

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

♦) Preliminary Specification

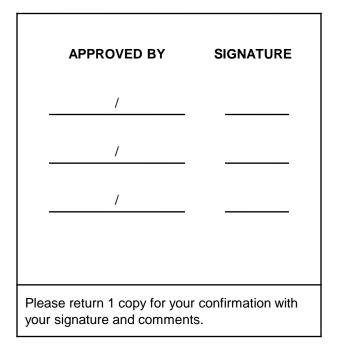
) Final Specification

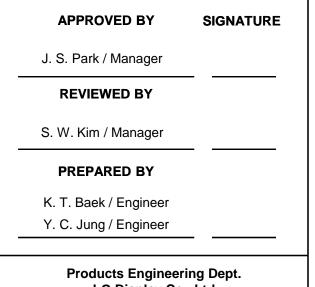
| Title 15.6" HD TFT LCD |
|------------------------|
|------------------------|

| Customer | |
|----------|--|
| MODEL | |

| SUPPLIER | LG Display Co., Ltd. | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| *MODEL | LP156WHB | | | | |
| Suffix | TLA1 | | | | |

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix





LG Display Co., Ltd



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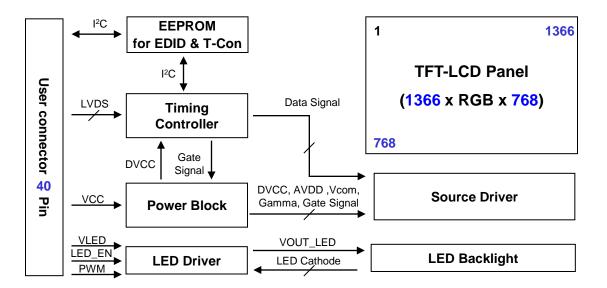
Record of Revisions

| Revision No | Revision Date | Page | Description | EDID version | |
|-------------|---------------|------|---|-----------------|--|
| 0.0 | Jan. 06. 2014 | All | First Draft (Preliminary Specification) | 0.0 | |



1. General Description

The LP156WHB is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.6 inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution (1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP156WHB has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP156WHB is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP156WHB characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

| Active Screen Size | 15.6 inches diagonal |
|------------------------|---|
| Outline Dimension | 359.5(H, Typ.) × 217.2(V, Typ.) × 3.80(D, Max.) [mm] (with PCBA) |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.252 mm X 0.252 mm |
| Pixel Format | 1366 horiz. by 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement |
| Color Depth | 6-bit, 262,144 colors |
| Luminance, White | 200 cd/m ² (Typ.) |
| Power Consumption | Total 2.8W (Typ.) Logic : 0.7W (Typ. @ Mosaic), B/L : 2.1W (Typ.) |
| Weight | 400g (Max.) |
| Display Operating Mode | Normally white |
| Surface Treatment | Glare treatment (3H) of the front Polarizer |
| RoHS Compliance | Yes |
| BFR / PVC / As Free | Yes for all |

Ver. 0.0

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

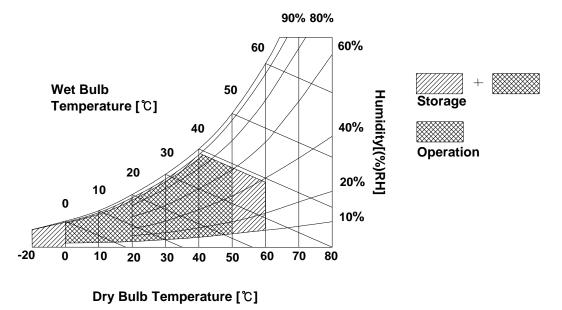
| Parameter | Symbol | Val | ues | Units | Notes |
|----------------------------|--------|------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Farameter | Symbol | Min | Min Max | | NOTES |
| Power Input Voltage | VCC | -0.3 | 4.0 | V _{DC} | at 25 \pm 2°C |
| Operating Temperature | Тор | 0 | 50 | °C | 1 |
| Storage Temperature | Нѕт | -20 | 60 | °C | 1 |
| Operating Ambient Humidity | Нор | 10 | 90 | %RH | 1 |
| Storage Humidity | Нѕт | 10 | 90 | %RH | 1 |

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

Note : 2. Storage Condition is guaranteed under packing condition.



3. Electrical Specifications

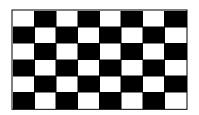
3-1. LCD Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | | Values | Unit | Notes | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|-----|--------|------|-------------------|-------|
| | | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Notes |
| Power Supply Input Voltage | | Vcc | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | 1 |
| Permissive Power Supply Input Ripple | | VCCrp | - | - | 100 | mV _{p-p} | |
| Power Supply Input Current | Mosaic | lcc | - | 220 | 255 | mA | 2 |
| Power Consumption | | Pcc | - | 0.7 | 0.8 | W | 2 |
| Power Supply Inrush Current | | ICC_P | - | - | 1.5 | Α | 3 |
| Differential Impedance | | Zlvds | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |

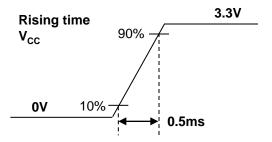
Table 2. LCD ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 $^\circ$ C, fv = 60Hz
- 2. The specified I_{CC} current and power consumption are under the V_{CC} = 3.3V , 25 $^{\circ}$ C, fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.



3. The V_{CC} rising time is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



3-2. LED Backlight Electrical Characteristics

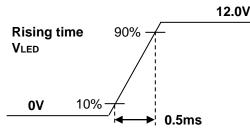
| Parameter | | Symbol | | Values | | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|------|------|-------|
| Para | i aranieter | | Min | Тур | Max | | |
| LED Power Input Vo | oltage | Vled | 7.0 | 12.0 | 21.0 | V | 1 |
| LED Power Input Cu | urrent | ILED | - | 175 | 193 | mA | 2 |
| LED Power Consumption | | Pled | - | 2.1 | 2.3 | W | 2 |
| LED Power Inrush Current | | ILED_P | - | - | 1.5 | Α | 3 |
| PWM Duty Ratio | | | 5 | - | 100 | % | 4 |
| PWM Jitter | | | 0 | - | 0.2 | % | 5 |
| PWM Frequency | PWM Frequency | | 200 | - | 1000 | Hz | 6 |
| | High Level Voltage | V _{PWM_H} | 2.5 | - | 3.6 | V | |
| PWM | Low Level Voltage | V _{PWM_L} | 0 | - | 0.3 | V | |
| | High Voltage | Vled_en_h | 2.5 | - | 3.6 | V | |
| LED_EN | Low Voltage | Vled_en_l | 0 | - | 0.3 | V | |
| Life Time | | | 12,000 | - | - | Hrs | 7 |

Table 3. LED B/L ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note)

1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$.

- 2. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the V_{LED} = 12.0V , 25℃, PWM Duty 100% and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated(60Hz).
- 3. The V_{LED} rising time is same as the minimum of T13 at Power on sequence.



- 4. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 5. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 6. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.

3-3. Interface Connections

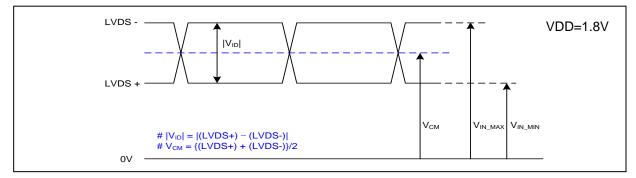
Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

| Pin | Symbol | Description | Notes |
|-----|-----------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | NC | No Connection | |
| 2 | VCC | LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typical) | |
| 3 | VCC | LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typical) | |
| 4 | V EDID | DDC power (3.3V) | |
| 5 | NC | No Connection | |
| 6 | CLK EDID | DDC clock | |
| 7 | DATA EDID | DDC data | |
| 8 | X0- | Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel | |
| 9 | X0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel | |
| 10 | GND | High speed ground | |
| 11 | X1- | Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel | |
| 12 | X1+ | Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel | [Connector] |
| 13 | GND | High speed ground | LSM, GT05Q-40S-H10 |
| 14 | X2- | Negative LVDS differential data input for pixel | or equivalent |
| 15 | X2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input for pixel | |
| 16 | GND | High speed ground | |
| 17 | XC- | Negative LVDS differential clock input for pixel | |
| 18 | XC+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input for pixel | [Connector pin arrangement] |
| 19 | GND | High speed ground | Pin 40 Pin 1 |
| 20 | NC | No Connection | |
| 21 | NC | No Connection | |
| 22 | GND | High Speed Ground | |
| 23 | NC | No Connection | |
| 24 | NC | No Connection | |
| 25 | GND | High Speed Ground | |
| 26 | NC | No Connection | |
| 27 | NC | No Connection | [EDID & LGD P-Vcom Share pin] |
| 28 | GND | High Speed Ground | 1. Pin for EDID & P-Vcom : #6, #7 |
| 29 | NC | No Connection | 2. P-Vcom Address : 0101000x |
| 30 | NC | No Connection | |
| 31 | BL_GND | LED Backlight ground | |
| 32 | BL_GND | LED Backlight ground | |
| 33 | BL_GND | LED Backlight ground | |
| 34 | NC | No Connection | |
| 35 | BL PWM | System PWM signal input for dimming | |
| 36 | BL ENABLE | LED Backlight on/off control | |
| 37 | NC | No Connection | |
| 38 | VLED | LED Backlight power (12V Typical) | |
| 39 | VLED | LED Backlight power (12V Typical) | |
| 40 | VLED | LED Backlight power (12V Typical) | |



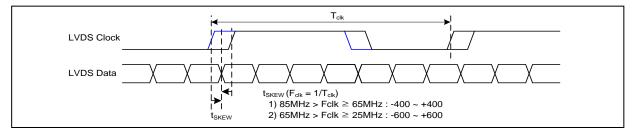
3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

3-3-1. DC Specification



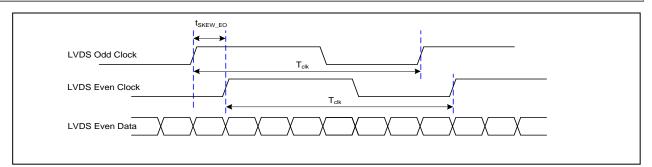
| Description | Symbol | Min | Тур | Мах | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----|---------------------------|------|-------|
| LVDS Differential Voltage | V _{ID} | 100 | - | 600 | mV | - |
| LVDS Common mode Voltage | V _{CM} | V _{ID} /2 | 1.2 | VDD- V _{ID} /2 | V | - |
| LVDS Input Voltage Range | V _{IN} | 0.3 | - | VDD | V | - |

3-3-2. AC Specification

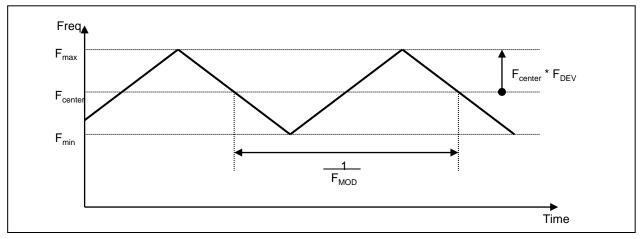


| Description | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|---|----------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-------------------------|
| LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin | t _{skew} | - 400 | + 400 | ps | 85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz |
| LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin | t _{skew} | - 600 | + 600 | ps | 65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz |
| LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd) | t _{skew_eo} | - 1/7 | + 1/7 | T _{clk} | - |
| Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC | F _{DEV} | - | ± 3 | % | - |
| Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC | F _{MOD} | - | 200 | KHz | - |





< Clock skew margin between channel >



3-3-3. Data Format

< Spread Spectrum >

1) LVDS 1 Port

| RCLK+ | | | | Tclk | * 4/7 Tclk *1/7 | , → | • | Tclk *3 | → → | j | | | | | |
|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|------|------|
| | \frown | \frown | <u> </u> | | $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ | , Y | | | ~ | | ~ | | V V | | |
| RA+/- | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G0 | G5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G0 | │ R5 │ R4 | 1 MS | _ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | R4 |
| RB+/- | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | B1 | B0 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | B1 | B0 G | 5 | R |
| | \square | | L | | \square | | \sim | \square | <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u> | \square | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | | R2 |
| / | B5 | D4 | D2 | | DE | ί. | | DE | B4 | Пр | | DE | | | R1 |
| RC+/- | БЭ | B4 | B3 | B2 | | SYNC | | B5 | | B3 | B2 | DE | | | 3 R(|

< LVDS Data Format >

3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

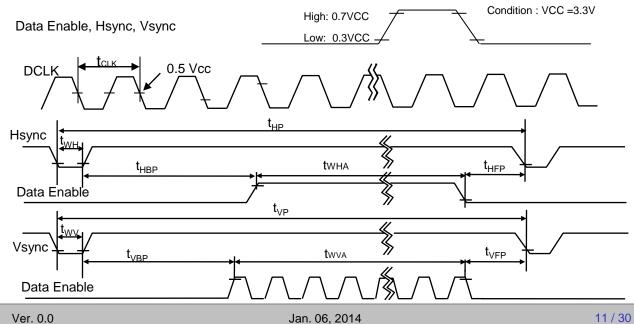
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

| ITEM | Symbol | | Min | Тур | Мах | Unit | Note |
|--------|------------------------|------------------|------|-------|------|------------------|------|
| DCLK | Frequency | f _{CLK} | - | 76.32 | - | MHz | |
| Hsync | Period | t _{HP} | 1594 | 1610 | 1626 | | |
| | Width | t _{WH} | 24 | 32 | 40 | t _{CLK} | |
| | Width-Active | t _{WHA} | | 1366 | | | |
| | Period | t _{VP} | 787 | 790 | 793 | | |
| Vsync | Width | t _{WV} | 4 | 5 | 6 | t _{HP} | |
| | Width-Active | t _{WVA} | | 768 | | | |
| | Horizontal back porch | t _{HBP} | 160 | 164 | 168 | | |
| Data | Horizontal front porch | t _{HFP} | 44 | 48 | 52 | t _{CLK} | |
| Enable | Vertical back porch | t _{VBP} | 13 | 14 | 15 | | |
| | Vertical front porch | t _{VFP} | 2 | 3 | 4 | t _{HP} | |

| Table | 4 | TIMING TABLE |
|---------|---|--------------|
| יסומה ו | | |

Notice. all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP156WHB has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving Mode, whereas LP156WHB is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (Power save mode).

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms



3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

| | | | | | | | | | Inp | ut Co | olor D | Data | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Color | | | R | ED | | | | | GRE | EEN | | | | | BL | UE | | |
| | 50101 | MSE | 3 | | | | LSB | MSE | 3 | | | | LSB | MSE | 3 | | | | LSB |
| | 1 | R 5 | R 4 | R 3 | R 2 | R 1 | R 0 | G 5 | G 4 | G 3 | G 2 | G 1 | G 0 | B 5 | B 4 | B 3 | B 2 | B 1 | В0 |
| | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic | Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Color | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RED (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RED | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RED (62) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED (63) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GREEN (62) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| BLUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| | BLUE (62) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE (63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3-7. Power Sequence

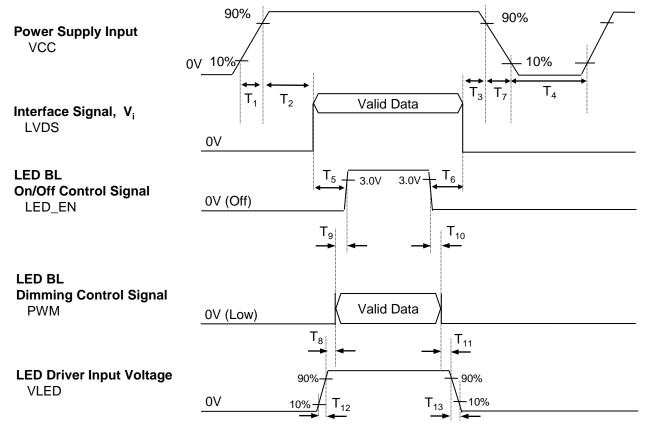


Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

| Symbol | | Value | | Units | Sympol | | Value | | Unito |
|----------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Units | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
| T ₁ | 0.5 | - | 10 | ms | T ₈ | 10 | - | - | ms |
| T ₂ | 0 | - | 50 | ms | T ₉ | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T ₃ | 0 | - | 50 | ms | T ₁₀ | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T ₄ | 500 | - | - | ms | T ₁₁ | 10 | - | - | ms |
| T ₅ | 200 | - | - | ms | T ₁₂ | 0.5 | - | 10 | ms |
| T ₆ | 200 | - | - | ms | T ₁₃ | 0.5 | - | 10 | ms |
| T ₇ | 0.5 | - | 10 | ms | | | | | |

Note)

- 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
- 2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 3. LVDS, LED_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
- 4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of LVDS turn on.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

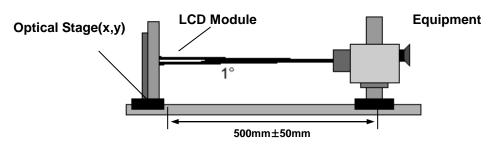


Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

| | | | | Values | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|-------------------|-------|
| Р | arameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Units | Notes |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | 400 | 500 | - | | 1 |
| Surface Lumina | ance, white | L _{WH} | 170 | 200 | - | cd/m ² | 2 |
| uminance Variation | | $\delta_{\text{ WHITE (5P)}}$ | - | 1.2 | 1.4 | | 3 |
| Luminance var | lation | $\delta_{\text{WHITE(13P)}}$ | - | 1.4 | 1.6 | - | 3 |
| Response Time |) | Tr + Tf | - | 16 | 25 | ms 4 | |
| | RED | Rx | | 0.578 | | | |
| | | Ry | | 0.344 | | | |
| | | Gx | | 0.337 | - | | |
| Color | GREEN | Gy | Typical | 0.571 | Typical | | |
| Coordinates | | Bx | - 0.03 | 0.159 | + 0.03 | | |
| | BLUE | Ву | | 0.12 | | | |
| | WHITE | Wx | | 0.313 | | | |
| | | Wy | | 0.329 | | | |
| | x axis, right(Φ =0°) | Θr | 40 | - | - | | |
| Viewing Angle | x axis, left (Φ=180°) | ΘΙ | 40 | - | - | Degree | 5 |
| | у axis, up (Ф=90°) | Θu | 10 | - | - | Degree | |
| | y axis, down (Φ=270°) | Θd | 30 | - | - | | |
| Gray Scale | | | | | | | 6 |



Note)

1. It should be measured in the center of screen(1 Point). Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio(1 Point) =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

 The variation in surface luminance, The panel total variation (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}} \qquad \delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr) and from black to white (falling time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

| Gray Level | Luminance [%] (Typ) |
|------------|---------------------|
| LO | TBD |
| L7 | TBD |
| L15 | TBD |
| L23 | TBD |
| L31 | TBD |
| L39 | TBD |
| L47 | TBD |
| L55 | TBD |
| L63 | 100 |

FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>

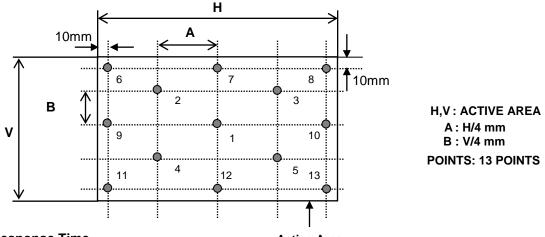
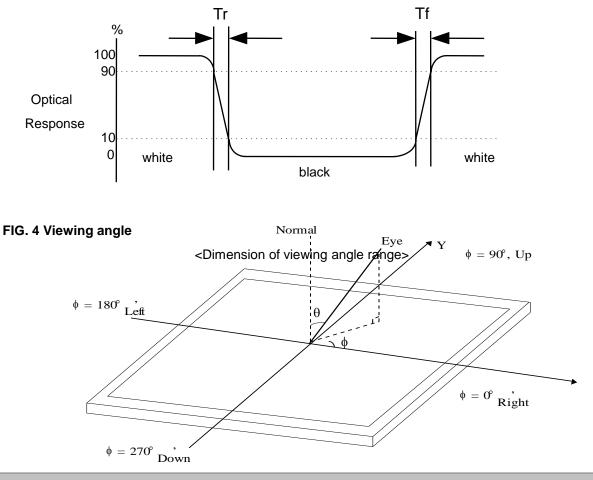


FIG. 3 Response Time

Active Area

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





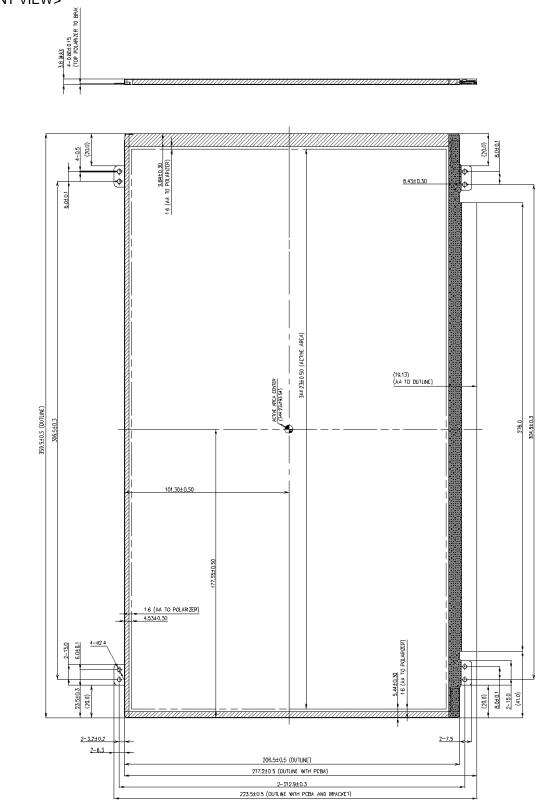
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP156WHB. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

| | Horizontal | $359.5\pm0.5~\text{mm}$ | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Outline Dimension | Vertical | 217.2 \pm 0.5 mm (with PCBA) | | | | |
| | Thickness | 3.8 mm (max) | | | | |
| Bezel Area | Horizontal | $347.5\pm0.5~\text{mm}$ | | | | |
| Bezel Alea | Vertical | $196.8\pm0.5~\text{mm}$ | | | | |
| Active Display Area | Horizontal | 344.23 mm | | | | |
| Active Display Area | Vertical | 193.54 mm | | | | |
| Weight | 400g (Max.) | | | | | |
| Surface Treatment | Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatmo | ent of the front polarizer | | | | |



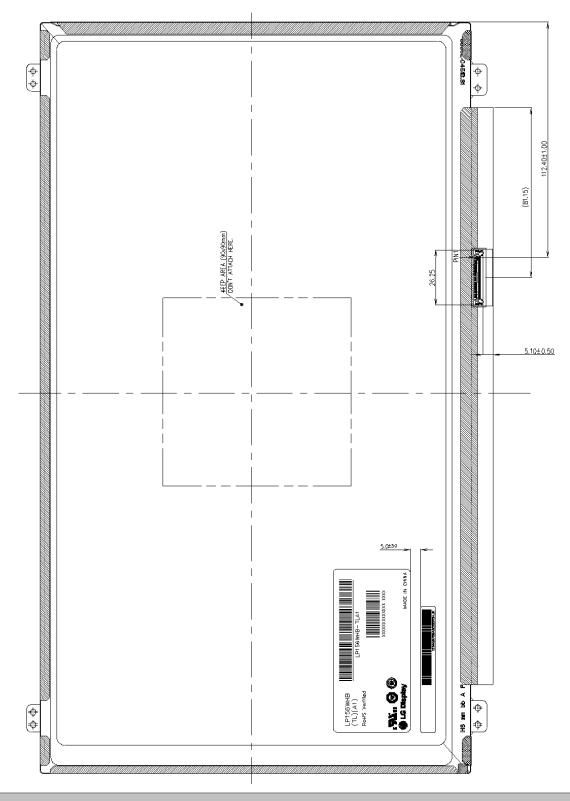






<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

| No. | Test Item | Conditions |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta= 60°C, 240h |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta= -20°C, 240h |
| 3 | High temperature operation test | Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h |
| 4 | Low temperature operation test | Ta= 0°C, 240h |
| 5 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Random, 1.0Grms, 10 ~ 300Hz(PSD 0.0035) 3 axis, 30min/axis |
| 6 | Shock test (non-operating) | No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays |
| 7 | Altitude operating storage / shipment | 0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr |

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
 Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) E : MONTH D : YEAR F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

| Year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Mark | А | В | С | D | Е | F | G | H | J | К |

2. MONTH

| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mark | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | А | В | С |

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 478 x 365 x 328



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) When handling the LCD module, it needs to handle with care not to give mechanical stress to the PCB and Mounting Hole area."

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

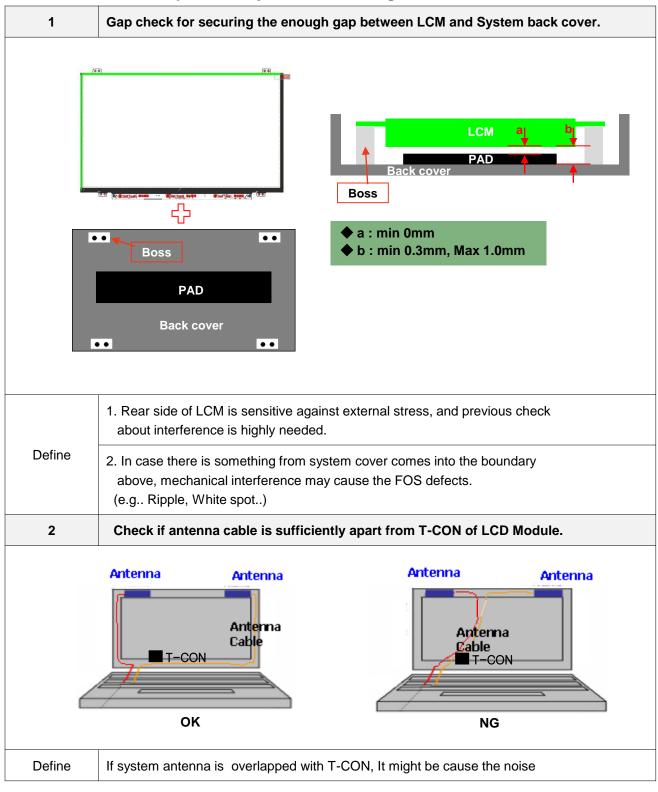
Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

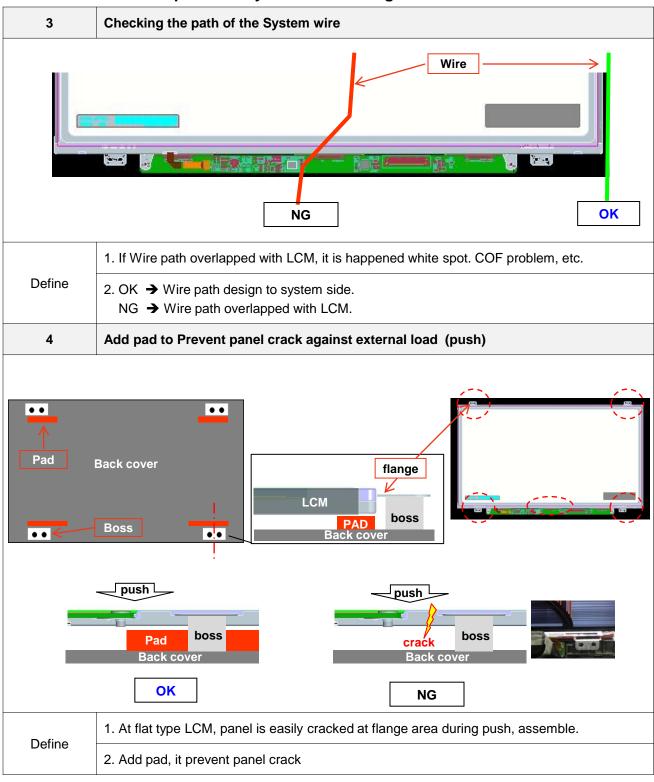
9-7. THE LGD QA RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE AVOIDED IN CASE OF BELOW

- (1) When the customer attaches TSM(Touch Sensor Module) on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (2) When the customer attaches cover glass on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (3) When the LCMs were repaired by 3rd party without Supplier's approval.
- (4) When the LCMs were treated like Disassemble and Rework by the Customer and/or Customer's representatives without supplier's approval.

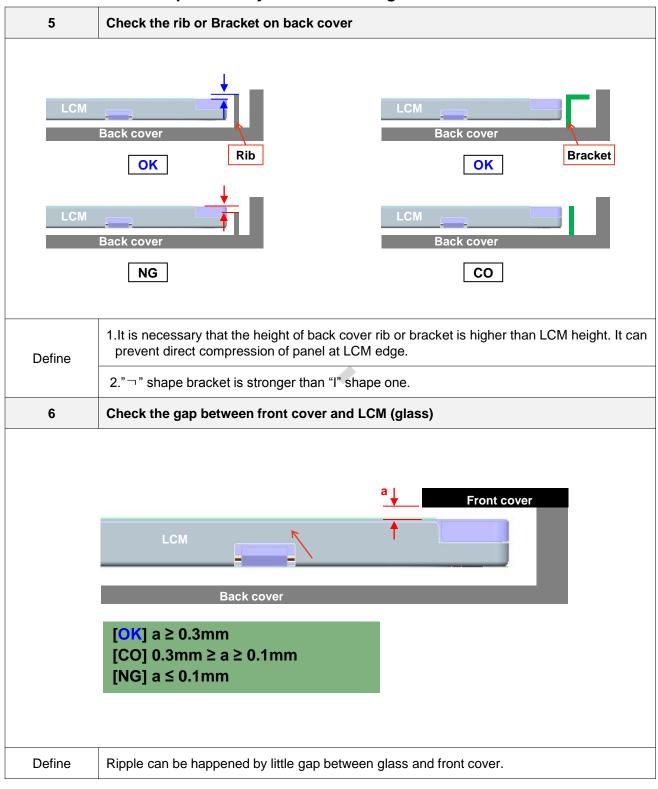




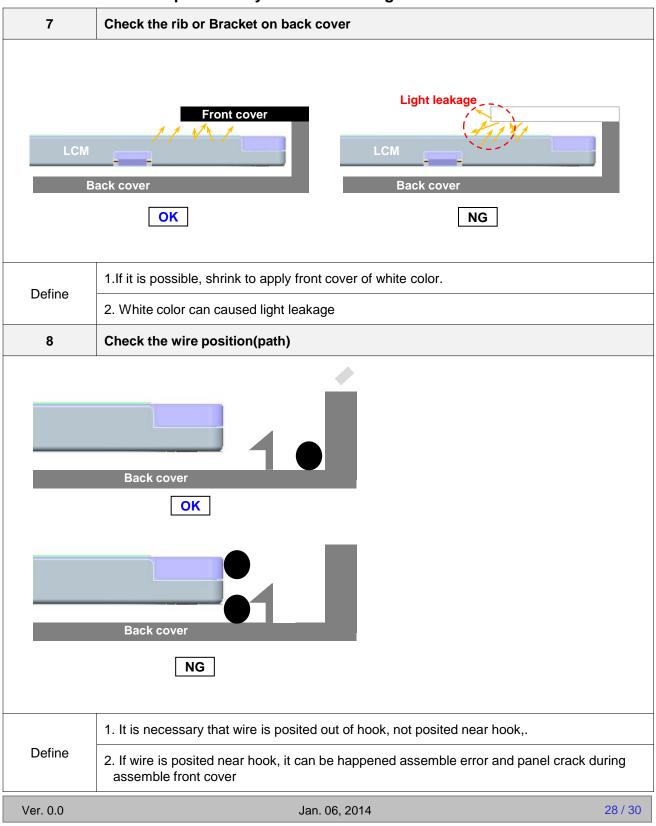




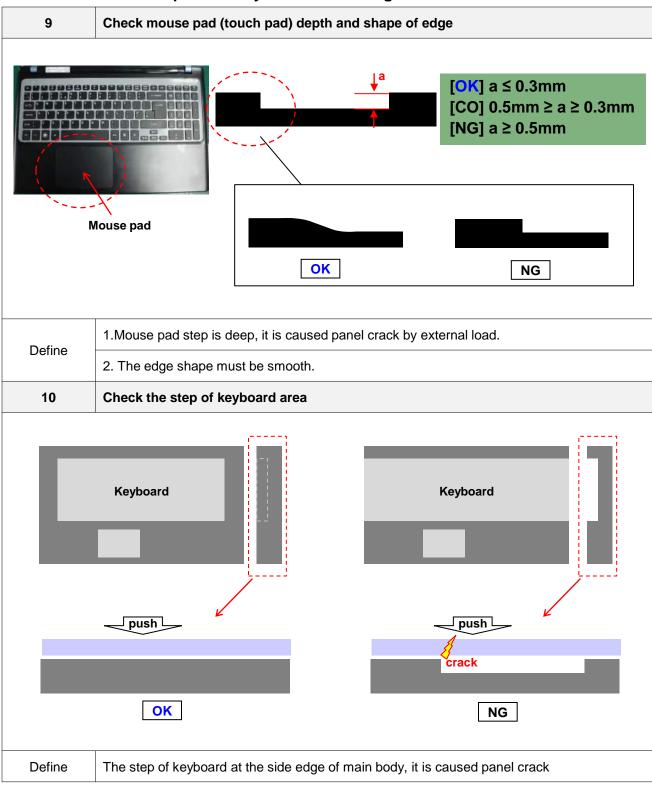




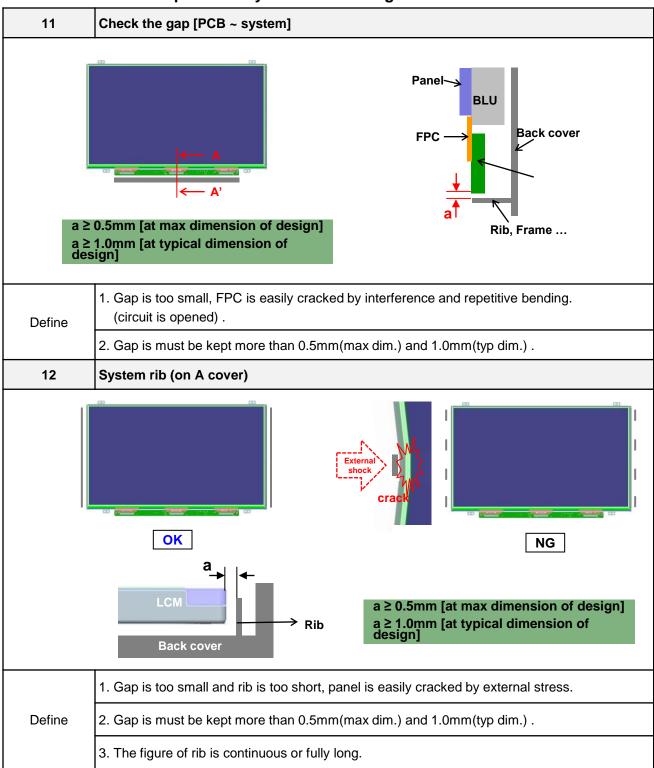














APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 1/3



APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 2/3



APPENDIX B. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID[™]) 3/3

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