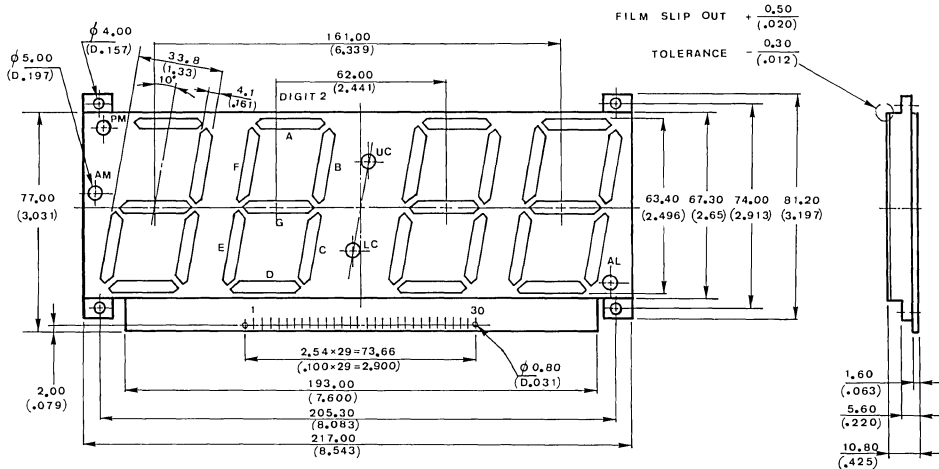
DEVICES

PART NO. LTF-	DESCRIPTION				PIN OUT			
	DRIVE		COLOR		SEG A.G.D. E.F. OF 1ST DIGIT	ALARM		AM / PM
	FORM	CIRCUIT	BRIGHT RED	GREEN		UP	LOW	
LTC-25501PAK	C.C	DPX	V		A.G.D.E.		V	V/V
LTC-25601PAK	C.A.	MPX	V		YES		V	V

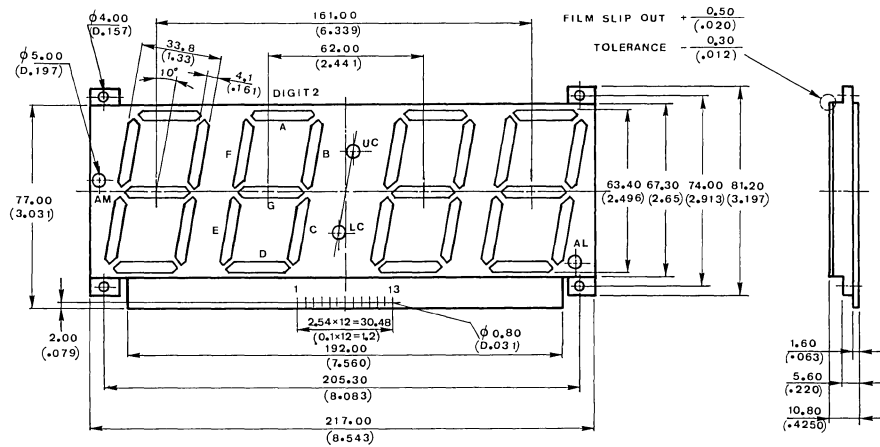
NOTES. 1 C.C common cathode C A . common anode 2 MPX multiplex DPX. duplex

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

A. LTC-25501 Series



B. LTC-25601 Series

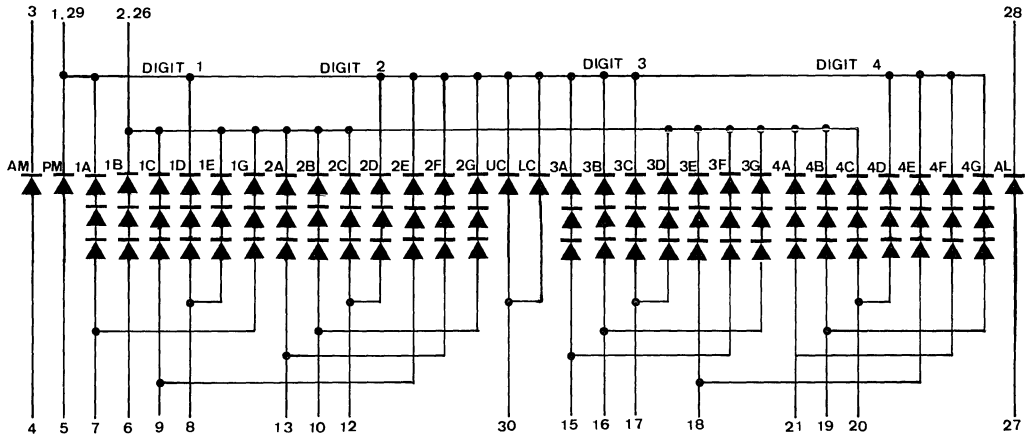


NOTE: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}'}{\text{(inches)}}$ tolerance is $\frac{0.25\text{mm}}{(0.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

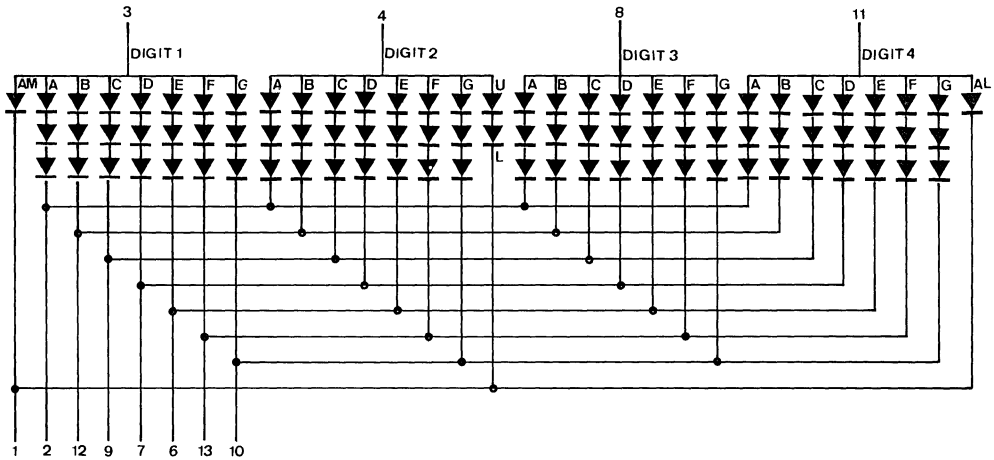
LED CLOCK &
FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. LTC-25501 Series



B. LTC-25601 Series



NOTES: All dimensions are in $\frac{\text{millimeters}}{(\text{inches.})}$. Tolerance is $\frac{\pm 0.25\text{mm}}{(.010'')}$ unless otherwise noted.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
Average Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. Direct Drive Current	I _{CF}	20	mA
Peak Forward Current Per Segment/D.P. (Duty 1/10 1 KHz)	I _{PF}	150	mA
Continuous Forward Current Duplex Circuit (Duty 1/2)	I _F /pulse	30	mA
Reverse Voltage (Segment or Decimal Point)	V _R	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-25°C to 60°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-25°C to 70°C	
Derating Linear From 25°C	P _D	2.4	mW
Derating Linear From 25°C		0.42	mA/°C
Max. Solder Temperature 260°C for 3 Seconds at 2 mm From The Case or Reflector Edge			

NOTE. Caution

Please be careful of the following.

- 1) Avoid washing the LED DISPLAY in water
- 2) Except for the printed wiring board, Avoid heating the LED DISPLAY over MAXIMUM RATING.
- 3) Avoid using chemicals except for the following, when washing off flux and wiping off stain on surface of the LED DISPLAY

From TE or TF
Methyl or Ethyl Alcohol
Dai-From Solvent S3 or S3-E

ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Luminous Intensity	I _v	270	670		μcd	I _F = 10 mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _p		697		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	I _F = 20 mA
Forward Voltage	V _F		2.1	2.8	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Current	I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio	I _{vm}			2.1		I _F = 10 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

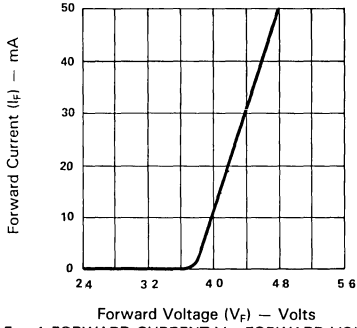


Fig 1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE.

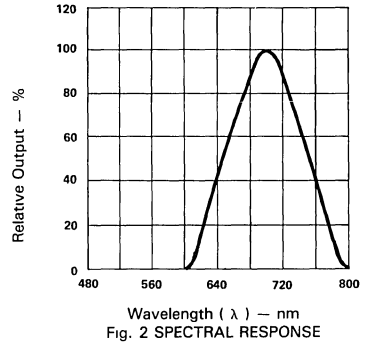


Fig. 2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

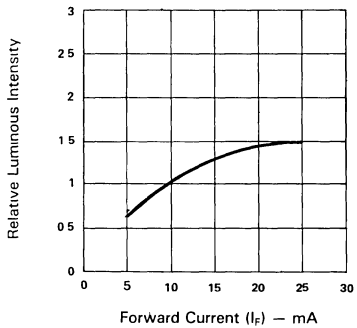


Fig. 3 RELATIVE, LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS FORWARD CURRENT (PER SEGMENT).

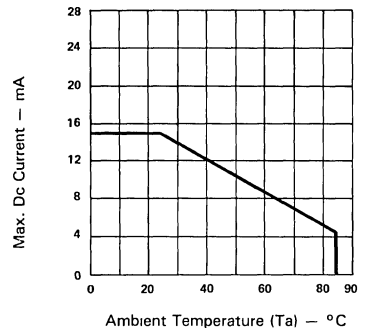


Fig 4 MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEG. VS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

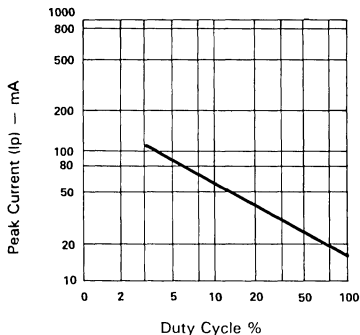
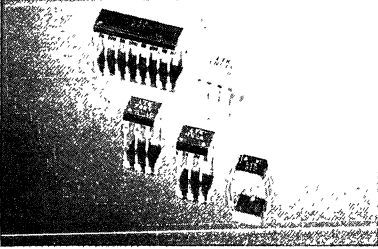


Fig 5 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS DUTY CYCLE.% (REFRESH RATE - F = 1 KHz)

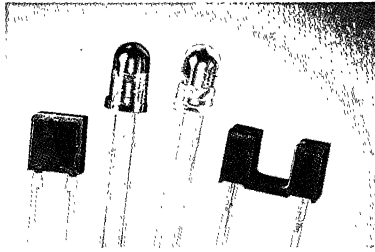
LED CLOCK &
FREQUENCY DISPLAYS

LITON'S PRODUCTS

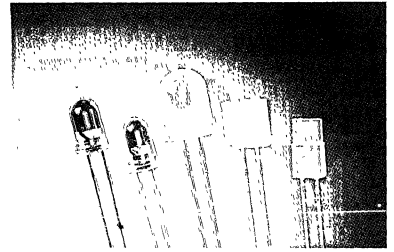
OPTO DIVISION



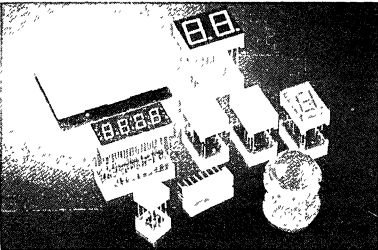
PHOTOCOUPLERS



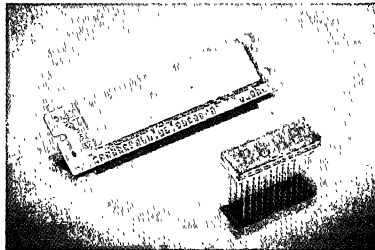
INFRARED PRODUCT



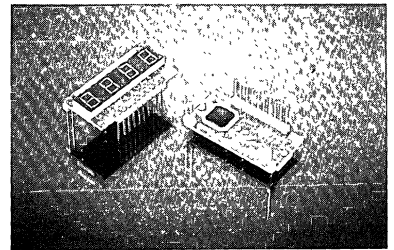
LED LAMP



NUMERIC & SPECIAL DISPLAY

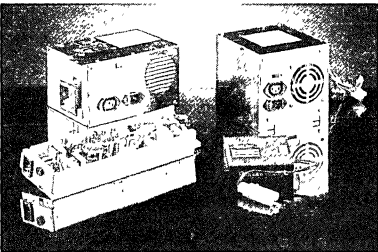


CLOCK DISPLAY

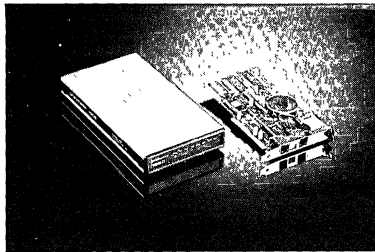


NUMERIC DISPLAY WITH DRIVER IC BUILT-IN

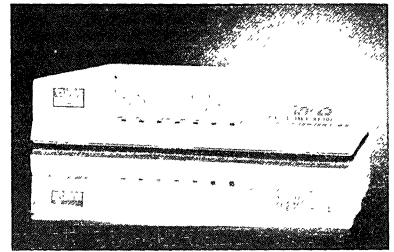
MICOM DIVISION



SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY



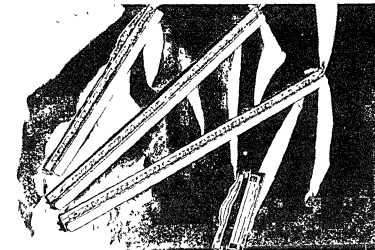
MODEM



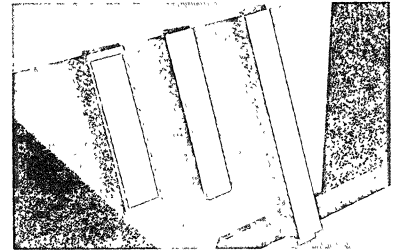
CLOCK MODULE



MOVING SIGN



LIGHT SOURCE



LCD BACK LIGHT

THE LITON GROUP



SILITEK CORP.

- Rubber products: rubber keypad, zebra connector, heat sink insulator
- Connector products: slot, computer, parts, cable assembly
- Precision components: precision, mechanical parts
- Plastic products: reflector, chip tray, electronic parts
- Electronic products: music module, panel assembly
- C & C products: keyboard, mouse
- Semiconductor products: silicon wafer, rectifier, bridge rectifier



ARTEK CORP.

- Home Stereo
- Audio Appliance
- Answer Machine
- Pager
- Facsimile
- Laptop PC



KO SHENG ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

- Double-Sided PCB
- Multi-Layer PCB
(Up to 10 layer capability)



LITE-ON INC.

- Importer/Exporter
Electronic/Electronic Parts
- Off-Shore Production Service
- Manufacturer & Exporter
Office Communication Systems
- Processor & Software
- Fax Card
- FP-20 Fax Box.
- Modem



LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORP.

- VGA Color Monitor

ALABAMA

Beacon Electronic Association

7501 Memorial Parkway
Suite 105
Huntsville, AL 35802
Tel 205-881-5031
Fax 205-883-9516

ARIZONA

System Sales of Arizona

540 West Iron Suite 106
Mesa, AZ 85210
Tel 602-464-9989
Fax 602-464-9701

ARKANSAS

Ram Electronics Sales Inc.

400 Chisolm Place Suite 418
Plano, TX 75075
Tel 214-424-4455
Fax 214-424-7078

CALIFORNIA

Quadrep Inc.

2713 N First Street
San Jose, CA 95134
Tel 408-432-3300
Fax 408-432-3428

Quadrep Southern

28720 Roadside Drive
Suite 227
Agoura, CA 91301
Tel 818-597-0222
Fax 818-597-1116

CALIFORNIA (CONT)

Quadrep Southern

4 Jenner Street #120
Irvine, CA 92718
Tel 714-727-4222
Fax 714-727-4033

Quadrep Southern

7585 Ronson Road
Suite 100
San Diego, CA 92111
Tel 619-560-8330
Fax 619-560-9156

CANADA

Blakewood Associates

1A-12880 Batngate Way
Richmond, B C V6V 1Z4
Tel 604-273-9910
Fax 604-273-1403

Designtronics

5-B Zalais Bay Suite 3
Pointe Claire, Quebec, H9S 5H3
Tel 514-695-3124
Fax 514-695-5823

Designtronics

5 Edvac Drive Unit 1
Brampton, Ontario L6S 5P3
Tel 416-793-5155
Fax 416-793-5170

COLORADO

Candal, Inc.

7500 W Mississippi Avenue
A-2
Lakewood, CO 80226
Tel 303-935-7128
Fax 303-935-7310

CONNECTICUT

Gerber Sales

399 Farm Hill Road
Middletown, CT 06457
Tel 203-347-3000

DELAWARE

Tech. Sales Associates

Executive Mews Ste. J-52

2300 Computer Avenue
Willow Grove, PA 19090
Tel 215-784-0170
Fax 215-784-9201

FLORIDA

Beacon Electronic Association

1843 State Road 434
Suite 215
Longwood, FL 32750
Tel 407-332-1940
Fax 407-332-1786

Beacon Electronic Association

6401 Congress Avenue
Suite 245
Boca Raton, FL 33487
Tel 407-997-5740
Fax 305-994-4518

GEORGIA

Beacon Electronic Association

5881 Glenridge Drive
Suite 230
Atlanta, GA 30328
Tel 404-256-9640
Fax 404-256-1398

IDAHO

QR/Crown Inc.

375 118th Ave Ste 110
Bellevue, WA 98007
Tel 206-453-5100
Fax 206-646-8775

ILLINOIS

Circuit Sales Inc.

650 E Devon Avenue
Itasca, IL 60143
Tel 312-773-0200
Fax 312-773-2721

INDIANA

Corrao Marsh, Inc.

6211 Stoney Creek Drive
Fort Wayne, IN 46825
Tel 219-482-2725
Fax 219-484-7491

Corrao Marsh, Inc.

3117 West U S 40
Greenfield, IN 46140
Tel 317-462-4446
Fax 317-462-6568

IOWA

Hitec Central Inc.

1644 26th Street NW
Cedar Rapids, IA 52405
Tel 319-396-3228
Fax 319-396-8025

KANSAS

Hi-tec Central, Inc.

803 Choctaw
Independence, MO 64056
Tel 816-796-6684
Fax 816-796-6562

KENTUCKY

Corrao Marsh, Inc.
6211 Stoney Creek Drive
Fort Wayne, IN 46825
Tel 219-482-2725
Fax 219-484-7491

LOUISIANA

Ram Electronic Sales
400 Chisolm Place Suite 418
Plano, TX 75075
Tel 214-424-4455
Fax 214-424-7078

MAINE

Gerber Sales
28 Blanchard Road
Burlington, MA 01803
Tel 617-229-1150
Fax 617-272-0203

MARYLAND

Third Wave Solutions
8335 H Guilford Road
Glen Burnie, MD 21046
Tel 301-290-5990

MASSCHUSSETTS

Gerber Sales
28 Blanchard Road
Burlington, MA 01803
Tel 617-229-1150
Fax 617-272-0230

MICHIGAN

AP Associates
810 E Grand River Road
Brighton, MI 48116
Tel 313-229-6550
Fax 313-229-9256

MINNESOTA

Comstrand
2852 Anthony Lane South
Minneapolis, MN 55418
Tel 612-788-9234
Twx 901-629-5337
Fax 612-788-7218

MISSOURI

Hi-tec Central Inc.
3466 Bridgeland Drive
Bridgeton, Mo 63044
Tel 314-291-5920
Fax 314-291-5713

Hi-tec Central, Inc.
803 Choctaw
Independence, MO 64056
Tel 816-796-6684
Fax 816-796-6562

MONTANA

QR/Crown, Inc.
375 118th Ave Ste 110
Bellevue, WA 98007
Tel 206-453-5100
Fax 206-646-8775

NEBRASKA

Hi-tec Central, Inc.
803 Choctaw
Independence, MO 64056
Tel 816-796-6684
Fax 816-796-6562

NEVADA/NORTH

Quadrep Inc.
2613 N First Street
San Jose, CA 95134
Tel 408-432-3300
Fax 408-432-3428

NEVADA/SOUTH

System Sales of Arizona
540 West Iron Ste 106
Mesa, AZ 85210
Tel 602-464-9989
Fax 602-464-9701

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Gerber Sales
28 Blanchard Road
Burlington, MA 01803
Tel 617-229-1150
Fax 617-272-0203

NEW JERSEY

R.O.I. Sales Company
1 Route 46 West
Totowa, NJ 07512
Tel 201-812-9606
Fax 201-812-9058

NEW MEXICO

System Sales of Arizona
2403 San Mateo, NE Suite-W5
Albuquerque, NM 87110
Tel 505-889-2901
Fax 505-889-2749

NEW YORK

Mullahy-Welch Sales
98 Fairview Crescent
Rochester, NY 14617
Tel 716-244-1100
Fax 716-266-7126

Mullahy-Welch Sales
37A South Street
Marcellus, NY 13108
Tel 315-673-1009
Fax 315-673-4428

R.O.I. Sales
1 Route 46 West
Totowa, NJ 07512
Tel 201-812-9606
Fax 201-812-9058

NORTH CAROLINA

Beacon Electronic Association
2100 Wycliffe Ste 204
Raleigh, NC 27607
Tel 919-787-0330
Fax 919-781-8431

NORTH DAKOTA

Comstrand
2852 Anthony Lane South
Minneapolis, MN 55418
Tel 612-788-9234
Twx 901-629-5337
Fax 612-788-7218

OHIO

Sales Plus
7575 Tyler
Mentor, OH 44060
Tel 216-942-7811
Fax 216-942-7643

LITE-ON REPRESENTATIVES

Sales Plus

8458 Invergordon
Dublin, OH 43017
Tel 614-889-8362
Fax 614-889-8362

OKLAHOMA

Ram Electronic Sales

400 Chisolm Place Suite 418
Plano, TX 75075
Tel 214-424-4455
Fax 214-424-7078

OREGON

QR/Crown Inc.

17020 SW Upper Boones Ferry
Suite 202
Portland, OR 97224
Tel 503-620-8320
Fax 503-639-4023

PENNSYLVANIA

Tech Sales Association

Executive Mews Suite J-52
2300 Computer Avenue
Willow Grove, PA 19090
Tel 215-784-0170
Fax 215-784-9201

PUERTO RICO

Beach Electronic Associates, Inc.

Airlines Building
Avenue de Diego
Suite 500
Santurce, Puerto Rico
Tel 809-728-5040
Fax 809-728-5180

RHODE ISLAND

Gerber Sales

28 Blanchard Road
Burlington, MA 01803
Tel 617-229-1150
Fax 617-272-0203

SOUTH CAROLINA

Beacon Electronic Assoc.

2100 Wycliffe Ste 204
Raleigh, NC 27607
Tel 919-787-0330
Fax 919-781-8431

SOUTH DAKOTA

Comstrand

2852 Anthony Lane South
Minneapolis, MN 55418
Tel 612-788-9234
Twx 901-629-5337
Fax 612-788-7218

TENNESSEE

Beacon Electronic Assoc.

701 Cedar Lane Ste 77
Knoxville, TN 37912
Tel 615-689-2141
FaX 615-689-2153

TEXAS

Ram Electronics Sales Inc.

400 Chisolm Place Suite 418
Plano, TX 75075
Tel 214-424-4455
Fax 214-424-7078

TEXAS (CONT)

Ram Electronic Sales

11044 Research Blvd
Building B, Suite 280
Austin, TX 78759
Tel 512-345-2982
Fax 512-345-1948

Ram Electronic Sales

17314 FM249 Suite 232B
Houston, TX 77060
Tel 713-855-0768
Fax 713-444-3563

UTAH

Taylor Marketing

1405 S 7500 W
Ogden, UT 84404
Tel 801-546-9570
Fax 801-546-9590

VERMONT

Gerber Sales

28 Blanchard Road
Burlington, MA 01803
Tel 617-229-1150
Fax 617-272-0203

VIRGINIA

Third Wave Solutions

8335 H Guilford Road
Glen Burnie, MD 21046
Tel 301-290-5590

WASHINGTON

QR/Crown, Inc.

375 118th Ave Ste 110
Bellevue, WA 98007
Tel 206-435-5100
Fax 206-646-8775

WEST VIRGINIA

Sales Plus

7575 Tyler
Mentor, OH 44060
Tel 216-942-7811
Fax 216-942-7643

WISCONSIN

Circuit Sales

16535 W Bluemound Road #208
Brookfield, WI 53005
Tel 414-784-7773
Fax 414-784-4529



LITE-ON INC.

Semiconductor Division

720 S. Hillview Drive

Milpitas, CA 95035

Tel : (408) 946-4873

Fax: (408) 942-1527

LITE-ON INC.
COPYRIGHT 1990

First Edition, July, 1990