

PTA Dilatation Catheter

Advanced Innovation for Exceptional Performance

Ongest .018" otw balloon lengths on the market*

Bard Peripheral Vascular	Ultraverse® 018	300 m	m
e dtronic Pacific Xtreme™		300	0 mm
-			_
ordis SAVVY" Long		220 mm	
otronik Passeo™ 18 ok Advance™ 18LP			
3 Powercross™ Reme GliderfleX™	2	200 mm	
obott Fox™ SV edtronic Submarine Plus™	120 mm		
_	120 11111		
Braun Mini Ghost" oston Scientific Sterling™ oston Scientific Symmetry™ oston Scientific Symmetry™ Stiff			
ordis Savvy™	100 mm		
l edtronic Reef [™] HP	80 mm		
ordis Slalom [™] 40 mm			

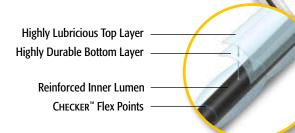
Long balloons reduce the need for multiple inflations, potentially reducing procedure times

ULTRAVERSE® 018

PTA Dilatation Catheter

OPTIMAL deliverability

Proprietary Ultra-Cross™ Dual Layer Hydrophilic Coating



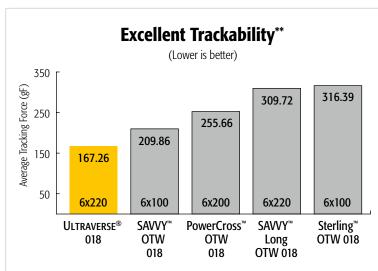
- ULTRA-CROSS™ Dual Layer Hydrophilic Coating designed to reduce friction
- Checker™ Flex Points engineered to allow the balloon to flex in tortuous anatomy
- Reinforced Inner Lumen provides improved axial strength constructed to cross tight lesions

Excellent Trackability

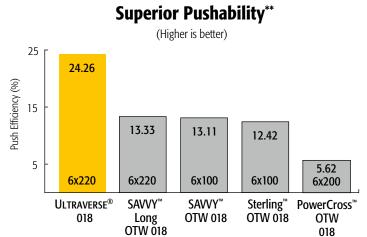
At least a 20% reduction in tracking force supports outstanding performance in challenging anatomies.

Superior Pushability

Innovative, reinforced inner lumen promotes improved axial strength for crossing tight lesions.



The Trackability Test measures the peak force necessary to track a catheter through a tortuous anatomical model.



The Pushability Test measures the % of longitudinal force transferred from the hub to the tip of the catheter in an anatomical model.

^{**6}x220 mm Ultraverse® 018 – N=5; 6x200 mm PowerCross™ – N=5; 6x100 mm SAVVY™ – N=5; 6x220 mm SAVVY™ Long – N=5; 6x100 mm Sterling™ – N=5. p < .05. Data on file. Bench test results may not necessarily be indicative of clinical performance. Different tests may yield different results.

Ultraverse® 018

PTA Dilatation Catheter



ULTRAVERSE® 018 PTA Dilatation Catheter Ordering Information

Scan with a Smart Phone and your local Bard Rep will contact you.

	75 cm	Cathet	er Length	130 cm Catheter Length			
Dia. (mm)	Length (cm)	RBP† (ATM)	Product Code	Dia. (mm)	Length (cm)	RBP [†] (ATM)	Product Code
	2	16	U87522		2	16	U813022
	4	16	U87524		4	16	U813024
2	10	15	U875210		6	16	U813026
2	12	15	U875212		8	15	U813028
	15	15	U875215	2	10	15	U8130210
	22	15	U875222		12	15	U8130212
	2	16	U8752H2		15	15	U8130215
2.5	4	16	U8752H4		22	15	U8130222
2.5	10	15	U8752H10		30	15	U8130230
	15	15	U8752H15		2	16	U81302H2
	2	16	U87532		4	16	U81302H4
	4	16	U87534		6	16	U81302H6
3	10	15	U875310		8	15	U81302H8
•	12	15	U875312	2.5	10	15	U81302H10
	15	15	U875315		12	15	U81302H12
	22	15	U875322		15	15	U81302H15
	2	16	U8753H2		22	15	U81302H22
3.5	4	16	U8753H4		30	15	U81302H30
0.0	10	15	U8753H10		2	16	U813032
	15	15	U8753H15		4	16	U813034
	2	16	U87542		6	16	U813036
	4	16	U87544	_	8	15	U813038
	6	16	U87546	3	10	15	U8130310
4	10	15	U875410		12	15	U8130312
	12	15	U875412		15	15	U8130315
	15	15	U875415		22	15	U8130322
	22	15	U875422		30	15	U8130330
	2	14	U87552		2	16	U81303H2
	4	14	U87554		4	16	U81303H4
_	6	14	U87556		6	16	U81303H6
5	10	13	U875510	7.5	8	15	U81303H8
	12	13	U875512	3.5	10	15	U81303H10
	15 22	13	U875515		12	15	U81303H12
		13	U875522		15	15	U81303H15
	2 4	14	U87562		22	15	U81303H22
		14	U87564		30	15	U81303H30
6	6 10	14 12	U87566		2 4	16	U813042
0	12	12	U875610		6	16	U813044
	15	12	U875612	4	8	16	U813046
			U875615			15	U813048
	22	12	U875622		10 12	15 15	U8130410
7	4	12	U87574		15	15 15	U8130412
8	4	12	U87584		22	15	U8130415
9	4	11	U87594		30	15 15	U8130422
			00/334		: 50	10	U8130430

130 cm Catheter Length				
Dia. (mm)	Length (cm)	RBP [†] (ATM)	Product Code	
	2	14	U813052	
	4	14	U813054	
	6	14	U813056	
	8	13	U813058	
5	10	13	U8130510	
	12	13	U8130512	
	15	13	U8130515	
	22	13	U8130522	
	30	13	U8130530	
	2	14	U813062	
	4	14	U813064	
	6	14	U813066	
	8	12	U813068	
6	10	12	U8130610	
	12	12	U8130612	
	15	12	U8130615	
	22	12	U8130622	
	30	12	U8130630	
7	4	12	U813074	
8	4	12	U813084	
9	4	11	U813094	

150 cm Catheter Length					
Dia. (mm)	Length (cm)	RBP† (ATM)	Product Code		
	2	16	U815022		
2	4	16	U815024		
	6	16	U815026		
	8	15	U815028		
	10	15	U8150210		
	12	15	U8150212		
	15	15	U8150215		
	22	15	U8150222		
	30	15	U8150230		
2.5	2	16	U81502H2		
	4	16	U81502H4		
	6	16	U81502H6		
	8	15	U81502H8		
	10	15	U81502H10		
	12	15	U81502H12		
	15	15	U81502H15		
	22	15	U81502H22		
	30	15	U81502H30		

150 cm Catheter Length				
Dia.	Length RBP† Product Code			
(mm)	(cm)	(ATM)		
	2	16	U815032	
	4	16	U815034	
	6	16	U815036	
	8	15	U815038	
3	10	15	U8150310	
	12	15	U8150312	
	15	15	U8150315	
	22	15	U8150322	
	30	15	U8150330	
	2	16	U81503H2	
	4	16	U81503H4	
	6	16	U81503H6	
	8	15	U81503H8	
3.5	10	15	U81503H10	
	12	15	U81503H12	
	15	15	U81503H15	
	22	15	U81503H22	
	30	15	U81503H30	
	2	16	U815042	
	4	16	U815044	
	6	16	U815046	
	8	15	U815048	
4	10	15	U8150410	
	12	15	U8150412	
	15	15	U8150415	
	22	15	U8150422	
	30	15	U8150430	
	2	14	U815052	
	4	14	U815054	
	6	14	U815056	
	8	13	U815058	
5	10	13	U8150510	
	12	13	U8150512	
	15	13	U8150515	
	22	13	U8150522	
	30	13	U8150530	
REPRESENTATIVE NAME				
CONTACT PHONE NO.				

† RBP (Rated Burst Pressure): the pressure at which Bard has 95% confidence that 99.9% of the balloons will not burst at or below upon single inflation.

ULTRAVERSE® 014/018 PTA Balloon Dilatation Catheters

6 ATM

Indications for Use: ULTRAVERSE® 014 and ULTRAVERSE® 018 PTA Dilatation Catheters are recommended for use in percutaneous transluminal angioplasty (PTA) of the renal, popliteal, tibial, femoral and peroneal arteries. These catheters are not for use in coronary arteries.

Contraindications: None known.

All codes

Warnings: Contents supplied sterile using ethylene oxide (EO). Nonpyrogenic. Do not use if sterile barrier is opened or damaged. Do not reuse. reprocess or re-sterilize. This device has been designed for single use only. Reusing this medical device bears the risk of cross-patient contamination as Reusing this medical device bears the risk of cross-patient contamination as medical devices – particularly those with long and small fumina, joints and or crevices between components – arth flong and small fumina, joints and or crevices between components – are difficult or impossible to clean once body fluids or tissues with potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination have had contact with the medical device for an indeterminable period of time. The residue of biological material can promote the contamination of time device with pyrogens or microbial control intelligence complications. Do not resterilize. After resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guarantee because of an indeterminable degree of potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination which may lead to infectious complications. Cleaning, reprocessing and/or resterilization of the present medical device increases the probability that the device will malfunction due to potential device increases the probability that the device will malfunction due to protein adverse effects on components that are influenced by thermal and/or mechanical changes. To reduce the potential for vessel damage, the inflated diameter and length of the balloon should approximate the diameter

and length of the vessel just proximal and distal to the stenosis. When the and length of the vessel just proximal and distal to the stenois. When the catheter is exposed to the vascular system, it should be manipulated while under high-quality fluoroscopic observation. Do not advance or retract the catheter unless the balloon is fully delated. If resistance is met during manipulation, determine the cause of the resistance before proceeding. Apphying excessive force to the catheter on result in tip Dreakage or balloon separation. Do not exceed the RBP recommended for this device. Balloon rupture may occur if the RBP reating is exceeded. To prevent over-pressurization, use of a pressure monitoring device is recommended. After use, this product may be a potential biobazard. Handle and dispose of in accordance with acceptable medical practices and applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations.

2 mm x 2 cm - 4 mm x 12 cm

4 mm x 15 cm - 7 mm x 4 cm

8 mm x 4 cm - 9 mm x 4 cm

4F

5F

federal laws and regulations.

Precautions: Carefully inspect the catheter prior to use to verify that catheter has not been damaged during shipment and that its size, shape and condition are suitable for the procedure for which it is to be used. Do not use if product damage is evident. The Utrawarss, "01 4 and Utrawsrs." 018 PTA Balloon Dilatation Catheters shall only be used by physicians trained in the performance of percutaneous transluminal angioplasty. The minimal acceptable sheath French size is printed on the package label. Do not attempt to pass the PTA catheter through a smaller size introducer sheath than indicated on the label. Do not remove the guidewine in sixt us shoot contrast through the wire lumen or perform a wire exchange. If the wire is removed while the balloon catheter is situated in tortious anatomy, the risk of kinking the catheter is increased. Use the recommended balloon inflation medium (25% contrast medium/75% sterile saline solution). It has been shown that

a 25/75% contrast/saline ratio has yielded faster balloon inflation/deflation a 25/T9% contrast/saline ratio has yielded faster balloon inflaton/deflation. If resistance is felt during post-procedure withdrawal of the catheter through the introducer sheath, determine if contrast is trapped in the balloon with fluoroscopy, If contrast is present, push the balloon out of the sheath and then completely evacuate the contrast before proceeding to withdraw the balloon. If resistance is still field uning post-procedure withdrawal of the catheter, it is recommended to remove the balloon catheter and guidewer/introducer sheath as a single unit. Do not continue to use the balloon catheter if the shaft has been bent or kinked. Prior to re-insertion through the introducer sheath, the balloon should be wived dean with assure. the introducer sheath, the balloon should be wiped clean with gauze and rinsed with sterile normal saline. Balloon re-wrapping should only occur while the balloon catheter is supported with a guidewire or stylet. In order to activate the hydrophilic coating, it is recommended to wet the ULTRAVERSE® Catheter with sterile saline solution immediately prior to its insertion in the body.

Potential Adverse Reactions: The complications that may result from a

- Peripheral balloon dilatation procedure include: Additional intervention Allergic reaction to drugs or contrast medium Aneurysm or pseudoaneurysm Arrhythmias Embolization Hematoma
- pseudoaneurysm Armythmas Embolization Hematoma Hematoma Hemorthage, including bleeding at the puncture site Hypotension/ hypertension Inflammation Occlusion Pain or tendemess Pheumothorax or hemothorax Sepsis/inflection Shock Short-term hemodynamic deteroration Stroke Thrombosis Vessel dissection, perforation, rupture or spasm.

Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order

PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE

Please consult package insert for more detailed safety information and instructions for use.

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\$11742 Rev. 2



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^{*} Nominal pressure: the pressure at which the balloon reaches its labeled diameter.