

Service
Service
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Service Manual

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1. Technical Specifications, Connections, and Chassis Overview

Index of this chapter:

- 1.1 Technical Specifications
- 1.2 Connection Overview
- 1.3 Chassis Overview

Notes:

- Figures can deviate due to the different set executions.
- Specifications are indicative (subject to change).

1.1 Technical Specifications

1.1.1 Vision

Display type	: LCD
Screen size	: 32" (82 cm), 16:9 : 42" (107 cm), 16:9
Resolution (HxV pixels)	: 1366 × 768
Dyn. contrast ratio	: 24000:1
Min. light output (cd/m ²)	: 500
Typ. response time (ms)	: 6
Viewing angle (HxV degrees)	: 176 × 176
Tuning system	: PLL
Presets/channels	: 99 presets
Tuner bands	: VHF, UHF, S, H
TV Colour systems	: PAL B/G, D/K, I : SECAM B/G, D/K, L/L'
Video playback	: NTSC : PAL : SECAM
Supported computer formats	: 640 × 480 : 720 × 480 : 800 × 600 : 1024 × 768 : 1280 × 720
Supported video formats	: 480i @ 60 Hz : 480p @ 60 Hz : 576i @ 50 Hz : 576p @ 50 Hz : 720p @ 50, 60 Hz : 1080i @ 50, 60 Hz : 1080p @ 24, 25, 30, 50, 60 Hz

1.1.2 Sound

Sound systems	: Nicam Stereo
Maximum power (W _{RMS})	: 2 × 10

1.1.3 Miscellaneous

Power supply:

- Mains voltage (V _{AC})	: 220 - 240
- Mains frequency (Hz)	: 50 / 60

Ambient conditions:

- Temperature range (°C)	: +5 to +35
- Maximum humidity	: 90% R.H.

Power consumption (values are indicative)

- Normal operation (W)	: ≈ 130 (32") : ≈ 200 (42")
- Stand-by (W)	: < 0.15

Dimensions (W × H × D mm)	: 809 × 544 × 92 (32") : 1033 × 667 × 88 (42")
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Weight incl. packaging (kg)	: 18 (32") : 39 (42")
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1.2 Connection Overview

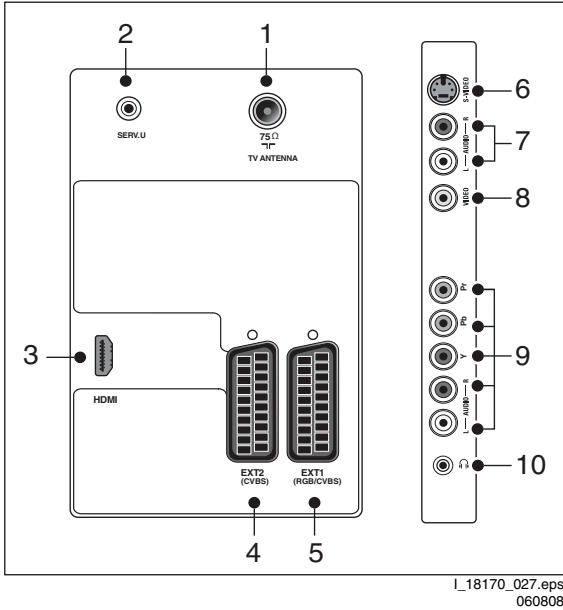


Figure 1-1 Side and rear I/O connections

Note: The following connector colour abbreviations are used (acc. to DIN/IEC 757): Bk= Black, Bu= Blue, Gn= Green, Gy= Grey, Rd= Red, Wh= White, and Ye= Yellow.

1.2.1 Connections

1 - Aerial - In

- IEC-type (EU) Coax, 75 ohm

2 - Service Connector (UART)

- 1 - UART_TX Transmit
- 2 - Ground Gnd
- 3 - UART_RX Receive

3 - HDMI: Digital Video, Digital Audio - In

- 1 - D2+ Data channel
- 2 - Shield Gnd
- 3 - D2- Data channel
- 4 - D1+ Data channel
- 5 - Shield Gnd
- 6 - D1- Data channel
- 7 - D0+ Data channel
- 8 - Shield Gnd
- 9 - D0- Data channel
- 10 - CLK+ Data channel
- 11 - Shield Gnd
- 12 - CLK- Data channel
- 13 - CEC Control channel
- 14 - n.c.
- 15 - DDC_SCL DDC clock
- 16 - DDC_SDA DDC data
- 17 - Ground Gnd
- 18 - +5V
- 19 - HPD Hot Plug Detect
- 20 - Ground Gnd

4 - EXT2: CVBS - In/Out, Audio - In/Out

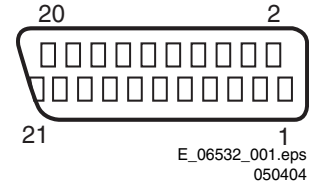


Figure 1-2 SCART connector

- 1 - Audio R 0.5 V_{RMS} / 1 kohm
- 2 - Audio R 0.5 V_{RMS} / 10 kohm
- 3 - Audio L 0.5 V_{RMS} / 1 kohm
- 4 - Ground Gnd
- 5 - Ground Gnd
- 6 - Audio L 0.5 V_{RMS} / 10 kohm
- 7 - n.c.
- 8 - Function Select 0 - 2 V: INT
4.5 - 7 V: EXT 16:9
9.5 - 12 V: EXT 4:3
- 9 - Ground Gnd
- 10 - n.c.
- 11 - n.c.
- 12 - n.c.
- 13 - Ground Gnd
- 14 - Ground Gnd
- 15 - Video/C 0.7 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 16 - n.c.
- 17 - Ground Gnd
- 18 - Ground Gnd
- 19 - Video CVBS 1 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 20 - Video CVBS 1 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 21 - Shield Gnd

5 - EXT1: Video RGB - In, CVBS - In/Out, Audio - In/Out

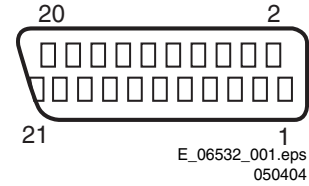


Figure 1-3 SCART connector

- 1 - Audio R 0.5 V_{RMS} / 1 kohm
- 2 - Audio R 0.5 V_{RMS} / 10 kohm
- 3 - Audio L 0.5 V_{RMS} / 1 kohm
- 4 - Ground Gnd
- 5 - Ground Gnd
- 6 - Audio L 0.5 V_{RMS} / 10 kohm
- 7 - Video Blue 0.7 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 8 - Function Select 0 - 2 V: INT
4.5 - 7 V: EXT 16:9
9.5 - 12 V: EXT 4:3
- 9 - Ground Gnd
- 10 - n.c.
- 11 - Video Green 0.7 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 12 - n.c.
- 13 - Ground Gnd
- 14 - Ground Gnd
- 15 - Video Red 0.7 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 16 - Status/FBL 0 - 0.4 V: INT
1 - 3 V: EXT / 75 ohm
- 17 - Ground Gnd
- 18 - Ground Gnd
- 19 - Video CVBS 1 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 20 - Video CVBS 1 V_{PP} / 75 ohm
- 21 - Shield Gnd

6 - S-Video (Hosiden): Video Y/C - In

1 - Ground Y	Gnd	⏏
2 - Ground C	Gnd	⏏
3 - Video Y	1 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕
4 - Video C	0.3 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕

7, 8 - Cinch: Video CVBS - In, Audio - In

Ye - Video CVBS	1 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕
Wh - Audio L	0.5 V _{RMS} / 10 kohm	⊕
Rd - Audio R	0.5 V _{RMS} / 10 kohm	⊕

9 - Cinch: Video YPbPr - In, Audio - In

Gn - Video Y	1 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕
Bu - Video Pb	0.7 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕
Rd - Video Pr	0.7 V _{PP} / 75 ohm	⊕
Wh - Audio L	0.5 V _{RMS} / 10 kohm	⊕
Rd - Audio R	0.5 V _{RMS} / 10 kohm	⊕

10 - Head phone - Out

Bk - Head phone	32 - 600 ohm / 10 mW	⊕
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1.3 Chassis Overview

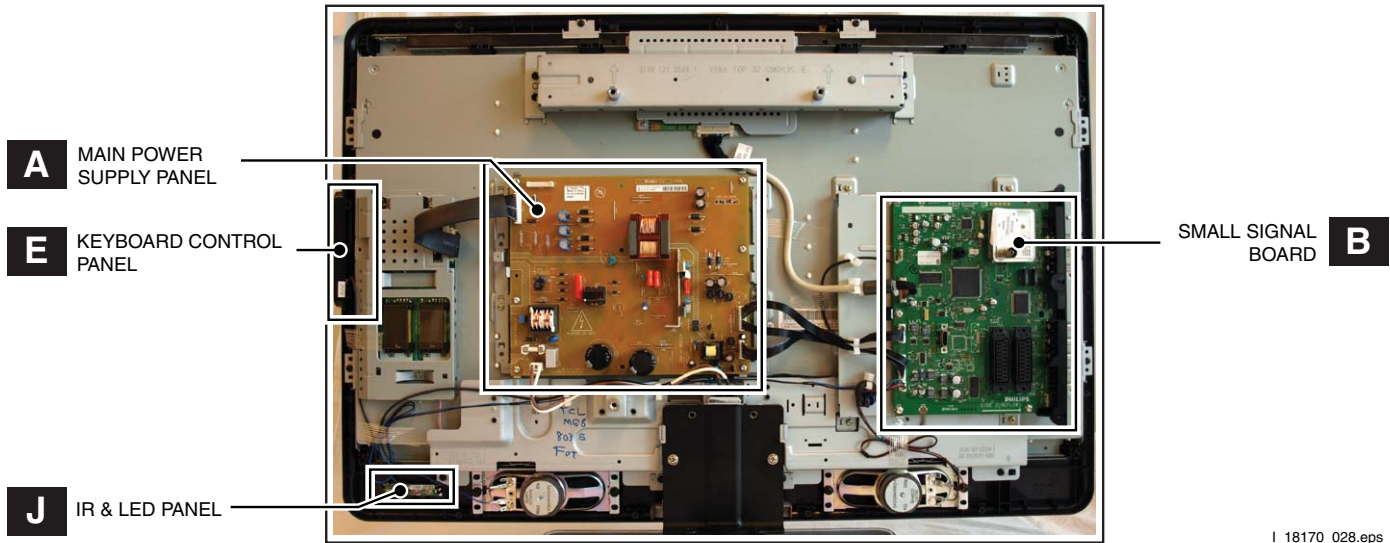


Figure 1-4 PWB/CBA locations

2. Safety Instructions, Warnings, and Notes

Index of this chapter:

- 2.1 Safety Instructions
- 2.2 Warnings
- 2.3 Notes

2.1 Safety Instructions

Safety regulations require the following **during** a repair:

- Connect the set to the Mains/AC Power via an isolation transformer (> 800 VA).
- Replace safety components, indicated by the symbol ▲, only by components identical to the original ones. Any other component substitution (other than original type) may increase risk of fire or electrical shock hazard.

Safety regulations require that **after** a repair, the set must be returned in its original condition. Pay in particular attention to the following points:

- Route the wire trees correctly and fix them with the mounted cable clamps.
- Check the insulation of the Mains/AC Power lead for external damage.
- Check the strain relief of the Mains/AC Power cord for proper function.
- Check the electrical DC resistance between the Mains/AC Power plug and the secondary side (only for sets that have a Mains/AC Power isolated power supply):
 1. Unplug the Mains/AC Power cord and connect a wire between the two pins of the Mains/AC Power plug.
 2. Set the Mains/AC Power switch to the “on” position (keep the Mains/AC Power cord unplugged!).
 3. Measure the resistance value between the pins of the Mains/AC Power plug and the metal shielding of the tuner or the aerial connection on the set. The reading should be between 4.5 MΩ and 12 MΩ.
 4. Switch “off” the set, and remove the wire between the two pins of the Mains/AC Power plug.
- Check the cabinet for defects, to prevent touching of any inner parts by the customer.

2.2 Warnings

- All ICs and many other semiconductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD ▲). Careless handling during repair can reduce life drastically. Make sure that, during repair, you are connected with the same potential as the mass of the set by a wristband with resistance. Keep components and tools also at this same potential.
- Be careful during measurements in the high voltage section.
- Never replace modules or other components while the unit is switched “on”.
- When you align the set, use plastic rather than metal tools. This will prevent any short circuits and the danger of a circuit becoming unstable.

2.3 Notes

2.3.1 General

- Measure the voltages and waveforms with regard to the chassis (= tuner) ground (⊥), or hot ground (↕), depending on the tested area of circuitry. The voltages and waveforms shown in the diagrams are indicative. Measure them in the Service Default Mode (see chapter 5) with a colour bar signal and stereo sound (L: 3 kHz, R: 1 kHz unless stated otherwise) and picture carrier at 475.25 MHz for PAL, or 61.25 MHz for NTSC (channel 3).

- Where necessary, measure the waveforms and voltages with (⊥) and without (↕) aerial signal. Measure the voltages in the power supply section both in normal operation (Ⓜ) and in stand-by (Ⓜ). These values are indicated by means of the appropriate symbols.

2.3.2 Schematic Notes

- All resistor values are in ohms, and the value multiplier is often used to indicate the decimal point location (e.g. 2K2 indicates 2.2 kΩ).
- Resistor values with no multiplier may be indicated with either an “E” or an “R” (e.g. 220E or 220R indicates 220 Ω).
- All capacitor values are given in micro-farads ($\mu = \times 10^{-6}$), nano-farads ($n = \times 10^{-9}$), or pico-farads ($p = \times 10^{-12}$).
- Capacitor values may also use the value multiplier as the decimal point indication (e.g. 2p2 indicates 2.2 pF).
- An “asterisk” (*) indicates component usage varies. Refer to the diversity tables for the correct values.
- The correct component values are listed in the Spare Parts List. Therefore, always check this list when there is any doubt.

2.3.3 BGA (Ball Grid Array) ICs

Introduction

For more information on how to handle BGA devices, visit this URL: www.atyourservice.ce.philips.com (needs subscription, not available for all regions). After login, select “Magazine”, then go to “Repair downloads”. Here you will find Information on how to deal with BGA-ICs.

BGA Temperature Profiles

For BGA-ICs, you **must** use the correct temperature-profile, which is coupled to the 12NC. For an overview of these profiles, visit the website www.atyourservice.ce.philips.com (needs subscription, but is not available for all regions)

You will find this and more technical information within the “Magazine”, chapter “Repair downloads”.

For additional questions please contact your local repair help desk.

2.3.4 Lead-free Soldering

Due to lead-free technology some rules have to be respected by the workshop during a repair:

- Use only lead-free soldering tin Philips SAC305 with order code 0622 149 00106. If lead-free solder paste is required, please contact the manufacturer of your soldering equipment. In general, use of solder paste within workshops should be avoided because paste is not easy to store and to handle.
- Use only adequate solder tools applicable for lead-free soldering tin. The solder tool must be able:
 - To reach a solder-tip temperature of at least 400°C.
 - To stabilize the adjusted temperature at the solder-tip.
 - To exchange solder-tips for different applications.
- Adjust your solder tool so that a temperature of around 360°C - 380°C is reached and stabilized at the solder joint. Heating time of the solder-joint should not exceed ~ 4 sec. Avoid temperatures above 400°C, otherwise wear-out of tips will increase drastically and flux-fluid will be destroyed. To avoid wear-out of tips, switch “off” unused equipment or reduce heat.
- Mix of lead-free soldering tin/parts with leaded soldering tin/parts is possible but PHILIPS recommends strongly to **avoid** mixed regimes. If this cannot be avoided, carefully clear the solder-joint from old tin and re-solder with new tin.

2.3.5 Alternative BOM identification

It should be noted that on the European Service website, "Alternative BOM" is referred to as "Design variant".

The **third digit** in the serial number (example: AG2B0335000001) indicates the number of the alternative B.O.M. (Bill Of Materials) that has been used for producing the specific TV set. In general, it is possible that the same TV model on the market is produced with e.g. two different types of displays, coming from two different suppliers. This will then result in sets which have the same CTN (Commercial Type Number; e.g. 28PW9515/12) but which have a different B.O.M. number.

By looking at the third digit of the serial number, one can identify which B.O.M. is used for the TV set he is working with. If the third digit of the serial number contains the number "1" (example: AG1B0335000001), then the TV set has been manufactured according to B.O.M. number 1. If the third digit is a "2" (example: AG2B0335000001), then the set has been produced according to B.O.M. no. 2. **This is important for ordering the correct spare parts!**

For the third digit, the numbers 1...9 and the characters A...Z can be used, so in total: 9 plus 26= 35 different B.O.M.s can be indicated by the third digit of the serial number.

Identification: The bottom line of a type plate gives a 14-digit serial number. Digits 1 and 2 refer to the production center (e.g. AG is Bruges), digit 3 refers to the B.O.M. code, digit 4 refers to the Service version change code, digits 5 and 6 refer to the production year, and digits 7 and 8 refer to production week (in example below it is 2006 week 17). The 6 last digits contain the serial number.

3. Directions for Use

You can download this information from the following websites:

<http://www.philips.com/support>

<http://www.p4c.philips.com>



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260308

Figure 2-1 Serial number (example)

2.3.6 Board Level Repair (BLR) or Component Level Repair (CLR)

If a board is defective, consult your repair procedure to decide if the board has to be exchanged or if it should be repaired on component level.

If your repair procedure says the board should be exchanged completely, do not solder on the defective board. Otherwise, it cannot be returned to the O.E.M. supplier for back charging!

2.3.7 Practical Service Precautions

- **It makes sense to avoid exposure to electrical shock.** While some sources are expected to have a possible dangerous impact, others of quite high potential are of limited current and are sometimes held in less regard.
- **Always respect voltages.** While some may not be dangerous in themselves, they can cause unexpected reactions that are best avoided. Before reaching into a powered TV set, it is best to test the high voltage insulation. It is easy to do, and is a good service precaution.

4. Mechanical Instructions

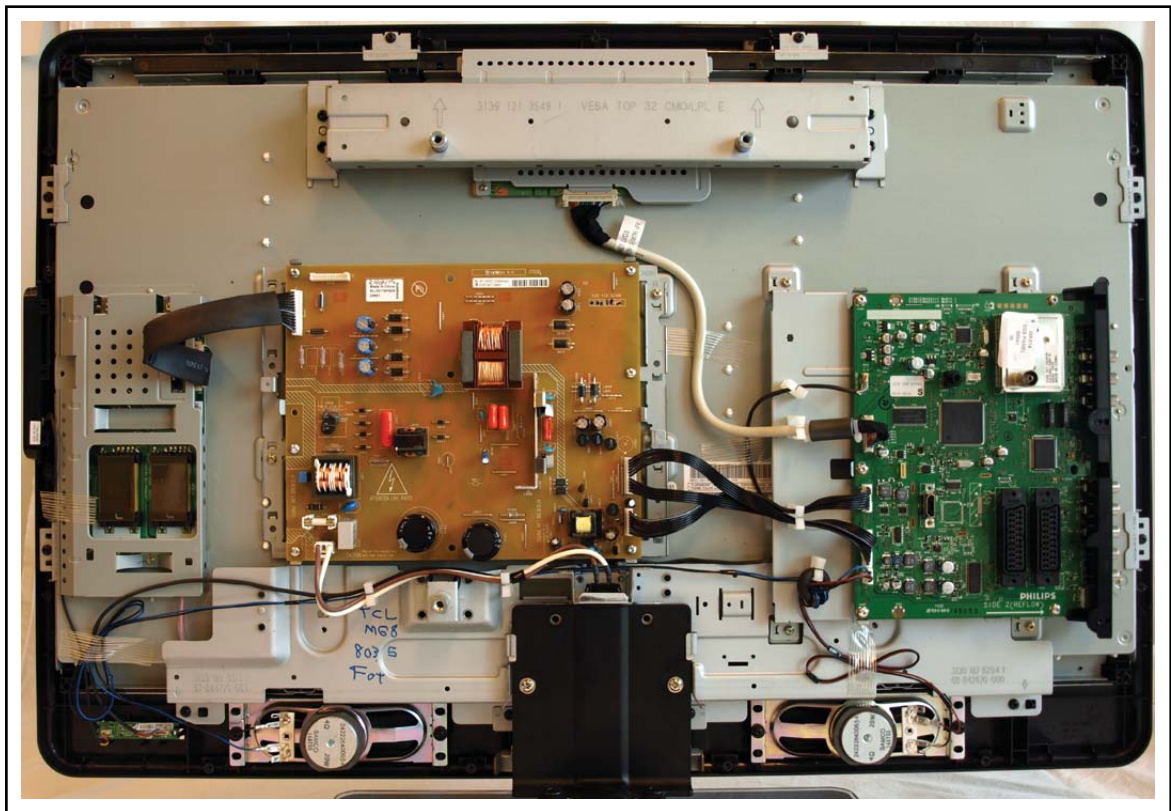
Index of this chapter:

- 4.1 Cable Dressing
- 4.2 Service Positions
- 4.3 Assy/Panel Removal MG8 Styling
- 4.4 Set Re-assembly

Notes:

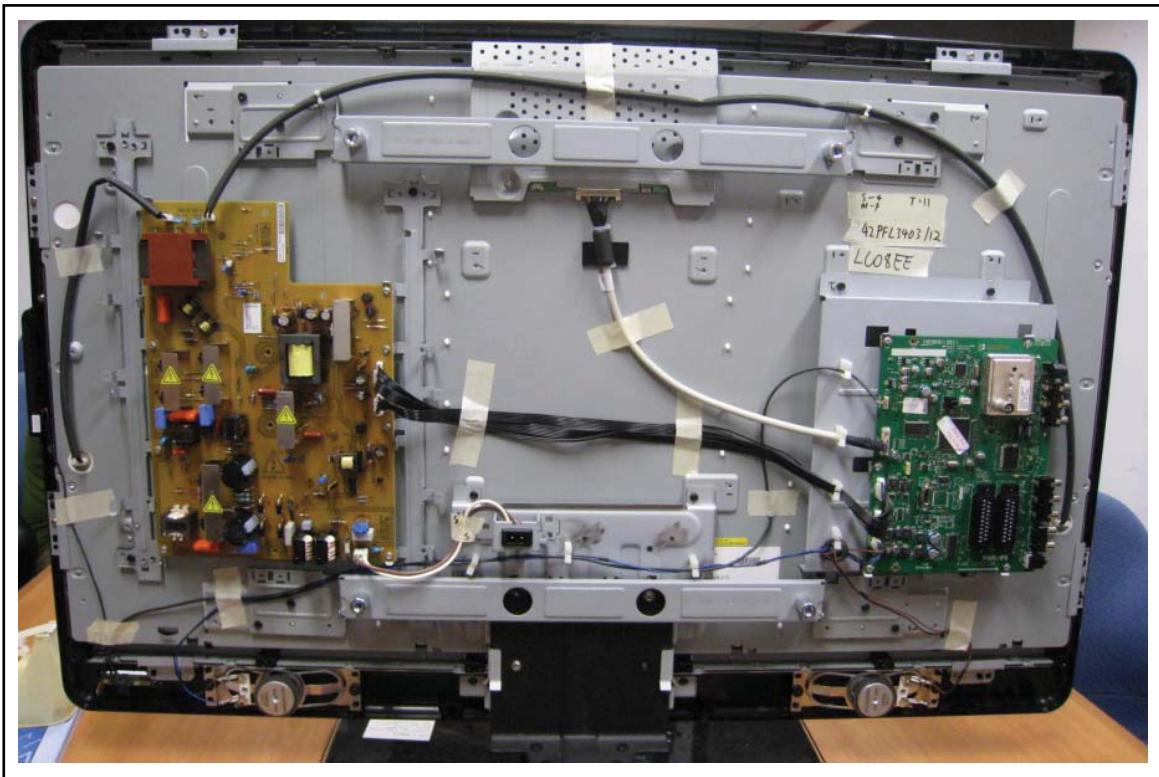
- Figures below can deviate slightly from the actual situation, due to the different set executions.

4.1 Cable Dressing



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Figure 4-1 Cable dressing 32" sets



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Figure 4-2 Cable dressing 42" sets

4.2 Service Positions

For easy servicing of this set, there are a few possibilities created:

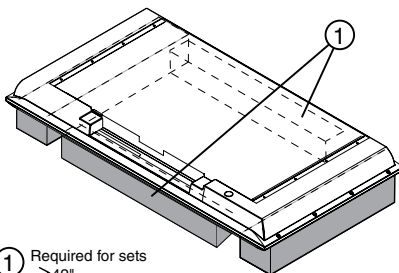
- The buffers from the packaging (see figure "Rear cover").
- Foam bars (created for Service).

4.2.1 Foam Bars

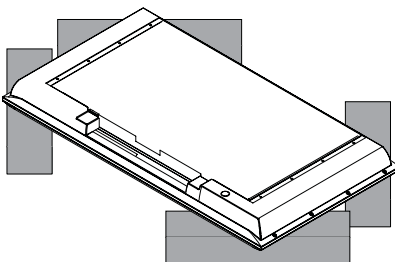
The foam bars (order code 3122 785 90580 for two pieces) can be used for all types and sizes of Flat TVs. See figure "Foam bars" for details. Sets with a display of 42" and larger, require **four** foam bars [1]. Ensure that the foam bars are always supporting the cabinet and **never** only the display.

Caution: Failure to follow these guidelines can seriously damage the display!

By laying the TV face down on the (ESD protective) foam bars, a stable situation is created to perform measurements and alignments. By placing a mirror under the TV, you can monitor the screen.



① Required for sets
≥42"



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Figure 4-3 Foam bars

4.3 Assy/Panel Removal MG8 Styling

Pictures are taken from 32" set.

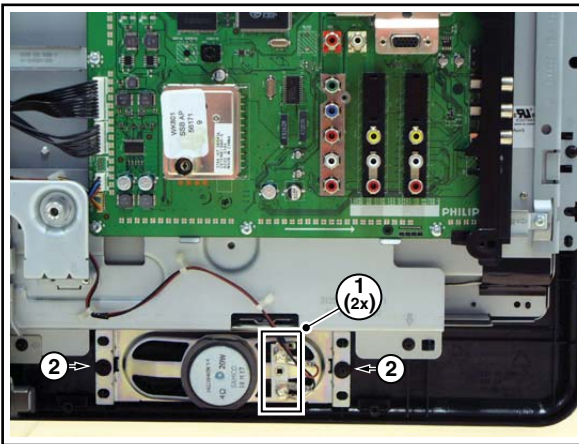
4.3.1 Rear Cover

Warning: Disconnect the mains power cord before you remove the rear cover.
You can remove the backcover without removing the stand.

4.3.2 Speakers

Refer to next figure for details.

1. Unplug the connectors [1].
2. Remove the screws [2] and lift the speaker from the back cover.



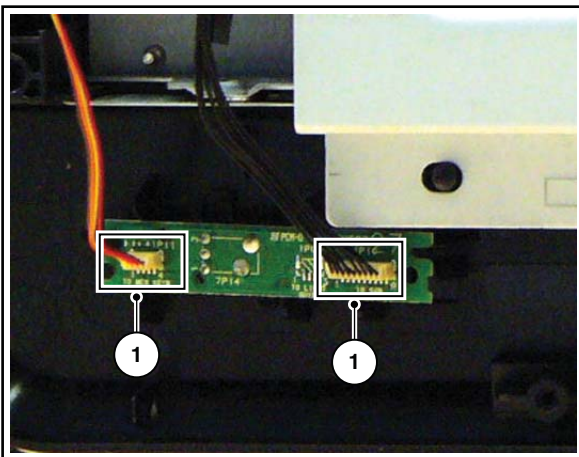
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Figure 4-4 Speakers

4.3.3 IR & LED Panel

Refer to next figure for details.

1. Unplug connectors [1].
 2. Release the clips and take the panel out.
- When defective, replace the whole unit.



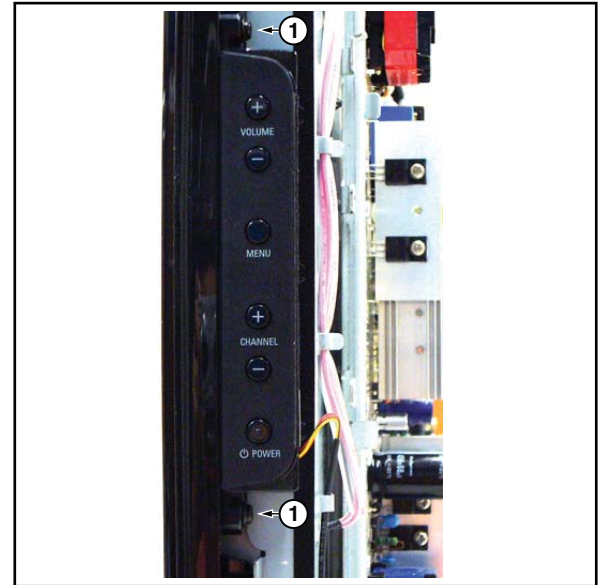
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Figure 4-5 IR & LED Board

4.3.4 Keyboard Control Panel

Refer to next figure for details.

1. Unplug the key board connector from the IR & LED board.
 2. Remove the screws [1].
 3. Lift the unit and take it out of the set.
- When defective, replace the whole unit.



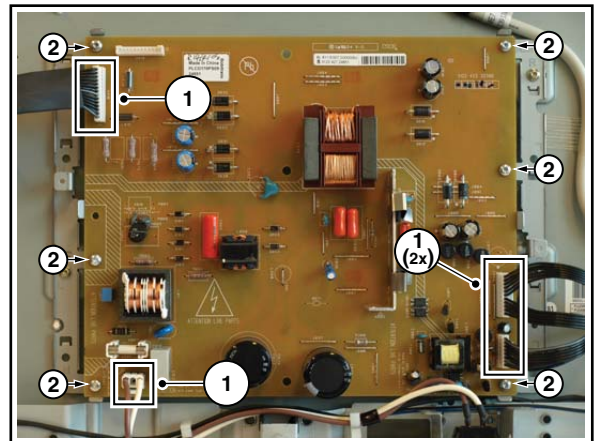
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Figure 4-6 Key Board

4.3.5 Main Power Supply Panel 32"

Refer to next figure for details.

1. Unplug connectors [1].
 2. Remove the fixation screws [2].
 3. Take the board out.
- When defective, replace the whole unit.



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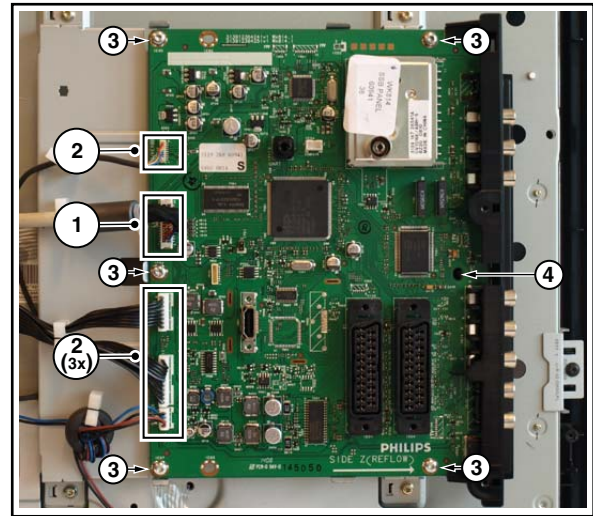
Figure 4-7 Main Power Supply Panel 32"

4.3.6 Small Signal Board (SSB)

Refer to next figure for details.

Caution: it is mandatory to remount all different screws at their original position during re-assembly. Failure to do so may result in damaging the SSB.

1. Unplug the LVDS connector [1].
- Caution:** be careful, as this is a very fragile connector!
2. Unplug the connectors [2].
3. Remove the screws [3].
4. The SSB can now be taken out of the set, together with the side cover.
5. To remove the side cover, push back the clamp [4] using a screw driver.
6. Pull the cover sideways from the SSB.



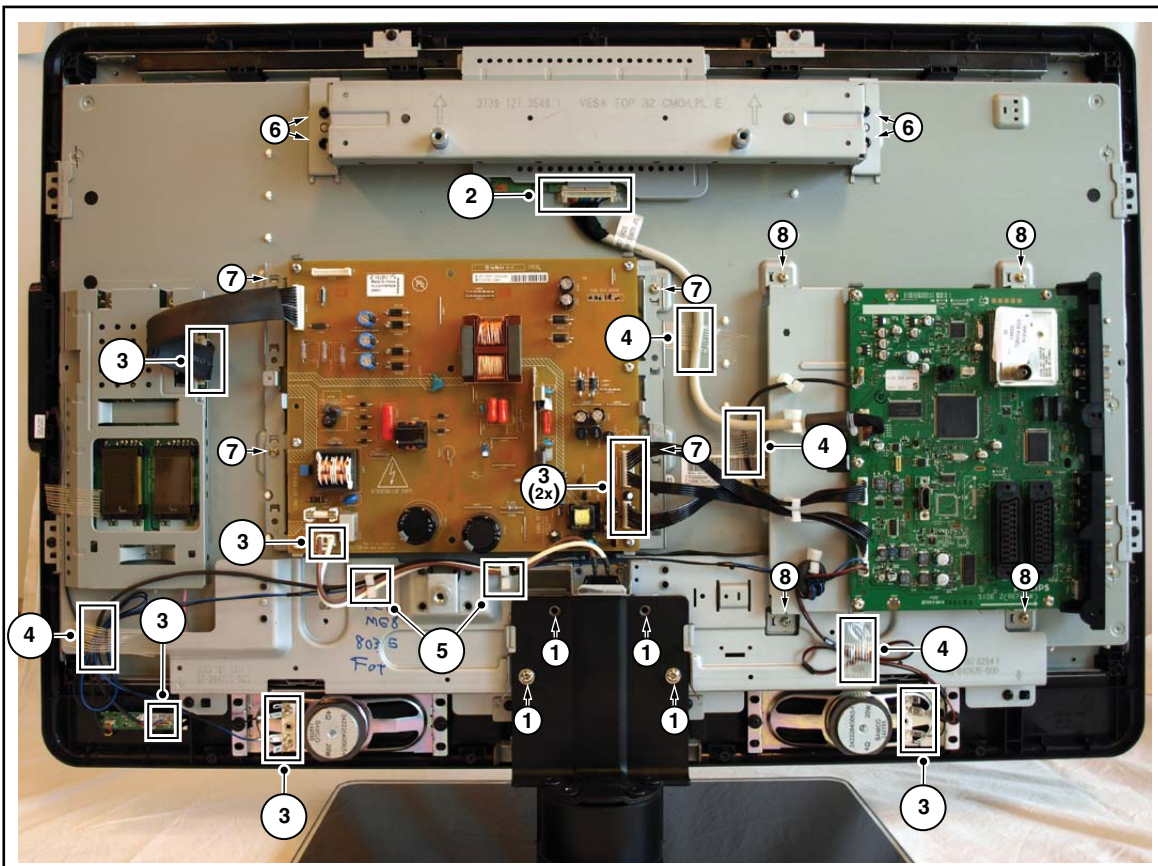
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Figure 4-8 Small Signal Board

4.3.7 LCD Panel

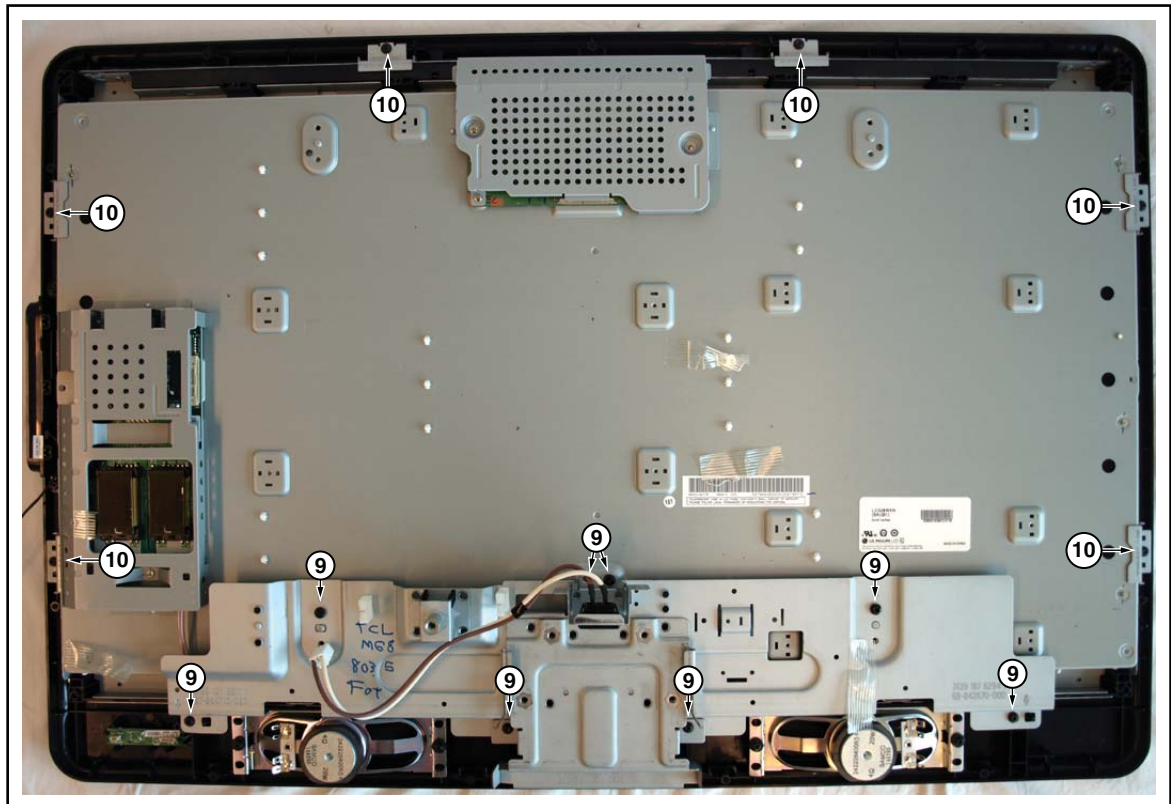
Refer to next figures for details.

1. Remove the stand [1].
2. Unplug the LVDS connector [2].
3. Unplug connectors [3] from
 - Main Power Supply Panel
 - Speakers
 - IR & LED Panel.
4. Remove any adhesive tape [4] that prevents cables being removed from the set.
5. Remove all cables from clamps [5] that prevents them from being removed from the set.
6. Remove the VESA stand [6].
7. Remove the Main Power Supply Panel **together with it's subframe** [7].
8. Remove the Small Signal Board **together with it's subframe** [8].
9. Remove the subframe that holds the stand [9].
10. Remove the clamps that secure the LCD Panel [10] and take the panel out.



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Figure 4-9 LCD Panel -1-



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Figure 4-10 LCD Panel -2-

4.4 Set Re-assembly

To re-assemble the whole set, execute all processes in reverse order.

Notes:

- While re-assembling, make sure that all cables are placed and connected in their original position. See figure "Cable dressing".
- Pay special attention not to damage the EMC foams on the SSB shields. Ensure that EMC foams are mounted correctly.

5. Service Modes, Error Codes, and Fault Finding

Index of this chapter:

- 5.1 Test Points
- 5.2 Service Modes
- 5.3 Service Tools
- 5.4 Error Codes
- 5.5 The Blinking LED Procedure
- 5.6 Software Upgrading
- 5.7 Fault Finding and Repair Tips

5.1 Test Points

In the chassis schematics and layout overviews, the test points (Fxxx) are mentioned. In the schematics, test points are indicated with a rectangular box around "Fxxx" or "lxxx", in the layout overviews with a "half-moon" sign.

As most signals are digital, it will be difficult to measure waveforms with a standard oscilloscope. Several key ICs are capable of generating test patterns, which can be controlled via ComPair. In this way it is possible to determine which part is defective.

5.2 Service Modes

The Service Mode feature is split into four parts:

- Simplified Service Default Mode (SDM).
- Service Alignment Mode (SAM).
- Customer Service Mode (CSM).
- Computer Aided Repair Mode (ComPair).

SDM and SAM offer features, which can be used by the Service engineer to repair/align a TV set. Some features are:

- Activates the blinking LED procedure for error identification when no picture is available (SDM).
- Make alignments (e.g. white tone), (de)select options, enter options codes, reset the error buffer (SAM).
- Display information ("SAM" indication in upper right corner of screen, error buffer, software version, options and option codes, sub menus).

The CSM is a Service Mode that can be enabled by the consumer. The CSM displays diagnosis information, which the customer can forward to the dealer or call centre. In CSM mode, "CSM", is displayed in the top right corner of the screen. The information provided in CSM and the purpose of CSM is to:

- Increase the home repair hit rate.
- Decrease the number of nuisance calls.
- Solved customers' problem without home visit.

ComPair Mode is used for communication between a computer and a TV on I²C /UART level and can be used by a Service engineer to quickly diagnose the TV set by reading out error codes, read and write in NVMs, communicate with ICs and the uP (PWM, registers, etc.), and by making use of a fault finding database. It will also be possible to up and download the software of the TV set via I²C with help of ComPair. To do this, ComPair has to be connected to the TV set via the compare connector, which will be accessible through the rear of the set (without removing the rear cover).

5.2.1 General

Some items are applicable to all Service Modes or are general. These are listed below.

Software Identification, Version, and Cluster

The software ID, version, and cluster will be shown in the main menu display of SDM, SAM, and CSM.

The screen will show: "AAAABCD X.YY", where:

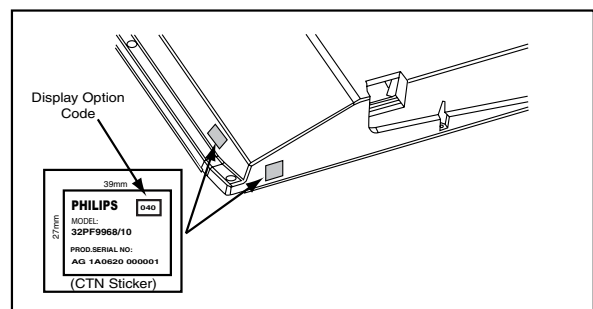
- **AAAA** is the chassis name: LC81.

- **B** is the region indication: E= Europe, A= AP/China, U=NAFTA, L= LATAM.
- **C** is the display indication: L= LCD, P= Plasma.
- **D** is the language/feature indication: 1= standard, H=1080p full HD.
- **X** is the main version number: this is updated with a major change of specification (incompatible with the previous software version). Numbering will go from 1 - 9 and A - Z.
 - If the main version number changes, the new version number is written in the NVM.
 - If the main version number changes, the default settings are loaded.
- **YY** is the sub version number: this is updated with a minor change (backwards compatible with the previous versions) Numbering will go from 00 - 99.
 - If the sub version number changes, the new version number is written in the NVM.
 - If the NVM is fresh, the software identification, version, and cluster will be written to NVM.

Display Option Code Selection

When after an SSB or display exchange, the display option code is not set properly; it will result in a TV with "no display". Therefore, it is required to set this display option code after such a repair.

To do so, press the following key sequence on a standard RC transmitter: "062598" directly followed by **MENU** the OSD "Panel Selection" will displayed on screen and "xxx", where "xxx" is a 3 digit decimal value of the panel type: see column "Display code" in table "Option code overview" (ch. 8), or see sticker on the side/bottom of the cabinet. When the value is accepted and stored in NVM, the OSD "Panel Selection" will be disappear set remain on, to indicate that the process has been completed.



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Figure 5-1 Location of Display Option Code sticker

During this algorithm, the NVM-content must be filtered, because several items in the NVM are TV-related and not SSB related (e.g. Model and Prod. S/N). Therefore, "Model" and "Prod. S/N" data is changed into "See Type Plate".

In case a call centre or consumer reads "See Type Plate" in CSM mode, he needs to look to the side/bottom sticker to identify the set, for further actions.

5.2.2 Service Default Mode (SDM)

Purpose

This simplified SDM mode in LC8.1E LB chassis is used for Error blinking only.

- Start the blinking LED procedure.

How to Activate

- Press the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: "062596" directly followed by the **MENU**

button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).

Note:

No SDM "Service" jumpers in this LC08.1E LB chassis.
No SDM "OSD" menu displayed on screen.

How to Exit

Switch the set to STANDBY by pressing the mains button on the remote control transmitter or on the television set. The error buffer will only be cleared when the "clear" command is used in the SAM menu.

Note:

- If you switch the television set "off" by removing the mains (i.e., unplugging the television), the television set will remain in SDM when mains is re-applied, and the error buffer is not cleared.
- In case the set is in Factory mode by accident (with "F" displayed on screen), by pressing and hold "VOL-" and "CH-" together should leave Factory mode.

5.2.3 Service Alignment Mode (SAM)**Purpose**

- To change option settings.
- To display / clear the error code buffer.
- To perform alignments.

Specifications

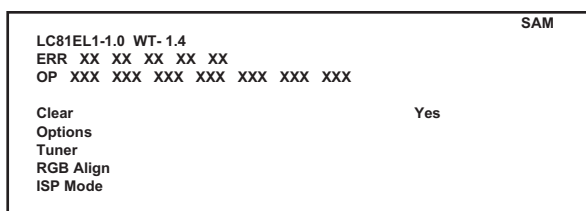
- Software version, error codes, and option settings display.
- Error buffer clearing.
- Option settings.
- Software alignments (Tuner, White Tone).
- ISP Mode (ComPair Mode) switching.

How to Activate

To activate SAM, use one of the following methods:

- Press the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: "062596" directly followed by the **OSD/STATUS/INFO/i+** button (it depends on region which button is present on the RC). Do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence.
- Or via ComPair.

After entering SAM, the following screen is visible, with SAM in the upper right corner of the screen to indicate that the television is in Service Alignment Mode.



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Figure 5-2 SAM menu

Menu explanation:

1. **AAAABCD-X.YY.** See paragraph "Service Modes" -> "General" -> "Software Identification, Version, and Cluster" for the SW name definition. WT - X.Y. Weltrend standby microprocessor Software Identification and Version.
2. **SAM.** Indication of the Service Alignment Mode.
3. **ERR (ERR or buffer).** Shows all errors detected since the last time the buffer was erased. Five errors possible.
4. **OP (Option Bytes).** Used to read-out the option bytes. See "Options" in the Alignments section for a detailed description. Seven codes are possible.

5. **Clear.** Erases the contents of the error buffer. Select the CLEAR menu item and press the MENU RIGHT key. The content of the error buffer is cleared.
6. **Options.** Used to set the option bits. See "Options" in the "Alignments" chapter for a detailed description.
7. **Tuner.** Used to align the tuner. See "Tuner" in the "Alignments" chapter for a detailed description.
8. **RGB Align.** Used to align the White Tone. See "White Tone" in the "Alignments" chapter for a detailed description.
9. **ISP Mode.** Can be used to switch the television to "In System Programming" mode (ISP), for software uploading via ComPair. Read paragraph "Service Tools" -> "ComPair".

Note: When this mode is selected, the TV will be blocked. Select ISP mode "Off" the TV will be back to normal TV mode.

How to Navigate

- In the SAM menu, select menu items with the MENU UP/DOWN keys on the remote control transmitter. The selected item will be indicated.
- With the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys, it is possible to:
 - Activate the selected menu item.
 - Change the value of the selected menu item.
 - Activate the selected sub menu.
- When you press the MENU button twice while in top level SAM, the set will switch to the normal user menu (with the SAM mode still active in the background). To return to the SAM menu press the MENU button twice.

How to Store SAM Settings

To store the settings changed in SAM mode (except the OPTIONS settings), leave the top level SAM menu by using the POWER button on the remote control transmitter or the television set.

How to Exit

Switch the set to STANDBY by pressing the mains button on the remote control transmitter or the television set.

Note:

- When the TV is switched "off" by a power interrupt while in SAM, the TV will show up in "normal operation mode" as soon as the power is supplied again. The error buffer will not be cleared.
- In case the set is in Factory mode by accident (with "F" displayed on screen), by pressing and hold "VOL-" and "CH-" together should leave Factory mode.

5.2.4 Customer Service Mode (CSM)**Purpose**

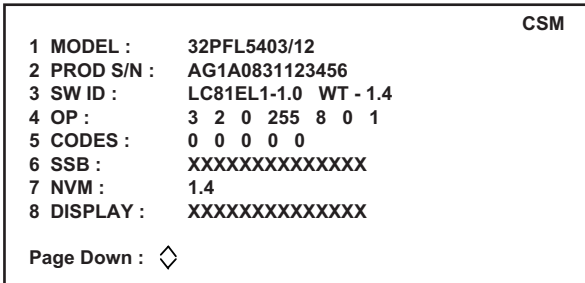
The Customer Service Mode shows error codes and information on the TV's operation settings. A call centre can instruct the customer (by telephone) to enter CSM in order to identify the status of the set. This helps them to diagnose problems and failures in the TV before making a service call. The CSM is a read-only mode; therefore, modifications are not possible in this mode.

Specifications

- Ignore "Service unfriendly modes".
- Line number for every line (to make CSM language independent).
- Set the screen mode to full screen (all contents on screen are viewable).
- After leaving the Customer Service Mode, the original settings are restored.
- Possibility to use "CH+" or "CH-" for channel surfing, or enter the specific channel number on the RC.

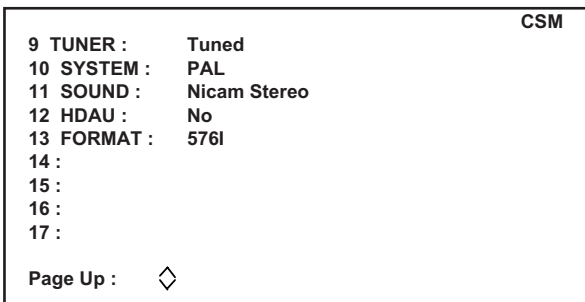
How to Activate

To activate CSM, press the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: “123654” (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence). Upon entering the Customer Service Mode, the following screen will appear:



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Figure 5-3 CSM menu -1- (example)



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Figure 5-4 CSM menu -2- (example)

Menu Explanation

1. **MODEL.** Type number, e.g. 32PFL5403/12. (*)
2. **PROD S/N.** Product serial no., e.g. AG1A0831123456. (*)
3. **SW ID.** Software cluster and version is displayed.
4. **OP.** Option code information.
5. **CODES.** Error buffer contents.
6. **SSB.** Indication of the SSB factory ID (= 12nc). (*)
7. **NVM.** The NVM software version no.
8. **DISPLAY.** Indication of the display ID (= 12 nc).
9. **TUNER.** Indicates the tuner signal condition: “Weak” when signal falls below threshold value, “Medium” when signal is at mid-range, and “Strong” when signal falls above threshold value.
10. **SYSTEM.** Gives information about the video system of the selected transmitter (PAL/SECAM/NTSC).
11. **SOUND.** Gives information about the audio system of the selected transmitter (MONO/STEREO/NICAM).
12. **HDAU.** HDMI audio stream detection. “YES” means audio stream detected. “NO” means no audio stream present. Only displayed when HDMI source is selected.
13. **FORMAT.** Gives information about the video format of the selected transmitter (480i/480p/720p/1080i).
14. **Reserved.**
15. **Reserved.**
16. **Reserved.**
17. **Reserved.**

(*) If an NVM IC is replaced or initialised, the Model Number, Serial Number, and SSB Code Number must be re-written to the NVM. ComPair will foresee in a possibility to do this.

How to Exit

To exit CSM, use one of the following methods:

- Press the MENU button once, or POWER button on the remote control transmitter.
- Press the POWER button on the television set.

5.3 Service Tools**5.3.1 ComPair****Introduction**

ComPair (Computer Aided Repair) is a Service tool for Philips Consumer Electronics products and offers the following:

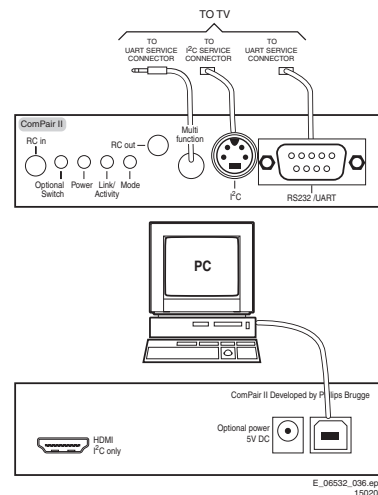
1. ComPair helps you to quickly get an understanding on how to repair the chassis in a short and effective way.
2. ComPair allows very detailed diagnostics and is therefore capable of accurately indicating problem areas. You do not have to know anything about I2C or UART commands yourself, because ComPair takes care of this.
3. ComPair speeds up the repair time since it can automatically communicate with the chassis (when the uP is working) and all repair information is directly available.
4. ComPair features TV software up possibilities.

Specifications

ComPair consists of a Windows based fault finding program and an interface box between PC and the (defective) product. The (new) ComPair II interface box is connected to the PC via a USB cable. For the TV chassis, the ComPair interface box and the TV communicate via a bi-directional cable via the service connector(s).

How to Connect

This is described in the ComPair chassis fault finding database.



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Figure 5-5 ComPair II interface connection

Caution: It is compulsory to connect the TV to the PC as shown in the picture above (with the ComPair interface in between), as the ComPair interface acts as a level shifter. If one connects the TV directly to the PC (via UART), ICs will be blown!

How to Order

ComPair II order codes:

- ComPair II interface: 3122 785 91020.
- The latest ComPair software can be found on the Philips Service website.
- ComPair UART interface cable: 3138 188 75051 (to be used for upgrading the Main software).

In the unlikely event that the Standby software should be upgraded, you will be informed via the appropriate channels (Philips Service website). To upgrade:

- Remove backcover of set.
- Use ComPair I²C interface cable: 3122 785 90004.
- Use ComPair I²C adapter cable: 3139 131 03791.

Note: If you encounter any problems, contact your local support desk.

5.4.3 Error Codes

In case of non-intermittent faults, write down the errors present in the error buffer and clear the error buffer before you begin the repair. This ensures that old error codes are no longer present.

If possible, check the entire contents of the error buffer. In some situations, an error code is only the result of another error and not the actual cause of the problem (for example, a fault in the protection detection circuitry can also lead to a protection).

5.3.2 LVDS Tool

Support of the LVDS Tool has been discontinued.

5.4 Error Codes**5.4.1 Introduction**

Error codes are required to indicate failures in the TV set. In principle a unique error code is available for every:

- Activated protection.
- Failing I²C device.
- General I²C error.

The last errors, stored in the NVM, are shown in the Service menu's. This is called the error buffer.

The error code buffer contains all errors detected since the last time the buffer was erased. The buffer is written from left to right. When an error occurs that is not yet in the error code buffer, it is displayed at the left side and all other errors shift one position to the right.

An error will be added to the buffer if this error differs from any error in the buffer. The last found error is displayed on the left.

An error with a designated error code may never lead to a deadlock situation. This means that it must always be diagnosable (e.g. error buffer via OSD or blinking LED procedure, ComPair to read from the NVM).

In case a failure identified by an error code automatically results in other error codes (cause and effect), only the error code of the MAIN failure is displayed.

Example: In case of a failure of the I²C bus (CAUSE), the error code for a "General I²C failure" and "Protection errors" is displayed. The error code for the single devices (EFFECT) is not displayed. All error codes are stored in the same error buffer (TV's NVM) except when the NVM itself is defective.

5.4.2 How to Read the Error Buffer

You can read the error buffer in 2 ways:

- On screen via the SAM/CSM (if you have a picture).
 - Example:**
 - ERROR: 0 0 0 0 0: No errors detected
 - ERROR: 6 0 0 0 0: Error code 6 is the last and only detected error
 - ERROR: 9 6 0 0 0: Error code 6 was detected first and error code 9 is the last detected (newest) error
- Via the blinking LED procedure (when you have no picture). See "The Blinking LED Procedure".
- Via ComPair.

Table 5-1 Error code overview

Error code	Description	Item no.	Remarks
1	DC Protection of speakers	7C01	1) TV in protection mode 2) Red LED blinking 1 time (Error 1) *Error 1 logged in SAM and CSM mode
2	+12V protection error		1) TV in protection mode 2) Red LED blinking 2 times (Error 2) *No error buffer logged in SAM and CSM mode (protect time very short)
3	I ² C Standby uP	7303	1) TV turn on with picture, but without Sound output from speaker 2) Red LED blinking 3 times & 4 times (Error 3 & 4) *No communication between LOCTOP and WT *First check WT and Second check LOCTOP general I ² C *Error 3 logged in SAM and CSM mode
4	General I ² C error	7C01	1) TV turn on without Picture & Sound output from speaker 2) Red LED blinking 3 times & 4 times (Error 3 & 4) *No communication between LOCTOP and WT *First check WT and second check LOCTOP general I ² C *No error buffer logged in SAM and CSM mode
6	I ² C error while communicating with the NVM	7302	1) TV turn on after 3 seconds in Standby mode. 2) Power on TV set (RC) again (wait until TV turn on with blue screen displayed) 3) Input RC sequence (062596 + menu) 4) White LED blink 6 times (Error 6) *No error buffer logged in SAM and CSM mode
7	I ² C error while communicating with the Tuner.	1104	1) TV turn on after 3 seconds in Standby mode. 2) Power on TV set (RC) again. TV with snow (no video) displayed. 3) Input RC sequence (062596 + menu) 4) White LED blink 7 times (Error 7) *Error 7 logged in SAM and CSM mode
8	I ² C error while communicating with the IF Demodulator.	7401	1) TV turn on after 3 seconds in Standby mode 2) Power on TV set (RC again). (wait for 45 seconds, until the system completed the power on state check) 3) Input RC sequence (062596 + menu) 4) White LED blink 8 times (Error 8) *Error 8 logged in SAM and CSM mode

Notes

- Some of the error codes reported are depending on the option code configurations.
- This error means: no I²C device is responding to the particular I²C bus. Possible causes: SCL/SDA shorted to GND, SCL shorted to SDA, or SCL/SDA open (at uP pin). The internal bus of the NXP (Loctop) platform should not cause the entire system to halt as such an error can be reported.

1.5 seconds in which the LED is "off". Then this sequence is repeated.

Example (1): error code 4 will result in four times the sequence LED "on" for 0.25 seconds / LED "off" for 0.25 seconds. After this sequence, the LED will be "off" for 1.5 seconds. Any RC5 command terminates the sequence. Error code LED blinking is in red / White colour (refer to Error codes overview).

Example (2): the content of the error buffer is "1 2 9 6 0 0"
After entering SDM, the following occurs:

- 1 long blinks of 5 seconds to start the sequence,
- 12 short blinks followed by a pause of 1.5 seconds,
- 9 short blinks followed by a pause of 1.5 seconds,
- 6 short blinks followed by a pause of 1.5 seconds,
- 1 long blinks of 1.5 seconds to finish the sequence,
- The sequence starts again with 12 short blinks.

5.4.4 How to Clear the Error Buffer

The error code buffer is cleared in the following cases:

- By using the CLEAR command in the SAM menu:
 - To enter SAM, press the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: "062596" directly followed by the OSD/STATUS/INFO/i+ button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
 - Make sure the menu item CLEAR is selected. Use the MENU UP/DOWN buttons, if necessary.
 - Press the MENU RIGHT button to clear the error buffer. Press the right button twice (1st is to select the text "Yes" on the right side menu and the 2nd press is to clear the error buffer in NVM the text "CLEARED" will appear).
- If the contents of the error buffer have not changed for 50 hours, the error buffer resets automatically.

Note: If you exit SAM by disconnecting the mains from the television set, the error buffer is not reset.

5.6 Software Upgrading

In this chassis, the following SW "stacks" is used:

- TV main SW (processor and processor NVM).

5.6.1 TV Main SW Upgrade

For instructions on how to upgrade the TV Main software, refer to ComPair.

5.6.2 Service SSB

It should be noted that in this chassis the HDCP-key is embedded in the main processor. Therefore there is no need for a separate Service-SSB.

5.5 The Blinking LED Procedure**5.5.1 Introduction**

The software is capable of identifying different kinds of errors. Because it is possible that more than one error can occur over time, an error buffer is available, which is capable of storing the last five errors that occurred. This is useful if the OSD is not working properly.

Errors can also be displayed by the blinking LED procedure. The method is to repeatedly let the front LED pulse with as many pulses as the error code number, followed by a period of

5.7 Fault Finding and Repair Tips

Notes:

- It is assumed that the components are mounted correctly with correct values and no bad solder joints.
- Before any fault finding actions, check if the correct options are set.

5.7.1 Load Default NVM Values

It is possible to download default values automatically into the NVM in case a blank NVM is placed or when the NVM first 20 address contents are "FF". After the default values are downloaded, it is possible to start-up and to start aligning the TV set.

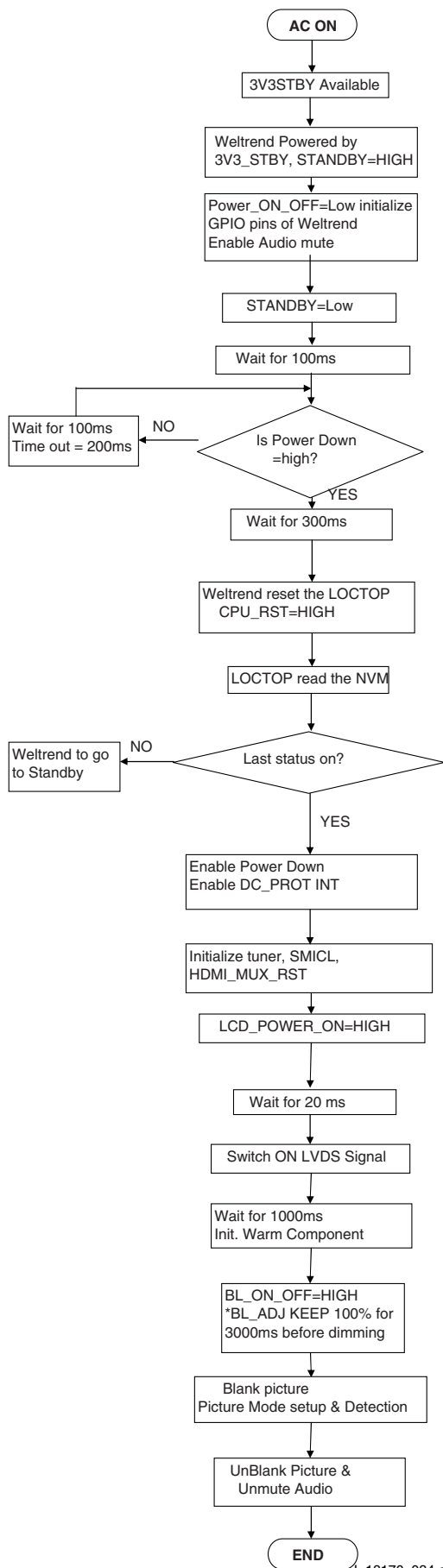
Alternative method:

It is also possible to upload the default values to the NVM with ComPair in case the SW is changed, the NVM is replaced with a new (empty) one, or when the NVM content is corrupted. After replacing an EEPROM (or with a defective/no EEPROM), default settings should be used to enable the set to start-up and allow the Service Default Mode and Service Alignment Mode to be accessed.

5.7.2 Start-up/Shut-down Flowcharts

On the next pages you will find start-up and shut-down flowcharts, followed by a trouble shooting flowchart, which might be helpful during fault finding.

Please note that some events are only related to PDP sets, and therefore not applicable to this LCD chassis.



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Figure 5-6 Start-up flowchart

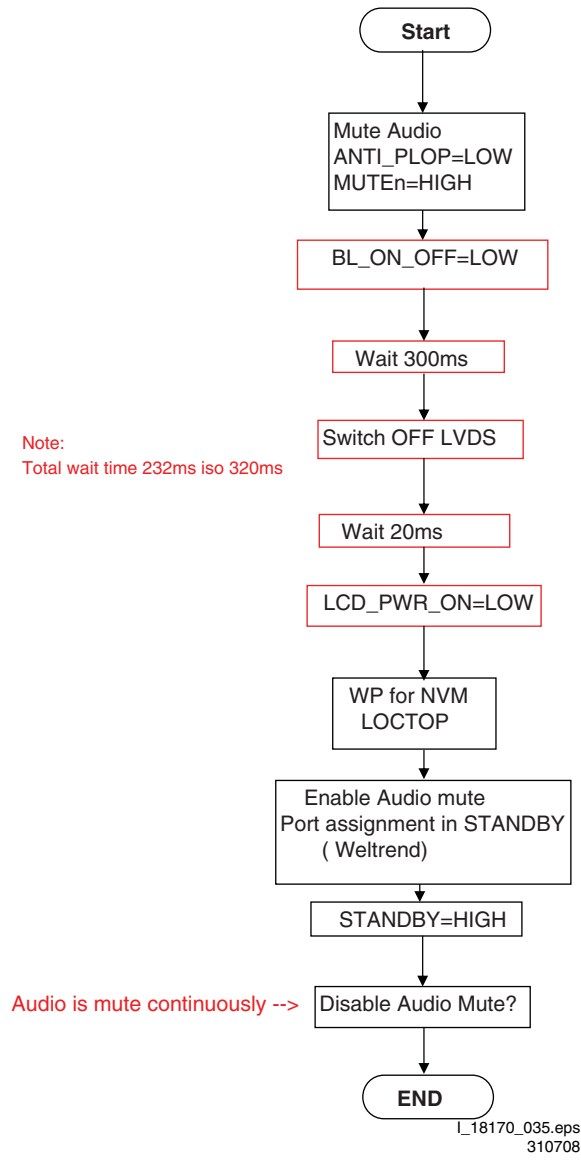
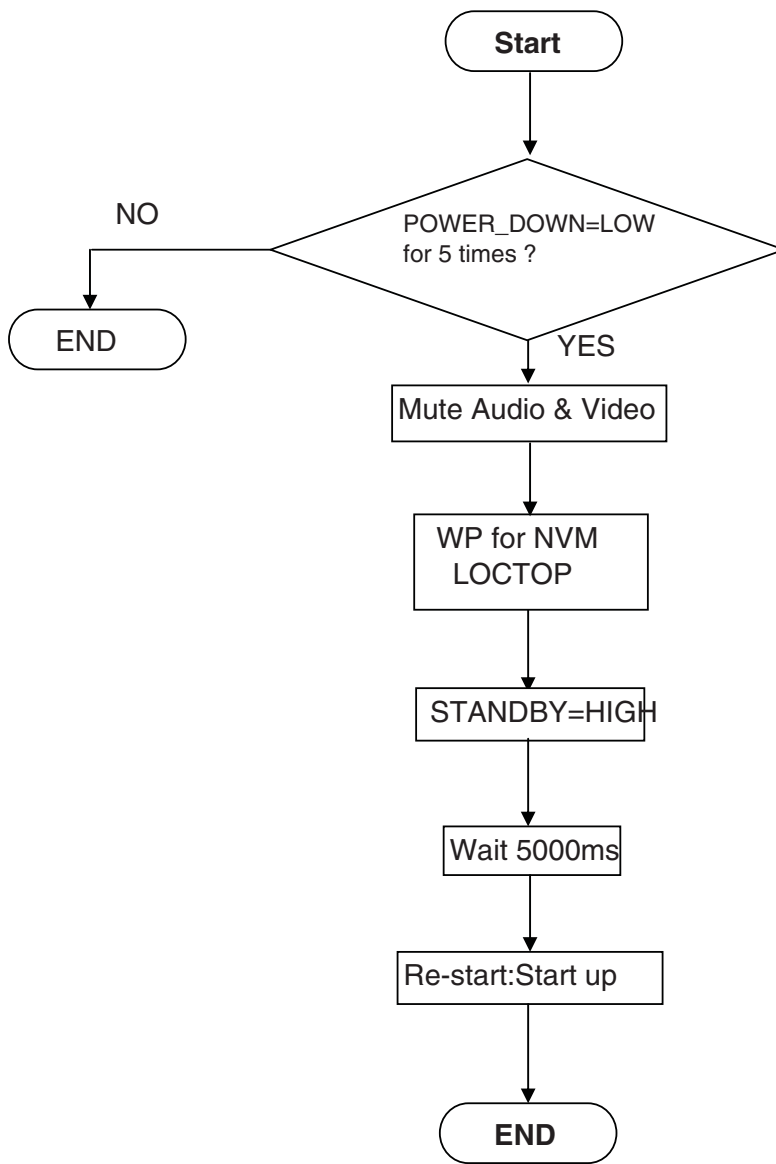


Figure 5-7 Stand-by flowchart



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Figure 5-8 Power Down flowchart

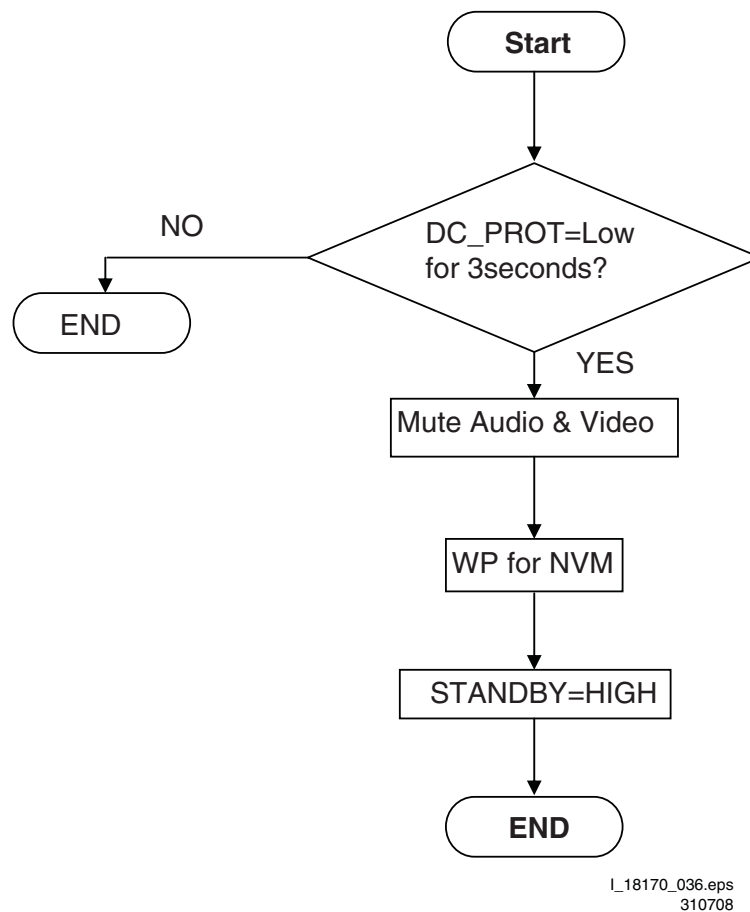
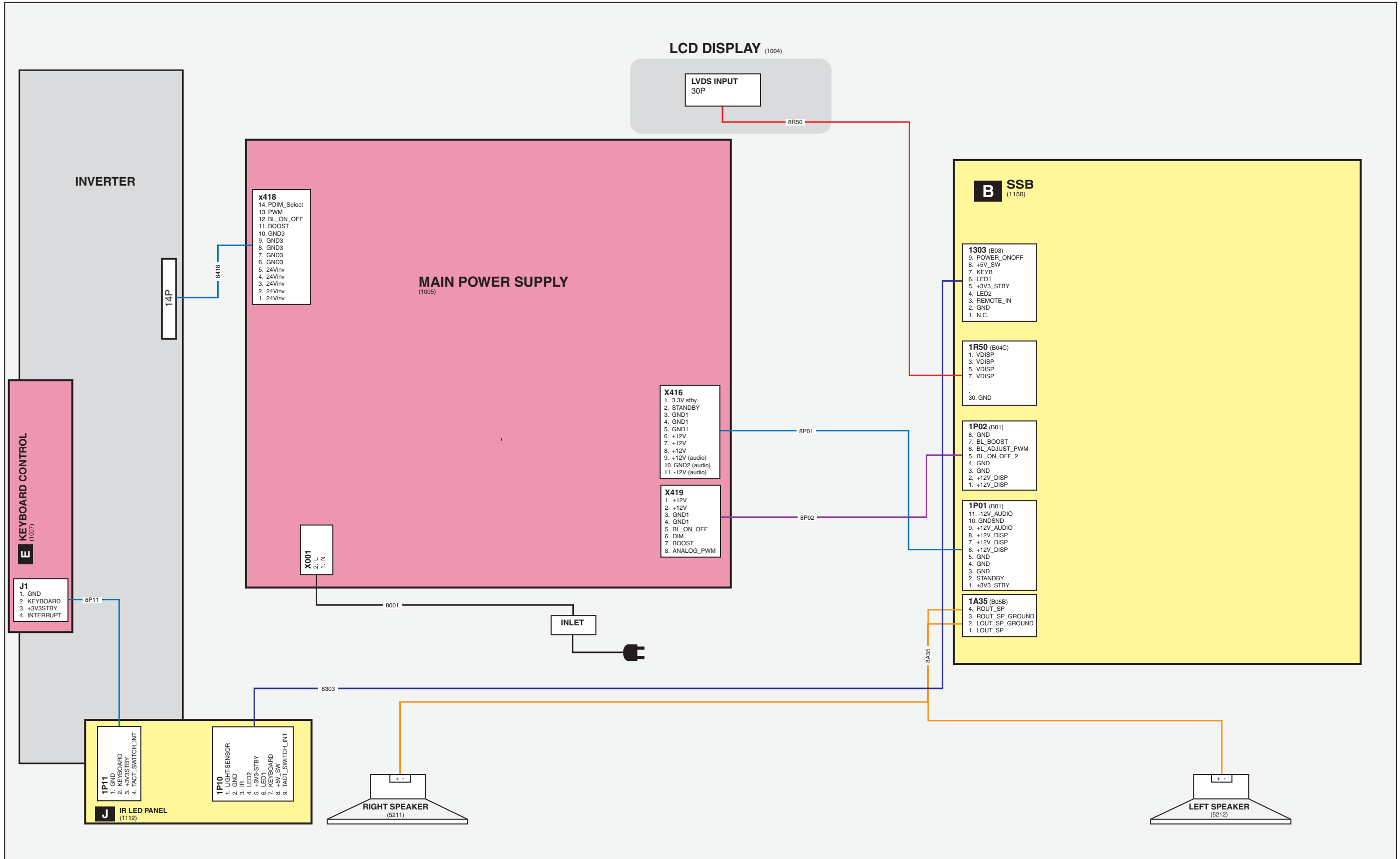


Figure 5-9 DC_PROT flowchart

6. Block Diagrams, Test Point Overview, and Waveforms

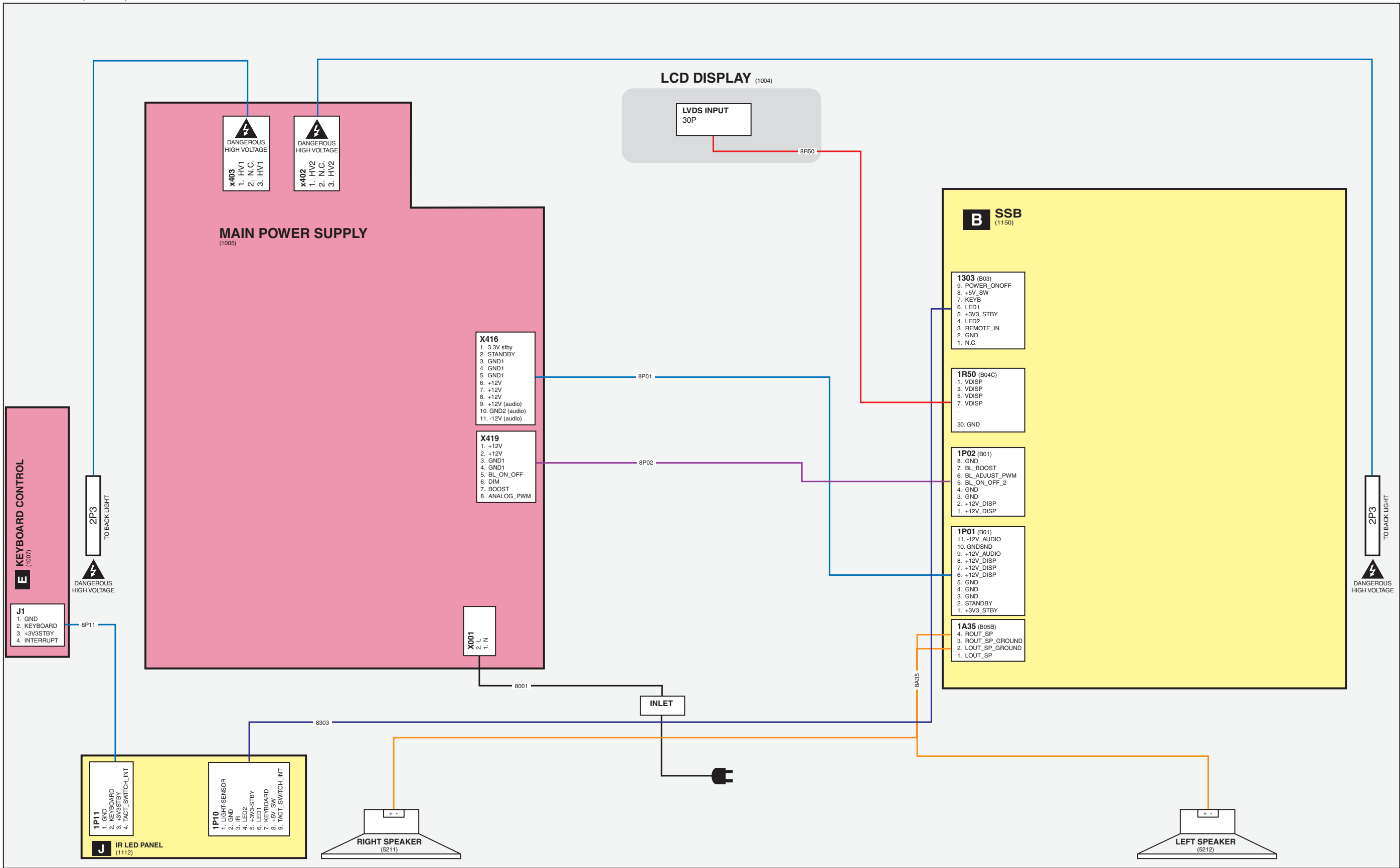
Wiring Diagram 32" (MG8)

WIRING 32" (STYLING MG8)

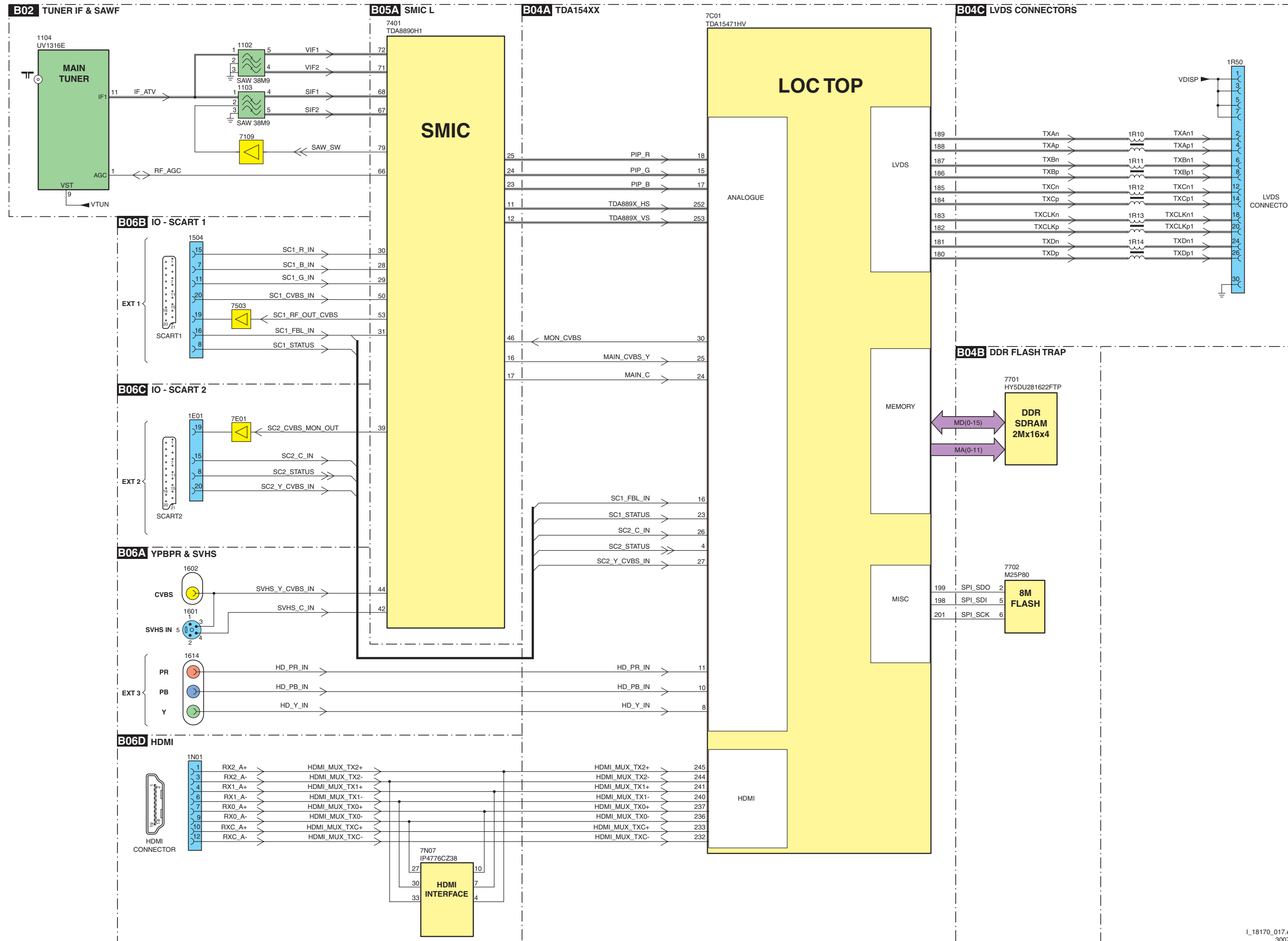


Wiring Diagram 42" (MG8)

WIRING 42" (STYLING MG8)

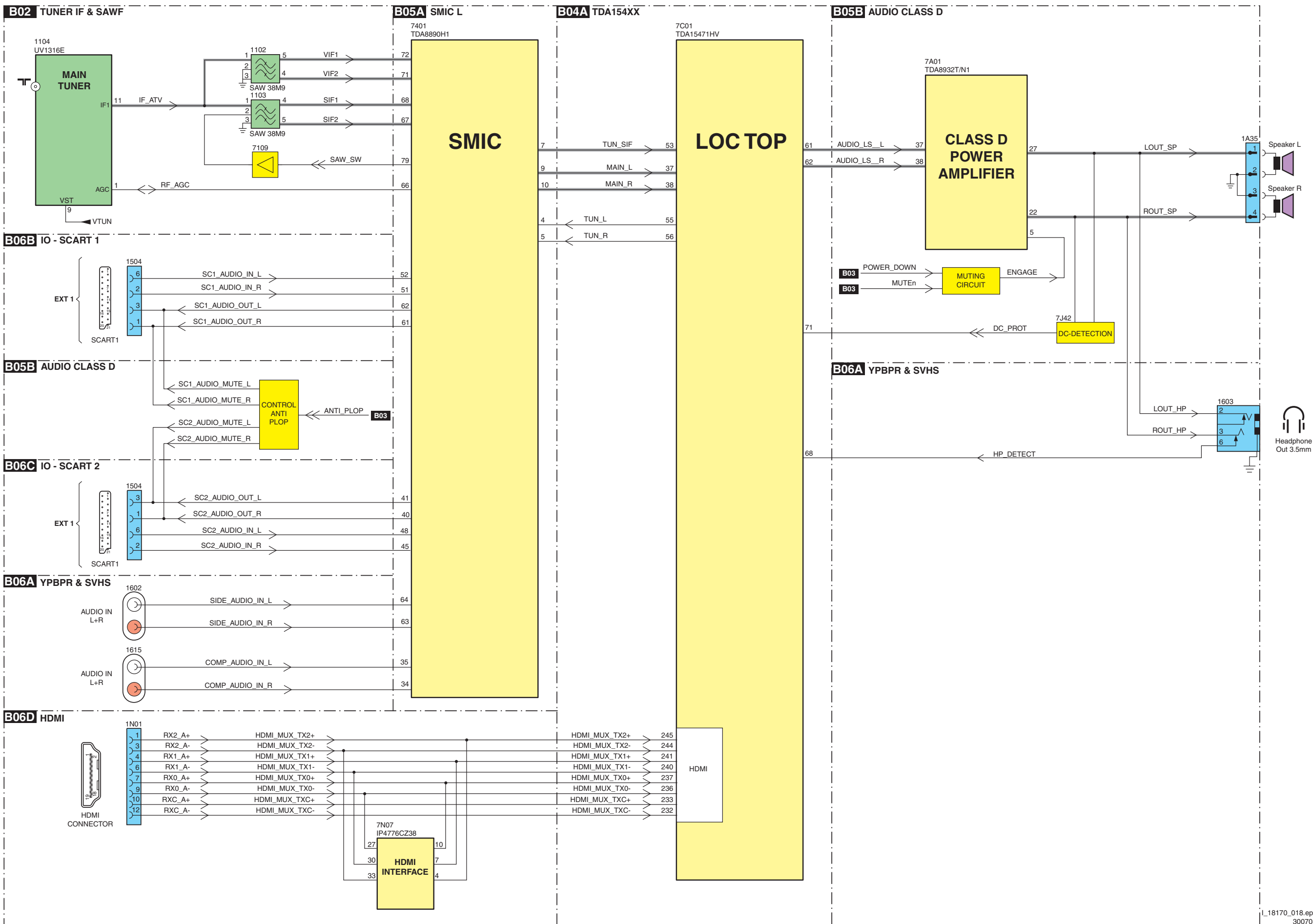


Block Diagram Video



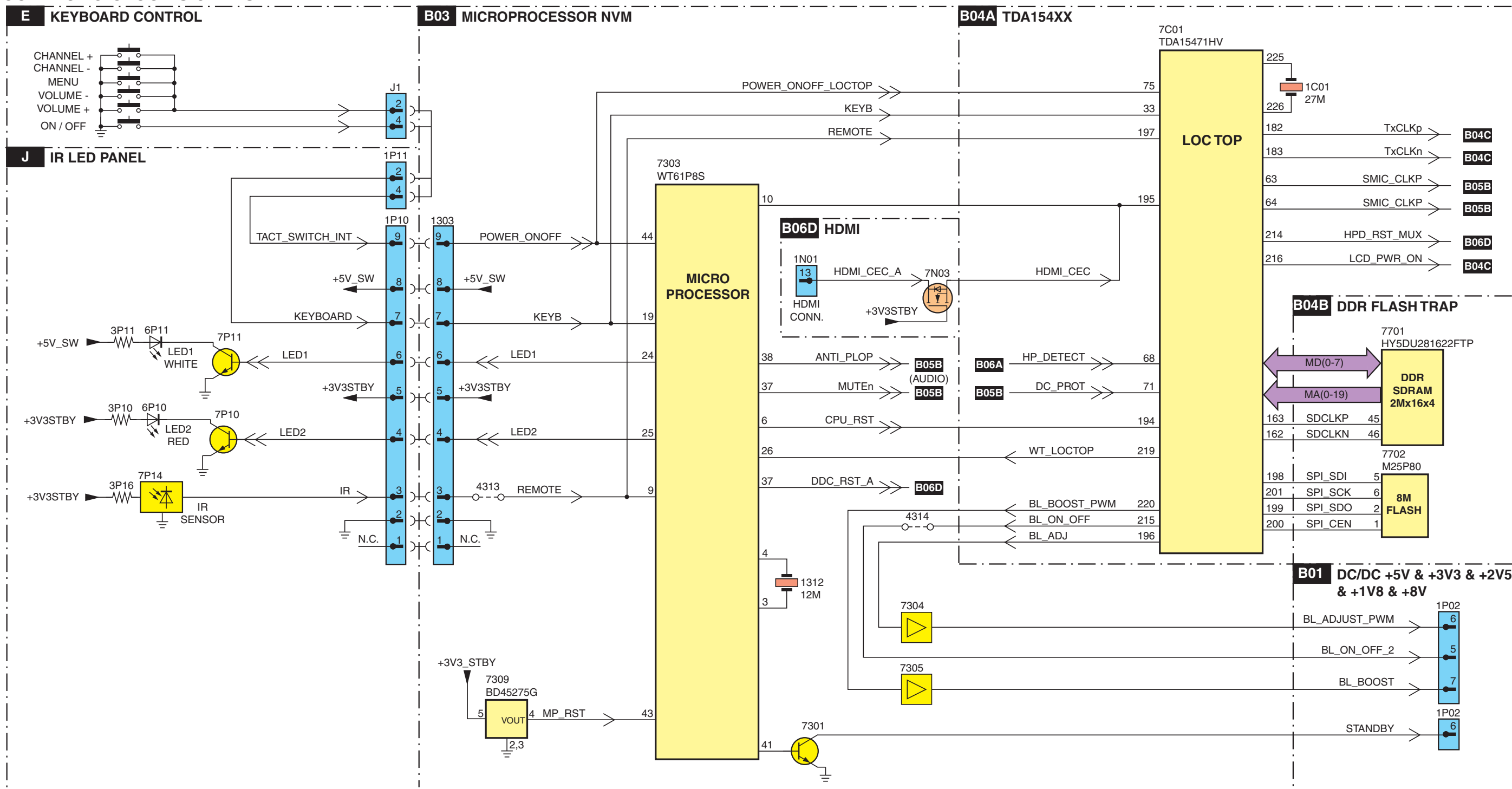
Block Diagram Audio

AUDIO

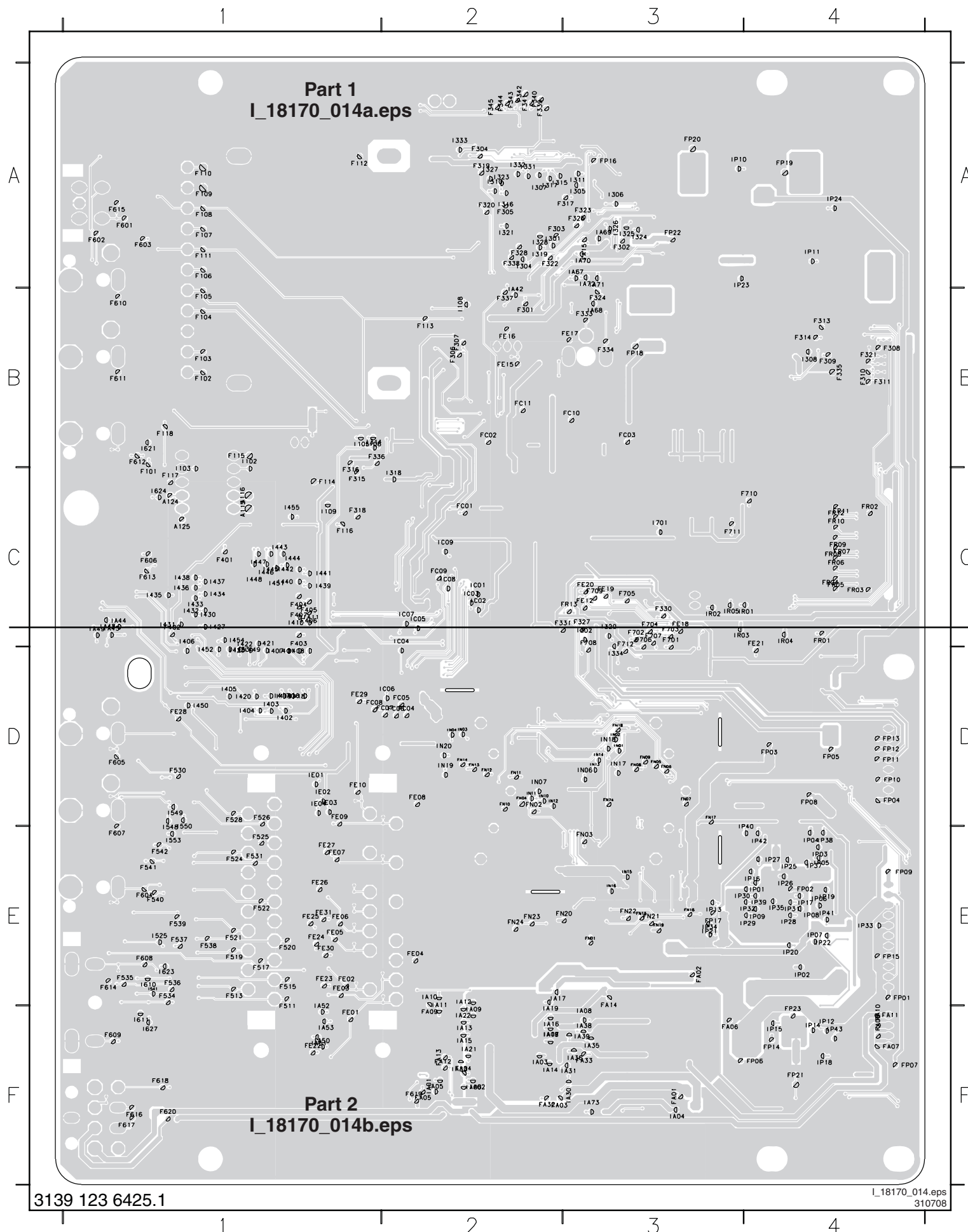


Block Diagram Control & Clock Signals

CONTROL & CLOCK SIGNALS

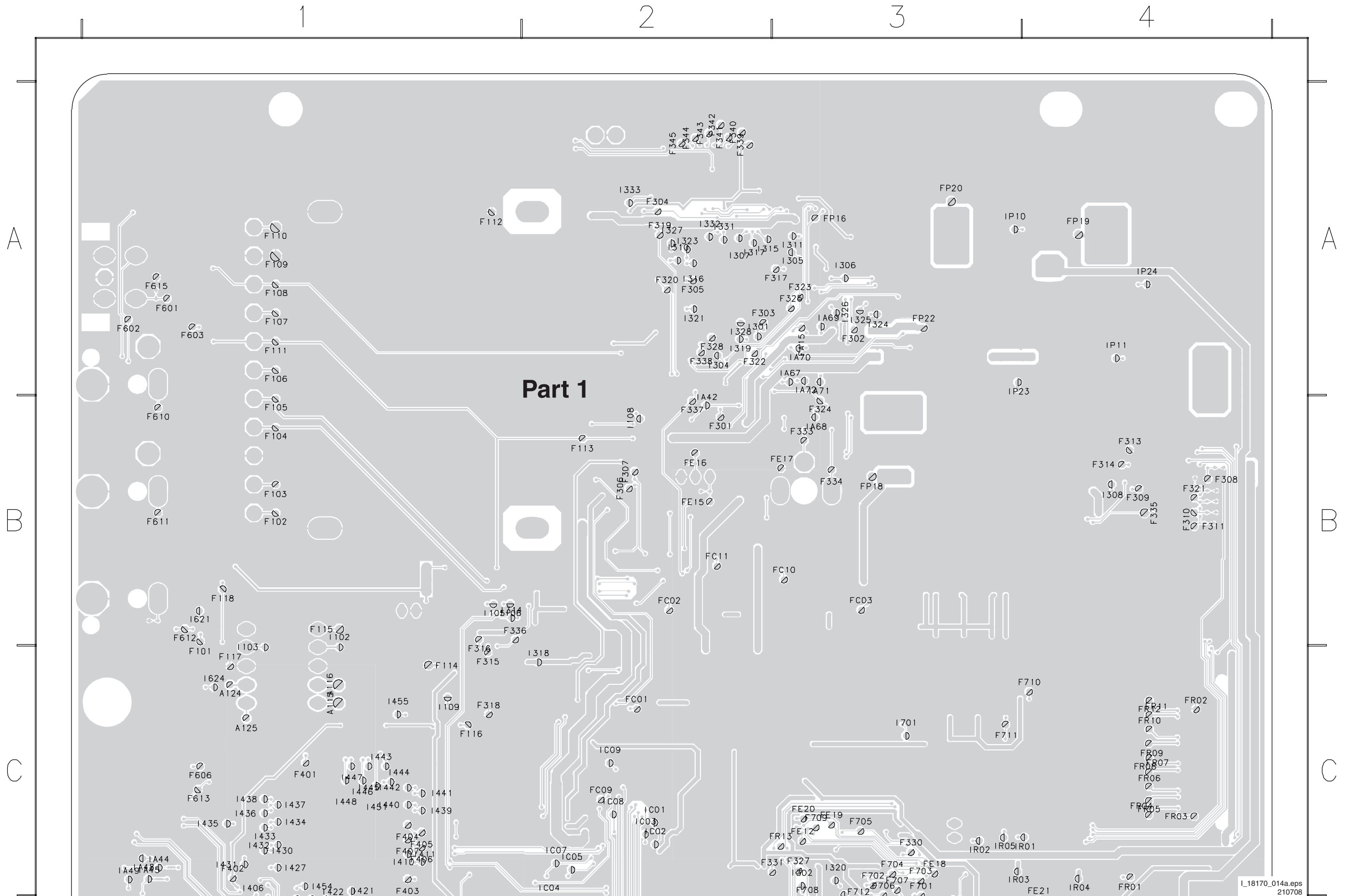


SSB: Test Points (Overview Bottom Side)

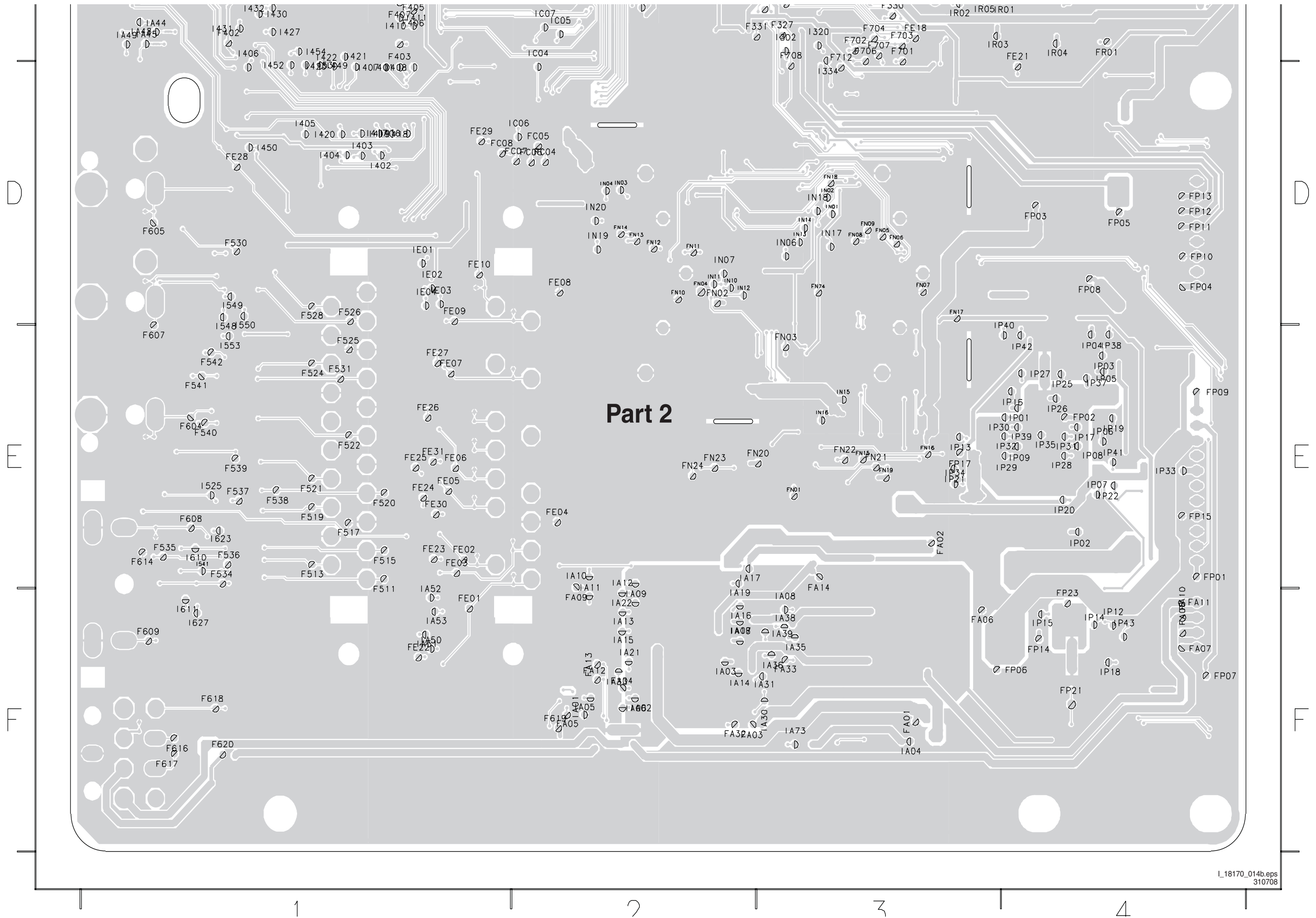


A115 C1	F710 C4	I105 B1	IA50 F1
A116 C1	F711 C3	I106 B1	IA51 F1
A124 C1	F712 C3	I108 B2	IA52 F1
A125 C1	FA01 F3	I109 C1	IA53 F1
F101 C1	FA02 E3	I301 A2	IA67 A3
F102 B1	FA03 F2	I302 C3	IA68 B3
F103 B1	FA04 F2	I304 A2	IA69 A3
F104 B1	FA05 F2	I305 A3	IA70 A3
F105 B1	FA06 F3	I306 A3	IA71 A3
F106 A1	FA07 F4	I307 A2	IA72 A3

SSB: Test Points (Part 1 Bottom Side)

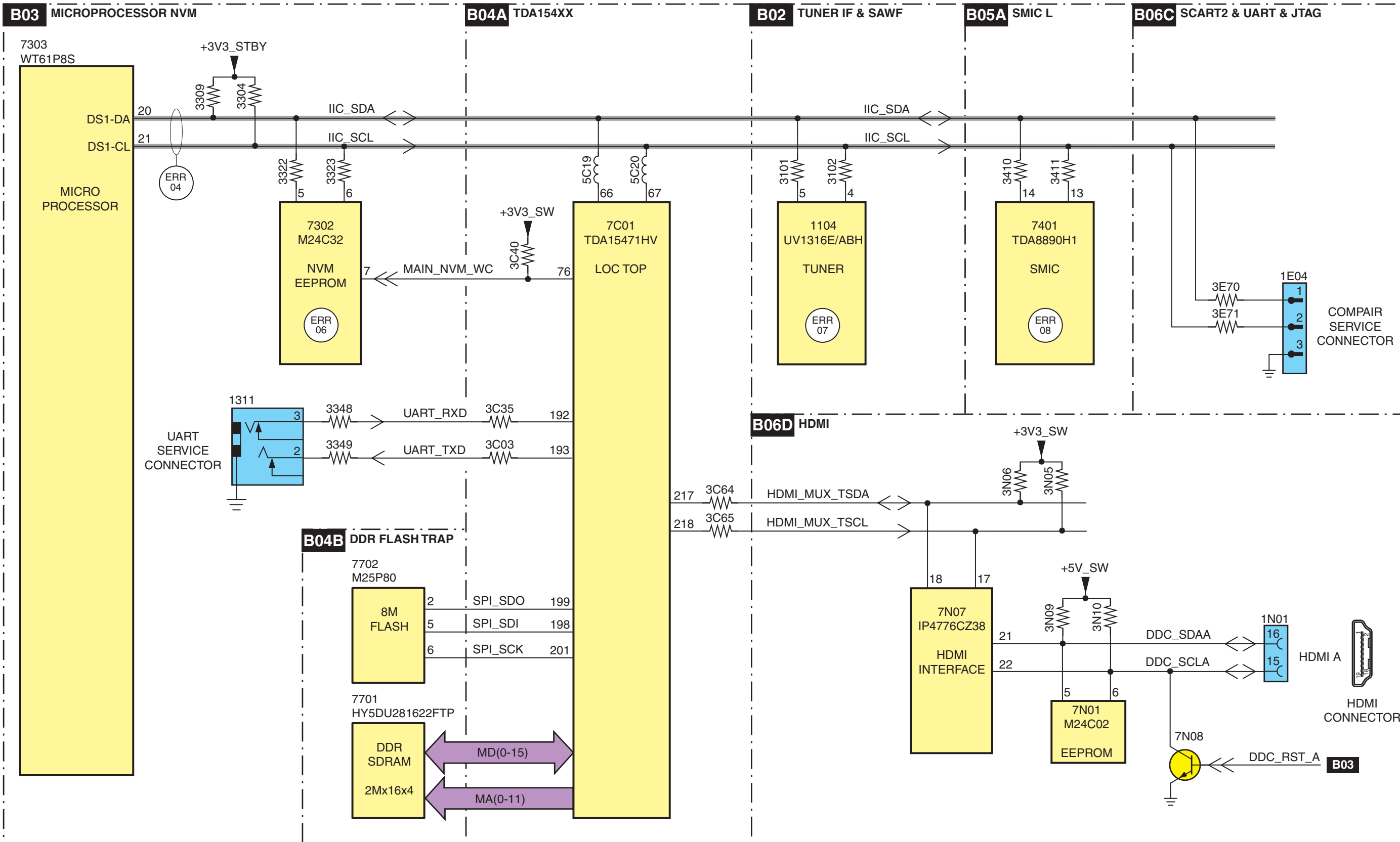


SSB: Test Points (Part 2 Bottom Side)



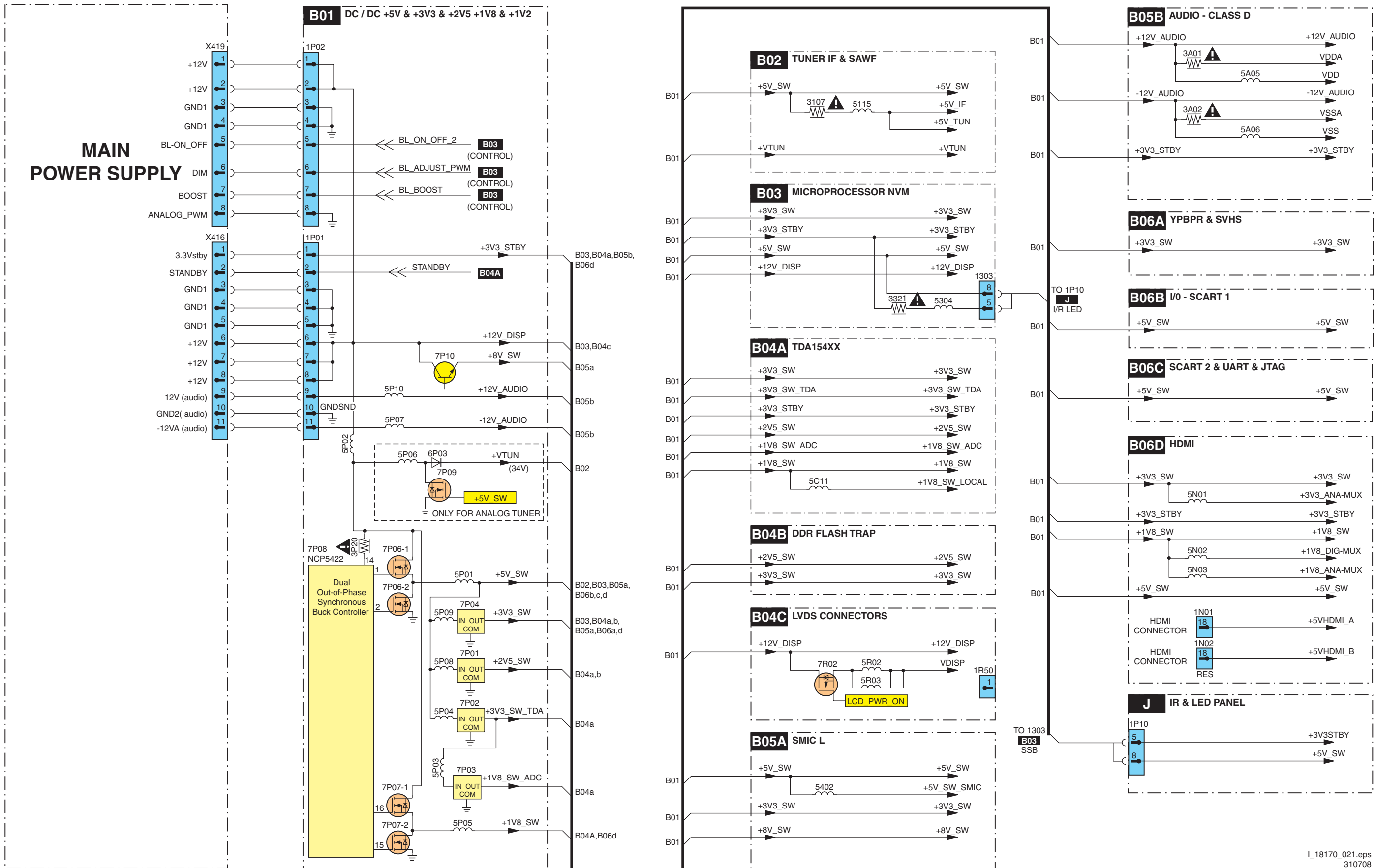
I2C IC Overview

I²C



Supply Lines Overview

SUPPLY LINES OVERVIEW

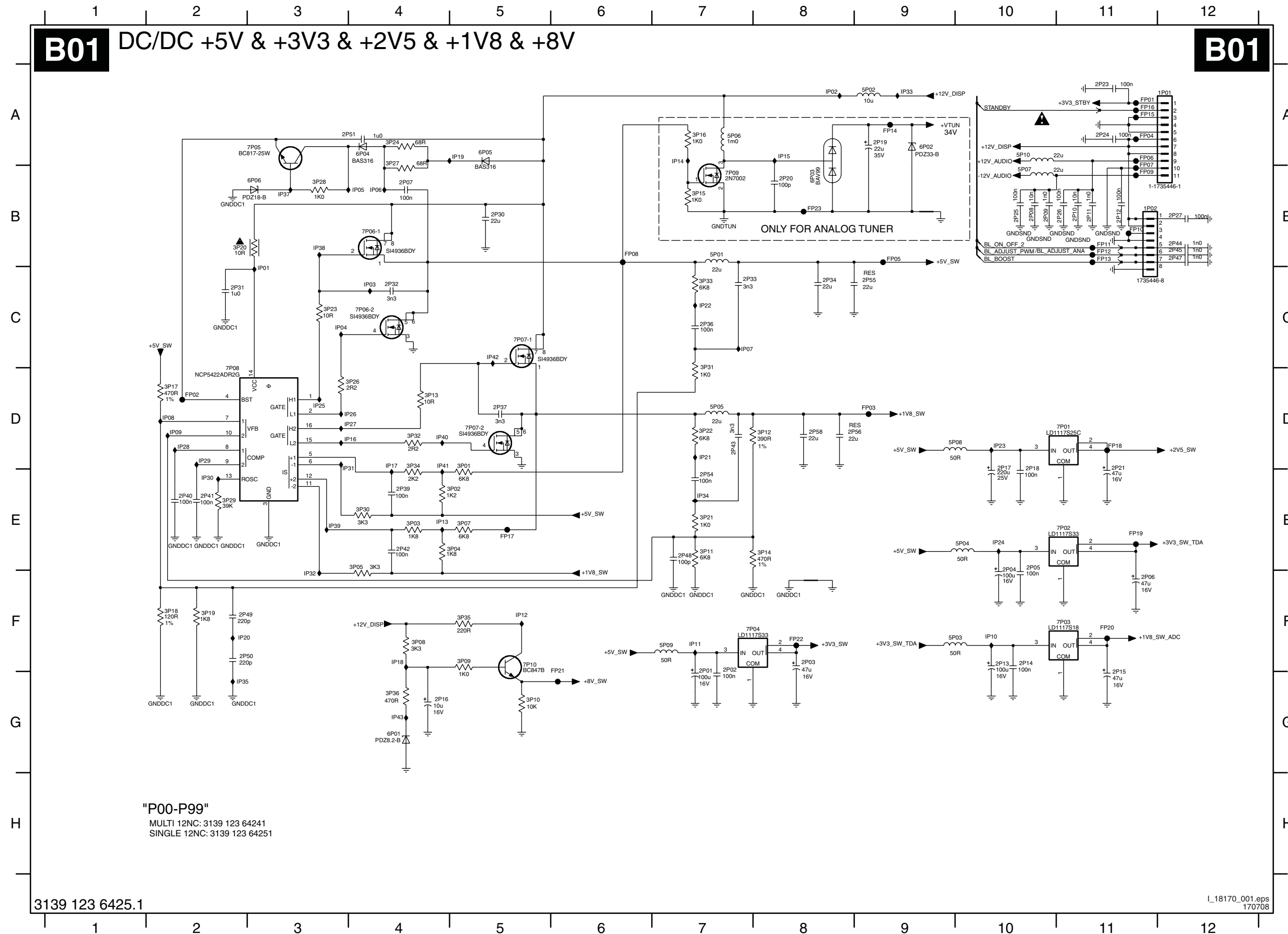


7. Circuit Diagrams and PWB Layouts

SSB: DC/DC

B01 DC/DC +5V & +3V3 & +2V5 & +1V8 & +8V

B01

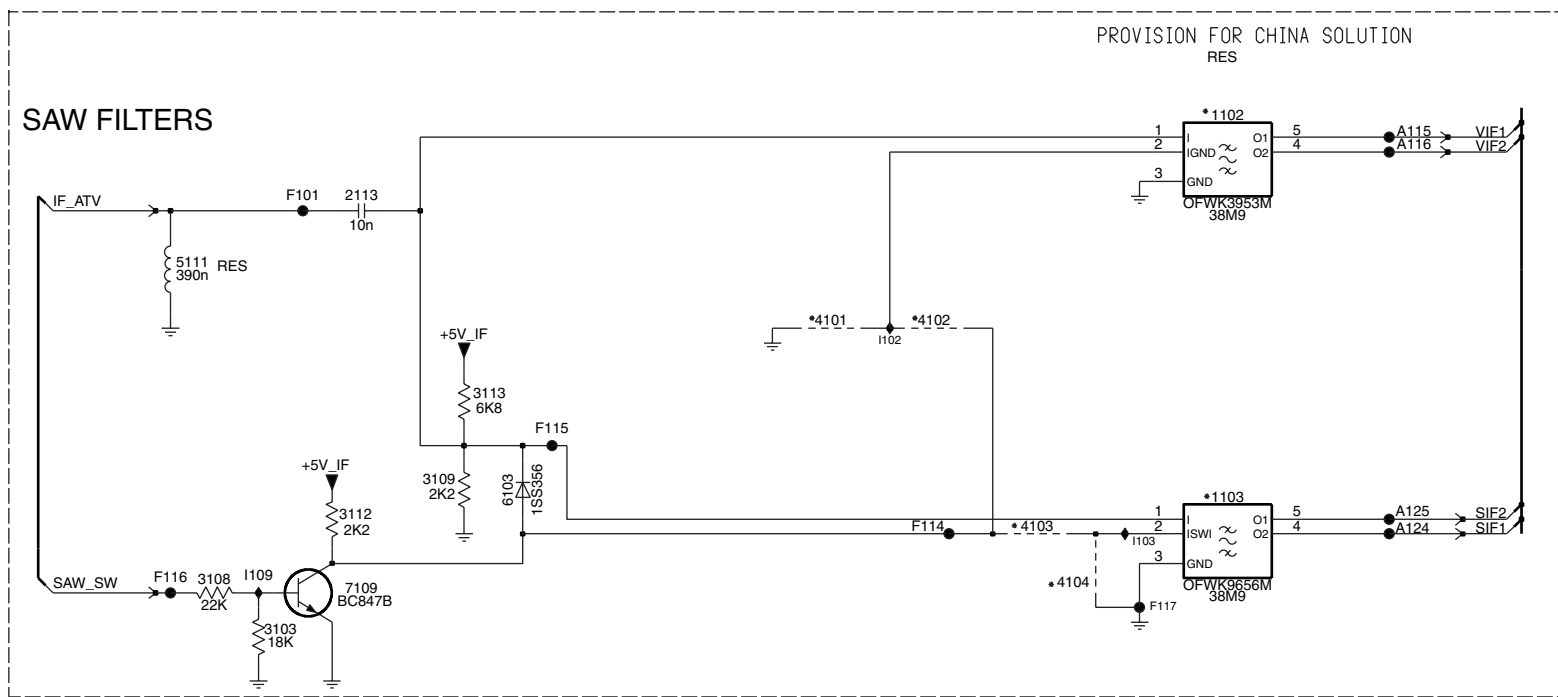


- 1P01 A12
- 1P02 B11
- 2P01 F7
- 2P02 F7
- 2P03 F8
- 2P04 E10
- 2P05 E10
- 2P06 F11
- 2P07 B4
- 2P08 B10
- 2P09 B10
- 2P10 B11
- 2P11 B11
- 2P12 B11
- 2P13 F10
- 2P14 F10
- 2P15 F11
- 2P16 G4
- 2P17 E10
- 2P18 D10
- 2P19 A9
- 2P20 B8
- 2P21 D11
- 2P23 A11
- 2P24 A11
- 2P25 B10
- 2P26 B11
- 2P27 B12
- 2P30 B5
- 2P31 C2
- 2P32 C4
- 2P33 C7
- 2P34 C8
- 2P36 C7
- 2P37 D5
- 2P39 E4
- 2P40 E2
- 2P41 E2
- 2P42 E4
- 2P43 D7
- 2P44 B12
- 2P45 B12
- 2P47 B12
- 2P48 E7
- 2P49 F2
- 2P50 F2
- 2P51 A4
- 2P54 E7
- 2P55 C9
- 2P56 D9
- 2P58 D8
- 3P01 D5
- 3P02 E5
- 3P03 E4
- 3P04 E5
- 3P05 E4
- 3P07 E5
- 3P08 F4
- 3P09 F5
- 3P10 G5
- 3P11 E7
- 3P12 D8
- 3P13 D4
- 3P14 E8
- 3P15 B7
- 3P16 A7
- 3P17 D2
- 3P18 F2
- 3P19 F2
- 3P20 E2
- 3P21 B7
- 3P22 D7
- 3P23 C3
- 3P24 A4
- 3P26 D4
- 3P27 A4
- 3P28 B3
- 3P29 E2
- 3P30 E4
- 3P31 C7
- 3P32 D4
- 3P33 C7
- 3P34 D4
- 3P35 F5
- 3P36 G4
- 5P01 B7
- 5P02 A9
- 5P03 F10
- 5P04 E10
- 5P05 D7
- 5P06 A7
- 5P07 B10
- 5P08 D10
- 5P09 F7
- 5P10 A10
- 6P01 G4
- 6P02 A9
- 6P03 B8
- 6P04 A4
- 6P05 A5
- 6P06 B3
- 7P01 D11
- 7P02 E11
- 7P03 F11
- 7P04 F8
- 7P05 A3
- 7P06-1 B4
- 7P06-2 C4
- 7P07-1 C5
- 7P07-2 D5
- 7P08 D2
- 7P09 B7
- 7P10 F5
- FP01 A11
- FP02 D2
- FP03 D9
- FP04 A11
- FP05 B9
- FP06 A11
- FP07 B11
- FP08 B6
- FP09 B11
- FP10 B11
- FP11 B11
- FP12 B11
- FP13 B11
- FP14 A9
- FP15 A11
- FP16 A11
- FP17 E5
- FP18 D11
- FP19 E11
- FP20 F11
- FP21 G6
- FP22 B8
- FP23 B8
- FP24 C8
- FP25 C7
- FP26 C7
- FP27 D5
- FP28 E4
- FP29 E4
- FP30 E4
- FP31 D4
- FP32 F3
- FP33 A9
- FP34 E7
- FP35 G2
- FP36 B3
- FP37 B3
- FP38 B3
- FP39 E3
- FP40 D4
- FP41 D4
- FP42 C5
- FP43 G4

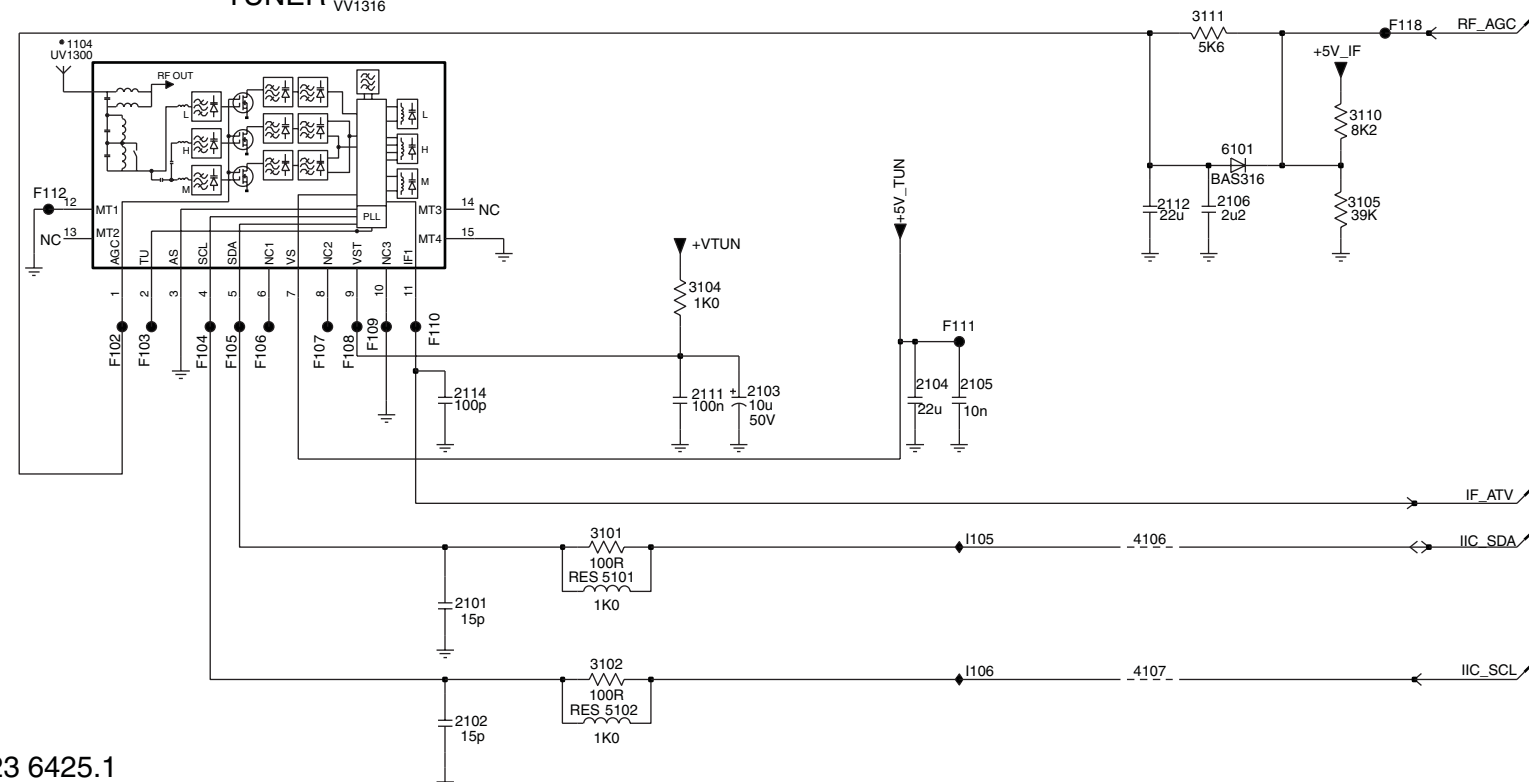
SSB: Tuner IF & SAWF

B02 TUNER IF & SAWF

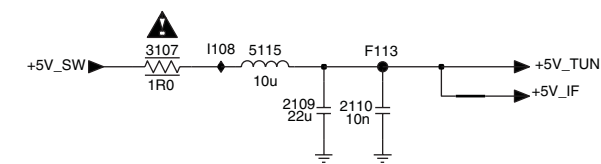
B02



PEND NEW 12NC FOR TD1316AF/BHPN-5
* TUNER VV1316



*	EUROPE	AP	CHINA	LATAM
1104	UV1316E	UV1316E	UV1356	UV1336
1102	K3953	K7257M	TBC	M1971M
1103	K9656M	K9362	K9352	-
4101	Y	-	Y	Y
4102	-	Y	-	-
4103	Y	-	-	-
4104	-	Y	Y	-

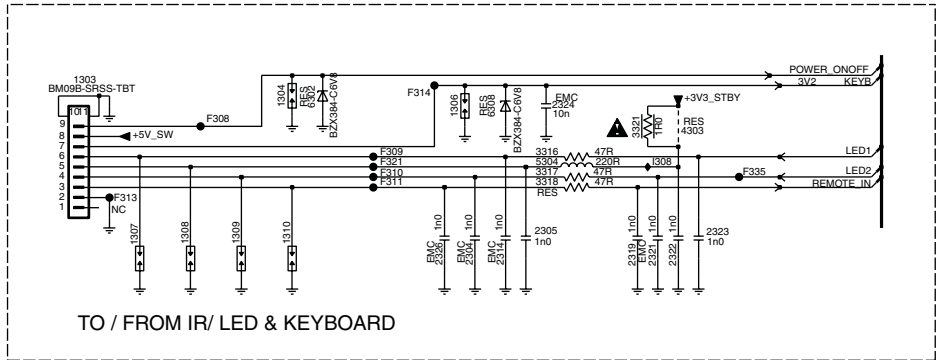
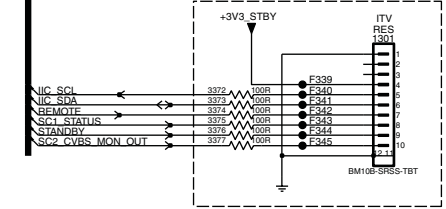
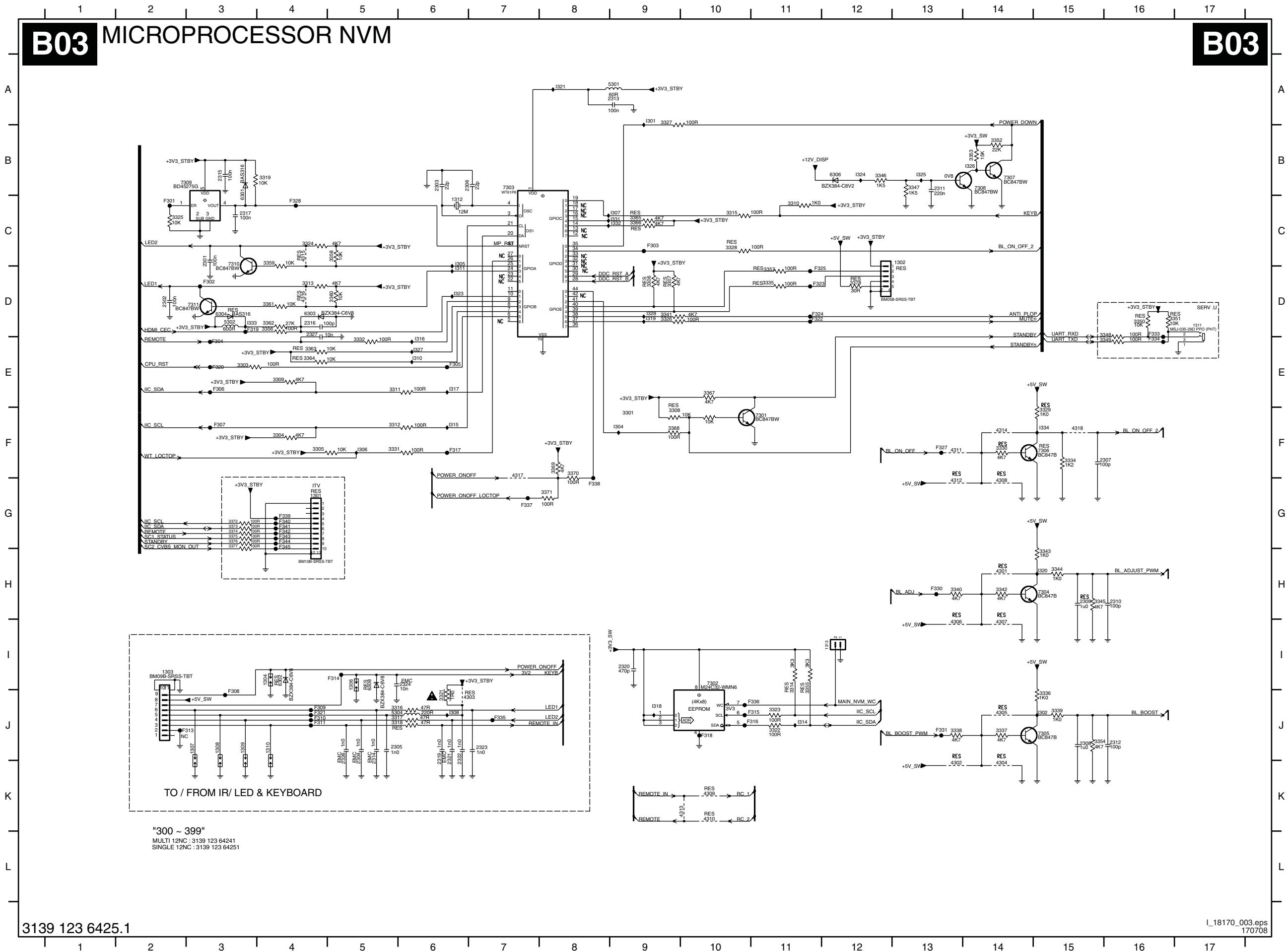


- 1102 A7
- 1103 C7
- 1104 E1
- 2101 H3
- 2102 H3
- 2103 G5
- 2104 G5
- 2105 G6
- 2106 F7
- 2109 H11
- 2110 H11
- 2111 G4
- 2112 F7
- 2113 B3
- 2114 G3
- 3101 H4
- 3102 H4
- 3103 D2
- 3104 F4
- 3105 F7
- 3107 H10
- 3108 D2
- 3109 C3
- 3110 E7
- 3111 E7
- 3112 C2
- 3113 C3
- 4101 B5
- 4102 B5
- 4103 C6
- 4104 D6
- 4106 H6
- 4107 H6
- 5101 H4
- 5102 H4
- 5111 B2
- 5115 H11
- 6101 F7
- 6103 C3
- 7109 D2
- A115 B8
- A116 B8
- A124 D8
- A125 C8
- F101 B2
- F102 G1
- F103 G2
- F104 G2
- F105 G2
- F106 G2
- F107 G2
- F108 G3
- F109 G3
- F110 G3
- F111 F6
- F112 F1
- F113 H11
- F114 C5
- F115 C3
- F116 D2
- F117 D6
- F118 E8
- I102 C5
- I103 D6
- I105 H6
- I106 H6
- I108 H11
- I109 D2

SSB: Micro Processor NVM

B03 MICROPROCESSOR NVM

B03



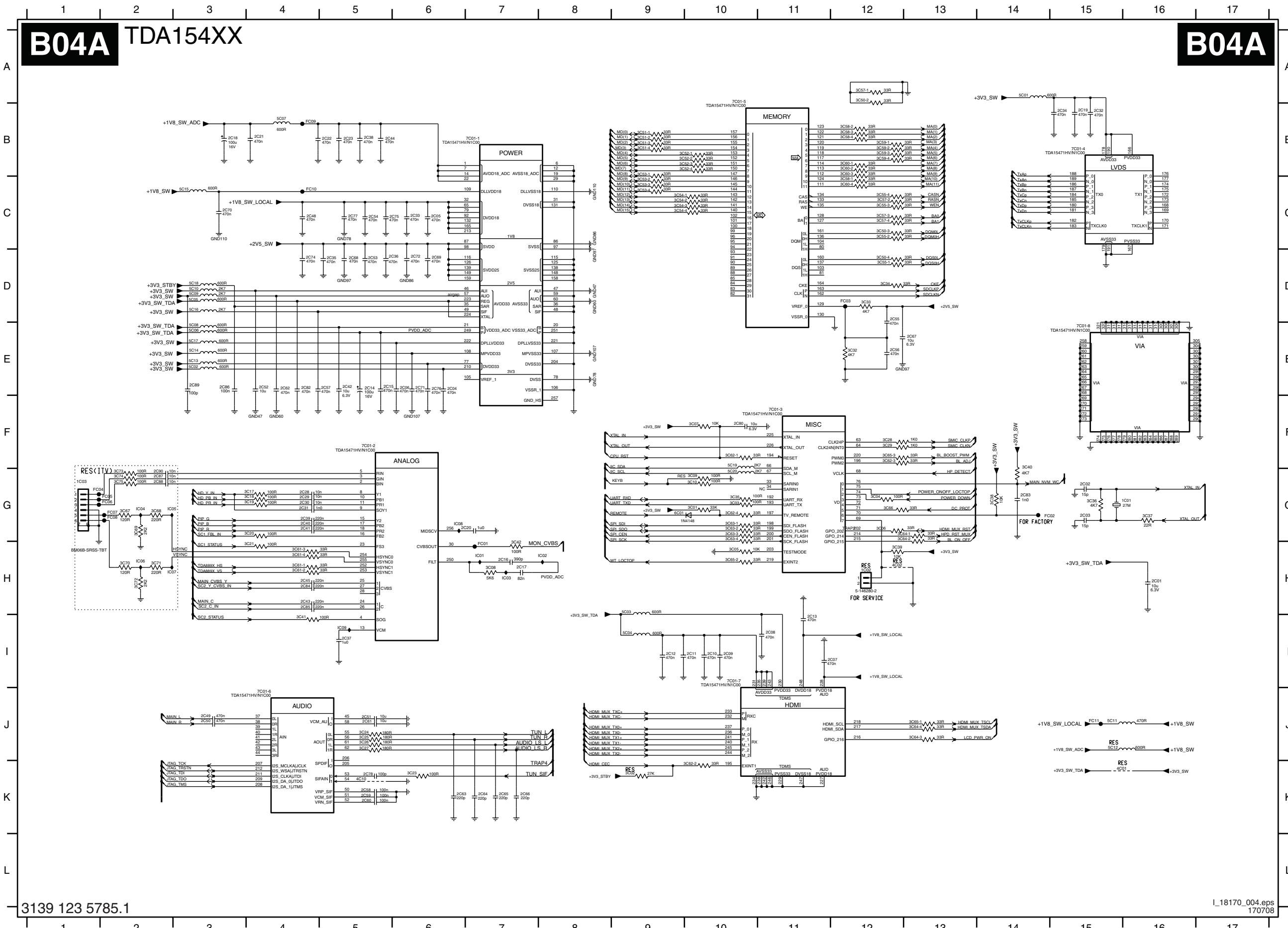
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 MULTI 12NC : 3139 123 64241
 SINGLE 12NC : 3139 123 64251

- 1301 G4
- 1302 C13
- 1303 I2
- 1304 I4
- 1306 I5
- 1307 J3
- 1308 J3
- 1309 J3
- 1310 J4
- 1311 D17
- 1312 C6
- 2301 C3
- 2302 D2
- 2303 B6
- 2304 J5
- 2305 J5
- 2306 B7
- 2307 F16
- 2308 I15
- 2309 H15
- 2310 H16
- 2311 B13
- 2312 I16
- 2313 A9
- 2314 J5
- 2315 B3
- 2316 D4
- 2317 C3
- 2319 J6
- 2320 I9
- 2321 J6
- 2322 J6
- 2323 J7
- 2324 I6
- 2326 J5
- 2327 D4
- 3301 F9
- 3303 E3
- 3304 F4
- 3305 C6
- 3306 D9
- 3307 D9
- 3308 F9
- 3309 E4
- 3310 C11
- 3311 E5
- 3312 F5
- 3313 D4
- 3314 I11
- 3315 C10
- 3316 I5
- 3317 J5
- 3318 J5
- 3319 E4
- 3321 J6
- 3322 J11
- 3323 J11
- 3324 C4
- 3325 C2
- 3326 D9
- 3327 A9
- 3328 C10
- 3329 F15
- 3330 F14
- 3331 F5
- 3332 E5
- 3334 F15
- 3335 D11
- 3336 I15
- 3337 J14
- 3338 H13
- 3339 I15
- 3340 H13
- 3341 D9
- 3342 H14
- 3343 H15
- 3344 H15
- 3345 H15
- 3346 B12
- 3347 B13
- 3348 D16
- 3349 E16
- 3350 D16
- 3351 D17
- 3352 B14
- 3353 B14
- 3354 J15
- 3355 I11
- 3356 D4
- 3357 D11
- 3358 C5
- 3359 C4
- 3360 D5
- 3361 D4
- 3362 D4
- 3363 E4
- 3364 E4
- 3365 C9
- 3366 C9
- 3367 E10
- 3368 F9
- 3369 F8
- 3370 F8
- 3371 G8
- 3372 G3
- 3373 G3
- 3374 G3
- 3375 G3
- 3376 G3
- 3377 G3
- 3378 D12
- 4301 H14
- 4302 K13
- 4303 J7
- 4304 K14
- 4305 J14
- 4306 I13
- 4307 I14
- 4308 G14
- 4309 K10
- 4310 K10
- 4311 F13
- 4312 G13
- 4313 K10
- 4314 F14
- 4315 C4
- 4316 D4
- 4317 F7
- 4318 F16
- 5301 A9
- 5302 D3
- 5304 J5
- 6301 B3
- 6302 I4
- 6303 D4
- 6304 D3
- 6306 B12
- 6308 I5
- 7301 F11
- 7302 I10
- 7303 B7
- 7304 H15
- 7305 I15
- 7306 F15
- 7307 B14
- 7308 B14
- 7309 B3
- 7310 C3
- 7311 D3
- F301 C2
- F302 D3
- F303 C9
- F304 E3
- F305 E3
- F306 E3
- F307 F3
- F308 J3
- F309 J4
- F310 J4
- F311 J4
- F313 J3
- F314 J3
- F315 J11
- F316 J11
- F317 F6
- F318 J10
- F319 D3
- F320 E3
- F321 J4
- F322 D11
- F323 D11
- F324 D11
- F325 D11
- F327 F13
- F328 C4
- F330 H13
- F331 J13
- F333 D16
- F334 E16
- F335 J7
- F336 J11
- F337 G7
- F338 G8
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- F345 G4
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- F351 J13
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- F353 D16
- F354 E16
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- F364 G4
- F365 C9
- F366 C9
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- F369 F8
- F370 F8
- F371 G8
- F372 G3
- F373 G3
- F374 G3
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- F386 G14
- F387 K10
- F388 K10
- F389 F13
- F390 G13
- F391 K10
- F392 F14
- F393 C4
- F394 D4
- F395 F7
- F396 F16
- F397 A9
- F398 D3
- F399 J5
- F400 B3
- F401 I4
- F402 D4
- F403 D3
- F404 B12
- F405 I5
- F406 F11
- F407 I10
- F408 B7
- F409 H15
- F410 F15
- F411 F15
- F412 B14
- F413 B14
- F414 B3
- F415 C3
- F416 C3
- F417 D3
- F418 C2
- F419 D3
- F420 C9
- F421 E3
- F422 E3

SSB: TDA154XX

B04A TDA154XX

B04A

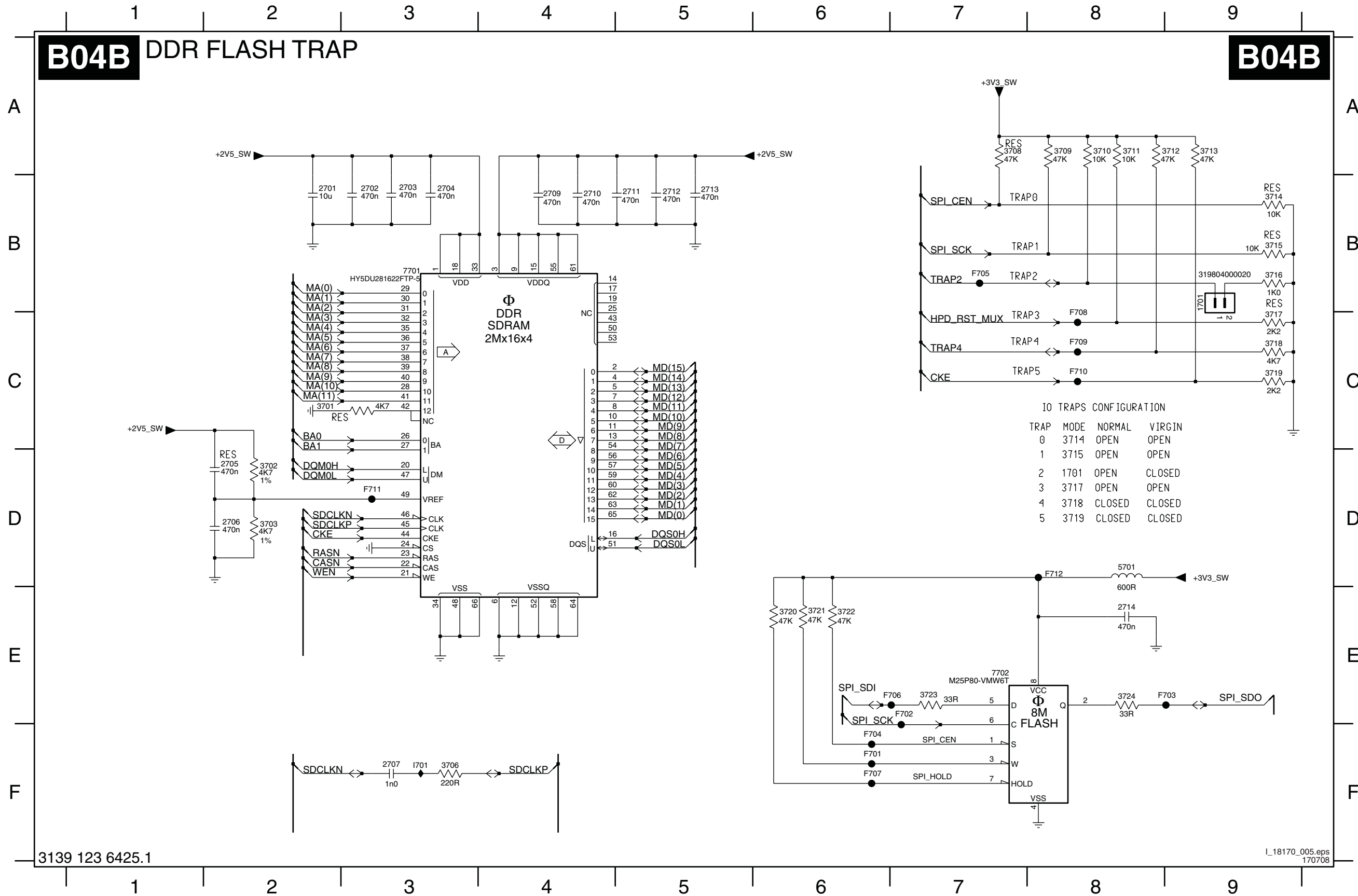


- IC01 G16
- IC02 H12
- IC03 G1
- IC04 H16
- IC05 G15
- IC06 E6
- IC07 C6
- IC08 H11
- IC09 H10
- IC10 H10
- IC11 H10
- IC12 I9
- IC13 H11
- IC14 E5
- IC15 E5
- IC16 H7
- IC17 H7
- IC18 B3
- IC19 B15
- IC20 G7
- IC21 B4
- IC22 B5
- IC23 B5
- IC24 G4
- IC25 G4
- IC26 G4
- IC27 H5
- IC28 B5
- IC29 G4
- IC30 G4
- IC31 G4
- IC32 B15
- IC33 C9
- IC34 B15
- IC35 D5
- IC36 D6
- IC37 H5
- IC38 B5
- IC39 G4
- IC40 G4
- IC41 G4
- IC42 E5
- IC43 H4
- IC44 B5
- IC45 H4
- IC46 C4
- IC47 J3
- IC48 J3
- IC49 J3
- IC50 J3
- IC51 J5
- IC52 E4
- IC53 D5
- IC54 C5
- IC55 D12
- IC56 E12
- IC57 E5
- IC58 K5
- IC59 K5
- IC60 K5
- IC61 J5
- IC62 E4
- IC63 K6
- IC64 K7
- IC65 K7
- IC66 K7
- IC67 E13
- IC68 D5
- IC69 D6
- IC70 C3
- IC71 E6
- IC72 D6
- IC73 D6
- IC74 D4
- IC75 C6
- IC76 E6
- IC77 C5
- IC78 K5
- IC79 F10
- IC80 G1
- IC81 G14
- IC82 G14
- IC83 E3
- IC84 E3
- IC85 E3
- IC86 E3
- IC87 G2
- IC88 G2
- IC89 G2
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- IC92 G9
- IC93 H7
- IC94 G2
- IC95 G2
- IC96 G10
- IC97 G10
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- IC200 G16

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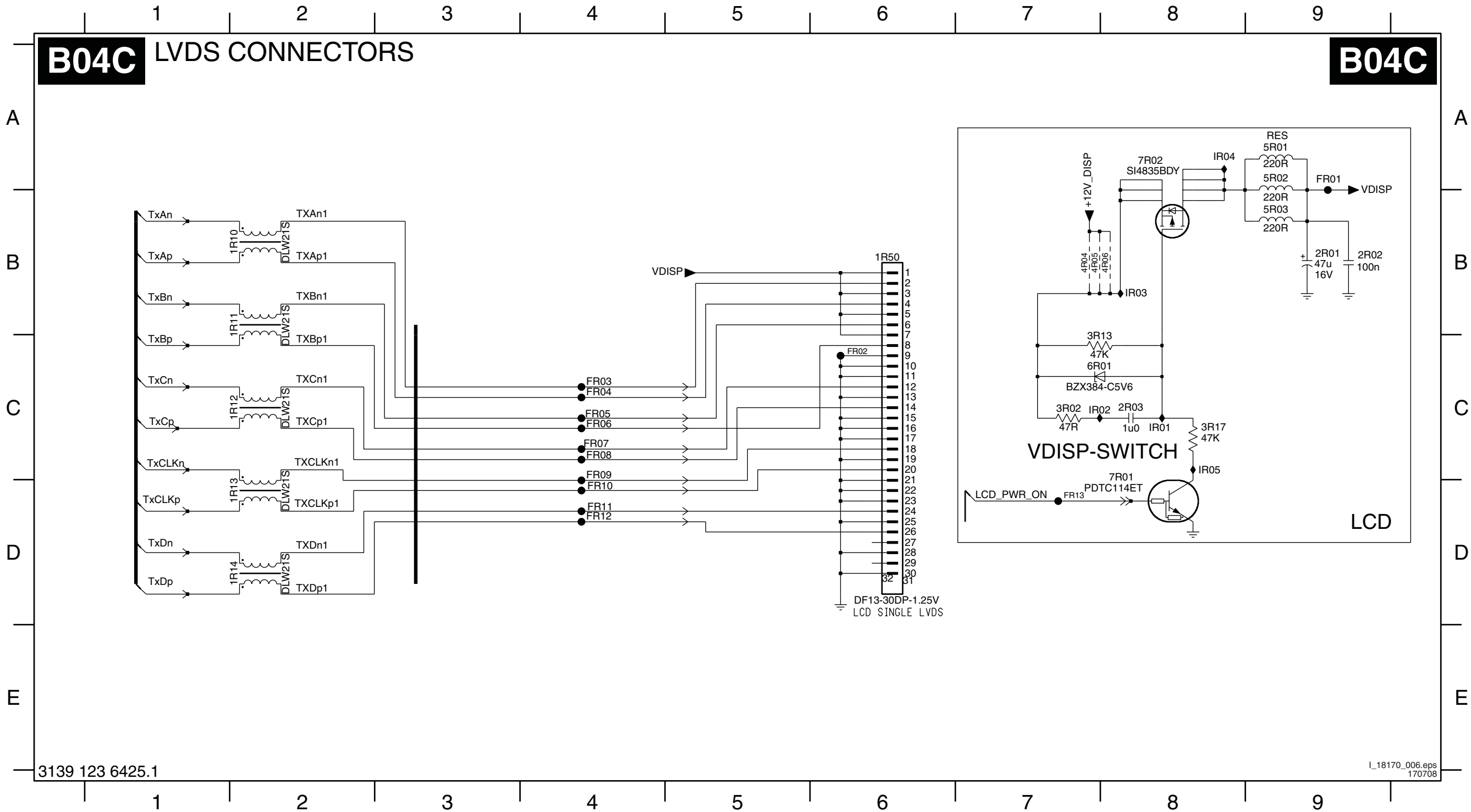
L_18170_004.eps 170708

SSB: DDR Flash Trap



1701 B9
2701 B2
2702 B3
2703 B3
2704 B3
2705 D2
2706 D2
2707 F3
2709 B4
2710 B4
2711 B5
2712 B5
2713 B5
2714 E8
3701 C2
3702 D2
3703 D2
3706 F3
3708 A7
3709 A8
3710 A8
3711 A8
3712 A9
3713 A9
3714 B9
3715 B9
3716 B9
3717 C9
3718 C9
3719 C9
3720 E6
3721 E6
3722 E6
3723 E7
3724 E8
5701 D8
7701 B3
7702 E7
F701 F6
F702 E7
F703 E9
F704 F6
F705 B7
F706 E7
F707 F6
F708 C8
F709 C8
F710 C8
F711 D3
F712 D8
1701 F3

SSB: LVDS Connectors



- 1R10 B2
- 1R11 B2
- 1R12 C2
- 1R13 D2
- 1R14 D2
- 1R50 B6
- 2R01 B9
- 2R02 B9
- 2R03 C8
- 3R02 C7
- 3R13 C7
- 3R17 C8
- 4R04 B7
- 4R05 B7
- 4R06 B8
- 5R01 A9
- 5R02 A9
- 5R03 B9
- 6R01 C7
- 7R01 D8
- 7R02 A8
- FR01 A9
- FR02 C6
- FR03 C4
- FR04 C4
- FR05 C4
- FR06 C4
- FR07 C4
- FR08 C4
- FR09 C4
- FR10 D4
- FR11 D4
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- FR13 D7
- IR01 C8
- IR02 C7
- IR03 B8
- IR04 A8
- IR05 C8

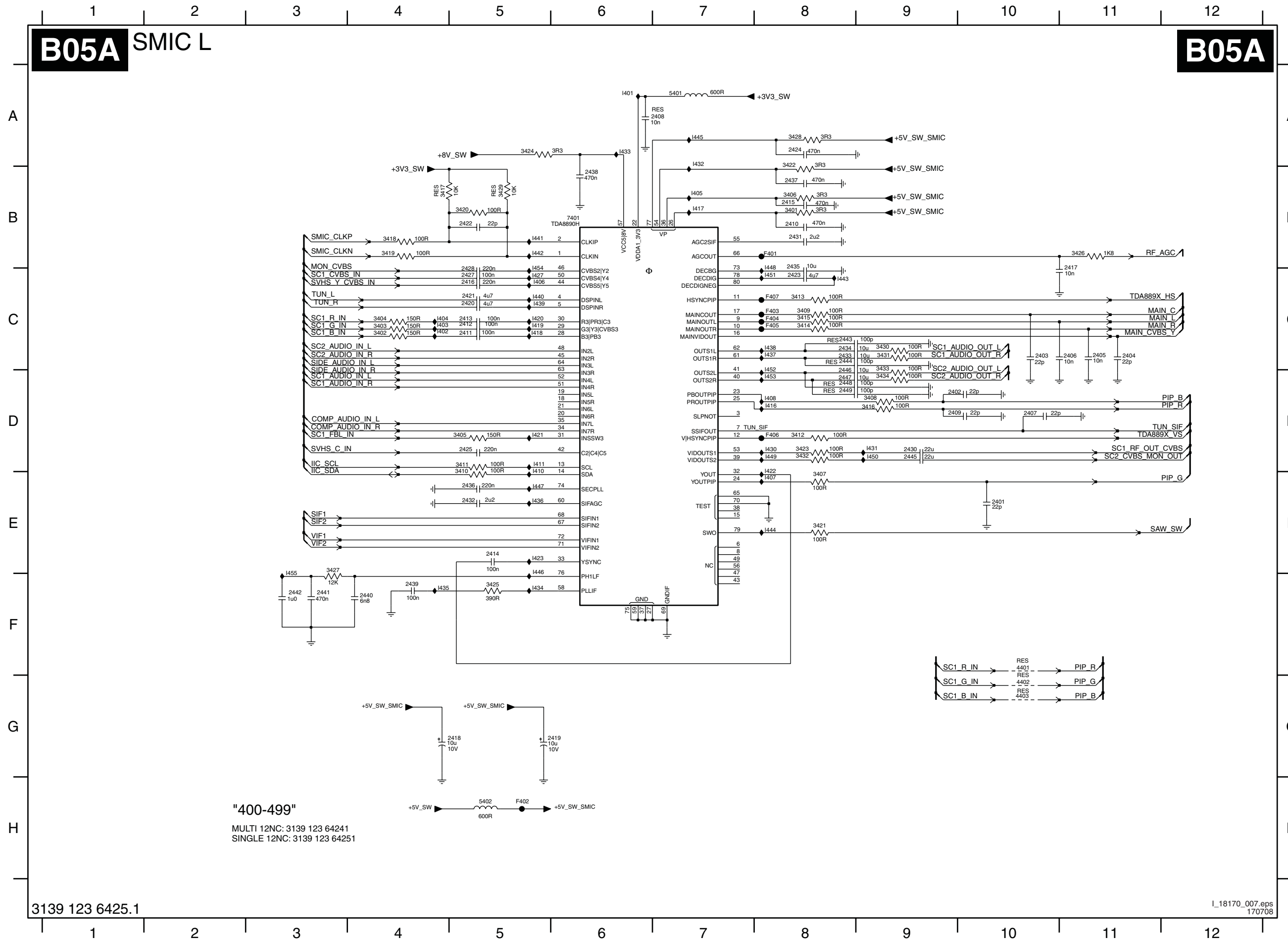
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SSB: SMIC L

B05A SMIC L

B05A

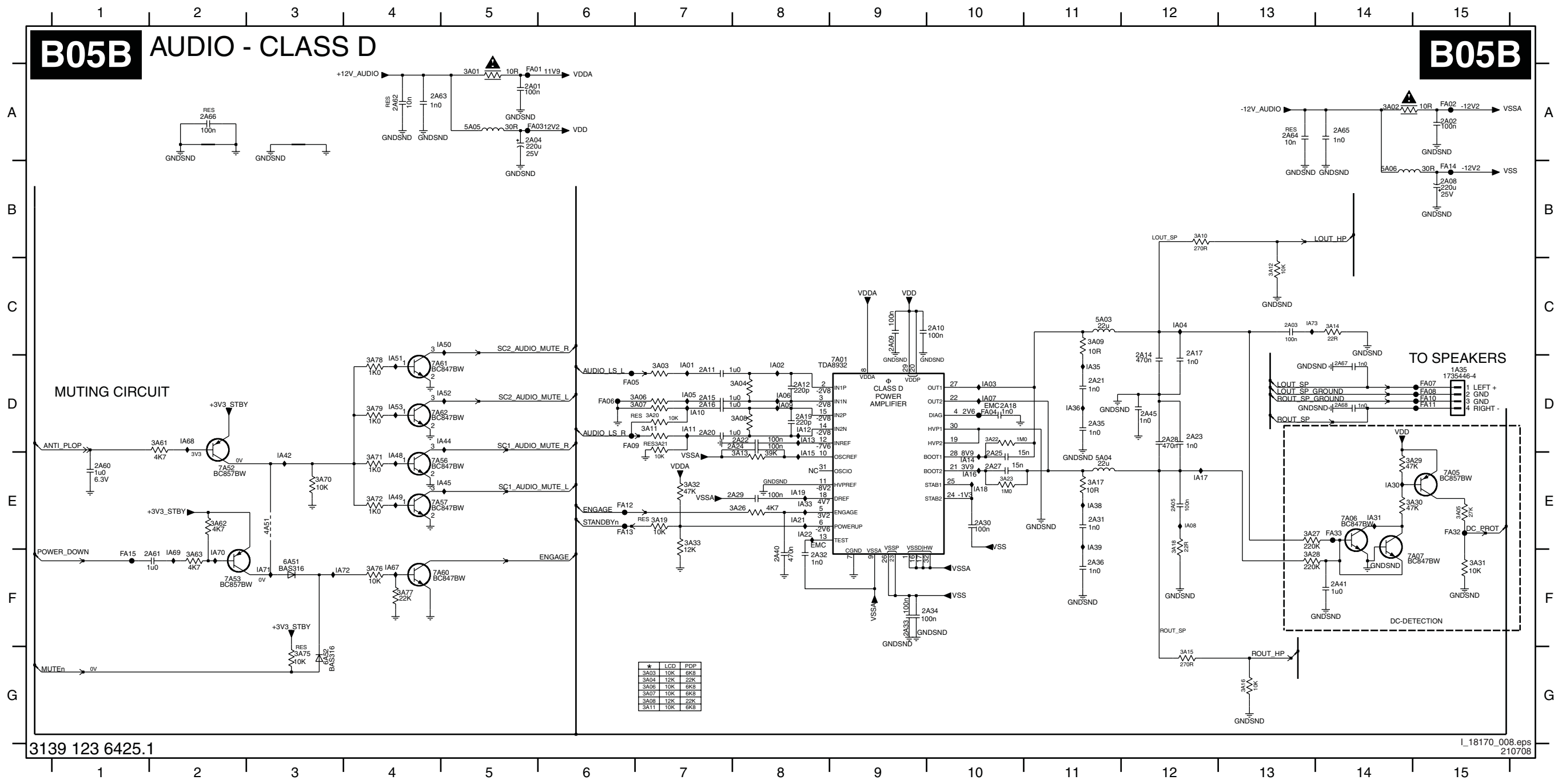


"400-499"
 MULTI 12NC: 3139 123 64241
 SINGLE 12NC: 3139 123 64251

- 2401 E10
- 2402 D9
- 2403 C10
- 2404 C11
- 2405 C11
- 2406 C11
- 2407 D10
- 2408 A7
- 2409 D9
- 2410 B8
- 2411 C5
- 2412 C5
- 2413 C5
- 2414 E5
- 2415 B8
- 2416 C5
- 2417 B11
- 2418 G5
- 2419 G6
- 2420 C5
- 2421 C5
- 2422 B5
- 2423 C8
- 2424 A8
- 2425 D5
- 2427 C5
- 2428 C5
- 2430 D9
- 2431 B9
- 2432 E5
- 2433 C8
- 2434 C8
- 2435 B8
- 2436 E5
- 2437 B8
- 2438 B6
- 2439 F4
- 2440 F4
- 2441 F3
- 2442 F3
- 2443 C8
- 2444 C8
- 2445 D9
- 2446 D8
- 2447 D8
- 2448 D8
- 2449 D8
- 3401 B8
- 3402 C4
- 3403 C4
- 3404 C4
- 3405 D5
- 3406 B8
- 3407 E8
- 3408 D9
- 3409 C8
- 3410 E5
- 3411 D5
- 3412 D8
- 3413 C8
- 3414 C8
- 3415 C8
- 3416 D9
- 3417 B4
- 3418 B4
- 3419 B4
- 3420 B5
- 3421 E8
- 3422 B8
- 3423 D8
- 3424 A5
- 3425 F5
- 3426 B11
- 3427 E3
- 3428 A8
- 3429 B5
- 3430 C9
- 3431 C9
- 3432 D8
- 3433 D9
- 3434 D9
- 4401 F10
- 4402 G10
- 4403 G10
- 5401 A7
- 5402 H5
- 7401 B6
- F401 B8
- F402 H5
- F403 C8
- F404 C8
- F405 C8
- F406 D8
- F407 C8
- I401 A6
- I402 C4
- I403 C4
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- I405 B7
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- I408 D8
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- I420 C5
- I421 D5
- I422 D8
- I423 E5
- I427 C5
- I430 D8
- I431 D9
- I432 A7
- I433 A6
- I434 F5
- I435 E5
- I436 E5
- I437 C8
- I438 C8
- I439 C5
- I440 C5
- I441 B5
- I442 B5
- I443 C8
- I444 E8
- I445 A7
- I446 E5
- I447 E5
- I448 B8
- I449 D8
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- I451 C8
- I452 C8
- I453 D8
- I454 C5
- I455 E3

SSB: Audio Class D

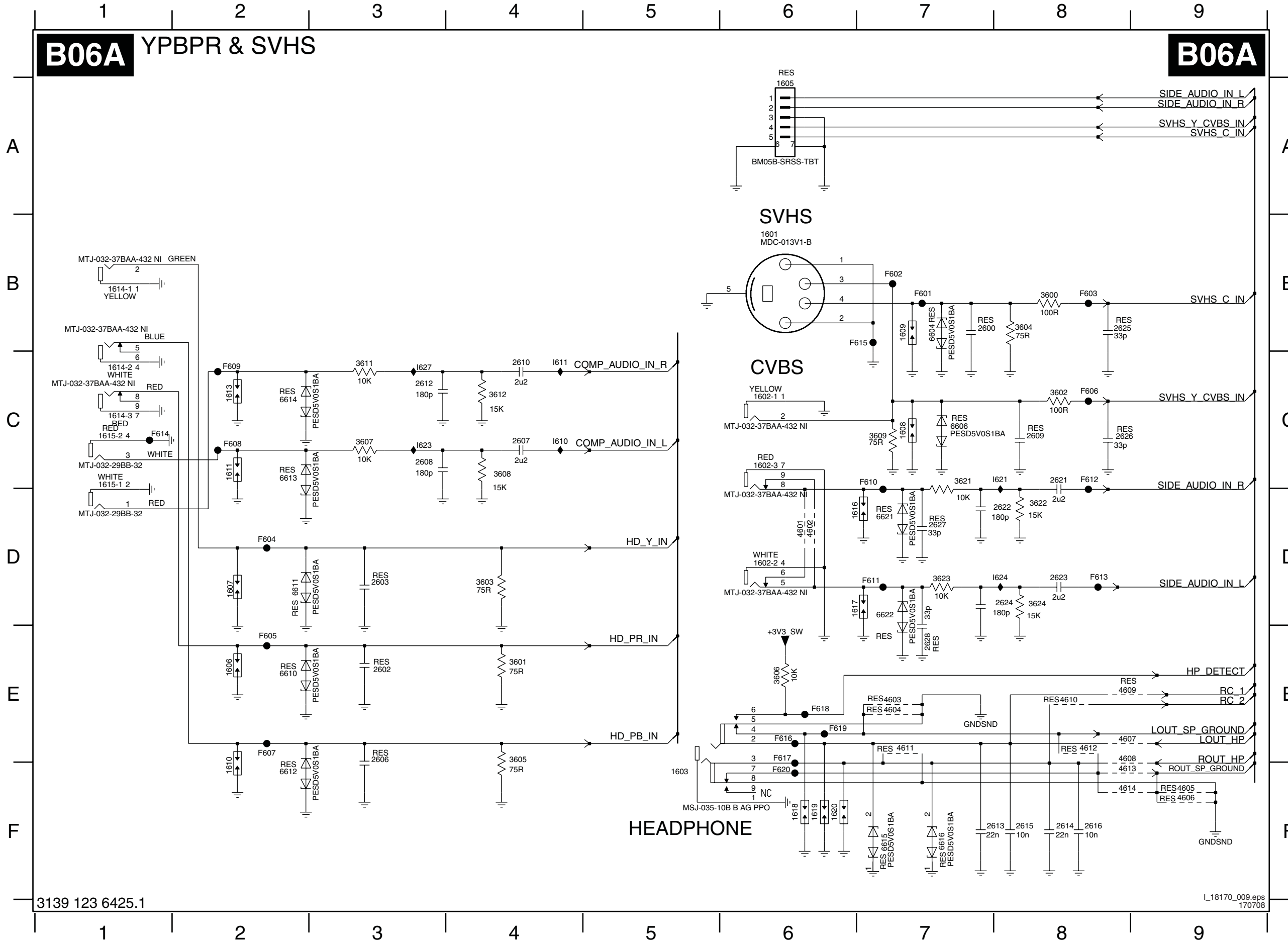
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 2A01 A5 2A08 B15 2A14 C12 2A19 D8 2A24 D8 2A30 E10 2A35 D11 2A60 E1 2A65 A14 3A02 A14 3A07 D7 3A12 C13 3A17 E11 3A22 D10 3A29 E15 3A61 D2 3A72 E4 3A79 D4 5A06 B14 7A06 E14 7A57 E4 FA02 A15 FA07 D15 FA12 E6 FA33 E14 IA05 D7 IA10 D7 IA15 E8 IA21 E8 IA35 D11 IA44 D5 IA51 D4 IA69 F2
 2A02 A15 2A09 C9 2A15 D7 2A20 D7 2A25 E10 2A31 E11 2A36 F11 2A61 F2 2A66 A2 3A03 D7 3A08 D8 3A13 E8 3A18 E12 3A23 E10 3A30 E15 3A62 E2 3A75 G3 4A51 E3 6A51 F3 7A07 F14 7A60 F4 FA03 A5 FA08 D15 FA13 E6 IA01 D7 IA06 D8 IA11 D7 IA16 E10 IA22 E8 IA38 E11 IA45 E5 IA52 D5 IA70 F2
 2A03 C13 2A10 C10 2A16 D7 2A21 D11 2A27 E10 2A32 F8 2A40 F8 2A62 A4 2A67 D14 3A04 D8 3A09 C11 3A14 C14 3A19 E7 3A26 E8 3A31 F15 3A63 F2 3A76 F4 5A03 C11 6A52 G3 7A52 E2 7A61 D4 FA04 D10 FA09 D6 FA14 B15 IA02 D8 IA07 D10 IA12 D8 IA17 E12 IA30 E14 IA48 E4 IA53 D4 IA71 F3
 2A04 A5 2A11 D7 2A17 C12 2A22 D8 2A28 D12 2A33 F9 2A41 F14 2A63 A4 2A68 D14 3A05 E15 3A10 B12 3A15 G12 3A20 D7 3A27 E13 3A32 E7 3A70 E3 3A77 F4 5A04 E11 7A01 D9 7A53 F2 7A62 D4 FA05 D6 FA10 D15 FA15 F1 IA03 D10 IA08 E12 IA13 D8 IA18 E10 IA31 E14 IA39 E11 IA49 E4 IA67 F4 IA72 F3



SSB: YPBPR & SVHS

B06A YPBPR & SVHS

B06A

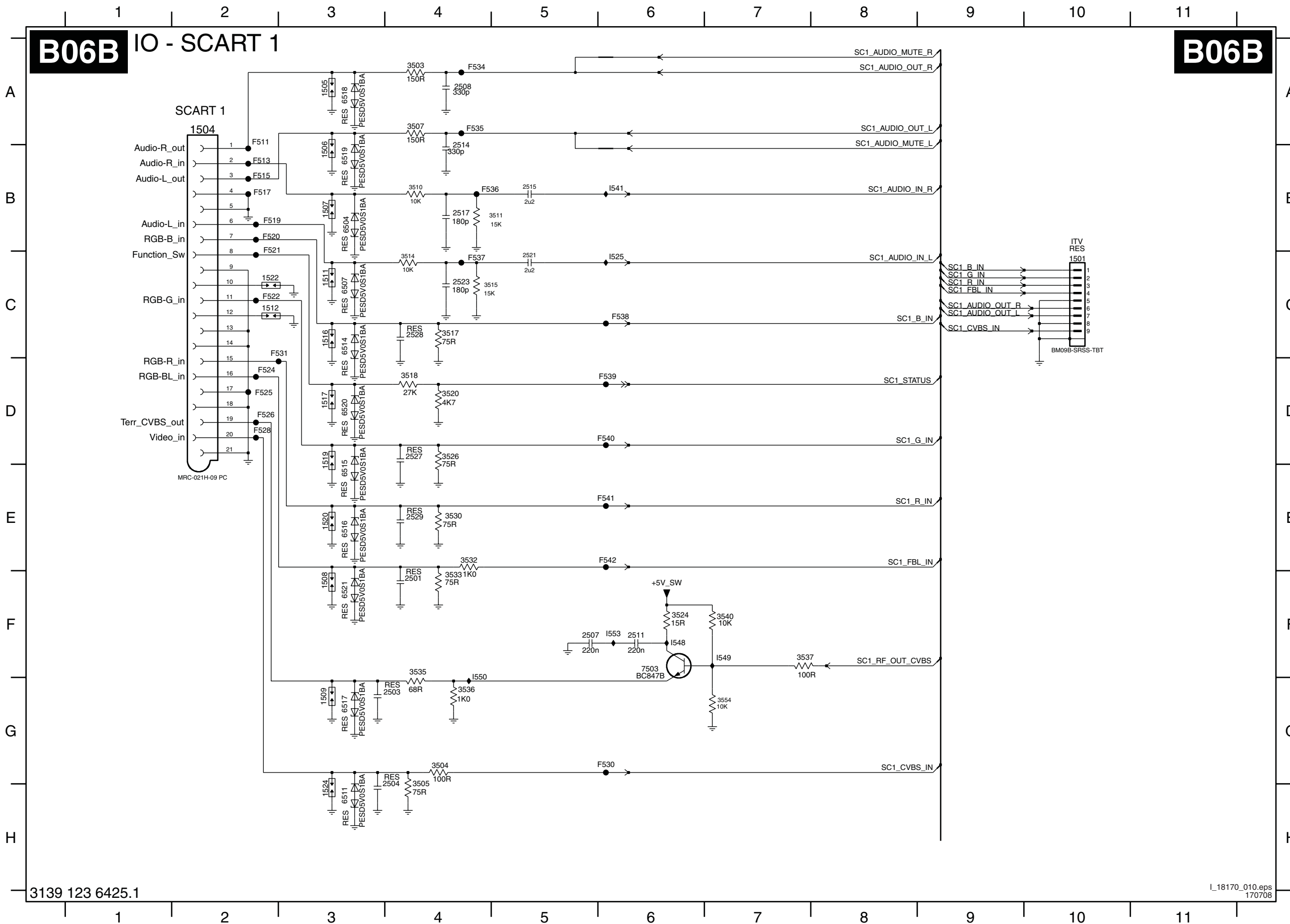


- 1601 B6
- 1602-1 C6
- 1602-2 D6
- 1602-3 C6
- 1603 F5
- 1605 A6
- 1606 E2
- 1607 D2
- 1608 C7
- 1609 B7
- 1610 F2
- 1611 C2
- 1613 C2
- 1614-1 B1
- 1614-2 C1
- 1614-3 C1
- 1615-1 C1
- 1615-2 C1
- 1616 D7
- 1617 D7
- 1618 F6
- 1619 F6
- 1620 F6
- 2600 B7
- 2602 E3
- 2603 D3
- 2606 E3
- 2607 C4
- 2608 C3
- 2609 C8
- 2610 C4
- 2612 C3
- 2613 F8
- 2614 F8
- 2615 F8
- 2616 F8
- 2621 C8
- 2622 D8
- 2623 D8
- 2624 D8
- 2625 B8
- 2626 C8
- 2627 D7
- 2628 E7
- 3600 B8
- 3601 E4
- 3602 C8
- 3603 D4
- 3604 B8
- 3605 E4
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- 3607 C3
- 3608 C4
- 3609 C7
- 3611 C3
- 3612 C4
- 3621 C7
- 3622 D8
- 3623 D7
- 3624 D8
- 4601 D6
- 4602 D6
- 4603 E7
- 4604 E7
- 4605 F9
- 4606 F9
- 4607 E8
- 4608 E8
- 4609 E8
- 4610 E8
- 4611 E7
- 4612 E8
- 4613 F8
- 4614 F8
- 6604 B7
- 6606 C7
- 6610 E2
- 6611 D2
- 6612 F2
- 6613 C2
- 6614 C2
- 6615 F7
- 6616 F7
- 6621 D7
- 6622 D7
- 6601 B7
- 6602 B7
- 6603 B8
- 6604 D2
- 6605 E2
- 6606 C8
- 6607 E2
- 6608 C2
- 6609 C2
- 6610 C7
- 6611 D7
- 6612 C8
- 6613 D8
- 6614 C1
- 6615 B7
- 6616 E6
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- 6618 E6
- 6619 E6
- 6620 F6
- 6621 C4
- 6622 C3
- 6623 C3
- 6624 D8
- 6625 B8
- 6626 C8
- 6627 D7
- 6628 E7
- 6601 E4
- 6602 C8
- 6603 C3
- 6604 E7
- 6605 F9
- 6606 F9
- 6607 E8
- 6608 E8
- 6609 E8
- 6610 E8
- 6611 E7
- 6612 E8
- 6613 F8
- 6614 F8

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SSB: IO Scart 1

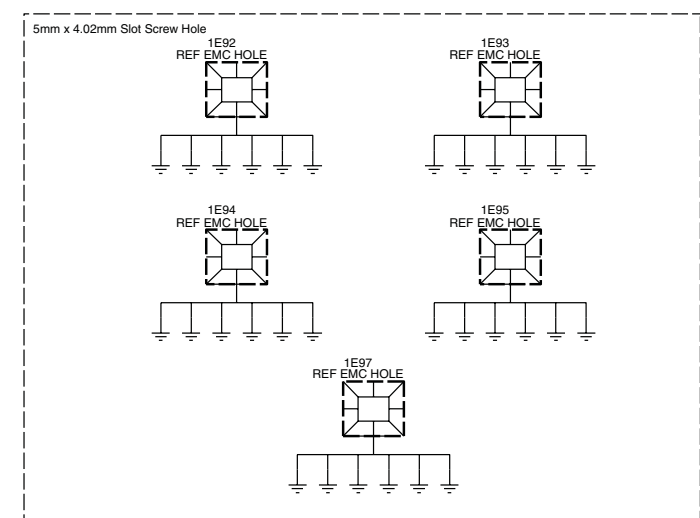
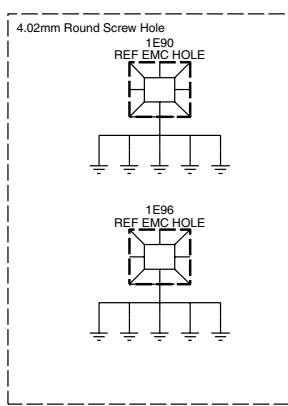
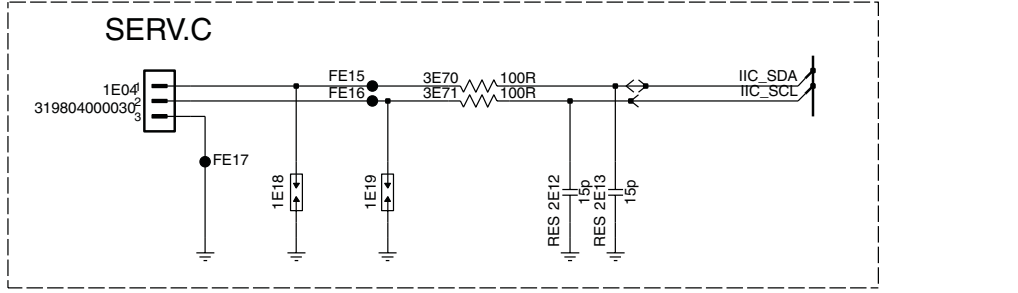
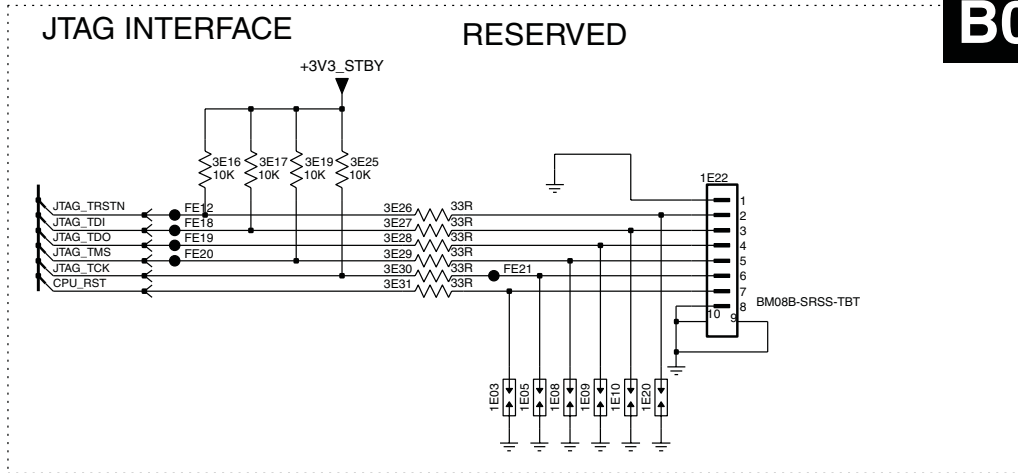
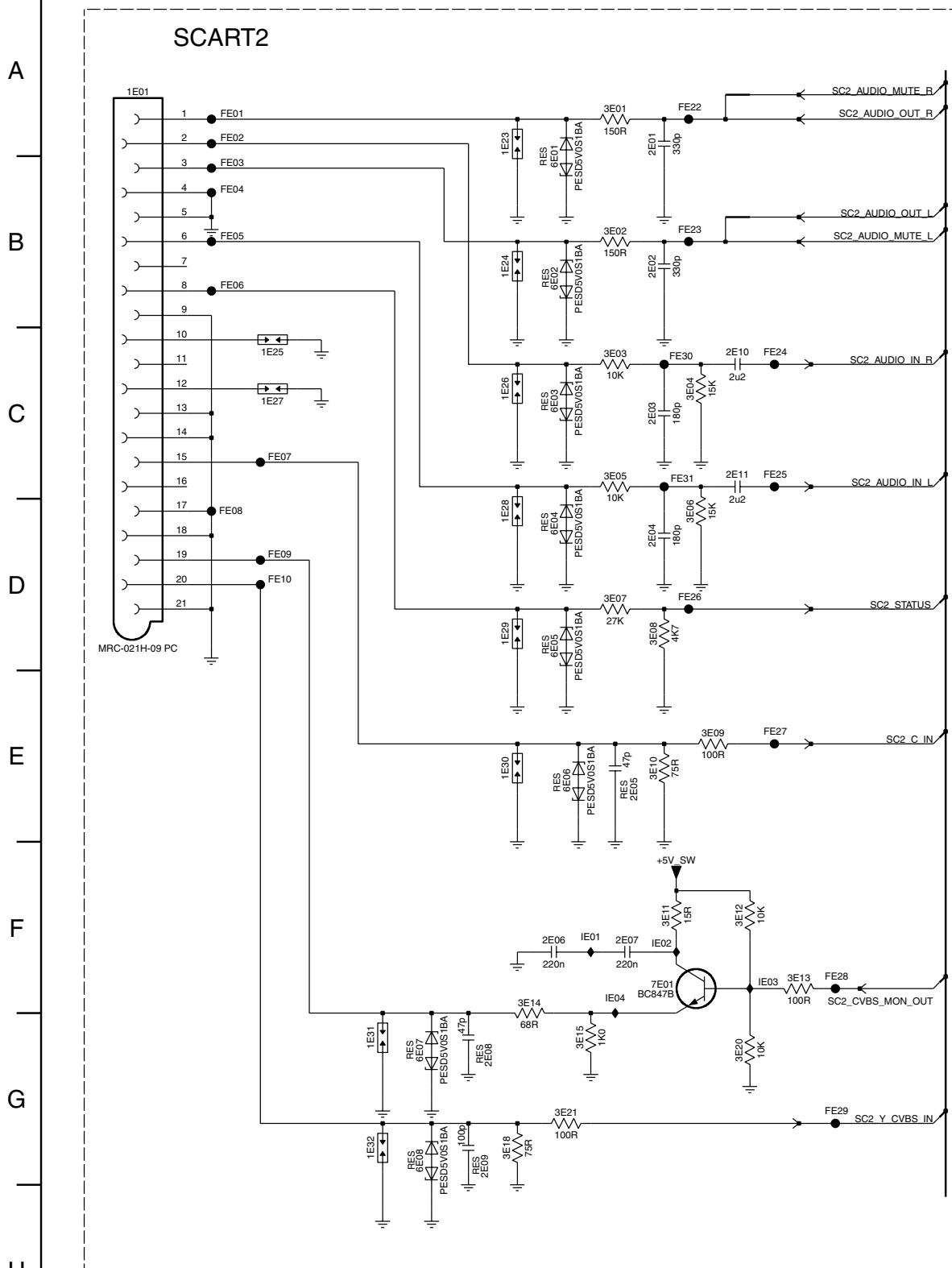


- 1501 C10
- 1504 A2
- 1505 A3
- 1506 B3
- 1507 B3
- 1508 F3
- 1509 G3
- 1511 C3
- 1512 C2
- 1516 C3
- 1517 D3
- 1519 E3
- 1520 E3
- 1522 C2
- 1524 H3
- 2501 F4
- 2503 G4
- 2504 G4
- 2507 F5
- 2508 A4
- 2511 F6
- 2514 B4
- 2515 B5
- 2517 B4
- 2521 C5
- 2523 C4
- 2527 D4
- 2528 C4
- 2529 E4
- 3503 A4
- 3504 G4
- 3505 H4
- 3507 A4
- 3510 B4
- 3511 B5
- 3514 C4
- 3515 C4
- 3517 C4
- 3518 D4
- 3520 D4
- 3524 F6
- 3526 D4
- 3530 E4
- 3532 E4
- 3533 F4
- 3535 F4
- 3536 G4
- 3537 F7
- 3540 F7
- 3554 G7
- 6504 B3
- 6507 C3
- 6511 H3
- 6514 C3
- 6515 E3
- 6516 E3
- 6517 G3
- 6518 A3
- 6519 B3
- 6520 D3
- 6521 F3
- 7503 F6
- F511 A2
- F513 B2
- F515 B2
- F517 B2
- F519 B2
- F520 B2
- F521 C2
- F522 C2
- F524 D2
- F525 D2
- F526 D2
- F528 D2
- F530 G5
- F534 A4
- F535 A4
- F536 B4
- F537 C4
- F538 C6
- F539 D6
- F540 D5
- F541 E5
- F542 E6
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- I553 F6

SSB: Scart2 & UART & JTAG

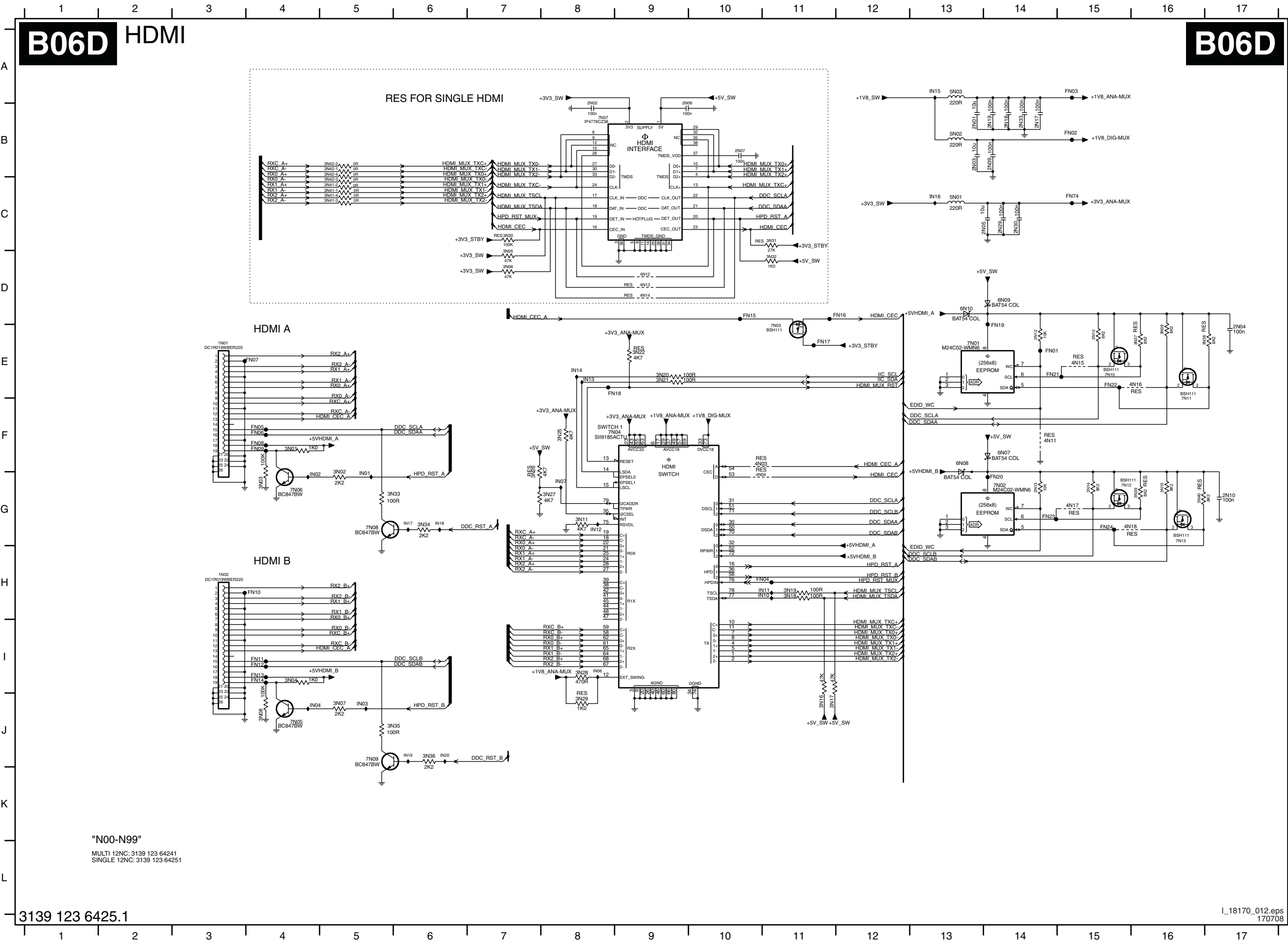
B06C SCART2 & UART & JTAG

B06C



- 1E01 A1
- 1E03 B8
- 1E04 C6
- 1E05 B8
- 1E08 B8
- 1E09 B8
- 1E10 B8
- 1E18 C7
- 1E19 C7
- 1E20 B9
- 1E22 A9
- 1E23 A3
- 1E24 B3
- 1E25 C1
- 1E26 C3
- 1E27 C1
- 1E28 D3
- 1E29 D3
- 1E30 E3
- 1E31 G2
- 1E32 G2
- 1E90 F6
- 1E92 F8
- 1E93 F9
- 1E94 G8
- 1E95 G9
- 1E96 G6
- 1E97 H9
- 2E01 A4
- 2E02 B4
- 2E03 C4
- 2E04 D4
- 2E05 E4
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- 2E10 C4
- 2E11 C4
- 2E12 C8
- 2E13 C8
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- 3E02 B3
- 3E03 C3
- 3E04 C4
- 3E05 C3
- 3E06 D4
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- 3E08 D4
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- 3E10 E4
- 3E11 F4
- 3E12 F4
- 3E13 F5
- 3E14 F3
- 3E15 G3
- 3E16 A7
- 3E17 A7
- 3E18 G3
- 3E19 A7
- 3E20 G4
- 3E21 G3
- 3E25 A7
- 3E26 A7
- 3E27 A7
- 3E28 A7
- 3E29 A7
- 3E30 B7
- 3E31 B7
- 3E70 C8
- 3E71 C8
- 6E01 A3
- 6E02 B3
- 6E03 C3
- 6E04 D3
- 6E05 D3
- 6E06 E3
- 6E07 G2
- 6E08 G2
- 7E01 F4
- FE01 A1
- FE02 A1
- FE03 B1
- FE04 B1
- FE05 B1
- FE06 B1
- FE07 C2
- FE08 D1
- FE09 D2
- FE10 D2
- FE12 A7
- FE15 C7
- FE16 C7
- FE17 C7
- FE18 A7
- FE19 A7
- FE20 A7
- FE21 B8
- FE22 A4
- FE23 B4
- FE24 C4
- FE25 C4
- FE26 D4
- FE27 E4
- FE28 F5
- FE29 G5
- FE30 C4
- FE31 C4
- IE01 F3
- IE02 F4
- IE03 F4
- IE04 F3

SSB: HDMI



- 1N01 E3
- 1N02 H3
- 2N01 B13
- 2N02 B8
- 2N03 B13
- 2N04 E17
- 2N05 C14
- 2N06 B9
- 2N07 B10
- 2N10 G17
- 2N17 B14
- 2N18 B14
- 2N19 B14
- 2N29 C14
- 2N30 C14
- 2N33 B14
- 2N39 B14
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- 3N02 G5
- 3N03 G4
- 3N04 H4
- 3N05 D7
- 3N06 D7
- 3N07 J5
- 3N08 J9
- 3N09 E16
- 3N10 E15
- 3N11 G8
- 3N12 E14
- 3N13 G14
- 3N14 G15
- 3N15 G16
- 3N16 H11
- 3N17 J11
- 3N18 H11
- 3N19 H11
- 3N20 E9
- 3N21 E9
- 3N22 E9
- 3N25 F8
- 3N26 F7
- 3N27 G8
- 3N28 B8
- 3N29 B8
- 3N30 C7
- 3N31 C11
- 3N32 D11
- 3N33 G6
- 3N34 G6
- 3N35 J6
- 3N36 J6
- 3N37 E16
- 3N38 E17
- 3N39 G16
- 3N40 G16
- 3N41-1 C5
- 3N41-2 C5
- 3N41-3 C5
- 3N41-4 C5
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- 3N42-3 C5
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- 4N14 D9
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- 7N12 G15
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- FN01 E14
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- FN06 F4
- FN07 E4
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- FN09 F4
- FN10 H4
- FN11 I4
- FN12 I4
- FN13 I4
- FN14 I4
- FN15 D10
- FN16 D12
- FN17 H11
- FN18 E8
- FN19 E14
- FN20 G14
- FN21 E14
- FN22 E15
- FN23 G14
- FN24 G15
- FN74 C15
- IN01 G5
- IN02 G4
- IN03 J5
- IN04 J4
- IN06 I8
- IN07 G8
- IN10 H11
- IN11 H11
- IN12 G8
- IN13 E8
- IN14 E8
- IN15 A13
- IN16 C13
- IN17 G6
- IN18 G6
- IN19 J6
- IN20 J6

"N00-N99"
 MULTI 12NC: 3139 123 64241
 SINGLE 12NC: 3139 123 64251

SSB: SRP List Explanation

Example

Net Name	Diagram
+12-15V	AP1 (4x)
+12-15V	AP4 (4x)
+12-15V	AP5 (12x)
+12-15V	AP6 (4x)
+12-15V	AP7 (8x)
+12V	AP1 (4x)
+12V_NF	AP1 (2x)
+12VAL	AP1 (2x)
+25VLP	AP1 (4x)
+25VLP	AP2 (1x)
+3V3-STANDBY	AP5 (3x)
+400V-F	AP1 (2x)
+400V-F	AP2 (2x)
+400V-F	AP3 (2x)
+5V2	AP1 (6x)
+5V2	AP2 (1x)
+5V2-NF	AP1 (1x)
+5V2-NF	AP2 (1x)
+5V-SW	AP1 (6x)
+5V-SW	AP2 (1x)
+8V6	AP1 (3x)
+AUX	AP1 (2x)
+AUX	AP2 (1x)
+DC-F	AP1 (2x)
+DC-F	AP3 (2x)
+SUB-SPEAKER	AP5 (1x)
+SUB-SPEAKER	AP6 (2x)
-12-15V	AP1 (4x)
-12-15V	AP4 (6x)
-12-15V	AP5 (14x)
-12-15V	AP6 (6x)
-12-15V	AP7 (8x)
AL-OFF	AP1 (2x)
AUDIO-L	AP4 (1x)
AUDIO-L	AP5 (1x)
AUDIO-PROT	AP5 (3x)
AUDIO-R	AP4 (1x)
AUDIO-R	AP5 (1x)
AUDIO-SW	AP5 (1x)
AUDIO-SW	AP7 (1x)
BOOST	AP1 (2x)
CPROT	AP4 (2x)
CPROT	AP5 (1x)
CPROT-SW	AP5 (1x)
CPROT-SW	AP6 (2x)
-DC-F	AP1 (2x)
-DC-F	AP3 (2x)
DC-PROT	AP1 (1x)
DC-PROT	AP5 (2x)
DIM-CONTROL	AP1 (2x)
FEEDBACK+SW	AP6 (2x)
FEEDBACK-L	AP4 (2x)
FEEDBACK-R	AP4 (2x)
FEEDBACK-SW	AP6 (2x)
GND-AL	AP1 (2x)
GNDHA	AP1 (40x)
GNDHA	AP2 (20x)
GNDHA	AP3 (2x)
GNDHOT	AP3 (2x)
GND-L	AP1 (2x)
GND-L	AP4 (4x)
GND-L	AP5 (34x)
GND-LL	AP4 (7x)
GND-LL	AP5 (1x)
GND-LR	AP4 (7x)
GND-LR	AP5 (1x)
GND-LSW	AP5 (1x)
GND-LSW	AP6 (15x)
GND-S	AP1 (11x)
GND-SA	AP4 (8x)
GND-SA	AP5 (2x)
GND-SA	AP6 (8x)
GND-SA	AP7 (6x)
GNDscrew	AP3 (2x)
GNDscrew	AP5 (2x)
GND-SSB	AP5 (3x)
GND-SSP	AP1 (51x)
GND-SSP	AP2 (15x)
IN+SW	AP6 (2x)
IN-L	AP4 (2x)
IN-R	AP4 (2x)
IN-SW	AP6 (2x)
INV-MUTE	AP4 (1x)
INV-MUTE	AP5 (1x)
INV-MUTE	AP6 (1x)
LEFT-SPEAKER	AP4 (1x)
LEFT-SPEAKER	AP5 (1x)
MUTE	AP4 (2x)
MUTE	AP5 (1x)
MUTE	AP6 (2x)
ON-OFF	AP1 (3x)
OUT	AP6 (1x)
OUT	AP7 (2x)
OUTN	AP6 (1x)
OUTN	AP7 (1x)
POWER-GOOD	AP1 (2x)
POWER-OK-PLATFORM	AP1 (2x)
RIGHT-SPEAKER	AP4 (1x)
RIGHT-SPEAKER	AP5 (1x)
SOUND-ENABLE	AP5 (3x)
STANDBY	AP1 (5x)
STANDBY	AP2 (1x)
-SUB-SPEAKER	AP5 (1x)
-SUB-SPEAKER	AP6 (2x)
V-CLAMP	AP1 (1x)
V-CLAMP	AP3 (2x)

1.1. Introduction

SRP (Service Reference Protocol) is a software tool that creates a list with all references to signal lines. The list contains references to the signals within all schematics of a PWB. It replaces the text references currently printed next to the signal names in the schematics. These printed references are created manually and are therefore not guaranteed to be 100% correct. In addition, in the current crowded schematics there is often none or very little place for these references. Some of the PWB schematics will use SRP while others will still use the manual references. Either there will be an SRP reference list for a schematic, or there will be printed references in the schematic.

1.2. Non-SRP Schematics

There are several different signals available in a schematic:

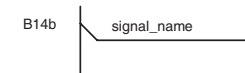
1.2.1. Power Supply Lines

All power supply lines are available in the supply line overview (see chapter 6). In the schematics (see chapter 7) is not indicated where supplies are coming from or going to. It is however indicated if a supply is incoming (created elsewhere), or outgoing (created or adapted in the current schematic).



1.2.2. Normal Signals

For normal signals, a schematic reference (e.g. B14b) is placed next to the signals.

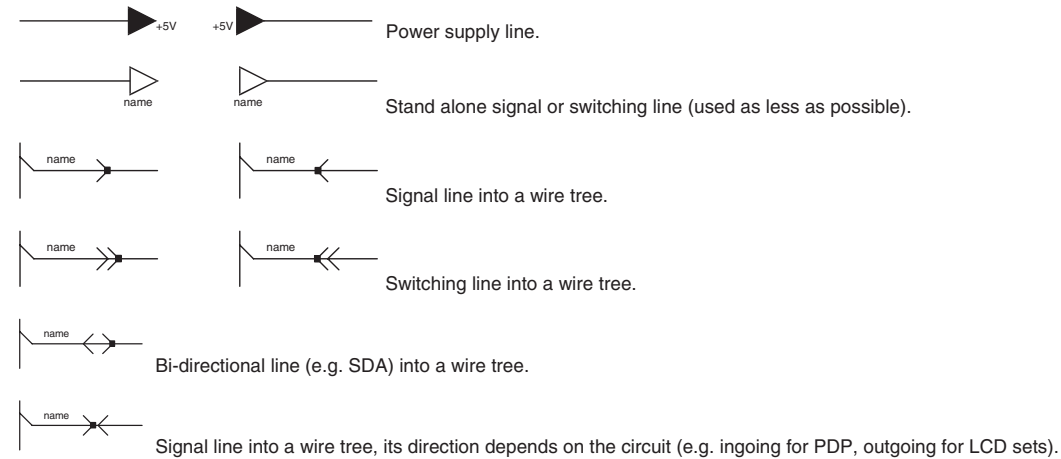


1.2.3. Grounds

For normal and special grounds (e.g. GNDHOT or GND3V3 etc.), nothing is indicated.

1.3. SRP Schematics

SRP is a tool, which automatically creates a list with signal references, indicating on which schematic the signals are used. A reference is created for all signals indicated with an SRP symbol, these symbols are:



Remarks:

- When there is a black dot on the "signal direction arrow" it is an SRP symbol, so there will be a reference to the signal name in the SRP list.
- All references to normal grounds (Ground symbols without additional text) are not listed in the reference list, this to keep it concise.
- Signals that are not used in multiple schematics, but only once or several times in the same schematic, are included in the SRP reference list, but only with one reference.

Additional Tip:

When using the PDF service manual file, you can very easily search for signal names and follow the signal over all the schematics. In Adobe PDF reader:

- Select the signal name you want to search for, with the "Select text" tool.
- Copy and paste the signal name in the "Search PDF" tool.
- Search for all occurrences of the signal name.
- Now you can quickly jump between the different occurrences and follow the signal over all schematics. It is advised to "zoom in" to e.g. 150% to see clearly, which text is selected. Then you can zoom out, to get an overview of the complete schematic.

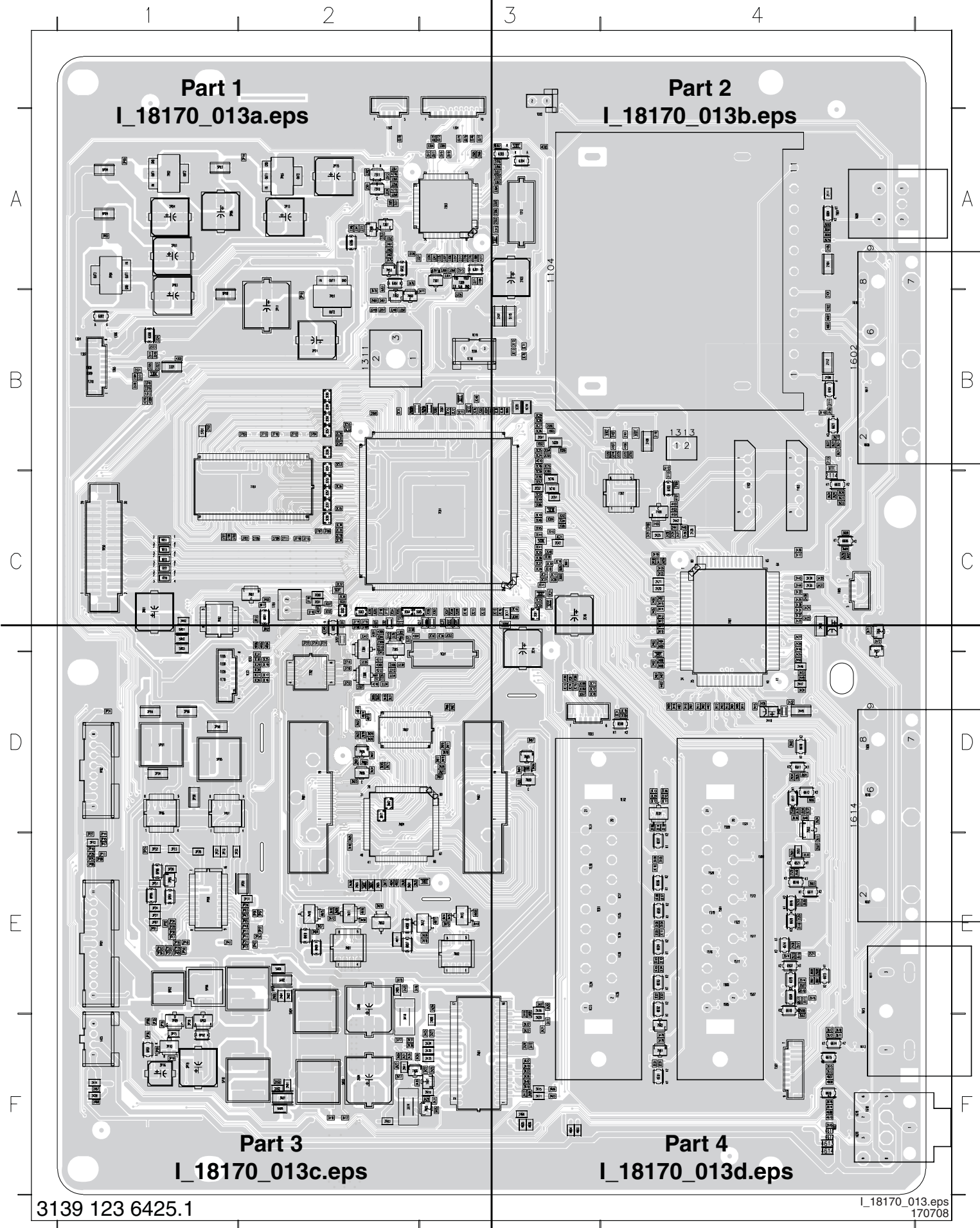
PS. It is recommended to use at least Adobe PDF (reader) version 6.x, due to better search possibilities in this version.

Personal Notes:

SSB: SRP List

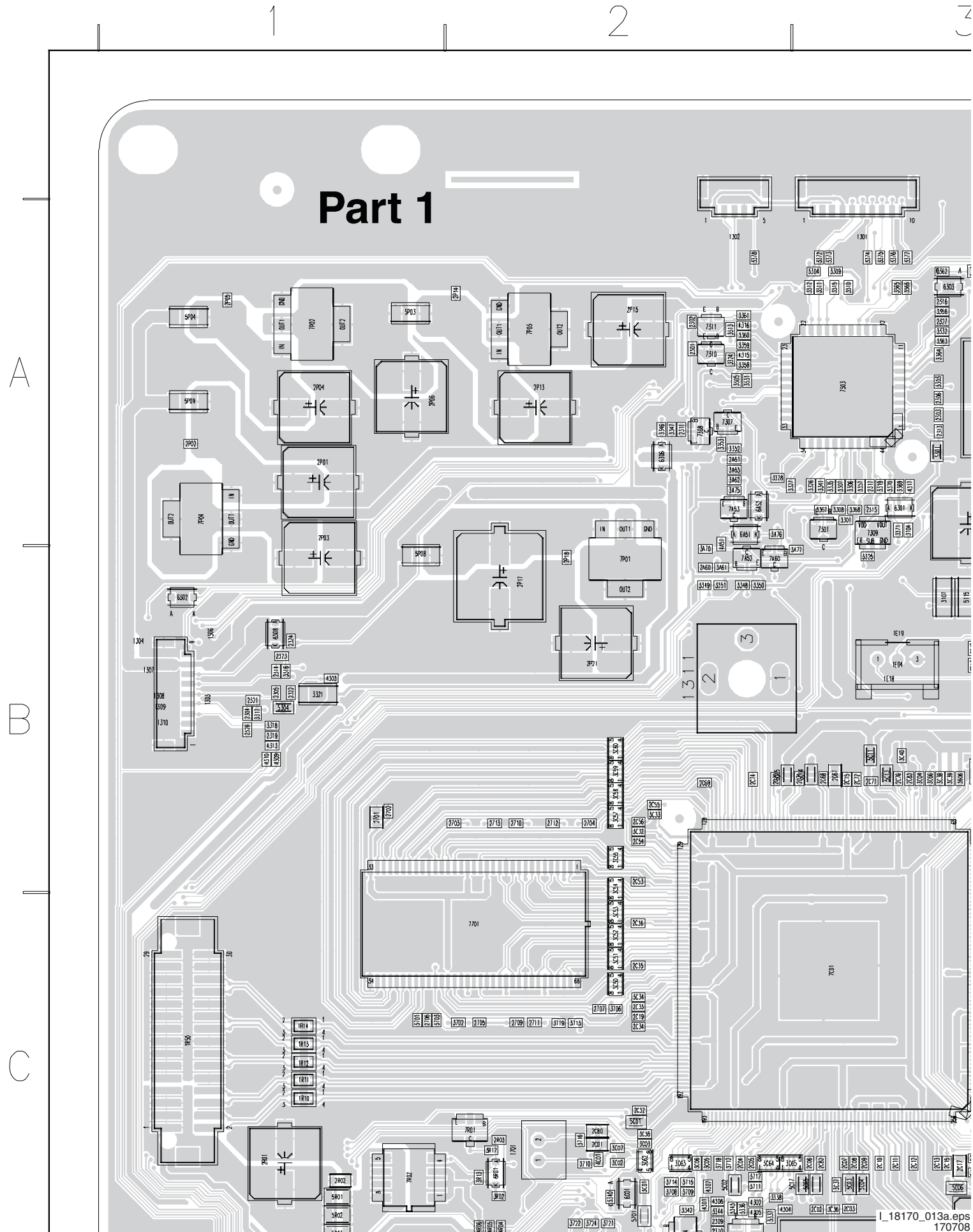
Netname	Schematic						
+12V_AUDIO	B01 (1x)	GND60	B04A (2x)	MAIN_CVBS_Y	B04A (1x)	SC1_FBL_IN	B06B (2x)
+12V_AUDIO	B05B (1x)	GND78	B04A (2x)	MAIN_CVBS_Y	B05A (1x)	SC1_G_IN	B05A (2x)
+12V_DISP	B01 (3x)	GND86	B04A (2x)	MAIN_L	B04A (1x)	SC1_G_IN	B06B (2x)
+12V_DISP	B03 (1x)	GND97	B04A (3x)	MAIN_L	B05A (1x)	SC1_R_IN	B05A (2x)
+12V_DISP	B04C (1x)	GNDDC1	B01 (13x)	MAIN_NVM_WC	B03 (1x)	SC1_R_IN	B06B (2x)
+1V8_ANA-MUX	B06D (3x)	GNDSDND	B01 (5x)	MAIN_NVM_WC	B04A (1x)	SC1_RF_OUT_CVBS	B05A (1x)
+1V8_DIG-MUX	B06D (2x)	GNDSDND	B05B (28x)	MAIN_R	B04A (1x)	SC1_RF_OUT_CVBS	B06B (1x)
+1V8_SW	B01 (2x)	GNDSTND	B06A (2x)	MAIN_R	B05A (1x)	SC1_STATUS	B03 (1x)
+1V8_SW	B04A (3x)	GNDTUN	B01 (1x)	MD(0)	B04A (1x)	SC1_STATUS	B04A (1x)
+1V8_SW	B06D (1x)	HD_PB_IN	B04A (1x)	MD(0)	B04B (1x)	SC1_STATUS	B06B (1x)
+1V8_SW_ADC	B01 (1x)	HD_PB_IN	B06A (1x)	MD(1)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_IN_L	B05A (1x)
+1V8_SW_ADC	B04A (2x)	HD_PB_IN	B04A (1x)	MD(1)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_IN_L	B06C (1x)
+1V8_SW_LOCAL	B04A (4x)	HD_FR_IN	B06A (1x)	MD(10)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_IN_R	B05A (1x)
+2V5_SW	B01 (2x)	HD_FR_IN	B04A (1x)	MD(10)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_IN_R	B06C (1x)
+2V5_SW	B04A (2x)	HD_Y_IN	B06A (1x)	MD(11)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_MUTE_L	B05B (1x)
+2V5_SW	B04B (3x)	HD_Y_IN	B03 (1x)	MD(11)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_MUTE_L	B06C (1x)
+3V3_ANA-MUX	B06D (4x)	HDMI_CEC	B04A (1x)	MD(12)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_MUTE_R	B05B (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B01 (1x)	HDMI_CEC	B06D (4x)	MD(13)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_MUTE_R	B06C (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B03 (18x)	HDMI_CEC_A	B04A (1x)	MD(13)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_OUT_L	B05A (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B04A (2x)	HDMI_MUX_RST	B06D (1x)	MD(14)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_OUT_L	B06C (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B05B (3x)	HDMI_MUX_RST	B04A (1x)	MD(14)	B04A (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_OUT_R	B05A (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B06C (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TSCL	B06D (1x)	MD(15)	B04B (1x)	SC2_AUDIO_OUT_R	B06C (1x)
+3V3_STBY	B06D (3x)	HDMI_MUX_TSCL	B04A (1x)	MD(15)	B04A (1x)	SC2_C_IN	B04A (1x)
+3V3_SW	B01 (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TSDA	B06D (1x)	MD(15)	B04B (1x)	SC2_C_IN	B06C (1x)
+3V3_SW	B03 (2x)	HDMI_MUX_TSDA	B04A (1x)	MD(2)	B04A (1x)	SC2_CVBS_MON_OUT	B03 (1x)
+3V3_SW	B04A (14x)	HDMI_MUX_TX0-	B06D (3x)	MD(2)	B04B (1x)	SC2_CVBS_MON_OUT	B05A (1x)
+3V3_SW	B04B (2x)	HDMI_MUX_TX0+	B04A (1x)	MD(3)	B04A (1x)	SC2_CVBS_MON_OUT	B06C (1x)
+3V3_SW	B05A (2x)	HDMI_MUX_TX0+	B06D (3x)	MD(3)	B04B (1x)	SC2_STATUS	B04A (1x)
+3V3_SW	B06A (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TX1-	B04A (1x)	MD(4)	B04A (1x)	SC2_STATUS	B06C (1x)
+3V3_SW	B06D (4x)	HDMI_MUX_TX1+	B06D (3x)	MD(4)	B04B (1x)	SC2_Y_CVBS_IN	B04A (1x)
+3V3_SW_TDA	B01 (2x)	HDMI_MUX_TX1+	B04A (1x)	MD(5)	B04A (1x)	SC2_Y_CVBS_IN	B06C (1x)
+3V3_SW_TDA	B04A (6x)	HDMI_MUX_TX2-	B06D (3x)	MD(5)	B04B (1x)	SDCLKN	B04A (1x)
+5V_IF	B02 (4x)	HDMI_MUX_TX2+	B04A (1x)	MD(6)	B04A (1x)	SDCLKP	B04B (2x)
+5V_SW	B01 (6x)	HDMI_MUX_TX2+	B06D (3x)	MD(7)	B04B (1x)	SDCLKP	B04B (2x)
+5V_SW	B02 (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TXC-	B04A (1x)	MD(8)	B04A (1x)	SIDE_AUDIO_IN_L	B05A (1x)
+5V_SW	B03 (8x)	HDMI_MUX_TXC-	B06D (3x)	MD(8)	B04B (1x)	SIDE_AUDIO_IN_L	B06A (2x)
+5V_SW	B05A (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TXC+	B04A (1x)	MD(9)	B04A (1x)	SIDE_AUDIO_IN_R	B05A (1x)
+5V_SW	B06B (1x)	HDMI_MUX_TXC+	B06D (3x)	MD(9)	B04B (1x)	SIDE_AUDIO_IN_R	B06A (2x)
+5V_SW	B06C (1x)	HP_DETECT	B04A (1x)	MON_CVBS	B04A (1x)	SIF1	B02 (1x)
+5V_SW	B06D (1x)	HP_DETECT	B06A (1x)	MON_CVBS	B05A (1x)	SIF1	B05A (1x)
+5V_SW_SMIC	B05A (7x)	HPD_DETECT	B02 (2x)	MUTE _n	B03 (1x)	SIF2	B02 (1x)
+5V_TUN	B06D (3x)	HPD_RST_A	B06D (2x)	MUTE _n	B05B (1x)	SIF2	B05A (1x)
+5V_TUN	B06D (3x)	HPD_RST_B	B06D (2x)	PIP_B	B04A (1x)	SMIC_CLKN	B04A (1x)
+5V_TUN	B06D (3x)	HPD_RST_MUX	B04A (1x)	PIP_B	B05A (2x)	SMIC_CLKP	B05A (1x)
+8V_SW	B01 (1x)	HPD_RST_MUX	B04B (1x)	PIP_G	B04A (1x)	SMIC_CLKP	B04A (1x)
+8V_SW	B05A (1x)	HPD_RST_MUX	B06D (2x)	PIP_G	B05A (2x)	SPI_CEN	B04A (1x)
+VTUN	B01 (1x)	IF_ATV	B02 (2x)	PIP_R	B04A (1x)	SPI_CEN	B04B (1x)
+VTUN	B02 (1x)	IIC_SCL	B02 (1x)	PIP_R	B05A (2x)	SPI_SCK	B04A (1x)
-12V_AUDIO	B01 (1x)	IIC_SCL	B03 (3x)	POWER_DOWN	B03 (1x)	SPI_SCK	B04B (2x)
-12V_AUDIO	B05B (1x)	IIC_SCL	B04A (1x)	POWER_DOWN	B04A (1x)	SPI_SDI	B04A (1x)
ANTI_PLOP	B03 (1x)	IIC_SCL	B05A (1x)	POWER_DOWN	B05B (1x)	SPI_SDI	B04B (1x)
ANTI_PLOP	B05B (1x)	IIC_SCL	B06C (1x)	POWER_ONOFF	B03 (2x)	SPI_SDO	B04A (1x)
AUDIO_LS_L	B04A (1x)	IIC_SDA	B06D (1x)	POWER_ONOFF_LOCTOP	B03 (1x)	SPI_SDO	B04B (1x)
AUDIO_LS_L	B05B (1x)	IIC_SDA	B02 (1x)	POWER_ONOFF_LOCTOP	B04A (1x)	STANDBY	B01 (1x)
AUDIO_LS_R	B04A (1x)	IIC_SDA	B03 (3x)	RASN	B04A (1x)	STANDBY	B03 (2x)
AUDIO_LS_R	B05B (1x)	IIC_SDA	B04A (1x)	RASN	B04B (1x)	STANDBY _n	B03 (1x)
BA0	B04A (1x)	IIC_SDA	B05A (1x)	RC_1	B03 (1x)	STANDBY _n	B05B (1x)
BA0	B04B (1x)	IIC_SDA	B06C (1x)	RC_1	B06A (1x)	SVHS_C_IN	B05A (1x)
BA1	B04A (1x)	IIC_SDA	B06D (1x)	RC_2	B03 (1x)	SVHS_C_IN	B06A (2x)
BA1	B04B (1x)	JTAG_TCK	B04A (1x)	RC_2	B06A (1x)	SVHS_Y_CVBS_IN	B05A (1x)
BL_ADJ	B03 (1x)	JTAG_TCK	B06C (1x)	REMOTE	B03 (3x)	SVHS_Y_CVBS_IN	B06A (2x)
BL_ADJ	B04A (1x)	JTAG_TDI	B04A (1x)	REMOTE	B04A (1x)	TDA889X_HS	B04A (1x)
BL_ADJUST_PWM	B01 (1x)	JTAG_TDI	B06C (1x)	REMOTE_IN	B03 (2x)	TDA889X_HS	B05A (1x)
BL_ADJUST_PWM	B03 (1x)	JTAG_TDO	B04A (1x)	RF_AGC	B02 (1x)	TDA889X_VS	B04A (1x)
BL_BOOST	B01 (1x)	JTAG_TDO	B06C (1x)	RF_AGC	B05A (1x)	TDA889X_VS	B05A (1x)
BL_BOOST_PWM	B03 (1x)	JTAG_TMS	B04A (1x)	ROUT_HP	B05B (1x)	TRAP2	B04A (1x)
BL_BOOST_PWM	B03 (1x)	JTAG_TMS	B06C (1x)	ROUT_HP	B06A (1x)	TRAP2	B04B (1x)
BL_BOOST_PWM	B04A (1x)	JTAG_TRSTN	B04A (1x)	ROUT_SP	B05B (1x)	TRAP4	B04A (1x)
BL_ON_OFF	B03 (1x)	JTAG_TRSTN	B06C (1x)	ROUT_SP_GROUND	B05B (1x)	TRAP4	B04B (1x)
BL_ON_OFF	B04A (1x)	KEYB	B03 (2x)	ROUT_SP_GROUND	B06A (1x)	TUN_L	B04A (1x)
BL_ON_OFF_2	B01 (1x)	KEYB	B04A (1x)	RX0_A-	B06D (2x)	TUN_L	B05A (1x)
BL_ON_OFF_2	B03 (2x)	LCD_PWR_ON	B04A (1x)	RX0_A+	B06D (2x)	TUN_R	B04A (1x)
CASN	B04A (1x)	LCD_PWR_ON	B04C (1x)	RX0_B-	B06D (1x)	TUN_R	B05A (1x)
CASN	B04B (1x)	LED1	B03 (2x)	RX0_B+	B06D (1x)	TUN_SIF	B04A (1x)
CKE	B04A (1x)	LED2	B03 (2x)	RX1_A-	B06D (2x)	TUN_SIF	B05A (1x)
CKE	B04B (2x)	LOUT_HP	B05B (1x)	RX1_A+	B06D (2x)	TxAn	B04A (1x)
COMP_AUDIO_IN_L	B05A (1x)	LOUT_HP	B06A (1x)	RX1_B-	B06D (1x)	TxAn	B04C (1x)
COMP_AUDIO_IN_L	B06A (1x)	LOUT_SP_GROUND	B05B (1x)	RX1_B+	B06D (1x)	TxAp	B04A (1x)
COMP_AUDIO_IN_R	B05A (1x)	LOUT_SP_GROUND	B05B (1x)	RX2_A-	B06D (2x)	TxAp	B04C (1x)
COMP_AUDIO_IN_R	B06A (1x)	MA(0)	B04A (1x)	RX2_A+	B06D (2x)	TxBn	B04C (1x)
CPU_RST	B03 (1x)	MA(0)	B04B (1x)	RX2_B-	B06D (1x)	TxBn	B04C (1x)
CPU_RST	B04A (1x)	MA(1)	B04A (1x)	RX2_B+	B06D (1x)	TxBp	B04C (1x)
CPU_RST	B06C (1x)	MA(1)	B04B (1x)	RXC_A-	B06D (2x)	TxBp	B04C (1x)
DC_PROT	B04A (1x)	MA(1)	B04B (1x)	RXC_A+	B06D (2x)	TxCLKn	B04A (1x)
DC_PROT	B05B (1x)	MA(10)	B04A (1x)	RXC_B-	B06D (1x)	TxCLKn	B04C (1x)
DDC_RST_A	B03 (1x)	MA(10)	B04B (1x)	RXC_B+	B06D (1x)	TxCLKp	B04A (1x)
DDC_RST_A	B06D (1x)	MA(11)	B04A (1x)	SAW_SW	B02 (1x)	TxCLKp	B04C (1x)
DDC_RST_B	B03 (1x)	MA(11)	B04B (1x)	SAW_SW	B05A (1x)	TxCn	B04A (1x)
DDC_RST_B	B06D (1x)	MA(2)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_IN_L	B05A (1x)	TxCn	B04C (1x)
DDC_RST_B	B06D (2x)	MA(2)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_IN_L	B06B (1x)	TxCp	B04A (1x)
DDC_SCLA	B06D (1x)	MA(3)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_IN_R	B05A (1x)	TxCp	B04C (1x)
DDC_SCLA	B06D (2x)	MA(3)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_IN_R	B06B (1x)	TxDn	B04A (1x)
DDC_SCLA	B06D (3x)	MA(4)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_MUTE_L	B05B (1x)	TxDn	B04C (1x)
DDC_SDA	B06D (2x)	MA(4)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_MUTE_L	B06B (1x)	TxDp	B04A (1x)
DDC_SDA	B06D (2x)	MA(5)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_MUTE_R	B05B (1x)	TxDp	B04C (1x)
DQM0H	B04B (1x)	MA(5)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_MUTE_R	B06B (1x)	UART_RXD	B03 (1x)
DQM0H	B04A (1x)	MA(6)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_OUT_L	B05A (1x)	UART_RXD	B04A (1x)
DQM0L	B04B (1x)	MA(6)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_OUT_L	B06B (2x)	UART_TXD	B03 (1x)
DQM0L	B04A (1x)	MA(7)	B04A (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_OUT_R	B05A (1x)	UART_TXD	B04A (1x)
DQS0H	B04B (1x)	MA(7)	B04B (1x)	SC1_AUDIO_OUT_R	B06B (2x)	VDD	B05B (3x)
DQS0H	B04A (1x)	MA(8)	B04A (1x)	SC1_B_IN	B05A (2x)	VDDA	B05B (3x)
DQS0L	B04B (1x)	MA(8)	B04B (1x)	SC1_B_IN	B06B (2x)	VDISP	B04C (2x)
DQS0L	B04A (1x)	MA(9)	B04A (1x)	SC1_CVBS_IN	B05A (1x)	VIF1	B02 (1x)
EDID_WC	B06D (2x)	MA(9)	B04B (1x)	SC1_CVBS_IN	B06B (2x)	VIF1	B05A (1x)
ENGAGE	B05B (2x)	MAIN_C	B04A (2x)	SC1_FBL_IN	B04A (1x)	VIF2	B02 (1x)
GND107	B04A (2x)	MAIN_C	B05A (1x)	SC1_FBL_IN	B05A (1x)	VIF2	B05A (1x)
GND110	B04A (2x)	MAIN_C	B05A (1x)				
GND47	B04A (2x)						

Layout Small Signal Board (Overview Top Side)

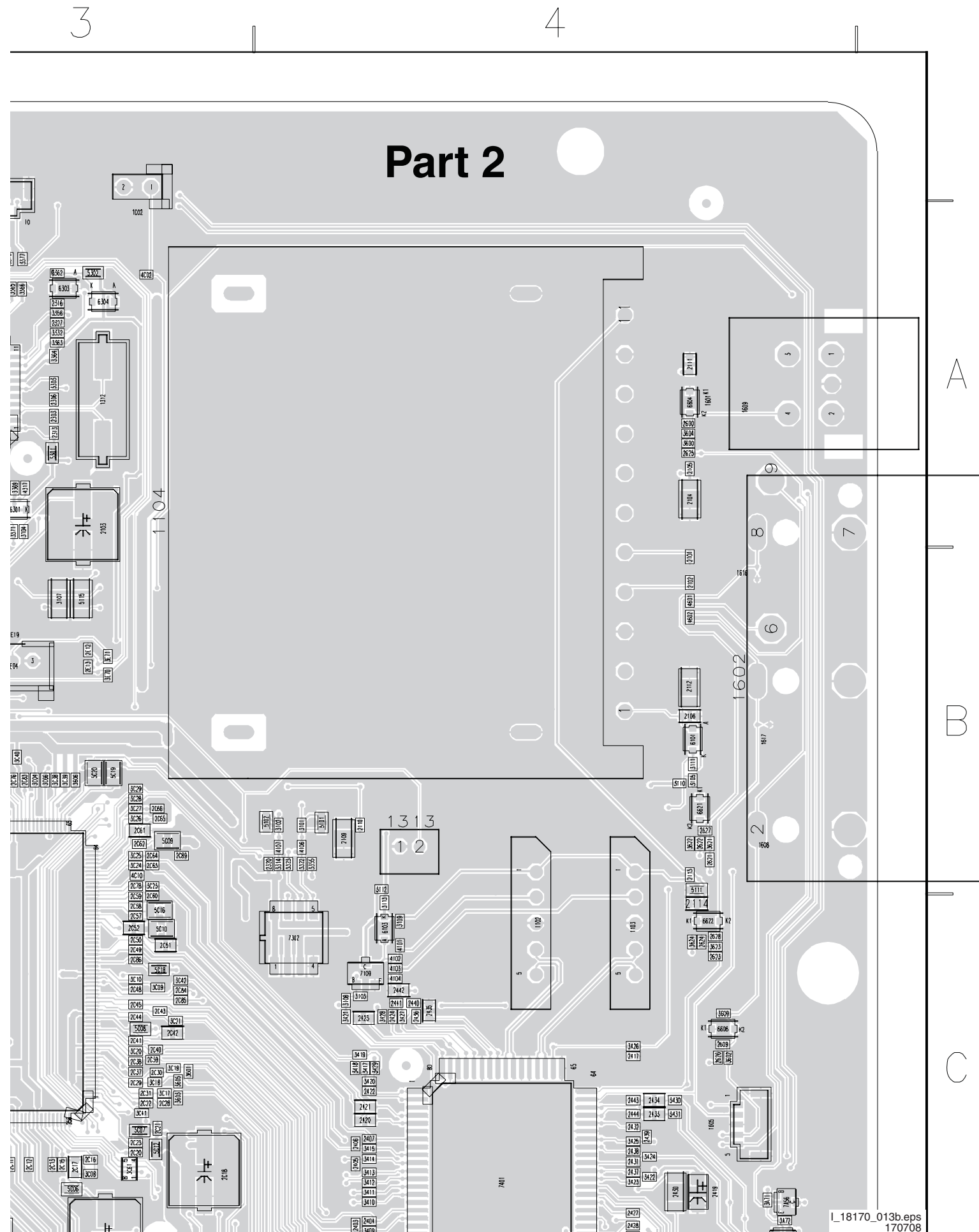


1102	C4	2316	A3	2623	C4	2C28	C3	2P01	A1	3325	B3	3434	D4	3A30	F2	3E14	D4	3P32	E1	5C07	C3	7304	C2
1103	C4	2317	A3	2624	C4	2C29	C3	2P02	A1	3326	A3	3503	F4	3A31	F3	3E15	D4	3P33	E1	5C08	C3	7305	C2
1104	A3	2319	B1	2625	A4	2C30	C3	2P03	A1	3327	A2	3504	D4	3A32	F3	3E16	D2	3P34	E1	5C09	B3	7306	D2
1301	A3	2320	B4	2626	C4	2C31	C3	2P04	A1	3328	A2	3505	D4	3A33	F3	3E17	D2	3P35	F1	5C10	C3	7307	A2
1302	A2	2321	B1	2627	B4	2C32	C2	2P05	A1	3329	D2	3507	E4	3A61	B2	3E18	D4	3P36	F1	5C11	B3	7308	A2
1303	B1	2322	B1	2628	C4	2C33	C2	2P06	A1	3330	D2	3510	E4	3A62	A2	3E19	D2	3R02	C2	5C12	C3	7309	A3
1311	B2	2323	B1	2701	B1	2C34	C2	2P07	E1	3331	A2	3511	E4	3A63	A2	3E20	D4	3R13	C2	5C13	B3	7310	A2
1312	A3	2324	B1	2702	B1	2C35	C2	2P08	E1	3332	A3	3514	E4	3A70	B2	3E21	D4	3R17	C2	5C14	B3	7311	A2
1313	B4	2326	B1	2703	B2	2C36	C2	2P09	E1	3334	D2	3515	E4	3A71	C4	3E25	D2	4101	C4	5C15	B2	7401	C4
1501	F4	2327	A3	2704	B2	2C37	C3	2P10	E1	3335	A3	3517	E4	3A72	C4	3E26	D2	4102	C4	5C16	C3	7503	D4
1504	E4	2401	D4	2705	C2	2C38	C3	2P11	E1	3336	C2	3518	E4	3A75	A2	3E27	D2	4103	C4	5C17	C2	7701	C2
1505	E4	2402	D4	2706	C1	2C39	C3	2P12	E1	3337	C2	3520	E4	3A76	A2	3E28	D2	4104	C4	5C18	C3	7702	D2
1506	E4	2403	C4	2707	C2	2C40	C3	2P13	A2	3338	C2	3524	D4	3A77	B3	3E29	D2	4106	B4	5C19	B3	7A01	F3
1507	E4	2404	C4	2709	C2	2C41	C3	2P14	A2	3339	D2	3526	E4	3A78	F4	3E30	D2	4107	B4	5C20	B3	7A05	F3
1508	E4	2405	C4	2710	B2	2C42	C3	2P15	A2	3340	C2	3530	E4	3A79	F4	3E31	D2	4301	C2	5N01	E2	7A06	F2
1509	D4	2406	C4	2711	C2	2C43	C3	2P16	F1	3341	A3	3532	E4	3C01	C2	3E70	B3	4302	C2	5N02	E2	7A07	F3
1511	E4	2407	C4	2712	B2	2C44	C3	2P17	B2	3342	C2	3533	E4	3C02	C2	3E71	B3	4303	B1	5N03	E3	7A52	B2
1512	E4	2408	D4	2713	B2	2C45	C3	2P18	B2	3343	C2	3535	D4	3C03	C2	3N01	D2	4304	C2	5P01	D1	7A53	A2
1516	E4	2409	D4	2714	D2	2C48	C3	2P19	F1	3344	C2	3536	D4	3C04	B3	3N02	D2	4305	C2	5P02	E1	7A56	C4
1517	E4	2410	D4	2A01	F2	2C49	C3	2P20	F1	3345	D2	3537	D4	3C05	C2	3N03	D2	4306	C2	5P03	A1	7A57	C4
1519	E4	2411	D4	2A02	E2	2C50	C3	2P21	B2	3346	A2	3540	D4	3C06	C2	3N04	D3	4307	C2	5P04	A1	7A60	B2
1520	E4	2412	D4	2A03	F2	2C51	C3	2P23	E1	3347	A2	3554	D4	3C07	C2	3N05	D2	4308	D2	5P05	D1	7A61	F4
1522	E4	2413	D4	2A04	F2	2C52	C3	2P24	D1	3348	B2	3600	A4	3C08	C3	3N06	D2	4309	B1	5P06	E1	7A62	F4
1524	D4	2414	D4	2A05	E2	2C53	B2	2P25	E1	3349	B2	3601	C3	3C09	C3	3N07	D3	4310	B1	5P07	E2	7C01	C3
1601	A4	2415	D4	2A08	E2	2C54	B2	2P26	E1	3350	B2	3602	C4	3C10	C3	3N08	D3	4311	D2	5P08	B1	7E01	D4
1602	B4	2416	C4	2A09	F3	2C55	B2	2P27	E1	3351	B2	3603	C3	3C17	C3	3N09	E2	4312	D2	5P09	A1	7N01	E2
1603	F4	2417	C4	2A10	F3	2C56	B2	2P30	D1	3352	A2	3604	A4	3C18	C3	3N10	E2	4313	B1	5P10	F1	7N02	E3
1605	C4	2418	D4	2A11	F3	2C57	C3	2P31	E2	3353	A2	3605	C3	3C19	C3	3N11	D3	4314	D2	5R01	C1	7N03	E2
1613	F4	2419	C4	2A12	F3	2C58	C3	2P32	E1	3354	D2	3606	B3	3C20	C3	3N12	E2	4315	A2	5R02	C1	7N04	D2
1614	D4	2420	C4	2A14	F1	2C59	C3	2P33	E1	3355	B4	3607	E4	3C21	C3	3N13	E3	4316	A2	5R03	C1	7N05	D3
1615	E4	2421	C4	2A15	F3	2C60	C3	2P34	D1	3356	A3	3608	E4	3C23	B3	3N14	E3	4317	A3	6101	B4	7N06	D2
1616	B4	2422	C4	2A16	E3	2C61	B3	2P36	E1	3357	A3	3609	C4	3C24	B3	3N15	E3	4318	D2	6103	C4	7N07	D2
1617	B4	2423	C4	2A17	F2	2C62	B3	2P37	E1	3358	A2	3611	F4	3C25	B3	3N16	D3	4401	D4	6301	A3	7N08	D2
1619	F4	2424	C4	2A18	F3	2C63	B3	2P39	E1	3359	A2	3612	F4	3C26	B3	3N17	D3	4402	D4	6302	B1	7N09	D3
1620	F4	2425	D4	2A19	F3	2C64	B3	2P40	E1	3360	A2	3621	B4	3C27	B3	3N18	D3	4403	D4	6303	A3	7N10	E2
1701	C2	2427	C4	2A20	F3	2C65	B3	2P41	E1	3361	A2	3622	B4	3C28	B3	3N19	D3	4404	B4	6304	A3	7N11	E2
1A35	F1	2428	C4	2A21	F2	2C66	B3	2P42	E2	3362	A3	3623	C4	3C29	B3	3N20	D2	4602	B4	6306	A2	7N12	E3
1C01	D3	2430	C4	2A22	F3	2C67	B3	2P43	E2	3363	A3	3624	C4	3C32	B2	3N21	D2	4603	F3	6308	B1	7N13	E3
1C02	A3	2431	C4	2A23	E2	2C68	B3	2P44	E1	3364	A3	3701	C1	3C33	B2	3N22	D2	4604	F3	6504	E4	7P01	B2
1C03	D3	2432	C4	2A24	F3	2C69	B2	2P45	E1	3365	A3	3702	C2	3C34	C2	3N25	E2	4605	F3	6507	E4	7P02	A1
1E01	E3	2433	C4	2A25	F3	2C70	B2	2P47	E1	3366	A3	3703	C1	3C35	C2	3N26	D3	4606	F3	6511	D4	7P03	A2
1E03	D2	2434	C4	2A27	F3	2C71	B3	2P48	E2	3367	A3	3706	C2	3C36	C3	3N27	D3	4607	F4	6514	E4	7P04	A1
1E04	B3	2435	C4	2A28	F1	2C72	B3	2P49	E1	3368	A3	3708	C2	3C37	C3	3N28	D2	4608	F4	6515	E4	7P05	E1
1E05	D1	2436	C4	2A29	E3	2C74	B2	2P50	E1	3369	A3	3709	C2	3C38	B3	3N29	D2	4609	F4	6516	E4	7P06	D1
1E08	D1	2437	C4	2A30	F3	2C75	B3	2P51	E1	3370	A3	3710	C2	3C39	B3	3N30	D2	4610	F4	6517	D4	7P07	D1
1E09	D1	2438	C4	2A31	F2	2C76	B3	2P54	E2	3371	A3	3711	C2	3C40	B3	3N31	D2	4611	F4	6518	E4	7P08	E1
1E10	D1	2439	C4	2A32	F3	2C77	B3	2P55	D1	3372	A3	3712	C2	3C41	C3	3N32	D2	4612	F4	6519	E4	7P09	F1
1E20	D1	2440	C4	2A33	F3	2C78	B3	2P56	D1	3373	A3	3713	C2	3C42	C3	3N33	D2	4613	F4	6520	E4	7P10	F1
1E22	D2	2441	C4	2A34	F3	2C80	C2	2P58	D1	3374	A3	3714	C2	3C50	C2	3N34	D2	4614	F4	6521	E4	7R01	C2
1N01	D2	2442	C4	2A35	F2	2C82	C3	2R01	C1	3375	A3	3715	C2	3C51	C2	3N35	D3	4A51	A2	6604	A4	7R02	C1
1N02	D3	2443	C4	2A36	F2	2C83	B3	2R02	C1	3376	A3	3716	C2	3C52	C2	3N36	D3	4C01	C2	6606	C4		
1P01	E1	2444	C4	2A40	F3	2C84	C3	2R03	C2	3377	A3	3717	C2	3C53	C2	3N37	D2	4C02	A3	6610	D4		
1P02	D1	2445	D4	2A41	F2	2C85	C3	3101	B4	3378	A2	3718	C2	3C54	B2	3N38	E2	4C10	B3	6611	E4		
1R10	C1	2446	D4	2A45	F4	2C86	C3	3102	B4	3401	D4	3719	C2	3C55	B2	3N39	E3	4N03	E2	6612	D4		
1R11	C1	2447	D4	2A60	B2	2C87	D3	3103	C4	3402	D4	3720	D2	3C57	B2	3N40	E3	4N04	E2	6613	E4		
1R12	C1	2448	D4	2A61	A2	2C88	D3	3104	A3	3403	D4	3721	C2	3C58	B2	3N41	D2	4N11	E2	6614	F4		
1R13	C1	2449	D4	2A62	F2	2C89	B3	3105	B4	3404	D4	3722	C2	3C59	B2	3N42	D2	4N12	D2	6615	F4		
1R14	C1	2501	E4	2A63	F2	2C90	D3	3107	B3	3405	D4	3723	D2	3C60	B2	3P01	E1	4N13	D2	6616	F4		
1R50	C1	2503	D4	2A64	E2	2E01	F4	3108	C4	3406	D4	3724	C2	3C61	C3	3P02	E1	4N14	D2	6621	B4		
2101	B4	2504	D4	2A65	E2	2E02	F4	3109	C4	3407	D4	3725	C2	3C62	C2	3P03	E2	4N15	E2	6622	C4		
2102	B4	2507	E4	2A66	F3	2E03	E4	3110	B4	3408	D4	3726	C2	3C63	C2	3P04	E2	4N16	E2	6A51	A2		
2103	A3	2508	E4	2A67	F1	2E04	E4	3111	B4	3409	C4	3727	C2	3C64	C2	3P05	E2	4N17	E3	6A52	A2		
2104	A4	2511	E4	2A68	F1	2E05	E4	3112	B4	3410	C4	3728	D2	3C65	C2	3P07	E2	4N18	E3	6C01	C2		
2105	A4	2514	E4	2C01	C2	2E06	D4	3113	C4	3411	C4	3729	D2	3C66	B3	3P08	F1	4R04	C2	6E01	F4		
2106	B4	2515	E4	2C02	C3	2E07	D4	3301	A3	3412	C4	3730	D2	3C67	D3	3P09	F1	4R05	C2	6E02	E4		
2109	B4	2517	E4	2C03	C3	2E08	D4	3303	A3	3413	C4	3731	D2	3C68	D3								

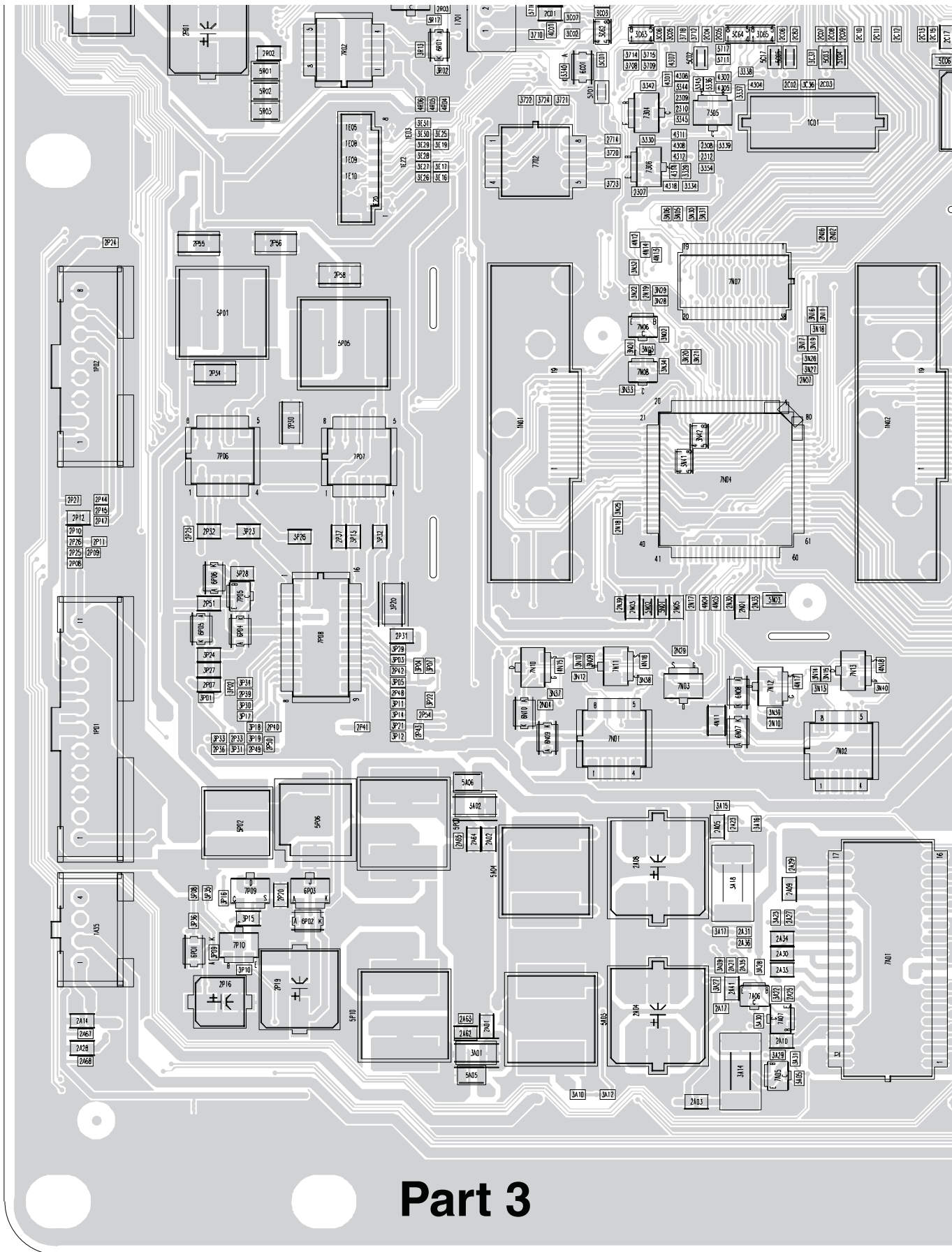
Layout Small Signal Board (Part 1 Top Side)



Layout Small Signal Board (Part 2 Top Side)



Layout Small Signal Board (Part 3 Top Side)



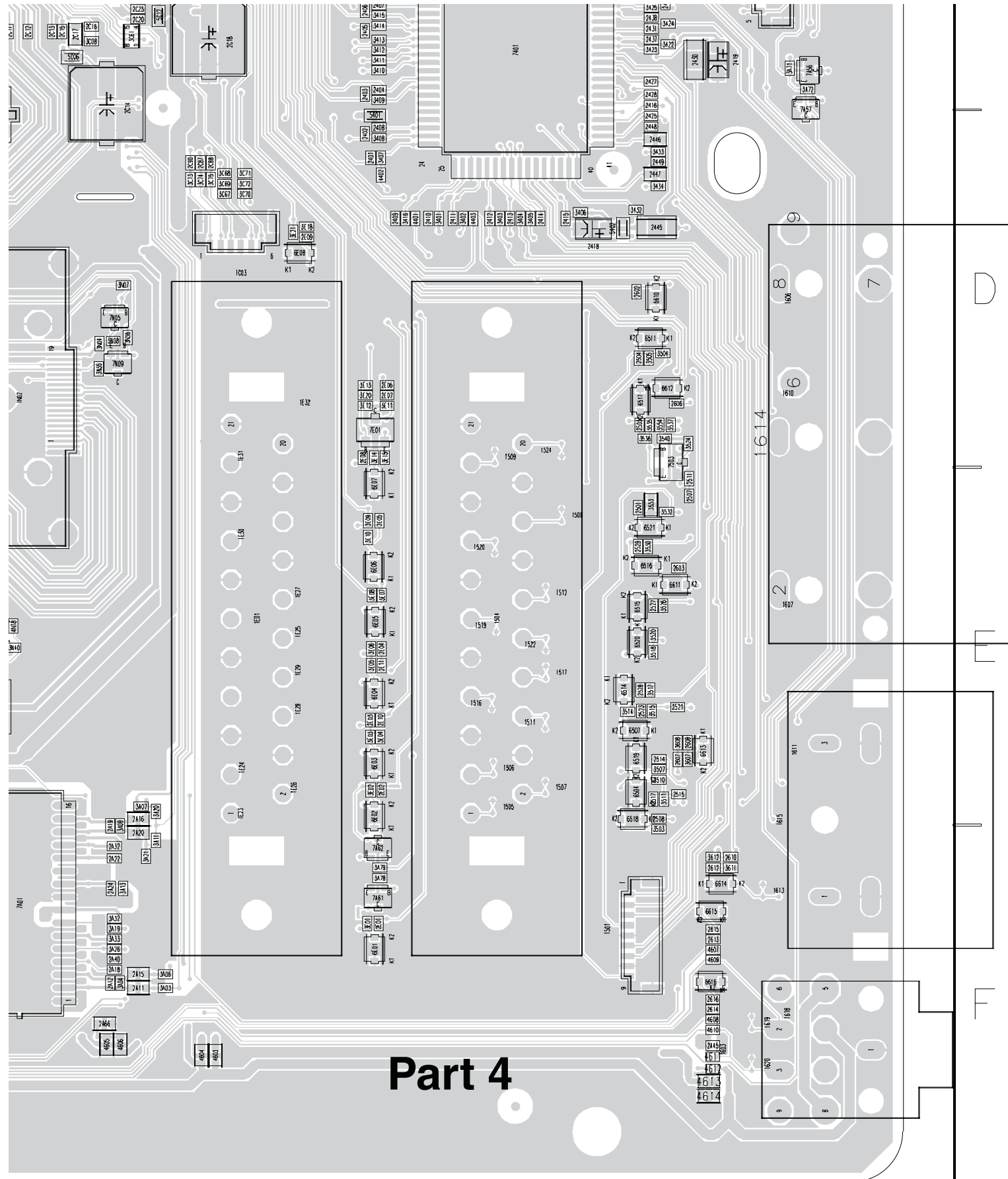
Part 3

1

2

3

Layout Small Signal Board (Part 4 Top Side)

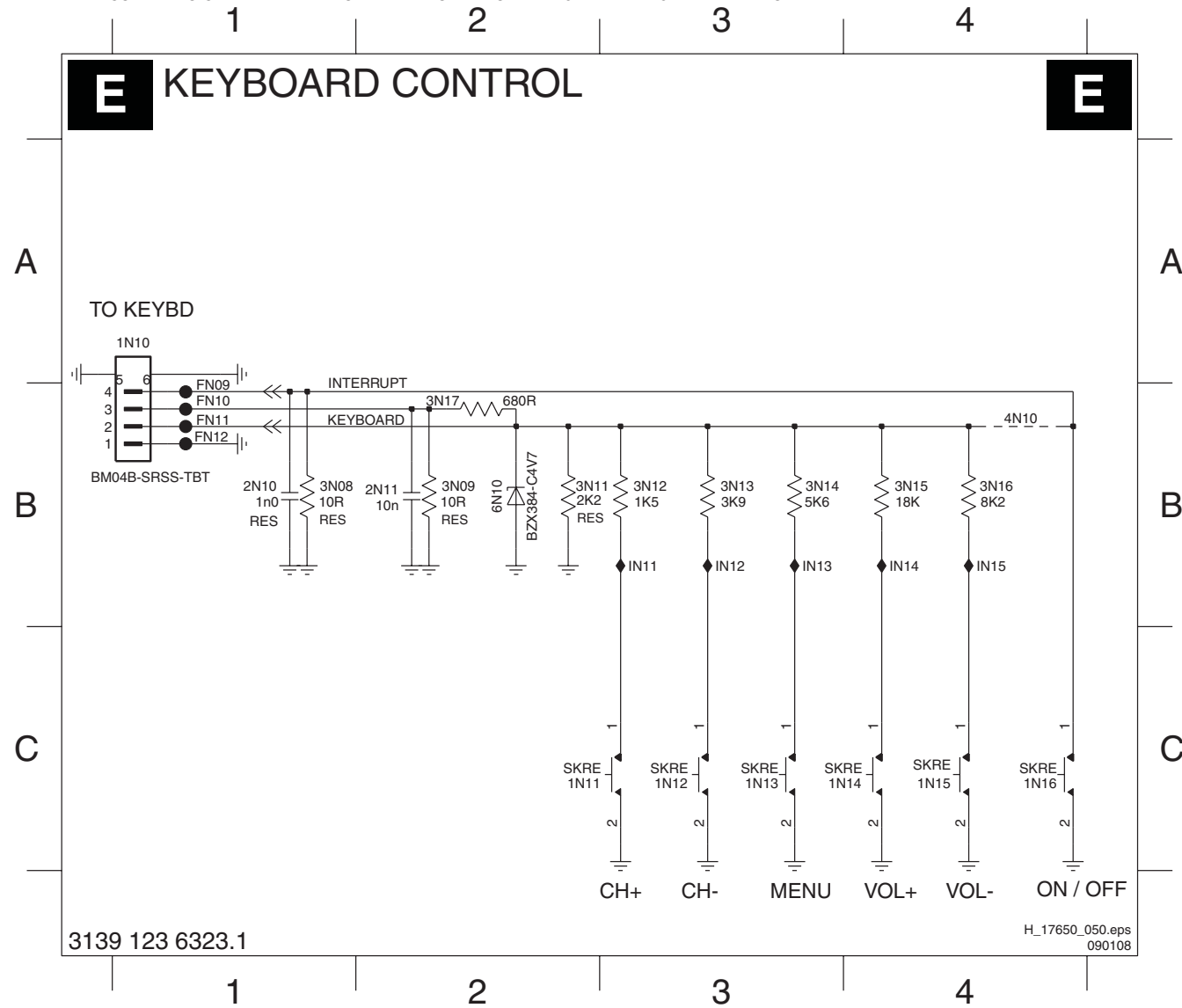


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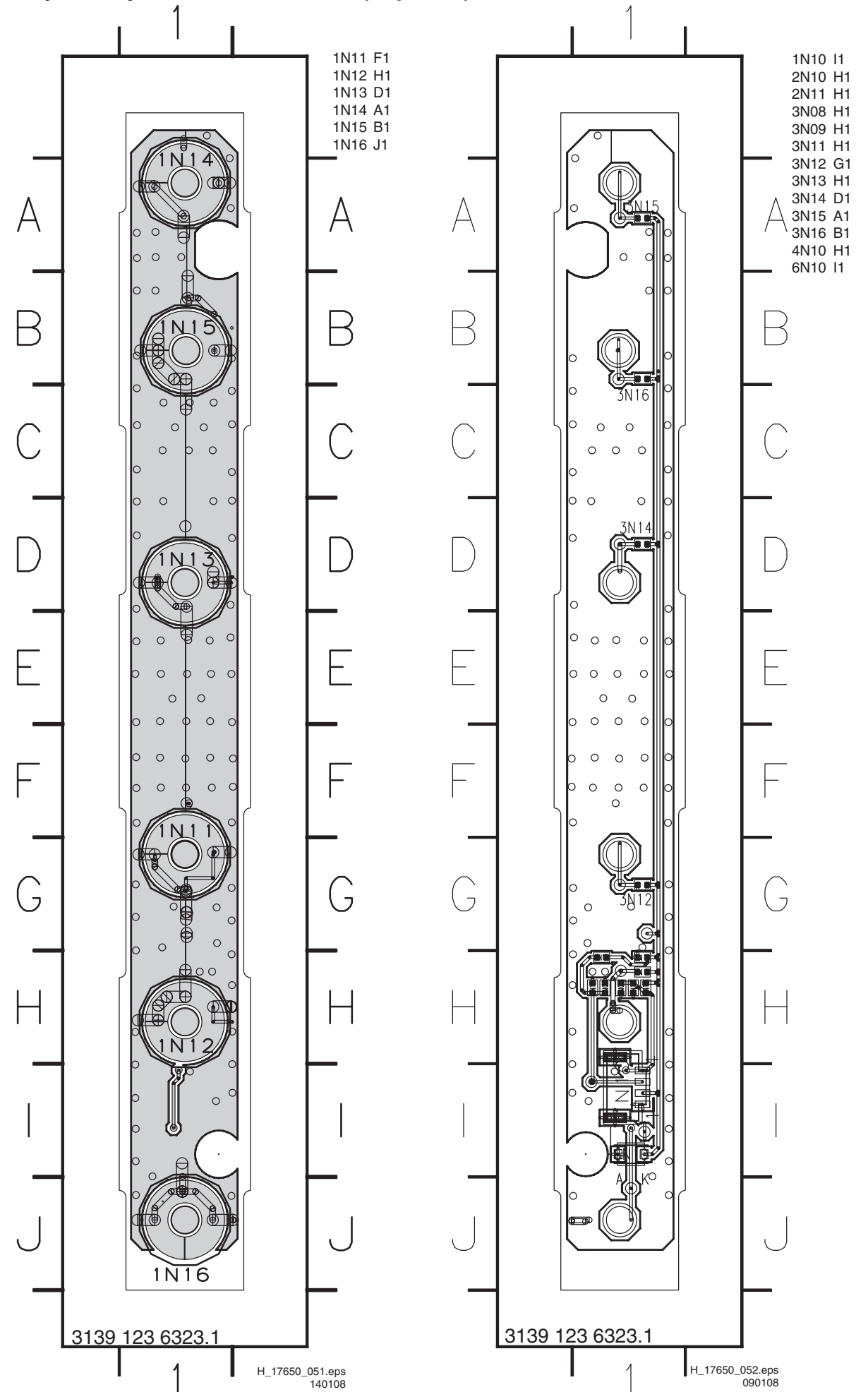
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Keyboard Control Panel

1N10 A1	1N13 C3	1N16 C4	3N08 B1	3N12 B3	3N15 B4	6N10 B2	FN11 B1	IN12 B3	IN15 B4
1N11 C2	1N14 C4	2N10 B1	3N09 B2	3N13 B3	3N16 B4	FN09 B1	FN12 B1	IN13 B3	
1N12 C3	1N15 C4	2N11 B2	3N11 B2	3N14 B3	4N10 B4	FN10 B1	IN11 B3	IN14 B4	

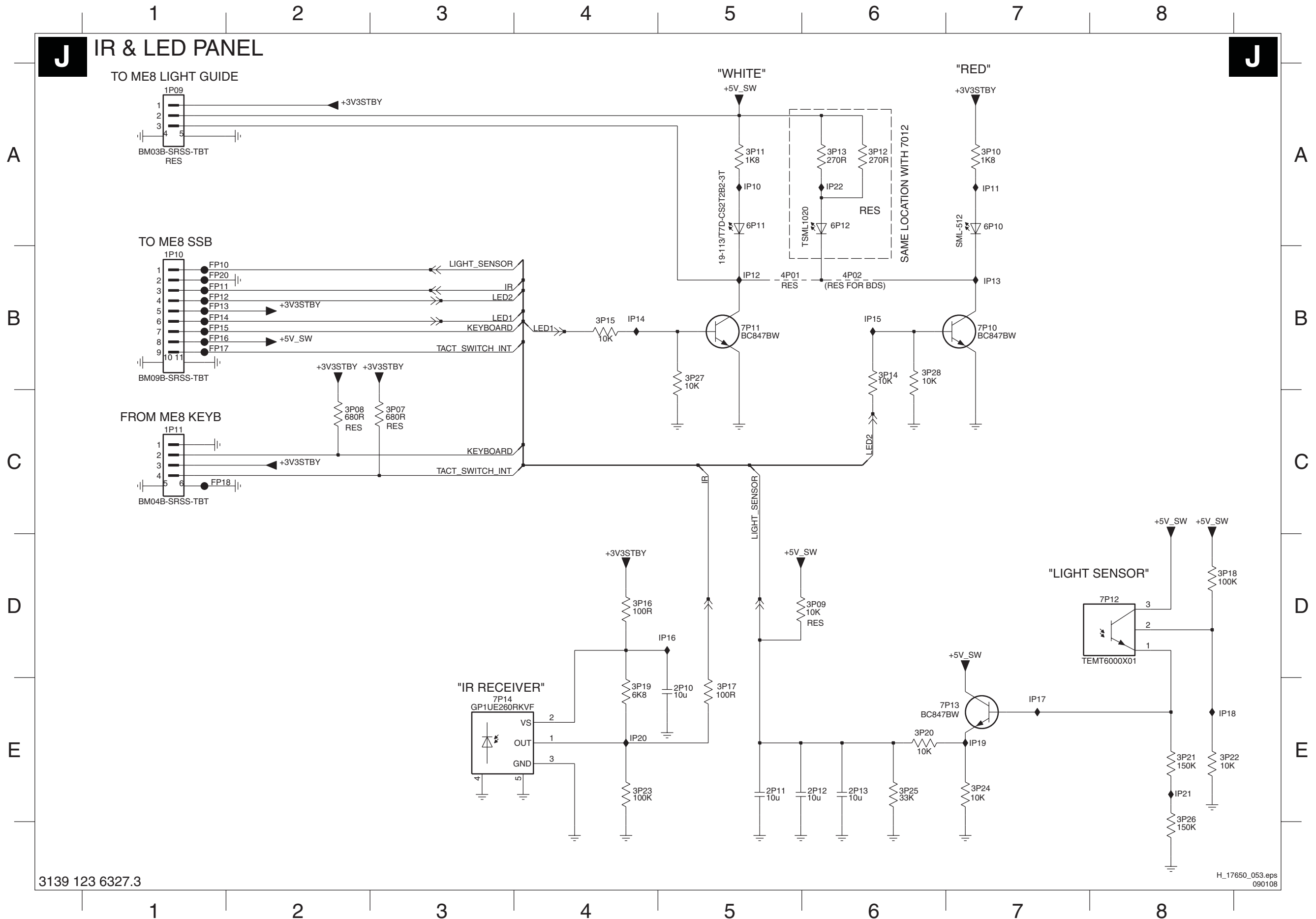


Layout Keyboard Control Panel (Top Side)



IR & LED Panel

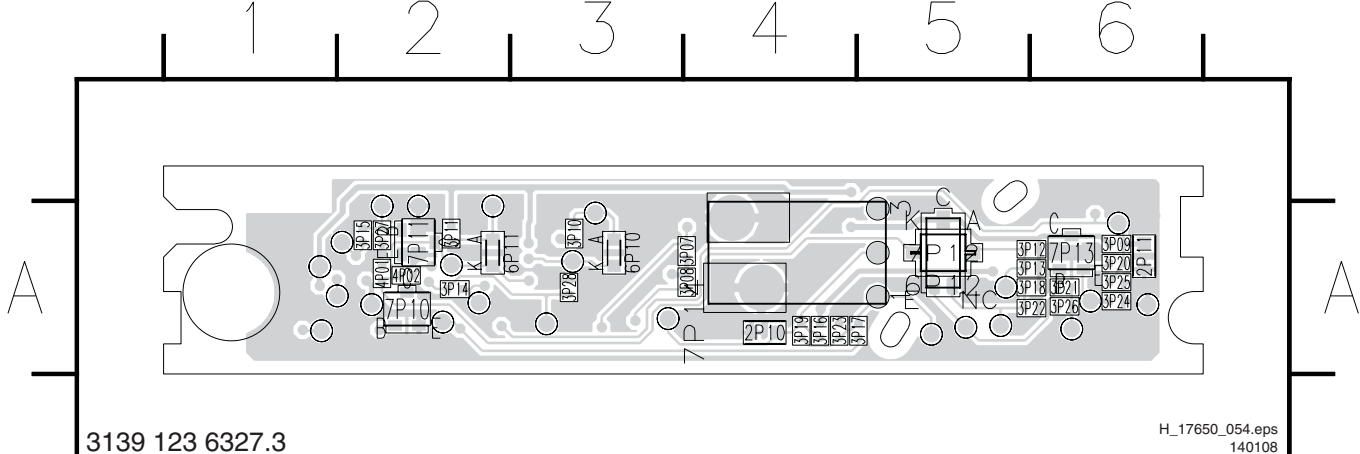
J IR & LED PANEL



- 1P09 A1
- 1P10 B1
- 1P11 C1
- 2P10 E5
- 2P11 E5
- 2P12 E6
- 2P13 E6
- 3P07 C3
- 3P08 C2
- 3P09 D6
- 3P10 A7
- 3P11 A5
- 3P12 A6
- 3P13 A6
- 3P14 B6
- 3P15 B4
- 3P16 D4
- 3P17 E5
- 3P18 D8
- 3P19 E4
- 3P20 E6
- 3P21 E8
- 3P22 E8
- 3P23 E4
- 3P24 E7
- 3P25 E6
- 3P26 E8
- 3P27 B5
- 3P28 B6
- 4P01 B5
- 4P02 B6
- 6P10 A7
- 6P12 A6
- 7P10 B7
- 7P11 B5
- 7P12 D8
- 7P13 E7
- 7P14 E3
- FP10 B1
- FP11 B1
- FP12 B1
- FP13 B1
- FP14 B1
- FP15 B1
- FP16 B1
- FP17 B1
- FP18 C1
- FP20 B1
- IP10 A5
- IP11 A7
- IP12 B5
- IP13 B7
- IP14 B4
- IP15 B6
- IP16 D5
- IP17 E7
- IP18 E8
- IP19 E7
- IP20 E4
- IP21 E8
- IP22 A6

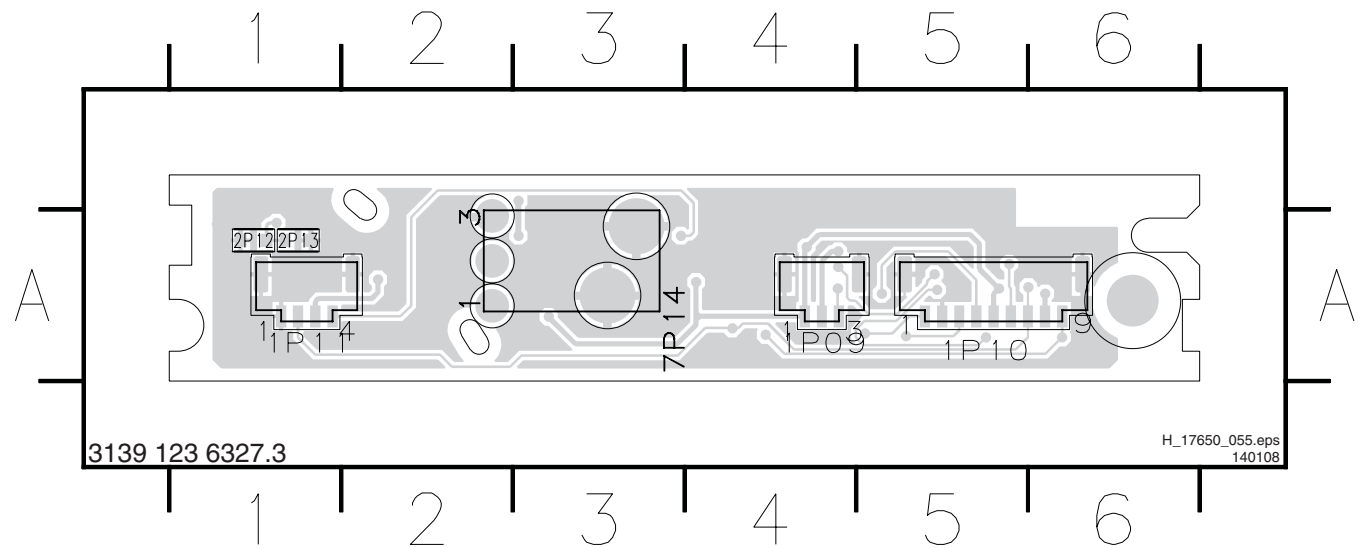
Layout IR & LED Panel (Top Side)

2P10 A4	3P09 A6	3P13 A6	3P17 A5	3P21 A6	3P25 A6	4P01 A2	6P12 A5	7P13 A6
2P11 A6	3P10 A3	3P14 A2	3P18 A6	3P22 A6	3P26 A6	4P02 A2	7P10 A2	7P14 A4
3P07 A4	3P11 A2	3P15 A2	3P19 A4	3P23 A4	3P27 A2	6P10 A3	7P11 A2	
3P08 A4	3P12 A6	3P16 A4	3P20 A6	3P24 A6	3P28 A3	6P11 A3	7P12 A5	



Layout IR & LED Panel (Bottom Side)

1P09 A4	1P10 A5	1P11 A1	1P12 A1	1P13 A1
---------	---------	---------	---------	---------



Personal Notes:

8. Alignments

Index of this chapter:

- 8.1 General Alignment Conditions
- 8.2 Hardware Alignments
- 8.3 Software Alignments
- 8.4 Option Settings

Note: Figures below can deviate slightly from the actual situation, due to the different set executions.

General: The Service Alignment Mode (SAM) is described in chapter 5. Menu navigation is done with the CURSOR UP, DOWN, LEFT or RIGHT keys of the remote control transmitter.

8.1 General Alignment Conditions

Perform all electrical adjustments under the following conditions:

- Power supply voltage (depends on region):
 - AP-NTSC: 120 VAC or 230 VAC / 50 Hz ($\pm 10\%$).
 - AP-PAL-multi: 120 - 230 VAC / 50 Hz ($\pm 10\%$).
 - EU: 230 VAC / 50 Hz ($\pm 10\%$).
 - LATAM-NTSC: 120 - 230 VAC / 50 Hz ($\pm 10\%$).
 - US: 120 VAC / 60 Hz ($\pm 10\%$).
- Connect the set to the mains via an isolation transformer with low internal resistance.
- Allow the set to warm up for approximately 15 minutes.
- Measure voltages and waveforms in relation to correct ground (e.g. measure audio signals in relation to AUDIO_GND).

Caution: It is not allowed to use heatsinks as ground.
- Test probe: $R_i > 10 \text{ Mohm}$, $C_i < 20 \text{ pF}$.
- Use an isolated trimmer/screwdriver to perform alignments.

8.2 Hardware Alignments

There are no hardware alignments foreseen for this chassis, but below find an overview of the most important DC voltages on the SSB. These can be used for checking proper functioning of the DC/DC converters.

Table 8-1 DC voltages

Description	Test Point	Specifications (V)			Diagram
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
+VTUN	FP14	30	33	36	B01_DC-DC
+12V_AUDIO	FP06	11.40	12.00	12.60	B01_DC-DC
-12V_AUDIO	FP09	-11.40	-12.00	-12.60	B01_DC-DC
+12V_DISP	FP04	11.40	12.00	12.60	B01_DC-DC
+3V3_STBY	FP01	3.20	3.30	3.40	B01_DC-DC
+5V_SW	FP05	4.90	5.16	5.42	B01_DC-DC
+2V5_SW	FP18	2.40	2.50	2.60	B01_DC-DC
+1V8_SW	FP03	1.70	1.80	1.90	B01_DC-DC
+3V3_SW_TDA	FP19	3.10	3.30	3.50	B01_DC-DC
+1V8_SW_ADC	FP20	1.70	1.80	1.90	B01_DC-DC
+3V3_SW	FP22	3.10	3.30	3.50	B01_DC-DC
+8V_SW	FP21	7.60	8.00	8.40	B01_DC-DC
+5V_IF	F133	4.75	5.00	5.25	B02_Tuner IF & SAWF
+5V_TUN	F111	4.75	5.00	5.25	B02_Tuner IF & SAWF
+5V_SW_SMIC	F402	4.75	5.00	5.25	B05A_SMIC L
VDDA	FA01	11.40	12.00	12.60	B05B_Audio - CLASS D
VDD	FA03	11.40	12.00	12.60	B05B_Audio - CLASS D
VSSA	FA02	-11.40	-12.00	-12.60	B05B_Audio - CLASS D
VSS	FA14	-11.40	-12.00	-12.60	B05B_Audio - CLASS D
+5VHDMI_A	FN08	4.75	5.00	5.25	B06B_HDMI
+5VHDMI_B	FN13	4.75	5.00	5.25	B06B_HDMI
+1V8_ANA-MUX	FN03	1.70	1.80	1.90	B06B_HDMI
+1V8_DIG-MUX	FN02	1.70	1.80	1.90	B06B_HDMI
+3V3_ANA-MUX	FN74	3.10	3.30	3.50	B06B_HDMI

8.3 Software Alignments

With the software alignments of the Service Alignment Mode (SAM) the Tuner and RGB settings can be aligned.

To store the data: Use the RC button "Menu" to switch to the main menu and next, switch to "Stand-by" mode.

8.3.1 Tuner Adjustment (RF AGC Take Over Point)

Purpose: To keep the tuner output signal constant as the input signal amplitude varies.

The LC8.1E LB chassis comes with the UV1316E analogue tuner. No alignment is necessary, as the AGC alignment is done automatically (standard value: "15"). However in case of problems use the following method (use multimeter and RF generator):

- Apply a 70 dB (1mv) RF signal with a Philips standard circuit pattern to antenna input.
- Adjust AGC (via SAM menu: TUNER -> AGC), until voltage on pin 1 is 3.3 +0.5/-1.0 V.
- Store settings and exit SAM.

8.3.2 RGB Alignment

In RGB Alignment menu there are three items White Tone, ADC Gain & Align ADC to perform the colour temperature alignment for the RF and the input source calibration.

Before alignment, choose "TV MENU" -> "Picture" and set:

- "Brightness" to "50".
- "Colour" to "50".
- "Contrast" to "100".

White Tone Alignment:

- Activate SAM.
- Select "RGB Align." -> "White Tone" and choose a colour temperature.
- Use a 100% white screen as input signal and set the following values:
 - All "White point" values initial to "255".

In case you have a colour analyser:

- Measure with a calibrated (phosphor- independent) colour analyser (e.g. Minolta CA-210) in the centre of the screen. Consequently, the measurement needs to be done in a dark environment.
- Adjust the correct x,y coordinates (while holding one of the White point registers R, G or B on "256") by means of decreasing the value of one or two other white points to the correct x,y coordinates (see table "White D alignment values"). Tolerance: $dx: \pm 0.004$, $dy: \pm 0.004$.
- Repeat this step for the other colour Temperatures that need to be aligned.
- When finished return to the SAM root menu and press STANDBY on the RC to store the aligned values to the NVM.

Table 8-2 White D alignment values

Value	Cool (11000 K)	Normal (9000 K)	Warm (6500 K)
x	0.278	0.289	0.314
y	0.278	0.291	0.319

If you do **not** have a colour analyser, you can use the default values. This is the next best solution. The default values are average values coming from production (statistics).

- Set the RED, GREEN and BLUE default values per temperature according to the values in the "Tint settings" table.
- When finished return to the SAM root menu and press STANDBY on the RC to store the aligned values to the NVM.

Table 8-3 Tint settings 32"

Colour Temp.	R	G	B
Cool	120	126	128
Normal	128	128	128
Warm	128	120	126

Table 8-4 Tint settings 42"

Colour Temp.	R	G	B
Cool	127	120	124
Normal	127	115	114
Warm	127	110	96

ADC Alignment (external source)

When the grey scale displayed is not uniformity, use the following alignment method. This is to calibrate the input source to perform better output display.

Two Input Source need to be calibrated:

1. RGB (via Scart 1)
2. YPbPr (Component Input)

Instructions:

- Apply a standard 100% colour bar to input source (1) & (2).
- Activate SAM.
- Cursor down to item "RGB Align" and select "Align ADC".
- Select "Yes" with the Left Key to start calibration.
- Power Off the set and calibrated values will be stored.

Note: The "In Progress" message indicates calibration in progress.

The "Done" message will be displayed when completed successfully.

8.4 Option Settings**8.4.1 Introduction**

The microprocessor communicates with a large number of I²C ICs in the set. To ensure good communication and to make

Table 8-5 Option code overview

Sets 12NC	Sets Type	Panel Type	Panel Code (Dec)	Option Byte (Dec)						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8670 000 42116	32PFL3403/12	LPL- LC320WXN-SAB1	136	3	2	0	255	8	0	1
8670 000 42115	42PFL3403/12	LPL- LC420WXE-SAA1	138	3	2	0	255	8	0	0

Option Bit Overview

Below find an overview of the Option Codes on bit level.

digital diagnosis possible, the microprocessor has to know which ICs to address. The presence/absence of these specific ICs (or functions) is made known by the option codes.

Notes:

- After changing the option(s), save them with the STORE command.
- The new option setting becomes active after the TV is switched "off" and "on" again with the mains switch (the EAROM is then read again).

8.4.2 How To Set Option Codes

When the NVM is replaced, all options will require resetting. To be certain that the factory settings are reproduced exactly, you must set all option numbers. You can find the correct option numbers in table "Option Codes OP1...OP7" below.

How to Change Options Codes

An option code (or "option byte") represents eight different options (bits). When you change these numbers directly, you can set all options very quickly. All options are controlled via seven option bytes (OP1... OP7).

Activate SAM and select "Options". Now you can select the option byte (OP1 to OP7) with the CURSOR UP/ DOWN keys, and enter the new 3 digit (decimal) value. For the correct factory default settings, see the next table "Option codes OP1...OP7". For more detailed information, see the second table "Option codes at bit level". If an option is set (value "1"), it represents a certain decimal value.

When all the correct options (bits) are set, the sum of the decimal values of each Option Byte (OP) will give the option code.

Table 8-6 Option codes at bit level (OP1-OP7)

Option Byte & Bit	Dec. Value	Option Name	Description
Byte OP1			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	OPC_BBE	ON = BBE is available OFF = BBE is not available
Bit 6	64	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	FSRV_OPC_OPTION_CHECK_14	ON = NVM Integrity check enable OFF = NVM Integrity check disable
Bit 3	8	OPC_UK_PNP	ON = UK PNP is available OFF = UK PNP is not available
Bit 2	4	OPC_VIRGIN_MODE	ON = Virgin Mode (PNP) is available OFF = Virgin Mode (PNP) is not available
Bit 1	2	OPC_ACI	ON = ACI is available OFF = ACI is not available
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	OPC_ATS	ON = ATS is available OFF = ATS is not available
Byte OP2			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 6	64	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 3	8	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 2	4	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 1	2	OPC_WSSB	ON = WSS is available OFF = WSS is not available
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	RESERVED	RESERVED
Byte OP3			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 6	64	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 3	8	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 2	4	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 1	2	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	RESERVED	RESERVED
Byte OP4			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	OPC_HDMI2	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 6	64	OPC_HDMI1	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 5	32	OPC_VGA	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 4	16	OPC_SVHS3	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 3	8	OPC_AV3	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 2	4	OPC_CVI	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 1	2	OPC_SVHS2	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	OPC_AV2	Must be set to 1, no optional control
Byte OP5			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 6	64	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 3	8	OPC_SYS_RECVRY	ON = System Recovery is available OFF = System Recovery is not available
Bit 2	4	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 1	2	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	RESERVED	RESERVED
Byte OP6			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 6	64	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 3	8	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 2	4	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 1	2	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	RESERVED	RESERVED
Byte OP7			
Bit 7 (MSB)	128	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 6	64	FSRV_PCE_OPTION_OP76	ON= Smart Clock enable OFF= Smart Clock disable
Bit 5	32	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 4	16	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 3	8	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 2	4	RESERVED	RESERVED
Bit 1	2	Cabinet Profile_1	0 = LC08EE_37_42inch_MG8 1 = LC08EE_32inch_MG8 2 = Reserved
Bit 0 (LSB)	1	Cabinet Profile_0	

9. Circuit Descriptions, Abbreviation List, and IC Data Sheets

Index of this chapter:

- 9.1 Introduction
- 9.2 LCD Power Supply
- 9.3 DC/DC converters
- 9.4 Front-End
- 9.5 Video/Audio Processing
- 9.6 HDMI
- 9.7 Abbreviation List
- 9.8 IC Data Sheets

Notes:

- Only **new** circuits (circuits that are not published recently) are described.
- Figures can deviate slightly from the actual situation, due to different set executions.
- For a good understanding of the following circuit descriptions, please use the Wiring, Block (chapter 6) and Circuit Diagrams (chapter 7). Where necessary, you will find a separate drawing for clarification.

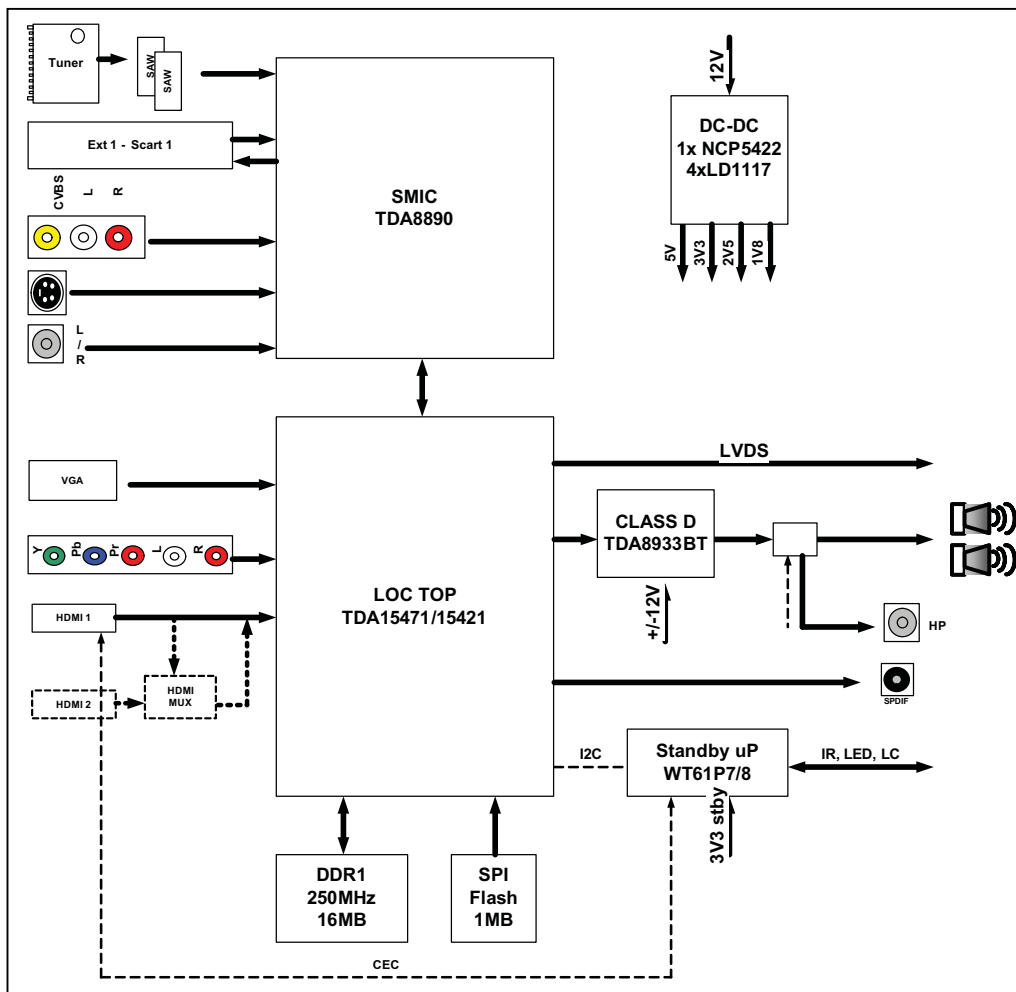
9.1 Introduction

The LC8.1E LB chassis (development name "LC08EE") is a new chassis using an NXP "LOC-TOP" chipset. It covers screen sizes of 32" and 42" with the "MG8" styling.

Main key components are:

- NXP TDA1547 "LOC-TOP" LCD TV controller
- NXP TDA8890 "LOC-TOP" Versatile Video processor
- Weltrend WT61P8S microprocessor
- NXP TDA8932 Class-D Audio processor
- UV1316E tuner.

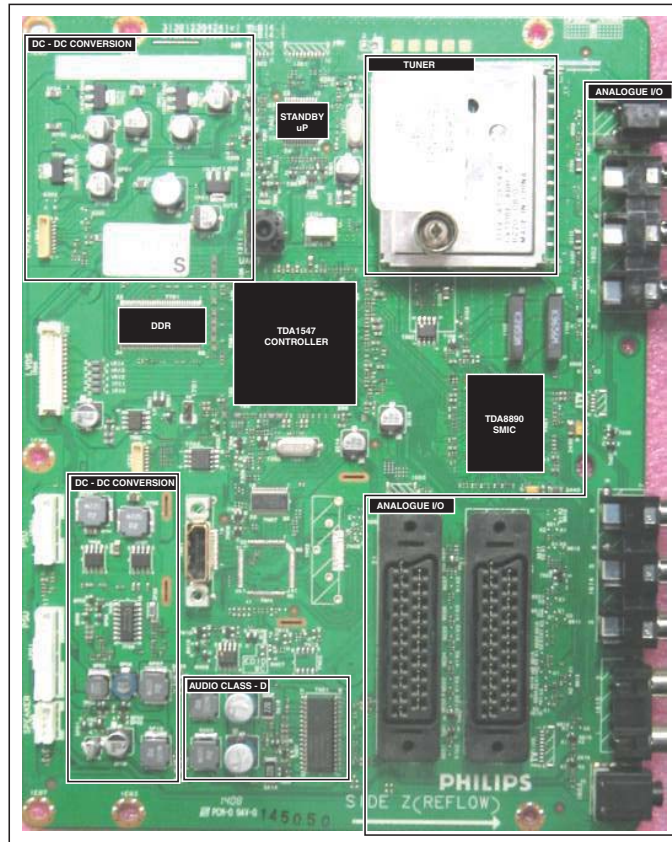
Refer to figure "LC08EE Architecture" for details.



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Figure 9-1 LC08EE Architecture

9.1.1 SSB Cell Layout



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Figure 9-2 SSB top view

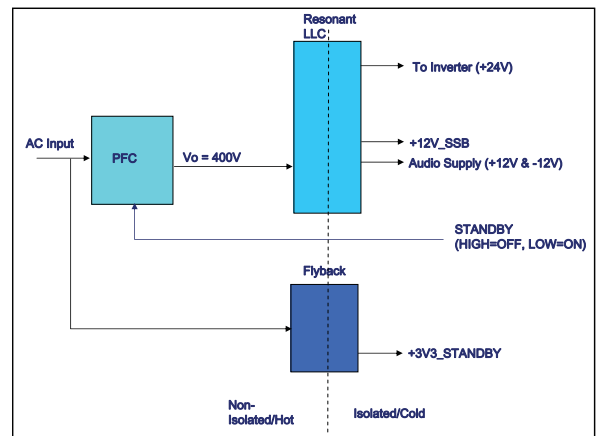
9.2 LCD Power Supply

The Power Supply Unit (PSU) in this chassis is a Bobitrans Power Solutions buy-in unit and is a black-box for Service. When defective, a new panel must be ordered and the defective panel must be returned for repair, unless the main fuse of the unit is broken. Always replace the fuse with one with the correct specifications! This part is commonly available in the regular market.

Different PSUs are used in this chassis:

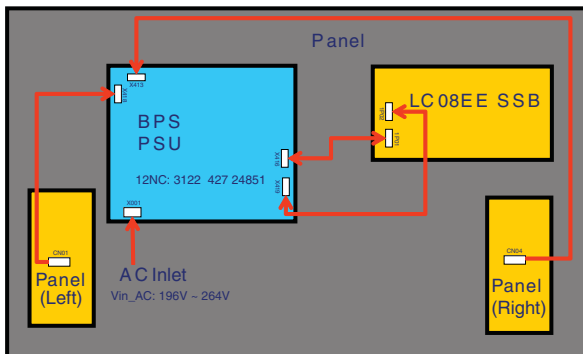
- 32" sets use a "Bobitrans" PLCD170PS09 B unit.
- 42" sets use an "Bobitrans" LIPS250PS02 unit.

9.2.1 32" sets



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310708

Figure 9-4 32" PSU block diagram



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310708

Figure 9-3 32" PSU connectivity

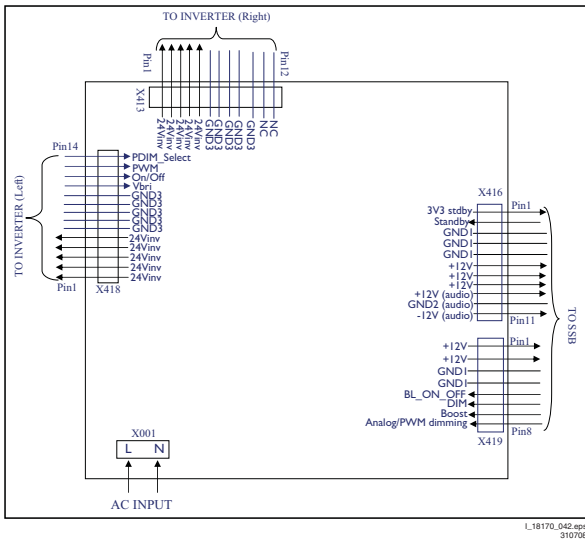


Figure 9-5 32'' PSU interface diagram

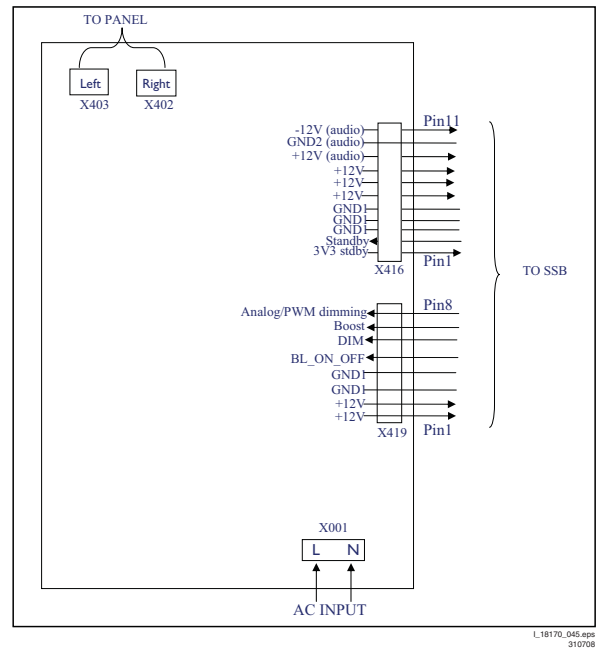


Figure 9-8 42'' PSU interface diagram

9.2.2 42'' sets

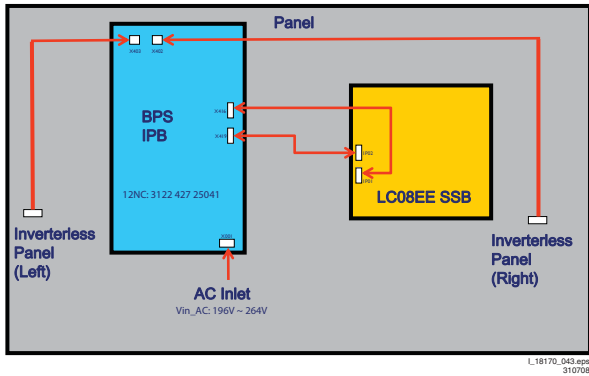


Figure 9-6 42'' PSU connectivity

9.3 DC/DC converters

On-board DC-DC converters convert the +12 V coming from the PSU and deliver the following voltages:

- +3.3 V (+3V3_STBY)
- +1.8 V (+1V8_SW)
- +5 V (+5V_SW)
- +3.3 V (+3V3_SW)
- +2.5 V (+2V5_SW)
- +3.3 V (+3V3_SW_TDA)
- +1.8 V (+1V8_SW_ADC)
- +33 V (+VTUN_33V)
- +8 V (+8V_SW)

The following diagram shows the power supply architecture of the SSB:

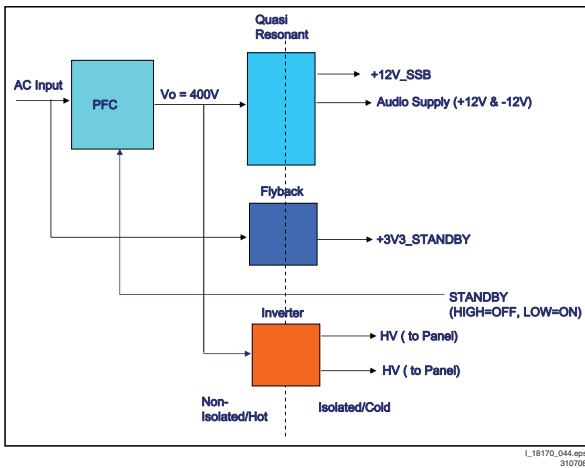


Figure 9-7 42'' PSU block diagram

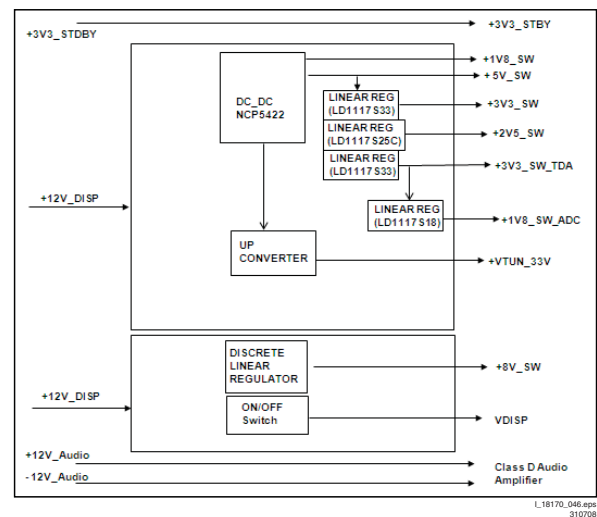


Figure 9-9 Power Supply Architecture

9.4 Front-End

This chassis uses the UV1316E analogue tuner.

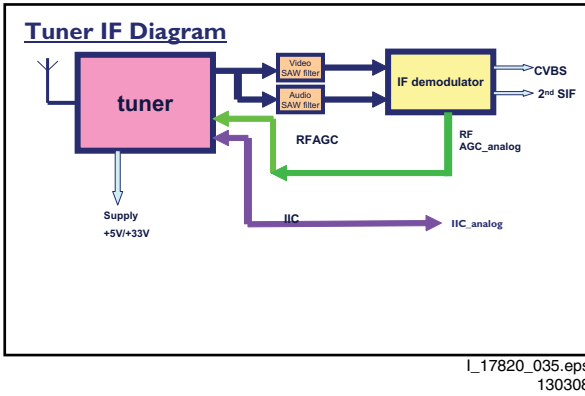


Figure 9-10 Tuner IF diagram

While receiving analogue signals, the signal coming from the tuner is fed to the IF demodulator (through the SAW filters) and then passed to the NXP TDA8890H1 LOC-TOP Front-End Signal Processor.

9.4.1 Video IF Amplifier

The IF-filter is integrated in a SAW (Surface Acoustic Wave) filter. One for filtering IF-video (item 1102) and one for IF-audio (item 1103). The video IF filter can be switched to another standard, what makes it suitable for applications in multi-standard platforms (implemented in non-EU applications). If implemented, switching is done by the microcontroller via SAW_SW. In table “SAW filter switching” is explained how to address the different system standards.

Table 9-1 SAW filter switching

Region	SAW_SW	System
AP	1	B/G, D/K, I
	0	M/N

The pin assignment of all analogue tuners is equal and can be found in table “Pin assignment analogue tuners”.

Table 9-2 Pin assignment analogue tuners

Pin number	Description	DC voltage (V)
1	RF AGC voltage	3.3 - 4.5 (weak or no signal) < 3.3 (strong signal)
2	n.c.	
3	I ² C-bus address select	0
4	SCL	0 to 3.3
5	SDA	0 to 3.3
6	n.c.	
7	supply voltage	5 ±0.25
8	n.c.	
9	fixed tuning voltage	33
10	n.c.	
11	TV IF output	

9.5 Video/Audio Processing

The video and audio processing is handled by the NXP “LOC-TOP” TDA8890H1 front-end signal processor in cooperation with the NXP “LOC-TOP” TDA15471HV video/audio processor. For the applications, see figures “Block diagram video processing” and “Block diagram audio processing”.

The TDA8890H1 features:

- Multi-standard vision IF circuit with alignment-free PLL demodulator
- Internal (switchable) time-constant for the IF-AGC circuit

- Switchable group delay correction and sound trap (with switchable centre frequency) for the demodulated CVBS signal
- Separate SIF (Sound IF) input for single reference QSS (Quasi Split Sound) demodulation
- AM demodulator without extra reference circuit
- SSIF output is available for interfacing with a stereo sound decoder
- Audio switch circuit with 7 base band stereo sound inputs
- Audio switch circuit 3 stereo outputs
- Video switch with 4 external CVBS inputs
- Video switch with 3 CVBS outputs
- YPRPB outputs (YOUTPIP/PBOUTPIP/PROUTPIP), for back-end PIP processing
- Linear RGB/YBPBR input with fast insertion
- Video identification circuit
- One reference (24.576 MHz) clock required
- Indication of the Signal-to-Noise ratio of the incoming CVBS signal
- Horizontal synchronization with alignment-free horizontal oscillator
- Vertical count-down circuit to generate vertical timing signals.

The TDA15471HV features:

- Graphics and Video Input Ports
- HDMI receiver
- 3D Video Decoder
- Field-proven Multi-standard TV sound decoder
- Audio processor
- Analog sound interface
- Digital audio input and output interface
- High Quality Video Processing
- Pip and PoP
- High Quality Video Scaling Engine
- Embedded OSD and VBI Controller
- Embedded DDR/SDRAM controller
- Programmable Digital Output for LCD
- Powerful 32-bit RISC CPU.

9.5.1 Video/Audio Application

“Block diagram video processing” and “Block diagram audio processing” shows the video/audio signal flow.

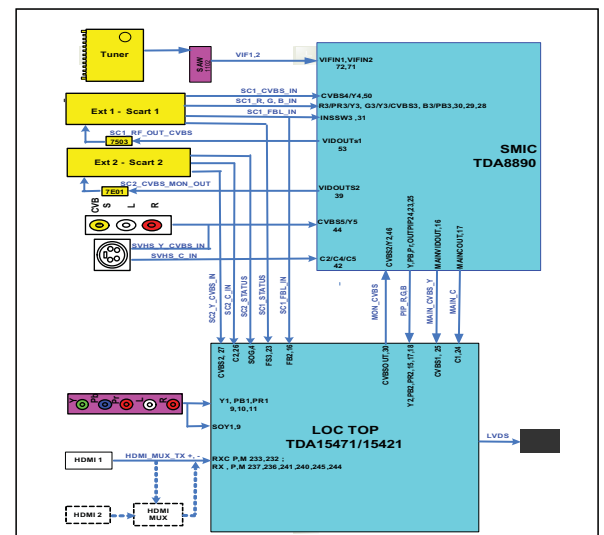


Figure 9-11 Block diagram video processing

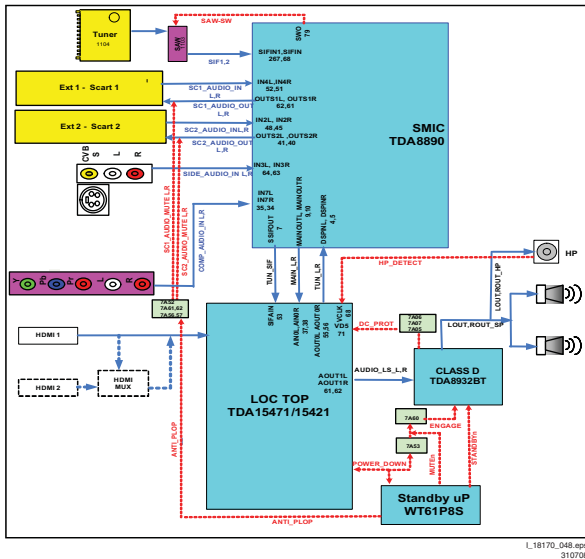


Figure 9-12 Block diagram audio processing

9.5.2 Audio Amplifier

The audio amplifier is an integrated class-D amplifier (TDA8932T, item 7A01). It combines a good performance with a high efficiency, resulting in a big reduction in heat generation.

Principle

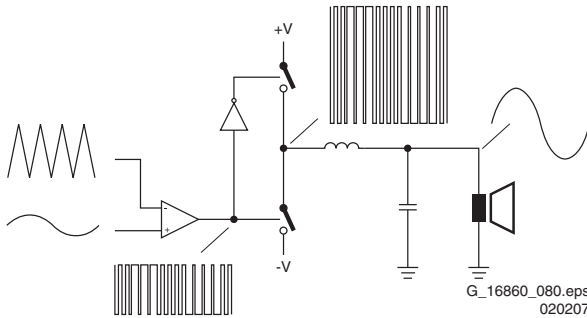


Figure 9-13 Principle Class-D Amplifier

The Class D amplifier works by varying the duty cycle of a Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) signal. By comparing the input voltage to a triangle wave, the amplifier increases duty cycle to increase output voltage, and decreases duty cycle to decrease output voltage. The output transistors of a Class D amplifier switch from 'full off' to 'full on' (saturated) and then back again, spending very little time in the linear region in between. Therefore, very little power is lost to heat. If the transistors have a low 'on' resistance (RDS(ON)), little voltage is dropped across them, further reducing losses. A Low Pass Filter at the output passes only the average of the output wave, which is an amplified version of the input signal. In order to keep the distortion low, negative feedback is applied.

The **advantage** of Class D is increased efficiency (= less heat dissipation). Class D amplifiers can drive the same output power as a Class AB amplifier using less supply current. The **disadvantage** is the large output filter. The main reason for this filter is that the switching waveform results in maximum current flow. This causes more loss in the load, which causes lower efficiency. An LC filter with a cut-off frequency less than the Class D switching frequency, allows the switching current to flow through the filter instead of the load, thus reducing the overall loss and increasing the efficiency.

DC-protection

A DC-detection circuit is foreseen to protect the speakers. It is built around three transistors (items 7A05 to 7A07) and generates a protection signal (DC_PROT) to the microprocessor in case of a DC failure in the Class D amplifiers.

9.6 HDMI

9.6.1 Introduction

Note: Text below is an excerpt from the "HDMI Specification" that is issued by the HDMI founders (see <http://www.hdmi.org>).

The High-Definition Multimedia Interface is developed for transmitting digital signals from audiovisual sources to television sets, projectors and other video displays. HDMI can carry high quality multi-channel audio data and can carry all standard and high-definition consumer electronics video formats. Content protection technology is available. HDMI can also carry control and status information in both directions.

HDMI is backward compatible with DVI (1.0). Compared with DVI, HDMI offers extra:

- YUV 4:4:4 (3 × 8-bit) or 4:2:2 (up to 2 × 12-bit), where DVI offers only RGB 4:4:4 (3 × 8 bit).
- Digital audio in CD quality (16-bit, 32/44.1/48 kHz), higher quality available (8 channels, 192 kHz).
- Remote control via CEC bus (Consumer Electronics Control): allows user to control all HDMI devices with the TV's remote control and menus.
- Smaller connector (SCART successor).
- Less cables: e.g. from 10 audio/9 video cables to 3 HDMI cables.

9.6.2 Implementation

The HDMI implementation is built around the IP4776CZ38 HDMI Interface for host-interface protection, which features:

- Integrated high-level ESD protection, level shifting and backdrive protection
- All TMDS lines with integrated rail-to-rail clamping diodes with downstream ESD protection of ±8 kV according to IEC 61000-4-2, level 4 standard
- Bidirectional level shifting N-channel FETs provided for DDC clock and data channels
- TMDS lines with ≤0.05 pF matching of capacitance between the TMDS pairs
- Ultra low line capacitance of 0.7 pF per channel
- HDMI 1.3 compliant
- Backdrive protection.

Refer to figure "HDMI implementation" for details.

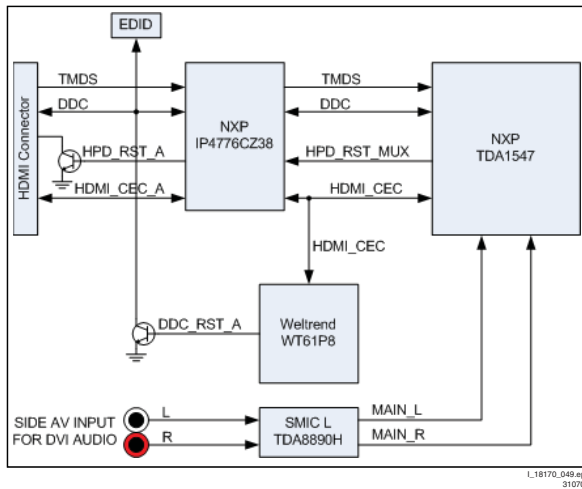


Figure 9-14 HDMI implementation

The description of the lines is as follows:

- TMDS (Time Minimized Differential Signal): the actual HDMI signal
- DDC (Digital Data Channel): the bus used by the source to read EDID data in the EEPROM and HDCP authentication
- HPD_RST_A (Hotplug Detect Reset signal): used to pull-down the HPD signal level at the connector when switching in/out of HDMI mode; the duration of the pulse is around 500-550 ms
- DDC_RST_A has the same behaviour as the HPD_RST_A signal. It is used to pull-down the I²C clock line to prevent some problems with certain video graphic cards
- HDMI_CEC_A is the Consumer Electronic Control remote control signal bus.

It should be noted that in this chassis the HDCP-key is embedded in the main processor (no need for a separate Service-SSB).

9.7 Abbreviation List

1080i	1080 visible lines, interlaced
1080p	1080 visible lines, progressive scan
2CS	2 Carrier Sound
2DNR	Spatial (2D) Noise Reduction
3DNR	Temporal (3D) Noise Reduction
480i	480 visible lines, interlaced
480p	480 visible lines, progressive scan
AARA	Automatic Aspect Ratio Adaptation: algorithm that adapts aspect ratio to remove horizontal black bars; keeping up the original aspect ratio
ACI	Automatic Channel Installation: algorithm that installs TV channels directly from a cable network by means of a predefined TXT page
ADC	analogue to Digital Converter
AFC	Automatic Frequency Control: control signal used to tune to the correct frequency
AGC	Automatic Gain Control: algorithm that controls the video input of the feature box
AM	Amplitude Modulation
AUO	Acer Unipack Optonics
AP	Asia Pacific
AR	Aspect Ratio: 4 by 3 or 16 by 9
ASD	Automatic Standard Detection
AV	Audio Video
B/G	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 5.5 MHz

BTSC	Broadcast Television System Committee
CAM	Conditional Access Module
CBA	Circuit Board Assembly (or PWB)
CEC	Consumer Electronics Control bus; remote control bus on HDMI connections
CI	Common Interface; E.g PCMCIA slot for a CAM in a set top box
CL	Constant Level: audio output to connect with an external amplifier
CLUT	Colour Look Up Table
ComPair	Computer aided rePair
COFDM	Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing; A multiplexing technique that distributes the data to be transmitted over many carriers
CSM	Customer Service Mode
CVBS	Composite Video Blanking and Synchronisation
CVBS-MON	CVBS monitor signal
CVBS-TER-OUT	CVBS terrestrial out
CVI	Component Video Input
DAC	Digital to analogue Converter
DBE	Dynamic Bass Enhancement: extra low frequency amplification
DDC	Display Data Channel; is a part of the "Plug and Play" feature
DFU	Directions For Use: owner's manual
DNR	Dynamic Noise Reduction
DRAM	Dynamic RAM
DSP	Digital Signal Processing
DST	Dealer Service Tool: special (European) remote control designed for service technicians
DTS	Digital Theatre Sound
DVB(T)	Digital Video Broadcast; An MPEG2 based standard for transmitting digital audio and video. T= Terrestrial
DVD	Digital Versatile Disc
DVI	Digital Visual Interface
DW	Double Window
ED	Enhanced Definition: 480p, 576p
EDID	Extended Display Identification Data (VESA standard)
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility
EU	EUrope
EXT	EXTernal (source), entering the set by SCART or by cinches (jacks)
FBL	Fast Blanking: DC signal accompanying RGB signals
FBL-TXT	Fast Blanking Teletext
FET	Field Effect Transistor
FLASH	FLASH memory
FM	Field Memory / Frequency Modulation
FMR	FM Radio
FRC	Frame Rate Converter
FTV	Flat TeleVision
H	H_sync to the module
HD	High Definition: 720p, 1080i, 1080p
HDCP	High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection; A "key" encoded into the HDMI/DVI signal that prevents video data piracy. If a source is HDCP coded and connected via HDMI/DVI without the proper HDCP decoding, the picture is put into a "snow vision" mode or changed to a low resolution. For normal content distribution, the source and the display device must be enabled for HDCP "software key" decoding

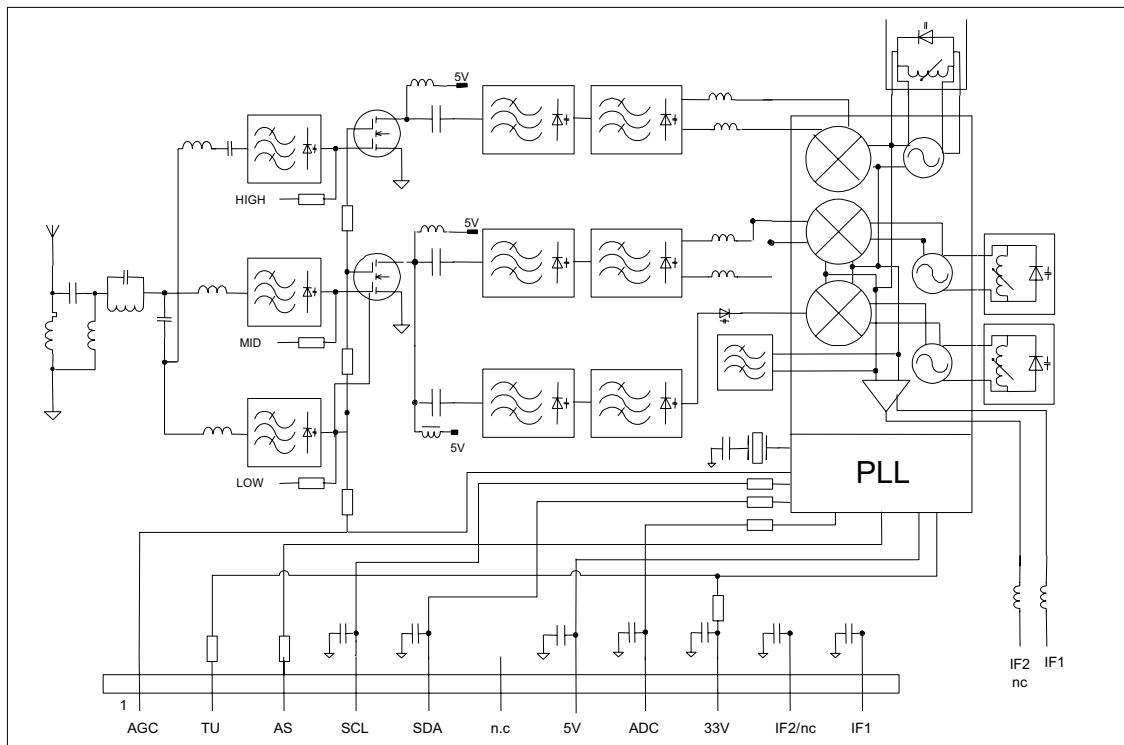
HDMI	High Definition Multimedia Interface, digital audio and video interface	PWB	Printed Wiring Board (or PCB)
HP	Head Phone	PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
I	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.0 MHz	RAM	Random Access Memory
I2C	Integrated IC bus	RC	Remote Control transmitter
I2S	Integrated IC Sound bus	RC5 (6)	Remote Control system 5 (6), the signal from the remote control receiver
IBO(Z)	Intelligent Bolt On module. Z= Zapper; module for DVB reception.	RF	Radio Frequency
IC	Integrated Circuit	RGB	Red, Green, and Blue. The primary colour signals for TV. By mixing levels of R, G, and B, all colours (Y/C) are reproduced.
IF	Intermediate Frequency	RGBHV	Red, Green, Blue, Horizontal sync, and Vertical sync
IR	Infra Red	ROM	Read Only Memory
IRQ	Interrupt ReQuest	SAM	Service Alignment Mode
Last Status	The settings last chosen by the customer and read and stored in RAM or in the NVM. They are called at start-up of the set to configure it according the customers wishes	SC	SandCastle: two-level pulse derived from sync signals
LATAM	LATin America	SC1-OUT	SCART output of the MSP audio IC
LC08	Philips chassis name for LCD TV 2008 project	SC2-OUT	SCART output of the MSP audio IC
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display	S/C	Short Circuit
LED	Light Emitting Diode	SCL	Clock signal on I2C bus
L/L'	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.5 MHz. L' is Band I, L is all bands except for Band I	SD	Standard Definition: 480i, 576i
LPL	LG Philips LCD	SDA	Data signal on I2C bus
LS	Loud Speaker	SDI	Samsung Display Industry
LVDS	Low Voltage Differential Signalling, data transmission system for high speed and low EMI communication.	SDM	Service Default Mode
M/N	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 4.5 MHz	SDRAM	Synchronous DRAM
MOSFET	Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor	SECAM	SEquence Couleur Avec Memoire. Colour system used mainly in France and Eastern Europe. Colour carriers = 4.406250 MHz and 4.250000 MHz
MPEG	Motion Pictures Experts Group	SIF	Sound Intermediate Frequency
MSP	Multi-standard Sound Processor: ITT sound decoder	SMPS	Switch Mode Power Supply
MUTE	MUTE Line	SND	SouND
NAFTA	North American Free Trade Association: Trade agreement between Canada, USA and Mexico	SOPS	Self Oscillating Power Supply
NC	Not Connected	S/PDIF	Sony Philips Digital InterFace
NICAM	Near Instantaneous Compounded Audio Multiplexing. This is a digital sound system, used mainly in Europe.	SRAM	Static RAM
NTSC	National Television Standard Committee. Colour system used mainly in North America and Japan. Colour carrier NTSC M/N = 3.579545 MHz, NTSC 4.43 = 4.433619 MHz (this is a VCR norm, it is not transmitted off-air)	SSB	Small Signal Board
NVM	Non Volatile Memory: IC containing TV related data (for example, options)	STBY	Stand-by
O/C	Open Circuit	SVHS	Super Video Home System
ON/OFF LED	On/Off control signal for the LED	SW	Sub Woofer / SoftWare / Switch
OAD	Over the Air Download	THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
OSD	On Screen Display	TXT	TeleteXT
PAL	Phase Alternating Line. Colour system used mainly in Western Europe (colour carrier = 4.433619 MHz) and South America (colour carrier PAL M = 3.575612 MHz and PAL N = 3.582056 MHz)	UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
PC	Personal Computer	uP	Microprocessor
PCB	Printed Circuit Board (or PWB)	VL	Variable Level out: processed audio output toward external amplifier
PDP	Plasma Display Panel	TXT	TeleteXT
PIG	Picture In Graphic	VBI	Vertical Blanking Interval
PIP	Picture In Picture	VESA	Video Electronics Standards Association
PLL	Phase Locked Loop. Used, for example, in FST tuning systems. The customer can directly provide the desired frequency	VGA	Video Graphics Array
PSU	Power Supply Unit	WD	Watch Dog
		WYSIWYR	What You See Is What You Record: record selection that follows main picture and sound
		XTAL	Quartz crystal
		YPbPr	Component video (Y= Luminance, Pb/Pr= Colour difference signals B-Y and R-Y, other amplitudes w.r.t. to YUV)
		Y/C	Video related signals: Y consists of luminance signal, blanking level and sync; C consists of colour signal.
		Y-OUT	Luminance-signal
		YUV	Baseband component video (Y= Luminance, U/V= Colour difference signals)

9.8 IC Data Sheets

This section shows the internal block diagrams and pin layouts of ICs that are drawn as "black boxes" in the electrical diagrams (with the exception of "memory" and "logic" ICs).

9.8.1 Diagram B02, Type UV1316E (IC1104), Tuner

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

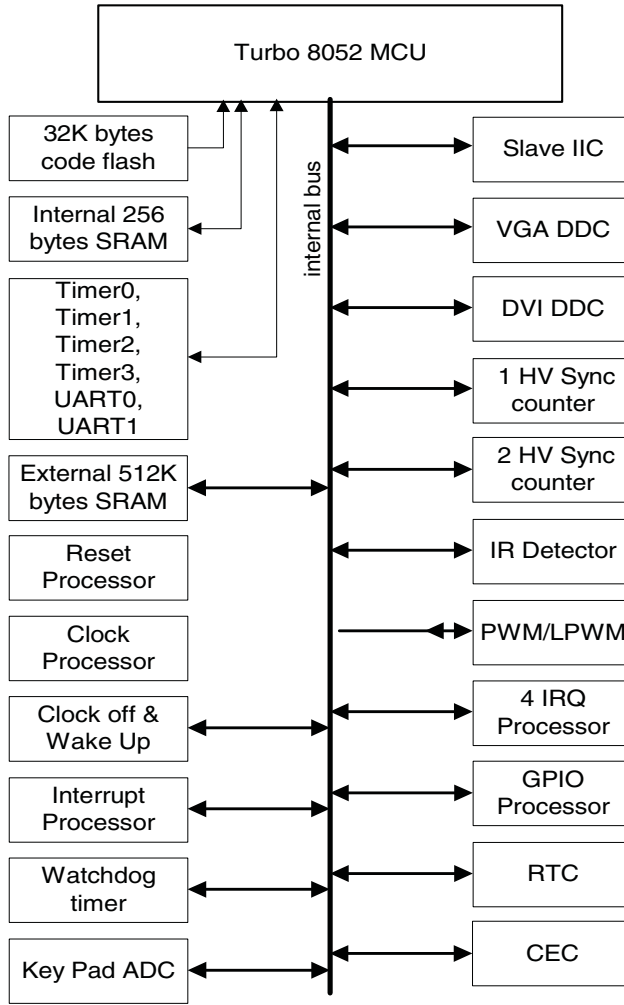
SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
AGC	1	Automatic Gain Control Voltage
TU	2	Tuning voltage monitor (output)
AS	3	I ² C-Bus Address Select
SCL	4	I ² C-Bus Serial Clock
SDA	5	I ² C-Bus Serial Data
n.c.	6	Not Connected
V _s	7	Supply Voltage +5V
ADC	8	ADC Input ⁽⁵⁾
V _{ST}	9	Fixed tuning Supply Voltage +33V
I.F out 2 / d.n.c	10	Symmetrical I.F output 2 / Do not connect for asymmetrical
I.F out 1	11	Asymmetrical I.F Output / Symmetrical I.F output 1
GND	M1,M2,M3,M4	Mounting Tags (Ground)

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Figure 9-15 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

9.8.2 Diagram B03, Type WT61P8S (IC7303), Weltrend Microprocessor

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

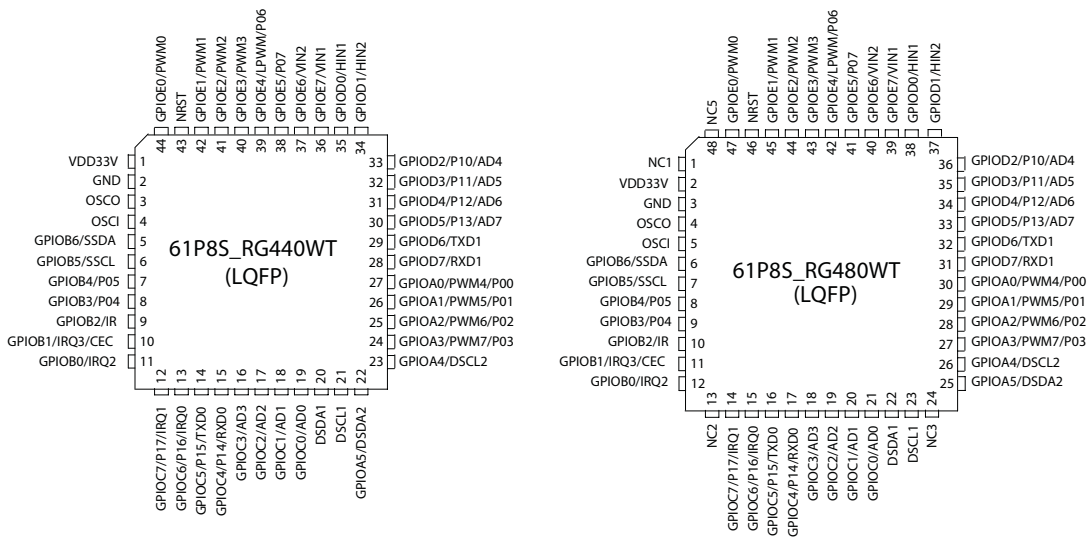
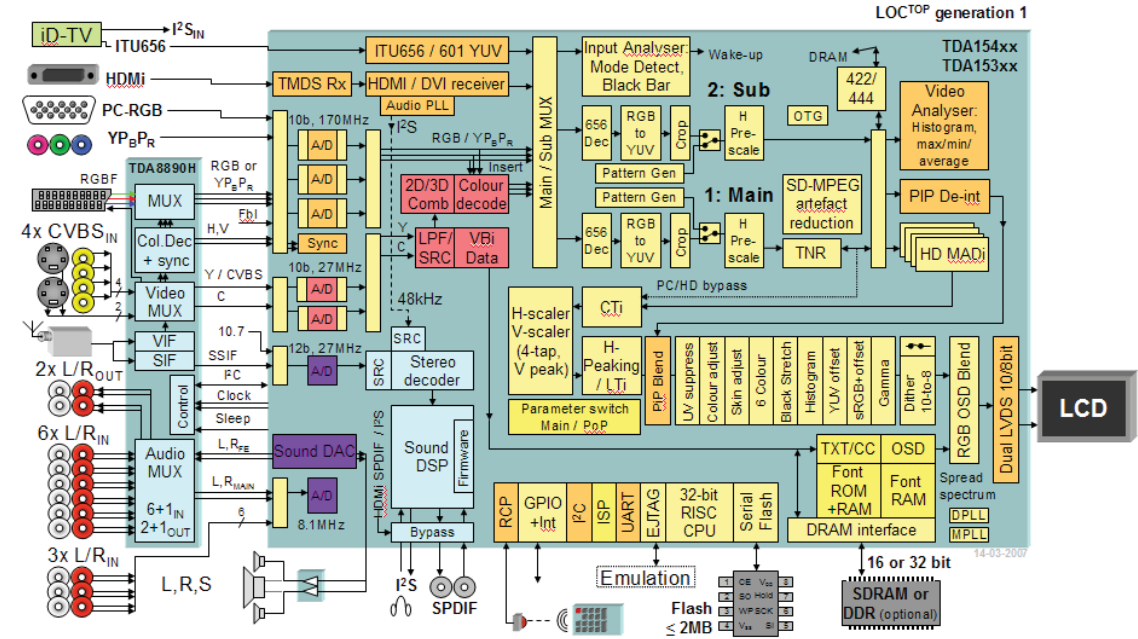


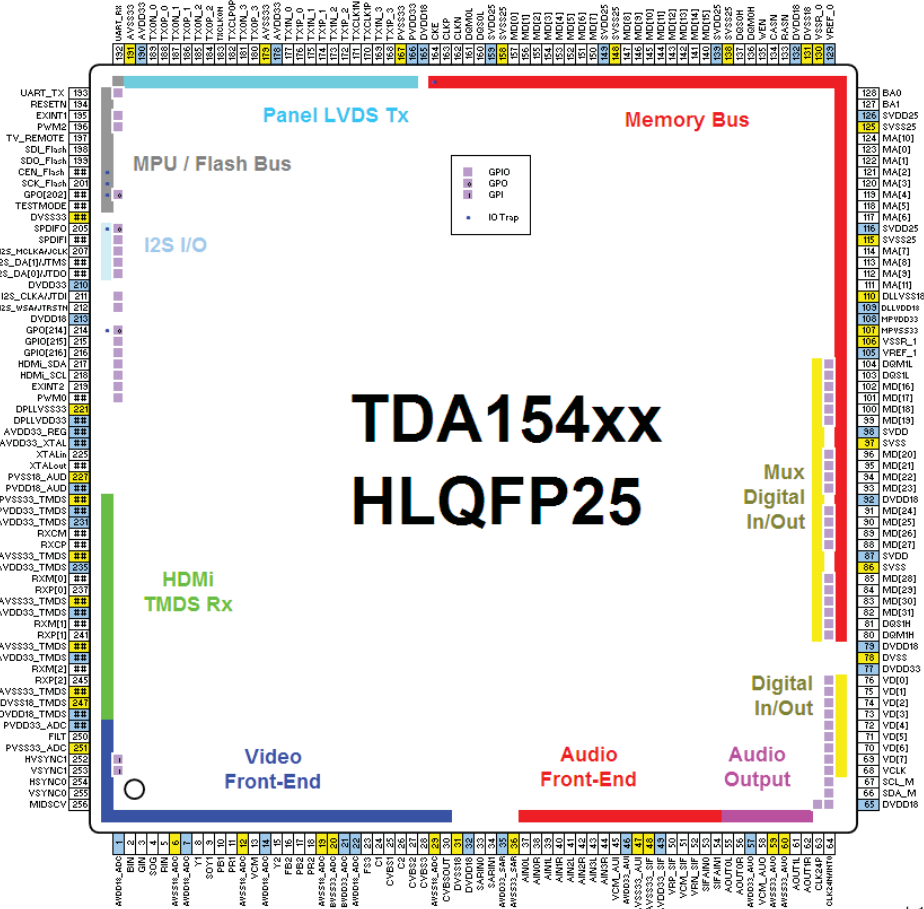
Figure 9-16 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

9.8.3 Diagram B04A, Type TDA15471HV (IC7C01), LOC-TOP Video/Audio Processor

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

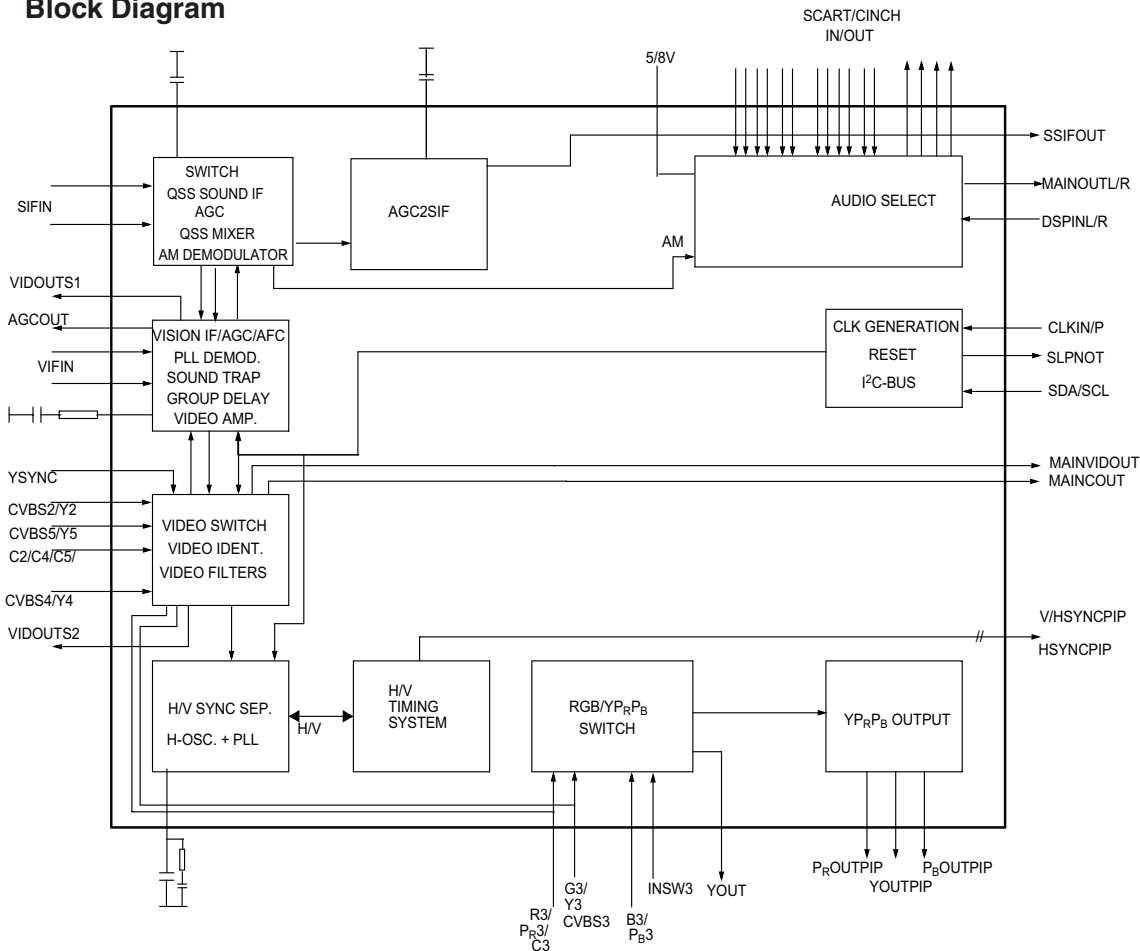


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Figure 9-17 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

9.8.4 Diagram B05A, Type TDA8890H1 (IC7401), Versatile Front-End Signal Processor

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

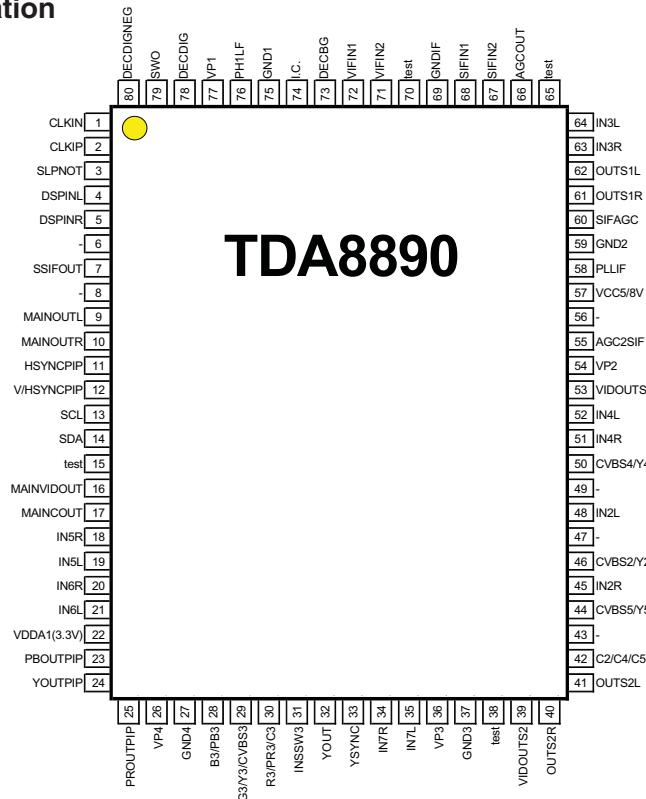
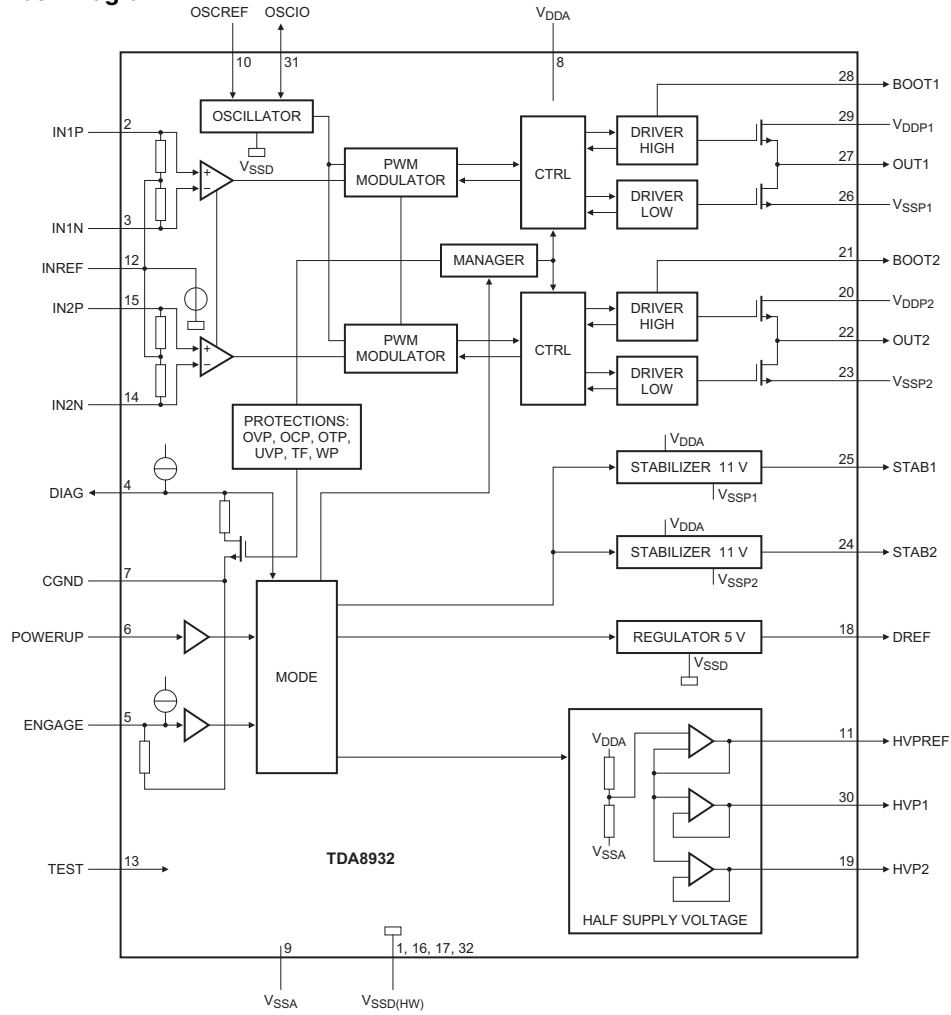


Figure 9-18 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

9.8.5 Diagram B05B, Type TDA8932BT (IC7A01), Audio Amplifier

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

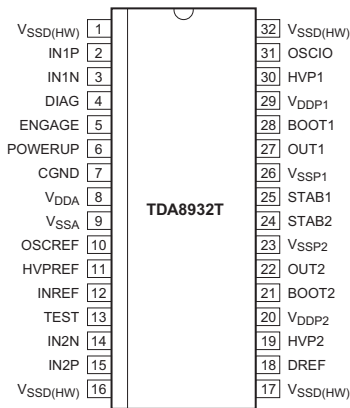
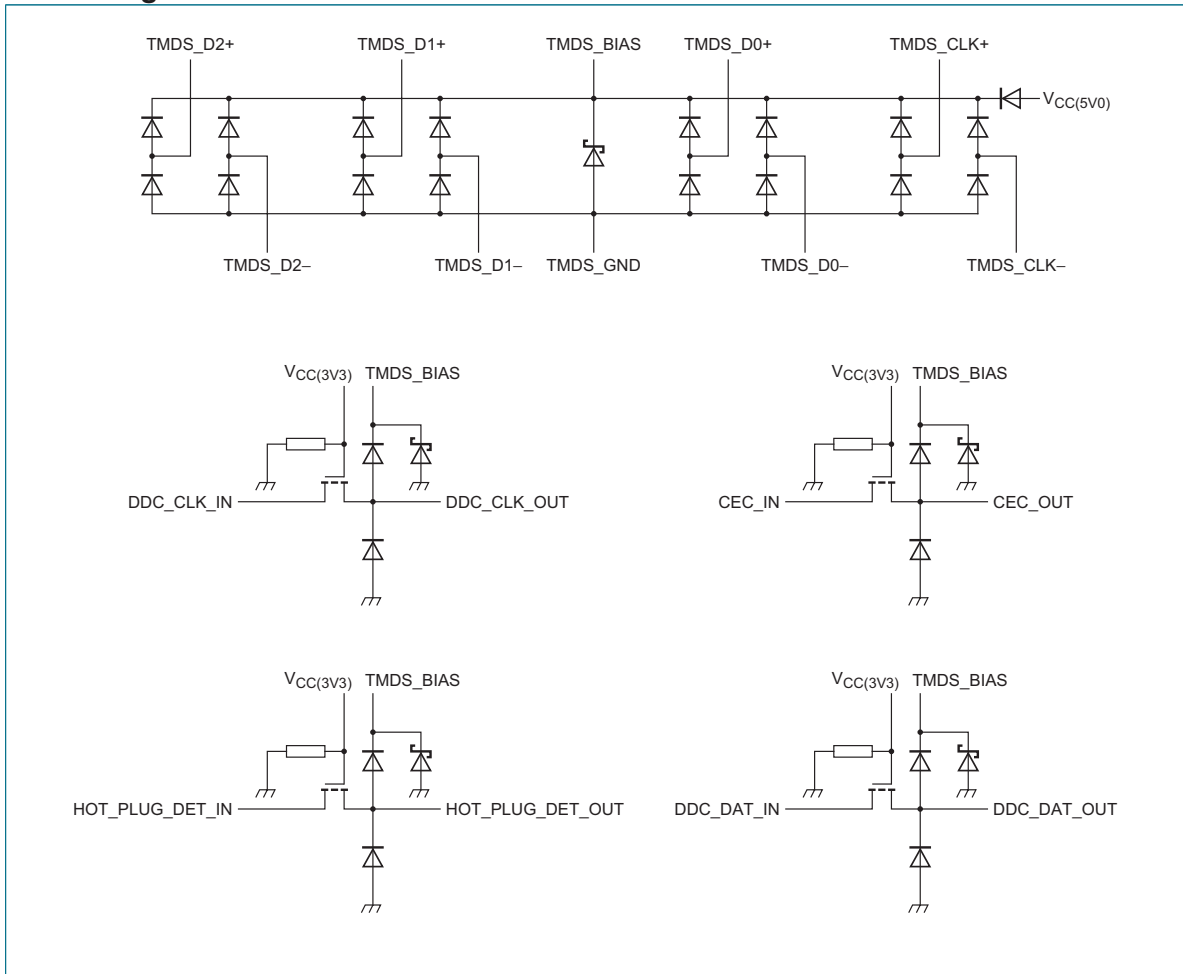


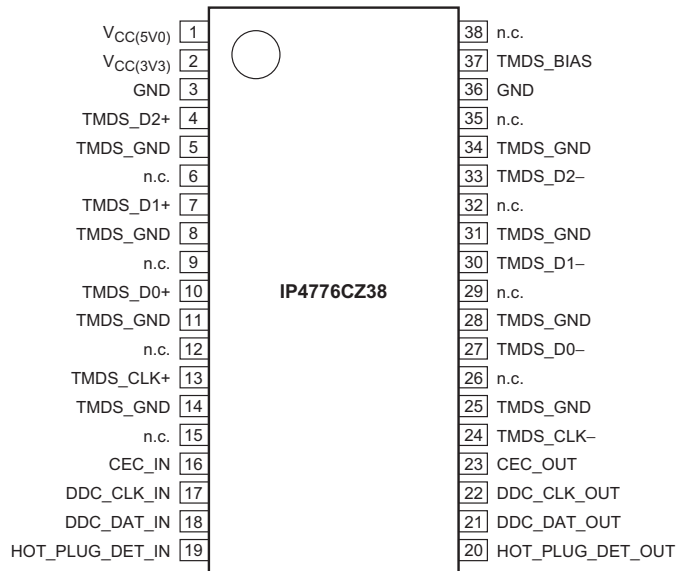
Figure 9-19 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

9.8.6 Diagram B06D, Type IP4776 (IC7N07), HDMI Interface

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



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Figure 9-20 Internal block diagram and pin configuration

10. Spare Parts List & CTN Overview

For the latest spare part overview, please consult the Philips Service website.

Table 10-1 Sets described in this manual:

CTN	Styling	Published in:
32PFL3403/12	MG8	3122 785 18170
32PFL3403/60	MG8	3122 785 18171
32PFL3403S/60	MG8	3122 785 18171
42PFL3403/12	MG8	3122 785 18170
42PFL3403/60	MG8	3122 785 18171
42PFL3403S/60	MG8	3122 785 18171

11. Revision List

Manual xxxx xxx xxxx.0

- First release.

Manual xxxx xxx xxxx.1

- **All chapters:** Added 4 sets (See table chapter 10).
- **Chapter 5:** "LLLLL" removed from SAM explanations.

www.s-manuals.com