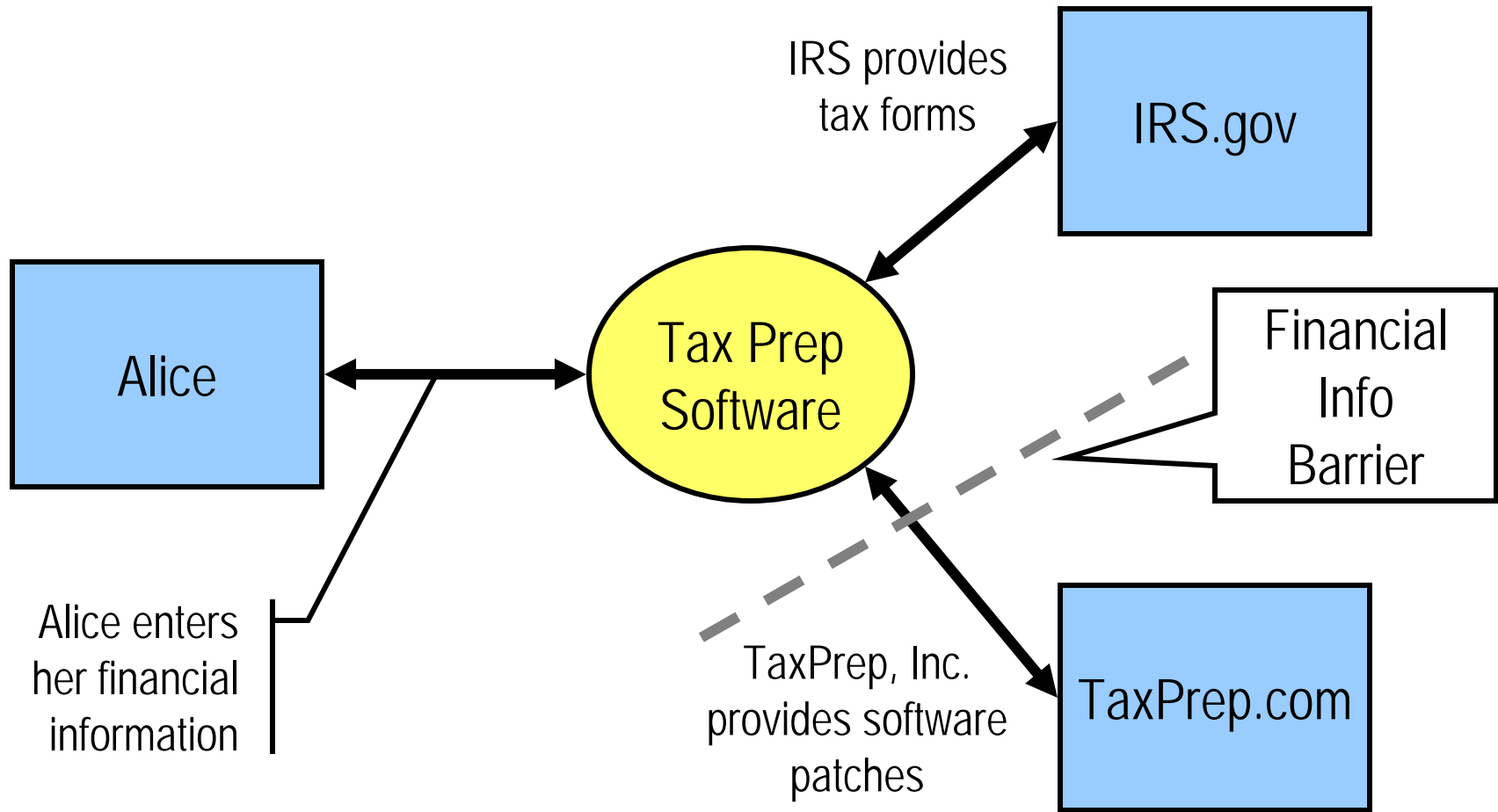


RIFLE: An Architectural Framework for User-Centric Information-Flow Security

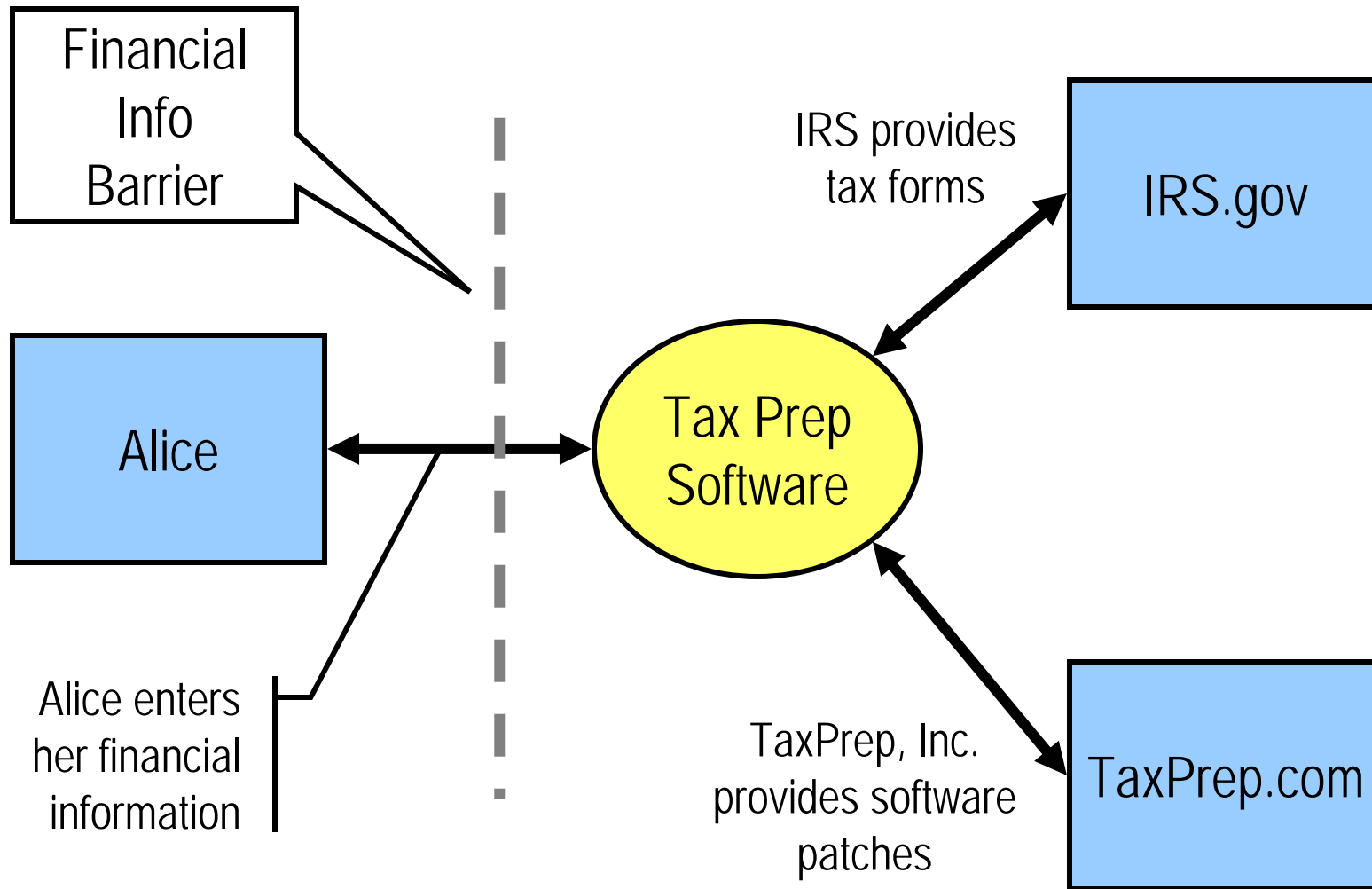
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Information-Flow Security in the Real World



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Information-Flow Security in the Real World

All programs must be assumed unsafe

- **Malicious** programs intentionally leak information
- **Buggy** programs that unintentionally leak information

User-Centric Information-Flow Security

1. Users want to establish their *own* security policy
 - CIA's security needs differ from Joe Average's
2. Users want data-dependent security policies
 - Web browser with web search form data
 - Web browser with banking login form data
3. Users should not have to sacrifice security for functionality
 - All programs should be secure or securable
 - Only security holes that will be realized are significant



Definition of Security: Non-Interference

Integrity

- Untrusted inputs should not affect trusted outputs
- Example: prevent input from being executed [Suh 04, Crandall 04]

Confidentiality [Denning 76, Myers 97, Myers 99, Tse 04]

- High security inputs should not affect low security outputs
- Example: tax preparation software

Key mechanism: tracking flow of information through code

- Integrity/confidentiality are dual
- Policies and enforcement rely on information flow

Information-Flow Security: Tainting Data

- Used in Perl's "taint" mode and other works
[Denning 76, Suh 04, Crandall 04]

```
add r4 = r1, r2
```

```
add r5 = r4, r3
```

```
div r6 = r5, 3
```

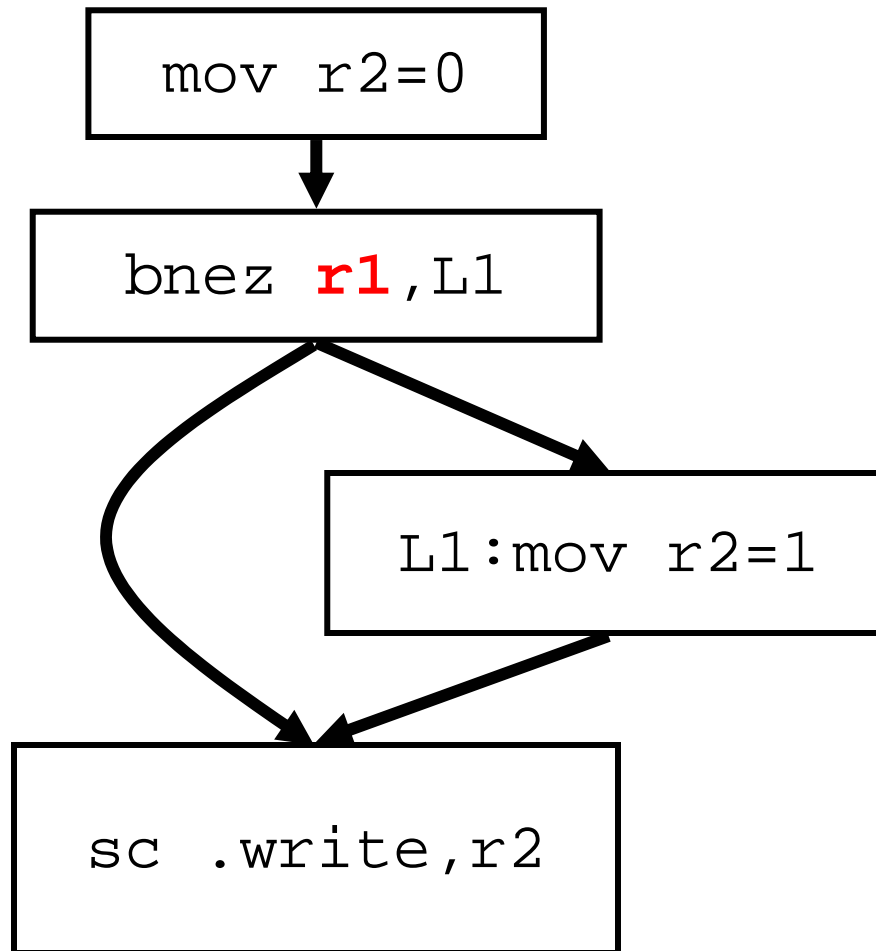
```
sc .write, r6
```

1. Program inputs are **tainted** or **labeled** with a security class
2. Labels propagate through computation
3. Certain operations enforce a security policy by verifying operand labels for security





Problems with the Taint Solution



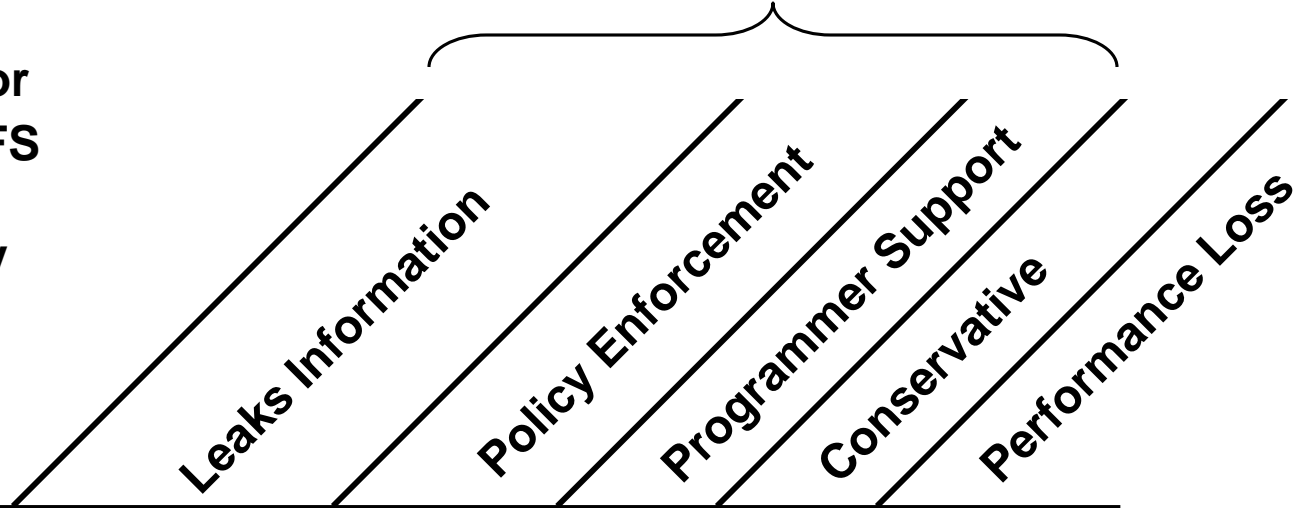
	Value	
r1	1	0
r2	1	0

Control Flow Can Leak Information!

User-Centric Information-Flow Security

Essential for User-Centric IFS

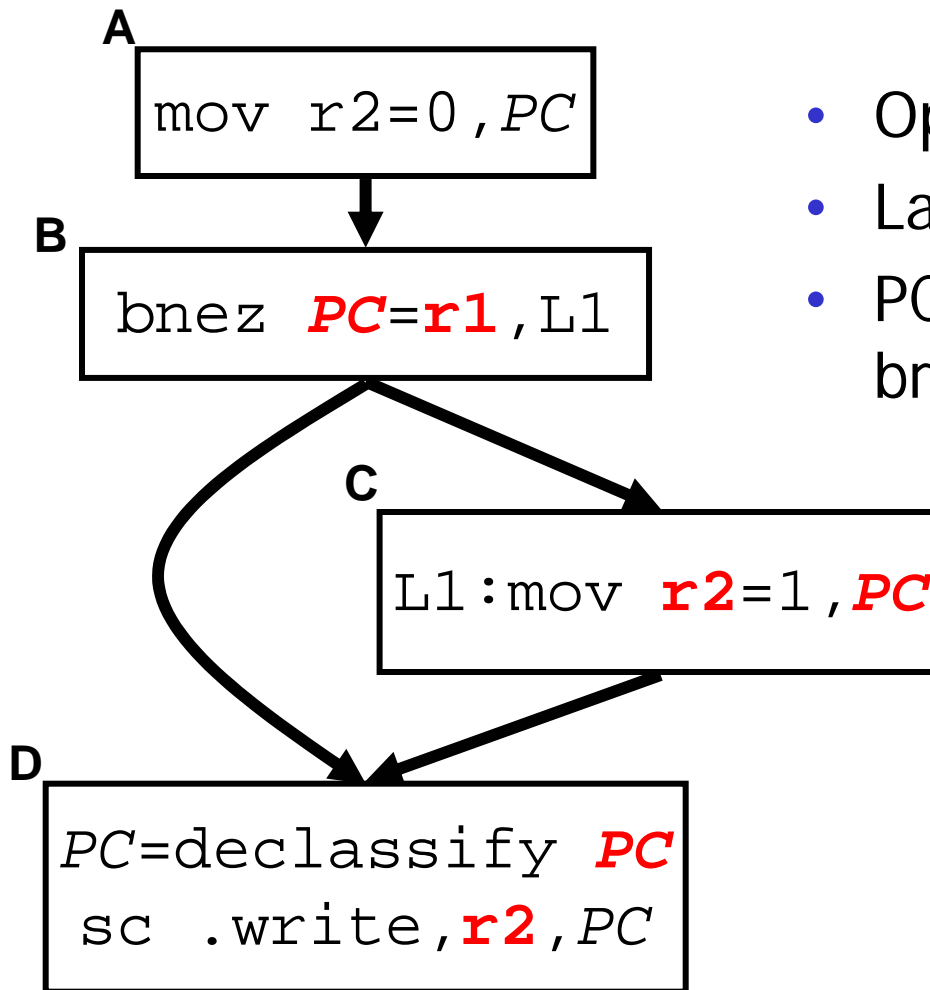
- ✗ Deal breaker for User-Centric IFS
- ✗ Fundamentally Impossible



	Leaks Information	Policy Enforcement	Programmer Support	Conservative	Performance Loss
Taint [Suh 2004]	✗ s	Dynamic	No	No	Moderate
Static Systems [Denning 76, Myers 97, Myers 99]	Rate Limited	✗ ic	✗ s	Yes	None
Static with Runtime Principles [Tse 2004]	Rate Limited	Hybrid	✗ s	Yes	Little
Ideal User-Centric	✗	Dynamic/ Hybrid	No	✗	None
RIFLE	Rate Limited	Dynamic	No	Yes	Moderate



Naïve “Solution”: Taint the Program Counter



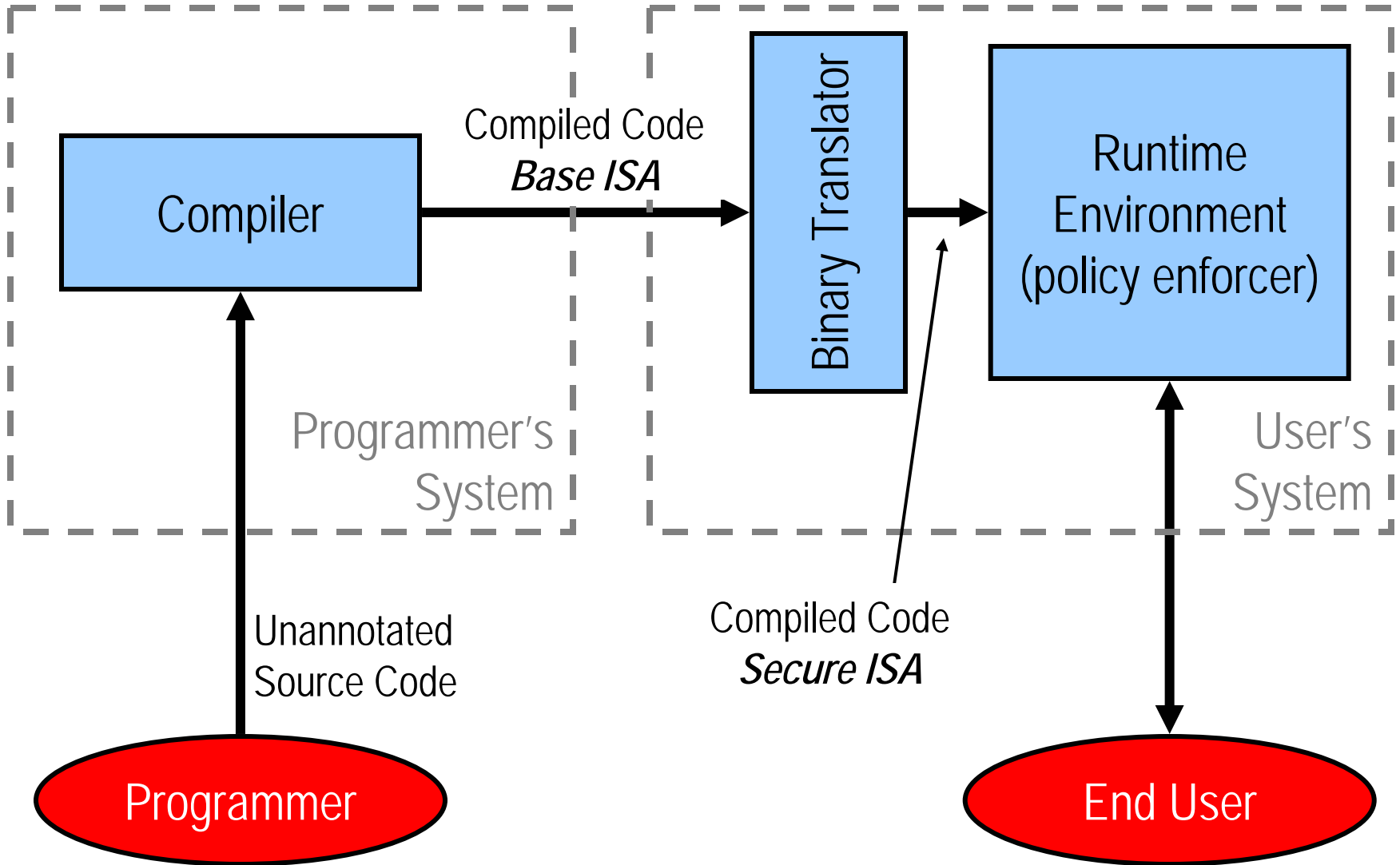
- Ops have *implicit* PC operand
- Label PC like other operands
- PC should be declassified after branch merge

	Value	
r1	1	0
r2	1	0
PC	D	D

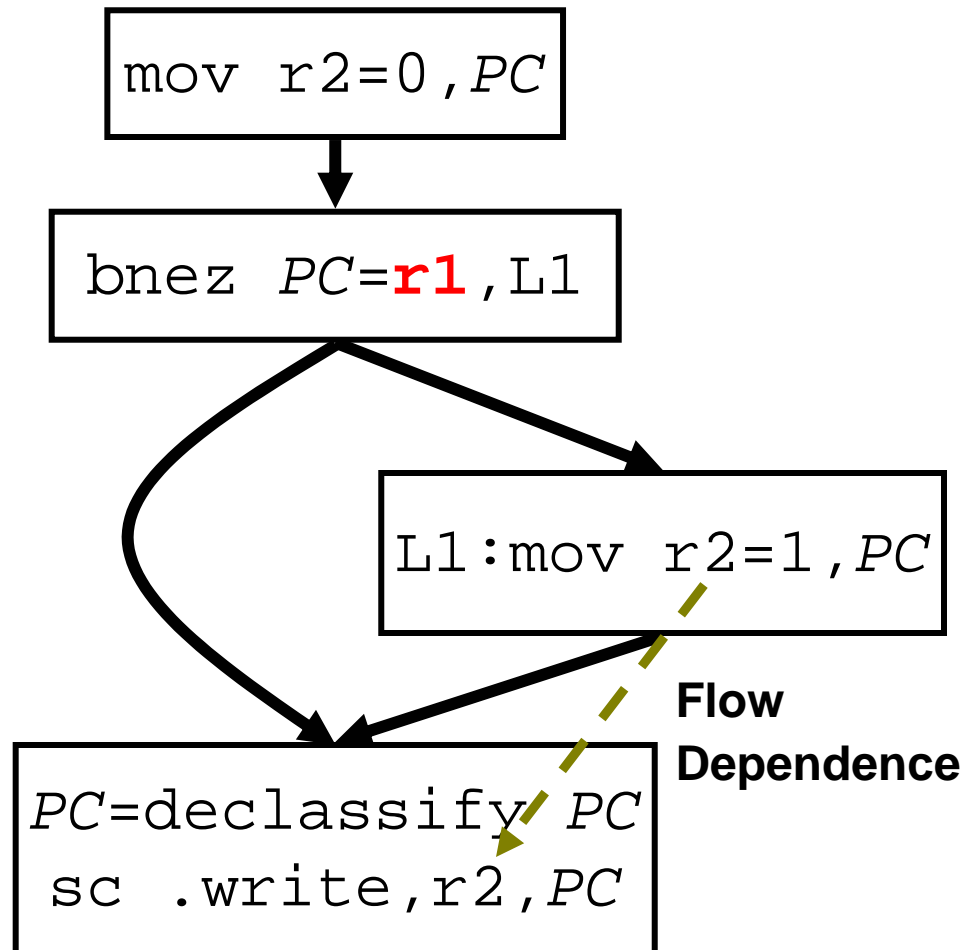
**Code can leak information
whether it is executed
or not!**



RIFLE: The Big Picture



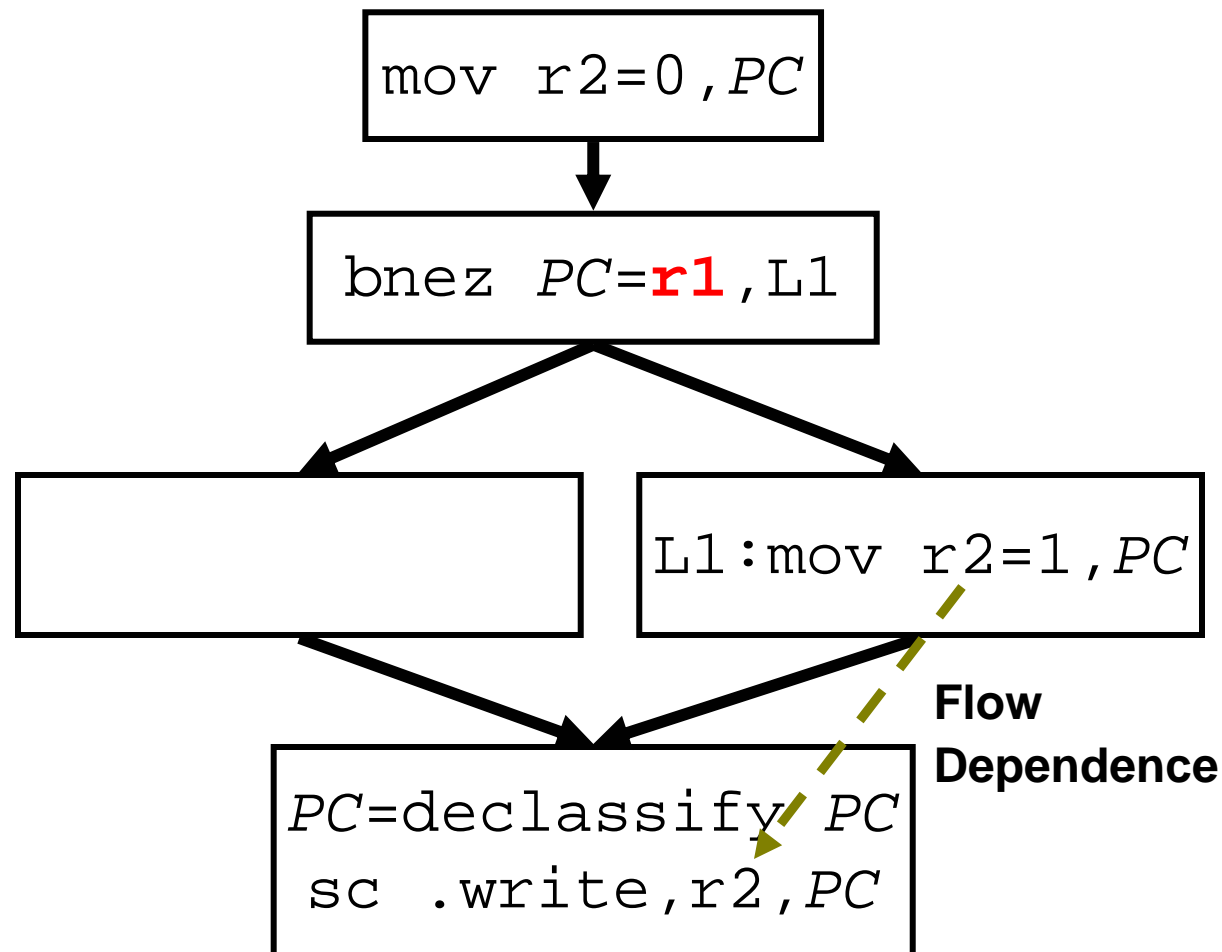
Naïve Binary Translation





Naïve Binary Translation

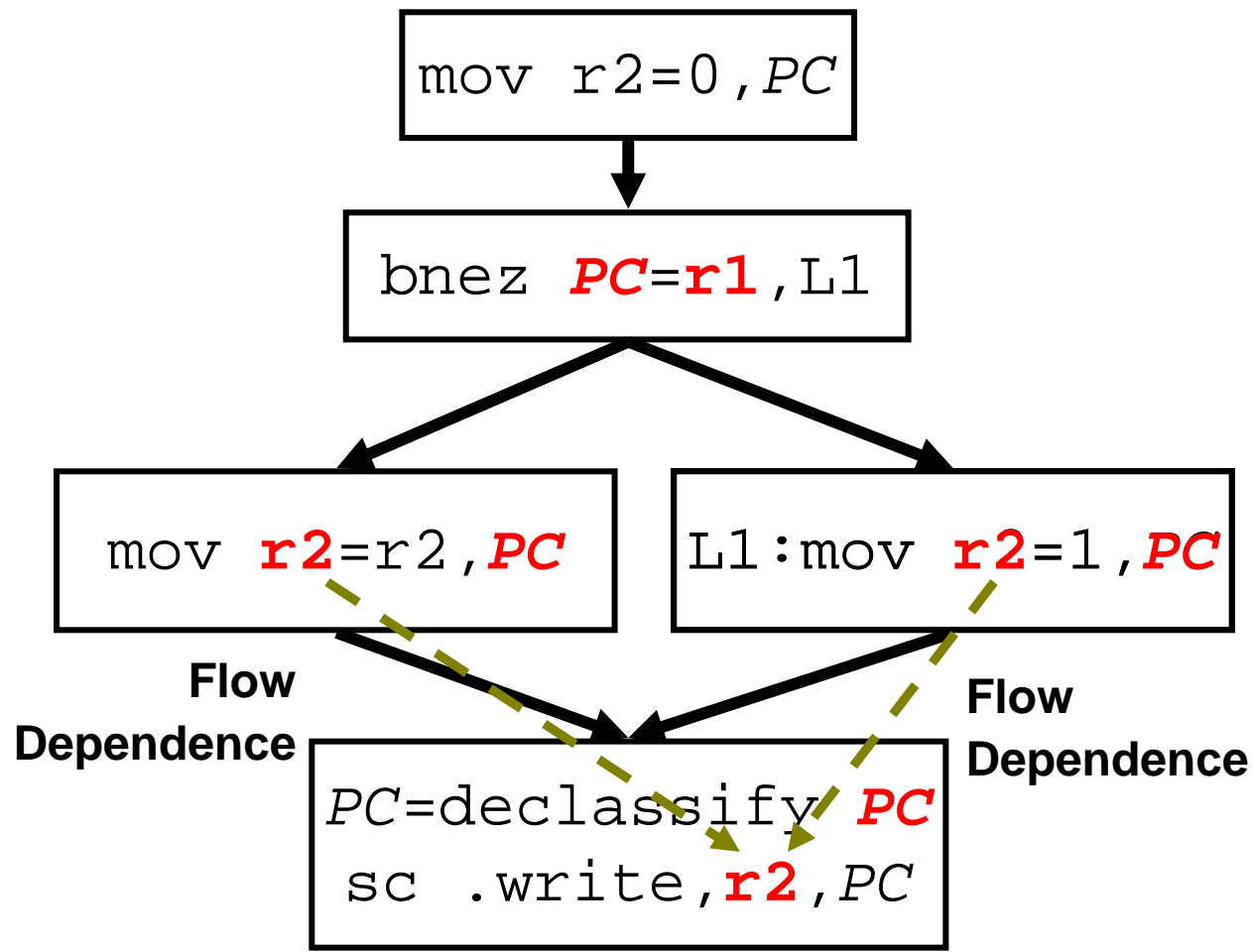
1. Force every `if` to have an `else`





Naïve Binary Translation

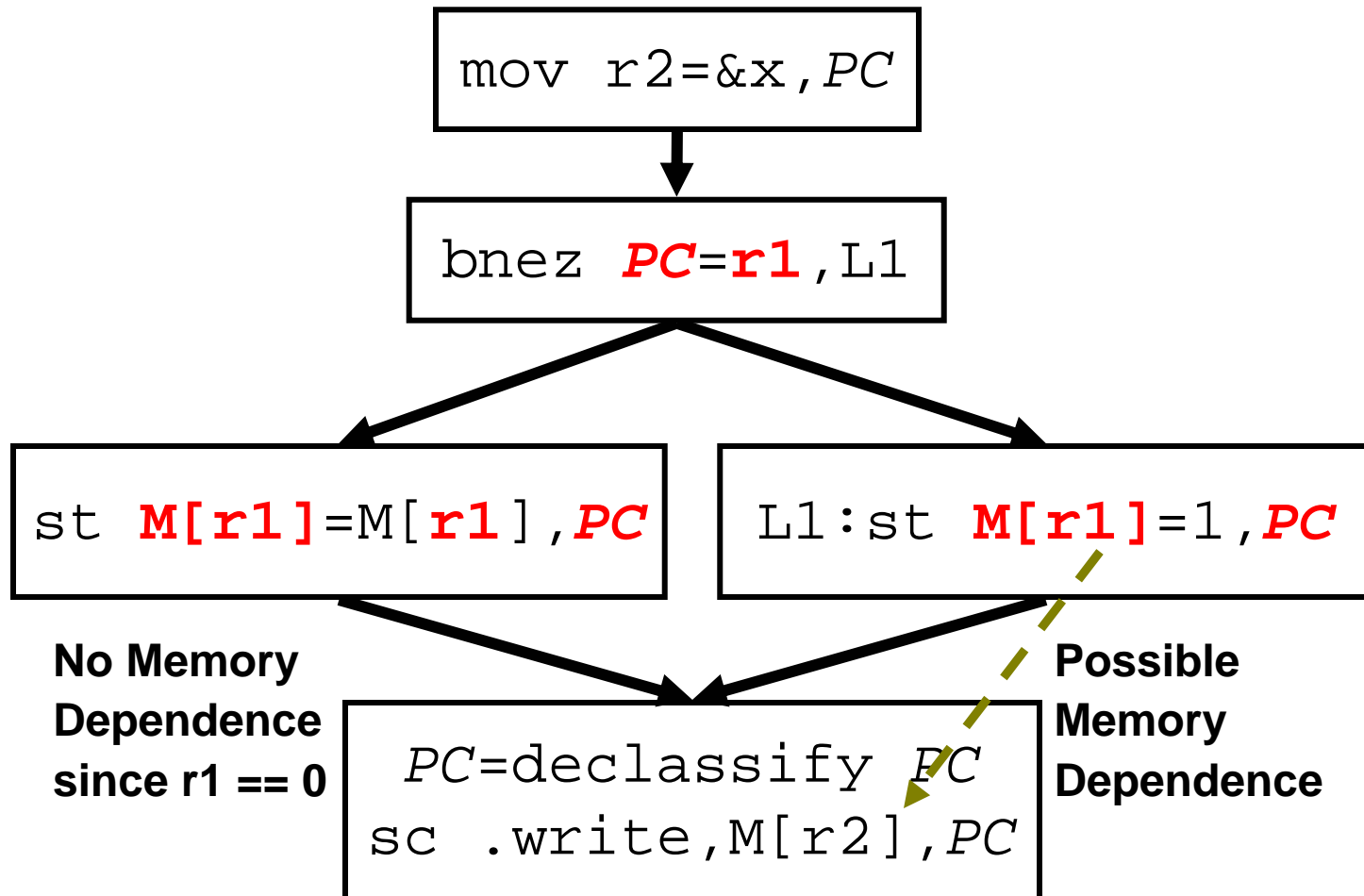
1. Force every `if` to have an `else`
2. On each side of the branch, modify same variables





Naïve Binary Translation

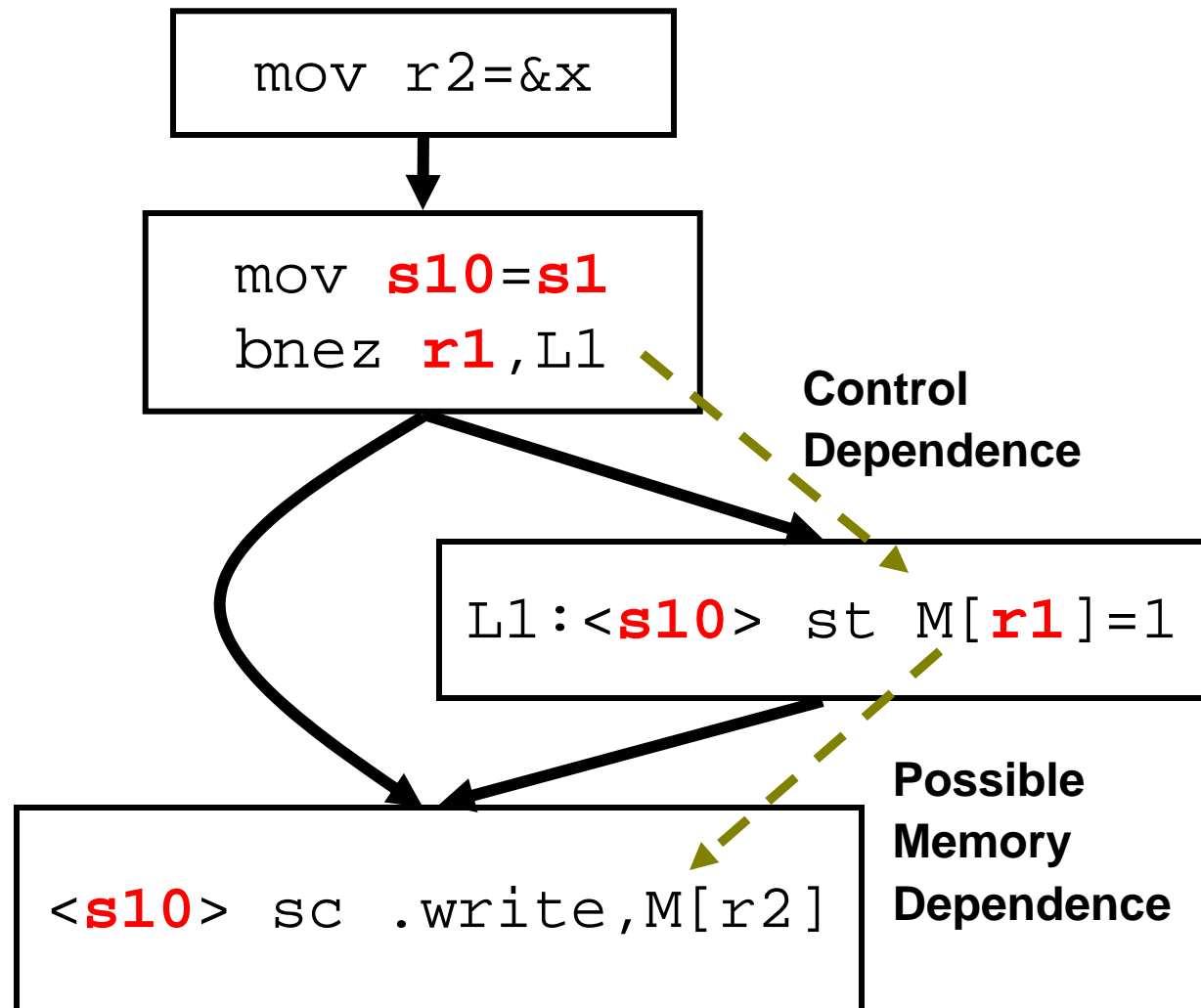
- But, what about memory?





RIFLE Binary Translation

Key Insight: Handle implicit flows at data use, not data definition.










Results: Security

Word Count (wc)

- Function calls and returns
- Global pointer, stack pointer

```

239      717      7834 wc.NM
1183     2856     49918 wc.MAP
 593     3532     28025 load6.txt
4445    25616    188549 src4+2or6.txt
6460    32721    274326 total
  
```

	wc.NM
	wc.MAP
	load6.txt
	src4+2or6.txt
	Inputs Combined
	Command Line
	Program Binary

PGP – identified unexpected information flows!

- Key ring – each key labeled with a unique label
- Plain text – colored with a unique label
- Cipher text –
 - Expected: labeled with key's label and plain text label
 - Actual: labeled with label of all keys up to used key and plain text label



Hardware Implementation & Optimizations

- All instructions create explicit flows
 - Use shadow registers/memory to store security labels
 - Augment processor data path to track explicit flows
- Transformation inserts redundant security register defines
 - Many instructions added
 - Many security registers needed

```

    add r1=0,1
    mov s50 = s10
    mov s60 = s50
    (r10) jump L2
L1: <s50>(r1) jump L3
...
L2: <s60> add r1=0,0
    jump L1

```

Before Opti

```

    add r1=0,1
    s50 = mov s10
    (r10) jump L2
L1: <s50>(r1) jump L3
...
L2: <s50> add r1=0,0
    jump L1

```

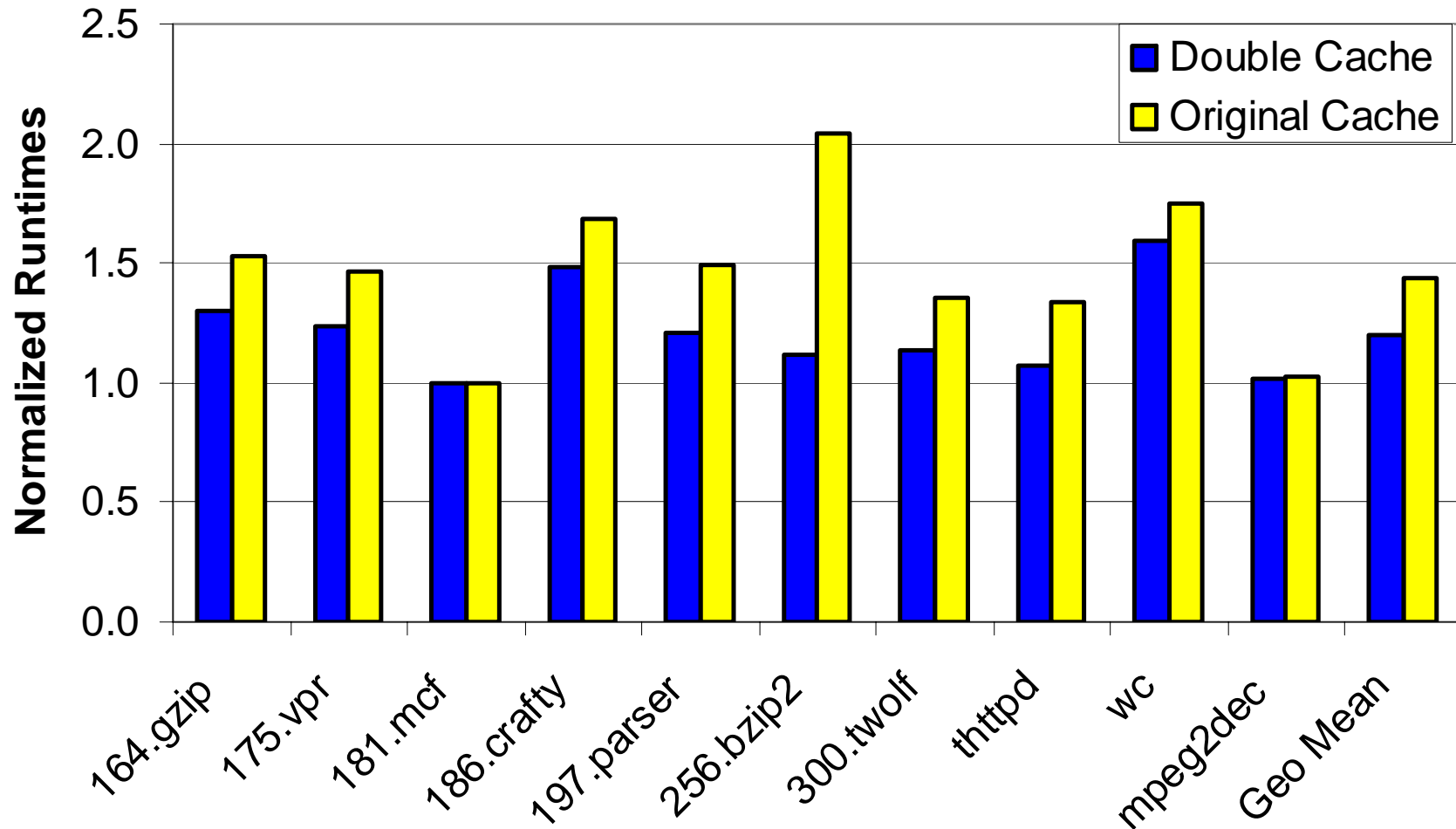
After Opti





Results: Performance

Validated Itanium 2 model built in the Liberty Simulation Environment





Conclusions & Future Work

- User-centric information flow security empowers *users*
 - User (not programmer) tailored security policy
 - Data-based (not program-based) security
 - Any program (no need for special languages) can be secured
- User-centric information flow security is possible
- RIFLE provides user-centric information-flow security by:
 - Tracking flow and enforcing policies *dynamically*
 - Using static “hints” via binary translation to establish security
- Future work
 - Improved performance – more optimization, hardware acceleration
 - JVM implementation – for broadened applicability
 - Declassification – allowing user-controlled data “leaks”