Tuya Smart

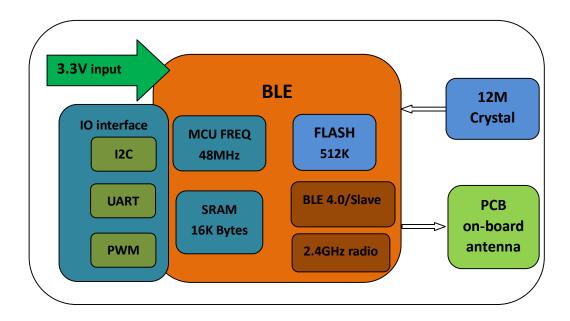
TuyaSmartBLEModule

1. Product Overview

TYBT2 is a Bluetooth (BLE) moduledesigned by HangZhouTuya Technology Corporation. The BLE Module consistsof a highly integratedwireless Bluetooth chipTLSR8266 and someextra electric circuitsthathave been programed with Bluetoothnetwork protocol and plenty of software examples.TYBT2 includea 32-bit CPU, BLE, 512K byte flash, 16k SRAM, and 9 multiplex IO pins.

Figure 1 shows the block diagram of the TYBT2.

Figure 1. The block diagram of the TYBT2



1.1 Features

- ♦ Integrated low power consumption 32-bit CPU, also known as application processor
- ♦ Basic frequency of the CPU can support 48 MHz
- ♦ Supply voltage range: 1.9V to 3.6V
- ♦ Peripherals: 5*PWM,1*I2C, 1*UART
- ♦ BLE RF features:
 - Compatible with BLE 4.0
 - Transmitting data rate can go up to 1Mbps
 - TX transmitting power: +7dBm
 - RX receiving sensitivity: -92dBm
 - AES hardware encryption
 - On-board PCB antenna

• Operating temperature range: -20° C to 85° C

1.2 Main Application Fields

- ♦ Intelligent LED
- ♦ Intelligent household applications
- ♦ Intelligent low-power consumptionsensors

2. Dimensions and Footprint

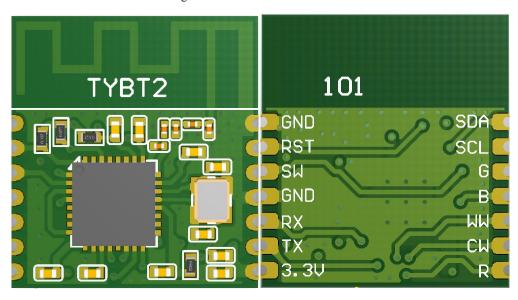
2.1Dimensions

TYBT2have double sides of pins. The distance between each Pin is 2.0mm.

Size of TYBT2: 15mm(W)*16.5mm(L).

Figure 2 shows the dimensions of TYBT2.

Figure 2. The dimensions of TYBT2



2.2 Pin Definition

Table 1 shows the generalpin attributes of TYBT2

Table 1. The typical pin definition of TYBT2

PIN NO.	NAME	TYP	DESCRIPTION			
		E				
1	SDA	I/O	I2C, data interface, internal pull-up 4.7k resistance			
2	SCL	1/0	I2C, clock interface, internal pull-up 4.7k resistance			
3	G	1/0	normal IO pin, can be used as PWM output pin, default for			
			Green LED line			
4	В	1/0	normal IO pin, can be used as PWM output pin, default for B			
			LED line			
5	WW	1/0	normal IO pin, can be used as PWM output pin, default for			
			Warm White LED line			
6	CW	1/0	normal IO pin, can be used as PWM output pin, default for Cold			
			White LED line			
7	R	I/O	normal IO pin, can be used as PWM output pin, default for Red			
			LED line			
8	3.3V	Р	Supply voltage			

TYBT2 DATASHEET

9	TX	1/0	UART TX,can be used as normal IO pin		
10	RX	1/0	UART RX,can be used as normal IO pin		
11	GND	Р	Ground		
12	SW	1/0	Bluetooth chipset burning pin		
13	RST	I	reset pin for the module, internal pull-up 4.7k resistance		
14	GND	Р	Ground		

Note: S: Power supply pins; I/O: Digital input or output pins.

SW pin is ONLY used for burning firmware, Can NOT be used for other functions.

There are 4.7 pull-up resistance internally for I2C pins, external pull-up resistances are not necessary.

When WW pin is outputting PWM signal, It has opposite phase comparing the PWM signal from R/G/B/CW pin.

If there's any customization needed for PWM output, please contact our BD manager.

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Ts	Storage	-20	85	$^{\circ}$ C
	temperature			
VCC	Supply voltage	-0.3	3.9	V
Electrostatic release quantity	TAMB-25℃	-	2	KV
(Human body model)				
Electrostatic release quantity	TAMB-25℃	-	0.5	KV
(Machine model)				

3.2 Electrical Conditions

Table 3. Electrical Conditions

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYPIC	MAX	UNIT
			AL		
Та	Temperature for Commercial grade	-20	-	85	$^{\circ}$ C
VCC	Supply voltage	2.5	3.3	3.6	V
VIL	IO negative level input	-0.3	-	VCC*0.25	V
VIH	IO positive level input	VCC*0.75	-	VCC	V
VOL	IO negative level output	-	-	VCC*0.1	V
VoH	IO positive level output	VCC*0.8	-	VCC	V

3.3Transmitting Current Consumptions

Table 4. TX current consumption

PARAMETERS	MODE		UNIT
Itx	Continuously transmitting, OdBm power output	13	mA
Irx	Continuously receiving	13	mA
IDC	Normal working mode	80	uA

4. Radio Specification

4.1 Basic Radio Frequency Characteristics

Table 5.Basic Radio frequency characteristics

PARAMETERS	DESCRIPTION		
Working Frequency	2.4GHz ISM band		
Radio standard	BLE 4.0		
Data transmitting rate	1Mbps		
Type of Antenna	On-board PCB Antenna		

4.2TransmittingPower

Table 6. Transmitting power

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX	UNIT
RF Average output power	3.8	7	-	dBm
consumption				
20dB bandwidth	-	1000	=	KHz

4.3Receiving Sensitivity

Table 7. Receiving sensitivity

PARAMETERS			TYPICAL	MAX	UNIT
RX sensitivity	1Mbps	-93	-92	-90	dBm
Frequency bias error	-	-300	-	300	KHz
Co-channel interference Restrain	-	-	-7	-	dB

5. Antenna Information

5.1 Antenna Type

Antenna for TYBT2 module is using 2.4 GHz MIFAOn-board PCBantenna.

5.2 Reduce Antenna Interference

In order to have the best RF performance, it's recommended to keep a minimum15mm distance between the antenna part and the other metal pieces.

Since PCBA manufacture use SMT process to weld TYBT2 module and other electrical components onto the PCB board, RF performance will depend on the layout location and pattern of the On-board PCB antenna. The following figures are some recommended and dis-recommended demonstrations from out R&D team.

In demonstration 1 and 2 of figure 3, the on-board PCB antenna lays outside of the PCB frame. It's recommended to use layout pattern shown in demonstration 1 and 2. Either the on-board PCB antenna lays outside of the PCB frame directly or PCB frame carve out a certain area for the antenna. The overall PCBA performance for these two ways will be the same as testing the module independently.

Restricted due to some reason, if the on-board PCB antenna layout has to be inside the PCB frame, it's suggested to refer to demonstration 3. The antenna lays inside the PCB frame, but no copperor wire beneath the antenna. RF performance will have some loss, approximately 1~2 dBm.

It's NOT recommended to use demonstration 4, the antenna lays inside the PCB frame, and there are copper and wire beneath it. RF performance will have significant attenuation.

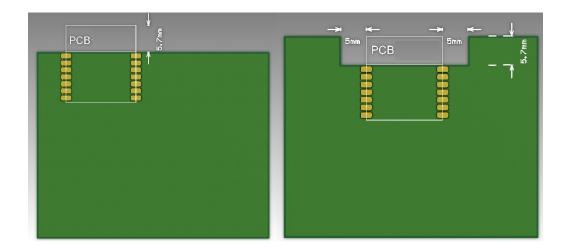
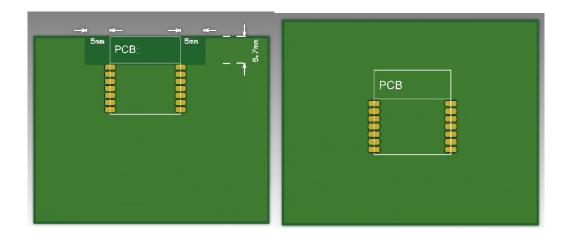


Figure 3.layoutdemostrations

Demonstration 1: Antenna lay outside the PCB frame

Demonstration 2: Antenna lay outside the PCB frame with carved area



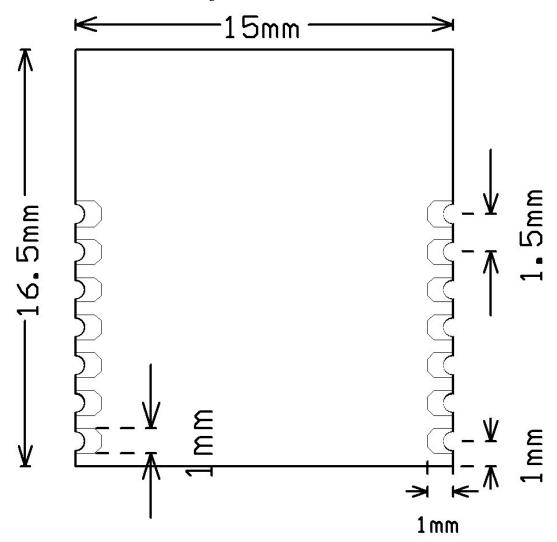
Demonstration 3: Antenna lay inside the PCB frame without copper or wire beneath it

Demonstration 4: Antenna lay inside the PCB frame with copper or wire beneath it

6. Packaging Information And Production Guide

6.1 Mechanical Dimensions

Figure 4.Dimensionsof the module



6.2 Production Guide

- ♦ The storage for the delivered module should meet the following condition:
- 1. The anti-moisture bag should be kept in the environment with temperature $\!<\!30^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ and humidity $\!<\!85\%$ RH.
 - 2. The expiration date is 6 months since the dry packaging products was sealed.
- ♦ Cautions:
 - 1. All the operators should wear electrostatic ringin the whole process of production.
 - 2. While operating, water and dirt should not have any contact with the modules.

FCC Statement

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment .This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator& your body.

FCC Label Instructions

The outside of final products that contains this module device must display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label can use wording such as: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: 2ANDL-TYBT2 or "Contains FCC ID:2ANDL-TYBT2, Any similar wording that expresses the same meaning may be used.