



# G1000® Integrated Flight Deck

Cockpit Reference Guide for the Beechcraft A36/G36



**GARMIN** ▲



**FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS**

**ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM**

**NAV/COM/TRANSPONDER/AUDIO PANEL**

**AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM**

**GPS NAVIGATION**

**FLIGHT PLANNING**

**PROCEDURES**

**HAZARD AVOIDANCE**

**ADDITIONAL FEATURES**

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This manual reflects the operation of System Software version 0858.07 or later for the Beechcraft A36/G36. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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**WARNING:** Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain function. The G1000 Terrain Proximity feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The Terrain Proximity feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance and is not certified for use in applications requiring a certified terrain awareness system. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.

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**WARNING:** The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.

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**WARNING:** The altitude calculated by G1000 GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the GDC 74A Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in the aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G1000 PFD or other pressure altimeters in aircraft.

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**WARNING:** Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the G1000 system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using any outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.

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**WARNING:** Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.

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**WARNING:** Traffic information shown on the G1000 Multi Function Display is provided as an aid in visually acquiring traffic. Pilots must maneuver the aircraft based only upon ATC guidance or positive visual acquisition of conflicting traffic.

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**WARNING:** XM Weather should not be used for hazardous weather penetration. Weather information provided by the GDL 69A is approved only for weather avoidance, not penetration.

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**WARNING:** NEXRAD weather data is to be used for long-range planning purposes only. Due to inherent delays in data transmission and the relative age of the data, NEXRAD weather data should not be used for short-range weather avoidance.

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**WARNING:** Use of the Stormscope is not intended for hazardous weather penetration (thunderstorm penetration). Stormscope information, as displayed on the G1000 MFD, is to be used only for weather avoidance, not penetration.

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**WARNING:** The Garmin G1000, as installed in the Beechcraft A36/G36 aircraft, has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the G1000. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.

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**WARNING:** For safety reasons, G1000 operational procedures must be learned on the ground.

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**WARNING:** The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin G1000 utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the G1000 can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.

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**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the G1000 Pilot's Guide documentation and the Beechcraft A36/G36 Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH). Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G1000 to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.

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**WARNING:** The illustrations in this guide are only examples. Never use the G1000 to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding “by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo.”



**WARNING:** Lamp(s) inside this product may contain mercury (HG) and must be recycled or disposed of according to local, state, or federal laws. For more information, refer to our website at [www.garmin.com/aboutGarmin/environment/disposal.jsp](http://www.garmin.com/aboutGarmin/environment/disposal.jsp).



**WARNING:** Because of variation in the earth’s magnetic field, operating the system within the following areas could result in loss of reliable attitude and heading indications. North of 72° North latitude at all longitudes. South of 70° South latitude at all longitudes. North of 65° North latitude between longitude 75° W and 120° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 70° W and 128° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 85° E and 114° E. (Northern Russia). South of 55° South latitude between longitude 120° E and 165° E. (Region south of Australia and New Zealand).



**WARNING:** Do not use GPS to navigate to any active waypoint identified as a ‘NON WGS84 WPT’ by a system message. ‘NON WGS84 WPT’ waypoints are derived from an unknown map reference datum that may be incompatible with the map reference datum used by GPS (known as WGS84) and may be positioned in error as displayed.



**CAUTION:** The PFD and MFD displays use a lens coated with a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. **CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING.** It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.



**CAUTION:** The Garmin G1000 does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot’s authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.






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**NOTE:** All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the G1000 panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current G1000 system and aviation databases. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.

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**NOTE:** This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

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**NOTE:** The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.

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**NOTE:** This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our web site at [www.garmin.com/prop65](http://www.garmin.com/prop65).

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**NOTE:** Interference from GPS repeaters operating inside nearby hangars can cause an intermittent loss of attitude and heading displays while the aircraft is on the ground. Moving the aircraft more than 100 yards away from the source of the interference should alleviate the condition.

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**NOTE:** Use of polarized eyewear may cause the flight displays to appear dim or blank.

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**NOTE:** The purpose of this Cockpit Reference Guide is to provide the pilot a resource with which to find operating instructions on the major features of the G1000 system more easily. It is not intended to be a comprehensive operating guide. Complete operating procedures for the system are found in the G1000 Pilot's Guide for this aircraft.

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Part Number	Change Summary
190-00525-00	Initial release.
190-00525-01 Rev A	Added GDU software version 6.13 parameters. Added TAWS
Rev B	Changed system software number to 0464.08.
190-00525-02 Rev A	Changed to smaller format Added Airways, WAAS, VNAV & Charts Updated G1000 System Messages Added other GDU 8.10 parameters
Rev B	Removed FD Formatting feature
190-00525-03	Added GDU 11.01 parameters Added Synthetic Vision System Added flight plan import/export Updated procedure for entering User Waypoints Updated XM weather products Updated TAWS annunciations Added CDI operation in Dead Reckoning mode Added AOPA Airport Directory Added temporary user waypoints Added database synchronization Added GTS 820 TAS Removed support for non-WAAS systems Various clerical corrections

Revision	Date of Revision	Affected Pages	Description
A	July, 2010	All	Production release

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## FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS

### SELECTING THE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING

Turn the **BARO** Knob to select the desired setting.

### SELECTING STANDARD BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (29.92 IN HG)

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **STD BARO** Softkey to set standard barometric pressure.

### CHANGE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING UNITS

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey to display the second-level softkeys.
- 2) Press the **ALT UNIT** Softkey.
- 3) Press the **IN** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in inches of mercury (in Hg).

**Or:**

Press the **HPA** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in hectopascals.

- 4) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the top-level softkeys.

### CHANGE NAVIGATION SOURCES

- 1) Press the **CDI** Softkey to change from GPS to VOR1 or LOC1. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV1 standby frequency in the upper left corner of the PFD.
- 2) Press the **CDI** Softkey again to change from VOR1 or LOC1 to VOR2 or LOC2. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV2 standby frequency.
- 3) Press the **CDI** Softkey a third time to return to GPS.

## ENABLE/DISABLE OBS MODE WHILE NAVIGATING WITH GPS

- 1) Press the **OBS** Softkey to select OBS Mode.
- 2) Turn a **CRS** Knob to select the desired course to/from the waypoint. Press a **CRS** Knob to synchronize the Selected Course with the bearing to the next waypoint.
- 3) Press the **OBS** Softkey again to disable OBS Mode.

## GENERIC TIMER

- 1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey, then turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the time field (hh/mm/ss). Turn the **FMS** Knobs to set the desired time, then press the **ENT** Key. The UP/DOWN field is now highlighted.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the UP/DOWN window. Turn the **FMS** Knob to select 'UP' or 'DOWN', then press the **ENT** Key. 'START?' is now highlighted.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key to START, STOP, or RESET the timer (if the timer is counting DOWN, it starts counting UP after reaching zero). Press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey to remove the window.

## CONFIGURE VSPEED BUGS INDIVIDUALLY

- 1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired Vspeed.
- 3) Use the small **FMS** Knob to change the Vspeed in 1-kt increments (when a speed has been changed from a default value, an asterisk appears next to the speed).
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the ON/OFF field.
- 5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to ON or counterclockwise to OFF.
- 6) To remove the window, press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey.

## SET BAROMETRIC MINIMUM DESCENT ALTITUDE

- 1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the OFF/BARO field to the right of 'MINIMUMS'.
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to BARO.
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 5) Use the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude.
- 6) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 7) To remove the window, press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey.

## DISPLAYING WIND DATA

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **WIND** Softkey to display wind data to the left of the HSI.
- 3) Press one of the **OPTN** softkeys to change how wind data is displayed.
- 4) To remove the Wind Data Window, press the **OFF** Softkey.

## CHANGING HSI FORMAT

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
  - 2) Press the **HSI FRMT** Softkey.
  - 3) Press the **360 HSI** Softkey to display the full size HSI.
- Or:**
- Press the **ARC HSI** Softkey to display the arc style HSI.

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Nav/Com/XPDR/Audio
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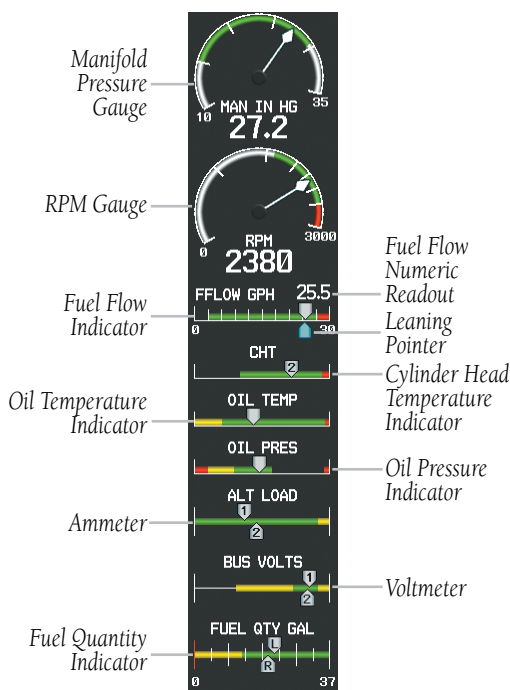
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## ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM

### ENGINE DISPLAY

In all cases green indicates normal operation, yellow indicates caution, and red indicates warning.

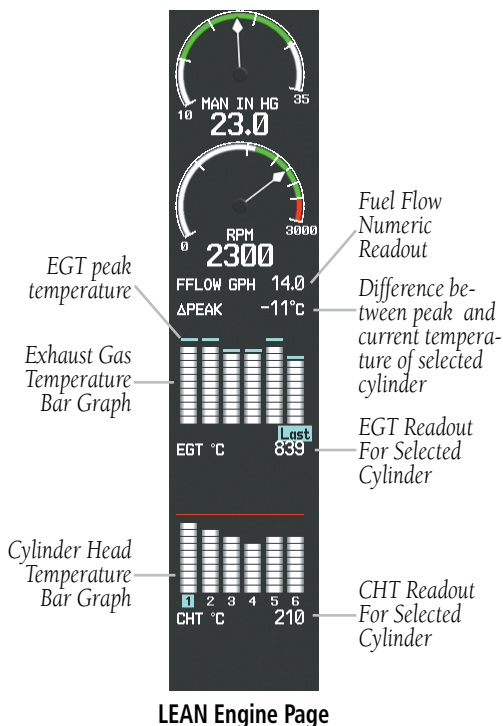
Pressing the **ENGINE** Softkey makes available the **LEAN** and **SYSTEM** Softkeys which in turn provide access to the Lean Page and the System Page, respectively.



Default Engine Page

In a maximum power climb or cruise climb, engine leaning may be done using the Leaning Pointer as a reference when adjusting fuel mixture

## LEAN ENGINE DISPLAY



LEAN Engine Page

- 1) Press the **ENGINE** Softkey, then the **LEAN** Softkey to display the LEAN Engine Page.
- 2) Press the **CYL SLCT** Softkey to select the desired cylinder for monitoring.
- 3) Press the **ASSIST** Softkey to highlight the first cylinder that peaks. Information for that cylinder is displayed.



**NOTE:** The pilot should follow the engine manufacturer's recommended leaning procedures in the Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH).

Pressing the **CYL SLCT** Softkey cycles through the cylinders; the selected cylinder is displayed in light blue. The **CYL SLCT** Softkey is disabled during warning or caution conditions or when the **ASSIST** Softkey is pressed.

When the **ASSIST** Softkey is selected, the system initially highlights and selects the cylinder number with the hottest EGT and displays its temperature below the EGT bar graph. A readout showing the difference between peak ( $\Delta$ PEAK) and the current temperature for the selected cylinder is displayed above the EGT bar graph.

As the mixture is leaned, a light blue line will appear above each cylinder to indicate EGT peak.

When the system detects the first cylinder to peak, the cylinder numbers below the EGT graph disappear, and “1st” is annunciated below the first peaked cylinder to indicate the other cylinders are rich of peak. As the mixture is further leaned, “Last” is annunciated below the last peaked cylinder indicating all cylinders are lean of peak. Refer to the POH and AFM for the recommended mixture adjustment procedures.

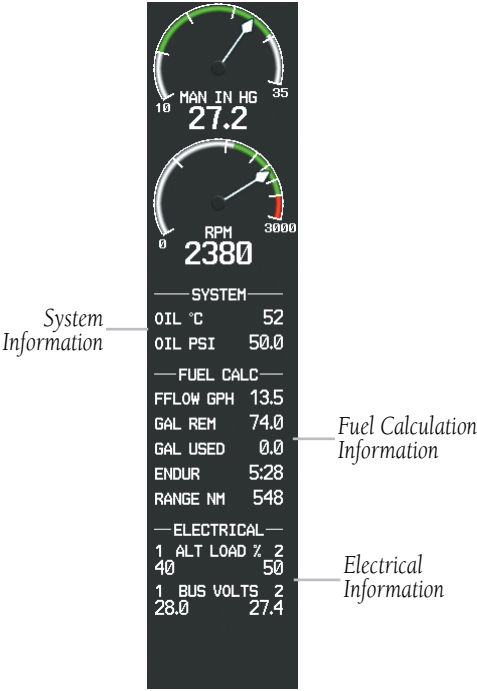
Monitoring of the cylinder continues until the **ASSIST** Softkey is pressed again which disables lean assist and removes the peak lines from the bar graph and the temperature deviation from peak ( $\Delta$ PEAK). The system then returns to seeking the hottest cylinder.

ENGINE SYSTEM DISPLAY

- 1) Press the **ENGINE** Softkey, then the **SYSTEM** Softkey to display the SYSTEM Engine Page.
- 2) If desired, use the **DEC FUEL**, **INC FUEL** and **RST FUEL** Softkeys to adjust the amount of fuel remaining for totalizer calculations.



**NOTE:** Fuel calculations do not use the aircraft fuel quantity indicators, and are calculated from the last time the fuel was reset.



SYSTEM Engine Page

Any exceedance of default Engine Page parameters, while viewing the System Engine Page, causes the display to automatically switch back to the default Engine Page.



## NAV/COM/TRANSPONDER/AUDIO PANEL

### ADF TUNING (OPTIONAL)

Tune the ADF using the remote ADF control head.

### DME TUNING (OPTIONAL)

- 1) Press the **DME** Softkey.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** to select the DME source field.
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired Nav radio.
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key to complete the selection.

### ENTER A TRANSPONDER CODE

- 1) Press the **XPDR** Softkey to display the transponder mode selection softkeys.
- 2) Press the **CODE** Softkey to display the transponder code selection softkeys, for digit entry.
- 3) Press the digit softkeys to enter the code in the code field. When entering the code, the next key in sequence must be pressed within 10 seconds, or the entry is cancelled and restored to the previous code. Five seconds after the fourth digit has been entered, the transponder code becomes active.

### ACTIVATE ADS-B TRANSMIT

- 1) Press the **XPDR** Softkey to display the transponder mode selection softkeys.
- 2) Press the **ADS-B TX** Softkey to enable transmission of three-dimensional aircraft position and aircraft ground track.
- 3) Press the **ADS-B TX** Softkey again to disable transmission.

## SELECTING A COM RADIO

### Transmit/Receive

Press the **COM1 MIC**, **COM2 MIC**, or **COM3 MIC** Key (optional COM, if installed) on the audio panel.

### Receive Only

Press the **COM1**, **COM2**, or **COM3** Key (optional COM, if installed) on the audio panel.

## SELECTING A NAV RADIO

- 1) To begin navigating using a navigation radio, press the **CDI** Softkey on the PFD to select VOR1/LOC1 (NAV1) or VOR2/LOC2 (NAV2).
- 2) Press the **NAV1**, **NAV2**, **DME**, or **ADF** Key on the audio panel to select or deselect the navigation radio audio source. All radio keys can be selected individually or together.

## NAV/COM TUNING

- 1) Press the small tuning knob to select the desired radio for tuning. A light blue box highlights the radio frequency to be tuned.
- 2) Turn the respective tuning knobs to enter the desired frequency into the standby frequency field. The large knob enters MHz and the small knob enters kHz.
- 3) Press the **Frequency Transfer** Key to place the frequency into the active frequency field.

## DIGITAL CLEARANCE RECORDER AND PLAYER



**NOTE:** Only the audio for the selected **COM MIC** Key is recorded. Audio is not recorded for COM3 MIC.

- Pressing **PLAY** once plays the latest recorded memory block, then returns to normal operation.
- Pressing **MKR/MUTE** while playing a memory block stops play.
- Pressing the **PLAY** Key during play begins playing the previously recorded memory block. Each subsequent press of the **PLAY** Key begins playing the next previously recorded block.

## INTERCOM SYSTEM (ICS) ISOLATION

Press the **PILOT** and/or **COPLT** Key to select those isolated from hearing the Nav/Com radios and music.

Mode	PILOT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	COPLT KEY ANNUNCIATOR	Pilot Hears	Copilot Hears	Passenger Hears
<b>ALL</b>	OFF	OFF	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music	Selected radios; pilot; copilot; passengers; music
<b>PILOT</b>	ON	OFF	Selected radios; pilot	Copilot; passengers; music	Copilot; passengers; music
<b>COPILOT</b>	OFF	ON	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; music	Copilot	Selected radios; pilot; passengers; music
<b>CREW</b>	ON	ON	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Selected radios; pilot; copilot	Passengers; music

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# AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM



**NOTE:** If sensor information (other than attitude) required for a flight director mode becomes invalid or unavailable, the flight director automatically reverts to the default mode for that axis.



**NOTE:** If the attitude information required for the default flight director modes becomes invalid or unavailable, the autopilot automatically disengages.

## FLIGHT DIRECTOR ACTIVATION

An initial press of a key listed in the following table (when the flight director is not active) activates the pilot-side flight director in the listed modes.

Control Pressed	Modes Selected			
	Lateral		Vertical	
<b>FD</b> Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT
<b>AP</b> Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT
<b>CWS</b> Switch	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT
<b>GA</b> Switch	Go Around	GA	Go Around	GA
<b>ALT</b> Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Altitude Hold	ALT
<b>VS</b> Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Vertical Speed	VS
<b>VNV</b> Key	Roll Hold (default)	ROL	Vertical Path Tracking*	VPTH
<b>NAV</b> Key	Navigation**	GPS VOR LOC	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT
<b>APR</b> Key	Approach**	GPS VAPP LOC	Pitch Hold (default) Glidepath Glideslope	PIT GP GS
<b>HDG</b> Key	Heading Select	HDG	Pitch Hold (default)	PIT

\*Valid VNV flight plan must be entered before **VNV** Key press activates flight director.

\*\*The selected navigation receiver must have a valid VOR or LOC signal or active GPS course before **NAV** or **APR** Key press activates flight director.

## VERTICAL MODES

Vertical Mode	Description	Control	Annunciation
Pitch Hold	Holds the current aircraft pitch attitude; may be used to climb/descend to the Selected Altitude	(default)	PIT
Selected Altitude Armed	AFCS armed to capture the altitude displayed in the Selected Altitude window	*	ALTS
Altitude Hold	Holds the current Altitude Reference	<b>ALT</b> Key	ALT   nnnnn FT
Vertical Speed	Maintains the current aircraft vertical speed; may be used to climb/descend to the Selected Altitude	<b>VS</b> Key	VS   nnnn FPM
Flight Level Change	Maintains the current aircraft airspeed in IAS while the aircraft is climbing/descending to the Selected Altitude	<b>FLC</b> Key	FLC   nnn KT
VNAV	Captures and tracks the VNAV flight path	<b>VNV</b> Key	VPTH
VNAV Target Altitude Armed (GDU 1045 only)	AFCS armed to capture the altitude displayed in the VNAV Target Altitude window	**	ALTV
Glidepath	Captures and tracks the WAAS glidepath on approach	<b>APR</b> Key	GP
Glideslope	Captures and tracks the ILS glideslope on approach		GS
Go Around	Disengages the autopilot and commands a constant pitch attitude and wings level	<b>GA</b> Switch	GA

\* ALTS armed automatically when PIT, VS, FLC, or GA active, and under VPTH when Selected Altitude is to be captured instead of VNAV Target Altitude

\*\* ALTV armed automatically under VPTH when VNAV Target Altitude is to be captured instead of Selected Altitude

## LATERAL MODES

Lateral Mode	Description	Control	Annunciation
Roll Hold	Holds the current aircraft roll attitude or rolls the wings level, depending on the commanded bank angle	(default)	ROL
Heading Select	Captures and tracks the Selected Heading	<b>HDG</b> Key	HDG
Navigation, GPS	Captures and tracks the selected navigation source (GPS, VOR, LOC)	<b>NAV</b> Key	GPS
Navigation, VOR (Enroute Mode)			VOR
Navigation, LOC (Glideslope will not arm or capture)			LOC
Navigation, Backcourse			BC
Approach, GPS (Glidepath mode automatically armed if vertical guidance is available)	Captures and tracks the selected navigation source (GPS, VOR, LOC)	<b>APR</b> Key	GPS
Approach, VOR			VAPP
Approach, LOC (Glideslope Mode automatically armed)			LOC
Go Around	Disengages the autopilot and commands a constant pitch angle and wings level	<b>GA</b> Switch	GA

Flight Instruments
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# GPS NAVIGATION

## DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION

### Direct-to Navigation from the MFD

- 1) Press the **Direct-to** () Key.
- 2) Enter the waypoint identifier.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key to confirm the identifier. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
- 4) If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 5.
- 5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'VNV' altitude field.
- 6) Enter the desired altitude.
- 7) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 9.
- 8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is now flashing in the VNV offset distance field.
- 10) Enter the desired offset distance before (-) the waypoint.
- 11) Press the **ENT** Key. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
- 12) Press the **ENT** Key to activate.

### Direct-to Navigation from the PFD

- 1) Press the **Direct-to** Key ()
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired selection field.
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to begin selecting the desired identifier, location, etc.
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 5) The cursor is now flashing on 'ACTIVATE?'. If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 6.
- 6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'ALT' altitude field.

- 7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude.
- 8) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 10.
- 9) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
- 10) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is placed in the OFFSET distance field.
- 11) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired target altitude offset from the selected Direct-to.
- 12) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'Activate?' or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'CRS' field.
- 13) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired course to the waypoint.
- 14) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'ACTIVATE?'.
- 15) Press the **ENT** again to activate the Direct-to.

## ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan
- 4) Press the **ACTIVE** Softkey. The confirmation window is now displayed.
- 5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to activate the flight plan. To cancel the flight plan activation, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

## ACTIVATE A FLIGHT PLAN LEG

- 1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.
- 2) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey on the MFD.  
OR
- 3) Press the **MENU** Key, select the 'Activate Leg' option from the page menu and press the **ENT** Key. This step must be used when activating a leg from the PFD.
- 4) With 'Activate' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

### STOP NAVIGATING A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu Window.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Delete Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to deactivate the flight plan. This does not delete the stored flight plan, only the active flight plan.

### VERTICAL NAVIGATION (VNAV)

The navigation database only contains altitudes for procedures that call for "Cross at" altitudes. If the procedure states "Expect to cross at," the altitude is not in the database. In this case the altitude may be entered manually.

ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN				
KIXD / KDFW				
	DTK	DIS	ALT	
KARLA	221°	11.7NM	13000FT	Large White Text
COVIE	221°	9.0NM	12400FT	
LEMYN	220°	8.0NM	9900FT	Large Light Blue Text
Approach - KDFW-RNAV 17L GPS LPV				
RIVET iaf	259°	18.8NM	4000FT	Small Light Blue Text
DRAAK	176°	3.3NM	2000FT	
INWOD	176°	3.2NM	3000FT	Small Light Blue Subdued Text
MENOL faf	176°	3.9NM	2300FT	
RW17L map	176°	5.3NM		
9900FT	174°	0.8NM	990FT	Small White Text with Altitude Restriction Bar
POLKE				

**5000FT** Cross AT or ABOVE 5,000 ft

**2300FT** Cross AT 2,300 ft

**3000FT** Cross AT or BELOW 3,000 ft

Altitudes associated with approach procedures are “auto-designated”. This means the system automatically uses the altitudes loaded with the approach for giving vertical flight path guidance outside the FAF. Note these altitudes are displayed as small light blue text.

Altitudes associated with arrival procedures are “manually-designated”. This means the system does not use the altitudes loaded with the arrival for giving vertical flight path guidance until designated to do so by the pilot. Note that these altitudes are initially displayed as white text. These altitudes may be “designated” by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **ENT** Key. After designation, the text changes to light blue.

Altitudes that have been designated for use in vertical navigation may also be made “non-designated” by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **CLR** Key. The altitude is now displayed only as a reference. It is not used to give vertical flight path guidance. Other displayed altitudes may change due to re-calculations or rendered invalid as a result of manually changing an altitude to a non-designated altitude.

	White Text	Light Blue Text	Light Blue Subdued Text
Large Text	Altitude calculated by the system estimating the altitude of the aircraft as it passes over the navigation point. This altitude is provided as a reference and is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance.	Altitude has been entered by the pilot. Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude does not match the published altitude in navigation database or no published altitude exists.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.
Small Text	Altitude is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database and is provided as a reference.	Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database or has been entered by the pilot and matches a published altitude in the navigation database.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.

## FLIGHT PLANNING

### TRIP PLANNING

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'AUX' page group.
- 2) If necessary, turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Trip Planning Page.
- 3) The current page mode is displayed at the top of the page: 'AUTOMATIC' or 'MANUAL'. To change the PAGE MODE, press the **AUTO** or **MANUAL** Softkey.
- 4) For Direct-to planning:
  - a) Press the **WPTS** Softkey and verify that the starting waypoint field indicates 'P.POS' (present position).
  - b) If necessary, press the **MENU** Key and select 'Set WPT to Present Position' to display 'P.POS'.
  - c) Press the **ENT** Key and the flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint field.
  - d) Enter the identifier of the ending waypoint and press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

**Or:**

For point-to-point planning:

- a) Enter the identifier of the starting waypoint.
- b) Once the waypoint's identifier is entered, press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint. The flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint.
- c) Again, enter the identifier of the ending waypoint.
- d) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

**Or:**

For flight plan leg planning:

- a) Press the **FPL** Softkey (at the bottom of the display).
- b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired flight plan (already stored in memory), by number.
- c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'LEG' field.
- d) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired leg of the flight plan, or select 'CUM' to apply trip planning calculations to the entire flight plan.

Selecting 'FPL 00' displays the active flight plan. If an active flight plan is selected, 'REM' is an available option to display planning data for the remainder of the flight plan.



**NOTE:** The page mode must be set to 'MANUAL' to perform the following steps.

- 5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the departure time (DEP TIME) field.



**NOTE:** The departure time on the Trip Planning Page is used for preflight planning. Refer to the Utility Page for the actual flight departure time.

- 6) Enter the departure time. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Departure time may be entered in local or UTC time, depending upon system settings.
- 7) The flashing cursor moves to the ground speed (GS) field. Enter the ground speed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'automatic' page mode, ground speed is provided by the system.
- 8) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel flow field. Enter the fuel flow. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel flow is provided by the system.
- 9) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel onboard field. Enter the fuel onboard. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel onboard is provided by the fuel totalizer.
- 10) The flashing cursor moves to the calibrated airspeed (CALIBRATED AS) field. Enter the calibrated airspeed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, calibrated airspeed is provided by the system.
- 11) The flashing cursor moves to the altitude (IND ALTITUDE) field. Enter the altitude. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, altitude is provided by the system.
- 12) The flashing cursor moves to the barometric setting (PRESSURE) field. Enter the desired baro setting. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, the baro setting is provided by the setting entered on the PFD.
- 13) The flashing cursor moves to the air temperature (TOTAL AIR TEMP) field. Enter the desired air temperature. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, air temperature is provided by the system outside air temperature.

## CREATE A NEW USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY LATITUDE & LONGITUDE

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
- 3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
- 4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
- 5) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
  - a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
  - b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.
- 7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.
- 8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select LAT/LON (latitude and longitude).
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key.

## CREATE A NEW USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY RADIALS FROM OTHER WAYPOINTS

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
- 3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
- 4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
- 5) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
  - a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
  - b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.

- 7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.
- 8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/RAD (radial/radial).
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:
  - a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.
  - b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - c) Press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

  - a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

  - a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

  - a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.



- 12) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 13) Repeat step 10 to enter the next waypoint name.
- 14) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field for the second waypoint. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.
- 15) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 16) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

## CREATE A NEW USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY A RADIAL & DISTANCE FROM ANOTHER WAYPOINT

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
- 3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
- 4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
- 5) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
  - a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
  - b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.
- 7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.
- 8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/DIS (radial/distance).
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:
  - a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.
  - b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - c) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

- a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
- b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.
- c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
- d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

- a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
- b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.
- c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
- d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

- a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.
  - 12) Press the **ENT** Key.
  - 13) The cursor is now displayed in the 'DIS' (distance) field. Enter the desired distance from the reference waypoint.
  - 14) Press the **ENT** Key.
  - 15) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

## DELETE A USER WAYPOINT

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'WPT' page group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
- 3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to the place the cursor in the 'USER WAYPOINT LIST' field.
- 5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.
- 6) Press the **DELETE** Softkey.
- 7) The message 'Would you like to delete the user waypoint?' is displayed. With 'YES' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

## CREATE A NEW FLIGHT PLAN



**NOTE:** When creating a new flight plan in the Active Flight Plan Window, the first leg is activated automatically after it is created.

### Creating an active flight plan:

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (only on MFD).
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).
- 4) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key. The active flight plan is modified as each waypoint is entered.
- 5) Repeat step numbers 3 and 4 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.
- 6) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

### Creating a stored flight plan:

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 3) Select the **NEW** Softkey; or press the **MENU** Key, highlight 'Create New Flight Plan', and press the **ENT** Key to display a blank flight plan for the first empty storage location.
- 4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window

with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).

- 5) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key.
- 6) Repeat step numbers 4 and 5 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.
- 7) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page. The new flight plan is now in the list.

## IMPORT A FLIGHT PLAN FROM AN SD CARD



**NOTE:** See the *Annunciations & Alerts* section for flight plan import message descriptions.

- 1) Insert the SD card containing the flight plan in the top card slot on the MFD.
- 2) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 4) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 5) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight an empty or existing flight plan.
- 6) Press the **IMPORT** Softkey.

If an empty flight plan is selected, a list of the available flight plans on the SD card will be displayed.

**Or:**

If an existing flight plan is selected, an 'Overwrite existing flight plan? OK or CANCEL' prompt is displayed. Press the **ENT** Key to choose to overwrite the selected flight plan and see a list of the available flight plans on the SD card. If overwriting the existing flight plan is not desired, select 'CANCEL' using the **FMS** Knob, press the **ENT** Key, select another existing or empty flight plan, and again press the **IMPORT** Softkey.

- 7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan for importing.
- 8) Press the **ENT** Key.

## INSERT A WAYPOINT IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.
- 2) If required, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan waypoint. The new waypoint is inserted before the highlighted waypoint.
- 4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob. The Waypoint Information Window is now displayed.
- 5) Enter the new flight plan waypoint by one of the following:
  - a) Enter the user waypoint identifier, facility, or city.
  - b) Press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

  - a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airport waypoints to the aircraft's current position.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

  - a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.
  - b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.
  - c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.
  - d) Press the **ENT** Key.
  - e) Press the **ENT** Key again to accept the waypoint.

## ENTER AN AIRWAY IN A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD).
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint after the desired airway entry point. If this waypoint is not a valid airway entry point, a valid entry point should be entered at this time.

- 4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob one click clockwise and select the **LD AIRWY** Softkey, or press the **MENU** Key and select "Load Airway". The Select Airway Page is displayed. The **LD AIRWY** Softkey or the "Load Airway" menu item is available only when an acceptable airway entry waypoint has been chosen (the waypoint ahead of the cursor position).
- 5) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. Low altitude airways are shown first in the list, followed by "all" altitude airways, and then high altitude airways.
- 6) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway exit point from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD?' is highlighted.
- 7) Press the **ENT** Key. The system returns to editing the flight plan with the new airway inserted.

## INVERT AN ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.
- 2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Invert Flight Plan'.
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.
- 5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to invert the flight plan.

## REMOVE A DEPARTURE, ARRIVAL, APPROACH, OR AIRWAY FROM A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

### Or, for a stored flight plan:

- a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
- b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- c) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- d) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
- e) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the title for the approach, departure, arrival, or airway to be deleted. Titles appear in white directly above the procedure's waypoints.

- 3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a confirmation window.
- 4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the selected procedure or airway.

## STORE A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) After creating a flight plan on either the PFD or MFD, it may be saved by pressing the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Store Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key.
- 3) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to store the flight plan.

## EDIT A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD, then turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
- 4) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.
- 5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired location.
- 6) Enter the changes, then press the **ENT** Key.
- 7) Press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

## DELETE A WAYPOINT FROM THE FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

**Or, for a stored flight plan:**

- a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
- b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- c) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- d) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
- e) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint to be deleted.
- 3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a 'REMOVE (Wpt Name)?' confirmation window.

- 4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the waypoint. To cancel the delete request, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.
- 5) Once all changes have been made, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

## INVERT AND ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
- 5) Press the **INVERT** Softkey. 'Invert and activate stored flight plan?' is displayed.
- 6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The selected flight plan is now inverted and activated. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.

## COPY A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be copied.
- 5) Press the **COPY** Softkey. A 'Copy to flight plan #' confirmation window is displayed.
- 6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to copy the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

## DELETE A FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be deleted.



- 5) Press the **DELETE** Softkey. A 'Delete flight plan #?' confirmation window is displayed.
- 6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to delete the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

## GRAPHICAL FLIGHT PLAN CREATION

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
- 2) Press the **Joystick** to activate the map pointer. Use the **Joystick** to move the pointer to the desired point on the map to be inserted as a waypoint in the flight plan.
- 3) The default insertion point is at the end of the flight plan. If the selected waypoint is to be placed anywhere other than the end of the flight plan, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor. Waypoints are inserted *ABOVE* the cursor. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired insertion point.
- 4) Press the **LD WPT** Softkey. The selected waypoint is inserted at the selected point. The default user waypoint naming is USR000, USR001, USR002, and so on.
- 5) To change the user waypoint name, follow the procedure for modifying a user waypoint.

## EXPORT A FLIGHT PLAN TO AN SD CARD



**NOTE:** See the *Annunciations & Alerts* section for flight plan export message descriptions.

- 1) Insert the SD card into the top card slot on the MFD.
- 2) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page on the MFD.
- 3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
- 4) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be exported.
- 6) Press the **EXPORT** Softkey.
- 7) Press the **ENT** Key to confirm the export.

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# PROCEDURES

## LOAD AND ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE PROCEDURE

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT DEPARTURE'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'DEPARTURE' field with a list of available departures.
- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired departure.
- 5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the departure. If so, turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired runway.
- 6) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'TRANSITION' field with a list of available transitions.
- 7) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired transition.
- 8) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 9) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The departure is active when the flight plan is active.

## ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE LEG

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the active flight plan.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the departure.
- 4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
- 5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

## LOAD AN ARRIVAL PROCEDURE

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT ARRIVAL'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'ARRIVAL' field with a list of available arrivals.
- 4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired arrival.

- 5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of transitions is displayed for the selected arrival.
- 6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition.
- 7) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the selected arrival.
- 8) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired runway.
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 10) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.
- 11) The arrival becomes part of the active flight plan.
- 12) If an altitude associated with a waypoint in an arrival procedure is to be used to calculate vertical guidance perform the following steps:
  - a) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
  - b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint altitude.
  - c) Press the **ENT** Key to designate the altitude for use in giving vertical guidance.

## ACTIVATE AN ARRIVAL LEG

- 1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the active flight plan.
- 2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the arrival.
- 4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
- 5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

## LOAD AND/OR ACTIVATE AN APPROACH PROCEDURE



**NOTE:** If certain GPS parameters (WAAS, RAIM, etc.) are not available, some published approach procedures for the desired airport may not be displayed in the list of available approaches.

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT APPROACH'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available approaches for the destination airport is displayed.

- 4) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired approach.
- 5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available transitions for the selected approach procedure is now displayed.
- 6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition. The "Vectors" option assumes vectors will be received to the final course segment of the approach and will provide navigation guidance relative to the final approach course.
- 7) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the MINIMUMS field.
- 8) If desired, the DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure may be entered and displayed on the PFD. Turn the small **FMS** Knob in the direction of the green arrow to change the display from OFF to BARO.
- 9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the altitude field. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the published DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure.
- 10) Press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD?' or 'ACTIVATE?' is now displayed with 'LOAD?' highlighted.
- 11) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select either 'LOAD?' or 'ACTIVATE?'.  
Selecting 'LOAD?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan, but is not currently active. Selecting 'ACTIVATE?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan and activates the first leg of the approach.
- 12) Press the **ENT** Key.

## ACTIVATE AN APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE APPROACH'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.

## ACTIVATE A VECTOR TO FINAL APPROACH FIX

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE VECTOR-TO-FINAL'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 4) The final approach course becomes the active leg.

## ACTIVATE A MISSED APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

- 1) Press the **PROC** Key.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE MISSED APPROACH'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key. A confirmation window is displayed.
- 4) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

**Or:**

Press the Go-around Button.

## HAZARD AVOIDANCE

### CUSTOMIZING THE HAZARD DISPLAYS ON THE NAVIGATION MAP

- 1) With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key to display the Navigation Map Page Menu. The cursor flashes on the 'Map Setup' option.
- 2) Press the **ENT** Key. The Map Setup Menu is displayed. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Weather' to customize the display of weather features. Select 'Traffic' to customize the display of traffic.
- 3) Press the small **FMS** Knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.





### STORMSCOPE® (OPTIONAL)



**WARNING:** The Stormscope system is not intended to be used for hazardous thunderstorm penetration. Weather information on the G1000 MFD is approved for weather avoidance only. Refer to the WX-500 Pilot's Guide for detailed operation.

### Displaying Stormscope Lightning Data on the Navigation Map Page

- 1) Press the **MAP** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **STRMSCP** Softkey. Press the **STRMSCP** Softkey again to remove Stormscope Lightning Data from the Navigation Map Page.

Lightning Age	Symbol
Strike is less than 6 seconds old	
Strike is between 6 and 60 seconds old	
Strike is between 1 and 2 minutes old	
Strike is between 2 and 3 minutes old	

### Select 'Cell' or 'Strike' as the Stormscope Lightning Mode

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key (with the Navigation Map Page displayed).
- 2) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Map Setup'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Weather'.

- 5) Press the **ENT** Key.
- 6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the 'STRMSCP MODE' field.
- 7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the 'Cell/Strike' window.
- 8) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select 'Cell' or 'Strike'. Press the **ENT** Key.
- 9) Push the **FMS** Knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

### ***Clear Stormscope Lightning Data from the Navigation Map Page***

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key (with the Navigation Map Page displayed).
- 2) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'Clear Stormscope® Lightning' field and press the **ENT** Key.



**NOTE:** *If heading input is lost, strikes and/or cells must be cleared manually after the execution of each turn. This is to ensure that the strike and/or cell positions are depicted accurately in relation to the nose of the aircraft.*

## **Stormscope Page**

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob until the Map Page group is selected.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob until the Stormscope Page is selected.

### ***Change the Stormscope Lightning Mode Between 'Cell' and 'Strike'***

- 1) Select the Stormscope Page.
- 2) Press the **MODE** Softkey. The **CELL** and **STRIKE** Softkeys are displayed. Press the **CELL** Softkey to display 'CELL' data or press the **STRIKE** Softkey to display 'STRIKE' data. 'CELL' or 'STRIKE' is displayed in the mode box located in the upper left corner of the Stormscope Page.



**NOTE:** *"Cell mode" uses a clustering program to identify clusters of electrical activity that indicate cells.*

### ***Change the Viewing Mode Between 360° and 120°***

- 1) Select the Stormscope Page.
- 2) Press the **VIEW** Softkey. The **360** and **ARC** Softkeys are displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to display a 360° viewing area or press the **ARC** Softkey to display a 120° viewing area.

Press the **CLEAR** Softkey to remove all Stormscope lightning data from the display.



## XM WEATHER (SUBSCRIPTION OPTIONAL)



**WARNING:** Use of XM weather for hazardous weather penetration is not recommended. Weather information provided by XM Radio Service is approved only for weather avoidance, not penetration.

### Displaying XM Weather on the Navigation Map Page

- 1) Press the **MAP** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **NEXRAD** or **XM LTNG** Softkey to display the desired weather. Press the applicable softkey again to remove weather data from the Navigation Map Page.

### Display METAR and TAF information on the Airport Information Page

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the WPT Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Airport Information Page.
- 3) Press the **WX** Softkey to display METAR and TAF text (METAR and TAF information is updated every 12 minutes).

### Displaying Weather on the Weather Data Link Page

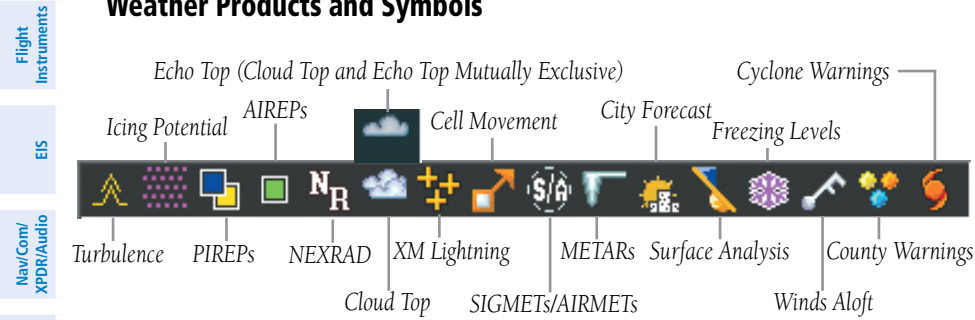
- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Weather Data Link Page.
- 3) Press the available softkeys to select the desired XM weather product.
- 4) Press the **LEGEND** Softkey to view the legends for the selected products. If necessary, turn either **FMS** Knob to scroll through the list. Press the small **FMS** Knob or the **ENT** Key to return to the map.

### Map Panning Information – Weather Data Link Page

- 1) Push in the **Joystick** to display the panning arrow.
- 2) Move the **Joystick** to place the panning arrow on AIRMETs, TFRs, METARs, or SIGMETs.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key to display pertinent information for the selected product.

Note that pressing the **ENT** Key when panning over an AIRMET or a SIGMET displays an information box that shows the text of the report. Panning over an airport with METAR information does not display more information but allows the user to press the **ENT** Key and select that Airport's Information Page to display the text of the report. Pressing the **ENT** Key when panning over a TFR displays TFR specific information.

Weather Products and Symbols



TRAFFIC SYSTEMS

- If Traffic information Service (TIS) is configured, **STANDBY**, **OPERATE**, and **TNA MUTE** softkeys are displayed.
- If a Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is configured, **STANDBY**, **NORMAL**, **TEST**, and **ALT MODE** softkeys are displayed.

Traffic Symbol	Description
	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 nm and greater than 1200' vertical separation)
	Proximity Advisory (PA) (Not available with TIS system) (intruder is within 5 nm and less than 1200' vertical separation)
	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale

Traffic Symbol Description

Traffic Information Service (TIS)



**NOTE:** If the G1000 is configured to use a Traffic Advisory System (TAS), TIS is not available for use.



**NOTE:** Traffic Information Service (TIS) is only available when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS capable terminal radar site.

## Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page.
- 3) Press the **OPERATE** Softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
- 4) Press the **STANDBY** Softkey to place the system in the Standby Mode. 'STANDBY' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
- 5) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.
- 6) Press the **TNA MUTE** Softkey to mute the "Traffic Not Available" aural alert.

## Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

- 1) Ensure TIS is operating. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

## Traffic Advisory System (TAS)(If Installed)

### Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page.
- 3) Select the **OPERATE** or **NORMAL** Softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
- 4) Select the **ALT MODE** Softkey to change the altitude volume. Select the desired altitude volume by pressing the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNREST** (unrestricted) Softkey. The selection is displayed in the Altitude Mode field.
- 5) Select the **STANDBY** Softkey to place the system in the Standby Mode. 'STANDBY' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
- 6) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.
- 7) Select the **FLT ID** Softkey to enable or disable Flight ID displayed with the intruder information (GTS 820 only).

### System Self Test

- 1) With the Traffic Map Page displayed, set the range to 2/6 nm.
- 2) Select the **STANDBY** Softkey.
- 3) Select the **TEST** Softkey.
- 4) Self test takes approximately eight seconds to complete. When completed successfully, traffic symbols are displayed and a voice alert is heard (see Alerts and Annunciations section). If the self test fails, the system reverts to Standby Mode and a voice alert is heard.

### Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

- 1) Ensure TAS is operating.
- 2) With the Navigation Map displayed, select the **MAP** Softkey.
- 3) Select the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

## TERRAIN AWARENESS & WARNING SYSTEM (TAWS) DISPLAY



**NOTE:** Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft latitude is greater than 75 degrees north or 60 degrees south.

### Manual System Test

- 1) While the TAWS-B Page is displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Test TAWS'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key. During the test 'TAWS TEST' is displayed in the center of the TAWS-B Page.

When all is in working order, "TAWS System Test, OK" is heard.

### Display Terrain on the TAWS-B Page

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the TAWS-B Page.
- 3) If desired, press the **VIEW** Softkey to access the **ARC** and **360** softkeys. When the **ARC** Softkey is pressed, a radar-like 120° view is displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to return to the 360° default display.
- 4) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

Color	Terrain/Obstacle Location
Red	Terrain/Obstacle above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude.
Yellow	Terrain/Obstacle between 100' and 1000' below current aircraft altitude.
Black	Terrain/Obstacle is more than 1000' below aircraft altitude.

## Enable/Disable Aviation Data

- 1) While the TAWS-B Page is displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select "Show (or Hide) Aviation Data".
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.

## TAWS Inhibit

### Inhibit TAWS

While the TAWS-B Page is displayed, press the **INHIBIT** Softkey.

**Or:**

- 1) Press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Inhibit TAWS'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.

### Enable TAWS

While the TAWS-B Page is displayed, press the **INHIBIT** Softkey.

**Or:**

- 1) While the TAWS-B Page is displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Enable TAWS'.
- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.



**NOTE:** If TAWS alerts are inhibited when the Final Approach Fix is the active waypoint in a GPS WAAS approach, a LOW ALT annunciation may appear on the PFD next to the altimeter if the current aircraft altitude is at least 164 feet below the prescribed altitude at the Final Approach Fix.

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## ADDITIONAL FEATURES

### SYNTHETIC VISION



**WARNING:** Use appropriate primary systems for navigation, and for terrain, obstacle, and traffic avoidance. SVS is intended as an aid to situational awareness only and may not provide the accuracy and/or fidelity upon which to solely base decisions and/or plan maneuvers to avoid terrain, obstacles, or traffic.



**WARNING:** Do not use SVS runway depiction as the sole means for determining the proximity of the aircraft to the runway or for maintaining the proper approach path angle during landing.

Synthetic Vision System (SVS) functionality is offered as an enhancement to the G1000 Integrated Flight Deck System.

SVS is primarily comprised of a computer-generated forward-looking, attitude aligned view of the topography immediately in front of the aircraft from the pilot's perspective. SVS information is shown on the primary flight display (PFD).

SVS offers a three-dimensional view of terrain and obstacles. Terrain and obstacles that pose a threat to the aircraft in flight are shaded yellow or red.

In addition to SVS enhancement to the PFD, the following feature enhancements have been added to the PFD:

- Pathways
- Flight Path Marker
- Horizon Heading Marks
- Terrain and Obstacle Alerting
- Three-dimensional Traffic
- Airport Signs
- Runway Display

### Displaying SVS Terrain

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
- 3) Press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
- 4) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## Displaying Pathways

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
- 3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
- 4) Press the **PATHWAY** Softkey.
- 5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## Displaying Heading on the Horizon

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
- 3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
- 4) Press the **HRZN HDG** Softkey.
- 5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## Displaying Airport Signs

- 1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
- 3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
- 4) Press the **APTSIGNS** Softkey.
- 5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## TERMINAL PROCEDURE CHARTS



**NOTE:** With the availability of SafeTaxi®, ChartView, or FliteCharts®, it may be necessary to carry another source of charts on-board the aircraft.

### SafeTaxi®

SafeTaxi® is an enhanced feature that gives greater map detail as the map range is adjusted in on the airport. The airport display on the map reveals runways with numbers, taxiways identifiers, and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges. The aircraft symbol provides situational awareness while taxiing.

Pressing the **DCLTR** Softkey (declutter) once removes the taxiway markings and airport identification labels. Pressing the **DCLTR** Softkey twice removes VOR station ID, the VOR symbol, and intersection names if within the airport plan view. Pressing



the **DCLTR** Softkey a third time removes the airport runway layout, unless the airport in view is part of an active route structure. Pressing the **DCLTR** Softkey again cycles back to the original map detail.

The SafeTaxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams provide the pilot with situational awareness by displaying the aircraft position in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services. This information should not be used by the pilot as the basis for maneuvering the aircraft on the ground. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle.

### ChartView (Optional)

ChartView resembles the paper version of Jeppesen terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed in full color with high-resolution. The MFD depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of most approach charts and on airport diagrams.

The ChartView database is updated on a 14-day cycle. If the ChartView database is not updated within 70 days of the expiration date, ChartView will no longer function.

### FliteCharts® (Optional)

FliteCharts® resemble the paper version of AeroNav Services terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed with high-resolution and in color for applicable charts. Current aircraft position is not displayed on FliteCharts.

The FliteCharts database contains procedure charts for the United States only. This database is updated on a 28-day cycle. If not updated within 180 days of the expiration date, FliteCharts will no longer function.

### View Charts from the Navigation Map Page

- 1) Press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey when displayed.

**Or:**

Move the map pointer to point to a desired point on the map and press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey.

- 2) Select the **DP**, **STAR**, **APR**, **WX**, and **NOTAM** softkeys to access charts for departures, arrivals, approaches, weather and NOTAMS. Note that NOTAMS are only available with ChartView.
- 3) Press the **GO BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## View Charts from the Active Flight Plan Page

- 1) While viewing the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the departure airport, destination airport, departure, arrival, or approach.
- 3) Press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey. The appropriate chart is displayed, if available for the item selected.
- 4) Press the **GO BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

## Change Day/Night View

- 1) While viewing a chart press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu OPTIONS.
- 2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'Chart Setup' Menu Option and press the **ENT** Key.
- 3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to move between the 'FULL SCREEN' and 'COLOR SCHEME' Options.
- 4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to choose between the 'On' and 'Off' Full Screen Options.
- 5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to choose between 'Day', 'Auto', and 'Night' Options.
- 6) In Auto Mode, turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the percentage field and change percentage with the small **FMS** Knob. The percentage of change is the day/night crossover point based on backlighting intensity.
- 7) Press the **FMS** Knob when finished to remove the Chart Setup Menu.

## AOPA AIRPORT DIRECTORY

AOPA Airport Directory adds enhanced airport information when viewing airports on the WPT-Airport Information Page.

This database is updated four times per year. Check [fly.garmin.com](http://fly.garmin.com) for the current database.

## View Airport Directory Information

While viewing the WPT-Airport Information Page, if necessary, press the **INFO-1** Softkey to change the softkey label to display **INFO-2**. AOPA airport information is displayed on the right half of the display.

## XM® RADIO ENTERTAINMENT (SUBSCRIPTION OPTIONAL)

The XM® Radio Page provides information and control of the audio entertainment features of the XM Satellite Radio.

### Selecting the XM Radio Page

- 1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Auxiliary Page Group.
- 2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the displayed AUX - XM Information Page.
- 3) Press the **RADIO** Softkey to show the XM Radio Page where audio entertainment is controlled.

### Active Channel and Channel List

The Active Channel Box on the XM Radio Page displays the currently selected channel. The Channels List Box of the XM Radio Page shows a list of the available channels for the selected category.

### Selecting a Category

The Category Box of the XM Radio Page displays the currently selected category of audio.

- 1) Press the **CATGRY** Softkey on the XM Radio Page.
- 2) Press the **CAT +** and **CAT -** Softkeys to cycle through the categories.

**Or:**

Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the 'Categories' list. Highlight the desired category with the small **FMS** Knob.

- 3) Press the **ENT** Key.

### Select an Available Channel within the Selected Category

- 1) While on the XM Radio Page, press the **CHNL** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **CH +** Softkey to go up through the list in the Channel Box, or move down the list with the **CH -** Softkey.

**Or:**

Press the **FMS** Knob to highlight the channel list and turn the large **FMS** Knob to scroll through the channels.

- 3) With the desired channel highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

## Entering a Channel Directly

- 1) While on the XM Radio Page, press the **CHNL** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **DIR CH** Softkey. The channel number in the Active Channel Box is highlighted.
- 3) Press the numbered softkeys located on the bottom of the display to directly select the desired channel number.
- 4) Press the **ENT** Key to activate the selected channel.

## Assigning Channel Presets

Up to 15 channels from any category can be assigned a preset number.

- 1) On the XM Radio Page, while listening to an Active Channel that is wanted for a preset, press the **PRESETS** Softkey to access the first five preset channels (**PS1 - PS5**).
- 2) Press the **MORE** Softkey to access the next five channels (**PS6 – PS10**), and again to access the last five channels (**PS11 – PS15**). Pressing the **MORE** Softkey repeatedly cycles through the preset channels.
- 3) Press the **SET** Softkey.
- 4) Press any one of the (**PS1 - PS15**) softkeys to assign a number to the active channel.

## Adjusting Volume

- 1) On the XM Radio Page, press the **RADIO** Softkey.
- 2) Press the **VOL** Softkey to access the volume control softkeys.
- 3) Press **VOL +** or **VOL -** softkeys to adjust the volume level.
- 4) Press the **MUTE** Softkey to mute the radio audio.

## ABNORMAL OPERATION

### REVERSIONARY MODE

Should a system detected failure occur in either display, the G1000 automatically enters reversionary mode. In reversionary mode, critical flight instrumentation is combined with engine instrumentation on the remaining display.

Reversionary display mode can be manually activated by pressing the **DISPLAY BACKUP** Button on the audio panel.



**NOTE:** *The Beechcraft A36/G36 Pilot's Operating Handbook (POH) always takes precedence over the information found in this section.*

### ABNORMAL COM OPERATION

When a COM tuning failure is detected by the system, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) is automatically loaded into the active frequency field of the COM radio for which the tuning failure was detected. In the event of a failure of both PFDs, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) automatically becomes the active frequency on both COM radios.

### HAZARD DISPLAYS WITH LOSS OF GPS POSITION

If GPS position is lost, or becomes invalid, selected hazards being displayed on the Navigation Map Page are removed until GPS position is again established.



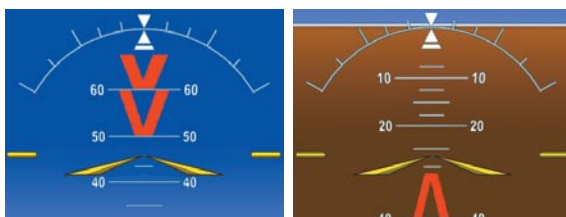
**Loss of Hazard Functions with Loss of GPS Position**

## UNUSUAL ATTITUDES

The PFD ‘declutters’ when the aircraft enters an unusual attitude. Only the primary functions are displayed in these situations.

The following information is removed from the PFD (and corresponding softkeys are disabled) when the aircraft experiences unusual attitudes:

- Traffic Annunciations
- AFCS Annunciations
- Flight director Command Bars
- Inset Map
- Temperatures
- DME Information Window
- Wind Data
- Selected Heading Box
- Selected Course Box
- Transponder Status Box
- System Time
- PFD Setup Menu
- Windows displayed in the lower right corner of the PFD:
  - Timer/References
  - Nearest Airports
  - Flight Plan
  - Messages
  - Procedures
  - DME Tuning
- Barometric Minimum Descent Altitude Box
- Glideslope, Glide-path, and Vertical Deviation Indicators
- Altimeter Barometric Setting
- Selected Altitude
- VNV Target Altitude



**Extreme Pitch Indication**

## DEAD RECKONING

While in Enroute or Oceanic phase of flight, if the G1000 detects an invalid GPS solution or is unable to calculate a GPS position, the system automatically reverts to Dead Reckoning (DR) Mode. In DR Mode, the G1000 uses its last-known position combined with continuously updated airspeed and heading data (when available) to calculate and display the aircraft's current estimated position.



**NOTE:** *Dead Reckoning Mode only functions in Enroute (ENR) or Oceanic (OCN) phase of flight. In all other phases, an invalid GPS solution produces a "NO GPS POSITION" annunciation on the map and the G1000 stops navigating in GPS Mode.*

DR Mode is indicated on the G1000 by the appearance of the letters 'DR' superimposed in yellow over the 'own aircraft' symbol as shown in the following figure. In addition, 'DR' is prominently displayed, also in yellow, on the HSI slightly above and to the right of the aircraft symbol on the CDI as shown in the following figure. The CDI deviation bar is displayed in yellow, but will be removed from the display after 20 minutes. Lastly, but at the same time, a 'GPS NAV LOST' alert message appears on the PFD.

Normal navigation using GPS/WAAS source data resumes automatically once a valid GPS solution is restored.

It is important to note that estimated navigation data supplied by the G1000 in DR Mode may become increasingly unreliable and must not be used as a sole means of navigation. If, while in DR Mode, airspeed and/or heading data is also lost or not available, the DR function may not be capable of estimating your position and, consequently, the system may display a path that is different than the actual movement of the aircraft. Estimated position information displayed by the G1000 through DR while there is no heading and/or airspeed data available should not be used for navigation.

DR Mode is inherently less accurate than the standard GPS/WAAS Mode due to the lack of satellite measurements needed to determine a position. Changes in wind speed and/or wind direction compounds the relative inaccuracy of DR Mode. Because of this degraded accuracy, the crew must maintain position awareness using other navigation equipment until GPS-derived position data is restored.



CDI 'DR' Indication on PFD



Symbolic Aircraft  
(Map pages and Inset Map)

## Dead Reckoning Indications

As a result of operating in DR Mode, all GPS-derived data is computed based upon an estimated position and is displayed as yellow text on the display to denote degraded navigation source information. This data includes the following:

- Navigation Status Box fields except Active Leg, TAS, and DTK
- GPS Bearing Pointer
- Wind data and pointers in the Wind Data Box on the PFD
- Current Track Indicator
- All Bearing Pointer Distances
- Active Flight Plan distances, bearings, and ETE values

Also, while the G1000 is in DR Mode, the autopilot will couple to GPS for up to 20 minutes. TAWS are also disabled. Additionally, the accuracy of all nearest information (airports, airspaces, and waypoints) is questionable. Finally, airspace alerts continue to function, but with degraded accuracy.



## ANNUNCIATIONS & ALERTS

### WARNING ANNUNCIATION

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
<b>GEAR UP</b>	Gear up with power below 12 in Hg or flaps down.	Continuous Tone (received through the G1000 audio from another source)
<b>ALT 1 INOP</b>	Alternator 1 offline.	Repeating Tone
<b>ALT 2 INOP</b>	Alternator 2 offline.	Repeating Tone
<b>ALT 1-2 INOP</b>	Alternators 1 and 2 offline.	Repeating Tone
<b>FUEL FLOW HI</b>	Fuel flow is greater than 27.4 gph	Repeating Tone
<b>CHT HI</b>	CHT is greater than 238 deg C.	Repeating Tone
<b>OIL TEMP HI</b>	Oil temp is greater than 116 deg C.	Repeating Tone
<b>OIL PRESS HI</b>	Oil pressure is greater than 100 psi.	Repeating Tone
<b>OIL PRESS LO</b>	Oil pressure is less than 10 psi.	Repeating Tone
<b>FUEL QTY LO</b>	L or R fuel qty is at zero.	Repeating Tone

### CAUTION ANNUNCIATION

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
<b>AC DOOR EXTD</b>	Air conditioner on and door extended.	Single Chime
<b>STARTER ENGD</b>	Starter relay has power applied.	Single Chime
<b>BUS1 VOLT HI</b>	Bus 1 voltage greater than 30 VDC.	Single Chime
<b>BUS2 VOLT HI</b>	Bus 2 voltage greater than 30 VDC.	Single Chime
<b>AFT DOOR</b>	Aft door not latched.	Single Chime
<b>OIL PRESS LO</b>	Oil pressure is between 30 and 10 psi.	Single Chime
<b>FUEL QTY LO</b>	L or R fuel qty is less than or equal to 13 gal.	Single Chime
<b>ALT 1 LOAD</b>	Alternator 1 load exceeds 100 amps.	Single Chime
<b>ALT 2 LOAD</b>	Alternator 2 load is between 20 and 24 amps.	Single Chime

Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
<b>ALT 2 LOAD</b>	Alternator 2 load exceeds 24 amps.	Single Chime
<b>BUS1 VOLT LO</b>	Bus 1 voltage less than 24VDC.	Single Chime
<b>BUS2 VOLT LO</b>	Bus 2 voltage less than 24VDC.	Single Chime







## ADVISORY ANNUNCIATION








Annunciation Text	Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
<b>BUSES TIED</b>	Bus 2 is tied to Bus 1.	None

## ALERT MESSAGE






Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
<b>PFD FAN FAIL</b> – The cooling fan for the PFD is inoperative.	None
<b>MFD FAN FAIL</b> – The cooling fan for the MFD is inoperative.	None
<b>AVIONICS FAN</b> – The cooling fan for remote avionics is inoperative.	None

## AFCS ALERTS

Condition	Annunciation	Description
Pitch Failure		Pitch axis control failure. AP is inoperative.
Roll Failure		Roll axis control failure. AP is inoperative.
MET Switch Stuck, or Pitch Trim Axis Control Failure		If annunciated when AP is engaged, take control of the aircraft and disengage the autopilot. If annunciated when AP is not engaged, move each half of the MET switch separately to check if a stuck switch is causing the annunciation.
Yaw Damper Failure		YD control failure; AP also inoperative
System Failure		AP and MET are unavailable. FD may still be available.
Elevator Mistrim Up		A condition has developed causing the pitch servo to provide a sustained force. Be prepared to apply nose up control wheel force upon autopilot disconnect.

Condition	Annunciation	Description
Elevator Mistrim Down		A condition has developed causing the pitch servo to provide a sustained force. Be prepared to apply nose down control wheel force upon autopilot disconnect.
Aileron Mistrim Left		A condition has developed causing the roll servo to provide a sustained left force. Ensure the slip/skid indicator is centered and observe any maximum fuel imbalance limits.
Aileron Mistrim Right		A condition has developed causing the roll servo to provide a sustained right force. Ensure the slip/skid indicator is centered and observe any maximum fuel imbalance limits.
Rudder Mistrim Left		A condition has developed causing the yaw servo to provide a sustained force. Ensure the slip/skid indicator is centered and observe any maximum fuel imbalance limits.
Rudder Mistrim Right		A condition has developed causing the yaw servo to provide a sustained force. Ensure the slip/skid indicator is centered and observe any maximum fuel imbalance limits.
Preflight Test		Performing preflight system test. Upon completion of the test, the aural alert will be heard.
		Preflight system test has failed.

### TAWS-B ALERTS

Alert Type	PFD/MFD TAWS-B Page Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message
Excessive Descent Rate Warning (EDR)			"Pull Up"
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Warning (RTC)		 or 	"Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up" or "Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Terrain Ahead, Pull Up"

Alert Type	PFD/MFD TAWS-B Page Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message
Imminent Terrain Impact Warning (ITI)	<b>PULL UP</b>	<b>TERRAIN AHEAD - PULL-UP</b> or <b>TERRAIN - PULL-UP</b>	Terrain Ahead, Pull Up; Ter- rain Ahead, Pull Up” or “Terrain, Terrain; Pull Up, Pull Up”
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Warning (ROC)	<b>PULL UP</b>	<b>OBSTACLE - PULL-UP</b> or <b>OBSTACLE AHEAD - PULL-UP</b>	“Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up” or “Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up”
Imminent Obstacle Impact Warning (IOI)	<b>PULL UP</b>	<b>OBSTACLE AHEAD - PULL-UP</b> or <b>OBSTACLE - PULL-UP</b>	“Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up; Obstacle Ahead, Pull Up” or “Obstacle, Obstacle; Pull Up, Pull Up”
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Caution (RTC)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>CAUTION - TERRAIN</b> or <b>TERRAIN AHEAD</b>	“Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain” or “Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead”
Imminent Terrain Impact Caution (ITI)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>TERRAIN AHEAD</b> or <b>CAUTION - TERRAIN</b>	“Terrain Ahead; Terrain Ahead” or “Caution, Terrain; Caution, Terrain”
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Caution (ROC)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>CAUTION - OBSTACLE</b> or <b>OBSTACLE AHEAD</b>	“Caution, Obstacle; Cau- tion, Obstacle” or “Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead”
Imminent Obstacle Impact Caution (IOI)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>OBSTACLE AHEAD</b> or <b>CAUTION - OBSTACLE</b>	“Obstacle Ahead; Obstacle Ahead” or “Caution, Obstacle; Cau- tion, Obstacle”
Premature Descent Alert Caution (PDA)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>TOO LOW - TERRAIN</b>	“Too Low, Terrain”

Alert Type	PFD/MFD TAWS-B Page Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message
Altitude Callout "500"	None	None	"Five-Hundred"
Excessive Descent Rate Caution (EDR)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>SINK RATE</b>	"Sink Rate"
Negative Climb Rate Caution (NCR)	<b>TERRAIN</b>	<b>DON'T SINK</b> or <b>TOO LOW - TERRAIN</b>	"Don't Sink" or "Too Low, Terrain"

## TAWS-B SYSTEM STATUS ANNUNCIATIONS

Alert Type	PFD/MFD Alert Annunciation	TAWS-B Page Annunciation	Aural Message
System Test in Progress	<b>TAWS TEST</b>	<b>TAWS TEST</b>	None
System Test Pass	None	None	"TAWS System Test OK"
TAWS Alerting is disabled	<b>TAWS INH</b>	None	None
MFD Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid. TAWS operating with PFD Terrain or Obstacle databases	None	<b>TERRAIN DATABASE FAILURE</b>	None
TAWS-B System Test Fail	<b>TAWS FAIL</b>	<b>TAWS FAIL</b>	"TAWS System Failure"
Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid, invalid software configuration, system audio fault	<b>TAWS FAIL</b>	<b>TAWS FAIL</b>	"TAWS System Failure"
No GPS position	<b>TAWS N/A</b>	<b>NO GPS POSITION</b>	"TAWS Not Available"
Excessively degraded GPS signal, Out of database coverage area	<b>TAWS N/A</b>	None	"TAWS Not Available"
Sufficient GPS signal received after loss	None	None	"TAWS Available"

VOICE ALERTS

Voice Alert	Description
"Minimums, minimums"	The aircraft has descended below the preset barometric minimum descent altitude.
"Vertical track"	The aircraft is one minute from Top of Descent. Issued only when vertical navigation is enabled.
"Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (TIS and GTS 820).
"TIS Not Available"	The aircraft is outside the Traffic Information Service (TIS) coverage area.
"Traffic, Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (Skywatch TAS system).
"Traffic Advisory System Test Passed"	Played when the Skywatch TAS system passes a pilot-initiated self test.
"Traffic Advisory System Test Failed"	Played when the Skywatch TAS system fails a pilot-initiated self test.
"TAS System Test Passed"	Played when the GTS 820 TAS system passes a pilot-initiated self test.
"TAS System Test Failed"	Played when the GTS 820 TAS system fails a pilot-initiated self test.
"One o'clock" through "Twelve o'clock" or "No Bearing"	Intruder bearing (GTS 820 only)
"High", "Low", "Same Altitude" (if within 200 feet of own altitude), or "Altitude not available"	Intruder relative altitude (GTS 820 only)
"Less than one mile", "One Mile" through "Ten Miles", or "More than ten miles"	Intruder distance (GTS 820 only)

## MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>DATA LOST</b> – Pilot stored data was lost. Recheck settings.	The pilot profile data was lost. System reverts to default pilot profile and settings. The pilot may reconfigure the MFD & PFDs with preferred settings, if desired.
<b>XTALK ERROR</b> – A flight display crosstalk error has occurred.	The MFD and PFD are not communicating with each other. The system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 SERVICE</b> – PFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The PFD and/or MFD self-test has detected a problem. The system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 SERVICE</b> – MFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
<b>MANIFEST</b> – PFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The PFD and/or MFD has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – MFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	
<b>PFD1 CONFIG</b> – PFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The PFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 CONFIG</b> – MFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The MFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
<b>SW MISMATCH</b> – GDU software version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The MFD and PFD have different software versions installed. The system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 COOLING</b> – PFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	The PFD and/or MFD is overheating and is reducing power consumption by dimming the display. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 COOLING</b> – MFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	
<b>PFD1 KEYSTK</b> – PFD1 [key name] Key is stuck.	A key is stuck on the PFD and/or MFD bezel. Attempt to free the stuck key by pressing it several times. The system should be serviced if the problem persists.
<b>MFD1 KEYSTK</b> – MFD [key name] Key is stuck.	
<b>CNFG MODULE</b> – PFD1 configuration module is inoperative.	The PFD1 configuration module backup memory has failed. The system should be serviced.

## MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>PFD1 VOLTAGE</b> – PFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The PFD1 voltage is low. The system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 VOLTAGE</b> – MFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The MFD voltage is low. The system should be serviced.

## DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 navigation database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the navigation database. Attempt to reload the navigation database. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 navigation database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 basemap database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the basemap database.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 basemap database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the terrain database. Ensure that the terrain card is properly inserted in display. Replace terrain card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 terrain database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 terrain database missing.	The terrain database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 terrain database missing.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 obstacle database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the obstacle database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 obstacle database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 obstacle database missing.	The obstacle database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 obstacle database missing.	



## DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the airport terrain database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 airport terrain database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 airport terrain database missing.	The airport terrain database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 airport terrain database missing.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 Safe Taxi database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the Safe Taxi database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>PFD1 DB ERR</b> – PFD1 Safe Taxi database error exists.	
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 Chartview database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the ChartView database (optional feature). Ensure the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 FliteCharts database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the FliteCharts database (optional feature). Ensure the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, system should be serviced.
<b>MFD1 DB ERR</b> – MFD1 Airport Directory database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the Airport Directory database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>DB MISMATCH</b> – Navigation database mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different navigation database versions or types (Americas, European, etc.) installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct navigation database version or type in all displays.
<b>DB MISMATCH</b> – Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions or types installed. Install correct terrain database version or type in all displays.

## DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>DB MISMATCH</b> – Obstacle database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different obstacle database installed. Install correct obstacle database in all displays.
<b>DB MISMATCH</b> – Airport Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different airport terrain databases installed. Install correct airport terrain database in all displays.
<b>NAV DB UPDATED</b> – Active navigation database updated.	System has updated the active navigation database from the standby navigation database.
<b>TERRAIN DSP</b> – [PFD1 or MFD1] Terrain awareness display unavailable.	One of the terrain, airport terrain, or obstacle databases required for TAWS in the specified PFD or MFD is missing or invalid.

## GMA 1347 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>GMA1 FAIL</b> – GMA1 is inoperative.	The audio panel self-test has detected a failure. The audio panel is unavailable. The system should be serviced.
<b>GMA1 CONFIG</b> – GMA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The audio panel configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GMA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The audio panel has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
<b>GMA1 SERVICE</b> – GMA1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The audio panel self-test has detected a problem in the unit. Certain audio functions may still be available, and the audio panel may still be usable. The system should be serviced when possible.

## GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>GIA1 CONFIG</b> – GIA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
<b>GIA2 CONFIG</b> – GIA2 config error. Config service req'd.	
<b>GIA1 CONFIG</b> – GIA1 audio config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 have an error in the audio configuration. The system should be serviced.
<b>GIA2 CONFIG</b> – GIA2 audio config error. Config service req'd.	
<b>GIA1 COOLING</b> – GIA1 temperature too low.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too low to operate correctly. Allow units to warm up to operating temperature.
<b>GIA2 COOLING</b> – GIA2 temperature too low.	
<b>GIA1 COOLING</b> – GIA1 over temperature.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too high. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>GIA2 COOLING</b> – GIA2 over temperature.	
<b>GIA1 SERVICE</b> – GIA1 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 self-test has detected a problem in the unit. The system should be serviced.
<b>GIA2 SERVICE</b> – GIA2 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	
<b>HW MISMATCH</b> – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA1 communication halted.	A GIA mismatch has been detected, where only one is WAAS capable.
<b>HW MISMATCH</b> – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA2 communication halted.	
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GIA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GIA1 and/or GIA 2 has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GIA2 software mismatch, communication halted.	

**GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)**

Message	Comments
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GFC software mismatch, communication halted.	Incorrect servo software is installed, or gain settings are incorrect.
<b>COM1 TEMP</b> – COM1 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	The system has detected an over temperature condition in COM1 and/or COM2. The transmitter is operating at reduced power. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>COM2 TEMP</b> – COM2 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	
<b>COM1 SERVICE</b> – COM1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The system has detected a failure in COM1 and/or COM2. COM1 and/or COM2 may still be usable. The system should be serviced when possible.
<b>COM2 SERVICE</b> – COM2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
<b>COM1 PTT</b> – COM1 push-to-talk key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 external push-to-talk switch is stuck in the enable (or “pressed”) position. Press the PTT switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>COM2 PTT</b> – COM2 push-to-talk key is stuck.	
<b>COM1 RMT XFR</b> – COM1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or “pressed”) position. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>COM2 RMT XFR</b> – COM2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
<b>LOI</b> – GPS integrity lost. Crosscheck with other NAVS.	GPS integrity is insufficient for the current phase of flight.
<b>GPS NAV LOST</b> – Loss of GPS navigation. Insufficient satellites.	Loss of GPS navigation due to insufficient satellites.
<b>GPS NAV LOST</b> – Loss of GPS navigation. Position error.	Loss of GPS navigation due to position error.
<b>GPS NAV LOST</b> – Loss of GPS navigation. GPS fail.	Loss of GPS navigation due to GPS failure.
<b>ABORT APR</b> – Loss of GPS navigation. Abort approach.	Abort approach due to loss of GPS navigation.
<b>APR DWNGRADE</b> – Approach downgraded.	Vertical guidance generated by WAAS is unavailable, use LNAV only minimums.

## GIA 63W MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>TRUE APR</b> – True north approach. Change HDG reference to TRUE.	Displayed after passing the first waypoint of a true north approach when the nav angle is set to 'AUTO'.
<b>GPS1 SERVICE</b> – GPS1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the GPS1 and/or GPS2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced.
<b>GPS2 SERVICE</b> – GPS2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
<b>NAV1 SERVICE</b> – NAV1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the NAV1 and/or NAV2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced.
<b>NAV2 SERVICE</b> – NAV2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
<b>NAV1 RMT XFR</b> – NAV1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote NAV1 and/or NAV2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") state. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
<b>NAV2 RMT XFR</b> – NAV2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
<b>G/S1 FAIL</b> – G/S1 is inoperative.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The system should be serviced.
<b>G/S2 FAIL</b> – G/S2 is inoperative.	
<b>G/S1 SERVICE</b> – G/S1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced when possible.
<b>G/S2 SERVICE</b> – G/S2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

## GEA 71 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>GEA1 CONFIG</b> – GEA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GEA1 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GEA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 GEA 71 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

## GTx 33 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>XPDR1 CONFIG</b> – XPDR1 config error. Config service req'd.	The transponder configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GTX1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The transponder has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
<b>XPDR1 SRVC</b> – XPDR1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The #1 transponder should be serviced when possible.
<b>XPDR1 FAIL</b> – XPDR1 is inoperative.	There is no communication with the #1 transponder.

## GRS 77 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>AHRS1 TAS</b> – AHRS1 not receiving airspeed.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving true airspeed from the air data computer. The AHRS relies on GPS information to augment the lack of airspeed. The system should be serviced.
<b>AHRS1 GPS</b> – AHRS1 using backup GPS source.	The #1 AHRS is using the backup GPS path. Primary GPS path has failed. The system should be serviced when possible.
<b>AHRS1 GPS</b> – AHRS1 not receiving any GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving any or any useful GPS information. Check AFMS limitations. The system should be serviced.
<b>AHRS1 GPS</b> – AHRS1 not receiving backup GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving backup GPS information. The system should be serviced.
<b>AHRS1 GPS</b> – AHRS1 operating exclusively in no-GPS mode.	The #1 AHRS is operating exclusively in no-GPS mode. The system should be serviced.
<b>AHRS MAG DB</b> – AHRS magnetic model database version mismatch.	The #1 AHRS and #2 AHRS magnetic model database versions do not match.
<b>AHRS1 SRVC</b> – AHRS1 Magnetic-field model needs update.	The #1 AHRS earth magnetic field model is out of date. Update magnetic field model when practical.

## GRS 77 MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>GEO LIMITS</b> – AHRS1 too far North/South, no magnetic compass.	The aircraft is outside geographical limits for approved AHRS operation. Heading is flagged as invalid.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GRS1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 AHRS has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.

## GMU 44 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>HDG FAULT</b> – AHRS1 magnetometer fault has occurred.	A fault has occurred in the #1 GMU 44. Heading is flagged as invalid. The AHRS uses GPS for backup mode operation. The G1000 system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GMU1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GMU 44 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

## GDL 69/69A MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>GDL69 CONFIG</b> – GDL 69 config error. Config service req'd.	GDL 69 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000 system should be serviced.
<b>GDL69 FAIL</b> – GDL 69 has failed.	A failure has been detected in the GDL 69. The receiver is unavailable. The G1000 system should be serviced.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GDL software mismatch, communication halted.	The GDL 69 has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

## GDC 74A MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GDC1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GDC 74A has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

## GTS 820 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>GTS CONFIG</b> – GTS config error. Config service req'd.	The GTS and GDU have incompatible configurations. This alert is also set when the GTS has an invalid mode S address configured or the mode S address does not match both XPDR mode S addresses.
<b>MANIFEST</b> – GTS software mismatch, communication halted.	The GTS has incorrect software installed. The G1000 system should be serviced.

## MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
<b>FPL WPT LOCK</b> – Flight plan waypoint is locked.	<p>Upon power-up, the system detects that a stored flight plan waypoint is locked. This occurs when an navigation database update eliminates an obsolete waypoint. The flight plan cannot find the specified waypoint and flags this message. This can also occur with user waypoints in a flight plan that is deleted.</p> <p>Remove the waypoint from the flight plan if it no longer exists in any database, Or update the waypoint name/identifier to reflect the new information.</p>
<b>FPL WPT MOVE</b> – Flight plan waypoint moved.	The system has detected that a waypoint coordinate has changed due to a new navigation database update. Verify that stored flight plans contain correct waypoint locations.
<b>TIMER EXPIRD</b> – Timer has expired.	The system notifies the pilot that the timer has expired.
<b>DB CHANGE</b> – Database changed. Verify user modified procedures.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually edited. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct and up to date.



## MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>DB CHANGE</b> – Database changed. Verify stored airways.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains an airway that is no longer consistent with the navigation database. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify use of airways in stored flight plans and reload airways as needed.
<b>FPL TRUNC</b> – Flight plan has been truncated.	This occurs when a newly installed navigation database eliminates an obsolete approach or arrival used by a stored flight plan. The obsolete procedure is removed from the flight plan. Update flight plan with current arrival or approach.
<b>LOCKED FPL</b> – Cannot navigate locked flight plan.	This occurs when the pilot attempts to activate a stored flight plan that contains locked waypoint. Remove locked waypoint from flight plan. Update flight plan with current waypoint.
<b>WPT ARRIVAL</b> – Arriving at waypoint -[xxxx]	Arriving at waypoint [xxxx], where [xxxx] is the waypoint name.
<b>STEEP TURN</b> – Steep turn ahead.	A steep turn is 15 seconds ahead. Prepare to turn.
<b>INSIDE ARSPC</b> – Inside airspace.	The aircraft is inside the airspace.
<b>ARSPC AHEAD</b> – Airspace ahead less than 10 minutes.	Special use airspace is ahead of aircraft. The aircraft will penetrate the airspace within 10 minutes.
<b>ARSPC NEAR</b> – Airspace near and ahead.	Special use airspace is near and ahead of the aircraft position.
<b>ARSPC NEAR</b> – Airspace near – less than 2 nm.	Special use airspace is within 2 nm of the aircraft position.
<b>APR INACTV</b> – Approach is not active.	The system notifies the pilot that the loaded approach is not active. Activate approach when required.
<b>SLCT FREQ</b> – Select appropriate frequency for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to load the approach frequency for the appropriate NAV receiver. Select the correct frequency for the approach.

## MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>SLCT NAV</b> – Select NAV on CDI for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver. Set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver.
<b>PTK FAIL</b> – Parallel track unavailable: bad geometry.	Bad parallel track geometry.
<b>PTK FAIL</b> – Parallel track unavailable: past IAF.	IAF waypoint for parallel offset has been passed.
<b>PTK FAIL</b> – Parallel track unavailable: past IAF.	IAF waypoint for parallel offset has been passed.
<b>UNABLE V WPT</b> – Can't reach current vertical waypoint.	The current vertical waypoint can not be reached within the maximum flight path angle and vertical speed constraints. The system automatically transitions to the next vertical waypoint.
<b>VNV</b> – Unavailable. Excessive track angle error.	The current track angle error exceeds the limit, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
<b>VNV</b> – Unavailable. Unsupported leg type in flight plan.	The lateral flight plan contains a procedure turn, vector, or other unsupported leg type prior to the active vertical waypoint. This prevents vertical guidance to the active vertical waypoint.
<b>VNV</b> – Unavailable. Excessive crosstrack error.	The current crosstrack exceeds the limit, causing vertical deviation to go invalid.
<b>VNV</b> – Unavailable. Parallel course selected.	A parallel course has been selected, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
<b>NO WGS84 WPT</b> – Non WGS 84 waypoint for navigation -[xxxx]	The position of the selected waypoint [xxxx] is not calculated based on the WGS84 map reference datum and may be positioned in error as displayed. Do not use GPS to navigate to the selected non-WGS84 waypoint.
<b>TRAFFIC FAIL</b> – Traffic device has failed.	The system is no longer receiving data from the traffic system. The traffic device should be serviced.
<b>FAILED PATH</b> – A data path has failed.	A data path connected to the GDU, GSD 41, or the GIA 63/W has failed.

## MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
<b>MAG VAR WARN</b> – Large magnetic variance. Verify all course angles.	The GDU's internal model cannot determine the exact magnetic variance for geographic locations near the magnetic poles. Displayed magnetic course angles may differ from the actual magnetic heading by more than 2°.
<b>SVS</b> – SVS DISABLED: Out of available terrain region.	Synthetic Vision is disabled because the aircraft is not within the boundaries of the installed terrain database.
<b>SVS</b> – SVS DISABLED: Terrain DB resolution too low.	Synthetic Vision is disabled because a terrain database of sufficient resolution (9 arc-second or better) is not currently installed.
<b>SCHEDULER [#]</b> – <message>.	Message criteria entered by the user.
<b>CHECK CRS</b> – Database course for LOC1 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC1 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
<b>CHECK CRS</b> – Database course for LOC2 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC2 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
<b>[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 REM</b> – Card 1 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the top card slot of the PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
<b>[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 REM</b> – Card 2 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the bottom card slot of the PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
<b>[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 ERR</b> – Card 1 is invalid.	The SD card in the top card slot of the PFD or MFD contains invalid data.
<b>[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 ERR</b> – Card 2 is invalid.	The SD card in the bottom card slot of the PFD or MFD contains invalid data.

## FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT/EXPORT MESSAGES

In some circumstances, some messages may appear in conjunction with others.

Flight Plan Import/Export Results	Description
'Flight plan successfully imported.'	A flight plan file stored on the SD card was successfully imported as a stored flight plan.
'File contained user waypoints only. User waypoints imported successfully. No stored flight plan data was modified.'	The file stored on the SD card did not contain a flight plan, only user waypoints. These waypoints have been saved to the system user waypoints. No flight plans stored in the system have been modified.
'No flight plan files found to import.'	The SD card contains no flight plan data.
'Flight plan import failed.'	Flight plan data was not successfully imported from the SD card.
'Flight plan partially imported.'	Some flight plan waypoints were successfully imported from the SD card, however others had errors and were not imported. A partial stored flight plan now exists in the system.
'File contained user waypoints only.'	The file stored on the SD card did not contain a flight plan, only user waypoints. One or more of these waypoints did not import successfully.
'Too many points. Flight plan truncated.'	The flight plan on the SD card contains more waypoints than the system can support. The flight plan was imported with as many waypoints as possible.
'Some waypoints not loaded. Waypoints locked.'	The flight plan on the SD card contains one or more waypoints that the system cannot find in the navigation database. The flight plan has been imported, but must be edited within the system before it can be activated for use.

## FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT/EXPORT MESSAGES (CONT.)

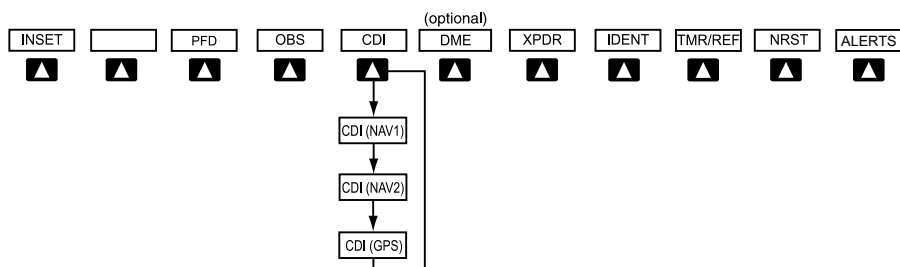
Flight Plan Import/Export Results	Description
'User waypoint database full. Not all loaded.'	The flight plan file on the SD card contains user waypoints. The quantity of stored user waypoints has exceeded system capacity, therefore not all the user waypoints on the SD card have been imported. Any flight plan user waypoints that were not imported are locked in the flight plan. The flight plan must be edited within the system before it can be activated for use.
'One or more user waypoints renamed.'	One or more imported user waypoints were renamed when imported due to naming conflicts with waypoints already existing in the system.
'Flight plan successfully exported.'	The stored flight plan was successfully exported to the SD card.
'Flight plan export failed.'	The stored flight plan was not successfully exported to the SD card. The SD card may not have sufficient available memory or the card may have been removed prematurely.

Flight Instruments
EIS
Nav/Com/XPDR/Audio
AFCs
GPS Nav
Flight Planning
Procedures
Hazard Avoidance
Additional Features
Abnormal Operation
Annun/Alerts
Appendix
Index

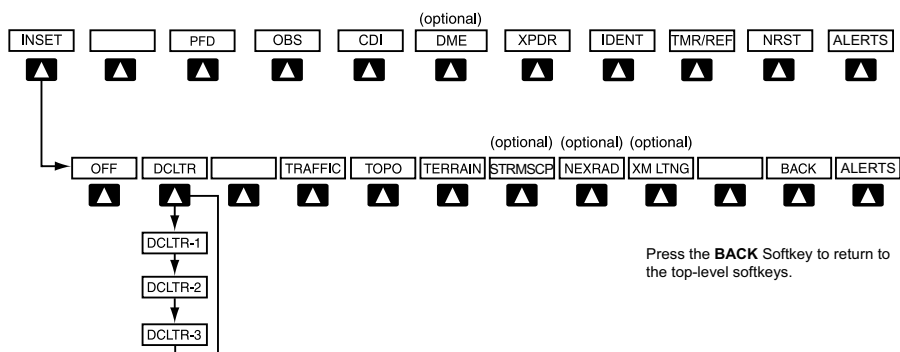
Blank Page

# APPENDIX

## PFD SOFTKEY MAP



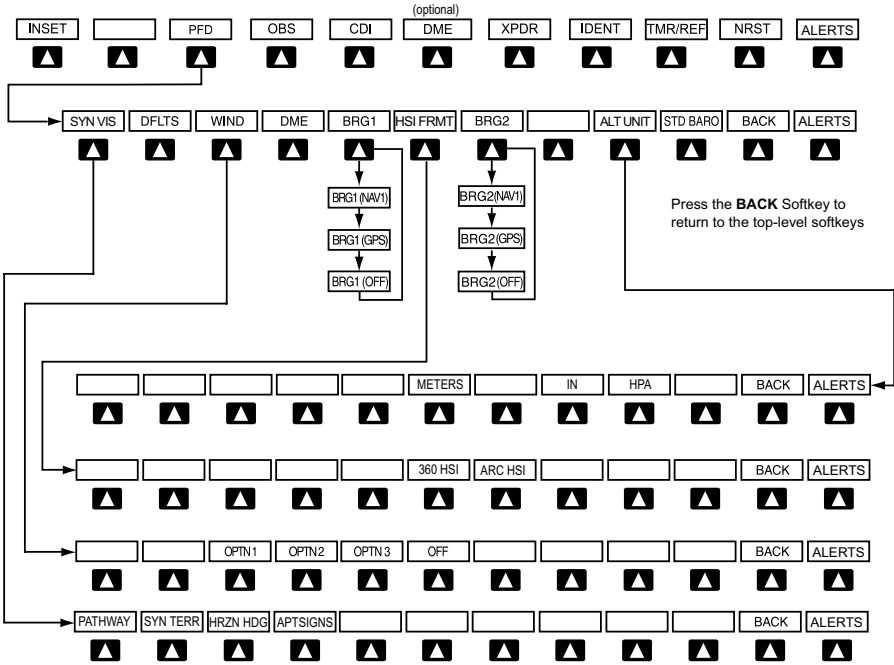
### Top Level PFD Softkeys



### Inset Map Softkeys

<b>INSET</b>		Displays Inset Map in PFD lower left corner
	<b>OFF</b>	Removes Inset Map
	<b>DCLTR (3)</b>	Selects desired amount of map detail; cycles through declutter levels: DCLTR (No Declutter): All map features visible DCLTR-1: Declutters land data DCLTR-2: Declutters land and SUA data DCLTR-3: Removes everything except the active flight plan
	<b>TRAFFIC</b>	Displays traffic information on Inset Map

Flight Instruments	TOPO		Displays topographical data (e.g., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes) and elevation scale on Inset Map
EIS	TERRAIN		Displays terrain information on Inset Map
Nav/Com/XPDR/Audio	STRMSCP		Press to display the Stormscope lightning data on the Inset Map (within a 200 nm radius of the aircraft)
AFCs	NEXRAD		Displays NEXRAD weather and coverage information on Inset Map (optional feature)
	XM LTNG		Displays XM lightning information on Inset Map (optional feature)



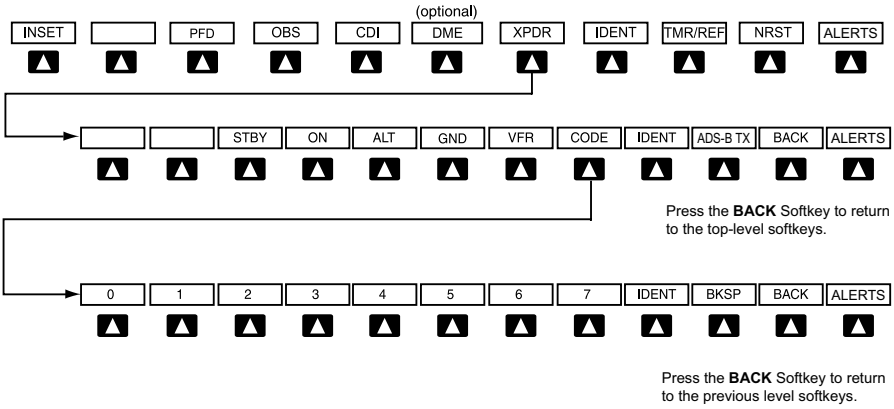
PFD Configuration Softkeys

PFD		Displays second-level softkeys for additional PFD configurations
	SYN VIS	Displays the softkeys for enabling or disabling Synthetic Vision features



		<b>PATHWAY</b>	Displays rectangular boxes representing the horizontal and vertical flight path of the active flight plan	Flight Instruments
		<b>SYN TERR</b>	Enables synthetic terrain depiction	EIS
		<b>HRZN HDG</b>	Displays compass heading along the Zero-Pitch line	Nav/Com/XPDR/Audio
		<b>APTSIGNS</b>	Displays position markers for airports within approximately 15 nm of the current aircraft position. Airport identifiers are displayed when the airport is within approximately 9 nm.	AFCs
	<b>DFLT5</b>		Resets PFD to default settings, including changing units to standard	GPS Nav
	<b>WIND</b>		Displays softkeys to select wind data parameters	Flight Planning
		<b>OPTN 1</b>	Headwind/tailwind and crosswind arrows with numeric speed components	Procedures
		<b>OPTN 2</b>	Wind direction arrow and numeric speed	Hazard Avoidance
		<b>OPTN 3</b>	Wind direction arrow with numeric direction and speed	Additional Features
		<b>OFF</b>	Information not displayed	Abnormal Operation
	<b>DME</b>		Displays the DME Information Window	Annun/Alerts
	<b>BRG1</b>		Cycles the Bearing 1 Information Window through NAV1 or GPS/waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information.	Appendix
	<b>HSI FRMT</b>		Displays the HSI formatting softkeys	Index
		<b>360 HSI</b>	Displays the HSI in a 360 degree format	
		<b>ARC HSI</b>	Displays the HSI in an arc format	
	<b>BRG2</b>		Cycles the Bearing 2 Information Window through NAV2 or GPS/waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information.	

	<b>ALT UNIT</b>		Displays softkeys for setting the altimeter and BARO settings to metric units
		<b>METERS</b>	When enabled, displays altimeter in meters
		<b>IN</b>	Press to display the BARO setting as inches of mercury
		<b>HPA</b>	Press to display the BARO setting as hectopascals
	<b>STD BARO</b>		Sets barometric pressure to 29.92 in Hg (1013 hPa)

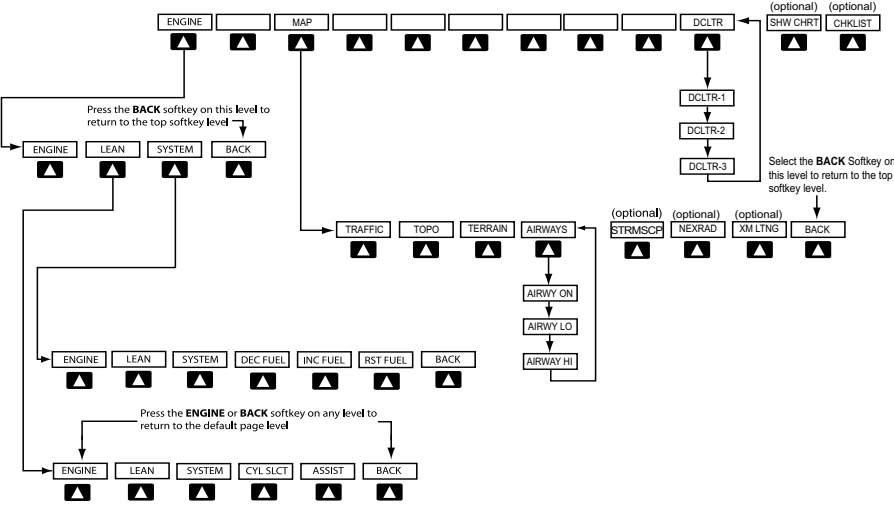


Transponder Softkeys

<b>XPDR</b>			Displays transponder mode selection softkeys
	<b>STBY</b>		Selects Standby Mode (transponder does not reply to any interrogations)
	<b>ON</b>		Selects Mode A (transponder replies to interrogations)
	<b>ALT</b>		Selects Mode C – Altitude Reporting Mode (transponder replies to identification and altitude interrogations)

	<b>GND</b>		Manually selects Ground Mode, the transponder does not allow Mode A and Mode C replies, but it does permit acquisition squitter and replies to discretely addressed Mode S interrogations.
	<b>VFR</b>		Automatically enters the VFR code (1200 in the U.S.A. only)
	<b>CODE</b>		Displays transponder code selection softkeys 0-7
	<b>IDENT</b>		Activates the Special Position Identification (SPI) pulse for 18 seconds, identifying the transponder return on the ATC screen
	<b>ADS-B TX</b>		Activates/deactivates transmission of the aircraft's three-dimensional position and aircraft heading for reception by ADS-B systems.
		<b>0 — 7</b>	Use numbers to enter code
		<b>BKSP</b>	Removes numbers entered, one at a time
<b>IDENT</b>			Activates the Special Position Identification (SPI) pulse for 18 seconds, identifying the transponder return on the ATC screen
<b>TMR/REF</b>			Displays Timer/References Window
<b>NRST</b>			Displays Nearest Airports Window
<b>ALERTS</b>			Displays Alerts Window

## MFD SOFTKEY MAP



### MFD Softkeys

<b>ENGINE</b>			Displays the <b>LEAN</b> and <b>SYSTEM</b> softkeys
	<b>LEAN</b>		Displays the engine leaning softkeys
		<b>CYL SLCT</b>	Selects the desired cylinder for monitoring
		<b>ASSIST</b>	Highlights the first cylinder that peaks and displays information for that cylinder
		<b>BACK</b>	Press to return to the top level softkeys
	<b>SYSTEM</b>		Displays fuel system softkeys
		<b>DEC FUEL</b>	Press to decrease fuel quantity in 1-gallon increments
		<b>INC FUEL</b>	Press to increase fuel quantity in 1-gallon increments
		<b>RST FUEL</b>	Press to reset fuel to full
		<b>BACK</b>	Press to return to the top level softkeys

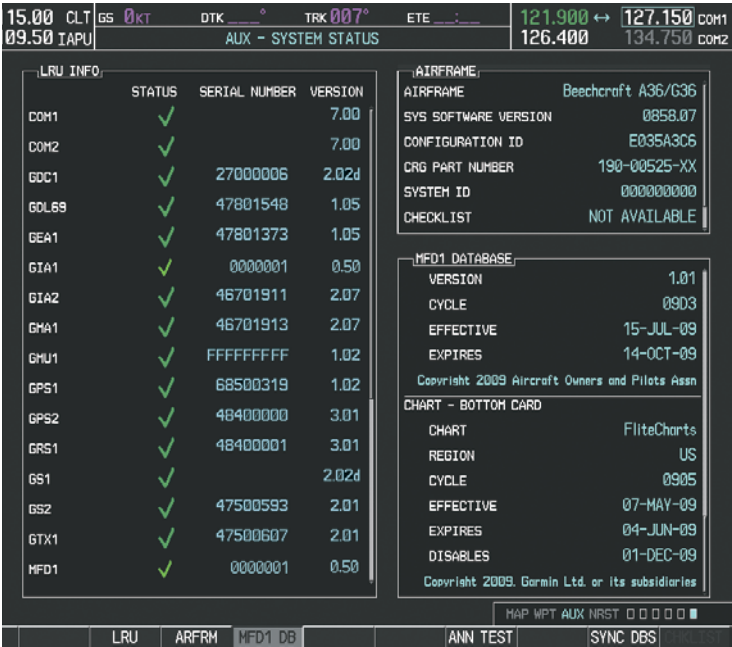
<b>MAP</b>			Enables second-level Navigation Map softkeys
	<b>TRAFFIC</b>		Displays traffic information on Navigation Map
	<b>TOPO</b>		Displays topographical data (e.g., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes) and elevation scale on Navigation Map
	<b>TERRAIN</b>		Displays terrain information on Navigation Map
	<b>AIRWAYS</b>		Displays airways on the map; cycles through the following: AIRWAYS: No airways are displayed AIRWY ON: All airways are displayed AIRWY LO: Only low altitude airways are displayed AIRWY HI: Only high altitude airways are displayed
	<b>STRMSCP</b>		Displays Stormscope weather and coverage information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	<b>NEXRAD</b>		Displays NEXRAD weather and coverage information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	<b>XM LTNG</b>		Displays XM lightning information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	<b>BACK</b>		Returns to top-level softkeys
<b>DCLTR</b>			Selects desired amount of map detail; cycles through declutter levels: DCLTR (No Declutter): All map features visible DCLTR-1: Declutters land data DCLTR-2: Declutters land and SUA data DCLTR-3: Removes everything except the active flight plan

<b>SHW CHRT</b>			When available, displays optional airport and terminal procedure charts
<b>CHKLIST</b>			When available, displays optional checklists

## DATABASE UPDATES

The system uses Secure Digital (SD) cards to load and store various types of data. For basic flight operations, SD cards are required for database storage as well as Jeppesen navigation and Jeppesen ChartView database updates. Not all SD cards are compatible with the G1000. Use only SD cards supplied by Garmin or the aircraft manufacturer.

Information regarding the various databases may be viewed on the AUX-System Status Page.



AUX-System Status Page

The Display Database Selection Softkey is used to place the cursor in the Database Window. Upon first press of the Display Database Selection Softkey, the softkey will change to a selected state (black text on gray background) and the cursor will appear in the Database Window. At this point the user can scroll through all databases in the Database Window to view status information. If the Display Database Selection Softkey is pressed repeatedly, the softkey will switch between PFD1 and MFD1. Database status information in the Database Window will reflect the database of the PFD or MFD.



Display Database Selection Softkey

## Garmin Databases

The following databases are stored on Supplemental Data Cards provided by Garmin:

- Expanded basemap
- Terrain
- Airport terrain
- Obstacle
- SafeTaxi
- FliteCharts
- Airport Directory (AOPA)

After subscribing to the desired database product updates, these updated databases are copied to each Supplemental Data Card for each display (the card that contains the FliteCharts or ChartView database resides in the MFD). Since these databases are not stored internally in the displays, these Supplemental Data Cards must remain in the bottom card slot of each display.



**NOTE:** The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.

## Obtaining Garmin Database Updates

The Garmin database updates can be obtained by following the instructions detailed in the 'Aviation Databases' section of the Garmin website (fly.garmin.com). Once the updated files have been downloaded from the website, a PC equipped with an appropriate SD card reader is used to unpack and copy the new databases onto the appropriate Supplemental Data Cards. Equipment required to perform the update is as follows:

- Windows-compatible PC computer (Windows 2000 or XP recommended)
- SD Card Reader: SanDisk SDDR-93, SanDisk SDDR-99, Verbatim #96504, or equivalent
- Updated database obtained from the Garmin website
- Existing Supplemental Database SD Card (010-00330-41, -42, or -43) from the MFD. The supplemental data card from the MFD should be used because all databases (except the active navigation database) are required to reside on this card.

## Jeppesen Databases



**NOTE:** *The Jeppesen aviation navigation database is now referred to as the 'navigation database'. Previously this database had been referred to as the 'aviation database'.*

The ChartView database should be copied to the Supplemental Data Card which will reside in the bottom card slot on the MFD. The navigation database is loaded from the Jeppesen or user supplied SD data card. Contact Jeppesen (www.jeppesen.com) for subscription and update information.

The navigation database is loaded from an SD card inserted into the top card slot of each displayed. The database is copied from the SD card in the top card slot to the display's internal memory.

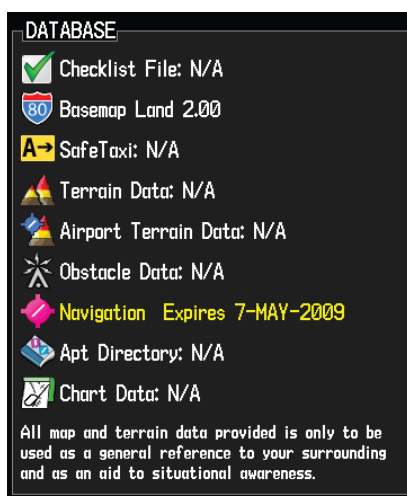
## Loading Updated Databases

In some cases it may be necessary to obtain an unlock code from Garmin in order to make the database product functional. It may also be necessary to have the system configured by a Garmin authorized service facility in order to use some database features.



### Loading the Garmin database updates:

- 1) With system power OFF, remove the MFD database card from the bottom card slot of the MFD.
- 2) Update the Garmin databases on the MFD card.
- 3) Insert the MFD database card into the bottom card slot of the MFD.
- 4) Apply power to the system, check that the databases are initialized and displayed on the power-up screen. When updating the terrain and FliteCharts databases, a 'Verifying' message may be seen. If this message is present, wait for the system to finish loading before proceeding to step 5.



### Database Information on the Power-up Screen

- 5) Acknowledge the Power-up Page agreement by pressing the **ENT** Key or the right most softkey.
- 6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.
- 7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
- 8) Make sure the **SYNC DBS** Softkey is in the enabled state.
- 9) Monitor the Sync Status in the Database Window. Wait for all databases to complete synching, indicated by 'Complete' being displayed.
- 10) Remove and reapply power to the system.
- 11) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

- 12) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
- 13) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**). Verify the correct database cycle information is shown for each database for each display.

### Canceling an automatic database synchronization:

- 1) While synchronization is in progress, press the **SYNC DBS** Softkey to disable automatic database synchronization.
- 2) Acknowledge the cancelation by pressing the **ENT** Key.

### Loading the Jeppesen navigation database:



**NOTE:** Loading the Jeppesen navigation database prior to its effective date will result in the expiration date on the power-up screen and the effective date on the AUX-System Status Page being displayed in yellow.

- 1) Copy the new navigation database to an SD card obtained from Garmin, or the aircraft manufacturer.
- 2) With the G1000 system OFF, insert the SD card containing the new navigation database version into the top card slot of the MFD (label of SD card facing left).
- 3) Turn the G1000 system ON. A prompt similar to the following illustration is displayed:

```
DO YOU WANT TO UPDATE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE?
SELECTING YES WILL OVERWRITE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE.

REGION:    FROM      TO
          WORLDWIDE  WORLDWIDE
CYCLE:      0912      0913
EFFECTIVE:  19-NOV-2009 17-DEC-2009
EXPIRES:    17-DEC-2009 14-JAN-2010

NO WILL BE ASSUMED IN 28 SECONDS.
UPDATING NAVIGATION DATABASE, PLEASE WAIT.
```

#### Navigation Database Load Prompt

- 4) Press the **YES** Softkey to update the navigation database in the MFD.
- 5) After the update completes, the display starts in normal mode.
- 6) Turn the G1000 system OFF and remove the SD card from the top card slot.
- 7) Repeat steps 2 through 6 for the PFD.

- 8) Apply power to the system and press the **ENT** Key to acknowledge the startup screen.
- 9) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.
- 10) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
- 11) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show navigation database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**).

MFD1 DATABASE	
NAVIGATION - INTERNAL	
REGION	WORLDWIDE
CYCLE	0913
EFFECTIVE	17-DEC-09
EXPIRES	14-JAN-10
Copyright 2009. Jeppesen Sanderson, Inc.	
BASEMAP - BOTTOM CARD	
REGION	WORLDWIDE
VERSION	3.00
GARMIN LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES 2008	
SAFETAXI - BOTTOM CARD	
REGION	US
VERSION	2.25

Check Database Cycle Number (MFD shown)

Flight Instruments
EIS
Nav/Com/XPDR/Audio
AFCs
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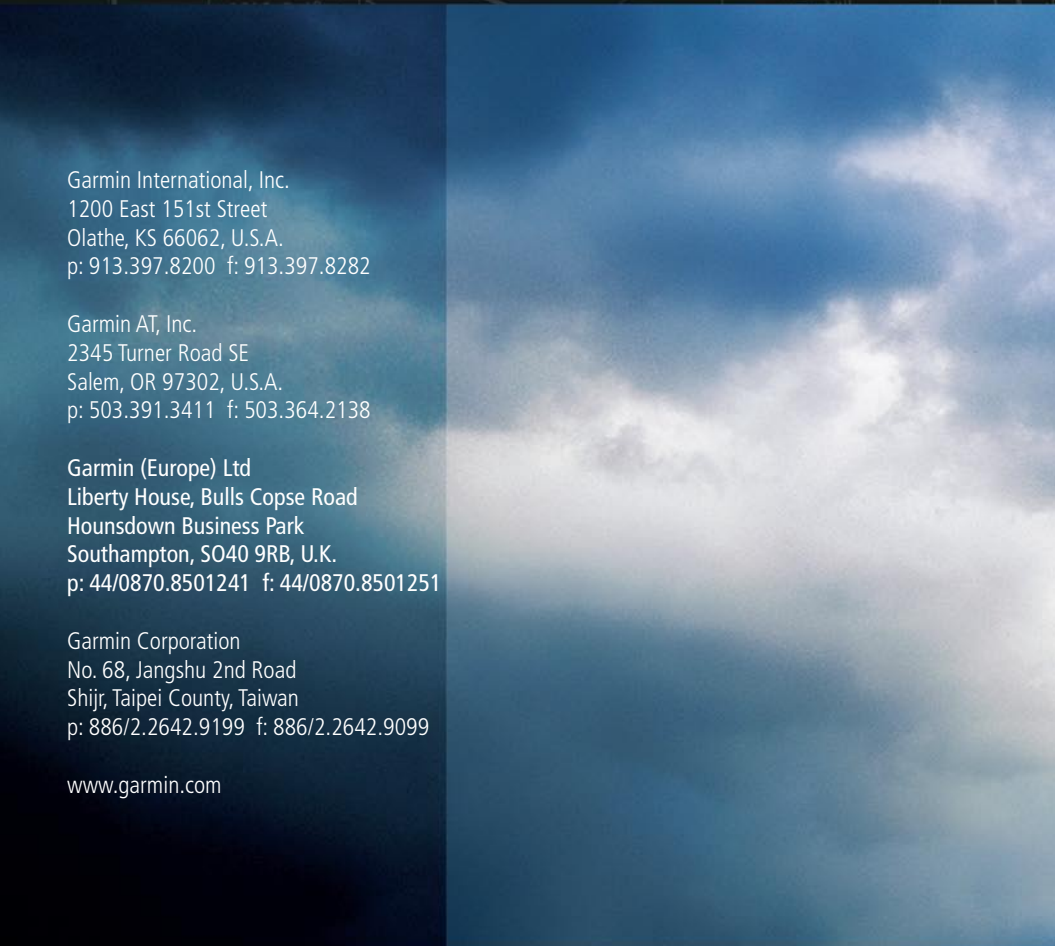
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