



SG 500

SG 120

Digital Grand Piano

Owner's Manual

| TABLE OF CONTENTS | | | 1 |
|--|----|--|----|
| Safety Precautions And Instructions | 3 | Single Finger Mode | 25 |
| Disclaimer | 4 | Registration Memory | 26 |
| Taking Care Of Your Instrument | 4 | How To Store The Registration Memories | 26 |
| Getting Started | 5 | How To Select A Memory Bank | 26 |
| Preparation | 5 | How To Select A Memory Registration | 26 |
| Power Supply | 5 | The Lock Button | 27 |
| Headphones | 5 | USB Disk | 27 |
| Bluetooth Audio Connection | 6 | Play Midi Files | 27 |
| Playing Demo Songs | 6 | Recording Station | 28 |
| Soft/Sostenuto/Sustain Pedals | 7 | Easy Recording | 28 |
| Programable Sustain Pedal (Half Sustain) | 7 | Multi Track Recording | 29 |
| Programable Sustain Sedal (Expression Pedal) | 8 | Function Button | 31 |
| Volume & Tone Controls | 9 | Main Voice Reverb Level | 31 |
| Selecting And Playing The Voices (Sounds) | 9 | Layer Voice Reverb Level | 31 |
| Sound Select | 10 | Left Voice Reverb Level | 32 |
| Main Voice | 10 | Main Voice Chorus Level | 32 |
| Layer Voice | 10 | Layer Voice Chorus Level | 32 |
| Left Voice | 11 | Left Voice Chorus Level | 33 |
| Sound Volume | 12 | Chord Type | 33 |
| Grand Piano Button | 12 | Metronome Volume | 33 |
| Favorite Voice Group | 13 | Main Voice Pan | 34 |
| Changing Your Favorite Voice Group | 13 | Layer Voice Pan | 34 |
| Select The Split Point | 14 | Left Voice Pan | 34 |
| Digital Reverb | 14 | Main Voice Octave | 35 |
| Chorus Effect | 15 | Layer Voice Octave | 35 |
| Touch Sensitivity | 15 | Left Voice Octave | 35 |
| Transpose | 16 | USB Play Mode | 36 |
| Pitch – Fine Tuning | 17 | USB Play Speed | 36 |
| Auto Accompaniment Section | 18 | USB Play Volume | 36 |
| Favorite Style Group | 18 | USB Mute Track | 37 |
| Select A Style | 20 | Local Midi | 38 |
| Auto Chord Recognition | 20 | USB Midi In | 38 |
| Auto Accompaniment | 20 | USB Midi Out | 38 |
| Start/Stop | 20 | Teacher Duet | 39 |
| Fill In 1 And Fill In 2 - Style A/B Variations | 22 | Sustain Pedal | 39 |
| Syncro/Key Start | 22 | Bluetooth | 40 |
| How To Select Auto Start | 22 | Reset | 40 |
| Intro/Ending | 22 | Auto Power Off | 41 |
| Tap Tempo | 22 | Direct Reset | 42 |
| Auto Accompaniment On/Off | 22 | Connections | 43 |
| Auto Setup | 22 | SG500 Sound List | 44 |
| Full Keyboard | 23 | SG500 Style List | 52 |
| Metronome | 23 | Midi Implementation chart | 60 |
| Metronome Volume | 24 | | |
| Tempo Control | 24 | | |
| Auto Accompaniment | 24 | | |



KEY ACTION TECHNOLOGIES SINCE 1956

DECLARATION

1612002

This certificate is issued by **FATAR Srl** having principal place of business in Via Volponi - Zona Industriale Squartabue, 62019 Recanati (MC) - ITALY.

Brand:

SAMICK MUSIC CORP.

Models:

SG 120, SG 500

Object:

We certify that the products listed above use the keyboard mechanism denominated TP/40GH, developed and produced by FATAR in accordance with its quality standards.

The keyboard TP/40GH has been developed to offer a solid and professional touch, providing an authentic and precise performance. The four zones of graded hammer action and the return spring application create the right combination to give the feeling of a real acoustic piano.

The use of this keyboard mechanism in association with the products here certified can be identified through the logo "**FATAR GRAND TOUCH**".



Place and date of issue: Recanati - ITALY, 13th December 2016

FEDERICA CELLI
Sales Manager

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Federica Celli', written over a horizontal line.

MARCO RAGNI
President

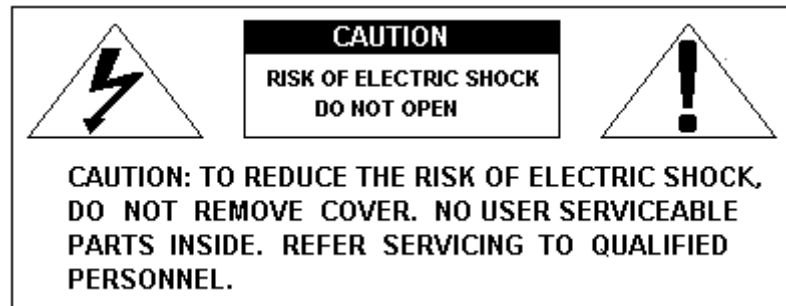
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Marco Ragni', written over a horizontal line.

NOTE:

The use of logo "FATAR GRAND TOUCH" in its different multimedia formats is allowed only and exclusively in association with the products listed in this certificate. Any other use is punishable by the law.

FATAR © is a registered trademark and all rights are reserved.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING

This piano has a global power supply allowing its use in various countries and comes, typically, with a polarized (three prong AC power cable) used in North America.

When using electric pianos, always follow basic precautions, including the following:

1. Read these instructions completely before using your piano.
2. To reduce the risk of injury, close supervision is suggested when the piano is used near or by children.
3. Do not use this piano near open water or excessive moisture. For example; near a bathtub, washbowl, kitchen sink, a wet basement, near a swimming pool, or the like.
4. This piano, either alone or in combination with an external amplifier, headphones, or external speakers, may be capable of producing sound levels that could cause permanent hearing loss. Do not operate for long periods at high-volume levels, or at a level that is uncomfortable.
5. This piano should be placed in a well-ventilated location away from excessive external heat sources.
6. This piano should never be operated with a power supply other than the one originally supplied.
7. This piano is equipped with a polarized (three prong) plug. This is a safety feature. If you are unable to insert the plug into the outlet, contact an electrician to replace your obsolete outlet. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the plug. Do not modify the plug provided with the piano - if it will not fit - have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.
8. The power-supply cable of the piano should be unplugged from the outlet when left unused for a long period. When re-plugging unit, turn on the instrument and leave on for 3-5 hours to recharge internal battery. The battery may need to be replaced after two or three years of use.
9. Care should be taken so that objects do not fall, and liquids are not spilled, into the cabinet through openings or between keys.
10. The piano should be serviced by qualified personnel when:
 - a. the power-supply cord or the plug has been damaged.
 - b. Objects have fallen, or liquid has been spilled, into the piano
 - c. The piano has been exposed to rain or excessive moisture.
 - d. The piano does not appear to operate normally, or exhibits a marked change in performance.
 - e. The piano has been dropped, or the cabinet damaged

This Owner's Manual Disclaimer

The messages contained in the actual display may not always match the display examples on these pages. They may be a representation of the many features of the piano.

Due to the constant effort to improve the piano, the piano specifications might differ to those in the manual. The specifications are subject to modification without prior notice.

TAKING CARE OF YOUR INSTRUMENT

Your instrument is a fine instrument and deserves careful treatment.

Follow carefully the next few points, to keep it at its best for many years.

1. Never open the case and touch the internal circuits.
2. Always switch the power Off after use.
3. Use a cloth or a damp sponge. If the dirt is particularly persistent, use a neutral detergent to remove it. Never use solvents or alcohol.
4. Do not place your instrument near electric motors, neon or fluorescent lamps as these may generate disturbances.
5. In some cases, you may need to change the position of the instrument to avoid interference.
6. Keep your instrument away from dusty environments, high humidity, and high temperatures.
7. Avoid plugging in additional appliances and other electronic equipment into the same outlet.
8. Before turning on the piano, make sure that any external amplifier and speaker system that you have connected to your instrument are turned off.
9. Computer controlled instruments can be interrupted by spikes, surges and dropouts on the power line. If your instrument stops working because of a power line disturbance, switch it off for a few seconds and then switch it on again.
10. Never disconnect the power cable without turning the power switch off.

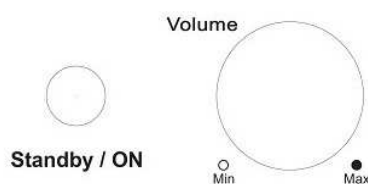
GETTING STARTED

PREPARATION

This section contains information about setting up your instrument and preparing to play. Be sure to go through this section carefully before using this instrument.

POWER SUPPLY

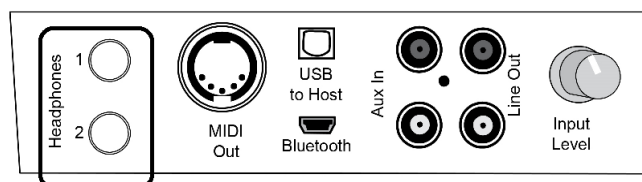
Many electronics today include external power supplies. This piano includes an internal power supply requiring you take the included power cable and insert the polarized three prong AC plug into the closest, convenient, AC wall socket. Plug the other end into the special receptacle under the left side of the keyboard. You can't do this wrong. It will only plug in one way.



1. Turn on the instrument by pressing the Standby ON switch located in the left of the front panel.
2. Set the Master VOLUME to the desired level. The Master VOLUME controls the overall volume for the entire instrument. Suggest starting at half position.

HEADPHONES

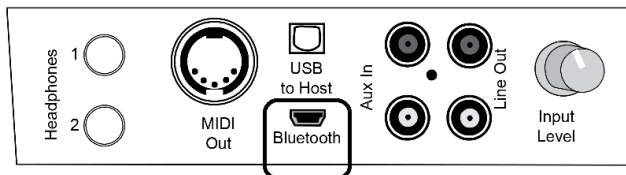
This piano includes two stereo headphone jacks. One can be used for playing privately without disturbing anyone and two can be used to play privately with a teacher or duets with another player. They can be used individually or together. The internal speaker system is automatically switched off, when the headphone is plugged into the PHONE socket.



This panel is attached facing toward the bench in plain sight on the underside of the keyboard to the left.

BLUETOOTH AUDIO CONNECTION

It is possible to wirelessly connect your piano to a Bluetooth capable remote audio device including Smart Phones, or Tablet, or computers using the optional BT1 Bluetooth audio RECEIVER or similar Bluetooth audio receivers. The optional BT-1 can be connected in the Bluetooth socket or other devices can be connected to the audio inputs on the connections panel under the left side of the keyboard..



Once you have your Bluetooth receiver “paired” (wirelessly connected), with your Bluetooth capable phone/tablet/computer, a whole world of internet based fun and education, with your available WiFi or phone data becomes available.

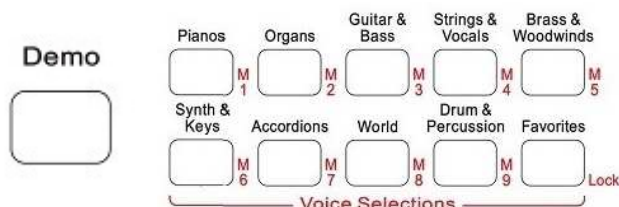
Once connected and wirelessly paired, there are many possibilities.

1. Play your favorite music through the high quality sound system of your piano just as you would a stereo with thousands of songs available for free on the internet.
2. Play along with your favorite artists and musicians. The piano is fully functional while you are playing music through your Bluetooth connection. Notice the “Input Level” knob on the connection panel that allows you to adjust the balance between your piano and the music being played from your Bluetooth connection.
3. Don’t forget that audio is the “sound” half of video. Watch videos through your Bluetooth capable device while listening through your piano. Watch and play with your favorite artists or take piano lessons or other online lessons and more.

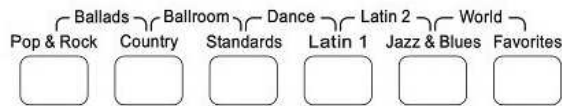
Setting up and connecting or “pairing” you Bluetooth receiver varies with the model Bluetooth you receive. Follow the instructions that come with your Bluetooth receiver.

PLAYING DEMO SONGS

Your piano comes equipped with a complete selection of songs arranged to demonstrate a broad selection of Voices (Or Sounds) and Styles (Or Rhythms) in your piano.



- Press the DEMO button. All the VOICE and STYLE SELECTION buttons will start blinking.
- Press the PIANO button and the Piano Demo Song will start playing. At the end of the Piano Demo, the song will stop and all the buttons will start blinking again.
- Press the ORGAN button to select the Organ Demo Song.
- Continue auditioning all the voices and styles to familiarize yourself with the potential of your Samick Piano

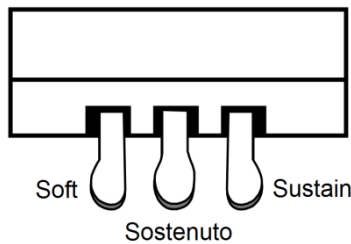


- Press the POP&ROCK button and the Demo Song will start playing using one of the styles of the POP&ROCK section. At the end of the Demo, the song will stop and all the buttons will start blinking again.
- Press the POP&ROCK and the COUNTRY button at the same time to select the BALLADS Demo Song.
- Follow the above instruction to play all the Demo Songs related to the Style Selection buttons.

The Demo function can be stopped by pressing the DEMO button again even while the Demo is playing.

SOFT/SOSTENUTO/SUSTAIN PEDAL

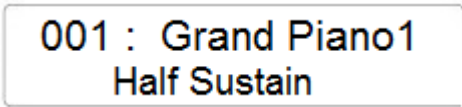
Insert the Pedals Cable to the dedicated connection – near the power cable connector -. This instrument’s pedals work with a set of three pedals giving the following functions:



- SOFT:** gives the piano voices a "softer" sound.
- SOSTENUTO:** Sustains only the keys held on the keyboard before the Sostenuto pedal is depressed. All other keys played after the Sostenuto is depressed will sustain as usual.
- SUSTAIN:** Depressing this pedal allows all note played to sound or sing freely, even when the keys are released.

Programable Sustain Pedal (Half Sustain)

- Press the FUNCTION button and, with the data Control Wheel, scroll to the Half Sustain page. The half pedal function emulates how the sustain pedal works on an acoustic concert grand piano. Many Sustain pedals on digital pianos are just “on/off”. This function is important for a serious player or student.



Notice that, when using the “Function” button, the first line in the two-line display remains in its default purpose, indicating the selected voice. (You may notice “Grand Piano 1” is a popular one.)

The second line, indicates the function “in play”. Turning the Data Wheel will scroll from (function name) to “ON” or “OFF”. This will either turn the function on or off or change its value. This status or value is shown on the second line in the display to the left of the colon. Pressing the “Enter” button will “engage” the value you have scrolled to in the display.

001 : Grand Piano1
ON : HalfSustain

- Using the Data Control Wheel, it is possible to change the Half Sustain On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Half Sustain

Programable Sustain pedal (Expression Pedal)

Your piano will play as multiple instruments including organs. A basic component of an organ is an “expression pedal” which allows you to control the volume of your performance with your foot. The sustain pedal function can be changed to operate as an expression pedal under the “function” menu.

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Half Sustain page

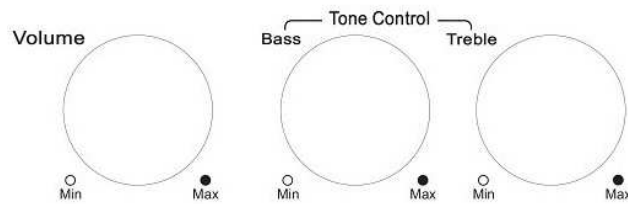
001 : Grand Piano1
Half Sustain

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Half Sustain page to the Expression Pedal.

001 : Grand Piano1
Expression Pedal

- Because your digital piano allows you to play many more instruments than just piano, you can change the function and behaviour of the keys and pedals to emulate those of other instruments.
- The organ is the best example of this. The traditional organ does not have or use the sustain function as a piano does. The organ, typically doesn’t have or use a sustain pedal. It does, however, use an expression pedal. Think of an expression pedal as a volume control.
- In this configuration, the Sustain Pedal is working as Expression/Volume pedal in the instrument.

VOLUME & Tone Controls

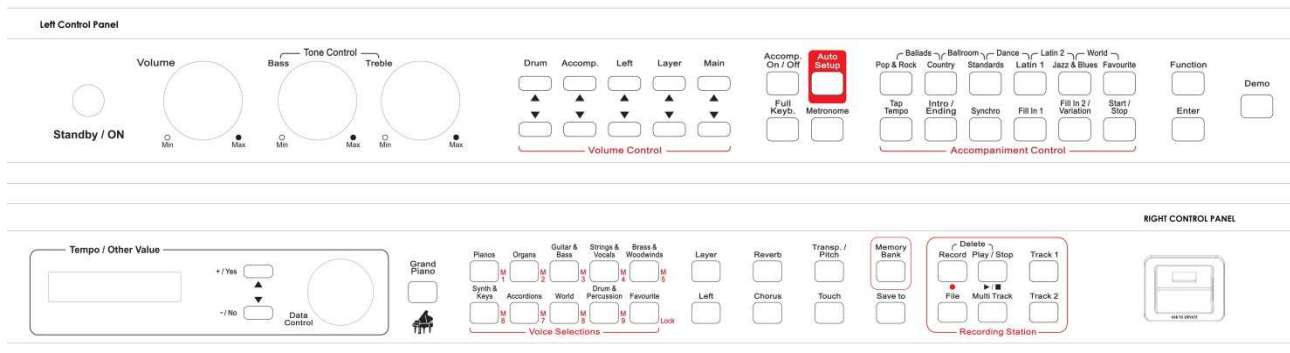


The Master Volume & Tone Controls the overall volume and tone or brightness of the sound.

SELECTING AND PLAYING THE VOICES (Sounds)

Your instrument has 354 sounds in the internal sound library, and 10 Drum Kits. (A drum kit is a group of percussive instruments common to a style of music.)

The available sounds can be played or assigned to three different modes: Main Sound, Layer Sound, Left Sound.



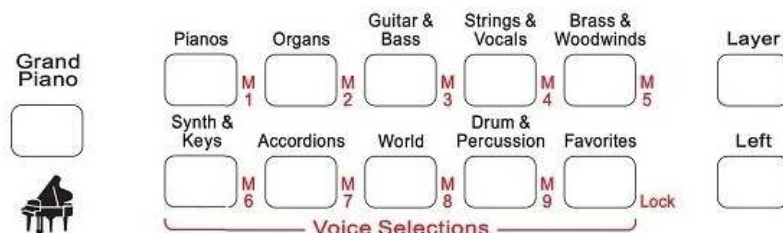
The best digital pianos will not only allow you to select and combine many different voices. It will also allow you to “assign” voices to different areas of the keyboard. This ability allows you to control and play more content. Think of a drum kit where many different drums are played by one person. Many drum voices to choose from and many methods to control them.

- MAIN - plays a single voice over the entire range of the keyboard.
- LAYER - mixes two different voices together for rich, complex sounds.
- LEFT - allows to select one sound for the Left part and up to two sounds for the Right part of the keyboard.

The complete list of the available Voices or Sounds is available in the SOUND LIST pages at the end of this manual. (Page 44)

SOUND SELECT

Because your digital piano provides so many voices and styles we have devised a clever way to find and select them quickly and easily.

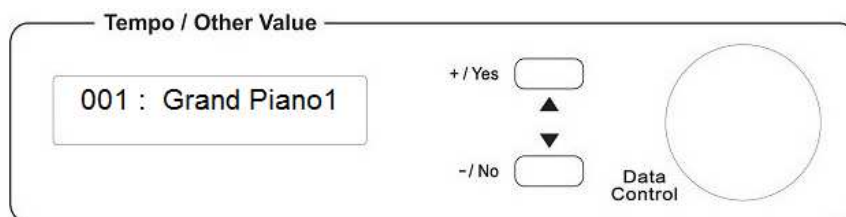


The sounds are listed in 9 Voice Families:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PIANOS (001-039) | The best assortment of Acoustic, Digital/Electric Piano sounds. |
| ORGANS (040-082) | A nice selection of Jazz, Pop and Church and chapel Organs |
| GUITAR&BASSES (083-142) | Electric, Acoustic Guitar and basses |
| STRINGS&VOCALS (143-185) | The perfect Strings Orchestra or Choir you may desire |
| BRASS&WOODWIND (186-244) | All the Big Band sounds and solos |
| SYNTH&KEYS (245-279) | A touch of modern music |
| ACCORDIONS (280-319) | Simply the best reed sounds |
| WORLD (320-330) | A taste of International Music |
| DRUM&PERCUSSIONS(331-362) | A box full of rhythm |
| FAVORITES | Your Favourite sound selection |

MAIN VOICE

To select a Piano sound from the PIANOS section as the Main Voice – make sure that the LAYER and LEFT buttons are switched Off - just push the PIANOS button and a nice Piano sound will be available on the full keyboard and the related sound name will be indicated on the display



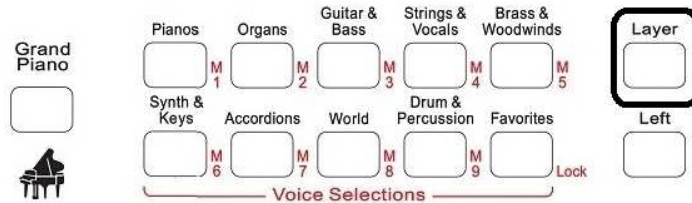
There are many voices or sounds in every voice family or category. After choosing a voice family you can scroll through the available voices using the “data control wheel” Simply stop on your choice and play.

Use this procedure for each voice family.

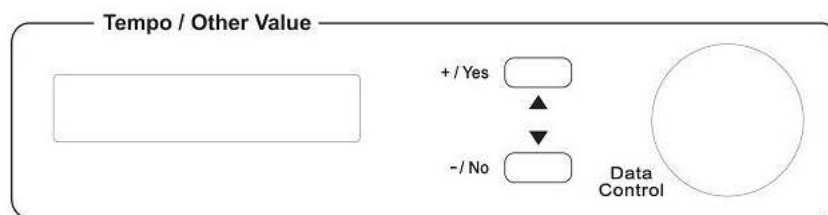
LAYER VOICE

It is possible to select two voices to be played as a combination using the “LAYER” feature to obtain richer and fuller sound for the instrument for example, Piano and Strings.

- Select a Piano sound (Or main voice)
- Press now the LAYER button to access or find the second Voice – its Led is now On -.



- Press the STRINGS&VOCALS family button to find or access the available sounds of the family.

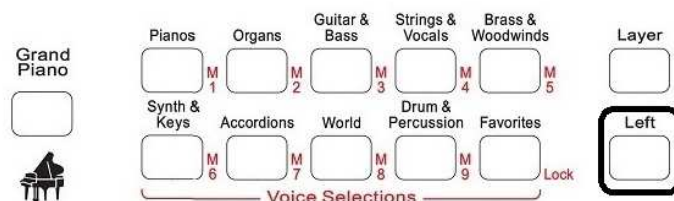


- Using the Data Control Wheel, scroll through the Strings and Vocals sounds available in the that family and select the desired Voice. The related voice name will be indicated on the display
- You now have a “layered or duel” voice available on the instrument. Piano and Strings

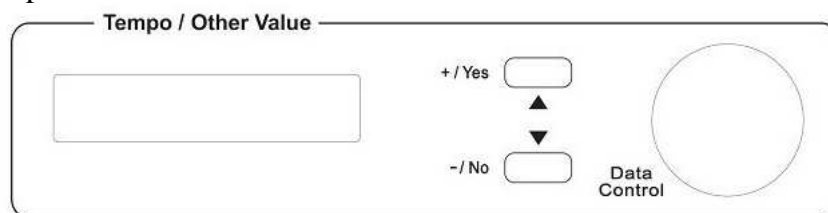
LEFT VOICE

Because of the versatility of your digital piano, you can set up and play a full musical ensemble by choosing and assigning one instrument like the piano (your choice) to the right hand while assigning another to the left hand, like organ (or bass guitar). Add some drums and you are the band!

- Press the LEFT button to access to the Left Voice section – its Led is now On -.



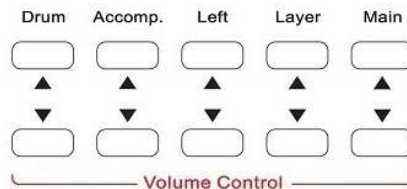
- Press, for example the ORGANS button to access the available sounds of the family.



- Using the Data Control Wheel, scroll all the Organs sounds available in the family button and select the desired Voice. The related voice name will be indicated on the display
- You have now available on the instrument a nice Organ voice playing on the Left part of the keyboard.

SOUND VOLUME

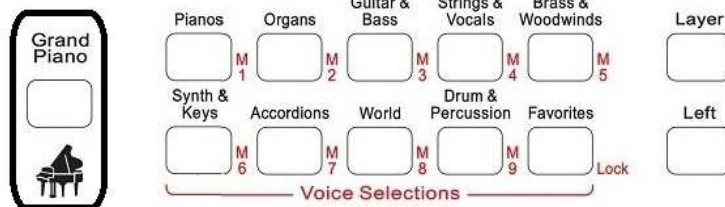
The volume of each section can be controlled with the related volume buttons.



- The DRUM buttons will control the volume of the Drums and Percussion instruments of the Styles.
- The ACCOMP. buttons will control the Auto Accompaniment volume.
- The LEFT buttons will control the volume of the Left Voice.
- The LAYER buttons will control the volume (or balance) of the Layer Voice.
- The MAIN buttons will control the volume of the Main Voice.

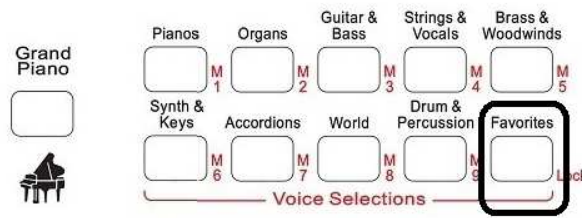
When you adjust the volume or “balance” of each section its level is represented in the display with a number from 00 (no sound) to 127 (maximum volume).

GRAND PIANO BUTTON



As you can see, your piano is highly programmable with many custom adjustments and selections you can make. As nice as this is, for many, the most important instrument is the piano and the Grand Piano button will get you back home to the piano with just one button push. It does more than simply choose a piano voice. It returns all the settings to a place where the entire instrument returns to the operating mode of a traditional piano including keys, pedal and best settings. Simple and fast!

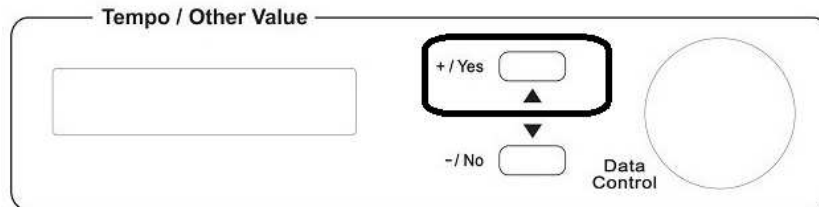
Using your FAVORITE VOICE Function



Your piano offers a large selection of sounds in the many Voice Families available. However, we all develop our favorites and use them most often and like to have fast and easy access to them. You may store your favorite voices under on button. The “Favorites” button. Up to 25 of them.

Choosing (storing) your favorites voices:

- Select on the display the sound in any of the available Voice Families
- Press and hold the FAVORITE button in the Voice Selections section
- Press the YES button to confirm the selection and to add the sound to the list.

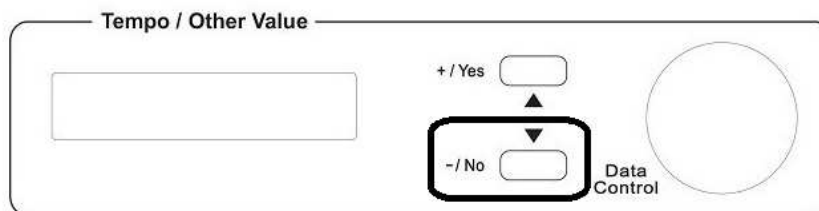


- Release the FAVORITE button. The selected sound is now stored in the Favorite Voice Family.

Changing your Favorite Voice Family

It is possible to repeat the above sequence to store up to 25 different sounds in the Favorite button. If you would like to change the Favorite Voice family list and delete one or more stored sounds, here is the procedure:

- Press the FAVORITE button and select on the display the sound you like to cancel.
- Press and hold the FAVORITE button in the Voice Selections section
- Press the NO button to delete the sound from the list



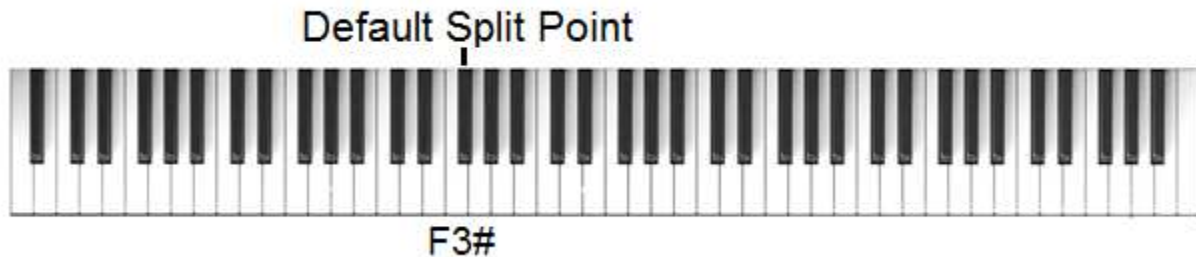
- Release the FAVORITE button. The selected sound is now cancelled from the Favorite Voice Family.

You make these changes whenever you like.

SELECT THE SPLIT POINT

Because your piano is an “ensemble” piano, there are many special functions that will occur on the left side of the keyboard starting on a particular key, progressing to the left. Where this happens is programable. (This is called the “split point”)

The default position of the Split point is F3#. (Counting from the left, the third octave of the F# Key)



The Split Point (or CHORD POINT) can be set to any other key as follows:

- Press and hold the LEFT button and the display will indicate:

001 : Grand Piano1
55 : Chord Point

55 is the corresponding value to F3# note. (55, Counting from the right)

- Using the Data Control wheel it is possible to select a different value for the Split/Chord point. The display will return to the normal display mode and the new Split/Chord Point is now set.
- The Split/Chord point will be restored at F3# (value 55) at power up.

DIGITAL REVERB

The Reverb simulates the effect of playing in a big room or a hall where the sound reverberates off the walls and ceiling. The reverb effect is automatically selected when the piano is turned on.



Press the REVERB button to turn the reverb effect Off and the indicator will go out. Switch the reverb feature On and Off by pressing the REVERB button.

There are eight reverb effects available:

1-Hall, 2-Hall2, 3-Room1, 4-Room2, 5-Room3, 6-Stage1, 7-Stage2 and 8-Plate.

- Press the REVERB button On and the reverb type is shown in the display.

001 : Grand Piano1
5 : Room3

- Use the DATA WHEEL to select a different reverb type.

The reverb level for the Main, Left and Layer voices can be changed in the Function menu, please see the Function section of this manual for more information. (Page 31)

CHORUS EFFECT

The Chorus effect adds the impression of depth and spaciousness to the selected keyboard voice.

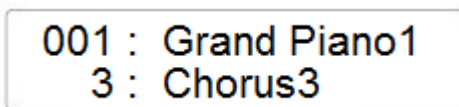


Press the CHORUS button to engage the chorus effect and the indicator will light up. Press the button again to turn off the chorus effect.

There are eight reverb effects available:

| | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1-Chorus1, | 2-Chorus2, | 3-Chorus3, | 4-Feedback, |
| 5-Flanger1, | 6-Short Delay, | 7-Short DelayFb | 8-Flanger2. |

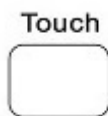
- Press the CHORUS button On, so that the chorus type is shown in the display



- Use the +/YES, -/NO buttons or the DATA WHEEL to select a chorus type.

The chorus level for the Main, Left and Layer voices can be changed in the function menu. Please see the Function section for more information. (Page 32)

TOUCH SENSITIVITY



Just like an acoustic piano, your instrument has an 88 note keyboard with velocity control. This means the level of the audio signal will be in proportion with the velocity with which the key is pressed. If you play soft you will have a quiet sound, while if you play very hard you will have a much louder sound .

Unlike an acoustic piano, you can customized the strength it takes to play this piano effectively, A younger, weaker hand might prefer a "soft" touch?

The TOUCH button allows you to select 3 different touch sensitivity curves:

- | | |
|------------|---|
| 1 - HARD | This setting requires the keys to be played quite hard to produce maximum loudness. |
| 2 - NORMAL | This setting produces standard keyboard response. This is the factory default mode. |

3 - SOFT

This setting allows maximum volume with light key pressure.

To select the Touch Sensitivity you desired press the TOUCH button and the display will show:

001 : Grand Piano1
2 : TouchNormal

Using the Data Control wheel, it is possible to select the other different touch sensitivity curves available in the instrument:

001 : Grand Piano1
1 : TouchHard

001 : Grand Piano1
3 : TouchSoft

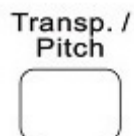
At Power Up the NORMAL curve will be automatically switched ON.

When TOUCH button is switched Off, the keyboard will play without touch sensitivity at the fixed midi value of 100. The display will show:

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : FixTouch

Using the Data Control wheel it is possible to change the FixTouch value from 0 (no sound) to 127 (maximum volume).

TRANSPOSE



It is possible to Transpose the natural key (C) of your instrument up or down as follows:

- press the TRANSPOSE button in the FUNCTIONS section.
- The TRANSPOSE button will start blinking and the display will show:
-

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Transpose

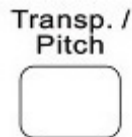
Using the Data Control wheel, it is possible to transpose the instrument in the desired key according to the following table

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|---|----|---|----|---|----|----|----|
| C | C# | D | D# | E | F | F# | G | G# | A | A# | B | C | C# | D | D# | E | F | F# | G | G# | A | A# | B | C |
| -12 | -11 | -10 | -9 | -8 | -7 | -6 | -5 | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

At Power Up the instrument returns automatically to the original tuning.

The ability to transpose is another function that comes with your digital piano. Transposing is typically done to raise or lower the range of a song to get into a more comfortable range for a singer. Accomplishing this on an acoustic piano often requires years of training and experience on the part of the musician. Many musicians feel that transposing from the original “key” can bring new qualities to a composition. Few musicians are able to do this on the fly but you are with your digital piano.

PITCH – Fine Tuning



In those cases where transposition by semitones is not enough, and a more accurate tuning is necessary, it is still possible to change pitch.

Push and hold the TRANSPOSE button until the display shows:



Using the Data Control wheel, it is possible to change the natural pitch of the instrument up to 63 cents and down to 64 cents.

At Power Up the instrument returns to the original tuning.

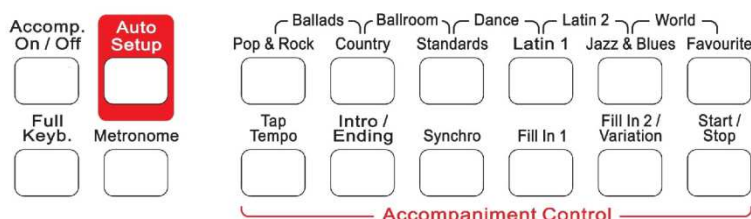
Changing the pitch is a function seldom used but is a wonderful tool when needed. Not all acoustic instruments have the tuning stability of your digital piano. If you ever play with another instrument that is “off” you can adjust your piano to meet match their pitch.

AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT SECTION

Your piano has an auto accompaniment function that may surprise you. A built-in computer will allow you to play with a simple left hand chord or just a single note and your piano will play a complete arrangement allowing you to play the melody and other materials with your right hand. Once you understand how it works you can take full advantage of this extremely fun and satisfying feature.

Your instrument has 350 accompaniment styles which can be used to provide fully-orchestrated Auto Accompaniment patterns.

The styles are listed by Styles Families and divided in 10 different groups. In each group, you will find a wide selection of styles that will offer you the best solution for every song you want to play.

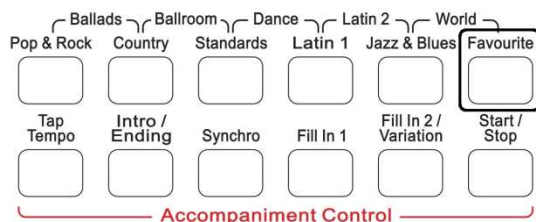


There is a total of eleven style families including a programmable “Favorites” location. These can be selected by pressing the related button. These include Pop&Rock, Country, Standards, Latin 1, Jazz&Blues and Favorites.

To select the other five style families- Ballads, Ballroom, Dance, Latin 2, and World, press the two buttons graphically linked buttons underneath the family you want to use.

An example would be to press the Pop& Rock button together with the Country button to select the “Ballads” Style Family. You will see the That family name appear in the display.

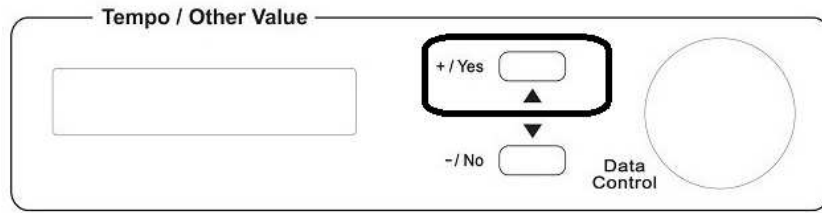
FAVORITE STYLE GROUP



With as many as 350 styles, you have a huge library to sort through and use. The programmable “Favorites” family allows you to keep your most used and appreciated styles close at hand. You may collect up to 25 styles in this group.

Adding a desired style to the Favorites Group:

- Select a style as usual.
- Press and hold the FAVORITE button in the Accompaniment Control section
- Press the YES button to confirm the selection and to add the style to the list.

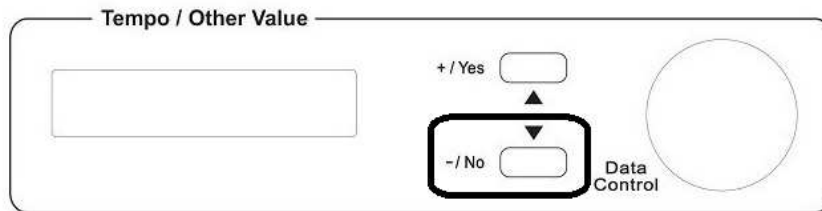


- Release the FAVORITE button. The selected style is now stored in the Favorite Style Family.

It is possible to repeat the above sequence to store up to a total of 25 different styles in the Favorite group.

If you would like to change the Favorite Style family list you must delete one to make room for your new addition. Here's how to do that.

- Press the FAVORITE button and select on the display the style you like to cancel.
- Press and hold the FAVORITE button in the Accompaniment Control section
- Press the NO button to delete the style from the list



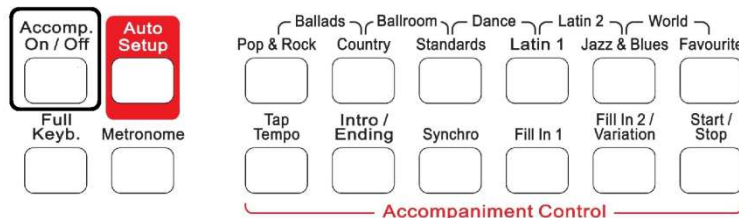
- Release the FAVORITE button. The selected style is now cancelled from the Favorite Style Family.

It is possible to repeat the above sequence to cancel more styles from the Favorite group.

Press the "Accomp. On/ Off" button to turn on the Auto Accompaniment function.

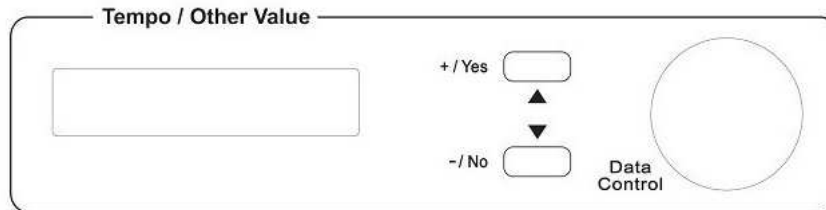
When turned on, the keyboard will be "split" or "mapped for the left side of the keyboard to be used to play automatic accompaniments with orchestrated chords and bass lines and drums.

The right part of the keyboard is available for playing the melody.



SELECT A STYLE

To select a Style just push the desired Style family button, for example Country. A nice Country Style will be selected and indicated on the display.



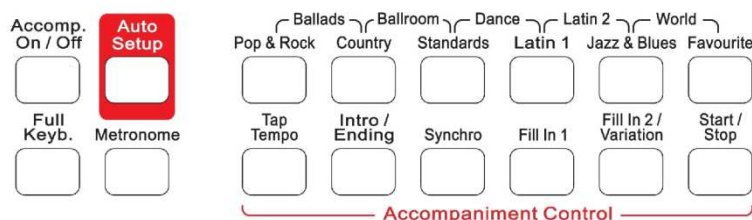
It is possible now to select from the many Country styles available in this style group using the Data Control Wheel, scrolling all the Country styles available in the Country family button.

AUTO CHORD RECOGNITION

When playing the Auto accompaniment, it is possible to change chords using one or more fingers without selecting the One Finger Note system or the Multi Finger Chord system. The internal computer will automatically select it for you.

AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT SELECT AND CONTROLS

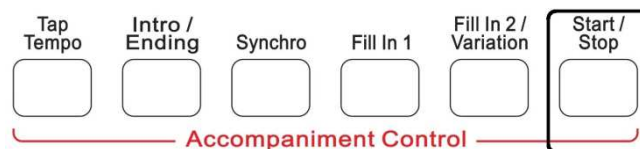
A different accompaniment style can be selected at any time while the accompaniment is playing. The style name on the Display will change as soon as the selection is made, but the new style will start from the beginning of the next bar. (On the “downbeat”) If the Auto Set Up function is not activated; the tempo will not change when the new style is running.



Your instrument provides a range of accompaniment features:

Start/Stop, Fill-In 1, Fill-In 2, Syncro Start, Intro/Ending, Tap Tempo, Accomp. On/Off, Auto Setup, Full Keyboard, Metronome

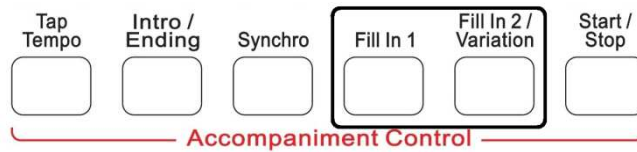
START/STOP



The START/STOP button starts the selected accompaniment style or selected rhythm immediately. Without the auto accompaniment button on it starts and stops the drums, Press the ACCOMP. ON/OFF button to turn the Auto Accompaniment On before starting the style. The accompaniment will start with the rhythm drum sound when the START/STOP button is pressed, then the bass and chord parts will play as soon as the first note or chord is played on the

keyboard from F3 below which is the default split for notes that “trigger” the auto-accompaniment function.

FILL IN 1 and FILL IN 2 - STYLE A/B VARIATIONS

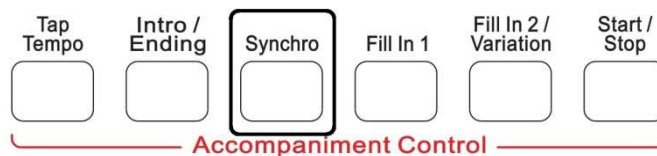


A fill in provide a “break” or interplay with the main rhythm pattern providing variety and interest. There are 2 variations or versions of “fills” available for each style: Variation A and Variation B. Press the Fill 1 to select Variation 1 and press Fill 2 to select Variation 2.

The Auto Accompaniment pattern changes depending on the chords you play with your left hand. The FILL IN buttons let you add dynamic variations and breaks in the auto style, to make your performance sound more professional. At the end of the fill-in the appropriate Style Variation is automatically selected.

The fill-in will play when selected as long as one of the fill-in buttons is pressed.

SYNCRO/KEY START

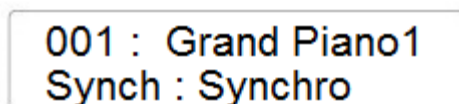


There are two types of Auto Start features:

- **SYNCHRO START** When this feature is selected the Auto Start will automatically start the style when the first key or chord is pressed and it will stop when the STOP button or the ENDING button is selected.
- **KEY START** When this feature is selected the Auto Start will automatically start the style when the first key or chord is pressed and automatically stop the style when the key or chord is released.

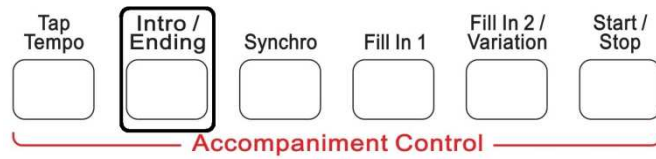
HOW TO SELECT AUTO START

Press and hold the SYNCHRO button and the display will indicate:



- Using the Data Control Wheel select Synchro Start or Key Start feature as desired.

INTRO/ENDING

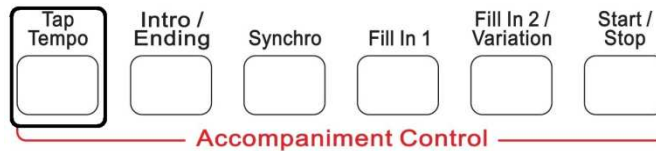


If you press this button before you start the rhythm, the normal rhythm pattern will be preceded by a special introduction (INTRO). However, if you press the button when the rhythm is already running, the instrument plays a final variation (ENDING) and the rhythm section will stop automatically.

All accompaniment patterns can be started with an appropriate introduction by pressing the INTRO/ENDING button, once the style has been selected. When the INTRO finishes playing, the accompaniment will change to the main style pattern.

If the SYNCHRO button and then the INTRO/ENDING button, the accompaniment will start from the introduction as soon as a chord is detected.

TAP TEMPO

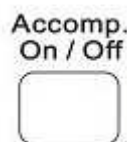


This function allows you to set the rhythm tempo by tapping in tempo on the [TAP] button.

Tap on the button while rhythm playing and the the rhythm tempo will automatically set at the speed you are tapping.

To set the time signature before starting rhythm, tap on the button 4 times for a 4/4 beat, 3 times for a 3/4 beat.

AUTO ACCOMPANIMENT ON/OFF



Press ACCOMP. ON/OFF button to activate the Auto Accompaniment feature. The Led it is now On. Press it again to deactivate.

AUTO SETUP



The word “registration” comes from the organ and refers to all the voices, tempos, and setting used with a song. Some instruments are more appropriate with different types of music. Tuba may not be as popular with Pop & Rock, for example.

This function enables the instrument to set an appropriate registration for each rhythm. When a style is selected and the “Auto Setup” is activated - its Led is now On -, a nice registration for both the left hand and right hand parts will be automatically selected. The Auto Setup will also select the optimum tempo for the style selected. An indicator illuminates in the Display when the system is activated. When the registration is changed with the Auto Setup activated, the instrument will accept the changes but the registration will not be changed in the internal memory. A good way to start exploring the instrument is to listen to the Auto Setup registrations. By selecting the desired rhythm with the Auto Setup system ON, you will hear 350 nice registrations. The Auto Setup system can be switched ON and OFF by pressing the Auto Setup button.

FULL KEYBOARD



A great way for the piano player in the family to use and become familiar with the auto accompaniment system is “Full Keyboard mode” You just play as you would an acoustic piano and your digital piano will play along. This feature allows you to play automatic chords in the full length of the keyboard. Press the button to activate the feature. When in full keyboard, the chords played by the Auto Accompaniment System will not be displayed on the screen.

METRONOME

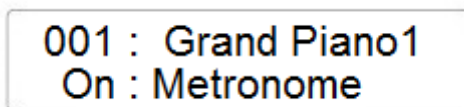


A metronome is an excellent tool for students and, sometimes, required by teachers. Instead of an extra cost device, a remarkable metronome comes standard with your digital piano. The Metronome is a convenient feature for practice, and it can also provide a rhythmic guide when recording. To start your metronome, Press the “metronome button and press again to turn off.

The best metronomes will not only click the tempo but will also indicate the down beats in various time signatures.

To select the desired Time Signature of the metronome:

- Press and hold the METRONOME button. The display will indicate:

A rectangular display box containing the text "001 : Grand Piano1" on the top line and "On : Metronome" on the bottom line.

- While still holding the METRONOME button, the display indicates the currently selected time signature (Time Sign.).

001 : Grand Piano1
4/4 : Time Sign

- Still hold the METRONOME button and using the Control Data Wheel select the new Time Signature if necessary from the following list:
- (1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4, 6/4, 3/8, 6/8, 7/8, 9/8, 12/8)
- To change the Metronome speed use the TEMPO \wedge and \vee buttons.

METRONOME VOLUME

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Metronome Volume page

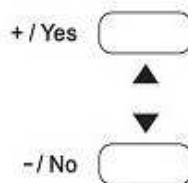
001 : Grand Piano1
Metronome Vol

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Metronome Volume

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : Metro Vol

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

TEMPO CONTROL



In music, the tempo speed is indicated by “BPM” (Beats per minutes)

The [-TEMPO+] buttons can be used to control the tempo of the Auto Accompaniment section, the DEMO songs and the record/play back of a song recording.

Press the [-TEMPO+] buttons to set the desired tempo value (20-280). The current tempo (beats per minute) will appear on the Message Display.

The instrument also offers the ability to input TEMPO settings via the [+/-] buttons.

Press the [TEMPO+] and [TEMPO-] buttons simultaneously to restore the default tempo setting of the selected style.

AUTO CHORD - Auto Accompaniment TYPE

It is possible to play the instrument in Multi Finger Mode (Fingered) or in Single Finger Mode.

To select one of the two auto chord types:

- Press the FUNCTION button and using the Data Control Wheel select the CHORD TYPE page on the display

001 : Grand Piano1
Chord Type

- Press the ENTER button and the display will indicate:

001 : Grand Piano1
2 : Fingered

- to select the Single Finger Mode use the Data Control Wheel.

SINGLE FINGER MODE

SINGLE FINGER Mode fingering makes it simple to produce beautifully orchestrated accompaniment using major , seventh , minor and minor-seventh chords by pressing a minimum number of keys in the Auto Accompaniment section of the keyboard.

C Major

Press the key C.

C minor

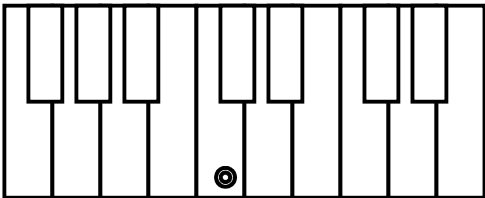
Press the key C + any black key to the left

C Seventh

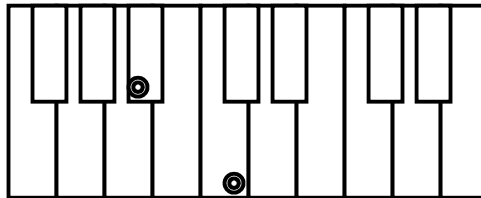
Press the key C + any white key to the left

C minor 7th

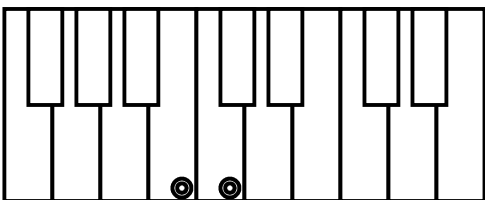
Press the key C + any black + any white key to the left



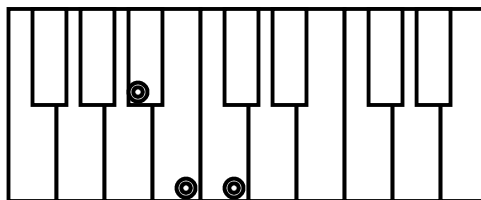
C chord - press C key



C minor - press C + any black key to left



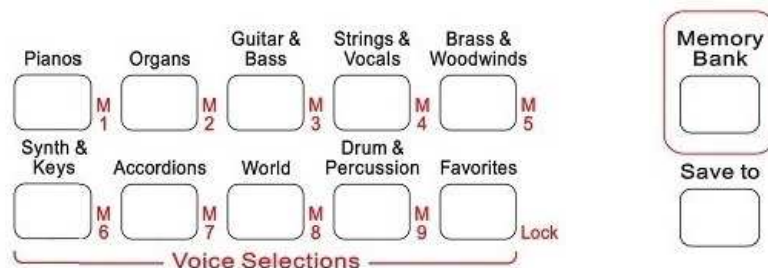
C 7th - press C + any white key to left



C minor 7th - press C + any black and any white to left

REGISTRATION MEMORY

Over time, you will find combinations of voices, styles, and settings that you prefer for your favorite songs and playing. Because your keyboard is so versatile and has so many choices, the ability to save for instant recall your favorite setting or “registrations” becomes very useful.



It is possible to load up to 54 panel registrations using the 9 Memory buttons (M1 – M9) and 6 memory banks.

To select a Memory Registration Pre-set just press the related button.

To select the Memory Registration Bank, select the MEMORY BANK button and using the Data Control Wheel select the desired memory Registration Bank number (from 1 to 6).

HOW TO STORE THE REGISTRATION MEMORIES

To save the single memory positions is very easy.

- Set the instrument with the desired sounds, style, effects, volumes, split point, etc.
- Press and hold the MEMORY BANK button and press the memory button where you need to store the registration (for example M1). The display will indicate:

001 : Grand Piano1
1 : Store

- It is possible to save up to 9 memory Registrations in each Memory Banks.

HOW TO SELECT A MEMORY BANK

To select the desired Memory Bank is also very simple.

- Press the MEMORY BANK button On
- Using the Data Control Wheel select the bank number desired (from Bank 1 to Bank 6).

HOW TO SELECT A MEMORY REGISTRATION

- Press the MEMORY BANK button On
- Select now the desired Memory Registration Pre-set by pressing the related button. The instrument immediately load the settings stored in the internal memory including sounds, effects and styles.

THE LOCK BUTTON

This is a very useful feature that expands the potential of the Memory Registrations.

By pressing the LOCK button On, the different sounds registrations stored in each one of memory location can be recalled, whilst the style accompaniment settings will be LOCKED to the last selected style.

This enables the player to make changes to the melody part(s) of the music ‘on the fly’. The accompaniment section will remain LOCKED, therefore all levels and other parameters pertaining to this section will remain unchanged.

USB DISK

It is important to understand what a “MIDI” file is. “MIDI” stands for “MUSIC INDUSTRY DIGITAL INTERFACE”. Unlike much of the music you may have recorded on other devices as audio files like tape recorders or MP3 recorders, MIDI files are recordings of the events that occur as you record. A device that records MIDI files is called a sequencer. It records the “sequence of events. An event might be when a key is played rather than the sound that occurs when it is played. When a MIDI file is played back through a MIDI instrument, it is “playing” the instrument rather than playing back an audio recording. The advantages of this way of recording music are many. Smaller file sizes, editing abilities and changing keys, tempos and more.



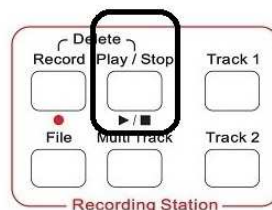
When inserting the USB disk (Thumb Drive) in this slot you will notice that the display will immediately indicate the first available file stored in the memory. If it is a new USB thumb drive with no data, the display will indicate – NO FILES.

It is possible to use different type of files in the USB disk:

- 1 Standard Midi File songs
- 2 Panel Registrations Settings

The display will show the files in alphabetic order or related to the numbers indicating the file name.

PLAY MIDI FILES



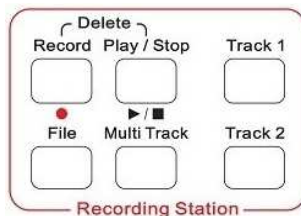
To play the midi files, insert your USB thumb drive with the files and the display will show “DISK IN” and then, the first available midi file.

Select on the display the desired song file on the display using the DATA CONTROL wheel.

Start the song by pressing the PLAY/STOP button. Press PLAY/STOP button again to stop the song.

To return to the Song Select page, after using the instrument with different features, press the FILE button and select on the display the new song file using the Data Control Wheel.

RECORDING STATION



The instrument can record songs as a Standard Midi File.

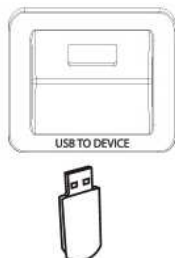
It is possible to store complete songs in two different systems:

- EASY RECORDING
- MULTI TRACK RECORDING

EASY RECORDING

It is possible to record a song using one or two tracks using the Track 1 and Track 2 buttons.

Insert the USB disk (lets start with an empty Thumb Drive to make things more easy and clear) in the USB to Device socket.



If no USB disk is used, the RECORD system will not work and the display will show

001 : Grand Piano1
No USB Driver

Before starting the Record procedure, select the sound you want to use for Track 1. It is also possible to use one of the available styles for the Track 1 recording.

- Press the RECORD button and while holding it press the TRACK 1 button.
- It is possible to start now with or without Metronome, with the selected Time Signature as seen in the METRONOME paragraph. Start playing your own music as soon as you are ready, and the Sequencer will start storing the data as soon as the first key is pressed. The display will show

001 : Grand Piano1
RecTck1

- At the end of your recording just press the RECORD button again to stop the recording of Track 1.
- Track 1 button Led will be On. Record button Led will be Off.
- Press the RECORD button again and while holding it press the TRACK 2 button. Track 1 is On and as soon as the RECORD button will be pressed again, Track1 will start playing and you can record the Track 2.
- Start playing your own music as soon as you are ready, and the Sequencer will start storing the data as soon as the first key is pressed.
The display will show

001 : Grand Piano1
RecTrk2

- At the end of your recording just press the RECORD button again to stop the recording of Track 2.
- Track 1 and Track 2 buttons Led will be On. Record button Led will be Off.

Press now the PLAY button to listen to your song.

It is necessary now to store the song just recorded on the USB thumb drive since there is no volatile memory in the piano.

- Press the FILE button (its Led is On)
- Press SAVE to 3 times to access to the Save Track function. The Display will indicate

001 : Grand Piano1
Save Tck to USB

- Press now the YES button next to the Display to save the song in the USB disk.
The display indicate

001 : Reg 001
Save OK

The instrument will save the song automatically with the name Reg_001, Reg_oo2....00X

MULTI TRACK RECORDING

- 1 Insert the USB disk in the USB to Device socket.
- 2 Prepare the instrument with the desired style, style features and the desired sound.
- 3 Press the RECORD button to start recording your song – its Led will light up – and play the first track of your Multi Track Song.
The Display will indicate

Rec : Song01

- 4 Press the RECORD button again to stop recording and the song will be automatically saved with its number Song01

Rec : Song01
Save OK

- 5 It is now possible to add a second track. Select a new sound and press the RECORD button to access the MULTI TRACK Recording Mode. The display automatically shows:

001: SONG01-1

The Metronome starts counting for the first bar and as soon as the first recorded track starts playing play along the second track.
At the end of the recording of the second track press the RECIORD button to stop recording.
The display shows:

Rec : Song01 - 1
Save OK

The two recorded tracks will be stored as SONG01

- 6 To add more tracks repeat the procedure from point number 4. It is possible to save up to 5 tracks.

NOTE – If you desire to save a song using the Main and the Dual Voice in layer mode together with the Split Voice and save them as a multi track song in a single file, just press the RECORD button and start recording, same as in Single Track mode. The instrument will save the file automatically.

FUNCTION BUTTON

The FUNCTION button is used to access many features hidden in the instrument:

- Main Reverb Level
- Layer Reverb Level
- Left Reverb Level
- Main Chorus Level
- Layer Chorus Level
- Left Chorus Level
- Chord Type
- Metronome Volume
- Main Voice Pan
- Split Voice Pan
- Layer Voice Pan
- Transpose
- Main Octave
- Left Octave
- Layer Octave
- USB Play Mode
- USB Play Speed
- USB Play Volume
- USB Mute track
- Local Midi
- USB Midi In
- Midi Out
- Teacher Duet
- Half Sustain
- Bluetooth
- Reset
- Auto Power Off Time

To access the many available features is very easy.

NOTE: some of the features listed in the FUNCTION button are also accessible directly from some dedicated buttons.

MAIN VOICE REVERB LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button
- The display will indicate the first available feature Main Sound Reverb Level:

001 : Grand Piano1
Main Rev Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Reverb Level for the Main Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
18 : MainRevLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

LAYER VOICE REVERB LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Layer Reverb Level page

001 : Grand Piano1
Layer Rev Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Reverb Level for the Left Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
18 : LayerRevLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

LEFT VOICE REVERB LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Left Reverb Level page

001 : Grand Piano1
Left Rev Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Reverb Level for the Left Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
18 : LeftRevLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

MAIN CHORUS LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Main Chorus Level page

001 : Grand Piano1
Main Cho Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Chorus Level for the Main Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : MainChoLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

LAYER CHORUS LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Layer Chorus Level page

001 : Grand Piano1
Layer Cho Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Chorus Level for the Layer Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : LayerChoLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

LEFT CHORUS LEVEL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Left Chorus Level page

001 : Grand Piano1
Left Cho Lev

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Chorus Level for the Left Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : LeftChoLev

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

CHORD TYPE

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Chord Type page

001 : Grand Piano1
Chord Type

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Chord Type selected

001 : Grand Piano1
2 : Fingered

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Chord Type to Single Finger

001 : Grand Piano1
1 : Single

METRONOME VOLUME

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Metronome Volume page

001 : Grand Piano1
Metronome Vol

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Metronome Volume

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : Metro Vol

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range 0 – 127)

MAIN VOICE PAN

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Main Voice Pan page

001 : Grand Piano1
Main Voice Pan

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Voice Pan value for the Main Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Main Pan

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -64 – +63)

LAYER VOICE PAN

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Layer Voice Pan page

001 : Grand Piano1
Layer Voice Pan

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Voice Pan value for the Layer Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Layer Pan

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -64 – +64)

LEFT VOICE PAN

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Left Voice Pan page

001 : Grand Piano1
Left Voice Pan

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Voice Pan value for the Left Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Left Pan

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -63 – +64)

MAIN VOICE OCTAVE

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Main Sound Octave page

001 : Grand Piano1
Main Octave

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Octave value for the Main Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Main Oct

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -2 – +2)

LAYER VOICE OCTAVE

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Layer Sound Octave page

001 : Grand Piano1
Layer Octave

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Octave value for the Layer Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Layer Oct

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -2 – +2)

LEFT VOICE OCTAVE

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Left Sound Octave page

001 : Grand Piano1
Left Octave

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Octave value for the Left Sound

001 : Grand Piano1
0 : Left Oct

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the value (range -63 – +64)

USB PLAY MODE

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the USB Play Mode page

001 : Grand Piano1
USB Play Mode

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current USB Play Mode setting

001 : Grand Piano1
1 : Single

- The USB Play Mode setting can be selected as follows:

Single - Play All Songs - Random

- In Single Mode, only the selected Midi File Song will be played.
 - In Play All Songs Mode, all the Midi File Song of the USB disk will be played as listed in the memory disk.
 - In Random Mode, all the Midi File Song of the USB disk will be played but will be selected in a random mode.
- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to select the different Play modes:
1 - Single 2 - Play All Songs 3 - Random

USB PLAY SPEED

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the USB Play Speed page

001 : Grand Piano1
USB Play Speed

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current USB Play Speed

001 : Grand Piano1
100 : USBPlaySpeed

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the speed of the SMF song from the USB disk (range 50 – 200)

USB PLAY VOLUME

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the USB Play Volume page

001 : Grand Piano1
USB Play Vol

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current USB Play Volume value

001 : Grand Piano1
127 : USB Play Vol

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Volume of the SMF song from the USB disk (range 0 – 127)

USB MUTE TRACK

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the USB Mute Track page

001 : Grand Piano1
USB Mute Track

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current USB Mute Track selected (there are 16 tracks)

001 : Grand Piano1
MuteTrack01?

- Press the ENTER button to confirm you want to change the Track 01 NO/YES configuration.
If NO is selected the Mute Track function will not be active. If YES is selected the Mute Track function will be activated and the track will be muted.

001 : Grand Piano1
No : Mute Track01

- Select the Mute Track 01 function by selecting YES on the display using the Data Control Wheel

001 : Grand Piano1
Yes : Mute Track01

- To select now Mute Track 02 select the page on the display

001 : Grand Piano1
MuteTrack01?

- Select the Mute Track 02 function using the Data Control Wheel

001 : Grand Piano1
Mute Track 02?

- Continue as above to select the desired tracks that you like to Mute.

LOCAL MIDI

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Local Midi page

001 : Grand Piano1
Local MIDI

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Local Midi setting

001 : Grand Piano1
On : Local MIDI

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Local MIDI On/Off

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Local MIDI

USB MIDI IN

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the USB MIDI In page

001 : Grand Piano1
USB MIDI In

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current USB MIDI In setting

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : USB MIDI In

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the USB MIDI In On/Off

001 : Grand Piano1
On : USB MIDI In

USB MIDI OUT

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the MIDI OUT channel page

001 : Grand Piano1
MIDI Out

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current MIDI OUT channel setting

001 : Grand Piano1
1 : MIDI Out

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the MIDI Out Channel or MIDI Out On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
2 : MIDI Out

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : MIDI Out

TEACHER DUET

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the TEACHER DUET page

001 : Grand Piano1
Teacher Duet

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Teacher Duet On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Teacher Duet

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Teacher Duet On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
On : Teacher Duet

SUSTAIN PEDAL – EXPRESSION PEDAL

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Half Sustain page

001 : Grand Piano1
Half Sustain

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Half Sustain On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
ON : HalfSustain

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Half Sustain On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Half Sustain

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Half Sustain page

001 : Grand Piano1
Half Sustain

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Half Sustain page to the Expression Pedal.

001 : Grand Piano1
Expression Pedal

- In this configuration the Sustain Pedal is working as Expression/Volume pedal in the instrument.

BLUETOOTH

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the BLUETOOTH page

001 : Grand Piano1
Bluetooth

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Bluetooth On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
On : Bluetooth

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the Bluetooth On/Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Bluetooth

RESET

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the RESET page

001 : Grand Piano1
Reset

- Press the ENTER button to confirm the RESET of the internal volatile memory and to restore the original factory settings and registrations.

001 : Grand Piano1
Resetmem!

There is also a different way to Reset your instrument. See in the next page.

AUTO POWER OFF

- Press the FUNCTION button and with the data Control Wheel select the Auto Power Off page

001 : Grand Piano1
Auto Power Off

- Press the ENTER button to confirm and the display will indicate the current Auto Power Off setting

001 : Grand Piano1
30 : Pwr Off (min)

- Using the Data Control Wheel it is possible to change the time in which the instrument will automatically switch Off power is not in use. The value can be changed from a minimum time of 20 minutes to a maximum time of 60 minutes.
- The Auto Power Off feature can be also be switched Off

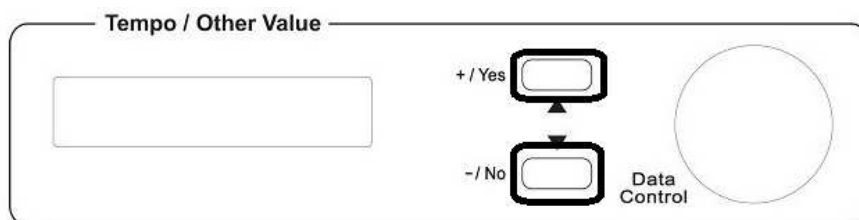
001 : Grand Piano1
Off : Pwr Off (min)

RESET – Direct Reset

Your digital piano is a computer and software based. Sometimes your keyboard will stop functioning properly. As with computers, there can be a “glitch” that can cause a problem. If you have favorites or registrations stored in memory you will lose them when you perform a reset. You will then be able to replace them.

If it should be necessary to completely erase the internal RAM memory, a very simple reset feature is provided.

- 1 - Make sure that the instrument is switched off.
- 2 - Press and hold the (+) YES and (-) NO buttons



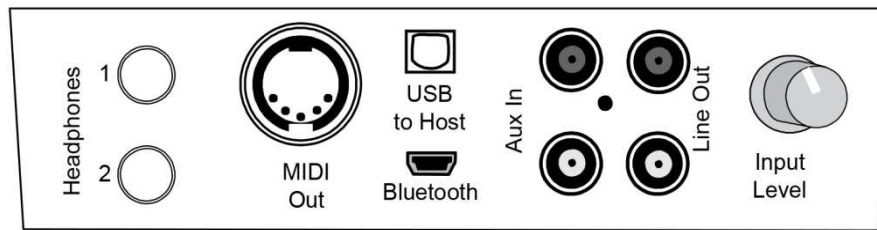
- 3 - Switch on the instrument whilst holding the (+) and (-) buttons down.
- 4 - The display shows Reseting

Do not reset the instrument if is not necessary. All your information you have programmed will be automatically erased from the internal RAM memory. The factory set programs will be automatically restored.

BLUETOOTH Connection Procedure

- 1 Insert the BT1 Receiver in the dedicated socket and the instrument will automatically play a few notes automatically to confirm the BT1 is inserted in its slot.
- 2 When the BT1 receiver is ready, its blue Led will be On and flashing quickly for about 5 seconds. Then it will start flashing at a slower speed after the BT1 will match the Bluetooth device.
- 3 Find now the BT1 on the Bluetooth device (smartphone or tablet) and select it to complete the connection.
- 4 As soon as the connection is completed, the blue Led will stop flashing to indicate the two devices are successfully connected.
- 5 Start playing your audio file from Bluetooth device and have fun.

CONNECTIONS



HEADPHONES

Two sets of Headphones can be plugged in for private practice. The sockets are located at the back of the instrument in left part of the keyboard and allows you to play without disturbing anyone else or being disturbed by outside noise.

MIDI OUT

The Midi OUT connector transmits Midi data generated by the instrument to other Midi instruments.

USB TO HOST

It is possible to connect the instrument to a computer using the USB port located in the back panel of the instrument and control the Midi parameters.

BLUETOOTH

This is the socket where to insert the Bluetooth Receiver unit that allows to connect a Bluetooth transmitting unit (smart phone, tablet, etc) to the instrument audio system.

AUX IN SOCKETS

There are two inputs (Left and Right) and they are used to send the audio signal of an external instrument to the internal amplifier.

LINE OUT SOCKETS

There are two outputs (Left and Right) and they are used to send the audio signal to an external amplifier, mixer console or recording equipment. To connect the instrument in Stereo to an external amplification system connect both Left and Right outputs.

INPUT LEVEL

This is to control the signal level in Aux In input.

SG 500 Sound List

PIANOS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 90 | Grand Piano1 | Grand Piano 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | Grand Piano2 | Grand Piano 2 |
| 3 | 0 | 16 | Gr.Piano/Str | Grand Piano + Strings |
| 4 | 0 | 24 | Octa Piano1 | Octave Piano 1 |
| 5 | 0 | 25 | Octa Piano2 | Octave Piano 2 |
| 6 | 1 | 0 | Bright Piano | Bright Piano |
| 7 | 2 | 0 | El.Grand1 | Electric Piano 1 |
| 8 | 2 | 8 | El.Grand2 | Electric Piano 2 |
| 9 | 3 | 0 | Honky Tonk | Honky Tonky Piano |
| 10 | 4 | 0 | El.Piano1 | Electric Piano 1 |
| 11 | 4 | 7 | Det.El.Pno1 | Detuned Electric Piano 1 |
| 12 | 4 | 8 | Mallet El.Pno | Mallet Electric Piano |
| 13 | 4 | 16 | Soft El.Pno | Soft Electric Piano |
| 14 | 4 | 24 | Mix El.Pno | Mixed Electric Piano |
| 15 | 5 | 0 | El.Piano2 | Electric Piano 2 |
| 16 | 5 | 8 | Det.El.Pno2 | Detuned Electric Piano 2 |
| 17 | 5 | 9 | Galaxy El.Pno | Galaxy Electric Piano |
| 18 | 5 | 16 | El.Pno/Str | Electric Piano + Strings |
| 19 | 5 | 24 | El.Pno/Voice | Electric Piano / Voice |
| 20 | 5 | 25 | Wurly | Wurly Electric Piano |
| 21 | 6 | 0 | Harpsi1 | Harpsichord 1 |
| 22 | 6 | 8 | Harpsi2 | Harpsichord 2 |
| 23 | 6 | 16 | Harpsi/Str | Harpsichord / Strings |
| 24 | 7 | 0 | Clavinet | Clavinet |
| 25 | 7 | 8 | Funky Clavi | Funky Clavinet |
| 26 | 8 | 0 | Celesta | Celesta |
| 27 | 9 | 0 | Glocken | Glockenspiel |
| 28 | 10 | 0 | MusicBox | Musical Box |
| 29 | 11 | 0 | Vibes1 | Vibraphone 1 |
| 30 | 11 | 8 | Vibes2 | Vibraphone 2 |
| 31 | 11 | 16 | Vibes3 | Vibraphone 3 |
| 32 | 12 | 0 | Marimba | Marimba |
| 33 | 12 | 8 | Marimba Rp. | Marimba Repeat |
| 34 | 13 | 0 | Xylophon | Xylophone |
| 35 | 14 | 0 | Chimes | Chimes |
| 36 | 14 | 8 | Churc Bell1 | Church Bell 1 |
| 37 | 14 | 9 | Churc Bel2 | Church Bell 2 |
| 38 | 14 | 16 | Tubul Bel | Tubular Bell |
| 39 | 15 | 0 | Dulcimer | Dulcimer |

ORGANS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 40 | 16 | 0 | Drawb Org | Drawbar Organ |
| 41 | 16 | 8 | Full Fast | Full Organ Fast Rotor |
| 42 | 16 | 13 | Click Org | Click Organ |
| 43 | 16 | 14 | Theatre1 | Theatre Organ 1 |
| 44 | 16 | 15 | Theatre2 | Theatre Organ 2 |
| 45 | 16 | 16 | 60' Org | 60' Organ |
| 46 | 16 | 17 | Rock Org1 | Rock Organ 1 |
| 47 | 16 | 18 | Cool Org | Cool Organ |
| 48 | 16 | 20 | Tone Weel | Tone Wheel Organ |
| 49 | 16 | 22 | Rotor Org | Rotor Organ |
| 50 | 16 | 23 | Gospl Org | Gospel Organ |
| 51 | 16 | 26 | Jazz Org1 | Jazz Organ 1 |
| 52 | 16 | 27 | Rock Org2 | Rock Organ 2 |
| 53 | 17 | 0 | Perc Org1 | Percussion Organ 1 |
| 54 | 17 | 8 | Jazz Org2 | Jazz Organ 2 |
| 55 | 18 | 0 | Rock Org3 | Rock Organ 3 |
| 56 | 19 | 0 | Churc Org1 | Church Organ 1 |
| 57 | 19 | 8 | Churc Org2 | Church Organ 2 |
| 58 | 19 | 16 | Churc Org3 | Church Organ 3 |
| 59 | 19 | 24 | Chruc/Voice | Church Organ / Voice |
| 60 | 19 | 33 | Flute 168 | Organ Flutes 16' + 8' |
| 61 | 19 | 34 | Flute 164 | Organ Flutes 16' + 4' |
| 62 | 19 | 35 | Flute 162 | Organ Flutes 16' + 2' |
| 63 | 19 | 36 | Theatre | Theatre Organ |
| 64 | 19 | 37 | Church | Church Organ 4 |
| 65 | 19 | 38 | Chapel | Chapel Organ |
| 66 | 19 | 39 | Low Org2 | Lower Organ 2 |
| 67 | 19 | 40 | Low Org3 | Lower Organ 3 |
| 68 | 19 | 41 | Soft Organ | Soft Organ |
| 69 | 19 | 42 | Tibia1 | Tibia 1 |
| 70 | 19 | 43 | Tibia2 | Tibia 2 |
| 71 | 19 | 44 | Tibia Vox | Tibia Vox |
| 72 | 19 | 45 | Theatre3 | Theatre 3 |
| 73 | 19 | 46 | Cinema | Cinema Organ |
| 74 | 19 | 47 | Theatre4 | Theatre 4 |
| 75 | 19 | 48 | AmHtge | American Heritage |
| 76 | 19 | 50 | AmReed | American Reed |
| 77 | 20 | 0 | Reed Org | Reed Organ |
| 78 | 21 | 0 | Accordion | Accordion |
| 79 | 21 | 8 | Master | Master Accordion |
| 80 | 22 | 0 | Harmonica | harmonica |
| 81 | 22 | 8 | Blues Harp | Blues Harp |
| 82 | 23 | 0 | Tango Acd | Tango Accordion |

GUITAR & BASSES

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 83 | 24 | 0 | Nylon | Nylon Guitar |
| 84 | 24 | 4 | Spanish | Spanish Guitar |
| 85 | 24 | 8 | Brazilian | Brasilian Guitar |
| 86 | 24 | 16 | Nylon/Str | Nylon Guitar / Strings |
| 87 | 24 | 17 | Classical | Classical Guitar |
| 88 | 25 | 0 | Steel Gtr | Steel Guitar |
| 89 | 25 | 8 | 12Str Gtr | 12 Strings Guitar |
| 90 | 25 | 9 | Folk Gtr | Folk Guitar |
| 91 | 25 | 10 | Unplug Gtr | Unplugged Acoustic Guitar |
| 92 | 25 | 16 | Mandolin | Italian Mandolin |
| 93 | 26 | 0 | Jazz Gtr1 | Jazz Guitar 1 |
| 94 | 26 | 1 | Jazz Gtr2 | Jazz Guitar 2 |
| 95 | 26 | 2 | Jazz Gtr3 | Jazz Guitar 3 |
| 96 | 26 | 4 | 2Jaz Gtr1 | Double Jazz Guitar 1 |
| 97 | 26 | 5 | 2Jaz Gtr2 | Double Jazz Guitar 2 |
| 98 | 26 | 6 | JGtr +Vib | Jazz Guitar + Vibraphone |
| 99 | 26 | 8 | Hawaian1 | Hawaiian Guitar 1 |
| 100 | 26 | 16 | Hawaian2 | Hawaiian Guitar 2 |
| 101 | 26 | 24 | Cntry Gtr | Country Guitar |
| 102 | 27 | 0 | Clean Gt1 | Clean Guitar 1 |
| 103 | 27 | 8 | Clean Gt2 | Clean Guitar 2 |
| 104 | 27 | 16 | Elect Gtr | Electric Guitar |
| 105 | 27 | 24 | 60' Gtr1 | 60' Guitar 1 |
| 106 | 27 | 25 | 60' Gtr2 | 60' Guitar 2 |
| 107 | 28 | 0 | Mute Gtr | Mute Guitar |
| 108 | 28 | 8 | Funk Gtr1 | Funk Guitar 1 |
| 109 | 28 | 16 | Funk Gtr2 | Funk Guitar 2 |
| 110 | 29 | 0 | Ovrdrive | Overdrive Guitar |
| 111 | 30 | 0 | Distort | Distortion Guitar |
| 112 | 30 | 8 | FBakGtr1 | Feed Back Guitar 1 |
| 113 | 30 | 16 | Dist.Gtr Vb | Distortion Gyuitar Vibration |
| 114 | 31 | 0 | Gtr Harm | Guitar Harmonics |
| 115 | 32 | 0 | Ac.Bass1 | Acoustic Bass 1 |
| 116 | 32 | 1 | Ac.Bass2 | Acoustic Bass 2 |
| 117 | 32 | 8 | Ac.Bass3 | Acoustic Bass 3 |
| 118 | 32 | 16 | Bass/Ride | Acoustic Bass / Ride Cymbal |
| 119 | 33 | 0 | Fing Bass1 | Finger Bass 1 |
| 120 | 33 | 1 | Fing Bass2 | Finger Bass 2 |
| 121 | 33 | 2 | Fing Slap | Finger Slap Bass |
| 122 | 33 | 3 | Fing Bass3 | Finger Bass 3 |
| 123 | 33 | 4 | Big Bass1 | Big Bass 1 |
| 124 | 33 | 8 | Big Bass2 | Big Bass 2 |
| 125 | 33 | 16 | Big BassS | Big Bass Sustain |
| 126 | 33 | 24 | Org Bass1 | Organ Bass 1 |
| 127 | 34 | 0 | Pick Bass | Pick Bass |
| 128 | 34 | 8 | Bass16+8 | Bass 16' + 8' |
| 129 | 34 | 16 | Bass 8 | Bass 8' |
| 130 | 34 | 24 | Org Bass2 | Organ Bass 2 |
| 131 | 34 | 26 | Org Bass3 | Organ Bass 3 |
| 132 | 35 | 0 | Fretles1 | Fretless Bass 1 |
| 133 | 35 | 8 | Fretles2 | Fretless Bass 2 |
| 134 | 36 | 0 | Slap Bass1 | Slap Bass 1 |
| 135 | 36 | 8 | Slap Bass2 | Slap Bass 2 |

| | | | | |
|-----|----|----|------------|--------------|
| 136 | 37 | 0 | Slap Bass3 | Slap Bass 3 |
| 137 | 37 | 8 | Slap Bass4 | Slap Bass 4 |
| 138 | 38 | 0 | Syn Bass1 | Synth Bass 1 |
| 139 | 38 | 8 | Syn Bass3 | Synth Bass 3 |
| 140 | 38 | 16 | Syn Bass5 | Synth Bass 5 |
| 141 | 39 | 0 | Syn Bass2 | Synth Bass 2 |
| 142 | 39 | 8 | Syn Bass4 | Synth Bass 4 |

STRINGS & VOCALS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 143 | 40 | 0 | Violin1 | Violin 1 |
| 144 | 40 | 8 | Violin2 | Violin 2 |
| 145 | 41 | 0 | Viola | Viola |
| 146 | 42 | 0 | Cello | Cello |
| 147 | 43 | 0 | ContraBass | Double Bass |
| 148 | 44 | 0 | Tremolo Str | Tremolo Strings |
| 149 | 45 | 0 | Pizzicato | Pizzicato |
| 150 | 45 | 8 | Pizziocta1 | Octave Pizzicato 1 |
| 151 | 45 | 16 | Pizziocta2 | Octave Pizzicato 2 |
| 152 | 46 | 0 | Harp | Harp |
| 153 | 47 | 0 | Timpani | Timpani |
| 154 | 47 | 8 | Timp. Roll | Timpani Roll |
| 155 | 48 | 0 | Fast Strings | Fast Strings |
| 156 | 48 | 4 | Big Fast Str | Big Fast Strings |
| 157 | 48 | 16 | Dyn Orch | Dynamic Orchestra |
| 158 | 48 | 25 | Orch/Flute | Orchestra / Flute |
| 159 | 48 | 26 | Orch/Oboe | Orchestra / Oboe |
| 160 | 48 | 27 | Orch/Horn1 | Orchestra / Horn 1 |
| 161 | 48 | 28 | Orch/Horn2 | Orchestra / Horn 2 |
| 162 | 48 | 29 | Orch/WWind | |
| 163 | 49 | 0 | Slow Strings | Slow Strings |
| 164 | 49 | 4 | Big Slow Str | Big Slow Attack Strings |
| 165 | 49 | 8 | Octa Str1 | Octave Strings 1 |
| 166 | 49 | 16 | Warm Strings | Warm Strings |
| 167 | 49 | 17 | Octa Str2 | Octave Strings 2 |
| 168 | 49 | 18 | Accmp Str1 | Accompaniment Strings 1 |
| 169 | 49 | 19 | Accmp Str2 | Accompaniment Strings 2 |
| 170 | 50 | 0 | Syn Strg1 | Synth Strings 1 |
| 171 | 51 | 0 | Syn Strg2 | Synth Strings 2 |
| 172 | 51 | 8 | Big Pad | Big Pad |
| 173 | 52 | 0 | ChoirAah | Vocal Choir Aah |
| 174 | 52 | 4 | Aah/Voice | Vocal Choir Aah / Voice |
| 175 | 52 | 8 | Big Choir | Big Choir |
| 176 | 52 | 16 | Voice/Str1 | Voice / Strings 1 |
| 177 | 52 | 17 | Voice/Str2 | Voice / Strings 2 |
| 178 | 52 | 18 | Str/Voice | Strings / Voice |
| 179 | 52 | 24 | Voice/Org | Voice / Organ |
| 180 | 52 | 25 | Voce/Prin8 | Voice / Principal 8' |
| 181 | 53 | 0 | ScatVoice | Scat Voice |
| 182 | 54 | 0 | Syn Voice | Synth Voice |
| 183 | 54 | 8 | Pad Voice | Pad Voice |
| 184 | 54 | 16 | Soft Pad | Soft Pad |
| 185 | 55 | 0 | Orch Hit | Orchestra Hit |

BRASS & WOODWINDS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 186 | 56 | 0 | Trumpet1 | Trumpet 1 |
| 187 | 56 | 8 | Trumpet2 | Trumpet 2 |
| 188 | 56 | 16 | Trumpet3 | Trumpet 3 |
| 189 | 57 | 0 | Trombon1 | Trombone 1 |
| 190 | 57 | 4 | Trombon2 | Trombone 2 |
| 191 | 57 | 8 | Melw Tromb | Mellow Trombone |
| 192 | 57 | 24 | Soft Trom | Soft Trombone |
| 193 | 58 | 0 | Tuba1 | Tuba 1 |
| 194 | 58 | 8 | Tuba2 | Tuba 2 |
| 195 | 59 | 0 | MuteTrump | Muted Trumpet |
| 196 | 60 | 0 | French Hr1 | French Horn 1 |
| 197 | 60 | 4 | French Hr 2 | French Horn 2 |
| 198 | 60 | 8 | French Hr 3 | French Horn 3 |
| 199 | 60 | 16 | Horn Sect | Horn Section |
| 200 | 60 | 17 | Flugel Hr | Flugel Horn |
| 201 | 61 | 0 | Brass | Brass |
| 202 | 61 | 3 | Soft Bras1 | Soft Brass 1 |
| 203 | 61 | 4 | Soft Bras2 | Soft Brass 2 |
| 204 | 61 | 8 | Soft Bras3 | Soft Brass 3 |
| 205 | 61 | 9 | Soft Bras4 | Soft Brass 4 |
| 206 | 61 | 16 | Big Bras1 | Big Brass Orchestra 1 |
| 207 | 61 | 24 | Big Bras2 | Big Brass Orchestra 2 |
| 208 | 61 | 25 | Big Bras3 | Big Brass Orchestra 3 |
| 209 | 61 | 26 | Big Bras4 | Big Brass Orchestra 4 |
| 210 | 62 | 0 | Syn Bras1 | Synth Brass 1 |
| 211 | 62 | 8 | Syn Bras3 | Synth Brass 3 |
| 212 | 63 | 0 | Syn Bras2 | Synth Brass 2 |
| 213 | 63 | 8 | Syn Bras4 | Synth Brass 4 |
| 214 | 64 | 0 | Soprano Sax | Soprano Sax |
| 215 | 65 | 0 | Alto Sax1 | Alto Sax 1 |
| 216 | 65 | 4 | Night Sax | Night Sax |
| 217 | 65 | 8 | Alto Sax2 | Alto Sax 2 |
| 218 | 65 | 16 | Circus Sax | Circus Sax |
| 219 | 66 | 0 | Tenor Sax | Tenor Sax |
| 220 | 66 | 16 | Ten SaxVb | Tenor Sax Vibration |
| 221 | 66 | 17 | Rock Sax | Rock Sax |
| 222 | 66 | 24 | Sax Sect1 | Sax Section 1 |
| 223 | 66 | 25 | Sax Sect2 | Sax Section 2 |
| 224 | 66 | 26 | Sax Sect3 | Sax Section 3 |
| 225 | 67 | 0 | Bari Sax | Baritone sax |
| 226 | 68 | 0 | Oboe | Oboe |
| 227 | 69 | 0 | Engl Horn | English Horn |
| 228 | 70 | 0 | Bassoon | Bassoon |
| 229 | 71 | 0 | Clarinet | Clarinet |
| 230 | 71 | 8 | Trad Clarin | Traditional Clarinet |
| 231 | 71 | 16 | Mel Clarin | Mellow Clarinet |
| 232 | 71 | 25 | WoodWind1 | Woodwind Section 1 |
| 233 | 71 | 26 | WoodWind2 | Woodwind Section 2 |
| 234 | 71 | 27 | WoodWind3 | Woodwind Section 3 |
| 235 | 71 | 28 | SymphOrch | Symphonic Orchestra |
| 236 | 72 | 0 | Piccolo | Piccolo |
| 237 | 73 | 0 | Flute | Flute |
| 238 | 73 | 8 | Jazz Flute | Jazz Flute |

| | | | | |
|-----|----|---|-----------|-------------|
| 239 | 74 | 0 | Recorder | Recorder |
| 240 | 75 | 0 | Pan Flute | Pan Flute |
| 241 | 76 | 0 | Bottle | Blow Bottle |
| 242 | 77 | 0 | Shakhchi | Shakuhachi |
| 243 | 78 | 0 | Whistle | Whistle |
| 244 | 79 | 0 | Ocarina | Ocarina |

SYNTH & KEYS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 245 | 80 | 0 | Square1 | Square Synth Wave 1 |
| 246 | 80 | 1 | Square2 | Square Synth Wave 2 |
| 247 | 80 | 8 | Syn Wave | Synth Wave |
| 248 | 81 | 0 | Saw 1 | Sawtooth Synth Wave 1 |
| 249 | 81 | 1 | Saw 2 | Sawtooth Synth Wave 2 |
| 250 | 81 | 8 | Syn Flute | Synth Flute |
| 251 | 82 | 0 | Calliope | Calliope |
| 252 | 83 | 0 | Chiff | Chiff |
| 253 | 84 | 0 | Charang | Charang |
| 254 | 85 | 0 | Voice | Voice |
| 255 | 85 | 8 | Voice Sus | Voice Sustain |
| 256 | 86 | 0 | Fifth | Fifth |
| 257 | 87 | 0 | Bass Lead1 | Synth Bass Lead 1 |
| 258 | 87 | 8 | Bass Lead2 | Synth Bass Lead 2 |
| 259 | 88 | 0 | New Age | New Age |
| 260 | 88 | 8 | Orch Bell | Orchestra Bell |
| 261 | 88 | 16 | Fantasy | Fantasy |
| 262 | 89 | 0 | Warm Pad | Warm Pad |
| 263 | 90 | 0 | Polysynth | Polysynth |
| 264 | 91 | 0 | Choir | Synth Choir |
| 265 | 92 | 0 | Bowed | Bowed |
| 266 | 93 | 0 | Metallic | Metallic |
| 267 | 94 | 0 | Halo | Halo Pad |
| 268 | 95 | 0 | Sweep | Sweep Pad |
| 269 | 96 | 0 | Ice Rain | Ice rain |
| 270 | 97 | 0 | SoundTrack | Sound Track |
| 271 | 98 | 0 | Crystal | Crystal |
| 272 | 99 | 0 | Atmosph1 | Atmosphere 1 |
| 273 | 99 | 8 | Atmosph2 | Atmosphere 2 |
| 274 | 100 | 0 | Brightns | Bright Synth |
| 275 | 101 | 0 | Goblins | Goblins |
| 276 | 101 | 8 | Ghost | Ghost |
| 277 | 102 | 0 | Echoes | Echoes |
| 278 | 102 | 2 | EchoPan | Echo Pan |
| 279 | 103 | 0 | SciFi | SciFi |

ACCORDIONS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 280 | 0 | 32 | Bassoon | Bassoon |
| 281 | 1 | 32 | Cassotto | Cassotto |
| 282 | 2 | 32 | D.Basson | Double Basson |
| 283 | 3 | 32 | 16+16+8 | 16'+16'+8' Accordion |
| 284 | 4 | 32 | Bandon1 | Bandoneon 1 |
| 285 | 5 | 32 | Bandon2 | Bandoneon 2 |
| 286 | 6 | 32 | TubaFisa | Tuba Accordion |
| 287 | 7 | 32 | Accord | Accordion |
| 288 | 8 | 32 | Horn | Horn Accordion |
| 289 | 9 | 32 | Organ | Organ Accordion |
| 290 | 10 | 32 | Harmon | Harmon |
| 291 | 11 | 32 | Master 1 | Master 1 |
| 292 | 12 | 32 | Master 2 | Master 2 |
| 293 | 13 | 32 | Master 3 | Master 3 |
| 294 | 14 | 32 | Master 4 | Master 4 |
| 295 | 15 | 32 | Master 5 | Master 5 |
| 296 | 16 | 32 | Master 6 | Master 6 |
| 297 | 17 | 32 | Musette | Musette |
| 398 | 18 | 32 | French | French Accordion |
| 399 | 19 | 32 | Italian | Italian Accordion |
| 300 | 20 | 32 | Brillant | Brillant Accordion |
| 301 | 21 | 32 | Violino | Violino Accordion |
| 302 | 22 | 32 | Celeste | Celeste Accordion |
| 303 | 23 | 32 | Tremolo | Tremolo Accordion |
| 304 | 24 | 32 | AmerTrem | American Tremolo Accordion |
| 305 | 25 | 32 | T.Accord | Tango Accordion |
| 306 | 26 | 32 | Mus+Picc | Musette + Piccolo Accordion |
| 307 | 27 | 32 | Oboe 1 | Oboe Accordion 1 |
| 308 | 28 | 32 | Oboe 2 | Oboe Accordion 2 |
| 309 | 29 | 32 | Clarinet | Clarinet Accordion |
| 310 | 30 | 32 | Flute | Flute Accordion |
| 311 | 31 | 32 | Piccolo | Piccolo Accordion |
| 312 | 32 | 32 | Diatonic | Diatonic Accordion |
| 313 | 33 | 32 | DiatBass | Diatonic Accordion Bass |
| 314 | 34 | 32 | DiatChrd | Diatonic Accordion Chord |
| 315 | 35 | 32 | AccBass1 | Accordion Bass 1 |
| 316 | 36 | 32 | AccBass2 | Accordion Bass 2 |
| 317 | 37 | 32 | AccChrd1 | Accordion Chord 1 |
| 318 | 38 | 32 | AccChrd2 | Accordion Chord 2 |
| 319 | 39 | 32 | AccChrd3 | Accordion Chord 3 |

WORLD INSTRUMENTS

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|---------------|
| 320 | 104 | 0 | Sitar | Sitar |
| 321 | 105 | 0 | Banjo | Banjo |
| 322 | 105 | 8 | Banjo Repeat | Banjo Repeat |
| 323 | 106 | 0 | Shamisen | Shamisen |
| 324 | 107 | 0 | Koto 1 | Koto 1 |
| 325 | 107 | 8 | Koto 2 | Koto 2 |
| 326 | 108 | 0 | Kalimba | Kalimba |
| 327 | 109 | 0 | Bagpipe | Bagpipe |
| 328 | 109 | 8 | Uilleann Pipe | Uilleann Pipe |
| 329 | 110 | 0 | Fiddle | Fiddle |
| 330 | 111 | 0 | Shanai | Shanai |

DRUM & PERCUSSION

| Sound Number | PROG CHANGE | BANK | NAME ON DISPLAY | SOUND |
|--------------|-------------|------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 331 | 112 | 0 | TnkIBell | Tinkle Bell |
| 332 | 113 | 0 | Agogo | Agogo |
| 333 | 114 | 0 | Steel Drum | Steel Drum |
| 334 | 115 | 0 | WoodBlok | Wood Block |
| 335 | 115 | 8 | Castanet | Spanish Castanet |
| 336 | 116 | 0 | Taiko Drum | Taiko Drum |
| 337 | 116 | 8 | ConBasDr | Concert Bass Drum |
| 338 | 117 | 0 | Mel Tom1 | Melodic Tom 1 |
| 339 | 117 | 8 | Mel Tom2 | Melodic Tom 2 |
| 340 | 118 | 0 | Syn Drum1 | Synth Drum 1 |
| 341 | 118 | 8 | Syn Drum2 | Synth Drum 2 |
| 342 | 118 | 9 | Syn Drum3 | Synth Drum 3 |
| 343 | 119 | 0 | Rev Cymbal | Reverse Cymbal |
| 344 | 120 | 0 | Fret Noise | Guitar Fret Noise |
| 345 | 121 | 0 | Breath Noise | Breath Noise |
| 346 | 122 | 0 | Seashore | Seashore |
| 347 | 123 | 3 | Birds | Birds |
| 348 | 124 | 0 | Telphon1 | Telephone 1 |
| 349 | 125 | 0 | Helicopter | Helicopter |
| 350 | 126 | 0 | Applause | Applause |
| 351 | 127 | 0 | Gun Shot | Gun Shot |
| 352 | 0 | | Standard | Standard Drum Kit |
| 353 | 8 | | Room | Room Drum Kit |
| 354 | 16 | | Power | Power Drum Kit |
| 355 | 24 | | Electric | Electric Drum Kit |
| 356 | 25 | | Dance | Dance Drum Kit |
| 357 | 32 | | Jazz | Jazz Drum Kit |
| 358 | 40 | | Brush | Brush Drum Kit |
| 359 | 48 | | Classic | Classic Drum Kit |
| 360 | 63 | | Acoustic | Acoustic Drum Kit |
| 361 | 64 | | Modern | Modern Drum Kit |
| 362 | 56 | | Effects | Many different Sound Effects |

SG 500 Style List

POP ROCK

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 | 8Beat | 8 Beat |
| 2 | 8Beat 1 | 8 Beat 1 |
| 3 | 8Beat 2 | 8 Beat 2 |
| 4 | 8Beat 3 | 8 Beat 3 |
| 5 | 8Beat 4 | 8 Beat 4 |
| 6 | 8Beat 5 | 8 Beat 5 |
| 7 | 8Beat 6 | 8 Beat 6 |
| 8 | 8BtModrn | 8 Beat Modern |
| 9 | 50sGuitar | 50's Guitar |
| 10 | 60'8Beat | 60's 8 Beat |
| 11 | 60'organ | 60's Organ |
| 12 | 60'pop | 60's Pop |
| 13 | Detro Pop | Detroit pop |
| 14 | Mod3/4 | Modern ¾ |
| 15 | Folk Pop | Folk Pop |
| 16 | Guitar Pop | Guitar Pop |
| 17 | 16Beat | 16 Beat 1 |
| 18 | 16Beat 2 | 16 Beat 2 |
| 19 | 16Beat 3 | 16 Beat 3 |
| 20 | Mersey Beat | Mersey Beat |
| 21 | Beach Boy | Beach Boy |
| 22 | PopShufl | Pop Shuffle |
| 23 | PopOrgan | Pop Organ |
| 24 | KoolShuf | Kool Shuffle |
| 25 | Pick Up | Pick Up Style |
| 26 | Fusion | Fusion |
| 27 | 80's Rock | 80's Roc |
| 28 | Rock | Rock 1 |
| 29 | Rock 2 | Rock 2 |
| 30 | Rock 3 | Rock 3 |
| 31 | RockRoll | Rock & Roll |
| 32 | 50R'N'RL | 50's Rock & Roll |
| 33 | 50s'Rock | 50's Rock |
| 34 | Slow 6/8 | Slow 6/8 |

COUNTRY

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|----------------|
| 35 | Country | Country 1 |
| 36 | Country 2 | Country 2 |
| 37 | Country 3 | Country 3 |
| 38 | Country 4 | Country 4 |
| 39 | Chetkins | Chetkins Style |

| | | |
|----|------------|------------------|
| 40 | Cntry Sw | Country Swing 1 |
| 41 | Cntry Sw 2 | Country Swing 2 |
| 42 | Ez Cntry | Easy Country |
| 43 | LatCntry | Latin Country |
| 44 | SlowCtry | Slow Country |
| 45 | Ctry Pop | Country Pop |
| 46 | Ctry 2/4 | Country 2/4 |
| 47 | Ctry 3/4 | Country 3/4 |
| 48 | CtryWltz | Country Waltz |
| 49 | CtryBalld | Country Ballad |
| 50 | 8BtCtry | 8 Beat Country 1 |
| 51 | 8BtCtry 2 | 8 Beat Country 2 |
| 52 | Ctry 2Bt | Country 2 Beat 1 |
| 53 | Ctry 2Bt 2 | Country 2 Beat 2 |
| 54 | CtryBeat | Country Beat |
| 55 | CtryRock | Country Rock 1 |
| 56 | CtryRok2 | Country Rock 2 |
| 57 | Ctry Dance | Country Dance |
| 58 | ModParty | Modern Party |
| 59 | Bluegras | Bluegrass 1 |
| 60 | Bluegras 2 | Bluegrass 2 |
| 61 | EasyShufl | Easy Shuffle |
| 62 | 50'Shufl | 50's Shuffle |
| 63 | 70'Shufl | 70's Shuffle |
| 64 | Sixtie | Sixties Country |
| 65 | Western | Western |

STANDARD & OLDIES

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 66 | Basie | Basie Style |
| 67 | DanceBnd | Dance Band |
| 68 | SlowBand | Slow Band |
| 69 | MuteBand | Muted Band |
| 70 | Swngband | Swing Band |
| 71 | ShowBand | Show Band |
| 72 | ShowTime | Show Time |
| 73 | Showball | Show Ballad |
| 74 | Big Band | Big Band |
| 75 | B_B_Ball | Big Band Ballad |
| 76 | B_B_Fast | Big Band Fast |
| 77 | 30s'Swin | 30's Swing |
| 78 | BBndSwng | Big Band Swing |
| 79 | Broadway | Broadway |
| 80 | Ez_Jazz | Easy Jazz 1 |
| 81 | EasyJz 2 | Easy Jazz 2 |
| 82 | Jazz Ballad | Jazz Ballad |
| 83 | Jazz Club | Jazz Club |
| 84 | Swing | Swing |
| 85 | SimpleSwng | Simple Swing |
| 86 | SlowSwng | Slow Swing |
| 87 | Fastswng | Fast Swing 1 |

| | | |
|-----|------------|------------------|
| 88 | Fstswng2 | Fast Swing 2 |
| 89 | Swingy Reg | Swingy Reggae |
| 90 | 20'sSwng | 20's Swing |
| 91 | Bounce | Bounce |
| 92 | Dixie | Dixieland 1 |
| 93 | Dixie2 | Dixieland 2 |
| 94 | Dixie3 | Dixieland 3 |
| 95 | DixieBar | Dixie |
| 96 | Trad Band | Traditional Band |
| 97 | Theatre | Theatre |
| 98 | Theat 2/4 | Theatre 2/4 |
| 99 | Theat 6/8 | Theatre 6/8 |
| 100 | FoxTrot | Fox Trot 1 |
| 101 | FoxTrot 2 | Fox Trot 2 |
| 102 | FoxTrot 3 | Fox Trot 3 |
| 103 | FoxTrot 4 | Fox Trot 4 |
| 104 | Slowfox | Slow Fox |
| 105 | EuroFox | Euro Fox |

LATIN 1

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 106 | Bossa | Bossa Nova 1 |
| 107 | Bossa 2 | Bossa Nova 2 |
| 108 | Bossa 3 | Bossa Nova 3 |
| 109 | Bossa 4 | Bossa Nova 4 |
| 110 | JzBossa | Bossa Nova 5 |
| 111 | SlwBossa | Slow Bossa Nova |
| 112 | BensNova | Benson Bossa |
| 113 | ModBossa | Modern Bossa |
| 114 | ModLatin | Modern Latin |
| 115 | LatJazz | Latin Jazz 1 |
| 116 | LatJazz2 | Latin Jazz 2 |
| 117 | LatnRock | Latin Rock |
| 118 | Samba | Samba 1 |
| 119 | Samba 2 | Samba 2 |
| 120 | Samba 3 | Samba 3 |
| 121 | Sambaorg | Samba Organ |
| 122 | SambaPop | Samba Pop |
| 123 | Dsc Samb | Disco Samba 1 |
| 124 | DscSamb2 | Disco Samba 2 |
| 125 | BB Samba | Big Band Samba |
| 126 | Salsa | Salsa |
| 127 | Bachata | Bachata |
| 128 | Guaracha | Guaracha |
| 129 | Macarena | Macarena |
| 130 | Reggaton | Reggaton |
| 131 | Bajon | Bajon |
| 132 | Limbo | Limbo |

JAZZ & BLUES

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| 133 | JazzRock | Jazz Rock 1 |
| 134 | JazzRok2 | Jazz Rock 2 |
| 135 | Boogie | Boogie Woogie 1 |
| 136 | Boogie 2 | Boogie Voogie 2 |
| 137 | Jive | Jive 1 |
| 138 | Jive 2 | Jive 2 |
| 139 | PnBoogie | Piano Boogie |
| 140 | Shuffle | Shuffle |
| 141 | ShuffPno | Shuffle Piano |
| 142 | Twist | Twist |
| 143 | Ragtime | Rag Time 1 |
| 144 | Ragtime2 | Rag Time 2 |
| 145 | Stride | Stride |
| 146 | Stridpia | Stride Piano 1 |
| 147 | Stridpia 2 | Stride Piano 2 |
| 148 | CoolJazz | Cool Jazz |
| 149 | Honky T. | Honky Tonky |
| 150 | Bluesy | Bluesy |
| 151 | Blues | Blues 1 |
| 152 | Blues 2 | Blues 2 |
| 153 | 68Blues | 6/8 Blues 1 |
| 154 | 68Blues 2 | 6/8 Blues 2 |
| 155 | R&Blues | Rhythm & Blues 1 |
| 156 | R&Blues 2 | Rhythm & Blues 2 |
| 157 | BluesMan | BluesMan |
| 158 | Gospel | Gospel 1 |
| 159 | Gospel 2 | Gospel 2 |
| 160 | Gospel 3 | Gospel 3 |
| 161 | Gospel 4 | Gospel 4 |
| 162 | GospShuf | Gospel Shuffle 1 |
| 163 | GospShuf 2 | Gospel Shuffle 2 |
| 164 | Gosp 3/4 | Gospel 3/4 |
| 165 | 6/8 Soul | 6/8 Soul |
| 166 | ModernJz | Modern Jazz |
| 167 | JazzMan | JazzMan |
| 168 | VoxSwing | Vox Swing |
| 169 | Singsong | Sing Song |
| 170 | Barndanc | Barn Dance |

BALLAD

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|-------------|
| 171 | New Age | New Age |
| 172 | Ballad | Ballad 1 |
| 173 | Ballad 2 | Ballad 2 |
| 174 | SoftBall | Soft Ballad |
| 175 | NewBall | New Ballad |
| 176 | 50's Bld | 50's Ballad |
| 177 | PopBall | Pop Ballad |

| | | |
|-----|------------|----------------|
| 178 | Nice&Esy | Nice & Easy |
| 179 | LoveSong | Love Song 1 |
| 180 | LoveSong 2 | Love Song 2 |
| 181 | PnoBalad | Piano Ballad 1 |
| 182 | PnoBalad 2 | Piano Ballad 2 |
| 183 | PnoBalad 3 | Piano Ballad 3 |
| 184 | EpicBalad | Epic Ballad |
| 185 | LoveBalad | Love Ballad |
| 196 | 68Ballad | 6/8 Ballad |
| 187 | Aria | Aria |
| 188 | SlwBalla | Slow Ballad |
| 189 | Slowrock | Slow Rock 1 |
| 190 | Slowrok2 | Slow Rock 2 |
| 191 | SlowRok3 | Slow Rock 3 |
| 192 | SlowRok4 | Slow Rock 4 |
| 193 | Lulbywal | Lullaby |
| 194 | LoungePn | Lounge Piano |
| 195 | PianoBar | Piano Bar |

BALLROOM

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| 196 | Tango | Tango 1 |
| 197 | Tango 2 | Tango 2 |
| 198 | Tango 3 | Tango 3 |
| 199 | EleganTg | Elegant Tango |
| 200 | Habanera | Habanera 1 |
| 201 | Habanera 2 | Habanera 2 |
| 202 | PsoDoble | Paso Doble 1 |
| 203 | PsoDobl2 | Paso Doble 2 |
| 204 | SoftSho | Soft Shoe |
| 205 | Charlest | Charleston |
| 206 | Tip Tap | Tip Tap |
| 207 | QuickStp | Quick Step 1 |
| 208 | QuikStp2 | Quick Step 2 |
| 209 | Quikstp3 | Quick Step 3 |
| 210 | QuikStp4 | Quick Step 4 |
| 211 | Organ_Qs | Organ Quick Step |
| 212 | EasyQuik | Easy Quick Step |
| 213 | Polka | Polka 1 |
| 214 | Polka 2 | Polka 2 |
| 215 | It Polka | Italian Polka |
| 216 | Poppolka | Pop Polka 1 |
| 217 | Poppolka2 | Pop Polka 2 |
| 218 | PartyPol | Party Polka 1 |
| 219 | PartyPol2 | Party Polka 2 |
| 220 | 2/4 Polka | 2/4 Polka |
| 221 | 6/8 Polka | 6/8 Polka |
| 222 | Waltz | Waltz |
| 223 | StdWaltz | Standard Waltz |
| 224 | OrchWalz | Orchestra Waltz |

| | | |
|-----|------------|-------------------|
| 225 | SIWaltz | Slow Waltz 1 |
| 226 | SIWaltz2 | Slow Waltz 2 |
| 227 | SIWaltz3 | Slow Waltz 3 |
| 228 | EleganWz | Elegant Waltz |
| 229 | OrgWaltz | Organ Waltz |
| 230 | Jz Waltz | Jazz Waltz 1 |
| 231 | Jz Waltz 2 | Jazz Waltz 2 |
| 232 | ModWaltz | Modern Waltz |
| 233 | Musette | Musette Waltz |
| 234 | Oompah | Oompah Waltz |
| 235 | TradWtz | Traditional Waltz |

DANCE

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|---------------|
| 236 | SwingHse | Swing House 1 |
| 237 | SwingHse 2 | Swing House 2 |
| 238 | House | House |
| 239 | CumbiaOr | Cumbia Organ |
| 240 | Club Dance | Club Dance |
| 241 | CbLatin | Club Latin |
| 242 | Dance Pop | Dance Pop |
| 243 | UKPop | UK Pop |
| 244 | British | British Style |
| 245 | HHGroove | HH Groove |
| 246 | Hip Hop | Hip Hop 1 |
| 247 | Hip Hop 2 | Hip Hop 2 |
| 248 | Techno | Techno 1 |
| 249 | Techno 2 | Techno 2 |
| 250 | Kylie Pop | Kylie Pop |
| 251 | Chillout | Chillout |
| 252 | Motsound | Motown Sound |
| 253 | Acid Jazz | Acid Jazz |
| 254 | Garage | Garage |
| 255 | Rap | Rap 1 |
| 256 | Rap 2 | Rap 2 |
| 257 | Funk | Funk |
| 258 | Disco | Disco 1 |
| 259 | Disco 2 | Disco 2 |
| 260 | Disco 3 | Disco 3 |
| 261 | Disco 4 | Disco 4 |
| 262 | 60's Dsc | 60's Disco |
| 263 | 70's Dsc | 70's Disco 1 |
| 264 | 70'sDsc2 | 70's Disco 2 |
| 265 | 70'sDsc3 | 70's Disco 3 |
| 266 | 70'sDsc4 | 70's Disco 4 |
| 267 | 70'sDsc5 | 70's Disco 5 |
| 268 | Village Disco | Village Disco |
| 269 | Disco Party | Disco Party |
| 270 | Philly | Philly Sound |
| 271 | Soul | Soul |

| | | |
|-----|------------|----------------------|
| 272 | SwinRock | Swing Rock |
| 273 | Fisa Dance | Fisa Accordion Dance |
| 274 | PartyDance | Party Dance |
| 275 | DanceLove | Dance Love |
| 276 | PartyBald | Party Ballad |
| 277 | HulyGuly | Hully Gully 1 |
| 278 | HulyGuly2 | Hully Gully 2 |

LATIN 2

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| 279 | Rhumba | Rhumba 1 |
| 280 | Rhumba 2 | Rhumba 2 |
| 281 | Rhumba 3 | Rhumba 3 |
| 282 | Rhumba 4 | Rhumba 4 |
| 283 | Rhumba 5 | Rhumbe 5 |
| 284 | Beguine | Beguine 1 |
| 285 | Beguine2 | Beguine 2 |
| 286 | Beguine3 | Beguine 3 |
| 287 | Mambo | Mambo 1 |
| 288 | Mambo2 | Mambo 2 |
| 289 | DscMambo | Disco Mambo |
| 290 | ChaCha | Cha Cha 1 |
| 291 | ChaCha 2 | Cha Cha 2 |
| 292 | ChaCha 3 | Cha Cha 3 |
| 293 | Bolero Orch. | Bolero Orchestra |
| 294 | Bolero 2 | Bolero 1 |
| 295 | Bolero 3 | Bolero 3 |
| 296 | Meneito | Meneito 1 |
| 297 | Meneito 2 | Meneito 2 |
| 298 | Talisman | Talisman |
| 299 | Merengue | Merengue 1 |
| 300 | Mereng 2 | Merengue 2 |
| 301 | Mereng 3 | Merengue 3 |
| 302 | Bamba | Bamba |
| 303 | Gipsy | Gipsy |
| 304 | Reggae | Reggae 1 |
| 305 | Reggae 2 | Reggae 2 |
| 306 | UbReggae | UB Reggae |
| 307 | Lambada | Lambada |

WORLD

| Number | NAME ON DISPLAY | STYLE |
|--------|-----------------|------------|
| 308 | Flamenco | Famenco |
| 309 | Corrida | Corrida |
| 310 | Argentin | Argentin 1 |
| 311 | Argentin 2 | Argentin 2 |
| 312 | March 2/4 | March 2/4 |

| | | |
|-----|------------|----------------|
| 313 | March | March |
| 314 | March 6/8 | March 6/8 1 |
| 315 | March68 | March 6/8 2 |
| 316 | Epic March | Epic March |
| 317 | Tarantel | Tarantella 1 |
| 318 | Tarantel2 | Tarantella 2 |
| 319 | Tarantel3 | Tarantella 3 |
| 320 | Saltarel | Saltarello |
| 321 | Polka Ita | Polta Italiana |
| 322 | OberPolk | Ober Polka |
| 323 | Quadrigl | Quadriglia |
| 324 | Reel 2/4 | Reel 2/4 |
| 325 | Reel 6/8 | Reel 6/8 |
| 326 | IrishJig | Irish Jiga |
| 327 | Hawaiian | Hawaiian |
| 328 | Sirtos | Sirtos |
| 329 | Sirtaki | Sirtaki |
| 330 | Mariachi | Mariachi |
| 331 | Baroque | Baroque 1 |
| 332 | Baroque2 | Baroque 2 |
| 333 | Calipso | Calipso |
| 334 | Arabic 1 | Arabic 1 |
| 335 | Arabic 2 | Arabic 2 |
| 336 | Arabic 3 | Arabic 3 |
| 337 | Zebekiko | Zebekiko |
| 338 | Eastern | Eastern |
| 339 | Fr Waltz | French Waltz |
| 340 | It Waltz | Italian Waltz |
| 341 | Mazurka | Mazurka 1 |
| 342 | Mazurka2 | Mazurka 2 |
| 343 | Mazurka3 | Mazurka 3 |
| 344 | Mazurka4 | Mazurka 4 |
| 345 | Mazurkz5 | Mazurka 5 |
| 346 | Celtic 3/4 | Celtic ¾ |
| 347 | TirolWtz | Tirol Waltz |
| 348 | Vienna | Vienna Waltz |
| 349 | Viennese | Viennese 1 |
| 350 | Viennese 2 | Viennese 2 |

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

| Function | Transmitted | Recognized | Remark |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Basic Channel | 1 CH | 1-16 CH | |
| Channel changed | 1-16 CH | 1-16 CH | |
| Default Mode | 3 | 3 | |
| Note Number 9-120 0-127 | | | |
| Velocity: Note On | • | • | |
| Velocity: Note Off | X | • | |
| Pitch Bender | • | • | |
| Control Change: 0 | • | X | Variation page |
| 1 | X | X | Modulation |
| 5 | X | X | Portamento value |
| 7, 10 | • | • | Volume, Pan |
| 11 | X | • | Expression |
| 64, 66, 67 | • | • | Sustain. Sostenuto, Soft Pedal |
| 65 | X | X | Portamento yes/no |
| 80, 81 | • | • | Reverb, Chorus program |
| 91 | • | • | Reverb, Chorus send level |
| 98, 99 | X | X | NRPNL, NRPHH |
| 100, 101 | X | X | RPNL, RPNH |
| 121 | • | • | Reset all controllers |
| 123 | • | • | All notes off |
| Program Change | 0-127 | 0-127 | |
| System Exclusive | X | X | |
| Sys. Common: Song | X | X | |
| Select | X | X | |
| Sys. Common: Song Position | X | X | |
| System: Clock | X | X | |
| Real Time: Commands | X | X | |

