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GS-EDRV(100) User Manual

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Manual Overview

Overview of this Publication

The GS AC Drive Ethernet Interface User Manual describes the installation, configuration, and operation of GS AC Drive Ethernet Interface cards.

Who Should Read This Manual

This manual contains important information for those who will install, maintain, and/or operate any GS Series AC Drive Ethernet Interface card.

Supplemental Publications

The **Ethernet Remote Master Module Manual** (H24-ERM-M) is available from **AutomationDirect** and may be useful for your application.

Technical Support

By Telephone: 770-844-4200

(Mon.-Fri., 9:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m. E.T.)

On the Web: www.automationdirect.com

Our technical support group is glad to work with you in answering your questions. If you cannot find the solution to your particular application, or, if for any reason you need additional technical assistance, please call technical support at **770-844-4200**. We are available weekdays from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

We also encourage you to visit our web site where you can find technical and non-technical information about our products and our company. Visit us at www.automationdirect.com.

Special Symbols



When you see the "notepad" icon in the left-hand margin, the paragraph to its immediate right will be a special note.



When you see the "exclamation mark" icon in the left-hand margin, the paragraph to its immediate right will be a WARNING. This information could prevent injury, loss of property, or even death (in extreme cases).

GS-EDRV Overview

The GS-EDRV provides a low-cost, high-performance 10BaseT Ethernet link between a control system and a GS Series AC Drive. The control system can be any of the following:

- DL205 CPU, DL405 CPU, or a WinPLC, with the appropriate Ethernet Remote Master module (H2-ERM or H4-ERM).
- A Productivity3000 CPU using the onboard Ethernet port.
- A PC running Entivity's ThinknDo software, a PC using a custom device driver that
 was developed using our Ethernet SDK, or a PC running KEP*Direct* EBC or OPC
 Server.
- Any independent I/O controller with a Modbus TCP/IP driver.

The GS-EDRV mounts on DIN rail and utilizes cable connections and, if needed, Ethernet switches or hubs to communicate to the AC drive.

The functions of the interface are as follows:

- process input signals from the AC drive.
- format these signals to conform to the Ethernet standard.
- · transmit converted signals to the control system.
- receive and translate output signals from the control system.
- sends the output signals to the drive.

The control function is NOT performed by the interface. The control function is performed by one of the control systems mentioned above. The I/O mapping function is performed by an H2(4)-ERM module (purchased separately). The H2(4)-ERM module is configured with the ERM Workbench Utility which is part of the *Direct*SOFT PLC programming software.

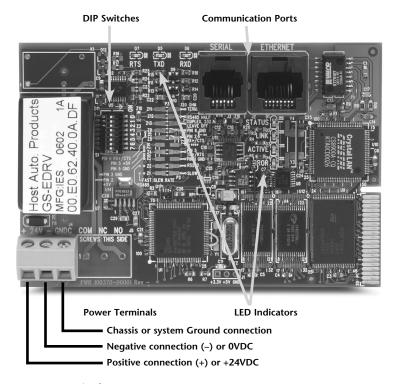
Package Contents

After receiving the GS-EDRV, please check for the following:

- Make sure that the part number indicated on the package corresponds with the part number of your order.
- Make sure that the package includes a GS AC Drive Ethernet Interface card (GS-EDRV), one piece of **SNAP**TRACKTM, two DIN mounting clips, and one serial connection cable.
- Inspect the contents to insure they were not damaged during shipment.



GS-EDRV Board Layout



Power Terminals

Power for the GS-EDRV is connected directly to the card using a nominal 24VDC supply (+24VDC, –0VDC). The GNDC terminal is for a chassis or system Ground.

Input Voltage

18-33 VDC with a 24VDC nominal supply

Input Current

90-135 mA

Communication Ports

Two comm ports are provided to make the connection from a GS Series AC drive (Serial port) to an Ethernet device or network (Ethernet port).

DIP Switches

The DIP Switches are used to set the Module ID for the GS-EDRV card.

LED Indicators

STATUS Indicator

The green STATUS LED is steady ON when the GS-EDRV is connected to a GS Series AC drive and communication has been established.

LINK

The green LINK LED is steady ON when the GS-EDRV is correctly connected to an active device on the network. The LINK LED verifies that the proper cables are connected, and the card is functioning correctly. If a mismatch with the 10BaseT connections occurs this LED will not be illuminated.

ACTIVE

The green ACTIVE LED flashes to indicate that the card sees data travelling on the network. If any network device is sending or receiving data, the ACTIVE LED will be illuminated. In idle mode (no network traffic) this LED is OFF. During heavy communication loads this LED will be steady ON.

ERROR Indicator

If the GS-EDRV's red Error (ERROR) indicator is flashing or steady ON, a fatal error has occurred. The error may be in the card itself, or a network problem may be causing this symptom. The ERROR indication can be caused by a faulty ground, an electrical spike or other types of electrical disturbances. Cycle power to the system to attempt clearing the error.

RTS

The green RTS LED indicates the GS-EDRV is ready to send information to the AC drive.

TXD

The green TXD LED flashes to indicate that the card sees data traveling to the AC drive. During heavy communication loads, this LED will be steady ON.

RXD

The green RXD LED flashes to indicate that the card sees data traveling from the AC drive. During heavy communication loads this LED will be steady ON.

Setting the GS-EDRV Address

Each GS-EDRV must have an identification (ID) or address in order to be recognized on the network, and each ID must be unique.



WARNING: Duplicate IDs on the same network will cause unpredictable results and must be avoided.

Setting Module ID with DIP Switches

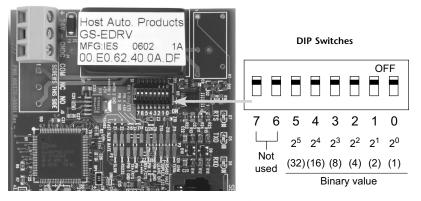
You can use the DIP switch to set the ID to a number from one to sixty-three. Do not use ID "0" for communication.

If the DIP switch is set to a number greater than 0, the software tools are disabled from setting the ID. Again, the software tools will only allow changes to the ID if the DIP switch setting is 0 (zero, all switches OFF).



The DIP switch settings are read only at power-up. You must cycle power if you change the DIP switches.

The GS-EDRV contains eight individual DIP switches, but only six of these are active. You will find that the switches on the printed circuit board are labeled 0 (zero) through 7. The numbers on the printed circuit board indicate the power of 2 represented by each individual switch. For example, switch 0 represents 2° (or 1), switch 1 is 2¹ (or 2), switch 2 is 2² (or 4), and so on.

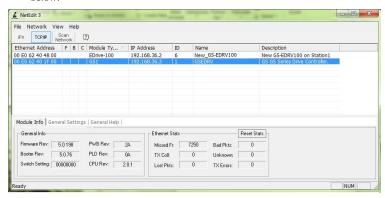


The ID equals the sum of the binary values of the slide switches set in the ON position. For example, if you set slide switches 1, 2, and 3 to the ON position, the ID will be 14. This is found by adding 8+4+2=14. The maximum value you can set on the DIP switch is 32+16+8+4+2+1=63. This is achieved by setting switches 0 through 5 to the ON position.

Setting TCP/IP Address with NetEdit

NetEdit is a free utility that can be used to configure the GS-EDRV's IP address. This utility is included with the DirectSOFT software or it can be downloaded from http://support.automationdirect.com/downloads.html.

Connect your PC to the Ethernet network that the GS-EDRV is currently on and open the NetEdit utility. If it is not already selected, select the TCP/IP tab as seen below.



Double click on the desired GS-EDRV. A "General Settings" popup will display allowing you to configure the IP address of the module you have selected.



Press the OK button to write the new configuration to the GS-EDRV.

GS-EDRV Network Connections



10Base-T Connections

The GS-EDRV Ethernet port has an eight-pin modular jack that accepts RJ45 connector plugs. UTP (Unshielded Twisted-Pair) cable is rated according to its data-carrying ability (bandwidth) and is given a "category" number. We strongly recommend using a category 5 cable for all Ethernet 10Base-T connections. For convenient and reliable networking, we recommend that you purchase commercially manufactured cables (cables with connectors already attached).

To connect an GS-EDRV (or PC) to a hub, switch, or repeater, use a patch cable (sometimes called a straight-through cable). The cable used to connect a PC or an H2(4)-ERM directly to an GS-EDRV or to connect two hubs is referred to as a crossover cable.

Pate	ch (Straight	-through) (Cable		Crossove	r Cable _	
EDRV TD+ 1 TD- 2 RD+ 3 4 5 RD- 6 7 8	OR/WHT OR GRN/WHT BLU BLU/WHT GRN BRN/WHT BRN	OR/WHT OR GRN/WHT BLU BLU/WHT GRN BRN/WHT BRN	HUB 1 RD+ 2 RD- 3 TD+ 4 5 6 TD- 7 8	EDRV TD+ 1 TD- 2 RD+ 3 4 5 RD- 6 7 8	OR/WHT OR GRN/WHT BLU BLU/WHT GRN BRN/WHT BRN/WHT	BLU BLU/WHT OR BRN/WHT	PC 1 TD+ 2 TD- 3 RD+ 4 5 6 RD- 7 8

This diagram illustrates the standard wire positions in the RJ45 connector. We recommend all Ethernet 10BaseT cables to be Category 5, UTP cable.

GS-EDRV100 Overview

The GS-EDRV100 provides a low cost, high-performance 10/100Mbps Ethernet link between a control system and a GS Series AC Drive. The control system can be any of the following:

- DL205 CPU, DL405 CPU, or a WinPLC, with the appropriate Ethernet Remote Master module (H2-ERM or H4-ERM).
- A Do-more CPU with an onboard Ethernet port.
- A Productivity3000 CPU using the onboard Ethernet port.
- A PC using a custom device driver that was developed using our Ethernet SDK.
- A PC running KEPDirect EBC or OPC Server.
- Any independent I/O controller with a Modbus TCP/IP driver.

The GS-EDRV100 has an encapsulated compact DIN rail mounted design allowing for minimal space requirements. With the appropriate cable connections and, if needed, Ethernet switches or hubs, the GS-EDRV100 will allow you to communicate with your AC drive over qualified Ethernet networks.

The functions of the interface are as follows:

- process input signals from the AC drive.
- format these signals to conform to the Ethernet standard.
- · transmit converted signals to the control system.
- receive and translate output signals from the control system.
- sends the output signals to the drive.

The control function is NOT performed by the interface. The control function is performed by one of the control systems mentioned above. The I/O mapping function is performed by an H2(4)-ERM module (purchased separately). The H2(4)-ERM module is configured with the ERM Workbench Utility which is part of the *Direct*SOFT PLC programming software.

Operation

Operation of the GS-EDRV100 is divided up into two communication networks:

- 1. Communication from the GS-EDRV100 to the drive.
- 2. Communication from a control device (PLC, PC, etc..) to the GS-EDRV100

GS-EDRV100 to AC Drive

The GS-EDRV100 will constantly try to read information from the variable frequency drive. It reads all the parameters from the drive in blocks, so even if you are only interested in one parameter the GS-EDRV100 has to read all the parameters over the RS 485 network before that one parameter gets updated again. The network baud rate defaults to 19200 so this can take some time (typically around 600ms). This time can be affected by write commands from the control device. For instance if you try to write information to the drive every 100 ms this could actually slow down the time it takes the GS-EDRV100 to read the data from the drive as it will interrupt the read process between the GS-EDRV100 and the variable frequency drive. Increasing the rate of the read commands from

the control device will NOT speed up the time it takes for the GS-EDRV100 to read data from the drive. The only thing that will happen is the control device will read the same data more often.

Control Device to GS-EDRV100

Communication between the control device and the GS-EDRV100 is for reading and writing data to the GS-EDRV100 so that the GS-EDRV100 can then write the data to the variable frequency drive. The GS-EDRV100 can be thought of as the gateway to the variable frequency drive in that it holds all the information read from the variable frequency drive that the control device wants to read and writes all the information from the control device to the variable frequency drive when it is asked to do so by the control device. This network is ethernet and much faster than serial, so it can read the data being held in the GS-EDRV100 many times before the data in the GS-EDRV100 gets updated information from the variable frequency drive.

Adding a GS-EDRV100 may not necessarily speed up your update performance. If you are only controlling 1 or 2 drives it may be faster to control them directly on RS-485 communications if your control device has that capability. However if you are controlling many drives using the GS-EDRV100 would increase performance since the Ethernet Protocol can allow for concurrent requests to multiple GS-EDRV100s simultaneously versus serial which could only send one request at a time.

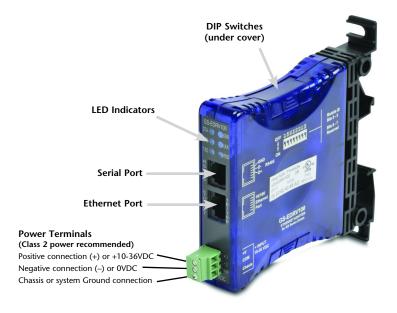
Package Contents

After receiving the GS-EDRV100, please check for the following:

- Make sure that the part number indicated on the package corresponds with the part number of your order.
- Make sure that the package includes a GS AC Drive Ethernet Interface card (GS-EDRV100), one DIN rail mounting clip, one 3-wire terminal block, and one serial connection cable (2ft in length).
- Inspect the contents to insure they were not damaged during shipment.



GS-EDRV100 Layout



Power Terminals

Power for the GS-EDRV100 is connected directly to the card using a 10-36VDC power supply (a Class 2 power supply is recommended). The Chassis terminal is for a chassis or system Ground.

Input Current and Voltage Ratings

220mA@10VDC, 70mA@24VDC, or 50mA@36VDC.

Communication Ports

Two comm ports are provided to make the connection from a GS Series AC drive (Serial port) to an Ethernet device or network (Ethernet port).

DIP Switches

The DIP Switches are used to set the Module ID for the GS-EDRV100 card.

LED Indicators

STA

The STA or STATUS LED is steady ON when the GS-EDRV100 is connected to a GS Series AC drive and communication has been established.

SPD

The SPD or SPEED LED is used to represent the Ethernet speed. The LED will be ON when the Ethernet speed is 100Mbps and OFF when the speed is 10Mbps.

TXD

The TXD or TRANSMIT DATA LED flashes to indicate that the GS-EDRV100 is sending data through the serial port to the AC drive.

ERR

If the GS-EDRV100's ERR (ERROR) indicator is ON, a critical error has occurred. The error may be in the card itself, or a network problem may be causing this symptom. The ERROR indication can be caused by a faulty ground, an electrical spike or other types of electrical disturbances. Cycle power to the system to attempt clearing the error. The ERROR LED will also flash (once per second) when a firmware update is in progress.

LK/A

The LK/A or LINK GOOD/ACTIVITY LED flashes to indicate that the card sees data traveling on the Ethernet network. If any network device is sending or receiving data, the LK/A LED will be flashing. During heavy communication loads, this indicator will be steady ON. If the LED is OFF, then a problem with the Ethernet connection has been detected.

RXD

The RXD or RECEIVE DATA LED flashes to indicate that the GS-EDRV100 is receiving data through the serial port from the AC drive.

Setting the GS-EDRV100 Address

Each GS-EDRV100 must have an identification (ID) or address in order to be recognized on the network, and each ID must be unique.



WARNING: Duplicate IDs on the same network will cause unpredictable results and must be avoided.

Setting Module ID with DIP Switches

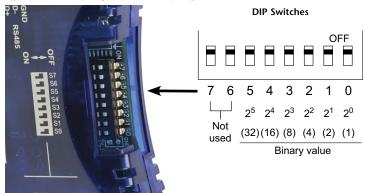
You can use the DIP switch to set the ID to a number from one to sixty-three. Do not use ID "0" for communication.

If the DIP switch is set to a number greater than 0, the software tools are disabled from setting the ID. Again, the software tools will only allow changes to the ID if the DIP switch setting is 0 (zero, all switches OFF).



The DIP switch settings are read only at power-up. You must cycle power if you change the DIP switches.

The GS-EDRV100 contains eight individual DIP switches, but only six of these are active. You will find that the switches on the printed circuit board are labeled 0 (zero) through 7. The numbers on the printed circuit board indicate the power of 2 represented by each individual switch. For example, switch 0 represents 2° (or 1), switch 1 is 2¹ (or 2), switch 2 is 2² (or 4), and so on.

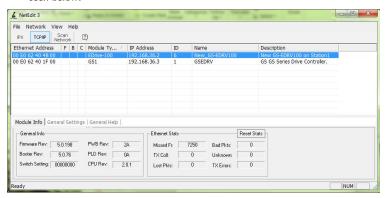


The ID equals the sum of the binary values of the slide switches set in the ON position. For example, if you set slide switches 1, 2, and 3 to the ON position, the ID will be 14. This is found by adding 8+4+2=14. The maximum value you can set on the DIP switch is 32+16+8+4+2+1=63. This is achieved by setting switches 0 through 5 to the ON position.

Setting TCP/IP Address with NetEdit

NetEdit is a free utility that can be used to configure the GS-EDRV100's IP address. This utility is included with the DirectSOFT software or it can be downloaded from http://support.automationdirect.com/downloads.html.

Connect your PC to the Ethernet network that the GS-EDRV100 is currently on and open the NetEdit utility. If it is not already selected, select the TCP/IP tab as seen below.



Double click on the desired GS-EDRV100. A "General Settings" popup will display allowing you to configure the IP address of the module you have selected.



Press the OK button to write the new configuration to the GS-EDRV100.

GS-EDRV100 Network Connections



10/100Mbps Connections

The GS-EDRV100 Ethernet port has an eight-pin modular jack that accepts RJ45 connector plugs. UTP (Unshielded Twisted-Pair) cable is rated according to its data-carrying ability (bandwidth) and is given a "category" number. We strongly recommend using a category 5 cable for all Ethernet 10/100Mbps connections. For convenient and reliable networking, we recommend that you purchase commercially manufactured cables (cables with connectors already attached).

To connect an GS-EDRV100 (or PC) to a hub, switch, or repeater, use a patch cable (sometimes called a straight-through cable). The cable used to connect a PC or an H2(4)-ERM directly to an GS-EDRV100 or to connect two hubs is referred to as a crossover cable.

Pate	ch (Straight	t-through) (Cable		Crossover Cable	
EDRV TD+ 1 TD- 2 RD+ 3 4 5 RD- 6 7 8 RJ45	OR/WHT OR GRN/WHT BLU BLU/WHT GRN BRN/WHT BRN	OR/WHT OR GRN/WHT BLU BLU/WHT GRN BRN/WHT BRN	HUB 1 RD+ 2 RD- 3 TD+ 4 5 6 TD- 7 8 RJ45	RD+ 3	1 OR GRN.WH1 OR.WH1 2 2 GRN.WHT OR.WHT 3 4 BLU BLU 4 5 BLUWHT BLUWHT 5 6 GRN OR 6 6 BRN.WHT BRN.WHT 7 8 BRN BRN 7	TD+ TD- RD+ RD-

This diagram illustrates the standard wire positions in the RJ45 connector. We recommend all Ethernet 10/100Mbps cables to be Category 5, UTP cable.

GS-EDRV(100) to GS Series AC Drive Connection

A serial connection cable (2ft. in length) is provided with the GS-EDRV(100) to make an RS-485 connection with a GS Series AC Drive.



When using the ${\it GS2}$ Series AC Drive , DIP Switch 2 and 3 (SW2 and SW3) on the drive must be set to RS485.



Setting the GS Series AC Drive Parameters

The following parameters need to be set in the GS Series AC Drive in order to operate properly with the GS-EDRV(100) interface card.

P3.00: 03 or 04 – Operation Determined by RS232C/RS485 interface. Keypad STOP is enabled (03) or disabled (04).

P4.00: 05 - Frequency determined by RS232/RS485 communication interface

P9.00: 01 – Must be set to 1 in order for the EDRV to communicate to the GS drive

P9.01 will be automatically changed to a value of 2 (19200 baud) by the EDRV, and it cannot be changed to anything else.

P9.02 will be automatically changed to a value of 5 (Modbus RTU mode <8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit>) by the EDRV, and it cannot be changed to anything else



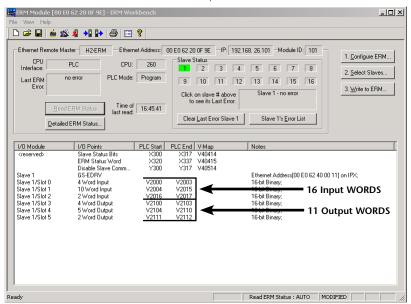
The previous list of parameter settings is the minimum required to communicate with a GS Series AC Drive through a GS-EDRV(100) interface card. There may be other parameters that need to be set to meet the needs of your application.

GS-EDRV(100) to ERM Module Connection

The GS-EDRV(100) interface card can be added to any H2(4)-ERM module using the ERM Workbench Utility. For more details on selecting and configuring slaves for the ERM module, see Chapter 4 of the H24-ERM-M.

Reserved PLC Memory for the GS-EDRV(100)

Once the GS-EDRV(100) is added the ERM module, 16 WORD inputs and 11 WORD outputs are mapped back to the PLC. The assigned PLC addresses are shown in the ERM Workbench Utility.



Reading/Writing From/To the Drive



The control function is NOT performed by the interface. The control function is performed by the control system. The I/O mapping function is performed by an H2(4)-ERM module (purchased separately). The H2(4)-ERM module is configured with the ERM Workbench Utility which is part of the DirectSOFT PLC programming software.

Input/Output Word Map

The Input and Output WORDS for the GS-EDRV(100) are mapped to specific parameters and functions in the GS Series AC Drives. The Word Map tables on the following pages show the Input and Output WORDS and their functions.

Using the Input/Output Words

Output Words 10 and 11 are used in conjunction with Input Words 15 and 16 to Read/Write AC drive parameters that are not mapped to other Input and Output Words. By using Output Words 10 and 11 with Input Words 14 and 15, you have the ability to read/write most AC drive parameters.



<u>P9.29</u> is the only <u>Communication</u> Parameter (<u>P9.xx</u> range) that can be <u>written</u> to using the Read/Write Input/Output Words (IW 15 & 16; OW 10 & 11). However, these Input/Output Words can be used to read values from all of the drive Communication Parameters (<u>P9.xx</u> range).

Input Word Map

		Input WORD Map
Input Word	Parameter Reference	Function
1	N/A	Present Output Frequency
2	N/A	Present Output Current
3	Drive P9.29 & EDRV Comm Fault Bit	Bit 0 = Drive Serial Comm External Fault bit (P9.29) Bit 1 = EDRV internal EDRV-to-Drive Comm Fault bit 00 = 0: no EDRV-to-drive comm fault; no manual comm ext fault 01 = 1: no EDRV-to-drive comm fault; manual comm ext fault triggered 10 = 2: EDRV-to-drive comm fault; no manual comm ext fault 11 = 3: EDRV-to-drive comm fault; manual comm ext fault triggered
4	P6.31	P6.31 = Status Monitor 1 – Error Codes from AC Drive. O0: No fault occurred O1: Over-current(oc) O2: Over-voltage(ov) O3: Overheat (oH) O4: Overload (oL) O5: Overload 1 (oL1) O6: Overload 2 (oL2) O7: External Fault (EF) O8: CPU failure 1 (CF1) O9: CPU failure 2 (CF2) O7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D7: D
5	P9.16	Block Transfer Parameter 6 – User defined read value
6	P9.17	Block Transfer Parameter 7 – User defined read value
7	P9.18	Block Transfer Parameter 8 – User defined read value
8	P9.19	Block Transfer Parameter 9 – User defined read value
9	P9.20	Block Transfer Parameter 10 – User defined read value
10	P9.21	Block Transfer Parameter 11 – User defined read value
11	P9.22	Block Transfer Parameter 12 – User defined read value
12	P9.23	Block Transfer Parameter 13 – User defined read value
13	P9.24	Block Transfer Parameter 14 – User defined read value
14 Table continue	P9.25 ed next page.	Block Transfer Parameter 15 – User defined read value

Input Word Map (continued)

		Input WORD Map (continued)
Input Word	Parameter Reference	Function
15	Read/Write Response	Response to a read/write request (Output Word 10) Bit: 00-07 = Memory Reference 08-11 = Memory type number (i.e. 0 to A for P0 to P10) 12-13 = Operation (works in conjunction with bit 15): 0=NOP, 9=Read accomplished, A=Write accomplished Bit 12 set indicates a read operation. Bit 15 set indicates a write operation. Bit 15 set indicates the read or write op was accomplished. Check bit 14 and Input Word 16 to see if an error occurred. 14 = Error status: If set, an error has occurred. Error Code is stored in Word 16. 15 = Read/Write Status: If set, the read or write operation was successful.
16	Read Request Value	If Input Word 15 is a Read response, the value is stored here. If Input Word 15 is an Error response, the error code is stored here. Error Codes: 0x8010

Output Word Map

-		
		Output WORD Map
Output Word	Parameter Reference	Function
1	P9.27	RUN Command
2	P9.26	RS-485 Speed Reference
3	P9.28	Direction Command (0 = Forward; 1 = Reverse)
4	P9.30	Serial Comm Fault Reset (0 = no action; 1 = Reset Fault)
5	P9.11	Block Transfer Parameter 1 – user defined write value
6	P9.12	Block Transfer Parameter 2 – user defined write value
7	P9.13	Block Transfer Parameter 3 – user defined write value
8	P9.14	Block Transfer Parameter 4 – user defined write value
9	P9.15	Block Transfer Parameter 5 – user defined write value
10	Read/Write Request	Bit: 00-07 = Memory Reference 08-11 = Memory type number (i.e. 0 to A for P0 to P10) 12-13 = Operation: 00=NOP, 01=Read, 10=Write, 11=Undefined 14 = Undefined for request
11	Write Request Value	If Output Word 10 is a Write request, the value to be written is placed here.

Examples - I/O Word Mapping

1) Read P9.29 (Serial Comm External Fault):

Write value 0x191D into Output Word 10, and the parameter address 0x991D will come back into Input Word 15. The value read from P9.29 will be stored in Input Word 16.

to any man and a second and																	
OW 10: Re	OW 10: Read Request: Read from drive parameter 9.29																
		n/a	oper	ation	para	mete	r gro	up #	parameter memory reference #								
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								0				
Binary #	0	n/a	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	
Hex #	0	n/a		1		Ģ	9		1 D								
Decimal #	0	n/a	-	1		Ģ	9					2	9				
Meaning	n/a	n/a	re	ad	parameter 9.29												

IW 15: Rea	W 15: Read Response: Read from drive parameter 9.29																	
	status	error	oper	ation	parameter group #					parameter memory reference #								
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1								0					
Binary #	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1		
Hex #		9				1 D												
Decimal #		9				Ģ)					2	9					
Meaning	succe	essful	ad	parameter 9.29														
	•																	

2) Write to P9.29 (Serial Comm External Fault):

Write value 0x291D into Output Word 10, and the parameter address 0xA91D will come back into Input Word 15. The value in Output Word 11 will be written to drive P9.29.

7. Red. to diffe 1 51251																	
OW 10: W	OW 10: Write Request: Write to drive parameter 9.29																
		n/a	oper	ation	para	mete	r gro	up#	parameter memory reference #								
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11	11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2								1	0		
Binary #	0	n/a	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	
Hex #	0	n/a	2	2		ć)		1 D								
Decimal #	0	n/a	2	2		Ć)		29								
Meaning	n/a	n/a	wı	ite	parameter 9.29												

IW 15: Wri	IW 15: Write Response: Write to drive parameter 9.29																	
	status	error	oper	ation	parameter group #					parameter memory reference #								
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Binary #	1	0	1	0	1 0 0 1					0	0	1	1	1	0	1		
Hex #		Α				1 D												
Decimal #		10		9 29														
Meaning	succe	essful	rite	parameter 9.29														

Examples - I/O Word Mapping (continued)

3) Read P0.00 (Motor Nameplate Voltage):

Write value 0x1000 into Output Word 10, and the parameter address 0x9000 will come back into Input Word 15. The value read from P0.00 will be stored in Input Word 16.

in input vvoid 10.																
OW 10: Re	OW 10: Read Request: Read from drive parameter 0.00															
		n/a	oper	ation	para	mete	r gro	up#	parameter memory reference #							
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Binary #	0	n/a	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hex #	0	n/a	1			()		0 0							
Decimal #	0	n/a	1			()		0							
Meaning	n/a	n n/a read parameter 0.00														

IW 15: Read Response: Read from drive parameter 0.00																
	status	error	operation		parameter group #				parameter memory reference #							
Bit #	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Binary #	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hex #	9			0			0 0									
Decimal #	9			0			0									
Meaning	successful read			parameter 0.00												

Built-in Web Server

The GS-EDRV(100) interface card has a built-in Web Server that allows you to access AC drive data with your favorite Web browser. In order to access the internal Web Server, you must first assign an IP address to the GS-EDRV(100) card. The IP address can be assigned by using the NetEdit utility. You can then access the GS-EDRV(100) card by typing the IP address into your Web browser.

Example

If the IP address of your GS-EDRV100 is 192.168.36.2, just enter http://192.168.36.2 into the address field of your browser and press the Enter key.



The browser will then access the built-in Web Server as seen below. The available parameter groups are shown with links to the parameter options.



Troubleshooting – H24-ERM-M

Refer to Ethernet Remote Master User Manual H24-ERM-M

Troubleshooting help for the ERM module and its slaves is available in Chapter 6 of the Ethernet Remote Master User Manual (H24-FRM-M).

Application Example: Modbus TCP/IP

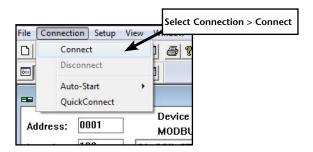
This application example shows how to use a GS-EDRV(100) to access a GS1, GS2 or a DURApulse drive's parameters for monitoring and control via the Modbus TCP/IP protocol.

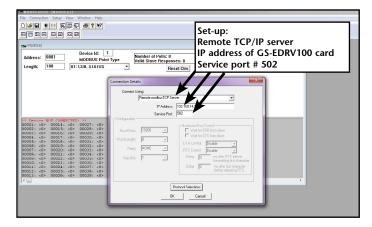
Equipment and software used in example:

- Two DURApulse Drives
- Two GS-EDRV100 Ethernet interface modules
- A Stride Ethernet switch (SE-SW5U-ST)
- A standard network PC with a Modbus TCP/IP driver installed
- ModScan software (available for download from Win-Tech at http://www.win-tech.com/html/demos.htm). or any other Modbus TCP/IP interfacing software

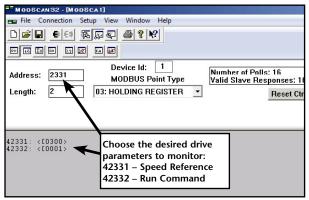


To monitor drive parameters using ModScan, set up the connection parameters as follows:





Once a connection to the interface has been established, select the drive parameters that you wish to monitor. See the table below for drive parameters and their modbus addresses.



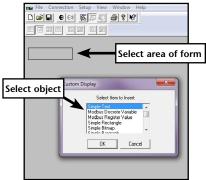
If you wish to write a value to the drive from this page, double click the address you wish to change and a Write Register window will appear. Enter the new value and select Update.

Modbus Addresses						
Read/Write	Hex	Modbus				
Speed reference	091AH	42331				
Run command	091BH	42332				
Direction	091CH	42333				
External fault	091DH	42334				
Fault reset	091EH	42335				
Jog	091FH	42336				
Status	2101H	48450				
Frequency command	2102H	48451				
Output frequency	2103H	48452				
Output current	2104H	48453				
DC bus voltage	2105H	48454				
Output voltage	1206H	48455				
Motor RPM	2107H	48456				
Scale frequency (low)	2108H	48457				
Scale frequency (high)	2109H	48458				
Percent load	210BH	48460				
Firmware version	2110H	48465				

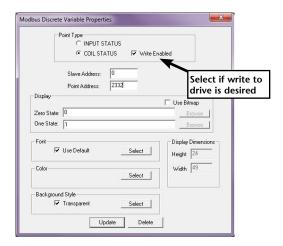
ModScan gives you the ability to build custom interface forms (like the one below) that can be used to display and control GS/DURApulse drive parameters.

Custom Form					
GS3-43PO	Default	New	Comments		
P0.00	480	460	Motor nameplate voltage setting		
P0.01	5	4.8	Motor nameplate amps setting		
P0.02	60	60	Motor base frequency		
P0.03	1750	1725	Motor base RPM		
P0.04	1750	1725	Motor maximum RPM		
P1.00	0	1	Coast to stop		
P1.01	10	20	Acceleration time		
P2.00	0	2	Volts/hertz set to fans and pumps		
P3.00	0	3	RS485 operation control enabled		
P4.00	0	5	RS485 speed reference control		
P8.00	0	3	RPM display		
P9.00	1	X (1)	Communication address (dependent on drive 1-8)		
P9.01	1	1	9600 baud rate		
P9.02	0	5	Modbus RTU 8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit		

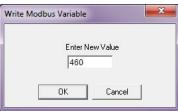
To build a new form, select **File>Custom Form>Create** and a blank form will open. With your mouse, select an area of the form and a Custom Display menu will appear as seen below.



Select an object (text, charts, shapes or data) from the menu and ModScan will load the selection into the form. When creating data objects, such as Register and Discrete variables, selecting the Write Enabled checkbox (as seen on following page) will allow the user to write values out to the drive from this f



Once a read/write data object is created, double click on the object and a Write Modbus Variable popup will appear allowing the user to enter a new value for the selected parameter.



Enter the new value and select OK to write the new value to the drive.