FOREWORD

This manual contains an introductory description on the SUZUKI LT-Z250 and procedures for its inspection, service and overhaul of its main components. Other information considered as generally known is not included.

Read the GENERAL INFORMATION section to familiarize yourself with the vehicle and its maintenance. Use this section as well as other sections as a guide for proper inspection and service.

This manual will help you know the vehicle better so that you can assure your customers of fast and reliable service.

- * This manual has been prepared on the basis of the latest specifications at the time of publication. If modifications have been made since then, differences may exist between the content of this manual and the actual vehicle.
- * Illustrations in this manual are used to show the basic principles of operation and work procedures. They may not represent the actual vehicle exactly in detail.
- * This manual is written for persons who have enough knowledge, skills and tools, including special tools, for servicing SUZUKI vehicles. If you do not have the proper knowledge and tools, ask your authorized SUZUKI motorcycle dealer to help you.

WARNING

Inexperienced mechanics or mechanics without the proper tools and equipment may not be able to properly perform the services described in this manual. Improper repair may result in injury to the mechanic and may render the vehicle unsafe for the rider.

SUZUKI MOTOR CORPORATION

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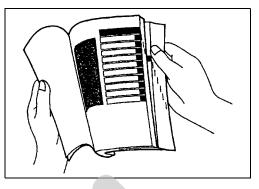
99500-42175-03E

SUPPLEMENTS

	LT-Z250K5 (05-MODEL)	10
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00/1		

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL TO LOCATE WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR:

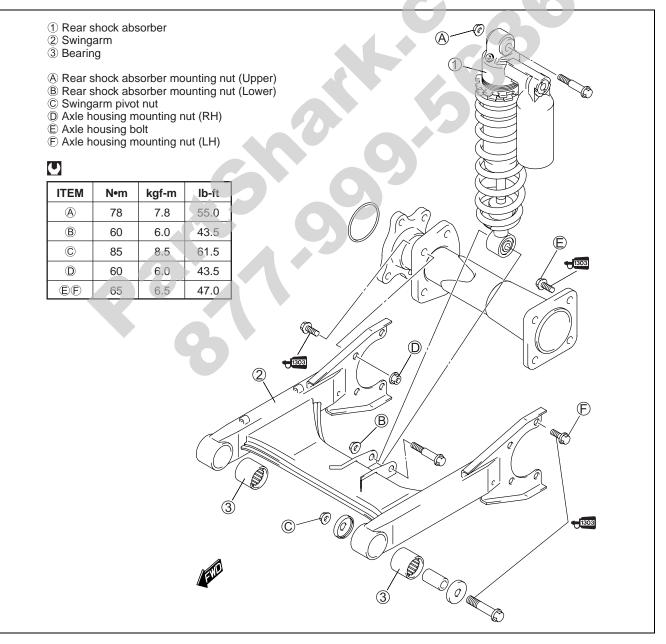
- 1. The text of this manual is divided into sections.
- 2. The section titles are listed in the GROUP INDEX.
- 3. Holding the manual as shown at the right will allow you to find the first page of the section easily.
- 4. The contents are listed on the first page of each section to help you find the item and page you need.



COMPONENT PARTS AND WORK TO BE DONE

Under the name of each system or unit there is an exploded view which provides work instructions and other service information (e.g.; tightening torque, lubricating points and locking agent points).

Example: Rear suspension



SYMBOL

Listed in the table below are the symbols indicating instructions and other information necessary for servicing. The meaning of each symbol is also included in the table.

SYMBOL	DEFINITION	SYMBOL	DEFINITION
	Torque control required. Data beside it indicates specified torque.	1303	Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303 . 99000-32030
DATA	Indicates service data.	1322	Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER 1322 . 99000-32110 (Except USA)
ē	Apply oil. Use engine oil unless otherwise specified.	1342	Apply THREAD LOCK 1342 . 99000-32050
НЮ	Apply hypoid gear oil.	1360	Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360 . 99000-32130
M/O	Apply molybdenum oil solution. (mixture of engine oil and SUZUKI MOLY PASTE in a ratio of 1 : 1)	BF	Apply or use brake fluid.
FAH	Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A . 99000-25030 (USA) 99000-25010 (Others)		Measure in voltage range.
FSH	Apply SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE. 99000-25100		Measure in resistance range.
FOH	Apply SUZUKI MOLY PASTE. 99000-25140		Measure in current range.
For	Apply WATER RESISTANCE GREASE. 99000-25160		Measure in diode test range.
1207B	Apply SUZUKI BOND 1207B 99104-31140 (USA) 99000-31140 (Others)	ີ່	Measure in continuity test range.
1215	Apply SUZUKI BOND 1215 . 99000-31110 (Except USA)	TOOL	Use special tool.
1216B	Apply SUZUKI BOND 1216B . 99000-31230		

GENERAL INFORMATION

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Roi

WARNING/CAUTION/NOTE

Please read this manual and follow its instructions carefully. To emphasize special information, the symbol and the words WARNING, CAUTION and NOTE have special meanings. Pay special attention to the messages highlighted by these signal words.

WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in death or injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in vehicle damage.

NOTE:

Indicates special information to make maintenance easier or instructions clearer.

Please note, however, that the warnings and cautions contained in this manual cannot possibly cover all potential hazards relating to the servicing, or lack of servicing, of the vehicle. In addition to the WARNINGS and CAUTIONS stated, you must use good judgement and basic mechanical safety principles. If you are unsure about how to perform a particular service operation, ask a more experienced mechanic for advice.

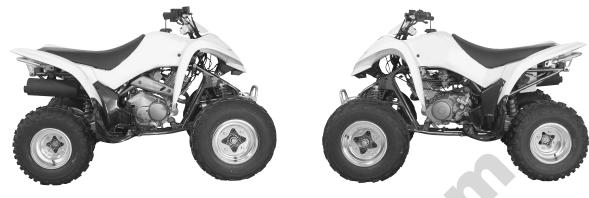
GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- * Proper service and repair procedures are important for the safety of the service mechanic and the safety and reliability of the vehicle.
- * When two or more persons work together, pay attention to the safety of each other.
- * When it is necessary to run the engine indoors, make sure that exhaust gas is forced outdoors.
- * When handling toxic or flammable materials, make sure that the area you work in is well ventilated and that you follow all of the manufacturer s instructions.
- * Never use gasoline as a cleaning solvent.
- * To avoid getting burned, do not touch the engine, engine oil, radiator and exhaust system until they have cooled.
- * After servicing the fuel, oil, exhaust or brake systems, check all of the lines, and fittings related to the system for leaks.

CAUTION

- * If parts replacement is necessary, replace the parts with Suzuki Genuine Parts or their equivalent.
- * When removing parts that are to be reused, keep them arranged in an orderly manner so that they may be reinstalled in the proper order and orientation.
- * Be sure to use special tools when instructed.
- * Make sure that all parts used in reassembly are clean. Lubricate them when specified.
- * Use the specified lubricant, bond or sealant.
- * When removing the battery, disconnect the negative cable first and then the positive cable.
- * When reconnecting the battery, connect the positive cable first and then the negative cable, and replace the terminal cover on the positive terminal.
- * When performing service to electrical parts, if the service procedures not require use of battery power, disconnect the negative cable the battery.
- * When tightening the cylinder head and case bolts and nuts, tighten the larger sizes first. Always tighten the bolts and nuts diagonally from the inside toward outside and to the specified tightening torque.
- * Whenever you remove oil seals, gaskets, packing, O-rings, locking washers, self-locking nuts, cotter pins, circlips and certain other parts as specified, be sure to replace them with new ones. Also, before installing these new parts, be sure to remove any left over material from the mating surfaces.
- * Never reuse a circlip. When installing a new circlip, take care not to expand the end gap larger than required to slip the circlip over the shaft. After installing a circlip, always ensure that it is completely seated in its groove and securely fitted.
- * Use a torque wrench to tighten fasteners to the specified torque. Wipe off grease and oil if a thread is smeared with them.
- * After reassembling, check parts for tightness and proper operation.
- * To protect the environment, do not unlawfully dispose of used motor oil, all other fluids, batteries and tires.
- * To protect the earth s natural resources, properly dispose of used vehicles and parts.

SUZUKI LT-Z250K4 (2004-MODEL)



RIGHT SIDE

* Difference between photographs and actual vehicles depends on the markets.

LEFT SIDE

SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

The frame serial number or V.I.N. (Vehicle Identification Number) ① is stamped on the left side of the rear frame pipe. The engine serial number ② is located on the left side of the crankcase. These numbers are required especially for registering the machine and ordering spare parts.



FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATION FUEL (FOR CANADA AND USA)

Use only unleaded gasoline of at least 87 pump octane (R/2 + M/2) method or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method.

SUZUKI recommends that customers use alcohol-free unleaded gasoline whenever possible.

Use of blended gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) is permitted.

Use of blended gasoline/alcohol fuel is permitted, provided that the fuel contains not more than 10% ethanol. Gasoline/alcohol fuel may contain up to 5% methanol if appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors are present in it.

If the performance of the vehicle is unsatisfactory while using blended gasoline/alcohol fuel, you should switch to alcohol-free unleaded gasoline.

Failure to follow these guidelines could possibly void applicable warranty coverage. Check with your fuel supplier to make sure that the fuel you intend to use meets the requirements listed above.

FUEL (FOR THE OTHER COUNTRIES)

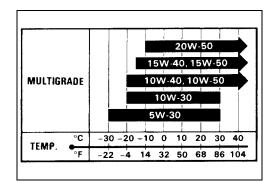
Use unleaded gasoline that is graded 91 octane or higher by the Research Method.

ENGINE OIL (FOR USA)

SUZUKI recommends the use of SUZUKI PERFORMANCE 4 MOTOR OIL or oils that meet API service classifications SF or SG and that have a viscosity rating of SAE 10W-40. If engine oil with a rating of SAE 10W-40 is not available, select an alternative according to the chart.

ENGINE OIL (FOR THE OTHER COUNTRIES)

Use a premium quality 4-stroke motor oil to ensure longer service life of the vehicles. Use only oils that meet API service classifications SF or SG and that have a viscosity rating of SAE 10W-40. If engine oil with a rating of SAE 10W-40 is not available, select an alternative according to the chart.



REAR DRIVE GEAR OIL

Use hypoid gear oil that meets the API service classification GL-5 and is rated SAE #90. Use a hypoid gear oil with a rating of SAE #80 if the vehicle is operated where the ambient temperature is below 0 C (32 F).

BRAKE FLUID

Specification and classification: DOT 4

A WARNING

This vehicle uses a glycol-based brake fluid. Do not use or mix different types of brake fluid such as silicone-based and petroleum-based fluids for refilling the system, otherwise serious damage will result to the brake system.

Never use any brake fluid taken from old, used or unsealed containers.

Never reuse brake fluid left over from the last servicing or which has been stored for a long period of time.

BREAK-IN PROCEDURES

During manufacturing only the best possible materials are used and all machined parts are finished to a very high standard. It is still necessary to allow the moving parts to BREAK-IN before subjecting the engine to maximum stresses. The future performance and reliability of the engine depends on the care and restraint exercised during its early life. Refer to the following break-in engine speed recommendations:

Keep to these break-in engine speed limits.

Break-in engine speeds

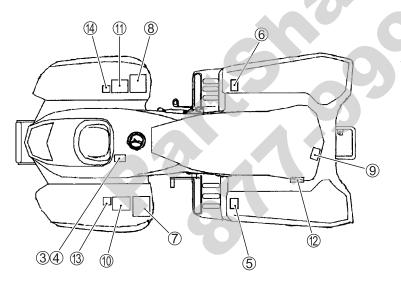
Initial 10 hours: Less than ‰throttle

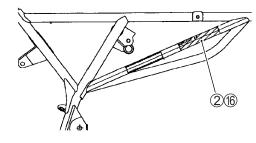
After the engine has been operated for 10 hours the engine to full throttle operation, for short periods of time.

INFORMATION LABELS

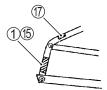
		APPLIED SPECIFICATION		
No.	LABEL or PLATE NAME	E-19	E-28	E-33
1	Certification plate (E)	A		А
2	Information label (E)			А
3	Gearshift pattern label 🖲			А
4	Gearshift pattern label E/E		A	
(5)	Tire air pressure label 🖲	A	A	А
6	Tire air pressure label and warning no-passenger label ${\mathbb ar {\mathbb F}}$		A	
\overline{O}	General warning label 🖲	A	A	А
8	General warning label 🕞		A	
9	Warning no-passenger label 🗈	А	A	А
10	Age, 16 label 🖲	A	A	А
1	Age, 16 label 🕑		A	
(12)	Manual notice label 🗊			А
(13)	Gearshift label 🖲	А	A	A
(14)	Gearshift label 🕞		A	
(15)	ICES Canada label D/D			
(16)	Compliance label 🖹		A	
17	EC approval mark	A	A	

* E-28: Fuel caution label enclosed.





Left side frame



Front of left side frame

^{©:} English A: Attached (E): French

SPECIFICATIONS DIMENSIONS AND DRY MASS

Overall length	1 720 mm (67.7 in)
Overall width	1 070 mm (42.1 in)
Overall height	l 090 mm (42.9 in)
Wheelbase	l 135 mm (44.7 in)
Front track	830 mm (32.7 in)
Rear track	810 mm (31.9 in)
Ground clearance	230 mm (9.1 in)
Seat height	810 mm (31.9 in)
Dry mass	166 kg (365 lbs)

ENGINE

ENGINE	
Туре	Four-stroke, air-cooled, OHC
Number of cylinders	1
Bore	66.0 mm (2.598 in)
Stroke	72.0 mm (2.835 in)
Displacement	246 cm‡(15.0 cu. in)
Compression ratio	9.2 : 1
Carburetor	MIKUNI BSR29, single
Air cleaner	Polyurethane foam element
Starter system	Electric
Lubrication system	Wet sump
Idle speed	1 500 – 100 r/min

DRIVE TRAIN

Clutch	Wet multi-plate, automatic, centrifugal type
Transmission	. 5-forward and 1-reverse
Gearshift pattern, forward	All up, foot lever operated
reverse	Foot/hand operated
Primary reduction ratio	3.047 (64/21)
Secondary reduction ratio	1.133 (17/15)
Gear ratios, 1st	3.083 (37/12)
2nd	1.933 (29/15)
3rd	1.388 (25/18)
4th	1.095 (23/21)
5th	0.913 (21/23)
Reverse	2.833 (34/12)
Final reduction ratio	3.200 (32/10)

CHASSIS

Front suspension	Independent, double wishbone, coil spring, oil damped
Rear suspension	Swingarm type, coil spring, oil damped
Front wheel travel	160 mm (6.3 in)
Rear wheel travel	170 mm (6.7 in)
Caster	7 40 1G
Trail	33 mm (1.30 in)1G
Toe-in	5 mm (0.20 in)1G
Steering angle	45
Turning radius	2.7 m (8.9 ft)
Front brake	
Rear brake	Drum brake AT22 7-10 ☆☆, tubeless
Front tire size	AT22 7-10 ☆☆, tubeless
Rear tire size	

ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICAL	
Ignition type	Electronic ignition (CDI)
Ignition timing	5 B.T.D.C. at 1 500 rpm
Spark plug	NGK DR7EA or DENSO X22ESR-U
Battery	12 V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10 HR
Generator	Three-phase A.C. generator
Main fuse	20/15 A
Headlight	12 V 40/40 W
Brake light/Taillight	12 V 21/5 W
Neutral indicator light	12 V 3 W
Reverse indicator light	12 V 3 W
CAPACITIES	

CAPACITIES

Fuel tank,	including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal)
	reserve	2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)
Engine oil,	oil change	
	filter change	
	overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)
Final gear	oil, oil change	190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)

NOTE:

* These specifications are subject to change without notice.

COUNTRY AND AREA CODES

The following codes stand for the applicable countries and areas:

CODE	COUNTRY OR AREA
E-19	EU
E-28	Canada
E-33	USA and California

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

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MAINTENANCE AND TUNE-UP PROCEDURES
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FUEL LINE2- 8
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PERIODIC MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

The chart below lists the recommended intervals for all the required periodic service work necessary to keep the vehicle operating at peak performance and economy.

NOTE:

More frequent servicing may be performed on vehicles that are use under severe conditions.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE CHART

Interval	Initial	Every	Every	
Item	1 month	3 months	6 months	
Air cleaner		С		
Exhaust pipe nuts and muffler bolts	Т	ТТ		
Valve clearance	I	I	Ι	
Spark plug				
	Replace every 18 months.			
Spark arrester			С	
Engine idle speed	I I			
Throttle cable play			I	
Fuel line			Ι	
	Replace every 4 years.			
Engine oil and oil filter	R		R	
Final gear oil				
	Replace every 2 years.			
Clutch				
Brakes		I	L.	
Brake fluid		Ι		
	Replace every 2 years.			
Brake hose				
	Replace every 4 years.			
Tires				
Suspensions	· ·		I	
Steering	I	I		
Chassis bolts and nuts	Т	Т	Т	
General lubrications	L	L	L	

I = Inspect and adjust, clean, lubricate or replace as necessary

R = Replace

T = Tighten

C = Clean

L = Lubricate

MAINTENANCE AND TUNE-UP PROCEDURES

This section describes the servicing procedures for each item mentioned in the Periodic Maintenance chart.

AIR CLEANER

Clean every 3 months.

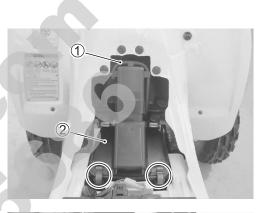
If the air cleaner is clogged with dust, intake resistance will be increased, with a resultant decrease in power output and an increase in fuel consumption. Check and clean the air cleaner element in the following manner:

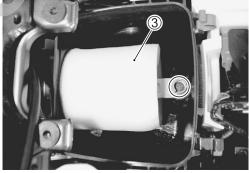
Remove the seat. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the air vent hose ①. Remove the air cleaner case cover ②.

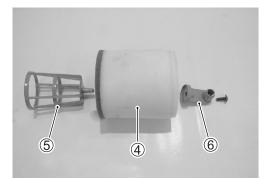
NOTE:

Be careful not to drop the O-ring into the air cleaner box that is attached to the air cleaner case cover.

Remove the air cleaner element \Im .







Separate the polyurethane foam element ④, element frame ⑤ and element holder ⑥.

Fill a wash pan of a proper size with a non-flammable cleaning solvent. Immerse the air cleaner element in the cleaning solvent and wash it.

Press the air cleaner element between the palms of both hands to remove the excess solvent: do not twist or wring the element, or it will tear.

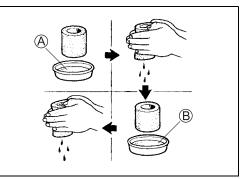
Immerse the element in motor oil, and then squeeze out the excess oil leaving the element slightly wet.

A Non-flammable cleaning solventB Motor oil SAE #30 or SAE 10W-40

CAUTION

- * Inspect the air cleaner element for tears. A torn element must be replaced.
- * If driving under dusty conditions, clean the air cleaner element more frequently. The surest way to accelerate engine wear is to operate the engine without the element or with torn element. Make sure that the air cleaner element is in good condition at all times. Life of the engine depends largely on this component!

Remove the drain cap $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$ of the air cleaner box to allow any water to drain out.







EXHAUST PIPE NUTS AND MUFFLER BOLTS

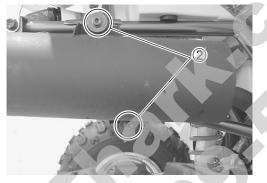
Tighten initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

Tighten the exhaust pipe nuts 1 and muffler mounting bolts/ nuts 2.

Remove the right footrest mud guard. ($\bigcirc 7-7$) Tighten the muffler connecting bolt (3).

Exhaust pipe nut: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)
 Muffler connecting bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)
 Muffler mounting bolt/nut: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)







VALVE CLEARANCE

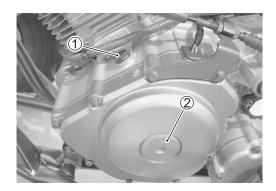
Inspect initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

Excessive valve clearance results in valve noise and insufficient valve clearance results in valve damage and reduced power. Check the intake and exhaust valve clearances at the distances indicated above and adjust the valve clearances to specification, if necessary.

Remove the fuel tank. (273-3) Remove the spark plug. (27-2-7)

09930-10121: Spark plug wrench set

Remove the valve timing inspection plug 1 and generator cover cap 2.



Remove the value inspection caps \Im .

NOTE:

Valve clearance is to be checked when the engine is cold. The intake and exhaust valves must be checked and adjusted when the piston is at Top-Dead-Center (TDC) on the compression stroke.

Turn the crankshaft until the TDC line ④ on the generator rotor aligns with the index mark ⑤ on the crankcase.

Insert the thickness gauge between the valve stem end and adjusting screw on the rocker arm to check the clearance. If the clearance is out of specification, bring it into the specified range.

Valve clearance (when cold)

IN: 0.03 0 .08 mm (0.001 0.003 in) EX: 0.08 0 .13 mm (0.003 0.005 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge or 09900-20804: Thickness gauge

CAUTION

Securely tighten the locknut after completing adjustment.

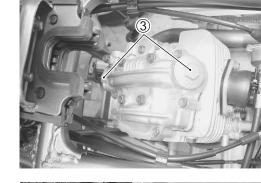
Valve clearance adjuster locknut:

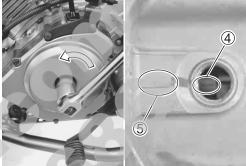
14 N•m (1.4 kgf-m, 10.0 lb-ft)

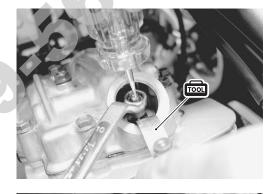
Install the spark plug, valve timing inspection plug and generator cover cap to the specified torque of each.

Spark plug: 18 N•m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft) Valve timing inspection plug:

23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft) Generator cover cap: 15 N•m (1.5 kgf-m, 11.0 lb-ft)





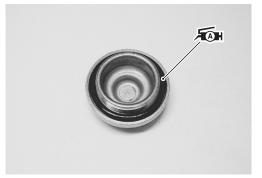




Apply grease to new O-rings and install them to the valve inspection caps.

▲ 09900-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 09900-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Tighten the valve inspection caps.



SPARK PLUG

Inspect every 6 months. Replace every 18 months.

SPARK PLUG REMOVAL

Disconnect the spark plug cap ① and remove the spark plug.

09930-10121: Spark plug wrench set



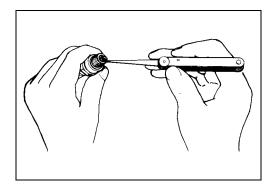
HEAT RANGE

Check the spark plug heat range by observing the electrode s color. If the electrode of the spark plug is appearing wet or dark color, replace the spark plug with a hotter type one. If it is white or appearing glazed, replace the spark plug with a colder type one.

	NGK	DENSO
Standard	DR7EA	X22ESR-U
Colder type	DR8EA	X24ESR-U

CARBON DEPOSITS

Check to see if there are carbon deposits on the spark plug. If carbon is deposited, remove it using a spark plug cleaner machine or carefully use a tool with a pointed end.



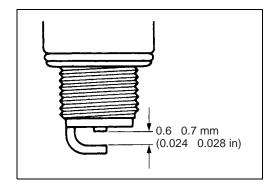
SPARK PLUG GAP

Measure the spark plug gap using the thickness gauge. If the spark plug gap is out of specification, adjust the gap.

DATA Standard

Spark plug gap: 0.6 0.7 mm (0.024 0.028 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge or 09900-20804: Thickness gauge



ELECTRODE

Check the condition of the electrode.

If the electrode is extremely worn or burnt, replace the spark plug with a new one.

Also, replace the spark plug if it has a broken insulator, damaged threads, etc.

CAUTION

Check the thread size and reach of the spark plug. If the reach is too short, carbon will be deposited on the screw portion of the spark plug hole and engine damage may result.

SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION

CAUTION

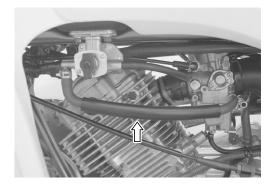
To avoid damaging the cylinder head threads; first, finger tighten the spark plug, and then tighten it to the specified torque using the spark plug wrench.

Spark plug: 18 N•m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft)

FUEL LINE

Inspect every 3 months. Replace every 4 years.

Inspect the fuel hose for damage and fuel leakage. If any damages are found, replace the fuel hose with a new one.



THROTTLE CABLE PLAY

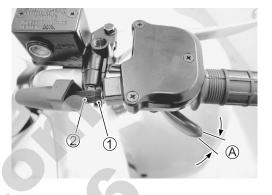
Inspect initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

Adjust the throttle cable play (A) as follows:

Loosen the locknut ① of the throttle cable. Turn the adjuster ② in or out to obtain the correct play.

DATA Throttle cable play \triangle : 3 5 mm (0.12 0.20 in)

After adjusting the throttle cable play, tighten the locknut ①.



ENGINE IDLE SPEED

Inspect initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

NOTE:

Make this adjustment when the engine is fully warm.

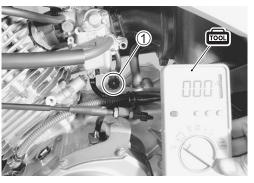
Connect the electric tachometer or the multi circuit tester to the high-tension cord.



Start the engine and set the engine idle speed between 1 400 and 1 600 r/min by turning the throttle stop screw knob ①.

Engine idle speed: 1 500 – 100 r/min

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set or 09900-26006: Tachometer



ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER

Replace initially at 1 month and every 6 months thereafter.

The oil should be changed while the engine is warm. Oil filter replacement should be done together with the engine oil change at the intervals shown above.

ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

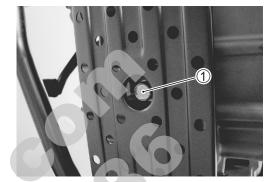
Place an oil pan under the engine oil drain plug 1, and then drain out the engine oil by removing the engine oil drain plug 1 and engine oil filler cap 2.

Tighten the engine oil drain plug ① to the specified torque, and then pour new engine oil through the oil filler hole. When performing an oil change (without oil filter replacement), the engine will hold about 2.2 L (2.3 US qt, 1.9 Imp qt) of oil. Use the engine oil that meets the API service classifications SF or SG and that has the viscosity rating of SAE 10W-40.

Engine oil drain plug: 21 N•m (2.1 kgf-m, 15.0 lb-ft)

Install the oil filler cap 2.

Start the engine and allow the engine to run for a few minutes at idling speed.





Turn off the engine and wait about three minutes, and then check the oil level on the dipstick ③. If the level is below upper line, add oil to that level. The vehicle must be in a level position for an accurate measurement.

OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

Drain engine oil. ($\square P$ Above) Remove the oil filter cap ①. Remove the oil filter and O-rings.





Apply engine oil lightly to new O-rings (A) and (B) before installing the oil filter cap.

Install the new O-ring A onto the oil filter fitting boss of the clutch cover.

Install the new O-ring B to the groove of the oil filter cap. Install new oil filter Q.

Install the spring (3) and oil filter cap (4).

Pour new engine oil through the oil filler. When performing the oil filter change, the engine will hold about 2.3 L (2.4 US qt, 2.0 Imp qt) of oil.

After three minutes of engine idling, check the oil level. $(\sum 3^{2} 2-10)$

DATA Engine oil capacity

Oil change: 2.2 L (2.3 US qt, 1.9 Imp qt) Oil and filter change: 2.3 L (2.4 US qt, 2.0 Imp qt) Engine overhaul: 2.5 L (2.6 US qt, 2.2 Imp qt)

CAUTION

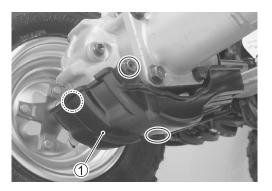
When reassembling the oil filter, make sure that the oil filter is installed as shown above. If the filter is installed improperly, serious engine damage may result.

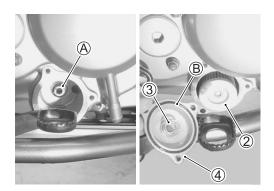


Inspect every 6 months. Replace every 2 years.

To change the final gear oil, locate the vehicle on a level position and carry out the following steps. Use SAE #90 hypoid gear oil which is rated GL-5 under the API classification system. Use hypoid gear oil SAE #80, API grade GL-5, if the vehicle is ridden where the ambient temperature is below 0 C or 32 F.

Remove the final gear case under cover 1 by removing three bolts.





Place an oil pan under the final gear case, and then drain oil by removing the drain plug 2 and filler plug 3.

Tighten the drain plug 2.

Remove the oil level check plug ④ and pour the specified oil through the filler hole until the oil over flows from the oil level check hole.

Tighten the filler plug 3 and the oil level check plug 4.

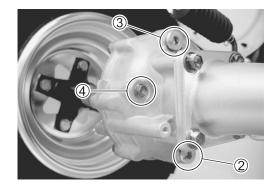
Final gear oil capacity:

190 ml (6.42 US oz, 6.69 lmp oz) Final gear oil drain plug: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft) Final gear oil filler plug: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

SPARK ARRESTER

Clean every 6 months.

Remove the spark arrester bolt ①. Extract the spark arrester ② from the muffler.





Clean the spark arrester 2 with a brush.

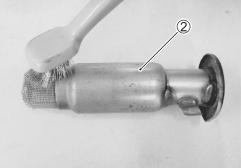
A WARNING

Only clean the spark arrester in an open area away from combustible materials. Exhausted hot carbon particles can start a fire.

Reinstall the spark arrester 2.

Tighten the spark arrester bolt to the specified torque.

Spark arrester bolt: 11 N•m (1.1 kgf-m, 8.0 lb-ft)



CLUTCH

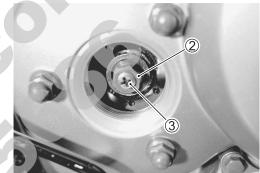
Adjust every 6 months.

Remove the clutch adjuster cap ①.

NOTE:

Adjust the clutch release, when the engine is cold.





Loosen the locknut ②. Tighten the adjusting screw ③ until it stops. Loosen the adjusting screw ③ 1/16 1 /8 turn. Tighten the locknut ② to the specified torque while holding the adjusting screw ③.

Locknut 2: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

Apply engine oil to the O-ring and cap thread lightly. Tighten the clutch adjuster cap to the specified torque.

Clutch adjuster cap: 15 Nem (1.5 kgf-m, 11.0 lb-ft)



BRAKES

Inspect initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

BRAKE PADS

Remove the front wheels. (27-11)

The extent of brake pad wear can be checked by observing the limit line ① on the side of brake pads. When the wear reaches the limit line, replace the pads with new ones. (277-19)

CAUTION

Replace the brake pads as a set, otherwise braking performance will be adversely affected.

BRAKE SHOES

This vehicle is equipped with the brake lining indicator on the rear brake.

To check the wear of the rear brake lining, perform the following steps:

Make sure that the rear brake system is properly adjusted. With fully applying the rear brake, check if the indicator plate

① is within the range ② embossed on the brake panel.

If the indicator plate ① is out of the range ②, the brake shoe assembly should be replaced with new ones. ($\square 77-46$)

REAR BRAKE PEDAL AND LEVER

The procedure for adjusting the rear brake pedal and brake lever is as follows:

NOTE:

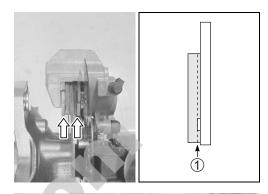
First adjust the brake pedal and next adjust the brake lever.

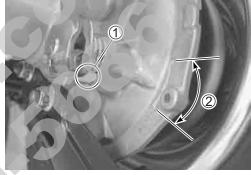
Brake pedal (Major brake adjustment)

Check that the brake pedal play (A) is within the specified range. If the play is not within the specified range, make adjustments.

PATA Brake pedal play (A): 20 30 mm (0.8 1 .2 in)

Turn the adjuster 1 until the play A reaches 20 30 m m (0.8 1 .2 in).









Rear brake lever (Minor brake adjustment)

After adjusting the brake pedal, check the rear brake lever play. The brake lever play B as measured at the lever holder should be between 3 5 mm (0.1 0.2 in) when the lever is lightly pulled in towards the grip. If adjustment is necessary, slacken the cable by loosening the locknut (1) and screwing the adjuster (2) on the brake lever holder all the way in. After adjusting the play, tighten the locknut (1).

PATA Rear brake lever play \mathbb{B} : 3 5 mm (0.1 0.2 in)

BRAKE FLUID

Inspect every 3 months. Replace every 2 years.

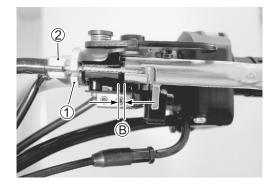
BRAKE FLUID LEVEL

Place the handlebar straight.

Check the brake fluid level by observing the lower limit line on the front brake fluid reservoir.

When the brake fluid level is below the lower limit line, replenish with brake fluid that meets the following specification.

- Specification and classification: DOT 4
 WARNING
 - * The brake system of this vehicle is filled with a glycol-based brake fluid. Do not use or mix different types of fluid such as silicone-based and petroleum-based fluids. Do not use any brake fluid taken from old, used or unsealed containers. Never reuse brake fluid left over from the last servicing or stored for a long period of time.
 - * Brake fluid, if it leaks, will interfere with safe running and immediately discolor painted surfaces. Check the brake hoses and hose joints for cracks and oil leakage before riding.





AIR BLEEDING THE BRAKE FLUID CIRCUIT

Air trapped in the brake fluid circuit acts like a cushion to absorb a large proportion of the pressure developed by the master cylinder and thus interferes with the full braking performance of the brake caliper. The presence of air is indicated by sponginess of the brake lever and also by lack of braking force. Considering the danger to which such trapped air exposes the machine and rider, it is essential that after remounting the brake and restoring the brake system to the normal condition, the brake fluid circuit be purged of air in the following manner:

Fill the front brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid to the top of the inspection window or the upper limit line. Replace the reservoir cap to prevent dirt from entering. Attach a hose to the air bleeder valve, and insert the free end of the hose into a receptacle.

Squeeze and release the brake lever several times in rapid succession and hold the lever fully squeezed. Loosen the air bleeder valve for about a quarter of a turn so that the brake fluid runs into the receptacle, this will remove the tension of the brake lever causing it to touch the handlebar grip. Then, close the air bleeder valve, pump and squeeze the lever and open the valve. Repeat this process until the fluid flowing into the receptacle contains no air bubbles.

NOTE:

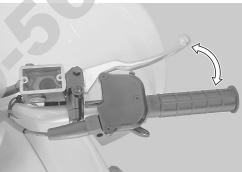
While bleeding the brake system, replenish the brake fluid in the reservoir as necessary. Make sure that there is always some fluid visible in the reservoir.

Close the air bleeder valve and disconnect the hose. Fill the reservoir with brake fluid to the top of the inspection window or the upper limit line.

Air bleeder valve: 6 N•m (0.6 kgf-m, 4.4 lb-ft)

Handle brake fluid with care: the fluid reacts chemically with paint, plastics, rubber materials, etc.





BRAKE HOSE

Inspect every 6 months. Replace every 4 years.

Check the brake hoses for leakage, cracks, wear and damage. If any damages are found, replace the brake hoses with new ones.





TIRES

Inspect every 3 months.

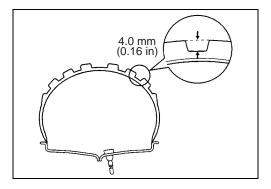
TIRE TREAD CONDITION

Operating the vehicle with excessively worn tires will decrease riding stability and consequently cause a dangerous situation. It is highly recommended to replace a tire when the remaining depth of the tire tread reaches the following specification.

DATA Service Limit

Tire tread depth: Front 4.0 mm (0.16 in) Rear 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

1001 09900-20805: Tire depth gauge



TIRE PRESSURE

If the tire pressure is too high or too low, steering will be adversely affected and tire wear will increase. Therefore, maintain the correct tire pressure for good roadability and a longer tire life. Cold inflation tire pressure is as follows.

COLD INFLATION TIRE PRESSURE	kPa	kgf/cm ²	psi
FRONT	30	0.30	4.4
REAR	25	0.25	3.6

VEHICLE LOAD CAPACITY LIMIT: 110 kg (243 lbs)

CAUTION

To minimize the possibility of tire damage from over-inflation, we strongly recommended that a manual type air pump be used rather than a high pressure air compressor as found in service stations. When filling air into the tires, never exceed 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm⁺, 10 psi).

CAUTION

The standard tire fitted on this vehicle is an AT22 7-10 $\Leftrightarrow \Leftrightarrow$ for the front and a AT20 10-9 \Leftrightarrow for the rear. The use of tires other than those specified may cause instability. It is highly recommended to use the specified tires.

STEERING

Inspect initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

Steering system should be adjusted properly for smooth handling of the handlebars and safe running.

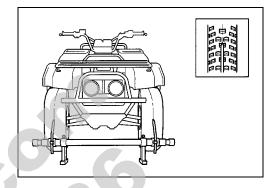
TOE-IN

Place the vehicle on level ground.

Make sure the tire pressure for right and left tires is same and set to the proper specification.

Set the front wheels in the straight position.

Place a load of 75 kg (165 lbs) on the seat.



Measure the distance \bigcirc and \bigcirc of the front wheels with a toe-in gauge as shown and calculate the difference \bigcirc \bigcirc .

DATA Toe-in: 5 – 4 mm (0.20 – 0.16 in)

If the toe-in is out of specification, bring it into the specified range. (577-43)

SUSPENSIONS

Inspect every 6 months.

Inspect the suspension arms and bushings for scratches, wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the suspension arm or bushing with a new one. (1377-32)

Inspect the swingarm and rear axle for scratches, wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace them with a new one. (1377-7-56)

Inspect the front and rear shock absorbers for oil leakage or damage. If any damages are found, replace them with a new one. (1377-31 and -53)

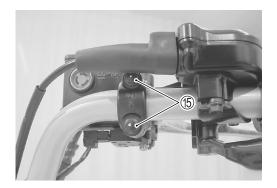
CHASSIS BOLTS AND NUTS

Tighten initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

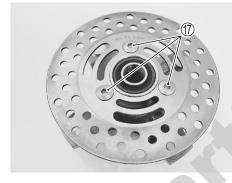
Check that all chassis nuts and bolts are tightened to their specified torque. (Refer to page 2-21 and 2-22 for the locations of the following nuts and bolts.)

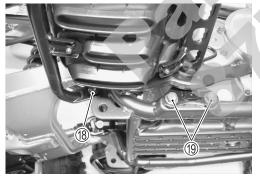
Item	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
① Handlebar clamp bolt	23	2.3	16.5
② Steering shaft holder bolt	23	2.3	16.5
③ Steering shaft nut	49	4.9	35.5
④ Wishbone arm pivot bolt/nut (Upper and lower)	65	6.5	47.0
5 Wheel hub nut (Front)	65	6.5	47.0
6 Wheel hub nut (Rear)	138	13.8	99.9
O Wheel set nut (Front and rear)	50	5.0	36.0
8 Steering knuckle nut (Upper and lower)	29	2.9	21.0
(9) Front shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Upper and lower)	60	6.0	43.5
1 Tie rod end nut	29	2.9	21.0
① Tie rod lock nut	29	2.9	21.0
⑦ Front brake air bleeder valve	6	0.6	4.4
③ Front brake caliper mounting bolt	26	2.6	19.0
Image: Front brake pipe nut (Upper and lower)	16	1.6	11.6
15 Front brake master cylinder mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.0
16 Front brake hose union bolt (Upper and lower)	23	2.3	16.5
⑦ Front brake disc plate mounting bolt	23	2.3	16.5
18 Footrest bolt (M8)	26	2.6	19.0
19 Footrest bolt (M10)	55	5.5	40.0
② Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Upper)	78	7.8	55.0
② Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Lower)	60	6.0	43.5
② Swingarm pivot bolt/nut	85	8.5	61.5
② Rear brake cam lever bolt/nut	11	1.1	8.0
② Rear brake panel mounting nut	60	6.0	43.5
② Rear brake pedal mounting bolt	11	1.1	8.0
② Rear axle housing set bolt/nut (RH)	60	6.0	43.5
⑦ Rear axle housing set bolt/nut (LH)	65	6.5	47.0
Rear axle housing/final gear case bolt	65	6.5	47.0

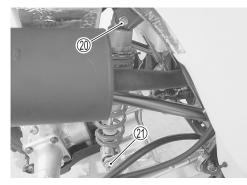


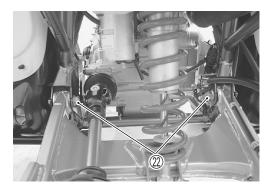


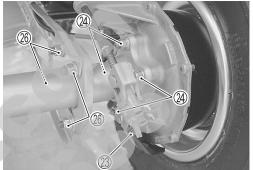


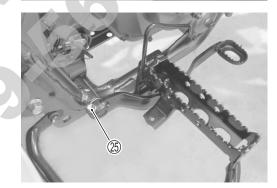


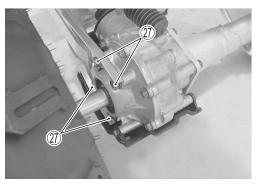


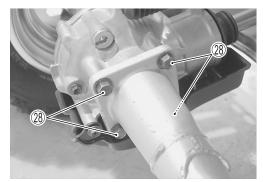








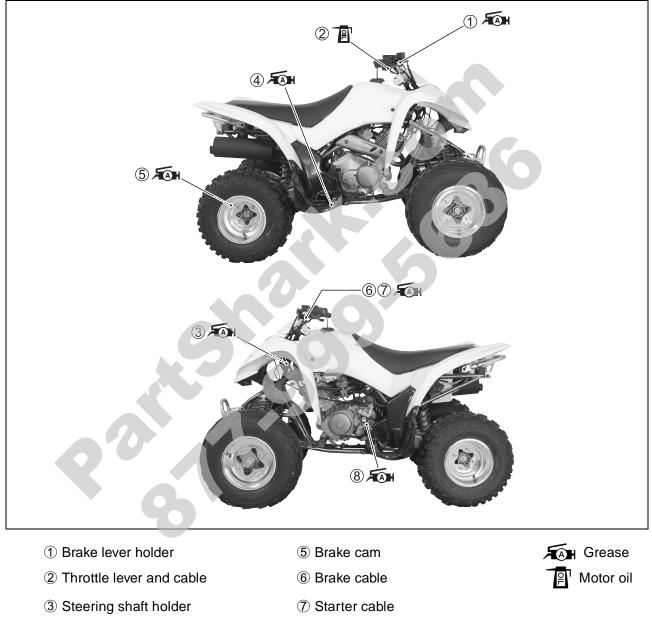




GENERAL LUBRICATION

Lubricate initially at 1 month and every 3 months thereafter.

Proper lubrication is important for smooth operation and long life of each working part of the vehicle. Major lubrication points are indicated below.



- ④ Brake pedal and cable
- (8) Gearshift shaft

NOTE:

- * Before lubricating each part, remove any rust and wipe off any grease, oil, dirt or grime.
- * Lubricate exposed parts which are subject to rust, with a rust preventative spray, especially whenever the vehicle has been operated under wet or rainy conditions.

COMPRESSION PRESSURE CHECK

The compression pressure reading of a cylinder is a good indicator of its internal condition.

The decision to overhaul the cylinder is often based on the results of a compression test. Periodic maintenance records kept at your dealership shoud include compression readings for each maintenance service.

DATA Compression pressure:

Standard: 1 400 kPa (14.0 kgf/cm⁺, 199 psi) Service Limit: 1 200 kPa (12.0 kgf/cm⁺, 171 psi)

Low compression pressure can indicate any of the following conditions:

- * Excessively worn cylinder walls
- * Worn piston or piston rings
- * Piston rings stuck in grooves
- * Poor valve seating
- * Ruptured or otherwise defective cylinder head gasket

NOTE:

When the compression pressure goes below specification, check the engine for conditions listed above.

COMPRESSION TEST PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- * Before testing the engine for compression pressure, make sure that the cylinder head nuts are tightened to the specified torque values and the valves are properly adjusted.
- * Warm up the engine before testing.
- * Make sure that the battery is fully charged.

Test the compression pressure in the following manner:

Remove the spark plug. (272-7)

Install the compression gauge and adaptor in the spark plug hole. Make sure that the connection is tight.

Keep the throttle lever in the fully open position.

Press the starter button and crank the engine for a few seconds. Record the maximum gauge reading as the cylinder compression.

09915-64510: Compression gauge set
 09918-02410: Adaptor or
 09918-03810: Adaptor



OIL PRESSURE CHECK

Check the engine oil pressure periodically. This will give a good indication of the condition of the moving parts.

DATA Oil pressure:

Above 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm†, 4.3 psi) Below 70kPa (0.7 kgf/cm†, 9.9 psi)

at 3 000 r/min, oil temp. at 60 C (140 F)

Low or high oil pressure can indicate any of the following conditions:

LOW OIL PRESSURE

- * Clogged oil filter
- * Oil leakage from the oil passage
- * Damaged O-ring
- * Defective oil pump
- * Combination of the above items

HIGH OIL PRESSURE

- * Engine oil viscosity is too high
- * Clogged oil passage
- * Combination of the above items

OIL PRESSURE TEST PROCEDURE

Connect the tachometer onto the spark plug high-tension cord.

Remove the oil plug 1.



Install the oil pressure gauge and adaptor into the main oil gallery.

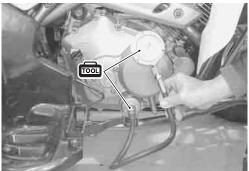
Warm up the engine as follows:

Summer: 10 minutes at 2 000 r/min

Winter: 20 minutes at 2 000 r/min

After warming up the engine, increase the engine speed to 3 000 r/min (observe the tachometer), and read the oil pressure gauge.

09915-74511: Oil pressure gauge 09915-74512: Oil pressure gauge adaptor



INITIAL ENGAGEMENT AND CLUTCH LOCK-UP INSPECTION

The LT-Z250 is equipped with a centrifugal type automatic clutch.

To insure proper performance and longevity of the clutch assemblies, it is essential that the clutches engage smoothly and gradually. Before checking the initial engagement and clutch lock-up, two inspection checks must be performed to thoroughly check the operation of the drive train. Perform the following:

Check the oil level. (2-10) Warm up the engine.

INITIAL ENGAGEMENT INSPECTION

Connect the tachometer or the multi circuit tester onto the spark plug high-tension cord.

Start the engine.

Shift the gear shift lever to the 1st position.

Slowly open the throttle and note the engine speed (r/min) when the vehicle begins to move forward.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set or 09900-26006: Tachometer

Engagement speed: 1 700 2 100 r/min

If the engagement speed does not coincide with the standard range, inspect the following items for any abnormalities.

* Clutch wheel 23-40

CLUTCH LOCK-UP INSPECTION

Perform this inspection to determine if the clutch is engaging fully and not slipping.

Connect a tachometer onto the spark plug high-tension code. Start the engine.

Shift the gear shift lever to the 5th position.

Apply the front and rear brakes as firmly as possible.

Fully open the throttle for a brief period and note the maximum engine speed sustained during the test cycle.

Lock-up speed: 3 100 3 700 r/min

CAUTION

Do not apply full power for more than 5 seconds or damage to the clutch or engine may occur.

If the lock-up speed (r/min) does not coincide with the standard range, inspect the following items for any abnormalities.

- * Clutch wheel 5-3-40



ENGINE

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ENGINE TOP SIDE

ENGINE COMPONENTS REMOVABLE WITH ENGINE IN PLACE

The parts listed below can be removed and installed without removing the engine from the frame. Refer to the page listed in each section for removal and installation instructions.

ENGINE LEFT SIDE

PARTS	REMOVAL	INSTALLATION
Neutral switch	3-15	3-70
Secondary driven bevel gear	3-15	3-69
Generator cover	3-15	3-69
Starter idle gear	3-15	3-69
Generator	3-19	3-63

ENGINE RIGHT SIDE

P	ARTS	REMOVAL	INSTALLATION
Oil filter		3-16	3-69
Clutch cover		3-16	3-68
Clutch		3-16	3-65
Gearshift		3-18	3-64
Oil pump drive gear		3-18	3-64
Oil pump		3-18	3-64

ENGINE CENTER

PARTS	REMOVAL	INSTALLATION
Starter motor	3-12	3-76
Cam chain tension adjuster	3-13	3-75
Cylinder head cover	3-13	3-75
Camshaft	3-13	3-73
Cylinder head	3-14	3-72
Cylinder	3-14	3-72
Piston	3-14	3-70
Cam chain	3-20	3-63

ENGINE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION ENGINE REMOVAL

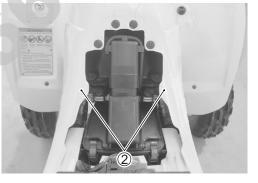
Before taking the engine out of the frame, wash the engine using a steam cleaner. Engine removal is sequentially explained in the following steps. Reinstall the engine by reversing the removal procedure.

Drain engine oil. (2-10) Remove the seat. (7-7-5)

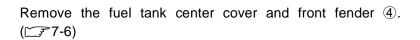
Disconnect the \bigcirc battery lead wire ①.

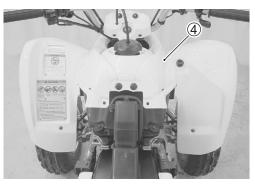


Remove the left and right side covers 2. (27-5)



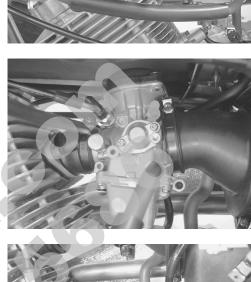
Remove the left and right footrest mud guards ③. (CF7-7)





Turn the fuel valve to the ON position. Disconnect the fuel and vacuum hoses.

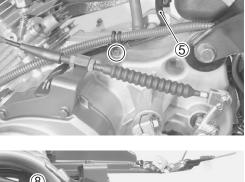
Remove the carburetor. (13-5-7)

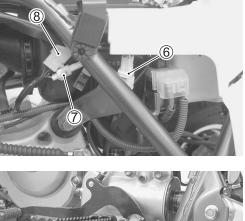


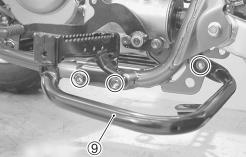
Disconnect the engine ground lead wire 5.

Disconnect the neutral switch lead wire coupler (6), signal generator lead wire coupler (7) and generator lead wire coupler (8).

Remove the left footrest (9).

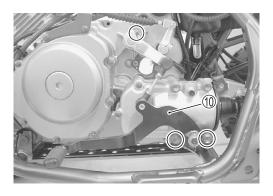


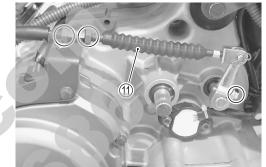




Remove the gearshift lever link 10.

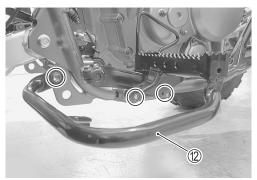
Remove the reverse lock release cable 1.

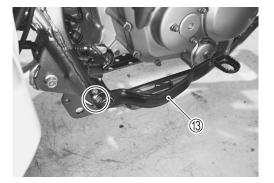




Disconnect the spark plug cap.







Remove the right footrest 12.

Remove the brake pedal (3).

Loosen the muffler connecting bolt.

Remove the exhaust pipe and gasket.

Disconnect the breather hose

Remove the starter motor lead wire.

Remove the rear upper engine mounting nut, bolts and bracket (5).



Remove the front and rear lower engine mounting nuts and bolts.

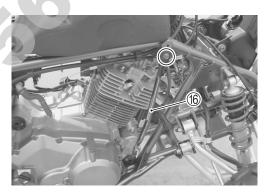
Disengage the secondary driven gear shaft from the universal



Remove the right front fender bracket (6). Dismount the engine to the right side.

Set p

joint.

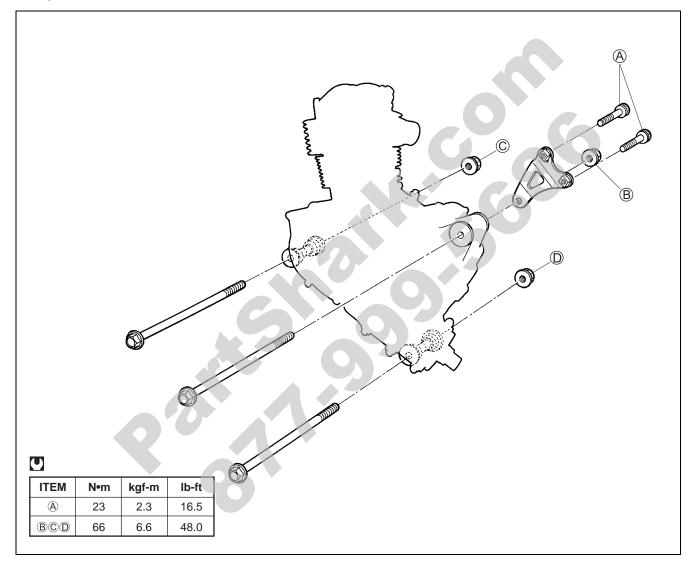


ENGINE INSTALLATION

Remount the engine in the reverse order of engine removal. Pay attention to the following points:

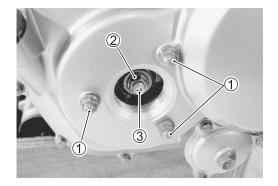
NOTE:

- * The engine mounting nuts are self-locking.
- * Once the nut has been removed, it is no longer of any use. Be sure to use new nuts, and then tighten them to the specified torque.



CLUTCH RELEASE ADJUSTMENT

Temporarily install the gear shift lever. Remove the clutch adjuster cap. Loosen the clutch release outer guide nuts ①. Loosen the locknut ②. Turn the adjusting screw ③ clockwise until it stops.



Check that the gearshift lever plays A, up and down, are same. If not, set the clutch release outer guide in suitable position.

Fix the clutch release outer guide by tightening the clutch release outer guide nuts 1.

Loosen the locknut 2.

Tighten the adjusting screw ③ until it stops.

Loosen the adjusting screw 3 1/16 1 /8 turn.

Tighten the locknut (2) to the specified torque while holding the adjusting screw (3).

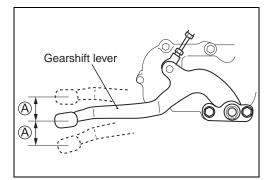
Locknut 2: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

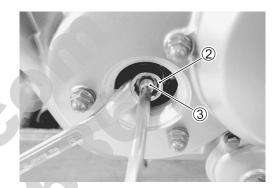
Apply engine oil to the O-ring and cap thread lightly. Tighten the clutch adjuster cap to the specified torque.

Clutch adjuster cap: 15 N•m (1.5 kgf-m, 11.0 lb-ft)

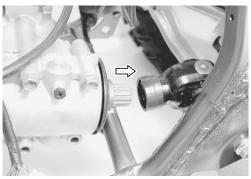
Engage the secondary driven gear shaft to the universal joint.

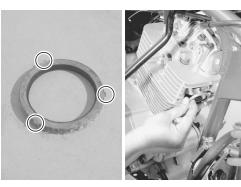
Install new gasket as its projections face outside.











Install a new exhaust pipe/muffler connector ④ into the muffler lip.

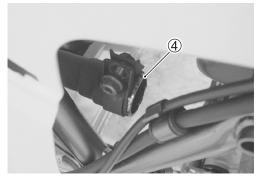
NOTE:

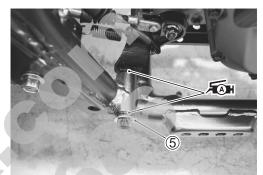
Exhaust gas sealer should be applied to both of the inside and outside of the connector (4).

EXHAUST GAS SEALER: PERMATEX 1372

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-rings.

A 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others) Install the washer ⑤.



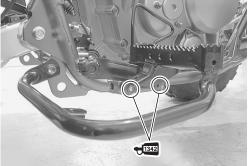


Install the brake pedal as its slit matches with the punched mark on the shaft.

Tighten the brake pedal mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Brake pedal mounting bolt: 11 N•m (1.1 kgf-m, 8.0 lb-ft)





Apply THREAD LOCK to the bolts and tighten each bolt to the specified torque.

1342 99000-32050: THREAD LOCK 1342

Footrest bolt: 10 mm: 55 Nem (5.5 kgf-m, 40.0 lb-ft)

Adjust the brake pedal play A.

EXAM Brake pedal play (A): 20 30 mm (0.8 1 .2 in)

Adjust the gearshift lever height D.

Gearshift lever height (D: 0 10 mm (0 0.4 in)

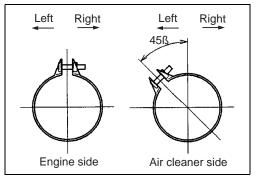
Position the carburetor clamps as shown in the illustration.

Reverse gearshift arm angle B: 20

Install the reverse gearshift arm.

Gearshift arm angle C: 35

Install the gearshift lever.



After installing the engine, route the wire harness, cables and hoses properly. (2-9-11 to -14) Check the followings.

- * Engine oil 🗁 2-10
- * Engine idle speed 2-9
- * Throttle cable play 2-9



 \bigcirc

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

ENGINE TOP SIDE

SPARK PLUG

Remove the spark plug.

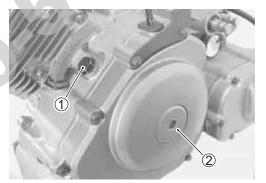
09930-10121: Spark plug wrench set

STARTER MOTOR Remove the starter motor.

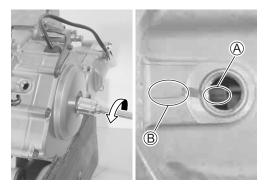




Remove the valve timing inspection plug ① and generator cover cap ②.



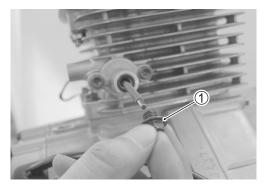
Turn the crankshaft until the TDC line (A) on the generator rotor aligns with the index mark (B) on the crankcase.



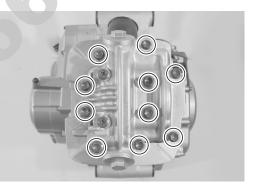
CAM CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTER

Remove the spring holder bolt ①, pin and spring.

Remove the cam chain tension adjuster.

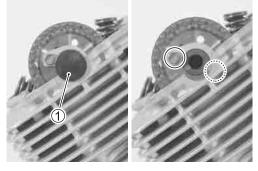


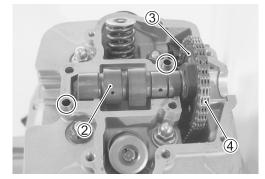




CAMSHAFT

Remove the camshaft end cap 1. Flatten the lock washer and remove the camshaft sprocket bolts.





Remove the dowel pins.

CYLINDER HEAD COVER

Remove the cylinder head cover.

Remove the camshaft 2 and camshaft sprocket 3.

CAUTION

Do not drop the cam chain 4 into the crankcase.

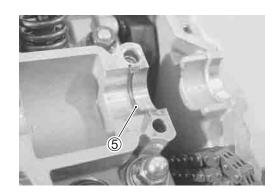
Remove the C-ring (5).

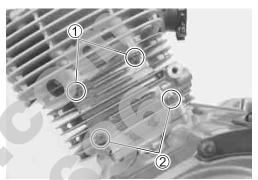
CAUTION

CYLINDER HEAD

Do not drop the C-ring \bigcirc into the crankcase.

Remove the cylinder head nuts (M6) ①. Loosen the cylinder base nuts (M6) ②.

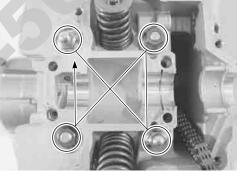




Remove the cylinder head nuts (M8) diagonally. Remove the cylinder head.

NOTE:

If the cylinder head does not come off, lightly tap on the finless portion of it with a plastic hammer.



CYLINDER

Remove the dowel pins, cylinder head gasket and cam chain guide 1.

Remove the cylinder base nuts (M6). Remove the cylinder.

NOTE:

- * Be careful not to drop the dowel pins into the crankcase.
- * If the cylinder does not come off, lightly tap on the finless portion of it with a plastic hammer.

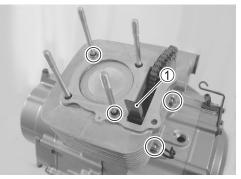
PISTON

Remove the piston pin circlip ①. Remove the piston pin and piston.

NOTE:

Place a rag under the piston so as not to drop the piston pin circlip into the crankcase.

Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins.



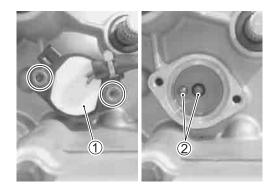


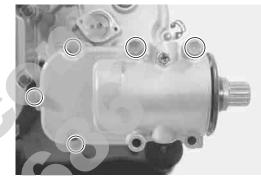
ENGINE BOTTOM SIDE

SECONDARY DRIVEN BEVEL GEAR

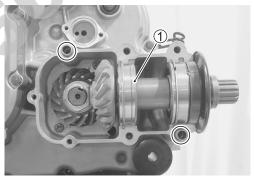
NEUTRAL SWITCH Remove the neutral switch ①. Remove the switch contacts ② and springs.

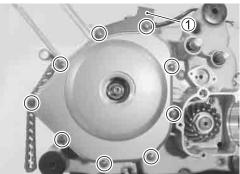
Remove the secondary driven bevel gear cover.

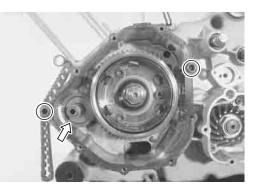




Remove the dowell pins and secondary driven bevel gear assembly 1.







GENERATOR COVER

Remove the generator cover and reverse lock release cable holder 1.

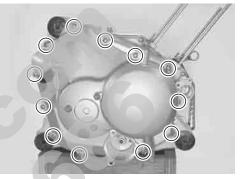
STARTER IDLE GEAR

Remove the dowel pins and gasket. Remove the starter idle gear with its shaft and spacer. OIL FILTER

CLUTCH COVER

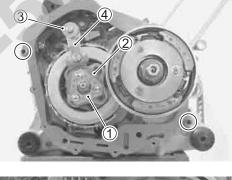
Remove the clutch cover.

Remove the oil filter cover. Remove the oil filter and O-ring ①.



Remove the dowel pins and gasket.

Remove the clutch release ball assembly 1, inner ball guide 2, washer 3 and clutch release arm 4.



CLUTCH

NOTE: Slightly loosen the clutch spring bolts with holding the clutch shoe nut to facilitate later disassembly.

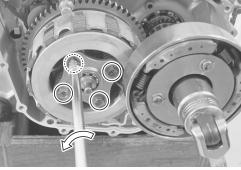
While holding the generator rotor with the special tool, remove the clutch shoe nut.

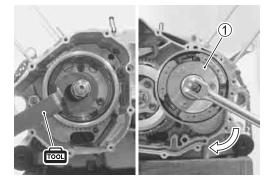
09930-44520: Rotor holder

CAUTION

Clutch shoe nut has left-hand threads.

Remove the clutch shoes 1 and washer.

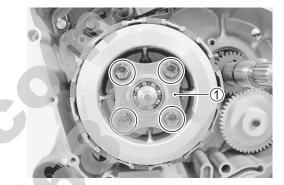




Remove the clutch wheel assembly ①.

Remove the clutch bolts. Remove the clutch release plate ① and springs.



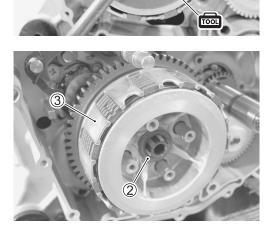


Using a chisel, unlock the nut.



Remove the clutch sleeve hub nut with the special tool. 09920-53730: Clutch sleeve hub holder

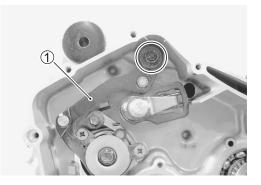
Remove the washer 2 and primary driven gear assembly 3.

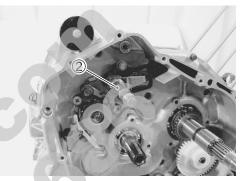


GEARSHIFT

Remove the gearshift arm ①.

Remove the shift cam shaft assembly 2.





Remove the gearshift cam plate 3 and stopper 4.

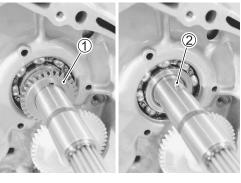


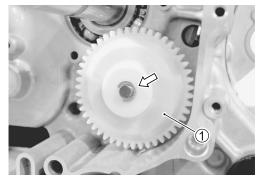
OIL PUMP DRIVE GEAR

Remove the oil pump drive gear ① and pin ②.

OIL PUMP

Remove the E-ring. Remove the oil pump driven gear ①.

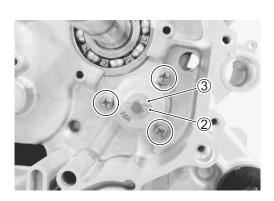




Remove the pin ② and washer ③. Remove the oil pump.

GENERATOR Remove the generator rotor nut with the special tool.

09930-44520: Rotor holder



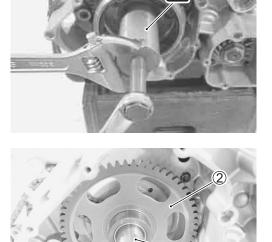


Install the special tool to the crankshaft end. 09930-31921: Rotor remover attachment



Remove the generator rotor with the special tool. 09930-35010: Rotor remover

Remove the key ①. Remove the starter driven gear ②.

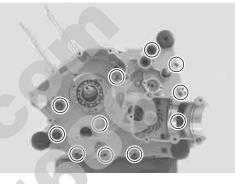


CAM CHAIN

CRANKCASE

Remove the cam chain.





Remove the right crankcase bolts.

Remove the left crankcase bolts.



Separate the crankcase with the special tool.

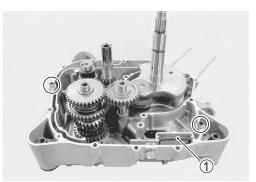
NOTE:

- * The crankcase separator arms should be parallel with the end face of the crankcase.
- * The crankshaft must remain in the left crankcase half.

09920-13120: Crankcase separator

OIL SUMP FILTER Remove the dowel pins. Remove the oil sump filter ①.



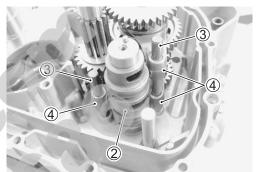


DRIVE TRAIN/GEARSHIFT CAM

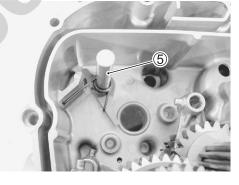
Remove the reverse idle gear assembly 1.

Remove the gearshift cam ⁽²⁾ Remove the shafts ⁽³⁾ and forks ⁽⁴⁾.





Remove the shift cam lock shaft ⑤.

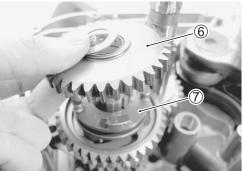


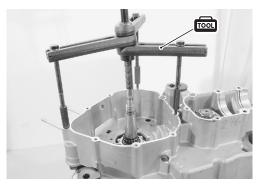
Remove the washers, reverse driven gear (6) and reverse dog (7).

CRANKSHAFT

Remove the crankshaft with the special tool.

09920-13120: Crankcase separator





DRIVE BEVEL GEAR

Using a chisel, unlock the nut.

Fit the special tool onto the driveshaft.

09930-73150: Output shaft holder

Loosen the secondary drive bevel gear and nut by holding the special tool with a vise.



Remove the secondary drive bevel gear and driveshaft assembly, countershaft assembly.



ENGINE COMPONENTS INSPECTION AND SERVICE CYLINDER HEAD COVER

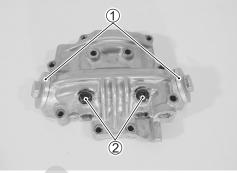
DISASSEMBLY

CAUTION

Be sure to identify each removed part as to its location, and lay the parts out in groups designated as Exhaust, Intake, so that each will be restored to the original location during assembly.

Remove the value inspection caps ①. Remove the rocker arm shaft bolts ②.

Remove the rocker arm shafts ③. Remove the rocker arms ④ and wave washers ⑤.





CYLINDER HEAD COVER DISTORTION

After removing sealant from the fitting surface of the cylinder head cover, place the cylinder head cover on a surface plate and check for distortion with a thickness gauge.

Cylinder head cover distortion Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge

If the distortion exceeds the limit, replace the cylinder head cover.

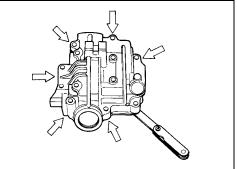
ROCKER ARM SHAFT O.D.

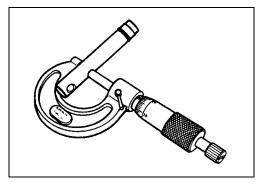
Measure diameter of rocker arm shaft.

 Rocker arm shaft O.D. (IN & EX)

 Standard: 11.977
 11.995 mm (0.4715
 0.4722 in)

09900-20205: Micrometer (0 25 mm)





ROCKER ARM I.D.

When checking the rocker arm, the inside diameter of the rocker arm and wear of the camshaft contacting surface should be checked.

DATA Rocker arm I.D.

Standard: 12.000 1 2.018 mm (0.4724 0 .4731 in)

1001 09900-20605: Dial calipers

REASSEMBLY

Reassemble the cylinder head cover in the reverse order of disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

Install new O-rings ① to the rocker arm shafts.

Apply engine oil to the rocker arms and shafts.

Install the rocker arms, wave washers and shafts to the cylinder head cover.

Tighten the rocker arm shaft bolts to the specified torque.

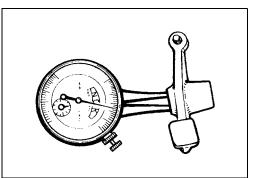
Rocker arm shaft bolt: 9 N•m (0.9 kgf-m, 6.5 lb-ft)

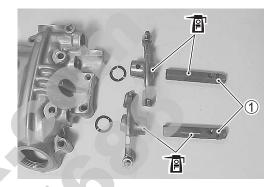
CAUTION

Install the gasket washers to prevent oil leakage.

Install new O-rings to the valve inspection caps. Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-rings.

▲ 09900-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 09900-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)









CYLINDER HEAD

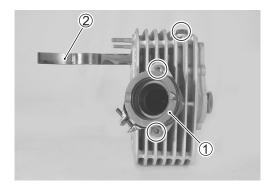
DISASSEMBLY

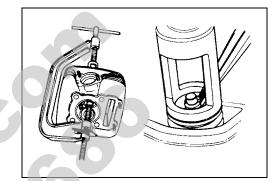
Remove the intake pipe ①. Remove the cam chain tensioner ②.

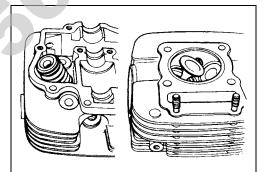
Cam chain tentioner inspection ($\square 3-34$)

Compress the valve spring and remove the valve cotters from the valve stem with the special tools.

09916-14510: Valve spring compressor 09916-14910: Attachment 09916-84511: Tweezers







Remove the valve stem seal with long-nose pliers. Remove the valve spring seat.

Remove the valve spring retainer and valve spring.

Remove the valve from the other side.

NOTE:

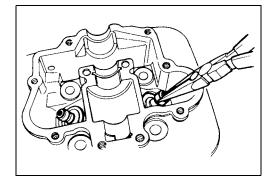
Removal of valves completes ordinary disassembling work. If valve guides have to be removed for replacement after inspecting the related parts, carry out the steps shown in the valve guide servicing.

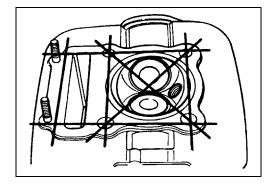
CYLINDER HEAD DISTORTION

Decarbonize the combustion chamber.

Check the gasket surface of the cylinder head for distortion using a straightedge and thickness gauge. Take clearance readings at several places. If any clearance reading exceeds the service limit, replace the cylinder head with a new one.

Cylinder head distortion Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 09900-20803: Thickness gauge





VALVE STEM RUNOUT

Support the valve with the V-blocks and measure the valve stem runout with the dial gauge, as shown. If the runout exceeds the service limit, replace the valve with a new one.



DATA Valve stem runout

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

1001 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-21304: V-block

VALVE HEAD RADIAL RUNOUT

Support the valve with the V-blocks and measure the valve head radial runout with the dial gauge, as shown. If the runout exceeds the service limit, replace the valve with a new one.



DATA Valve head radial runout Service Limit: 0.03 mm (0.001 in)

1001 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-21304: V-block

VALVE FACE WEAR

Visually inspect each valve face for wear or damage. If any abnormal wear is found, replace the respective valve with a new one. Measure the valve head thickness T. If the valve head thickness is not within the specified value, replace the value with a new one.

DATA Valve head thickness ①

Service Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

09900-20101: Vernier calipers

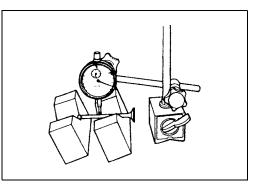
VALVE STEM DEFLECTION

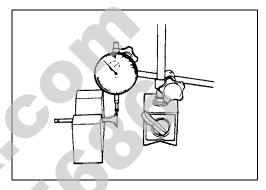
Lift the valve about 10 mm (0.39 in) from the valve seat. Measure the valve stem deflection in two directions, X and Y, perpendicular to each other, by positioning the dial gauge as shown. If the deflection exceeds the service limit, determine whether the valve or the guide should be replaced with a new one.

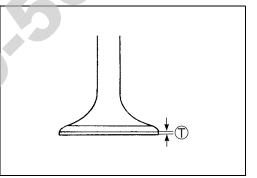
Valve stem deflection (IN & EX)

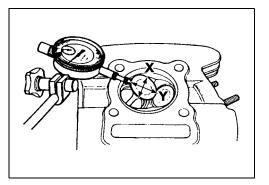
Service Limit: 0.35 mm (0.14 in)

1/100 mm) 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-20701: Magnetic stand









VALVE STEM WEAR

Measure the valve stem outside diameter with the micrometer. If the outside diameter is not within the specified value, replace the valve with a new one. If the valve stem outside diameter is within specification, but the valve stem deflection is not, replace the valve guide with a new one. After replacing the valve or valve guide, check the deflection and.

XXX Valve stem O.D. Standard (IN) : 5.475 5.4 90 mm (0.2156 0.2 161 in)

(EX): 5.455 5.470 mm (0.2148 0.2154 in)

09900-20205: Micrometer (0 25 mm)

VALVE GUIDE SERVICING

Drive the valve guide out toward the intake or exhaust rocker arm side with the valve guide remover.

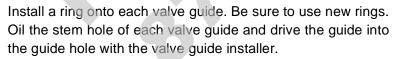
09916-44910: Valve guide remover/installer

NOTE:

- * Discard the removed valve guide.
- * Only oversized valve guides are available as replacement parts. (Part No. 11115-05270)

Re-finish the valve guide holes in the cylinder head with the valve guide reamer and handle.

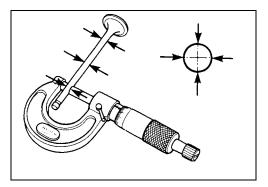
09916-34561: Valve guide reamer (11.3 mm) 09916-34542: Reamer handle

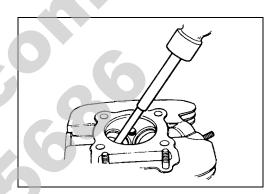


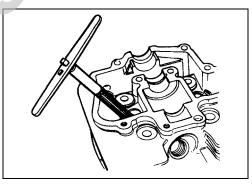
09916-44910: Valve guide remover/installer

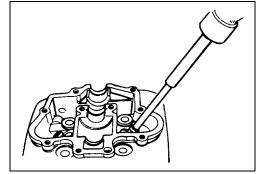
CAUTION

Failure to oil the valve guide hole before driving the new guide into place may result in a damaged guide or head.









After fitting all valve guides, re-finish their guiding bores with the valve guide reamer. Be sure to clean and oil the guide after reaming.

09916-34550: Valve guide reamer (5.5 mm) 09916-34542: Reamer handle

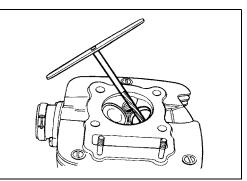
NOTE:

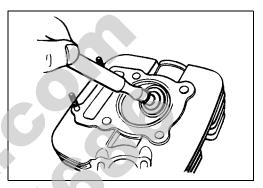
Insert the reamer from the combustion chamber and always turn the reamer handle clockwise.

VALVE SEAT WIDTH

Coat the valve seat with prussian blue uniformly. Install the valve and attach the valve lapper onto it. Tap the coated seat with the valve face in a rotating manner, in order to obtain a clear impression of the seating contact.

09916-10911: Valve lapper set





The ring-like dye impression left on the valve face must be continuous, without any breaks. In addition, the width of the dye ring, which is the valve seat width, must be within the following specification.

Valve seat width 🛞

Standard: 0.88 1.08 mm (0.035 0.043 in)

If the valve seat is out of specification, re-cut the seat.

VALVE SEAT SERVICE

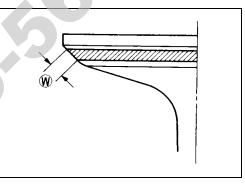
The valve seats for intake and exhaust valves are machined to two different angles. The seat contact surface is cut at 45.

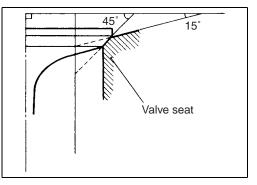
	INTAKE	EXHAUST
15	N-2 12	N-121
45	N-608	N-122

09916-21111: Valve seat cutter set
 09916-24900: Valve seat cutter set
 09916-22480: Solid pilot (N-140-5.5)
 09916-24450: Solid pilot (N-100-5.52)
 09916-24935: Valve seat cutter (N-608)

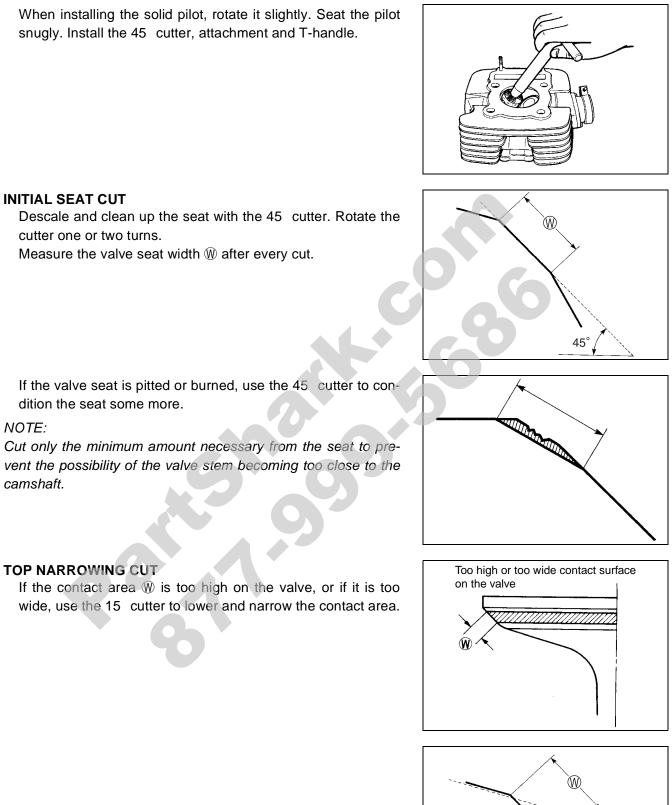
CAUTION

The valve seat contact area must be inspected after each cut.





15°



If the valve seat is pitted or burned, use the 45 cutter to condition the seat some more.

NOTE:

Cut only the minimum amount necessary from the seat to prevent the possibility of the valve stem becoming too close to the camshaft.

FINAL SEAT CUT

If the contact area W is too low or too narrow, use the 45 cutter to raise and widen the contact area.

NOTE:

After cutting the 15 angle, it is possible that the valve seat (45) is too narrow. If so, re-cut the valve seat to the correct width.

Too low or too narrow contact surface on the valve

45

After the desired seat position and width is achieved, use the 45 cutter very lightly to clean up any burrs caused by the previous cutting operations.

CAUTION

Do not use lapping compound after the final cut is made. The finished valve seat should have a velvety smooth finish but not a highly polished or shiny finish. This will provide a soft surface for the final seating of the valve which will occur during the first few seconds of engine operation.

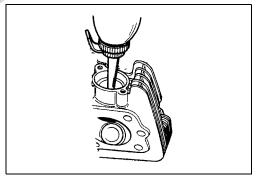
NOTE:

After servicing the valve seats, be sure to check the valve clearance after the cylinder head has been reinstalled. ($\bigcirc 2-5$)

Clean and assemble the head and valve components. Fill the intake and exhaust ports with gasoline to check for leaks. If any leaks occur, inspect the valve seat and face for burrs or other things that could prevent the valve from sealing.

A WARNING

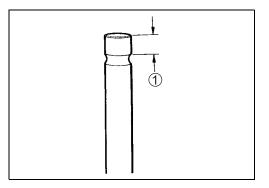
Always use extreme caution when handling gasoline.



VALVE STEM END CONDITION

Inspect the valve stem end face for pitting and wear. If pitting or wear of the stem end face are present, the valve stem end may be resurfaced, providing that the length ① will not be reduced to less than the service limit. If this length becomes less than the service limit, the valve must be replaced.

Valve stem end length Service Limit: 2.5 mm (0.10 in)



VALVE SPRING

The force of the coil spring keeps the valve seat tight. Weakened spring result in reduced engine power output, and often account for the chattering noise coming from the valve mechanism.

Check the valve springs for proper strength by measuring their free length and also by the force required to compress them. If the spring length is less than the service limit or if the force required to compress the valve spring is not within specification, replace both the inner and outer springs as a set.

Valve spring free length (IN & EX) Service Limit: 43.0 mm (1.69 in)

Valve spring tension (IN & EX) Standard: 256 29 4 N/36.6 mm (26.1 30.0 kgf/36.6 mm, 57.5 6 6.1 lbs/1.44 in)

09900-20101: Vernier calipers

REASSEMBLY

Install each valve spring seat.

Apply engine oil to each oil seal and press-fit them into position.

CAUTION

Do not reuse the oil seal.

Insert the valves, with their stems coated with molybdenum oil solution all around and along the full stem length without any break.

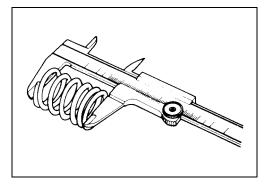
MOLYBDENUM OIL SOLUTION

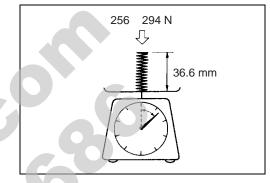
CAUTION

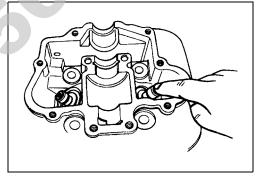
When inserting each valve into the valve guides, make sure not to damage the lip of the oil seal.

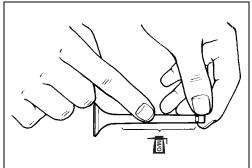
Install the valve spring with the smaller pitch portion $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ facing the cylinder head.

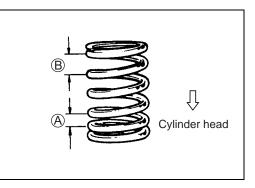
- A Smaller pitch portion.
- B Larger pitch portion.











Put on the valve spring retainer, and using the valve lifter, press down the springs, fit the cotter halves to the stem end, and release the lifter to allow the cotter (1) to wedge in between retainer and stem. Be sure that the rounded lip (2) of the cotter fits snugly into the groove (3) in the stem end.

09916-14510: Valve spring compressor 09916-14910: Valve spring compressor attachment 09916-84511: Tweezers

CAUTION

Be sure to restore each spring, valve and spring retainer to their original positions.

INTAKE PIPE

When installing the intake pipe, apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-ring.

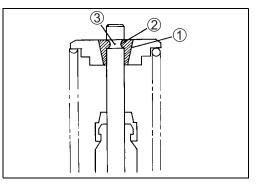
₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

CAUTION

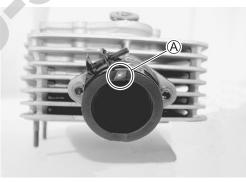
Use the new O-ring to prevent sucking air from the joint.

NOTE:

Make sure that the protrusion A faces upward.



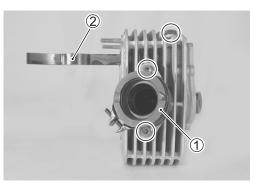




Install the intake pipe 1 and cam chain tensioner 2. Tighten the cam chain tensioner mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt:

13 N•m (1.3 kgf-m, 9.5 lb-ft)



CAMSHAFT

The camshaft should be checked for wear and also for runout of cams and journals if the engine has been noted to produce abnormal noise or vibration or to lack output power. Any of these malconditions could be caused by a worn camshaft.

CAMSHAFT CAM WEAR

Worn-down cams are often the cause of mistimed valve operation resulting in reduced power output.

Measure the cam height \oplus with the micrometer. If the cams are worn to the service limit, replace the camshaft with a new one.

Cam height 🕀

Service Limit (IN) : 33.480 mm (1.3181 in) (EX): 32.690 mm (1.2870 in)

09900-20202: Micrometer (25 50 mm)

CAMSHAFT JOURNAL WEAR

Determine whether each journal is worn down to the limit or not by measuring camshaft journal oil clearance with the camshaft installed. Use the plastigauge to read the clearance, which is specified as follows:

Camshaft journal oil clearance Service Limit: 0.150 mm (0.0059 in)

09900-22302: Plastigauge

NOTE:

To properly measure the oil clearance with plastigauge, all gasket material must be removed from fitting surfaces of cylinder head and cover. Do not apply SUZUKI BOND until after the oil clearance has been determined.

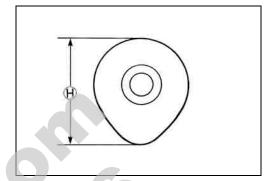
Tighten the cylinder head cover bolts evenly and diagonally to the specified torque.

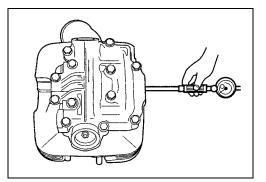
Cylinder head cover bolt: 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.3 lb-ft)

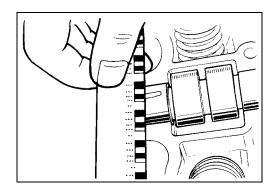
NOTE:

Do not rotate the camshafts with the plastigauge in place.

Remove the cylinder head cover, read the width of the compressed plastigauge with envelope scale. This measurement should be taken at the widest part of the compressed plastigauge.

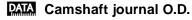






If the camshaft journal oil clearance measured exceeds the limit, measure the outside diameter of camshaft.

Replace either the cylinder head set or the camshaft if the clearance is incorrect.



Standard: 21.959 21.976 mm (0.8645 0.8652 in)

09900-20205: Micrometer (0 2 5 mm)

CAMSHAFT RUNOUT

Measure the camshaft runout with the special tools. If the runout exceeds the service limit, replace the camshaft with a new one.



Camshaft runout (IN & EX) Service Limit: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

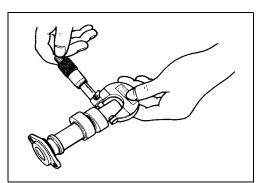
09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100, 10 mm) 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09900-21304: V-block (100 mm)

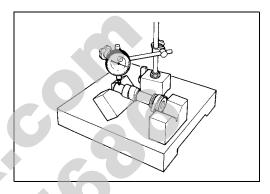
CAM CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTER

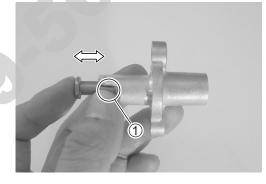
Check that the push rod slides smoothly with unlocking the ratchet mechanism ①. If any stickiness is noted or ratchet mechanism is faulty, replace the cam chain tension adjuster with a new one.

CAM CHAIN TENSIONER AND CAM CHAIN GUIDE

Check the contacting surface of the cam chain tensioner/guide for wear and damage. If it is worn or damaged, replace it with a new one.









CYLINDER

CYLINDER DISTORTION

Check the gasket surface of the cylinder for distortion with a straightedge and the thickness gauge, taking a clearance reading at several places as indicated. If any clearance reading exceeds the service limit, replace the cylinder with a new one.

Cylinder distortion Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge

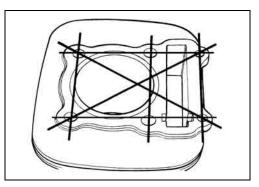
CYLINDER BORE

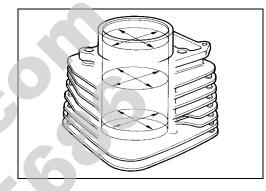
Inspect the cylinder wall for any scratches, nicks or other damage. Measure the cylinder bore diameter at six places.

Cylinder bore

Service Limit: 66.090 mm (2.6020 in)

09900-20508: Cylinder gauge set





PISTON AND PISTON RING

PISTON DIAMETER

Measure the piston diameter with the micrometer at 18 mm (0.71 in) from the skirt end.

If the piston diameter is less than the service limit, replace the piston with a new one.

PATA Piston diameter

Service Limit: 65.880 mm (2.5937 in)

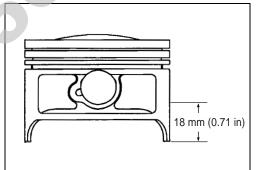
09900-20203: Micrometer (50 75 mm)

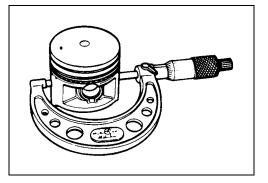
PISTON TO CYLINDER CLEARANCE

As a result of the aforesaid measurement, if the piston to cylinder clearance exceeds the following limit, overhaul the cylinder and use an oversize piston, or replace both of the cylinder and piston.

Piston to cylinder clearance Service Limit: 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

Piston oversize: 0.5





PISTON RING TO GROOVE CLEARANCE

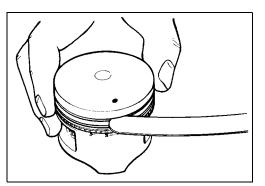
Measure the side clearances of the 1st and 2nd piston rings with the thickness gauge. If any clearance reading exceeds the service limit, replace both the piston and piston rings.

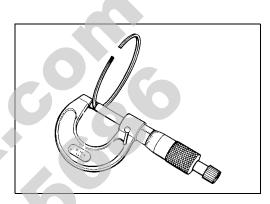
- Piston ring to groove clearance Service Limit (1st) : 0.18 mm (0.0071 in) (2nd): 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)
- PATA Piston ring groove width

Standard (1st) : 1.01 1 .03 mm (0.0398 0 .0406 in) (2nd): 1.21 1.23 mm (0.0476 0.0 484 in) (Oil) : 2.01 2 .03 mm (0.0791 0 .0799 in)

Piston ring thickness Standard (1st) : 0.97 0.99 mm (0.038 0 .039 in) (2nd): 1.17 1.19 mm (0.046 0 .047 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge 09900-20205: Micrometer (0 2 5 mm)





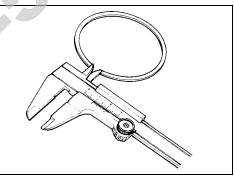
PISTON RING FREE END GAP AND PISTON RING END GAP

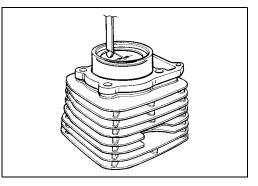
At first measure the piston ring free end gap with the vernier calipers and then fit the piston ring squarely into the cylinder and measure the piston ring end gap with the thickness gauge. If any measurement exceeds the service limit, replace the piston ring with a new one.

PATA Piston ring free end gap

Service Limit (1st) : 7.0 mm (0.28 in) (2nd): 6.1 mm (0.24 in)

- Piston ring end gap Service Limit (1st) : 0.50 mm (0.020 in) (2nd): 0.50 mm (0.020 in)
- 09900-20101: Vernier calipers 09900-20803: Thickness gauge





Oversize piston ring

The following oversize piston rings are used. They bear the following identification numbers.

SIZE	1st	2nd
0.5 mm O.S.	50	50

Oversize oil ring

The following oversize oil ring is available as optional parts. They bear the following identification mark.

SIZE	COLOR
STD	NIL
0.5 mm O.S.	Painted Red

Oversize side rail

Just measure outside diameter to identify the side rail as there is no mark or numbers on it.



Measure the piston pin bore diameter with the small bore gauge. If the diameter exceeds the service limit, replace the piston with a new one.

PATA Piston pin bore I.D.

Service Limit: 16.030 mm (0.6311 in)

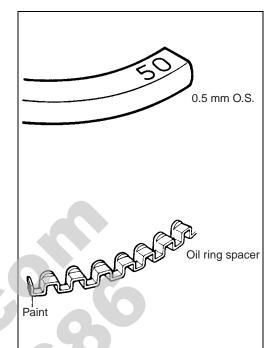
09900-20602: Dial gauge (1/1 000 mm, 1 mm) 09900-22401: Small bore gauge (10 1 8 mm)

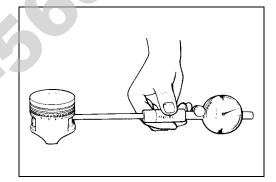
Measure the piston pin outside diameter at three positions with the micrometer. If any measurement exceeds the service limit, replace the piston pin with a new one.

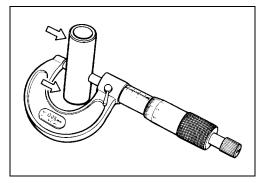
Piston pin O.D.

Service Limit: 15.980 mm (0.6291 in)

09900-20205: Micrometer (0 25 mm)



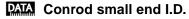




CONROD AND CRANKSHAFT

CONROD SMALL END I.D.

Measure the conrod small end inside diameter with the small bore gauge. If the conrod small end inside diameter exceeds the service limit, replace the conrod with a new one.



Service Limit: 16.040 mm (0.6315 in)

10 09900-20605: Dial calipers (10 34 mm) 09900-22401: Small bore gauge (10 1 8 mm)

CONROD DEFLECTION

Wear of the conrod big end can be estimated by checking the movement of the conrod small end. This method can also be used to check the extent of wear on the parts of the conrod big end.



DATA Conrod deflection

Service Limit: 3.0 mm (0.12 in)

1001 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-21304: V-block

CONROD BIG END SIDE CLEARANCE

Slide the conrod big end to one side and measure the side clearance with the thickness gauge. If the clearance exceeds the service limit, replace the crankshaft assembly with a new one or bring the deflection and the side clearance within the service limit by replacing the worn parts (conrod, big end bearing, crank pin, etc.) with new ones.



Conrod big end side clearance Service Limit: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

09900-20803: Thickness gauge

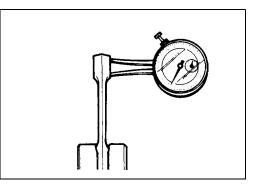
CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

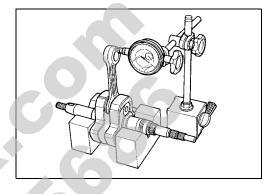
Support the crankshaft with the V-blocks and measure the crankshaft runout with the dial gauge. If the runout exceeds the service limit, correct or replace the crankshaft with a new one.

Crankshaft runout

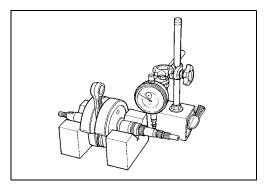
Service Limit: 0.08 mm (0.003 in)

09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09910-21304: V-block set (100 mm)









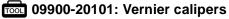
CLUTCH CLUTCH DRIVE PLATES

NOTE:

Wipe off engine oil from the clutch drive plates with a clean rag.

Measure the thickness of drive plates with a vernier calipers. If each drive plate is not within the standard range, replace it with a new one.

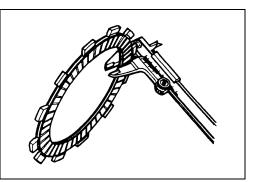
Drive plate thickness Standard: 2.7 2.9 mm (0.106 0. 114 in)

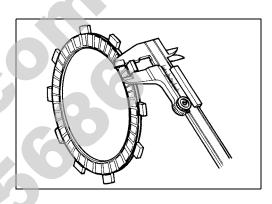


Measure the claw width of drive plates with a vernier calipers. Replace the drive plates found to have worn down to the limit.

Drive plate claw width Service Limit: 11.0 mm (0.43 in)

09900-20101: Vernier calipers





CLUTCH DRIVEN PLATES

NOTE:

Wipe off engine oil from the clutch driven plates with a clean rag.

Measure each driven plate for distortion with a thickness gauge and surface plate. Replace driven plates which exceed the limit.

DATA Driven plate distortion

Service Limit: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

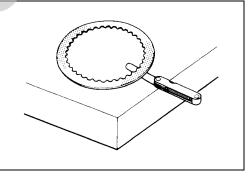
09900-20803: Thickness gauge

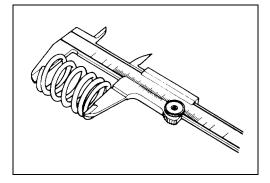
CLUTCH SPRING

Measure the free length of each coil spring with a vernier calipers, and compare the length with the specified limit. Replace all the springs if any spring is not within the limit.

Clutch spring free length Service Limit: 27.5 mm (1.08 in)

09900-20101: Vernier calipers





CLUTCH SHOES

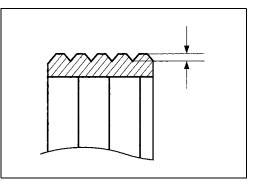
Inspect the clutch shoes for chips, cracks, uneven wear, and heat discoloration. Also, check the depth of the grooves on the clutch shoes. If there is no groove at any part of the shoes, replace the shoes as a set.

NOTE:

The clutch shoes must always be changed as a set.

ONE-WAY CLUTCH

Rotate the inner race by hand to inspect that the inner race turns in one direction only and never turns in the opposite direction. If the inner race turns in both directions or is locked, replace the one-way clutch with a new one.





CLUTCH WHEEL

Remove the inner race and one-way clutch. Inspect the condition of the clutch wheel inner surface for scuffs, scratches, cracks or uneven wear. If any damages are found, replace the clutch wheel with a new one.



STARTER CLUTCH

Remove the starter clutch securing bolts by holding the rotor with the special tool.

🚾 09930-44520: Rotor holder

Install the starter clutch in the proper direction.

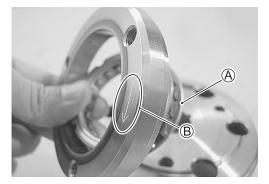
NOTE:

* When installing the starter clutch onto the rotor, make sure that the flange side (A) of the one way clutch faces to the rotor.

 * The arrow mark B must face to the engine side.

Apply engine oil to the starter clutch.





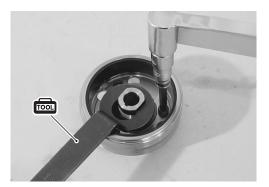
Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the bolts, and then tighten them to the specified torque with a offset wrench.

Starter clutch bolt: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)
 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303
 09930-44520: Rotor holder

Install the starter driven gear to the starter clutch.

Check that the starter driven gear turns only in counter clockwise.

If there is anything unusual, replace the one way clutch.





Check the starter driven gear bearing. If there is anything unusual, replace the bearing.

Remove the bearing with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set



A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR

Install the bearing with the special tool. 09913-70210: Bearing installer set

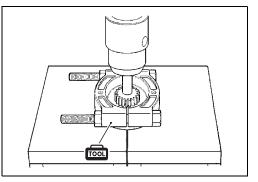
TRANSMISSION

DISASSEMBLY

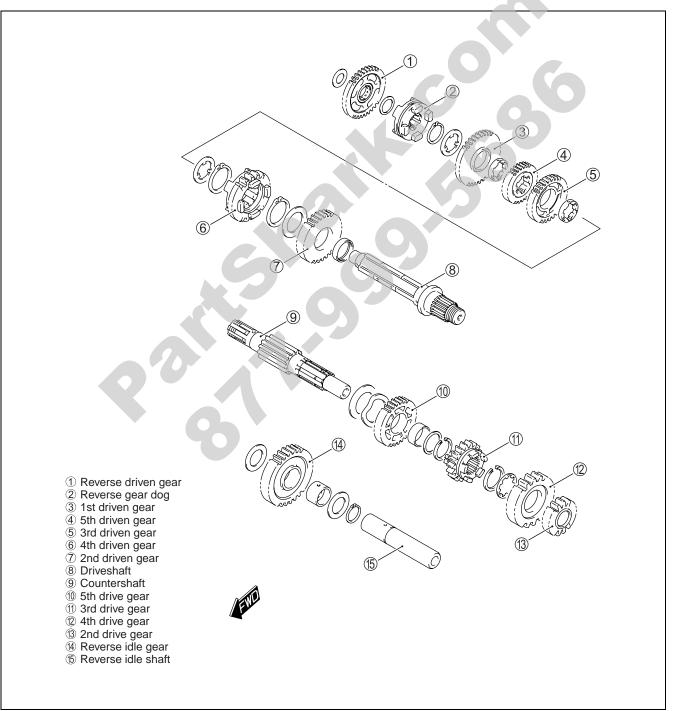
Insert the special tool between the 2nd drive gear and 4th drive gear.

Remove the 2nd drive gear by a hydraulic press.

09950-81910: Remover



Disassemble the transmission as shown.



REASSEMBLY

Assemble the transfer in the reverse order of disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

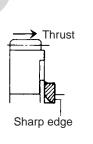
NOTE:

- * Always use new snap rings.
- * Before installing the gears, coat lightly engine oil to the shafts and gears.

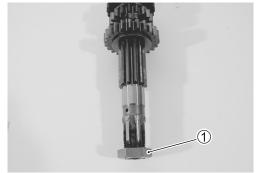
CAUTION

- * Never reuse a snap ring. After a snap ring has been removed from a shaft, it should be discarded and a new snap ring must be installed.
- * When installing a new snap ring, care must be taken not to expand the end gap larger than required to slip the snap ring over the shaft.
- * After installing a snap ring, always ensure that it is completely seated in its groove and securely fitted.

When installing a new snap ring, pay attention to the direction of the snap ring. Fit it to the side where the thrust is as shown in the figure.



Install the clutch sleeve hub nut ① onto the right end of the countershaft.



Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the internal face of the 2nd drive gear.

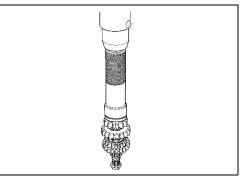
Install the 2nd drive gear by a hydraulic press and special tool.

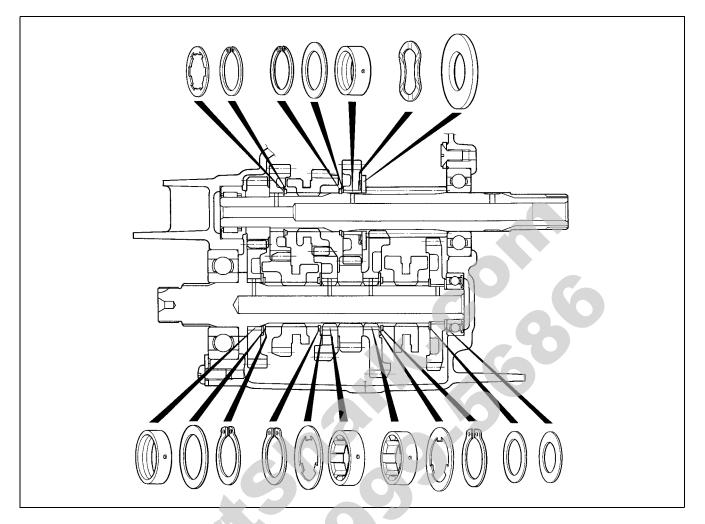
1303 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

NOTE:

After installing the 2nd drive gear, check the 4th drive gear spins smoothly with your fingers.





When installing the bushings, align the shaft hole with the bushing hole.





GEARSHIFT FORK

SHIFT FORK TO GROOVE CLEARANCE

Clearance for each gearshift fork plays an important role in the smoothness and positiveness of the shifting process.

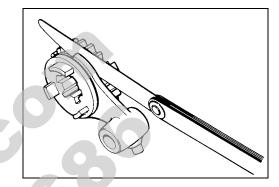
Measure the gearshift fork clearance in the groove of its respec-

tive gear with the thickness gauge.

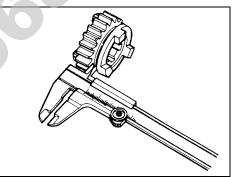
If the clearance exceeds specification, replace the fork, its respective gear, or both.

Shift fork to groove clearance Standard: 0.10 0.30 mm (0.004 0.012 in) Service Limit: 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

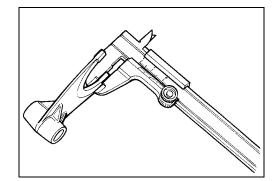
09900-20803: Thickness gauge 09900-20101: Vernier calipers



Shift fork groove width Standard: 4.50 4.60 mm (0.177 0.181 in)



Shift fork thickness Standard: 4.30 4.40 mm (0.169 0.173 in)



GENERATOR COVER

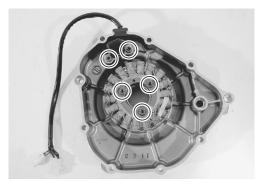
DISASSEMBLY

Remove the generator stator.

REASSEMBLY

Install the generator stator. Tighten the generator stator bolts in the specified torque.

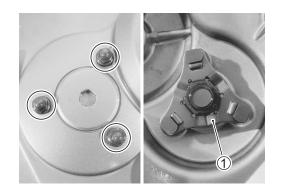
Generator stator bolt: 7 N•m (0.7 kgf-m, 5.0 lb-ft)



CLUTCH COVER

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the clutch release outer guide ①.



Remove the bearing with the special tool.

09921-20240: Bearing remover set

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal noise, the bearing removal is not necessary.



INSPECTION

Rotate the balls by hand to inspect for an abnormal noise and a smooth rotation. Replace the clutch release ball assembly if there is anything unusual.



REASSEMBLY

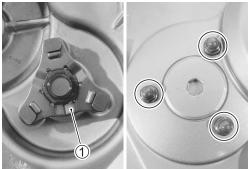
Install the bearing with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

NOTE: The bearing seal must face the clutch cover.

Install the clutch release outer guide ①.





CRANKCASE

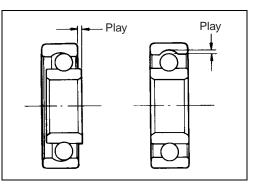
BEARING INSPECTION

Rotate the bearing inner race by finger to inspect for abnormal play, noise and smooth rotation while the bearings are in the crankcase.

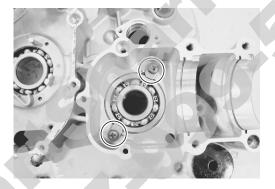
Replace the bearing in the following procedure if there is anything unusual.

BEARING REMOVAL

Remove the bearing retainers.





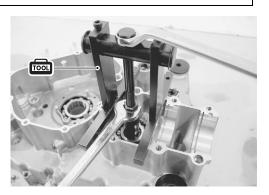


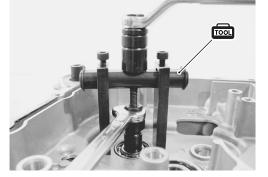
Remove the bearings with the special tools. Use proper bars for the drive bevel gear bearing removal.

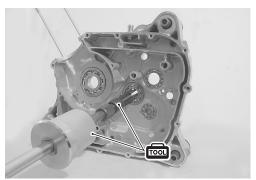
09921-20240: Bearing remover set 09923-74510: Bearing remover 09930-30104: Sliding shaft

CAUTION

The removed bearings should be replaced with new ones.





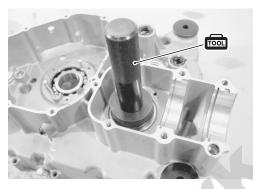


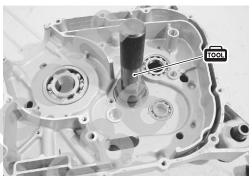
BEARING INSTALLATION

Install the bearings with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set





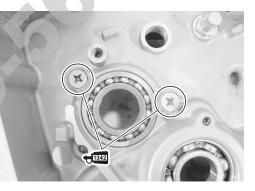


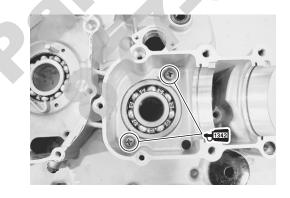
Install the bearing retainers.

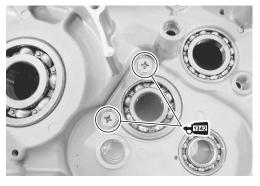
NOTE:

When installing the bearing retainers, apply a small quantity of THREAD LOCK to the screws.

€1342 09900-32050: THREAD LOCK 1342









OIL SEAL REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Remove the oil seal.

CAUTION

Replace the removed oil seal with a new one.

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the oil seal.

✓ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

NOTE:

When installing the oil seal, the stamped mark on the oil seal must face outside.

Install the oil seal with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set





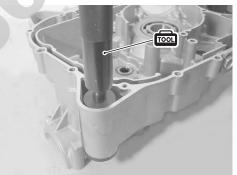
ENGINE MOUNTING RUBBER AND INSTALLATION

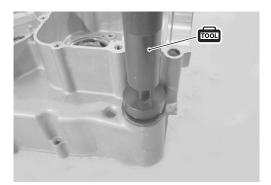
Remove and install the engine mounting rubber with the special tool.

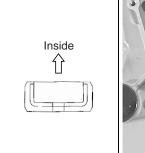
09913-70210: Bearing installer set

OIL JET INSTALLATION

Install the new oil jet in the proper direction.



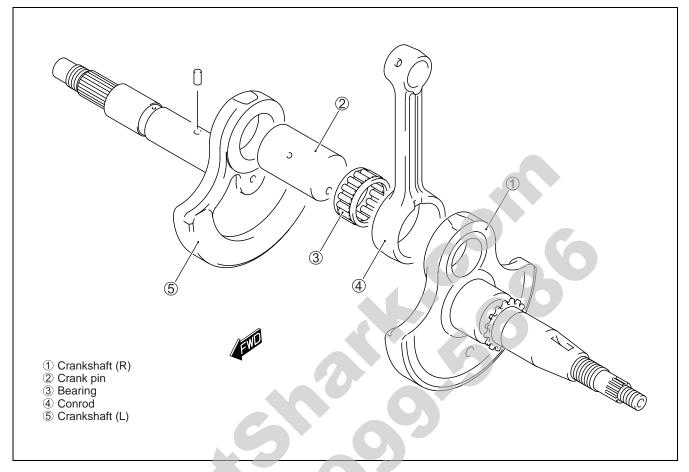






CRANKSHAFT

DISASSEMBLY

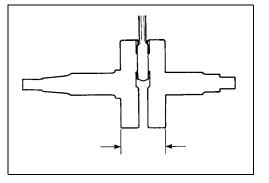


REASSEMBLY

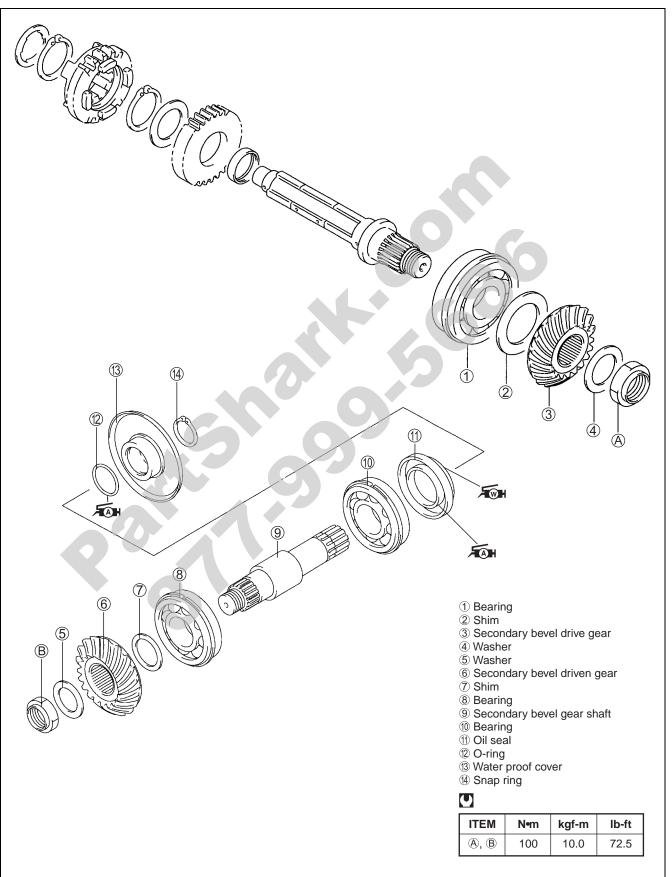
Determine the width between the webs referring to the figure when rebuilding the crankshaft.

Crank web to web width

Standard: 53.0 - 0.1mm (2.087 - 0.004 in)



DRIVE TRAIN SECONDARY BEVEL GEARS CONSTRUCTION



SECONDARY DRIVEN BEVEL GEAR REMOVAL

The following components must be removed in the described order before removing the secondary driven bevel gear.

NOTE:

Refer to the following pages for the details of each step.

Remove the rear wheel. ($\square 7-11$) Remove the swingarm. ($\square 7-56$) Remove the universal joint. Remove the secondary driven bevel gear.

SECONDARY DRIVEN BEVEL GEAR DISASSEMBLY

Remove the water proof cover ① by removing the snap ring.

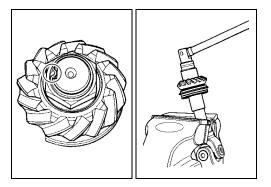
09900-06107: Snap ring pliers



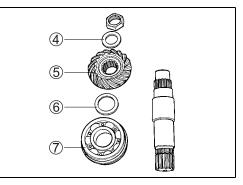
Remove the oil seal 2 and bearing 3.



Using a chisel, unlock the nut. Fit the universal joint onto the driven bevel gear shaft. Remove the driven bevel gear shaft by holding the universal joint with a vise.



Remove the washer (4), bevel gear (5), shim (6) and bearing $\widehat{\mathcal{T}}$.



INSPECTION

Inspect the removed parts for the following abnormalities.

- * Drive and driven bevel gears damage or wear
- * Improper tooth contact
- * Abnormal noise of bearings
- * Bearing damage or wear
- * Oil seal damage or wear

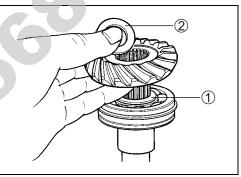
SECONDARY DRIVEN BEVEL GEAR REASSEMBLY

Install the bearing.

NOTE: Pay attention to the direction of the bearing.



Install the shim (1), driven gear and washer (2).



Fit the universal joint onto the driven bevel gear shaft. Tighten the driven bevel gear nut to the specified torque.

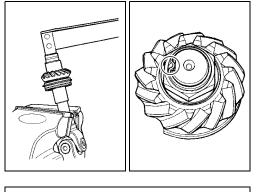
Secondary driven bevel gear nut:

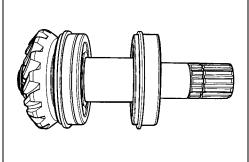
100 N•m (10.0 kgf-m, 72.5 lb-ft)

Stake the nut with a center punch.

Install the bearing.

NOTE: Pay attention to the direction of the bearing.





3-54 ENGINE

Apply 4 5 gram of WATER RESISTANCE GREASE to the outside of the seal lip groove.

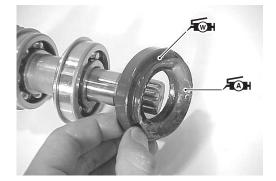
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the seal lip groove and install it.

₩ 99000-25160: WATER RESISTANCE GREASE

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-ring and install the water proof cover.

✓ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)





Install the snap ring.

09900-06107: Snap ring pliers



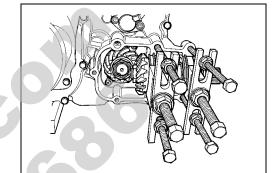
SECONDARY GEAR SHIMS ADJUSTMENT

Remove the secondary bevel gear cover.

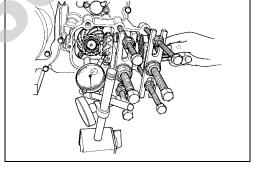
Hold the bearings with the special tool.

09921-21910: Bearing holder





Set a dial gauge on the driven bevel gear as shown.



Measure the backlash by turning the driven bevel gear shaft in each direction, reading the total backlash on the dial gauge. If the backlash is not within specification, the shim must be changed and the backlash should be re-checked until correct. Refer to the chart at the right for appropriate shim thickness.

Bevel gear backlash Standard: 0.03 0.15 mm (0.001 0.006 in)

NOTE:

Adjust the backlash by referring to the chart at the right and using the thickness of the removed shims as a guide.

Backlash	Shim adjustment
Under 0.03 mm (0.001 in)	Decrease shim thickness
0.03 0.15 mm (0.001 0.006 in)	Correct
Over 0.15 mm (0.006 in)	Increase shim thickness

For driven bevel gear (23-58)

Part No.	Shim thickness
09181-25051	0.60 mm (0.0236 in)
09181-25052	0.65 mm (0.0256 in)
09181-25053	0.70 mm (0.0276 in)
09181-25054	0.75 mm (0.0295 in)
09181-25055	0.80 mm (0.0315 in)
09181-25056	0.85 mm (0.0335 in)
09181-25057	0.90 mm (0.0354 in)
09181-25058	0.95 mm (0.0374 in)
09181-25059	1.00 mm (0.0394 in)
09181-25060	1.05 mm (0.0413 in)
09181-25061	1.10 mm (0.0433 in)
09181-25062	1.15 mm (0.0453 in)
09181-25063	1.20 mm (0.0472 in)

TOOTH CONTACT

After backlash adjustment is carried out, the tooth contact must be checked. Pay attention to the following procedures:

Remove the driven bevel gear.

Clean and degrease several teeth of the drive and driven bevel gears.

Apply a coating of machinists layout dye or paste to several teeth of the driven bevel gear.

Install the driven bevel gear.

Rotate the driven bevel gear several turns in both directions. Remove the driven bevel gear and inspect the coated teeth of the drive bevel gear. The tooth contact pattern should be as shown in (1, 2) and (3).

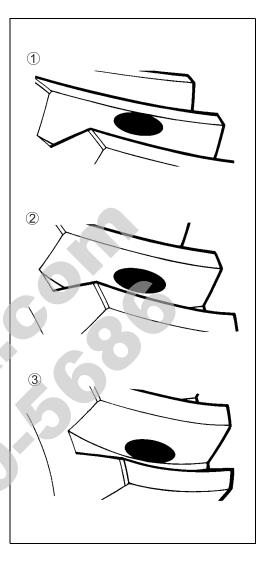
If tooth contact is found to be correct (example ②), go to the ENGINE REASSEMBLY section on page 3-59 to complete installation.

- ① Incorrect (contact at tooth top)
- ② Correct
- ③ Incorrect (contact at tooth root)

If tooth contact is found to be incorrect (examples ① and ③), the shim thickness between the drive bevel gear and driven bevel gear must be changed and the tooth contact rechecked until correct.

CAUTION

Make sure to check the backlash after the tooth contact has been adjusted, since it may have changed. Adjust the tooth contact and backlash until they are both within specification. If the correct tooth contact cannot be maintained when adjusting the backlash, replace the drive and driven bevel gears.

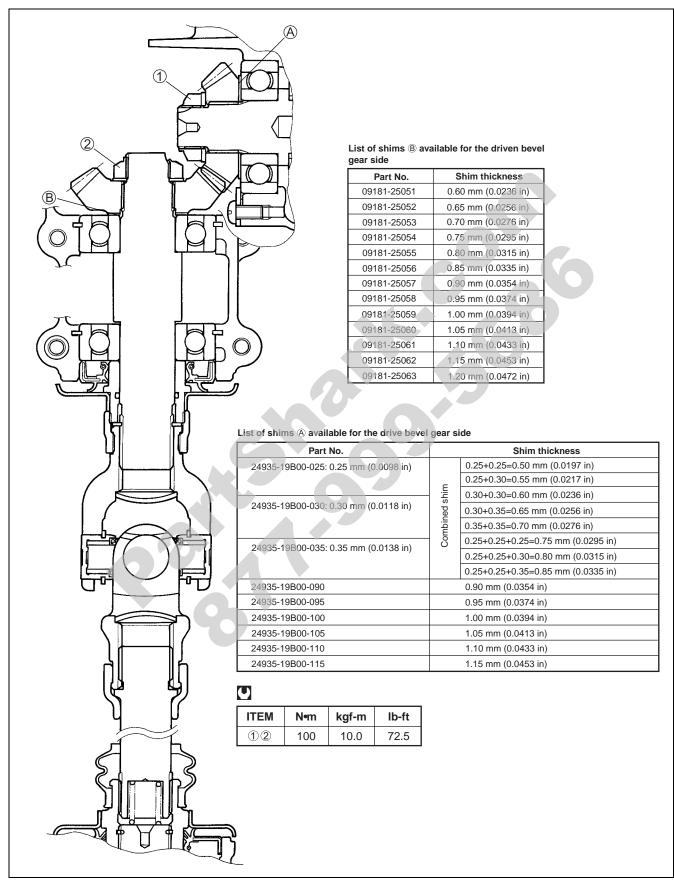


Tooth contact	Drive bevel gear shim adjustment	Driven bevel gear shim adjustment
Contact at tooth top ①	Increase shim thickness	Increase shim thickness
Contact at tooth root ③	Decrease shim thickness	Decrease shim thickness

For drive bevel gear (

Part No.	Shim thickness		
24935-19B00-025: 0.25 mm (0.0098 in)		0.25+0.25=0.50 mm (0.0197 in)	
		0.25+0.30=0.55 mm (0.0217 in)	
	hin	0.30+0.30=0.60 mm (0.0236 in)	
24935-19B00-030: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in)	ls p	0.30+0.35=0.65 mm (0.0256 in)	
	bine	0.35+0.35=0.70 mm (0.0276 in)	
24935-19B00-035: 0.35 mm (0.0138 in)	Combined shim	0.25+0.25+0.25=0.75 mm (0.0295 in)	
		0.25+0.25+0.30=0.80 mm (0.0315 in)	
		0.25+0.25+0.35=0.85 mm (0.0335 in)	
24935-19B00-090		0.90 mm (0.0354 in)	
24935-19B00-095		0.95 mm (0.0374 in)	
24935-19B00-100		1.00 mm (0.0394 in)	
24935-19B00-105		1.05 mm (0.0413 in)	
24935-19B00-110		1.10 mm (0.0433 in)	
24935-19B00-115		1.15 mm (0.0453 in)	

REASSEMBLY INFORMATION



ENGINE REASSEMBLY

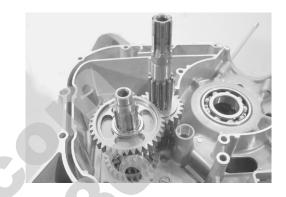
Reassemble the engine in the reverse order of disassembly. Pay special attention to the following points:

NOTE:

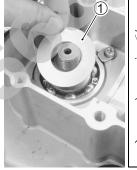
Apply engine oil to each running and sliding part before reassembling.

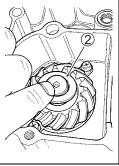
ENGINE BOTTOM SIDE

DRIVE TRAIN Install the driveshaft and countershaft assembly.



DRIVE BEVEL GEAR Install the shim ①. Install the drive bevel gear and washer ②.





Fit the special tool onto the driveshaft. 09930-73150: Output shaft holder

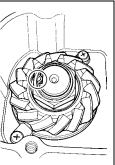
Tighten the secondary drive bevel gear nut to the specified torque by holding the special tool with a vise.

Secondary drive bevel gear nut:

100 N•m (10.0 kgf-m, 72.5 lb-ft)

Stake the nut with a center punch.





CRANKSHAFT

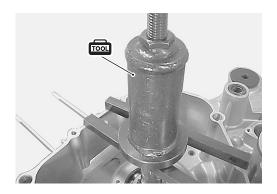
When mounting the crankshaft in the crankcase, it is necessary to pull its left end into the crankcase with the special tool.

NOTE:

Use proper bars.

09910-32812: Crankshaft installer

Install the reverse dog and washer ①.



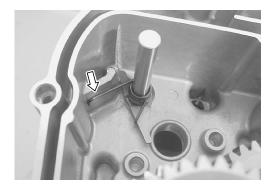


Install the reverse driven gear and washer ②.



Reassemble the shift cam lock shaft.

Install the shift cam lock shaft by fitting the spring end to the stopper properly.

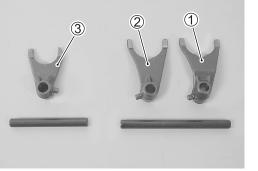


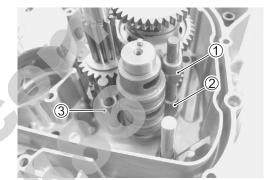
Install the gearshift cam. Install the gearshift forks and shafts as shown.

NOTE:

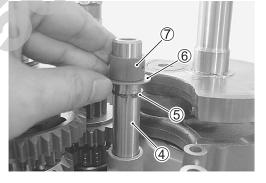
Each fork differs in shape.

- ① For reverse/1st gear
- 2 For 2nd/3rd gear
- ③ For 4th/5th gear





Install the reverse idle gear shaft (4). Install the snap ring (5), washer (6) and spacer (7).



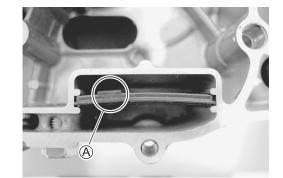


Install the reverse idle gear (8) and washer (9).

OIL SUMP FILTER

Clean the oil sump filter by using compressed air.

Install the oil sump filter as its projection (A) faces upward.



CRANKCASE

Wipe the crankcase mating surfaces (both surfaces) with a cleaning solvent.

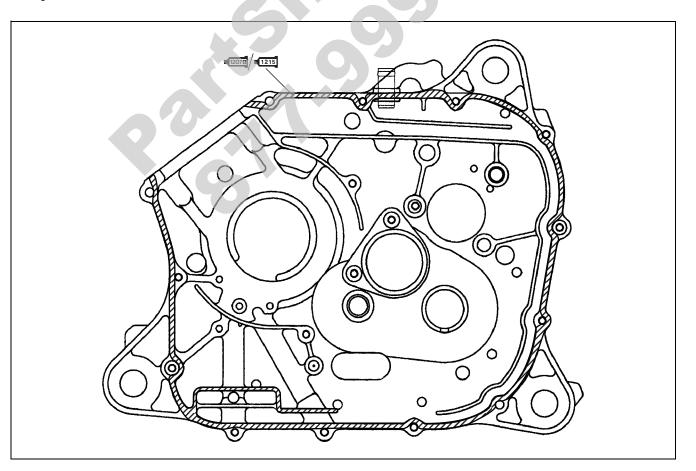
Fit the dowel pins onto the left half on the crankcase.

Apply engine oil to the conrod big end and gears.



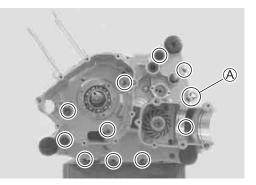
Apply SUZUKI BOND to the mating surface of the right crankcase.

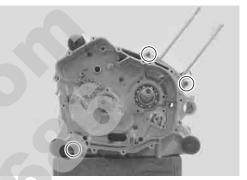
■1207E 99104-31140: SUZUKI BOND 1207B (USA) ■1215 99000-31110: SUZUKI BOND 1215 (Others)



Assemble the crankcase within a few minutes.

NOTE: Fit the clamp to the bolt (A). Crankcase bolt: 11 N•m (1.1 kgf-m, 8.0 lb-ft)







CAM CHAIN

Install the cam chain.

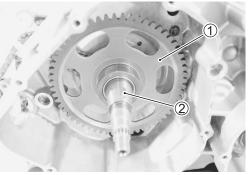
GENERATOR Install the starter driven gear ①. Install the key ②.

NOTE:

Degrease the tapered portion of the generator rotor assembly and also the crankshaft. Use nonflammable cleaning solvent to wipe off the oily or greasy matter to make these surfaces completely dry.

Install the generator rotor and tighten the generator rotor nut to the specified torque with the special tool.

Generator rotor nut: 160 N•m (16.0 kgf-m, 115.5 lb-ft) 09930-44520: Rotor holder

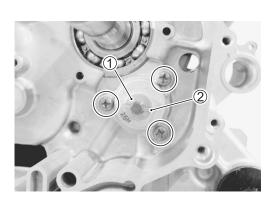




OIL PUMP

Install the oil pump. Install the washer ① and pin ②.

Install the oil pump driven gear and E-ring.





OIL PUMP DRIVE GEAR

Install the pin . Install the oil pump drive gear.

NOTE: Flange side of the gear is positioned inside.

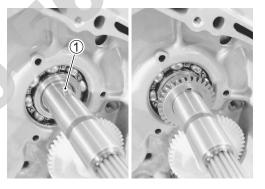
GEARSHIFT

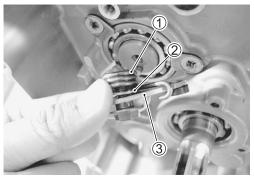
Install the spring ①, washer ② and gearshift cam stopper ③.

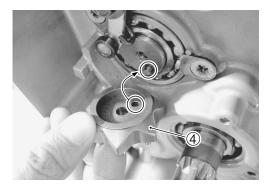
NOTE:

Fit the spring end to the stopper properly.

Install the the gearshift cam plate ④.



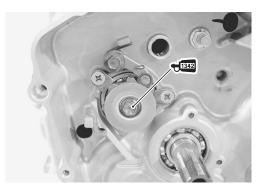


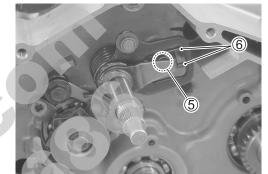


Apply THREAD LOCK to the gearshift cam bolt and install the gearshift cam plate guide.

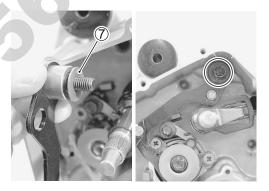
€1342 99000-32050: THREAD LOCK 1342

Install the gearshift cam shaft assembly so that the stopper (5) comes between the spring ends (6).





Install the washer $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{D}}}$ and gearshift arm.



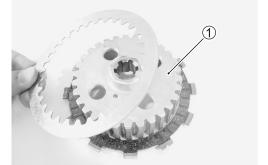
CLUTCH

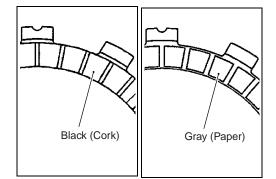
Apply engine oil to each of the clutch drive/driven plate. Install the clutch drive/driven plates one by one onto the clutch sleeve hub ①.

DRIVE PLATE (Black)...... 5 pcs (Gray)...... 1 pc DRIVEN PLATE 5 pcs

NOTE:

The gray drive plate should be installed at the last.





Install the clutch pressure plate ②.

Align the clutch drive plates in line to facilitate later assembly.

Install the washer 3 onto the countershaft.



Install the primary driven gear assembly. Install the washer 4.

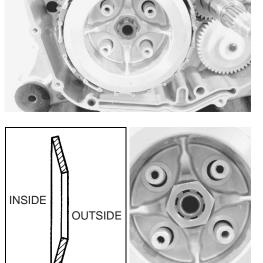


Install the clutch sleeve hub assembly into the primary driven gear assembly.

Install the washer and clutch sleeve hub nut.

NOTE:

The convex side of the washer faces outside.



Washer

Tighten the clutch sleeve hub nut to the specified torque with the special tool.

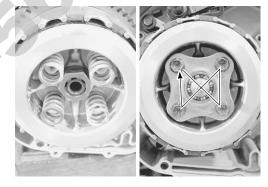
Clutch sleeve hub nut: 100 N•m (10.0 kgf-m, 72.5 lb-ft) 09920-53730: Clutch sleeve hub holder

Stake the clutch sleeve hub nut with a center punch.





Install the clutch springs and clutch release plate. Tighten the clutch spring bolts diagonally.







Install the one-way clutch onto the clutch wheel with the \rightarrow mark facing inside.

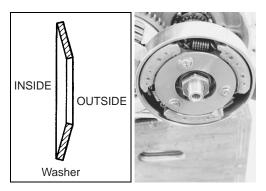
Install the one-way clutch inner race with the groove (A) facing inside.

Install the clutch wheel assembly.

Install the clutch shoes.

Install the washer as its convex side faces outside.

Before installing the clutch shoe nut, apply engine oil to the thread and inside surface of the nut.



While holding the generator rotor with the special tool, tighten the clutch shoe nut to the specified torque.

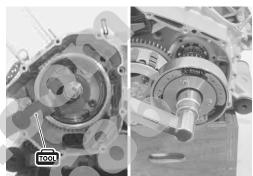
09930-44520: Generator rotor holder

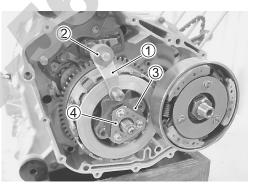
CAUTION

The clutch shoe nut has left-hand threads.

Clutch shoe nut: 140 N•m (14.0 kgf-m, 101.5 lb-ft)

Install the clutch release arm ① and washer ② clutch release ball inner guide ③ and release ball assembly ④.

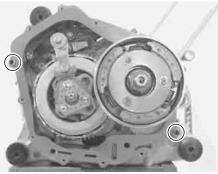


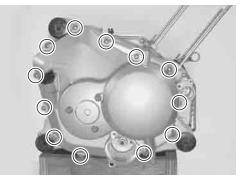


CLUTCH COVER

Install the dowel pins and new gasket.

Install the clutch cover.





OIL FILTER

Before installing the oil filter, fit new O-rings and apply engine oil lightly to them.

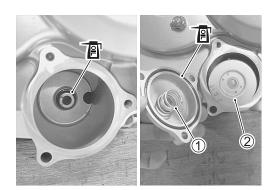
Install the spring 1 and oil filter 2.

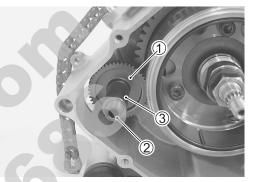
CAUTION

Use new O-rings to prevent oil leakage.

STARTER IDLE GEAR

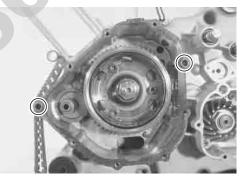
Install the idle driven gear ①, shaft ② and spacer ③.





GENERATOR COVER

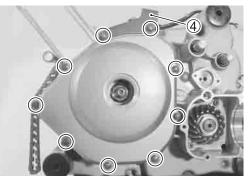
Install the dowel pins and new gasket.



Install the reverse lock release cable holder 4 and tighten the generator cover bolt.

SECONDARY DRIVEN BEVEL GEAR

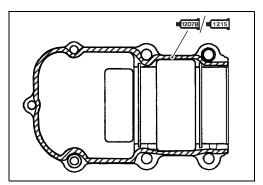
Install the secondary driven bevel gear shaft assembly 1. Install the dowel pins.





Apply SUZUKI BOND to the mating surface of the secondary bevel gear cover.

■1207B 99104-31140: SUZUKI BOND 1207B (USA) ■1215 99000-31110: SUZUKI BOND 1215 (Others)



Install the secondary bevel gear cover.



NEUTRAL SWITCH

Install the springs and switch contacts. Fit new O-ring and install the neutral switch ①. Tighten the neutral switch bolts to the specified torque.

Neutral switch bolt: 7 N•m (0.7 kgf-m, 5.0 lb-ft)



ENGINE TOP SIDE

PISTON

Install the piston rings in the order of oil ring, 2nd ring and 1st ring.

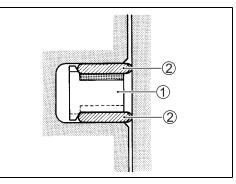
The first member to go into the oil ring groove is a spacer ①. After placing the spacer, fit the two side rails ②.

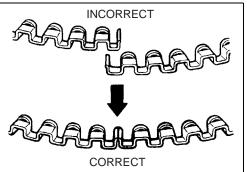
NOTE:

Side designations, top and bottom, are not applied to the spacer and side rails: Those can be positioned each either way.

CAUTION

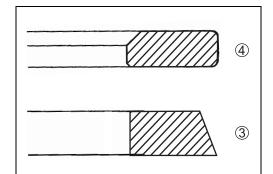
When installing the spacer, be careful not to allow its two ends to overlap in the groove.



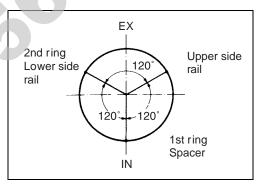


Install the 2nd ring ③ and the 1st ring ④.

NOTE: 1st ring and 2nd ring differ in shape.



1st ring







marked side to the top when fitting it to the piston.

1st ring has letter R marked on the side. Be sure to bring the

the piston into the cylinder, check that the gaps are so located.

Position the gaps of the three rings as shown. Before inserting

Apply engine oil to the piston pin. Install the piston and piston pin.

NOTE:

When installing the piston, the punched mark \triangle on the piston head is located to the exhaust side.

Place a cloth beneath the piston, install the circlip (5).

CAUTION

Use new piston pin circlips to prevent circlip failure with bent ones.

CYLINDER

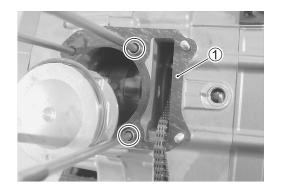
Fit the dowel pins and new gasket 1.

CAUTION

Use a new gasket to prevent gas leakage.

NOTE:

- * The dowel pins are identified by their length.
- * Shorter ones A are for cylinder base.
- * Apply engine oil to the piston ring grooves and cylinder wall.





Hold each piston ring with proper position, insert the piston into the cylinder.

CAUTION

When installing the cylinder and cylinder head, pull the cam chain upward, or the chain will be caught between the crankcase and cam drive sprocket.

Tighten the cylinder base nuts (M6) temporarily.

NOTE:

Fit the clamp under the nut B.

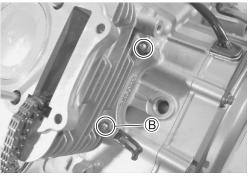
CYLINDER HEAD

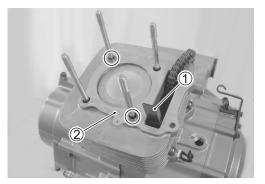
Install the cam chain guide ①. Fit the dowel pins and new cylinder head gasket ②.

CAUTION

Use new gasket to prevent gas leakage.





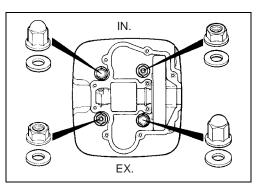


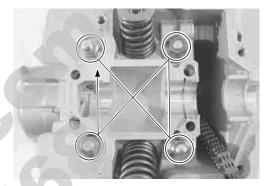
Install the cylinder head.

Install the washers and cylinder head nuts (M8) as shown.

Tighten the cylinder head nuts (M8) diagonally to the specified torque.

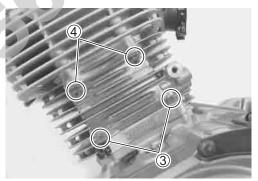
Cylinder head nut (M8): 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)





Tighten the cylinder base nuts (M6) 3 and head nuts (M6) 4 to the specified torque.

Cylinder base nut (M6): 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft) Cylinder head nut (M6): 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft)



CAMSHAFT

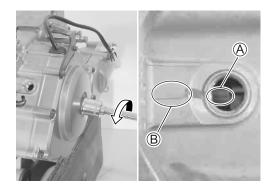
Turn the crankshaft until the TDC line B on the generator rotor aligns with the index mark B on the crankcase.

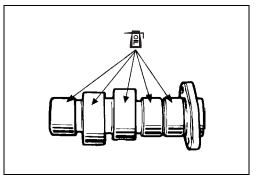
CAUTION

Pull the cam chain upward, or the chain will be caught between crankcase and cam drive sprocket.

NOTE:

Before installing the camshaft to the cylinder head, apply engine oil to the camshaft journals and cam faces.





Install the camshaft and camshaft sprocket.

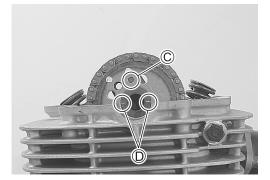
Engage the hole of the sprocket \mathbbm{C} with the locating pin on the camshaft as shown.

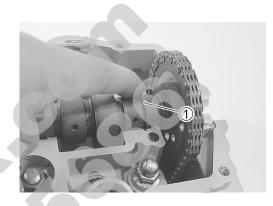
Align the lines \bigcirc on the camshaft so that they are parallel with the surface of the cylinder head.

NOTE:

- * Do not rotate the generator while doing this. When the sprocket is not positioned correctly, turn the sprocket.
- * While aligning the lines D, remove chain slack by turning the sprocket counterclockwise lightly.

Install the C-ring 1.





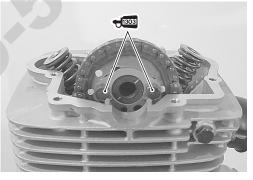
Install the lock washer as it covers the locating pin. Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the bolts and tighten them to the specified torque.

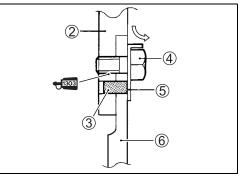
1303 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303

Camshaft sprocket bolt: 11 Nem (1.1 kgf-m, 8.0 lb-ft)



- Bend up the washer tongue to lock the bolts.
- 2 Camshaft
- ③ Pin
- ④ Bolt
- (5) Lock washer
- ⑥ Camshaft sprocket





Turn the crankshaft until the TDC line \bigcirc on the generator rotor aligns with the index mark \bigcirc on the crankcase.

CYLINDER HEAD COVER

Clean the mating surface of the cylinder head and head cover before matching.

Install the dowel pins to the cylinder head.

Apply SUZUKI BOND to the periphery of the camshaft end cap ① and fit it

99000-31230: SUZUKI BOND 1216B

Apply SUZUKI BOND to the mating surface of the cylinder head cover.

1216B 99000-31230: SUZUKI BOND 1216B

Tighten the cylinder head cover bolts to the specified torque.

Cylinder head cover bolt: 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft)

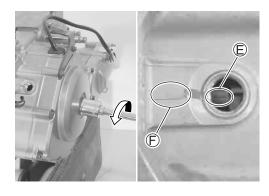
Fit the washer to the bolt A.

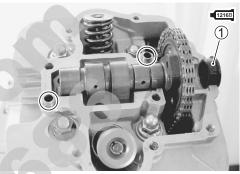
CAM CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTER

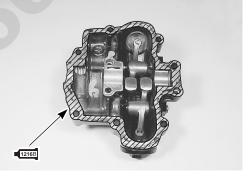
After removing the spring holder bolt and spring, unlock the ratchet mechanism 1 and push in the push rod 2 all the way.

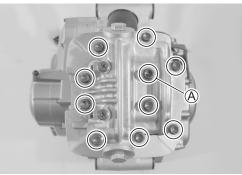
NOTE:

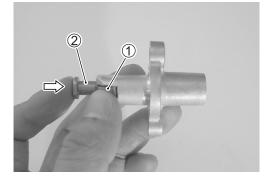
Before installing the cam chain tension adjuster, unlock the ratchet mechanism 1 and move the push rod 2 in place to see if it slides smoothly.











Install new gasket 3 and cam chain tension adjuster to the cylinder block and tighten its mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Cam chain tension adjuster bolt:

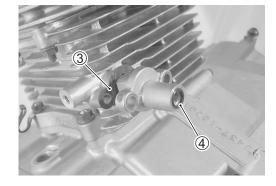
10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft)

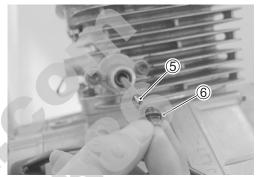
Install new O-ring ④.

Install the spring and pin (5). Tighten the spring holder bolt (6) to the specified torque.

Cam chain tension adjuster spring holder bolt: 8 N•m (0.8 kgf-m, 6.0 lb-ft)

Adjust the valve clearance. (2-5)

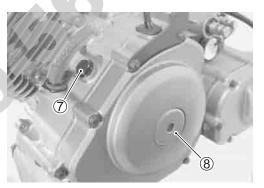




Tighten the valve timing inspection plug O and generator cover cap (8) to the specified torque.

Valve timing inspection plug:

23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft) Generator cover cap: 15 N•m (1.5 kgf-m, 11.0 lb-ft)





Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to new O-ring.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install the starter motor and tighten the starter mortor mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Starter motor mounting bolt: 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft)

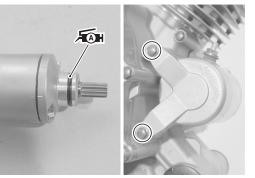
SPARK PLUG

Tighten the spark plug to the specified torque. (2-8)

Spark plug: 18 N•m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft)

09930-10121: Spark plug wrench set

Mount the engine. (3-8)



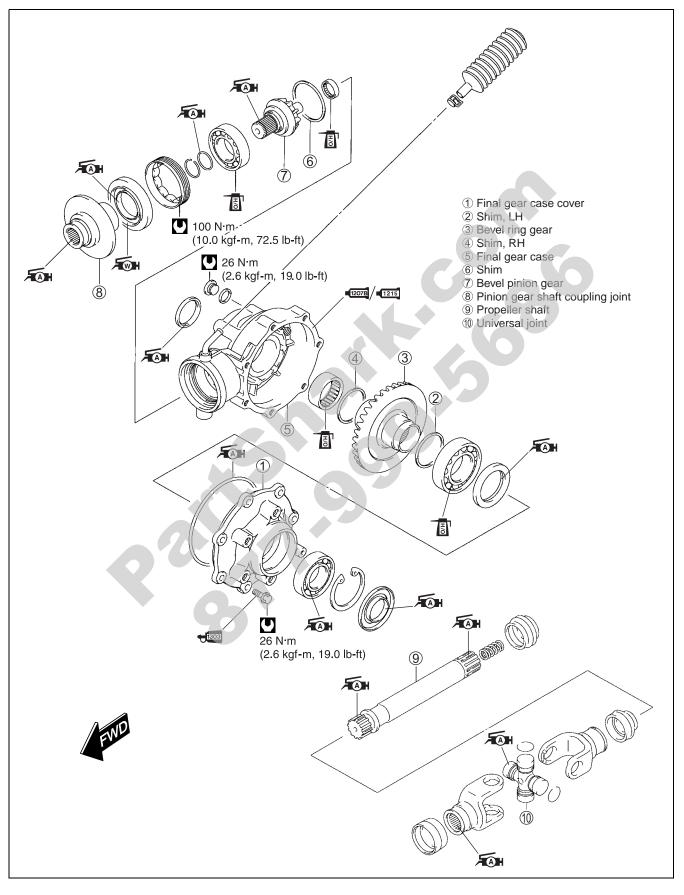


DRIVE TRAIN

CONTENTS

REAR DRIVING SYSTEM	
REAR DRIVE REMOVAL	4- 3
REAR DRIVE DISASSEMBLY	
REAR DRIVE INSPECTION	

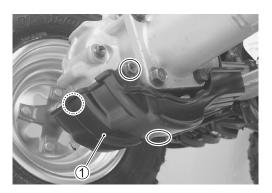
REAR DRIVING SYSTEM

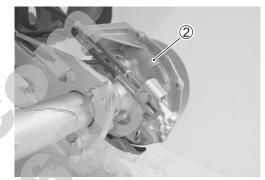


REAR DRIVE REMOVAL

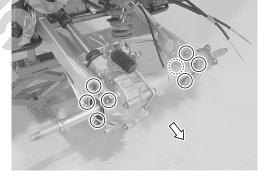
Remove the final gear case under cover ①. Drain gear oil. (\bigcirc 2-11)

Remove the rear wheels. $(\Box \mathcal{F}^{-7}-11)$ Remove the rear wheel hubs. $(\Box \mathcal{F}^{-7}-11)$ Remove the rear brake 2. $(\Box \mathcal{F}^{-7}-46)$





Remove the axle housing set bolts/nuts. Remove the final gear case together with the propeller shaft.





Remove the propeller shaft and spring ③ from the final gear case.

Remove the axle housing/final gear case bolts.

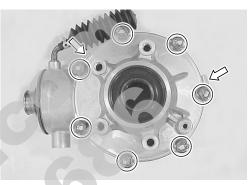
mallet.

Remove the rear axle together with the axle housing. Remove the O-ring 4.



REAR DRIVE DISASSEMBLY

FINAL GEAR CASE Remove the final gear case cover bolts diagonally and evenly. Pry the cover at the arrows as shown by tapping with a plastic



Remove the ring gear and shims.



Remove the dust seal with the special tool.

09913-50121: Oil seal remover

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the dust seal removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed dust seal must be replaced with a new one.



Remove the snap ring.

Remove the O-ring ①.

Drive out the bearing from the other side with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the bearing removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.

Remove the bearing and oil seal with a suitable tool.

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the bearing/oil seal removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed bearing and oil seal must be replaced with the new ones.

Remove the oil seal with a suitable tool.

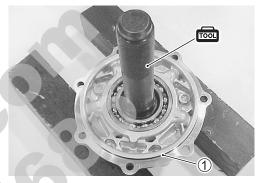
NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the oil seal removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed oil seal must be replaced with a new one.









Remove the bearing with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the bearing removal is not necessary.

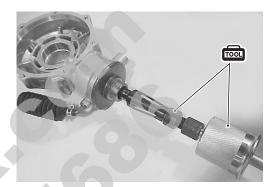
CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.

Remove the pinion gear shaft coupling joint with the special tools.

09923-74510: Bearing remover 09930-30104: Sliding shaft





Remove the oil seal with a suitable tool.

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the oil seal removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed oil seal must be replaced with a new one.

Unstake the bearing locknut with a small chisel or drill.





Remove the bearing locknut with the special tool.

09921-21820: Bearing locknut wrench

CAUTION

Replace the bearing locknut with a new one.

Remove the pinion gear assembly and shim.

Remove the stopper ring 1 and O-ring 2.





Remove the bearing with a commercially available bearing puller or a hydraulic press.

NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the bearing removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed O-ring and bearing must be replaced with the new ones.

Remove the pinion gear pilot bearing with the special tools.

09921-20210: Bearing remover 09930-30104: Sliding shaft

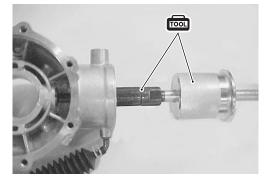
NOTE:

If there is no abnormal condition, the bearing removal is not necessary.

CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.



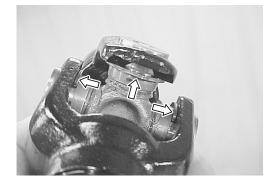


UNIVERSAL JOINT

Remove the C-rings from the universal joint.

CAUTION

Replace the removed C-rings with new ones.

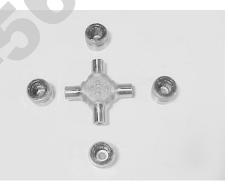


Remove the bearings by tapping with the special tool and a hammer.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

Remove the universal joint.





REAR DRIVE INSPECTION

PROPELLER SHAFT

Inspect the splines of the propeller shaft for wear or damage. Also, inspect the boot for cuts or damage.

If any defects are found, replace the propeller shaft and its boot with new ones.

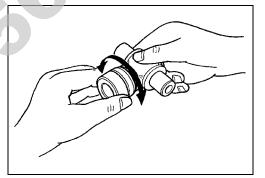
UNIVERSAL JOINT

Inspect the universal joint and outer surface of the bearing for scuffing, wear and damage. If any defects are found, replace the bearings and universal joint as a set.





Insert the universal joint to the bearing and check the play by turning the universal joint, as shown. If excessive play is noted, replace the bearing with a new one.





FINAL GEAR CASE

Inspect the gear case, case cover, oil seals and dust seal for wear or damage.

If any wear or damage is found, replace the oil seal or dust seal with a new one.

OIL SEAL REMOVAL CF 4-4 to -6



Check the outer race play and smooth rotation of the bearing by hand while it is on the pinion gear shaft.

Inspect the pinion gear for wear or damage.

If the pinion gear is damaged, inspect the ring gear also.

If any defects are found, replace the bearing and gear with the new ones.

BEARING AND GEAR REMOVAL 374-7

Inspect the ring gear for wear or damage.

If the ring gear is damaged, inspect the pinion gear.

If any defects are found, replace the ring gear with a new one.





Check the gear case and case cover bearings for wear or damage.

If any wear or damage is found, replace the bearing with a new one.

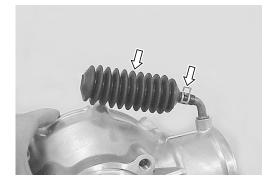
BEARING REMOVAL 17 4-5 to -7





Check the breather rubber case for wear or damage. Also, check that the joint of the rubber case fits tightly.



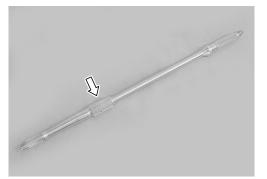


REAR AXLE

Inspect the splines of the rear axle and splines of the ring gear for wear or damage.

If any wear or damage is found, replace the rear axle and ring gear with the new ones.

Check the axle shaft runout. (27-61)





REAR DRIVE REASSEMBLY

Reassemble the rear drive in the reverse order of disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

NOTE:

Before reassembly, thoroughly clean all parts in cleaning solvent.

FINAL GEAR CASE OIL SEAL

Install new oil seals into the gear case and case cover with the special tool.

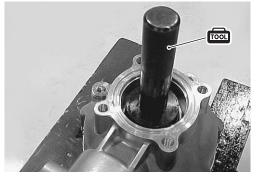
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the new oil seal lips.

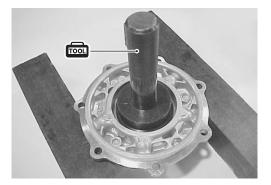
09913-70210: Bearing installer set

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

NOTE:

The marked side of the oil seal should be positioned outside. $(\Box \mathcal{F} 4-21)$



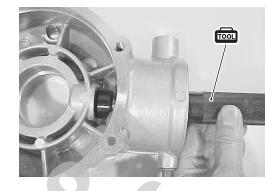


FINAL GEAR CASE BEARING

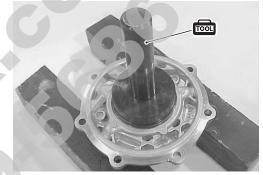
Drive the bearings into the gear case and case cover with the special tool.











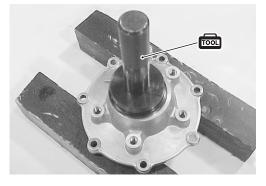
DUST SEAL

Fix the bearing race with the snap ring. Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the bearing.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others) Install new dust seal with the special tool and then apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the seal lip.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)



BEVEL PINION GEAR SHAFT BEARING

Drive the bearing onto the shaft with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

BEVEL PINION GEAR/SHIM/LOCKNUT [FINAL ASSEMBLY]

Install new O-ring 1 onto the pinion gear shaft. Install the shim, pinion gear assembly and new bearing locknut.

Tighten new bearing locknut to the specified torque.

09921-21820: Bearing locknut wrench

Bearing locknut: 100 N•m (10.0 kgf-m, 72.5 lb-ft)

NOTE:

After the backlash and tooth contact have been checked or adjusted (\bigcirc 4-18), stake the nut with a center punch.





BEVEL PINION GEAR SHAFT OIL SEAL

Install new stopper ring to pinion gear shaft securely.

Install new oil seal to the gear case with the special tool. Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the new oil seal lip groove.

09913-85210: Bearing/oil seal installer

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

NOTE:

After the backlash and tooth contact have been checked or adjusted, install the oil seal.

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the splines of the pinion gear shaft and install the pinion gear shaft coupling joint by tapping with a plastic mallet.

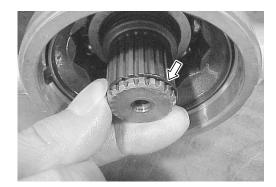
→ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Apply 4 5 gram of WATER RESISTANCE GREASE to the outside of seal lip groove.

₩ 99000-25160: WATER RESISTANCE GREASE

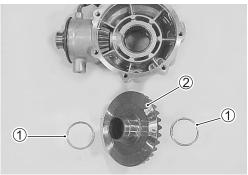
BEVEL RING GEAR/SHIM

Fit the removed shims 1 on both sides of the ring gear, then install the ring gear 2.









FINAL GEAR CASE COVER/GEAR CASE [FINAL ASSEMBLY]

Coat new O-ring with SUZUKI SUPER GREASE and apply SUZUKI BOND to the mating surface of the cover, then install the gear case cover.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

■1207E 99104-31140: SUZUKI BOND 1207B (USA) ■1215 99000-31110: SUZUKI BOND 1215 (Others)

NOTE:

After the backlash and tooth contact have been checked or adjusted ($\bigcirc 7$ 4-18), install new O-ring and apply SUZUKI BOND.

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the case cover bolts and tighten them to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern.

€ 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303

Gear case cover bolt: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

NOTE:

After the backlash and tooth contact have been checked or adjusted, apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the case cover bolts.

UNIVERSAL JOINT

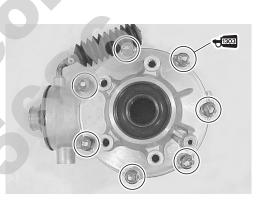
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the bearing and its dust seal lip.

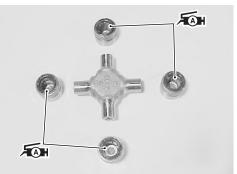
₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install the universal joint and bearings with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set



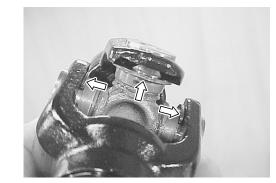






Install new C-rings by tapping with a copper hammer.

After reassembling the universal joint, check the joint movement smoothly. If a large resistance is felt to movement, tap the bearing with a plastic mallet lightly.





REAR DRIVE INSTALLATION

Install the rear drive in the reverse order of removal. Pay attention to the following points:

Coat new O-ring with SUZUKI SUPER GREASE and install it into the groove in the gear case.

99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the splines of the axle.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)



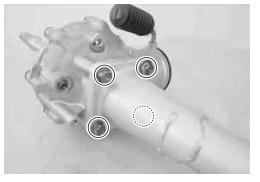


Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the axle housing/final gear case bolts, and tighten them to the specified torque.

1303 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303

Axle housing/final gear case bolt:

65 N•m (6.5 kgf-m, 47.0 lb-ft)



Install the spring into the rear end of the propeller shaft. Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the splines of the propeller shaft.

A 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)





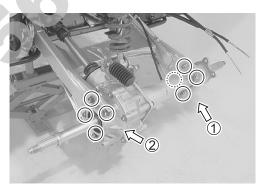
Tighten the axle housing set bolts/nuts 1 (RH) and 2 (LH) to the specified torque of each.

Axle housing set bolt/nut ① (RH):

60 N•m (6.0 kgf-m, 43.5 lb-ft)

Axle housing set bolt/nut ② (LH):

65 N•m (6.5 kgf-m, 47.0 lb-ft)



Pour the specified hypoid gear oil (SAE #90) in through the filler hole. (272-12) Install the rear brake. (277-51) Install the rear wheels. (277-15)

SHIM ADJUSTMENT

BACKLASH

Install the pinion gear assembly, removed shim and new bearing locknut. (1374-13)

Tighten the bearing locknut to the specified torque.

(1374-13)

NOTE:

At this time, it is not necessary to stake the bearing locknut. $(\Box \mathcal{F} 4-13)$

Install the removed right side shim and ring gear. ($\Box J = 4-14$) Measure the backlash using the dial gauge, as shown. Take backlash readings at several places while turning the pinion gear shaft in each direction and securely holding the ring gear. If the backlash is not within specification, the shim must be changed and the backlash should be re-checked until correct. Refer to the chart at the right for the appropriate shim thickness.

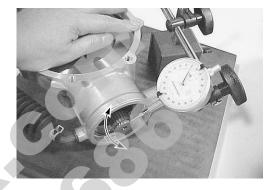
DATA Backlash

Standard: 0.05 0.30 mm (0.0020 0.0 118 in)

NOTE:

Adjust the backlash by referring to the chart at the right and using the thickness of the removed shim as a guide.

Backlash	Shim adjustment	
Under 0.05 mm		
(0.0020 in)	Increase shim thickness	
0.05 0.30 mm	Corroct	
(0.0020 0.0118 in)	Correct	
Over 0.30 mm	Deeree of this this knows	
(0.0118 in)	Decrease shim thickness	



For right side of ring gear (274-21)

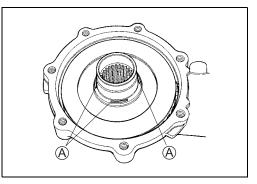
	· ·
Part No.	Shim thickness
	1.26 mm (0.0496 in)
	1.32 mm (0.0520 in)
	1.38 mm (0.0543 in)
27407-05820	1.44 mm (0.0567 in)
(Shim set: 10 pcs)	1.50 mm (0.0591 in)
(011111 000 10 p00)	1.56 mm (0.0614 in)
	1.62 mm (0.0638 in)
	1.68 mm (0.0661 in)
	1.74 mm (0.0685 in)
	1.80 mm (0.0709 in)

LEFT SIDE SHIM SELECTION

After the backlash has been checked or adjusted, put a few pieces of solder A (O.D.: 1.4 2.0 mm L: 6 mm) on the ring gear back side, as shown.

NOTE:

- * Do not install the left side shim at this time.
- * Apply a small quantity of grease to the solders to prevent them from falling.



Install the final gear case cover and tighten its bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern. (2^{-3} -4-15)

NOTE:

- * It is not necessary to install the O-ring to the final gear case cover at this time.
- * Do not apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the final gase cover bolts at this time.

Final gear case cover bolt: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

Remove the final gear case cover. (2-4-4)

Measure the thickness of compressed solder with the micrometer.

09900-20205: Micrometer





Select the proper size of shim from the right chart, according as the compressed solder thickness.

After selecting the proper size of shim, install it on the ring gear back side.

For left side of ring gear (274-21)

Part No.	Shim thickness
27407-05820 (Shim set: 10 pcs)	1.26 mm (0.0496 in)
	1.32 mm (0.0520 in)
	1.38 mm (0.0543 in)
	1.44 mm (0.0567 in)
	1.50 mm (0.0591 in)
	1.56 mm (0.0614 in)
	1.62 mm (0.0638 in)
	1.68 mm (0.0661 in)
	1.74 mm (0.0685 in)
	1.80 mm (0.0709 in)

TOOTH CONTACT

After backlash adjustment and left shim selection are carried out, the tooth contact must be checked. Pay attention to the following procedures:

Remove the ring gear.

Clean and degrease several teeth on the ring gear and pinion gear, and then apply a coating of machinists layout dye or paste to several teeth of the pinion gear.

Install the ring gear with the shims in place.

Install the final gear case cover, and then tighten the bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern. (\bigcirc 4-15)

Final gear case cover bolt: 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

At this time, it is not necessary to install the gear case cover s Oring.

Rotate the gear several turns in each direction. This will provide a contact pattern on the coated teeth of the gear.

Remove the ring gear and compare the coated teeth to the examples shown in (1), (2) and (3).

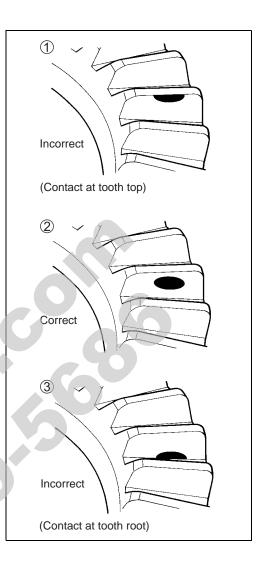
If tooth contact is found to be correct (example ②), go to the FINAL ASSEMBLY sub-section on page 4-13 to -15 to complete installation.

If tooth contact is found to be incorrect (examples ① and ③), the shim between the pinion gear bearing and gear case must be changed and the tooth contact re-checked until correct.

Tooth contact	Shim adjustment
Contact at tooth top ①	Decrease shim thickness
Contact at tooth root 3	Increase shim thickness

CAUTION

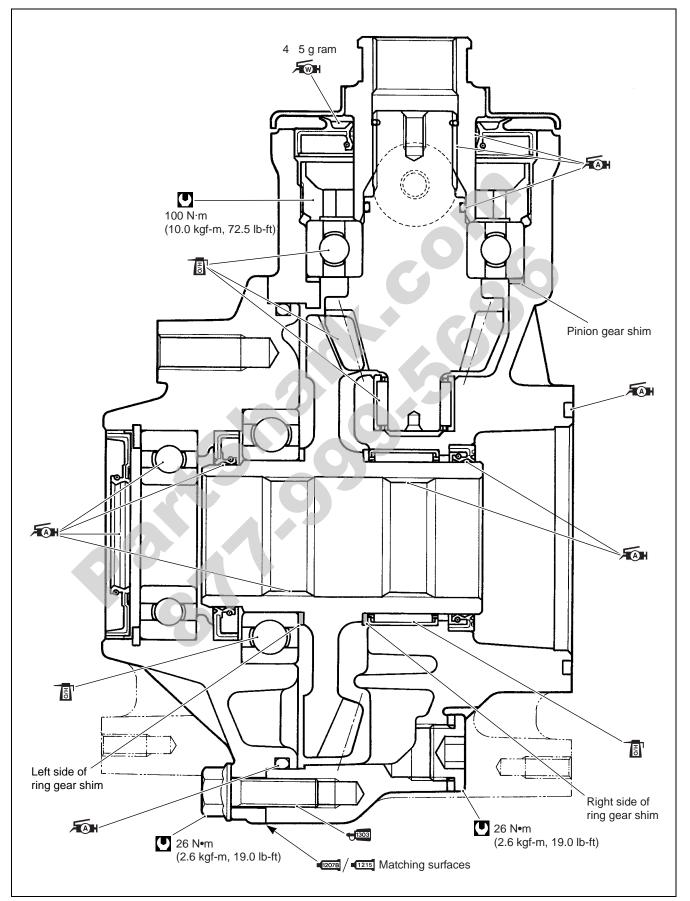
Make sure to check the backlash and shim thickness after the tooth contact has been adjusted, since it may have changed. Adjust the tooth contact and backlash until they are both within specification. If the correct tooth contact cannot be maintained when adjusting the backlash, replace the pinion gear and ring gear as a set.

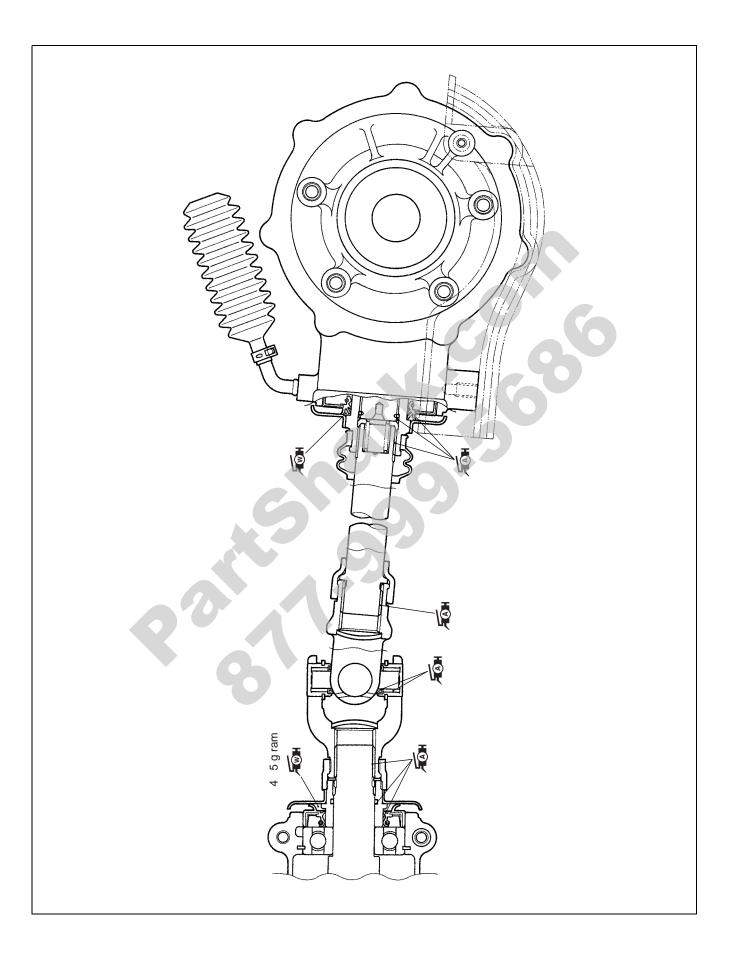


For pinion gear (1374-21)

Part No.	Shim thickness
27407-05810 (Shim set: 6 pcs)	1.38 mm (0.0543 in)
	1.44 mm (0.0567 in)
	1.50 mm (0.0591 in)
	1.56 mm (0.0614 in)
	1.62 mm (0.0638 in)
	1.68 mm (0.0661 in)

REASSEMBLY INFORMATION





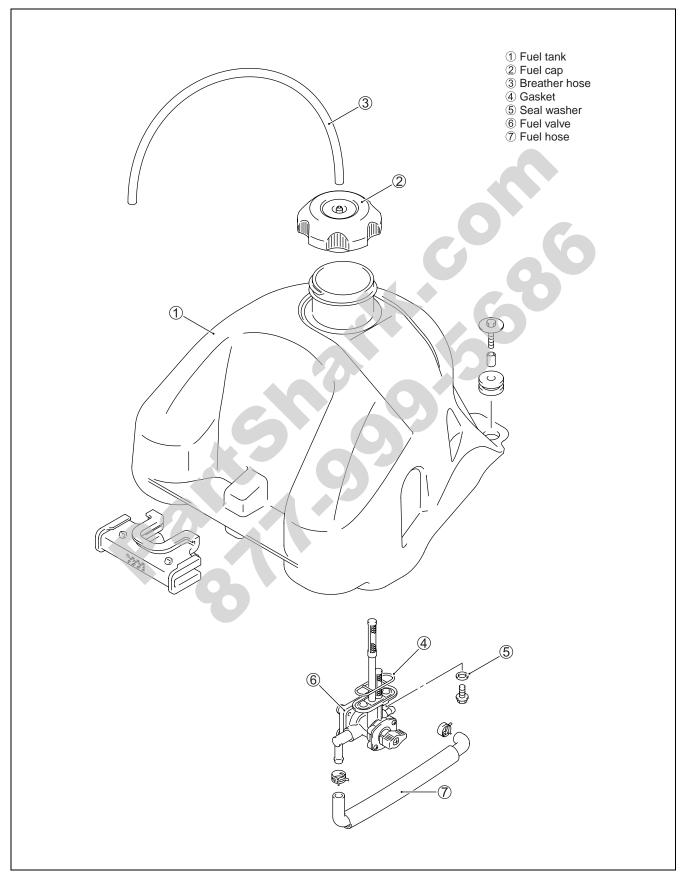
FUEL SYSTEM

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REMOVAL	5- 3
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801.9

FUEL TANK CONSTRUCTION



FUEL LINE INSPECTION

Inspect the fuel lines, fuel tank, fuel tank breather hoses and fuel tank cap for damage, clogging and leakage of fuel. If any damages are found, replace the defective parts with the new ones.

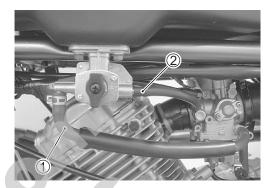
REMOVAL

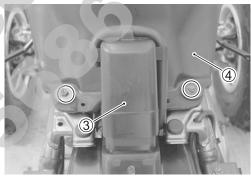
Remove the front fender. (7-6) Turn the fuel valve to the ON position. Disconnect the fuel hose ① and vacuum hose ②.

A WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. Keep heat, sparks and flames away from gasoline.

Remove the air cleaner duct ③. Remove the fuel tank ④. Drain fuel completely.





REMOUNTING

Remount the fuel tank in the reverse order of removal.

FUEL VALVE

REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

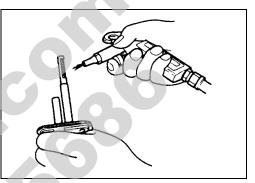
Remove the fuel tank. (5-3) Drain fuel completely. Remove the fuel valve.

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. Keep heat, sparks and flames away from gasoline.

FUEL STRAINER

If the fuel strainer is dirty with sediment or rust, fuel will not flow smoothly and loss in engine power may result. Clean the fuel strainer with compressed air.



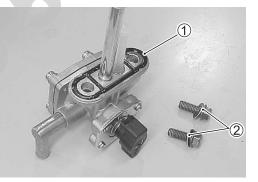


REMOUNTING

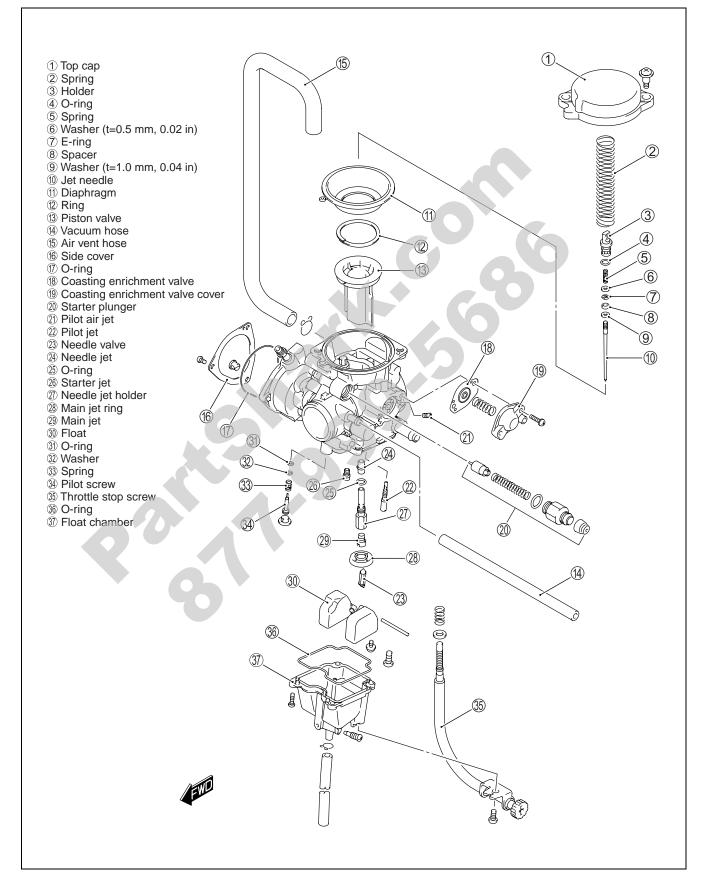
Remount the fuel valve in the reverse order of removal.

A WARNING

Replace the removed gasket ① and seal washers ② with the new ones to prevent leakage of fuel.



CARBURETOR CONSTRUCTION



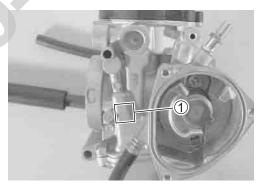
SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	SPECIFICATION		
	E-19, 28	E-33	
Carburetor type	MIKUNI BSR29	\leftarrow	
Bore size	29.0 mm		
	(1.14 in)	\leftarrow	
I.D. No.	21G0	21G1	
Idle r/min	1 500 – 100 r/min	\leftarrow	
Floathaight	13.0 – 1.0 mm		
Float height	(0.51 – 0.04 in)	4	
Main jet (M.J.)	#125	# 125	
Jet needle (J.N.)	5DH54-2nd	\leftarrow	
Needle jet (N.J.)	P-0M	# P-DM	
Pilot jet (P.J.)	#20	# 20	
Pilot screw (P.S.)	1-1/2 turns back	PRE-SET	
Throttle cable play	3 5 mm	~	
	(0.12 0.20 in)		
Starter (enricher) plunger cable play	0.5 1.0 mm		
	(0.02 0.04 in)	Ň	

E-19: EU E-28: Canada E-33: USA (California)

I.D. NO. LOCATION

Carburetor has an I.D. number ① printed on its body.

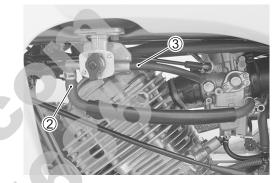


REMOVAL

Remove the seat. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the air vent hose (1).

Disconnect the fuel hose 2 and vacuum hose 3.

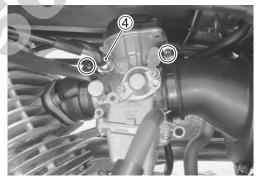




 $\label{eq:def-Disconnect} \text{Disconnect the starter cable } \textcircled{4}.$

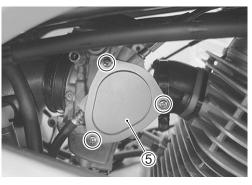
Loosen the carburetor clamp screws.

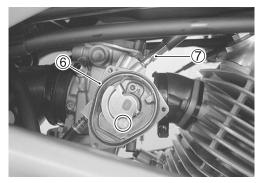
Pull out the carburetor from between the engine and air cleaner.



Remove the carburetor side cover \mathfrak{G} .

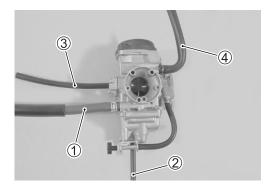
Remove the O-ring 6. Disconnect the throttle cable 7. Remove the carburetor.



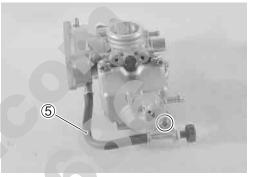


DISASSEMBLY

Remove the fuel hose (1), overflow hose (2), vacuum hose (3) and air vent hose (4).



Remove the throttle stop screw (5).



Remove the carburetor top cap.

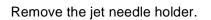
CAUTION

Do not use compressed air on the carburetor body before removing the diaphragm; this may damage the diaphragm.



6

Remove the spring and diaphragm assembly (6).

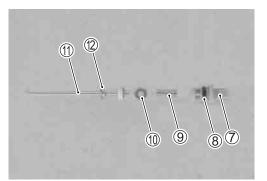




Remove the following parts.

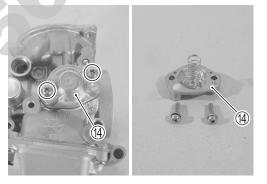
- $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{T}}}$ Jet needle holder
- (8) O-ring
- (9) Spring
- 1 Washer (t=0.5 mm, 0.02 in)
- 1 Jet needle
- 12 Washer (t=1.0 mm, 0.04 in)

Remove the diaphragm by removing the ring (3).



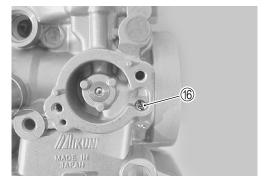


Remove the coasting enrichment valve cover (4) and spring.



3.0

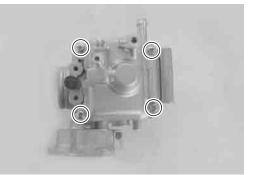




Remove the coasting enrichment valve (5).

Remove the pilot air jet 16.

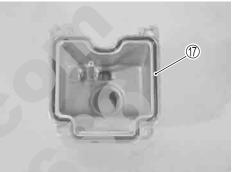
Remove the float chamber.



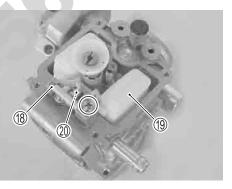
Remove the O-ring 1.

CAUTION

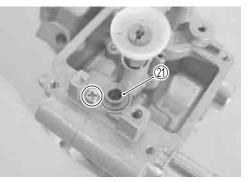
Replace the removed O-ring with a new one to prevent leakage of fuel.



Remove the float pin (18), float (19) and needle valve (20).



Remove the valve seat 20.



Remove the following parts.

- 2 Main jet, main jet ring, needle jet holder and needle jet
- 23 Pilot screw
- 2 Starter jet
- 25 Pilot jet

NOTE:

Before removing the pilot screw (3), its setting must be determined. Slowly turn the pilot screw clockwise and count the number of turns until it is lightly seated. Make a note of how many turns were made.

When reassembling the pilot screw, you will want to set it to its original position.

CAUTION

Do not use wire to clean the passageways, valve seat and jets. Use compressed air only.

PILOT SCREW REMOVAL (FOR E-33)

Because harsh cleaning solvents can damage the O-ring seals in the pilot system, the pilot system components should be removed before cleaning.

Use a 1/8" size drill bit with a drill-stop to remove the pilot screw plug. Set the drill-stop 4 mm (0.16 in) from the end of the bit to prevent drilling into the pilot screw. Carefully drill through the plug.

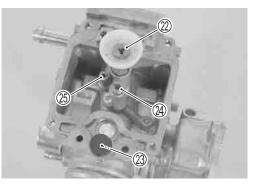
Thread a self-tapping sheet metal screw into the plug. Pull on the screw head with pliers to remove the plug. Carefully clean any metal shavings from the area.

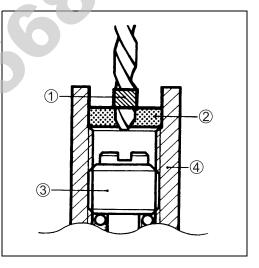
Slowly turn the pilot screw clockwise and count the number of turns until the screw is lightly seated. Make a note of how many turns were made so the screw can be reset correctly after cleaning.

Remove the pilot screw along with the spring, washer and O-ring.

After cleaning, install the pilot screw to the original setting by turning the screw in until it lightly seats, and then backing it out the same number of turns counted during disassembly. Install a new plug by tapping it into place with a punch.

- 1 Drill-stop
- 2 Plug
- ③ Pilot screw
- ④ Carburetor body





CLEANING

Some carburetor cleaning chemicals, especially diptype soaking solutions, are very corrosive and must be handled carefully. Always follow the chemical manufacturer s instructions on proper use, handling and storage.

Clean all jets with a spray-type carburetor cleaner and dry them using compressed air.

Clean all circuits of the carburetor thoroughly not just the perceived problem area. Clean the circuits in the carburetor body with a spray-type cleaner. If necessary, soak each circuit in a dip-type cleaning solution to loosen dirt and varnish. Dry the carburetor body using compressed air.

CAUTION

Do not use a wire to clean the jets or passageways. If wire is used, the jets and passageways may become damaged. If the components cannot be cleaned with a spray-type cleaner it may be necessary to soak the components in a dip-type cleaning solution. Always follow the chemical manufacturer s instructions for proper use and cleaning of the carburetor components.

After cleaning, reassemble the carburetor.

CAUTION

Replace the removed O-rings with new ones.

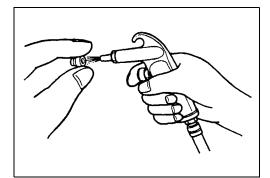
INSPECTION

Check the following items for any damage or clogging. If any damages are found, replace the damaged parts with new ones.

* Pilot jet

- * Main jet
- * Pilot screw
- * Pilot air jet
- * Needle jet holder
- * Float
- * Needle valve
- * Valve seat
- * Jet needle
- * Needle jet

- * Piston valve
- * Starter jet
- * O-rings
- * Throttle valve
- * Diaphragms
- * Pilot outlet and by-pass ports
- * Vacuum hose
- * Air vent hose
- * Overflow hose
- * Fuel hose



NEEDLE VALVE INSPECTION

If foreign matter is caught between the valve seat and the needle valve, the gasoline will continue flowing and overflow. If the valve seat and needle valve are worn beyond the permissible limits, similar trouble will occur. Conversely, if the needle valve sticks, the gasoline will not flow into the float chamber. Clean the float chamber and float parts with gasoline. If the needle valve is worn as shown, replace and the valve seat with a new one. Clean the fuel passage of the mixing chamber using compressed air.

FLOAT HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

To check the float height, turn the carburetor upside down. Measure the float height (A) while the float arm is just contacting the needle valve using vernier calipers.

Bend the tongue as necessary to bring the float height (A) to the specified level.

Float height (A): 13.0 - 1.0 mm (0.51 - 0.04 in)

09900-20101: Venier calipers

REASSEMBLY

Reassemble the carburetor in the reverse order of disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

PILOT SCREW

After cleaning, install the pilot screw ① to the original setting by turning the screw in until it lightly seats, and then backing it out the same number of turns counted during disassembly.

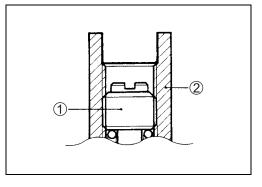
- 1 Pilot screw
- Carburetor body

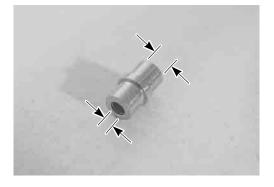
CAUTION

Replace the removed O-ring with a new one.

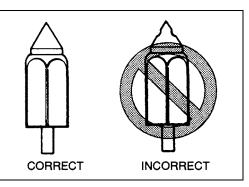
NEEDLE JET

Install the needle jet with its smaller internal diameter portion facing to the needle jet holder.







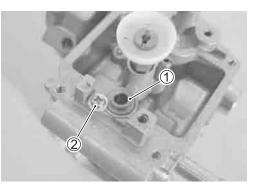


VALVE SEAT

Install the valve seat 1 into the carburetor body, and then tighten the screw 2.

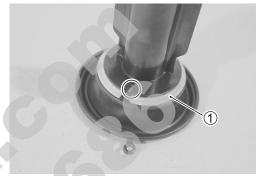
NOTE:

Make sure that the collar of the screw 2 holds the step of the valve seat 1 securely.





Install the diaphragm to the piston valve with the lug on the diaphragm aligned with the cutout on the piston valve. Install the ring to the piston valve.



Install the diaphragm assembly.

NOTE:

When installing the diaphragm, make sure the tab of the diaphragm is aligned with the concave section of the carburetor body s rim.



THROTTLE STOP SCREW

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to thread part of the throttle stop screw, then install the throttle stop screw to the carbure-tor.

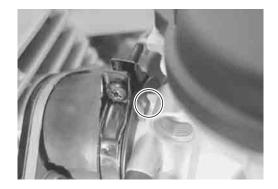
A 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

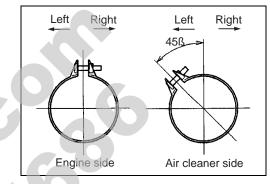


REMOUNTING

Remount the carburetor assembly in the reverse order of removal. Pay attention to the following points:

Fit the lug on the carburetor with the intake pipe s projection.





Position the carburetor clamps as shown in the illustration. Connect the carburetor hoses properly. ($\Box = 9-16$)

After the carburetor assembly has been remounted onto the engine, perform the following adjustments:

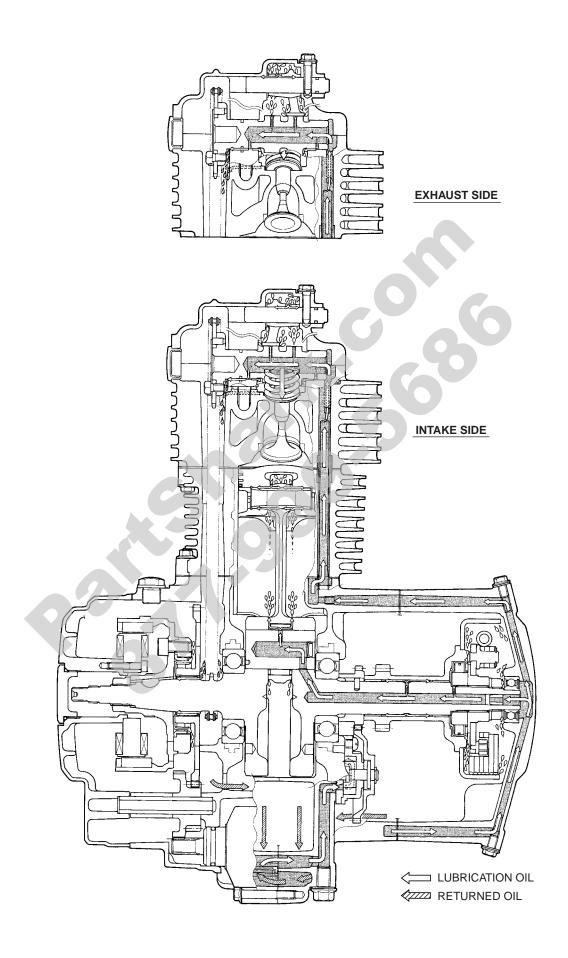
- * Throttle cable play...... 2-9
- * Engine idle speed 2-9

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

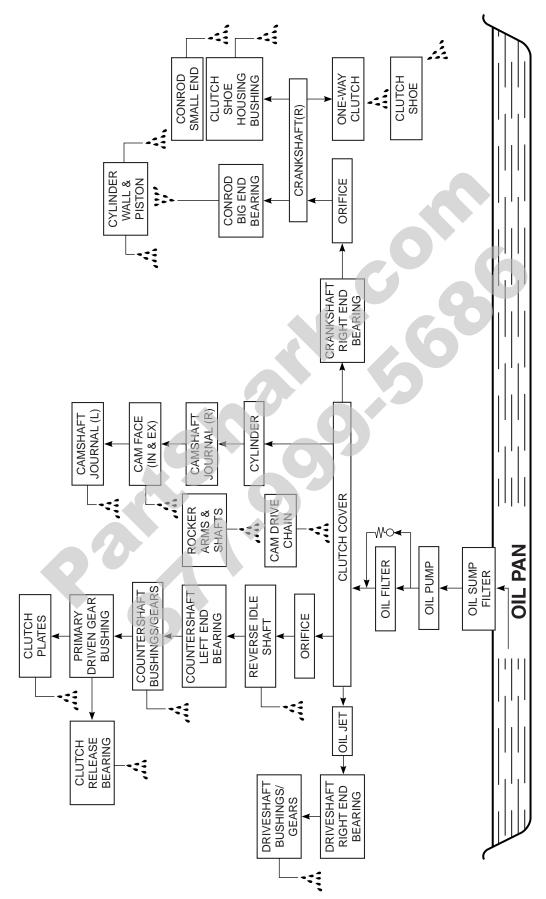
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LUBRICATION SYSTEM **ENGINE LUBRICATION CIRCUIT** OIL PUMP OIL FILTER LUBRICATION OIL



ENGINE LUBRICATION FLOW CHART



OIL PRESSURE

([______2-25)

OIL FILTER

([_____2-10)

OIL STRAINER

(3-20, -61 and -62)

OIL PUMP

(3-18 and -64)

CHASSIS

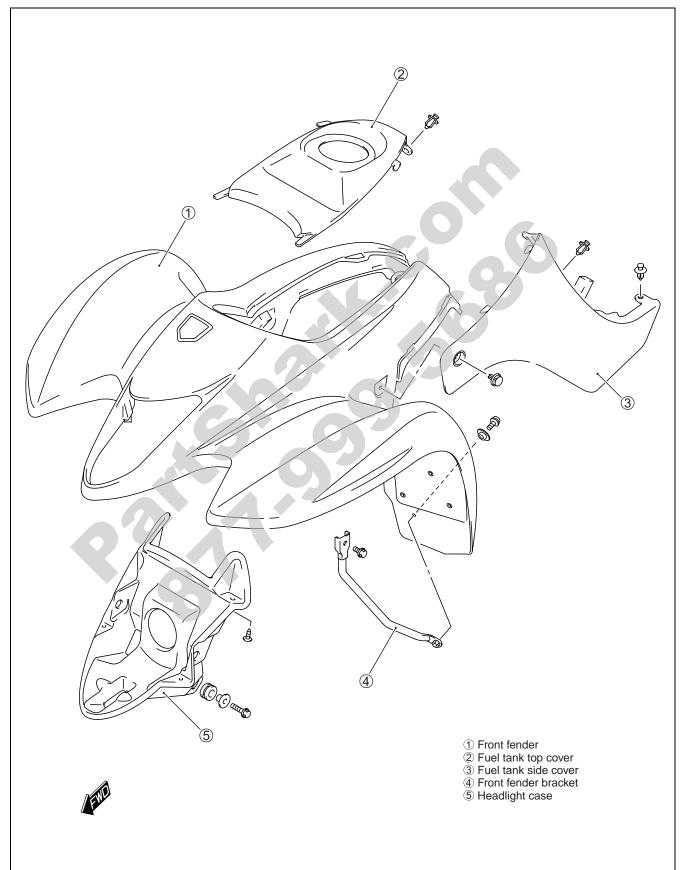
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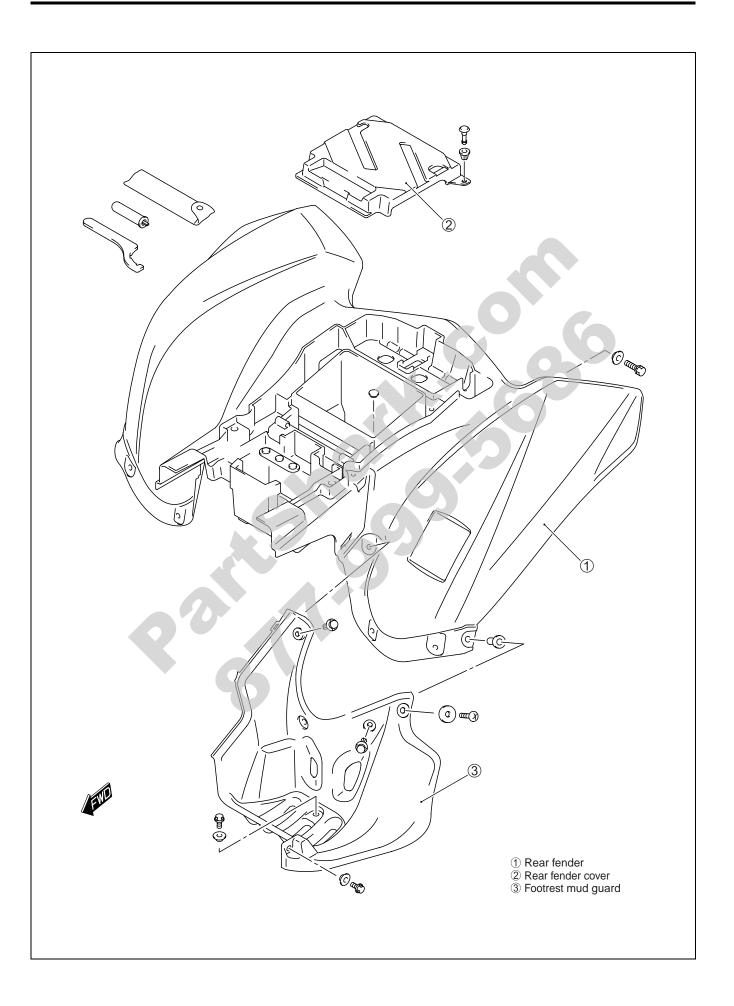
CHASSIS

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EXTERIOR PARTS CONSTRUCTION





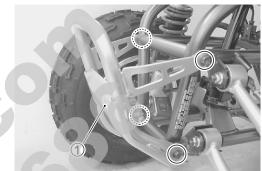
REMOVAL

SEAT

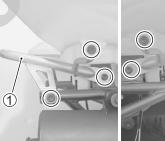
Remove the seat by pulling the lever.

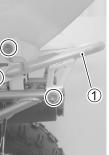
FRONT GRIP BAR Remove the front grip bar ①.



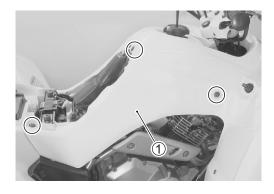


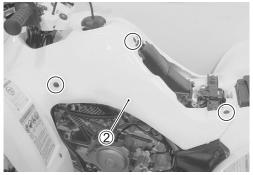
REAR GRIP BAR Remove the rear grip bar ①.





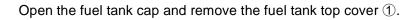
FUEL TANK SIDE COVER Remove the seat. (CF Above) Remove the fuel tank side covers ① and ②.

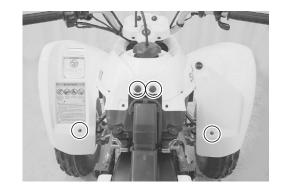


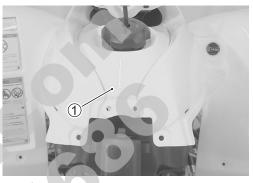


FRONT FENDER

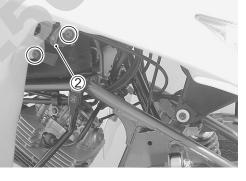
Remove the fuel tank side covers. (\bigcirc 7-5) Remove the screws and fasteners.







Remove the reverse lock release knob 2.

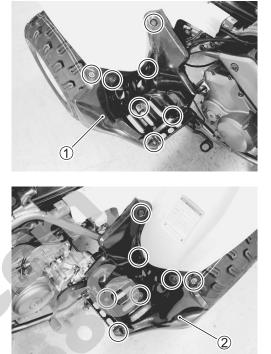


Remove the screws that connect the front fender with the head light. Remove the front fender.



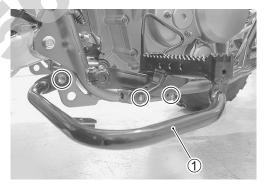
FOOTREST MUD GUARD

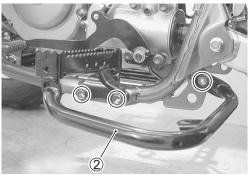
Remove the fuel tank side covers. (\bigcirc 7-5) Remove the footrest mud guards (1) and (2).



FOOTREST

Remove the footrest mud guards. (\square Above) Remove the footrest (1) and (2).





REAR FENDER

Remove the fuel tank side covers. ($\square 7-5$) Remove the battery holder (1) and battery.

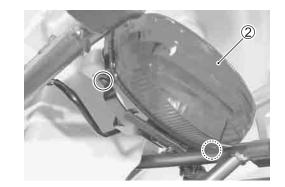


7-8 CHASSIS

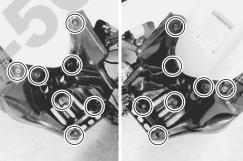
Remove the screws. Pull out the taillight assembly ② with the bracket.

Remove the rear fender mounting bolts.

Remove the footrest mud guards. Remove the rear fender.







REMOUNTING

Remount the exterior parts in the reverse order of removal. Pay attention to the following points:

FRONT GRIP BAR

Tighten the front grip bar mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Front grip bar mounting bolt:

26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

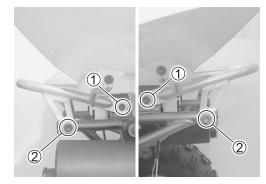
REAR GRIP BAR

Tighten the rear grip bar mounting bolts to the specified torque of each.

Rear grip bar mounting bolt ①:

28 N•m (2.8 kgf-m, 20.5 lb-ft) ②: 55 N•m (5.5 kgf-m, 40.0 lb-ft)





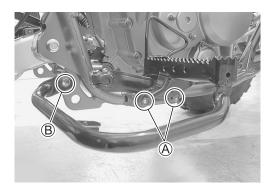
FOOTREST

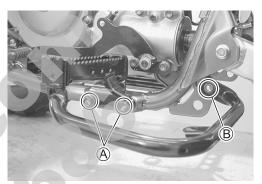
Apply THREAD LOCK to the bolts A and tighten each bolt to the specified torque.

€1342 99000-32050: THREAD LOCK 1342

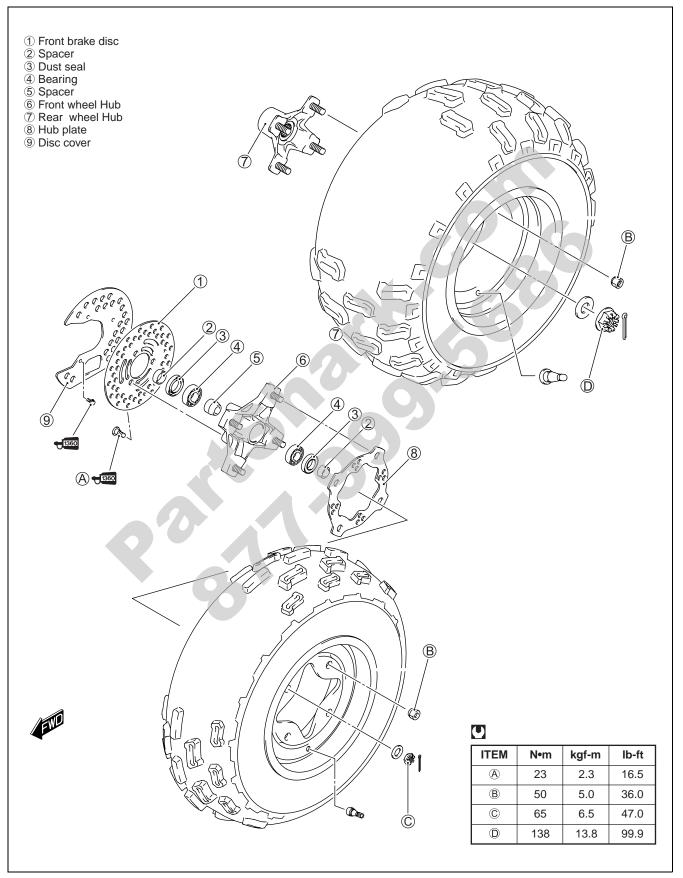
Footrest mounting bolt (A): 55 N•m (5.5 kgf-m, 40.0 lb-ft) Footrest mounting bolt (B): 26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

C C C





FRONT AND REAR WHEELS CONSTRUCTION



REMOVAL

FRONT AND REAR WHEELS

Place the vehicle on the level ground. Support the vehicle with a jack or wooden block. Remove the wheel.

FRONT WHEEL HUB

Remove the front wheel. (Above) Remove the front hub plate ①.

Remove the cotter pin and loosen the wheel hub nut with applying the front brake.

Remove the wheel hub nut and washer.

Remove the front brake caliper. (27-20)

Remove the front wheel hub 2.

CAUTION

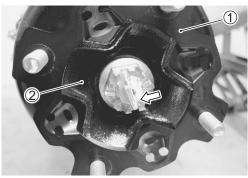
Do not operate the front brake lever while the caliper is removed.

Remove the spacer ③. Remove the brake disc. (17-7-24









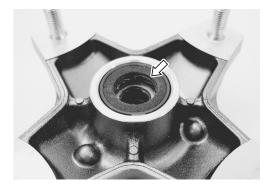
REAR WHEEL HUB

Remove the rear wheel. (Corr 7-11) Remove the rear hub plate ①. (RH only) Remove the cotter pin and loosen the wheel hub nut with applying the rear brake. Remove the wheel hub nut and washer. Remove the wheel hub ②.

INSPECTION AND DISASSEMBLY

DUST SEAL

Inspect the dust seal lips for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the dust seal with a new one.

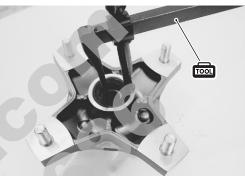


Remove the dust seals with the special tool.

09913-50121: Oil seal remover

CAUTION

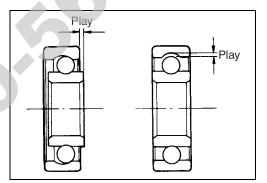
Replace the removed dust seals with new ones.



HUB BEARINGS

Inspect the inner race play of the hub bearing by hand while it is in the wheel hub.

Rotate the inner race by hand to inspect for abnormal noise and smooth rotation. If there is anything unusual, replace the bearing with a new one.

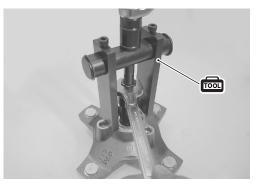


Remove the hub bearings with the special tool.

09921-20240: Bearing remover set

CAUTION

Never reuse the removed bearings.



REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

FRONT WHEEL HUB

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the hub bearings and the lips of the dust seals before installing them.

✓ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

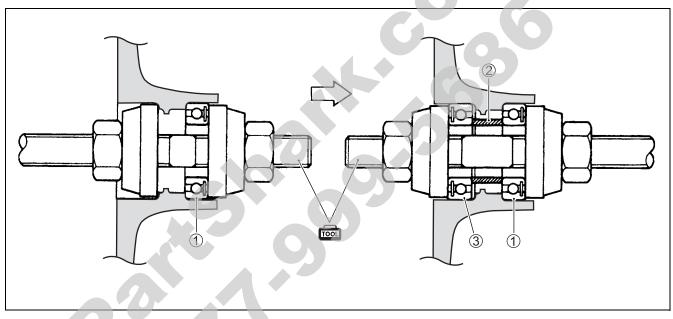
Install the hub bearings and spacer into the front wheel hub.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set 09924-84510: Bearing installer set

NOTE:

Install the inner bearing ① and the spacer ② first, and then install the outer bearing ③. Make sure the sealed side of the bearing faces the bearing installer.





Install the dust seals into the front wheel hub with stamped mark facing outside with the special tool.

09913-70210: Bearing installer set

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the dust seal lips.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install the brake disc. (27-25)



Install the spacer ④ to the front wheel hub.

Install the front wheel hub to the front axle (5). Install the front brake caliper. (77-24)

Tighten the front wheel hub nut to the specified torque.

Front wheel hub nut: 65 N•m (6.5 kgf-m, 47.0 lb-ft)

Install the cotter pin into the front axle as shown. Install the front hub plate. Install the front wheel. (277-15)

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pin with a new one.

REAR WHEEL HUB

Apply small amount of SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the left rear wheel hub's spline.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Apply detergent to the O-ring 1 and install it to the right rear wheel hub.

NOTE:

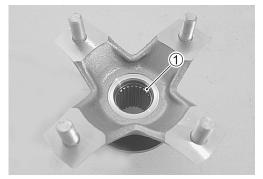
Check the O-ring before installing. If abnormal, change the O-ring with a new one.

CAUTION

Do not apply grease to the right rear wheel hub s spline.







Install the rear wheel hub and washer.

NOTE:

The convex side of the washer faces outside.

Tighten the rear wheel hub nut to the specified torque.

Rear wheel hub nut: 138 N•m (13.8 kgf-m, 99.9 lb-ft)

Install the cotter pin into the rear axle as shown. Install the rear hub plate. (RH only) Install the rear wheel. (

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pin with a new one.

FRONT WHEEL

Tighten the front wheel set nuts to the specified torque.

Front wheel set nut: 50 Nem (5.0 kgf-m, 36.0 lb-ft)

NOTE:

When installing the front wheel, make sure that the arrow (A) on the tire points in the direction of rotation.

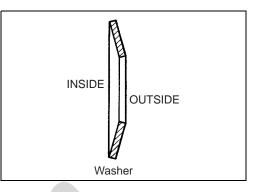
REAR WHEEL

Tighten the rear wheel set nuts to the specified torque.

Rear wheel set nut: 50 N•m (5.0 kgf-m, 36.0 lb-ft)

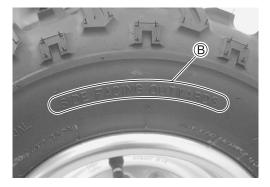
NOTE:

When installing the rear wheel, make sure that the instruction SIDE FACING OUTWARDS ^(B) on the rear tire faces outwards.





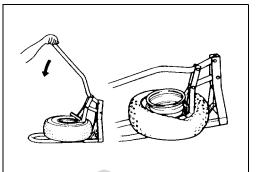




TIRES TIRE REPLACEMENT

Remove the front and rear wheels. ($\square 7-11$) After removing the air valve cap, release the tire pressure by depressing the valve.

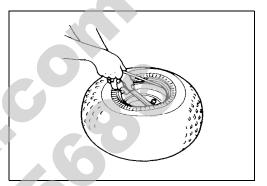
Dismount the bead from the rim completely as shown.



Separate the tire from the rim by using a set of tire levers and rim protectors.

CAUTION

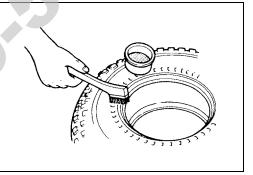
When using the tire lever, do not scratch or hit the sealing portion (hump) of the wheel or it may cause air-leakage.



Apply tire lubricant to the tire bead and the flange of the rim.

CAUTION

Never apply grease, oil or gasoline to the tire bead because they will deteriorate the tire.



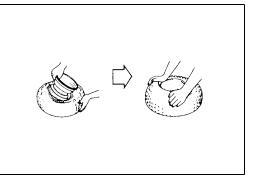
CAUTION

The standard tire fitted on this vehicle is $AT22 \times 7-10$ \$\phi\$\$ for the front and $AT20 \times 10-9$ \$\phi\$ for the rear. The use of tires other than the standard may cause instability. It is highly recommended to use the specified tire.

Mount the tire on the rim.

NOTE:

Inspect the sealing portion of the rim for contamination and distortion before installing the tire on the rim.



When installing each tire, make sure the arrow A on the tire points in the direction of rotation. Also, make sure the outer side of the wheel rim is facing outward.

NOTE:

For inspecting the tire refer to page 2-17. Inspect the valve core, before installation.

Inflate the tire to seat the tire bead.

Maximum tire bead seat pressure Front and rear: 250 kPa (2.5 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

CAUTION

Place the tire under a protective tire cage or similar protective covering device before inflating the tire. To minimize the possibility of tire damage when seating the tire bead, never exceed the MAXIMUM TIRE BEAD SEAT PRESSURE rating shown on the tire.

NOTE:

Check the rim line ① cast on the tire side walls. It must be equidistant from the wheel rim all the way around. If the distance between the rim line and the wheel rim varies this indicates that the bead is not properly seated. If this is so, deflate the tire completely, and unseat the tire bead on both sides. Then, coat the bead with clean water, and re-seat the tire.

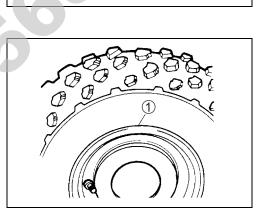
Adjust the tire pressure to specification. (2-18)

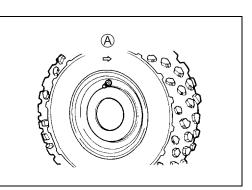
CAUTION

Before inflating the tire, check the MAXIMUM OPER-ATING PRESSURE rating of the tire. This is indicated by a \Rightarrow following the tire size shown on the sidewall. The number of \Rightarrow on the tire indicates the maximum operating pressure.

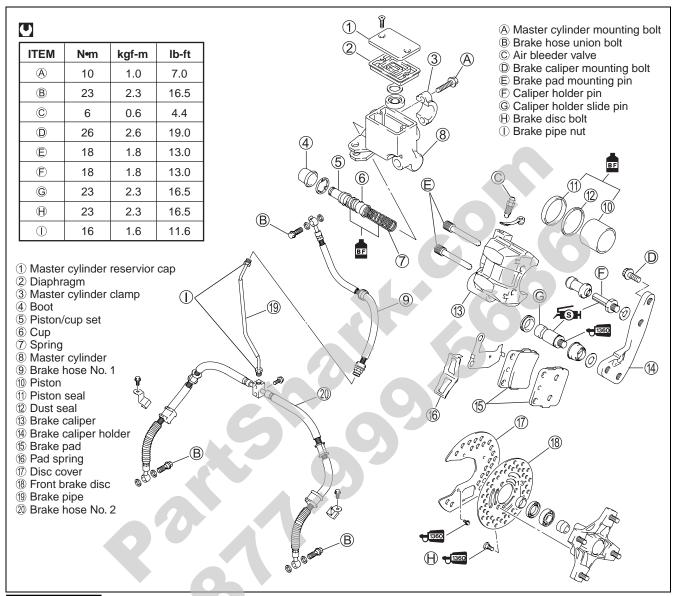
Maximum operating pressure

☆: 25 kPa (0.25 kgf/cm², 3.6 psi) ☆☆: 35 kPa (0.35 kgf/cm², 5.1 psi) ☆☆☆: 45 kPa (0.45 kgf/cm², 6.5 psi)





FRONT BRAKE CONSTRUCTION



WARNING

- * This brake system is filled with an ethylene glycol-based DOT 4 brake fluid. Do not use or mix different types of fluid, such as silicone-based or petroleum-based brake fluids.
- * Do not use any brake fluid taken from old, used or unsealed containers. Never reuse brake fluid left over from the last servicing or which has been stored for a long periods of time.
- * When storing brake fluid, seal the container completely and keep it away from children.
- * When replenishing brake fluid, take care not to get dust into the fluid.
- * When washing brake components, use new brake fluid. Never use cleaning solvent.
- * A contaminated brake disc or brake pad reduces braking performance. Discard contaminated pads and clean the brake disc with high quality brake cleaner or a neutral detergent.

CAUTION

Handle brake fluid with care: the fluid reacts chemically with paint, plastics, rubber materials etc. and will damage them severely.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

Remove the front wheel. ($\square 7-11$) Remove the brake caliper mounting bolts (1) and brake pad mounting pins (2).

Remove the brake pads.

CAUTION

- * Do not operate the brake lever during or after brake pad removal.
- * Replace the brake pads as a set, otherwise braking performance will be adversely affected.

Install the new brake pads.

NOTE:

The shim must be installed to the caliper piston side pad.

Tighten the brake pad mounting pins ③ and brake caliper mounting bolts ④ to the specified torque.

Brake pad mounting pin: 18 Nom (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft) Brake caliper mounting bolt:

26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft)

NOTE:

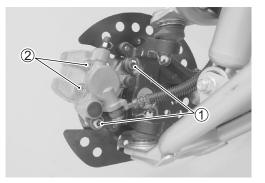
After replacing the brake pads, pump the brake lever a few times to check for proper brake operation and then check the brake fluid level.

BRAKE FLUID REPLACEMENT

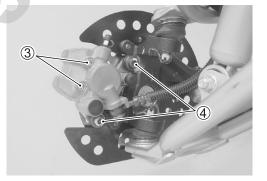
Place the vehicle on a level surface and keep the handlebar straight.

Remove the master cylinder reservoir cap and diaphragm. Suck up the old brake fluid as much as possible. Fill the reservoir with new brake fluid.

Specification and classification: DOT 4









Connect a clear hose to the air bleeder valve and insert the other end of the hose into a receptacle.

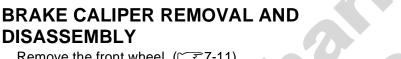
Loosen the air bleeder valve and pump the brake lever until the old brake fluid is completely out of the brake system.

Close the air bleeder valve and disconnect the clear hose. Fill the reservoir with new brake fluid to the upper end of the inspection window.

Brake air bleeder valve: 6.0 N•m (0.6 kgf-m, 4.4 lb-ft)

CAUTION

- * Never reuse the brake fluid left over from previous servicing and which has been stored for long periods of time.
- * Bleed air from the brake system. (2-2-16)



Remove the front wheel. (27-11)

Disconnect the brake hose from the brake caliper by removing the brake hose union bolt ① and allow the brake fluid to drain into a suitable receptacle.

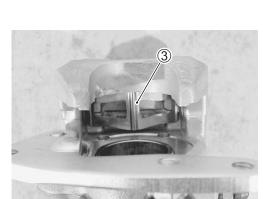
Remove the brake caliper by removing the brake caliper mounting bolts 2.

Remove the brake pads. (27-19)

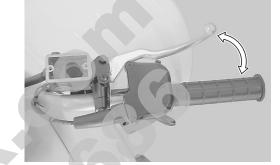
A WARNING

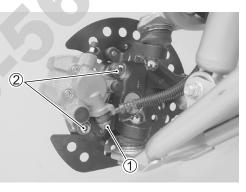
Brake fluid, if it leaks, will interfere with safe running and discolor painted surfaces. Check the brake hose, brake pipe and hose joints for cracks and oil leakage.

Remove the spring \Im .









Place a rag over the brake caliper piston to prevent the piston from popping out and then force out the piston using compressed air.

CAUTION

Do not use high pressure air to prevent brake caliper piston damage.

Remove the dust seal and piston seal.

CAUTION

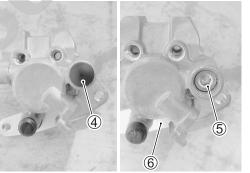
Do not reuse the dust seal and piston seal to prevent fluid leakage.





Remove the cap 4 and loosen the brake caliper holder slide pin (5).

Remove the brake caliper holder 6.



Remove the brake caliper holder slide pin ⑦.

BRAKE CALIPER INSPECTION

BRAKE CALIPER

Inspect the brake caliper cylinder wall for nicks, scratches or other damage. If any damages are found, replace the brake caliper with a new one.



BRAKE CALIPER PISTON

Inspect the brake caliper piston for any scratches or other damage. If any damages are found, replace the piston with a new one.



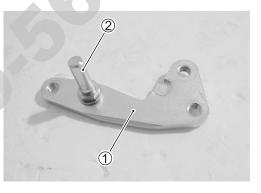
RUBBER PARTS

Inspect the rubber parts for damage. If any damages are found, replace them with new ones.



CALIPER HOLDER

Inspect the caliper holder 1 and pin 2 for damage. If any damages are found, replace them with new ones.



BRAKE CALIPER REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the brake caliper in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

Wash the caliper bore and piston with the specified brake fluid. Thoroughly wash the dust seal grooves and piston seal grooves.

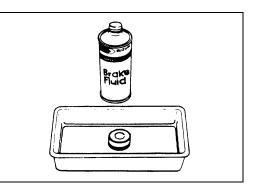
BF Specification and classification: DOT 4

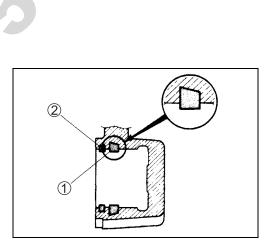
CAUTION

- * Wash the brake caliper components with new brake fluid before reassembly.
- * Do not wipe the brake fluid off with a rag after washing the components.
- * When washing the components, use the specified brake fluid. Never use different types of fluid or cleaning solvents such as gasoline, kerosine, etc.
- * Replace the removed piston seals and dust seals with new ones.
- * Apply brake fluid to all of the seals, brake caliper bores and pistons before reassembly.

PISTON SEAL

Install the piston seal ① and dust seal ② as shown.





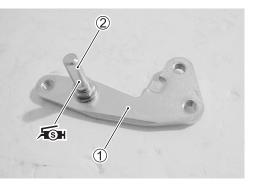
BRAKE CALIPER HOLDER

Tighten the pin 2 to the caliper holder 1 to the specified torque.

Caliper holder pin: 18 N•m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft)

Apply SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE to the brake caliper holder pin 2.

₩ 99000-25100: SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE



Apply SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE to the brake caliper holder slide pin.

₩ 99000-25100: SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE

Install the pin 1, washer 2 and caliper holder 3 to the caliper.

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the pin ①.

1360 99000-32130: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360

Tighten the pin ① to the specified torque.

Caliper holder slide pin: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

Install the pads and spring to the caliper.

Tighten the brake pad mounting pins ④, brake caliper mounting bolts ⑤ and brake hose union bolt ⑥ to the specified torque.

Brake pad mounting pin: 18 N•m (1.8 kgf-m, 13.0 lb-ft) Brake caliper mounting bolt:

26 N•m (2.6 kgf-m, 19.0 lb-ft) Brake hose union bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

NOTE:

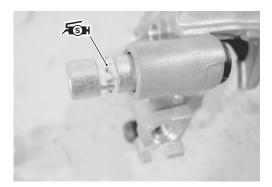
Before remounting the brake caliper, push the brake caliper pistons all the way into the caliper.

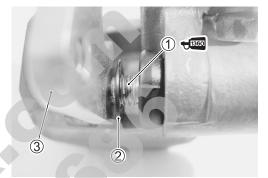
CAUTION

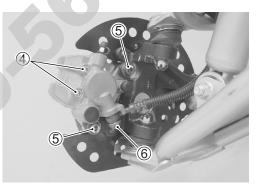
Bleed air from the system after reassembling the brake caliper. (2^2 -2-16)

BRAKE DISC REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

Remove the front wheel hub. ($\square 7-11$) Remove the brake disc.









BRAKE DISC INSPECTION

Remove the front wheel. (77-10) Remove the caliper. (77-19)

Inspect the brake disc for cracks or damage and measure the thickness using the micrometer. If any damages are found or if the thickness is less than the service limit, replace the brake disc with a new one.



Brake disc thickness Service Limit: 2.5 mm (0.098 in)

Measure the runout using the dial gauge. If the runout exceeds the service limit, replace the brake disc with a new one.

- 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-20701: Magnetic stand
- Brake disc runout Service Limit: 0.3 mm (0.012 in)

If either measurement exceeds the service limit, replace the brake disc with a new one.

BRAKE DISC REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the brake disc in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

Install the disc to the wheel hub with the punching letters (A) on the disc showed up.

NOTE:

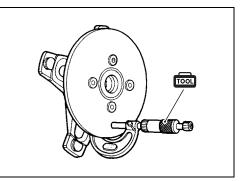
Make sure that the disc is clean and free of any greasy matter.

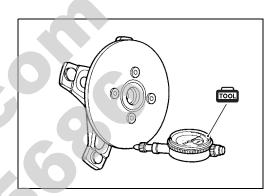
Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the brake disc bolts and tighten them to the specified torque.

1360 99000-32130: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360

Brake disc bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

Install the front wheel hub. $(_ 3^{-7}-14)$ Install the front wheel. $(_ 3^{-7}-15)$







MASTER CYLINDER REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

Place a rag underneath the brake hose union bolt on the master cylinder to catch any split brake fluid. Remove the brake hose union bolt and disconnect the brake hose.



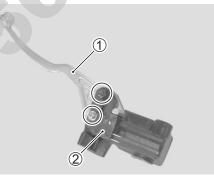
CAUTION

Immediately wipe off any brake fluid contacting any part of the vehicle. The brake fluid reacts chemically with paint, plastics, rubber materials, etc., and will damage them severely.

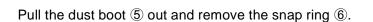
Remove the master cylinder assembly. Disconnect the brake switch coupler.

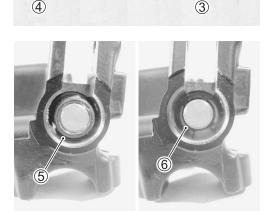
Remove the brake lever (1) and brake switch (2).





Remove the reservoir cap 3 and diaphragm 4 from the master cylinder. Drain the brake fluid.





4

Remove the piston/secondary cup, primary cup and spring.

- O Secondary cup
- 8 Piston
- 9 Primary cup
- 1 Spring

MASTER CYLINDER INSPECTION MASTER CYLINDER

Inspect the master cylinder bore for any scratches or damage. If any damages are found, replace the master cylinder with a new one.



PISTON AND RUBBER PARTS

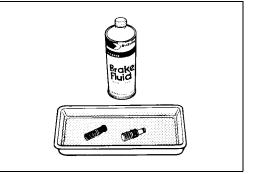
Inspect the piston surface, primary cup, secondary cup and dust boot for any scratches, wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace them with a new one.

MASTER CYLINDER REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the master cylinder in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

CAUTION

- * Wash the master cylinder components with new brake fluid before reassembly.
- * Do not wipe the brake fluid off with a rag after washing the components.
- * When washing the components, use the specified brake fluid. Never use different types of fluid or cleaning solvents such as gasoline, kerosine, etc.
- * Apply brake fluid to the master cylinder bore and all the component to be inserted to the bore.



BF

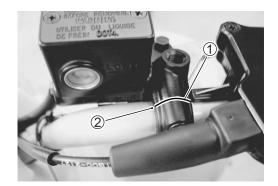
A Master cylinder

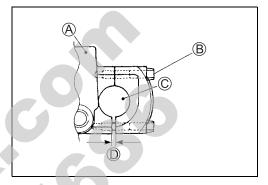
© Handlebar D Clearance

B Master cylinder upper clamp bolt

Align the master cylinder holders mating surface ① with the punched mark ② on the handlebars and tighten the upper clamp bolt first.

Master cylinder clamp bolt: 10 N•m (1.0 kgf-m, 7.0 lb-ft)





Tighten the brake hose union bolt 3 to the specified torque.

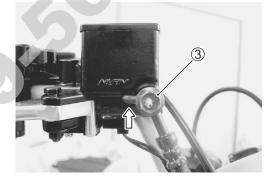
Brake hose union bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

NOTE:

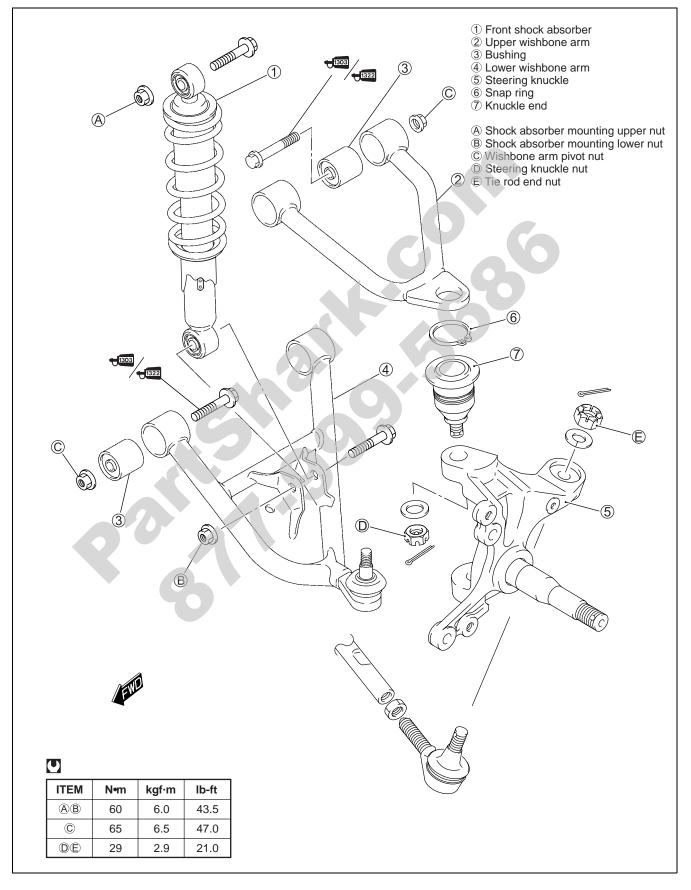
After the brake hose union touching to the stopper, tighten the union bolt.

CAUTION

Bleed air from the brake system after reassembling the master cylinder. ($\Box = 2-16$)



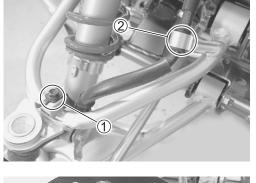
FRONT SUSPENSION CONSTRUCTION



REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

Remove the wheel hub. ($\square 7-11$) Remove the brake hose clamp (1). Disconnect the brake hose from the brake hose clamp (2).

Remove the front disc cover \Im .





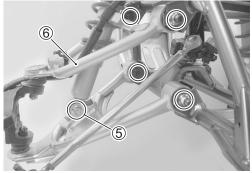
Remove the cotter pin, tie rod end nut and washer.



Disconnect the tie rod end with a commercially available ball bearing joint remover ④.

Remove the shock absorber lower mounting bolt (5). Remove the wishbone arm assembly (6).

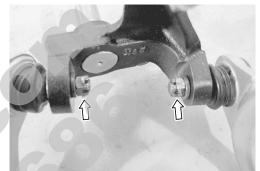




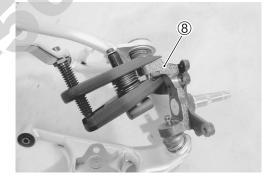
Remove the front shock absorber $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$.

Remove the cotter pins, knuckle nuts and washers.





Disconnect the steering knuckle (8) with a commercially available ball bearing joint remover.



INSPECTION

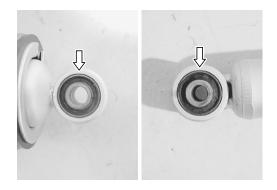
FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

Inspect the shock absorber for oil leakage or damage. If any damages are found, replace the front shock absorber with a new one.



Inspect the rubber bushing for wear or damage.

If any damages are found, replace the shock absorber with a new one.



KNUCKLE

Inspect the knuckle for damage. If any damages are found, replace the knuckle with a new one.

KNUCKLE END

Inspect the knuckle end boots for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the wishbone arm with a new one.

WISHBONE ARM

Inspect the wishbone arms for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the wishbone arm with a new one.

Inspect the rubber bushing for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the bushing with a new one.

BRAKE DISC COVER

Inspect the brake disc cover for damage. If any damages are found, replace the brake disc cover with a new one.









REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the front suspension in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

Degrease the tapered portions of the knuckle, knuckle end and tie rod end with nonflammable cleaning solvent.





Install the wishbone arms to the knuckle. Install the washers and tighten the knuckle nuts to the specified torque.

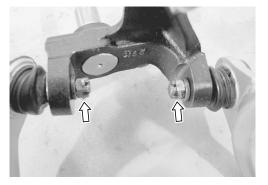
Knuckle nut: 29 N•m (2.9 kgf-m, 21.0 lb-ft)

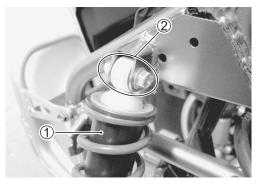
Install new cotter pins.

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pins with new ones.

Install the front shock absorber ①.





Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the wishbone arm pivot bolts ③.
Tghten the upper and lower front shock absorber mounting nuts ② and the wishbone arm pivot nuts ③ to the specified torque.

1333 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303 (USA)

1322 99000-32110: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1322 (Others)

Wishbone arm pivot nut: 65 N•m (6.5 kgf-m, 47.0 lb-ft) Shock absorber upper mounting nut:

60 N•m (6.0 kgf-m, 43.5 lb-ft)

Install the washer and tighten the tie rod end nut to the specified torque.

Tie rod end nut: 29 N•m (2.9 kgf-m, 21 lb-ft)

Install new cotter pin.

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pin with a new one.

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the disc cover mounting bolts, and then tighten the bolts.

1360 99000-32130: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360



SPRING PRE-LOAD ADJUSTMENT

After installing the rear suspension, adjust the spring pre-load.

Position 1 provides the softest spring pre-load.Position 5 provides the stiffest spring pre-load.

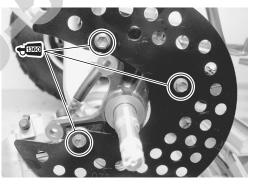
STD POSITION: 2

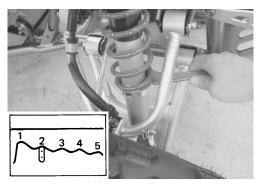
WARNING

Be sure to adjust the spring pre-load on the both suspensions equally.

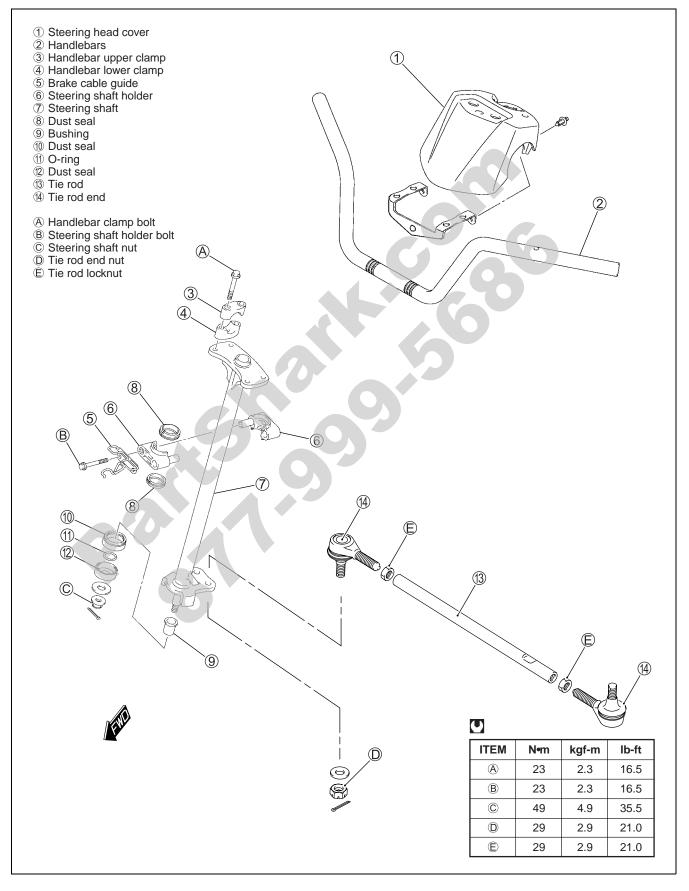








STEERING CONSTRUCTION



REMOVAL

Remove the front fender. (27-6) Remove the master cylinder assembly ① from the handlebars. (7-26) Remove the throttle lever case (2).

Disconnect the rear brake cable ③ and remove the handlebar switch ④.

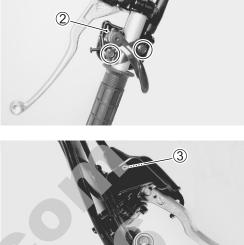
Disconnect the fuel vent hose and remove the steering head cover (5).

Disconnect the indicator lights 6 from the steering head cover. Remove the clamps \overline{O} . Remove the handlebars (8)

Remove the cotter pins, tie rod end nuts and washers.

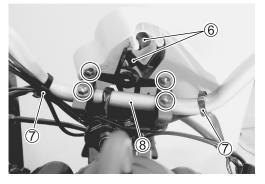
CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pins with new ones.



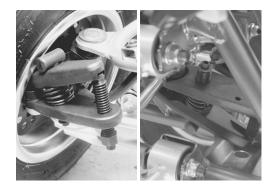
1







Remove the tie rod ends with a commercially available ball bearing joint remover.

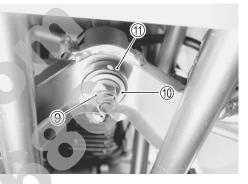


Remove the cotter pin and steering shaft nut (9), washer (10) and dust seal (11).

CAUTION

Remove the O-ring 12.

Replace the removed cotter pins with new ones.

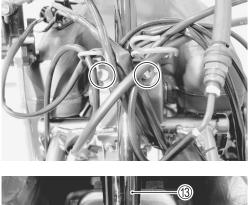


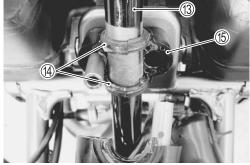
12



Remove the steering shaft holder bolts. Remove the steering shaft holder half.

Remove the steering shaft ⁽¹⁾. Remove the dust seals ⁽⁴⁾ from the steering shaft. Remove the steering shaft holder half ⁽⁵⁾.





Remove the steering shaft. Remove the dust seal (6) from the steering shaft.



INSPECTION AND DISASSEMBLY

Inspect the removed parts for the following abnormalities.

- * Handlebar distortion
- * Handlebar clamp wear

DUST SEALS AND O-RING

Inspect the dust seals and O-ring for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the dust seals with new ones.

TIE ROD

Inspect the tie rod for distortion or damage. If any damages are found, replace the tie rod with a new one.



- 1 Tie rod end
- 2 Locknut
- ③ Locknut
- ④ Tie rod

CAUTION

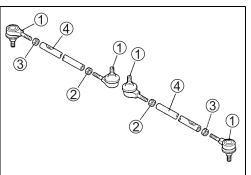
The locknuts 2 with a yellow finished surface have left-hand threads.

TIE ROD END

Inspect the tie rod ends for smooth movement. If there are any abnormalities, replace the tie rod end with a new one.

Inspect the tie rod end boot for wear or damage.

If any damages are found, replace the tie rod end with a new one.





STEERING SHAFT

Inspect the steering shaft for distortion or bends. If any damages are found, replace the steering shaft with a new one.

STEERING SHAFT HOLDER

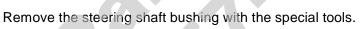
Inspect the two steering shaft holders for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the steering shaft holders with new ones.





STEERING SHAFT BUSHING

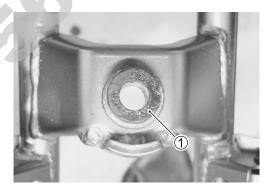
Inspect the steering shaft bushing 1 for wear and damage. If any damages are found, replace it with a new one.



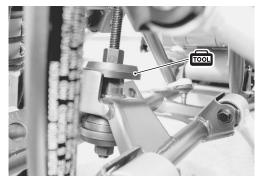
09924-84510: Bearing installer set 09930-30721: Rotor remover

Install the steering shaft bushing with the special tool.

09924-84510: Bearing installer set







REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the steering stem in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

STEERING SHAFT

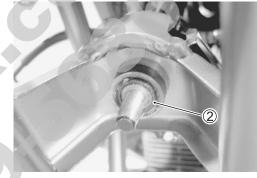
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-ring, dust seals and steering shaft before remounting the steering shaft.

✓ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install the dust seal 1 to the steering shaft.

Install the new O-ring (2) and dust seal to the steering shaft.





Tighten the steering shaft nut to the specified torque.

Steering shaft nut: 49 N•m (4.9 kgf-m, 35.5 lb-ft)

Install new cotter pin.

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pin with a new one.

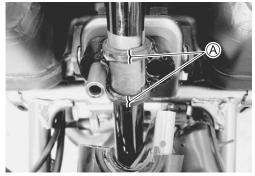
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the steering shaft holders and dust seals before remounting the steering shaft holders.

✓ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

CAUTION

To prevent the entry of dirt, the dust seal end (A) must face forward when installed to the steering shaft.



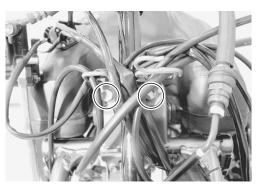


Tighten the steering shaft holder bolts to the specified torque.

Steering shaft holder bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)

Make sure that the wiring harness, cables and brake hose routing are properly. (\bigcirc 9-12 to -14)

Degrease the tapered portions of the tie rod ends with nonflammable cleaning solvent.





TIE ROD

Install the washers and tighten the tie rod end nuts to the specified torque.

Tie rod end nut: 29 N•m (2.9 kgf-m, 21.0 lb-ft)

Install new cotter pins.

CAUTION

Replace the removed cotter pins with new ones.

NOTE:

When installing the tie rod, make sure the narrow end \bigcirc of the tie rod comes out.

CAUTION

The locknuts ② with a yellow finished surface have left-hand threads.

HANDLEBARS

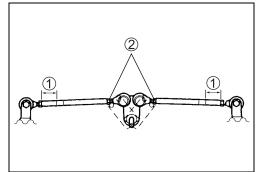
When installing the lower handlebar holder 1 to the steering shaft, the higher mating portion must face to forward.

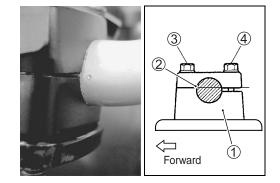
Set the handlebars to match its punched mark 2 to the mating face of the handlebar clamps.

First tighten the bolts ③ to the specified torque and then tighten the bolts ④ to the specified torque.

Handlebar clamp bolt: 23 N•m (2.3 kgf-m, 16.5 lb-ft)



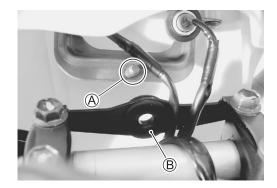




Install the steering head cover with the projection A inserting into the cushion B on the steering head cover bracket.

NOTE:

The indicator light position on the steering head cover is shown on page 8-24.



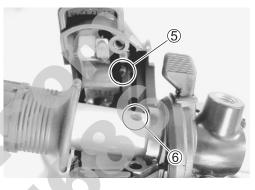
Install the handle switch with the lug (5) on the switch half inserted into the hole (6) on the handlebars.

NOTE:

After installing the handlebars, make sure that the cable, wiring harness and brake hose routing are properly. (9-12 to -14)

1

Install the steering head cover.



TOE-IN ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the toe-in as follows:

Place the vehicle on level ground and set the handlebars straight.

Make sure all the tires are inflated to the standard pressure. ($\Box \mathcal{F}^2$ -18)

Place 75 kg (165 lbs) of weight on the seat.

Loosen the locknuts (①, ②) on each tie rod.

CAUTION

The locknuts 2 have left-hand threads.

Measure the distances (A and B) between the front wheels. Subtract the measurements of A from the measurements of B to find the toe-in. If the toe-in is not within specification, adjust the tie rod to the right or left until the toe-in is within the specified range.

(A) (B) = Toe-in

DATA Toe-in Standard: 5 – 4 mm (0.20 – 0.16 in)

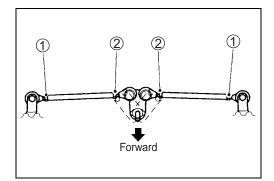
Temporarily tighten the four locknuts.

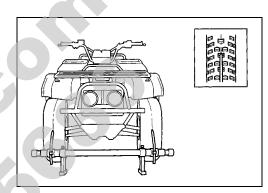
Check that the distances (\mathbb{C} and \mathbb{D}) are equal, as shown. If the distances are not equal, adjust the tie rod to the right or left until the toe-in is within specification. Check the toe-in again by measuring distances (A) and (B).

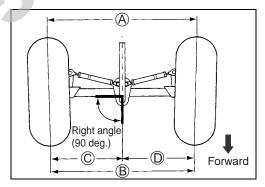
If the toe-in is not within specification, repeat the adjustment as above until the proper toe-in is obtained and distances \mathbb{C} and \mathbb{D} become equal.

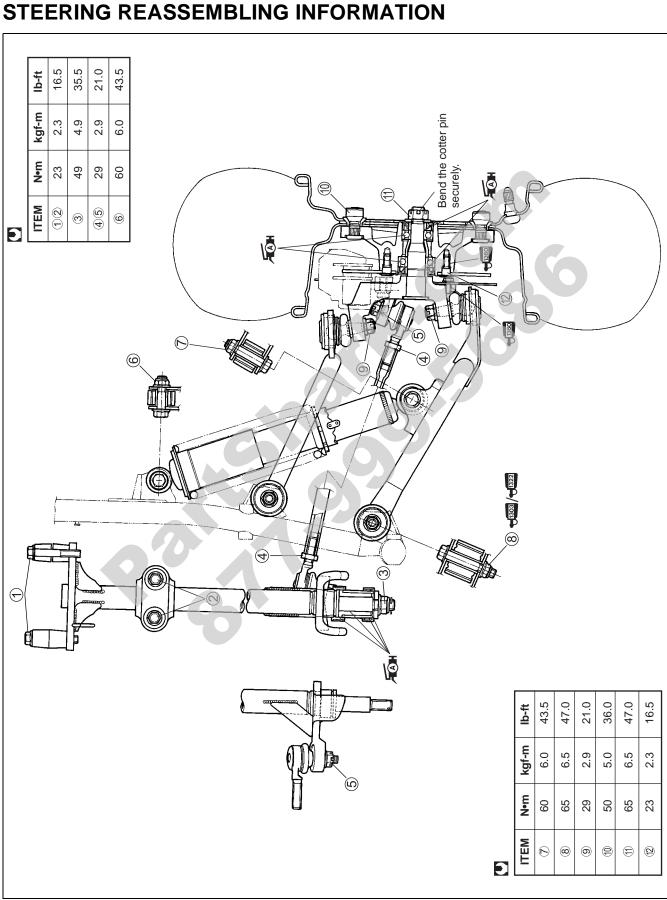
After adjustment has been made, tighten the four locknuts ① to the specified torque.

Tie rod locknut: 29 N•m (2.9 kgf-m, 21.0 lb-ft)



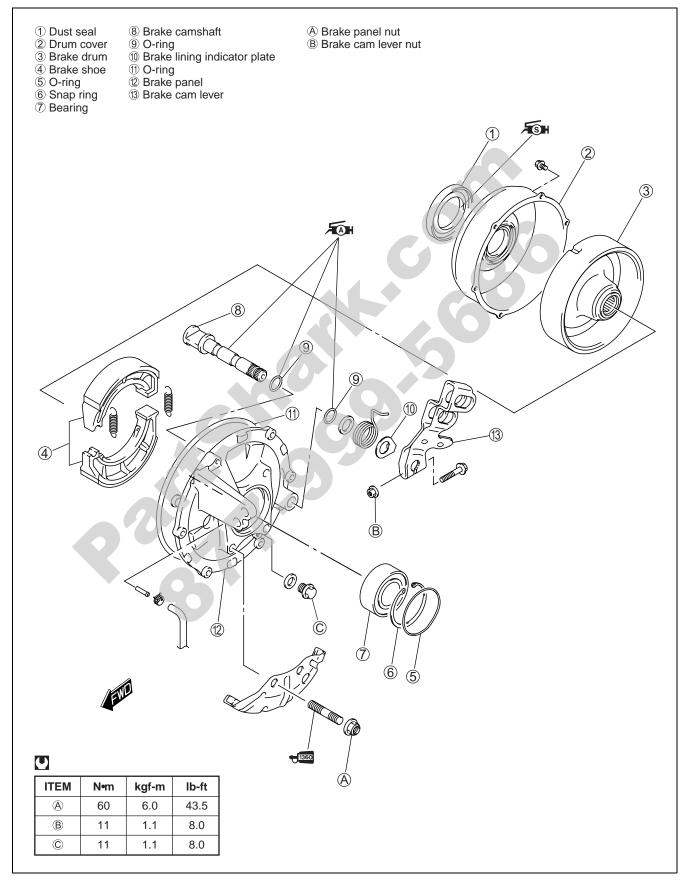






FRONT WHEEL, FRONT BRAKE, FRONT SUSPENSION AND STEERING REASSEMBLING INFORMATION

REAR BRAKE CONSTRUCTION



REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

Raise the rear wheel off the ground and support the vehicle with a jack or wooden block. Remove the right rear wheel hub. (27-11) Disconnect the brake cables.

Remove the drum cover bolts.

Remove the drum cover 1 with a flat head screwdriver.

CAUTION

* Be careful not to distort the drum cover.

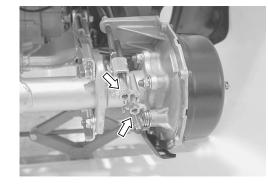
Remove the brake drum 2.

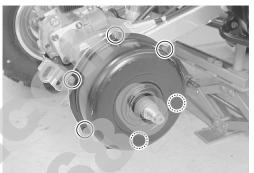
* Distortion of drum cover would cause a malfunction of sealing.

Remove the brake shoes ③ and springs ④. Remove the O-ring ⑤.

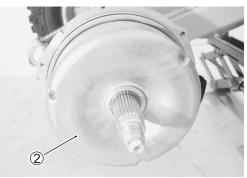
NOTE:

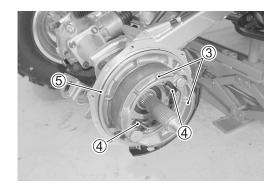
If reinstalling the removed brake shoes, mark the brake shoes with direction (leading and trailing) of installation before removing the brake shoes.





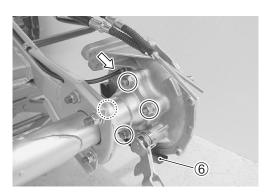


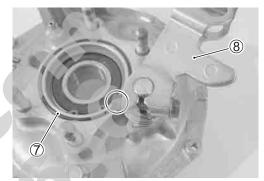




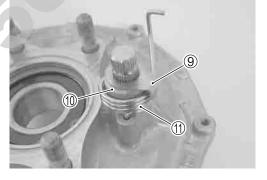
Disconnect the brake breather hose. Remove the brake panel and panel cover (6).

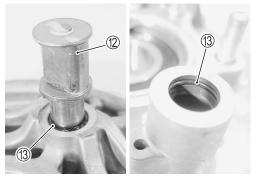
Remove the O-ring $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$. Remove the brake cam lever \circledast .





Remove the brake lining indicator prate (9), washer (10) and spring (11).





Remove the brake camshaft (2) and O-rings (3) from the brake panel.

INSPECTION

BRAKE DRUM

Measure the brake drum s I.D. to determine the extent of wear. If the measurement value exceeds the service limit, replace the brake drum with a new one.



DATA Brake drum I.D.

Service Limit: 140.7 mm (5.54 in)

BRAKE SHOE

Inspect the brake shoes for wear or damage. If any wear or damages are found, replace the brake shoes with new ones.

CAUTION

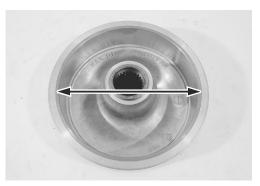
Replace the brake shoes as a set, otherwise braking performance will be adversely affected.

DUST SEAL

Inspect the dust seal on the drum cover for wear or damage. If any damages are found, replace the dust seal with a new one.

CAUTION

Replace the removed dust seal with a new one.

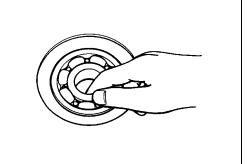






BRAKE PANEL BEARING

Inspect the play of the brake panel bearing by hand while it is in the brake panel. Rotate the inner race by hand to inspect for abnormal noise and smooth rotation. Replace the bearing if there is anything unusual.





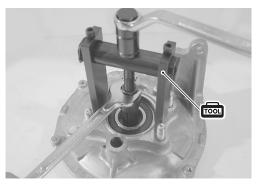
Remove the snap ring.

Remove the bearing with the special tool.

09921-20240: Bearing remover set

CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.



REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Install new bearing with the special tool.

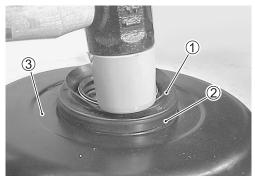
09913-70210: Bearing installer set



Install the snap ring.



Install new dust seal 2 to the drum cover 3 by using the removed dust seal 1.



Drum cover

Apply SUZUKI SILICONE GREASE to the dust seal lips.

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to new O-rings and brake camshaft.

Install the O-rings and brake camshaft to the anchor panel.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

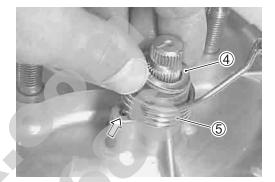
CAUTION

O-rings should be replaced with new ones.

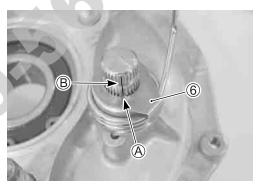
Install the washer ④.

Install the spring (5) with the spring end hocked to the hole on the brake panel.





Align the protrusion (A) of the brake lining indicator prate (6) with the groove (B) of the brake camshaft. Install the brake lining indicator prate (6).



Install the brake cam lever O as its punched mark C aligns with the slit D on the brake camshaft.

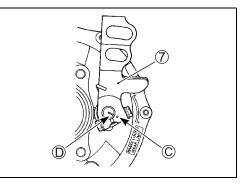
Tighten the cam lever nut to the specified torque.

Cam lever nut: 11 N•m (1.1 kgf-m, 8.0 lb-ft)

Install new O-ring (8) onto the rear brake panel.

CAUTION

O-ring must be replaced with a new one.





Install the brake panel to the rear axle housing. Install the panel cover (9).

Tighten the brake panel mounting nuts to the specified torque.

Brake panel mounting nut: 60 N•m (6.0 kgf-m, 43.5 lb-ft)

Connect the brake breather hose.

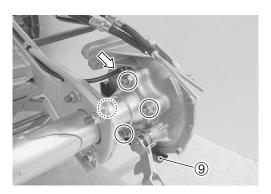
NOTE:

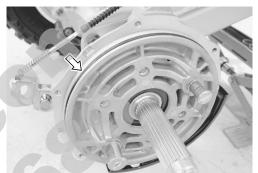
Make sure that the O-ring (8) must be fitted into the groove on the brake panel securely.

Install new O-ring to the brake panel.

CAUTION

Replace the removed O-ring with a new one.





Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the anchor pin and brake camshaft sliding surface lightly.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

A WARNING

Be careful not to apply too much grease to the brake camshaft and pin. If grease gets on the lining, brake slippage will result.

Install the brake shoes and springs to the brake panel.

CAUTION

Replace the brake shoes as a set, otherwise braking performance will be adversely affected.

NOTE:

- * When reinstalling the removed brake shoes, install them in their original position, leading and trailing.
- * Make sure that the brake shoe springs end faces the brake panel as shown.







Install the brake drum.

CAUTION

Do not apply grease to the spline portion of brake drum.

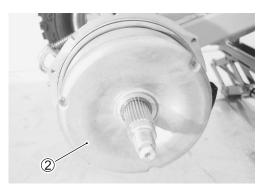
NOTE:

Before installing the brake drum, make sure that the brake drum is clean and free of any greasey matter.

Install the drum cover and tighten the bolts.

NOTE:

When installing the drum cover, make sure that the O-ring must be fitted into the groove on the brake panel securely.



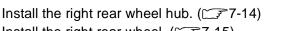


NOTE:

Before connecting the brake cables, make sure that the small-pitch portion of the cable spring faces to the cable adjuster nut.



Connect the brake cables (1).



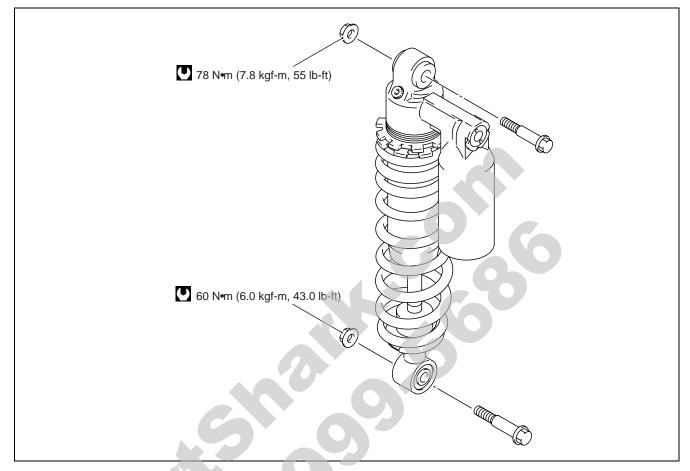
Install the right rear wheel. (27-15)

After installing the rear brake, adjust the following items.

- * Brake pedal play 🗁 2-14
- * Brake lever play 2-15



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER CONSTRUCTION



REMOVAL

Raise the rear wheel off the ground and support the vehicle with a jack or wooden block. Remove the rear shock absorber ①.

INSPECTION

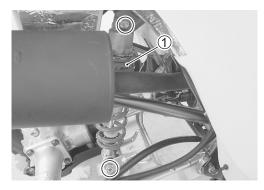
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Inspect the rear shock absorber body and rubber bushing for damage and leakage of oil.

If any defects are found, replace the rear shock absorber with a new one.

CAUTION

Do not attempt to disassemble the rear shock absorber and to bleed out the nitorogen gas. It is unserviceble.





REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPACER AND BEARING

Remove the spacers and dust seals.

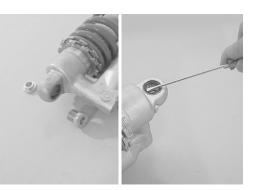
CAUTION

The removed dust seals must be replaced with new ones.

Inspect the spacers for any flaws or other damage. If any damages are found, replace the spacers with new ones.

Insert the spacer into the rear shock absorber bearing and then check the play by moving the spacer up and down.

If excessive play is noted, replace the bearing with a new one.





Remove the rear shock absorber bearing with the special tools.

09923-73210: Bearing remover 09930-30104: Sliding shaft

CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.

REASSEMBLY

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Press the bearing into the rear shock absorber to the depth of 4 mm (0.157 in) with the special tool and suitable socket wrench.

NOTE:

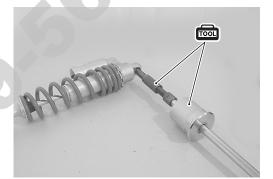
When installing the rear shock absorber bearing, make sure that the stamped mark faces right side.

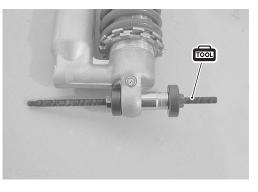
09924-84521: Bearing installer set

REMOUNTING

Tighten the upper and lower shock absorber mounting nuts to the specified torque of each.

Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Upper): 78 N•m (7.8 kgf-m, 55 lb-ft) Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Lower): 60 N•m (6.0 kgf-m, 43.0 lb-ft)







SUSPENSION SETTING

SPRING PRE-LOAD ADJUSTMENT

The rear suspension spring pre-load is adjustable. This adjustment is performed by changing spring set length.

Loosen the locknut 1.

Adjust the spring set length by turning the adjuster 2.

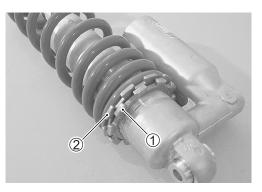
SPRING SET LENGTH A

STANDARD	MAXIMUM (SOFTEST)	MINIMUM (STIFFEST)	
232.5 mm	235 mm	227 mm	
(9.15 in)	(9.25 in)	(8.94 in)	

CAUTION

Do not set the spring length out of the specified range.

Tighten the locknut ①.





REAR SHOCK ABSORBER DISPOSAL

A WARNING

- * The rear shock absorber unit contains high-pressure nitrogen gas.
- * Mishandling can cause explosion.
- * Keep away from fire and heat. High gas pressure caused by heat can cause an explosion.
- * Release gas pressure before disposing.

GAS PRESSURE RELEASE

Remove the valve cap.

Press the valve with a screwdriver to bleed out the nitrogen gas.

- * Releasing high pressure gas from the rear shock absorber unit can be hazardous. Never perform any servicing until the nitrogen gas pressure has been released from the rear shock absorber unit.
- * When releasing the gas pressure, place a reg over the gas valve and use the tip of a screwdriver to press the valve. Do not use your finger to depress the gas valve, and be sure to direct the valve away from your face and body.
- * Be sure to always wear eye protection when performing this procedure.





REAR SUSPENSION CONSTRUCTION

① Rear shock absorber

- 2 Swingarm
- ③ Bearing
- A Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Upper)
 B Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Lower)
 C Swingarm pivot nut

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- Swingarin protinut
 Axle housing mounting nut (RH)
 Axle housing bolt
 Axle housing mounting nut (LH)

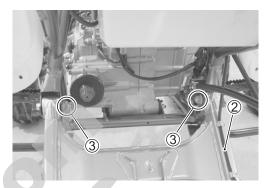
U

ITEM	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
A	78	7.8	55.0
B	60	6.0	43.5
C	85	8.5	61.5
D	60	6.0	43.5
ĒĒ	65	6.5	47.0

REMOVAL

Remove the footrest mud guards. ($\Box = 7-7$) Remove the rear drive gear case assembly. ($\Box = 7-4-3$) Remove the rear shock absorber. ($\Box = 7-53$)

Disconnect the brake breather hose 2 from the swingarm. Loosen the swingarm pivot bolts/nuts 3. Remove the swingarm.



INSPECTION AND DISASSEMBLY

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

Inspect the rear shock absorber. (27-7-53)



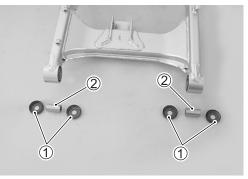
SPACER

Remove the dust covers ① and spacers ② from the swingarm.

Inspect the spacers ② for any flaws or other damage. If any defects are found, replace the spacer with a new one.



Inspect the swingarm for distortion or damage. If any damage are found, replace the swingarm with a new one.





SWINGARM PIVOT BEARING

Insert the spacer into the swingarm pivot bearings and then check the play by moving the spacer up and down.

If excessive play is noted, replace the bearing with a new one.



TOOL

Remove the swingarm pivot bearing with the special tools.

09923-74510: Bearing remover 09930-30104: Sliding shaft

CAUTION

The removed bearing must be replaced with a new one.

REASSEMBLY

SWINGARM PIVOT BEARING AND DUST SEAL

Press the bearing into the swingarm pivot to the depth of 5.0 mm (0.197 in) from the outside with the special tool and suitable socket wrench.

NOTE:

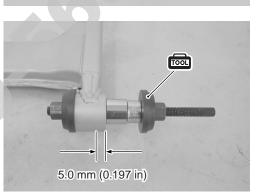
When installing the swingarm pivot bearing, make sure that the stamped mark faces outside.

09924-84510: Bearing installer set

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the bearings, spacers and ips of the dust covers.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install the spacers and dust covers to the swingarm.





REMOUNTING

Remount the rear swingarm and suspension in the reverse order of removal. Pay attention to the following points:

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the swingarm pivot bolts. Install the swingarm pivot bolts and upper and lower shock absorber mounting bolts temporarily.

Tighten the swingarm pivot nut to the specified torque.

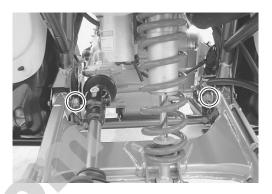
 € 1303 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303 (USA)

 € 1322 99000-32110: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1322 (Others)

 E Swingarm pivot nut: 85 N•m (8.5 kgf-m, 61.5 lb-ft)

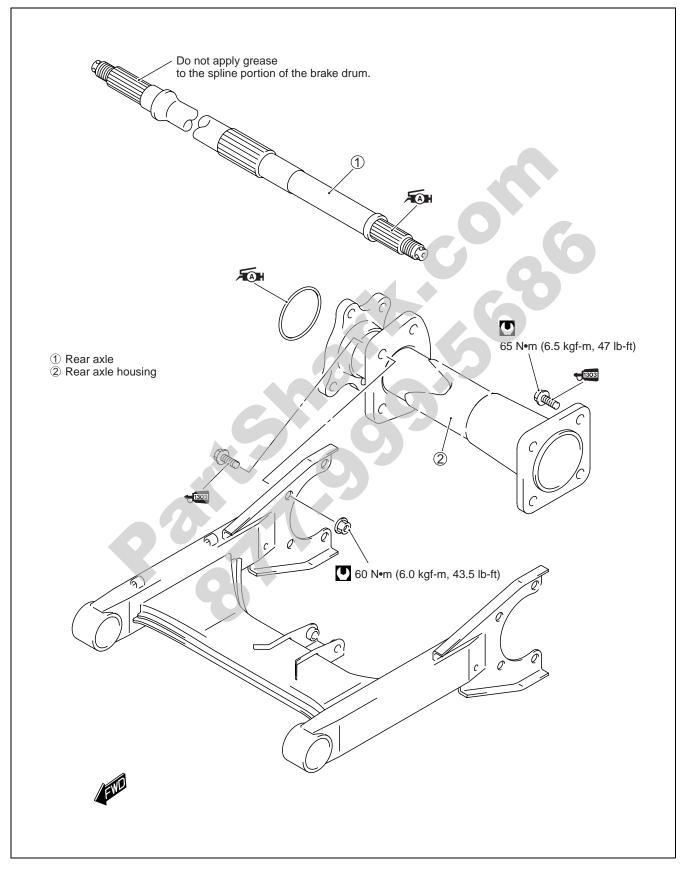
Tighten the upper and lower shock absorber mounting nuts to the specified torque of each.

Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Upper): 78 Nem (7.8 kgf-m, 55 lb-ft) Rear shock absorber mounting nut (Lower): 60 Nem (6.0 kgf-m, 43.0 lb-ft)



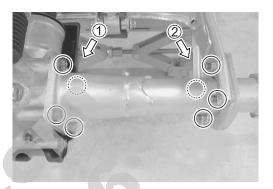


REAR AXLE CONSTRUCTION

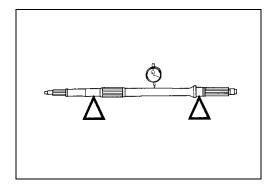


REMOVAL

Remove the rear axle housing/final gear case bolts ① and rear axle housing set bolts/nuts ②.







Remove the rear axle housing ③ and rear axle ④. Remove the O-ring ⑤.

INSPECTION

REAR AXLE SHAFT

Inspect the rear axle shaft visually for distortion or damages. If any damages are found, replace the rear axle shaft with a new one.

Using a dial gauge, check the axle shaft for runout and replace it if the runout exceeds the limit.

© 09900-20607: Dial gauge (1/100 mm) 09900-20701: Magnetic stand 09900-21304: V-block set (100 mm)

Axle shaft runout Service Limit: 3.0 mm (0.12 in)

REAR AXLE HOUSING

Inspect the rear axle housing for distortion or damages. If any damages are found, replace the rear axle housing with a new one.

REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the rear axle in reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the rear drive case spline.

99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

Install new O-ring to the rear drive gear case.

NOTE:

Before installing the O-ring, apply grease to it.

Install the rear axle shaft and rear axle housing to the rear drive gear case.

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER to the rear axle housing/final gear case bolts ① and rear axle housing set bolts ②. Tighten the rear axle housing/final gear case bolts ① and rear axle housing set nuts ② to the specified torque of each.

1303 99000-32030: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1303 (USA)

+1322 99000-32110: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1322 (Others)

Rear axle housing/final gear case bolt:

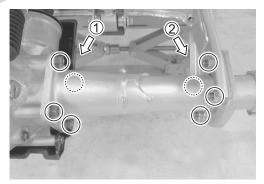
65 N•m (6.5 kgf-m, 47.0 lb-ft)

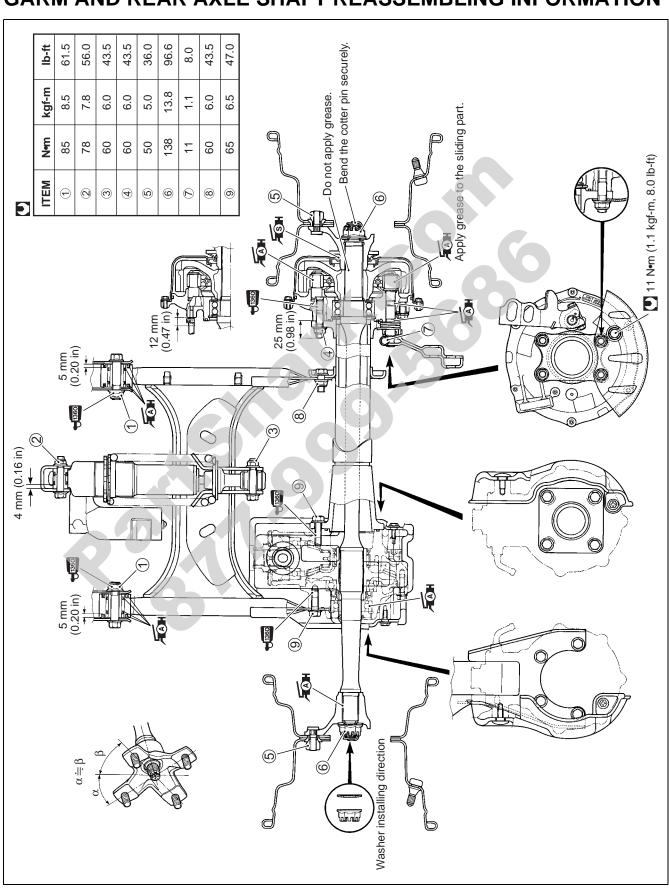
Rear axle housing set nut:

60 N•m (6.0 kgf-m, 43.5 lb-ft)









REAR WHEEL, REAR BRAKE, REAR SUSPENSION, REAR SWIN-GARM AND REAR AXLE SHAFT REASSEMBLING INFORMATION

REVERSE LOCK RELEASE CABLE

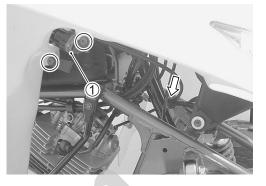
REMOVAL

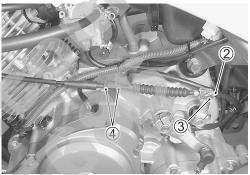
Remove the reverse lock release knob 1 from the front fender.

Open the fixed clamp.

Remove the clip 2 and pin 3.

Loosen the locknuts 4 and remove the reverse lock release cable.





Remove the bracket (5).

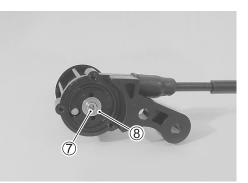


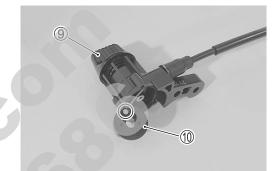
6

Remove the cap 6

Remove the screw \overline{O} and washers $\underline{\otimes}$.

Remove the knob (9). Disconnect the cable by removing the rotor (1).





REMOUNTING

Remount the reverse lock release cable in the reverse order of removal. Pay attention to the following points:

Install the spring so that the spring end B matches the groove B on the housing.



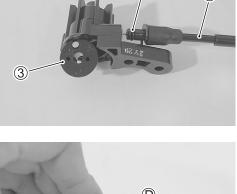
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-ring ①.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

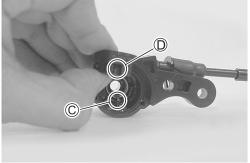
Install the O-ring ① to the reverse lock release cable ②. Connect the cable to the rotor ③ through the hole of the housing.

NOTE:

- * When installing the rotor, hook the spring end $\mathbb C$ on the concave portion $\mathbb D$ of the rotor.
- * Make sure that the reverse lock release cable is routed correctly.



2

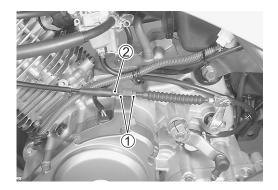


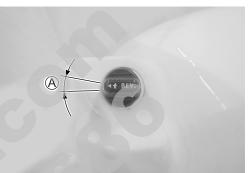
CABLE PLAY ADJUSTMENT

After installing the reverse lock release cable, adjust the cable play.

Loosen the locknuts ①.

Slide the adjuster ② until the cable play at the reverse lock release knob \triangle reaches 1 $2 \text{ mm} (0.04 \quad 0.08 \text{ in})$. Tighten the locknuts ① securely.





After adjustment, be sure to check for reverse lock function.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

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CAUTIONS IN SERVICING CONNECTORS

When disconnecting a connector, be sure to hold the terminals; do not pull the lead wires.

When connecting a connector, push it in so it is firmly attached.

Inspect the connector for corrosion, contamination and any breakage in the cover.

COUPLERS

With a lock-type coupler, be sure to release the lock before disconnecting it. When connecting a coupler, push it in until the lock clicks shut.

When disconnecting a coupler, be sure to hold the coupler; do not pull the lead wires.

Inspect each terminal on the coupler for looseness or bends. Inspect each terminal for corrosion and contamination.

CLAMPS

Refer to the WIRING HARNESS ROUTING section for proper clamping procedures. (279-11 to -14)

Bend the clamp properly, as shown in the illustration.

When clamping the wire harness, do not allow it to hang down.

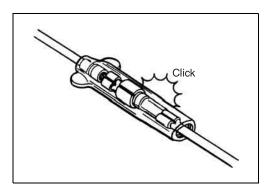
Do not use wire or any substitutes for the band-type clamp.

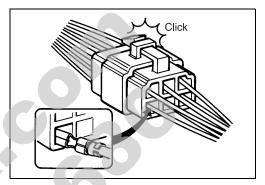
FUSES

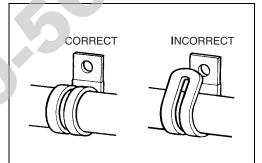
When a fuse blows, always investigate the cause, correct the problem, and then replace the fuse.

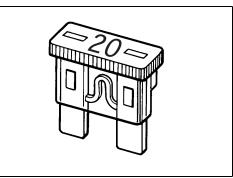
Do not use a fuse of a different capacity.

Do not use any substitutes for the fuse (e.g., wire).





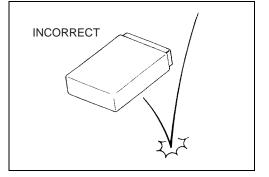




SEMI-CONDUCTOR EQUIPPED PARTS

Do not drop any part that contains a semi-conductor (e.g., CDI unit, regulator/rectifier).

When inspecting the part, follow the inspection instructions carefully. Neglecting proper procedures may cause this part to be damaged.



BATTERY

The MF battery used in this vehicle does not require maintenance (e.g., electrolyte level inspection, distilled water replenishment).

During normal charging, no hydrogen gas is produced. However, if the battery is overcharged, hydrogen gas may be produced. Therefore, be sure there are no fire or spark sources (e.g., short circuit) nearby when charging the battery.

Be sure to recharge the battery in a well-ventilated and open area.

Note that the charging system for the MF battery is different from that of a conventional battery. Do not replace the MF battery with a conventional battery.

CONNECTING THE BATTERY

When disconnecting terminals from the battery for disassembly or servicing, be sure to disconnect the \bigcirc battery lead wire, first.

When connecting the battery lead wires, be sure to connect the \oplus battery lead wire, first.

If the terminal is corroded, remove the battery, pour warm water over it and clean it with a wire brush.

After connecting the battery, apply a light coat of grease to the battery terminals.

WIRING PROCEDURE

Properly route the wire harness according to the WIRING HARNESS ROUTING section. (29-9-11 to -14)

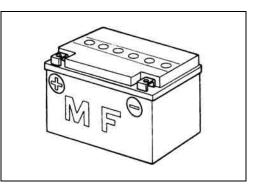
USING THE MULTI CIRCUIT TESTER

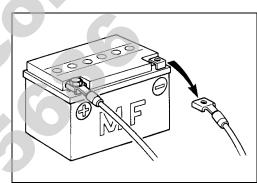
Properly use the multi circuit tester \oplus and \bigcirc probes. Improper use can cause damage to the vehicle and tester. If the voltage and current values are not known, begin measuring in the highest range.

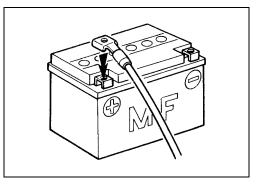
When measuring the resistance, make sure no voltage is applied. If voltage is applied, the tester will be damaged. After using the tester, be sure to turn the switch to the OFF position.

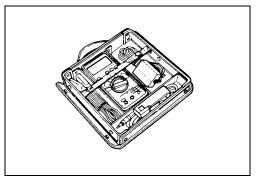
CAUTION

Before using the multi circuit tester, read its instruction manual.

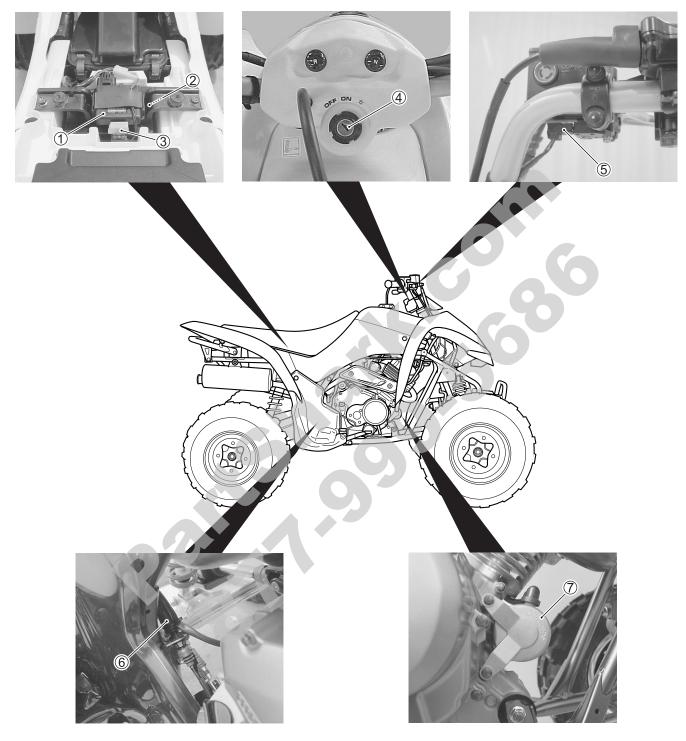




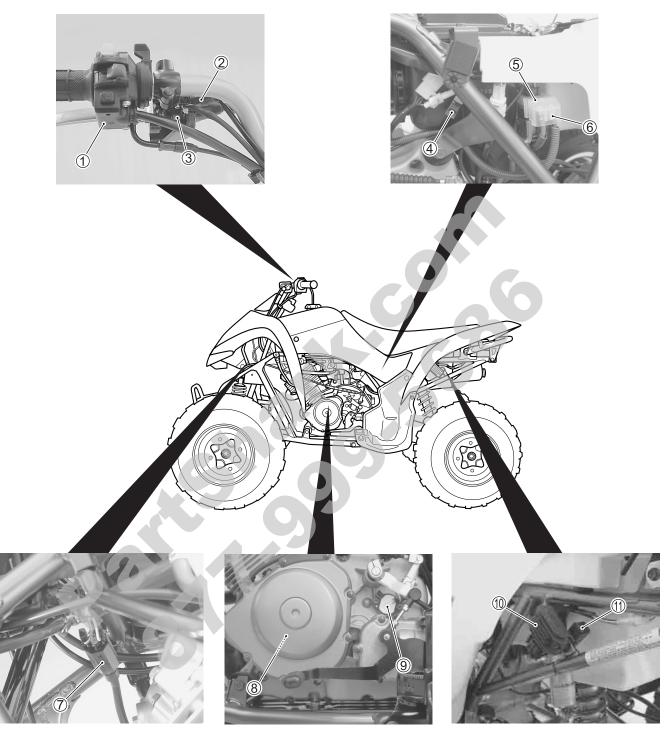




LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS



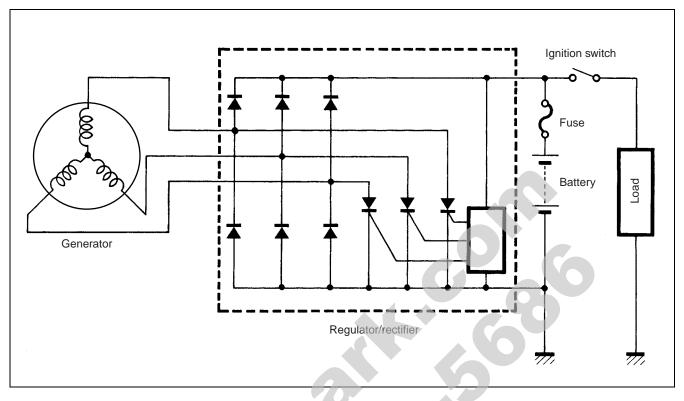
- ① CDI unit
- ② Battery
- 3 Fuse
- ④ Ignition switch
- 5 Front brake light switch
- 6 Rear brake light pedal switch
- O Starter motor



- ① Handlebar switch (L)
- 2 Rear brake light switch
- ③ Parking brake switch
- ④ Neutral switch diode
- ⑤ Fuse
- 6 Starter relay

- O Ignition coil
- ⑧ Generator
- 9 Neutral switch
- 1 Regulator/rectifier
- 1 Neutral relay

CHARGING SYSTEM



TROUBLE SHOOTING

Battery runs down quickly.

Step 1

1) Check accessories which use excessive amounts of electricity.

Are accessories being installed ?

NO Go to Step 2.	YES	Remove accessories
	NO	GO TO STED Z.

Step 2

Check the battery for current leaks. (1378-8)
 Is the battery for current leaks OK ?

YES Go to Step 3.	
NO	Short circuit of wire harness
NO	Faulty electrical equipment

Step 3

Measure the regulated voltage between the battery terminals. (1 8-8)
 Is the battery charging of voltage OK ?

YES	Faulty battery Abnormal driving condition
NO	Go to Step 4.

<Continued on next page>

Step 4

Measure the resistance of the generator coil. (1) 8-9)
 Is the resistance of generator coil OK ?

YES	Go to Step 5.
NO	Faulty generator coil or disconnected lead wires

Step 5

1) Measure the generator no-load voltage. (238-9)

Is the generator no-load voltage OK ?

YES	Go to Step 6.
NO	Faulty generator

Step 6

1) Inspect the regulator/rectifier. (238-10)

Is the regulator/rectifier OK ?

YES	Go to Step 7.		
NO	Faulty regulator/rectifier		

Step 7

1) Inspect the wirings.

Are the wirings OK ?

YES	Faulty battery
NO	Short circuit of wire harness
	Poor contact of couplers

Battery overcharge

Faulty regulator/rectifier Faulty battery Poor contact of generator lead wire coupler

INSPECTION

BATTERY CURRENT LEAKAGE

Remove the seat. ($\square 7-5$) Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position. Disconnect the \bigcirc battery lead wire 1.

Measure the current between the \bigcirc battery terminal and the \bigcirc battery lead wire using the multi circuit tester. If the reading exceeds the specified value, leakage is evident.

Battery current (leak): Under 1.0 mA

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Current (---, 20 mA)

CAUTION

- * Because the current leak might be large, turn the tester to the high range first to avoid tester damage.
- * Do not turn the ignition switch to the ON position when measuring current.

When checking to find the excessive current leakage, remove the couplers and connectors, one by one, checking each part.

REGULATED VOLTAGE

- Remove the seat. (27-5)
- Remove the battery holder ①.
- Shift the transmission to the neutral position.

Start the engine, turn the ignition switch to LIGHT(-^(C)) and the dimmer switch to HI and run the engine at 5 000 r/min.

Measure the DC voltage between the \oplus and \bigcirc battery terminals using the multi circuit tester. If the voltage is not within the specified value, inspect the generator and regulator/rectifier. ($\square = 8-9$ to -10)

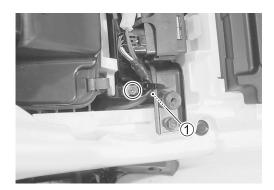
NOTE:

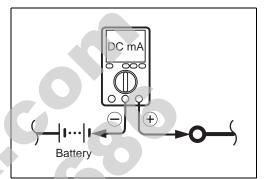
When making this test, be sure that the battery is in fullycharged condition.

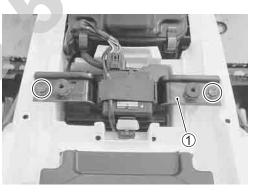
Regulated voltage: 14.0 15.5 V at 5 000 r/min

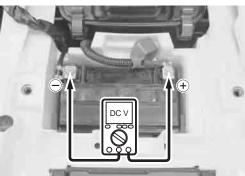
09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Voltage (----)









GENERATOR COIL RESISTANCE

Remove the left fuel tank side cover. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the generator lead wire coupler.

Measure the resistance among the three lead wires.

If the resistance is not specified value, replace the stator coil with a new one.

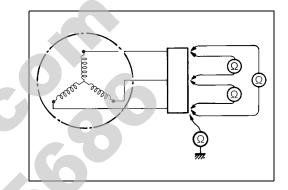
Also, check that the generator core is insulated.

Generator coil resistance: 0.5 1.2 Ω (Yellow Yellow) $\infty \Omega$ (Yellow Ground)

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Γ Tester knob indication: Resistance (Ω)





GENERATOR NO-LOAD PERFORMANCE

Remove the left fuel tank side cover. (CF7-5) Disconnect the generator lead wire coupler. Shift the transmission to the neutral position. Start the engine and run it at 5 000 r/min.

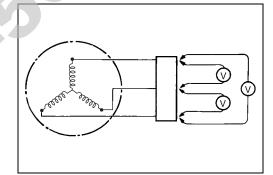
Measure the AC voltage among the lead wires using the multi circuit tester.

If the voltage is under the specified value, replace the AC generator with a new one.

Generator no-load performance (when engine is cold): 65 V and more (AC) at 5 000 r/min

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Voltage (~)



REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

Remove the regulator/rectifier.

Measure the voltage between the terminals using the multi circuit tester, as indicated in the table below.

If the voltage is not within the specified value, replace the regulator/rectifier with a new one.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

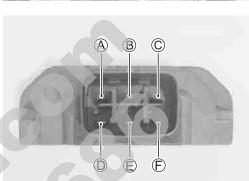
Tester knob indication: Diode test (++)

							Unit: V
\geq			$(\mathbf{+}$) Tester	probe		
		A	B	C	D	E	Ē
probe	A		*	0.5 1.3	2 0.4 0.7	0.4 0.7	0.4 0.7
prc	B	*		*	*	*	*
ster	Ô	*	*		*	*	*
Tester	D	*	*	0.4 0.	7	*	*
\bigcirc	Ē	*	*	0.4 0.	7 *		*
	Ð	*	*	0.4 0.	7*	*	1

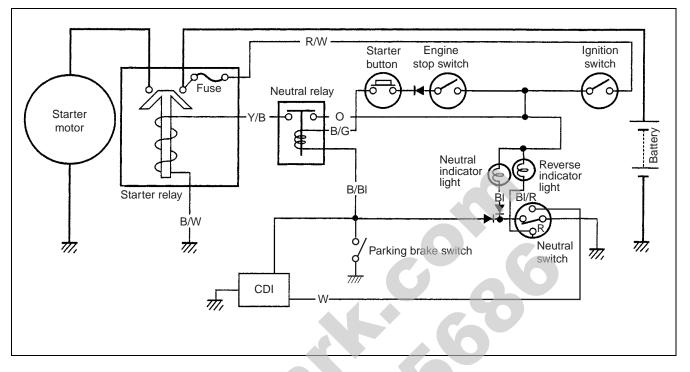
* More than 1.4 V (tester s battery voltage)

NOTE:

If the tester reads under 1.4 V when the tester probes are not connected, replace the battery of multi circuit tester.



STARTER SYSTEM



TROUBLE SHOOTING

Starter motor will not run.

Step 1

- 1) The transmission is in neutral. Turn on the ignition switch with the engine stop switch in the RUN position.
- 2) Listen for a click from the starter relay when the starter button is pushed.
- Is a click sound heard ?

YES	Go to Step 2.
NO	Go to Step 3.

Step 2

1) Check if the starter motor runs when its terminal is connected to the ⊕ battery terminal. (Do not use thin wire because a large amount of current flows.)

Does the starter motor run?

YES	Faulty starter relay Loose or disconnected starter motor lead wire	
NO	Faulty starter motor	

<Continued on next page>

Step 3

1) Measure the starter relay voltage at the starter relay connectors (between Y/B \oplus and B/W \odot) when the starter button is pushed.

Is the voltage OK ?

YES	Go to Step 4.	
NO	Faulty ignition switch Faulty engine stop switch Faulty neutral relay Faulty neutral switch Faulty starter button Poor contact of connector Open circuit in wire harness	
	e starter relay. (🆙 8-15) ter relay OK ?	606

Step 4

YES	Poor contact of the starter relay	
NO	Faulty starter relay	

NOTE:

The starter motor runs when the transmission is in neutral, but does not run when the transmission is in any position other than neutral, with the parking lever grasp firmly.

2) Check the parking brake switch. (238-26) Is the parking brake switch OK ?

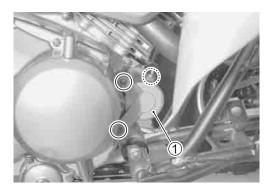
YES	Open circuit in wire harness
	Poor contact of connector
NO	Faulty parking brake switch

Engine does not turn though the starter motor runs.

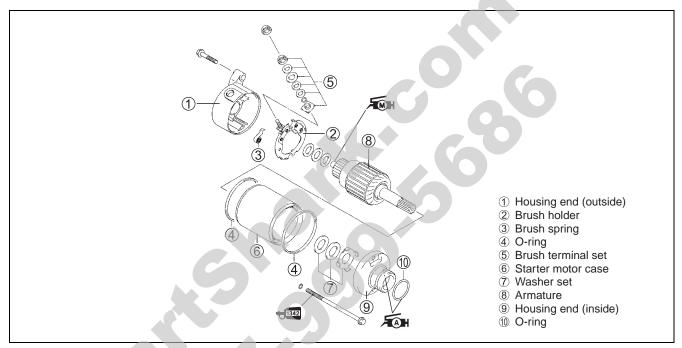
Faulty starter clutch. (273-40)

STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL AND DISAS-SEMBLY

Remove the starter motor ①.



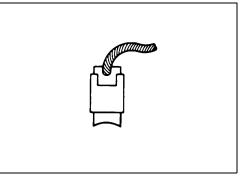
Disassembly the starter motor, as shown.



STARTER MOTOR INSPECTION CARBON BRUSHES

Inspect the carbon brushes for abnormal wear, cracks, or smoothness in the brush holder.

If any damages are found, replace the brush assembly with a new one.

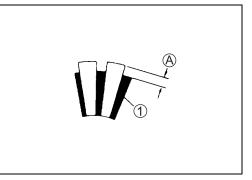


COMMUTATOR

Inspect the commutator for discoloration, abnormal wear or undercut A.

If abnormal wear is found, replace the armature with a new one. If the commutator surface is discolored, polish it with #400 sandpaper and wipe it using a clean, dry cloth.

If there is no undercut, scrape out the insulator 1 with a saw blade.



ARMATURE COIL INSPECTION

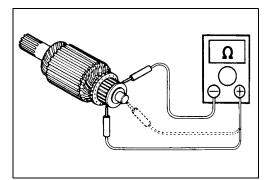
Check for continuity between each segment, and between each segment and the armature shaft using the multi circuit tester. If there is no continuity between the segments or there is continuity between the segments and shaft, replace the armature with a new one.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Continuity test (•)))

OIL SEAL

Check the seal lip for damage or leakage. If any damages are found, replace the starter motor with a new one.





STARTER MOTOR REASSEMBLY AND REMOUNTING

Reassemble and remount the starter motor in the reverse order of removal and disassembly. Pay attention to the following points:

CAUTION

Replace the removed O-rings with new ones to prevent oil leakage and moisture.

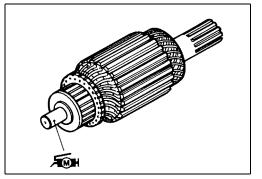
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the lip of the oil seal.

₩ 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)



Apply a small quantity of SUZUKI MOLY PASTE to the armature shaft.

₩ 99000-25140: SUZUKI MOLY PASTE



Align the match marks on the starter motor case with the match mark on the housing end.

Apply a small quantity of THREAD LOCK to the starter motor housing bolts and tighten it securely.

€1342 99000-32050: THREAD LOCK 1342



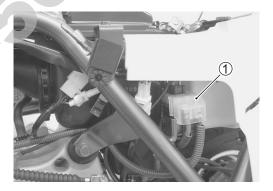
Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE to the O-ring.

A 99000-25030: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (USA) 99000-25010: SUZUKI SUPER GREASE A (Others)

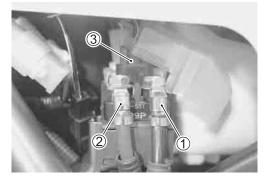


STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

Remove the left fuel tank side cover. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the \bigcirc battery lead wire from the battery terminal. ($\square 7-8-8$) Open the starter relay cover 1.



Disconnect the starter motor lead wire ① and battery lead wire ② from the starter relay. Remove the starter relay from the frame. Disconnect the starter relay coupler ③.



Apply 12 V to the terminals and check for continuity between the positive and negative terminals using the multi circuit tester. If the starter relay clicks and continuity is found, the relay is OK.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Continuity test (•)))

CAUTION

Do not apply a battery voltage to the starter relay for more than five seconds. This may overheat and damage the relay coil.

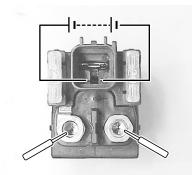
Measure the relay coil resistance between the terminals using the multi circuit tester. If the resistance is not within the specified value, replace the starter relay with a new one.

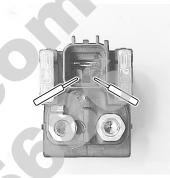


Standard: 3 6 Ω

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Γ Tester knob indication: Resistance (Ω)





NEUTRAL RELAY INSPECTION

Remove the neutral relay.



First check the insulation between (A) and (B) terminals with the tester. Then apply 12 V to terminals as shown and check the continuity between (A) and (B). If there is no continuity, replace the neutral relay with a new one.

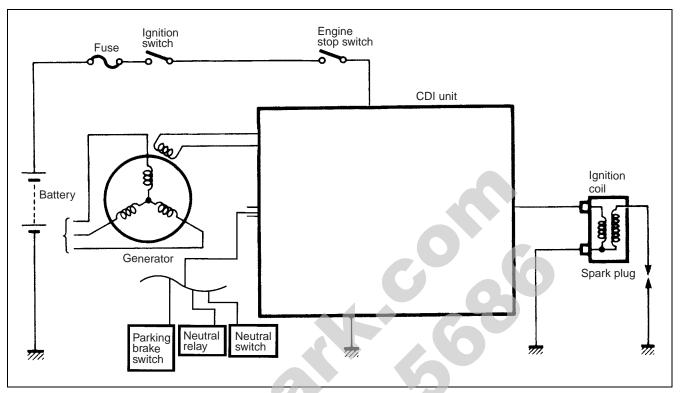
🚾 09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Continuity set (•)))

PARKING BRAKE SWITCH



IGNITION SYSTEM



TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE:

* Check that the transmission is in neutral and the engine stop switch is in the RUN position. Check that the fuse is not blown and the battery is fully-charged before diagnosing.

No spark or poor spark

- Step 1
- 1) Check the ignition system couplers for poor connections. Is there connection in the ignition switch couplers ?

YES	Go to Step 2.
NO	Poor connection of couplers

Step 2

1) Measure the battery voltage between input lead wires (O/W and B/W) at the CDI with the ignition switch in the ON position.

Is the voltage OK ?

YES	Go to Step 3.
NO	Faulty ignition switch Faulty engine stop switch
	Broken wire harness or poor connection of related circuit couplers

<Continued on next page>

Step 3

1) Measure the ignition coil primary peak voltage. (1378-19)

NOTE:

This inspection method is applicable only with the multi circuit tester and the peak volt adaptor.

Is the peak voltage OK ?

YES	Go to Step 4.
NO	Go to Step 5.

Step 4

Inspect the spark plug. (27)
 Are the spark plug OK ?

YES	Poor connection of the spark plug cap Go to Step 5.	
NO	Faulty spark plug	

Step 5

Inspect the ignition coil. (3-8-20)
 Are the ignition coil OK ?

YES	Go to Step 6.	
NO	Faulty ignition coil	

Step 6

1) Measure the pickup coil peak voltage and its resistance. (278-20 to -21)

NOTE:

The pickup coil peak voltage inspection is applicable only with the multi circuit tester and peak volt adaptor.

Are the peak voltage and its resistance OK ?

YES	Faulty CDI Open circuit in wiring harness. Poor connection of ignition couplers
NO	Faulty pickup coil

INSPECTION

IGNITION COIL PRIMARY PEAK VOLTAGE

Disconnect the spark plug cap.

Connect a new spark plug to the spark plug cap and ground it to the cylinder head.

NOTE:

Make sure that the spark plug cap and spark plug are connected properly and the battery is fully-charged.

Measure the ignition coil primary peak volt using the multi circuit tester in the following procedure:

Connect the multi circuit tester with the peak voltage adaptor as follows.

- Probe: Black/White lead wire
- \bigcirc Probe: White/Blue lead wire

NOTE:

Do not disconnect the ignition coil primary wire.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

CAUTION

When using the multi circuit tester and peak volt adaptor, refer to the appropriate instruction manual.

Shift the transmission to the neutral position and turn the ignition switch to the ON position.

Press the starter button and allow the engine to crank for a few seconds, and then measure the ignition coil primary peak voltage.

Repeat the above procedure a few times and measure the highest ignition coil primary peak voltage.

Ignition coil primary peak voltage: 120 V and more

Tester knob indication: Voltage (----)

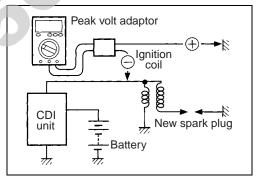
A WARNING

While testing, do not touch the tester probes and spark plug to prevent receiving an electric shock.

If the voltage is lower than the standard values, inspect the ignition coil. ($\square 8-20$)







IGNITION COIL RESISTANCE

DATA Ignition coil resistance

Secondary : 10.5

: 0.05

Primary

Disconnect the ignition coil lead wires and spark plug cap.

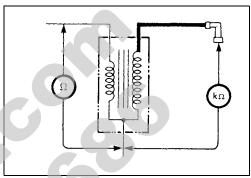
Measure the ignition coil resistance in both the primary and secondary windings using the multi circuit tester. If the resistance in both the primary and secondary windings is close to the specified values, the windings are in sound condition.

19.0 kΩ

1.0 Ω (\oplus Terminal \bigcirc Terminal)

(Spark plug cap \oplus Terminal)





PICKUP COIL PEAK VOLTAGE

NOTE: Make sure all of the couplers are connected properly

Remove the seat. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the CDI unit coupler (1.



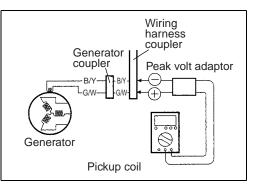
Measure the pickup coil peak voltage in the following procedure:

Connect the multi circuit tester with the peak volt adaptor as follows.

Pickup coil:
⊕ Probe...Green/White lead wire ⊖ Probe...Black/Yellow lead wire

CAUTION

When using the multi circuit tester and peak volt adaptor, refer to the appropriate instruction manual.



Shift the transmission to the neutral position, turn the ignition switch to the ON position.

Press the starter button and allow the engine to turn for a few seconds, and then measure the pickup coil peak voltage.

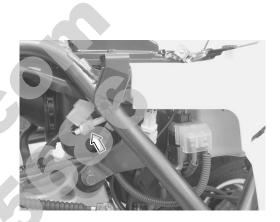
Repeat the above procedure a few times and measure the highest pickup coil peak voltage.

Pickup coil peak voltage: 4.0 V and more

Tester knob indication: Voltage (----)

If the peak voltage measured on the CDI unit coupler is lower than the standard value, measure the peak voltage on the generator coupler as follows:

Remove the left fuel tank side cover. ($\square F7-5$) Disconnect the generator coupler and connect the multi circuit tester with the peak volt adaptor as follows.



Measure the pickup coil peak voltage in the same manner as on the CDI unit coupler.

Pickup coil peak voltage: 4.0 V and more

Tester knob indication: Voltage (----)

If the peak voltage on the generator coupler is within the specification, but on the CDI unit coupler is not within specification, replace the wire harness with a new one. If both peak voltages are out of specification, replace the generator with a new one.

PICKUP COIL RESISTANCE

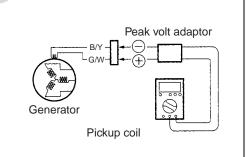
Remove the left fuel tank side cover. ($\square 7-5$) Disconnect the generator coupler.

Measure the resistance between the lead wires using the multi circuit tester. If the resistance is not within the specified value, stator coil must be replaced.

PATA Pickup coil resistance: 80 155 Ω (B/Y G/W)

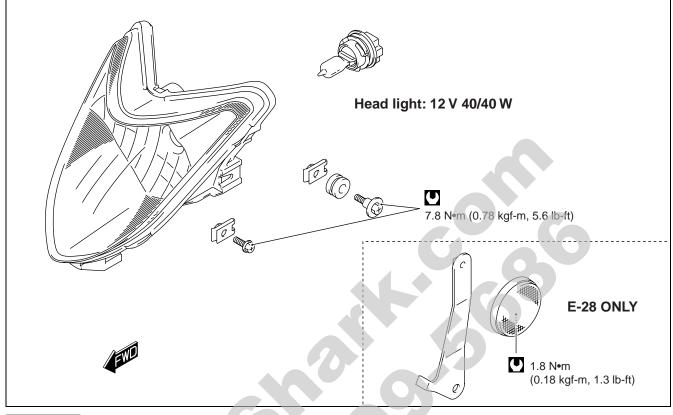
🚾 09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Tester knob indication: Resistance (Ω **)**





LAMPS HEADLIGHT



CAUTION

If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean the bulb with a cloth moistened with alcohol or soapy water to prevent premature bulb failure.

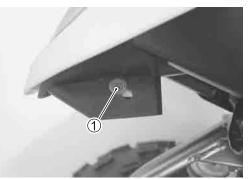
HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

Disconnect the coupler. Remove the bulb. Install new bulb in the reverse order of removal.

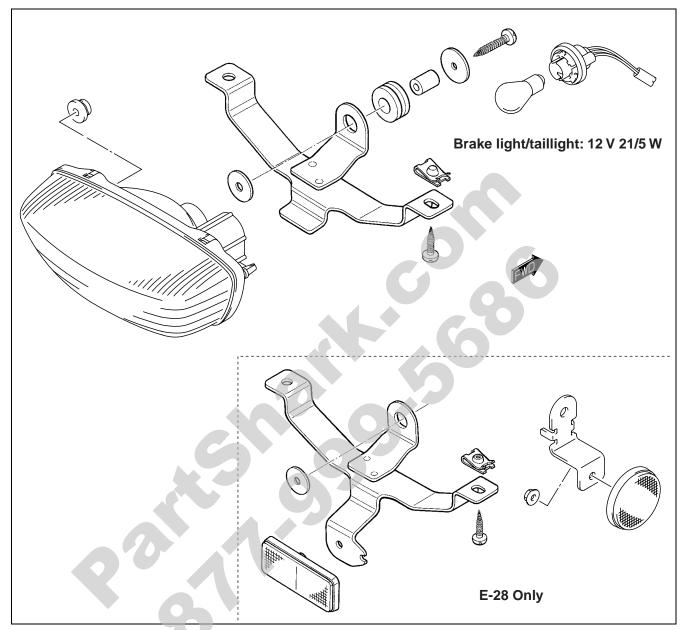


HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the headlight vertical beam by loosening the screw 1.



BRAKE LIGHT/TAILLIGHT

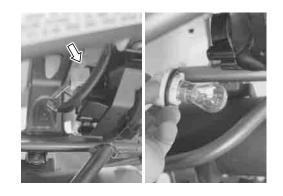


CAUTION

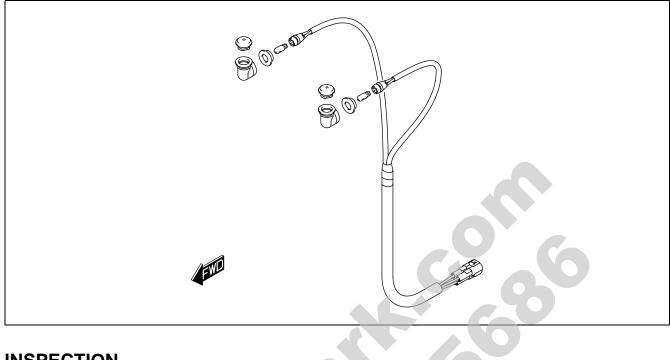
If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean the bulb with a cloth moistened with alcohol or soapy water to prevent premature bulb failure.

BULB REPLACEMENT

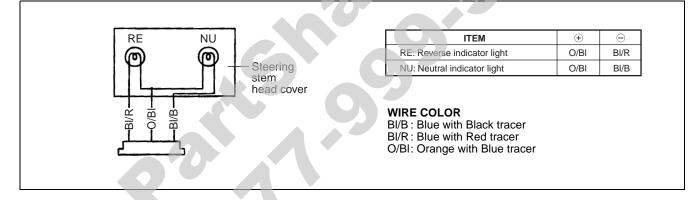
Disconnect the socket. Remove the bulb. Install new bulb in the reverse order of removal.



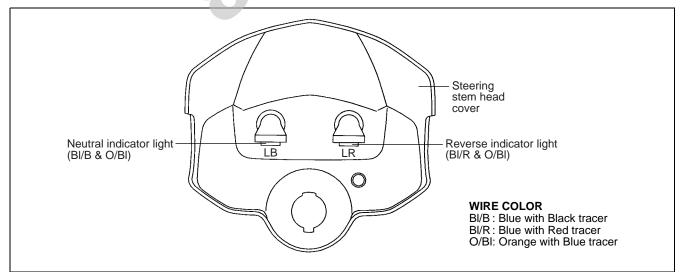
INDICATOR LIGHT



INSPECTION



INDICATOR LIGHT POSITION



DIODE

Remove the fuel tank left side cover. (77-5) Remove the neutral switch diode (1).



Measure the voltage between the terminals using the multi circuit tester as indicated in the table below.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

Itester knob indication: Diode test (⊣←)

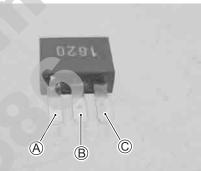
Unit: V

\backslash		$(\mathbf{+})$	Tester probe	
r		A	B	C
estel obe	A		*	*
Teste	B	0.4 0.6		0.4 0.6
U	Ô	*	*	

* More than 1.4 V (tester s battery voltage)

NOTE:

If the tester reads under 1.4 V when the tester probes are not connected, replace the battery of multi circuit tester.



SWITCHES

Measure each switch for continuity using the multi circuit tester. If any abnormality is found, replace the respective switch assemblies with a new one.

09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

IGNITION SWITCH

Color Position	R	0	Gr
LIGHT (·ሾ·)	0		O
ON	0	0	
OFF			

NEUTRAL SWITCH

Color Position	BI	R	B/W
Neutral	0		0
Reverse		0	
Others			

STARTER BUTTON

Color	O/W	Y/G
•		
PUSH	0	O

BRAKE LIGHT LEVER SWITCH (R)

Color	Terminal	Terminal
ON	0	0
OFF		

PARKING BRAKE SWITCH

Color Position	B/W	B/BI
ON		0
OFF		

DIMMER SWITCH

Position Color	Y	w	Gr
HI			0
LO		0	

BRAKE LIGHT LEVER SWITCH (L)

Color	_	
Color Position	В	в
ON	0	
OFF		

BRAKE LIGHT PEDAL SWITCH

Position	0	W/B
ON		0
OFF		

ENGINE STOP SWITCH

Position Color	0	O/W
RUN	0	O
OFF		

WIRE COLOR

	В	: Black	B/BI	: Black with Blue tracer
	BI	: Blue	B/W	: Black with White tracer
	G	: Green	O/W	: Orange with White tracer
1	Gr	: Gray	O/G	: Orange with Green tracer
	0	: Orange	W/B	: White with Black tracer
	R	: Red	Y/G	: Yellow with Green tracer
	Υ	: Yellow		

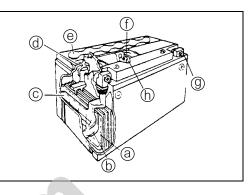
BATTERY **SPECIFICATIONS**

Type designation	YTX9-BS	
Capacity	12 V, 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10 HR	

ⓐ Anode plates

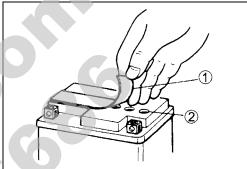
- [®] Stopper (f) Filter
- (b) Separator (fiberglass plate) © Cathode plates

(9) Terminal **(d)** Upper cover breather (h) Safety valve



INITIAL CHARGING FILLING ELECTROLYTE

Remove the aluminum tape ① sealing the battery electrolyte filler holes 2.

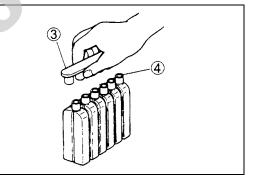


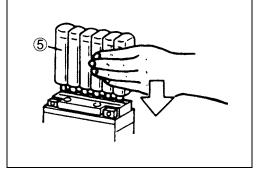
Remove the caps \Im .

NOTE:

- * After filling the electrolyte completely, use the removed caps ③ as the sealing caps of the battery electrolyte filler holes.
- * Do not remove or pierce the sealed portions ④ of the electrolyte container.

Insert the nozzles of the electrolyte container (5) into the battery electrolyte filler holes, holding the container firmly so that it does not fall. Take a precaution not to allow any of the fluid to spill.





Make sure that air bubbles (6) are coming up into each electrolyte container, and leave it in this position for more than 20 minutes.

NOTE:

If no air bubbles are coming up from a filler port, tap the bottom of the electrolyte container two or three times.

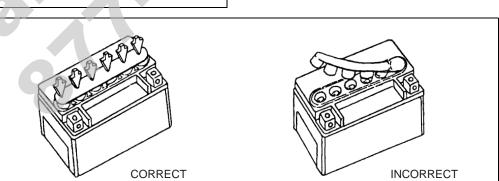
Never remove the container from the battery.

After confirming that the electrolyte has entered the battery completely, remove the electrolyte container from the battery. Wait for more than 20 minutes.

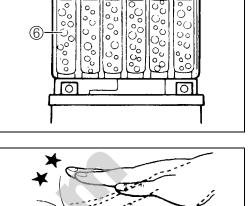
Insert the caps ③ into the filler holes, pressing in firmly so that the caps do not protrude above the upper surface of the battery top cover.

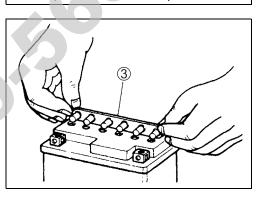
CAUTION

- * Never use anything except the specified battery.
- * Once install the caps to the battery; do not remove the caps.
- * Do not tap the caps with a hammer when installing them.



For initial charging, use a charger specially designed for MF batteries.





CAUTION

- * For charging the battery, make sure to use a charger specially designed for MF batteries. Otherwise, the battery may be overcharged resulting in shortned service life.
- * Do not remove the caps while charging.
- * Position the battery with the cap facing upward while charging.

SERVICING

Visually inspect the surface of the battery. If any signs of cracking or electrolyte leakage have occurred, replace the battery with a new one. If the battery terminals are found to be coated with rust or an acidic white powdery substance, clean the battery terminals with sandpaper.

RECHARGING OPERATION

Measure the battery voltage with the multi circuit tester. If the voltage reading is less than 12 V (DC), recharge the battery with a battery charger.

🚾 09900-25008: Multi circuit tester set

CAUTION

- * When recharging the battery, remove the battery from the vehicle.
- * Do not remove the caps while recharging.

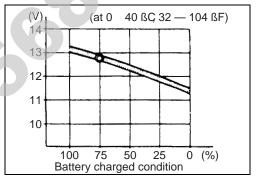
Recharging time: 0.9 A for 5 to 10 hours or 4 A for 1 hour.

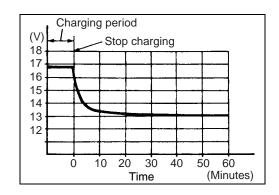
CAUTION

Be careful not to permit the charging current to exceed 4 A at any time.

After recharging, wait at least 30 minutes and then measure the battery voltage with the multi circuit tester. If the battery voltage is less than 12.5 V, recharge the battery again. If the battery voltage is still less than 12.5 V after recharging twice, replace the battery with a new one.

When a battery is left unused for a long time, its voltage needs to be regularly measured. When the vehicle is not used for more than one month (especially during the winter season), measure the battery voltage at least once a month.





SERVICING INFORMATION

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SPECIAL TOOLS
TIGHTENING TORQUE
ENGINE
DRIVE TRAIN
CHASSIS
TIGHTENING TORQUE CHART9-28
SERVICE DATA

TROUBLESHOOTING ENGINE

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Engine will not start	Compression too low	
or is hard to start.	1. Worn cylinder.	Replace.
	2. Worn piston ring.	Replace.
	3. Worn valve guide or improper valve seating.	Repair or replace.
	4. Loose spark plug.	Tighten.
	5. Slow cranking starter motor.	See electrical section.
	6. Mistimed valves.	Adjust.
	7. Valve clearance out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Spark plug not sparking	
	1. Fouled spark plug.	Clean or replace.
	2. Wet spark plug.	Clean and dry or replace.
	3. Defective ignition coil.	Replace.
	4. Open or short in high-tension cord.	Replace.
	5. Defective generator.	Replace.
	6. Defective CDI unit.	Replace.
	No fuel reaching the carburetor	
	1. Clogged fuel tank vent hose.	Clean or replace.
	2. Clogged or defective fuel valve.	Clean or replace.
	3. Defective carburetor needle valve.	Replace.
	4. Clogged fuel hose.	Clean or replace.
	5. Clogged fuel filter.	Clean or replace.
Engine stalls easily.	1. Fouled spark plug.	Clean or replace.
	2. Defective generator.	Replace.
	3. Defective CDI unit.	Replace.
	4. Clogged or defective fuel valve.	Clean or replace.
	5. Clogged carburetor jet.	Clean.
	6. Valve clearance out of adjustment.	Adjust.
Engine is noisy.	Excessive valve chatter	
	1. Excessive valve clearance.	Adjust.
	2. Weak or broken valve spring.	Replace.
	3. Worn rocker arm and rocker arm shaft.	Replace.
	Noise seems to come from the piston	
	1. Worn piston.	Replace.
	2. Worn cylinder.	Replace.
	3. Carbon build-up in combustion chamber.	Clean.
	4. Worn piston pin or piston pin bore.	Replace.
	5. Worn piston ring or ring groove.	Replace.
	Noise seems to come from the cam chain	
	1. Stretched cam chain.	Replace cam chain and
		sprockets.
	2. Worn cam chain sprocket.	Replace cam chain and
		sprockets.
	3. Improperly working cam chain tension adjuster.	Repair or replace.
	Noise seems to come from the clutch	
	1. Worn splines of crankshaft or inner race.	Replace.
	2. Worn splines of countershaft or hub.	Replace.
	3. Worn teeth of clutch plates.	Replace.
	4. Distorted clutch plates, driven and drive.	Replace.
	5. Clutch dampers weakened.	Replace.

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Engine is noisy.	Noise seems to come from the crankshaft	
-	1. Worn or burnt bearing.	Replace.
	2. Big-end bearing worn or burnt.	Replace.
	3. Excessive thrust clearance.	Replace.
	Noise seems to come from transmission	
	1. Gears worn or rubbing.	Replace.
	2. Badly worn splines.	Replace.
	3. Primary gears worn or rubbing.	Replace.
	4. Badly worn bearings.	Replace.
	5. Worn bushing.	Replace.
	Noise seems to come from transfer	
	1. Worn down gears or shafts.	Replace.
	2. Damage to bearings/bushing.	Replace.
	Noise seems to come from secondary bevel gear and	
	rear drive bevel gear	
	1. Drive and driven bevel gears damaged or worn.	Replace.
	2. Excessive backlash.	Adjust.
	3. Improper tooth contact.	Adjust.
	4. Damage to bearing.	Replace.
	5. Gears worn or rubbing.	Replace.
	6. Badly worn splines.	Replace
	7. Secondary bevel gear thrust clearance too large.	Adjust or replace.
	8. Rear drive bevel gear thrust clearance too large.	Adjust or replace.
Slipping clutch.	1. Clutch control out of adjustment or loss of play.	Adjust.
	2. Weakened clutch springs.	Replace.
	3. Worn clutch shoes.	Replace.
	4. Worn or distorted pressure plate.	Replace.
	5. Distorted clutch plates, driven and drive.	Replace.
Dragging clutch.	1. Clutch control out of adjustment or too much play.	Adjust.
	2. Some clutch springs weakened while others are not.	Replace.
	3. Distorted pressure plate or clutch plates.	Replace.
	4. Worn or damage clutch release mechanism.	Adjust or replace.
Transmission will not	1. Broken gearshift cam.	Replace.
shift.	2. Distorted gearshift forks.	Replace.
	3. Worn gearshift shaft.	Replace.
	4. Worn or damage clutch release mechanism.	Adjust or replace.
	5. Improperly adjusted reverse cable.	Adjust.
Transmission will not	1. Broken reverse shift cam.	Replace.
shift back.	2. Shift shafts are rubbing or sticky.	Repair
	3. Distorted or worn gearshift forks.	Replace.
T	4. Broken or damaged gearshift lever return spring.	Replace.
Transmission jumps	1. Worn shifting gears on driveshaft or countershaft.	Replace.
out of gear.	2. Distorted or worn gearshift forks.	Replace.
	3. Weakened cam stopper spring on gearshift cam.	Replace.
Transformull and all 10	4. Worn gearshift lever stopper pin.	Replace.
Transfer will not shift	1. Broken or worn sliding dog.	Replace.
or shift back.	2. Broken or worn gearshift fork.	Replace.
	3. Worn gearshift cam.	Replace.
	4. Weakened cam stopper spring.	Replace.
	5. Worn gearshift fork shaft.	Replace.

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Engine idles poorly.	1. Valve clearance out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Poor seating of valves.	Replace.
	3. Defective valve guides.	Replace.
	4. Worn rocker arm or arm shaft.	Replace.
	5. Defective generator.	Replace.
	6. Defective CDI unit.	Replace.
	7. Spark plug gap too wide.	Adjust or replace.
	8. Defective ignition coil resulting in weak sparking.	Replace.
	9. Float-chamber fuel level out of adjustment in carbureto	
	0. Clogged jets.	Clean.
	1. Defective fuel valve.	Replace.
	2. Improperly set pilot screw.	Adjust.
Engine runs poorly in	1. Valve springs wakened.	Replace.
high speed range.	2. Valve timing out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	3. Worn cams or rocker arms.	Replace.
	4. Spark plug gap too narrow.	Adjust.
	5. Defective ignition coil.	Replace.
	6. Float-chamber fuel level tool low.	Adjust.
	7. Clogged air cleaner element.	Clean.
	8. Clogged fuel pipe, resulting in inadequate fuel supply	o Clean and prime.
	carburetor.	
	9. Defective fuel valve.	Replace.
Dirty or heavy	1. Too much engine oil in the engine.	Check with inspection window,
exhaust smoke.		drain out excess oil.
	2. Worn piston rings or cylinder.	Replace.
	3. Worn valve guides.	Replace.
	4. Cylinder wall scored or scuffed.	Replace.
	5. Worn valve stems.	Replace.
	6. Defective stem seals.	Replace.
Engine lacks power.	1. Loss of valve clearance.	Adjust.
0 1	2. Weakened valve springs.	Replace.
	3. Valve timing out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	4. Worn piston ring or cylinder.	Replace.
	5. Poor seating of valves.	Repair.
	6. Fouled spark plug.	Clean or replace.
	7. Worn rocker arms or shafts.	Replace.
	8. Spark plug gap incorrect.	Adjust or replace.
	9. Clogged jets in carburetor.	Clean.
	0. Float-chamber fuel level out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	1. Clogged air cleaner element.	Clean.
	2. Too much engine oil.	Drain out excess oil.
	3. Sucking air around intake pipe.	Retighten or replace.
Engine overheats.	1. Heavy carbon deposit on piston crown.	Clean.
	2. Not enough oil in the engine.	Add oil.
	3. Defective oil pump or clogged oil circuit.	Replace or clean.
	4. Fuel level too low in float chamber.	Adjust.
	5. Air leak from intake pipe.	Retighten or replace.
	6. Use of incorrect engine oil.	Change.
		Change.

DRIVE TRAIN

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Power will not trans-	1. Broken drive and driven bevel gear teeth.	Replace.
mit from the engine to	2. Broken propeller shaft serration.	Replace.
the rear wheel.	3. Worn or broken rear axle serration.	Replace.
	4. Worn or damaged coupling joint serration.	Replace.
	5. Broken or damaged rear drive and driven bevel gears.	Replace.
	6. Worn or damaged universal joint.	Replace.

CARBURETOR

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy	
Starting difficulty.	1. Clogged starter jet.	Clean.	
	2. Clogged starter jet passage.	Clean.	
	3. Air leaking from joint between starter body and carbure-	Tighten, adjust or replace gas-	
	tor.	ket.	
	4. Improperly working starter (enricher) plunger.	Adjust.	
Idling or low-speed	1. Clogged or loose pilot jet.	Clean or tighten.	
trouble.	2. Clogged pilot jet passage.	Clean.	
	3. Clogged pilot outlet port.	Clean.	
	4. Clogged bypass port.	Clean.	
	5. Starter (enricher) plunger not fully closed.	Adjust.	
	6. Improperly set pilot screw.	Adjust.	
	7. Incorrect float height.	Adjust.	
Medium-or high	1. Clogged main jet.	Clean.	
speed trouble.	2. Clogged main air jet.	Clean.	
	3. Clogged needle jet.	Clean.	
	4. Improperly working throttle valve.	Adjust.	
	5. Clogged fuel filter.	Clean or replace.	
	6. Incorrect float height.	Adjust.	
	7. Starter (enricher) plunger not fully closed.	Adjust.	
Overflow and fuel	1. Worn or damaged needle valve.	Replace.	
level fluctuations.	2. Broken needle valve spring.	Replace.	
	3. Improperly working float.	Adjust or replace.	
	4. Foreign matter on the needle valve. Clean or replace		
		valve seat.	
	5. Incorrect float chamber fuel level.	Adjust float height.	

CHASSIS

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Handling is too heavy	1. Improper front wheel alignment.	Adjust.
or stiff.	2. Insufficiently lubricated.	Lubricate.
	3. Low air pressure in front tires.	Adjust.
	4. Tie rod ends tending to seize.	Replace.
	5. Linkage connections tending to seize.	Repair or replace.
Steering wobbles.	1. Unequally inflated tires.	Regulate.
	2. Loose front wheel hub nuts.	Tighten.
	3. Damaged or worn front wheel hub bearings.	Replace.
	4. Worn or loose tie rod ends.	Replace or tighten.
	5. Defective or incorrect front tires.	Replace.
	6. Damaged or worn wishbone arms and related bush-	Replace.
	ings.	
	7. Distorted front wheels.	Replace.
	8. Loose chassis nuts and bolts.	Tighten.
Steering pulls to one	1. Unequally inflated tires.	Regulate.
side.	2. Improper front wheel alignment.	Adjust.
	3. Worn front wheel hub bearings.	Replace.
	4. Distorted frame or wishbone.	Repair or replace.
	5. Defective shock absorber.	Replace.
Shocks felt in the	1. High tire pressure.	Regulate.
steering.	2. Worn steering linkage connections.	Replace.
	3. Loose suspension system bolts.	Tighten.
Tires rapidly or	1. Worn or loose front wheel hub bearings.	Replace.
unevenly wear.	2. Improper front wheel alignment.	Adjust.
Steering too noisy.	1. Loose nuts and bolts.	Tighten.
	2. Damaged or worn front wheel hub bearings.	Replace.
	3. Insufficiently lubricated.	Lubricate.
Suspension too soft.	1. Weakened spring.	Replace.
	2. Shock absorber leaks oil.	Replace.
Suspension too stiff.	1. Worn upper or lower wishbone arms and related bush-	Tighten.
	ings.	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	2. Bent shock absorber rod.	Replace.
Suspension too	1. Loose suspension system bolts.	Tighten.
noisy.	2. Worn wishbone arms and related bushings.	Replace.
	3. Worn swingarm bushings.	Replace.
Rear wheels wobble.	1. Distorted rear wheel rims.	Replace.
	2. Damage or worn rear brake panel bearings.	Replace.
	3. Defective or incorrect rear tires.	Replace.
	4. Loose rear wheel hub nuts.	Tighten.
	5. Distorted rear axle.	Replace.
	6. Loosen rear axle housing mounting bolts.	Tighten.
	7. Improper rear brake adjustment.	Adjust.
	8. Damaged or worn rear swingarm and related bushings.	Replace.
	9. Rear shock absorber leaks oil.	Replace.
	10. Loose rear swingarm nut.	Tighten.

BRAKES

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy
Poor braking.	1. Insufficient brake fluid.	Refill to level mark.
(FRONT)	2. Air in brake fluid circuit.	Bleed air out.
	3. Worn pads.	Replace.
	4. Worn disc.	Replace.
Poor braking.	1. Worn shoe linings.	Replace.
(REAR)	2. Too much play on brake pedal or brake lever.	Adjust.
Insufficient brake	1. Leakage of brake fluid from hydraulic system.	Repair or replace.
power.	2. Worn pads, worn lining.	Replace.
	3. Oil adhesion on engaging surface of pads.	Clean disc and pads.
	4. Worn disc or bake drum.	Replace.
	5. Air in hydraulic system.	Bleed.
Brake squeaks.	1. Carbon adhesion on pad surface.	Repair surface with emery
	Carbon adhesion on lining surface.	paper.
	2. Titled pad.	Modify pad fitting or replace.
	3. Loose front wheel axle or rear wheel axle.	Tighten to specified torque.
	4. Worn brake pads and linings.	Replace.
	5. Foreign material in brake fluid.	Replace brake fluid.
	6. Clogged return port of master cylinder.	Disassemble and clean master
		cylinder.
	7. Wrongly fixed spring.	Set correctly.
	8. Caliper binding on caliper axles.	Clean and lubricate.
Excessive brake lever	1. Air in hydraulic system.	Bleed.
stroke.	2. Insufficient brake fluid.	Replenish fluid to specified
		level and bleed air.
	3. Improper quality of brake fluid.	Replace with correct fluid.
Brake fluid leakage.	 Insufficient tightening of connection joints. 	Tighten to specified torque and
		add brake fluid.
	2. Cracked hose.	Replace.
	3. Worn piston and/or cup.	Replace piston and/or cup.
82	8	

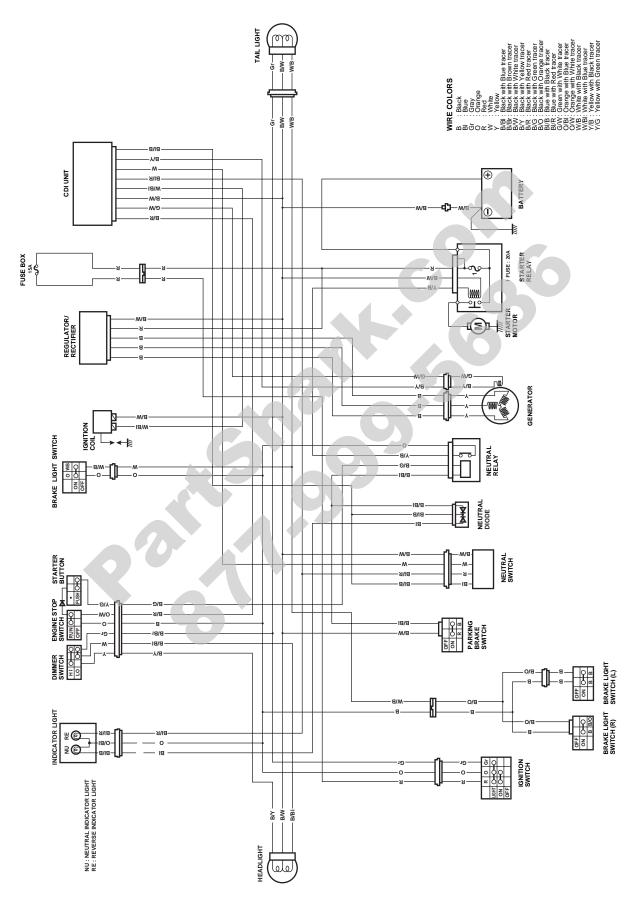
ELECTRICAL

Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy	
No sparking or poor	1. Defective ignition coil.	Replace.	
sparking.	2. Defective spark plug.	Replace.	
	3. Defective generator.	Replace.	
	4. Defective CDI unit.	Replace.	
	5. Defective pickup coil.	Replace.	
Spark plug is wet or	1. Excessively rich air/fuel mixture.	Adjust carburetor.	
quickly becomes	2. Excessively high idling speed.	Adjust carburetor.	
fouled with carbon.	3. Incorrect gasoline.	Change.	
	4. Dirty air cleaner element.	Clean or replace.	
	5. Incorrect spark plug (cold type).	Change to standard spark	
		plug.	
Spark plug quickly	1. Worn piston ring.	Replace.	
becomes fouled with	2. Worn piston.	Replace.	
oil or carbon.	3. Worn cylinder.	Replace.	
	4. Excessive valve-stem-to-valve-guide clearance.	Replace.	
	5. Worn valve stem oil seal.	Replace.	
Spark plug electrodes	1. Incorrect spark plug.	Change to cold type spark	
overheat or burn.		plug.	
	2. Overheated engine.	Turn-up.	
	3. Loose spark plug.	Tighten.	
	4. Excessively lean air/fuel mixture.	Adjust carburetor.	
Generator does not	1. Open or short in lead wires, or loose lead connections.	Repair, replace or connect	
charge.		properly.	
	2. Shorted, grounded or open generator coil.	Replace.	
	3. Shorted or punctured regulator/rectifier.	Replace.	
Generator charges	1. Lead wires tend to get shorted, open-circuited, or		
but charging rate is	loosely connected at terminal.		
below specification.	2. Grounded or open-circuited stator coils or generator.	Replace.	
	3. Defective regulator/rectifier.	Replace.	
Generator over-	1. Internal short-circuit in the battery.	Replace battery.	
charges.	2. Damaged or defective regulator/rectifier.	Replace.	
Unstable charging.	1. Lead wire insulation frayed due to vibration, resulting in		
	intermittent shorting.		
	2. Internally shorted generator.	Replace.	
×	3. Defective regulator/rectifier.	Replace.	
Starter button does	1. Run down battery.	Recharge or replace.	
not work.	2. Defective switch contact.	Replace.	
	3. Brushes do not seat properly on the commutator in the		
	starter motor.		
	4. Defective starter relay.	Replace.	
	5. Defective neutral relay.	Replace.	
	6. Defective emergency switch. (E-17)	Replace.	
	7. Defective engine stop switch.	Replace.	
	8. Defective neutral switch.	Replace.	
	9. Defective parking brake switch.	Replace.	
	10. Wiring connections loose or disconnected.	Connect, tighten or repair.	
To. Wining connections loose of disconnected.			

BATTERY

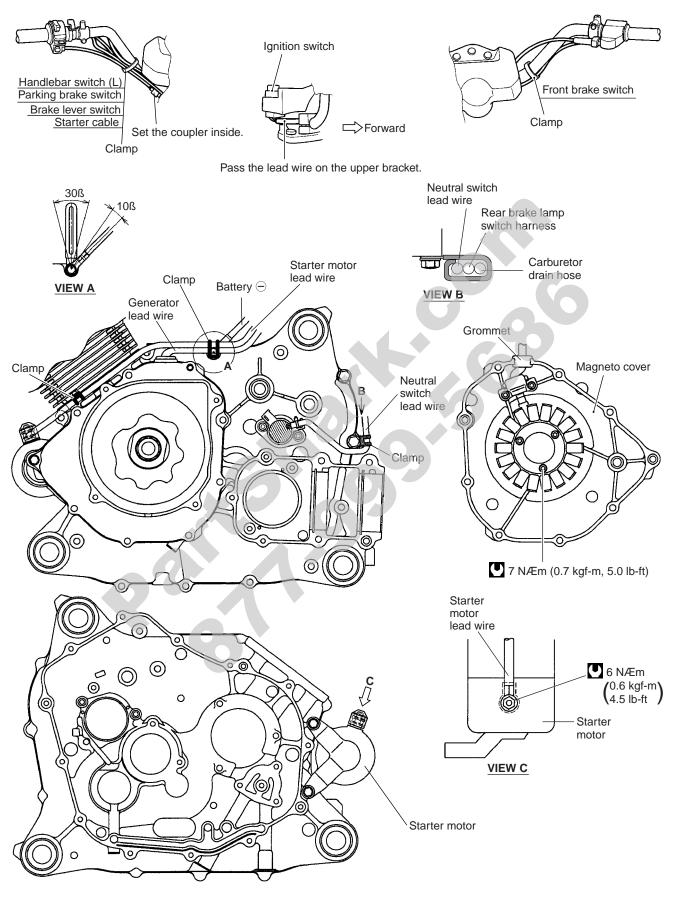
Complaint	Symptom and possible causes	Remedy		
Sulfation or spots on	1. Cracked battery case.	Replace.		
surfaces of cell	2. Battery has been left in a run-down condition for a long	Replace.		
plates.	time.			
Battery runs down	1. Incorrect charging method.	Check the generator, and regu-		
quickly.		lator/rectifier circuit connec-		
		tions, and make necessary		
		adjustments to obtain specified		
		charging operation.		
	2. Battery cell plates have lost much of their active mate-	Replace the battery and cor-		
	rial as a result of overcharging.	rect the charging system.		
	3. Internally shorted battery.	Replace.		
	4. Old battery.	Replace.		
Reversed battery	1. Improperly connected battery leads.	Replace the battery and be		
polarity.	(i.e., \bigcirc to \oplus and \oplus to \bigcirc)	sure to connect it properly.		
Battery discharged	1. Dirty container top and sides.	Clean.		
too rapidly.	2. Old battery.	Replace.		
Battery sulfation.	1. Incorrect charging rate.	Replace.		
	(When not in use, the battery should be checked at			
	least once a month and properly charged if necessary,			
	to avoid sulfation.)			
	2. The battery was left unused in a cold climate for too	Replace the battery if badly		
	long.	sulfated.		

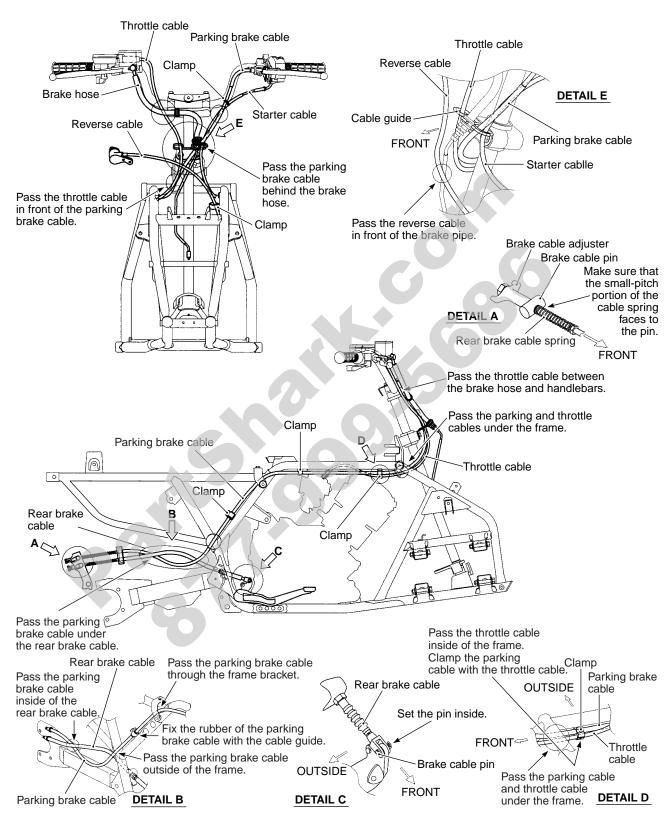
WIRING DIAGRAM



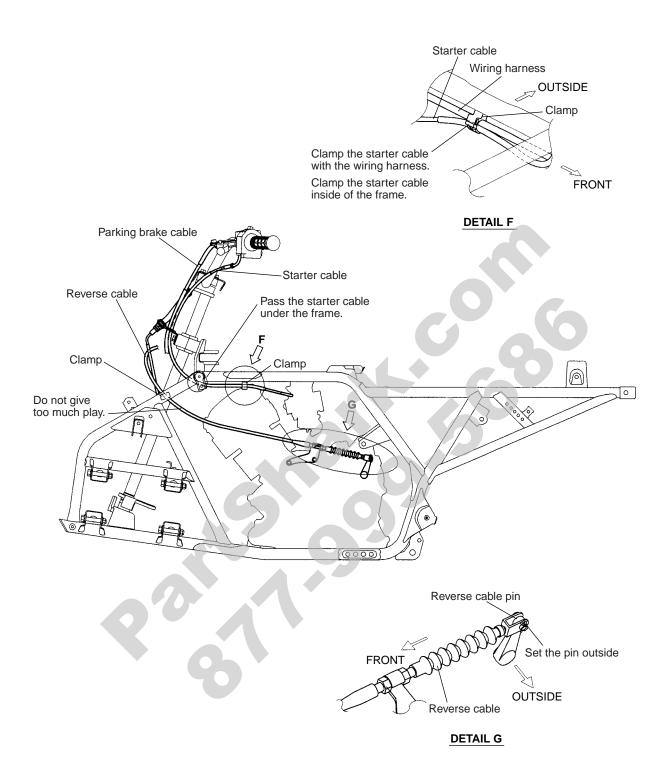
101 Brake light/Taillight Wiring harness Wiring harness Clamp Handlebar switch Battery + Ignition swich Reverse cable Clamp Clamp Parking brake Pilot lamp Ignition coil Left brake switch Set the generator coupler inside of the frame. Clamp Clamp Clamp Wiring harness Wiring harness EC approval label Neutral relay (E-28) • The let 2 2 Th Regulator/rectifier Starter relay IECS label (E-28) Starter motor Generator Battery 🖯 Cut the tip of the clamp Clamp Cut the tip of after clamping the several lead wire. the clamp after Clamp clamping the pedal Starter motor switch lead wire. Generator Battery ⊝ Ø Neutral switch Starter motor Brake pedal switch 0 0 Clamp Clamp Brake light pedal switch

WIRING HARNESS, CABLE, AND HOSE ROUTING WIRING HARNESS ROUTING

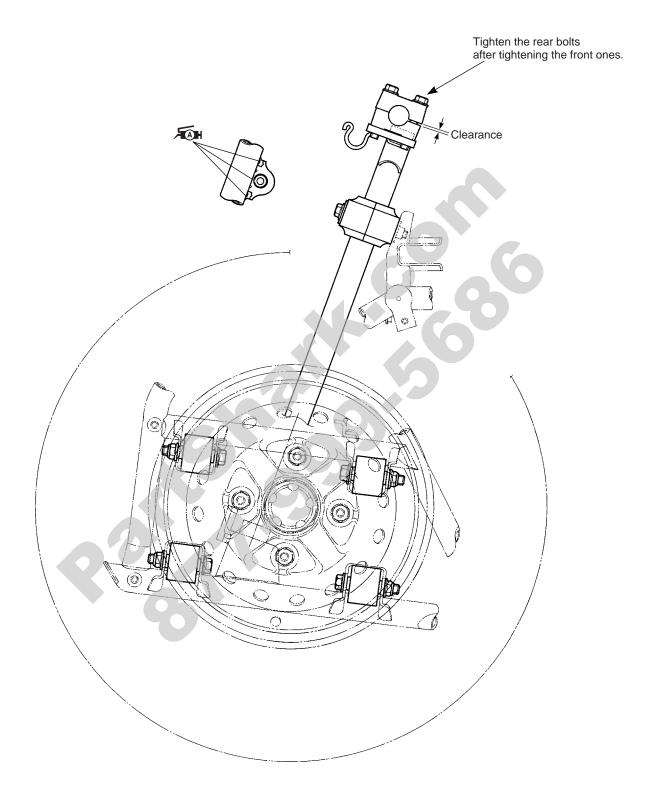




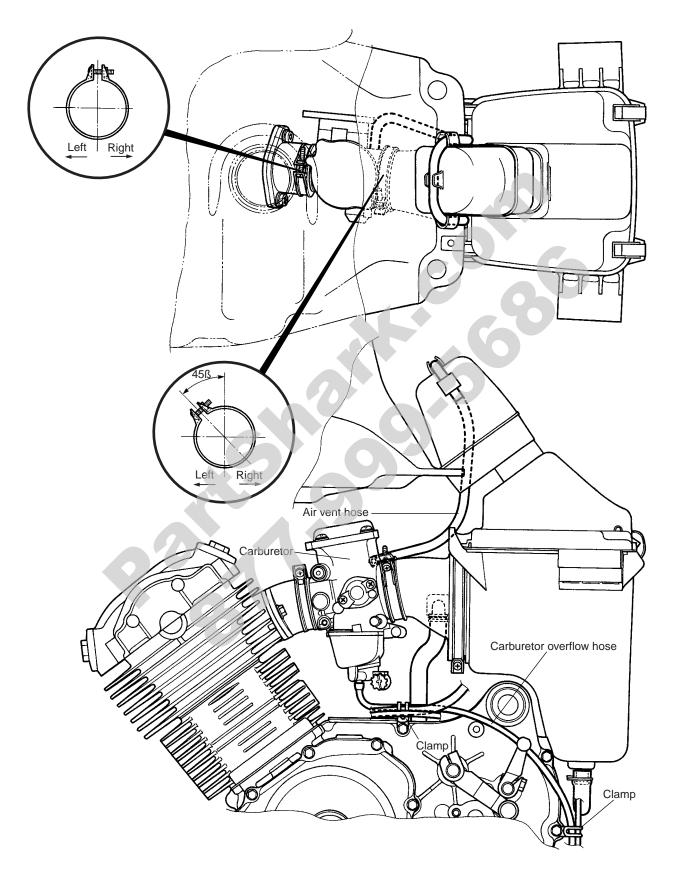
CABLE ROUTING



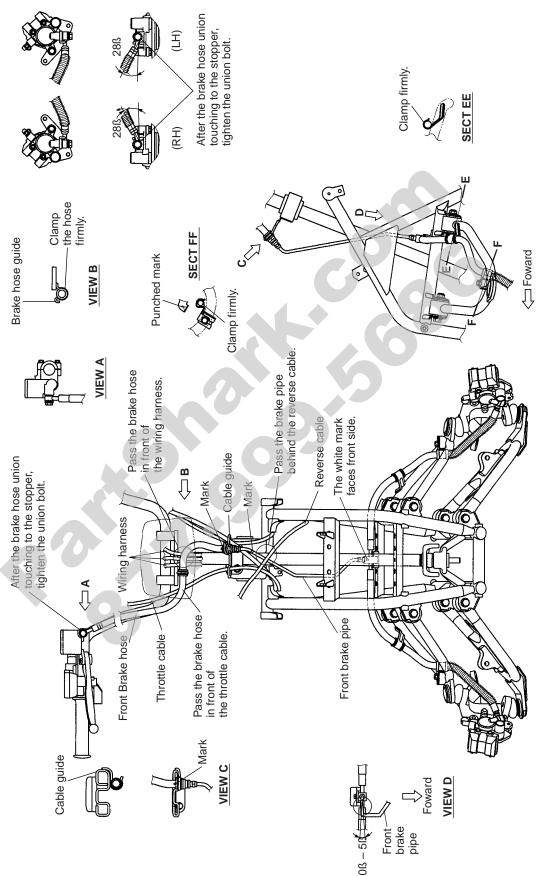
STEERING SHAFT SET-UP

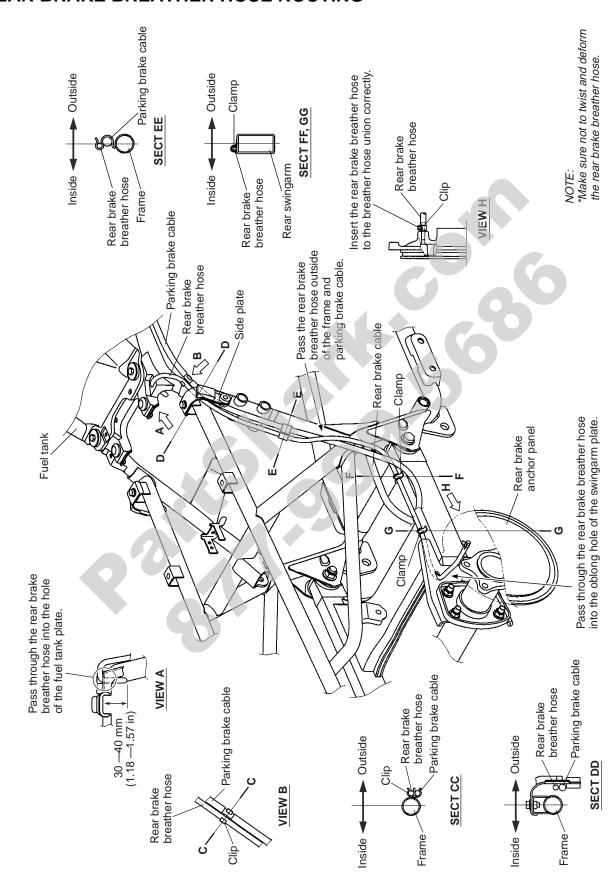


CARBURETOR HOSE ROUTING

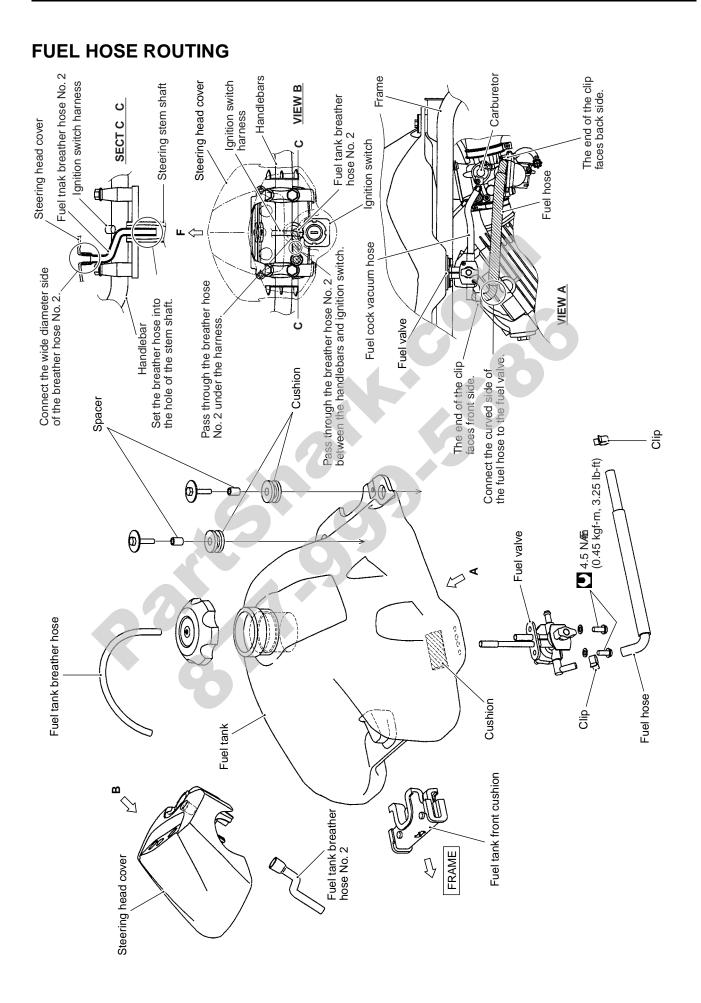




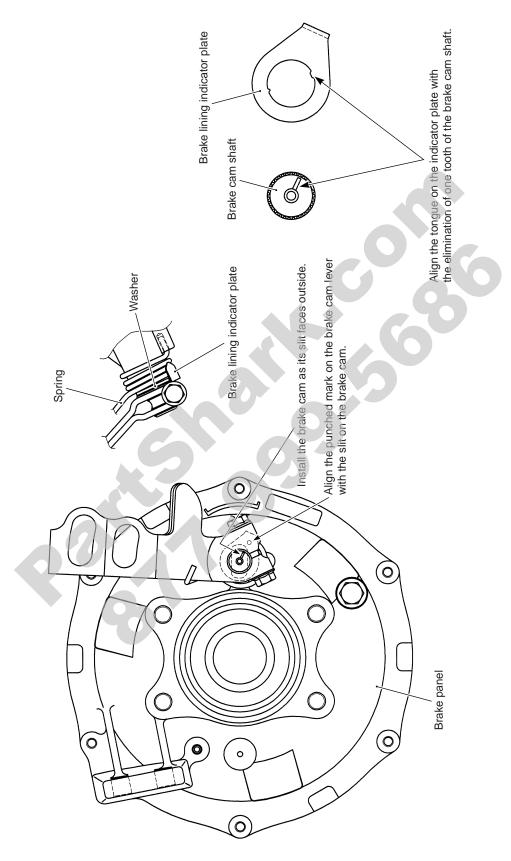




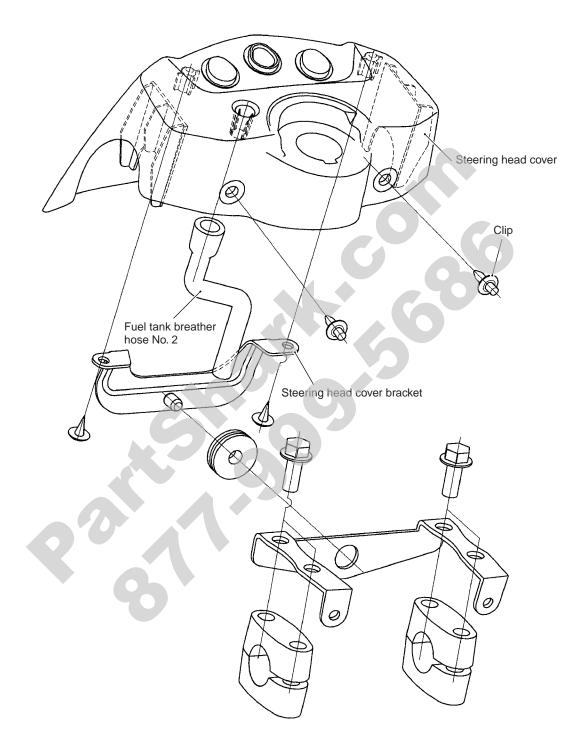
REAR BRAKE BREATHER HOSE ROUTING



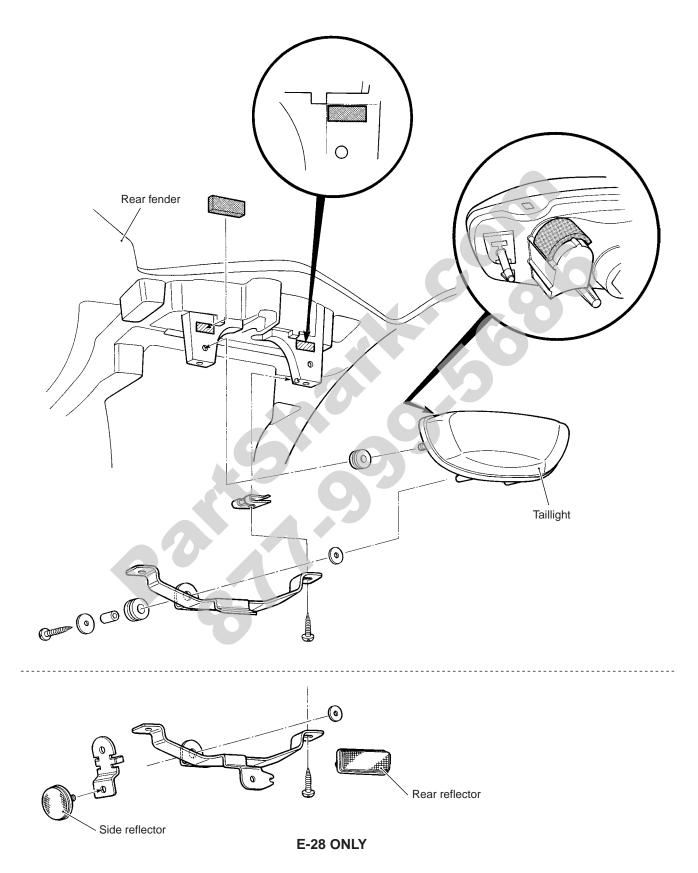
REAR BRAKE CAM LEVER SET-UP



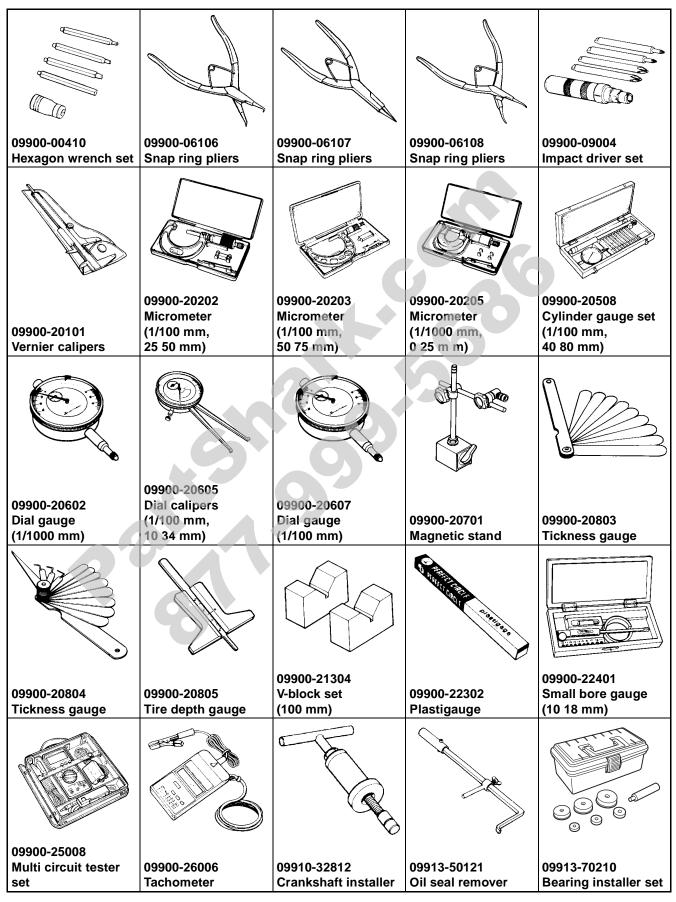
STEERING HEAD COVER SET-UP

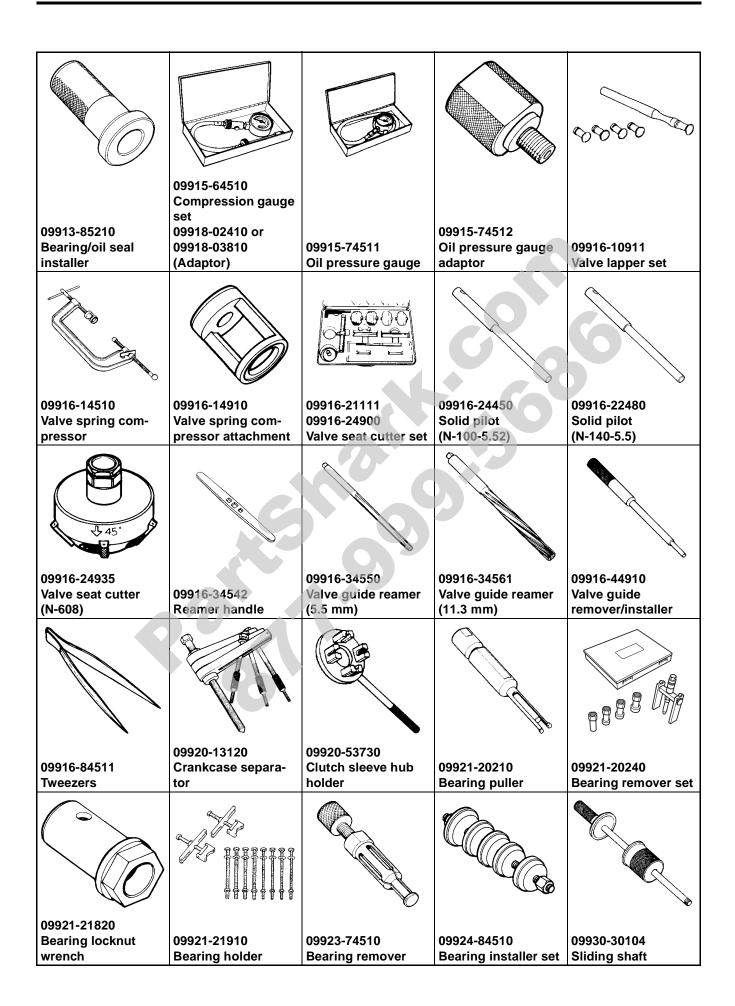


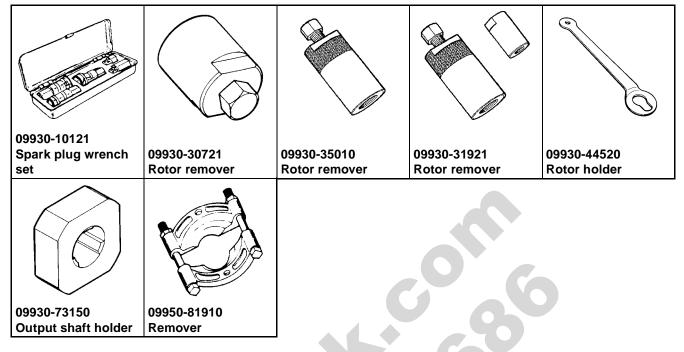
TAILLIGHT SET-UP



SPECIAL TOOLS









When ordering a special tool, please confirm whether it is available or not.

TIGHTENING TORQUE ENGINE

ITEM	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
Cylinder head cover bolt	10	1.0	7.0
Camshaft sprocket bolt	11	1.1	8.0
Cylinder head nut (M8)	23	2.3	16.5
Cylinder head nut (M6)	10	1.0	7.0
Cylinder base nut (M6)	10	1.0	7.0
Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.0
Cam chain tension adjuster spring holder bolt	8	0.8	6.0
Neutral switch bolt	7	0.7	5.0
Spark plug	18	1.8	13.0
Rocker arm shaft bolt	9	0.9	6.5
Valve clearance adjuster locknut	14	1.4	10.0
Crankcase bolt	11	1.1	8.0
Valve timing inspection plug	23	2.3	16.5
Clutch shoe nut	140	14.0	101.5
Clutch sleeve hub nut	100	1.0	72.5
Clutch adjuster lock nut	23	2.3	16.5
Clutch adjuster cap	15	1.5	11.0
Generator rotor nut	160	16.0	115.5
Generator cover cap	15	1.5	11.0
Starter clutch bolt	26	2.6	19.0
Exhaust pipe nut	23	2.3	16.5
Muffler mounting bolt/nut	23	2.3	16.5
Muffler connecting bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Spark arrester bolt	11	1.1	8.0
Engine oil drain plug	21	2.1	15.0
Secondary drive bevel gear nut	100	10.0	72.5
Secondary driven bevel gear nut	100	10.0	72.5
Engine mounting bolt/nut	66	6.6	48.0
Engine mounting bracket bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Starter motor lead wire nut	6	0.6	4.5
Starter motor mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.0

DRIVE TRAIN

ITEM	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
Final gear case cover bolt	26	2.6	19.0
Pinion gear bearing locknut	100	10.0	72.5
Rear drive gear oil filler plug	26	2.6	19.0
Rear drive gear oil drain plug	26	2.6	19.0
Rear axle housing set bolt/nut (RH)	60	6.0	43.5
Rear axle housing set bolt/nut (LH)	65	6.5	47.0
Rear axle housing/final gear case bolt	65	6.5	47.0

CHASSIS

ITEM	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
Handlebar clamp bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Steering shaft holder bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Steering shaft nut	49	4.9	35.5
Wishbone arm pivot bolt/nut (upper and lower)	65	6.5	47.0
Wheel hub nut (front)	65	6.5	47.0
Wheel hub nut (rear)	138	13.8	99.9
Wheel set nut (front and rear)	50	5.0	36.0
Steering knuckle nut (upper and lower)	29	2.9	21.0
Front shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (upper and lower)	60	6.0	43.5
Tie rod end nut	29	2.9	21.0
Tie rod lock nut	29	2.9	21.0
Front brake air bleeder valve	6.0	0.6	4.4
Front brake caliper mounting bolt	26	2.6	19.0
Front brake pipe nut (Upper and lower)	16	1.6	11.6
Front brake pad mounting pin	18	1.8	13.0
Front brake caliper holder pin	18	1.8	13.0
Front brake caliper holder slide pin	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake master cylinder mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.0
Front brake hose union bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake disc bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake disc plate mounting bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Footrest bolt (M8)	26	2.6	19.0
Footrest bolt (M10)	55	5.5	40.0
Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Upper)	78	7.8	55.0
Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Lower)	60	6.0	43.5
Swingarm pivot bolt/nut	85	8.5	61.5
Rear brake cam lever bolt/nut	11	1.1	8.0
Rear brake pedal mounting bolt	11	1.0	8.0
Rear brake panel mounting nut	60	6.0	43.5

TIGHTENING TORQUE CHART

For other nuts and bolts not listed in the preceding page, refer to this chart:

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Bolt Diameter	Convent	ional or 4 ma	arked bolt	7 marked bolt		
\land (mm)	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
4	1.5	0.15	1.0	2.3	0.23	1.5
5	3	0.3	2.0	4.5	0.45	3.0
6	5.5	0.55	4.0	10	1.0	7.0
8	13	1.3	9.5	23	2.3	16.5
10	29	2.9	21.0	50	5.0	36.0
12	45	4.5	32.5	85	8.5	61.5
14	65	6.5	47.0	135	13.5	97.5
16	105	10.5	76.0	210	21.0	152.0
18	160	16.0	115.5	240	24.0	173.5

A 0000



Conventional bolt

4 marked bolt

7 marked bolt

SERVICE DATA VALVE + GUIDE

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM		STANDARD			
Valve diam.	IN.	32 (1.3)			
	EX.	28 (1.1)			
Tappet clearance (when cold)	IN.	0.03 0.08 (0.001 0.003)			
	EX.	0.08 0.13 (0.003 0.005)			
Valve guide to valve stem clearance	IN.	0.010 0.037 (0.0004 0.0015)			
	EX.	0.030 0.057 (0.0012 0.0024)			
Valve stem deflection	IN. & EX.		0.35 (0.014)		
Valve guide I.D.	IN. & EX.	5.500 5.512 (0.2165 0.2170)			
Valve stem O.D.	IN.	5.475 5.490 (0.2156 0.2161)			
	EX.	5.455 5.470 (0.2148 0.2154)			
Valve stem runout	IN. & EX.	0	0.05 (0.002)		
Valve head thickness	IN. & EX.	0	0.5 (0.02)		
Valve stem end length	IN. & EX.		2.5 (0.10)		
Valve seat width	IN. & EX.	0.88 1.08 (0.035 0.043)			
Valve head radial runout	IN. & EX.		0.03 (0.001)		
Valve spring free length	IN. & EX.		43.0 (1.69)		
Valve spring tension	IN. & EX.	256 2 94 N (26.1 3 0.0 kgf, 57.5 66 .1 lbs) at length 36.6 mm (1.44 in)	. /		

CAMSHAFT + CYLINDEF	Unit: mm (in)			
ITEM		LIMIT		
Cam height	IN.	33.780 33.820 (1.3299 1.3315)	33.480 (1.3181)	
	EX.	32.990 33.030 (1.2988 1.3004)	32.690 (1.2870)	
Camshaft journal oil clearance		0.036 0.066 (0.0014 0.0026)	0.150 (0.0059)	
Camshaft journal holder I.D.		22.012 22.025 (0.8666 0.8671)		
Camshaft journal O.D.		21.959 21.976 (0.8645 0.8652)		
Camshaft runout			0.10 (0.004)	
Rocker arm I.D.	IN. & EX.	12.000 12.018 (0.4724 0.4731)		
Rocker arm shaft O.D.	IN. & EX.	11.977 11.995 (0.4715 0.4722)		
Cylinder head distortion		6	0.05 (0.002)	
Cylinder head cover distortion			0.05 (0.002)	

CYLINDER + PISTON + PISTON RING

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM	STANDARD			LIMIT
Compression pressure	1 400 kPa (14.0 kgf/cm², 199 psi)			1 200 kPa (12.0 kgf/cm², 171 psi)
Piston to cylinder clearance	0.040 0.050 (0.0016 0.0020)			0.120 (0.0047)
Cylinder bore	66.000 66.015 (2.5984 2.5990)			66.090 (2.6020)
Piston diam.	65.955 65.970 (2.5966 2.5972) Measure at 18 mm (0.71 in) from the skirt end.			65.880 (2.5937)
Cylinder distortion				0.05 (0.002)
Piston ring free end gap	1st	R	Approx. 8.7 (0.34)	7.0 (0.28)
	2nd	R	Approx. 9.0 (0.35)	7.2 (0.28)
Piston ring end gap	1st		0.10 0.25 (0.004 0.010)	0.50 (0.020)
	2nd		0.10 0.25 (0.004 0.010)	0.5 (0.020)
Piston ring to groove clearance	1st			0.180 (0.007)
	2nd			0.150 (0.006)
Piston ring groove width		t	1.01 1.03 (0.0398 0.0406)	
	2nd		1.21 1.23 (0.0476 0.0484)	
	Oil		2.01 2.03 (0.0791 0.0799)	

ITEM		STANDARD	
Piston ring thickness	1 of	0.97 0.99	
	1st	(0.038 0.039)	
	Ond	1.17 1.19	
	2nd	(0.046 0.047)	
Piston pin bore		16.002 16.008	
		(0.6300 0.6302)	
Piston pin O.D.		15.992 16.000	
		(0.6296 0.6299)	(0.6291)

CONROD + CRANKSHAFT

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Conrod small end I.D.	16.006 16 .014	16.040
	(0.6302 0.6305)	(0.6315)
Conrod deflection		3.0 (0.12)
Conrod big end side clearance	0.10 0.45	1.0
	(0.004 0.018)	(0.04)
Conrod big end width	17.95 18.00	
	(0.707 0.709)	
Crank web to web width	53.0 - 0.1	
	(2.087 – 0.004)	
Crankshaft runout		0.08 (0.003)
OIL PUMP		

OIL PUMP

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Oil pressure (at 60 C, 140 F)	Above 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm ² , 4.3 psi) Below 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm ² , 9.9 psi) at 3 000 r/min.	

CLUTCH

Unit[.] mm (in)

CLUICH		
ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Clutch release screw	1/16 1 /8 turn back	
Drive plate thickness	2.7 2.9	2.4
	(0.106 0.114)	(0.094)
Drive plate claw width	11.9 12.0	11.0
	(0.469 0.472)	(0.433)
Driven plate distortion		0.10
		(0.004)
Clutch spring free length	28.9	27.5
	(1.14)	(1.08)
Clutch wheel I.D.	116.00 1 16.15	116.5
	(4.567 4.573)	(4.59)
Clutch shoe		No groove at
		any part
Clutch engagement r/min.	1 700 2 100 r/min	
Clutch lock-up r/min.	3 100 3 700 r/min	

Unit: mm (in) Except ratio

ITEM		STANDARD	LIMIT
Primary reduction ratio		3.047 (64/21)	
Secondary reduction	n ratio	1.133 (17/15)	
Final reduction ratio)	3.200 (32/10)	
Gear ratios	1st	3.083 (37/12)	
	2nd	1.933 (29/15)	
	3rd	1.388 (25/18)	
	4th	1.095 (23/21)	
	5th	0.913 (21/23)	
	Reverse	2.833 (34/12)	
Shift fork to groove clearance		0.10 0.30	0.5
		(0.004 0.012)	(0.020)
Shift fork groove width		4.50 4.6 0	
		(0.169 0.173)	
Shift fork thickness		4.30 4.40	
		(0.169 0.173)	
Gearshift lever heig	ht	0 10	
_		(0 0.393)	
Secondary bevel gear		0.03 0.15	
backlash		(0.001 0.006)	
Rear drive (final) bevel gear		0.05 0.30	
backlash		(0.002 0.012)	
CARBRETOR			

CARBRETOR

ITEM	SPECIFICATION		
ITEM	E-19, 28	E-33	
Carburetor type	MIKUNI BSR29	\leftarrow	
Bore size	29 mm (1.14 in)	\leftarrow	
I.D. No.	21G0	21G1	
Idle r/min	1 500 – 100 r/min	\leftarrow	
Float height	13.0 – 1.0 mm (0.51 – 0.04 in)	\leftarrow	
Main jet (M.J.)	#125	# 125	
Jet needle (J.N.)	5DH54-2nd	\leftarrow	
Needle jet (N.J.)	P-0M	# P-DM	
Pilot jet (P.J.)	#20	# 20	
Pilot screw (P.S.)	1-1/2 turns back	PRE-SET	
Throttle cable play	3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 0 in)	←	
Starter (enricher) plunger cable play	0.5 1.0 mm (0.02 0.0 4 in)	←	

Unit: W

Unit: mm (in) ITEM SPECIFICATION NOTE Spark plug NGK: DR7EA Туре DENSO: X22ESR-U 0.6 0.7 Gap (0.024 0.028) Spark performance Over 8 (0.3) at 1 atm. Ignition coil resistance Terminal Primary 0.05 1.0 Ω Terminal Plug cap Secondary 10.5 1 9.0 kΩ Terminal 120 V and more Ignition coil primary peak voltage (+): B/W (−): W/BI Generator coil resistance Pick-up BI/Y G/W 80 155 Ω Charging 0.5 1.2 Ω Υ Υ Pick-up coil peak voltage 4.0 V and more ⊕: G/W ⊝: BI/Y Generator no-load voltage 65 V (AC) and more at 5 000 r/min (When engine is cold) Generator Max. output Approx. 150 W at 5 000 r/min Regulated voltage 14.0 15.5 V at 5 000 r/min Starter relay resistance 3 6 Ω YTX9-BS Battery Type designation Capacity 12V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10HR Fuse size 20 A

WATTAGE

ITEM		SPECIFICATION
Headlight	HI	40
	LO	40
Brake light/Taillight		21/5
Reverse indicator light		3
Neutral indicator light		3

ELECTRICAL

BRAKE + WHEEL			Unit: mm (in)	
ITEM	S	STANDARD/SPECIFICATION		
Rear brake lever play		3 5 (0.12 0.20)		
Rear brake pedal free travel		20 30		
		(0.79 1.18)		
Brake disc thickness	Front	2.8 3.2	2.5	
	FIOII	(0.110 0.126)	(0.098)	
Brake disc runout	Front		0.30	
	FIOII		(0.012)	
Brake drum I.D.	Rear		140.7	
	iteai		(5.54)	
Master cylinder bore	Front	12.700 12.743		
	FIOII	(0.5000 0.5017)		
Master cylinder piston diam.	Front	12.657 12.684		
	TIOII	(0.4983 0.4994)		
Brake caliper cylinder bore	Front	32.030 32.080		
	TIOII	(1.2610 1.2630)		
Brake caliper piston diam.	Front	31.948 31.998		
	TIOII	(1.2578 1.2598)		
Brake fluid type		DOT 4		
Turning radius		2.7 m (8.9 ft)		
Toe-in (with 75 kg, 165 lbs)		5 - 4		
		(0.20 - 0.16)		
Camber		0,0		
Caster		7 40		
Wheel rim size	Front	10 5.5 A T		
	Rear	9 8.0 AT		
Tire size	Front	AT22 7-10 ☆☆		
	Rear	AT20 10-9 ☆		
Tire tread depth			4.0	
	Front		(0.16)	
			4.0	
	Rear		(0.16)	
Wheel axle runout			3.0	
	Rear		(0.12)	

TIRE PRESSURE

COLD INFLATION TIRE PRESSURE	kPa	kgf/cm ²	psi
FRONT	30	0.30	4.4
REAR	25	0.25	3.6

VEHICLE LOAD CAPACITY LIMIT: 110 kg (243 lbs)

FUEL + OIL

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	NOTE
Fuel type	Use only unleaded gasoline of at least 87 pur octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher ra- by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertia Butyl Ether), less than 10 % ethanol, or less th	ted ary E-28, 33
	5 % methanol with appropriate cosolvents a corrosion inhibitor is permissible.	and
	Gasoline used should be graded 91 octane or higher. An unleaded gasoline is recommended	. The others
Fuel tank including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal)	
Reserve	2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)	
Engine oil type	SAE 10W-40, API SF or SG	
Engine oil capacity	Change 2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/imp qt)	
	Filter change 2 300 ml (2.4/2.0 US/Imp qt)	
	Overhaul 2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)	
Final gear oil type	Hypoid gear oil SAE #90, API grade GL-5	
Final gear oil capacity	190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)	

LT-Z250K5 (05-MODEL)

This chapter describes specifications, service data and servicing procedures which differ from those of the LT-Z250K4 (04-MODEL).

NOTE:

* Any differences between the LT-Z250K4 (04-MODEL) and LT-Z250K5 (05-MODEL) in specifications and service data are indicated with an asterisk mark (*).

* Please refer to the chapter 1 through 9 for details which are not given in this chapter.

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TIGHTENING TORQUE	10-10
FRONT BRAKE CALIPER MOUNTING BOL	
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SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS AND DRY MASS

Overall length	1 720 mm (67.7 in)
Overall width	1 070 mm (42.1 in)
Overall height	1 090 mm (42.9 in)
Wheelbase	1 135 mm (44.7 in)
Front track	830 mm (32.7 in)
Rear track	810 mm (31.9 in)
Ground clearance	230 mm (9.1 in)
Seat height	810 mm (31.9 in)
Dry mass	166 kg (365 lbs)

ENGINE

Туре	Four-stroke, air-cooled, OHC
Number of cylinders	1
Bore	66.0 mm (2.598 in)
Stroke	72.0 mm (2.835 in)
Displacement	246 cm ³ (15.0 cu. in)
Compression ratio	
Carburetor	MIKUNI BSR29, single
Air cleaner	Polyurethane foam element
Starter system	Electric
Lubrication system	Wet sump
Idle speed	1 500 – 100 r/min

DRIVE TRAIN

DRIVE TRAIN Clutch	Wet multi-plate, automatic, centrifugal type
Transmission	5-forward and 1-reverse
Gearshift pattern, forward	All up, foot lever operated
reverse	Foot/hand operated
Primary reduction ratio	3.047 (64/21)
Secondary reduction ratio	1.133 (17/15)
Gear ratios, Low	3.083 (37/12)
2nd	1.933 (29/15)
3rd	1.388 (25/18)
4th	1.095 (23/21)
Тор	0.913 (21/23)
Reverse	2.833 (34/12)
Final reduction ratio	3.200 (32/10)

CHASSIS

Front suspension	Independent, double wishbone, coil spring, oil damped
Rear suspension	Swingarm type, coil spring, oil damped
Front wheel travel	
Rear wheel travel	170 mm (6.7 in)
Caster	7 401G
Trail	33 mm (1.30 in)1G
Toe-in	5 mm (0.20 in)1G
Steering angle	45
Turning radius	2.7 m (8.9 ft)
Front brake	Disc brake, twin
	Drum brake
Front tire size	AT22 7-10 ☆☆, tubeless
Rear tire size	AT20 10-9 ☆, tubeless

ELECTRICAL

EEEOTTAONE	
Ignition type	Electronic ignition (CDI)
Ignition timing	5 B.T.D.C. at 1 500 rpm
Spark plug	
Battery	
Generator	
Main fuse	20/15 Å
Headlight	12 V 40/40 W
Brake light/Taillight	12 V 21/5 W
Neutral indicator light	
Reverse indicator light	12 V 3 W

CAPACITIES

Fuel tank,	including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal)
	reserve	2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)
Engine oil,	oil change	2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/Imp qt)
-	filter change	2 300 ml (2.4/2.0 US/Imp qt)
	overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)
Final gear	oil change	190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)

SERVICE DATA

VALVE + GUIDE			Unit: mm (in)
ITEM		STANDARD	LIMIT
Valve diam.	IN.	32 (1.3)	
	EX.	28 (1.1)	
Tappet clearance (when cold)	IN.	0.03 0.08 (0.001 0.003)	
	EX.	0.08 0.13 (0.003 0.005)	
Valve guide to valve stem clearance	IN.	0.010 0.037 (0.0004 0.0015)	
	EX.	0.030 0.057 (0.0012 0.0024)	
Valve stem deflection	IN. & EX.		0.35 (0.014)
Valve guide I.D.	IN. & EX.	5.500 5.512 (0.2165 0.2170)	
Valve stem O.D.	IN.	5.475 5.490 (0.2156 0.2161)	
	EX.	5.455 5.470 (0.2148 0.2154)	
Valve stem runout	IN. & EX.		0.05 (0.002)
Valve head thickness	IN. & EX.		0.5 (0.02)
Valve stem end length	IN. & EX.	9	2.5 (0.10)
Valve seat width	IN. & EX.	0.88 1.08 (0.035 0.043)	
Valve head radial runout	IN. & EX.		0.03 (0.001)
Valve spring free length	IN. & EX.		43.0 (1.69)
Valve spring tension	IN. & EX.	256 294 N (26.1 30.0 kgf, 57.5 66.1 lbs) at length 36.6 mm (1.44 in)	

CAMSHAFT + CYLINDER HEAD Unit: mm			Unit: mm (in)	
ITEM		STANDARD		
Cam height	IN.	33.780 33.820 (1.3299 1.3315)	33.480 (1.3181)	
	EX.	32.990 33.030 (1.2988 1.3004)	32.690 (1.2870)	
Camshaft journal oil clearance		0.036 0.066 (0.0014 0.0026)	0.150 (0.0059)	
Camshaft journal holder I.D.		22.012 22.025 (0.8666 0.8671)		
Camshaft journal O.D.		21.959 21.976 (0.8645 0.8652)		
Camshaft runout			0.10 (0.004)	
Rocker arm I.D.	IN. & EX.	12.000 12.018 (0.4724 0.4731)		
Rocker arm shaft O.D.	IN. & EX.	11.977 11.995 (0.4715 0.4722)		
Cylinder head distortion		9	0.05 (0.002)	
Cylinder head cover distortion			0.05 (0.002)	

CYLINDER + PISTON + PISTON RING

Unit: mm (in) **STANDARD** LIMIT ITEM 1 200 kPa Compression pressure 1 400 kPa (12.0 kgf/cm², 171 psi) (14.0 kgf/cm², 199 psi) Piston to cylinder clearance 0.040 0.050 0.120 $(0.0016 \quad 0.0020)$ (0.0047)Cylinder bore 66.000 66.015 66.090 (2.5984 2.5990) (2.6020)Piston diam. 65.955 65.970 65.880 (2.5966 2.5972) (2.5937)Measure at 18 mm (0.71 in) from the skirt end. Cylinder distortion 0.05 (0.002)7.0 Piston ring free end gap 1st R Approx. 8.7 (0.34) (0.28)7.2 2nd R Approx. 9.0 (0.35) (0.28)0.50 Piston ring end gap 0.10 0.25 1st (0.004 0.010) (0.020)0.5 0.10 0.25 2nd (0.020)(0.004 0.010) Piston ring to groove clearance 0.180 1st (0.007)0.150 2nd (0.006)

CONROD + CRANKSHAFT

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Conrod small end I.D.	16.006 16.014 (0.6302 0.6305)	16.040 (0.6315)
Conrod deflection		3.0 (0.12)
Conrod big end side clearance	0.10 0.45 (0.004 0.018)	1.0 (0.04)
Conrod big end width	17.95 18.00 (0.707 0.709)	
Crank web to web width	53.0 – 0.1 (2.087 – 0.004)	
Crankshaft runout		0.08 (0.003)

OIL PUMP

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Oil pressure (at 60 C, 140 F)	Above 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm², 4.3 psi) Below 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm², 9.9 psi) at 3 000 r/min	
CLUTCH		Unit: mm (in)

CLUTCH

		Onit. mini (in)
ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Clutch release screw	1/16 1/8 turn back	
Drive plate thickness	2.7 2.9 (0.106 0.114)	2.4 (0.094)
Drive plate claw width	11.9 12.0 (0.469 0.472)	11.0 (0.433)
Driven plate distortion		0.10 (0.004)
Clutch spring free length	28.9 (1.14)	27.5 (1.08)
Clutch wheel I.D.	116.00 116.15 (4.567 4.573)	116.5 (4.59)
Clutch shoe		No groove at any part
Clutch engagement r/min	1 700 2 100 r/min	
Clutch lock-up r/min	3 100 3 700 r/min	

DRIVE IRAIN Unit: mm (in) Except			m (in) Except ratio
ITE	ITEM STANDARD		LIMIT
Primary reduction	ratio	3.047 (64/21)	
Secondary reduction ratio		1.133 (17/15)	
Final reduction ration	0	3.200 (32/10)	
Gear ratios	1st	3.083 (37/12)	
	2nd	1.933 (29/15)	
	3rd	1.388 (25/18)	
	4th	1.095 (23/21)	
	5th	0.913 (21/23)	
	Reverse	2.833 (34/12)	
Shift fork to groove	clearance	0.10 0.30 (0.004 0.012)	0.5 (0.020)
Shift fork groove wi	idth	4.50 4.60 (0.169 0.173)	
Shift fork thickness		4.30 4.40 (0.169 0.173)	0
Gearshift lever height		0 10 (0 0.393)	
Secondary bevel gear backlash		0.03 0.15 (0.001 0.006)	
Rear drive (final) be lash	evel gear back-	0.05 0.30 (0.002 0.012)	

DRIVE TRAIN

Unit: mm (in) Except ratio

CARBRETOR

ITEM	SPECIFI	CATION
ITEM	E-19, 28	E-33
Carburetor type	MIKUNI BSR29	\leftarrow
Bore size	29 mm (1.14 in)	\leftarrow
I.D. No.	21G0	21G1
Idle r/min	1 500 – 100 r/min	\leftarrow
Float height	13.0 – 1.0 mm (0.51 – 0.04 in)	\leftarrow
Main jet (M.J.)	#125	# I25
Jet needle (J.N.)	5DH54-2nd	\leftarrow
Needle jet (N.J.)	P-0M	# P-DM
Pilot jet (P.J.)	#20	# 20
Pilot screw (P.S.)	1 and 1/2 turns back	PRE-SET
Throttle cable play	3 5 mm (0.12 0.20 in)	\leftarrow
Starter (enricher) plunger cable play	0.5 1.0 mm (0.02 0.04 in)	\leftarrow

ELECTRICAL Unit: mm (in) ITEM **SPECIFICATION** NOTE Spark plug NGK: DR7EA Туре DENSO: X22ESR-U 0.6 0.7 Gap (0.024 0.028) Spark performance Over 8 (0.3) at 1 atm. Ignition coil resistance Terminal Primary 0.05 1.0 Ω Terminal Plug cap Secondary 10.5 19.0 k Ω Terminal ⊕: B/W ⊝: W/BI Ignition coil primary peak voltage 120 V and more 80 155 Ω Generator coil resistance Pick-up BI/Y G/W Charging 0.5 1.2 Ω Υ Υ ⊕: G/W ⊝: BI/Y Pick-up coil peak voltage 4.0 V and more Generator no-load voltage 65 V (AC) and more at 5 000 r/min (When engine is cold) Generator Max. output Approx. 150 W at 5 000 r/min Regulated voltage 14.0 15.5 V at 5 000 r/min Starter relay resistance 3 6 Ω YTX9-BS Battery Type designation Capacity 12V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10HR Fuse size 20 A

WATTAGE

Unit: W

	SPECIFICATION	
HI	40	
LO	40	
	21/5	
	3	
	3	
	HI	HI 40 LO 40

BRAKE + WHEEL			Unit: mm (in)
ITEM	S	STANDARD/SPECIFICATION	LIMIT
Rear brake lever play		3 5 (0.12 0.20)	
Rear brake pedal free travel		20 30 (0.79 1.18)	
Brake disc thickness	Front	2.8 3.2 (0.110 0.126)	2.5 (0.098)
Brake disc runout	Front		0.30 (0.012)
Brake drum I.D.	Rear		140.7 (5.54)
Master cylinder bore	Front	12.700 12.743 (0.5000 0.5017)	
Master cylinder piston diam.	Front	12.657 12.684 (0.4983 0.4994)	
Brake caliper cylinder bore	Front	32.030 32.080 (1.2610 1.2630)	0
Brake caliper piston diam.	Front	31.948 31.998 (1.2578 1.2598)	
Brake fluid type		DOT 4	
Turning radius		2.7 m (8.9 ft)	
Toe-in (with 75 kg, 165 lbs)		5-4 (0.20 - 0.16)	
Camber		0	
Caster		7 40	
Wheel rim size	Front	10 5.5 AT	
	Rear	9 8.0 AT	
Tire size	Front	AT22 7-10 ☆☆	
	Rear	AT20 10-9 ☆	
Tire tread depth	Front		4.0 (0.16)
	Rear		4.0 (0.16)
Wheel axle runout	Rear		3.0 (0.12)

.... 1 A / 1 A PP P

TIRE PRESSURE

COLD INFLATION TIRE PRESSURE	kPa	kgf/cm ²	psi
FRONT	30	0.30	4.4
REAR	25	0.25	3.6

VEHICLE LOAD CAPACITY LIMIT: 110 kg (243 lbs)

FUEL + OIL

ITEM	ITEM		SPECIFICATION	NOTE																
Fuel type		Use only unleaded gasoline of at least 87 pump octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rate by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiar Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less tha 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents an corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		E-28, 33
			d should be graded 91 octane or eaded gasoline is recommended.	The others																
Fuel tank capacity	including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal)																		
	Reserve		2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)																	
Engine oil type		SAE	E 10W-40, API SF or SG																	
Engine oil capacity		Change	2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/Imp qt)																	
		Filter change	2 300 ml (2.4/2.0 US/Imp qt)																	
		Overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)																	
Final gear oil type		Hypoid gear oil SAE #90, API grade GL-5																		
Final gear oil capaci	ty		190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)																	

TIGHTENING TORQUE CHASSIS

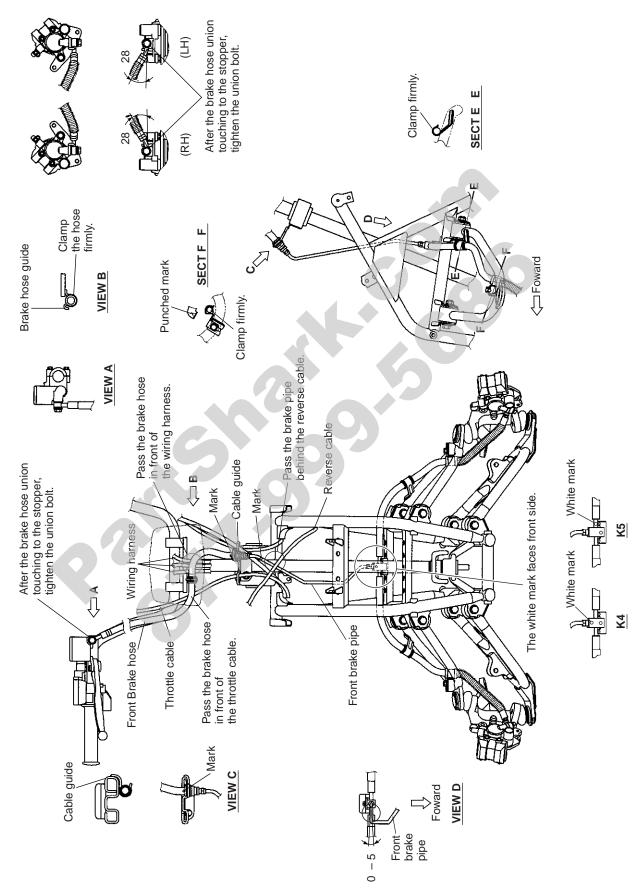
ITEM	N•m	kgf-m	lb-ft
Handlebar clamp bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Steering shaft holder bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Steering shaft nut	49	4.9	35.5
Wishbone arm pivot bolt/nut (upper and lower)	65	6.5	47.0
Wheel hub nut (front)	65	6.5	47.0
Wheel hub nut (rear)	138	13.8	99.9
Wheel set nut (front and rear)	* 60	* 6.0	* 43.5
Steering knuckle nut (upper and lower)	29	2.9	21.0
Front shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (upper and lower)	60	6.0	43.5
Tie rod end nut	29	2.9	21.0
Tie rod lock nut	29	2.9	21.0
Front brake air bleeder valve	6.0	0.6	4.4
Front brake caliper mounting bolt	26	2.6	19.0
Front brake pipe nut (Upper and lower)	16	1.6	11.6
Front brake pad mounting pin	18	1.8	13.0
Front brake caliper holder pin	18	1.8	13.0
Front brake caliper holder slide pin	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake master cylinder mounting bolt	10	1.0	7.0
Front brake hose union bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake disc bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Front brake disc plate mounting bolt	23	2.3	16.5
Footrest bolt (M8)	26	2.6	19.0
Footrest bolt (M10)	55	5.5	40.0
Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Upper)	78	7.8	55.0
Rear shock absorber mounting bolt/nut (Lower)	60	6.0	43.5
Swingarm pivot bolt/nut	85	8.5	61.5
Rear brake cam lever bolt/nut	11	1.1	8.0
Rear brake pedal mounting bolt	11	1.0	8.0
Rear brake panel mounting nut	60	6.0	43.5

FRONT BRAKE CALIPER MOUNTING BOLT

Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360 to the caliper mounting bolts before tightening them.

1360 99000-32130: THREAD LOCK SUPER 1360

FRONT BRAKE HOSE ROUTING



LT-Z250K6 (06-MODEL)

This chapter describes specifications, service data and servicing procedures which differ from those of the LT-Z250K5 (05-MODEL).

NOTE:

* Any differences between the LT-Z250K5 (05-MODEL) and LT-Z250K6 (06-MODEL) in specifications and service data are indicated with an asterisk mark (*).

* Please refer to the chapter 1 through 10 for details which are not given in this chapter.

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SPECIFICATIONS	
SERVICE DATA	



SPECIFICATIONS DIMENSIONS AND DRY MASS

DIMENSIONS AND DRT MASS	
Overall length	1 720 mm (67.7 in)
Overall width	1 070 mm (42.1 in)
Overall height	1 090 mm (42.9 in)
Wheelbase	
Front track	830 mm (32.7 in)
Rear track	810 mm (31.9 in)
Ground clearance	230 mm (9.1 in)
Seat height	810 mm (31.9 in)
Dry mass	166 kg (365 lbs)

ENGINE

Туре	Four-stroke, air-cooled, OHC
Number of cylinders	1
Bore	66.0 mm (2.598 in)
Stroke	72.0 mm (2.835 in)
Displacement	246 cm ³ (15.0 cu. in)
Compression ratio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Carburetor	MIKUNI BSR29, single
Air cleaner	Polyurethane foam element
Starter system	Electric
Lubrication system	Wetsump
Idle speed	1 500 – 100 r/min

DRIVE TRAIN

Clutch		Wet multi-plate, aut
Transmissior	1	5-forward and 1-rev
Gearshift pat	tern, forward	All up, foot lever op
•	reverse	Foot/hand operated
Primary redu	ction ratio	3.047 (64/21)
	eduction ratio	1.133 (17/15)
	Low	3.083 (37/12)
,	2nd	
	3rd	
	4th	
	Тор	
	Reverse	
Final reduction	on ratio	

CHASSIS

CHASSIS	
Front suspension	Independent, double wishb
Rear suspension	Swingarm type, coil spring
Front wheel travel	
Rear wheel travel	170 mm (6.7 in)
Caster	7 401G
Trail	33 mm (1.30 in)1G
Toe-in	5 mm (0.20 in)1G
Steering angle	45
Turning radius	2.7 m (8.9 ft)
Front brake	Disc brake, twin
Rear brake	Drum brake
Front tire size	AT22 7-10☆☆, tubeless
Rear tire size	AT20 10- 9 ☆, tubeless

ELECTRICAL

Ignition type	Electronic ignition (CDI)
Ignition timing	5 B.T.D.C. at 1 500 rpm
Špark plug	
Battery	12 V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10 HR
Generator	
Main fuse	1 0
Headlight	12 V 40/40 W
Brake light/Taillight	
Neutral indicator light	
Reverse indicator light	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

CAPACITIES

Fuel tank,	including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal) 2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)
Engine oil,	oil change filter change	2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/Imp qt)
Final gear		2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)

	Wet multi-plate, automatic, centrifugal type
	5-forward and 1-reverse
	All up, foot lever operated
	Foot/hand operated
	3.047 (64/21)
	1.133 (17/15)
,	3.083 (37/12)
	1.933 (29/15)
	1.388 (25/18)
	1.095 (23/21)
	0.913 (21/23)
	2.833 (34/12)
	3.200 (32/10)

dependent, double wishbone, coil spring, oil damped wingarm type, coil spring, oil damped 0 mm (6.3 in) 0 mm (6.7 in) 401G 8 mm (1.30 in)......1G mm (0.20 in)......1G ' m (8.9 ft) sc brake, twin

SERVICE DATA VALVE + GUIDE

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM		STANDARD	LIMIT
Valve diam.	IN.	32 (1.3)	
	EX.	28 (1.1)	
Tappet clearance (when cold)	IN.	0.03 0.08 (0.001 0.003)	
	EX.	0.08 0.13 (0.003 0.005)	
Valve guide to valve stem clearance	IN.	0.010 0.037 (0.0004 0.0015)	
	EX.	0.030 0.057 (0.0012 0.0024)	
Valve stem deflection	IN. & EX.		0.35 (0.014)
Valve guide I.D.	IN. & EX.	5.500 5.512 (0.2165 0.2170)	
Valve stem O.D.	IN.	5.475 5.490 (0.2156 0.2161)	
	EX.	5.455 5.470 (0.2148 0.2154)	
Valve stem runout	IN. & EX.		0.05 (0.002)
Valve head thickness	IN. & EX.		0.5 (0.02)
Valve stem end length	IN. & EX.	0	2.5 (0.10)
Valve seat width	IN. & EX.	0.88 1.08 (0.035 0.043)	
Valve head radial runout	IN. & EX.		0.03 (0.001)
Valve spring free length	IN, & EX.		43.0 (1.69)
Valve spring tension	IN. & EX.	256 294 N (26.1 30.0 kgf, 57.5 66.1 lbs) at length 36.6 mm (1.44 in)	

CAMSHAFT + CYLINDE	Unit: mm (in		
ITEM		STANDARD	LIMIT
Cam height	IN.	33.780 33.820 (1.3299 1.3315)	33.480 (1.3181)
	EX.	32.990 33.030 (1.2988 1.3004)	32.690 (1.2870)
Camshaft journal oil clearance		0.036 0.066 (0.0014 0.0026)	0.150 (0.0059)
Camshaft journal holder I.D.		22.012 22.025 (0.8666 0.8671)	
Camshaft journal O.D.		21.959 21.976 (0.8645 0.8652)	
Camshaft runout			
Rocker arm I.D.	IN. & EX.	12.000 12.018 (0.4724 0.4731)	
Rocker arm shaft O.D.	IN. & EX.	11.977 11.995 (0.4715 0.4722)	6
Cylinder head distortion			0.05 (0.002)
Cylinder head cover distortion			0.05 (0.002)

CYLINDER + PISTON + PISTON RING

ITEM	STANDARD		STANDARD	LIMIT
Compression pressure	1 400 kPa (14.0 kgf/cm², 199 psi)			1 200 kPa (12.0 kgf/cm², 171 psi)
Piston to cylinder clearance			0.040 0.050 (0.0016 0.0020)	0.120 (0.0047)
Cylinder bore			66.000 66.015 (2.5984 2.5990)	66.090 (2.6020)
Piston diam.	Me	asure	65.955 65.970 (2.5966 2.5972) e at 18 mm (0.71 in) from the skirt end.	65.880 (2.5937)
Cylinder distortion			0.05 (0.002)	
Piston ring free end gap	1st	R	Approx. 8.7 (0.34)	7.0 (0.28)
	2nd	R	Approx. 9.0 (0.35)	7.2 (0.28)
Piston ring end gap	1st		0.10 0.25 (0.004 0.010)	0.50 (0.020)
	2no	b	0.10 0.25 (0.004 0.010)	0.50 (0.020)
Piston ring to groove clearance	1st			0.180 (0.007)
	2nd			0.150 (0.006)
Piston ring groove width	1st		1.01 1.03 (0.0398 0.0406)	
	2nd	b	1.21 1.23 (0.0476 0.0484)	
	Oil		2.01 2.03 (0.0791 0.0799)	

ITEM		STANDARD	
Piston ring thickness	1st	0.97 0.99 (0.038 0.039)	
	2nd	1.17 1.19 (0.046 0.047)	
Piston pin bore		16.002 16.008 (0.6300 0.6302)	
Piston pin O.D.		15.992 16.000 (0.6296 0.6299)	

CONROD + CRANKSHAFT

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Conrod small end I.D.	16.006 16.014 (0.6302 0.6305)	16.040 (0.6315)
Conrod deflection		3.0 (0.12)
Conrod big end side clearance	0.10 0.45 (0.004 0.018)	1.0 (0.04)
Conrod big end width	17.95 18.00 (0.707 0.709)	
Crank web to web width	53.0 - 0.1 (2.087 - 0.004)	
Crankshaft runout		0.08 (0.003)

OIL PUMP

ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Oil pressure (at 60 C, 140 F)	Above 30 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm², 4.3 psi) Below 70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm², 9.9 psi) at 3 000 r/min	
CLUTCH		Unit: mm (in

CLUTCH

CLUTCH		Unit: mm (in)
ITEM	STANDARD	LIMIT
Clutch release screw	1/16 1/8 turn back	
Drive plate thickness	2.7 2.9 (0.106 0.114)	2.4 (0.094)
Drive plate claw width	11.9 12.0 (0.469 0.472)	11.0 (0.433)
Driven plate distortion		0.10 (0.004)
Clutch spring free length	28.9 (1.14)	27.5 (1.08)
Clutch wheel I.D.	116.00 116.15 (4.567 4.573)	116.5 (4.59)
Clutch shoe		No groove at any part
Clutch engagement r/min	1 700 2 100 r/min	
Clutch lock-up r/min	3 100 3 700 r/min	

ITEM		STANDARD	LIMIT		
Primary reduction r	atio	3.047 (64/21)			
Secondary reduction	on ratio	1.133 (17/15)			
Final reduction ratio)	3.200 (32/10)			
Gear ratios	1st	3.083 (37/12)			
	2nd	1.933 (29/15)			
	3rd	1.388 (25/18)			
	4th	1.095 (23/21)			
	5th	0.913 (21/23)			
	Reverse	2.833 (34/12)			
Shift fork to groove clearance		0.10 0.30 (0.004 0.012)	0.5 (0.020)		
Shift fork groove width		4.50 4.60 (0.169 0.173)			
Shift fork thickness		4.30 4.40 (0.169 0.173)	0		
Gearshift lever height		0 10 (0 0.393)			
Secondary bevel gear backlash		0.03 0.15 (0.001 0.006)			
Rear drive (final) bevel gear back- lash		0.05 0.30 (0.002 0.012)			

CARBRETOR

ITEM	SPECIFICATION			
ITEM	E-19, 28	E-33		
Carburetor type	MIKUNI BSR29	\leftarrow		
Bore size	29 mm (1.14 in)	\leftarrow		
I.D. No.	21G0	21G1		
Idle r/min	1 500 – 100 r/min	\leftarrow		
Float height	13.0 – 1.0 mm (0.51 – 0.04 in)	\leftarrow		
Main jet (M.J.)	#125	# 125		
Jet needle (J.N.)	5DH54-2nd	\leftarrow		
Needle jet (N.J.)	P-0M	# P-DM		
Pilot jet (P.J.)	#20	# 20		
Pilot screw (P.S.)	1 and 1/2 turns back	PRE-SET		
Throttle cable play	3 5 mm (0.12 0.20 in)	←		
Starter (enricher) plunger cable play	0.5 1.0 mm (0.02 0.04 in)	\leftarrow		

Unit: mm (in)

ITEM		SPECIFICATION		NOTE
Spark plug		Туре	NGK: DR7EA DENSO: X22ESR-U	
		Gap	0.6 0.7 (0.024 0.028)	
Spark perform	ance		Over 8 (0.3) at 1 atm.	
Ignition coil re	sistance	Primary	0.05 1.0 Ω	Terminal Terminal
		Secondary	10.5 19.0 k Ω	Plug cap Terminal
Ignition coil primary peak voltage		120 V and more		⊕: B/W ⊝: W/B
Generator coil resistance		Pick-up	80 155 Ω	BI/Y G/W
		Charging	0.5 1.2 Ω	ΥΥ
Pick-up coil peak voltage		4.0 V and more		⊕: G/W ⊝: BI/Y
Generator no-load voltage (When engine is cold)		65 V (AC) and more at 5 000 r/min		
Generator Max. output		Ap	oprox. 150 W at 5 000 r/min	
Regulated voltage		14.0 15.5 V at 5 000 r/min		
Starter relay resistance		3 6 Ω		
Battery Type designation		YTX9-BS		
	Capacity	12V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10HR		
Fuse size		20 A		

WATTAGE

ITEM		SPECIFICATION	
Headlight	HI	40	
	LO	40	
Brake light/Taillight		21/5	
Reverse indicator light		3	
Neutral indicator light		3	
	8		

BRAKE + WHEEL			Unit: mm (in)
ITEM	STANDARD/SPECIFICATION		LIMIT
Rear brake lever play	3 5 (0.12 0.20)		
Rear brake pedal free travel		20 30 (0.79 1.18)	
Brake disc thickness	Front	2.8 3.2 (0.110 0.126)	2.5 (0.098)
Brake disc runout	Front		0.30 (0.012)
Brake drum I.D.	Rear		140.7 (5.54)
Master cylinder bore	Front	12.700 12.743 (0.5000 0.5017)	
Master cylinder piston diam.	Front	12.657 12.684 (0.4983 0.4994)	
Brake caliper cylinder bore	Front	32.030 32.080 (1.2610 1.2630)	
Brake caliper piston diam.	Front	31.948 31.998 (1.2578 1.2598)	
Brake fluid type	DOT 4		
Turning radius	2.7 m (8.9 ft)		
Toe-in (with 75 kg, 165 lbs)	5-4 (0.20-0.16)		
Camber		0	
Caster		7 40	
Wheel rim size	Front	10 5.5 AT	
	Rear	9 8.0 AT	
Tire size	Front	AT22 7-10 ☆☆	
	Rear	AT20 10-9 🕁	
Tire tread depth	Front		4.0 (0.16)
	Rear		4.0 (0.16)
Wheel axle runout	Rear		3.0 (0.12)

BDVKE ' MITEL

I Init. m (in)

TIRE PRESSURE

COLD INFLATION TIRE PRESSURE	kPa	kgf/cm ²	psi
FRONT	30	0.30	4.4
REAR	25	0.25	3.6

VEHICLE LOAD CAPACITY LIMIT: 110 kg (243 lbs)

FUEL + OIL

ITEM		SPECIFICATION		NOTE
Fuel type		Use only unleaded gasoline of at least 87 pump octane (R/2 + M/2) or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		E-28, 33
		Gasoline used should be graded 91 octane or higher. An unleaded gasoline is recommended.		The others
Fuel tank capacity	including reserve	10.6 L (2.8/2.3 US/Imp gal)		
	Reserve	2.6 L (0.7/0.6 US/Imp gal)		
Engine oil type		* SAE 10W-40, API SF/SG or SH/SJ with JASO MA		
Engine oil capacity		Change	2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/Imp qt)	
		Filter change	2 300 ml (2.4/2.0 US/Imp qt)	
		Overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)	
Final gear oil type		Hypoid gear oil SAE #90, API grade GL-5		
Final gear oil capacity			190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)	

LT-Z250K7 (07-MODEL)

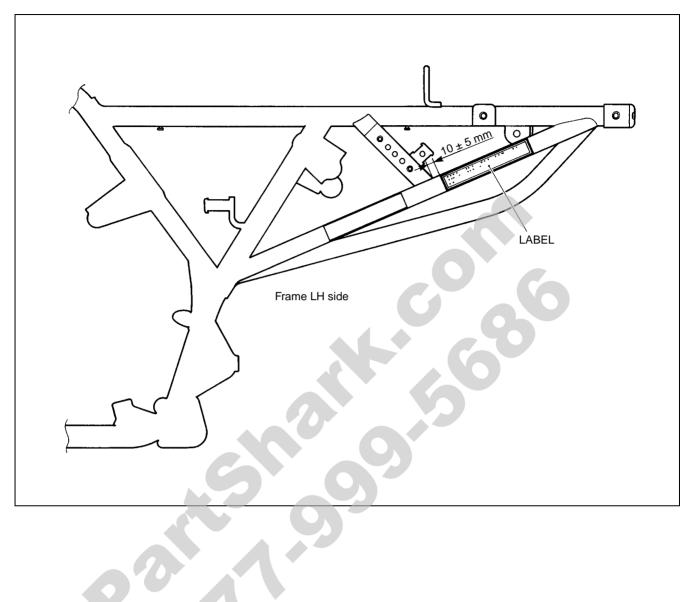
NOTE:

* The specification and service data are the same as the K6-MODEL

-0*

CONTENTS -

INFORMATION LABEL INSTALLATION (For E-33)



LT-Z250K8 (08-MODEL)

NOTE:

* The specification and service data are the same as the K7-MODEL



INFORMATION LABELS

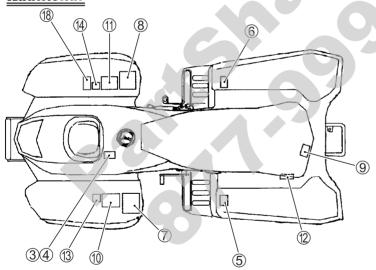
		APPL	APPLIED SPECIFICATION		
No.	LABEL or PLATE NAME	E-19	E-28	E-33	
1	Certification plate 🗈	A		А	
2	Information label			А	
3	Gearshift pattern label 🖲			А	
4	Gearshift pattern label E/E		A		
(5)	Tire air pressure label 🖲	A	A	А	
6	Tire air pressure label and warning no-passenger label ${\mathbb F}$		A		
\overline{O}	General warning label 🗈	A	А	А	
8	General warning label 🖻		A		
9	Warning no-passenger label 🖹	A	A	А	
10	Age, 16 label 🖲	A	A	А	
1	Age, 16 label 🖲		A		
(12)	Manual notice label 🖲			А	
(13)	Gearshift label 🗊	A	A	А	
(14)	Gearshift label 🕑		A		
(15)	ICES Canada label D/D				
(16)	Compliance label 🕑		A		
17	EC approval mark	A	A		
(18)	Compliance label	A			

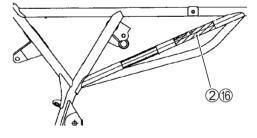
* E-28: Fuel caution label enclosed. E: French

E: English

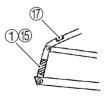
A: Attached

<u>Additional</u>





Left side frame



Front of left side frame

LT-Z250K9 ('09 MODEL)

This chapter describes service specifications, service data and servicing procedurers which differ from those of the LT-Z250K8 ('08-MODEL).

NOTE:

- * Any differences between the LT-Z250K8 ('08-MODEL) and LT-Z250K9 ('09-MODEL) in specifications are cleary indicated with an asterisk (*) mark.
- * Please refer to the capters 1 through 13 for details which are not given in this chapter.

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	PAG
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SERVICE DATA	
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CARBURETOR	
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SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS AND CURB MASS

Overall length	1 720 mm (67.7 in)
Overall width	1 070 mm (42.1 in)
Overall height	1 090 mm (42.9 in)
Wheelbase	1 135 mm (44.7 in)
Front track	830 mm (32.7 in)
Rear track	810 mm (31.9 in)
Ground clearance	230 mm (9.1 in)
Seat height	810 mm (31.9 in)
* Curb mass	177 kg (390 lbs)

ENGINE

Туре	4-stroke, air-cooled, OHC
Number of cylinders	1
Bore	66.0 mm (2.598 in)
Stroke	72.0 mm (2.835 in)
Displacement	246 cm³ (15.0 cu. in)
Compression ratio	9.2:1
Carburetor	MIKUNI BSR29, single
Air cleaner	Polyurethane foam element
Starter system	Electric
Lubrication system	
Idle speed	
'	
DRIVE TRAIN	
Clutch	Wet multi-plate, automatic, centrifugal type
Transmission	

DRIVE TRAIN

Clutch	Wet multi-plate, automatic, centrifugal type
Transmission	5-speed forward with reverse
Gearshift pattern, forward	All up, foot operated
reverse	Foot/hand operated
Primary reduction ratio	3.047 (64/21)
Gear ratios, Low	3.083 (37/12)
2nd	1.933 (29/15)
3rd	1.388 (25/18)
4th	1.095 (23/21)
Тор	0.913 (21/23)
Reverse	2.833 (34/12)
Secondary reduction ratio	1.133 (17/15)
Final reduction ratio	3.200 (32/10)
CHASSIS	

CHASSIS

CHASSIS	
Front suspension	Independent, double wishbone, coil spring, oil damped
Rear suspension	Swingarm type, coil spring, oil damped
Front wheel travel	160 mm (6.3 in)
Rear wheel travel	170 mm (6.7 in)
Caster	7° 40'
Trail	33 mm (1.30 in)
Toe-in	5 mm (0.20 in)
Steering angle	45° (right & left)
Turning radius	2.7 m (8.9 ft)
Front brake	Disc brake, twin
Rear brake	Drum brake
Front tire	AT22 × 7-10 ☆☆, tubeless
Rear tire	AT20 \times 10- 9 $\frac{1}{10}$, tubeless

ELECTRICAL

Ignition typeIgnition timing	
Spark plug	NGK DR7EA or DENSO X22ESR-U
Battery	12 V 28.8 kC (8 Ah)/10 HR
Generator	Three-phase A.C. generator
Main fuse	20 A
Fuse	15 A
Headlight	12 V 40/40 W
Brake/Tail light	12 V 21/5 W
Neutral indicator light	12 V 3 W
Reverse indicator light	12 V 3 W

CAPACITIES

Fuel tank,	including reserve*	9.7 L (2.6/2.1 US/Imp gal)
	reserve*	
Engine oil,	oil change	
0 /	with filter change	
	overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)
Final gear	oil	190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)

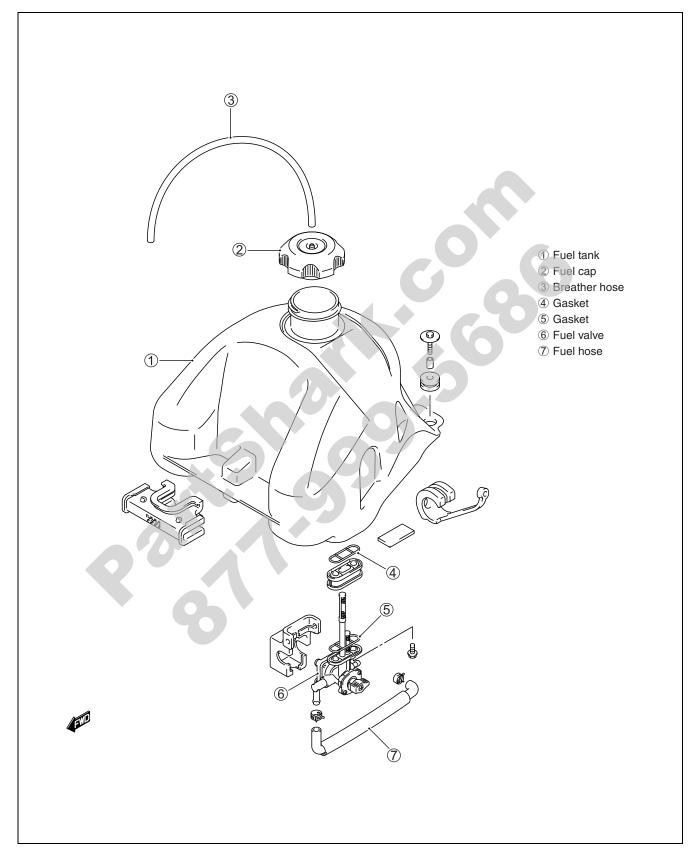
SERVICE DATA CARBRETOR

ITEM	SPECIF	SPECIFICATION		
ITEM	* E-19	* E-28, 33		
Carburetor type	MIKUNI BSR29	\leftarrow		
Bore size	29 mm (1.14 in)	←		
I.D. No.	21G0	21G1		
Idle r/min	1 500 ± 100 r/min	←		
Float height	13.0 ± 1.0 mm (0.51 ± 0.04 in)	<i>~</i>		
Main jet (N	.J.) #125	# 125		
Jet needle (J	N.) 5DH54-2nd	←		
Needle jet (N	.J.) P-0M	# P-DM		
Pilot jet (F	.J.) #20	# 20		
Pilot screw (F	S.) 1 and 1/2 turns back	PRE-SET		
Throttle cable play	3 – 5 mm (0.12 – 0.20 in)	←		
Starter (enricher) plunger cable play	0.5 – 1.0 mm (0.02 – 0.04 in)	←		
FUEL + OIL				

FUEL + OIL

ITEM		SPECIFICATION		NOTE
Fuel type		Use only unleaded gasoline of at least 87 pump octane $(R/2 + M/2)$ or 91 octane or higher rated by the Research Method. Gasoline containing MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether), less than 10% ethanol, or less than 5% methanol with appropriate cosolvents and corrosion inhibitor is permissible.		E-28, 33
		Gasoline used should be graded 91 octane or higher. An unleaded gasoline is recommended.		E-19
Fuel tank capacity including reserve		* 9.7 L (2.6/2.1 US/Imp gal)		
Reserve		* 2.1 L (0.6/0.5 US/Imp gal)		
Engine oil type		SAE 10W-40, API SF/SG or SH/SJ with JASO MA		
Engine oil capacity		Change	2 200 ml (2.3/1.9 US/Imp qt)	
		Filter change	2 300 ml (2.4/2.0 US/Imp qt)	
		Overhaul	2 500 ml (2.6/2.2 US/Imp qt)	
Final gear oil type		Hypoid gear oil SAE #90, API grade GL-5		
Final gear oil capacity		190 ml (6.4/6.7 US/Imp oz)		

FUEL TANK CONSTRUCTION



CARBURETOR

PILOT SCREW REMOVAL (For E-28, 33)

Because harsh cleaning solvents can damage the O-ring seals in the pilot system, the pilot system components should be removed before cleaning.

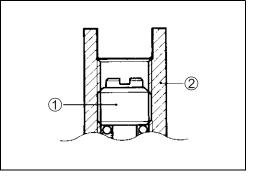
- Use a 1/8" size drill bit with a drill-stop to remove the pilot screw plug. Set the drill-stop 4 mm (0.16 in) from the end of the bit to prevent drilling into the pilot screw. Carefully drill through the plug.
- Thread a self-tapping sheet metal screw into the plug. Pull on the screw head with pliers to remove the plug. Carefully clean any metal shavings from the area.
- Slowly turn the pilot screw clockwise and count the number of turns until the screw is lightly seated. Make a note of how many turns were made so the screw can be reset correctly after cleaning.
- Remove the pilot screw along with the spring, washer and Oring.
- 1 Drill-stop
- 2 Plug
- ③ Pilot screw
- ④ Carburetor body

PILOT SCREW REASSEMBLY (For E-28, 33)

- After cleaning, install the pilot screw ① to the original setting by turning the screw in until it lightly seats, and then backing it out the same number of turns counted during disassembly.
- Install a new plug by tapping it into place with a punch.
 - ① Pilot screw
 - Carburetor body

CAUTION

Replace the removed O-ring with a new one.



INFORMATION LABELS

