

To whom it may concern,

Listen Technologies will add the following two statements to the LT-800-216 User Manual as an addendum under Compliance Notice and FCC Statement and Industry Canada Statement. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Jell Walloyel 6 Avy 2024

Jeff Waldvogel Compliance Engineer Listen Technologies

Statement one:

FCC:

## § 95.2195 LPRS disclosures.

Manufacturers of LPRS transmitters used for auditory assistance, health care assistance, and law enforcement tracking purposes must include with each transmitting device the following statement: This transmitter is authorized by rule under the Low Power Radio Service (47 CFR part 95) and must not cause harmful interference to TV reception or to the United States Air Force Space Surveillance System operating in the 216.88-217.08 MHz band. With the exception of automated maritime telecommunications system (AMTS) devices, you do not need an FCC license to operate this transmitter. This transmitter may only be used to provide: auditory assistance to persons with disabilities, persons who require language translation, or persons in educational settings; health care services to the ill; law enforcement tracking services under agreement with a law enforcement agency; or AMTS network control communications. Two-way voice communications and all other types of uses not mentioned above are expressly prohibited.

Statement 2:

ISED:

## RSS-210)C.2)

If TV channel 13 (210-216 MHz) is used in the area, the installer shall reduce or adjust the radio frequency radiated power so that nearby TV channel 13 receivers do not receive radio interference from the system installed. Suggestions: A test with a TV receiver equipped with a "rabbit-ear antenna" and tuned to channel 13 should be conducted at the perimeter of the user's intended coverage area and should not overlap other user(s)' areas without the user(s)' consent. If this does not resolve the problem, a channel near the 217 MHz edge and not near 216 MHz should be used.