

# EkaNet<sup>™</sup> Hardware Manual

Document Number 10156 Revision 07

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# *EkaNet*<sup>™</sup> *Hardware Manual*

This document describes the node and gateway hardware components of an EkaNet wireless mesh network

#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Overview

#### 1.1.1 Product Highlights

EkaNet's wireless mesh network consists of multiple nodes communicating via a gateway with a server through either an IP connection or phone modem. In this self-configuring, peer-to-peer, multi-hop network, data is intelligently routed between nodes and gateways in the most efficient manner. Figure 1.1 shows the components of an EkaNet wireless mesh network including those supplied by the customer. This document describes the node and gateway hardware that make up the EkaNet wireless mesh network.

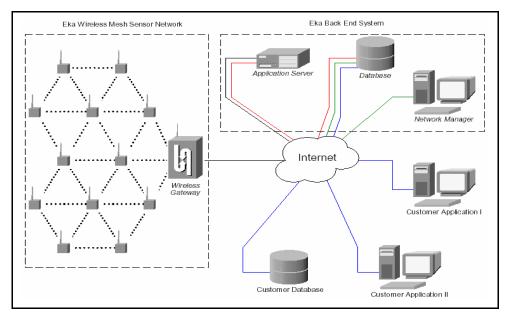


Figure 1.1 The Architecture of the EkaNet Wireless Mesh Network System



#### **1.2 Supporting Documents**

The following documents contain supporting details on the operation of your EkaNet wireless mesh network:

- *EkaNet System Description* describes the system features of EkaNet's wireless mesh network for embedded device networking applications
- *EkaNet Operations Manual* describes the procedures to plan, deploy, and maintain your EkaNet wireless mesh network
- EkaNet Field Tool User Manual describes the features and use of the EkaNet Field tools
- *Network Manager User Guide* describes the use of the Network Manager software. Includes sizing, installation, and administration information.

#### 1.3 Version History

Revision Number	Date Released	Comment
01	September 2005	Initial Version - 10156
02	March 2006	Added RESI-MON Node (See "RESI-MON Node Hardware" on page 4 - 1), Elster Node (See "Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Hardware" on page 3 - 1) sections.
03	May 2006	Updated Gateway section with instructions on gateway configuration (See "Configuring the Gateway Using the Field Tool" on page 6 - 1).
04	July 2006	Updated Radio Specifications (See "Radio Specifications" on page 2-6.) Added FCC Warning (See "Warning" on page 4-1.)
05	August 2006	<ul> <li>Updated Radio Specifications for ECR-2400 Node Hardware (See "Radio Specifications" on page 2-6.)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Radio Specifications for Elster A3/ Alpha Plus Node Hardware (See "Radio Specifications" on page 3-7.)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Radio Specifications for RESI-MON Hardware (See "Radio Specifications" on page 4-5.)</li> </ul>
06	October 2006	<ul> <li>Added EkaNet Pulse Node section (See "EkaNet Pulse Node Hardware" on page 5-1.)</li> </ul>
07	January 2007	<ul> <li>Added instructions on RF exposure compliance</li> </ul>

#### Introduction

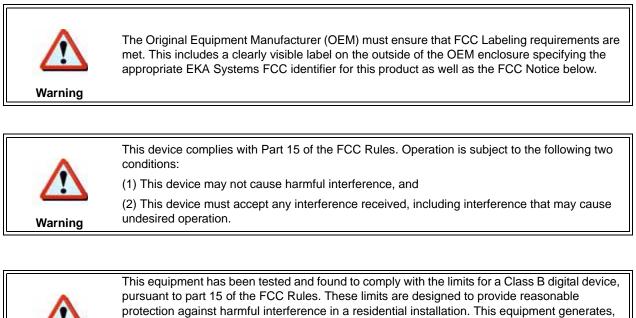
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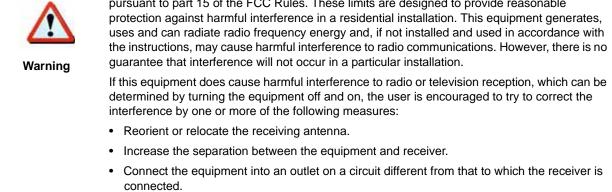


#### 2. ECR-2400 Node Hardware

#### FCC Notice

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.





• Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

	To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operate in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter." As such, the radio component of this device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following two conditions:
Warning	1. The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users
	2. The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.
	As long as the two conditions above are met, further <b>transmitter</b> testing will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (e.g., digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements).
	In the event that these conditions <b>cannot be met</b> (for example, co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID <b>cannot</b> be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.
	End Product Labeling
	This transmitter module is authorized only for use in devices where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users (for example access points, routers, wireless ASDL modems, certain laptop configurations, and similar equipment). The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "FCC ID: F9X2400B".
	The radio component is an integral part of the Eka module and cannot be removed.



#### 2.1 Overview

The ECR-2400 node is an under-the-glass board designed for installation in an ECR-2400 meter. The node plugs into the meter and provides an easy and reliable way to enable meters to automatically form a wireless mesh network. This section describes the procedures to integrate an ECR-2400 node with a ECR-2400 meter.



Figure 2.1 ECR-2400 Node

#### 2.1.1 ECR-2400 Node Features

ECR-2400 nodes:

- operate in the 2.4 GHz band
- fit "under the glass"
- performs automatic time synchronization
- provide real-time access to interval data
- contain local non-volatile data storage
- provide full wireless routing capability

#### 2.1.2 ECR-2400 Node Layout

Figure 2.2 below is a simple diagram of an ECR-2400 node. The primary components of the node are:

- the meter interface connector connects the node to the meter
- the AC power connection supplies power to the node
- the node's serial number the node's unique identifier
- LEDs red and green lights displaying node's operating status

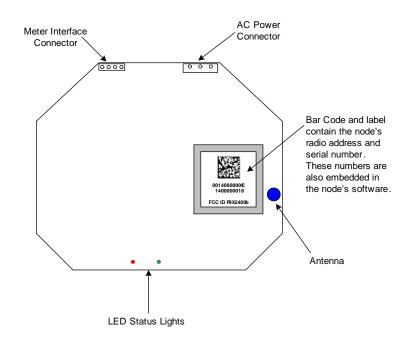
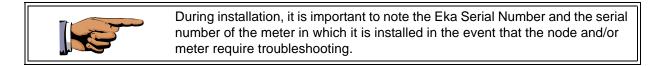


Figure 2.2 ECR-2400 Node Layout

Each ECR-2400 node is uniquely identified with a serial number. This number is displayed on the label and is contained on the bar code. In addition, the number is also embedded in the node's software. This serial number is the number displayed on the Field Tool and Network Manager to identify the node.



#### 2.2 Installation and Operation

Install the ECR-2400 node in the ECR-2400 meter as shown in Figure 2.3.

Front Face Plate				
ECR-2400 Meter Board				
	Antenna	LED Status	Lights	
ECR-2400 Node	-U- _++++	0	•	
	AC Power Connector			ter Interface Connector
	0	0		75

#### Figure 2.3 Eka Node Placement within a ECR-2400 Meter

- 1. Connect the ECR-2400 Meter Board to the Meter Interface Connector on the ECR-2400 Node.
- 2. Connect the AC power connector on the ECR-2400 node to the line and neutral connectors on the base of the ECR-2400 meter.

As soon as the meter is installed and powered on, the ECR-2400 node will begin operation.

#### 2.2.1 What the Blinking Lights Mean

#### 2.2.1.1 The Green LED

During the initial boot up the green LED may blink unevenly. However after 10 seconds the green LED should begin blinking at a steady rate of 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off. This is considered the node's "heartbeat." If the green light fails to come on, is a solid green, or flashes at any other rate, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

#### 2.2.1.2 The Red LED

During the initial boot up the red LED may blink unevenly. During system operation the red LED will be a solid red whenever it is communicating with any other Eka node. If the red light flashes continuously, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

#### 2.3 ECR-2400 Node Specifications

#### **Application Specifications**

Compatibility	ECR-2400 Meter Serial Interface
Data storage	Stores 1 month of data (1 channel @ 15 min. intervals)
Data Integrity	Non-volatile data storage provides extra security in the event of communication failure or power outage
Advanced features	Load profile, remote demand reset, remote connect/ disconnect capability

Radio Specifications	
Operating frequency	2.400 - 2.4835 GHz
Reliable data transmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission
RF output power (Max)	20 dBm
Data rate	1 Mbps
Receiver sensitivity	Sensitivity -80 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +85°C)
Range (w/ omni antenna)	
Outdoor	> 400 m (1200 ft.)
Indoor	25 - 50 m (75 - 150 ft.)
Mode	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

#### Interface Specifications

Meter manufacturer proprietary protocol

Mechanical	
Weight:	45 g (1.6 oz.)
Dimensions:	97 x 80 x 33 mm. (3 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> x 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> x 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> in.)



#### **Network Specifications**

No hard limitation on number of meters per Gateway (actual number of meters per Gateway depends on network performance requirements)

Full peer-to-peer communication

Fully self-configuring

Automatic routing

No network address management required

Automatic network acquisition

Automatic time synchronization of all nodes in the network

128 bit authentication/encryption

#### **Operating Conditions**

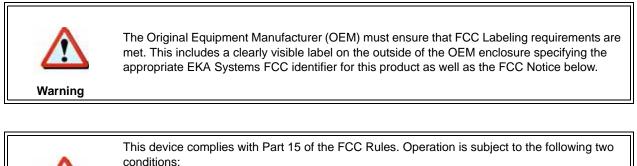
Environmental	-40°C to +70°C 5 - 95% non-condensing humidity
Power Supply	Internal to meter 110 - 240 VAC
	110 - 240 VAC
Power Consumption	0.6 Watt typical



#### 3. Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Hardware

#### **FCC Notice**

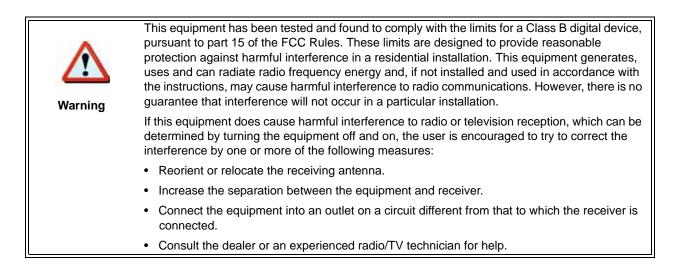
Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.





(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

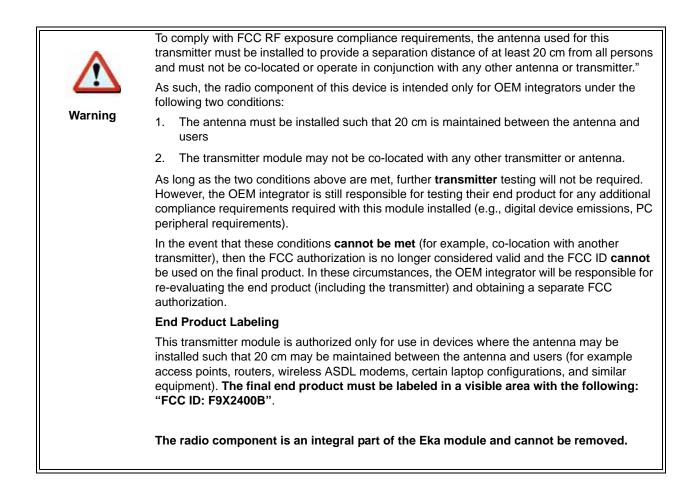




The installer of this radio equipment must ensure that the antenna is located or pointed such that it does not emit RF field in excess of Health Canada limits for the general population; consult Safety Code 6, obtainable from Health Canada's website www.hc-sc.gc.ca/rpb.

Warning







#### 3.1 Overview

The Elster A3/Alpha Plus node is an under-the-glass board designed for installation in an Elster A3/Alpha Plus meter. The node plugs into the meter and provides an easy and reliable way to enable meters to automatically form a wireless mesh network.

This section describes the procedures to integrate a Elster A3/Alpha Plus node with an Elster A3/Alpha Plus meter.



Figure 3.1 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node - Top View



Figure 3.2 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node - Side View



#### 3.1.1 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Features

Elster A3/Alpha Plus nodes:

- operate in the 915 MHz or 2.4 GHz license-free bands
- fit "under the glass"
- perform automatic time synchronization
- provide real-time access to interval data
- contain local non-volatile data storage
- provide full wireless routing capability

#### 3.1.2 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Layout

Figure 3.3 below is a simple diagram of an Elster A3/Alpha Plus node. The primary components of the node are:

- the meter interface connector connects the node to the meter
- the node's serial number the node's unique identifier
- LEDs red and green lights displaying node's operating status

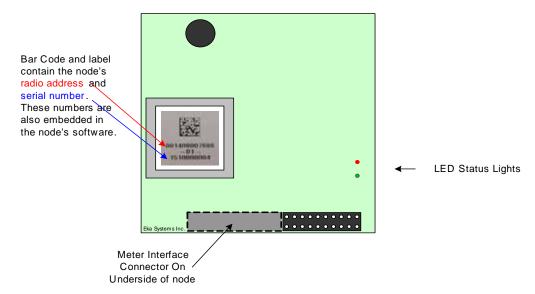


Figure 3.3 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Layout

Each Elster A3/Alpha Plus node is uniquely identified with a serial number. This number is displayed on the label and is contained on the bar code. In addition, the number is also embedded in the node's software. This serial number is the number displayed on the Field Tool and Network Manager to identify the node.



During installation, it is important to note the Eka Serial Number and the serial number of the meter in which it is installed in the event that the node and/or meter require troubleshooting.



#### 3.2 Installation and Operation

Install the Eka Elster A3/Alpha Plus node in the Elster A3/Alpha meter as shown in Figure 3.4.

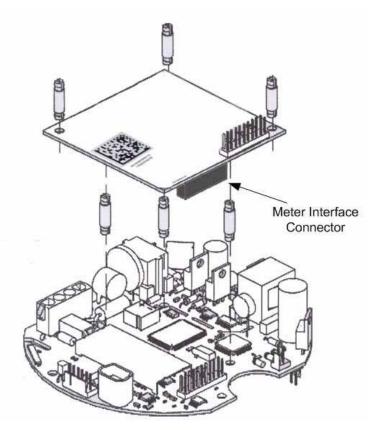


Figure 3.4 Eka Node Placement within an Alpha Meter

Connect the Elster A3/Alpha Plus Meter Board to the Meter Interface Connector on the Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node.

As soon as the meter is installed and powered on, the Elster A3/Alpha Plus node will begin operation.

Because the EkaNet node communicates with the A3 meter at 9600 baud, the meter must be configured to ensure that it communicates at 9600 baud. Please refer to the A3 meter documentation for configuration procedures.



#### 3.2.1 What the Blinking Lights Mean

#### 3.2.1.1 The Green LED

During the initial boot up the green LED may blink unevenly. However after 10 seconds the green LED should begin blinking at a steady rate of 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off. This is considered the node's "heartbeat." If the green light fails to come on, is a solid green, or flashes at any other rate, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

#### 3.2.1.2 The Red LED

During the initial boot up the red LED may blink unevenly. During system operation the red LED will be a solid red whenever it is communicating with any other Eka node. If the red light flashes continuously, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.



#### 3.3 Elster A3/Alpha Plus Node Specifications

Application Specifications		
Compatibility	Elster A3/Alpha Plus Meter Pulse Interface	
Data storage	Stores 1 month of data (1 channel @ 15 min. intervals)	
Data Integrity	Non-volatile data storage provides extra security in the event of communication failure or power outage	
Advanced features	Load profile, remote demand reset	

#### **Radio Specifications**

Operating frequency	902 - 928 MHz	2.400-2.4835 GHz
Reliable data transmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission
RF output power	20 dBm <sup>1</sup>	20 dBm
Data rate	76.8 Kbps	1 Mbps
Receiver sensitivity	-93 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +25°C)	Max transmit power 20 dBm Sensitivity -80 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +85°C)
Range (w/ omni antenna)		> 400 m (1200 ft.) 25 - 50 m (75 - 150 ft.)
Outdoor	> 1,000 m (3,200 ft.)	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
Indoor	75 - 150 m (225 - 490 ft.)	
Mode	Frequency hopping spread spectrum	

1. 20 dBm is the typical output power. The radio hardware is capable of producing up to 30 dBm (1W) of RF output power.

#### **Interface Specifications**

ANSI C12.18/C12.19 for the A3 Meter manufacturer proprietary protocol for the Alpha Plus



Mechanical	
Weight:	31 g (1.1 oz.)
Dimensions:	76 x 76 mm. (3 x 3 in.)

#### **Network Specifications**

No hard limitation on number of meters per Gateway (actual number of meters per Gateway depends on network performance requirements)

Full peer-to-peer communication Fully self-configuring Automatic routing No network address management required Automatic network acquisition Automatic time synchronization of all nodes in the network 128 bit authentication/encryption

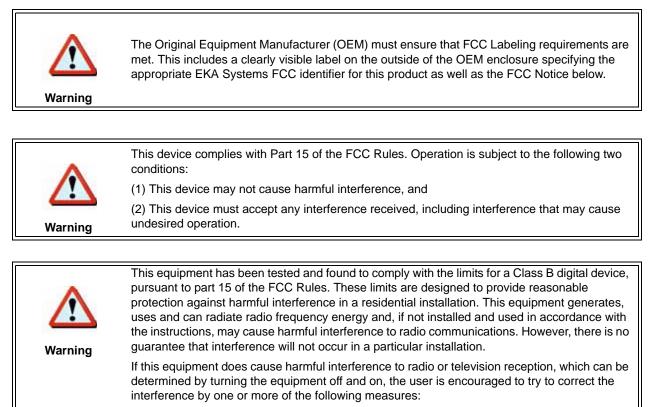
#### **Operating Conditions**

Environmental	-40°C to +70°C 5 - 95% non-condensing humidity
Power Supply	Internal to meter
Power Consumption	0.6 Watt typical

#### 4. RESI-MON Node Hardware

#### **FCC Notice**

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



The installer of this radio equipment must ensure that the antenna is located or pointed such that it does not emit RF field in excess of Health Canada limits for the general population; consult Safety Code 6, obtainable from Health Canada's website <u>www.hc-sc.gc.ca/rpb</u>.



#### 4.1 Overview

The RESI-MON node is an under-the-glass board designed for installation in an RESI-MON meter. The node plugs into the meter and provides an easy and reliable way to enable meters to automatically form a wireless mesh network.

This section describes the procedures to integrate a RESI-MON node with a RESI-MON meter.



Figure 4.1 RESI-MON Node

#### 4.1.1 RESI-MON Node Features

**RESI-MON** nodes:

- operate in 915 MHz license-free bands
- fit "under the glass"
- perform automatic time synchronization
- provide real-time access to interval data
- contain local non-volatile data storage
- provide full wireless routing capability

#### 4.1.2 RESI-MON Node Layout

Figure 4.2 below is a simple diagram of a RESI-MON node. The primary components of the node are:

- the pulse interface connector connects the node to the meter
- the DC power connection supplies power to the node
- the node's serial number the node's unique identifier
- LEDs red and green lights displaying node's operating status

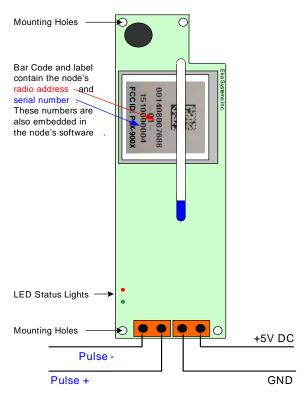


Figure 4.2 RESI-MON Node Layout

Each RESI-MON node is uniquely identified with a serial number. This number is displayed on the label and is contained on the bar code. In addition, the number is also embedded in the node's software. This serial number is the number displayed on the Field Tool and Network Manager to identify the node.



During installation, it is important to note the Eka Serial Number and the serial number of the meter in which it is installed in order to map billing data from the Eka serial number to the meter serial number at the database.



#### 4.2 Installation and Operation

To install the RESI-MON node in the RESI-MON meter:

- 1. Connect the RESI-MON Meter Board to the Pulse Interface Connector on the RESI-MON Node.
- 2. Connect the DC power connector on the RESI-MON node to 5V DC power and ground.
- 3. Verify that the power polarity is correct before applying power to the device.

As soon as the meter is installed and powered on, the RESI-MON node will begin operation.

#### 4.2.1 What the Blinking Lights Mean

#### 4.2.1.1 The Green LED

During the initial boot up the green LED may blink unevenly. However after 10 seconds the green LED should begin blinking at a steady rate of 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off. This is considered the node's "heartbeat." If the green light fails to come on, is a solid green, or flashes at any other rate, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

#### 4.2.1.2 The Red LED

During the initial boot up the red LED may blink unevenly. During system operation the red LED will be a solid red whenever it is communicating with any other Eka node. If the red light flashes continuously, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

#### 4.3 **RESI-MON Node Specifications**

Application Specifications		
Compatibility	RESI-MON Meter Pulse Interface	
Data storage	Stores 1 month of data (1 channel @ 15 min. intervals)	
Data Integrity	Non-volatile data storage provides extra security in the event of communication failure or power outage	
Advanced features	Load profile	

# Radio Specifications

Operating frequency	902 - 928 MHz	
Reliable data transmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission	
RF output power	20 dBm <sup>1</sup>	
Data rate	76.8 Kbps	
Receiver sensitivity	-93 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +25°C)	
Range (w/ omni antenna)		
Outdoor	> 1,000 m (3,200 ft.)	
Indoor	75 - 150 m (225 - 490 ft.)	
Mode	Frequency hopping spread spectrum	

1. 20 dBm is the typical output power. The radio hardware is capable of producing up to 30 dBm (1W) of RF output power

#### **Interface Specifications**

Dry contact closure pulse interface

# Mechanical Weight: 34 g (1.2 oz.) Dimensions: $38 \times 127 \text{ mm.}$ $(1 \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{4} \text{ in.})$



#### **Network Specifications**

No hard limitation on number of meters per Gateway (actual number of meters per Gateway depends on network performance requirements)

Full peer-to-peer communication

Fully self-configuring

Automatic routing

No network address management required

Automatic network acquisition

Automatic time synchronization of all nodes in the network

128 bit authentication/encryption

#### **Operating Conditions**

Environmental	-40°C to +70°C 5 - 95% non-condensing humidity
Power Supply	Internal to meter
	5 volt DC
Power Consumption	0.5 Watt typical

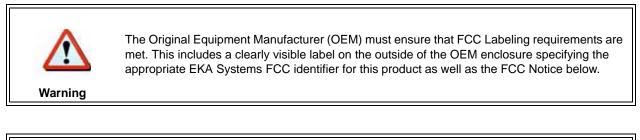
#### **RESI-MON Node Hardware**

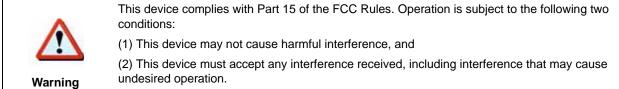


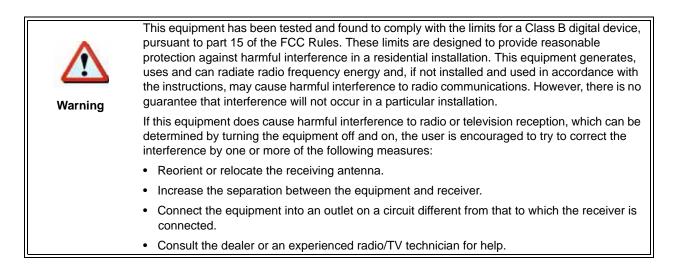
#### EkaNet Pulse Node Hardware 5.

#### **FCC Notice**

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.









The installer of this radio equipment must ensure that the antenna is located or pointed such that it does not emit RF field in excess of Health Canada limits for the general population; consult Safety Code 6, obtainable from Health Canada's website www.hc-sc.gc.ca/rpb.

#### 5.1 Overview

The EkaNet pulse node is an external device that provides up to four dry contact closure pulse inputs. The node can interface to multiple meters with pulse outputs and provides an easy and reliable way to enable meters to form a wireless mesh network.

EkaNet pulse nodes are available for indoor or outdoor installations.

This section describes the procedures to integrate an EkaNet Pulse node with a meter.

#### 5.1.1 EkaNet Pulse Node Features

EkaNet Pulse nodes:

- operate in 915 MHz license-free bands
- perform automatic time synchronization
- provide real-time access to interval data
- contain local non-volatile data storage
- provide full wireless routing capability

Each EkaNet Pulse node is uniquely identified with a serial number. This number is displayed on the label and is contained on the bar code. In addition, the number is also embedded in the node's software. This serial number is the number displayed on the Field Tool and Network Manager to identify the node.



During installation, it is important to note the Eka Serial Number and the serial number of the meter in which it is installed in order to map billing data from the Eka serial number to the meter serial number at the database.



#### 5.2 EkaNet Indoor Pulse Nodes

#### 5.2.1 Layout

Figure 5.1 is a diagram of a EkaNet Pulse node used for an indoor installation. The primary components of the node are:

- the pulse interface connector connects the node to the meter
- the node's serial number the node's unique identifier
- LEDs red and green lights displaying node's operating status

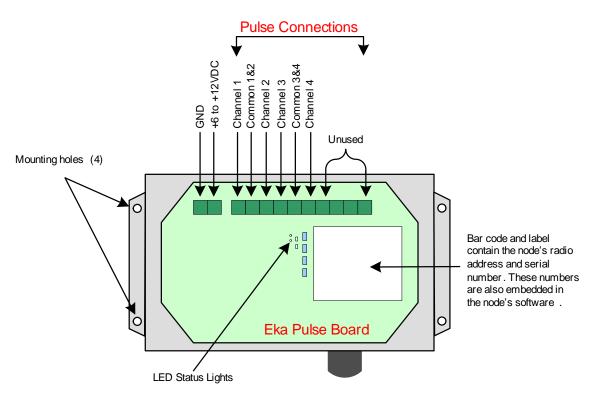


Figure 5.1 Layout of EkaNet Pulse Node for Indoor Installations

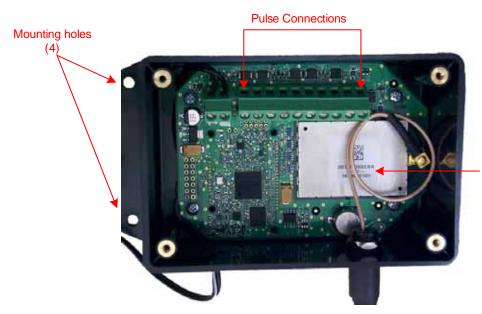


Figure 5.1 shows an indoor EkaNet Wireless Pulse node with the cover removed. The primary components are labeled:

Bar code and label contain the node's radio address and serial number. These numbers are also embedded in the node's software.

Figure 5.2 EkaNet Indoor Wireless Pulse Node - Cover Removed

#### 5.2.2 Connection and Operation

To connect an indoor EkaNet Wireless Pulse node to the meter:

- 1. Remove the cover from the node.
- 2. Mount the indoor node such that you can connect the node to the meter(s) and the node to the power outlet.
- 3. Connect the meter's pulse output wires to the EkaNet node's pulse input (through the hole of the side of the node's case).
  - For the first meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 1 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 1&2.
  - For the second meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 2 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 1&2.
  - For the third meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 3 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 3&4.
  - For the fourth meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 4 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 3&4.
- 4. Plug in the node's AC adaptor to a power outlet. The EkaNet Wireless Pulse node will begin operation.
- 5. Verify that the LEDs are blinking. See Section 5.4.
- 6. Replace the cover on the node.



#### 5.3 EkaNet Outdoor Pulse Nodes

#### 5.3.1 Layout

Figure 5.3 is a diagram of a EkaNet Pulse node used for an outdoor installation. The primary components of the node are:

- the pulse interface connector connects the node to the meter
- the node's serial number the node's unique identifier
- LEDs red and green lights displaying node's operating status

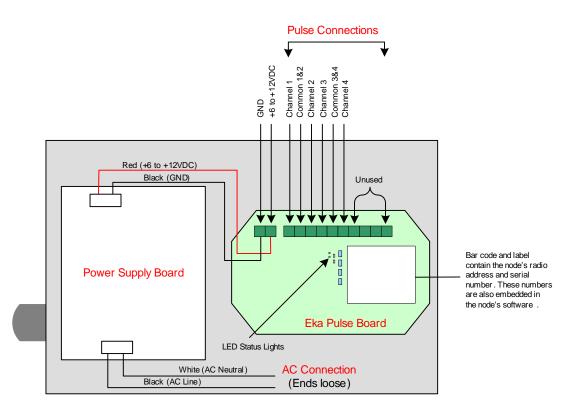
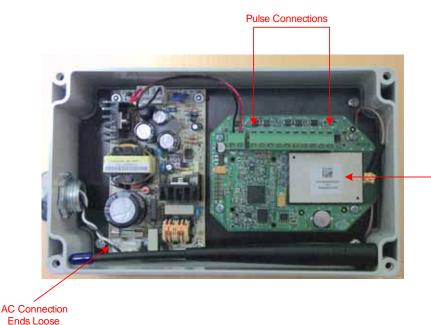


Figure 5.3 Layout of EkaNet Pulse Node for Outdoor Installations

#### **EkaNet Pulse Node Hardware**



Bar code and label contain the node's radio address and serial number. These numbers are also embedded in the node's software.

#### Figure 5.4 EkaNet Outdoor Wireless Pulse Node - Cover Removed

removed. The primary components are labeled:

#### 5.3.2 Connection and Operation

To connect the EkaNet Wireless Pulse node to the meter:

- 1. Verify that the AC power is turned off.
- 2. Remove the cover from the node.
- 3. Mount the outdoor node such that you can connect the node to the meter(s) and the node to the power source (110VAC).
- 4. Connect the meter's pulse output wires to the EkaNet node's pulse input.

Figure 5.4 shows an outdoor EkaNet Wireless Pulse node with the cover

- For the first meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 1 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 1&2.
- For the second meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 2 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 1&2.
- For the third meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 3 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 3&4.
- For the fourth meter, connect the meter's pulse+ output to the EkaNet node's Channel 4 and the meter's pulse- output to the EkaNet node's Common 3&4.
- 5. Strip the ends of the AC connections (black and white wires) in the node.



- 6. Attach your AC cable to the AC connections in the EkaNet node (white AC neutral; black AC line)
- 7. Turn on AC power. The EkaNet Wireless Pulse node will begin operation.
- 8. Verify that the LEDs are blinking. See Section 5.4.
- 9. Replace the cover on the node.

## 5.4 What the Blinking Lights Mean

### 5.4.1 The Green LED

During the initial boot up the green LED may blink unevenly. However after 10 seconds the green LED should begin blinking at a steady rate of 1/2 second on and 1/2 second off. This is considered the node's "heartbeat." If the green light fails to come on, is a solid green, or flashes at any other rate, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

### 5.4.2 The Red LED

During the initial boot up the red LED may blink unevenly. During system operation the red LED will be a solid red whenever it is communicating with any other Eka node. If the red light flashes continuously, the node has malfunctioned and the node must be replaced.

# 5.5 EkaNet Pulse Node Specifications

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. ..

Application Specifications	
Compatibility	EkaNet Pulse Interface
Data storage	Stores 1 month of data (1 channel @ 15 min. intervals)
Data Integrity	Non-volatile data storage provides extra security in the event of communication failure or power outage
Advanced features	Load profile

902 - 928 MHz
Error detection, correction and retransmission
20 dBm <sup>1</sup>
76.8 Kbps
-93 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +25°C)
> 1,000 m (3,200 ft.)
75 - 150 m (225 - 490 ft.)
Frequency hopping spread spectrum

1. 20 dBm is the typical output power. The radio hardware is capable of producing up to 30 dBm (1W) of RF output power

## Interface Specifications

Dry contact closure pulse interface

Mechanical	Indoor	Outdoor
Weight:	13.5 oz.	1 lb 10.5 oz.
Dimensions:	$4^{9}/_{16}$ in. X 3 $^{1}/_{8}$ in. X 1 $^{7}/_{8}$ in.	7 $^{7}\!/_{8}$ in. X 4 $^{11}\!/_{16}$ in X 3 in.



### **Network Specifications**

No hard limitation on number of meters per Gateway (actual number of meters per Gateway depends on network performance requirements)

-40°C to +70°C

0.5 Watt typical

110VAC

5 - 95% non-condensing humidity

Full peer-to-peer communication

Fully self-configuring

Automatic routing

No network address management required

Automatic network acquisition

Automatic time synchronization of all nodes in the network

128 bit authentication/encryption

### **Operating Conditions**

Environmental	
Power Supply	
Power Consumption	

# 6. *Gateway Hardware*

### 6.1 Overview

The EkaNet gateway is a reliable, fully bidirectional interface between the Internet/backbone network and the nodes on the local EkaNet wireless network.

### 6.1.1 EkaNet Gateway Features

EkaNet gateways:

- operate in 2.4 GHz and 915 MHz license-free bands
- act as a bi-directional interface between the Internet and the wireless Eka nodes
- maintain status information for each node
- contain local storage for up to 45 days of interval data for each node
- provide simple remote configuration of the EkaNet wireless devices
- are available for installation indoors (See Installing an Indoor Gateway) or a weather-proof version is available for installation outdoors (See Installing an Outdoor Gateway)

# 6.2 Configuring the Gateway Using the Field Tool

Before installing the gateway, you must first configure the gateway using the PDA (Field Tool Survey kit) provided. Complete details on the use of the Field Tool are provided in the *EkaNet Field Tool User Manual*.

The instructions below describe the procedures to configure the gateway IP, NTP server, and user parameters on the compact flash card prior to installation of the gateway.



Place the gateway's compact flash card (See "The Compact Flash Card" on page 6 - 5) into the compact flash slot on the PDA (Field Tool) before performing this function as all changes made on this tab will be written directly to the compact flash card.

### Select EKA $\rightarrow$ Gateway Mx Manager $\rightarrow$ Config on the Field Tool.

Use the **Config** tab to:

- configure gateway IP, NTP Server, and user parameters on the compact flash card
- verify gateway settings on the compact flash card
- change gateway settings on the compact flash card



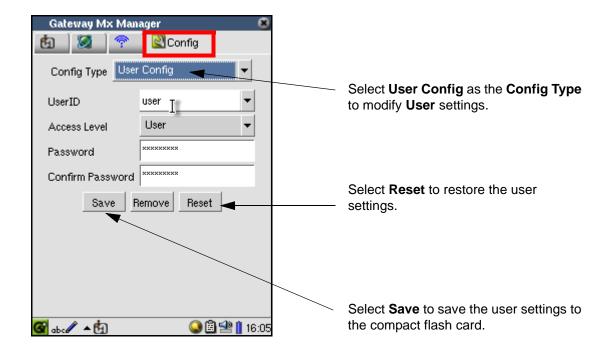
# 6.2.1 IP Config Settings

Tap the **Config** tab to configure gateway IP and user parameters. The information displayed is dependent upon the configuration type (IP or User) selected.

Gateway Mx Manager 🛛 🚳	
🔄 🖉 💎 😫Config	
Config Type IP Config	
IP Address 192 . 168 . 0 . 113	Select IP Config from the Config Type
Netmask 255 . 255 . 255 . 0	to modify the IP settings.
Gateway 192 . 168 . 0 . 1	
Save	
Ø	
🎯 abc 🖉 🔺 🧑 🥥 🗒 🐏 🚹 16:09	



## 6.2.2 User Config Settings



#### Figure 6.2 Gateway Maintenance User Configuration

To modify a user, select the **UserID** from the drop-down list and make the necessary changes.

To create a new user:

- 1. Type the new User Id in the UserID text area
- 2. Select the Access Level from the drop-down list
- 3. Complete the Password
- 4. Reenter the password
- 5. Tap the **Save** button.



You may create multiple users before hitting the Save button.

On the Configuration screens, labels will change to a red font when changes are made to the associated values.



A confirmation dialog (Figure 6.3) will be displayed after you have successfully updated the user information.

GReway	y Mx Man	ager		æ
<b>ta</b> 🙎		Config		
Config T	ype User	Config		-
UserID		user		•
Acce:	Gw Mx N	Aanager 🛞 🤇	OK	•
Passy				
Confi	User info l	has been save	d	
			_	
🚱 abc 🥒 🔺	- ta	<u></u>	821	13:09

Figure 6.3 Successful Update to User Information

# 6.2.3 NTP Config Settings

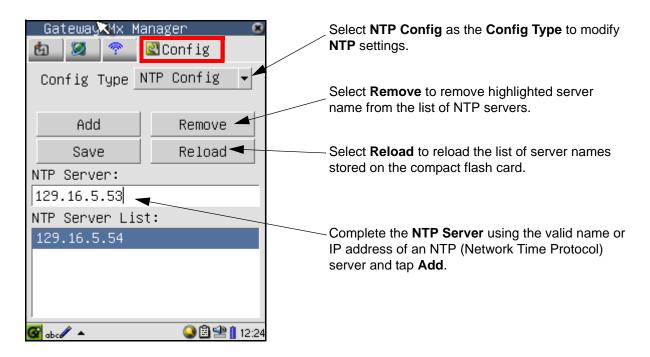
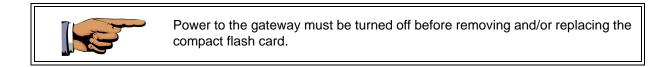


Figure 6.4 Gateway Maintenance NTP Configuration

# 6.3 The Compact Flash Card

The compact flash card on the gateway contains the EkaNet gateway software and data collected from the nodes on the network. It may be necessary during system operation to remove and replace the compact flash card with a new card supplied by Eka.



To remove the flash card, press the release button next to the compact flash card. The card will pop out and may be removed. To re-insert the card, slide it securely back into the slot.

Once the compact flash card has been removed from the gateway it may be inserted into the Field Tool. Refer to the *EkaNet Field Tool User Manual* for instructions on troubleshooting problems with the gateway using the Field Tool.



# 6.4 Installing an Indoor Gateway

Your EkaNet Gateway suitable for indoor installation will be enclosed in a plastic housing as shown in Figure 6.5.



This housing is not suitable for outdoor installation.

To install an indoor gateway:

1. Attach your ethernet cable to the LAN connection on the gateway.

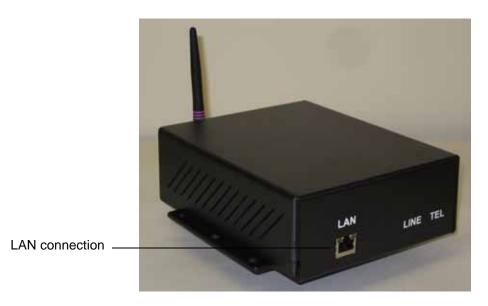


Figure 6.5 Indoor Gateway

- 2. Attach the gateway's power supply to the 5V connection on the gateway.
- 3. Plug the power supply into an electrical outlet.



Figure 6.6 Indoor Gateway - Power Connection

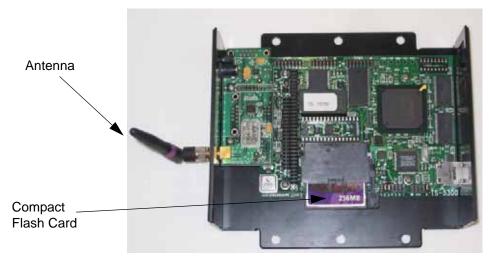


Figure 6.7 Indoor Gateway - Cover Removed



# 6.5 Installing an Outdoor Gateway

Your EkaNet Gateway suitable for outdoor installation will be enclosed in a plastic water-proof housing as shown in Figure 6.8.

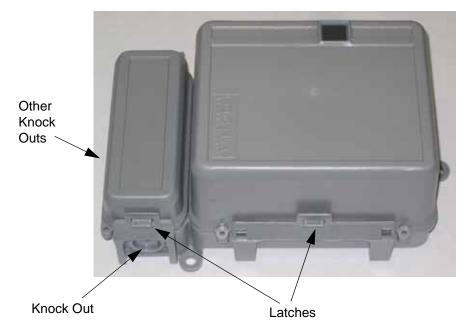


Figure 6.8 Weather Proof Outdoor EkaNet Gateway - Closed

### **Gateway Hardware**

To install an outdoor gateway:

1. Open both latches on the side of the housing to reveal the gateway hardware inside.



### Figure 6.9 Weather-Proof Outdoor Gateway - Latches

- 2. Remove the Compact Flash Card from the gateway. (See Figure 6.10)
- Use the PDA (Field Tool Survey kit) provided to configure the gateway IP, NTP server, and user parameters on the compact flash card. (See "Configuring the Gateway Using the Field Tool" on page 6 - 1.)
- 4. Reinstall the Compact Flash Card in the gateway.



After the gateway is powered up, the compact flash card cannot be removed for configuration.

5. In order to attach the ethernet cable and the power cable to the gateway you will first need to remove the knock out through which these cables will access the electronics inside the housing. There are various knock out locations on the housing. Use the one that best fits the environment in which the gateway will be installed.



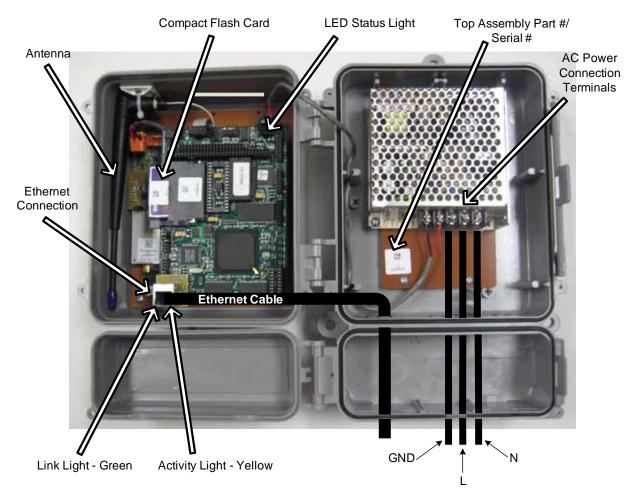
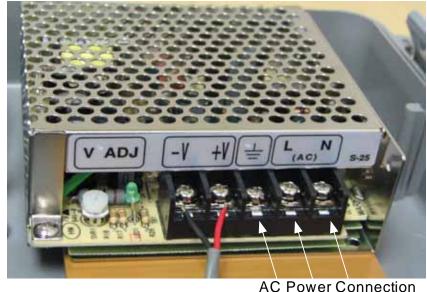


Figure 6.10 Internal Components of an Outdoor Gateway

6. Connect your ethernet cable to the ethernet connection in the gateway. During normal system operation the Activity light (yellow) on the ethernet connection will blink occasionally and the Link light (green) will be illuminated at all times.

### **Gateway Hardware**

- 8. Install the gateway at its predetermined location.



C Power Connection Terminals

### Figure 6.11 Power Input Terminals on an Outdoor Gateway

### 6.6 Verifying Gateway Connectivity

A crossover ethernet cable was supplied with your EkaNet Field Tool.

To use this cable to verify that the gateway is reachable:

- 1. Remove your ethernet cable from the gateway.
- 2. Plug in one end of the crossover cable into the ethernet connection on the gateway.
- 3. Plug the other end of the crossover cable into the ethernet adapter on the Field Tool.

Refer to the *EkaNet Field Tool User Manual* for instructions on troubleshooting problems with the gateway using the Field Tool.



# 6.7 Gateway Specifications

### **Application Specifications**

TCP/IP Ethernet 10 BaseT AMD SC-520 microprocessor 128MB flash (1 channel @15 min. interval for 1000 meters for 1 month) Linux Operating System Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) communications

### **Radio Specifications**

<b>Operating frequency</b>	903-928 MHz	2.400-2.4835 GHz
Reliable data transmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission	Error detection, correction and retransmission
RF output power	20 dBm <sup>1</sup>	20 dBm
Data rate	76.8 kbps	1 Mbps
Receiver sensitivity	Max transmit power 20 dBm Sensitivity -93 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +25°C)	Max transmit power 20 dBm Sensitivity -80 dBm (@ 0.1% BER, +85°C)
Range (w/ omni antenna)		
Outdoor Indoor	> 1000 m (3000 ft.) 75 - 150 m (225 - 450 ft.)	> 400 m (1200 ft.) 25 - 50 m (75 - 150 ft.)
muoon	73 - 130 III (223 - 430 II.)	( )
Mode	Frequency hopping spread spectrum	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

1. 20 dBm is the typical output power. The radio hardware is capable of producing up to 30 dBm (1W) of RF output power.

#### **Interface Specifications**

Hardware interface: RJ-45 - 468B

Mechanical	
Indoor	Weight: 382 g. (13.5 oz.) Dimensions: 17.1 x 13.3 x 5.7 cm. (6 ¾ x 5 ¼ x 2 ¼ in.)
Outdoor	Weight: 1492 g. (52.6 oz.) Dimensions: 27.9 x 19 x 12 cm. (11 x 7.5 x 4¾ in.)

### **Network Specifications**

No hard limitation on number of meters per Gateway (actual number of meters per Gateway depends on network performance requirements)

Full peer-to-peer communication

Fully self-configuring

Automatic routing

No network address management required

Automatic network acquisition

Automatic time synchronization of all nodes in the network

128 bit authentication/encryption

#### **Operating Conditions**

Environmental	-40°C to +85°C 5 - 95% non-condensing humidity
Power Supply	110 - 240 VAC, 12W