# SpeedLIGHT16 User Manual

# Warning

Please read the warnings before you start operating the product. Make sure to have these precautions in mind before/during installation and operation of the product.



## Qualification for installation

This product should be installed by personnel who is qualified for handling network devices and fiber communication devices, or who is a skilled engineer.



# Inhibition of disassembly

Disassembling this product may cause injury of personnel or loss of property due to electric shock, failure, malfunction or static electricity. Disassembling, repairing or modifying the product at your own discreet will invalidate the warranty. If you need to repair the product, please contact Technical Support Center of LG-NORTEL.



# Possible risks according to the installation location

In order to prevent impact on the product or the consequential damage of personnel or property, do not install or operate the product in the area with excessively hot or cold temperature, high humidity, excessive dust or vibration. Any water permeated into the product may cause damage to personnel or property due to electric shock or failure. Please make sure to use power supply that complies with the specifications of this product, and not to use unearthed or damaged cables. And check if the installation location and conditions meet the regulations on electric safety.



# Inhibition of wearing personal ornaments

Do not wear any personal ornament such as ring, necklace or watch while handling this product. Any conductive metal may cause damage to personnel or property due to electric shock, static electricity or fire. Loose clothing, neck tie or slippers may also cause accidents during operation of the product.



# Precaution on EMI

EMI will affect this product and cables, causing abnormal operation of the product due to disturbance of signal handling. Therefore, do not install or operate this product in areas that are susceptible to high levels of electromagnetic interference.



#### Precaution on lightning

Lightening may cause severe defect of the product. Check if there are any conditions that may lead to lightning damage. If there is a flash of lightening or any such event is expected, stop handling the product and do not touch the cable.



#### Precaution on electric shock

Do not touch the power supply if the power code is connected. Even when the power switch is in OFF position, electric current runs inside the product if the power code is connected to the power source.



## Safety handling of laser

The BMU which is one of the components of this product, emits high-power laser radiation in the infrared wave range of 100 mW or higher. Therefore, do not stare at emission during operation of the product. Exposing your eye directly to the light is very dangerous. Make sure to wear safety goggles and also be careful not to expose your eyes to any reflected light. Check if the power is OFF on the BMU before connecting the optical connector.



FDA/CDRH Class IIIb and IEC® 60825 Class 3B laser product All versions are Class 3B laser products per IEC 60825



CAUTION: Use of controls, adjustment, and procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure.



# **CAUTION (FCC STATEMENT)**

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

- \* NOTE: The OLT and ONT have been tested and found to comply with the limit for a Class A and Class B digital device, respectively, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in particular installation, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encourage to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help
- \*NOTE: The OLT and ONT comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) the OLT and ONT may not cause harmful interference, and (2) the OLT and ONT must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Precautions in installing TurboLIGHT16

Check if you have received all the parts of TurboLIGHT16.

Select the location for installation of TurboLIGHT16.

In order to ensure performance and maintainability of TurboLIGHT16, install the product at safe distances from external devices for better ventilation and to prevent interference with each other.

## Precautions in using VLAN ID 4095 in TurboLIGHT16

VLAN ID 4095 is used for In-band OAM in TurboLIGHT16 and thus should not be used for other purpose. Using this VLAN ID 4095 by user can affect the TurboLIGHT16 management function where it does not affect service data traffic.

#### Software update

You will be informed of software update, if any, via mail or e-mail.

Refer to "5.11 LiveUpdate" of this manual for further information on software updates.

Provisions of Warranty of LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.

Thank you for purchasing our product. If you find any defects in the product or have any problem in operating the

product, <u>LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.</u> will provide free or charged replacement/repair depending on the whether the

warranty is expired in accordance with the below-specified warranty provisions. If you want to request replacement

or repair of the product, please contact the dealer where the product is purchased or any LG-Nortel' authorized

agent, and request the service.

Object of warranty

This warranty is applied to any product supplied by **LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.** 

Principle of warranty

This product can be disassembled, repaired or assembled only by personnel authorized by <u>LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.</u>, No

maintenance work can be performed without the consent of LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.

Period of warranty

This warranty is valid for 12 months from the date of purchase. Any service provided after the expiration of the

warranty period will be charged in accordance with the relevant regulations of LG-Nortel Co. Ltd. (If the warranty

period is otherwise specified in the Agreement, warranty service will be provided for the period as specified in the

Agreement.)

Free service:

Within 12 months from the date of purchase

Charged service:

After 12 months from the date of purchase

#### **Exceptions of warranty**

Following exceptions are applied to the warranty.

- The customer will pay for the service, even for defects occurring within the warranty period, if the d efect is caused by force majeure including fire, explosion, lightning, earthquake or flood.
- The customer will pay for the service, even for defects occurring within the warranty period, if the d efect is caused by negligence of the customer (inappropriate power supply, defects in the connected d evices, etc.).
- No service will be provided for any defect caused by the maintenance work performed by any perso nnel not authorized by LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.

#### Liability of transportation

Any transportation cost incurred due to defects of the product found <u>within the warranty period</u> will be at the cost of <u>LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.</u> In this case, transportation of the repaired product for the customer will be at the cost of <u>LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.</u> The customer is responsible for any transportation costs after the warranty period is expired.

<u>LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.</u> takes no responsibility for delay in transportation and/or missing of the product during the transportation caused due to incorrect information provided by the customer at the request of service.

LG-Nortel Co. Ltd. will do its best to provide the customers with satisfactory products and after-sales services.

LG-Nortel Co. Ltd.

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The information in this manual is subject to change due to function enhancement, change of design, etc. If you want the modified manual or have any question on this manual, please contact us with information below:

Address: Customer Support Center, LG Research Complex 1, 533 Hogye 1-dong, Dongan-gu, Anyang-shi, Kyungki-do, South Korea

Tel: 82-1588-9388

# **Revision History**

Version	date of revision	reason for revision	Description
V1.0	2008/10	Initial	Initial Release

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#### Introduction

#### The Best Choice

SpeedLIGHT16 are designed for the realization of high-speed access networks. The equipment enables symmetric and dedicated high-bandwidth optical data links to deliver services such as video, Internet and voice communications. Existing subscriber devices such as xDSL or cable-modems have limitations in distance and data rates. SpeedLIGHT16 are optimum solutions for complementing these limitations by enabling efficient and cost-effective optical connectivity for FTTC and FTTB network applications.

SpeedLIGHT16 are based on Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing (DWDM) technology, which utilizes economical and efficient use of the outside fiber plant. The system realizes a stable high-speed service by adopting highly reliable passive optical components in the fiber network to connect the central office with the curb/building/pole/wall, with an independent optical communication channel delivered to each remote location. In addition, SpeedLIGHT16 system has the additional advantages in that it is compatible with the existing Ethernet LAN-based subscriber networks. Thus, SpeedLIGHT16 is economical Ethernet system that ensures high-performance, high-reliability and stable services without the need for data protocol conversion.

Thank you for purchasing SpeedLIGHT16.

#### Before you read this manual

This manual provides information for users on how to operate the SpeedLIGHT16 equipment. This manual is subject to version updates to meet any future modifications of SpeedLIGHT16. This manual describes the functions of SpeedLIGHT16 and how to install, use and manage the system.

Read this manual carefully before and/or during operation of the SpeedLIGHT16 systems.

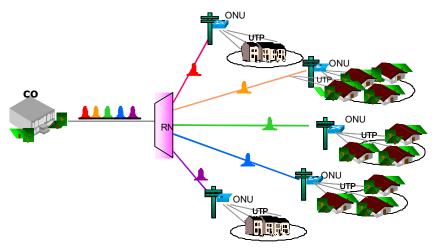
If you wish to expand functions or to repair defects, make sure to contact the dealer or the Customer Service Center of LG-Nortel. If you have any query in operating SpeedLIGHT16 or find any defect, please contact the dealer or the Customer Service Center.

# **Chapter1** Description

# 1 System Overview

SpeedLIGHT16 system consists of Optical Line Terminals (OLT), Remote Nodes (RN) and Optical Network Terminals (ONT). A fiber trunk path is used from CO to the passive RN in the subscriber area. A fiber trunk path is used from the RN to each ONT. The ONT can be connected to an electrical switch for connectivity to multiple users. The ONT converts the optical signal from the OLT into an electric signal at the remote location. It also converts the electric signal into an optical signal for transmission to the OLT. The ONT is automatically allocated with a dense WDM optical wavelength for a dedicated and independent connection to the OLT.

The main optical components of OLT include the Broadband Light Source and MUX Unit (BMU) and the Optical Channel Unit (OCU). The OCU is connected with the subscriber aggregation switch (L3 Ethernet switch), which is the upper layer device, via the UTP cable, and with BMU in the lower layer via the fiber cable. The OCU is the CO media converter that converts the optical signal from the subscriber into the electric signal for the subscriber aggregation switch. It also converts the electric signal from the subscriber aggregation switch into the optical signal for the subscriber. MUX in BMU multiplexes the downlink signal and delivers it to the fiber trunk path.



**Figure 1-1Concept of FTTC Service** 

The MUX also demultiplexes the upper link signal from the fiber trunk path, and delivers it to each OCU. If the OCU in the CO or the ONT at the remote location are connected to the system, the BLS allows automatic locking to the wavelength channel. Therefore, OCUs (or ONTs) are interchangeable with each other, irrespectively of the other assigned wavelength channels.

# 2 SpeedLIGHT™ 16 product configuration

# SpeedLIGHT<sup>™</sup>16 Configuration

Position	SpeedLIGHT <sup>™</sup> 16		
	OLT Shelf (including backplane and providing 2 PSU, 1 BMU, 1 MCU, 16 OCU slots		
	SL16-PSU (2 units for redundancy)		
0.7	SL16-MCU		
OLT	SL16-BMU		
	SL16-OCU-125		
	SL16-OLT-FAN		
RN	RN AWG		
	RN Enclosure		
ONT	SL16-ONT-125		
	(100 / 240) Vac to 5 Vdc power adaptor		

# 3 SpeedLIGHT™ 16 Product Pictures



Figure 1-2 OLT with full unit population



Figure 1-3 SL16-BMU



Figure 1-4 SL16-PSU, SL16-MCU, and SL16-OCU-125



The Fan shelf has three pluggable fan units that can be inserted and ejected through back side.



Figure 1-5 SL16-OLT-FAN and fan unit

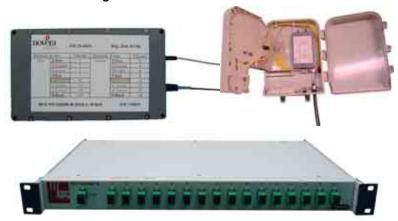


Figure 1-6 RN AWG and RN Closure (Pole mount type and Rack mount type)



Figure 1-7 SL16-ONT-125

# Chapter2 SpeedLIGHT<sup>™</sup> 16 Specification

# 1 SpeedLIGHT™16 Specifications

## 1.1 System specification

■ Number of ONT's per RN: 16

■ Data rate per ONT: 125 Mbps

■ Maximum Range from OLT to ONT: 0 to 10 km

■ Number of Fibers from OLT to RN: 1 feeder fiber per OLT

■ Number of Fibers from RN to each ONT: 1 distribution fiber per ONT

■ Maximum loss of the transmission fibers: 4.5 dB Upstream wavelength band: 1534 – 1560 nm

■ Downstream wavelength band: 1426 – 1451 nm

■ BER: 10<sup>-10</sup> for 125 Mbps

## 1.2 Optical Line Terminal shelf: SL16-OLT

Main Specifications		
SL16-OCU-125	Up to 16 channels per shelf	
SL16-MCU	1 unit per shelf	
SL16-BMU	1 unit per shelf	
SL16-PSU	2 units per shelf (for redundancy)	
Power Supply and Dimensions		
Operating voltage	-40.8 Vdc ~ 57.6 Vdc	
Max. power consumption	300 W	
Dimension	19" rack, Height: 5 U	
Operating Environment		
Operating Temperature	0 °C ~ 50 °C	
Storage Temperature	-40 °C ~ 85 °C	
Humidity	5 % ~ 85%	

# 1.3 Optical Channel Unit (100M): SL16-OCU-125

Optical Interface			
Optical cable	ble Single mode optical fiber		
Optical interface	1 SC/APC connector		
Line Rate	125 Mbps		
Input optical data power	-32 dBm to -4 dBm (C-band)		
Output optical data power	-14.5 dBm to +1.5 dBm (E-band)		
BLS input power	ver -16 dBm to -2 dBm (E-band)		
Ethernet Port			
Operation mode	Fast Ethernet / Auto-Negotiation Mode		
Electrical interface	RJ-45		

# 1.4 Broadband Light Source and Mux Unit: SL16-BMU

Optical Features			
Maximum branches	16 channel (Uplink: 16 wavelengths,  Downlink: 16 wavelengths)		
Optical cable	Single mode optical fiber		
Optical connector	SC/APC		
Max output data power into feeder fiber	+13.5 dBm (E-band)		
BLS power into feeder fiber	+7.5 dBm to +19.5 dBm (C-band)		
BLS output power to OCU	CU -16 dBm to -2 dBm (E-band, including one patch cord)		

# 1.5 Main Control Unit : SL16-MCU

Interface		
Console	RS-232	
Ethernet	RJ-45	

## 1.6 Fan shelf: SL16-OLT-Fan

Main Features		
Fan unit 3 units per shelf		
Power	-48 Vdc from the OLT shelf	

# 1.7 Remote Node (RN): SL16-RN

Optical Features				
M. San and an advan	16 channel (Uplink: 16 wavelengths,			
Maximum branches	Downlink: 16 wavelengths)			
Maximum Insertion Loss at				
Peak	5 dB for C-band and 5.5 dB for E-band			
Optical cable	Single mode optical fiber			
	Connection to the CO	1 core		
Optical connection	Connection to the subscriber	1 core		
Environmental Conditions				
Operating temperature	-30 °C ~ 70 °C			
Operating humidity	5% ~ 85%			

# 1.8 Optical Network Terminal (100M): SL16-ONT-125

Optical Interface			
Optical cable	Single mode optical fiber		
Line Rate	125 Mbps		
Optical interface	SC/APC connector		
Input optical data power	-33.5 dBm to -5.5 dBm (E-band)		
Output optical data power	-14.5 dBm to +3 dBm (C-band)		
BLS input power	-16 dBm to +2 dBm (C-band)		
Ethernet Port			
Operation mode	Fast Ethernet / Auto-Negotiation Mode		
Electrical interface	interface RJ-45 connector		
Environmental Conditions			
Operating temperature	0 °C ~ 50 °C		
Operating humidity	5% ~ 85%		
Input Power Supply			
Rating	5 Vdc 3A		

# Chapter3 How to Install SpeedLIGHT<sup>™</sup>16

# 1 SpeedLIGHT™16 Units port and LED information

# 1.1 SL16-MCU

**LED** information



LED	Color	Status	Description
AT	Orange	On	Displays MCU is in booting status
(Active)	Green	On	Displays MCU is in normal operation
CR (Critical Alarm)	Red	On	Displays alarm that system in critical fault/failure
MJ (Major Alarm)	Orange	On	Displays alarm that system in major fault/failure
MN (Minor Alarm)	Yellow	On	Displays alarm that system in minor fault/failure

#### Port information

Port	Туре	ype Description	
СОМ	RJ-45	Console port for RS232 Serial Terminal	
LAN1	RJ-45	Port for Ethernet connection #1 (10/100 Base-T)	
LAN2	RJ-45	Port for Ethernet connection #2 (10/100 Base-T)	
RST	Push-Button	System reset button	

## 1.2 SL16-BMU



#### **BMU LED information**

LED	Color	Status	Description	
PWR	Green	On	Indicates that power is properly providing	
FAULT	Red	On	Alarms that BMU internal temperature is abnormally high	
EFLT	Red	On	Displays E-BLS Fault (high temperature, high current, optical power drop more than 3 dB)	
CFLT	Red	On	Displays C-BLS Fault (high temperature, high current, optical power drop more than 3 dB)	
ALS	Red	On	Automatic Link Shut down occurs (Optical cable between  OLT and RN is in abnormal state (fiber cut or fiber plugged out)	
BLSOFF	Red	On	E-BLS or C-BLS power down	

#### **BMU Port information**

Port	Туре	Description	
0014	00/400 44	Output : 16 downstream WDM signals and C-BLS	
COM	SC/APC Adaptor	Input : 16 upstream WDM signals	
OCU 1 to16	00/400 4-1	Output : 16 spectrum sliced E-BLS	
	SC/APC Adaptor	Input : 16 downstream WDM signals	

## 1.3 SL16-OCU

#### **OCU LED information**



LED	Color	Status	Description
AT (Active)	Green	On	Displays power on and normal status
os	Red	On	Displays "Out Of Service" status
(Out of service)	Green	On	Displays "In Service" status
FL (Fx Link)	Green	On	Displays Fx Link up status
TL (Tx Link)	Green	On	Displays Tx Link up status
FA (Fx Active)	Green	On	Displays optical signal data transmitting and receiving correctly
TA (Tx Active)	Green	On	Displays electrical signal data transmitting and receiving correctly

#### **OCU** port information

Port	Туре	Description
FX	SC/APC Adaptor	100Base-FX data port
TX	SC/APC Adaptor	100Base-TX data port

## 1.4 SL16-ONT



#### **ONT LED indicator**

the LED information is the same both for ONT-100M and for ONT-1G

LED	Color	Status	Description	
AT	Green	On	Active	
AL	Red	On	Alarm	
FL	Orange	On	Fx Link up	
FA	Green	On	Fx Active : receive and transmit data	
TL	Orange	On	Tx Link up	
TA	Green	On	Tx Active : receive and transmit data	

#### **ONT** front panel port

Port	Туре	Description
FX	SC/APC Adaptor	100Base-FX data port, Link to RN
TX	RJ-45	100Base-TX data port, Link to Ethernet Switch or VDSL

# 2 System installation and connections

#### 2.1 SL16-OLT

- Locate and fix the OLT in a stabilized place. It can be placed on the table or installed in a rack. The selection of installation location is important in order operate the system properly. The installation space shall have enough space distant from other equipments so that it is easy to access the OLT for maintenance.
- Locate the OLT where air flow is provided sufficiently in order to prevent overheating of equipments. Without proper air flow, the heat generated in the system can be accumulated to over heat the modules inside the OLT.
- Provide the power supply that meets the requirement described in Chapter 2. Connect –48 Vdc power cables to the screws of OLT shelf backside as shown in Fig. 3-1.

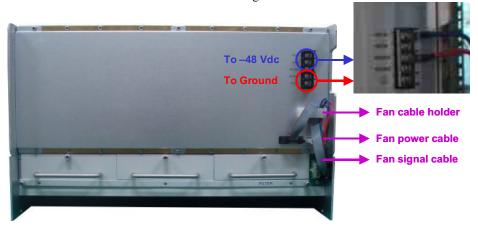


Figure 3-1 OLT –48 Vdc connection and OLT shelf / Fan shelf power and alarm signal connection example

- In case of connecting external redundant power, the two pairs of power cables shall be separately connected to independent power supply.
- For connection of OLT shelf with Fan shelf, use ribbon cable for fan alarm signal and power cable for power supply to fan that are provided in the shipping box. Put fan signal cable and fan power cable through the cable holder as shown in Fig. 3-1. This holder prevents potential damage to fan signal cable when the right most fan unit is ejected.
- In case of installing the OLT in a 19 inch telecommunication rack, use the rack-mount brackets and four rack-mount screws through holes in the brackets
- For connection between OLT shelf and Fan shelf, use the alarm signal ribbon cable and power cable that are shipped with OLT together (See the connection example in Fig. 3-1).
- For optical connections between OCU and BMU, use the SC/APC type optical patch cord (2.4 mm thick, 20 cm long) that are providing in the OCU shipping boxes. (See Fig. 3-2 for connection example)
- For electrical connection (RJ45) between Aggregation switch in CO with OCU, use the straight type STP cable (Cat. 5e or Cat. 6). (See Fig. 3-2 for connection example)

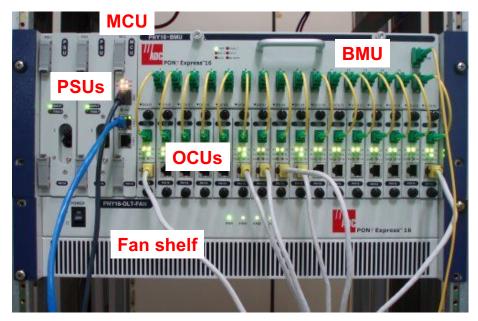


Figure 3-2 OCU and BMU optical connection, OCU and L3 switch electrical connection

#### 2.2 SL16-RN

RN consists of an AWG (Arrayed Waveguide Grating) wavelength division multiplexer/demultiplexer and its closure. The AWG is a very high reliable passive optical component that does not need electrical power. The RN is located between the CO and ONU, it de-multiplexes 16 channel-multiplexed downstream signals received through the feeder fiber from the CO and transmits the independent de-multiplexed downstream signal to each ONT. And adversely, it multiplexes 16 independent upstream signals coming from the ONUs and transmits them to the CO. The common port of the RN connects to the OLT in the CO and consists of a 900 mm jacket optical patch cord with an SC/APC connector. The output ports to connect to the ONT consist of two 8-ribbon fibers whose ends are terminated with 900 mm jacketed optical fiber with a fan-out of 16 SC/APC connectors.



Figure 3-3 RN AWG

The RN connects to each ONU through a single optical fiber.

In case of installing RN on a Pole as shown in Fig. 3-4, the RN-enclosure has the AWG and patch panel for 17 SC/APC optical patch cord connections. An operator in the field can plug in a 24 core fiber cable with SC/APC connecters for connection to the RN common and output ports in advance. (For more detail, see the RN AWG installation procedure in closure)

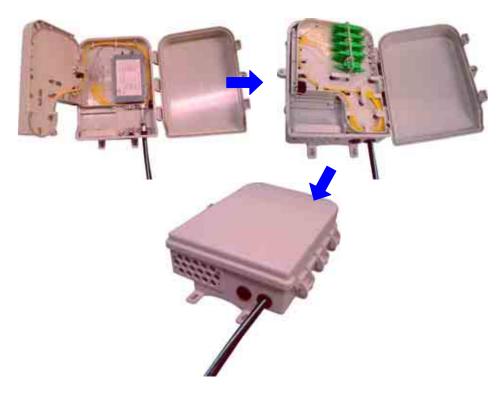


Figure 3-4 RN installed in closure for pole application

In case of installing the OLT in a 19 inch telecommunication rack as shown in Fig 3-5, use the rack-mount brackets and four rack-mount screws through holes in the brackets. For optical connections, use the SC/APC type optical patch cord.



Figure 3-5 RN installed in closure for rack mount application

#### 2.3 SL16-ONT

ONT consists of DWDM-ONT and power adaptor pack. The power adaptor is to be connected to 110 - 240 Vac power supply and generates 5 Vdc for ONT. When connecting ONT to power adaptor, optical patch cord from RN to ONT and LAN cable to RJ45 port, the Fx port, ONT AT, FL, FA, TL, and TA LEDs will turn on in case proper data traffic is properly transmitted. Use cable holder to fix the power adaptor power cord to ONT as shown in Fig. 3-5. Holding power cord through holder prevents un-intended pulling off by mistake.



Figure 3-6 Connecting power connector to DWDM-ONT through holder

# Chapter4 How to Operate the System using software

## **Cautions in system operation**

The special key functions of CLI in serial communication may be restricted depending on the type of terminal (Windows hyper terminal).

# 2 Initial setting of terminal and accessing console

The system must be managed in the following 4 ways:

- Command Line Interface (CLI) via serial line
- CLI via Telnet or SSH
- Management via EMS
- Management via SNMP

At initial start-up, you must access the management mode via the serial port, and allocate the IP of SpeedLIGHT16 system. After that, you can manage the system via Telnet, SSH or EMS or SNMP for NMS.

Since the default rate of the serial port is 9,600 bps, set the serial port rate in the terminal to 9,600 bps, and proceed with access.

When using a terminal emulator such as a hyper terminal, set the terminal mode to VT100 as described in the following table.

How to set the hyper terminal

Bits per second	9,600 bps
Data bit	8 bit
Parity	None
Stop bit	1 bit
Flow control	None

# 3 General requirements for management module

The above-mentioned four management methods have the same type of management process, and hence, require the same capability in system management.

Management via Telnet, SSH or EMS is performed over IP, and access to IP is available from all the ports on the front panel. For example, if you allocate the IP number 192.168.1.10 to the SpeedLIGHT16 system, you can manage the system from a remote place through the IP address.

.......



Refer to "Chapter 4. Managing System with CLI" and "Chapter 5. Managing System with EMS" for detailed operation method using CLI and EMS.

# 4 OS upgrade

In case of modification or improvement of OS or features of the system, the program should be upgraded. The objects of upgrade are classified into OLT and ONT. You must reboot the system in order to apply the upgrade. It may take several minutes to complete upgrading as the system needs to download the new image files and write on the Flash memory. During the upgrading process "#" is displayed on the screen, and a prompt is displayed when transmission is completed. The system is not affected at all during the upgrade process, and you can operate the system with the existing OS until you reboot the system.

#### 4.1 OLT upgrade

The OLT upgrade is performed with tftp or ftp via the network. You should start the ftp/tftp server on the client, and move the updated files to the target folder. Then, access OLT, enter the following command in the Privilege mode, and download the OS upgraded image file. You need to enter the ID and the password for security when downloading files.

Command	Mode	Description
copy { ftp   tftp } ip_address	Privilege	Upgrade OS of OLT.
filename flash		

SL16# copy ftp 192.168.1.20 SL16-mcu-1.1.2.img flash

Are you sure ? [Y/N] y

username: \*\*\*\*
password: \*\*\*\*

Connected to 192.168.1.20

Receiving 1691602 bytes

Received 1691602 bytes

#Image verify OK...

writing to flash...

Flash written verifying

Succeed Verify flash written

SL16#

The updated files are applied automatically when you reboot the system at any time after downloading files.

## 4.2 ONT upgrade

Because the ONT network is not connected to the external network, you must download the upgraded file for ONT from OLT to CF. Then, you must access ONT, and import the OS upgraded image file for ONT from OLT. To ensure security, you need to enter the ID and the password. The following procedure shows how to upgrade ONT:

A) Log in to OLT, and in the Privilege mode, enter the following command to download the ONT upgrade file to CF.

Command	Mode	Description
download { ftp   tftp }	Privilege	To upgrade ONT, download the OS upgraded
ip_address filename		file from ONT to CF.
SL16# download ftp 192.168.1.20		

Are you sure ? [Y/N] y

username: \*\*\*\*
password: \*\*\*\*

Connected to 172.30.0.150 Receiving 758817 bytes

Received 758817 bytes

#verify OK...

writing to compact flash...

SL16#

B) As the file is normally transmitted, access ONT and enter the following command. Then ONT automatically accesses OLT and downloads the ONT updated file.

Command	Mode	Description		
upgrade flash	Privilege	Download the ONT upgraded file from OLT, and		
		automatically update the system.		
ONT# update flash				
Connected to 192.0.2.254				
Receiving 740701 bytes				
#######################################	\ 			
#########				
Receiving 740701 bytes				
#Verify OK				
Writing to flash				
#######################################	$+ \cdots + \cdots$			
###############				
ONT#				

The updated files are applied automatically when you reboot the system at any time after downloading files.

# Chapter5 Managing System with CLI-1

# 1 Basic operation of CLI

This chapter describes how to use Command Line Interface (CLI) for setting of SpeedLIGHT16 environment.

# 2 Command system

#### 2.1 OLT

CLI provides 5 global modes for management of OLT via the console or the remote terminal. The commands vary depending on the mode, and are restricted by the setting. When you log in the system, the default mode is the User mode.

#### **User mode**

When you first log in, the system operates in the User mode. '>' is displayed following the prompt. In the User mode, the system only supports the show function and other basic features.

You can use the following commands in the User mode.

clear Clear MAC table
enable Change to enable mode
exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode
help Describe interactive help system
ping Send ICMP echo messages
show Show current system information
telnet Connect to a remote host by TELNET
SL16>

### Privilege mode

After logging in, enter "enable" and the password, and the system switches from the User mode to the Privilege mode. In this mode, you can view and change basic settings of the system, and switch the mode to Global or ONT. In this mode, '#' is displayed following the prompt. The following table shows how to enter the Privilege mode and the list of available commands.

Con	nmand Mode		Description		
enable	user		Switch the mode to Privilege.		
SL16> ena	SL16> enable				
Password:	Password: ********				
SL16#?					
clear	Clear current	information			
config	Enter configu	ration state			
сору	Get IOS or Ge	et/Put Configuration	on by tftp/ftp		
download	Download ON	NT image			
exit	Exit current mode and down to previous mode				
help	Describe interactive help system				
ocu	Set OCU parameters				
ont	Enter ONT interface configuration state				
ping	Send ICMP echo messages				
reboot	Reboot system				
session	Session cont	Session control			
show	Show current system information				
telnet	Connect to a remote host by TELNET				
upload	Upload file to	remote host			
write	Configuration backup to flash				
SL16#					

#### Global (setting) mode

In the Privilege mode, enter "config" to switch to the Global mode. In this mode, you can make settings for the system and the units. However, to check the setting, you need to return the mode to Privilege. To switch the mode to Privilege, enter "exit" or "end." In this mode, '(config)#' is displayed following the prompt. The following table shows how to enter the Global mode and the list of available commands.

Command	Mode	Description			
config	Privilege Switch the mode to Global.				
SL16# enable	SL16# enable				
SL16(config)# ?					
alarm Se	et alarm grade				
arp	Set static ARP				
bmu	Set BMU parameters				
clock	Set system clock				
contact	Set the system contact	t			
dce	Set DCE parameters				
description	Set the system descrip	otion			
enable	Change enable passw	ord			
end	End configuration mod	le			
exit	xit current mode and down to previous mode				
hostname	Set the system name				
interface	Enter interface config mode				
ip Internet F	Protocol config commands				
location	Set the system location				
no	Negate a command or set its defaults				
ntp Set NTP	parameters				
ocu	Set OCU parameters				
ont C	DNT				
password	Set password encryption				
show	Show current system i	nformation			
snmp-server	Set SNMP server para	meters			
syslog	Set syslog				
username	Set username and pas	ssword			

#### Interface mode

In the Global mode, enter "interface ethernet\_port" to switch the mode to Interface. In this mode, you can set or delete ip of the Ethernet port. Enter "exit" to return to the previous mode, or enter "end" to return to the Privilege mode. In this mode, '(config-if)#' is displayed following the prompt. The following table shows how to enter the Interface mode and the list of available commands.

C	Command Mode		Description	
Interface ethernet_port global		global	Switch the mode to Interface.	
SL16(c	SL16(config)# interface eth0			
SL16(c	SL16(config-if)#?			
end End configuration mode				
exit	exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode			
ip	p Internet Protocol config commands			
no	Negate a con	a command or set its defaults		

#### **ONT** mode

To manage ONT, you need to switch the mode to ONT. In the Privilege mode, enter "ONT *ont\_number*" to enter the ONT mode. However, the system must be physically connected to the ONT, and the management channel must be normal. The connection error message is displayed if the connection is abnormal. In the ONT mode, you can view and change all the settings of ONT, and can monitor states of ONT. To enter the ONT mode, you need to enter the ONT user ID and password. Other ONT functions are described in the next chapter as they are the same as the console-based ONT function.

Command	Mode	Description			
ont index	Privilege	Switch the mode to ONT			
SL16# ont 4	SL16# ont 4				
Trying 192.0.2.4(23)					
Connected to ont4.	Connected to ont4.				
Escape character is '^]'.					
Welcome to LG-Nortel SpeedLIGHT16					
User Access Verification					
Username: root					
Password: ****					

ONT>

#### 2.2 **ONT**

CLI provides 3 global modes for management of OLT via the console or the remote terminal. The commands vary depending on the mode, and are restricted by the setting. When you log in the system, the default mode is the User mode.

#### User mode

When you first log in, the system operates in the User mode. '>' is displayed following the "OMT". In the User mode, the system only supports the show function and other basic features.

You can use the following commands in the User mode.

enable Change to enable mode
exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode
help Describe interactive help system
ping Send ICMP echo messages
show Show current system information
telnet Connect to a remote host by TELNET

#### Privilege mode

After logging in, enter "enable" and the password, the system switches from the User mode to the Privilege mode. In this mode, you can view and change basic settings of the system, and switch the mode to Global or ONT. In this mode, '#' is displayed following the prompt. The following table shows how to enter the Privilege mode and the list of available commands.

Command	Mode	Description		
enable	user	Switch the mode to Privilege.		
ONT> enable				
Password: *******				
ONT#				
clear Clear current info	ormation			
config Enter configura	config Enter configuration state			
copy Get IOS or Get/Put Configuration by tftp/ftp				
exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode				
help Describe interactive help system				
ping Send ICMP echo messages				
reboot Reboot system				
session Session contro	session Session control			
show Show current s	ystem information	1		
telnet Connect to a re	emote host by TEI	NET		

upgrade upgrade from MPU

write Configuration backup to flash

#### Global (Setting) mode

In the Privilege mode, enter "config" to switch to the Global mode. In this mode, you can make settings for the system and the units. However, to check the setting, you need to return the mode to Privilege. To switch the mode to Privilege, enter "exit" or "end". In this mode, '(config)#' is displayed following the prompt. The following table shows how to enter the Global mode and the list of available commands.

Comm	Command Mode		Description		
config		Privilege	Switch the mode to Global.		
ONT# enable	ONT# enable				
ONT(config)#	ONT(config)#				
arp	Set static A	ARP			
clear	Clear curren	t information			
clock S	Set system cl	ock			
contact	Set the sys	tem contact			
description	description Set the system description				
enable	enable Change enable password				
end End configuration mode					
exit I	exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode				
hostname Set the system name					
ipm :	ipm Set IPM value				
location	Set the syst	em location			
no I	no Negate a command or set its defaults				
ont	nt ONT				
password	password Set password encryption				
show	show Show current system information				
username	username Set username and password.				

### 3 How to use commands

The following functions enable you to easily enter commands in CLI.

#### Help

If you press the  $\langle Tab \rangle$  key on the prompt, the possible commands are listed. Or you may enter the question mark (?) to view the possible commands in the mode and the brief descriptions on the commands.

SL16# < Tab > arp clear config copy exit help ocu ont ping reboot session telnet write show SL16# <?> Set static ARP arp clear Clear current information Enter configuration state config Get IOS or Get/Put Configuration by tftp/ftp сору Exit current mode and down to previous mode exit help Describe interactive help system ocu Set OCU parameters ont Enter ONT interface configuration state ping Send ICMP echo messages reboot Reboot system session Session control Show current system information show telnet Connect to a remote host by TELNET upload file to remote host upload Configuration backup to flash write

### Auto completion

Type a part of a command and press the < Tab > key. Then the entire command is completed automatically. This function also shows the next possible commands.

SL16# sho	ow <tab></tab>	•			
alarm	arp	bmu	clock	config	dce
fan	flash	interface	ip	log	mac
memory	ocu	processes	s psu	running-conf	ig snmp-server
status	system	users			
SL16#					

#### **Command edit**

You can edit the command or select a previous command as shown in the following table.

Available Key	Description	
Del	Delete a character on the curser	
Backspace	Delete a character in the left of the curser	
1	Call the previous command	

## 4 CLI command

The basic CLI commands vary by the mode. The system is in the User mode when you first access the system. You must change the mode to Privilege to manage systems, to Global to make setting, to Interface mode to set the network IP, or to ONT to manage ONT. Basically, the command system and functions are the same between ONT and OLT. Because ONT performs its own functions only, it has neither Interface mode nor ONT mode, and has less commands than OLT. Therefore, this document provides description on the commands by classifying them into functions, without separating them into OLT commands and ONT commands.

# 5 System access and IP setting

This section describes how to set the password and IP address for system access and network communication. You can access the system, set the IP address, and make network communication with other systems via the interface.

### 5.1 System login

You can log in the system through the console port or the remote terminal. To use the remote terminal, you must access the system via the console and set the system IP. Check if the network and the console port are properly connected to the PC, and then, test the connection. Refer to "4.2 Initial setting of terminal and accessing console" for how to set the console port and terminal. If you access the system, the following login prompt appears. Enter the user name and password to enter the User mode. The default user name and password are "root." Then, switch the mode to Privilege and manage the system. The default user name and password for the Privilege mode are also "root." Refer to "4.2 Command system" on how to enter and switch modes.

Welcome to LG-Nortel SpeedLIGHT16

User Access Verification

Username: root Password: \*\*\*\*

SL16>

## 5.2 Auto logout

If you leave your seat, other people may change the setting of the system. This command sets the auto logout function. You are automatically logged out if there is no keyboard action for a designated period of time. You can set the time or clear the function. The following table shows how to set or clear session timeout.

Command	Mode	Description
session timeout 0		Clear auto logout.
session timeout <0-3600>	Privilege	Set auto logout time in seconds. If you don't set the time, the default time of 600 seconds is applied.
SL16# session timeout 300 SL16#		оссоние не ирринеи.

# 5.3 Create user ID and change password

The default user name for system access is "root." You can add up to 5 user IDs. If you create the first user, the "root" user ID is deleted and replaced by the new user ID. You can add from the second ID. When creating ID, you must also create the password in the same manner as you create ID.

Command	Mode	Description
username id passwd	global	Create user ID and change password.
SL16(config)# username LC	-Nortel LG-Nortel	
SL16(config)#		



You can check the created or changed user ID in "4.7.1 Show memory information."

### 5.4 Protect user password

The password is shown as "\*\*\*\*\*" on show running-config, and not as a text.

Command	Mode	Description
password encryption	global	Set protection for the user password.
SL16(config)# password encryp	tion	
SL16(config)#		

# 5.5 Clear user password protection

The user password protection function is cleared.

Command	Mode			Des	cription	
no password encryption	global	Clear	the	user	password	protection
		functio	n.			
SL16(config)# no password encryption						
SL16(config)#						

### 5.6 Delete user ID

"no" is prefixed to the commands in order to revert the default value or delete the setting. This rule is also applied to deletion of user ID.

Command	Mode	Description	
no username id	global	Delete a user.	
SL16(config)# no username LG-Nortel			
SL16(config)#			

# 5.7 Change privilege password

The administrator can change the password for the Privilege mode. To ensure security, it is recommended to change the Privilege password from time to time. You can change the password as described below.

Command	Mode	Description	
passwd	global	Change the Privilege password.	
SL16(config)# enable password *****			
SL16(config)#			

#### 5.8 Remote access

You can access the remote system with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description
telnet destination ip	User/Privilege	Access the remote system.
SL16# telnet x.x.x.x		
SL16#		

## 5.9 Manage remote user

The administrator can check the remote users and disconnect any user. The maximum number of sessions for remote connection is 5 including the console. To disconnect a remote user, check the line number of the user, and make the delete command.

Command	Mode	Description
show users	User/Privilege	Show the remote users.
clear line line_number	Privilege	Disconnect a remote user.
SL16# show users		
Line Location		
1 Console		
* 2 192.168.1.89		
3 192.168.1.55		
SL16# clear line 3		
SL16#		

# 5.10 Reboot system

When a new OS image is downloaded via tftp/ftp, the system must be rebooted. You should also reboot the system when you need to boot the system for the management purpose.

Command	Mode	Description
reboot	Privilege	Reboot the system.
SL16# reboot		
Are you sure? [Y/N]		



Rebooting of a system restarts the management module only, and therefore, does not interrupt service or affect the service rate.

## 5.11 Set system IP address

No IP address is required for the service for the subscribers. However, you need an IP to manage a remote system or to manage information or status by accessing SNMP from EMS or NMS. You can set IP address for eth0 and eth1 in the current system. Eth1 is a stacking port used to manage a number of systems in a single IP address, which is not used at the moment. Therefore, you should set an IP address for eth0 for system management. The following command is used to add, change or delete an IP.

Command	Mode	Description		
ip address A.B.C.D/M	interface	Add or change IP.		
SL16(config-if)# ip address 10.1.1.1/24				
SL16(config-if)#				

# 5.12 View system IP address

You can check the IP address set for eth0. The following command is used to view the IP address.

Command	Mode	Description		
Show interface eth0	User/Privilege	Show the IP address of the system.		
SL16# show interface eth0				
Interface eth0 is up				
MAC Address is 00:19:8b:00:1	0:20			
IP Address is 10.1.1.1/255.255.2	IP Address is 10.1.1.1/255.255.255.192			
Input				
6145 packets, 706029 bytes, 0 error, 0 drop				
Output				
2231 packets, 183232 bytes, 0 error, 0 drop				
SL16#				

# 5.13 Delete system IP address

You can delete an unnecessary IP address.

Command	Mode	Description
no ip address	Interface	Delete a system IP.
SL16(config-if)# no ip address		
SL16(config-if)#		

# 6 System configuration

This section describes how to set and manage the host name, the time and the version of the system.

### 6.1 Set basic information

You can set brief information on the system, including name, description, contact information and location.

Command	Mode	Description
hostname hostname		Set the system name.
description description		Write brief description on the system.
location location	global	Save the installation location.
contact contact		Set the contact information of the system
		administrator.
SL16(config)# hostname LG-No	rtel	
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# description Speed	ILIGHT16	
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# location test_room	n	
SL16(config)#		

### 6.2 Delete basic information

You can delete information on the system.

SL16(config)# contact home

Command	Mode	Description
no hostname		Delete the system name.
no description		Delete the description on the system.
no location	global	Delete the location.
no contact		Delete the contact information of the
		system administrator.
SL16(config)# no hostname		
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# no description		
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# no location		
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# no contact		
SL16(config)#		

### 6.3 Set date and time

You can set or change the current time and date on the system. The parameter "HH:MM:SS DD MM YYYY" following the command means "Hour:Minute:Second Day Month Year".

Command	Mode	Description		
clock HH:MM:SS DD MM	global	Set the current time and date on the		
YYYY		system.		
SL16(config)# clock 10:30:20 14 9 2006				
SL16(config)#				

## 6.4 Show date and time

You can check the current time and date on the system with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description
show clock	user/Privilege	Show the current time and date of the
		system.
SL16# show clock		
Wed Sep 14 10:30:20 KST 2006		
SL16#		

#### 6.5 Set time-zone

You can set the time-zone with the following command.

Set the time with time-zone.			
SL16(config)# clock timezone UTC 9			
SL16(config)#			

# 6.6 Set NTP(Network Time Protocols) server

NTP is used to ensure exact time on the network by setting the system time to 1/1000 second. When you set an NTP server, the system retrieves the current time from the NTP server by exchanging messages. To operate the system properly, the system must be set to the exact time. You can set the NTP server and enter IP with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description	
ntp server A.B.C.D	global	Set IP address of the NTP server.	
SL16(config)# ntp server 111.1.1.1			
SL16(config)#			

# 6.7 Delete NTP (Network Time Protocols)

You can delete an NTP server with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description
no ntp server	global	Delete an NTP server.
SL16(config)# no ntp server 111.1.1.1		
SL16(config)#		
-		

# 7 Manage system configuration

You can check the system setting or save the setting in the system. This section describes the method of managing system configuration.

# 7.1 Show configuration in the memory

You can view the entire settings of a system with a command. Because the command shows the settings stored in the memory, any information not written in CF is not displayed after rebooting of the system.

Command	Mode			Descrip	tion		
show running-config	privilege/global	Show	the	current	setting	of	the
		system	า.				
SL16# show running-config							
Current running configuration:							
!							
syslog host 192.168.1.10							
!							
snmp-server community public r	ъ						
snmp-server community private	rw						
snmp-server trap-host 192.168.1.10 public							
snmp-server trap ocu-equip							
snmp-server trap ocu-admin							
snmp-server trap ocu-ipm							
snmp-server trap ocu-fxlk							
snmp-server trap ocu-txlk							
snmp-server trap bmu-equip							
snmp-server trap bmu-cfault							
snmp-server trap bmu-efault							
snmp-server trap bmu-als							
snmp-server trap bmu-fan							
more							



'-- more --' is used after the 23<sup>rd</sup> line to indicate that there are more lines. You can stop viewing information by entering "q".

# 7.2 Show compact flash information

Command

This command shows setting up information of the system to be saving in the compact flash. You can use the following command to view setting up information of the system to be saving in the compact flash.

Description

Mode

Command	Wiode	Description			
show config	privilege/global	Show setting up information of the			
		system to be saving in the compact			
		flash.			
SL16# show config					
Saved configuration:					
!					
syslog host 192.168.1.10					
!					
snmp-server community public	ro				
snmp-server community private	rw				
snmp-server trap-host 192.168.1	.10 public				
snmp-server trap ocu-equip	snmp-server trap ocu-equip				
snmp-server trap ocu-admin	snmp-server trap ocu-admin				
snmp-server trap ocu-ipm					
snmp-server trap ocu-fxlk					
snmp-server trap ocu-txlk					
snmp-server trap bmu-equip					
snmp-server trap bmu-cfault					
snmp-server trap bmu-efault					
snmp-server trap bmu-als					
snmp-server trap bmu-fan	snmp-server trap bmu-fan				
more					

### 7.3 Save information

Because the information you set is applied to the memory only, any information not written on compact flash is deleted when the system is rebooted. The following command is used to save information on show running-config in the Flash. When changing system or MCU, if you use the compact flash with the current setting, you can easily recover the setting on the new system or MCU.

Command	Mode	Description
write	privilege	Save the setting in compact flash.
SL16# write		
SL16#		

### 7.4 Clear information

You can delete all information from the compact flash.

Command	Mode	Description		
clear config	privilege	Delete all information from the compact		
		flash.		
SL16# clear config				
SL16#				

After deleting information, make sure to reboot the system to apply the change.

# 7.5 Back up information

You can make a backup copy of all information in the compact flash. The backup copy can be useful to recover information when the configuration data is damaged or the system is replaced.

Command	mmand Mode Description		Description
copy config ftp	tftp <i>ip</i>	privilege	Make a backup copy of compact flash
filename			information via ftp/tftp.
SL16# copy config ftp 100.1.1.1 config.bak			
SL16#			

## 7.6 Back up current setting

You can make a backup copy of all settings shown in running-config and not stored in CF. The backup copy can be useful to recover information when the configuration data is damaged or the system is replaced.

Command	Mode	Description	
copy running-config ftp tftp	privilege	Make a backup copy of current setting via	
ip filename		ftp/tftp.	
SL16# copy running-config ftp 100.1.1.1 config.bak			
SL16#			

# 7.7 Import backup copy of setting information

You can recover the setting information with the backup copy of setting data when the configuration data is damaged or the system is replaced.

Command	Mode	Description
copy ftp tftp <i>ip filename</i>	privilege	Recover the setting information by
config		importing backup copy via ftp/tftp.
SL16# copy ftp 10.1.1.1 config.b	oak config	
SL16#		

••••••



After recovering information, make sure to reboot the system.

# 8 Check system

If there is a problem in the system, you must find the reason and the solution. You should also check the system before a problem occurs. And after changing setting, you need to check if the system is properly set. This section describes the commands you can use to check the information for basic management of the system.

## 8.1 Show system information

The following command shows a brief profile of the system such as the name, the version by module and the

Command	Mode	Description
show system	User/Privilege	Show system information.
SL16# show system		
System Information		
Hostname : LG-Nortel		
Description : SpeedLIGHT16	5	
Location : tester_room		
Contact : home		
HWver : 2.0		
SWver : 1.1.4		
FWver : 1.2		
DRAM : 128 MByte		
FLASH · 16 MByte		

### 8.2 Show memory state

You can view memory state of the system with the following command.

	Command		Мо	de	Description
show m	emory		User/Priv	/ilege	Show memory state.
SL16# s	how memory	7			
total	used	free	shared	buffers	
Mem:	117304	21536	95768	0	812
Swap:	0	0	0		
Total:	117304	21536	95768		

# 8.3 Show process information

This command shows the current CPU load by process. You can find the daemon that seizes the CPU most, any unnecessary daemon, and the process of the faulty daemon.

Command	Mode	Description
show processes	User/Privilege	Show system process information.
SL16# show processes		
< cpu usage average for >		
5 sec : 16.60 %		
1 min : 20.28 %		
5 min : 22.19 %		
10 min : 22.35 %		

# 8.4 Show Flash memory state

This command shows the Flash memory state of the system. You can get information on the IOS file systems, the applications and the ONT upgrade image files.

Command	Mode	Description
show flash	User/Privilege	Show system process information.
SL16# show flash		
Total size(B)	Used size(B)   Unuse	ed size(B)   version
OS File System   4194304	3932160   26214	4   KERNEL-1.7
Application   4194304	956724   3237	580   2.0.0
ONT image name : SL16-ont.i	mg, $version = 2.0.0$	
SL16#		

# 9 Network management

This section describes the method to set the system network management functions.

#### 9.1 Check network connection state

With the ping command, you can check if the system is properly connected to the network.

Command	Mode	Description				
ping destination_ip [count]	User/Privilege	Perform the ping test to check the network				
[datagram_size]		status. The "count" indicates the repeat				
		counts and "datagram_size" indicates the				
		size of data sent at a time.				
SL16# ping 192.168.1.10 10						
PING 192.168.1.16 (192.168.1.	16): 10 data bytes					
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icm	np_seq=0 ttl=128 time	e=1.5 ms				
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icn	np_seq=1 ttl=128 time	e=1.1 ms				
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icm	64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms					
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms						
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icm	np_seq=4 ttl=128 time	e=1.0 ms				
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=5 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms						
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=6 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms						
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icm	64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=7 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms					
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=8 ttl=128 time=1.0 ms						
64 bytes from 192.168.1.16: icmp_seq=9 ttl=128 time=0.9 ms						
192.168.1.16 ping statistics						
10 packets transmitted, 10 packet	10 packets transmitted, 10 packets received, 0% packet loss					
round-trip min/avg/max = $0.9/1.0/1.5$ ms						

# 9.2 Set routing table

SL16#

This command creates the routing table for optimum transmission path out of various transmission paths used in the system. You can add the default gateway to the routing table.

Command	Mode	Description			
ip default-gateway ip	global	Add the default gateway to the routing table.			
SL16(config)# ip default-gateway 10.1.1.4					
SL16(config)#					

## 9.3 Show routing table

You can check the routing table with the following command.

Cor	Command Mode		Description
show ip route User/Privilege		User/Privilege	Show the contents of the routing table.
SL16# show	ip route		
Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
S 10.1.1.4	255.255.255.192	connected to inter	face eth0
S 0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	via 10.1.1.1	
SL16#			

## 9.4 Delete routing table

You can delete the default gateway from the routing table with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description		
no ip default-gateway	global	Delete the default gateway from the routing		
		table.		
SL16(config)# no ip default-gateway				
SL16(config)#				

### 9.5 Add ARP table

The devices connected to the IP network have two types of addresses; the LAN address and the network address. The LAN address is called as the data link address because it is typically used in Layer 2, but is widely known as the MAC address. To transmit the data packets, you need to know the 48-bit MAC address. The process of finding the matching MAC address with the IP address is called as "address resolution," and the process of finding the matching IP address with the MAC address is called as "reverse address resolution." The protocol used when finding the matching MAC address with the IP address is ARP (Address Resolution Protocol). The ARP table is automatically added when the system finds the matching MAC address with the IP through ARP. The network administrator may add the matching MAC address with a specific IP address on the ARP table. To match the MAC address with a specific IP address, you must use add the IP address in the ARP table with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description			
arp ip_address MAC	global	Add an IP address in the ARP.			
SL16(config)# arp 192.168.1.140 00:0F:EA:50:E2:B9					
SL16(config)#					

### 9.6 Show ARP table

You can view the contents of the ARP table with the following command.

Comm	nand Mode		lode	Description
show arp		User/P	rivilege	Show the ARP table.
SL16# show arp	1			
IP Address	HW address		Iface	Flags
192.168.1.140	00:0F:EA:50:	E2:B9	eth0	S
192.168.1.42	00:16:36:00:8	C:CB	eth0	D
192.0.2.1	00:D0:A6:01:	08:C4	eth2	D
SL16#				

## 9.7 Delete address from ARP table

You can delete an address from the static ARP table with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description			
no arp ip_address	Global	Delete an address from the ARP table.			
SL16(config)# no arp 192.168.1.140					
SL16(config)#					
, -					

## 9.8 Delete all from ARP table

You can delete all the addresses from the ARP table with the following command.

Command	Mode	Description
clear arp all	Privilege	Delete all addresses from the ARP table.
SL16# clear arp all		
SL16#		

### 9.9 Show MAC table

This command creates and shows the MAC table for OCU and ONT. The MAC table has the ports connected to a unit, and the MAC addresses for the following OCU and ONT port.

[OCU-FE] [OCU-GE] 0 : FX 10:FX 1:TX9:TX [ONT-FE] [ONT-GE] 0:FX7:FX 4 : TX 3 : TX

The following table shows the command for the entire MAC table and the one for specific OCU channel.

Command	Mode	Description
show mac all	User/Privilege	Show the entire MAC table.
show mac index	User/Privilege	Show the MAC addresses for the selected
		OCU.

SL16# show mac all [OCU 1] Port MAC address \_\_\_\_\_ Tx[1] 00:00:f0:90:6a:6a Tx[1] 00:14:85:d2:83:7d Fx[0] 00:d0:a6:01:08:a8 [OCU 2] Port MAC address \_\_\_\_\_ Tx[1] 00:00:f0:90:6a:6a Tx[1] 00:14:85:d2:83:7d Fx[0] 00:d0:a6:01:08:a0 [OCU 16] Port MAC address \_\_\_\_\_ Tx[1] 00:00:f0:81:14:47 Tx[1] 00:00:f0:90:6a:6a Tx[1] 00:0f:ea:53:99:fd Fx[0] 00:d0:a6:01:08:a1 SL16# SL16# show mac 1 [OCU 1] Port MAC address

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Tx[1] (	00:00:f0:90:6a:6a
Tx[1] (	00:14:85:d2:83:7d
Fx[0] 0	00:d0:a6:01:08:a0
SL16#	

#### 10 Set SNMP

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) consists of the SNMP Manager, the systems of the network, and the SNMP agents installed in the systems. SNMP is the protocol that supports communication between the SNMP Manager and the SNMP Agents. The protocol defines the format of information exchanged between the SNMP Manager and the SNMP Agents. When setting SNMP, you must specify the relationship between the SNMP Manager and the Agents. You can provide the read-only or the read/write authority depending on the community. The system supports the V3 function for security, and you can set the ID and password for accessing SNMP. The SNMP Agent has the MIB parameter to respond for the request of the SNMP Manager. The SNMP Manager can get data from the Agent, or save data in the Agent. The Agent gets data from MIB which has information on the system and the network.

The SNMP Agent can send traps for troubles to you. Traps are warning messages on the network status sent to the SNMP Trap-host. A trap is sent to the SNMP Trap-host if there is a problem in the systems or the modules.

### 10.1 Set access to SNMP Agent

You should not give access authority to SNMP Agent to everybody. You can set the password to restrict the access. The community contains the general meaning of password. You can enter a password in the "community\_name" parameter. You can give the read-only or read/write authority for SNMP Agent depending on the password. The following table shows the commands used to set the password for SNMP Agent. 'ro' and 'rw' at the end of the command indicate 'read-only' and 'read/write', respectively.

IIIIII III III III III III III III III	oning wines recommen	Title , respectively	•	
Command		Mode	Description	
snmp-server	community	global	Set password for accessing agent.	
community_name {ro   rw }				
SL16(config)# snmp-server community LG-Nortel ro				
SL16(config)# snmp-server community administrator rw				
St 16(config.)#				



You can set up to 5 SNMP communities.

### 10.2 Delete password for SNMP Agent

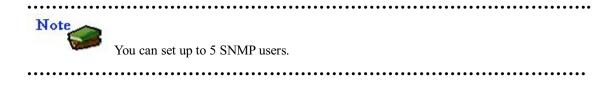
To cancel authority for SNMP Agent, you should use the following command to delete the password for SNMP Agent.

igent.	zont.					
	Command		Mode	Description		
no	snmp-server	community	global	Delete password for Agent.		
CO	mmunity_name {rc	)   rw }				
SL16(config)# no snmp-server community LG-Nortel ro						
SL	SL16(config)# no snmp-server community administrator rw					
SL	SL16(config)#					

# 10.3 Set ID for SNMP Agent

The V3 function is supported for increased security of access to SNMP Agent. You can set ID and password for V3. The following command is used to set ID and password in SNMP Agent.

The following command is used to set in and password in Statut Tigent.		
Command	Mode	Description
snmp-server user id auth md5	global	Create ID for SNMP Agent.
password		
SL16(config)# snmp-server user admin auth md5 admin01		
SL16(config)#		



## 10.4 Delete ID for SNMP Agent

With the following command, you can delete the ID for SNMP Agent.

Command	Mode	Description
no snmp-server user <i>id</i> global		Delete ID for SNMP Agent.
SL16(config)# no snmp-server user admin		
SL16(config)#		

# 10.5 Set SNMP Trap-host

SNMP traps are the alarm messages sent by the SNMP Agent to the SNMP Manager. If you set the SNMP Trap function, you can receive information on the network management program from the system for a specific event. The receiver of the trap message is Trap-host. If you designate the trap-host with the community, the designated community has the priority. If you don't designate any community, the property set in "4.10.6 Set SNMP Trap-community." The following table shows the command used in designating the SNMP Trap-host.

Command		Mode	Description
snmp-server	trap-host	global	Set SNMP Trap-host.
ip_address [community_name]			
SL16(config)# snmp-server trap-host 192.168.1.10 LG-Nortel			
SL16(config)#			



You can set up to 5 SNMP Trap-hosts.

# 10.6 Set SNMP Trap type

You can set trap for each of the 5 modules (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU and ONT), and set the detailed status for each module. The following table shows the types of alarms for trap by module.

Command	Mode	Description	
snmp-server trap all	Global	obal Set all types available.	
snmp-server trap bmu-als	Global	Set the trap for no optical signal in any	
		channels.	
snmp-server trap bmu-cfault	Global	Set the trap for BMU c-bls fault.	
snmp-server trap bmu-efault	Global	Set the trap for BMU e-bls fault.	
snmp-server trap bmu-equip	Global	Set the trap for insertion/deletion of BMU	
		module.	
snmp-server trap bmu-temp	Global	Set the trap for BMU temperature alarm.	
snmp-server trap fan-equip	Global	Set the trap for insertion/deletion of the FAN	
		module.	
snmp-server trap fan-fault	Global	Set the trap for fault in any of 3 FANS in the	
		FAN module.	
snmp-server trap fan-power	Global	Set the trap for power fault in the FAN	
		module.	
snmp-server trap ocu-equip	Global	Set the trap for insertion/deletion of OCU.	
snmp-server trap ocu-fxlk	Global	Set the trap for OCU FX-LINK UP/DOWN.	
snmp-server trap ocu-ipm	Global	Set the trap for OCU optical input power	
		alarm.	

Command	Mode	Description	
snmp-server trap ocu-txlk	Global	Set the trap for OCU TX-LINK UP/DOWN.	
snmp-server trap ont-fxlk	Global	Set the trap for ONT FX-LINK UP/DOWN.	
snmp-server trap ont-ipm	Global	Set the trap for ONT optical input power alarm.	
snmp-server trap ont-txlk	Global	Set the trap for ONT TX-LINK UP/DOWN.	
snmp-server trap psu-equip	Global	Set the trap for insertion/deletion of PSU module.	
snmp-server trap psu-fault	Global	Set the trap for PSU fault.	
snmp-server trap psu-power	Global	Set the trap for PSU power fault.	
SL16(config)# snmp-server trap all			
SI 16(config)# comp. carvar tran bruy als			

SL16(config)# snmp-server trap bmu-als

SL16(config)# snmp-server trap fan-equip

SL16(config)#

# 10.7 Show SNMP setting

The command shows the status of the SNMP in the system.

Command	Mode	Description
show snmp-server	User/Privilege	Show status of SNMP.
SL16# show snmp-server		
SNMP Information		
RO Community : public		
RW Community : private		
TRAP Server :		
192.168.1.10 test		
SL16#		

### 10.8 SNMP connection control function of ONT

The command is backup function in case of CPU overload, a function to control SNMP connection. One can reduce CPU usage by disconnecting ONT SNMP using this function since the ONT will not try to register ONT MIB when reconnecting ONT.

Command	Mode	Description
ont snmp {enable   disable}	global	Set snmp connection state of ONT.
SL16(config)# ont snmp disable		
SL16(config)#		
SL16(config)# ont snmp disable		
SL16(config)#		

# **11 Syslog Management**

# 11.1 Set Syslog host

Syslog sends the message on system error to the administrator. It is similar with SNMP Trap in that both notify you of the system event. Syslog, however, sends the message to you through the default syslog daemon called "System logger".

Command	Mode	Description
syslog host ip_address	global	Set the syslog host.
SL16(config)# syslog host 192.168.1.10		
SL16(config)#		



You can set up to 5 syslog hosts.

# 11.2 Set Syslog display

If generate alarm in system display at console alarm information. This command control function display or not display alarm contact at console.

Command	Mode	Description
syslog display	global	Set the syslog at display
no syslog display	global	Clear the syslog display
SL16(config)# syslog display		
SI 16(config)# no syslog display		

# **12 Log management**

The system reports every event to the administrator and logs the result in CF as the command log, the alarm log or the system log for future usage as the fault statistics data.

### 12.1 Show command log

The command logs stored in the system are displayed.

Command	Mode	Description	
show log history	User/Privilege	Show command log.	
SL16# show log history			
2006-09-14 20:08:35 [console] do	ce 3 type ont		
2006-09-14 20:08:36 [console] er	nd		
2006-09-14 20:08:37 [console] sh	2006-09-14 20:08:37 [console] sh rconf		
2006-09-14 20:08:39 [console] sh run			
2006-09-14 20:08:42 [console] wr			
2006-09-14 20:22:34 [192.168.1.	2006-09-14 20:22:34 [192.168.1.16] en		
2006-09-14 20:22:45 [192.168.1.16] show snmp-server			
2006-09-14 20:22:52 [192.168.1.16] config			
2006-09-14 20:23:23 [192.168.1.16] exit			
SL16#			

# 12.2 Show system log and alarm log

The system logs and the command logs stored in the system are displayed.

Command	Mode	Description	
show log	User/Privilege	Show system log and alarm log.	
SL16# show log			
2007-07-19 15:13:11 [192.168.	.1.16] telnet connection	n	
2007-07-19 15:15:15 [192.168.	.1.10] telnet connection	n	
2007-07-19 15:15:45 [210.105.	2007-07-19 15:15:45 [210.105.79.10] telnet disconnect		
2007-07-19 15:16:38 DCE-7	, CR, TX-LINK1-	DOWN	
2007-07-19 15:16:38 DCE-10	, CR, TX-LINK1-	DOWN	
2007-07-19 15:16:38 OCU1G-	5 , CR, UNIT-OUT		
2007-07-19 15:16:38 OCU100M-9 , CR, UNIT-OUT			
2007-07-19 15:16:38 OCH-1	, CR, TX-LINK-D	OOWN	
SL16#			

# 12.3 Delete log

You can delete the command logs, the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.

Command	Mode	Description
clear log history	Privilege	Delete command log.
clear log		Delete system log and alarm log.
SL16# clear log history		
SL16# clear log		

# **13 Alarm management**

# 13.1 Set alarm grade

The system provides alarms if there is any fault in a module. Each alarm has its alarm grade so that you can take the action in priority order. The alarm grades are divided into Critical (CR), Major (MJ), Minor (MN) and Cleared (NA). You can set the grade for each alarm with the following commands.

Command	Mode	Description
alarm grade all {critical major minor}	Global	Set all types of alarms available.
alarm grade bmu-als	Global	Set alarm for no optical signal in any channel.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade bmu-cfault	Global	Set alarm for BMU c-bls fault.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade bmu-efault	Global	Set alarm for BMU e-bls fault.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade bmu-equip	Global	Set alarm for deletion/inserton of BMU
{critical major minor}		module.
alarm grade bmu-temp	Global	Set alarm for board temp of BMU module.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade fan-	Global	Set alarm for deletion/inserton of FAN module.
equip{critical major minor}		
alarm grade fan-fault	Global	Set alarm for fault in any of 3 FANs in FAN
{critical major minor}		module.
alarm grade fan-power	Global	Set alarm for FAN module power fault.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ocu-equip	Global	Set alarm for deletion/inserton of OCU.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ocu-fxlk	Global	Set alarm for OCU FX-LINK UP/DOWN.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ocu-ipm	Global	Set alarm for OCU optical input power alarm.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ocu-txlk	Global	Set alarm for OCU TX-LINK UP/DOWN.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ont-fxlk	Global	Set alarm for ONT FX-LINK UP/DOWN.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ont-ipm	Global	Set alarm for ONT optical input power alarm.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade ont-txlk	Global	Set alarm for ONT TX-LINK UP/DOWN.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade psu-equip	Global	Set alarm for deletion/inserton of PSU module.
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade psu-fault	Global	Set alarm for PSU fault.

Command	Mode	Description
{critical major minor}		
alarm grade psu-power	Global	Set alarm for PSU power fault.
{critical major minor}		
SL16(config)# alarm grade all critical		
SL16(config)# alarm grade bmu-als major		
SL16(config)# alarm grade fan-equip minor		

# 13.2 Show alarm grade

With this command, you can view all the alarm grades set in the system.

Command	Mode	Description
show alarm grade	User/Privilege	Show grades of all alarms.
SL16# show alarm grade		
alarm grade ocu-equip major		
alarm grade ocu-ipm minor		
alarm grade ocu-fxlk critical		
alarm grade ocu-txlk critical		
alarm grade bmu-equip major		
alarm grade bmu-cfault critical		
alarm grade bmu-efault critical		
alarm grade bmu-als critical		
alarm grade bmu-temp major		
alarm grade fan-equip major		
alarm grade fan-power major		
alarm grade fan-fault minor		
alarm grade psu-equip minor		
alarm grade psu-power minor		
alarm grade psu-fault critical		
alarm grade ont-fxlk critical		
alarm grade ont-txlk major		
alarm grade ont-ipm minor		
SL16#		

# 13.3 Delete alarm grade

You can delete the alarm grade. If you delete the grade for an alarm, it is set to "Critical (CR)", the default alarm grade.

Command	Mode	Description
no alarm grade all	Global	Delete all alarm grades.
no alarm grade alarm_type		Delete the selected alarm grades.
SL16(config)# no alarm grade all		
SL16(config)# no alarm grade bmu-als		
SL16(config)# no alarm grade fan-equip		

# 13.4 Set generate alarm level

You can determine whether the system logs any event as an alarm. For example, alarm grades are divided into "Critical", "Major" and "Minor". If you select "Major", the system does not log "Minor" alarms.

Command	Mode	Description
syslog alarm log level { critical	Global	Set alarm grade.
major   minor }		
SL16(config)# syslog alarm log level major		
SL16(config)#		

# 14 Show BMU & PSU & FAN status

Show deletion/insertion and alarm of BMU, PSU and FAN module.

Comm	and	Mode	Description
show status		User/Privilege	Show alarm status of BMU, PSU and FAN
			module.
SL16# show status	;		
< BMU Status >			
Admin	: Equip		
BMU ALARM	:		
< PSU Status >			
PSU Unequip	: PSU-1		
PSU Fail	: PSU-1		
< FAN Status >			
FAN Power	: ON		
FAN Unequip	:		
FAN Fail	:		
SL16#			

# 15 BMU management

### 15.1 Show BMU status

You can receive alarm and information on BMU (Broadband Light Source and MUX Unit).

Comm	and	Mode	Description
show bmu		User/Privilege	Show BMU status.
SL16# show bmu			
< BMU Status >			
Equip	: Equip		
ALS	: OK		
FAULT(BTEMP)	: OK		
Board Temp	: 30 `C		
CFLT	: OK		
EFLT	: OK		
Туре	: 1G		
Board ver	: 3.0		
F/W ver	: 3.1		
CPLD ver	: 3.1		
SL16#			

### 15.2 Set ALS

If no optical power is detected in any channel, ALS (Automatic Link Shutdown) stops transmitting BLS optical power to protect vision of the user. You can enable/disable this function with the following command. In other words, this command does not directly activate ALS, but decide whether to enable ALS to act under the given conditions.

Command	Mode	Description
bmu als enable	global	Enable BMU ALS.
bmu als disable	global	Disable BMU ALS.
SL16(config)# bmu als enable		
SL16(config)# bmu als disable		
SL16(config)#		

# **16 PSU management**

# 16.1 Show PSU status

You can receive alarm and information on 2 PSU (Power Supply Unit) modules.

Command	Mode	Description
show psu	User/Privilege	Show status of PSU.
SL16# show psu		
< PSU Status >		
PSU-1 Equip : unequip		
PSU-1 PWR ON/OFF : -		
PSU-1 PWR INPUT :-		
PSU-1 PWR FAULT :-		
PSU-2 Equip : equip		
PSU-2 PWR ON/OFF : ON		
PSU-2 PWR INPUT : DC -48V		
PSU-2 PWR FAULT : OK		
SL16#		

# 17 FAN management

# 17.1 Show FAN status

You can receive alarm and information on the FAN module with 3 FANS installed in the slots.

Command	Mode	Description
show fan	User/Privilege	Show status of FAN module.
SL16# show fan		
(FANG)		
< FAN Status >		
FAN UNIT PWR ON/OFF : ON	J	
FAN-1 Equip : eq	<sub>l</sub> uip	
FAN-1 PWR FAIL : OF	ζ	
FAN-2 Equip : equ	iip	
FAN-2 PWR FAIL : OF	ζ	
FAN-3 Equip : equ	in	
FAN-3 PWR FAIL : OF	ζ.	
SL16#		

# **18 OCU management**

### 18.1 Show OCU status

A system can manage up to 16 OCUs (Optical Channel Units). With the following commands you can check alarm status and other information of the optical channels. When using the commands, you can view all OCUs, give range for OCU, or refresh information at every three minutes (OCU monitoring).

### A) Show status of all OCUs

Command		Mode				Des	cription
show ocu all	User/	Privilege		Shows	status	of all	OCUs.
SL16# show ocu all							
< OCU Status >							
CH   Equip  Admin   II	PM   Type	F/W   ]	FxLk	ΓxLk	Spe	ed   Au	to   DCE
1   equip   IS   FAIL(-:	36dBm)   100M	Ι   2.10   Γ	OOWN   I	DOWN	-	ON	ONT
2   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
3   equip   IS   FAIL(-	18dBm)   1G	1. 0	DOWN	DOWN	-	ON	ONT
4   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	·  ·	-	-	-	ONT
5   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	-  -	-	-	-	ONT
7   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
8   equip   IS   FAIL(	-36dBm)  100N	И   2.10   1	DOWN	DOWN	-	ON	ONT
9   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
10   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	·  ·	-	-	-	ONT
11   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
12   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
13   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
14   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
15   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
16   unequip   IS   -	-	-  -	.  -	-	-	-	ONT
SL16#							

# B) Show OCU range

Command	Mode	Description
show ocu start end	User/Privilege	Show status of OCUs of the given range.
		To see a single OCU, you should enter
		the start number only.
SL16# show ocu 1 3		
< OCU Status >		
CH   Equip   Admin   IPM	Type   F/W   FxLk   T	TxLk   Speed   Auto   DCE
1   equip   IS   FAIL(-36dBm)	)   100M   2.10   DOWN   I	OOWN   -   ON   ONT
2   unequip   IS   -	-  -  -  -	-  -  -  ONT
3   equip   IS   FAIL(-18dBm)	1G   1.0   DOWN	DOWN   -   ON   ONT
SL16#		

# C) Show OCU monitor

Command		Mod	е			Des	scriptio	on		
show ocu monitor	User/	Privileg	je	Show	stat	us of	OCU	at	every	three
				second	ls.					
SL16# show ocu monitor										
< OCU Status >										
CH   Equip  Admin   IPM	Туре	F/W   ]	FxLk   T	xLk	Spee	ed   Auto	)   DCE			
1   equip   IS   FAIL(-36dBn	 1)   100N	 [	======   DOWN	DOWN	  -	ON	ONT			===
2   unequip   IS   -	-			-	-	-	ONT			
3   equip   IS   FAIL(-18dBn	'		'	'	'	ON	ON			
4   unequip   IS   -	-		•	-	'  -	-	ONT			
5   unequip   IS   -	-				'   -	-	ONT			
7   unequip   IS   -	-	'			'   -	-	ONT			
8   equip   IS   FAIL(-36dB	'		1	'	'	ON	ONT			
9   unequip   IS   -	-				l -	-	ONT			
10   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	'   <b>-</b>	-	-	ONT			
11   unequip   IS   -	-	-	'  -	'   -	-	-	ONT			
12   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	-	-	-	ONT			
13   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	-	-	-	ONT			
14   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	ONT	7		
15   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	-	-	-	ONT	7		
16   unequip   IS   -	-	-	-	-	-	-	ONT	7		
Press any key to turn off monitoring	ng							-		
SL16#										

# 18.2 Show OCU Packet Counter

OCU packet counter shows the current traffic in FX and TX port of OCU. You can select all OCU packet counter or give a range of OCU.

### A) Show packet counter of all OCUs

Comman	d	Mode		Descr	iption		
show ocu packet-co	unter all	User/Privilege		Show packet counter of all OCUs.			
SL16# show ocu pack	et-counter all						
[OCU-1250-1]							
Items		Fx Port		Tx Port			
InUnicasts			0		0		
InBroLG-Nortelasts				0		0	
InMulticasts			0		O		
InFCSErr			0		0		
Undersize			0		0		
Fragments			0		0		
Oversize			0		0		
InGoodOctets			0		0		
InBadOctets			0		O		
InPause			0		0		
InJabber			0		0		
InRxErr		1	0		0		
InDiscards			0		0		
In.64.Octets			0		0		
In.127.Octets			0		0		
In.255.Octets			0		0		
In.511.Octets			0		0		
In.1023.Octets			0		0		
In.Max.Octets		(	0		0		
OutUnicasts			0		0		
OutBroLG-Nortelasts				0		0	
OutMulticasts			0		0		
OutFCSErr			)		0		
Collisions		(	)		0		
OutPause			0		0		
Excessive		0	)		0		
Deferred		(	)		0		

Single	ı		0		0	
Multiple			0		0	
Late			0		0	
					~I	
[OCU-1250-2						
Items		Fx Port		Tx Port		
InUnicasts			0		0	
InBroLG-Nortelasts				0		0
InMulticasts			0		0	
InFCSErr			0		0	
Undersize			0		0	
Fragments			0		0	
Oversize			0		0	
InGoodOctets			0		0	
InBadOctets			0		0	
InPause			0		0	
InJabber			0		0	
InRxErr			0		0	
InDiscards			0		0	
!						
(omitted)						
!						
[OCU-1250-16]						
Items		Fx Port		Tx Port		
InUnicasts			0		0	
InBroLG-Nortelasts		1		0		0
InMulticasts			0		0	
InFCSErr			0		0	
Undersize			0		0	
Fragments			0		0	
Oversize			0		0	
InGoodOctets			0		0	
InBadOctets			0		0	
InPause			0		0	
InJabber			0		0	
InRxErr			0		0	
InDiscards			0		0	
In.64.Octets	ı		0		0	

In.127.Octets	I .	0	0
In.255.Octets		0	0
In.511.Octets		0	0
In.1023.Octets		0	0
In.Max.Octets	1	0	0
OutUnicasts		O	0
OutBroLG-Nortela	asts	0	0
OutMulticasts		0	0
OutFCSErr		0	0
Collisions		0	0
OutPause		0	0
Excessive		0	0
Deferred	1	0	0
Single	1	0	0
Multiple		0	0
	1	0	0

# **B) Show OCU Packet Counter range**

Comman	ıd	Mode	Des	cription
show ocu pack	ket-counter	User/Privilege	designated rang	inter of OCUs of the e. To see packet CU only, you should
Q7.4.611.1			enter the start nun	nber only.
SL16# show ocu pac [OCU-1250-1]	cket-counter	1 5		
=======================================				
Items		Fx Port	Tx Port	I
InUnicasts		(	 )	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts			0	0
InMulticasts		1	0	0
InFCSErr		(	0	0
Undersize			0	0
Fragments			0	0
Oversize			0	0
InGoodOctets			0	0
InBadOctets			0	O
InPause			0	0
InJabber		•	0	0
InRxErr		(	)	0
InDiscards		(	)	0
In.64.Octets		(	O	0
In.127.Octets		(	O	0
In.255.Octets		(	O	0
In.511.Octets		(	O	0
In.1023.Octets		(	O	0
In.Max.Octets		C	)	0
OutUnicasts			 0	0
OutBroLG-Nortelas	ts		0	0
OutMulticasts		0	1	0
OutFCSErr		0	l	0
Collisions		0	l	0
OutPause		(	)	0
Excessive		0		0
Deferred		0	l	0
Single		0	l	0
Multiple		0		0

Late	1		0		0	
[OCU-1250-2						
Items		Fx Port	l	Tx Port		
InUnicasts			0		0	
InBroLG-Nortelasts			0			0
InMulticasts			0		0	
InFCSErr			0		0	
Undersize			0		0	
Fragments			0		0	
Oversize			0		0	
InGoodOctets			0		0	
InBadOctets			0		0	
InPause			0		0	
InJabber			0		0	
InRxErr			0		0	
InDiscards			0		0	
!						
(omitted)						
!						
[OCU-1250-5]						
Items		Fx Port		Tx Port		
InUnicasts			0		0	
InUnicasts InBroLG-Nortelasts		1	0		0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts	   				0  0	0
InUnicasts InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr	     	l	0			0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr	     	l	0		0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize		l	0  0  0		0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts	       	l	0  0  0  0		0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize	       	l	0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets	       		0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets InBadOctets			0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets InBadOctets InPause			0  0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets InBadOctets InPause InJabber			0  0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments			0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets InBadOctets InPause InJabber InRxErr			0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	0
InBroLG-Nortelasts InMulticasts InFCSErr Undersize Fragments Oversize InGoodOctets InBadOctets InPause InJabber InRxErr InDiscards			0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0		0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0	0

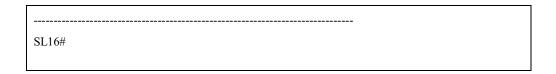
In.511.Octets		0	0
In.1023.Octets	1	0	0
In.Max.Octets		0	0
OutUnicasts	 	O	0
OutBroLG-Nortela	sts	0	0
OutMulticasts		0	0
OutFCSErr		0	0
Collisions		0	0
OutPause		0	0
Excessive		0	0
Deferred		0	0
Single		0	0
Multiple		0	0
Late		0	0

# 18.3 Show average packet counter of OCU

This function displays average packet counter of OCU for 5sec, 10sec, 1min and 10min. For FE channels, packet counter is calculated severally for Fx and Tx, for IN and OUT, and for per packet and per bytes. For GE channel, because the chipsets are not divided into IN and OUT, packet counter is calculated severally for Fx and Tx only. Because the byte size is bigger than packet, 'pkt/s' is '0', but 'bytes/s' may not be '0'. The commands are divided into the ones for all OCUs and for the selected OCUs only. The following commands are used for average packet counter.

#### A) Show average packet counter of all OCU

Command	Mode	Description
show ocu average packet-counter	User/Privilege	Show average packet counter of
all		all channels.
SL16# show ocu average packet-counte	r all	
< OCU-1250 Status : Only Ingress Pack	et >	
Port   FX	TX	
Time   pkt/s   bytes/s   bits/s   pkt/s	bytes/s   bits/s	
[OCU-1250-1]		
FX	1641 1 2121	
5sec   0  212  1,696  1		
10sec   1  247  1,976  1min   1  234  1,872		
10min   0  105  840  0		
[OCU-1250-2]		
5sec   0  0  0	0  0  0	
10sec   0  0  0	0  0  0	
1min   0  0  0	0  0  0	
10min   0  0  0	0  0  0	
!		
(omitted)		
!		
[OCU-1250-16]		
5sec   0  0  0  0	0  0	
10sec   0  0  0	0  0  0	
1min   0  0  0	0  0  0	
10min   0  0  0	0  0  0	



### B) Show average packet counter of the selected OCU

Comr	nand	N	lode	Description
show ocu ave	erage packe	t- User/P	rivilege	Show average packet counter for the
counter {all	idx1 ide2			elected OCU channel of any range.
(max 5 select)				
SL16# show ocu	average pack	et-counter 1	2	
< OCU-1250 Sta	ntus : Only Ing	gress Packet	>	
Port	FX		TX	<del></del>
Time   pkt/s	bytes/s   bit	s/s   pkt/s   by	rtes/s   bits	rs/s
[OCU-1250-1]				
FX				
5sec   0	212  1,690	5  1	164  1,	,312
10sec   1	247  1	,976  1	164	1,312
1min   1	234  1,	872  1	148	1,184
10min   0				
[OCU-1250-2]				<del></del>
5sec   0	0	0  0	0	O
10sec   0	0	0  0	0	O
1min   0	0	0  0	0	0
10min   0	0	0  0	0	0
SL16#				<del></del>

# 18.4 Show TRx information of OCU

This function displays TRx information of OCU for Board Temp, VCC, TX-BC, Tx-Power and Rx-Power(IPM).

### A) Show TRx information of all OCU

Comman	d	Mode		De	escription		
show ocu trx all		User/Privilege	Show	TRx	information	of	all
			channe	els.			
SL16# show ocu trx all							
[OCU-1250-1 TRx Statu	us]						
Board Temp	: OK(42.52°C)						
VCC	: OK(3.285V)						
TX-BC	: OK(0.13mA)						
Rx-Power(IPM)	: OK(-8.0Bm)						
[OCU-1250-2 TRx Statu	ıs]						
Board Temp	: OK(40.70°C)						
VCC	: OK(3.271V)						
TX-BC	: OK(0.13mA)						
Rx-Power(IPM)	: OK(-13.0Bm	)					
!							
(omitted)							
!							
[OCU-1250-16 TRx Sta	tus]						
Board Temp	: OK(42.73°C)						
VCC	: OK(3.287V)						
TX-BC	: OK(0.00mA)						
Rx-Power(IPM)	: FAIL(-10.0B	m)					
SL16#							

# B) Show TRx information of the selected OCU

SL16#

Command		Mode	Description
show ocu trx { idx1 ~ idx16}		User/Privilege	Show TRx information for the elected
			OCU channel.
SL16# show ocu trx 1			
[OCU-1250-1 TRx Status]			
Board Temp :	OK(4	2.52°C)	
VCC :	OK(3	5.285V)	
TX-BC :	OK(0	.13mA)	
Rx-Power(IPM) :	OK(-8	8.0Bm)	

# 18.5 Show in-band ID of OCU

In-band ID is internal unique ID of between OCU and ONT for ONT management through in-band communication in optical circuit. This function display default in-band ID information of OCU.

#### A) Show in-band ID information of all OCU

Show ocu inband-id all   Privilege   Show in-band ID information all channels.		Command				Mode	Description
SL16# show ocu inband-id all	show ocu inband-id all				Privilege	Show in-band ID information of	
CH   In-Band ID							all channels.
1	SI	L16# s	how	ocu inband-id all	_		
2	1	СН	I	In-Band ID	I		
3		1		4095	-		
4	1	2	1	4095	1		
5	1	3	1	4095			
6	1	4	1	4095			
7	1	5		4095	1		
8	1	6		4095	1		
9	1	7		4095	1		
10	1	8		4095	1		
11	1	9		4095	1		
12	1	10	1	4095			
13	1	11	1	4095			
14	1	12	1	4095			
15   4095	1	13	1	4095			
	1	14	1	4095			
16   4095	1	15	1	4095			
		16	1	4095	1		
SL16#		16#					

### B) Show in-band ID information of the selected OCU

Command	Mode	Description
show ocu inband-id index	Privilege	Show in-band ID information for the
		elected OCU channel.
SL16# show ocu inband-id 1		
CH   In-Band ID		
1   4095   SL16#	I	



Default in-band id of OCU 4095 when system shipping.

#### 18.6 Control OCU

You can switch OCU status to OOS (Out Of Service) or IS (In Service). If you select OOS, the OCU FX and TX port are disabled, and all the OCU services are stopped. And no alarm is generated. If you select IS, all the services are recovered to normal. In IS, the system checks and generates all alarms of OCU. This function is typically used to stop the functions of OCU as OCU is not inserted in the channels or OCU operates abnormally.

Command	Mode	Description
ocu disable { all   start end }	global	Stop all services of the selected OCU.
ocu enable { all   start end }	global	Resume all services of the selected OCU.
SL16(config)# ocu disable 1 4		
SL16(config)#		

#### 18.7 IPM function

OCU requires the appropriate optical input power for data transmission. The system needs to generate the IPM (Input Power Monitoring) alarm if the optical input power is out of the range. However, because the appropriate value varies depending on the external environment and channel conditions, you should measure the optical input power at each OCU channel after installing the system, and sets the standard value within the appropriate range. The following command is used to set the IPM range of OCU.

Command	Mode	Description
ocu ipm min_value max_value	global	Set IPM range of OCU.
{ all   start end }		
SL16(config)# ocu ipm -35 -4 1		
SL16(config)#		



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IPM min-value and max-value are db. The input range is FE: -36db  $\sim$  -5db and GE: -22db  $\sim$  -1db. The default min and max value of IPM are FE: -30db, -5db, and GE: -22db, -1db

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### 18.8 Clear IPM

With this command, you can clear IPM range of OCU. If the setting is cleared, the default value is applied.

Command	Mode	Description
no ocu ipm { all   start end }	global	Clear IMP range of OCU.
SL16(config)# no ocu ipm 1		
SL16(config)#		

#### 18.9 Remote reset

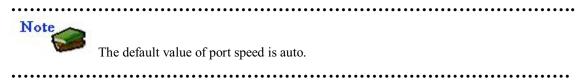
Remote reset is a very useful function. If a DCE is abnormal, you can reset DCE through the electrical signal from OLT. This minimizes the maintenance work and costs, improving quality of the customer service.

Command	Mode	Description
ocu rreset index	Privilege	Reset DCE of an OCU.
ocu rreset all	Privilege	Reset DCEs of all OCUs.
SL16# ocu rreset 1		
Are you sure ? [Y/N]		
SL16# ocu rreset all		
Are you sure ? [Y/N]		
SL16#		

# 18.10 Set port speed

You can set the data rate of the OCU port from 10Mbps, 100Mbps, 1000Mbps or auto. The auto mode adjusts the data rate to the transmission speed of the connected system and the duplex mode.

Command	Mode	Description				
ocu speed {10   100   1000	global	Set speed of OCU.				
auto } { full   half } { all   start						
end }						
SL16(config)# ocu speed 100 full 1 3						
SL16(config)#						



# 18.11 Clear port speed

With the following commands, you can clear the OCU port speed. If the setting is cleared, the default value is applied.

Command	Mode	Description		
no ocu speed { all   start	global	Clear speed setting of OCU.		
end }				
SL16(config)# no ocu speed 1 3				
SL16(config)#				

# 19 ONT management

The ONT management commands can be used in the ONT mode. Many of the ONT related commands work the same with the OLT management commands. Therefore, this section only provides the ONT commands that work differently from the OLT commands.

#### 19.1 Show status of ONT

The following command shows information on ONT status, such as the deletion/insertion of an Fx port and a Tx port, the IPM value, the hardware and firmware version, the link status and the speed.

Command	Mode	Description
show status	Privilege	Show status of ONT.
ONT# show status		
Equip   IPM	H/W   F/W   FxLk	TxLk   Tx Speed   Tx Auto
ONT-FE   FAIL(-36.0dBm)   ONT#	DOW	N   DOWN   -   ON

### 19.2 Show ONT Packet Counter

 $O\!\!\:\mbox{NT}$  packet counter enables you to view current traffic in the Fx / Tx port for OCU.

Command		Mode		Desc	ription
show ont packet-co	unter	Privilege		Show packet cou	ınter information of
				ONT.	
ONT# show ont packet	et-counte	r			
					====
Items		Fx Port		Tx Port	
					====
InUnicasts			0		0
InBroLG-Nortelasts				0	0
InMulticasts			0		0
InFCSErr			0		0
Undersize			0		0
Fragments			0		0
Oversize			0		0
InGoodOctets			0		0
InBadOctets			0		0
InPause	1		0		0
InJabber			0		0
InRxErr			0		0
InDiscards			0		0

In.64.Octets	1	0	0
In.127.Octets	1	0	0
In.255.Octets	1	0	0
In.511.Octets		0	0
In.1023.Octets		0	0
In.Max.Octets		0	0
OutUnicasts	 	O	0
OutBroLG-Nortelas	ts	0	0
OutMulticasts		0	0
OutFCSErr		0	0
Collisions		0	0
OutPause		0	0
Excessive	1	0	0
Deferred	1	0	0
C:1-	1	0	0
Single			0.1
Multiple		0	0

### 19.3 Show TRx information of ONT

This function displays TRx information of ONT for Board Temp, VCC, TX-BC, Tx-Power and Rx-Power(IPM).

Comma	and	Mode	Description
show ont trx		Privilege	Show TRx information of ONT
ONT# show ont trx			
Board Temp	: OK(57.88°C)		
VCC	: OK(3.295V)		
TX-BC	: OK(0.06mA)		
Rx-Power(IPM)	: OK(-11.9Bm	)	
ONT#			

### 19.4 Show in-band ID of ONT

In-band ID is internal unique ID of between OCU and ONT for ONT management through in-band communication in optical circuit. This function display default in-band ID information of ONT.

Command	Mode	Description
show ocu inband-id	Privilege	Show in-band ID information of
		ONT
SL16# show ont inband-id		
ONT IN-BAND ID		
4095		
SL16#		

Note Default in-band id of ONT 4095 when system shipping.

#### 19.5 IPM function

ONT requires the appropriate optical input power for data transmission. The system needs to generate the IPM (Input Power Monitoring) alarm if the optical input power is out of the range. However, because the appropriate value varies depending on the external environment and channel conditions, you should measure the optical input power after installing the system, and sets the standard value within the appropriate range. The following command is used to set the IPM range of ONT.

Command	Mode	Description	
ipm min-value max-value	global	Set the range of IPM of ONT.	
ONT(config)# ipm -35 -4			
ONT(config)#			



IPM *min-value* and *max-value* are db. The input range is FE : -36db  $\sim$  -5db and GE : -22db  $\sim$  -1db. The default min and max value of IPM are FE : -30db, -5db, and GE : -22db, -1db.

#### 19.6 Clear IPM

You can clear IPM range of ONT. If the value is cleared, the default value is applied.

Command	Mode	Description
no ipm	global	Clear IPM range of ONT.
ONT(config)# no ipm		
ONT(config)#		

# 19.7 Set port speed

You can set the data rate of the ONT port from 10Mbps, 100Mbps, 1000Mbps or auto. The auto mode adjusts the data rate to the transmission speed of the connected system and the duplex mode.

Command	Mode	Description
ont speed	global	Set the speed of ONT.
{10   100   1000   auto }		
{ full   half }		
ONT(config)# ont speed auto		
ONT(config)#		

Note The default port speed is auto nego.

# **20 DCE management**

# 20.1 Show DCE information

The system has the DCE (Data Circuit-Terminal Equipment) for each channel. There are 3 types of DCE; ONT, ONU and TRC. ONT is classified into the independent pizza box type and the ONT-3 type where 3 ONTs make a single unit. ONU is an Fx-module that operates as an Up-link in the cabinet switch. TRC operates as a transceiver in a transmission system.

Command		Mode	Description
show dce		User/Privilege	Show DCE information.
SL16# show dce			_
CH   Type   IP Address	Vei	rsion	=
1   onu   211.1.1.23	-		
2   ont   -	1.0	2	
3   onu   211.1.1.24	-		
4   onu   211.1.1.25	-		
5   ont   -	1.0	2	
6   onu   211.1.1.26	-		
7   ont   -	1.0.2	!	
8   ont   -	1.0.2		
9   ont   -	1.0	2	
10   ont   -	1.0	2	
11   ont   -	1.0	2	
12   ont   -	1.0	2	
13   ont   -	1.0	2	
14   ont   -	1.0	2	
15   ont   -	1.0	2	
16   ont   -	1.0	2	
SL16#			

#### 20.2 Set DCE

You can set DCE by designating type and IP address of DCE. You don't need to set the IP address for ONT and TRC, but can set the IP address for ONU. In order to manage DCE, you have to designate the type of DCE for each OCU channel. Especially when the DCE is ONT, if you don't designate the type, the system cannot perform communication as the in-band channel is closed. Setting ONU and the IP address shows the status of the cabinet in EMS. TRC is excluded from the object of management.

Command	Mode	Description
dce type	global	Set the type of DCE.
{ont   onu   trc } { all   start		
end }		
dce ip ip_address dce_id	global	Set the IP address if DCE is ONU.
SL16(config)# dce type onu 1		

SL16(config)# dce type onu 1

SL16(config)# dce ip 221.11.14.52 1

SL16(config)#

Default DCE type is ONT.

#### 20.3 Clear DCE

Releasing DCE is divided into releasing all DCEs, releasing a DCE and releasing DCEs of a given range. When you clear a DCE, the type and IP address are also cleared, and the DCE is marked as "-."

Command	Mode	Description
no dce all	global	Clear all DCEs.
no dce index	global	Clear a DCE.
no dce start end	global	Clear DCEs of a given range.
SL16(config)# no dce all		
SL16(config)# no dce 1		
SL16(config)# no dce 1 5		

SL16(config)#

# 21 Help

This function provides brief help for use of CLI commands.

Command	Mode	Description	
help	User/Privilege	ege Provides brief help for use CLI commands.	

SL16# help

If you need any help about a command and/or options,

just type a question mark '?'.

This will show you a list of help which is available now.

See the following examples.

- 1. SL16>?
  - -> list all commands.
- 2. SL16> show?
  - -> list all arguments following a "show" command.
- 2. SL16> show r?
  - -> list all arguments starting with "r" following a "show" command.

SL16#

# Chapter6 GUI-based EMS Operation Manual

#### 1 Overview

#### 1.1 Features

This system provides the status view and control function of system configuration and alarm via LAN. EMS manages up to 50 systems and 3 types of Data Circuit-Terminal Equipment (DCE) connected with the system OCU. The system provides the in-band ONT status view and management, the SNMP-based ONU search and the TRC management function.

#### 1.2 Characteristics

Operator EMS access: The system is easy to control, and provides access to various devices on a GUI window. You can also view status of various devices on an EMS window.

The EMS integrates up to 50 systems via the TL-1 commands, supporting NMS that manages the network.

An EMS enables the user to implement the NMS network, and to manage up to 50 systems on an EMS. LG-Nortel recommends a high-performance PC to support the NMS function.

EMS also reports occurrence and clearance of alarm in real time to the user.

You can save and retrieve history on the database, and also retrieve the stored data.

The system allows only the authorized users to control the device via limitation of user levels and the password function.

# 2 System operation

### 2.1 Network connection between PC and system

The system has no IP in default. Therefore, in order to use the system, you need to register the system IP, and register the system with this IP in EMS.

To register the system IP, refer to "5.2.4 IP Setting."

The PC monitor for EMS is optimized at 16 bit (True color) and 1024X768 (resolution).

The following figure shows how to register IP of the operator PC.

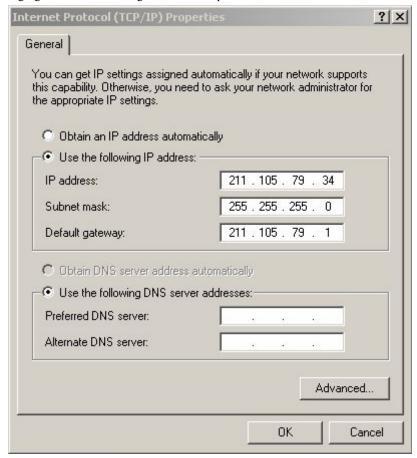


Figure 6-1. PC Network Gateway

### 2.2 Installing EMS program

Insert the CD-ROM to the CD-ROM driver to start the install program.

To install the program by yourself, double-click Setup.exe in the CD-ROM.

You must uninstall the old version or the existing program before installing the program. Or, the program may malfunction.

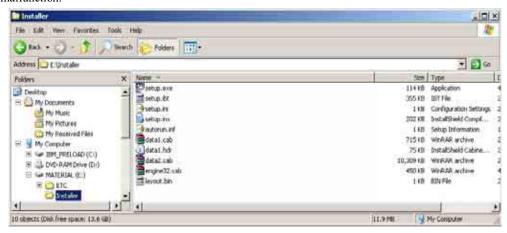


Figure 6-2 Installer Folder of EMS Program

If you double-click Setup.exe, the installer wizard is started, helping you to install the EMS program.

To uninstall the existing EMS program, select Start -> Program -> LG-Nortel -> SpeedLIGHT16 -> Uninstall SpeedLIGHT16.

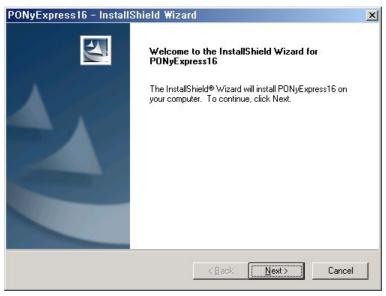


Figure 6-3 Installing EMS Program

# 2.3 Recommended specifications of PC for EMS operation

- 1) Pentium P4 1.5GHz or higher performance
- VGA with 256 colors and 1024\* 768 or higher resolution
   \*\* The screen will be crushed if you change to 1024\*768 less, this time just restart EMS program.
- 3) Free memory space of 512M Byte or more
- 4) Microsoft Windows 2000 service pack 4 over or XP (recommende d)
- 5) LAN card
- 6) Mouse

### 2.4 Console and IP setting

Connect the console port of the system with the COM port of PC via the console cable, and start up the hyper terminal.

Set bits per second of the hyper terminal to 9,600 bps as shown in the following figure.

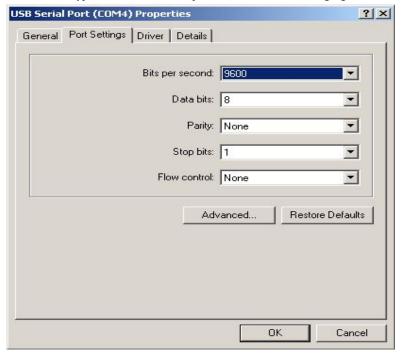


Figure 6-4 Hyper Terminal Setting

Log in to the system with the Admin ID. The initial ID and password are "root."

Welcome to LG-Nortel SpeedLIGHT16

User Access Verification

Username: root Password: \*\*\*\*

Check or change the IP setting of the system to enable network communication.

(Refer to CLI commands)

### 2.5 Starting EMS

- 1) Connect the EMS-installed PC to the network.
- 2) Switch on the system and start the system.
- 3) Connect the system, using the hyper terminal, to PC via the console port.
- 4) Enter the system IP on the MS-DOS screen as in "ping –

t <u>system IP (e.g., 192.168.1.30)</u>", and check if the system receives the message through network. If the me ssage "Request Time Out" is displayed on the MS-

DOS screen, check the configuration of LAN. If the message continues to display, check the IP of the EM S-installed PC, so that the system can interwork with the network.

 Double-click the "SpeedLIGHT16" icon which was created on the desktop through the EMS installation process.

# 2.6 Interworking between EMS and system

- 1) Enter the user ID on the main EMS window.
- 2) Enter the password. ID: root Pass: root
- 3) If the login success window is displayed, click OK. Then the system control mode is on.
- 4) If the login fail message is displayed, check the password, and repeat the steps 1)-3).
- 5) If you successfully log in to EMS, the EMS main window is displayed.



Figure 6-5 EMS Login Window

#### 2.7 EMS window

As above mentioned in 5.2.6, if you type the password on the EMS main screen, the EMS control window is displayed. The figure shows the screenshot of the EMS window.

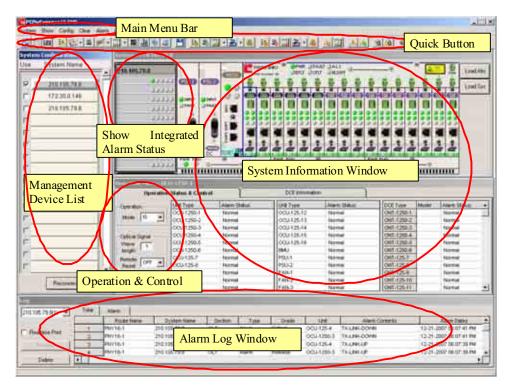
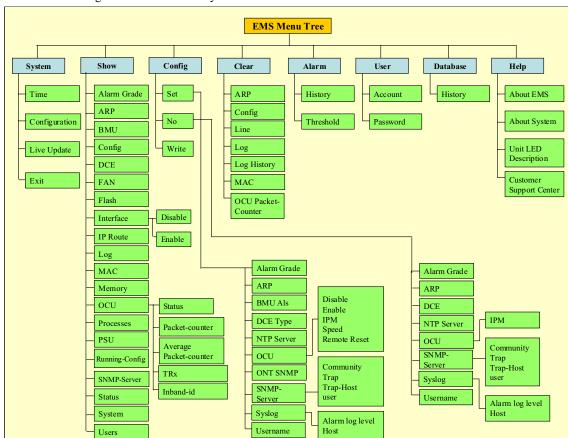


Figure 6-6 EMS Main Window

- 1) You can select System, Alarm or User on the top menu bar.
- 2) The System pane in the right shows the status of a system, OCUs mounted in the system, and the states of DCE connected to each OCU.
- 3) In the Operation menu in the center, you can view and set the fault status of OCU of OLT, o perating parameters and the state of DCE.
- 4) The Alarm Log pane in the bottom of the window shows the list of events occurred in the sys tem.
- 5) The Management Device List in the left of the window displays the list of systems managed b y EMS. You can add, delete of modify information.



The following tree shows the menus you can use in this EMS.

Figure 6-7 EMS Menu Tree

If you log in to EMS, you can integrate a number of systems by viewing and controlling state of up to 50 systems and their terminal devices. When started, EMS imports information on the registered systems and configures the basic data for operation of EMS.

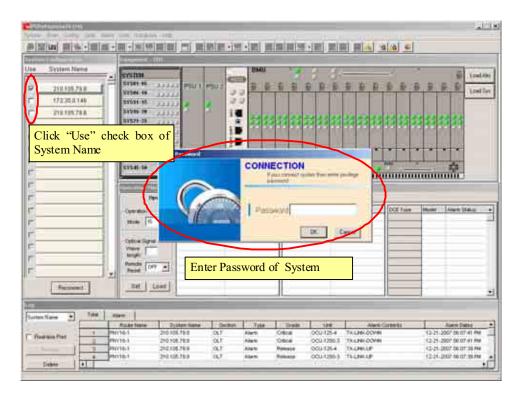


Figure 6-8 Click "Use" Check Boxes

Click the "Use" checkbox in the "System Name" list, and enter your password in the pop-up window. If the password in valid, a connection message is displayed, and the actual view of the selected device is displayed in the window, with real-time status and alarms of each unit. In case the system status does not match between EMS and actual configuration, you can retrieve the status information from the system and update the EMS program, using the two buttons in the top right of the window provide the search function.

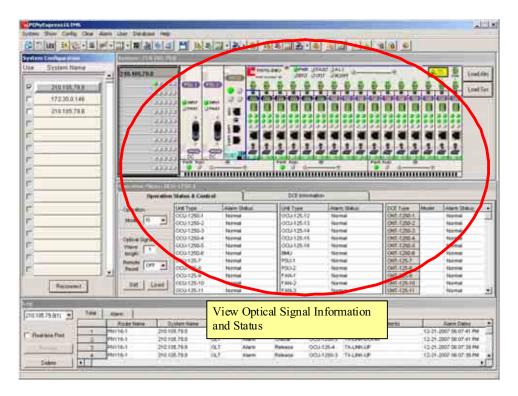


Figure 6-9 EMS Window Connected with a Specific Device

# 3 System management

### 3.1 Time setup

If you select "System" in the main menu, and then select "Time," the system time window pops-up as shown in Figure 5-10. You can retrieve time from the system or set the time in PC.

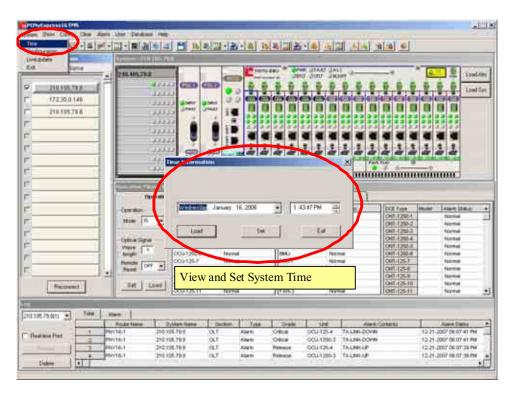


Figure 6-10 System Time View and Setup

#### 3.2 Device information

You can modify, update and delete the management object via the device management function. Since this function interworks with the socket communication function, you can continue using EMS without restart it after you have added, modified, or deleted device.

You can configure system connection on EMS.

Select "System" and then "Configuration" from the top menu, and register system name and IP. Then, by selecting "DCE Information," you can view and manage DCEs with the recent information received from the system.

To delete a system, double click the system name or select "Configuration," and in the pop-up menu, click the "Delete" button.

#### A. Registration of system

#### 1) System registration 1

This is used to register a new device. To add a new device, double-click a button with no "System Name" in the System Configuration list.

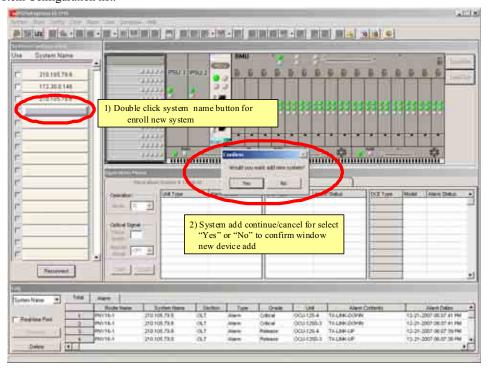


Figure 6-11 System Registration 1

#### 2) System registration 2

If you double-click the button for the new system, the following Configuration Information window pops up. Fill in the appropriate fields and click the "Add" button.

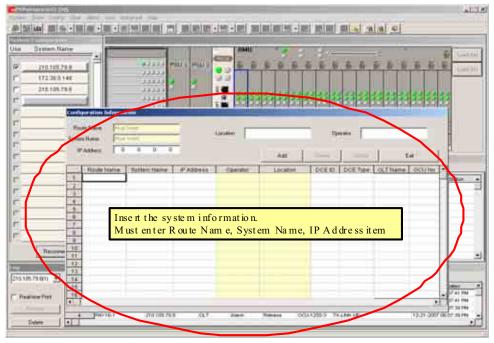


Figure 6-12 System Registration 2

#### 3) System registration 3

If you click the "Add" button, a confirmation message box pop—up. Click the "OK" button. After registration of the system, click "Exit" to apply new configuration in the program. The list field shows the information of DCE retrieved from the system. You can enter the operator and location of DCE.

#### B. Updating system configuration

If you double-click the system button (the button on which the registered system name is marked), the following Configuration Information window pops up. In this window, modify information and click the "Update" button to save the modified information in the database. After finishing modification, click "Exit" and repeat the Registration Step 3 to update EMS.

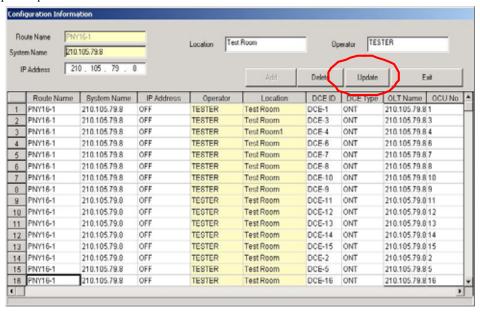


Figure 6-13 Updating System Configuration

#### C. Deleting system

If you double-click the system button (the button on which the registered system name is marked), the following Configuration Information window pops up. If you click the "Delete" button, the delete confirmation window is displayed. Click "OK" to delete the system. After deleting the system, click "Exit" and repeat the Registration Step 3 to update EMS.

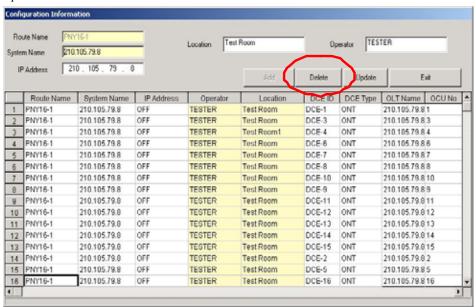


Figure 6-14 Deleting System Configuration

# 3.3 System reset

You can reset the system if it operates abnormally or if you wish to reboot the system. To reset the system, select "System Reset" from the pop-up menu displayed when you right click the MCU image, or double-click the Reset button image in the center of MCU. The following figure shows the image of system reset.

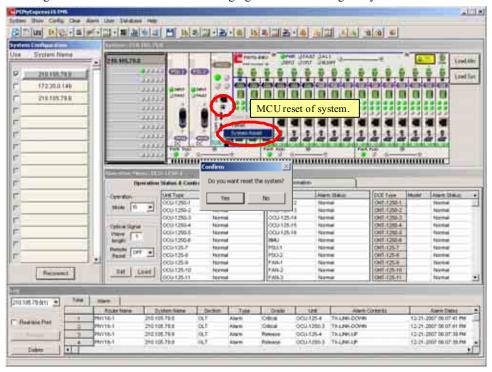


Figure 6-15 System Reset

# 4 Alarm management

This function enables you to view the alarm status and the system log data, and to set the alarm report/log condition. The faulty channel is indicated with red LED on the window and the front panel. Alarm status is displayed in the operation status and control in the center of the window. The following figure shows the screen shot.

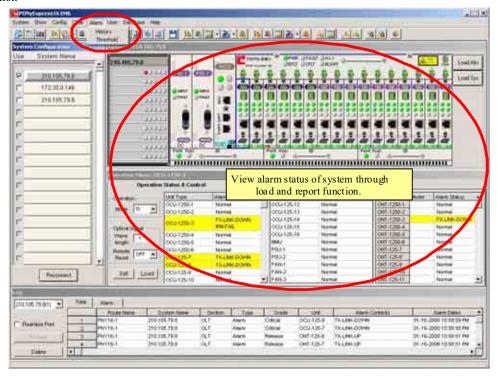


Figure 6-16 EMS Window for Alarm Management

<Table 6-1> shows the grades of alarm. The following alarm grades are default setting, and can be modified by the operator.

<Table 5-1> Types and Grades of Alarm

UNIT	ALARM	GRADE (Variable)
BMU	BMU-BTEMP	Critical, Major, Minor
	BMU-ELOS	Critical
	BMU-EDOWN	Critical
	BMU-CLOS	Critical
	BMU-CTEMP	Major
	BMU-CBIAS	Critical
	BMU-CDOWN	Critical
	BMU-ALS	Critical
	UNIT-OUT	Major
PSU A, PSU B	POWEROFF	Minor
	FAULT	Critical
	Unit OUT	Minor
OCU	FX-LINK-DOWN	Critical

UNIT		ALARM	GRADE (Variable)
		TX-LINK-DOWN	Major
		TEMP-FAIL	
		VCC-FAIL	Critical
		TX-BC-FAIL	
		IPM-FAIL(RX-PWR)	Critical
		UNIT-OUT	Major
FAN	UNIT	POWER OFF	Major
	FAN1,FAN2,FAN3	FAIL	Minor
		UNIT-OUT	Major
ONT		FX-LINK-DOWN	Critical
		TX-LINK-DOWN	
		TEMP-FAIL	Critical, Major, Minor
		VCC-FAIL	
		TX-BC-FAIL	
		IPM-FAIL(RX-PWR)	Critical

This EMS is designed to log alarm occurrence/clearance in the database, and to report it to the operator. However, the operator can select which alarm grade will be reported.

The alarm is displayed with different colors in accordance with the severity, so that the user can easily recognize its severity: Critical alarm is displayed in red, major alarm in orange and minor alarm in yellow. Occurrence and clearance of alarm are indicated in the system in near real time.

The system provides the alarm history view function, and saves the history in non-volatile Compact Flash (CF), so that the data should not be deleted despite the system power off.

# 4.1 System log data

The system provides the fault history view function. You can clear alarm from the window only or delete the log data from the system.

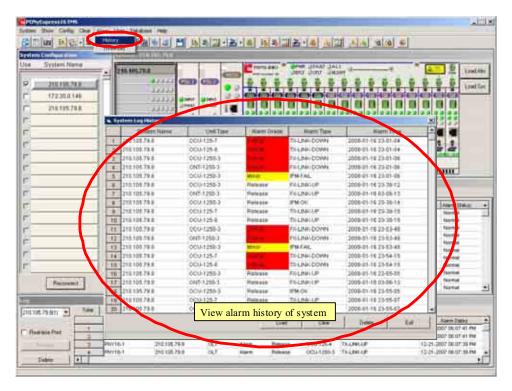


Figure 6-17 System Alarm Log

# 4.2 Alarm report condition setting

You can activate/deactivate report function depending on the alarm grade.

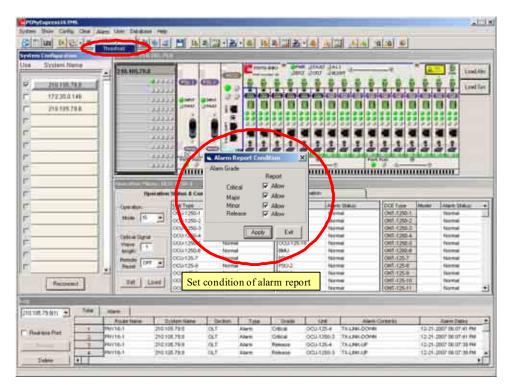


Figure 6-18 Report Condition Setting

### 4.3 Alarm view according to system grade

When an alarm occurs in the system, MCU LED operates according to the alarm grade. The LED indicates the grade of alarm. To see the list of alarms by grade, right-click on EMS MCU, and then, click "Show Alarm" in the pop-up menu. In the MCU Alarm window, there are 4 alarm grade buttons; "ALL," "Critical," "Major" and "Minor." If you click the buttons, the window displays the alarms of the selected grade. If alarms occur in any other system than the current system selected by the operator, 50 alarm LEDs are on in red at the top left of the window. If you double-click an LED, the alarms of the system are displayed by grade. The alarm window is not displayed for any disconnected system. The following window shows the alarm window.

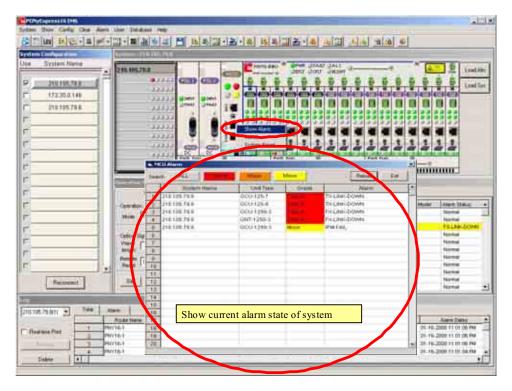


Figure 6-19 Current System Alarms View

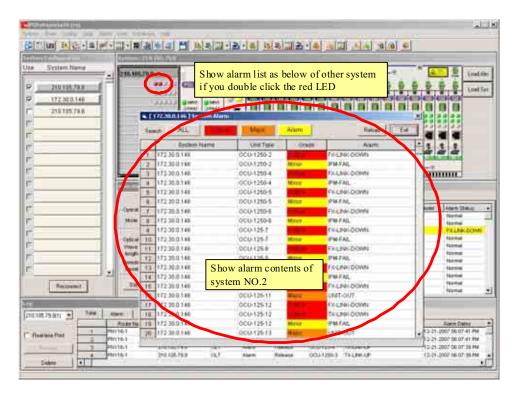


Figure 6-20 Other System Alarms View

# 5 User management

You can add/delete/change operator who can log in EMS and access the system. The user registered with this function has the right to access EMS only.

Accounts are divided into the "Administrator" grade users who can set/view the device status, and the "Normal" users who are authorized only to view the system status.

### 5.1 User account management

You can add/delete/update the user accounts for EMS.



If no system is selected, the Add / Delete menus are deactivated.

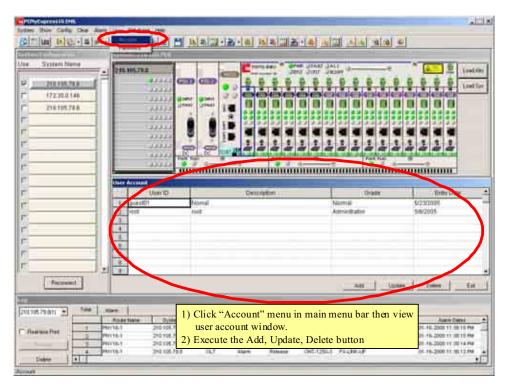


Figure 6-21 User Account Management 1

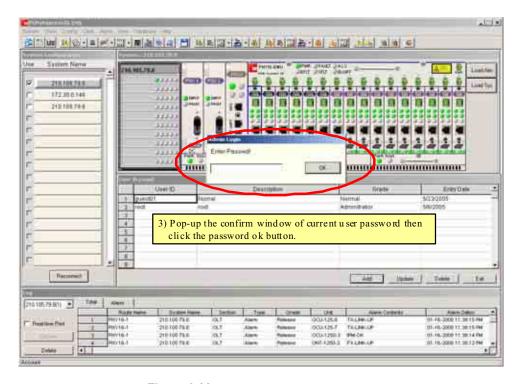


Figure 6-22 User Account Management 2

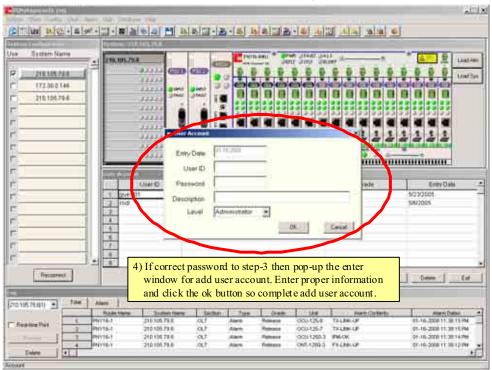


Figure 6-23 User Account Management 3

# 5.2 Changing user password

You can change your password while accessing EMS. To change your password, you need to select "User" in the top menu bar, and select "Password." Then the Change User Password window pops up as shown in Figure 6-24.

Type the current password in the pop-up window, and type a new password in the "New Password" field and the "Confirm Password" window.

After finishing this step, your password is changed, and you must use the new password if you want to log in the EMS from the next time.

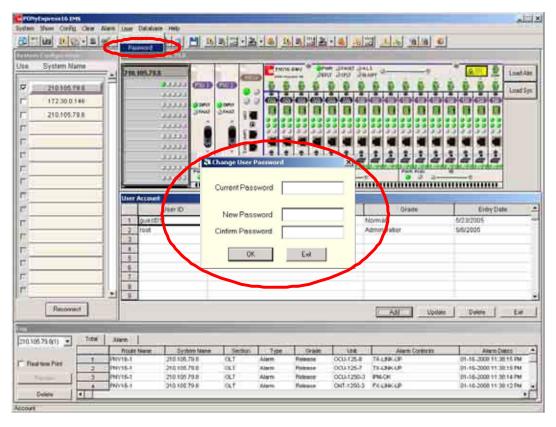


Figure 6-24 Change User Password

# 6 DB Management

When EMS is connected to a system, the alarm message is automatically reported to EMS. EMS stores the alarm messages in HDD, and enables you to view history. This function enables you to view command history and alarm history by time/by unit. One thing you should note is that while EMS is connected with a system, no alarm message is received. Therefore the EMS history cannot exactly match with the system. EMS retains alarm history for a year, and duplicates the database to protect the data.

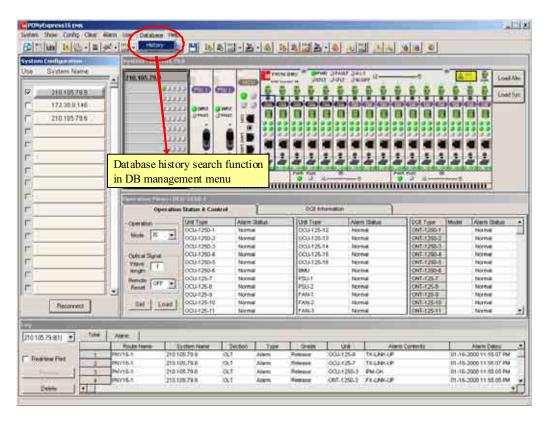


Figure 6-25 Database Management

#### 6.1 History view and search

If you select "History" in the top menu bar, the search window pops up as shown in Figure 5-25. This window has two tabs: Command History and Alarm History. You can search history with the search conditions such as the network name, the date, the user ID, occurrence/clearance, the alarm type and the system name.

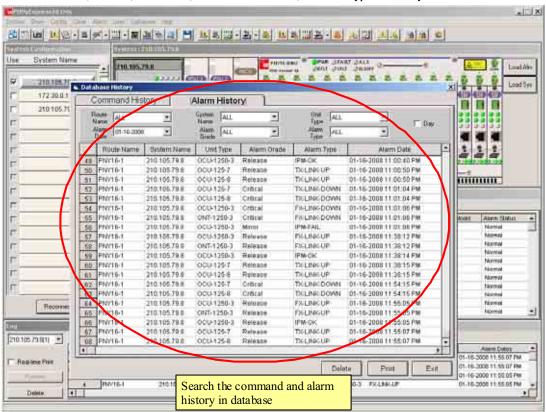


Figure 6-26 DB History View and Search

# 6.2 Alarm data display

EMS retries alarm data from DB at an interval of 3 seconds, and displays the data on the LOG window, with the recent data on the top. You can select the system name in the left of the LOG window.

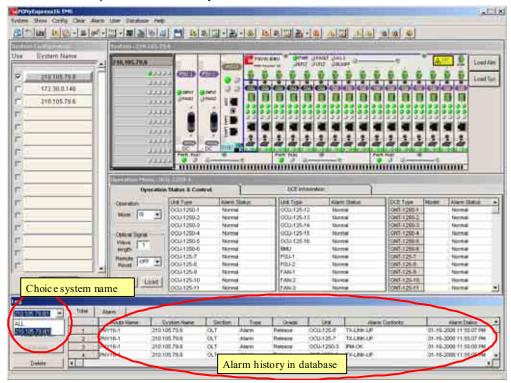


Figure 6-27 Alarm Data Display

#### 6.3 Real-time alarm print

This function enables you to download alarm data in real-time from the system. Select the "Real-time Print" check box on the left of the Log window, and click "Preview" to display the real-time alarm data pop-up window. EMS displays the data in real-time upon receiving the alarm report from the system. The pop-up window also provides the "Clear" and "Print" buttons.

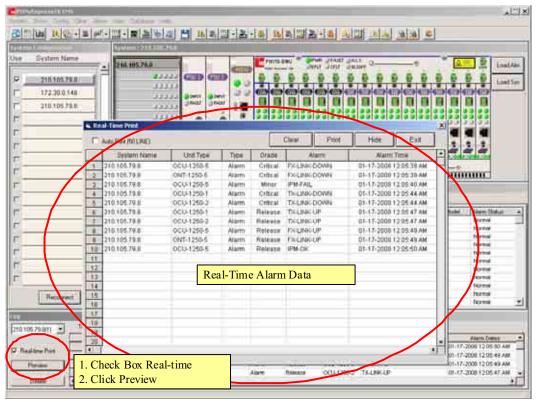


Figure 6-28 Real-time Alarm View

# 7 Configuration management

### 7.1 Optical signal setting

You can set the parameters for optical signal on the Operation Menu window in the center of the GUI window. In the "Operation status & control" window, the parameters required for operation of optical signal of each OCU in OLT are activated. The optical signal operating parameter values are as described below.

- Optical signal (Laser Diode:LD) : ON, OFF
  - -. Optical signal ON/OFF status of OCU is indicated. It remains ON for normal operation. You can switch OFF the function for test.
- Wavelength No. : Indicates the slot number for OCU.
- Remote Reset : ON, OFF
  - -. You can make the hardware-level command for remote reset from the system. It is OFF during the normal operation. This single-shot command is activated only once when the remote reset command is made. The ON status is not continued, and once the status becomes ON, it is always changed to OFF in the next system. If this function is used, the DCE which detects the signal pattern performs self-reset.

The following figures illustrate service status control and remote reset of DCE. You can use the function with the "Operation Status & Control" menu or with the pop-up menu displayed when you right-click the OCU channel card.

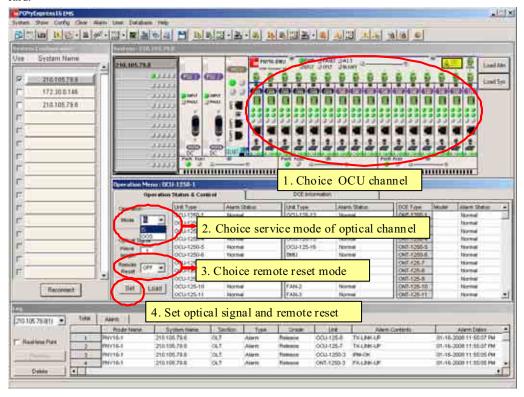


Figure 6-29 Operation Status & Control Menu

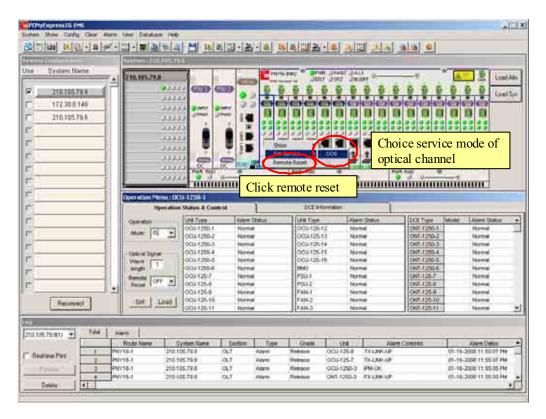


Figure 6-30 Pop-up Menu displayed when Right-Click the OCU Channel Card

#### 7.2 DCE information

The system has a DCE per optical channel. EMS retrieves this information from the system, saves it in DB, and enables you to manage the system by entering operator and location of DCE. If you click "Load DCE" on the "DCE Information" page in the center of the EMS window, a confirmation window pops up, and EMS retrieves information on DCE from the system.

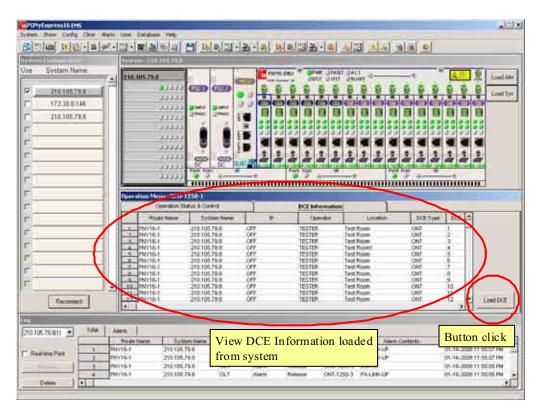


Figure 6-31 DCE Information

# 7.3 Remote connection to system

EMS can access the system through the remote terminal window, not with the console, for inspection and preventive maintenance of the system. If you wish to make connection to the system, double-click the Telnet image in the MCU board image on the EMS window. Then, a remote connection terminal window pops-up, makes connection to the system, and prompts you to enter the login ID and password. If you wish to make connection to an ONU for an OCU channel, you must double-click the ONT image on each channel slot image. However, you cannot make connection to ONT if the OCU channel card is deleted or the optical link is not configured.

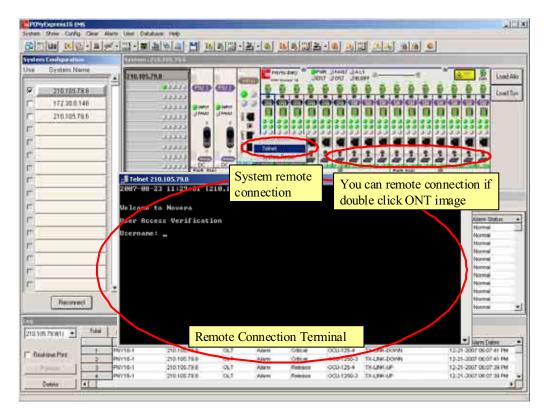


Figure 6-32 Remote Access

# **8 Like CLI Command**

This menu provides function like CLI command of system. It consists of the menus, "show" "Config->Set" "Config->No," and "Clear". The detail descriptions of this function reference "Chapter 4. Managing system with CLI".

#### **8.1 Show**

If you click the "Show" menu, shows all information of system.

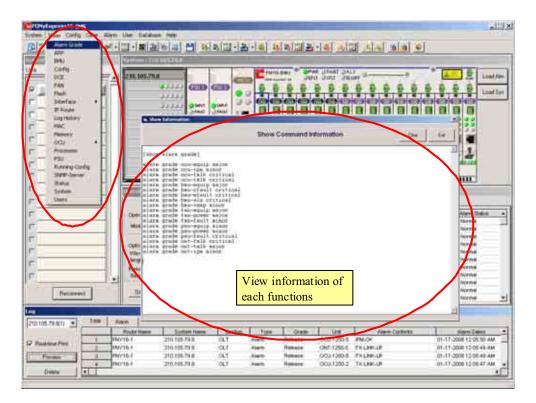


Figure 6-33 Show all information of system

### 8.2 Config->Set

If you click the "Config->Set" menu, set all function of system.

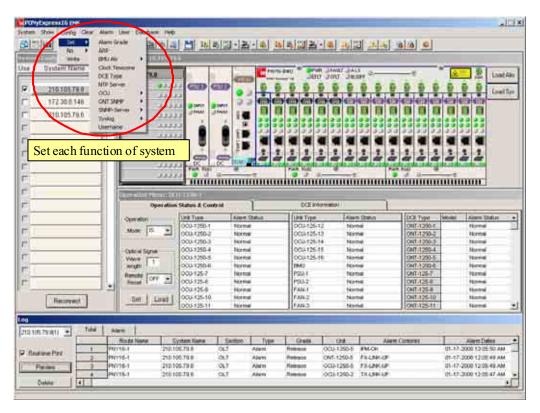


Figure 6-34 Set all function of system

### 8.3 Config->No

If you click the "Config->No" menu, negate all function of system.

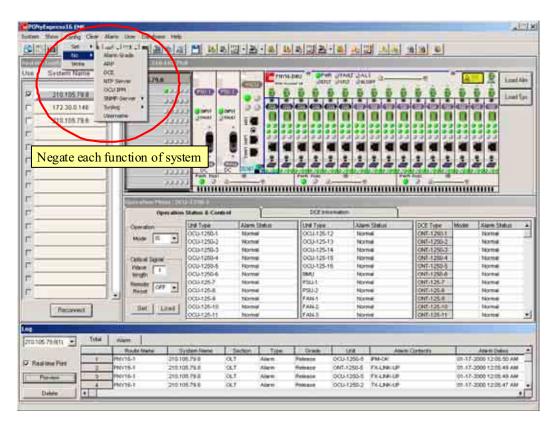


Figure 6-35 Negate all function of system

#### 8.4 Clear

If you click the "Clear" menu, clear all function of system.

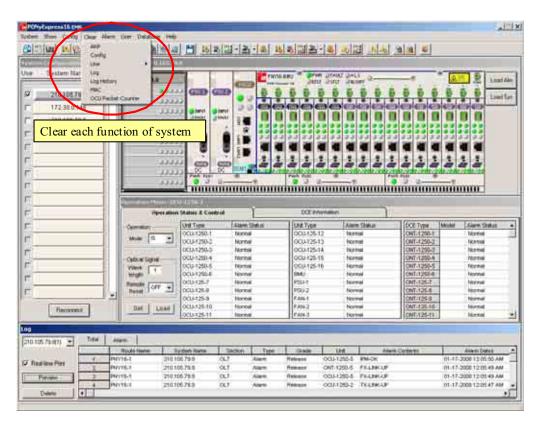


Figure 6-36 Clear all function of system

## 9 Help

This menu provides help for operating EMS. It consists of the sub-menus, "About EMS," "About System," "Unit LED Description," "Support Center" and "User Manual."

#### 9.1 EMS information

If you click "About EMS" in the "Help" menu, the EMS Information window pops up. This window shows the EMS name, the version and the connected system model.

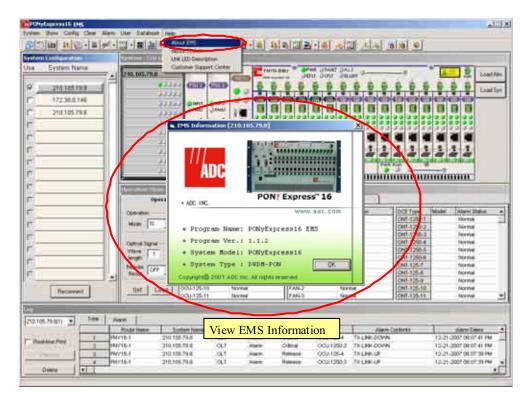


Figure 6-37 EMS Information

### 9.2 System information

If you click "About System," the System Information window pops up, showing the system name, the model and the version.

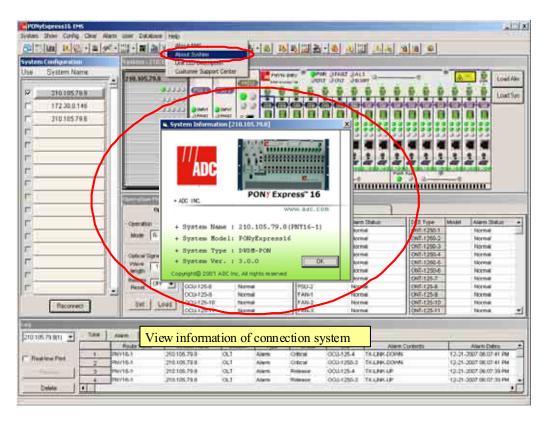


Figure 6-38 Information on Connected System

### 9.3 Unit LED description

If you click "Unit LED Description," the Unit LED Description window pops up, showing LED names and operation states of OCU and ONT.

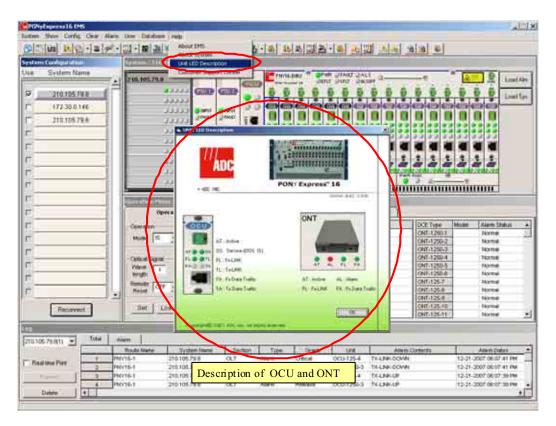


Figure 6-39 Description on OCU and ONT LED

### 9.4 Customer Support center

If you click "Customer Support Center," the Support Center window pops up, showing the address and the contact information of LG-Nortel.

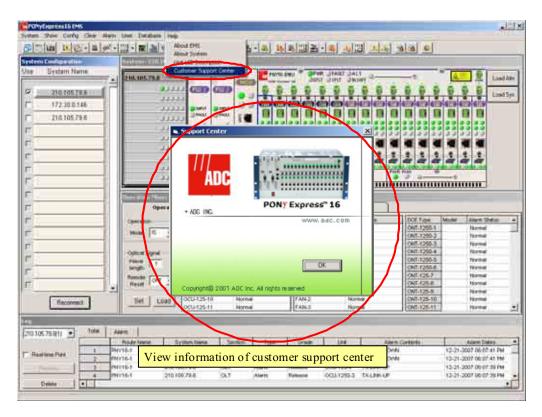


Figure 6-40 Information on Customer Support Center

#### **10 Quick Button**

The created quick buttons for each commends under the main menu. The text description for the command is shown when mouse arrow is on the quick button. It executes the commands when clicking the quick button.

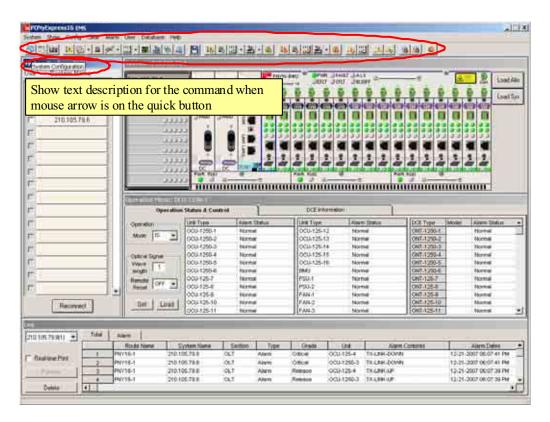


Figure 6-41 EMS quick button

## 11 LiveUpdate

### 11.1 LiveUpdate menu

LiveUpdate automatically updates the system as you select the targets for update when the system is upgraded or a new version of OS is released upon request of the customers. The LiveUpdate window pops up when you click "LiveUpdate" from the "System" menu.

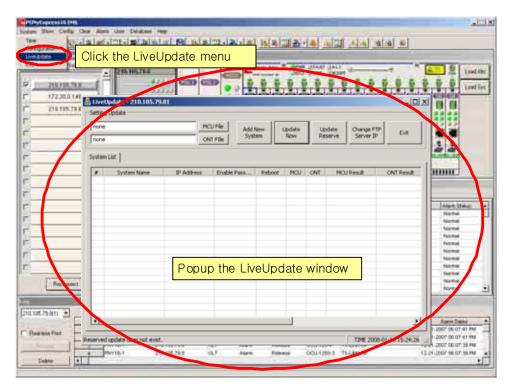


Figure 6-42 LiveUpdate Menu

### 11.2 Update procedure

You can perform LiveUpdate in the following procedure.

Create the list for update.
 Select the system name, IP, MCU / ONT(All or select echo ONT), and whether to reboot the system after update. You can give any system name.

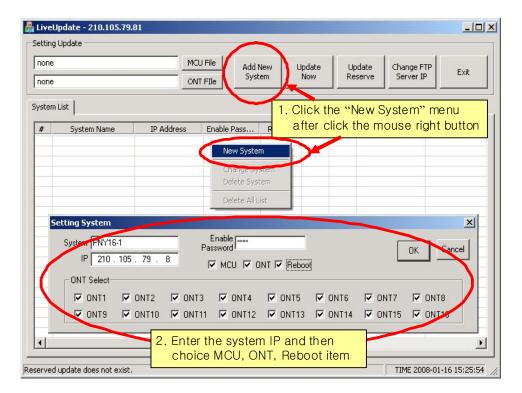


Figure 6-43 LiveUpdate Step 1

2) Click the MCU File or the ONT File button, and select the image file for update. Click the "Update Now" button, and click "OK" in the pop-up window. If the list has a number of systems, EMS updates the systems in sequence.

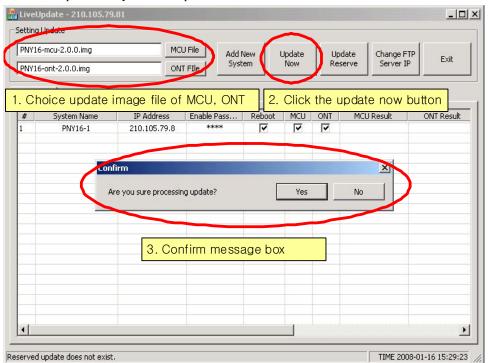


Figure 6-44 LiveUpdate Step 2

3) The update result is displayed on the message box during the update, and on the right side of the list after the update. Click the "Update Now" button, and the "Yes" button on the confirmation message box. If the list has a number of systems, EMS updates the systems in sequence. You can stop update at any time by clicking the "Cancel" button on the message box. If you click "Cancel," the update process is stopped after the current update of the MCU or the ONT is completed.

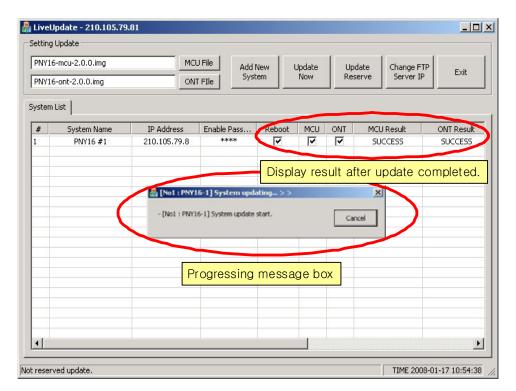


Figure 6-45 LiveUpdate Step 3

#### 11.3 Reservation for update

Reserved update is performed in the same procedure described above. The only difference is that you can reserve the time for update. You can reserve the time for update by clicking the "Update Reserve" button as shown in the following figure. If you click the button, the Setting Reserve message box pops up. The message box remains on the window until the reserved update is started. You can cancel the reservation at any time by clicking the Cancel button on the box. The update process is performed as described above.

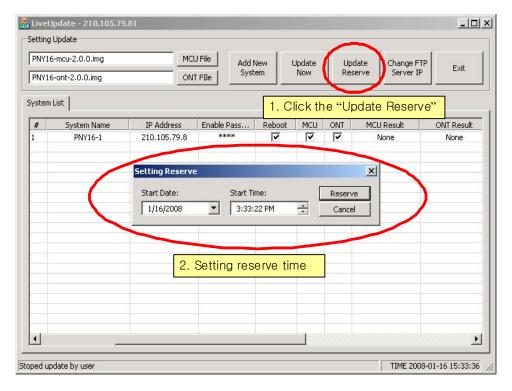


Figure 6-46 Reservation for Update

### 11.4 Changing FTP server IP

LiveUpdate activates the FTP server to download the MCU and ONT update image files to the program. You don't have to designate an IP if there is only one user PC. If there are a number of IP addresses, you need to select an IP as the FTP server. If you do not select an IP, the program uses any IP. If the IP band or gateway is different, the image file might not be downloaded. Therefore, you must select the FTP server IP if you use a private IP or a number of IPs. If you click "Change FTP Server IP," a window pops up. If you click the combo box in the pop-up window, all the IPs are displayed. The current FTP server IP is indicated on the title bar as shown in the following figure.

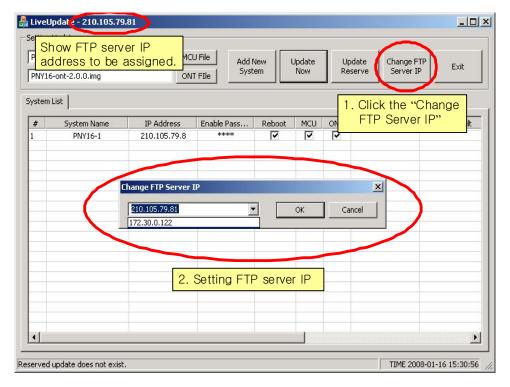


Figure 6-47 Setting FTP Server IP

## 12 EMS menu

### 12.1 Main menus

<Table 5-2> EMS Main Menus

Main menu	Description
System	Manage system by adding device, changing information.
Show	This menu is function like "Show" in CLI command of MCU NOS.
Config	This menu is function like "Set" or "No" in CLI command of MCU NOS.
Clear	This menu is function like "Clear" in CLI command of MCU NOS.
Alarm	Set general conditions of alarms
User	Manage users via EMS by adding, deleting user, and changing password.
Database	View history data from database
Help	View information on EMS, system software and customer support

### 12.2 Sub menus

<Table 5-3> EMS Sub Menus

Main menu	Sub menu		Description		
	Time		View and set system time.		
System	Config	uration	Add a system, or view, change or delete the existing system information.		
	LiveU	lpdate	Update OS of OLT and ONT.		
	E	xit	Exit EMS.		
	Alarm	Grade	View all the alarm grades set in the system.		
	ARP		View the contents of the ARP table with the following command.		
	BMU		View alarm status and information of BMU.		
	Config		Show setting up information of the system to be saving in the compact flash.		
	DCE		View DCE status and information.		
	FAN		View alarm status and information of FAN.		
Show	Flash		This command shows the Flash memory state of the system.		
	Interface	Eth0	View Ethernet port information as IP address, MAC address, input packet and output packet		
		Eth1	of system.		
	IP Route		Show the contents of the routing table.		
	Log History		The command logs stored in the system are displayed.		

Main menu	Sub menu			Description		
		MA	AC	Show the contents of the MAC table.		
				This command shows the memory state of the		
		Men	nory	system.		
			Status	View alarm status and other information of the optical channels.		
		Pa	acket-Counter	Show the current traffic in FX and TX port of OCU.		
	OCU	Average Packet-		Display average packet counter of OCU for		
			Counter	5sec, 10sec, 1min and 10min.		
			TRx	Display TRx information of OCU for board temp, VCC, TX-BC, TX-Power and RX-Power (IPM).		
			Inband-id	Display default in-band id of OCU		
		Processes		Show the current CPU load by process in system.		
		PSU		View alarm status and information of PSU.		
		Running	g-Config	Show the current setting of the system.		
	SNMP-Server			Show the status of the SNMP in the system.		
			aus	Show unit in/out and alarm status of BMU, PSU and FAN module.		
		Cvo	tom	Show a brief profile of the system such as the		
		Sys	tem	name, the version by module and the capacity.		
		Us	ers	Show connected user information with system.		
		Alarm Grade		Set all the alarm grades in the system.		
	_		ARP	Add an IP and MAC address in the ARP.		
		BMU A	Disabel	Set ALS (Automatic Link Showdown)		
		DIVIO 7 1	Enable	disable/enable of BMU.		
		DCE Type		Set type and IP address of DCE.		
	_	N.	TP Server	Set IP address of NTP server.		
Config			Disable	Set disable service state of OCU.		
			Enable	Set enable service state of OCU.		
		OCU	IPM	Set IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.		
		000	Speed Set the data rate of the OCU port from 2 100Mbps, 1000Mbps or auto.			
			Remote Reset	Remote reset DCE through the electrical signal from OLT.		
		ONT	Disable	Set SNMP connection state disable/enable of		
		SNMP	Enable ONT.			
		SNMP-	Community	Set the connection password for SNMP Agent		

Server   Trap	Main menu	Sub menu		menu	Description	
Trap-host Users Set ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Level Set syslog host IP address.  Username ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the system.  Pocu IPM Server Community Community Server  Alarm Log Set syslog host IP address of DCE. NTP Server Delete IP address of NTP server.  Delete IP address of NTP server.  Delete IP (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Poelete IP (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community Server Trap-host Trap-host Trap-host Alarm Log Level Host Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Level Host Delete user ID of system.  ARP Config Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear II posses and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Change password of the user on EMS.			Server	Trap	Set trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules	
Alarm Log Set alarm log level(critical, major, minor) in system.  Host Set syslog host IP address.  Username Create user ID of system.  ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the system.  ARP Delete an IP and MAC address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP Address of NTP server.  OCU IPM Value of OCU.  Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Set SNMP trap host IP address and community name.  Users Delete ID and password for SNMP Agent in System.  Alarm Log Syslog Level Host Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Coffig Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  ARC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  COU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system earns whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.				Trap-host	-	
Syslog   Level   System.     Host   Set syslog host IP address.     Username   Create user ID of system.     Alarm Grade   Negate all the alarm grades in the system.     ARP   Delete an IP and MAC address in the ARP.     DCE   Negate type and IP address of DCE.     NTP Server   Delete IP address of NTP server.     Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.     Community   Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.     Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)     Set SNMP trap host IP address and community name.     Users   Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.     Alarm Log   Syslog   Level     Host   Delete syslog host IP address.     Username   Delete user ID of system.     Clear all contents of ARP table in system.     Line   Disconnect connection user in system.     Log History   Delete the command logs from the system.     Clear all contents of MAC table in system.     Cour Packet-Counter   Clear all packet counter values of OCU.     History   View log data of the system.     Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.     Password   Change password of the user on EMS.				Users	Set ID and password for SNMP agent V3.	
Host Set syslog host IP address.  Username Create user ID of system.  Alarm Grade Negate all the alarm grades in the system.  ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the ARP.  DCE Negate type and IP address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP Address of NTP server.  OCU IPM Delete the Connection password for SNMP Agent.  Community Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Community Server Trap-host Paddress and community name.  Users Delete ID and password for SNMP Agent alarm log level in system.  Visers Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Couly Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.				Alarm Log	Set alarm log level(critical, major, minor) in	
Username Create user ID of system.  Alarm Grade Negate all the alarm grades in the system.  ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the ARP.  DCE Negate type and IP address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP Address of NTP server.  OCU IPM Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Server Trap-host Server Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Negate alarm log level in system.  Level Host Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Config Delete the command logs from the system.  Cogulation Delete the command logs from the system.  Coulate Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Coulate the command logs from the system.  Delete the command logs from the system.  Coulate the command logs from the system.			Syslog	Level	system.	
Alarm Grade ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the system.  ARP Delete an IP and MAC address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP Address of NTP server.  OCU IPM  Community Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community  Community Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Server  Alarm Log Syslog Level Host Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Disconnect connection user in system.  Cody Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Cody Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Cody Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.				Host	Set syslog host IP address.	
ARP Delete an IP and MAC address in the ARP.  DCE Negate type and IP address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP address of NTP server.  Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Server Trap-host Users Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Negate alarm log level in system.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash. Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Log History MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Delete the command logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.			Username		Create user ID of system.	
DCE Negate type and IP address of DCE.  NTP Server Delete IP address of NTP server.  Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Set SNMP- Server  Trap-host Users Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Syslog Level Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash. Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Log History MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Delete the command logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.			Ala	arm Grade		
NTP Server  OCU IPM  Delete IP address of NTP server.  Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community  Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Set SNMP trap host IP address and community name.  Users  Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Negate alarm log level in system.  Alarm Log  Syslog  Level  Host  Delete syslog host IP address.  Username  Delete user ID of system.  ARP  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config  Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line  Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History  Delete the command logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.				ARP	Delete an IP and MAC address in the ARP.	
OCU IPM Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range value of OCU.  Community Delete the connection password for SNMP Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Set SNMP trap host IP address and community name.  Users Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Negate alarm log level in system.  Syslog Level Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Cog History Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.					Negate type and IP address of DCE.	
No SNMP- Server Trap-host  Alarm Log Syslog Level Host Delete user ID of system.  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear Log Log History Delete the system Log History Agent.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History  Alarm Alarm Threshold  Password  Clear all pelete user ID of system.  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.			N.	TP Server	Delete IP address of NTP server.	
No SNMP-Server  Trap Server  Trap-host  Agent.  Clear trap for each alarm types of the 5 modules. (BMU, FAN, OCU, PSU, ONT)  Set SNMP trap host IP address and community name.  Users  Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Syslog Level Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.			OCU IPM		Delete IPM (Input Power Monitoring) range	
SNMP- Server  Trap		No		Community		
Trap-host  Users  Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.  Alarm Log Syslog Level  Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Clear believe the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  Cocu Packet-Counter Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Config Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  Delete the command logs from the system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.				Trap		
Alarm Log Level  Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  AAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.			Server	Trap-host	·	
Syslog Level  Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.				Users	Delete ID and password for SNMP agent V3.	
Host Delete syslog host IP address.  Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Alarm Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.			Syslog	•	Negate alarm log level in system.	
Username Delete user ID of system.  ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.				Host	Delete syslog host IP address.	
Clear ARP Clear all contents of ARP table in system.  Config Delete all information from the compact flash.  Line Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.			·		Delete user ID of system.	
Clear  Log  Disconnect connection user in system.  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History  Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Change password of the user on EMS.						
Clear  Log  Delete the system logs and the alarm logs from the system.  Log History  Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Change password of the user on EMS.		Config			Delete all information from the compact flash.	
Clear  Log the system.  Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.		Line			Disconnect connection user in system.	
Log History  Delete the command logs from the system.  MAC  Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Change password of the user on EMS.	Clear	Log				
MAC Clear all contents of MAC table in system.  OCU Packet-Counter Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  History View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password Change password of the user on EMS.		Log History				
OCU Packet-Counter  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Clear all packet counter values of OCU.  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Change password of the user on EMS.					· ·	
Alarm  History  View log data of the system.  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Change password of the user on EMS.					·	
Alarm  Threshold  Determine whether to receive report on the system alarms by alarm grade.  Password  Change password of the user on EMS.					·	
Password Change password of the user on EMS.	Alarm	Alarm			Determine whether to receive report on the	
I dosword   Orlange password of the user off Livio.	User		Pacc	word		
User Account Add, change or delete account of EMS user.						

Main menu	Sub menu	Description	
Database	History	View and search commands and alarms stored in DB of the operating PC.	
	About EMS	View information on name and version of EMS.	
	About System	View type and version of the connected system.	
Help	UNIT LED Description	Describe LED for OCU and ONT displayed on EMS window.	
	Customer Support Center	View address and contact information of the customer center.	

## Chapter7 Read before requesting service

#### Cannot switch the system on.

- 1. Are +/- of DC -48V properly connected?
  - ✓ Check if +/- of the PDP or power codes are reversed.
  - ✓ Check the power at the PDP port.

#### Communication is disabled.

- 1. Is the subscriber aggregation switch set properly?
  - ✓ Check the LAN cable, and replace the LAN and check the communication status.
- 2. Check if Tx/Rx ports of OCU in the OLT shelf are properly connected?
  - ✓ Check if Tx/Rx port of OCU are reversed.
- 3. Is the optical power measured at the OCU card in OLT shelf and the BMU below the specification?
  - Clean the optical jumper code of the optical output port in each card of each shelf, and then, check the followings. Also check if the optical fiber is bent.
  - ✓ Check if the BLS output power from the BMU channel ports meets specification.
  - ✓ Check if the output power of the OCU card meets the specification.
  - ✓ Check if the output power of BMU common port meets specification.
- 4. Was the fiber properly terminated during installation of RN?
- Check if the radius of the end coil of the terminated optical fiber is less than 15cm. Also check if the optical fiber was broken when RF cabinet door was closed.
- 5. Internet rate is lower than expected.
- Check the rate of NIC of the subscriber PC. Some of the NIC cards is for 10M. In this case, replace the NIC. Also check if NIC is set to auto nego.
- 6. IP is received normally, and then, disconnected.
- The switch blocks the connection at L3 if the subscriber PC is affected by a virus. Check the virus in your PC. (You may have to format the PC.)
- 7. If you have had used two or more PCs, and now use only one, it is blocked by the max mac filtering function of the switch.

# Chapter8 Appendix A Acronyms

ADSL Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line

ARP Address Resolution Protocol
BLS Broadband Light Source

BMU Broadband Light Source and MUX Unit

CLI Command Line Interface

CoS Class of Service

DCE Data Circuit-Terminal Equipment

DWDM Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing

SL16 Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing Passive Optical Network

DEMUX De-multiplex

EMC Electro Magnetic Compatibility
EMI Electro Magnetic Interference
EMS Element Management System

FES Fast Ethernet Switch
FTTB Fiber To The Business
FTTC Fiber To The Curb
FTTH Fiber To The Home

H/W Hardware

ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol
IGMP Internet Group Multicast Protocol

IPM Input Power Monitoring

L2 Layer 2
 L3 Layer 3
 L4 Layer 4

LAN Local Area Network
LED Light Emitting Diode
MAC Media Access Control
MCU Main Control Unit

MIB Management Information Base

MUX Multiplex

NMS Network Management Server

OCU Optical Channel Unit
OFD Optical Fiber Distribution
OLT Optical Line Terminal
ONU Optical Network Unit
OS Operating System

PIM Protocol Independent Multicast

#### Chapter8 Appendix A Acronyms

PON Passive Optical Network

PSU Power Supply Unit
QoS Quality of Service
RN Remote Node
SMF Single Mode Fiber

SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol

S/W Software

ToS Type of Service

UTP Unshielded Twist Pair

VDSL Very high data rate Digital Subscribe Line

VLAN Virtual Local Area Network

WDM Wavelength Division Multiplexing

WDM-PON Wavelength Division Multiplexing Passive Optical Network

WFQ Weighted Fair Queue

WRED Weighted Random Early Detection

WRR Weighted Round Robin

XDSL ADSL or VDSL

# SpeedLIGHT16 User Manual

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