PowerAnalysis.m Guide

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General Notes

- PowerAnalysis.m does most the work, and is called in the example scripts
- NOTE: This version only simulates t-tests between within subject conditions

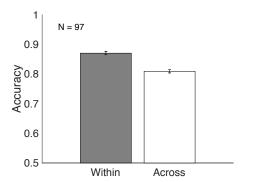
Key Components:

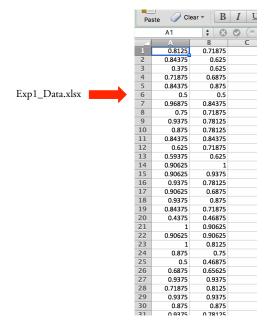
- prefs.data:
 - either a #subjects (rows) x #conditions (columns) array, or a string file name of an excel or .csv file with data listed as #subjects x #conditions.
 - Data can be listed as either decimal (.5) or percentage (50), although you will get a warning for the later (as data will be converted to decimal)
 - If using excel or csv file, there should NOT be a header row
- prefs.N_range
 - Range of number of participants to simulate. E.g., 10:10:50 will simulate with 10, 20, 30, 40, and 50 participants
- prefs.trial_range
 - Range of number of trials per condition to simulate. E.g., 8:4:24 will simulate with 8, 12, 16, 20, and 24 trials per condition
- prefs.alpha
 - p-value to use in power simulations
- prefs.nSims
 - How many simulations to use for every participant/trial number combination. 10,000 is a decent estimate and runs pretty quickly, 100,000 is slower but a more stable estimate.
- prefs.comps
 - Which comparisons to test for significance. Each row is a comparison, with the condition expected to be higher magnitude listed in the first column, and the condition expected to have lower magnitude in the second column. A study will be classified as "successful" only if all listed comparisons are significant (see examples).

Example 1

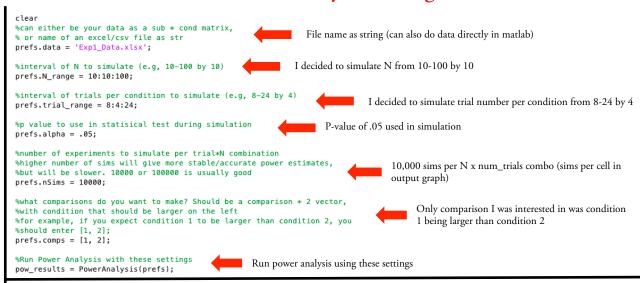
Pilot Data

- 97 subjects, 2 conditions
- Excel file is 97 rows x 2 columns





Power Analysis Settings



Power Analysis Output

0.82 0.86

0.24 0.45 0.61 0.74 0.96 0.98 0.84 0.9 0.94 of Trials Per Condition 0.59 0.87 0.91 0.95 0.97 0.98 0.66 0.76 0.83 0.89 0.92 0.95 0.18 | 0.33 | 0.46 0.58 0.68 0.78 0.83 0.87 0.91 0.93

of Subjects

0.37

0.48 | 0.56 | 0.65 | 0.72 | 0.77

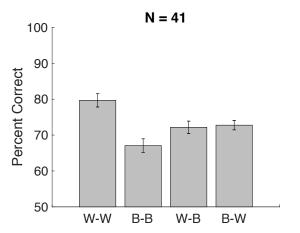
Power by N and # of Trials

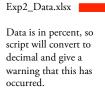
Simulated power for each N X number or trials per condition combo we specified in settings. Looking at this, I know I could achieve > 90% power by running 90 subjects with 12 trials per condition, for example

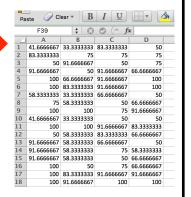
Example 2

Pilot Data

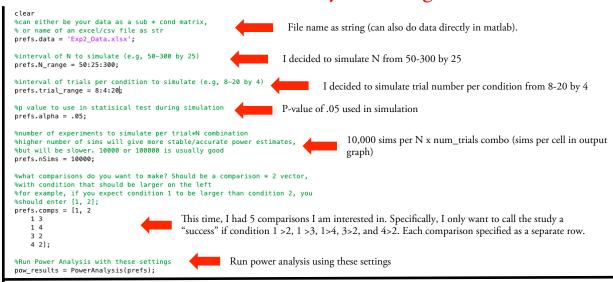
- 41 subjects, 4 conditions
- Excel file is 41 rows x 4 columns



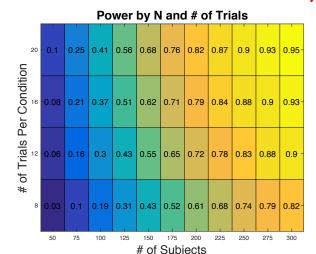




Power Analysis Settings



Power Analysis Output



Simulated power for each N X number or trials per condition combo we specified in settings. Looking at this, I know I could achieve > 90% power by running 300 subjects with 12 trials per condition, for example. Note that this is power for ALL 5 comparisons of interest being significant