

700W MICROWAVE OVEN

OWNER'S MANUAL MW9712W/MW9712B

Visit our web site at "www.emersonradio.com"

UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATIONS TO THIS DEVICE COULD VOID MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY.

PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE MICROWAVE ENERGY EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE

- Do not attempt to operate this oven with the door open since open-door operation can result in harmful exposure to microwave energy. It is important not to defeat or tamper with the safety interlocks
- ₤ Do not place any object between the oven front face and the door or allow soil or cleaner residue to accumulate on sealing surfaces.
- c Do not operate the oven if it is damaged : (1) door (bent), (2) hinges and latches (broken or loosened), (3) door seals and It is particularly important that the oven door closes properly and that there is no damage to the
- ੩ The oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone except properly qualified service personnel

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MPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

including the following: When using electrical appliances, basic safety precautions should be followed,

exposure to excessive microwave energy: WARNING - To reduce the risk of burns, Electric shock, fire, injury to persons, or

- Read all instructions before using this appliance. တ
- Read and follow the specific

"PRECAUTIONS **EXPOSURE** MICROWAVE EXCESSIVE POSSIB

- ENERGY" found on page 1.
- ယ Connect only to a properly grounded This appliance must be grounded.

INSTRUCTIONS" 11 GROUNDING

- 4 Install or locate this appliance only in installation instructions. provided
- C should not be heated in this oven. and sealed containers, for example closed glass jars, may explode and Some products such as whole eggs

- Use this appliance only for its chemicals or vapors in this appliance. manual. Do not use corrosive laboratory use. is not designed for industrial or designed to heat, cook or dry food. It This type of oven is specifically intended use as described in this
- As with any appliance, close supervision is necessary when used by children.
- ∞ Do not operate this appliance if it damaged or dropped. not working properly, or if it has been has a damaged cord or plug, if it is
- 9 service facility for examination, repair Contact the nearest authorized only by qualified service personnel or adjustment. This appliance should be serviced
- Do not cover or block any openings on this appliance.
- Do not store or use this appliance outdoors. Do not use this product near a swimming pool, or similar kitchen sink, in a wet basement, or near water, for example, near a
- 2 Do not immerse cord or plug in water.
- $\frac{1}{3}$ surfaces. Keep cord away from heated

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- 14 Do not let cord hang over edge of table or counter.
- When cleaning surfaces of door and oven that come together when closing the door, use only mild, non-abrasive soaps or detergents applied with a sponge or soft cloth.
- 6 To reduce the risk of fire in the oven
- (a) Do not overcook food. Carefully observe appliance if paper, plastic or other combustible materials are placed inside the oven to facilitate cooking.
- (b) Remove wire twist-ties from paper or plastic bags before placing bag in oven.
- (c) If materials inside the oven should ignite, keep oven door closed, turn oven off, and disconnect the power cord, or shut off power at the fuse or circuit breaker panel.
- (d) Do not use the cavity for storage purposes. Do not leave paper products, cooking utensils or food in the cavity when not in use.
- Do not use this microwave oven to heat corrosive chemicals (for example, sulfides and chlorides). Vapors from such corrosive chemicals may interact with the contact and springs of the safety interlock switches thereby rendering them inoperable.

- times. Wipe the oven interior with a soft damp cloth after each use. If you leave grease or fat anywhere in the cavity it may overheat, smoke or even catch fire when next using the oven.
- Never heat oil or fat for deep frying as you cannot control the temperature and doing so may lead to overheating and fire.
- Liquids, such as water, coffee, or tea are able to be overheated beyond the boiling point without appearing to be boiling due to surface tension of the liquid. Visible bubbling or boiling when the container is removed from the microwave oven is not always present. THIS COULD RESULT IN VERY HOT LIQUIDS SUDDENLY BOILING OVER WHEN A SPOON OR OTHER UTENSIL IS INSERTED INTO THE LIQUID. To reduce the risk of injury to persons:
- a) Do not overheat the liquid.
- b) Stir the liquid both before and halfway through heating it.
- c) Do not use straight-sided containers with narrow necks.d) After heating, allow the containe
- d) After heating, allow the container to stand in the microwave oven for a short time before removing the container.
- e) Use extreme care when inserting a spoon or other utensil into the container.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

General Use

- Do NOT attempt to tamper with or make any adjustments or repairs to door, control panel or any other part of the oven. Do NOT remove outer panel from oven. Repairs should only be done by qualified service personnel.
- 2 Do NOT operate the oven empty. The microwave energy will reflect continuously throughout the oven if no food or water is present to absorb energy.
- 3 If a fire occurs in the oven, touch the Cancel/Stop button and LEAVE THE DOOR CLOSED. Disconnect the power cord, or shut off power at the tuse or circuit breaker panel.
- 4 Do NOT attempt to dry clothes, newspapers or other materials in the oven. They may catch on fire.
- Do NOT use recycled paper products. Recycled paper towels, napkins and waxed paper can contain metal flecks which may cause arcing or ignite. Paper products containing nylon or nylon filaments should be avoided, as they may ignite.
- Some styrofoam trays (like those that meat is packaged in) have a thin strip of metal embedded on the bottom. When microwaved the metal can burn the floor of the oven or ignite a paper towel.
- Avoid inserting nails, wire, etc. through any holes in the unit during operation. Never insert a wire, nail or any other metal objects through the holes on the cavity or any other holes or gaps, because such objects may cause electric shock and microwave leakage.

Utensils

- METAL CONTAINERS or dishes with metallic rims should not be used. Arcing may occur.
- 2 METAL TWIST-TIES may not be used in the microwave oven.
- Do NOT use SEALED JARS or NARROW NECK bottles for cooking or reheating. They may shatter.
- Do NOT use CONVENTIONAL THERMO-METERS in the microwave oven. They may cause arcing.
- Semove PLASTIC STORE WRAPS before cooking or defrosting foods in the oven.

For FURTHER INFORMATION on proper cooking utensils, refer to the COOKING GUIDE on page 18.

Food

- Never use your microwave oven for HOME CANNING. The oven is not designed to permit proper canning. Improperly canned food may spoil and be dangerous to consume.
- COOKING TIMES given in the cooking guide are approximate. Factors that may affect cooking are starting temperature, altitude, volume, size and shape of food and utensils used. As you become familiar with the oven you will be able to adjust for these factors.
- It is better to UNDERCOOK RATHER THAN OVERCOOK foods. If food is undercooked, it can always be returned to the oven for further cooking If food is overcooked, nothing can be done. Always start with minimum cooking times.
- 4 SMALL QUANTITIES of food or foods with LOW MOISTURE content can burn, dry out o catch on fire if cooked too long.
- Do NOT boil eggs in their shell. Pressure may
- build up and the eggs may explode.
- Potatoes, apples, egg yolks, whole acorn squash and sausage are some examples o food with NONPOROUS SKINS. These mus be pierced before cooking to prevent bursting.
- POPCORN must be popped in a microwave corr popper. Microwave popped com produces a lowe yield than conventional popping. Do not use over for popcorn unless popped in a microwave approved popcorn utensil or unless it's commercially packaged and recommender especially for microwave ovens. Do not use of unless specified by the manufacturer.
- Do NOT attempt to deep fat fry in your oven
- 9 HEATED LIQUIDS can ERUPT if not mixed with air. Do not heat liquids in your microwave over without first stirring.
- 10 Do NOT use paper towels to cover food as it can ignite.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE STATEMENT

WARNING: This equipment generates and uses ISM frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, that is in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

It has been type-tested and found to comply with limits for an ISM Equipment pursuant to part 18 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following.

- * Reorient the receiving antenna of radio or television.
- * Relocate the Microwaye oven with respect to the receiver.
- * Move the microwave oven away from the receiver.
- * Plug the microwave oven into a different outlet so that microwave oven and receiver are on different branch circuits.

THE MANUFACTURER is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION to this microwave oven. It is the responsibility of the user to correct such interference.

ARCING

If you see arcing, press START/STOP button and correct the problem.

Arcing is the microwave term for sparks in the oven.

Arcing is caused by

- * Metal or foil touching the side of the oven.
- * Foil not molded to food (upturned edges act like antennas).
- * Metal, such as twist-ties, poultry pins, or gold rimmed dishes, in the microwave.
- * Recycled paper towels containing small metal pieces being used in the microwave.

DO NOT LEAVE OVEN UNATTENDED WHILE COOKING!

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This appliance must be grounded. In the event of an electrical short circuit, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current. This appliance is equipped with a cord having a grounding wire with a grounding plug. The plug must be inserted into an outlet that is properly installed and grounded.

WARNING: Improper use of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock. Consult a qualified electrician or service personnel if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if doubt exists as to whether the appliance is properly grounded.

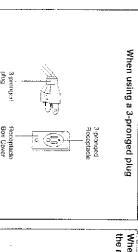
If it is necessary to use an extension cord, use only a three wire extension cord that has a three blade grounding plug, and a three slot receptacle that will accept the plug on the appliance. The marked rating of the extension cord should be equal to or greater than the electrical rating of the appliance.

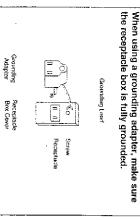
INSTALLATION

- Steady, flat location: When positioning the microwave oven, it should be set on a steady, flat surface.
- **Ventilation:** Do not block air vents. If they are blocked during operation, the oven may overheat and eventually cause oven failure. For proper ventilation, keep three inches of space between the oven's top, sides, rear and the area where the unit is to be installed.
- Radio and TV reception: Poor television reception and radio interference may result if the oven is located close to a TV, radio, antenna, or antenna wire. Position the oven as far from them as possible.
- Temperature and moisture: Keep the oven away from hot air, steam or splashing liquids when choosing a place to
 locate it, otherwise, the unit's operation may be adversely affected, causing it to break down.

Power supply

- Check your local power source. This microwave oven requires a 120V, 60Hz power supply
- Use a receptacle that will accept the ground prong.
- A. A short power supply cord is provided to reduce the risks resulting from becoming entangled in or tripping over a longer cord.
- B. Longer cord sets or extension cords are available and may be used if care is exercised in their use.
- C. If a long cord or extension cord is used, (1) the marked electrical rating of the cord set or extension cord should be at least as great as the electrical rating of the appliance, (2) the extension cord must be a grounding-type 3-wire cord, and (3) the longer cord should be arranged so that it will not drape over the counter top or tabletop where it can be pulled on by children or tripped over unintentionally.
- Examine the oven for any damage such as: Dents, a misaligned door, broken door or a dent in the cavity. If any of the above are visible, DO NOT INSTALL THE UNIT. Notify the dealer immediately.



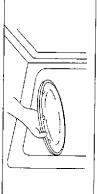


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CARE OF YOUR MICROWAVE OVEN

- cleaning. Disconnect the AC plug from the outlet before
- N walls, wipe with a damp cloth. Mild detergent walls, wipe with a damp cloth. Mild detergent walls, wipe with a damp cloth. The spatters or spilled liquids adhere to oven Keep the inside of the oven clean. When food use of harsh detergent or abrasives is not recommended
- ω **₹** soft cloth. To prevent damage to the operating parts inside the oven, water should not be allowed to seep into the ventilation slots. The outside oven surface should be cleaned soap and water, rinsed and dried with a
- 4 If the Control Panel becomes dirty or wet, clean with a soft, dry cloth. Do not use harsh detergents or abrasives on Control Panel
- S oven door, wipe with a soft cloth. If steam accumulates on both sides of the occur when the microwave oven is operated under high humidity conditions and this is not an indication of a malfunction in the unit. This may

6 It is occasionally necessary to remove the glass tray for cleaning. Wash the tray in warm, sudsy water or in a dishwasher.



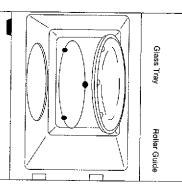
and dry. The roller guide may be washed in Simply wipe the bottom surface of the oven with mild detergent water or window cleaner be cleaned regularly to avoid excessive noise. The roller guide and oven cavity floor should , sudsy water or in the dishwasher

Roller Guide

cooking together with the Glass Tray. cleaned frequently to prevent excessive noise. The ROLLER GUIDE MUST ALWAYS be used for The ROLLER GUIDE and oven floor should be

Glass Tray

- Do NOT operate the oven without the Glass Tray in place.
- N Do NOT use any other Glass Tray with this oven.
- If the Glass Tray is hot, ALLOW IT TO COOL before cleaning it or placing it in water.
- Do NOT cook directly on the Glass Tray



HOW TO USE YOUR MICROWAVE OVEN SAFELY

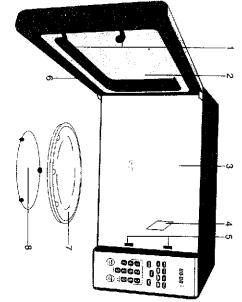
Although your oven is provided with safety features, it is important to observe the following:

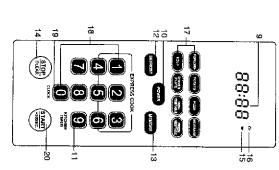
a) It is important not to defeat or tamper with safety interlocks.

- <u>(</u>
- sealing surfaces. Wipe the sealing area frequently with a mild detergent, rinse and wipe dry. Never Do not place any object between the oven face and the door or allow residue to accumulate on use abrasive powders or pads.
- <u></u> When opened, the door must not be subjected to strain, for example, a child hanging on an open door or any load which could cause the oven to fall forward and cause injury and damage to the door. Do not operate the oven if it is damaged, until it has been repaired by a qualified person. It is particularly important that the oven door close properly and that there is no damage to the following:

) Door (bent), ii) Hinges and Latches (broken or loosened), iii) Door seals and sealing surfaces.
- 8 The oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone except properly qualified service personnel

LOCATION OF CONTROLS





- Door latch-When the door is closed, it will automatically shut off. the oven is operating, the magnetron will automatically lock shut. If the door is opened while
- Ņ Door screen-Allows viewing of food. The screen is the microwaves. designed so that light can pass through, but not
- Oven cavity
- splashes of cooking foods Spatter shield-Protects the microwave outlet from
- operating while the door is opened. Safety interlock system-Prevents the oven from
- o leakage. within the oven cavity and prevents microwave Door seal-The door seal maintains the microwaves
- glass. The tray must always be in proper position Glass cooking tray-Made of special heat resistant directly on the tray. before operating the oven. Do not cook food
- always be in proper position before operating the Roller guide-Supports the glass cooking tray. Must
- . Power Level-Used to set a power level Display

- Kitchen timer
- 13. Memory Function Defrost Button-Used to set the oven to Or used to set oven to defrost by a preset time estimate the defrosting time by weight entered.
- 14.Stop/Clear Button-Use to stop and/or cancel
- Cup Indicator cooking program.
- Oz Indicator
 Auto Cook Menu-Used to select an Auto Cook program.
- Number 0-9
- 1-6 Minutes Express Cook Function
- Clock Button-Used to set the clock.
- 20. Start/+30Sec. Button-Press to start a cooking

OPERATION

Ten power levels are available, to change the power level, press POWER repeatedly.

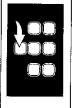
Level	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	ယ	N	1
Power	100%	90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%

SETTING THE CLOCK

the oven will display " 0:00 " When the microwave oven is plugged into an outlet,



1. Press the CLOCK button; the hour digit will blink and the clock indicator will light.





Press the number keys to set current hour.

Press the number keys to set current minute.





4. Press the START/+30SEC. button; the display will show the present time. After the clock has colon, unless the oven is cooking or defrosting been set, the time will appear with blinking





NOTES:

- To reset the present time in the display window when the oven is off, press the STOP/CLEAR button and reset
- If you make a mistake when setting the time, press the STOP/CLEAR button.
- To recall the actual time while the oven is cooking or defrosting, simply press the CLOCK button and the display will show the actual time for three seconds.

OPERATION(CONTINUED)

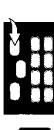
WEIGHT DEFROST

determining defrosting time. WEIGHT DEFROST lets you easily defrost foods by eliminating guesswork in

Follow the steps below for easy defrosting. The minimum weight for Auto Weight Defrost is 4 Oz and maximum weight is 100 Oz

Press DEFROST button once, LED will display







Press the number keys to set desired weight;





Press the START/+30SEC. button to start defrosting: the display will countdown the remaining defrosting time in minutes and seconds. It will beep five times





when defrosting is completed.





TIME DEFROST

:88:58

99 seconds. Follow the steps below for easy defrosting. The minimum time for Time Defrost is 1 second. The maximum time is 99 minutes TIME DEFROST will automatically set the oven to defrost at a time set by the user.

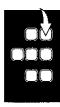
 Press DEFROST button twice, "dEF2" will appear in the display



5

Press number keys to set the desired time

Note: The default microwave power is power level 3. It cannot be changed





Press the START/+30SEC. button to start defrosting; beep five times when defrosting is completed defrosting time in minutes and seconds. It will the display will show count down the remaining

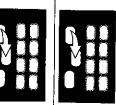




COOKING IN ONE STAGE

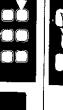
Set a cooking or other operational time/power as follows. The maximum cooking time is 99 minutes 99 seconds.

- Press the **POWER** button; "PL 10" will light in the display.
- 2. Press the **POWER** button different times to set the desired power; the display will show the percentage



4]





Press number keys to set the desired cooking time.

you chose.





4. Press the START/+30SEC. button to start cooking:

the display will countdown the remaining

cooking time in minutes and seconds. It will beep

five times when cooking is completed.

OPERATION(CONTINUED)

COOKING IN TWO STAGES

Set up to two cooking stages as follows:

 Press the POWER button; and "PL 10" will light in the display.





1 1

2. Press the **POWER** button different times to set the desired power; the display will show the level of power you chose.





3. Press number keys to set the desired cooking time. (up to 99 minutes 99 seconds).





4. Press the **POWER** button; "PL 10" will light in the display.





5. Press the **POWER** button different times to set the power you chose. desired power; the display will show the level of



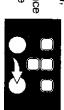


Press number keys to set the desired cooking time. (up to 99 minutes 99 seconds).





7. Press the START/+30SEC. button to start cooking; stages have completed cooking. between stages. It will beep five times when all the cooking time in minutes and seconds and beep once the display will countdown the remaining





DEFROSTING/COOKING IN TWO STAGES

Set up weight defrosting and cooking in two stages as follows. The minimum weight for Auto Weight Defrost is 4 oz. The maximum weight is 100 oz.

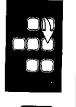
1. Press the **DEFROST** button;

"dEF 1" will appear in the display.



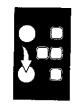


Press number keys to set the desired cooking weight.





3. Follow the steps on the previous page (COOKING IN ONE STAGE) to set a second stage, then press the START/+30SEC. button to start cooking; the display will countdown the remaining time in minutes and seconds and beep once between stages. It will beep five times when all the stages have completed cooking.





QUICK COOK

The microwave can start cooking at the press of a button as follows:

 Press the number keys 1-6 (express cook); the Microwave will immediately start cooking at high (100%) power for one to six minutes.





Repeatedly press the START/+ 30SEC, button to increase the cooking time in 30 second increments. (up to 99 minutes 99 seconds).



STOP/CLEAR BUTTON

- To stop cooking or cancel a cooking program, simply press the STOP/CLEAR button once to stop cooking or twice to cancel a cooking program.
- Always press the STOP/CLEAR button before opening the door.

OPERATION(CONTINUED)

AUTO COOK

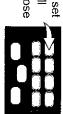
Auto cook lets you easily cook items in the oven as it will automatically set the times and power levels to give better results than one power only cooking.

 Press the desired Auto Cook button; weight/portion will light in the display (see chart on next page).





Repeatedly press the desired Auto Cook button to set the desired weight/portion. Each Auto Cook item will have the most popular weight/portion settings to chose from.





 Press the START/+30SEC. button to start cooking; the display will countdown the remaining cooking time in minutes and seconds. It will beep five times when cooking is completed.



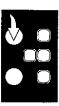


CHILD LOCK

The CHILD LOCK prevents unwanted oven operation by small children. The oven can be set so that the control panel is deactivated or locked.

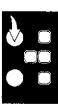
1. To activate, press and hold the STOP/CLEAR

button for three seconds, the display will appear as shown at the right and no buttons can be pressed.





To deactivate, press and hold the STOP/CLEAR button for three seconds, the display will return to the time.



Auto Cook Menu Chart

Menu	Press Times	Weight/Portion	Display	Cooking Time
	Once	1.75 Oz		1'50"
TOTOCKN	Twice	3.0 Oz	3.0.1	2'30"
	Thrice	3.5 Oz	10 m	2'35"
POTATO	Once	1 PCS		7'00"
	Twice	2 PCS	Plut	9'00"
	Thrice	3 PCS	3	12'00"
D177A	Once	1 Slice(3 Oz)		0'40"
Ş	Twice	2 Slices(6 Oz)	2	1'20"
	Thrice	3 Slices(9 Oz)	0.1 	1*50"
	Once	1 Cup		1'40"
BEVERAGE	Twice	2 Cups	, 5 5	3'10"
	Thrice	3 Cups	3 - 3	4'50"
	Once	4.0 Oz	. 4.B ";	1'30"
SOUP	Twice	8,0 Oz	8.0 ~.	2'50"
	Thrice	12.0 Oz	(2.8°	4'10"
	4 times	16.0 Oz	25.00	5'30"
DINNER PLATE	Once	9.0 Oz	. B.B.	3'00"
T .	Twice	12.0 Oz	42.8°	4'00"
	Thrice	18.0 Oz	18.0	6'20"
FRESH	Once	4.0 Oz	. H. O	2'30"
VEGETABLE -	Twice	8.0 Oz	20 cg -	4'00"
	Thrice	16.0 Oz	18.0	7'40"
FROZEN	Once	4.0 Oz	. B.B.	4'20"
VEGETABLE	Twice	8.0 Oz	80 83	7'00"
	Thrice	16.0 Oz	16.00	12'00"

OPERATION(CONTINUED)

MEMORY

Memory lets you cook items in your own special style. A total of 3 memory settings are available in this model. Set a memory setting as follows:

 Press the MEMORY button repeatedly to select 1-3 memory.



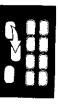


Press the **POWER** button; and "PL10" will light in the display.





Press the **POWER** button different times to set the desired power; the display will show the percentage you chose.



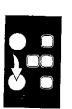


4. Press number keys to set the desired cooking time.





5. Press the **MEMORY** button to save your settings onto the chip. Or press the **START/+30SEC**. button to start cooking this will also save your settings onto the chip. The display will countdown the remaining cooking time in minutes and seconds. It will beep five times when cooking is completed. Remember above settings for future use.





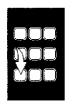
Press the MEMORY button repeatedly to choose the memory setting in order to cook the desired item.





KITCHEN TIMER

1. Press " KITCHEN TIMER ".



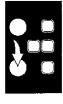


2. Press the number keys to enter the desired minutes 30 seconds (the maximum alarm time is 99 minutes and 99 seconds.) alarm time, for example press 0-2-3-0 for 2





3. Press " START/+30SEC. " to confirm setting.





4. When the time on the alarm has expired the clock indicafor will go out and the buzzer will ring 5 times.



OPERATION(CONTINUED)

INQUIRY

 Press the POWER button during cooking; the display will show current power level for 3 seconds.







Press CLOCK button during cooking, the display will show the time for 3 seconds.





COOKING GUIDE

IE PRINCIPLES OF MICROWAVE COOKING

Microwaves are a form of high frequency radio waves similar to those used by a radio including AM, FM and CB. Electricity is converted into microwave energy by the magnetron tube. From the magnetron tube, microwave energy is transmitted to the oven where it is reflected, transmitted and absorbed by the food.

ection

Microwaves are reflected by metal just as a ball is bounced off of a wall. For this reason, metal utensils are not suitable for use in the microwave. A combination of stationary interior walls and a rotating metal turntable or stirrer fan helps assure that the microwaves are well distributed within the oven cavity to produce even cooking.

Policemen

Microwaves pass through some materials such as paper, glass and plastic much like sunlight shining through a window. Because these substances do not absorb or reflect the microwave energy, they are ideal materials for microwave oven cooking containers.

upuon

During cooking, microwaves will be absorbed by food. They penetrate to a depth of about 3/4 to 1 1/2 inches. Microwave energy activates the molecules in the food (especially water, fat and sugar), and heat is produced. If you vigorously rub your hands together, you will feel heat produced by friction. The internal cooking of larger foods is done by conduction as the heat which is produced by friction is conducted to the middle of the food. Foods also continue to cook by conduction during standing time.

)OD CHARACTERISTICS

antity: The amount of food placed in a microwave oven has a direct effect on the cooking time. Small amounts of food or liquid require less cooking time than larger amounts of the same substance. As quantity increases, concentration decreases.

e: Small pieces cook faster than large ones. To speed cooking, cut pieces smaller than two inches (5 cm), so microwaves can penetrate to the middle from all sides. Pieces which are similar in size and shape cook more evenly.
pe: Many foods are uneven, like a chicken, ribs or broccoli. The thin parts will cook faster than the thick parts, while

3pe: Many foods are uneven, like a chicken, ribs or broccoli. The thin parts will cook faster than the thick parts, while uniformly thick foods cook evenly. To compensate for irregular shapes, place thin pieces toward the center of the dish and thicker pieces toward the edge of the dish.

rting Temperature: Frozen or refrigerated foods take longer to cook than foods at room temperature.

te and Fat: Because bones conduct heat, the side of the meat the bone is on will cook first, while boneless cuts cook slower but more evenly. Fat attracts microwaves. The middle of these foods are cooked by heat conduction.

sture Content: Microwaves are attracted by moisture. Naturally moist foods absorb microwaves better than dry ones.

4dd a minimum of liquid to moist foods, as excess water slows cooking.

isity: The density of food determines how easily the microwaves can penetrate and how quickly it will cook. Perous foods, like chopped beef or mashed potatoes, microwave faster than dense ones like steak or whole potatoes. roing: Steam builds up pressure in foods which are tightly covered by a skin or membrane. Pierce potatoes, egg yorks and chicken livers to prevent bursting.

CROWAVE TECHNIQUES

ring: Stir foods from outside to center of dish once or twice during cooking to equalize heat and speed microwaving, ds will not burn or stick, so there's no need to stir constantly as you do in conventional cooking.

ingement: Arrange foods with thin or delicate ends, like drumsticks or asparagus spears, with the thick or tougher ions to the outside of the dish. The parts which need more cooking will receive more energy, so food will microwave ty.

cing: Individual foods, such as baked potatoes and cupcakes will cook more evenly if placed in the oven an equal ance apart. When possible, arrange foods in a circular pattern. Similarly, when placing foods in a baking dish, arrange and the outside of the dish, not lined up next to each other. Food should not be stacked on top of each other.

rrangement: Rearrange overlapping areas, like tails of long fish fillets, from top to bottom, and closely packed pieces, like balls, from the outside to the center of the dish.

uding Time: Standing time is especially important in microwave cooking. Microwave energy creates heat in the outer is of the food. As a result of normal conduction, the food continues to cook for a few minutes after removal from the oven. In groasts, large whole vegetables, casseroles and cakes stand to finish cooking allows the middles to cook completely but overcooking, drying or toughening the outsides.

the outer ompletely

COOKING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

Covering: Covering speeds cooking time, retains moisture, tenderizes, insures even cooking and prevents spattering. Casserole lids or plastic wrap are used for a tighter seal. Vent plastic by turning back one edge at the side of dish to form a narrow slot where excess steam can escape. Various degrees of moisture retention are also obtained by using microwaveable cover

Browning: Microwave energy cooks some foods so quickly that the fats and sugars within the food do not have time to caramelize and give a "browned" appearance. Browning agents do not affect the quality of microwaved foods, but can add color and flavor. For meats and poultry, use sauce diluted with water or melted butter, soy, Worcestershire, barbecue or steak sauce, a sprinkling of paprika or dry gravy mix; jelly glaze or crumb coating. Frosting and topping finish cakes and breads. Top casseroles at the end of microwaving with grated cheese or crumbs.

Some Foods Do Not Microwave Well

Eggs in Shell's and hard boiled eggs can burst.

Pancakes do not crust, but they reheat well. Fully-prepared, frozen pancakes are available for microwaving. Deep Fat Frying can cause burns

Deep Fat Frying can cause burns.

Bottles with narrow necks may shatter if heated

Popcorn only in special microwave poppers. Do not use oil unless specified by the manufacturer, or heat longer than recommended. Never pop popcorn in paper bags or glass utensils or directly on the glass tray.

HOT SNACKS AND APPETIZERS

Hot hors d'oeuvres and appetizers can be prepared very quickly in the oven by the hostess, or individual servings may be prepared by guests.

Many appetizers may be cooked on the serving platter, provided the platter does not have metal trim. A time saving tip prepare these foods ahead of time, refrigerate or freeze, and reheat in the oven at serving time. A plate of appetizers will take only seconds to prepare or reheat.

Cheese melts very rapidly and will toughen if overcooked, so watch foods combined with cheese closely so that overcooking will not occur. As soon as cheese starts to bubble, cooking is completed.

Appetizers that have a crisin pastry exterior are best proported in a constant of the completed.

Appetizers that have a crisp pastry exterior are best prepared in a conventional oven.

To prepare appetizers wrapped in bacon, it will be necessary to precook the bacon and then wrap around the foods Oysters wrapped in bacon are easier to prepare in the broiler of your conventional range.

Seafood mixtures can be prepared in serving shells as microwave energy will pass through the seafood shells without heating. Aluminum foil should not be used for shells.
If spreads are along the continue to the life of the

If spreads are placed on crackers, care should be taken not to overcook as moisture from the tood will cause crackers to become soggy. Crackers used for spreads should be very dry and crisp. This helps avoid sogginess. Heat only until spread is at serving temperature.

The time required to heat all appetizers will depend on the amount of food, and the number and the type of dish selected. Remember the food will become very hot even if the dish is cool. Cheese mixtures retain heat longer when heated with microwave energy.

MEATS

Guide for Cooking Meats

Roasts, chops, hamburgers and small cuts of tender meat cook beautifully in the microwave oven. Most roasts can be cooked rare, medium rare or even well done in less than one hour. Less tender cuts of meat such as pot roast can be simmered fork tender in a sauce or gravy. Tough cuts that require slow cooking will do better in the conventional range or oven. A large piece of meat, especially if the shape is uneven, should be turned over occasionally for uniform roasting.

Meat	Power Level	Cooking Time (per lb)	Standing Time	Special Notes
Beef Roast	and the second s			
Rare	80	6 - 8 min.	5 - 7 min.	
Medium	80	8 - 10 min.	10 - 15 min.	Turn over after half the time.
Well	80	10 - 12 min.	10 - 15 min.	
Pork Roast				
Bone-in	8	12 - 15 min.	10 min.	Cover with microwaveable cover.
Boneless	80	16 - 18 min.	10 - 15 min.	Turn over after half the time.
Lamb Roast				
Bone-in Medium 80	1 80	7 - 9 min.	10 - 12 min.	
Well	80	9 1/2 - 11 1/2 min.	10 - 15 min.	Turn over after half the time.
Boneless Medium 80	1 80	9 - 11 min.	10 - 12 min.	
Well	80	11 - 13 1/2 min.	10 - 15 min.	
Beef Patties (3 1/2 oz) each	/2 oz) each			
2 patties	100	2 1/2 - 3 min.	5 - 7 min.	Turn over and rearrange
4 patties	100	3 1/2 - 4 1/2 min.	5 - 7 min.	after half the time.
Meat Loaf				
(2lbs)	100	15 - 17 min.	10 - 12 min	Cover with microwaveable cover.
Bacon				
Slices (4 strips)	100	4 - 5 min.	I	
(1 slice; weight: 1 oz,	oz,			Cover with microwaveable cover.
length: 11 in.)				
Ham				
Slices (1 in. thick) 50) 50	7 1/2 - 8 1/2 min.	5 - 7 min.	Cover with microwaveable cover.
o iono				

COOKING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

POULTRY

Guide for Cooking Poultry

Chicken is one of the most popular foods and microwaving chicken is one of the best uses of yo microwave oven. Chicken stays juicy and tender in the microwave oven. However, juiciness prever browning because chicken crisps and browns only when the skin dries out enough to change cold Standing time is important, because it allows the interior to finish cooking without toughening the delical breast meat.

Food	Power Level	Cooking Time (per lb)	Standing Time	Special Notes
Roast		190		
Chicken whole	100	6 - 8 min.	10 - 15 min.	Place breast side up on
Chicken cut up	100	6 - 7 min.	7 - 10 min.	roasting rack. Let stand,
Turkey	80	6 1/2 · 8 min.	10 -15 min.	covered, before serving.
Comish Hens	100	7 - 8 min.	7 - 10 mín.	
Turkey Breast	50	10 - 11 min.	5 - 7 min.	Rearrange once during cooking. Cover with microwaveat cover.

SEAFOOD

Guide for Cooking Seafood

Microwaving is one of the easiest and most efficient ways of preparing fish and seafood, which stidelicate and tender with quick, moist cooking. Overcooking dries out and toughens seafood, so we should check it after the minimum time. If thick pieces like fish steaks or lobster tails are done on the outside, but still slightly translucent in the middle, let them stand for a few minutes; internal heat we complete the cooking.

Sea Scallops (1 lb)	Shrimp (1 lb)	Fish Steak 1 inch thick (1 lb)	Fish Fillet (1 lb)	Whole Fish (1 lb to 1 1/2 lbs)	Food
80	100	100	100	100	Power Level
6 - 7 min.	3 - 4 min.	4 - 5 min.	5 - 6 min.	6 - 7 min.	Cooking Time
5 min.	5 min.	5 - 6 min.	4 - 5 min.	5 min.	Standing Time
Hearrange once during cooking Cover with microwaveable cover	Rearrange once during cooking Cover with microwaveable cover	Turn over after half the time. Cover with microwaveable cover	Turn over after half the time.	Turn over after half the time.	Special Notes

4 slices

GGS & CHEESE

uide for Cooking Eggs & Cheese

Cheese melts quickly and smoothly. When serving cheese as an appetizer, flavor is at peak when served at room temperature. Use a low power level for melting. Cheese melts best when shredded and heated with milk or other liquids. Stir cheese mixtures several times for even heating.

oven before whites are completely cooked. A brief standing time allows whites to set without overcooking than whites. It's easy to poach eggs in a microwave oven, but if you want soft yolks, remove eggs from the Eggs cook differently by microwave. The high fat content of egg yolks absorb energy, so yolks cook faster yolks. Check eggs for completion of cooking early, they toughen when overcooked

evenly and need less stirring than during conventional cooking methods. When eggs and yolks are mixed together for omelets, scrambled eggs or custards, they cook more

Do not try to cook eggs in the shell. Steam can build up inside the shells, causing them to burst.

rambled Eggs

covered, before serving.	3 - 4 min.	4 Tosp	2 Tbsp	G
Cook as directed in chart, breaking up	2 - 3 min.	2 Tbsp	1 Tbsp	4
Place butter in small casserole and melt.	1 - 2 min.	2 Tbsp	1 Tbsp	2
Procedure	Cook on Power 100	Milk or Water	Butter	Eggs
				Ì

pached Eggs

					1
water, cook as directed in chart.	2 min.	21/2-3 min. 2 min.	6 - 7 min.	2 cups	43
into separate dish, pierce yolk once with	2 min.	11/2-2 min. 2 min.	4 - 6 min.	1 1/2 cups 4 - 6 min.	٦٧
Place water into medium casserble. Cook at	2 min.	1 min.	4 - 6 min.	1 1/2 cups 4 - 6 min.	-
Procedure	Standing Time	Cook Eggs on Power 80	Cook Water on Power 100	lgs Water	ıgs

COOKING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

VEGETABLES

Guide for Cooking Fresh Vegetables

during the cooking time. Always add salt to water before adding vegetables. Reduce time a minute or than when cooked conventionally. This is due to shorter cooking time and to the fact that less cooking water is two for crisp-tender texture. Increase time for very soft texture. Remember to allow standing time of two to release excess steam. To assure even cooking, vegetables should be cut in uniform pieces and stirred potatoes, are already so tightly covered that they should be pricked with a fork before cooking in order to flavor. Vegetables should be covered with microwaveable cover. Vegetables cooked in their skins, such as needed when microwaving fruits and vegetables. Best of all, vegetables keep their fresh color, texture and trom the microwave oven five minutes after cocking because, as most foods do, vegetables will continue to cook after they are removed Nutrition research indicates that many microwaved vegetables and fruits lose less water soluble vitamin C

Food	Water Amount	Cook on Power 100	Standing Time	Standing Special Notes Time
Asparagus			-	
Spears (1lb)	1/4 cup	5 - 6 min.	2 min.	Medium Casserole, Re-
Cuts (1lb) 1/2 cup		5 - 6 тіп.	2 mín.	arrange once.
Beans				
Fresh green (1/2 lb)	1/4 cup	4 - 5 min.	2 min.	Stir twice.
Frozen green (1/2 lb)	2 Tbsp	5 1/2 - 6 1/2 min. 2 min.	2 min.	Stir twice.
Green Peas (2 cups)	1/4 cup	4 - 5 min.	2 min.	Small casserole. Stir twice.
Broccoli (2 cups)	1/4 cup	4 - 5 min.	2 min.	Medium casserole.
				Rearrange once during cooking.
Brussels Sprouts (1 tb)	1/4 cup	6 - 7 1/2 min.	2 - 3 min.	2 - 3 min. Medium casserole. Stir once.
Cabbage (1 lb)	1/4 cup	5 - 6 min.	2 - 5 min.	2 - 5 min. Rearrange once during cooking.
Cauliflower pieces (1 head)	1/4 cup	6 - 7 min.	2 - 5 min.	2 - 5 min. Cover with microwaveable cover Stir once.
Mushroom slices (1/2 lb)	2 Tbsp	3 - 4 min,	2 - 3 min.	2 - 3 min. Small casserole. Stir once.

SOUPS

Guide for Cooking Soups

Satisfy appetites with savory soups prepared in your microwave oven. Adapt your favorites by using similar cooking times and techniques.

Food	Power	Cooking Time	Standing Time	Standing Special Notes Time
Canned Condensed				
Cream style, Bean, Pea				
or Mushroom (10 1/2 -				
11 1/2 oz)				
With Water	100	4 1/2 - 5 1/2 min. 2 - 3 min.	2 - 3 min.	Stir halfway through
With Milk	8	51/2-61/2 min. 2-3 min.		cacking time. Cover.
Dry Soup Mix	100	5 1/2 - 7 min.	2 - 3 min.	Add water.
	then			Cover with lid.
1 envelape (10 1/2 oz)	50	3 - 4 min.		Stir twice.
Broth (10 1/2 oz)	100	4 - 5 min.	2 - 3 min.	2 - 3 min. Stir twice, Cover

SAUCES

Guide for Cooking Sauces

Sauces boil over rapidly, especially those that contain milk. As soon as the door is opened, cooking stops. If ingredients are not taken directly from the refrigerator, cooking time will be less than given in the recipe. Stir sauce quickly, about every 30 seconds to eliminate lumps. Be sure to use a container twice the size of the amount of liquid to prevent boiling over.

A wooden spoon may be left in the dish while sauce is cooking for easy stirring. If sauce is stirred slowly, cooking time may require about 15 seconds longer. If desired, a 1 quart glass measure may be used to prepare some sauces.

White Sauce

Amount Butter	Flour	Mij	Cook Butter	Cook Sauce	Special Notes
1 cup, thin 1 Tosp 1 Tosp 1 cup	1 Tbsp	1 cup	30 sec.	30 sec. 2 1/2 - 3 1/2 min.	Cook on Full power as directed
med. 2 Tbsp 2 Tbsp 1 cup	2 Tbsp	1 cup	1 min.	2 1/2 - 3 1/2 min.	or until thickened, stirring once. 2 1/2 - 3 1/2 min. Let stand, covered, before
thick 3 Tbsp 3 Tbsp 1 cup	3 Tbsp	1 cup	1 min.	3 - 4 min.	serving.

Brown Gravy

Amount	Fat from Flour	Flour	Liquid or	Cook on	Special Notes
	Drippings		V/	Power 100	-
1 cup, thin 1 Tosp		1 Tbsp 1 cup	1 cup	2 1/2 - 3 1/2 min.	Cook on Full power as dispated
med.	med. 1 Tbsp	1 Tosp 1 cup	1 cup	3 - 4 min.	or until thickened, stirring once.
thick	thick 1 Tbsp	1 Tbsp 1 cup	1 cup	3 - 4 min.	serving.

CASSEROLES

Casseroles may require occasional stirring to distribute heat. They cook more evenly when made with ingredients of similar size and shape. Because of their shorter cooking time, casseroles cooked in the microwave oven generally need less liquid. Casseroles with cream and cheese sauces, or meats which need slower cooking to tenderize, cook best on power level 40.

When cooking a favorite casserole, make two and freeze the second for future use. Line a casserole or baking dish with microwaveable cover. Transfer the cooked food to the lined container and freeze. As soon as the food is frozen in the shape of the dish, remove it and wrap with freezer paper. Later it can be unwrapped and returned to the container for defrosting and heating.

Dry Casserole Mixtures

Many prepared box type casseroles are available on the grocery shelves. Many have freeze diied loods or evaporated foods included. Cooking periods are so short there may not be time for the foods to absorb the moisture sufficiently and reconstitute the foods. To prepare this type, boil the amount of water recommended on the package. Add the noodles (when included), cover and cook for approximately 10 minutes. Allow noodles to stand covered for an additional 10 minutes, rinse with warm water and drain. Then follow package directions for preparing the mix. Reheat four to six minutes before serving.

COOKING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

SANDWICHES, INCLUDING HAMBURGERS AND HOT DOGS

Guide for Heating Sandwiches

Sandwiches heat very quickly because, being porous, they have a low density. Since the filling is usual more dense than the bread or rolls, the filling determines the heating time. Surprisingly, the filling values be hotter than the bread feels. Care must be taken not to overcook as the bread will becontough. Use several thin slices of meat. Thin slices heat more quickly and are better than one thick slice. The slow heating thick slice often causes the bread to overcook before the meat is hot. Sandwiches me be placed on a paper plate. Remove wrapping immediately after warming. Already-baked frozen bread and rolls may be used for sandwiches. The filling, however, should be thawed first. Toasted bread is fird sandwiches and provides a firm base. The toast is warmed only; no further browning occurs.

Amount Cook on Power 100 1 1 min. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 1 1 3 - 4 min. 4 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 4 1 1/2 - 2 min.				
Amount Cook on Power 100 1 1 min. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 2 1 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 4 1 1/2 - 2 min.	Place on microwaveable plate.	4 min	4	Sloppy Joes
Amount Cook on Power 100 1 1 min. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 1 3 - 4 min. 4 1 1/2 - 2 min.				(2 oz)
Amount Cook on Power 100 1 1 min. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 1 1 min. 4 3 - 4 min.	Cover with microwaveable cover.	1 1/2 - 2 min.	4	Hot Dogs
Amount Cook on Power 100 1 1 rnin. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min. 1 1 min.		3 - 4 min.	4	(4 oz)
Amount Cook on Power 100 vich 1 1 nin. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min. 4 3 - 4 min.	Cover with microwaveable cover,	1 min.	_4	Hamburger
Amount Cook on Power 100 vich 1 1 min. 2 1 1/2 - 2 min.		3 - 4 min.	4	
Amount Cook on Power 100	Place on microwaveable plate.	1 1/2 - 2 min.	N	(5 oz)
Amount Gook on Power 100		1 min.	-4	Sandwich
Amount Cook		on Power 100		
	Special Notes	Cook	Amount	Food

PASTA & GRAINS

Guide for Cooking Pasta and Grains

Raw long grain rice takes time to rehydrate. Microwaving time is a little shorter than conventional, but the greatest advantage is the ease with which you can prepare fluffy rice without sticking or burning. Cookerice and pasta reheat easily in the microwave oven without loss of flavor or texture. No extra water needed to prevent sticking or drying, so there's no danger of overcooking rice and pasta or thinning sauces.

Food	Hot	Salt	Oil or	Power	Cookina	Standing
	Water		Butter	Leve	Time	Time
Pasta (8 oz)			1		;	
Egg Noodles	4 cups	1 tsp.	1 Tbsp.	100	6 1/2 - 7 1/2 min.	2 - 5 min.
Macaroni	4 cups	1 lsp.	1 Tbsp.	100	8 - 10 min.	2 - 5 min.
Spaghetti	4 cups	1 tsp.	1 Tbsp.	100	8 - 10 min.	2 - 5 min.
Lasagna Noodles 4 cups	4 cups	1 tsp.	1 Tbsp.	100	12 - 14 min,	2 - 5 min.
Rice, Long Grain						
White Rice (1 cup) 2 cups	2 cups	†tsp. 1tsp.	1 tsp.	100 then	5 - 6 min.	5 - 7 min.
				80	9 1/2 - 12 min.	
! :				†00	5 - 6 min.	
Brown Rice (1 cup) 2 cups	2 cups	1/2 tsp. 1 tsp.	1 tsp.	then		5 - 7 min.
			-	80	22 - 27 min.	

EREALS

ficrowaveable hot cereals can be cooked directly in the cereal bowl and make cleaning up easy

CONVENIENCE FOODS

rozen Foods

large variety of frozen foods, special dishes and dinners are available and the selections continue to increase. The narket is changing rapidly, therefore it is impossible to list the foods and types available and recommend cooking rocedures. In this book we can only give general directions to assist you.

V. Dinners

o prepare a T.V. dinner, follow the maker's instructions for use with microwave ovens. Cooking a T.V. dinner will require proximately five to seven minutes for the food to thaw and heat to serving temperature (depending on the types of pod). Allow plastic wrap to remain over the dish for two minutes to allow heat to equalize. Dinners that contain mashed otatoes have presented a bit of a problem due to the large compact mass of this particular food. You may want to amove about half the mashed potatoes after defrosting is started, then spread the remaining potatoes over the individual ection of the tray. Heat the removed mashed potatoes in an individual dish. For foods that should be crisp when cooking completed, remove the plastic wrap and use the broiler of a conventional range to crisp the food.

ndividual Frozen Foods

hese may be commercially prepared or frozen at home. Place the container of frozen food in the oven and heat only ntil the food starts to defrost and can be removed easily. Empty contents into a casserole or serving dish and continue to efrost and heat. Do not heat foods in deep foil containers. To crisp and brown special toppings, use the broiler of a onventional range. If allowed to heat to serving temperature in a plastic container, the container will warp or melt from he high heat of food.

rozen Foods in Cooking Pouches or Boilable Bags

o prepare these foods, slit the plastic bag. An X-type cut will help remove the food at the end of cooking time. Place the ut side down on a serving dish (with no metal trim). Heat foods other than vegetables for about three minutes. Frozen egetables require about eight to nine and a half minutes of cooking time. Allow the pouch bag to remain over the food for bout two minutes to allow time for the heat to equalize. Foods prepared in cheese or white sauce should be removed om the pouch and placed in a glass casserole dish and stirred to prevent overcooking of the sauce around the edges of the dish.

Complete Meals from Table Leftovers

iomplete meals from leftovers can be prepared in advance. Foods can be frozen and ready for quick heating in the oven tany time. Choose foods suitable for freezing and put serving portions on paper, glass or china (no metal trim) plates. If you with recommended freezer paper and freeze quickly. When portioning the servings of food on the plate, use pproximately the same amount of each kind of food for more even heating. Mashed potatoes will heat quicker if spread lightly and hollowed, with a pat of butter in the center. To prevent small pieces of vegetables, corn, peas, etc., from ethydrating during heating, mound well near the center of the plate.

COOKING GUIDE (CONTINUED)

DESSERTS

There's always time to make dessert with a microwave oven. Fruit desserts have a remarkably fresh flavor and texture. Microwaved cakes are higher and more tender than conventionally baked; since cakes are usually frosted, browning is unimportant. Microwaved pie crusts are exceptionally tender and flaky, while delicate custards and puddings are easy to prepare.

Guide for Cooking Cakes

Custard (6 servings)	Muffin (6 muffins)	Ring or Angel Food Cake	(Mixed 9 inch)		Food
50	50	80	80	100	Power Level
10 - 12 min.	4 1/2 - 6 1/2 min. 2 - 5 min. Rearrange once.	5 1/2 - 6 1/2 min.	4 1/2 - 6 min.	3 1/2 - 5 min.	Cooking Time
5 - 7 min.	2 - 5 min.	2 - 5 min.		2 - 5 min.	Standing Time
5 - 7 min. Rearrange once.	Rearrange once.	5 1/2 - 6 1/2 min. 2 - 5 min. Cover with wax paper.	paper lined cake dishes.	2 - 5 min. Pour into greased and wax	Standing Special Notes Time

aking Bring

- Bar cookies work best. Greasing or lining of the microwaveable baking dish is optional
- If insufficient browning disturbs you, frast, glaze or add food coloring to white or yellow batters.
- A microwaveable cookie sheet can be made by covering cardboard with waxed paper.
- Round glass baking dishes, and fluted or smooth microwaveable ring molds work best for cakes. You can make a microwaveable ring mold of your own by placing a medium-size glass in the center of a round glass baking dish.
- Because your cakes will rise higher in microwave cooking, never fill microwaveable cake pans more than half full.
- Reduce baking powder and soda by approximately one-fourth when converting a conventional recipe.
- Fill paper-lined muffin cups to only half full which allows for muffins to rise more than normal.
- You can prepare your own "brown in serve" breads and rolls by baking them ahead of time in the microwave oven. Then, place them in a conventional oven to brown prior to serving.
- Breads and rolls should be reheated to the point where they are warm to the touch. Overheating or overcooking makes bread tough and rubbery.
- When making yeast bread in a microwave oven, choose a recipe with commeal, whole wheat flour, or rye flour to achieve a richer color.

WEIGHT & MEASURE CONVERSION CHART

POUNDS & OUNCES TO GRAMS

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	ယ	Ŋ		3/4	1/2	1/4	POUNDS (lbs)
4990	4536	4082	3629	3175	2722	2268	1814	1361	907	454	341	227	114	GRAMS (g)
1 Gallon =	1 Quart =	1 Pint =	1 0 20	251	 FLUID MI 	. 8	7	6	ধা	4	ယ	22		OUNCES (oz)
128 flui	32 fluid	16 fluid	o naid o	B fillid o	EASUREMENTS	227	198	170	142	113	සි	57	28	GRAMS (g)
128 fluid ounces =	32 fluid ounces =	16 fluid ounces =		B fluid nunces -	S	16	15	14	13	12	±	10	9	OUNCES (oz)
3840 ml	960 ml	480 ml	200	240 ml		454	425	397	369	340	312	284	255	GRAMS (g)

PECIFICATIONS

22 Lbs (10 kg) Approx	rght
17.2 (W) x 13.4 (D) x 10.2 (H) inches (438mm x 340mm x 258mm)	Iside Dimensions
0.7 cubic feet	en Capacity
2450MHz	rowave Frequency
W007	rawave Output Power
120V~ 60Hz	wer Supply
Rating Specification	п

FORE YOU CALL FOR SERVICE

fer to the following checklist before you call for service.

ne oven does not work

Check that the power card is securely plugged in

Check that the door is firmly closed

Sheck that the cooking time is set.

Sheck for a blown circuit fuse or tripped main circuit breaker in your house

Sheck that the Child Lock feature is not engaged

tere is sparking in the cavity:

Theck the containers, dishes or utensils in the oven and make sure they are not metal or have metal trim



PHONE NUMBER OF YOUR SERVICE CENTER. TO FIND THE LOCATION AND NEAREST AUTHORIZED

CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-695-0098

FOR ADDITIONAL SET-UP OR OPERATING ASSISTANCE

PLEASE CALL: 1-800-898-9020

FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE, PLEASE WRITE ≣merson Radio Corp.

5101 Statesman Drive, Consumer Affairs Dept Irving, TX 75063

LIMITED WARRANTY MICROWAVE OVENS

of original purchase in, and if used in, the United States ("warranty"). Should service be necessary under this warranty, perform repairs, provided the manufacturing defect is verified along with the date of purchase: parts, and workmanship under normal use and conditions ("manufacturing defect") for a period of one (1) year from date Emerson will provide the following at an Independent Service Center or Regional Repair Facility permitted by Emerson to Emerson Radio Corp. warrants this product to be free from manufacturing defects in original material, including original

Repair service for one (1) year from date of original purchase at no charge for labor and parts

Replacement of a detective magnetron for seven (7) years from date of original purchase (labor not included after initial twelve (12) months)

permitted by Emerson to perform repairs: you, DIAL TOLL FREE: 1-800-695-0098. In the event the product must be mailed to a Regional Repair Facility which is There are Independent Service Center and Regional Repair Facilities located through out the country. For one nearest

- Pack the unit in a well-padded heavy corrugated box
- Enclose your check or money order payable to the REGIONAL REPAIR FACILITY in the amount of \$15.00 to cover return shipping and handling costs.
- Enclose a copy of your proof of purchase (warranty service will not be provided without dated proof of purchase).
- Ship the unit prepaid via UPS or parcel post (insured).

NOTE: This warranty does not cover:

- (a) Damage to equipment not properly connected to the product.
- (b) Cost incurred in the shipping of the product to and from a Regional Repair Facility permitted by Emerson to perform warranty repairs.
- (c) Damage or improper operation of unit caused by customer abuse, misuse, negligence or failure to follow operating instructions provided with the product
- (d) Ordinary adjustments to the product which can be performed by customer as outlined in the owner's manual.
 (e) Signal reception problems caused by external antenna or cable systems.
 (f) Products not purchased in the United States.
 (g) Damage to product if used outside the United States.

WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, SHALL APPLY TO THE PRODUCT THEREAFTER. EMERSON MAKES NO WARRANTY AS TO THE FITNESS OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WARRANTY AS PROVIDED HEREIN BEGINNING WITH THE DATE OF ORIGINAL PURCHASE AT RETAIL AND NO THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO A PERIOD OF THE EXPRESSED THIS WARRANTY IS NON-TRANSFERABLE AND APPLIES ONLY TO THE ORIGINAL PURCHASER AND DOES NOT EXTEND TO SUBSEQUENT OWNERS OF THE PRODUCT. ANY APPLICABLE IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING

WARRANTY IS VALID ONLY IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA REPLACEMENT PROVIDED ABOVE AND, IN NO EVENT, SHALL EMERSON RADIO CORP'S LIABILITY EXCEED CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT. THIS EMERSON RADIO CORP. BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS, DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, OR THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE PURCHASER OF THE PRODUCT. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE EXTENT OF EMERSON RADIO CORP'S LIABILITY UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS THE REPAIR OR

THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL HIGHTS, HOWEVER, YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH MAY VARY FROM STATE TO STATE, SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR EXCLUSION OF CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE, THEREFORE THESE RESTRICTIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU

the serial number of your unit in the space below for future reference The serial number can be found on the back cabinet. We suggest that you record

Serial Number:	Model Number:

MV1094F

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EMERSON PART NO.:MW9712-08142008-01

Printed in China