





# **Access Point**

WIRELESS

# **User Guide**

Model No. WAP54G v2

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### How to Use this Guide

Your guide to the Wireless-G Access Point has been designed to make understanding networking with the Access Point easier than ever. Look for the following items when reading this guide:



This checkmark means there is a Note of interest and is something you should pay special attention to while using the Access Point.



This exclamation point means there is a Caution or warning and is something that could damage your property or the Access Point.



This question mark provides you with a reminder about something you might need to do while using the Access Point.

In addition to these symbols, there are definitions for technical terms that are presented like this: *word: definition.* 

Also, each figure (diagram, screenshot, or other image) is provided with a figure number and description, like this: Figure 0-1: Sample Figure Description

Figure numbers and descriptions can also be found in the "List of Figures" section in the "Table of Contents".

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## **Chapter 1: Introduction**

### Welcome

Thank you for choosing the Wireless-G Access Point. This Access Point will allow you to network wirelessly better than ever.

How does the Access Point do all of this? An access point allows for greater range and mobility within your wireless network while also allowing you to connect the wireless network to a wired environment. Being a dualband access point, not only does the Access Point bring you these benefits, it also allows two wireless standards, 802.11g and 802.11b, to communicate with each other. This means that PCs with different wireless standards can communicate with each other and with a wired network.

#### But what does all of this mean?

Networks are useful tools for sharing computer resources. You can access one printer from different computers and access data located on another computer's hard drive. Networks are even used for playing multiplayer video games. So, networks are not only useful in homes and offices, they can also be fun.

PCs on a wired network create a LAN, or Local Area Network. They are connected with Ethernet cables, which is why the network is called "wired".

PCs equipped with wireless cards and adapters can communicate without cumbersome cables. By sharing the same wireless settings, within their transmission radius, they form a wireless network. This is sometimes called a WLAN, or Wired Local Area Network. The Access Point bridges wireless networks of both 802.11g and 802.11b standards and wired networks.

Use the instructions in this Guide to help you connect the Access Point, set it up, and configure it to bridge your different networks. These instructions should be all you need to get the most out of the Access Point.

**network:** a series of computers or devices connected together

**802.11g:** a wireless networking standard that specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 54Mbps, an operating frequency of 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with 802.11b devices.

**802.11b:** a wireless networking standard that specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 11Mbps and an operating frequency of 2.4GHz.

ethernet: network protocol that specifies how data is placed on and retrieved from a common transmission medium

*Ian (local area network):* the computers and networking products that make up your local network

adapter: a device that adds network functionality to your PC

### What's in this Guide?

This user guide covers the steps for setting up and using the Wireless-G Access Point.

- Chapter 1: Introduction This chapter describes the Wireless-G Access Point's applications and this User Guide.
- Chapter 2: Planning your Wireless Network This chapter describes the basics of wireless networking.
- Chapter 3: Getting to Know the Wireless-G Access Point This chapter describes the physical features of the Access Point.
- Chapter 4: Connecting the Wireless-G Access Point This chapter instructs you on how to connect the Access Point to your network.
- Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Access Point
   This chapter explains how to use the Web-Based Utility to configure the settings on the Access Point and how
   to install the setup on the Access Point for the Linksys Wireless Guard.
- Chapter 6: The Linksys Wireless Guard This chapter explains how to install the client software for Linksys Wireless Guard and other information on the service.
- Chapter 7: Configuring the Wireless-G Access Point This chapter explains the use of the Access Point's Web-based Utility.
- Appendix A: Troubleshooting This appendix describes some frequently asked questions regarding installation and use of the Wireless-G Access Point.
- Appendix B: Wireless Security This appendix explains the risks of wireless networking and some solutions to reduce the risks.
- Appendix C: Upgrading Firmware This appendix instructs you on how to upgrade the Access Point's firmware.
- Appendix D: Windows Help. This appendix describes some of the ways Windows can help you with wireless networking.
- Appendix E: Glossary This appendix gives a brief glossary of terms frequently used in networking.

Chapter 1: Introduction What's in this Guide?

- Appendix F: Specifications This appendix provides the Access Point's technical specifications.
- Appendix G: Warranty Information This appendix supplies the Access Point's warranty information.
- Appendix H: Regulatory Information This appendix supplies the Access Point's regulatory information.
- Appendix I: Contact Information This appendix provides contact information for a variety of Linksys resources, including Technical Support.

## **Chapter 2: Planning your Wireless Network**

## **Network Topology**

A wireless network is a group of computers, each equipped with one wireless adapter. Computers in a wireless network must be configured to share the same radio channel. Several PCs equipped with wireless cards or adapters can communicate with one another to form an ad-hoc network.

Linksys wireless adapters also provide users access to a wired network when using an access point, such as the Wireless-G Access Point, or wireless router. An integrated wireless and wired network is called an infrastructure network. Each wireless PC in an infrastructure network can talk to any computer in a wired network infrastructure via the access point or wireless router.

An infrastructure configuration extends the accessibility of a wireless PC to a wired network, and may double the effective wireless transmission range for two wireless adapter PCs. Since an access point is able to forward data within a network, the effective transmission range in an infrastructure network may be doubled.

## Roaming

Infrastructure mode also supports roaming capabilities for mobile users. Roaming means that you can move your wireless PC within your network and the access points will pick up the wireless PC's signal, providing that they both share the same channel and SSID.

Before enabling you consider roaming, choose a feasible radio channel and optimum access point position. Proper access point positioning combined with a clear radio signal will greatly enhance performance. **ad-hoc**: a group of wireless devices communicating directly with each other (peerto-peer) without the use of an access point.

*infrastructure*: a wireless network that is bridged to a wired network via an access point.

**roaming**: the ability to take a wireless device from one access point's range to another without losing the connection.

ssid: your wireless network's name

## **Network Layout**

The Wireless-G Access Point has been designed for use with 802.11g and 802.11b products. With 802.11g products communicating with the 802.11b standard, products using these standards can communicate with each other. The Access point is compatible with 802.11g and 802.11b adapters, such at the PC Cards for your laptop computers, PCI Card for your desktop PC, and USB Adapters for when you want to enjoy USB connectivity. These wireless products can also communicate with a 802.11g or 802.11b wireless PrintServer.

When you wish to connect your wired network with your wireless network, the Access Point's network port can be used to connect to any of Linksys's switches or routers.

With these, and many other, Linksys products, your networking options are limitless. Go to the Linksys website at www.linksys.com for more information about wireless products.

## **Chapter 3: Getting to Know the Wireless-G Access Point**

## **The Back Panel**

The Access Point's ports, where the power cord and network cable are connected, are located on the back panel.





- LAN This LAN (Local Area Network) port connects to Ethernet network devices, such as a switch or router.
- **Power** The **Power** port is where you will connect the power adapter.
- **Reset Button** There are two ways to Reset the Access Point's factory defaults. Either press the **Reset Button**, for approximately ten seconds, or restore the defaults from the Password tab in the Access Point's Web-Based Utility.

With these, and many other, Linksys products, your networking options are limitless. Go to the Linksys website at www.linksys.com for more information about products that work with the Access Point.

**port:** the connection point on a computer or networking device used for plugging in cables or adapters



**Important:** Resetting the Access Point will erase all of your settings (WEP Encryption, Wireless and LAN settings, etc.) and replace them with the factory defaults. Do not reset the Access Point if you want to retain these settings.

## **The Front Panel**

The Access Point's LEDs, where information about network activity is displayed, are located on the front panel.





**Power** Green. The **Power** LED lights up when the Access Point is powered on.

- Act Green. If the Act LED is flickering, the Access Point is actively sending or receiving data to or from one of the devices over the LAN port.
- Link Green. The Link LED lights whenever the Access Point is successfully connected to a device through the LAN port.

## **Chapter 4: Connecting the Wireless-G Access Point**

### **Hardware Installation**

- 1. Locate an optimum location for the Access Point. The best place for the Access Point is usually at the center of your wireless network, with line of sight to all of your PCs and wireless accessories.
- 2. Fix the direction of the antenna. Try to place it in a position that will best cover your wireless network. Normally, the higher you place the antenna, the better the performance will be. The antenna's position enhances the receiving sensitivity.
- 3. Connect a standard Ethernet network cable to the Access Point. Then, connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to a switch or router. The Access Point will then be connected to your 10/100 Network.
- 4. Connect the AC Power Adapter to the Access Point's Power Socket. Only use the power adapter supplied with the Access Point. Use of a different adapter may result in product damage.

Now that the hardware installation is complete, proceed to Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Access Point, for directions on how to set up the Access Point.

**hardware:** the physical aspect of computers, telecommunications, and other information technology devices



**HAVE YOU:** Enabled TCP/IP on your PCs? PCs communicate over the network with this protocol. Refer to Appendix D: Windows Help for more information on TCP/IP.

tcp/ip: a set of instructions PCs use to communicate over a network.



**NOTE:** If you are setting up an Infrastructure Network, all of your wireless devices must be in Infrastructure mode in order to function within the network. Similarly, if your network is an Ad-Hoc Network, all of your wireless devices must operate in Ad-hoc mode in order for all other wireless devices to communicate.

## **Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Access Point**

## **Setup Wizard**

Now that you've connected the Access Point to your wired network, you are ready to begin setting it up. This Setup Wizard will take you through all the steps necessary to configure the Access Point.

- 1. Insert the Setup Wizard CD into your PC's CD-ROM drive. Your PC must be on your wired network to set up the Access Point.
- 2. The Setup Wizard's Welcome screen should appear on your monitor. If it does not, this means the Setup Wizard is not automatically running as it should. Start the Setup Wizard manually by clicking the Start button, selecting Run, and typing d:\setup.exe (where "D" is your PC's CD-ROM drive). Click the Setup button to continue this Setup Wizard. Clicking the User Guide button opened this Guide. To exit this Setup Wizard, click the Exit button.



**Note:** The Access Point should be set up through a wired network connection as shown in Chapter 4: Connecting the Wireless-G Access Point. If you wish to set up the Access Point wirelessly, the wireless computer will require you to use the Linksys default settings. These settings can then be changed with the Setup Wizard or Web-based Browser Utility



Figure 5-1: The Setup Wizard's Welcome Screen

3. The next screen displayed displays how the Access Point should be connected while running this Setup Wizard. Optimally, you should perform this setup through a PC on your wired network. Click the **Next** button to continue or **Exit** to exit the Setup Wizard.



Figure 5-2: Connecting the Access Point

LINKSYS **One or More Wireless-G Access Point Have Been Found!** If you have one Wireless-G Access Point, you can make changes to the following settings. If you have more than one Wireless-G Access Point, you will need to run the Setup Wizard again to configure each separate Wireless-G Access Point. Selection WAP54GDv2.06 inksys WAP54G v2.06 00-90-4C-60-04-01 192,168,1,245 IP Add linksys SSID Channel 6 Disabled WEP (See Click Yes if you want to change any of these settings or No if you want to keep these settings No Yes Wireless- & Access Point Setup Wizard Model No. WAP54G

Figure 5-3: Select an Access Point

4. The Setup Wizard will run a search for the Access Point within your network and then display a list along with the status information for each access point. If this is the only access point on your network, it will be the only one displayed. If there are more than one displayed, select the Access Point by clicking on it and click the **Yes** button to continue or **No** to exit the Setup Wizard.

5. You will be asked to sign onto the Access Point you've selected. Enter the Password you've assigned. If none has been assigned, enter the default password: **admin**. Then, click the **OK** button. (This password can be changed from the Web-based Utility's Password tab.)



Figure 5-4: Enter the Password

*ip (internet protocol):* a protocol used to send data over a network

If you a Change	ure Network Address Settings re unsure of these settings, do not make any changes. s to the settings below may disrupt the operation of your network.
C Automatically obt	address must be specified in order to manage the Virieless Access Point from the network. You can modify these settings through your browser at a later date. If you are unsure, it is better to skip this section by clicking on Next.

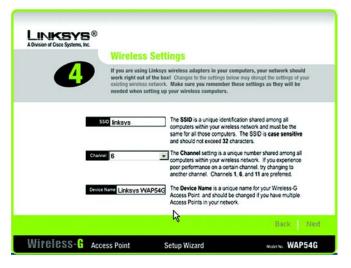


*ip address:* the address used to identify a computer or device on a network

gateway: a device that interconnects networks with different, incompatible communications protocols

- 6. The Configure Network Address Settings screen will appear next. Enter an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and the IP Address of your network Gateway. Then, click the **Next** button to continue or **Back** to return to the previous page.
  - IP Address. This IP address must be unique to your network. (The default IP address is 192.168.1.245.)
  - Subnet Mask. The Access Point's Subnet Mask must be the same as your Ethernet network.
  - Gateway. This IP address should be the IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Internet and the local network.

- 7. The Wireless Settings screen should now appear. Enter your wireless network's SSID and select the channel at which the network broadcasts its wireless signal. Also enter a Device Name to prevent any confusion when using multiple Access Points. Then, click the **Next** button to continue or **Back** to return to the previous page.
  - SSID. The SSID is the unique name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all points in the wireless network. It is case sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters, which may be any keyboard character. Make sure this setting is the same for all points in your wireless network.
  - Channel. Select the appropriate channel from the list provided to correspond with your network settings, between 1 and 11. All points in your wireless network must use the same channel in order to function correctly.
  - Device Name. The Device Name is a unique name given to the Access Point to prevent confusion when using multiple Access Points.



### Figure 5-6: The Wireless Settings Screen

8. The Security Settings screen will appear next. From this screen, you can set the level of security you desire for your network. Select from WEP, WPA-Personal, WPA Enterprise, and Linksys Wireless Guard. All points in your wireless network must use the same security method.



Figure 5-7: The Security Settings Screen

• WEP. From this screen, you can set the level of encryption you desire for your network, along with selecting Passphrases and/or encryption keys.

The WEP key can consist of the letters "A" through "F" and the numbers "0" through "9" and should be 10 characters in length for 64-bit encryption or 26 characters in length for 128-bit encryption.

- WPA Personal. With WPA Personal (WPA PSK, or Pre-Shared Keys) you have two encryption options, TKIP and AES, with dynamic encryption keys. Select the type of algorithm, TKIP or AES. Enter a Pre-Shared Key of 8-32 characters.
- WPA-Enterprise. This option is for corporate wireless networks only and uses a special authentication server. To choose this option, select **Disable**. You will need to enable the option in the web-based utility. Refer to Chapter 7: Configuring the Wireless-G Access Point.
- Linksys Wireless Guard. With this subscription service, you get the highest security of WPA RADIUS, but without having to build your own RADIUS network. If you select this option, follow the step-by-step instructions in the next section, Linksys Wireless Guard.

Then, click the **Next** button to continue or **Back** to return to the previous page.

For more information on wireless security, refer to Appendix B: Wireless Security.

Abristo of Cace Systems, Inc.	urity Settings	
Security		
Beconto, WEP (S4-Site) Pasadrose	If you choose the Passphra generated automatically. To	i) or WEP (128-Bil) se option fcr WEP, a WEP key will be manually enter a WEP key, select a he Passphrase option blank.
Kayt		Back. Next
Wireless-G Access Point	Setup Wizard	Nodel No. WAP54G

Figure 5-8: The WEP Settings Screen

bit: a binary digit

encryption: encoding data transmitted in a network



Figure 5-9: The WPA-PSK Screen

Chapter 5: Setting Up the Wireless-G Access Point Setup Wizard

9. At this point, the configuration performed with the Setup Wizard is complete. To configure any other Access Points in your network, you can run this Setup Wizard again.

Click the **Exit** button to exit the Setup Wizard.

For more advanced configuration, you can go to Chapter 7: Configuring the Wireless-G Access Point.



Figure 5-10: The Congratulations Screen

## **Linksys Wireless Guard Setup**

Linksys Wireless Guard is a subscription service that gives you WPA RADIUS without having to build your own RADIUS network. Follow the instructions below. To learn more about Linksys Wireless Guard, go to www.linksys.com/wirelessguard. If you need help with setting up Linksys Wireless Guard, contact us at wirelessguard@linksys.com or call 888-231-5506.

- 1. After clicking on *Linksy Wireless Guard* for your security selection, this screen will appear. Before you continue with the setup, make sure your computer meets the following requirements.
- Windows XP or Windows 2000 operating system
- 128 MB RAM
- 50MB free disk space
- A wireless network interface with a driver that supports WPA security
- · Must be connected to the Internet through a broadband connection (DSL, cable, other)

If you meet these requirements, click **Continue** to sign up for the Linksys Wireless Guard service, or click **Cancel** to cancel the setup.

- This screen guides you through the registration process. Enter your user name, password, first and last name, E-mail address, and a security question and answer below. Then, click Next to continue or Exit if you want to quit the Setup Wizard.
  - User Name and Password. Enter the user name you want to use into the User Name field. Enter the
    Password you want to use in the Password field.
  - Confirm Password. Enter the password again into the Confirm Password field.
  - First and Last Name. Enter your first and last names into the fields.
  - E-mail address. Enter your E-mail address into the field.
  - Security Question and Answer. Select a security question from the *Security Question* drop-down menu to help identify you if you forget your password. Enter the answer to your selected question in the *Security Answer* field.

## Attention

In order for the Linksys Wireless Guard service to protect your wireless network, each client PC must meet the following minimum requirements:

- Windows XP or Windows 2000 operating system
- 128 MB RAM
- 50 MB free disk space
- A wireless network interface with a driver that supports WPA security

Your wireless network must also be connected to the Internet through a broadband connection (DSL, Cable, or otherwise). If your systems meet these requirements, click **Continue** to sign up for Linksys Wireless Guard. Otherwise, click **Cancel**.

Cancel Continue

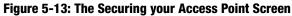
#### Figure 5-11: The Attention Screen

A Division of Cisco Systems, Inc.	Linksys	Wireless Guard Setup
6	Linksys Wirele new account,	screens will guide you through the process of registering for the ess Guard service and adding authorized wirefess users. To create fill in all the information below. If you are already registered with ess Guard, you only need to enter your e-mail address and passwo
Enter the user name and pas	sword you want to us	e with Linksys Wireless Guard
User Name		Password
	In this continue to an	
User Name New User: Please also fill Confirm Password	in this section to es	
New User: Please also fill	in this section to es	stablish a new account.
New User: Please also fill	in this section to es	stablish a new account. E-nail address
New User: Please also fill Confilm Password	in this section to es	stablish a new account. E-mail address Used for status messages only
New User: Please also fill Confilm Password	in this section to es	stablish a new account. E-mail address Used for status messages only Security Cuestion What is your father's middle name? •

Figure 5-12: The Linksys Wireless Guard Setup Screen

3. When the next screen appears, your Access Point will be automatically configured. Make sure that the correct access point is selected and that the name is correct. Also, make sure that the SSID is correct. Click **Next** to add this Access Point to your network or click **Back** to return to the previous screen.





4. For security reasons, the password has been automatically changed. Please note the new password before continuing or you won't be able to access the Access Point later. After writing down the new password, select **I have noted the new password**, then click **OK**.

## Linksys Wireless Guard Setup

For security reasons, the Access Point's administrator password has been automatically changed. Please make a note of the new password below.



Figure 5-14: Note the New Password Screen

5. When the next screen appears, you will specify which users you will allow access to this protected network. Enter the E-mail address, User Name, Password, then Confirm Password for each user. Then, click Add. To remove a user from the list, select the user, then click **Remove**.



Figure 5-15: The Adding Authorized Users Screen

6. The Access Point is now configured for Linksys Wireless Guard. To finish configuring your wireless network, you will need to install the Linksys Wireless Guard client software for each PC that will have access. Click **Main Menu**, then click **Linksys Wireless Guard Client**.

To add more Access Points to your Linksys Wireless Guard network,

run the Linksys Wireless Guard Setup again for each Access Point.



Figure 5-16: The Congratulations Screen

## **Chapter 6: Linksys Wireless Guard**

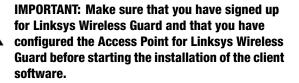
This chapter is only for users who have signed up for Linksys Wireless Guard to secure their network and have configured the Access Point for Linksys Wireless Guard. (Refer to Chapter 5: Setting up the Wireless-G Access Point.)

You will now need to install the client software needed to securely connect a PC to your Access Point that is protected by Linksys Wireless Guard. This chapter will also show you how to access your protected network, and manage your account.

## **Client Software Installation**

 If you haven't already done so, on the Main Menu of the Setup-CD-ROM, click Linksys Wireless Guard Client. The screen in Figure 6-1 will appear. To install the software on this PC, click Continue. Click Cancel to cancel the installation.

2. A screen will appear to notify you that the setup is in process. Wait until the next screen appears. Only if you want to end the installation process, click **Cancel**.



Note

The following set up program will install the client software needed to securely connect to an Access Point that is protected by Linksys Wireless Guard. Please make sure that you have configured your Access Point for Wireless Guard, and have signed up for the service before installing this client software on your PCs. If you want to install the Linksys Wireless Guard software on this PC, click **Continue**. Otherwise, click **Cancel**.

Cancel Continue

Figure 6-1: Note

InstallS	hield Wizard
2	Linksys Wireless Guard Setup is preparing the InstallShield Wizard, which will guide you through the program setup process. Please wait.
Config	uring Windows Installer
	Cancel

Figure 6-2: Configuring Windows Installer

3. The next screen informs you to close all other applications before continuing. If no other applications are open, click **Next** fo continue. If you want to exit to close your other applications, click **Cancel**.



**Figure 6-3: Exit Applications** 

 Installished Wizard
 X

 License Agreement
 Peace read the following loanse agreement carefuly:

 Image: Control of the following loanse agreement carefuly:
 Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the rest of the agreement.

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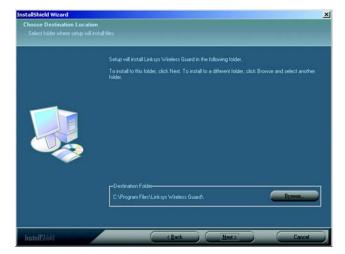
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 Image: C

Figure 6-4: License Agreement

4. A license agreement will appear next. Scroll down or press PAGE DOWN to read the entire agreement. To accept the terms and continue the installation, click **Yes**. To guit the installation, Click **No**.

5. On this screen, you will be informed where the Linksys Wireless Guard will be installed. To install to the folder, click **Next**. If you want to choose a different location for the folder, click the **Browse** button and select the location.

Click **Back** to return to the previous screen. Click **Cancel** to cancel the installation.



**Figure 6-5: Destination Location** 

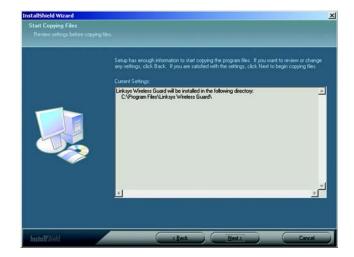


Figure 6-6: Copying Files

6. The program files will start copying. Click Next to continue.

Click **Back** to return to the previous screen. Click **Cancel** to cancel the installation.

- 7. The Linksys Wireless Guard is successfully installed. Before you can use the program, you must restart your computer. Select Yes to restart your computer now. Select No to restart your computer at a later time. Remove any disks that are in their drives, then click Finish.
- 8. After the Linksys Wireless Guard is installed, a key icon will be installed on the right-side of the system tray at the bottom of your screen. The color of the key will change with the status of the network connection. The most common colors are described below.



Green - Connected.

Green with Red X - Connected, but waiting for authentication.

Gray - Not connected.

Red - Connected to a network that is not protected by Linksys Wireless Guard.

### **Network Access**

After Linksys Wireless Guard is installed, any time you access a Linksys Wireless Guard protected network, this screen will appear. To access your network, click **Login as a Wireless Guard Member**, or if you are a guest, click **Login as a Wireless Guard Guest**. Enter your user name and password, then click **Login**.

Login as a Wireless Guard Member. Select this option if you are a registered member.

Login as a Wireless Guard Guest. Select this option if you are a registered guest member. The guest must first be added as a guest in the Membership and Network Administration Website. See the Add a Guest section, below.

**Save Password**. Select this if you want the system to remember your password so you don't have to enter it when you log in.

Enable Auto Login. Select this if you want the system to bypass the log in.

Click Cancel to cancel the login or if you forget your password, click Lost Password.

Chapter 6: Linksys Wireless Guard Network Access



### Figure 6-7: Restart your Computer

A Division	UKSYS of Coco Systems, Inc. Wireless Guard
Network	Name: WSCWSC
User	Name:
Pas	sword:
-Login (	Options
¢	Login as a Wireless Guard Member
C	Login as a Wireless Guard Guest
Г	Save Password
Г	Enable Auto Login

#### Figure 6-8: The Network Access Screen

### **Your Account**

This section explains how to access your account, how to add a guest, how to add another member to your account, and how to secure and unprotect the Linksys Wireless Guard network.

For more detailed information on your account and the website, click on your computer's **Start** button, select the **Linksys Wireless Guard** folder, then click **Linksys Wireless Guard Help**. For further information on the Linksys Wireless Guard only, you can contact Linksys Wireless Guard Technical Support at 888 231-5506 or E-mail us at wirelessguard@linksys.com.

### Accessing your Account

Right-click on the green Wireless Guard Network key icon, then click **View Membership and Network Administraton Website** to log in to the Linksys Wireless Guard website.

You can also click on your computer's **Start** button, select the **Linksys Wireless Guard** folder, then click **Membership and Network Administration Website**.

- 1. The screen in Figure 6-9 will appear. Enter the administrator's user name and password in the fields. Click **Login**.
- 2. The Wireless Guard Member Website home screen will appear. From this website, you can modify your member or billing profile, view information about your account or subscription, add or remove members, modify access to members and guests, change network settings, and download updates and documentation. There is an extensive Help tab to help you with everything on the website. The instructions for adding a guest or member, or securing and unprotecting your network are also explained below.

A Division of Cisco System		Wireless Guard M Member Website	
nksys Wireless	Guard Member Login		
	a user account, please log in.		
User Name:			
Password:			
	# Login		
Forgot your pas	ssword? <u>Click here</u> .		
	Terms of Use   Pri	ivacy Policy   Contact Us	

Figure 6-9: Member Login

### Add a Guest

1. On the Wireless Guard Member Website home screen, Figure 6-10, click the Network Admin tab.



Figure 6-10: Home

2. The screen in Figure 6-11 will appear. Under Network Administration, click Modify Access Control.

	JKSYS* of Cisco Systems, Inc.			Wireless O Member W		
PUBLIC	MEMBERS					
My Home	My Profile	My Account	Network Admin	Downloads	Logoff	Help
Network	Administratio	on				

Figure 6-11: Network Administration

3. The screen in Figure 6-12 will appear. Under Guests, click Add Guest.





4. The screen in Figure 6-13 will appear. Enter the Guest User Name, Guest First Name, Guest Last Name, Password, Password Verify, Access Duration, then click **Submit**.

Guest User Name. Enter a user name of the guest you want to add.

Guest First Name. The first name of the guest you want to add.

Guest Last Name. The last name of the guest you want to add.

Password. Enter a password that's at least six characters for the guest you want to add.

**Password Verify**. Enter the password again.

Access Duration. Enter the length of time that the guest will be on the network in hours.

5. The guest will need to install the Linksys Wireless Guard Client software on his PC. The software can be downloaded from the Setup CD-ROM or from Linksys.com/support. Refer to *Client Software Installation* at the beginning of this chapter.

A Divisio	en of Cise	to Systems, Inc						v	Memb		1		
PUBLIC My Home		MEMBE My Profile		My Accou	unt	Network	Admin	# D	ownioad	is	 ogoff	1	Help
Add Gue	st												
Network: w	sc												
Gu	est U	ser Name											
Gu	est F	irst Name				_							
			_										
		ast Name:	_										
	sswo	rd: ters min.)											
as the		d Verify:				-							
		Duration:	1	- Hour	·								
						Submit	Cancel	-					

Figure 6-13: Add Guest

### Add a Member

To add a member, follow instructions for Add a Guest, steps 1 through 3 above, except in step 3, click Add Member.

The screen in Figure 6-14 will appear. Registered members can enter their Email address in the field and select the duration for access from the drop-down menu. If you want this network member to have the authority to put the network into Fallback Mode in case network security is lost, select **Permission to Initiate Network Fallback**. When finished, click **Submit**.

To register as a member for Linksys Wireless Guard, refer to the following instructions, then when finished with registration, return to this screen.

The member will need to install the Linksys Wireless Guard Client software on his PC. The software can be downloaded from the Setup CD-ROM or from Linksys.com/support. Refer to *Client Software Installation* at the beginning of this chapter.

### **Member Registration**

- 1. Right-click on the green Wireless Guard Network key icon, then click Register Member.
- 2. The Welcome screen will appear. Click Next.

A Divisio	n of Cise	co Systems, Inc.				Wireless Member		
PUBLIC		MEMBERS						
My Home	#	My Profile	1	My Account	E Network Admin	Downloads	Logott	 Help
	vsc							
Me	mber	r Email Addre Duration: mission to In		1 Hou				

#### Figure 6-14: Add Member



Figure 6-15: Welcome

3. When the *Enter subscriber information* screen appears, enter the first and last names, the phone number, if desired, then the E-mail address of the new member. Click **Next**.

Click **Back** to return to the previous screen. Click **Cancel** to cancel the member registration.

Click **Back** to return to the previous screen. Click **Cancel** to cancel the member registration.

First Name:	[			_
Last Name:				
Phone (optional):				_
Email Address:				
regarding your Wire	ard uses your email address ess Guard account. To rec its partners, uncheck the cl	eive valuable	offers from Link	
	any promotional email.			
It Do not send me				

### Figure 6-16: Subscriber Information

4. When the next screen appears, choose who will be paying for the account. If the new member will be paying for the account, click I will pay for my own subscription. I will enter my billing information on the web site later. If the administrator will be paying for the account, click Another member will be paying for my subscription. Click Next.

pecify how you will be paying Step 2 of 3	for your account	alla -
After my FREE trial period,		
C I will pay for my own subscripti	ion. I will enter my billing information on	the web site late
Another member will be paying	for my subscription.	
Another member will be paying	a for my subscription.	
	) for my subscription.	
Another member will be paying     Promotion Code: 30DayFree	) for my subscription.	
	g for my subscription.	

Figure 6-17: Account Finances

Chapter 6: Linksys Wireless Guard Your Account

5. When this screen appears, enter the information you will be using with the account. Enter a user name, password, then the password again. Also select a security question and answer in case you forget your password in the future. Click **Next** to continue.

Click **Back** to return to the previous screen. Click **Cancel** to cancel the member registration.

6. When the congratulations screen appears you will be successfully registered for Linksys Wireless Guard. Click **Finish**.

7. You should now ask the administrator to add you to his Wireless Guard Protected Network's Access Control List. To do so, The network administrator needs to return to the *Add Member* screen in Figure 6-14, above.

Step 3 of 3		ĩ
User Name:	<b>I</b>	
Password: (6 characters min)		1
Confirm Password:		
lf you forget your pa retrieve it.	ssword, you can use the answer to the following question to	
	ssword, you can use the answer to the following question to	]
retrieve it.	-	]
retrieve it. Security Question:	-	]

#### Figure 6-18: Credentials Information

F

You have successfully registered for Linksys Wireless Guard.
In order to use Linksys Wireless Guard, you must be added to a Wireless Guard Protected Network. If you will be using somebody else's network, you should now ask them to add you to their Wireless Guard Protected Network's Access Control List. If you wish, you may also create your own Wireless Guard Protected Network. You will be automatically added to this network.

Figure 6-19: Congratulations

### Securing or Unprotecting your Wireless Guard Network

There may be some instances where you would want to completely unprotect your network connection so it is not using the Wireless Guard security. For example, if you take your laptop to another location to give a presentation, and connect to a network that is running 802.1x security, the Linksys Wireless Guard software on your laptop will prevent you from logging in to another network. You will need to manually unprotect your network connection so you can log in. When you come back to your own network, you won't have to manually resecure the network connection. Linksys Wireless Guard will recognize it and automatically reinstate security.

#### To unprotect a network

Right-click on the green Wireless Guard Network key icon on the right-side of the system tray at the bottom of your screen. Select **Unprotect this Network Connection** from the menu.

When the screen asks if you're sure you want to unprotect the network, click Yes.

#### To secure an unprotected network

Right-click on the green Wireless Guard Network key icon. Select **Secure this Network Connection** from the menu.

When the screen asks if you're sure you want to secure the network. Click Yes.

For more detailed information on your account and the website, click on your computer's **Start** button, select the **Linksys Wireless Guard** folder, then click **Linksys Wireless Guard Help**.

## **Chapter 7: Configuring the Wireless-G Access Point**

### **Overview**

The Access Point has been designed to be functional right out of the box, with the default settings in the Setup Wizard. However, if you'd like to change these settings, the Access Point can be configured through your web browser with the Web-Based Utility. This chapter explains how to configure the Access Point in this manner.

For your convenience, use the Access Point's Web-based Utility to administer it. This chapter will explain all of the functions in this Utility. The Utility can be accessed via Microsoft Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator through use of a computer connected with an Ethernet cable to the Access Point.

For a basic network setup, most users only have to use the following screens of the Utility:

- Basic Setup On the *Basic Setup* screen, enter your basic network settings here.
- Password

Click the **Setup** tab and then select the **Password** screen. The Access Point's default password is **admin**. To secure the Access Point, change the Password from its default.



Have You: Enabled TCP/IP on your PCs? PCs communicate over the network with this protocol. Refer to Appendix D: Windows Help for more information on TCP/IP.

**browser:** an application that provides a way to look at and interact with all the information on the World Wide Web.



**Note:** The Access Point is designed to function properly after using the Setup Wizard. This chapter is provided solely for those who wish to perform more advanced configuration or monitoring.

## **Navigating the Utility**

There are four main tabs: Setup, Status, Advanced, and Help. Additional screens will be available from the main tabs.

### Setup

- Basic Setup. Enter the Internet connection and network settings on this screen.
- Password. Change the Access Point's Password and change its settings back to their defaults from this screen.
- AP Mode. From this screen, you can configure how the Access Point will work with other access points in your network.
- *Log.* You can view or save, even email, activity logs from this screen.

### Status

• This screen will display current information on the Access Point, its settings, and its performance.

### Advanced

- *Filters*. From this screen, you can allow or prevent access to your network.
- *Advanced Wireless*. From this screen, you can configure the Access Point's more advanced wireless settings.
- SNMP. This screen allows you to customize the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) settings.

### Help

• For help on the various tabs in this Web-based Utility, go to this screen.

*firmware:* the programming code that runs a networking device

snmp: the standard e-mail protocol on the Internet

### **Accessing the Utility**

To access the Web-based Utility of the Access Point, launch Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator, and enter the Access Point's default IP address, **192.168.1.245**, in the *Address* field. Press the **Enter** key.

Open your web browser and type the IP Address you entered in the Setup Wizard. (The default IP address is 192.168.1.245.) (Should you need to learn what IP Address the Access Point presently uses, run the Setup Wizard again. It will scan the Access Point and give you its IP Address.) Press the **Enter** key and the following screen will appear. Leave the User Name field blank. The first time you open the Web-Based Utility, use the default password **admin**. You can set a new password from the Password tab.

Connect to 192.1	68.1.245	<u>? ×</u>
7		
Linksys WAP54G		
User name:	£	•
Password:	••••	
	Remember my passv	vord
	ОК	Cancel

Figure 7-1: Password Screen

*static ip address:* a fixed address assigned to a computer or device connected to a network

### **The Setup Tab**

#### **Basic Setup**

The first screen that appears displays the *Basic Setup* screen. This allows you to change the Access Point's general settings. Change these settings as described here and click **Save Settings** to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. If you require online help, click **Help**.

- **Firmware**. This will display the Access Point's current firmware version. Firmware can be upgraded from the Help tab.
- **AP Name**. You may assign any name to the Access Point. Unique, memorable names are helpful, especially if you are employing multiple access points on the same network. Verify this is the name you wish to use and click **Save Settings** to set it.

#### LAN

The selections under this heading allow you to configure the Access Point's connection to your Ethernet (wired) network.

 Configuration Type. Select Static IP Address if your ISP provided you with the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway address or select Automatic Configuration - DHCP if your ISP assigns IP addresses via a DHCP server.

The following fields apply ONLY when the Static IP Address option is selected:

- IP Address. The IP address must be unique to your network. We suggest you use the default IP address of 192.168.1.245. This is a private IP address, so there is no need to purchase a separate IP address from your service provider.
- Subnet Mask. The Subnet Mask must be the same as that set on your Ethernet network.
- **Gateway**. If you have assigned a static IP address to the Access Point, then enter the IP address of your network's Gateway, such as a router, in the Gateway field. If your network does not have a Gateway, then leave this field blank.



#### Figure 7-2: The Basic Setup Screen

firmware: programming code that runs a networking device

**dhcp:** a networking protocol that allows administrators to assign temporary IP addresses to network computers by "leasing" an IP address to a user for a limited amount of time, instead of assigning permanent IP addresses.

*isp (internet service provider):* a company that provides access to the Internet

static ip address: a fixed address assigned to a computer or device that is connected to a network

**subnet mask:** an address code that determines the size of the network

#### Wireless

The selections under this heading allow you to configure the Access Point's connection to your wireless network.

- Mode. Select Mixed and both Wireless-G and Wireless-B computers will be allowed on the network, but the speed will be reduced. Select G-Only for maximum speed with Wireless-G products only. The final selection, B-Only, allows only Wireless-B products on the network.
- **SSID**. The SSID is the unique name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all points in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 alphanumeric characters, which may be any keyboard character. Make sure this setting is the same for all points in your wireless network. For added security, you should change the SSID from the default name, **linksys**, to a unique name.
- SSID Broadcast. Allows the SSID to be broadcast on your network. You may want to enable this function while configuring your network, but make sure that you disable it when you are finished. With this enabled, someone could easily obtain the SSID information with site survey software and gain unauthorized access to your network. Click **Enable** to broadcast the SSID to all wireless devices in range. Click **Disable** to increase network security and prevent the SSID from being seen on networked PCs.
- **Channel**. Select the appropriate channel from the list provided to correspond with your network settings, between 1 and 11. All points in your wireless network must use the same channel in order to function correctly.
- Wireless Security. To enable wireless security, through WPA or WEP encryption, select the Enable radio button. To disable such security, select the radio button by Disable. To change the security settings for your network, click the Edit Security Settings button. A notification window will ask if you wish to change the settings. Click OK to continue or Cancel to return to the Basic Setup tab.

**wpa:** a wireless security protocol using TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) encryption, which can be used in conjunction with a RADIUS server.

**wep:** a method of encrypting network data transmitted on a wireless network for greater security

software: instructions for the computer

#### **Wireless Security Settings**

The Wireless Security settings configure the security of your wireless network. There are four wireless security mode options supported by the Access Point: WPA Pre-Shared Key, WPA RADIUS, RADIUS, and WEP. (WPA stands for Wi-Fi Protected Access, which is a security standard stronger than WEP encryption. WEP stands for Wired Equivalent Privacy, while RADIUS stands for Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service.) These four are briefly discussed here. For detailed instructions on configuring wireless security for the Access Point, turn to "Appendix B: Wireless Security."

**WPA Pre-Shared Key**. WPA gives you two encryption methods, TKIP and AES, with dynamic encryption keys. Select the type of algorithm, **TKIP** or **AES**. Enter a WPA Shared Key of 8-32 characters. Then enter a Group Key Renewal period, which instructs the Access Point how often it should change the encryption keys. *tkip:* a wireless encryption protocol that provides dynamic encryption keys for each packet transmitted

WPA Pre-Shared Key	The Access Point supports 4 different types of security modes. WEP, WPA Pre-Shared Key, RADIUS, and WPA RADIUS. An easy way to utilize the maximum security of WPA Radius is to sign up for the Linksys Wireless Guard service. To learn more, <u>CLUCK HERE</u> ,					
	Security Mode: WPA Pre-Shared Key - WPA Algorithm: TKIP - WPA Shared Key: Group Key Renewal: 300 seconds					
	Save Settings Cancel Changes Help					



*server:* any computer whose function in a network is to provide user access to files, printing, communications, and other services

**WPA RADIUS**. This option features WPA used in coordination with a RADIUS server. (This should only be used when a RADIUS server is connected to the Access Point.) First, select the type of WPA algorithm you want to use, **TKIP** or **AES**. Enter the RADIUS server's IP Address and port number, along with a key shared between the Access Point and the server. Last, enter a Key Renewal Timeout, which instructs the Access Point how often it should change the encryption keys.

If you want to get the security of WPA RADIUS, but without having to build your own RADIUS network, Linksys offers Linksys Wireless Guard, a subscription service. For more information, click **CLICK HERE**.

WPA Radius	to utilize the maxis	red Key, RADIUS, and WPA RADIUS. An easy way mum security of WPA Radius is to sign up for ess Guard service. To learn more, <u>CLICK HERE</u> ,
	Security Mode: WPA Algorithm: Radius Server Address: RADIUS Port:	WPA RADIUS
	Shared Key: Key Renewal Timeout:	300 seconds

Figure 7-4: WPA Radius Settings

**RADIUS**. This option features WEP used in coordination with a RADIUS server. (This should only be used when a RADIUS server is connected to the Access Point.) First, enter the RADIUS server's IP Address and port number, along with a key shared between the Access Point and the server. Then, select a Default Transmit Key (choose which Key to use), and a level of WEP encryption, **64 bits 10 hex digits** or **128 bits 26 hex digits**. Last, either generate a WEP key using the Passphrase or enter the WEP key manually.

Cadius	WEP, WPA Pre-Sha to utilize the maxi	supports 4 different types of security modes. red Key, RABIUS, and WPA RABIUS. An easy way mum security of WPA Radius is to sign up for ess Guard service. To learn more, <u>CLICK HERE</u> ,
	Security Mode:	RADIUS
	Radius Server Address:	0.0.0
	RADIUS Port:	1812
	Shared Key:	
	Default Transmit Key:	@ 1 C 2 C 3 C 4
	WEP Encryption:	64 bits 10 hex digits 💌
	Passphrase:	Generate
	Key 1:	
	Key2:	
	Key3:	
	Key4:	

Figure 7-5: Radius Settings

**passphrase:** used much like a password, a passphrase simplifies the WEP encryption process by automatically generating the WEP encryption keys for Linksys products

WEP	The Access Point supports 4 different types of security modes. WEP, WPA Pre-Shared Key, RADIUS, and WPA RADIUS. An easy way to utilize the maximum security of WPA Radius is to sign up for the Linksys Wireless Guard service. To learn more, <u>CLICK HERE</u>
	Security Mode: WEP  Default Transmit Key:   1 C 2 C 3 C 4 WEP Encryption:  64 bits 10 hex digits  Passphrase:  Generate Key 1: Key 2:
	Key 3:

Figure 7-6: WEP Settings

**WEP**. WEP is a basic encryption method, which is not as secure as WPA. To use WEP, select a Default Transmit Key (choose which Key to use), and a level of WEP encryption, **64 bits 10 hex digits** or **128 bits 26 hex digits**. Then either generate a WEP key using the Passphrase or enter the WEP key manually.

Change these settings as described here and click the **Save Settings** button to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. For help on any of these settings, click the **Help** button. For detailed instructions on configuring wireless security for the Access Point, turn to "Appendix B: Wireless Security."

#### Password

The Password screen allows you to change the Access Point's password and restore factory defaults.

Changing the sign-on password for the Access Point is as easy as typing the password into the AP Password field. Then, type it again into the second field to confirm.

To restore the Access Point's factory default settings, click the Yes button beside Restore Factory Defaults.

To back up your Access Point configuration, click the **Backup** button. To restore the backed-up configuration, click the **Restore** button.

Click the **Save Settings** button to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. If you require online help, click the **Help** button.

#### LINKSYS WAP54G Setup Statur Adv Help AP Pas .... (Enter New Password) ..... (Re-enter to Confirm) C Yes @ No **Restore Factory Defaults** CAUTION: Any settings y restored. Backup Restore Note: Click "Backup" to store Access Point configuration on your local PC. Click "Restore" to restore Access Point configuration from your local PC ally ally Save Settings Cancel Changes Help

Figure 7-7: The Password Screen

#### AP Mode

#### LAN MAC Address

The Access Point offers five modes of operation: Access Point, AP (Access Point) Client, Wireless Repeater, and Wireless Bridge. For the bridging mode and Repeater mode, make sure the channel, SSID, and WEP keys are the same.

**Access Point** - The Operational Mode is set to Access Point by default. This connects your wireless PCs to a wired network. In most cases, no change is necessary.

**AP** (Access Point) Client - When set to Access Point Client mode, the Access Point Client is able to talk to one remote access point within its range. This mode allows the Access Point Client to act as a client of a remote access point. The Access Point Client cannot communicate directly with any wireless clients. A separate network attached to the Access Point Client can then be wirelessly bridged to the remote access point. Enter the required LAN MAC address of the remote access point in the Remote AP MAC Address field.

To select an available access point, click the Site Survey button and choose from the access points listed by clicking on the radio button for the appropriate access point and clicking the close button. If you do not see an access point listed, click the Refresh button and another survey will be performed.



**IMPORTANT:** For all modes of operation EXCEPT Access Point, the remote access point must be a second Linksys Wireless Network Access Point. The Access Point will not communicate with any other kind of remote access point.

	Wireless-G Access Point	WAP54G
Setup	Setup: Status Advanced Help Basic Setup: Password AP3kide Log	
LAN MAC Address	Objects:08.08.091   Access Point (definul)  AP Client Rende Access Point's LAN MAC Address:  C Wretess Reporter  C Wretess Reporter	
	Rende Access Poirt's LAN MAC Address:	
	Note: Virkan set to "AP-Clert" and "Weekess Bridget" mode, bits device will only communicate with andhor Linknys Access Pairt (VAP-S4O). Virkan set to "Weekes Repeter" mode, this device will only communicate with andhor Linknys Access Pairt (WAP-S4O) and Linknys Weekes-O Router (WRTS4O).	

Figure 7-8: The AP Mode Screen

Site Survey	Select one	of the available networks	below and olick on the radio button	to join the neteror	¥.	
		SSID	MAC Address	Channel	Signal Strength(%)	Mode
	с	linksys	00:06:25:84:80:00	6	84%	802.1164
	00	ebc	00.0C.41.09.10.78	11	68%	802.1164
	c	hpsetup	00:06:25 ED:2E:85	1	47%	802.1164

Figure 7-9: The Site Survey screen

**Wireless Repeater** - When set to Wireless Repeater mode, the Wireless Repeater is able to talk to one remote access point within its range and retransmit its signal. (This feature only works with Linksys WAP54G and WRT54G.)

To configure a Wireless Repeater environment, click **Wireless Repeater** and enter the LAN MAC address of the remote access point in the Remote AP MAC Address field.

**Wireless Bridge** - If you are trying to make a wireless connection between two wired networks, **select Wireless Bridge**. This mode connects two physically separated wired networks with two access points.

To configure a Wireless Bridge environment, click **Wireless Bridge** and enter the LAN MAC address of the remote access point in the Remote Bridge MAC Address field. The remote access point also needs to be set up as a Wireless Bridge.

Click the **Save Changes** button to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. If you require online help, click the **Help** button.

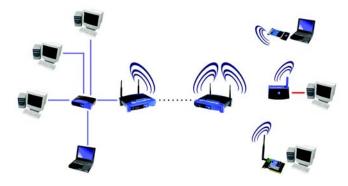


Figure 7-10: Wireless Repeater diagram

**IMPORTANT:** In Wireless Bridge mode, the Access Point can ONLY be accessed by another access point in Wireless Bridge mode. In order for your other wireless devices to access the Access Point, you must reset it to Access Point mode. The two modes are mutually exclusive.

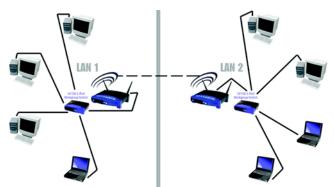


Figure 7-11: Wireless Bridge diagram



**NOTE:** All devices on each wired network must be connected through a hub or switch.

### Log

To view a log of the Access Point's activity, select the **Log** tab.

To enable permanent logging activity, select **Enable**. The default setting for this function is **Disable**.

If you have chosen to monitor the Access Point's traffic, then you can designate a PC that will receive permanent log files periodically. In the Send Log to field, enter the IP address of this PC. To view these permanent logs, you must use Logviewer software, which can be downloaded free of charge from www.linksys.com.

To see a temporary log of the Access Point's most recent activities, click the **View Log** button.

Click the **Save Changes** button to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. If you require online help, click the **Help** button.



Figure 7-12: The Log screen

### **The Status Tab**

The *Status* tab displays the Access Point's current status.

Firmware Version. This is the version of the Access Point's current firmware.

AP Name. This is the Access Point name specified on the Basic Setup screen.

MAC Address. This is the Access Point's MAC Address, as seen by your ISP.

**Configuration Type**. This displays how the Access Point is assigned an IP address, either **Automatic Configuration - DHCP**, if assigned by DHCP server, or **Static IP Address** and its IP Address and Subnet Mask, if assigned by Static IP Address server.

**IP Address.** This shows the Access Point's IP Address, as it appears on your local, Ethernet network.

Subnet Mask. When the Access Point is using a Subnet Mask, it is shown here.

MAC Address. The MAC Address of the LAN interface is displayed here.

SSID. The unique name shared among all points in your wireless network is displayed here.

**Mode**. The Access Point's mode is displayed here.

**Channel**. The wireless channel shared by all wireless devices connected to this Access Point is displayed here.

**Wireless Security**. The encryption method you chose in the Setup Wizard or changed from the Setup tab of this Web-based Utility is displayed here.

**Send** and **Receive**. The Send and Receive fields display the number of successful or dropped packets that have been sent or received. Some packet loss is normal in wireless networking.

To update the status information, click the **Refresh** button. If you require online help, click the **Help** button.

Figure 7-13: The Status Screen

*mac address:* the unique address that a manufacturer assigns to each networking device

packet: a unit of data sent over a network

### The Advanced Tab

#### Filters

Wireless access can be filtered by using the MAC addresses of the wireless devices transmitting within your network's radius.

Wireless MAC Filter. To filter wireless users by MAC Address, either permitting or blocking access, click **Enable**. If you do not wish to filter users by MAC Address, select **Disable**.

Prevent. Clicking this button will block wireless access by MAC Address.

Permit Only. Clicking this button will allow wireless access by MAC Address.

**Edit MAC Address Filter List**. Clicking this button will open the MAC Address Filter List. On this screen, you can list users, by MAC Address, to whom you wish to provide or block access. For easy reference, click the **Wireless Client MAC List** button to display a list of network users by MAC Address.

Change these settings as described here and click the **Save Settings** button to apply your changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. If you require online help, click the **Help** button.

					Wireless G Acc	rss Point	WAP54G
Advanced	Setup S	tatus 🗸	Idvanced	Help			
	Fiters I	Advanced	Miniese	SMP			
tered MAC Address	Enable ·						
	C Prevent PCs ist	ed below from	accessing the	wireless network			
	C Permit PCs liste						
	MAC Addresses 1~2	Enter	the MAC Addr	esses in this format	(x00000000000)		
	MAC 01	M	AC 11				
	MAC 02		MC 12				
	MAC 03		AC 13				
	MAC 04		MC 14				
	MAC 05		AC 05				
	MAC 06		AC 16	11			
	MAC 07		AC 17	1			
	MAC 08		MC 18	1			
	MAC 09		IAC 19				
	MAC 10		AC 20	1			
	Clear						
							Cisco Svs

Figure 7-14: The Filters Screen

#### **Advanced Wireless**

Before making any changes to the Wireless tab, please check your wireless settings on other systems, as these changes will alter the effectiveness of the Access Point. In most cases, these settings do not need to be changed.

**Authentication Type.** The default is set to **Auto**, where it auto-detects for Shared Key or Open System. **Shared Key** is when both the sender and the recipient share a WEP key for authentication. **Open Key** is when the sender and the recipient do not share a WEP key for authentication. All points on your network must use the same authentication type.

**Transmission Rates.** The default setting is **Auto**. The range is from 1 to 54Mbps. The rate of data transmission should be set depending on the speed of your wireless network. You can select from a range of transmission speeds, or you can keep the default setting, Auto, to have the Access Point automatically use the fastest possible data rate and enable the Auto-Fallback feature. Auto-Fallback will negotiate the best possible connection speed between the Access Point and a wireless client.

**CTS Protection Mode**. CTS (Clear-To-Send) Protection Mode should remain disabled unless you are having severe problems with your Wireless-G products not being able to transmit to the Access Point in an environment with heavy 802.11b traffic. This function boosts the Access Point's ability to catch all Wireless-G transmissions but will severely decrease performance.

**Basic Rate**. The Basic Rate setting is not actually one rate of transmission but a series of rates, advertising to the other wireless devices in your network at what rates the Access Point can transmit. At the **Default** setting, the Access Point will advertise that it will automatically select the best rate for transmission. Other options of rates to advertise are **1-2Mbps**, for use with older wireless technology, and **All**, when you wish to make all rates advertised. The Basic Rate is not the rate transmitted; that is the Transmission Rate.

**Antenna Selection.** This selection is for choosing which antenna transmits data, left or right. By default, the **Diversity** antenna selection, used to increase reception, is chosen.

**Frame Burst**. Enabling this option should provide your network with greater performance, depending on the manufacturer of your wireless products. If you are not sure how to use this option, keep the default, **Off**.

**Beacon Interval.** This value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the Access Point to keep the network synchronized. A beacon includes the wireless LAN service area, the AP address, the Broadcast destination addresses, a time stamp, Delivery Traffic Indicator Maps, and the Traffic Indicator Message (TIM).

**RTS Threshold.** This setting determines how large a packet can be before the Access Point coordinates transmission and reception to ensure efficient communication. This value should remain at its default setting of **2,346**. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications are recommended.

				Wireless G Access Point	WAP54G
Advanced	Setup	Status Advanced Advanced	Help		
Authentication Type Transmission Rates CTS Protection Mode Basic Rates Antenna Selection Frame Burat Bason Interval RTS Threshold Fragmentation Threshold DTM Interval	2346 (Defa 2346 (Defa	(Default: Auto) (Default: Disable) (Default: Default) (Default: Diversity)	1000 )		Crisce System

Figure 7-15: The Advanced Wireless screen

**cts:** a signal sent by a wireless device, signifying that it is ready to receive data.

**beacon internal:** data transmitted on your wireless network that keeps the network synchronized

rts (request to send): a networking method of coordinating large packets through the RTS Threshold setting.

**Fragmentation Length**. This specifies the maximum size a data packet will be before splitting and creating a new packet and should remain at its default setting of **2,346**. A smaller setting means smaller packets, which will create more packets for each transmission. If you have decreased this value and experience high packet error rates, you can increase it again, but it will likely decrease overall network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.

**DTIM Interval**. This value indicates how often the Access Point sends out a Delivery Traffic Indication Message. Lower settings result in more efficient networking, while preventing your PC from dropping into power-saving sleep mode. Higher settings allow your PC to enter sleep mode, thus saving power, but interferes with wireless transmissions.

When you've completed making any changes on this tab, click the **Save Settings** button to save those changes or **Cancel Changes** to exit the Web-based Utility without saving changes. For more information on this tab, you can click the **Help** button.

*fragmentation:* breaking a packet into smaller units when transmitting over a network

*dtim:* a message included in data packets that can increase wireless efficiency

#### SNMP

The SNMP screen allows you to customize the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) settings. SNMP is a popular network monitoring and management protocol.

The Identification settings let you designate the Contact, Device Name, and Location information for the Access Point. The SNMP Community settings allow names to be assigned to any SNMP communities that have been set up in the network. You can define two different SNMP communities, with the default names being Public and Private.

SNMP. To enable the SNMP support feature, select Enable. Otherwise, select Disable.

**Identification**. In the Contact field, enter contact information for the Access Point. In the Device Name field, enter the name of the Access Point. In the Location field, specify the area or location where the Access Point resides.

**SNMP Community**. You may change the name from its default, Public. Enter a new name in the Public field. Then configure the community's access as either Read-Only or Read-Write.You may change the name from its default, Private. Enter a new name in the Private field. Then configure the community's access as either Read-Only or Read-Write.

When you've completed making any changes on this tab, click the **Save Settings** button to save those changes or **Cancel Changes** to cancel your changes. For more information on this tab, you can click the **Help** button.

LINKSYS"						Pharmers Version: 2.00
					Wireless-G Access Point	WAP54G
Advanced	Setup Filters	Status Advan	Advanced ced Wreless	Help SMMP		
SIMP V1/V2c Identification	Enable  Contact: Device Name: Location:					
SHMP Community	public private		Read-Only Read-Only			
		Sa	ve Settings C	incel.Changes	Hele	ally ally

Figure 7-16: The SNMP screen

### The Help Tab

For help on the various tabs in this Web-based Utility, along with upgrading the Access Point's firmware and viewing this User Guide, click the *Help* tab.

The help files for the various tabs in this Web-based Utility are listed by tab name on the lefthand side of the screen.

Click the *Linksys Website* link to connect to the Linksys homepage for Knowledgebase help files and information about other Linksys products, provided you have an active Internet connection.

For an Online manual in PDF format, click that text link. The User Guide will appear in Adobe pdf format. If you do not have the Adobe PDF Reader installed on your computer, click the **Adobe Website** link or go to the Setup Wizard CD-ROM to download this software. (To access the Adobe website, you will need an active Internet connection.) To download from the CD-ROM, click the **Start** button and select **Run**. Type **D:\Acrobat** (if "D" is the letter of your CD-ROM drive).

New firmware versions are posted at www.linksys.com and can be downloaded for free. If the Access Point is not experiencing difficulties, then there is no need to download a more recent firmware version, unless that version has a new feature that you want to use. Loading new firmware does not always enhance the speed or quality of your Internet connection.

To upgrade the Access Point's firmware:

- 1. Download the firmware upgrade file from the Linksys website.
- 2. Extract the firmware upgrade file.
- 3. Click the Upgrade Firmware button on the Help screen.
- 4. Enter the location of the firmware upgrade file in the File Path field, or click the **Browse** button to find the firmware upgrade file.
- 5. Double-click the firmware upgrade file.
- 6. Click the Upgrade button, and follow the on-screen instructions.



Figure 7-17: The Help screen

download: to receive a file transmitted over a network

**upgrade:** to replace existing software or firmware with a newer version

## **Appendix A: Troubleshooting**

This appendix provides solutions to problems that may occur during the installation and operation of the Wireless-G Access Point. Read the description below to solve your problems. If you can't find an answer here, check the Linksys website at *www.linksys.com*.

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

#### Can the Access Point act as my DHCP Server?

No. The Access Point is nothing more than a wireless hub, and as such cannot be configured to handle DHCP capabilities.

#### Can I run an application from a remote computer over the wireless network?

This will depend on whether or not the application is designed to be used over a network. Consult the application's user guide to determine if it supports operation over a network.

#### Can I play multiplayer games with other users of the wireless network?

Yes, as long as the game supports multiple players over a LAN (local area network). Refer to the game's user guide for more information.

#### What IEEE 802.11b features are supported?

The product supports the following IEEE 802.11 functions:

- •CSMA/CA plus Acknowledge protocol
- •Multi-Channel Roaming
- Automatic Rate Selection
- RTS/CTS feature
- Fragmentation
- Power Management

#### What is Ad-hoc?

An Ad-hoc wireless LAN is a group of computers, each with a WLAN adapter, connected as an independent wireless LAN. An Ad-hoc wireless LAN is applicable at a departmental scale for a branch or SOHO operation.

#### What is Infrastructure?

An integrated wireless and wired LAN is called an Infrastructure configuration. Infrastructure is applicable to enterprise scale for wireless access to a central database, or wireless application for mobile workers.

#### What is Roaming?

Roaming is the ability of a portable computer user to communicate continuously while moving freely throughout an area greater than that covered by a single Access Point. Before using the roaming function, the workstation must make sure that it is the same channel number as the Access Point of the dedicated coverage area.

To achieve true seamless connectivity, the wireless LAN must incorporate a number of different functions. Each node and Access Point, for example, must always acknowledge receipt of each message. Each node must maintain contact with the wireless network even when not actually transmitting data. Achieving these functions simultaneously requires a dynamic RF networking technology that links Access Points and nodes. In such a system, the user's end node undertakes a search for the best possible access to the system. First, it evaluates such factors as signal strength and quality, as well as the message load currently being carried by each Access Point and the distance of each Access Point to the wired backbone. Based on that information, the node next selects the right Access Point and registers its address. Communications between end node and host computer can then be transmitted up and down the backbone.

As the user moves on, the end node's RF transmitter regularly checks the system to determine whether it is in touch with the original Access Point or whether it should seek a new one. When a node no longer receives acknowledgment from its original Access Point, it undertakes a new search. Upon finding a new Access Point, it then re-registers, and the communication process continues.

#### What is ISM band?

The FCC and their counterparts outside of the U.S. have set aside bandwidth for unlicensed use in the ISM (Industrial, Scientific and Medical) band. Spectrum in the vicinity of 2.4 GHz, in particular, is being made available worldwide. This presents a truly revolutionary opportunity to place convenient high speed wireless capabilities in the hands of users around the globe.

#### What is Spread Spectrum?

Spread Spectrum technology is a wideband radio frequency technique developed by the military for use in reliable, secure, mission-critical communications systems. It is designed to trade off bandwidth efficiency for reliability, integrity, and security. In other words, more bandwidth is consumed than in the case of narrowband transmission, but the trade-off produces a signal that is, in effect, louder and thus easier to detect, provided that the receiver knows the parameters of the spread-spectrum signal being broadcast. If a receiver is not tuned to the right frequency, a spread-spectrum signal looks like background noise. There are two main alternatives, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS).

#### What is DSSS? What is FHSS? And what are their differences?

Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) uses a narrowband carrier that changes frequency in a pattern that is known to both transmitter and receiver. Properly synchronized, the net effect is to maintain a single logical channel. To an unintended receiver, FHSS appears to be short-duration impulse noise. Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) generates a redundant bit pattern for each bit to be transmitted. This bit pattern is called a chip (or chipping code). The longer the chip, the greater the probability that the original data can be recovered. Even if one or more bits in the chip are damaged during transmission, statistical techniques embedded in the radio can recover the original data without the need for retransmission. To an unintended receiver, DSSS appears as low power wideband noise and is rejected (ignored) by most narrowband receivers.

#### Would the information be intercepted while transmitting on air?

WLAN features two-fold protection in security. On the hardware side, as with Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum technology, it has the inherent security feature of scrambling. On the software side, the WLAN series offers the encryption function (WEP) to enhance security and access control. Users can set it up depending upon their needs.

#### Can Linksys Wireless products support file and printer sharing?

Linksys Wireless products perform the same function as LAN products. Therefore, Linksys Wireless products can work with Netware, Windows NT/2000, or other LAN operating systems to support printer or file sharing.

#### What is WEP?

WEP is Wired Equivalent Privacy, a data privacy mechanism based on a 40-bit shared-key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

#### What is a MAC Address?

The Media Access Control (MAC) address is a unique number assigned by the manufacturer to any Ethernet networking device, such as a network adapter, that allows the network to identify it at the hardware level. For all practical purposes, this number is usually permanent. Unlike IP addresses, which can change every time a computer logs on to the network, the MAC address of a device stays the same, making it a valuable identifier for the network.

#### How do I avoid interference?

Using multiple Access Points on the same channel and in close proximity to one another will generate interference. When employing multiple Access Points, be sure to operate each one on a different channel (frequency).

#### How do I reset the Access Point?

Press the Reset button on the back of the Access Point for about ten seconds. This will reset the unit to its default settings.

#### How do I resolve issues with signal loss?

There is no way to know the exact range of your wireless network without testing. Every obstacle placed between an Access Point and wireless PC will create signal loss. Leaded glass, metal, concrete floors, water and walls will inhibit the signal and reduce range. Start with your Access Point and your wireless PC in the same room and move it away in small increments to determine the maximum range in your environment.

You may also try using different channels, as this may eliminate interference affecting only one channel. Also, due to FCC regulations, more power may be transmitted, using 802.11a, on channels 52, 56, 60 and 64, than on the lower channels. Lastly, check the Advanced tab of the Web-Based Utility and make sure that FULL is selected in the Transmission Rate field.

#### Does the Access Point function as a firewall?

No. The Access Point is only a bridge from wired Ethernet to wireless clients.

#### I have excellent signal strength, but I cannot see my network.

WEP is probably enabled on the Access Point, but not on your wireless adapter (or vice versa). Verify that the same WEP Keys and levels (64 or 128) are being used on all nodes on your wireless network.

#### What is the maximum number of users the Access Point facilitates?

No more than 65, but this depends on the volume of data and may be less if many users create a large amount of network traffic.

#### How many channels/frequencies are available with the Access Point?

Using 802.11b or draft 802.11g, there are eleven available channels, ranging from 1 to 11.

## **Appendix B: Wireless Security**

Linksys wants to make wireless networking as safe and easy for you as possible. The current generation of Linksys products provide several network security features, but they require specific action on your part for implementation. So, keep the following in mind whenever you are setting up or using your wireless network.

## **Security Precautions**

The following is a complete list of security precautions to take (as shown in this User Guide) (at least steps 1 through 5 should be followed):

- 1. Change the default SSID.
- 2. Disable SSID Broadcast.
- 3. Change the default password for the Administrator account.
- 4. Enable MAC Address Filtering.
- 5. Change the SSID periodically.
- 6. Use the highest encryption algorithm possible. Use WPA if it is available. Please note that this may reduce your network performance.
- 7. Change the WEP encryption keys periodically.

To ensure network security, steps one through five should be followed, at least.

### **Security Threats Facing Wireless Networks**

Wireless networks are easy to find. Hackers know that in order to join a wireless network, wireless networking products first listen for "beacon messages". These messages can be easily decrypted and contain much of the network's information, such as the network's SSID (Service Set Identifier). Here are the steps you can take:

**Change the administrator's password regularly.** With every wireless networking device you use, keep in mind that network settings (SSID, WEP keys, etc.) are stored in its firmware. Your network administrator is the only person who can change network settings. If a hacker gets a hold of the administrator's password, he, too, can change those settings. So, make it harder for a hacker to get that information. Change the administrator's password regularly.

Appendix B: Wireless Security Security Precautions



**Note:** Some of these security features are available only through the network router or access point. Refer to the router or access point's documentation for more information. **Dual-Band Wireless Access Point** 

**SSID.** There are several things to keep in mind about the SSID:

- 1. Disable Broadcast
- 2. Make it unique
- 3. Change it often

Most wireless networking devices will give you the option of broadcasting the SSID. While this option may be more convenient, it allows anyone to log into your wireless network. This includes hackers. So, don't broadcast the SSID.

Wireless networking products come with a default SSID set by the factory. (The Linksys default SSID is "linksys".) Hackers know these defaults and can check these against your network. Change your SSID to something unique and not something related to your company or the networking products you use.

Change your SSID regularly so that any hackers who have gained access to your wireless network will have to start from the beginning in trying to break in.

**MAC Addresses.** Enable MAC Address filtering. MAC Address filtering will allow you to provide access to only those wireless nodes with certain MAC Addresses. This makes it harder for a hacker to access your network with a random MAC Address.

**WEP Encryption.** Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) is often looked upon as a cure-all for wireless security concerns. This is overstating WEP's ability. Again, this can only provide enough security to make a hacker's job more difficult.

There are several ways that WEP can be maximized:

- 1. Use the highest level of encryption possible
- 2. Use "Shared Key" authentication
- 3. Change your WEP key regularly

**WPA.** Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is the newest and best available standard in Wi-Fi security. Two modes are available: Pre-Shared Key and RADIUS. Pre-Shared Key gives you a choice of two encryption methods: TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol), which utilizes a stronger encryption method and incorporates Message Integrity Code (MIC) to provide protection against hackers, and AES (Advanced Encryption System), which utilizes a symmetric 128-Bit block data encryption. RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) utilizes a RADIUS server for authentication and the use of dynamic TKIP, AES, or WEP.



**Important:** Always remember that each device in your wireless network MUST use the same encryption method and encryption key or your wireless network will not function properly.

**WPA Pre-Shared Key.** If you do not have a RADIUS server, select the type of algorithm, TKIP or AES, enter a password in the Pre-Shared key field of 8-64 characters, and enter a Group Key Renewal period time between 0 and 99,999 seconds, which instructs the Router or other device how often it should change the encryption keys.

**WPA RADIUS**. WPA used in coordination with a RADIUS server. (This should only be used when a RADIUS server is connected to the Router or other device.) First, select the type of WPA algorithm, **TKIP** or **AES**. Enter the RADIUS server's IP Address and port number, along with a key shared between the device and the server. Last, enter a Group Key Renewal period, which instructs the device how often it should change the encryption keys.

**RADIUS**. WEP used in coordination with a RADIUS server. (This should only be used when a RADIUS server is connected to the Router or other device.) First, enter the RADIUS server's IP Address and port number, along with a key shared between the device and the server. Then, select a WEP key and a level of WEP encryption, and either generate a WEP key through the Passphrase or enter the WEP key manually.

Implementing encryption may have a negative impact on your network's performance, but if you are transmitting sensitive data over your network, encryption should be used.

These security recommendations should help keep your mind at ease while you are enjoying the most flexible and convenient technology Linksys has to offer.

## **Appendix C: Upgrading Firmware**

The Access Point's firmware is upgraded through the Web-Utility's Help tab. Follow these instructions:

- 1. Download the firmware from Linksys's website at **www.linksys.com**.
- 2. Click the Web-Utility's Help tab, and click the Upgrade Firmware button.
- 3. From the *Upgrade Firmware* screen, enter the location of the firmware's file or click the **Browse** button to find the file.
- 4. Then, click the **Upgrade** button to upgrade the firmware.

Upgrade	Firmware
File Path:	Browse
Warning: Upgrading firmware may ta	ke a few minutes, please don't turn off is the reset button.
Figure C-1: Up	grade Firmware

## **Appendix D: Windows Help**

All wireless products require Microsoft Windows. Windows is the most used operating system in the world and comes with many features that help make networking easier. These features can be accessed through Windows Help and are described in this appendix.

### TCP/IP

Before a computer can communicate with the Access Point, TCP/IP must be enabled. TCP/IP is a set of instructions, or protocol, all PCs follow to communicate over a network. This is true for wireless networks as well. Your PCs will not be able to utilize wireless networking without having TCP/IP enabled. Windows Help provides complete instructions on enabling TCP/IP.

#### **Shared Resources**

If you wish to share printers, folder, or files over your network, Windows Help provides complete instructions on utilizing shared resources.

#### Network Neighborhood/My Network Places

Other PCs on your network will appear under Network Neighborhood or My Network Places (depending upon the version of Windows you're running). Windows Help provides complete instructions on adding PCs to your network.

## **Appendix E: Glossary**

**802.11b** - An IEEE wireless networking standard that specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 11Mbps and an operating frequency of 2.4GHz.

**802.11g** - An IEEE wireless networking standard that specifies a maximum data transfer rate of 54Mbps, an operating frequency of 2.4GHz, and backward compatibility with 802.11b devices.

Adapter - This is a device that adds network functionality to your PC.

**Ad-hoc** - A group of wireless devices communicating directly with each other (peer-to-peer) without the use of an access point.

**Backbone** - The part of a network that connects most of the systems and networks together, and handles the most data.

Bandwidth - The transmission capacity of a given device or network.

Beacon Interval - Data transmitted on your wireless network that keeps the network synchronized.

Bit - A binary digit.

**Browser** - An application program that provides a way to look at and interact with all the information on the World Wide Web.

**CSMA/CA** (Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance) - A method of data transfer that is used to prevent data collisions.

CTS (Clear To Send) - A signal sent by a wireless device, signifying that it is ready to receive data.

**Database** - A collection of data that is organized so that its contents can easily be accessed, managed, and updated.

**DHCP** (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - A networking protocol that allows administrators to assign temporary IP addresses to network computers by "leasing" an IP address to a user for a limited amount of time, instead of assigning permanent IP addresses.

**Download** - To receive a file transmitted over a network.

**DSSS** (Direct-Sequence Spread-Spectrum) - Frequency transmission with a redundant bit pattern resulting in a lower probability of information being lost in transit.

**DTIM** (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) - A message included in data packets that can increase wireless efficiency.

**Encryption** - Encoding data transmitted in a network.

**Ethernet** - IEEE standard network protocol that specifies how data is placed on and retrieved from a common transmission medium.

Firmware - The programming code that runs a networking device.

**Fragmentation** -Breaking a packet into smaller units when transmitting over a network medium that cannot support the original size of the packet.

Gateway - A device that interconnects networks with different, incompatible communications protocols.

Hardware - The physical aspect of computers, telecommunications, and other information technology devices.

**IEEE** (The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) - An independent institute that develops networking standards.

Infrastructure - A wireless network that is bridged to a wired network via an access point.

**IP** (Internet **P**rotocol) - A protocol used to send data over a network.

IP Address - The address used to identify a computer or device on a network.

ISM band - Radio bandwidth utilized in wireless transmissions.

ISP (Internet Service Provider) - A company that provides access to the Internet.

LAN - The computers and networking products that make up your local network.

**MAC** (Media Access Control) Address - The unique address that a manufacturer assigns to each networking device.

**Network** - A series of computers or devices connected for the purpose of data sharing, storage, and/or transmission between users.

Node - A network junction or connection point, typically a computer or work station.

Packet - A unit of data sent over a network.

**Passphrase** - Used much like a password, a passphrase simplifies the WEP encryption process by automatically generating the WEP encryption keys for Linksys products.

Port - The connection point on a computer or networking device used for plugging in cables or adapters.

**Roaming** - The ability to take a wireless device from one access point's range to another without losing the connection.

Router - A networking device that connects multiple networks together.

RTS (Request To Send) - A networking method of coordinating large packets through the RTS Threshold setting.

**Server** - Any computer whose function in a network is to provide user access to files, printing, communications, and other services.

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) - A widely used network monitoring and control protocol.

**Software** - Instructions for the computer. A series of instructions that performs a particular task is called a "program".

SOHO (Small Office/Home Office) - Market segment of professionals who work at home or in small offices.

Spread Spectrum - Wideband radio frequency technique used for more reliable and secure data transmission.

SSID (Service Set IDentifier) - Your wireless network's name.

Static IP Address - A fixed address assigned to a computer or device that is connected to a network.

Subnet Mask - An address code that determines the size of the network.

**Switch** - 1. A data switch that connects computing devices to host computers, allowing a large number of devices to share a limited number of ports. 2. A device for making, breaking, or changing the connections in an electrical circuit.

**TCP** (Transmission Control Protocol) - A network protocol for transmitting data that requires acknowledgement from the recipient of data sent.

**TCP/IP** (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) - A set of instructions PCs use to communicate over a network.

**TKIP** (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) - a wireless encryption protocol that provides dynamic encryption keys for each packet transmitted.

**Topology** - The physical layout of a network.

**Upgrade** - To replace existing software or firmware with a newer version.

**WEP** (Wired Equivalent Privacy) - A method of encrypting network data transmitted on a wireless network for greater security.

**WPA** (Wi-Fi **P**rotected **A**ccess) - a wireless security protocol using TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) encryption, which can be used in conjunction with a RADIUS server.

## **Appendix F: Specifications**

Standards	802.11g and 802.11b	
Channels	802.11g	11 Channels (US, Canada) 13 Channels (Europe) 14 Channels (Japan)
Ports/Buttons	One 10/100 RJ-45 Port, One Power Port, One Reset Button	
Cabling Type	UTP CAT 5 or better	
Data Rate	Up to 54Mbps	
Transmit Power	15dBm	
LEDs	Power, Act, Link	
Dimensions (L x W x H)	7.31" x 1.88" x 6.88" (186 mm x 48 mm x 175 mm)	
Antenna Height	4.5" (114 mm)	
Unit Weight	15 oz. (0.42 kg)	
Power	External, 12V DC	
Certifications	FCC, Canada	
Operating Temp.	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)	
Storage Temp.	-20°C to 70°C (-4°F to 158°F)	

Operating Humidity 10% to 85% Non-Condensing

Storage Humidity 5% to 90% Non-Condensing

## **Appendix G: Warranty Information**

#### LIMITED WARRANTY

Linksys warrants to You that, for a period of three years (the "Warranty Period"), your Linksys Product will be substantially free of defects in materials and workmanship under normal use. Your exclusive remedy and Linksys' entire liability under this warranty will be for Linksys at its option to repair or replace the Product or refund Your purchase price less any rebates. This limited warranty extends only to the original purchaser.

If the Product proves defective during the Warranty Period call Linksys Technical Support in order to obtain a Return Authorization Number, if applicable. BE SURE TO HAVE YOUR PROOF OF PURCHASE ON HAND WHEN CALLING. If You are requested to return the Product, mark the Return Authorization Number clearly on the outside of the package and include a copy of your original proof of purchase. RETURN REQUESTS CANNOT BE PROCESSED WITHOUT PROOF OF PURCHASE. You are responsible for shipping defective Products to Linksys. Linksys pays for UPS Ground shipping from Linksys back to You only. Customers located outside of the United States of America and Canada are responsible for all shipping and handling charges.

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This warranty does not apply if the Product (a) has been altered, except by Linksys, (b) has not been installed, operated, repaired, or maintained in accordance with instructions supplied by Linksys, or (c) has been subjected to abnormal physical or electrical stress, misuse, negligence, or accident. In addition, due to the continual development of new techniques for intruding upon and attacking networks, Linksys does not warrant that the Product will be free of vulnerability to intrusion or attack.

TO THE EXTENT NOT PROHIBITED BY LAW, IN NO EVENT WILL LINKSYS BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOST DATA, REVENUE OR PROFIT, OR FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, REGARDLESS OF THE THEORY OF LIABILITY (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THE USE OF OR INABILITY TO USE THE PRODUCT (INCLUDING ANY SOFTWARE), EVEN IF LINKSYS HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. IN NO EVENT WILL LINKSYS' LIABILITY EXCEED THE AMOUNT PAID BY YOU FOR THE PRODUCT. The foregoing limitations will apply even if any warranty or remedy provided under this Agreement fails of its essential purpose. Some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to You.

Please direct all inquiries to: Linksys, P.O. Box 18558, Irvine, CA 92623.

## **Appendix H: Regulatory Information**

#### FCC STATEMENT

This product has been tested and complies with the specifications for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used according to the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which is found by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna

Increase the separation between the equipment or devices

Connect the equipment to an outlet other than the receiver's

Consult a dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for assistance

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. INDUSTRY CANADA (CANADA)

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada. The use of this device in a system operating either partially or completely outdoors may require the user to obtain a license for the system according to the Canadian regulations.

#### EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (EUROPE)

Linksys declares that the Wireless-G ADSL Gateway conforms to the specifications listed below, following the provisions of the European R&TTE directive 1999/5/EC:

EN 301 489-1, 301 489-17 General EMC requirements for Radio equipment.

#### EN 609 50 Safety

Appendix H: Regulatory Information

Cisco-Linksys, LLC declares that WAP54G v2 (FCC ID: Q87-HGA7T-2) is limited in CH1~CH11 by specified firmware controlled in U.S.A.

EN 300-328-1, EN 300-328-2 Technical requirements for Radio equipment.

Caution: This equipment is intended to be used in all EU and EFTA countries. Outdoor use may be restricted to certain frequencies and/or may require a license for operation. Contact local Authority for procedure to follow.

Note: Combinations of power levels and antennas resulting in a radiated power level of above 100 mW equivalent isotropic radiated power (EIRP) are considered as not compliant with the above mentioned directive and are not allowed for use within the European community and countries that have adopted the European R&TTE directive 1999/5/EC.

For more details on legal combinations of power levels and antennas, contact Linksys Corporate Compliance.

Linksys vakuuttaa täten että Wireless-G ADSL Gateway tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien näiden direktiivien muiden ehtojen mukainen.

Linksys Group déclare la Passerelle ADSL sans fil-G est conforme aux conditions essentielles et aux dispositions relatives à la directive 1999/5/EC.

#### **Belgique:**

Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour une utilisation publique à l'extérieur de bâtiments, une licence de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.

#### France:

2.4 GHz Bande : les canaux 10, 11, 12, 13 (2457, 2462, 2467, et 2472 MHz respectivement) sont complétement libres d'utilisation en France (en utilisation intérieur). Pour ce qui est des autres canaux, ils peuvent être soumis à autorisation selon le départment. L'utilisation en extérieur est soumis à autorisation préalable et très restreint.

Vous pouvez contacter l'Autorité de Régulation des Télécommunications (http://www.art-telecom.fr) pour de plus amples renseignements.

#### SAFETY NOTICES

Caution: To reduce the risk of fire, use only No.26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

Do not use this product near water, for example, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.

Avoid using this product during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.

# **Appendix I: Contact Information**

Need to contact Linksys? Visit us online for information on the latest products and updates to your existing products at:

Can't find information about a product you want to buy on the web? Do you want to know more about networking with Linksys products? Give our advice line a call at: Or fax your request in to:

If you experience problems with any Linksys product, you can call us at: Don't wish to call? You can e-mail us at:

If any Linksys product proves defective during its warranty period, you can call the Linksys Return Merchandise Authorization department for obtaining a Return Authorization Number at: (Details on Warranty and RMA issues can be found in the Warranty Information section in this Guide.) http://www.linksys.com or ftp.linksys.com

800-546-5797 (LINKSYS) 949-823-3002

800-326-7114 support@linksys.com

949-823-3000

## Also Available:

• Linksys High Gain Antenna for TNC Connectors (HGA7T)

