December 2013

1301 Series High-Pressure Regulators

WARNING

Failure to follow these instructions or to properly install and maintain this equipment could result in an explosion, fire and/or chemical contamination causing property damage and personal injury or death.

Fisher® regulators must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with federal, state and local codes, rules and regulations, and Fisher instructions.

If the regulator vents gas or a leak develops in the system, service to the unit may be required. Failure to correct trouble could result in a hazardous condition.

Installation, operation, and maintenance procedures performed by unqualified personnel may result in improper adjustment and unsafe operation. Either condition may result in equipment damage or personal injury. Use qualified personnel when installing, operating, and maintaining the 1301 Series high-pressure regulator.



Figure 1. Type 1301F High-Pressure Regulator

Introduction

Scope of the Manual

This Instruction Manual provides instructions for the installation, adjustment, maintenance, and parts ordering of the Types 1301F and 1301G high-pressure regulators.

Product Description

Types 1301F and 1301G regulators are direct-operated, high-pressure regulators, which can be used where high-pressure gas must be reduced for use as pilot

supply pressure in pilot-operated regulators or as loading pressure in pressure-loaded regulators.

Types 1301F and 1301G regulators can also be used in many other applications due to their rugged design as high-pressure reducing regulators for various fluids such as air, gas, water, and other liquids.

The Type 1301F can handle outlet pressures from 10 to 225 psig / 0.69 to 15.5 bar in three ranges and the Type 1301G can handle outlet pressures from 200 to 500 psig / 13.8 to 34.5 bar in one range.





Types 1301F and 1301G

Specifications

Specifications section lists the specifications for Types 1301F and 1301G high-pressure regulators. The maximum outlet pressure for a given regulator as it comes from the factory is stamped on the regulator nameplate.

Available Configurations

Type 1301F: Direct-operated, high-pressure reducing regulator for inlet pressures to 6000 psig / 414 bar and outlet pressure ranges from 10 to 225 psig / 0.69 to 15.5 bar in three ranges

Type 1301G: Direct-operated, high-pressure reducing regulator for inlet pressures to 6000 psig / 414 bar and an outlet pressure range of 200 to 500 psig / 13.8 to 34.5 bar

Body Size and End Connection Style

1/4 NPT (one inlet and two or three outlet connections), CL300 RF, CL600 RF, and CL1500 RF; or PN 25 RF (all flanges are 125 RMS)

Maximum Allowable Inlet Pressure(1)

Brass Body:

Air and Gas:

6000 psig / 414 bar at or below 200°F / 93°C and 1000 psig / 69.0 bar above 200°F / 93°C

Liquid:

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) Disk:

1000 psig / 69.0 bar Nylon (PA) Disk:

> Water: 1000 psig / 69.0 bar Other Liquids: 2000 psig / 138 bar

Stainless Body:

Air and Gas: 6000 psig / 414 bar

Liquid:

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) Disk:

1000 psig / 69.0 bar Nylon (PA) Disk:

Water: 1000 psig / 69.0 bar Other Liquids: 2000 psig / 138 bar

Outlet Pressure Ranges

See Table 1

Maximum Emergency Outlet Pressure⁽¹⁾

Type 1301F: 250 psig / 17.2 bar **Type 1301G:** 550 psig / 37.9 bar

Wide-Open Flow Coefficients for Relief Valve Sizing

C_g: 5.0 **C**_v: 0.13 **C**₁: 38.5

IEC Sizing Coefficients

X_T: 0.938 **F**_D: 0.50 **F**_L: 0.85

Recovery Coefficient

 $K_m: 0.72$

Material Temperature Capabilities(1)

Nylon (PA) Valve Disk and Neoprene (CR) Gaskets:

-20 to 180°F / -29 to 82°C

PTFE Valve Disk and Fluorocarbon (FKM)

Gaskets: -20 to 400°F / -29 to 204°C⁽²⁾

PTFE Valve Disk and Ethylenepropylene (EPDM)

Gaskets: -40 to 300°F / -40 to 149°C

Low Temperature Service

Service to -65°F / -54°C is available with low temperature bolting and special low temperature Nitrile (NBR) O-rings to replace the gaskets.

Service to -80°F / -62°C is available with low temperature bolting and special low temperature Fluorosilicone (FVQM) O-rings to replace the gaskets.

Pressure Registration

Internal

Orifice Size

5/64 inch / 2.0 mm

Spring Case Vents

Type 1301F Brass Spring Case:

Four 5/32-inch / 4.0 mm holes

Type 1301F Stainless Steel Spring Case:

One 1/4 NPT connection

Type 1301G Spring Case:

One 1/8 NPT connection with screen

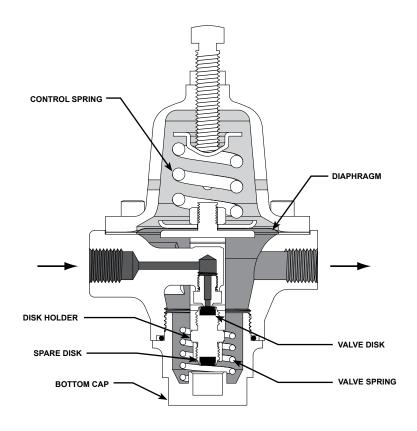
Approximate Weight

8 pounds / 4 kg

^{1.} The pressure/temperature limits in this Instruction Manual and any applicable standard or code limitation should not be exceeded.

2. Elugrocarbon (EKM) is limited to 180°E / 80°C bot water.

^{2.} Fluorocarbon (FKM) is limited to 180°F / 82°C hot water.



INLET PRESSURE
OUTLET PRESSURE
ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE

Figure 2. Type 1301F Operational Schematic

OUTLET PRESSURE SPRING WIRE DIAMETER SPRING FREE LENGTH TYPE RANGES(1) SPRING COLOR **SPRING PART NUMBER** psig bar Inch mm Inch mm 0.200 5.08 0.69 to 5.2 1D387227022 10 to 75 Blue 50 to 150 1301F 3.4 to 10.3 Silver 1B788527022 0.225 5.72 1.69 42 9 1D465127142 0.243 6.17 100 to 225 6.9 to 15.5 Red 1301G 1K156027142 8.41 22 4 200 to 500 13.8 to 34.5 Silver 0.331 0.88 1. All springs can be backed off to 0 psig / 0 bar.

Table 1. Outlet Pressure Ranges

Principle of Operation

The 1301 Series regulators are direct-operated. Downstream pressure is registered internally through the body to the underside of the diaphragm. When downstream pressure is at or above set pressure, the disk is held against the orifice and there is no flow through the regulator. When demand increases, downstream pressure decreases slightly allowing the

regulator spring to extend, moving the yoke and disk assembly down and away from the orifice. This allows flow through the body to the downstream system. As the downstream pressure reaches its setpoint, it starts to overcome the spring force, which is sensed by the diaphragm, moving the yoke and disk assembly up near its orifice, restricting flow across the regulator.

Installation

WARNING

Overpressuring a regulator or associated equipment may cause leakage, part damage, or personal injury due to bursting of pressure containing parts or explosion of accumulated gas. Do not install a regulator where service conditions can exceed the specifications listed on the Specifications section, or any applicable local, state or federal codes and regulations.

Use qualified personnel when installing, operating, and maintaining these regulators. Make sure that there is no damage or foreign material in the regulator and that all tubing and piping are clean and unobstructed. The regulator may be installed in any position. Apply pipe compound to the pipeline threads. Connect inlet piping or tubing to the 1/4 NPT connection marked "In" and outlet piping or tubing to one of the 1/4 NPT connections marked "Out". Install a pressure gauge or pipe plug in the unused outlet connections.

If continuous operation of the system is required during inspection or maintenance, install a three-valve bypass around the regulator.

WARNING

A regulator may vent some gas to the atmosphere. In hazardous gas service, vented gas may accumulate, causing personal injury or equipment damage due to fire or explosion. Vent a regulator in hazardous gas service to a remote, safe location.

The optional stainless steel spring case of the Type 1301F regulator has one 1/4 NPT internal connection. The Type 1301G regulator spring case has one 1/8 NPT internal connection with a screen. To remotely vent the spring case, remove the screen, if present, and connect 1/4 or 1/8 NPT piping or tubing to the spring case connection. The piping or tubing should vent the spring case to a safe location, have as few bends as possible, and have a screened vent on its exhaust end.

Each regulator is factory-set for the pressure setting specified on the order. If no setting is specified, outlet

pressure is factory-set at the midpoint of the regulator spring range. If pressure adjustment is necessary, refer to the Startup section. In all cases, check the spring setting to make sure it is correct for the application.

Overpressure Protection

The 1301 Series regulators have an outlet pressure rating lower than their inlet pressure rating. If actual inlet pressure can exceed the outlet pressure rating, outlet overpressure protection is necessary. However, overpressuring any portion of the regulators beyond the limits in Specifications section may cause leakage, damage to regulator parts, or personal injury due to bursting of pressure-containing parts.

Some type of external overpressure protection should be provided if inlet pressure will be high enough to damage downstream equipment. Common methods of external overpressure protection include relief valves, monitoring regulators, shutoff devices, and series regulation.

If the regulator is exposed to an overpressure condition, it should be inspected for any damage that may have occurred. Regulator operation below these limits does not preclude the possibility of damage from external sources or from debris in the pipeline.

Startup

With installation completed and downstream equipment adjusted, slowly open the upstream and downstream block valves while using pressure gauges to monitor pressure.

If adjustment is necessary, loosen the locknut (key 18, Figures 3 and 4), and turn the adjusting screw (key 15, Figures 3 and 4) clockwise to increase the set pressure or counterclockwise to decrease the set pressure. Monitor pressure with gauges during adjustment. When adjustment is complete, tighten the locknut. If the desired outlet pressure is not within the range of the regulator spring, install a spring with a desired range according to the Maintenance section.

Shutdown

First, close the upstream shutoff valve, and then, close the downstream shutoff valve. Next, open the vent valve between the regulator and the downstream shutoff valve and open the vent valve between the regulator and the upstream shutoff valve. If vent valves are not installed, safely bleed off both inlet and outlet pressures and check that the regulator contains no pressure.

Maintenance

Regulator parts are subject to normal wear and must be inspected and replaced as necessary. The frequency of inspection and parts replacement depends on the severity of service conditions and the requirements of local, state, and federal rules and regulations.

Instructions are given below for disassembly and assembly of parts.

WARNING

To avoid personal injury or equipment damage from sudden release of pressure or explosion of accumulated gas, do not attempt any maintenance or disassembly without first isolating the regulator from system pressure and relieving all internal pressure from the regulator.

Disassembly

The following procedure describes how to completely disassemble the regulator. When part replacement or inspection is required, complete only those steps necessary to accomplish the job. Key numbers referenced are shown in Figure 3 for the Type 1301F regulator and in Figure 4 for the Type 1301G regulator unless otherwise indicated.

- 1. Loosen the locknut (key 18).
- 2. Turn the adjusting screw (key 15) counterclockwise to remove spring compression.
- 3. Remove the bottom cap (key 3), bottom cap O-ring (key 14), and spring (key 10).
- 4. Unthread the valve disk assembly (key 6) from the yoke (key 4).
- 5. Remove the valve disk collar (key 22) from the valve disk assembly.
- 6. Remove the spring case cap screws (key 16), and separate the spring case (key 2) from the body (key 1).
- 7. Remove the upper spring seat and spring (keys 9 and 11).
- 8. Refer to Figure 5. Unscrew the diaphragm locknut (key 19), and remove the diaphragm plate (key 8), the two diaphragms (key 7), and the diaphragm plate gasket (key 13).

- Remove the screws (key 17) from the yoke, and take the lower and upper halves of the yoke out of the body. The yoke halves are a matched set and need to be kept together.
- Unscrew the orifice (key 5). Examine seating edge of orifice. Replace with a new part if worn or nicked.

Assembly

This procedure assumes that the regulator was completely disassembled. If not, start these instructions at the appropriate step. Key numbers used are shown in Figure 3 for the Type 1301F regulator and in Figure 4 for the Type 1301G regulator unless otherwise indicated.

- 1. Screw the orifice (key 5) into the regulator.
- Insert both halves of the yoke (key 4) into the regulator, and fasten them together with the screws (key 17). The yoke halves are a matched set and need to be kept together.
- 3. The valve disk assembly (key 6) has two valve disks, one on each end. Inspect both valve disks, and select the one to be used. Thread the valve disk assembly into the yoke so that the disk to be used is positioned against the orifice. Thread the valve disk collar (key 22) onto the exposed end of the valve disk assembly.
- 4. Place the bottom cap O-ring (key 14) on the bottom cap (key 3). Place the spring (key 10) in the bottom cap, and thread it into the regulator.
- Put the body gasket (key 12) on the regulator body (key 1).
- 6. Refer to Figure 5. Place the diaphragm plate gasket (key 13), two diaphragms (key 7), and the diaphragm plate (key 8) on the yoke (key 4). Make sure the diaphragm convolutions are toward the spring, and secure the parts by threading the diaphragm locknut (key 19) onto the yoke.
- 7. Place the regulator spring (key 11) and upper spring seat (key 9) on the diaphragm plate.
- Position the spring case (key 2) over the spring and on the regulator body. Orient the spring case vent or vents as necessary. Insert the cap screws (key 16), and tighten them only finger-tight.
- Thread the adjusting screw and locknut (keys 15 and 18) into the spring case just far enough to slightly compress the spring. Securely tighten the cap screws (key 16), and refer to the Startup section for adjustment procedures.

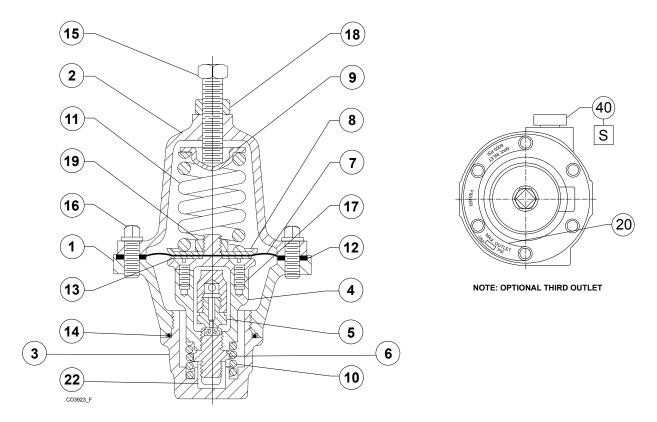


Figure 3. Type 1301F High-Pressure Regulator Assembly

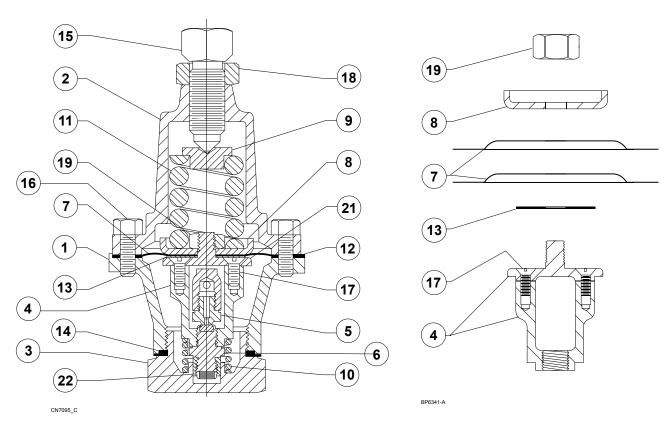


Figure 4. Type 1301G High-Pressure Regulator Assembly

Figure 5. Exploded View of The Diaphragm Head Assembly and Yoke

Part Number

Key Description

Parts Ordering

When corresponding with your local Sales Office about this regulator, include the type number and all other pertinent information stamped on the bottom cap and on the nameplate. Specify the complete 11-character part number from the following parts list when ordering replacement parts.

Parts List

Note

Parts marked NACE in this parts list are intended for corrosion-resistant service as detailed in the NACE International Standards MR0175/ ISO 15156 and/or MR0103.

Key Description	Part Number
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Parts Kits (Includes keys 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, and 14)
Stainless steel kits include Fluorocarbon (FKM)
gaskets. Brass kits include Neoprene (CR) gaskets.

	3	(- , 3
	Brass	
	With Nylon (PA) Disk	R1301FX0012
	Stainless steel	
	With Nylon (PA) Disk	R1301FX0022
	Brass With PTFE Disk	R1301FX0032
	Stainless steel	
	With PTFE Disk	R1301FX0042
1	Body	
	1/4 NPT Connection	
	Brass (2 outlet port)	39A1342X012
	Brass (3 outlet port)	ERAA00584A0
	CF8M Stainless steel (2 outlet port)	32B4291X022
	CF8M Stainless steel (3 outlet port)	ERAA00603A0
	1/4 x 1/2-inch Flanged Connection	
	CF8M Stainless steel	
	CL300 RF	14B1420X012
	CL600 RF	14B2059X012
	CL1500 RF	14B3375X012
	PN 25	14B3377X012
	1/4 x 1-inch Flanged Connection	
	CF8M Stainless steel	
	CL300 RF	14B3376X012
	CL600 RF	14B1386X012
	CL1500 RF	14B3370X012
	PN 25	14B3377X022
	Body (Cold Temperature)	
	1/4 NPT Connection	
	CF8M Stainless steel (2 outlet port)	34B0527X012
	CF8M Stainless steel (3 outlet port)	ERAA00604A0
	NPS 1/4, NPT Connection	
2	Spring Case	
	Type 1301F	
	Brass	
	Standard or with T-Handle	1D383113012

22B0753X012

2	Spring Case (continued) Type 1301G	
	1/8 NPT vent connection	
	Standard or with T-Handle	
	Brass	2P195713022
_	316 Stainless steel	21A6377X012
3	Bottom Cap	15.1005.100.10
	Brass	1D468513012
	304 Stainless steel	1J919635072
	316 Stainless steel (NACE)	1J9196X0032
4	Yoke	
	Brass	1D383313012
	316 Stainless steel (NACE)	1J925936042
5*	Orifice	
	303 Stainless steel	1D386535032
	316 Stainless steel (NACE)	1D3865X0032
6*	Valve Disk Assembly	
	Brass/Nylon (PA)	1D4684000A2
	Brass/PTFE	1D4684X0012
	303 Stainless steel/Nylon (PA)	1D4684000C2
	303 Stainless steel/PTFE	1D4684000B2
	306 Stainless steel/PTFE (NACE)	1D4684X0082
7*	Diaphragm (2 required)	
	302 Stainless steel	1D387036012
	K500 Monel® (NACE)	1D3870X0012
8	Diaphragm Plate, Zinc-plated steel	
	Type 1301F	1D387325072
	Type 1301G	1K155725072
9	Upper Spring Seat, Steel	
	Type 1301F	1B798525062
	Type 1301G	1K155828982
10	Valve Spring	
	302 Stainless steel	1D387137022
	Inconel® X750 (NACE)	15A3522X012
11	Spring, Zinc-plated steel	10/10022/1012
	Type 1301F	
	0 to 75 psig / 0 to 5.2 bar, Blue	1D387227022
	0 to 150 psig / 0 to 10.3 bar, Silver	1B788527022
	0 to 225 psig / 0 to 15.5 bar, Red	1D465127142
	Type 1301G	10403121142
	200 to 500 psig / 13.8 to 34.5 bar, Silver	1K156027142
12*	Body Gasket	11(130021142
12	Neoprene (CR)	1D372903012
	Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1D372903012 1D372904122
13*	Diaphragm Plate Gasket	10372904122
13	Neoprene (CR)	1D373003012
	Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1D373003012 1D373004122
14*		103/3004122
14"	Bottom Cap O-ring	4.1000000000
	Fluorocarbon (FKM)	1J926806382
	EPDM	1J9268X0022
	Nitrile (NBR) -65F	1J9268X0012
	Fluorosilicone (FVQM) -80F	ERAA03306A0
15	Adjusting Screw	
	Type 1301F	4500000000
	Steel (standard)	1E639928992
	Handwheel, 416 Stainless steel	1N411435132
	T-handle, Steel	1F2236000A2
	Type 1301G	
	Zinc-plated steel (standard)	1K140624092
	T-handle, Steel	19A8060X012
16	Spring Case Cap Screw (6 required)	
	Zinc-plated steel	1E8220X0012
	Stainless steel	1E8220X0212
	Stainless steel	45000000000

(For Type 1301G Cold Temperature)

CF8M Stainless steel
With 1/4 NPT vent connection

1E8220X0022

^{*}Recommended spare part.

 $[\]mbox{Monel}^{\mbox{\tiny 0}}$ and $\mbox{Inconel}^{\mbox{\tiny 0}}$ are trademarks of Special Metals Corporation.

Types 1301F and 1301G

Parts List (continued)

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
17	Machine Screw (2 required)		29	Screw, Steel (Not shown)	
	Steel, for brass yoke	1H526928982		Type 1301F with handwheel and steel	
	302 Stainless steel, for Stainless steel yoke	1J926938992		spring case only	1E985428982
18	Locknut		30	Washer, Steel (Not shown)	
	Type 1301F	44540044040		Type 1301F with handwheel and steel	41.440.400000
	Brass (for standard spring case)	1A518014012	20	spring case only	1L449428982
	Steel (for Stainless steel spring case)	1A352224122	32	Mounting Bracket (Not shown) Yoke mounted	22462057042
	Type 1301G Zinc-plated steel	1A354024122			22A6305X012 1U9284X0012
19	Diaphragm Locknut, Aluminum	1A309324122	33	Casing mounted Bracket Cap Screw (2 required)	10920470012
21	Top Connector, 316 Stainless steel	1A309324122	33	Use with key 32 (Not shown)	1C631224052
21	Use with Stainless steel yoke only	1J926035072	34	Bracket Mounting Washer	10031224032
22	Valve Disk Collar	10020000012	J -1	Use with key 32 (Not shown)	T12861T0012
	304 Stainless steel	1D468635032	35	NACE Tag	11200110012
	316 Stainless steel (NACE)	1D4686X0012	00	Use with NACE unit (Not shown)	
24	Handwheel (Not shown)		36	Tag Wire	
	Type 1301F	1L217544992		Use with key 35 (Not shown)	
26	Vent Screen (Not shown)		38*	Body O-ring (Not shown)	
	Type 1301F, 18-8 Stainless steel	0L078343062		Use with -65°F / -54°C Cold Service Unit	1V3252X0012
	Type 1301G, 304 Stainless steel	0W086343062		Use with -80°F / -62°C Cold Service Unit	ERAA03305A0
27	Mounting Post (3 required) (Not shown)		39*	Top Connector O-ring (Not shown)	
	Type 1301F T-handle panel mounting only,			Use with -65°F / -54°C Cold Service Unit	14B8848X012
	316 Stainless steel	1F2449X0022		Use with -80°F / -62°C Cold Service Unit	ERAA03307A0
	Type 1301G panel mounting only, Steel	1L2629X0012	40	Pipe Plug (Not shown)	
28	Mounting Screw, Brass (3 required)			Brass	1C333528992
	Use with key 27 (Not shown)	0V070414012		Stainless steel	1C3335X0012

^{*}Recommended spare part.

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