

Fisher® V500 Rotary Control Valve

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Figure 1. Fisher V500 Flanged Rotary Control Valve with 1061 Actuator and FIELDVUE™ DVC6200 Digital Valve Controller



W8380-1

Introduction

Scope of Manual

This instruction manual provides installation, operation, maintenance, and parts ordering information for NPS 1 through 8 Fisher V500 eccentric plug rotary control valves. Refer to separate manuals for information concerning the actuator and accessories.

Do not install, operate, or maintain a V500 valve without being fully trained and qualified in valve, actuator, and accessory installation, operation, and maintenance. To avoid personal injury or property damage, it is important to carefully read, understand, and follow all the contents of this manual, including all safety cautions and warnings. If you have any questions about these instructions, contact your Emerson Process Management sales office before proceeding.

Unless otherwise noted, all NACE references are to NACE MR0175-2002.

Description

The V500 rotary control valve is a flanged (figure 1) or flangeless valve with a self-centering seat, eccentrically rotating plug, and splined valve shaft. Suitable for forward or reverse flow use, this valve mates with a variety of actuators to provide throttling or on-off service. Both flanged and flangeless valves mate with CL150, 300, or 600 raised face pipeline flanges or DIN PN10 through PN100 flanges.



Table 1. Specifications

Valve Sizes⁽¹⁾

NPS ■ 1, ■ 1-1/2, ■ 2, ■ 3, ■ 4, ■ 6, and ■ 8.
DN 25, 40, 50, 80, 100, 150 and 200 sizes are also available.

End Connection Style

■ Raised-face flanges, ■ ring-type joint flanges (ASME B16.5), ■ or flangeless valve body designed to fit between raised face flanges. ■ CL150, ■ CL300, or ■ CL600; (CL600 is not available in NPS 6 and 8 flangeless valve bodies). DIN PN10 through PN100 flanges also available; consult your Emerson Process Management sales office

Maximum Inlet Pressure⁽²⁾

Consistent with applicable ASME B16.34 or EN 12516-1 ratings

Shutoff Classification

Class IV per ANSI/FCI 70-2 and IEC 60534-4 (0.01% of valve capacity at full travel), for either flow direction. Leak rates for full and restricted port valves are based on full port capacities. Reduced port valves seat at the full port diameter.

Flow Characteristic

Modified linear

Flow Direction

■ **Reverse Flow (Standard Direction):** Past valve plug and through seat ring tends to close the valve, recommended for erosive and general service
■ **Forward Flow:** Through seat ring and past valve plug; tends to open the valve, recommended for high pressure drop and high cycle service

Actuator Mounting

■ Left-hand or ■ right-hand as viewed from the upstream side of the valve. See figure 2

Valve Plug Rotation

Counterclockwise to close (when viewed from actuator side of valve) through 90 degrees of valve plug rotation

Valve/Actuator Action

With diaphragm or piston rotary actuator, field-reversible between ■ push-down-to-close (extending actuator rod closes the valve) and ■ push-down-to-open (extending actuator rod opens the valve)

Shaft Diameters⁽³⁾ and Approximate Weights

See table 2

1. The Valve Size shown in this manual refers to Nominal Pipe Size (NPS).

2. The pressure or temperature limits in this manual and any applicable standard limitations should not be exceeded.

3. Shaft diameter and spline end must match available shaft diameter of actuator.

Installation

WARNING

Always wear protective gloves, clothing, and eyewear when performing any maintenance operations to avoid personal injury.

To avoid personal injury or property damage resulting from the sudden release of pressure, do not install the valve assembly where service conditions could exceed the limits given on the appropriate nameplates, or the mating pipe flange rating. Use pressure-relieving devices as required by government or accepted industry codes and good engineering practices.

Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.

If installing into an existing application, also refer to the WARNING at the beginning of the Maintenance section in this instruction manual.

CAUTION

When ordered, the valve configuration and construction materials were selected to meet particular pressure, temperature, pressure drop, and controlled fluid conditions. Responsibility for the safety of process media and compatibility of valve

materials with process media rests solely with the purchaser and end-user. Since some valve body/trim material combinations are limited in their pressure drop and temperature ranges, do not apply any other conditions to the valve without first contacting your Emerson Process Management sales office.

Table 2. Shaft Diameter and Approximate Weights

VALVE SIZE, NPS	SHAFT DIAMETER		APPROXIMATE WEIGHT					
	Through Valve	At Spline End	Flanged			Flangeless		
			CL150	CL300	CL600	CL150	CL300	CL600
			kg			kg		
1	12.7	12.7	5.4	5.9	5.9	3.6	3.6	3.6
1-1/2	15.9	15.9	8.6	9.5	10	5.4	5.4	5.4
2	15.9	15.9	9.5	11	13	8.2	8.2	8.2
3	25.4	25.4	19	24	26	16	16	16
	25.4	19.1						
4	31.8	31.8	36	42	50	34	34	34
6	38.1	38.1	54	69	93	50	50	---
	38.1	31.8						
8	38.1	38.1	79	98	135	57	68	---
Inches			lbs			lbs		
1	1/2	1/2	12	13	13	8	8	8
1-1/2	5/8	5/8	19	21	23	12	12	12
2	5/8	5/8	21	25	28	18	18	18
3	1	1	42	52	57	35	35	35
	1	3/4						
4	1-1/4	1-1/4	79	93	111	75	75	75
6	1-1/2	1-1/2	120	152	204	110	110	---
	1-1/2	1-1/4						
8	1-1/2	1-1/2	75	217	298	125	150	---

Key numbers in this procedure are shown in figure 11 (NPS 1 and 1-1/2 valves) or figure 13 (NPS 2 through 8 valves) unless otherwise indicated.

CAUTION

To prevent product damage during storage, keep the valve body cavity dry and clear of foreign material.

1. If the valve is to be stored before installation, protect the flange mating surfaces and keep the valve body cavity dry and clear of foreign material.
2. Install a three-valve bypass around the control valve assembly if continuous operation will be necessary during inspection and maintenance of the valve.
3. A V500 valve is normally shipped as part of a control valve assembly, with a power or manual actuator mounted on the valve. If the valve and actuator have been purchased separately or if the actuator has been removed from the valve, mount the actuator according to the Actuator Mounting procedure. Also, adjust the actuator travel using the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure before installing the valve. The necessary measurements cannot be made with the valve installed.
4. Before starting the actual installation of the valve, determine the proper installation orientation of the valve plug (key 2) and actuator. Determine the flow direction of the process fluid through the valve. See figure 2.

Figure 2. Index Marks for Actuator Lever Orientation

ACTUATOR		ACTUATOR POSITION				
MOUNTING	STYLE	VALVE OPEN	1	2	3	4
RIGHT-HAND	STYLE A (PDTC)					
	STYLE B (PDTO)					
LEFT-HAND	STYLE C (PDTO)					
	STYLE D (PDTC)					

NOTES:

1. ARROW ON LEVER INDICATES DIRECTION OF ACTUATOR THRUST TO CLOSE VALVE.

2. PDTC—PUSH DOWN TO CLOSE; PDTO—PUSH DOWN TO OPEN.

3. F—FORWARD FLOW; R—REVERSE FLOW.

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Table 3. Line Stud (Key 36)

M ⁽¹⁾				
Valve Size	Pressure Rating	Qty	Bolt Size	Bolt Length
NPS				Inches
3	CL150	4	5/8-11 UNC	10.62
	CL300	6	3/4-10 UNC	11.12
	CL600	6	3/4-10 UNC	11.50
4	CL150	6	5/8-11 UNC	11.44
	CL300	6	3/4-10 UNC	12.12
	CL600	6	7/8-9 UNC	13.62
6	CL150	5	3/4-10 UNC	13.62
	CL300	6	3/4-10 UNC	14.38
8	CL150	8	3/4-10 UNC	13.62
	CL300	10	7/8-9 UNC	15.38

1. These bolts may be installed from either end of the valve.

Table 4. Line Stud (Key 36)⁽¹⁾

R				
Valve Size	Pressure Rating	Qty	Bolt Size	Bolt Length
NPS				Inches
6	CL150	6	3/4-10 UNC	5.00
	CL300	6	3/4-10 UNC	5.00
8	CL150	---	---	---
	CL300	4	7/8-9 UNC	5.62

1. Use instead of cap screws.

Table 5. Cap Screw (Key 37)

N					P
Valve Size	Pressure Rating	Qty	Bolt Size	Bolt Length	Overall Length
NPS				Inches	Inches
3	CL150	---	---	---	---
	CL300	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
	CL600	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
4	CL150	4	5/8-11 UNC	2.00	2.44
	CL300	4	3/4-10 UNC	2.38	2.88
	CL600	4	7/8-9 UNC	2.75	3.38

Figure 3. Line Bolt Dimensions for Flangeless Valve Bodies (also see tables 3, 4 and 5)

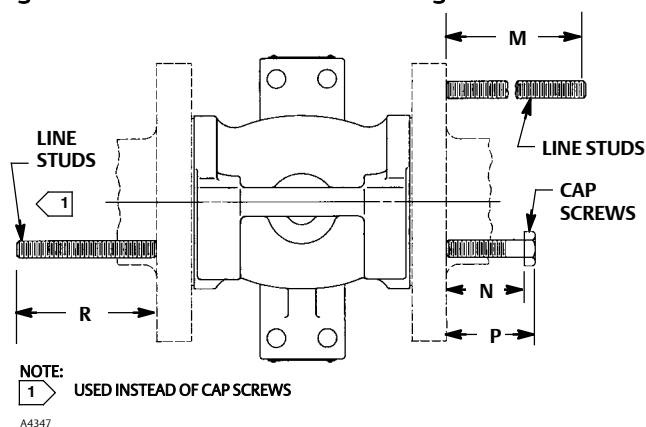
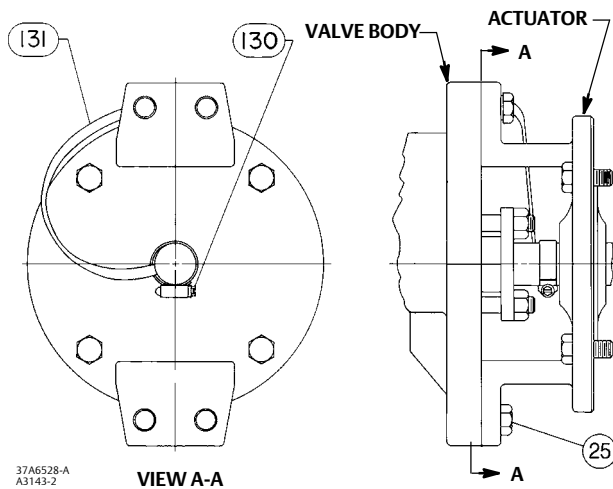


Figure 4. Optional Shaft-to-Body Bonding Strap Assembly



Note

For best shutoff performance and to reduce bearing wear, it is recommended that you install the valve shaft in a horizontal direction. See figure 1.

- Before installing the valve, make sure the flow direction arrow (key 32) on the valve matches the actual process fluid flow direction through the valve for the application where the valve will be installed.
- Install the flange gaskets and insert the valve between the mating pipeline flanges. For flangeless valve bodies, also make sure the mating line flanges are aligned. Use flat sheet gaskets compatible with the process media, or spiral wound gaskets with compression-controlling center rings.

Ceramic Trim

Some types of ceramic trim, including the VTC (very tough ceramic) variety, can create a spark under certain circumstances. When the edge of a ceramic part is struck against a second ceramic part with enough force, a spark can be created.

⚠ WARNING

Avoid personal injury and property damage from ignition of process fluid caused by sparks from ceramic trim.
Do not use ceramic trim where the process fluid is unstable or if it is an explosive mixture (such as air and ether).

⚠ WARNING

The valve drive shaft is not necessarily grounded to the pipeline when installed. Personal injury or property damage could result if the process fluid or the atmosphere around the valve is flammable, from an explosion caused by a discharge of static electricity from the valve components. If the valve is installed in a hazardous area, electrically bond the drive shaft to the valve.

1. Prepare to install the line bolts and nuts. For flangeless valves, consult figure 3 before installing the line bolts and nuts. Figure 3 shows the line bolt clearances required when installing flangeless valves.

Note

Standard PTFE packing is composed of a partially conductive carbon-filled PTFE female adaptor with PTFE V-ring packing. Standard graphite packing is composed of all conductive graphite ribbon packing rings. Alternate shaft-to-valve body bonding is available for hazardous service areas where the standard packing is not sufficient to bond the shaft to the valve (see the following step).

2. For hazardous applications, attach the bonding strap assembly (key 131) to the shaft with the clamp (key 130) and connect the other end of bonding strap assembly to the valve body with the cap screw (key 25). See figure 4.

For all valve bodies, install the line bolts and nuts; then, tighten them using accepted bolting procedures. These procedures include, but are not limited to, lubricating the line bolts and hex nuts and tightening the nuts in a crisscross sequence to ensure proper gasket load.

3. If a purge is desired for the purged bearing construction, remove the pipe plugs (keys 29 and 24) and install the purge lines. Purge pressure should be greater than the pressure within the valve and the purge fluid should be as clean as possible.
4. Connect pressure lines to the actuator as indicated in the actuator instruction manual. When a manual actuator is used with a power actuator, install a bypass valve on the power actuator (if not already supplied) for use during manual operation.

⚠ WARNING

Personal injury could result from packing leakage. Valve packing was tightened before shipment; however, the packing might require some readjustment to meet specific service conditions. Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.

If the valve has ENVIRO-SEAL™ live-loaded packing installed readjustment will probably not be required. See the Emerson Process Management instruction manual entitled ENVIRO-SEAL Packing System for Rotary Valves, D101643X012 for packing instructions. If you wish to convert your present packing arrangement to ENVIRO-SEAL packing, refer to the retrofit kits listed in the Parts Kit section later in this manual.

Maintenance

⚠ WARNING

Avoid personal injury or property damage from sudden release of process pressure or bursting of parts. Before performing any maintenance operations:

- Do not remove the actuator from the valve while the valve is still pressurized.
- Always wear protective gloves, clothing and eyewear when performing any maintenance operations to avoid personal injury.
- Disconnect any operating lines providing air pressure, electric power, or a control signal to the actuator. Be sure the actuator cannot suddenly open or close the valve.
- Use bypass valves or completely shut off the process to isolate the valve from process pressure. Relieve process pressure from both sides of the valve. Drain the process media from both sides of the valve.

- Vent the power actuator loading pressure and relieve any actuator spring precompression.
 - Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.
 - The valve packing area may contain process fluids that are pressurized, *even when the valve has been removed from the pipeline*. Process fluids may spray out under pressure when removing the packing hardware or packing rings.
 - Check with your process or safety engineer for any other hazards that may be present from exposure to process media.
-

Valve parts are subject to normal wear and must be inspected and replaced as necessary. The frequency of inspection and replacement depends upon the severity of service conditions.

As used in these instructions, the term “actuator” refers to power actuators (such as pneumatic diaphragm or piston actuators) or manual actuators (such as handwheel or handlever actuators).

Packing Maintenance

Key numbers are referenced in figures 11 and 13 unless otherwise indicated.

Note

For the ENVIRO-SEAL packing system, refer to the Parts Ordering section for retrofit kits and parts kits(see figure 14). Refer to the separate ENVIRO-SEAL instruction manual for maintenance instructions.

Standard ENVIRO-SEAL packing systems can be used in vacuum service with packing rings in the standard orientation. It is not necessary to reverse the ENVIRO-SEAL PTFE packing rings.

Stopping Leakage

All maintenance procedures in this section may be performed with the valve body (key 1) in the line.

For packing other than spring-loaded packings, leakage around the packing follower (key 14) can be stopped by tightening the packing flange nuts (key 16). If leakage cannot be stopped in this manner, replace the packing according to the Replacing Packing procedure.

If the packing is relatively new and tight on the valve shaft (key 3), and if tightening the packing nuts does not stop leakage, it is possible that the valve shaft is worn or nicked so that a seal cannot be made. If the leakage comes from the outside diameter of the packing, it is possible that the leakage is caused by nicks or scratches on the packing box wall. Inspect the shaft and packing box wall for nicks or scratches when performing the following procedures.

Replacing Packing

Note

If the valve has ENVIRO-SEAL live-loaded packing installed, see the separate ENVIRO-SEAL instruction manual.

This procedure may be performed without removing the actuator from the valve body if adding PTFE/composition packing rings as a temporary measure. However, the actuator must be removed if replacing any other kind of packing or if the metal packing parts (keys 14, 17, and, if used, 18) need to be replaced.

Removing the Packing

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve, and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.

CAUTION

When the actuator is removed from the valve, do not use a hammer or similar tool to drive the lever or actuator off the valve shaft. Driving the lever or actuator off the valve shaft could damage the valve plug, seal, and valve.

If necessary, use a wheel puller to remove the lever or actuator from the valve shaft. It is okay to tap the wheel puller screw lightly to loosen the lever or actuator, but hitting the screw with excessive force could damage the valve plug, seal, and valve.

2. If necessary, remove the cap screws (key 25) and hex nuts (key 26). Then remove the actuator while referring to the actuator manual for assistance.
3. Remove the packing nuts (key 16) and packing follower (key 14).
4. Remove the old packing rings (key 13), packing box ring (key 17), and, if used, the lantern ring (key 18).

CAUTION

Do not scratch the valve shaft or packing box wall. Scratching these surfaces could cause leakage.

5. Clean all accessible metal parts and surfaces to remove particles that would prevent the packing from sealing.
6. If necessary, complete the steps in the Replacing the Valve Plug, Shaft, and Bearings section, and return to the Installing Packing steps below.

Installing Packing

1. Install the new packing rings and packing box ring by stacking the parts as shown in figure 5. Make sure split rings are arranged so that the splits do not line up to form a leak path. Then slide the stack into the packing box as far as will go while being careful to avoid trapping air among the rings.
2. Install the studs, packing follower, and nuts.

CAUTION

To prevent possible product damage or leakage, make sure the valve plug remains in the closed position when installing new packing parts.

3. Make sure the valve plug is in the closed position when installing new packing parts.
4. Insert a screw driver, pry bar, or similar tool between the lower ear of the plug and the valve body (see figure 6). Use the pry to move the plug tightly against the thrust washer and bearing on the actuator side of the valve. Keep the valve plug in that position until you have completed the packing installation.
5. Tighten packing flange nuts enough to stop leakage under normal conditions.
6. Mount the actuator while referring to the actuator mounting procedures of the actuator instruction manual. You must complete the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure in this manual before installing the valve in the pipeline, due to the measurements that must be made during the actuator adjustment process.

7. When the control valve is being put back into operation, check the packing follower for leakage, and retighten the packing nuts as necessary.

Replacing Retainer, Seat Ring, and Face Seals

This procedure is to be performed if the control valve is not shutting off properly, if the port diameter is to be changed by installing a different seat ring, or if seat ring inspection is necessary. The actuator and valve (key 1) must be removed from the pipeline; however, the actuator may remain mounted during this procedure.

A retainer tool is required to remove the retainer (key 5), seat ring (key 4), and face seals (key 8). If specifically ordered, a tool is supplied with the valve; a tool can also be ordered individually. If desired, a tool can be machined using the dimensions shown in figure 7.

During assembly, handle the retainer, seat ring, and face seals carefully. Critical areas that must be protected are the threads and inner surface of the retainer (key 5), the sealing surfaces of the face seals (key 8), the face seal grooves in the seat ring (key 4), the shutoff surface of the seat ring, and the face seal surface in the valve body (key 1).

A new retainer gasket (key 11) is required whenever the retainer (key 5) is removed. Other parts in good condition can be reused.

Disassembly of Retainer, Seat Ring, and Face Seals

Key numbers are shown in figures 11 and 13 unless otherwise noted.

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve body, and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.
2. Remove line bolting. Then, remove the control valve from the pipeline and place the valve on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing up.
3. Rotate the valve shaft (key 3) to move the valve plug (key 2) into the open position.

Note

The retainer (key 5) was installed at the factory using the torque listed in figure 8.

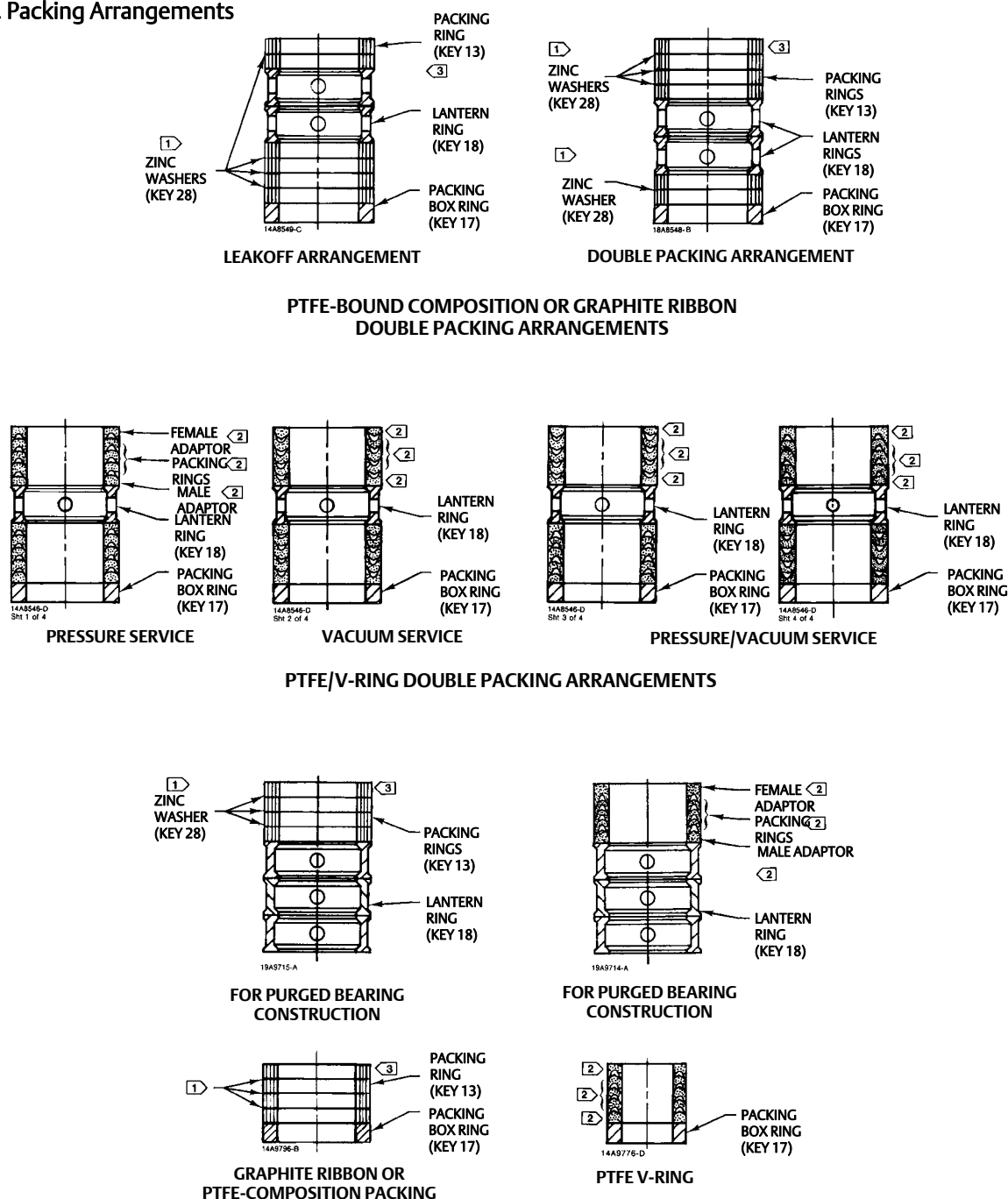
4. Remove the retainer by engaging the retainer tool, attaching an impact wrench or other suitable tool, and unscrewing the retainer. Inspect the retainer.

CAUTION

Place the retainer on a protected, flat surface where the threads and inner surface will not be contaminated or damaged.

5. Remove the retainer gasket (key 11). Inspect the gasket surfaces on the valve body (key 1).
6. Lift out the seat ring (key 4) and both face seals (key 8). Inspect the parts and place them on a flat, protected surface.
7. Inspect the shutoff surface of the valve plug. If it is worn, nicked, or scratched, proceed to the Replacing Valve Plug, Shaft, and Bearings procedure. If the parts are in good shape and do not require maintenance, continue to the Assembly procedure.

Figure 5. Packing Arrangements



NOTES:

1 INCLUDES ZINC WASHERS (KEY 28) FOR GRAPHITE RIBBON PACKING ONLY.

2 INCLUDED IN PTFE V-RING PACKING SET (KEY 13).

3 FOR ONLY PTFE/BOUND-COMPOSITION PACKING, TOP RING IS CONDUCTIVE GRAPHITE FILAMENT RING.

Figure 5. Packing Arrangements (continued)

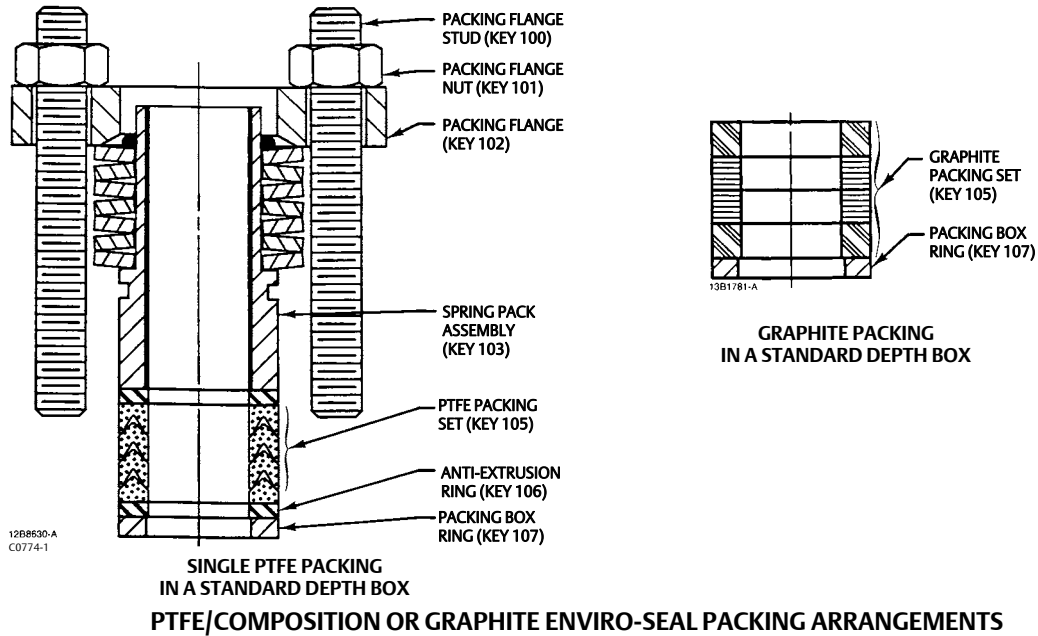


Figure 6. Pry Bar Use

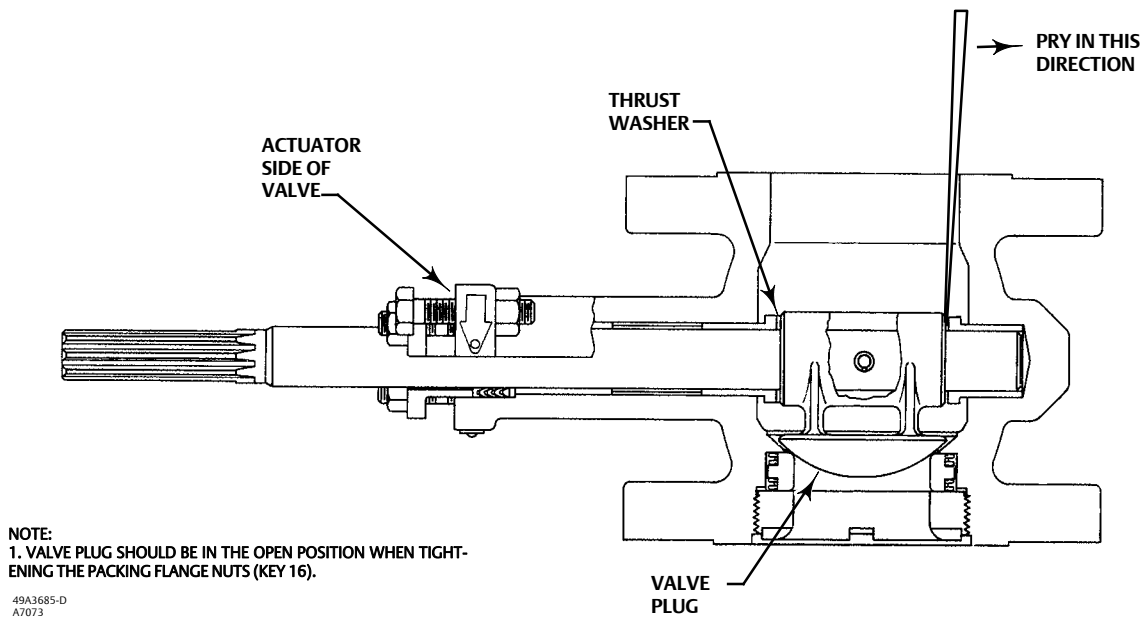


Table 6. Data for Making Retainer Tool

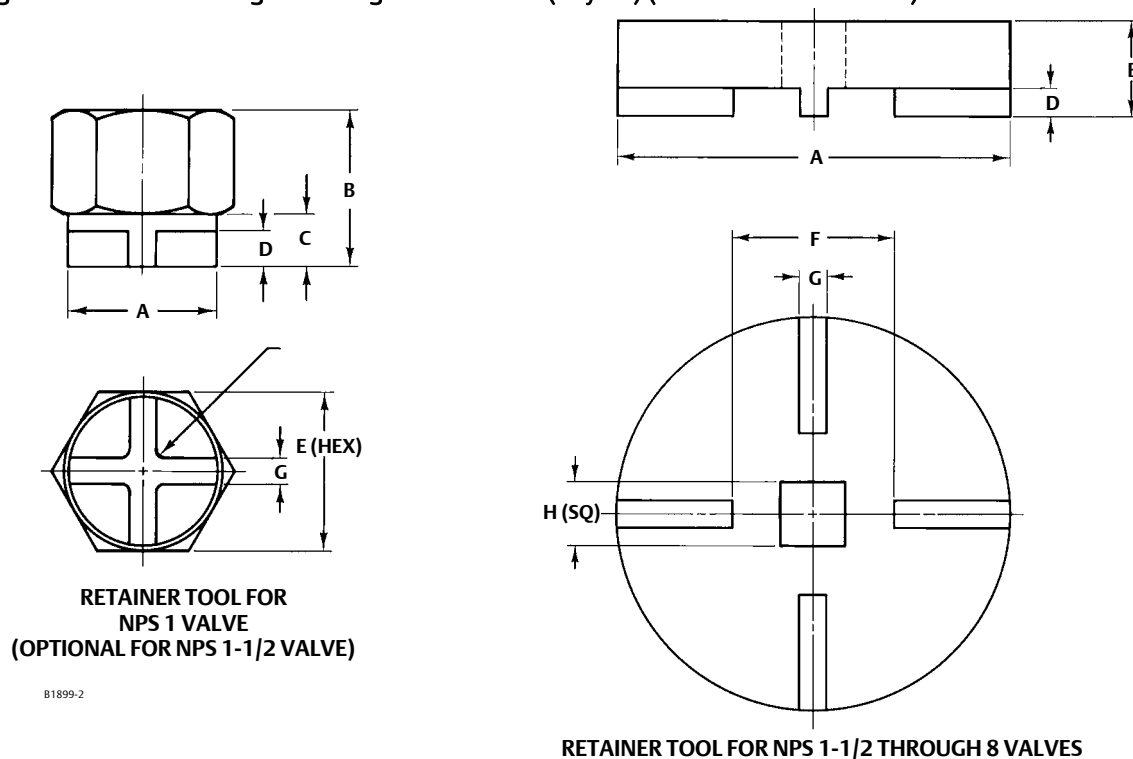
VALVE SIZE, NPS	A	B	C	D	E (HEX)	F	G	H (SQUARE)	A	B	C	D	E (HEX)	F	G	H (SQUARE)
	mm								Inches							
1	26.9	28.4	9.7	6.4	28.4	1.5	4.8	---	1.06	1.12	.38	.25	1.12	.06	.19	---
1-1/2 ⁽¹⁾	36.6	28.4	9.7	6.4	38.1	3.0	4.8	---	1.44	1.12	.38	.25	1.50	.12	.19	---
1-1/2 ⁽²⁾	36.6	19.1	---	6.4	---	22.4	4.8	12.7	1.44	.75	---	.25	---	.88	.19	.50
2	55.6	19.1	---	6.4	---	22.4	4.8	12.7	2.19	.75	---	.25	---	.88	.19	.50
3	79.2	33.3	---	7.9	---	41.4	7.9	19.0	3.12	1.31	---	.31	---	1.62	.31	.75
4	104.6	33.3	---	7.9	---	41.4	7.9	25.4	4.12	1.31	---	.31	---	1.62	.31	1.00
6	155.4	38.1	---	11.2	---	63.5	11.2	25.4	6.12	1.50	---	.44	---	2.50	.44	1.00
8	203.2	50.8	---	11.2	---	101.6	11.2	38.1	8.00	2.00	---	.44	---	4.00	.44	1.50

1. Dimensions for 1-1/2 inch tool made from hex barstock, an optional material.
2. Dimensions for 1-1/2 inch tool made from round barstock.

Table 7. Retainer Torque

VALVE SIZE, NPS	RETAINER TORQUE	
	N•m	Lbf•ft
1	140	100
1-1/2	185	135
2	260	190
3	515	380
4	1170	860
6	2305	1700
8	3120	2300

Figure 7. Data for Making and Using Retainer Tool (Key 33) (also see tables 6 and 7)



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Assembly of Retainer, Seat Ring, and Face Seals

WARNING

Seat ring installation requires that the valve plug (key 2) remain in the open position.

To avoid personal injury or damage to tools, valve parts, or other items resulting from plug closing, prevent plug travel by using travel stops, manual actuators, constant supply pressure to a pneumatic actuator, or other steps as appropriate. When installing the seat ring, keep hands, tools, and other objects out of the valve.

1. Apply enough supply pressure to the actuator to open the valve plug, or take other steps to hold the valve plug open.
2. Clean the valve body, the retainer threads, the retainer gasket surface, and the seat ring sealing surface.
3. Using either face seals (key 8) in good condition or new face seals, place one seal in the seat ring cavity.

Table 8. Assembly Clearance

VALVE SIZE	SEAT RING AND RETAINER CLEARANCE			
	mm		Inches	
NPS	Min	Max	Min	Max
2	0.05	0.17	0.002	0.007
3, 4, 6, and 8	0.08	0.30	0.003	0.012

Note

The seat ring (key 4) may have one or two shutoff surfaces. The shutoff surfaces are the narrow, rounded edges of the seat ring bore. Inspect the seat ring and locate the shutoff surfaces before proceeding.

4. Insert the seat ring into the seat ring cavity with the correct shutoff surface facing the valve plug and shaft. The seat ring will cover the face seal installed in step 3.
5. Place the second face seal on the seat ring.
6. Apply anti-seize lubricant to the gasket surface in the valve body. Install the gasket (key 11), while making certain that for NPS 2 through 8 sizes the concave surface of the gasket is up (hump surface of gasket down).
7. Apply anti-seize lubricant to the threads and bottom of the retainer (key 5). Thread the retainer into the valve body.
8. Refer to figure 7. With the appropriate torque indicating tool, tighten the retainer to the torque listed in table 7.
9. A gap between the seat ring (key 4) and retainer (key 5) allows the seat ring to self-center. Applying the proper amount of torque during installation should position the retainer and seat ring properly. However, for NPS 2 through 8 valves, use a feeler gauge to measure between the parts as shown in figure 13, making certain the necessary clearance exists. Compare the measured gap to the clearance in table 8 and proceed as follows:
 - If the measured clearance is within table values, proceed to the next step.
 - If the measured gap is larger than the maximum, tighten the retainer—apply more torque than that listed in table 7, if necessary—until the clearance is within maximum and minimum values.
 - If the measured clearance is smaller than the minimum, remove the retainer, seat ring, and face seals, clean the parts, and reassemble so as to obtain the necessary clearance.
10. Perform the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure and then install the control valve in the pipeline.

Replacing Valve Plug, Shaft, and Bearings

Perform this procedure to replace the valve plug (key 2), expansion pin assembly (keys 9 and 10), shaft (key 3), or bearings (key 6). These parts are independently replaceable; for example, installing a new valve plug does not require replacing a reusable valve shaft or expansion pin assembly. Key numbers refer to figures 11 and 13 unless otherwise indicated.

Disassembly of Valve Plug, Shaft, and Bearings

⚠ WARNING

To avoid personal injury resulting from contact with edges of the valve plug (key 2) and seat ring (key 4) during plug rotation, stay clear of the plug edges when rotating the plug. To avoid damage to tools, valve parts, or other items resulting from valve plug rotation, keep tools and other property away from the edges of the plug.

CAUTION

To avoid increased leakage, increased valve component wear or possible damage to the valve body (key 1), plug (key 2), shaft (key 3), and bearings (key 6) resulting from a sharp blow to the actuator body or valve parts, use a wheel puller to separate the actuator parts from the valve shaft.

Do not drive the actuator parts off the valve shaft since this could move the valve bearings, shaft, and plug away from proper alignment, causing improper seating of the plug. Such misalignment may result in damage to valve components if the valve is returned to service without disassembly and inspection of the valve plug alignment.

Note

Following removal of the valve from the pipeline and partial disassembly, the valve shaft may be used to remove bearings in accordance with the procedure described in step 8, below.

1. Isolate the control valve from the line pressure, release pressure from both sides of the valve body, and drain the process media from both sides of the valve. If using a power actuator, also shut off all pressure lines to the power actuator, release all pressure from the actuator. Use lock-out procedures to be sure that the above measures stay in effect while you work on the equipment.
2. Remove the actuator cover. Note the actuator orientation with respect to the valve body and the lever orientation with respect to the valve drive shaft (see figure 2). Remove the lever but do not loosen the actuator turnbuckle adjustment. Remove the actuator mounting screws and nuts, and remove the actuator. If necessary, refer to the actuator instruction manual for assistance.
3. With the valve body (key 1) out of the pipeline, loosen the packing nuts (key 16). If the packing is to be reused, do not remove it. However, Emerson Process Management recommends that the packing be replaced whenever the drive shaft is removed.
4. Rotate the plug (key 2) to the fully open position.

Figure 8. Detail of Valve Plug for Pin Removal

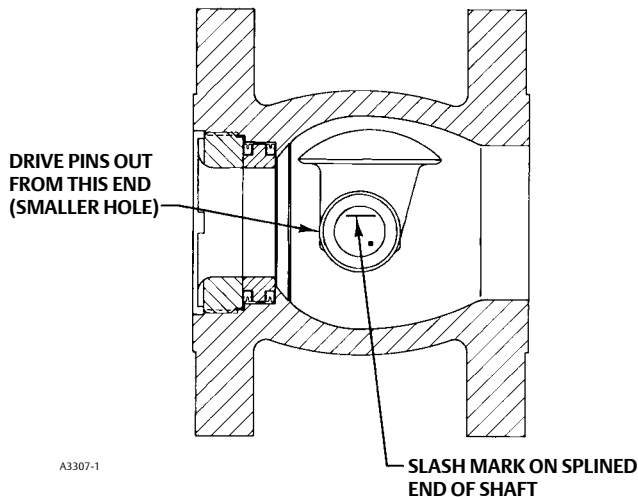


Table 9. Data for Tapped Hole in Valve Shaft

VALVE SIZE, NPS	SHAFT DIAMETERS				THREAD SIZE, UNC
	Through Valve Body	At Spline End	Through Valve Body	At Spline End	
	mm	mm	Inches		
1	12.7	12.7	0.50	0.50	10-24
1-1/2	15.9	15.9	0.62	0.62	1/4-20
2	15.9	12.7	0.62	0.62	10-24
3	25.4	15.9	1.00	1.00	3/8-16
	25.4	25.4	1.00	0.75	5/16-18
4	31.8	19.1	1.25	1.25	3/8-16
6	38.1	38.1	1.50	1.50	1/2-13
	38.1	31.8	1.50	1.25	3/8-16
8	38.1	38.1	1.50	1.50	1/2-13

- Refer to figure 8. Find the expansion pin (key 9) and the taper pin (key 10) inside of it. These parts are holding the valve plug in position on the shaft. Find the larger hole in the valve plug hub where these pins enter the hub. On the opposite side of the plug hub is a smaller hole where the chamfered end of the expansion pin rests on the inner lip of the hole. Using a pin punch and hammer, strike the chamfered end of the expansion pin through the smaller hole. Remove both pins from the valve plug hub in the direction shown in figure 8.

Driving the pins in the other direction will tighten the pins.

⚠ WARNING

To avoid personal injury or damage to tools, valve parts, or other items and plug damage resulting from the valve plug falling from the valve body, support the plug to prevent it from falling as the shaft (key 3) is being removed.

- Pull the shaft (key 3) from the valve body. If the shaft cannot be removed by hand, attach a slide hammer or similar tool to the spline end of the valve shaft. Each shaft, on the NPS 6 and 8 sizes, has a tapped hole at the spline end of the shaft; refer to table 9 for thread sizes.

7. Remove the plug and thrust washer (key 12) from the valve body.

Note

Two shaft bearings (key 6) are located inside the valve body on either side of the valve plug. Only one of these two bearings is identified by key 6. The other bearing is located along the valve shaft on the other side of the valve plug.

8. If the shaft bearings are to be replaced, remove the packing (key 13).

9. If the bearing closest to the packing requires replacement and cannot be removed by hand, press it out using a ram with dimensions given in figure 9 and table 10.

CAUTION

Ensure the bearing stop is not moved when pressing out the bearing. Movement may cause the new bearing and valve plug to not be centered with the seal, causing possible leakage or damage of the seal/plug.

Insert the ram through the packing box and press the bearing into the valve body cavity. The bearing stop (key 7) does not need to be removed; take care not to move the bearing stop when pressing out the bearing.

10. If the second bearing (key 6) requires replacement and cannot be removed by hand, use one of the following methods:

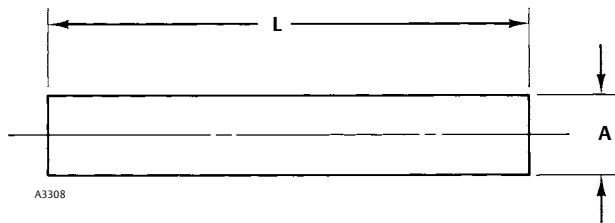
- Knock or pry the bearing out, or
- Use the valve shaft as a piston to drive the bearing from the valve body. To accomplish this, first, fill the bearing bore with a heavy grease and then insert the end of the shaft back through the valve body and into the grease-filled bearing. Protect the splined end of the shaft with, for example, a block of wood; then strike the protected end. When the shaft is struck, it will act as a piston, pushing the grease into the bearing bore. The grease will then force the bearing out of the bore and farther along the shaft. Soon, the bearing will be positioned for easy removal.

11. If used, remove the O-rings (keys 19 and 20) from the bearings. Also, remove the pipe plug (key 29).

Table 10. Ram Dimensions

VALVE SIZE, NPS	A <u>MAXIMUM</u> <u>MINIMUM</u>		L	
	mm	Inches	mm	Inches
1	<u>15.1</u> 14.7	<u>.594</u> .578	114	4.50
1-1/2	<u>18.3</u> 17.9	<u>.719</u> .703	114	4.50
2	<u>18.3</u> 17.9	<u>.719</u> .703	127	5.00
3	<u>27.8</u> 27.4	<u>1.094</u> 1.078	127	6.50
4	<u>34.1</u> 33.7	<u>1.344</u> 1.328	165	6.50
6	<u>42.1</u> 41.7	<u>1.656</u> 1.641	197	7.75
8	<u>42.1</u> 41.7	<u>1.656</u> 1.641	129	9.00

Figure 9. Ram Dimension for Bearing Removal (also see table 10)



Assembly of Valve Plug, Shaft, and Bearings

Note

Before starting to assemble the valve components, place the valve body (key 1) on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing down as shown in figure 10. This orientation of the valve body allows easier installation of the valve plug.

1. Thoroughly clean the parts before assembly.
2. If O-rings (keys 19 and 20) are used, apply a small amount of lubricant to the O-rings so the bearings will easily slide into the valve body. Insert the smaller O-ring (key 20) inside the bearing and the larger O-ring (key 19) around the outside of the bearing.

CAUTION

To avoid damage to O-rings resulting from contact with sharp edges within the bearing holes, use appropriate care when installing the O-rings.

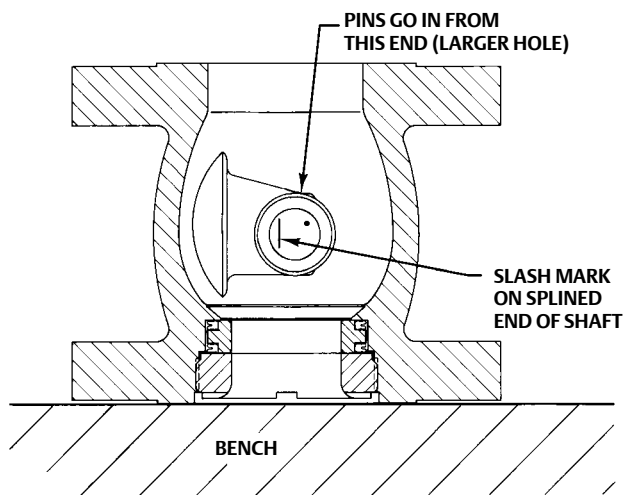
3. Slide the bearings (key 6) and O-rings (keys 19 and 20), if used, into the valve body as shown in figures 13 and 12.

Note

Place the valve body on a flat surface with the retainer (key 5) facing down so that you can look into the valve body cavity. This orientation makes installing the valve plug easier.

4. Inspect the valve shaft (key 3). Insert the shaft end opposite the splined end into the packing box and through the set of bearings installed in the packing box in step 3. Stop before the shaft enters the main valve body cavity. Support the splined end of the shaft.
5. Determine the correct orientation of the valve plug (key 2) required by the specific installation orientation of the valve and the flow direction of the process fluid. See figure 2.
6. Inspect the valve plug. Note the location of the larger hole on the valve plug hub. Place the valve plug in the valve body cavity.
7. Position the valve plug so that the larger hole is facing up, away from the seat ring and retainer. The valve plug must also be oriented so that the seating surface of the plug is correctly positioned for the specific application as shown by the illustrations in figure 2.

Figure 10. Detail of Valve Plug for Pin Insertion



A3309-1

Note

Before proceeding, inspect the valve plug position once again to ensure the correct orientation as described in step 6. If the valve plug is not properly installed, it will not rotate properly and will not shutoff in service.

8. Hold the thrust washer(s) (key 12) between the valve plug (key 2) and the bearing installed next to the packing as shown in figures 11 and 13. Then slide the valve shaft (key 3) from the packing box into the valve body through the thrust washer(s) and plug. If the shaft material is S17400, use two 0.7938 mm (1/32 inch) 17-7 PH thrust washers. If the shaft material is S20910, use one 1.587 mm (1/16 inch) alloy 6 thrust washer.
9. Secure the valve plug in the correct open position. Inspect the splined end of the valve shaft and locate the slash mark on the splined end. Rotate the valve shaft until the slash mark is vertical and facing out from the center of the shaft in the same direction as the valve plug seating surface. See figure 10.

Note

When the valve shaft is correctly positioned, the slash mark on the splined end will be parallel with the plug shutoff surface. See figure 10.

10. Look into the valve body and find the larger pin hole on one side of the valve plug hub. Find the smaller hole on the opposite side of the hub. These holes should line up with the hole through the shaft (key 3).

Note

If the holes in the valve plug hub do not line up with the hole in the shaft, check the slash mark on the splined end of the shaft. Make sure the shaft and plug are properly oriented.

CAUTION

For NPS 1 through 2, use only N10276 expansion and taper pins (keys 9 and 10) with VTC (ceramic) valve plug. With any other pin material, there is danger of the pins expanding and cracking the plug as temperature rises. For that reason, the

NPS 1 through 2 VTC valve plugs are sold only as a set that includes N10276 pins. Use only the pins that are furnished with the set.

Components of the VTC valve plug assembly for the NPS 3 through 8 cannot be repaired in the field.

11. Place the chamfered end of the expansion pin (key 9) into the larger hole in the plug hub (see figure 11).

CAUTION

To avoid damage to the expansion pin, valve plug, or shaft resulting from the application of excessive force on the expansion pin, use appropriate care when driving the expansion pin through the plug hub and shaft. Use the right tool. Do not use excessive force.

12. Drive the expansion pin into the larger hole until the chamfered end of the pin reaches the inner lip of the smaller hole on the opposite side of the plug. Closely observe the progress of the pin to avoid striking it after it has reached the lip of the smaller hole.
13. Place the taper pin (key 10) into the open end of the expansion pin. Drive the taper pin into the expansion pin until the pins, plug, and shaft are snug. Do not attempt to drive either pin flush with the hub.
14. Rotate the plug by hand to check that it rotates properly. If rotation interferes with the valve body, drive out the pins (keys 9 and 10), remove the valve shaft (key 3), and repeat this procedure starting with step 4.
15. If used, install the pipe plug (key 29).
16. If the seat ring (key 4), face seals (key 8), and retainer (key 5) need to be installed, complete the assembly instructions in the procedure for Replacing Retainer, Seat Ring, and Face Seals. If the seat ring has previously been installed, proceed to Adjusting Actuator Travel.

Adjusting Actuator Travel

Perform this procedure whenever the actuator is removed or disconnected from the valve and whenever the seat ring and retainer (keys 4 and 5) are removed. Actuator travel that is too short will increase shutoff leakage; too much travel will cause excessive plug and seat ring torque.

Any of the Fisher pneumatic (spring-and- diaphragm, piston, or spring-return piston), electric, electrohydraulic, or manual actuators--or any other operator--must be adjusted for use with a V500 valve so that the valve plug is rotated to the fully closed position. The fully closed position is obtained when a gap of 0.001 inch exists between the seat ring (key 5) and retainer (key 4).

Note that this gap is also measured when assembling the seat ring, retainer, and face seals to ensure correct assembly. Measure the gap according to this procedure to ensure proper actuator adjustment. Merely completing the assembly measurement is not sufficient.

Travel for different actuators is adjusted differently (some use turnbuckle assemblies; some use externally adjusted travel stops; others use internal limit switches). Refer to the actuator instruction manual for adjustment instructions.

1. Mount the actuator following the instructions in the actuator instruction manual. Refer to figure 3 to select actuator mounting style and position and to orient the actuator lever with the valve shaft (key 3).
2. For actuators with clamped levers,

CAUTION

When installing the actuator onto the valve, do not use a hammer or similar tool to drive the lever or actuator onto the valve shaft. Driving the lever or actuator onto the valve shaft could damage the valve plug, seal ring, and other valve components.

- Clean the valve shaft splines and actuator lever splines to be sure the actuator lever will slide on easily.
 - Pull the valve shaft (key 3), by hand, toward the packing (key 13). Or,
 - If the lever does not slide easily on the valve shaft, carefully wedge the valve plug solidly against the actuator-side thrust washer using a screwdriver or similar tool in the same direction as the pry bar shown in figure 6.
3. Clamp the lever to the valve shaft.

CAUTION

Do not apply full actuator signal (pressure or power) to the actuator in the next step. Full signal may wedge the valve plug into the seat ring. Use a regulated signal source and gradually increase the signal to slowly stroke the actuator.

4. Adjust actuator travel and stroke the actuator so that the plug is close to but not contacting the seat ring at full actuator travel. If available on electric actuators, use a manual handwheel to position the plug.
5. Adjust travel, using full actuator signal, until the valve plug contacts the seat ring around its full circumference. This contact self-centers the seat ring on the valve plug.
6. Continue to adjust travel until a gap of 0.001 inch exists between the seat ring and retainer, as shown in figure 13, at full actuator travel.
7. Refer to the actuator instruction manual to lock the actuator travel adjustment.

Changing Valve Flow Direction

The V500 valve may be installed in either forward or reverse flow service. Forward flow enters the seat ring first, then flows past the valve plug. If changing flow direction is necessary, release all pressure from the valve and actuator. Remove the control valve assembly from the pipeline and rotate the assembly about the valve shaft to put the retainer end of the valve where the other end was. Refer to the procedure for Changing Actuator Mounting Style if the actuator must be repositioned, and refer to the Installation section to install the control valve assembly. Be sure to reposition the flow direction arrow on the valve body.

Changing Actuator Mounting Style

Refer to figure 3 of this manual and the actuator instruction manual when changing mounting styles or positions. Right-hand mounting places the actuator on the right side of the valve as viewed from the upstream side of the valve; left-hand mounting places the actuator on the left side of the valve. Remember that the upstream side of the valve inlet is the retainer end of the valve body for forward flow and the other end of the valve body is the upstream side for reverse flow.

Complete the Adjusting Actuator Travel procedure whenever the actuator is removed.

Parts Ordering

A serial number is assigned to each valve and stamped on the nameplate. Always refer to the valve serial number when corresponding with your Emerson Process Management sales office. When ordering replacement parts, also specify the part name and desired material.

⚠ WARNING

Use only genuine Fisher replacement parts. Components that are not supplied by Emerson Process Management should not, under any circumstances, be used in any Fisher valve, because they may void your warranty, might adversely affect the performance of the valve, and could cause personal injury and property damage.

Parts Kits

Repair Kits

Repair kits include recommended spares for standard and sealed bearing constructions.

Parts Included in Kits		Quantity in Kit
Key Number	Description	
9	Expansion pin	1
10	Taper pin	1
11	Retainer gasket	1
19	O-ring (sealed bearing only)	2
20	O-ring (sealed bearing only)	2

Valve Size NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RV500X00012
1-1/2	RV500X00022
2	RV500X00032
3	RV500X00042
4	RV500X00052
6	RV500X00062
8	RV500X00072

Repair Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

Packing boxes in these valves may be deep-drilled. If the valve being repaired has a deep packing box, additional parts are required. Refer to the Packing Maintenance section in this manual.

Parts included in Kits		Quantity in Kit	
Key Number	Description	PTFE	Graphite
105	Packing Set	1	1
106	Anti-Extrusion Washer	2	--(1)

1. Included in packing set, key 105.

Valve Size NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RRTYX000012
1-1/2 & 2	RRTYX000022
3	RRTYX000052
4	RRTYX000062
6 & 8	RRTYX000072

Retrofit Kits for ENVIRO-SEAL Packing

Retrofit kits include parts to convert existing V500 valves with single depth packing box to the ENVIRO-SEAL packing box construction. Retrofit kits include single PTFE or graphite packing box construction (see following table).

Parts included in Kits		Quantity in Kit	
Key Number	Description	PTFE	Graphite
100	Packing stud	2	2
101	Packing nut	2	2
102	Packing flange	1	1
103	Spring pack assembly	1	1
105	Packing set	1	1
106	Anti-extrusion washer	2	---
107	Packing box ring	1	1

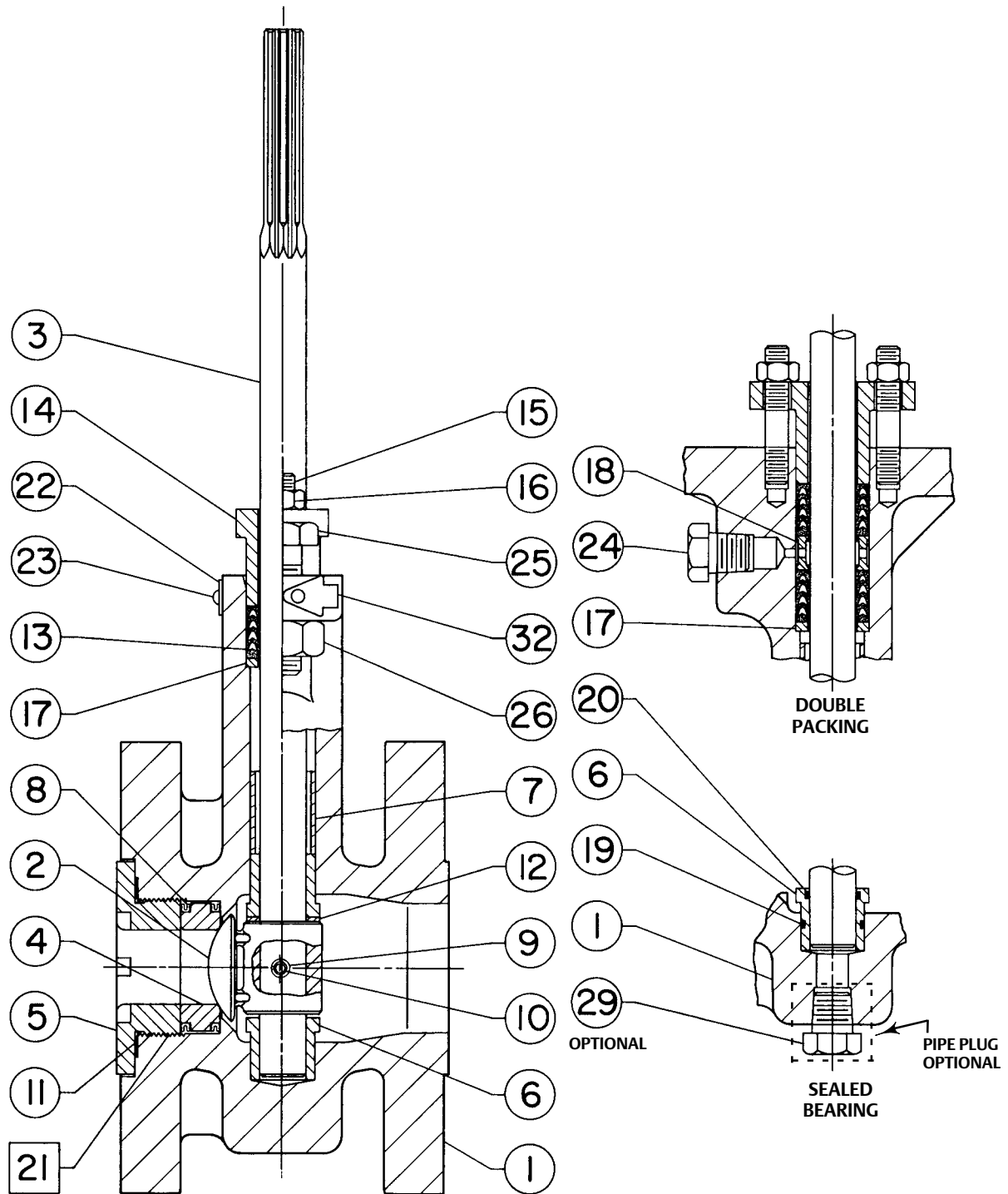
Valve Size NPS	Kit Parts Number
1	RRTYXRT0012
1-1/2 & 2	RRTYXRT0022
3	RRTYXRT0052
4	RRTYXRT0062
6 & 8	RRTYXRT0072

Table 11. Explanation of Valve Construction⁽¹⁾

For These Packing and Bearing Constructions	Use These Valve Constructions
Single packing and standard bearings	Standard packing box without end tapping
Single packing and sealed bearings	Standard packing box with end tapping
Double packing and standard bearings	Deep packing box without lube or end tapping
Leakoff packing and standard bearings	Deep packing box with only lube tapping
Double packing and sealed bearings	Deep packing box with only lube tapping
Leakoff packing and sealed bearings	Deep packing box with both lube and end tapping
Purged bearing and single packing for purged bearings	Deep packing box with both lube and end tapping

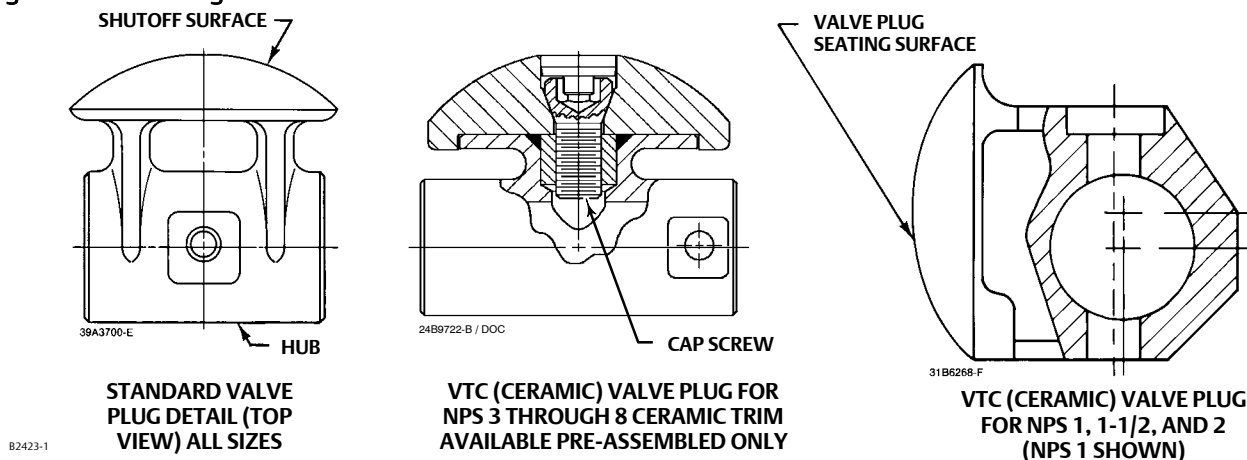
1. Please contact your Emerson Process Management sales office for more information.

Figure 11. Fisher V500 Rotary Control Flange Valve, NPS 1 and 1-1/2



□ APPLY LUBRICANT
39A9677-D

Figure 12. Valve Plug Views



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Parts List

Note

Part numbers are shown for recommended spares only. For part numbers not shown, contact your Emerson Process Management sales office.

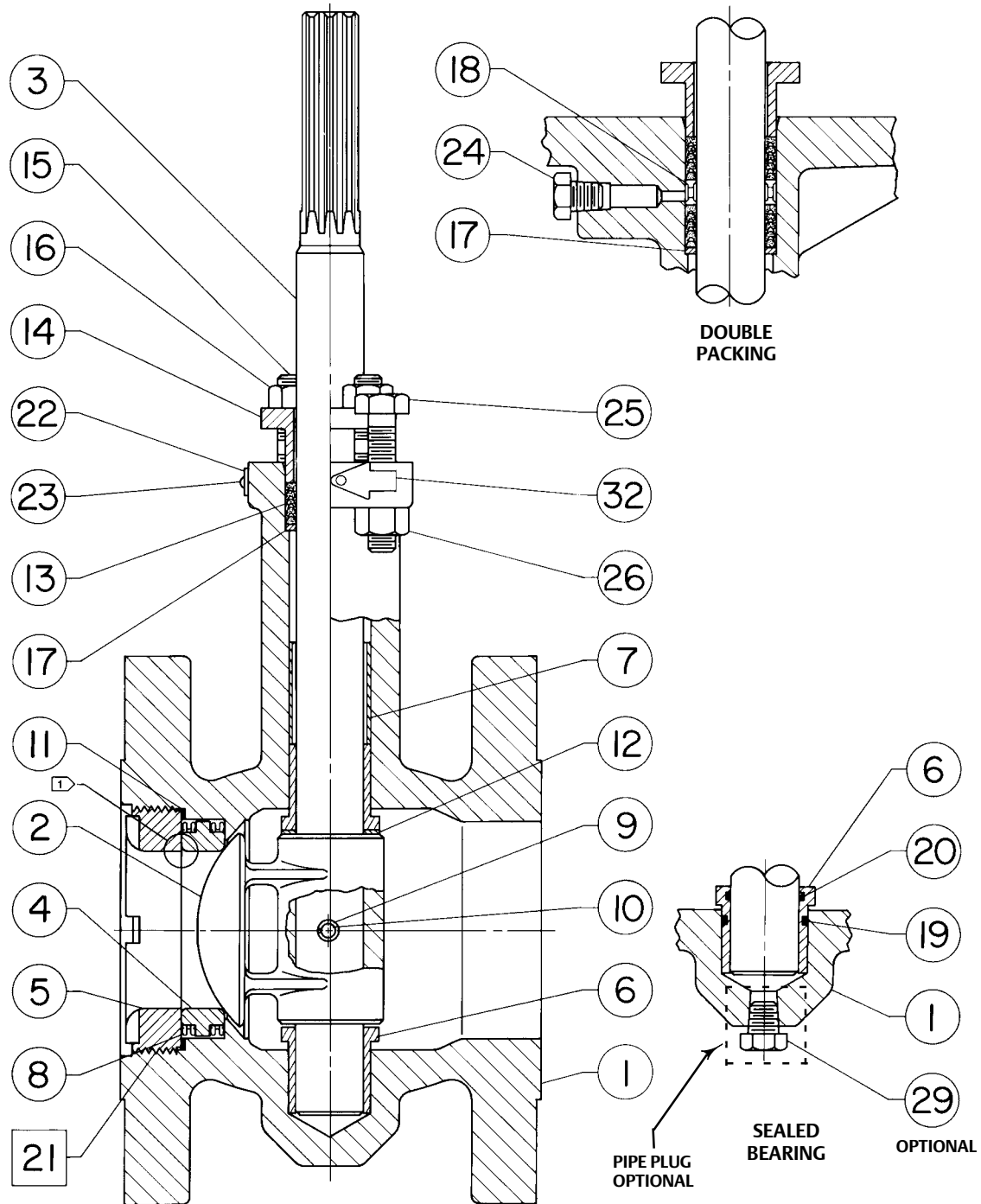
Valve Common Parts (figures 11 and 13)

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
1	Valve Body/Bearing Assembly If you need a valve body as a replacement part, order by valve size, serial number, and desired material.		9*	Expansion Pin, S20910 NPS 1 19A5163X012 NPS 1-1/2 & 2 19A3750X012 NPS 3 19A3717X012 NPS 4 19A3681X012 NPS 6 & 8 19A3687X012	
2	Valve Plug		10*	Taper Pin, S20910 NPS 1 16A5511X012 NPS 1-1/2 & 2 19A3749X012 NPS 3 F14114X0012 NPS 4 16A5515X012 NPS 6 & 8 H13748K0032	
3	Valve Shaft		11*	Retainer Gasket NPS 1, graphite laminate 19A5162X022 NPS 1-1/2, graphite laminate 19A5176X022 NPS 2, S31600 19A5197X012 NPS 3, S31600 19A5198X012 NPS 4, S31600 19A5199X012 NPS 6, S31600 19A5200X012 NPS 8, S31600 19A6401X012	
4*	Seat Ring Full Port, Metal seat construction	See following table	12	Thrust Washer ⁽¹⁾	
5	Retainer		13*	Packing Set PTFE & carbon-filled V-ring set (conductive) Single & purged bearing construction - 1 req'd Double - 2 req'd NPS 1 12A9016X022 NPS 1-1/2 & 2 1R5795X0012 NPS 3 12A8832X022 NPS 4 12A8951X022 NPS 6 & 8 12A8935X022	
6*	Bearing (2 req'd)	See following table		PTFE V-ring set (nonconductive) Single & purged bearing construction - 1 req'd Double - 2 req'd NPS 1 12A9016X012 NPS 1-1/2 & 2 1R5795D1012 NPS 3 12A8832X012 NPS 4 12A8951X012 NPS 6 & 8 12A8935X012	
7	Bearing Stop, S31600 (316 SST)				
8*	Face Seal, (2 req'd) Metal NPS 1 19A5160X022 NPS 1-1/2 19A5145X022 NPS 2 19A3747X022 NPS 3 19A3716X022 NPS 4 19A3680X042 NPS 6 19A4243X032 NPS 8 19A3649X022 PTFE NPS 1 10B9116X012 NPS 1-1/2 10B9117X012 NPS 2 10B8275X022 NPS 3 10B9118X012 NPS 4 10B9119X012				

*Recommended spare parts

1. A single quantity of the part number is needed - you will receive two thrust washers when you specify 17-7PH.

Figure 13. Fisher V500 Rotary Control Valve, NPS 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8

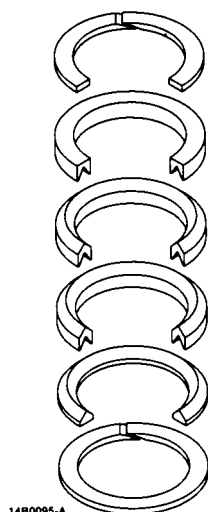


1 > MEASURE GAP HERE
□ APPLY LUB

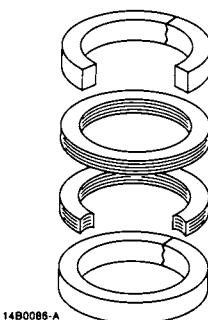
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Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
13*	Packing Set (continued)		21	Anti-seize lubricant (not furnished with valve)	
	PTFE/bound composition rings		22	Nameplate, SST	
	Single & purged bearing construction		23	Drive Screw, SST (6 req'd)	
	Conductive - 3 req'd & graphite filament ring		24	Pipe Plug, S31700	
	Nonconductive - 4 req'd		24	Isolator/Lubricator Valve (not shown)	
	Double or Leakoff			Pipe nipple (not shown)	
	Conductive - 5 req'd & graphite filament ring		25	Cap Screw	
	Nonconductive - 6 req'd		26	Hex Nut	
	NPS 1	1P3905X0172	28*	Packing Washer (not shown)	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	1J8225X0142		Zinc (for graphite/ribbon pkg only)	
	NPS 3	14A0915X012		Single - 3 req'd	
	NPS 4	14A0916X012		Double or leakoff - 4 req'd	
	NPS 6 & 8	14A1933X012		NPS 1	14A8362X012
	Graphite filament ring - 1 req'd			NPS 1-1/2 & 2	14A9771X012
	use with PTFE/bound composition conductive packing			NPS 3	14A8365X012
	NPS 1	1P3905X0172		NPS 4	14A8366X012
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	1J8225X0182		NPS 6 & 8	14A8367X012
	NPS 3	14A0915X042	29	Pipe Plug (for sealed or purged bearing constructions) Optional	
	NPS 4	14A0916X072	30	Nameplate (not req'd when actuator is furnished)	
	NPS 6 & 8	14A1933X022	31	Nameplate Wire, steel (not req'd when actuator is furnished)	
	Graphite ribbon rings		32	Flow Arrow, SST	
	Single & purged bearing construction - 4 req'd		33	Retainer Tool, steel (not shown)	
	Double or Leakoff - 6 req'd		36	Line Studs (for flangeless valve bodies) - see following table for number required	
	NPS 1	12A9134X012	37	Cap Screws (for flangeless valve bodies) - see following table for number required	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12A9135X012	130	Clamp SST (req'd w/ nonconductive packing)	
	NPS 3	12A9137X012	131	Bonding Strap Assembly (req'd w/nonconductive packing)	
	NPS 4	12A9138X012			
	NPS 6 & 8	12A9139X012			
14	Packing Follower, CF8M (316 SST)				
15	Packing Flange Stud (2 req'd)				
16	Packing Flange Nut (2 req'd)				
17*	Packing Box Ring, S31600				
	NPS 1 16A6082X012		100	Packing Flange Stud (2 req'd)	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	16A6083X012		SA193 B7 zn pl	
	NPS 3 16A6085X012			NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	11B3814X102
	NPS 4 16A6086X012			NPS 3	16A1061X082
	NPS 6 & 8	16A6087X012		NPS 4	12A8926X012
18	Lantern Ring, S31600			NPS 6 & 8	1P568231032
19*	O-Ring (for sealed bearings; 2 req'd)			SA193 B8M	
	Nitrile			NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	11B3814X102
	NPS 1	11A8741X052		NPS 3	16A1061X022
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	1F4636X0032		NPS 4	12A8926X022
	NPS 3	10A3804X012		NPS 6 & 8	1P568235222
	NPS 4	1W1932X0032		SA193 B7M (NACE MR0175-2002)	
	NPS 6 & 8	13A2331X022		NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	11B3814X032
	Fluorocarbon			NPS 3	16A1061X042
	NPS 1	11A8741X012		NPS 4	12A8926X032
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	1N571406382		NPS 6 & 8	1P5682X0062
	NPS 3	10A3804X032	101	Packing Flange Nut (2 req'd)	
	NPS 4	1W1932X0032		SA193 2H zn pl	
	NPS 6 & 8	13A2331X012		NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	1E944024112
20*	O-Ring (for sealed bearings; 2 req'd)			NPS 3	1A375324112
	Nitrile			NPS 4, 6, & 8	1A341224112
	NPS 1	1J4888X0052		SA193 8M	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	11A8741X052		NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	1E944035252
	NPS 3	10A8217X042		NPS 3	1A375335252
	NPS 4	10A3803X012		NPS 4, 6, & 8	1A341235252
	NPS 6 & 8	1F1153X0012		SA193 2HM (NACE MR0175-2002)	
	Fluorocarbon			NPS 1, 1-1/2 & 2	1E9440X0012
	NPS 1	1J4888X0032	102	Packing Flange, SST	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	11A8741X012	103	Spring Pack Assembly	
	NPS 3	10A8217X012	105*	Packing Set	
	NPS 4	10A3803X032		PTFE	
	NPS 6 & 8	1F1153X0022		NPS 1	12B7053X012

Figure 14. ENVIRO-SEAL Rotary Packing Arrangements with PTFE and Graphite Packing



STACKING ORDER OF
PTFE PACKING RINGS

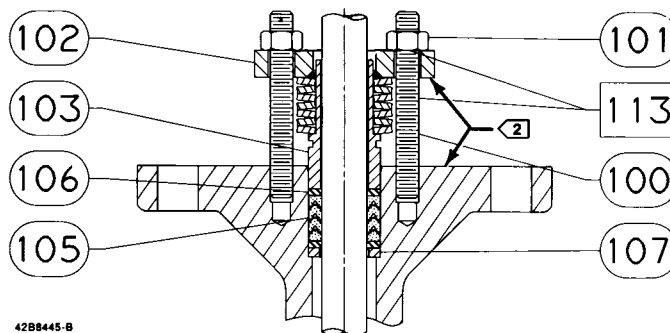


STACKING ORDER
OF GRAPHITE PACKING RINGS

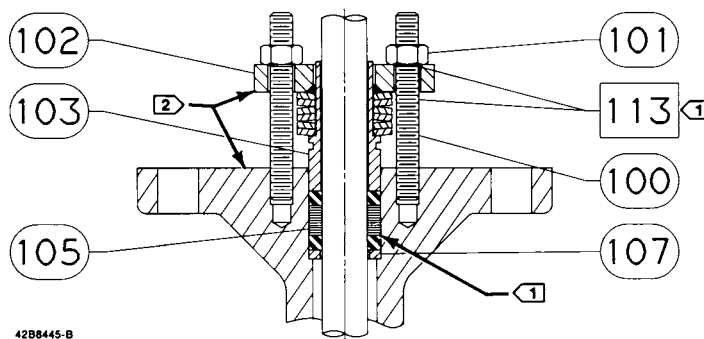
NOTES:

① APPLY LUBRICANT.

② THESE TWO SURFACES SHOULD REMAIN PARALLEL AS YOU ALTERNATELY AND EVENLY TIGHTEN THE PACKING NUTS (KEY 101).



SINGLE PTFE PACKING
STANDARD DEPTH BOX



GRAPHITE PACKING
STANDARD DEPTH BOX

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
105*	Packing Set (continued)		106*	Anti-Extrusion Ring, Composition/graphite filled PEEK (2 req'd)	
	PTFE			Single PTFE packing w/std packing box	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12B7402X012		NPS 1	12B7504X012
	NPS 3	12B7438X012		NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12B7406X012
	NPS 4	12B7450X012		NPS 3	12B7442X012
	NPS 6 & 8	12B7462X012		NPS 4	12B7454X012
	Graphite			NPS 6 & 8	12B7466X012
	NPS 1	13B8816X012		Double PTFE packing w/std & deep pkg box	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	13B8816X032		NPS 1	12B7504X012
	NPS 3	13B8816X092		NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12B7406X012
	NPS 4	13B8816X112		NPS 3	12B7442X012
	NPS 6 & 8	13B8816X142		NPS 4	12B7454X012

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
107*	Packing Box Ring		108*	Packing Ring	
	Single PTFE packing w/std packing box			Double PTFE packing w/std & deep pkg box (2 req'd)	
	NPS 1	16A6082X012		NPS 1	1H7844X0012
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	16A6083X012		NPS 1-1/2 & 2	1R5794X0012
	NPS 3	16A6085X012		NPS 3	12A8831X022
	NPS 4	16A6086X012		NPS 4	12A8953X022
	NPS 6 & 8	16A6087X012	109*	Anti-Extrusion Ring	
	Double PTFE packing w/std packing box			Double PTFE packing w/std & deep pkg box	
	NPS 1	16A6082X012		NPS 1	12B7473X012
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	16A6083X012		NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12B7410X012
	NPS 3	16A6085X012		NPS 3	12B7446X012
	NPS 4	16A6086X012		NPS 4	12B7458X012
	Double PTFE packing w/deep packing box (2 req'd)		110	Lantern Ring	
	NPS 1	12B7062X012	111	Tag	
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	12B7412X012	112	Cable Tie	
	NPS 3	12B7448X012	113	Lubricant	
	NPS 4	12B7460X012			
	Graphite packing w/std packing box				
	NPS 1	16A6082X012			
	NPS 1-1/2 & 2	16A6083X012			
	NPS 3	16A6085X012			
	NPS 4	16A6086X012			
	NPS 6 & 8	16A6087X012			

Key 2. Valve Plug⁽¹⁾

Valve Size, NPS	R30006 (Alloy 6)	CF8M (S31600) Cr Pl	CG8M (S31700) Cr Pl	CF3M (S31603) Cr Pl	VTC Ceramic
1	39A5148X022	39A5148X012	39A5148X032	39A5148X082	31B6268X022 ⁽²⁾
1-1/2	39A5139X022	39A5139X012	39A5139X032	39A5139X092	31B6270X022 ⁽²⁾
2	39A3731X022	39A3731X012	39A3731X042	39A3731X082	31B6272X022 ⁽²⁾
3	39A3700X022	39A3700X012	39A3700X032	39A3700X082	---
4	39A3663X022	39A3663X012	39A3663X042	39A3663X092	---
6	39A4226X022	39A4226X012	39A4226X032	39A4226X082	---
8	39A3630X022	39A3630X012	39A3630X032	39A3630X072	---
10	47B0933X012	47B0933X022	47B0933X032	47B0933X042	---
1. Additional materials are available upon request by contacting your Emerson Process Management sales office. 2. The valve plug is formed of solid VTC. This parts set includes N10276 expansion and taper pins.					

Key 4*. Seat Ring, Metal Seat Construction

Valve Size, NPS	FULL PORT				RESTRICTED PORT			
	CF8M (S31600)	R30006 (Alloy 6 Cast)	CF8M w/CoCr-A Seat	VTC Ceramic	CF8M (S31600)	R30006 (Alloy 6 Cast)	CF8M w/CoCr-A Seat	VTC Ceramic
1	29A5165X012	29A5165X022	---	29A5165X082	20B1688X012	20B1688X022	---	20B1688X092
1-1/2	29A5142X012	29A5142X022	---	29A5142X102	20B1690X012	20B1690X022	---	20B1690X082
2	29A3735X012	29A3735X022	---	29A3735X082	20B1692X012	20B1692X022	---	20B1692X082
3	29A3703X012	29A3703X022	---	29A3703X082	20B1694X012	20B1694X022	---	20B1694X072
4	29A3667X012	29A3667X022	---	29A3667X092	20B6184X012	20B6184X022	---	20B6184X072
6	29A4230X012	29A4230X032	29A4231X012	29A4230X082	20B1686X012	20B1686X022	21B0320X012	20B1686X072
8	29A3635X012	29A3635X022	29A3635X012	29A3635X072	20B1698X012	20B1698X022	21B0321X012	20B1698X072
10	22B6836X022	22B6836X032	22B6837X012	---	---	---	---	---

Key 6*. Bearing (2 req'd)

VALVE SIZE, NPS	BEARING TYPE	MATERIAL		
		R30006	S44004 SST	PTFE/ Composition Lined S31700
1	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5178X012	19A5157X012	19A5159X052
	Sealed	29A5179X012	19A5158X012	---
1-1/2 & 2	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5181X012	19A3744X012	19A3746X052
	Sealed	29A5182X012	19A3745X012	---
3	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5184X012	19A3713X012	19A3715X052
	Sealed	29A5185X012	19A3714X012	---
4	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5187X012	19A3677X012	19A3679X042
	Sealed	29A5188X012	19A3678X012	---
6	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5190X012	19A4239X012	19A4241X052
	Sealed	29A5191X012	19A4240X012	---
8	Standard ⁽¹⁾	19A5193X012	19A3645X012	19A3647X052
	Sealed	29A5194X012	19A3646X012	---
1. Also used for purged bearing constructions.				

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