

#### IMPORTANT

Get warranty and other information online—you can review and print or download a copy of the Owner's Manual, Navigation/Uconnect manuals and the limited warranties provided by FCA US LLC for your vehicle by visiting www.mopar.com (U.S.) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canada). Click on the applicable link in the "Popular Topics" area of the www.mopar.com (U.S.) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canada) homepage and follow the instructions to select the applicable year, make and model of your vehicle.

This User Guide is intended to familiarize you with the important features of your vehicle. Your Owner's Manual, Navigation/Uconnect manuals and Warranty Booklet can be found by visiting the website on the back cover of your User Guide. We hope you find these resources useful. U.S. residents can purchase replacement kits by visiting www.techauthority.com and Canadian residents can purchase replacement kits by calling 1 800 387-1143.

The driver's primary responsibility is the safe operation of the vehicle. Driving while distracted can result in loss of vehicle control, resulting in a collision and personal injury. FCA US LLC strongly recommends that the driver use extreme caution when using any device or feature that may take their attention off the road. Use of any electrical devices, such as cellular telephones, computers, portable radios, vehicle navigation or other devices, by the driver while the vehicle is moving is dangerous and could lead to a serious collision. Texting while driving is also dangerous and should never be done while the vehicle is moving. If you find yourself unable to devote your full attention to vehicle operation, pull off the road to a safe location and stop your vehicle. Some states or provinces prohibit the use of cellular telephones or texting while driving. It is always the driver's responsibility to comply with all local laws.



Congratulations on selecting your new FCA US LLC vehicle. Be assured that it represents precision workmanship, distinctive styling, and high quality.

ALWAYS drive safely and pay attention to the road. ALWAYS drive safely with your hands on the steering wheel. You have full responsibility and assume all risks related to the use of the features and applications in this vehicle. Only use the features and applications when it is safe to do so. Failure to do so may result in an accident involving serious injury or death.

This guide illustrates and describes the operation of features and equipment that are either standard or optional on this vehicle. This guide may also include a description of features and equipment that are no longer available or were not ordered on this vehicle. Please disregard any features and equipment

described in this guide that are not available on this vehicle. FCA US LLC reserves the right to make changes in design and specifications and/or make additions to or improvements to its products without imposing any obligation upon itself to install them on products previously manufactured.

This User Guide has been prepared to help you quickly become acquainted with the important features of your vehicle. It contains most things you will need to operate and maintain the vehicle, including emergency information.

For complete owner information, refer to your Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further information. For your convenience, the information contained on this site may also be printed and saved for future reference.

FCA US LLC is committed to protecting our environment and natural resources. By converting from paper to electronic delivery for the majority of the user information for your vehicle, together we greatly reduce the demand for tree-based products and lessen the stress on our environment.

When it comes to service, remember that your authorized dealer knows your vehicle best, has factory-trained technicians and genuine MOPAR® parts, and cares about your satisfaction.

## HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

## **Essential Information**

Each time direction instructions (left/right or forwards/backwards) about the vehicle are given, these must be intended as regarding an occupant in the driver's seat. Special cases not complying with this rule will be properly specified in the text.

The figures in this User Guide are provided by way of example only: this might imply that some details of the image do not correspond to the actual arrangement of your vehicle.

In addition, the User Guide has been conceived considering vehicles with steering wheel on the left side; it is therefore possible that on vehicles with steering wheel on the right side, the position or construction of some controls is not exactly mirror-like with respect to the figure.

To identify the chapter with the information needed you can consult the index at the end of this User Guide.

Chapters can be rapidly identified with dedicated graphic tabs, at the side of each odd page. A few pages further there is a key for getting to know the chapter order and the relevant symbols in the tabs. There is anyway a textual indication of the current chapter at the side of each even page.

# **Symbols**

Some vehicle components have colored labels whose symbols indicate precautions to be observed when using this component.

## ROLLOVER WARNING

Utility vehicles have a significantly higher rollover rate than other types of vehicles. This vehicle has a higher ground clearance and a

higher center of gravity than many passenger vehicles. It is capable of performing better in a wide variety of off-road applications. Driven in an unsafe manner, all vehicles can go out of control. Because of the higher center of gravity, if this vehicle is out of control it may roll over while some other vehicles may not.

Do not attempt sharp turns, abrupt maneuvers, or other unsafe driving actions that can cause loss of vehicle control. Failure to operate this vehicle safely may result in a collision, rollover of the vehicle, and severe or fatal injury. Drive carefully.



**Rollover Warning Label** 

Failure to use the driver and passenger seat belts provided is a major cause of severe or fatal injury. In fact, the U.S. government notes that the universal use of existing seat belts could cut the highway death toll by 10,000 or more each year and could reduce disabling injuries by two million annually. In a rollover crash, an unbelted person is significantly more likely to die than a person wearing a seat belt. Always buckle up.

## **WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS**

While reading this User Guide you will find a series of WARNINGS to be followed to prevent incorrect use of components which could cause accidents or injuries.

There are also CAUTIONS that must be followed to prevent against procedures that could result in damage to your vehicle.

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# **INSTRUMENT PANEL**



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- 2 Multifunction Lever
- 3 Instrument Cluster

- 4 Steering Wheel5 Windshield Wiper Lever6 Radio

# INTERIOR





- 1 Door Locks/Window Switches
- 2 Seats 3 Gear Selector

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# **GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VEHICLE**

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## KEYS

## **Key Fob**

Your vehicle uses a key start ignition system. The ignition system consists of a key fob with a Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) and an ignition switch.

#### NOTE:

The key fob may not be found if it is located next to a mobile phone, laptop or other electronic device; these devices may block the key fob's wireless signal.

The key fob contains an integrated mechanical key. To use the mechanical key, simply push the mechanical key release button.

The vehicle is supplied with a code card containing key code numbers to order duplicate keys, and the authorized dealer that sold you your new vehicle has the key code numbers for your vehicle locks. These numbers can be used to order duplicate keys.



1 — Cargo Doors

2 — Unlock

3 — Lock

#### Remote Keyless Entry (RKE)

This system allows you to lock or unlock the doors from distances up to approximately 66 ft (20 m) using a hand-held key fob. The key fob does not need to be pointed at the vehicle to activate the system.

#### NOTE:

The key fob may not be able to be detected by the vehicle if it is located next to a mobile phone, laptop or other electronic device; these devices may block the key fob's wireless signal.

#### To Unlock The Doors

Push and release the unlock button on key fob once to unlock only the front doors. Push and release the cargo unlock button on key fob once to unlock the cargo area (rear lateral sliding doors and rear door). The turn signal lights will flash to acknowledge the unlock signal.

#### To Lock The Doors

Push and release the lock button on the key fob to lock all doors. The turn signal lights will flash to acknowledge the signal; the horn will chirp too during turn signal lights flashing. If a door is open, the turn signal lights will flash at an increased rate, and there will be no horn chirp. This is to indicate that a door is still open.

#### **Locking Doors With A Key**

- 1. Insert the key with either side up.
- 2. Turn the key to the right to lock the door.
- 3. Turn the key to the left to unlock the door.

For maintenance procedures, refer to "Dealer Service" in "Servicing And Maintenance" in the Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents).

#### **General Information**

The following regulatory statement applies to all radio frequency (RF) devices equipped in this vehicle:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### NOTE:

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### SEATS



Seats are a part of the Occupant Restraint System of the vehicle.

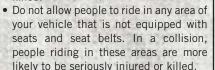


## **WARNING!**



 It is dangerous to ride in a cargo area, inside or outside of a vehicle. In a collision, people riding in these areas are more likely to be seriously injured or killed.







 Be sure everyone in your vehicle is in a seat and using a seat belt properly.













## **Heated Seats** — If Equipped

On some models, the front driver and passenger seats may be equipped with heaters in both the seat cushions and seatbacks. The controls for the front heated seats are located on the lower outboard side of the seat.



**Heated Seat Switch** 

Push the switch once to turn on the heated seats. Push the switch a second time to shut the heating elements off.

#### NOTE:

Once a heat setting is selected, heat will be felt within two to five minutes.

## WARNING!

- Persons who are unable to feel pain to the skin because of advanced age, chronic illness, diabetes, spinal cord injury, medication, alcohol use, exhaustion or other physical condition must exercise care when using the seat heater. It may cause burns even at low temperatures, especially if used for long periods of time
- Do not place anything on the seat or seatback that insulates against heat, such as a blanket or cushion. This may cause the seat heater to overheat. Sitting in a seat that has been overheated could cause serious burns due to the increased surface temperature of the seat.

# Adjustable Armrests — If Equipped

The seat adjustable armrest can be raised and adjusted for height. Underneath the front of the armrest is the adjuster wheel which will adjust the height of the armrest up or down.

Turn the adjuster wheel to the right or left to adjust the height of the armrest up or down.



**Adjuster Wheel** 

## **HEAD RESTRAINTS**

Head restraints are designed to reduce the risk of injury by restricting head movement in the event of a rear impact. Head restraints should be adjusted so that the top of the head restraint is located above the top of your ear.

#### WARNING!

- All occupants, including the driver, should not operate a vehicle or sit in a vehicle's seat until the head restraints are placed in their proper positions in order to minimize the risk of neck injury in the event of a crash.
- Head restraints should never be adjusted while the vehicle is in motion.
   Driving a vehicle with the head restraints improperly adjusted or removed could cause serious injury or death in the event of a collision.

## **Front Head Restraint Adjustment**

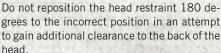
To raise the head restraint, pull upward on the head restraint. To lower the head restraint, push the adjustment button located on the base of the head restraint and push downward on the head restraint.



**Head Restraint** 

- 1 Release Button
- 2 Adjustment Button

#### NOTE:







# Front Head Restraint Removal

To remove the head restraint, raise it up as far as it can go. Then, push the adjustment button and the release button at the base of each post while pulling the head restraint up. To reinstall the head restraint, put the head restraint posts into the holes. Then, adjust it to the appropriate height.





#### NOTE:

Do not reposition the head restraint 180 degrees to the incorrect position in an attempt to gain additional clearance to the back of the head.











#### WARNING!

- A loose head restraint thrown forward in a collision or hard stop could cause serious injury or death to occupants of the vehicle. Always securely stow removed head restraints in a location outside the occupant compartment.
- ALL the head restraints MUST be reinstalled in the vehicle to properly protect the occupants. Follow the re-installation instructions above prior to operating the vehicle or occupying a seat.

## STEERING WHEEL

# **Telescoping Steering Column**

This feature allows you to lengthen or shorten the steering column. The telescoping control handle is located below the steering wheel at the end of the steering column.



**Telescoping Control Handle** 

To unlock the steering column, pull the control handle up. To lengthen or shorten the steering column, pull the steering wheel outward or push it inward as desired. To lock the steering column in position, push the control handle down until fully engaged.

#### WARNING!

Do not adjust the steering column while driving. Adjusting the steering column while driving or driving with the steering column unlocked, could cause the driver to lose control of the vehicle. Failure to follow this warning may result in serious injury or death.

## **EXTERIOR LIGHTS**

## **Multifunction Lever**

The multifunction lever controls the operation of the headlights, parking lights, turn signals, headlight beam selection and the passing lights. The multifunction lever is located on the left side of the steering column.



#### **Multifunction Lever**

- 1 Pull For High Beams
- 2 Headlights
- 3 Turn Signals

# **Headlights**

To turn on the headlights, turn the end of the multifunction lever to the headlight position. When the headlight switch is on, the parking lights, taillights, license plate light, the clearance lights and instrument panel lights are also turned on. To turn off the headlights, turn the end of the multifunction lever back to the O (Off) position.

# High Beam/Low Beam Select Switch

Pull the multifunction lever toward you to switch the headlights to high beam. Pull the lever a second time to switch the headlights back to low beam.

# **Parking Lights**

These lights can only be turned on with ignition key in the STOP position or removed, by moving the end of the multifunction lever to O (off) position and then to the headlight position.

The warning light telltale in the instrument panel comes on. The lights stay on until the next ignition cycle is performed.

# **Turn Signals**

Move the multifunction lever up or down and the arrows on each side of the instrument cluster flash to show proper operation of the front and rear turn signal lights.

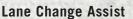
#### NOTE:

If either light remains on and does not flash, or there is a very fast flash rate, check for a defective outside light bulb. If an indicator fails to light when the lever is moved, it would suggest that the indicator bulb is defective.

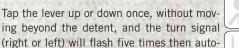








matically turn off.

















## INTERIOR LIGHTS

The courtesy lights, dome lights, and map lights are mounted between the sun visors on the overhead shelf. Each light is turned on by pushing the corresponding switch.

The courtesy lights will turn on when you use the key fob or manually from the driver door cylinder to unlock the doors or open any door.

The lights will fade to off after approximately 30 seconds, or they will immediately fade to off once the ignition switch is turned to ON/RUN from the OFF position.

## **WIPERS AND WASHERS**

# **Front Wiper Operation**

The windshield wiper/washer lever is located on the right side of the steering column. There are five different modes of operation for the front windshield wipers. The windshield wiper lever can be raised or lowered to access the modes.

#### NOTE:

The windshield wipers/washers will only operate with the ignition in the ON/RUN position.



Wiper Washer Lever

- 1 Mist
- 2 Intermittent, Low And High
- 3 Washer

#### **Intermittent Wiper System**

Push the lever downward to the first detent and rotate the center ring to use one of the four intermittent wiper settings when weather conditions make a single wiping cycle, with a variable delay between cycles, desirable.

### **Low Speed**

Push the lever downward to the second detent. The wipers will operate at low speed.

## **High Speed**

Push the lever downward to the third detent. The wipers will operate at high speed.

## **Windshield Washer Operation**

To use the washer, pull the windshield wiper/ washer lever toward the steering wheel to activate. The wipers will activate automatically for three cycles after the lever is released, and then resume the intermittent interval previously selected.

If the lever is pulled while in the off position, the wipers will operate for three cycles and then turn off.

#### WARNING!

Sudden loss of visibility through the windshield could lead to a collision. You might not see other vehicles or other obstacles. To avoid sudden icing of the windshield during freezing weather, warm the windshield with the defroster before and during windshield washer use.

#### Mist Feature

Use the Mist feature when weather conditions make occasional usage of the wipers necessary. Push the lever upward to the MIST position and release for a single wiping cycle.

#### NOTE:

The mist feature does not activate the washer pump; therefore, no washer fluid will be sprayed on the windshield. The wash function must be used in order to spray the windshield with washer fluid.

## **CLIMATE CONTROLS**

The Climate Control System allows you to regulate the temperature, airflow, and direction of air circulating throughout the vehicle. The controls are located on the instrument panel below the radio.























# **Manual Climate Control Overview**

The Manual Temperature Controls consist of a series of three outer rotary dials (blower speed, temperature and mode) and three inner push buttons (Recirculation, A/C, Rear Window Defroster).



**Manual Climate Controls** 

# **Manual Climate Control Descriptions**

Icon	Description
A/C Mar Publi	A/C Button Push the A/C button to engage the Air Conditioning (A/C). A LED will illuminate when the A/C system is engaged.
<b>(\$</b>	Recirculation Button  Press and release this button to change the system between recirculation mode and outside air mode. Recirculation can be used when outside conditions such as smoke, odors, dust, or high humidity are present.  NOTE:  Continuous use of the Recirculation mode may make the inside air stuffy and window fogging may occur. Extended use of this mode is not recommended.  The use of the Recirculation mode in cold or damp weather could cause windows to fog on the inside, because of moisture buildup inside the vehicle. Select the outside air position for maximum defogging.  Recirculation can be used in all modes except for Defrost.  The A/C can be deselected manually without disturbing the mode control selection.
FRONT	Front Defrost Mode  Turn the Knob to the Front Defrost position. Air comes from the windshield and side window demist outlets. When the defrost button is selected, the blower level will increase. Use Defrost mode with maximum temperature settings for best windshield and side window defrosting and defogging.
?;;; REAR	Rear Defrost Button Push and release the Rear Defrost Control button to turn ON the rear window defroster and the heated outside mirrors (if equipped). An indicator will illuminate when the rear window defroster is ON. The rear window defroster automatically turns OFF after ten minutes.























Icon	Description
A/C PUSH	Temperature Control  Use this control to regulate the temperature of the air inside the passenger compartment. Rotating the knob counter-clockwise, from top center into the blue area of the scale, indicates cooler temperatures. Rotating the knob clockwise, into the red area, indicates warmer temperatures.
	Blower Control There are seven blower speeds. Use this control to regulate the amount of air forced through the system in any mode you select. The blower speed increases as you move the control clockwise from the OFF position.  NOTE: Depending on the configuration, your vehicle may be equipped with four blower speeds.
	Modes Control  Turn the knob to change the airflow distribution mode. The airflow distribution mode can be adjusted so air comes from the instrument panel outlets, floor outlets, defrost outlets and demist outlets. The Mode settings are as follows:
Panel Mode	Panel Mode  Air comes from the outlets in the instrument panel. Each of these outlets can be individually adjusted to direct the flow of air. The air vanes of the center outlets and outboard outlets can be moved up and down or side to side to regulate airflow direction. There is a shut off wheel located below the air vanes to shut off or adjust the amount of airflow from these outlets.
Bi-Level Mode	Bi-Level Mode Air comes from the instrument panel outlets and floor outlets. A slight amount of air is directed through the defrost and side window demister outlets.  NOTE: BI-LEVEL mode is designed under comfort conditions to provide cooler air out of the panel outlets and warmer air from the floor outlets.

Icon	Description
Floor Mode	
. 10	Floor Mode
1	Air comes from the floor outlets. A slight amount of air is directed through the defrost and side window demister outlets.
Mix Mode	Mix Mode
#	Air is directed through the floor, defrost, and side window demister outlets. This setting works best in cold or snowy ditions that require extra heat to the windshield. This setting is good for maintaining comfort while reducing moistur

## **CAUTION!**

on the windshield.

Failure to follow these cautions can cause damage to the heating elements:

- Use care when washing the inside of the rear window. Do not use abrasive window cleaners on the interior surface of the window. Use a soft cloth and a mild washing solution, wiping parallel to the heating elements. Labels can be peeled off after soaking with warm water.
- Do not use scrapers, sharp instruments, or abrasive window cleaners on the interior surface of the window.

## **CAUTION!**

 Keep all objects a safe distance from the window.

# Additional Rear Climate Control — If Equipped

This switch, mounted on the instrument panel to the left of the steering column, activates the additional rear heating/air conditioning system vent.

#### NOTE:

The switch must be enabled for operation by the Upfitter.

# **Climate Control Functions**

## A/C (Air Conditioning)

The Air Conditioning (A/C) button allows the operator to manually activate or deactivate the air conditioning system. When the air conditioning system is turned on, cool dehumidified air will flow through the outlets into the cabin. For improved fuel economy, press the A/C button to turn off the air conditioning and manually adjust the blower and airflow mode settings. Also, make sure to select only Panel, Bi-Level or Floor modes.

























#### NOTE:

- If fog or mist appears on the windshield or side glass, select Defrost mode and increase blower speed if needed.
- If your air conditioning performance seems lower than expected, check the front of the A/C condenser (located in front of the radiator), for an accumulation of dirt or insects. Clean with a gentle water spray from the front of the radiator and through the condenser.

#### Recirculation

When outside air contains smoke, odors, or high humidity, or if rapid cooling is desired, you may wish to recirculate interior air by pressing the Recirculation control button. The recirculation indicator will illuminate when this button is selected. Press the button a second time to turn off the Recirculation mode and allow outside air into the vehicle.

#### NOTE:

In cold weather, use of recirculation mode may lead to excessive window fogging. On systems with Manual Climate Controls, the Recirculation mode is not allowed in Defrost mode to improve window clearing operation. Recirculation will be disabled automatically if this mode is selected. Attempting to use Recirculation while in this mode will cause the LED in the control button to blink and then turn off.

# **Operating Tips**

### **Summer Operation**

The engine cooling system must be protected with a high-quality antifreeze coolant to provide proper corrosion protection and to protect against engine overheating. A solution of 50% OAT (Organic Additive Technology) coolant that meets the requirements of FCA Material Standard MS.90032 and 50% water is recommended. Refer to "Dealer Service" in "Servicing And Maintenance" for proper coolant selection.

#### **Winter Operation**

Use of the air Recirculation mode during winter months is not recommended because it may cause window fogging.

## **Vacation Storage**

Any time you store your vehicle or keep it out of service (i.e., vacation) for two weeks or more, run the air conditioning system at idle for about five minutes in the fresh air and high blower setting. This will ensure adequate system lubrication to minimize the possibility of compressor damage when the system is started again.

## **Window Fogging**

Interior fogging on the windshield can be quickly removed by turning the mode selector to Defrost. The Defrost/Floor mode can be used to maintain a clear windshield and provide sufficient heating. If side window fogging becomes a problem increase blower speed. Vehicle windows tend to fog on the inside in mild but rainy or humid weather.

#### NOTE:

Recirculate without A/C should not be used for long periods, as fogging may occur.

#### **Outside Air Intake**

Make sure the air intake, located directly in front of the windshield, is free of obstructions such as leaves. Leaves collected in the air intake may reduce airflow, and if they enter the plenum, they could plug the water drains. In winter months, make sure the air intake is clear of ice, slush, and snow.

#### A/C Air Filter

The climate control system filters outside air containing dust, pollen and some odors. Strong odors cannot be totally filtered out. Refer to "Dealer Service" in "Servicing and Maintenance" in your Owner's Manual on www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for filter replacement instructions.

### HOOD

## **Opening**

To open the hood, two latches must be released.

 Open the driver's door to gain access to the hood release lever. Pull the hood release lever located on the side of the instrument panel.



**Hood Release** 

Move to the outside of the vehicle, reach into the opening beneath the center of the hood and push the safety latch lever to the right to release it, before raising the hood.



3. Raise the hood and place the hood prop rod in hood slot to secure the hood in the open position.



















# Closing

#### WARNING!

Be sure the hood is fully latched before driving your vehicle. If the hood is not fully latched, it could open when the vehicle is in motion and block your vision. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death.

#### **CAUTION!**

To prevent possible damage:

- Before closing hood, make sure the hood prop rod is fully seated into its storage retaining clips.
- Do not slam the hood to close it. Use a firm downward push at the center front edge of the hood to ensure that both latches engage. Never drive your vehicle unless the hood is fully closed, with both latches engaged.

## INTERNAL EQUIPMENT

#### **Power Outlets**

### **Passenger Compartment Power Outlet**

The cigar lighter and the power outlet are located in the center console. It only operates with the ignition key at MAR/ON.



Front USB Port And Power Outlet

- 1 USB Charge Only Port
- 2 Front Power Outlet

### Load Compartment Power Outlet — If Equipped

The Load Compartment Power Outlet is located in rear cargo compartment. The outlet can be is used for powering 12 Volt adaptive accessories and recharging communications devices.

#### NOTE:

Do not connect devices with power higher than 180 W to the socket. Do not damage the socket by using unsuitable adaptors.



**Power Outlet Fuses** 

- $\begin{array}{c} 1-\text{F14 Fuse 20 Amp Yellow Front Power Outlet} \\ 2-\text{F09 Fuse 15 Amp Blue Rear Power Outlet} \end{array}$























#### WARNING!

To avoid serious injury or death:

- Only devices designed for use in this type of outlet should be inserted into any 12 Volt outlet.
- · Do not touch with wet hands.
- Close the lid when not in use and while driving the vehicle.
- If this outlet is mishandled, it may cause an electric shock and failure.

### **CAUTION!**

- Many accessories that can be plugged in draw power from the vehicle's battery, even when not in use (i.e., cellular phones, etc.). Eventually, if plugged in long enough, the vehicle's battery will discharge sufficiently to degrade battery life and/or prevent the engine from starting.
- Accessories that draw higher power (i.e., coolers, vacuum cleaners, lights, etc.)
   will degrade the battery even more

### **CAUTION!**

- quickly. Only use these intermittently and with greater caution.
- After the use of high power draw accessories, or long periods of the vehicle not being started (with accessories still plugged in), the vehicle must be driven a sufficient length of time to allow the generator to recharge the vehicle's battery.

# **GETTING TO KNOW YOUR INSTRUMENT PANEL**

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## INSTRUMENT CLUSTER DISPLAY

Your vehicle may be equipped with an instrument cluster display, which offers useful information to the driver. With the ignition in the STOP/OFF mode, opening/closing of a door will activate the display for viewing, and display the total miles, or kilometers, in the odometer. Your instrument cluster display is designed to display important information about your vehicle's systems and features. Using a driver interactive display located on the instrument panel, your instrument cluster display can show you how systems are working and give you warnings when they aren't. The steering wheel mounted controls allow you to scroll through the main menus and submenus. You can access the specific information you want and make selections and adjustments.

## **Location And Controls**

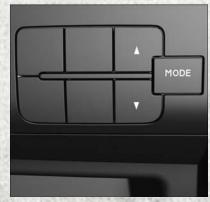
The instrument cluster display features a driver-interactive display that is located in the instrument cluster.

This system allows the driver to select a variety of useful information by pushing the switches mounted on the instrument panel. Examples of menu items are:

- Speed Beep
- Buzzer Volume
- Seat Belt Buzzer (Just Available After SBR Disable Made By CHR Service)
- Service (Diesel Only)
- Exit Menu

If equipped with a Uconnect system, some customer programmable features will display in the radio. Refer to the "Uconnect Settings" in "Multimedia" in the Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further information.

The system allows the driver to select information by pushing the following buttons mounted on the instrument panel to the left of the steering column:



**Display Control Buttons** 

#### MODE Button

Push and hold the **MODE** button for a time longer than one second to access/select the information screens or submenu screens of a main menu item. Push and hold the **MODE** button for two seconds to reset displayed/ selected features that can be reset.

Up Arrow Button

Push and release the **up** arrow button to scroll upward through the main menu and submenus or adjust the illumination on the instrument panel when the headlights are on.

Down Arrow Button

Push and release the **down** arrow button to scroll downward through the main menu and submenus or adjust the illumination on the instrument panel when the headlights are on.

# Diesel Messages — If Equipped Diesel Messages

#### Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) Messages

 "DPF cleaning: safely keep the vehicle moving" message in the Display + Engine emission filter lamp lighted solid indicates that the exhaust particulate filter loading is above the specified range and a regeneration is required.

- Safely Drive at Highway Speeds to Remedy (the procedure lasts roughly 15 minutes at speed of about 40 mph (60 km/h) and with engine speed above approximately 2000 rpm).
- When the exaust filter is overloaded, the MIL lamp will turn on and the "Service engine" message will be in the Instrument Cluster Display, ETC lamp blinks and the PCM limits the engine power to limit the likelihood of permanent damage to the after-treatment system. To correct this condition, it will be necessary to have your vehicle serviced by an authorized dealer.

#### **CAUTION!**

See your authorized dealer, as damage to the exhaust system could occur soon with continued operation.

#### Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) Messages

 First low level warning will be given at around 500 miles, which is determined by current consumption rate. DEF Low level lamp icon and display message for refill will be displayed at dashboard. DEF Low level Lamp will stay on until a DEF refill is detected (minimum 1 gallon).



To correct, this condition it will be necessary to fully refill the DEF tank.



 If refill is not performed, a second low level warning will be given about 200 miles are left to empty the DEF Tank.



 Display message of speed limitation with DEF Low Level lamp will be there on dashboard.



 The driver will be informed about the speed restriction also when about 150 and 125 miles are left to empty the DEF Tank.



 When 100 miles are left to empty, the DEF Tank, a continuous message display with chimes will be there on dashboard.



 When count down is over (0 mile left), continuous message "Speed limited at refuel or next engine start" is shown in the Display. In this case, if an engine restart or a diesel refuel action in engine-on condition is performed, vehicle's speed will be limited to 5 mph and continuous message "Speed limited DEF low" is shown in the Display.









 The restriction becomes inactive as soon as the DEF refill event is detected (minimum quantity to be added is 1 gallon).

#### **Transmission Messages**

Refer to "Instrument Cluster Messages" under "Automated Manual Transmission" in "Starting And Operating" for detailed information on transmission warning messages.

- Gear unavailable
- · Shift not allowed
- Manual unavailable
- Automatic unavailable
- Reduce gear changes
- Press brake and try again
- Transmission temperature high
- Press brake pedal

- · Press brake pedal startup delayed
- Shift to neutral
- Tow/Haul ON
- · Service transmission

## **Electronic Park Brake (EPB) Messages**

The following EPB messages will appear in the Instrument Cluster Display.

Message	Description					
Service Electronic Parking Brake	This message indicates that the Electronic Parking Brake is in fault. If the parking brake does not engage, the parked vehicle should be shifted into a gear and the wheels chocked to prevent rolling.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.					
Park Brake Temporarily Unavailable	This message indicates that the Electronic Parking Brake is temporarily unavailable (for example due to battery voltage out of range).  If the parking brake does not engage, the parked vehicle should be shifted into a gear and the wheels chocked to prevent rolling.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.					
Automatic Park Brake Temporarily Unavailable	This message indicates that Electronic Parking Brake automatic features are temporarily unavailable.  If the parking brake does not engage, the parked vehicle should be shifted into a gear and the wheels chocked to prevent rolling.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.					

Message	Description
To release Park Brake Press Brake and Push Switch	This message appears because to release Electronic Parking Brake driver has to press brake pedal and simultaneously act on EPB switch (release position).
Park Brake Automatically Engaged	This message appears when Electronic Parking Brake has been applied automatically.
Dynamic Brake Active	This message appears when driver is requiring (acting on EPB switch) a dynamic braking.
Park Brake Retracted	This message appears when service mode has been activated. We recommend having your brakes serviced by your authorized dealer.



# **Red Warning Lights**

## — Air Bag Warning Light

This light will turn on for four to eight seconds as a bulb check when the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN position. If the light is either not on during startup, stays on, or turns on while driving, have the system inspected at an authorized dealer as soon as possible. This light will illuminate with a single chime when a fault with the Air Bag Warning Light has been detected, it will stay

on until the fault is cleared. If the light comes on intermittently or remains on while driving, have an authorized dealer service the vehicle immediately.

## **BRAKE** — Brake Warning Light

This light monitors various brake functions, including brake fluid level and parking brake application. If the brake light turns on it may indicate that the parking brake is applied, that the brake fluid level is low, or that there is a problem with the anti-lock brake system reservoir.

If the light remains on when the parking brake has been disengaged, and the fluid level is at the full mark on the master cylinder reservoir, it indicates a possible brake hydraulic system malfunction or that a problem with the Brake Booster has been detected by the Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) / Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system. In this case, the light will remain on until the condition has been corrected. If the problem is related to the brake booster, the ABS pump will run when applying the brake, and a brake pedal pulsation may be felt during each stop.























The dual brake system provides a reserve braking capacity in the event of a failure to a portion of the hydraulic system. A leak in either half of the dual brake system is indicated by the Brake Warning Light, which will turn on when the brake fluid level in the master cylinder has dropped below a specified level.

The light will remain on until the cause is corrected.

#### NOTE:

The light may flash momentarily during sharp cornering maneuvers, which change fluid level conditions. The vehicle should have service performed, and the brake fluid level checked.

If brake failure is indicated, immediate repair is necessary.

### WARNING!

Driving a vehicle with the red brake light on is dangerous. Part of the brake system may have failed. It will take longer to stop the vehicle. You could have a collision. Have the vehicle checked immediately. Vehicles equipped with the Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) are also equipped with Electronic Brake Force Distribution (EBD). In the event of an EBD failure, the Brake Warning Light will turn on along with the ABS Light. Immediate repair to the ABS system is required.

Operation of the Brake Warning Light can be checked by turning the ignition switch from the OFF position to the ON/RUN position. The light should illuminate for approximately two seconds. The light should then turn off unless the parking brake is applied or a brake fault is detected. If the light does not illuminate, have the light inspected by your authorized dealer.

The light also will turn on when the parking brake is applied with the ignition switch in the ON/RUN position.

#### NOTE:

This light shows only that the parking brake is applied. It does not show the degree of brake application.

# ■ Battery Charge Warning Light

This light illuminates when the battery is not charging properly. If it stays on while the engine is running, there may be a malfunction with the charging system. Contact your authorized dealer as soon as possible.

This indicates a possible problem with the electrical system or a related component.

## — Door Open Warning Light

This indicator will illuminate when one or more door(s) are not fully closed.

#### NOTE:

If the vehicle is moving and a door is opened, there will also be a single chime.

## 

This light will turn on when there's a fault with the EPS (Electric Power Steering)

#### — Electronic Throttle Control (ETC) **Warning Light**

This light informs you of a problem with the Electronic Throttle Control (ETC) system. If a problem is detected while the vehicle is running, the light will either stay on or flash depending on the nature of the problem. Cycle the ignition when the vehicle is safely and completely stopped and the transmission is placed in the PARK position. The light should turn off. If the light remains on with the vehicle running, your vehicle will usually be drivable: however, see an authorized dealer for service as soon as possible.

If the light continues to flash when the vehicle is running, immediate service is reguired and you may experience reduced performance, an elevated/rough idle, or engine stall and your vehicle may require towing. The light will come on when the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN position and remain on briefly as a bulb check. If the light does not come on during starting, have the system checked by an authorized dealer.

### Engine Temperature Warning Light

This light warns of an overheated engine condition. If the engine coolant temperature is too high, this indicator will illuminate and a single chime will sound.

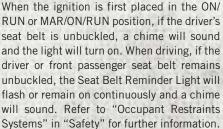
If the light turns on while driving, safely pull over and stop the vehicle. If the A/C system is on, turn it off. Also, shift the transmission into NEUTRAL and idle the vehicle. If the temperature reading does not return to normal, turn the engine off immediately and call for service. Refer to "If Your Engine Overheats" in "In Case Of Emergency" for further information.

#### — Oil Pressure Warning Light

This light indicates low engine oil pressure. If the light turns on while driving, stop the vehicle and shut off the engine as soon as possible. A chime will sound when this light turns on.

Do not operate the vehicle until the cause is corrected. This light does not indicate how much oil is in the engine. The engine oil level must be checked under the hood.

### ★ — Seat Belt Reminder Warning Light



#### Transmission Fault Warning Light

This light will illuminate (together with a message in the instrument cluster display and a buzzer) to indicate a transmission fault. Contact your authorized dealer if the message remains after restarting the engine. For vehicles with a diesel engine, see "Instrument Cluster Messages" in "Automated Manual Transmission" for additional information.















# ① — Transmission Temperature Warning Light — If Equipped

This light indicates that there is excessive transmission fluid temperature that might occur with severe usage such as trailer towing. If this light turns on, stop the vehicle and run the engine at idle or slightly faster, with the transmission in PARK or NEUTRAL, until the light turns off. Once the light turns off, you may continue to drive normally.

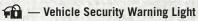
#### WARNING!

If you continue operating the vehicle when the Transmission Temperature Warning Light is illuminated you could cause the fluid to boil over, come in contact with hot engine or exhaust components and cause a fire.

#### **CAUTION!**

Continuous driving with the Transmission Temperature Warning Light illuminated will eventually cause severe transmission damage or transmission failure.

#### **Yellow Warning Lights**



This telltale will illuminate when the vehicle security alarm system has detected an attempt was made to break into the vehicle.

# (!) — Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) Warning Light

The warning light switches on and a message is displayed to indicate that the tire pressure is lower than the recommended value and/or that slow pressure loss is occurring. In these cases, optimal tire duration and fuel consumption may not be guaranteed.

Should one or more tires be in the condition mentioned above, the display will show the indications corresponding to each tire in sequence.

#### **CAUTION!**

Do not continue driving with one or more flat tires as handling may be compromised. Stop the vehicle, avoiding sharp braking and steering. If a tire puncture

#### **CAUTION!**

occurs, repair immediately using the dedicated tire repair kit and contact your authorized dealer as soon as possible.

Each tire, including the spare (if provided), should be checked monthly when cold and inflated to the inflation pressure recommended by the vehicle manufacturer on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label. (If your vehicle has tires of a different size than the size indicated on the vehicle placard or tire inflation pressure label, you should determine the proper tire inflation pressure for those tires.)

As an added safety feature, your vehicle has been equipped with a tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) that illuminates a low tire pressure telltale when one or more of your tires is significantly under-inflated. Accordingly, when the low tire pressure telltale illuminates, you should stop and check your tires as soon as possible, and inflate them to the proper pressure. Driving on a significantly under-inflated tire causes the tire to overheat

and can lead to tire failure. Under-inflation also reduces fuel efficiency and tire tread life, and may affect the vehicle's handling and stopping ability.

Please note that the TPMS is not a substitute for proper tire maintenance, and it is the driver's responsibility to maintain correct tire pressure, even if under-inflation has not reached the level to trigger illumination of the TPMS low tire pressure telltale.

Your vehicle has also been equipped with a TPMS malfunction indicator to indicate when the system is not operating properly. The TPMS malfunction indicator is combined with the low tire pressure telltale. When the system detects a malfunction, the telltale will flash for approximately one minute and then remain continuously illuminated. This sequence will continue upon subsequent vehicle start-ups as long as the malfunction exists. When the malfunction indicator is illuminated, the system may not be able to detect or signal low tire pressure as intended. TPMS malfunctions may occur for a variety of reasons, including the installation of replacement or alternate tires or wheels on the vehicle that prevent the TPMS from functioning properly. Always check the TPMS malfunction telltale after replacing one or more tires or wheels on your vehicle to ensure that the replacement or alternate tires and wheels allow the TPMS to continue to function properly.

#### **CAUTION!**

The TPMS has been optimized for the original equipment tires and wheels. TPMS pressures and warning have been established for the tire size equipped on your vehicle. Undesirable system operation or sensor damage may result when using replacement equipment that is not of the same size, type, and/or style. Aftermarket wheels can cause sensor damage. Using aftermarket tire sealants may cause the Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) sensor to become inoperable. After using an aftermarket tire sealant it is recommended that you take your vehicle to your authorized dealer to have your sensor function checked.

## ESC — Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Warning Light — If Equipped



The "ESC Indicator Light" in the instrument cluster will come on when the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN po-



placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN position, and when ESC is activated. It should go out with the engine running. If the "ESC Indicator Light" comes on continuously with the engine running, a malfunction has been



detected in the ESC system. If this light remains on after several ignition cycles, and the vehicle has been driven several miles



(kilometers) at speeds greater than 30 mph (48 km/h), see your authorized dealer as soon as possible to have the problem diagnosed and corrected.



 The "ESC Off Indicator Light" and the "ESC Indicator Light" come on momentarily each time the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN position.



 Each time the ignition is turned to ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN, the ESC system will be on, even if it was turned off previously.







- The ESC system will make buzzing or clicking sounds when it is active. This is normal; the sounds will stop when ESC becomes inactive.
- This light will come on when the vehicle is in an ESC event.

## esc — Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Off Warning Light — If Equipped

This light indicates the Electronic Stability Control (ESC) is off.

Each time the ignition is turned to ON/RUN or ACC/ON/RUN, the ESC system will be on, even if it was turned off previously.

# The Engine Check/Malfunction Indicator Warning Light (MIL)

The Engine Check/Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) is a part of an Onboard Diagnostic System called OBD II that monitors engine and automatic transmission control systems. The light will illuminate when the ignition is in the ON/RUN position before engine start. If the bulb does not come on when turning the key from OFF to ON/RUN, have the condition checked promptly.

Certain conditions, such as a loose or missing gas cap, poor quality fuel, etc., may illuminate the light after engine start. The vehicle should be serviced if the light stays on through several typical driving styles. In most situations, the vehicle will drive normally and will not require towing.

When the engine is running, the MIL may flash to alert serious conditions that could lead to immediate loss of power or severe catalytic converter damage. The vehicle should be serviced as soon as possible if this occurs.

#### WARNING!

A malfunctioning catalytic converter, as referenced above, can reach higher temperatures than in normal operating conditions. This can cause a fire if you drive slowly or park over flammable substances such as dry plants, wood, cardboard, etc. This could result in death or serious injury to the driver, occupants or others.

#### **CAUTION!**

Prolonged driving with the Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) on could cause damage to the vehicle control system. It also could affect fuel economy and driveability. If the MIL is flashing, severe catalytic converter damage and power loss will soon occur. Immediate service is required.

# (ABS) — Anti-Lock Brake (ABS) Warning Light

This light monitors the Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS). The light will turn on when the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/RUN position and may stay on for as long as four seconds.

If the ABS light remains on or turns on while driving, then the Anti-Lock portion of the brake system is not functioning and service is required. However, the conventional brake system will continue to operate normally if the brake warning light is not on.

If the ABS light is on, the brake system should be serviced as soon as possible to restore the benefits of Anti-Lock Brakes. If the ABS light does not turn on when the ignition is placed in the ON/RUN or MAR/ON/ RUN position, have the light inspected by an authorized dealer.

#### △ — Generic Warning Light

The Generic Warning Light will illuminate if any of the following conditions occur: Engine Oil Pressure Sensor Failure, External Light Failure, Fuel Cut-Off intervention or fail, Parking Sensor Failure, DST System Failure.

The telltale will remain on fixed in case of swivel seat failure and on blinking in case of Air Bag Warning Light Failure, Contact an authorized dealer immediately for service.

#### **Yellow Indicator Lights**

#### — Stop Light Failure Indicator Light

This light will illuminate if one or more of the stop light bulb fails.

The failure relating to this light could be:

- · One or more blown bulbs.
- A blown protection fuse.
- · A break in the electrical connection.

#### Light — If Equipped

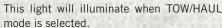
The External Light Failure Indicator will come on when a failure to one of the following lights is detected:

- Direction Indicators
- Backup Lights
- Parking Lights
- Daytime Running Lights
- Clearance Lights
- License Plate Lights

The failure relating to these lights could be:

- · One or more blown bulbs
- A blown protection fuse
- A break in the electrical connection

#### TOW/ — TOW/HAUL Indicator Light



### (i) — Glow Plug Light — If Equipped

This vehicle will inhibit engine cranking when the ambient temperature is less than -22° F (-30° C) and the oil temperature sensor reading indicates an engine block heater has not been used. The Glow Plug light will flash during in cold weather for up to ten seconds.

If equipped with a block heater harness the message "Plug In Engine Heater", will be displayed in the instrument cluster when the ambient temperature is below 5°F (-15°C) at the time the engine is shut off as a reminder to avoid possible crank delays at the next cold start.

#### 🚔 — Low Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) Indicator Light — If Equipped

The Low Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) Indicator will illuminate if the vehicle is low on Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF). Refer to "Starting And Operating" for further information.



























## — Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) Indicator Light — If Equipped

When the light illuminates solid, the filter loading is above the specified range.

#### **Green Indicator Lights**

#### ↓ → Turn Signal Indicator Lights

The turn signal arrows will flash independently when left or right turn signals are selected. Turn signals can be activated when the multifunction lever is moved down (left) or up (right).

#### NOTE:

- A continuous chime will sound if the vehicle is driven more than 1 mile (1.6 km) with either turn signal on.
- Check for an inoperative outside light bulb if either indicator flashes at a rapid rate.

## **≢**() — Front Fog Indicator Light — If Equipped

This indicator will illuminate when the front fog lights are on.

#### \*DOF — Park/Headlight On Indicator Light

This indicator will illuminate when the park lights or headlights are turned on.

#### 🤝 — Cruise Control SET Indicator Light

This light will turn on when the speed control is set to the desired speed. Refer to "Speed Control" in "Starting And Operating" for further information.

#### **Blue Indicator Lights**

### $\blacksquare \bigcirc$ — High Beam Indicator Light

This indicator shows that the high beam headlights are on. With the low beams activated, push the multifunction lever forward (toward the front of the vehicle) to turn on the high beams. Pull the multifunction lever rearward (toward the rear of the vehicle) to turn off the high beams. Pull the lever toward you for a temporary high beam on, "flash to pass" scenario.

#### ONBOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM — OBD II

Your vehicle is equipped with a sophisticated Onboard Diagnostic system called OBD II. This system monitors the performance of the emissions, engine, and transmission control systems. When these systems are operating properly, your vehicle will provide excellent performance and fuel economy, as well as engine emissions well within current government regulations.

If any of these systems require service, the OBD II system will turn on the Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL). It will also store diagnostic codes and other information to assist your service technician in making repairs. Although your vehicle will usually be drivable and not need towing, see your authorized dealer for service as soon as possible.

#### **CAUTION!**

- Prolonged driving with the MIL on could cause further damage to the emission control system. It could also affect fuel economy and driveability. The vehicle must be serviced before any emissions tests can be performed.
- If the MIL is flashing while the vehicle is running, severe catalytic converter damage and power loss will soon occur. Immediate service is required.

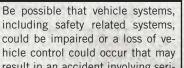
#### **Onboard Diagnostic System (OBD** II) Cybersecurity

Your vehicle is required to have an Onboard Diagnostic system (OBD II) and a connection port to allow access to information related to the performance of your emissions controls. Authorized service technicians may need to access this information to assist with the diagnosis and service of your vehicle and emissions system.

#### WARNING!

- ONLY an authorized service technician should connect equipment to the OBD II connection port in order to diagnose or service your vehicle.
- · If unauthorized equipment is connected to the OBD II connection port, such as a driver-behavior tracking device, it may:

#### WARNING!

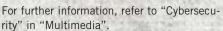
























- including safety related systems, could be impaired or a loss of vehicle control could occur that may result in an accident involving serious injury or death.
- Access, or allow others to access, information stored in your vehicle systems, including personal information.

### **SAFETY**

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#### **AUXILIARY DRIVING SYSTEMS**

# Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)

The Tire Pressure Monitor System (TPMS) will warn the driver of a low tire pressure based on the vehicle recommended cold placard pressure.

The tire pressure will vary with temperature by about 1 psi (7 kPa) for every 12°F (6.5°C). This means that when the outside temperature decreases, the tire pressure will decrease. Tire pressure should always be set based on cold inflation tire pressure. This is defined as the tire pressure after the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours, or driven less than 1 mile (1.6 km) after a three hour period. The cold tire inflation pressure must not exceed the maximum inflation pressure molded into the tire sidewall. Refer to "Tires" in "Servicing And Maintenance" for information on how to properly inflate the vehicle's tires. The tire pressure will also increase as the vehicle is driven - this is normal and there should be no adjustment for this increased pressure.

The TPMS will warn the driver of a low tire pressure if the tire pressure falls below the low-pressure warning limit for any reason, including low temperature effects and natural pressure loss through the tire.

The TPMS will continue to warn the driver of low tire pressure as long as the condition exists, and will not turn off until the tire pressure is at or above the recommended cold placard pressure. Once the low tire pressure warning (Tire Pressure Monitoring [TPM] Telltale Light) illuminates, you must increase the tire pressure to the recommended cold placard pressure in order for the TPM Telltale Light to turn off. The system will automatically update and the TPM Telltale Light will turn off once the system receives the updated tire pressures. The vehicle may need to be driven for up to 20 minutes above 15 mph (24 km/h) in order for the TPMS to receive this information.

#### NOTE:

When filling warm tires, the tire pressure may need to be increased up to an additional 4 psi (30 kPa) above the recommended cold placard pressure in order to turn the Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light off.

For example, your vehicle may have a recommended cold (parked for more than three hours) placard pressure of 30 psi (207 kPa). If the ambient temperature is 68°F (20°C) and the measured tire pressure is 27 psi (186 kPa), a temperature drop to 20°F (-7°C) will decrease the tire pressure to approximately 23 psi (158 kPa). This tire pressure is sufficiently low enough to turn on the TPM Telltale Light. Driving the vehicle may cause the tire pressure to rise to approximately 27 psi (186 kPa), but the TPM Telltale Light will still be on. In this situation, the TPM Telltale Light will turn off only after the tires are inflated to the vehicle's recommended cold placard pressure value.

#### **CAUTION!**

- The TPMS has been optimized for the original equipment tires and wheels. TPMS pressures and warning have been established for the tire size equipped on your vehicle. Undesirable system operation or sensor damage may result when using replacement equipment that is not of the same size, type, and/or style. Aftermarket wheels can cause sensor damage.
- Using aftermarket tire sealants may cause the Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) sensor to become inoperable. After using an aftermarket tire sealant it is recommended that you take your vehicle to an authorized dealership to have your sensor function checked.
- After inspecting or adjusting the tire pressure always reinstall the valve stem cap. This will prevent moisture and dirt from entering the valve stem, which could damage the TPMS sensor.

#### NOTE:

- The TPMS is not intended to replace normal tire care and maintenance or to provide warning of a tire failure or condition.
- The TPMS should not be used as a tire pressure gauge while adjusting your tire pressure.
- Driving on a significantly under-inflated tire causes the tire to overheat and can lead to tire failure. Under-inflation also reduces fuel efficiency and tire tread life, and may affect the vehicle's handling and stopping ability.
- The TPMS is not a substitute for proper tire maintenance, and it is the driver's responsibility to maintain correct tire pressure using an accurate tire pressure gauge, even if under-inflation has not reached the level to trigger illumination of the TPM Telltale Light.
- · Seasonal temperature changes will affect tire pressure, and the TPMS will monitor the actual tire pressure in the tire.

#### **Base System**



This is the TPMS warning indicator located in the instrument cluster.



The TPMS uses wireless technology



with wheel rim mounted electronic sensors to monitor tire pressure levels. Sensors, mounted to each wheel as part of the valve stem, transmit tire pressure readings to the Receiver Module.



#### NOTE:

It is particularly important for you to check the tire pressure in all of the tires on your vehicle regularly and to maintain the proper pressure.



The TPMS consists of the following components:



· Receiver Module.



• Four Tire Pressure Monitoring Sensors.



• Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light.





## Tire Pressure Monitoring Low Pressure Warnings

The Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light will illuminate in the instrument cluster, an audible chime will be activated, and the "Check tire pressure" text message will display when one or more of the four active road tire pressures are low. Should this occur, you should stop as soon as possible, check the inflation pressure of each tire on your vehicle, and inflate each tire to the vehicle's recommended cold placard pressure value. The system will automatically update and the Tire Pressure Monitoring Light will extinguish once the updated tire pressures have been received. The vehicle may need to be driven for up to 20 minutes above 15 mph (24 km/h) to receive this information.

#### **Check TPMS Warnings**

The Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light will flash on and off for 75 seconds and remain on solid when a system fault is detected, an audible chime will be activated and the "Tire Pressure Monitoring Unavailable" text message will display. If the ignition key is cycled, this sequence will repeat providing the system

fault still exists. The Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light will turn off when the fault condition no longer exists. A system fault can occur with any of the following scenarios:

- 1. Jamming due to electronic devices or driving next to facilities emitting the same radio frequencies as the TPM sensors.
- 2. Installing some form of aftermarket window tinting that affects radio wave signals.
- 3. Snow or ice around the wheels or wheel housings.
- 4. Using tire chains on the vehicle.
- 5. Using wheels/tires not equipped with TPM sensors.

#### NOTE:

Your vehicle is equipped with a regular size spare wheel.

- The spare tire has a tire pressure monitoring sensor, but it is not monitored until it is mounted in place of any of the existing four road tires.
- 2. If you install the spare tire in place of a road tire that has a pressure below the

- low-pressure warning limit, upon the next ignition key cycle, a chime will sound and the Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light will turn ON due to the low tire condition. Then, after driving the vehicle for up to 20 minutes above 15 mph (24 km/h), the system will recognize the new sensor, and turn off the telltale.
- If a spare tire not equipped with tire pressure monitoring sensor is used, then the Tire Pressure Monitoring Telltale Light will turn ON, flashing for 75 seconds and then remaining solid for each subsequent ignition key cycle.

#### NOTE:

For correct Tire Pressure Monitoring behavior, please wait for about 20 minutes in key-off during each tire substitution.

#### **General Information**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules and RSS 210 of Industry Canada. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.

This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### NOTE:

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **OCCUPANT RESTRAINT SYSTEMS**

Some of the most important safety features in your vehicle are the restraint systems:

## Occupant Restraint Systems Features

- Seat Belt Systems
- Supplemental Restraint Systems (SRS) Air Bags
- Child Restraints

Some of the safety features described in this section may be standard equipment on some models, or may be optional equipment on others. If you are not sure, ask your authorized dealer.

#### **Important Safety Precautions**

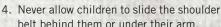
Please pay close attention to the information in this section. It tells you how to use your restraint system properly, to keep you and your passengers as safe as possible.

Here are some simple steps you can take to minimize the risk of harm from a deploying air bag:

- Children 12 years old and under should always ride buckled up in a vehicle with a rear seat.
- 2. If a child from 2 to 12 years old (not in a rear-facing child restraint) must ride in the front passenger seat, move the seat as far back as possible and use the proper child restraint (refer to "Child Restraints" in this section for further information).
- 3. Children that are not big enough to wear the vehicle seat belt properly (refer to "Child Restraints" in this section for further information) should be secured in a vehicle with a rear seat in child restraints or belt-positioning booster seats. Older

children who do not use child restraints or belt-positioning booster seats should ride properly buckled up in a vehicle with a rear seat.







You should read the instructions provided with your child restraint to make sure that you are using it properly.



6. All occupants should always wear their lap and shoulder belts properly.



7. The driver and front passenger seats should be moved back as far as practical to allow the front air bags room to inflate.



 Do not lean against the door or window. If your vehicle has side air bags, and deployment occurs, the side air bags will inflate forcefully into the space between occupants and the door and occupants could be injured.





ssce



r information) should be secured in a icle with a rear seat in child restraints belt-positioning booster seats. Older sistance" section for customer Assistance" section for customer service contact information.

- Never place a rear-facing child restraint in front of an air bag. A deploying passenger front air bag can cause death or serious injury to a child 12 years or younger, including a child in a rearfacing child restraint.
- Only use a rear-facing child restraint in a vehicle with a rear seat.

#### **Seat Belt Systems**

Buckle up even though you are an excellent driver, even on short trips. Someone on the road may be a poor driver and could cause a collision that includes you. This can happen far away from home or on your own street.

Research has shown that seat belts save lives, and they can reduce the seriousness of injuries in a collision. Some of the worst injuries happen when people are thrown from the vehicle. Seat belts reduce the possibility of ejection and the risk of injury caused by striking the inside of the vehicle. Everyone in a motor vehicle should be belted at all times.

### Enhanced Seat Belt Use Reminder System (BeltAlert)

#### Driver and Passenger BeltAlert (if equipped)

BeltAlert is a feature intended to remind the driver and outboard front seat passenger (if equipped with outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert) to buckle their seat belts. The Belt Alert feature is active whenever the ignition switch is in the START or ON/RUN position.

#### **Initial Indication**

If the driver is unbuckled when the ignition switch is first in the START or ON/RUN position, a chime will signal for a few seconds. If the driver or outboard front seat passenger (if equipped with outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert) is unbuckled when the ignition switch is first in the START or ON/RUN position the Seat Belt Reminder Light will turn on and remain on until both outboard front seat belts are buckled. The outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert is not active when an outboard front passenger seat is unoccupied.

#### **BeltAlert Warning Sequence**

The BeltAlert warning sequence is activated when the vehicle is moving above a specified vehicle speed range and the driver or outboard front seat passenger is unbuckled (if equipped with outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert) (the outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert is not active when the outboard front passenger seat is unoccupied). The BeltAlert warning sequence starts by blinking the Seat Belt Reminder Light and sounding an intermittent chime. Once the BeltAlert warning sequence has completed, the Seat Belt Reminder Light will remain on until the seat belts are buckled. The BeltAlert warning sequence may repeat based on vehicle speed until the driver and occupied outboard front seat passenger seat belts are buckled. The driver should instruct all occupants to buckle their seat belts.

#### **Change of Status**

If the driver or outboard front seat passenger (if equipped with outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert) unbuckles their seat belt while the vehicle is traveling, the BeltAlert warning sequence will begin until the seat belts are buckled again.

The outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert is not active when the outboard front passenger seat is unoccupied. BeltAlert may be triggered when an animal or other items are placed on the outboard front passenger seat or when the seat is folded flat (if equipped). It is recommended that pets be restrained in the rear seat (if equipped) in pet harnesses or pet carriers that are secured by seat belts, and cargo is properly stowed.

BeltAlert can be activated or deactivated by your authorized dealer. FCA US LLC does not recommend deactivating BeltAlert.

#### NOTE:

If BeltAlert has been deactivated and the driver or outboard front seat passenger (if equipped with outboard front passenger seat BeltAlert) is unbuckled the Seat Belt Reminder Light will turn on and remain on until the driver and outboard front seat passenger seat belts are buckled.

#### Lap/Shoulder Belts

All seating positions in your vehicle are equipped with lap/shoulder belts.

The seat belt webbing retractor will lock only during very sudden stops or collisions. This feature allows the shoulder part of the seat belt to move freely with you under normal conditions. However, in a collision the seat belt will lock and reduce your risk of striking the inside of the vehicle or being thrown out of the vehicle.

#### WARNING!

- Relying on the air bags alone could lead to more severe injuries in a collision. The air bags work with your seat belt to restrain you properly. In some collisions, the air bags won't deploy at all. Always wear your seat belt even though you have air bags.
- In a collision, you and your passengers can suffer much greater injuries if you are not properly buckled up. You can strike the interior of your vehicle or other passengers, or you can be thrown out of the vehicle. Always be sure you and others in your vehicle are buckled up properly.

























#### WARNING!

- It is dangerous to ride in a cargo area, inside or outside of a vehicle. In a collision, people riding in these areas are more likely to be seriously injured or killed.
- Do not allow people to ride in any area of your vehicle that is not equipped with seats and seat belts.
- Be sure everyone in your vehicle is in a seat and using a seat belt properly. Occupants, including the driver, should always wear their seat belts whether or not an air bag is also provided at their seating position to minimize the risk of severe injury or death in the event of a crash.
- · Wearing your seat belt incorrectly could make your injuries in a collision much worse. You might suffer internal injuries, or you could even slide out of the seat belt. Follow these instructions to wear your seat belt safely and to keep your passengers safe, too.
- Two people should never be belted into a single seat belt. People belted together

can crash into one another in a collision, hurting one another badly. Never use a lap/shoulder belt or a lap belt for more than one person, no matter what their size.

#### WARNING!

- A lap belt worn too high can increase the risk of injury in a collision. The seat belt forces won't be at the strong hip and pelvic bones, but across your abdomen. Always wear the lap part of your seat belt as low as possible and keep it snug.
- A twisted seat belt may not protect you properly. In a collision, it could even cut into you. Be sure the seat belt is flat against your body, without twists. If you can't straighten a seat belt in your vehicle, take it to your authorized dealer immediately and have it fixed.
- A seat belt that is buckled into the wrong buckle will not protect you properly. The lap portion could ride too high on your body, possibly causing internal injuries.

#### WARNING!

Always buckle your seat belt into the buckle nearest you.

- A seat belt that is too loose will not protect you properly. In a sudden stop, you could move too far forward, increasing the possibility of injury. Wear your seat belt snugly.
- A seat belt that is worn under your arm is dangerous. Your body could strike the inside surfaces of the vehicle in a collision, increasing head and neck injury. A seat belt worn under the arm can cause internal injuries. Ribs aren't as strong as shoulder bones. Wear the seat belt over your shoulder so that your strongest bones will take the force in a collision.
- A shoulder belt placed behind you will not protect you from injury during a collision. You are more likely to hit your head in a collision if you do not wear your shoulder belt. The lap and shoulder belt are meant to be used together.
- A frayed or torn seat belt could rip apart in a collision and leave you with no protection. Inspect the seat belt system

#### WARNING!

periodically, checking for cuts, frays, or loose parts. Damaged parts must be replaced immediately. Do not disassemble or modify the seat belt system. Seat belt assemblies must be replaced after a collision.

#### **Lap/Shoulder Belt Operating Instructions**

- 1. Enter the vehicle and close the door. Sit back and adjust the seat.
- 2. The seat belt latch plate is above the back of the front seat, and next to your arm in the rear seat (for vehicles equipped with a rear seat). Grasp the latch plate and pull out the seat belt. Slide the latch plate up the webbing as far as necessary to allow the seat belt to go around your lap.



**Pulling Out The Latch Plate** 

- 1 Seat Belt Latch Plate
- 2 Seat Belt Buckle
- 3. When the seat belt is long enough to fit, insert the latch plate into the buckle until you hear a "click."
- 4. Position the lap belt so that it is snug and lies low across your hips, below your abdomen. To remove slack in the lap belt portion, pull up on the shoulder belt. To loosen the lap belt if it is too tight, tilt the

- latch plate and pull on the lap belt. A snug seat belt reduces the risk of sliding under the seat belt in a collision.
- 5. Position the shoulder belt across the shoulder and chest with minimal, if any slack so that it is comfortable and not resting on your neck. The retractor will withdraw any slack in the shoulder belt.
- 6. To release the seat belt, push the red button on the buckle. The seat belt will automatically retract to its stowed position. If necessary, slide the latch plate down the webbing to allow the seat belt to retract fully.

#### Lap/Shoulder Belt Untwisting Procedure

Use the following procedure to untwist a twisted lap/shoulder belt.

- 1. Position the latch plate as close as possible to the anchor point.
- 2. At about 6 to 12 inches (15 to 30 cm) above the latch plate, grasp and twist the seat belt webbing 180 degrees to create a fold that begins immediately above the latch plate.

3. Slide the latch plate upward over the folded webbing. The folded webbing must enter the slot at the top of the latch plate.



4. Continue to slide the latch plate up until it clears the folded webbing and the seat belt is no longer twisted.



#### Adjustable Upper Shoulder Belt Anchorage



In the driver and outboard front passenger seats, the top of the shoulder belt can be adjusted upward or downward to position the seat belt away from your neck. Push or squeeze the anchorage button to release the anchorage, and move it up or down to the position that serves you best.

As a guide, if you are shorter than average.

a lower position, and if you are taller than

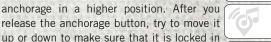
average, you will prefer the shoulder belt

position.



you will prefer the shoulder belt anchorage in













**Adjustable Anchorage** 

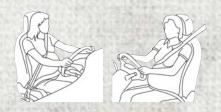
#### NOTE:

The adjustable upper shoulder belt anchorage is equipped with an Easy Up feature. This feature allows the shoulder belt anchorage to be adjusted in the upward position without pushing or squeezing the release button. To verify the shoulder belt anchorage is latched, pull downward on the shoulder belt anchorage until it is locked into position.

#### WARNING!

- Wearing your seat belt incorrectly could make your injuries in a collision much worse. You might suffer internal injuries, or you could even slide out of the seat belt. Follow these instructions to wear your seat belt safely and to keep your passengers safe, too.
- Position the shoulder belt across the shoulder and chest with minimal, if any slack so that it is comfortable and not resting on your neck. The retractor will withdraw any slack in the shoulder belt.
- Misadjustment of the seat belt could reduce the effectiveness of the safety belt in a crash.

#### **Seat Belts And Pregnant Women**



#### **Pregnant Women And Seat Belts**

Seat belts must be worn by all occupants including pregnant women: the risk of injury in the event of an accident is reduced for the mother and the unborn child if they are wearing a seat belt.

Position the lap belt snug and low below the abdomen and across the strong bones of the hips. Place the shoulder belt across the chest and away from the neck. Never place the shoulder belt behind the back or under the arm.

#### Seat Belt Pretensioner

The front seat belt system is equipped with pretensioning devices that are designed to remove slack from the seat belt in the event of a collision. These devices may improve the performance of the seat belt by removing slack from the seat belt early in a collision. Pretensioners work for all size occupants, including those in child restraints.

#### NOTE:

These devices are not a substitute for proper seat belt placement by the occupant. The seat belt still must be worn snugly and positioned properly.

The pretensioners are triggered by the Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC). Like the air bags, the pretensioners are single use items. A deployed pretensioner or a deployed air bag must be replaced immediately.

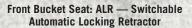
#### **Energy Management Feature**

The front seat belt system is equipped with an Energy Management feature that may help further reduce the risk of injury in the event of a collision. The seat belt system has a retractor assembly that is designed to release webbing in a controlled manner.

### Switchable Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR)

The seat belt in the passenger seating position is equipped with a Switchable Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) which is used to secure a child restraint system. For additional information, refer to "Installing Child Restraints Using The Vehicle Seat Belt" under the "Child Restraints" section of this manual. The figure below illustrates the locking feature for each seating position.

















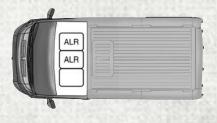












#### Front Bench Seat: ALR — Switchable Automatic Locking Retractor

If the passenger seating position is equipped with an ALR and is being used for normal usage, only pull the seat belt webbing out far enough to comfortably wrap around the occupant's mid-section so as to not activate the ALR. If the ALR is activated, you will hear a clicking sound as the seat belt retracts. Allow the webbing to retract completely in this case and then carefully pull out only the amount of

webbing necessary to comfortably wrap around the occupant's mid-section. Slide the latch plate into the buckle until you hear a "click."

In Automatic Locking Mode, the shoulder belt is automatically pre-locked. The seat belt will still retract to remove any slack in the shoulder belt. Use the Automatic Locking Mode anytime a child restraint is installed in a seating position that has a seat belt with this feature. Children 12 years old and under should always be properly restrained in a vehicle with a rear seat.

#### **WARNING!**

- Never place a rear-facing child restraint in front of an air bag. A deploying passenger front air bag can cause death or serious injury to a child 12 years or younger, including a child in a rearfacing child restraint.
- Only use a rear-facing child restraint in a vehicle with a rear seat.

#### **How To Engage The Automatic Locking Mode**

- 1. Buckle the combination lap and shoulder belt.
- 2. Grasp the shoulder portion and pull downward until the entire seat belt is extracted.
- 3. Allow the seat belt to retract. As the seat belt retracts, you will hear a clicking sound. This indicates the seat belt is now in the Automatic Locking Mode.

#### **How To Disengage The Automatic Locking Mode**

Unbuckle the combination lap/shoulder belt and allow it to retract completely to disengage the Automatic Locking Mode and activate the vehicle sensitive (emergency) locking mode.

#### WARNING!

 The seat belt assembly must be replaced if the switchable Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) feature or any other seat belt function is not working properly when checked according to the procedures in the Service Manual.

- Failure to replace the seat belt assembly could increase the risk of injury in collisions.
- Do not use the Automatic Locking Mode to restrain occupants who are wearing the seat belt or children who are using booster seats. The locked mode is only used to install rear-facing or forwardfacing child restraints that have a harness for restraining the child.

#### **Supplemental Restraint Systems** (SRS)

Some of the safety features described in this section may be standard equipment on some models, or may be optional equipment on others. If you are not sure, ask your authorized dealer.

The air bag system must be ready to protect you in a collision. The Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC) monitors the internal circuits and interconnecting wiring associated with the electrical Air Bag System Components. Your vehicle may be equipped with the following Air Bag System Components:

#### **Air Bag System Components**

- Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC)
- Air Bag Warning Light
- Steering Wheel and Column
- Instrument Panel
- Driver and Front Passenger Air Bags
- Seat Belt Buckle Switch
- Supplemental Side Air Bags
- Front and Side Impact Sensors
- Seat Belt Pretensioners

#### Air Bag Warning Light

The ORC monitors the readiness of the electronic parts of the air bag system whenever the ignition switch is in the AVV/START or MAR/ACC/ON/RUN position. If the ignition switch is in the STOP/OFF/LOCK position the air bag system is not on and the air bags will not inflate.

The ORC contains a backup power supply system that may deploy the air bag system even if the battery loses power or it becomes disconnected prior to deployment.

the ignition switch is in the MAR/ACC/ON/

detects a malfunction in any part of the system, it turns on the Air Bag Warning Light,

either momentarily or continuously. A single

chime will sound to alert you if the light

The ORC also includes diagnostics that will

illuminate the instrument panel Air Bag

Warning Light if a malfunction is detected

that could affect the air bag system. The

diagnostics also record the nature of the

malfunction. While the air bag system is

designed to be maintenance free, if any of the

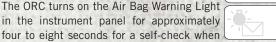
following occurs, have an authorized dealer

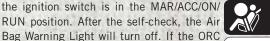
service the air bag system immediately.

comes on again after initial startup.



























- The Air Bag Warning Light does not come on during the four to eight seconds when the ignition switch is first in the MAR/ACC/ ON/RUN position.
- The Air Bag Warning Light remains on after the four to eight-second interval.
- The Air Bag Warning Light comes on intermittently or remains on while driving.

#### NOTE:

If the speedometer, tachometer, or any engine related gauges are not working, the Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC) may also be disabled. In this condition the air bags may not be ready to inflate for your protection. Have an authorized dealer service the air bag system immediately.

#### **WARNING!**

Ignoring the Air Bag Warning Light in your instrument panel could mean you won't have the air bag system to protect you in a collision. If the light does not come on as a bulb check when the ignition is first turned on, stays on after you start the vehicle, or if it comes on as you drive, have

#### WARNING!

an authorized dealer service the air bag system immediately.

#### **Front Air Bags**

This vehicle has front air bags and lap/ shoulder belts for both the driver and front passenger. The front air bags are a supplement to the seat belt restraint systems. The driver front air bag is mounted in the center of the steering wheel. The passenger front air bag is mounted in the instrument panel, above the glove compartment. The words "SRS AIRBAG" or "AIRBAG" are embossed on the air bag covers.



#### **Front Air Bag Locations**

- 1 Driver Front Air Bag
- 2 Passenger Front Air Bag

#### **WARNING!**

 Being too close to the steering wheel or instrument panel during front air bag deployment could cause serious injury, including death. Air bags need room to inflate. Sit back, comfortably extending

your arms to reach the steering wheel or instrument panel.

- Never place a rear-facing child restraint in front of an air bag. A deploying passenger front air bag can cause death or serious injury to a child 12 years or younger, including a child in a rearfacing child restraint.
- Only use a rear-facing child restraint in a vehicle with a rear seat.

#### **Driver And Passenger Front Air Bag Features**

The driver and passenger front air bag system is designed to inflate based on the severity and type of collision as determined by the Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC), which may receive information from the front impact sensors (if equipped) or other system components.

#### WARNING!

 No objects should be placed over or near the air bag on the instrument panel or steering wheel because any such objects

#### WARNING!

could cause harm if the vehicle is in a collision severe enough to cause the air bag to inflate.

- Do not put anything on or around the air bag covers or attempt to open them manually. You may damage the air bags and you could be injured because the air bags may no longer be functional. The protective covers for the air bag cushions are designed to open only when the air bags are inflating.
- · Relying on the air bags alone could lead to more severe injuries in a collision. The air bags work with your seat belt to restrain you properly. In some collisions, air bags won't deploy at all. Always wear your seat belts even though you have air bags.

#### Front Air Bag Operation

tional protection by supplementing the seat belts. Front air bags are not expected to reduce the risk of injury in rear, side, or rollover collisions. The front air bags will not deploy in all frontal collisions, including some that may produce substantial vehicle damage — for example, some pole collisions, truck underrides, and angle offset collisions.





On the other hand, depending on the type and location of impact, front air bags may deploy in crashes with little vehicle front-end damage but that produce a severe initial deceleration.

celeration over time, vehicle speed and dam-

age by themselves are not good indicators of

whether or not an air bag should have de-

Seat belts are necessary for your protection in

all collisions, and also are needed to help

the front air bags, it signals the inflator units.

A large quantity of non-toxic gas is generated

The steering wheel hub trim cover and the

upper right side of the instrument panel

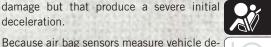
separate and fold out of the way as the air

to inflate the front air bags.

ployed.

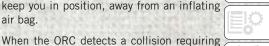
air bag.











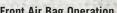












Front Air Bags are designed to provide addi-

bags inflate to their full size. The front air bags fully inflate in less time than it takes to blink your eyes. The front air bags then quickly deflate while helping to restrain the driver and front passenger.

#### **Supplemental Side Air Bags**

### Supplemental Seat-Mounted Side Air Bags (SABs)

This vehicle is equipped with Supplemental Seat-Mounted Side Air Bags (SABs).

Supplemental Seat-Mounted Side Air Bags (SABs) are located in the outboard side of the front seats. The SABs are marked with a "SRS AIRBAG" or "AIRBAG" label sewn into the outboard side of the seats.

The SABs may help to reduce the risk of occupant injury during certain side impacts, in addition to the injury reduction potential provided by the seat belts and body structure.



Front Supplemental Seat-Mounted Side Air Bag Label

When the SAB deploys, it opens the seam on the outboard side of the seatback's trim cover. The inflating SAB deploys through the seat seam into the space between the occupant and the door. The SAB moves at a very high speed and with such a high force that it could injure occupants if they are not seated properly, or if items are positioned in the area where the SAB inflates. Children are at an even greater risk of injury from a deploying air bag.

#### WARNING!

Do not use accessory seat covers or place objects between you and the Side Air Bags; the performance could be adversely affected and/or objects could be pushed into you, causing serious injury.

### Supplemental Side Air Bag Inflatable Curtains (SABICs)

This vehicle is equipped with Supplemental Side Air Bag Inflatable Curtains (SABICs).

Supplemental Side Air Bag Inflatable Curtains (SABICs) are located above the side windows. The trim covering the SABICs is labeled "SRS AIRBAG" or "AIRBAG."



Supplemental Side Air Bag Inflatable Curtain (SABIC) Label Location

SABICs may help reduce the risk of head and other injuries to front and rear seat outboard occupants in certain side impacts, in addition to the injury reduction potential provided by the seat belts and body structure.

The SABIC deploys downward, covering the side windows. An inflating SABIC pushes the outside edge of the headliner out of the way and covers the window. The SABICs inflate with enough force to injure occupants if they

are not belted and seated properly, or if items are positioned in the area where the SABICs inflate. Children are at an even greater risk of injury from a deploying air bag.

The SABICs may help reduce the risk of partial or complete ejection of vehicle occupants through side windows in certain side impact events.

#### WARNING!

- · Do not mount equipment, or stack luggage or other cargo up high enough to block the deployment of the SABICs. The trim covering above the side windows where the SABIC and its deployment path are located should remain free from any obstructions.
- . In order for the SABICs to work as intended, do not install any accessory items in your vehicle which could alter the roof. Do not add an aftermarket sunroof to your vehicle. Do not add roof racks that require permanent attachments (bolts or screws) for installation

#### WARNING!



on the vehicle roof. Do not drill into the roof of the vehicle for any reason.

severity and type of collision. The side impact

sensors aid the ORC in determining the ap-

propriate response to impact events. The sys-

tem is calibrated to deploy the Side Air Bags

on the impact side of the vehicle during

impacts that require Side Air Bag occupant

protection. In side impacts, the Side Air Bags

deploy independently; a left side impact de-

ploys the left Side Air Bags only and a right-

side impact deploys the right Side Air Bags

only. Vehicle damage by itself is not a good

indicator of whether or not Side Air Bags

should have deployed.



#### **Side Impacts**



The Side Air Bags are designed to activate in certain side impacts. The Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC) determines whether the deployment of the Side Air Bags in a particular impact event is appropriate, based on the















The Side Air Bags will not deploy in all side collisions, including some collisions at certain angles, or some side collisions that do

not impact the area of the passenger compartment. The Side Air Bags may deploy during angled or offset frontal collisions where the front air bags deploy.

Side Air Bags are a supplement to the seat belt restraint system. Side Air Bags deploy in less time than it takes to blink your eyes.

#### WARNING!

- Occupants, including children, who are up against or very close to Side Air Bags can be seriously injured or killed. Occupants, including children, should never lean on or sleep against the door, side windows, or area where the side air bags inflate, even if they are in an infant or child restraint.
- Seat belts (and child restraints where appropriate) are necessary for your protection in all collisions. They also help keep you in position, away from an inflating Side Air Bag. To get the best protection from the Side Air Bags, occupants must wear their seat belts properly and sit upright with their backs against

#### WARNING!

the seats. Children must be properly restrained in a child restraint or booster seat that is appropriate for the size of the child.

#### **WARNING!**

- Side Air Bags need room to inflate. Do not lean against the door or window. Sit upright in the center of the seat.
- Being too close to the Side Air Bags during deployment could cause you to be severely injured or killed.
- Relying on the Side Air Bags alone could lead to more severe injuries in a collision. The Side Air Bags work with your seat belt to restrain you properly. In some collisions, Side Air Bags won't deploy at all. Always wear your seat belt even though you have Side Air Bags.

#### NOTE:

Air bag covers may not be obvious in the interior trim, but they will open during air bag deployment.

#### **Rollover Events**

Side Air Bags are designed to activate in certain rollover events. The ORC determines whether the deployment of the Side Air Bags in a particular rollover event is appropriate, based on the severity and type of collision. Vehicle damage by itself is not a good indicator of whether or not Side Air Bags should have deployed.

The Side Air Bags will not deploy in all rollover events. The rollover sensing system determines if a rollover event may be in progress and whether deployment is appropriate. In the event the vehicle experiences a rollover or near rollover event, and deployment of the Side Air Bags is appropriate, the rollover sensing system will also deploy the seat belt pretensioners on both sides of the vehicle.

The SABICs may help reduce the risk of partial or complete ejection of vehicle occupants through side windows in certain roll-over or side impact events.

#### **Air Bag System Components**

#### NOTE:

The Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC) monitors the internal circuits and interconnecting wiring associated with electrical Air Bag System Components listed below:

- Occupant Restraint Controller (ORC)
- Air Bag Warning Light
- Steering Wheel and Column
- Instrument Panel
- Driver and Front Passenger Air Bags
- · Seat Belt Buckle Switch
- Supplemental Side Air Bags
- Front and Side Impact Sensors
- Seat Belt Pretensioners

#### **If A Deployment Occurs**

The front air bags are designed to deflate immediately after deployment.

#### NOTE:

Front and/or side air bags will not deploy in all collisions. This does not mean something is wrong with the air bag system.

If you do have a collision which deploys the air bags, any or all of the following may occur:

- The air bag material may sometimes cause abrasions and/or skin reddening to the occupants as the air bags deploy and unfold. The abrasions are similar to friction rope burns or those you might get sliding along a carpet or gymnasium floor. They are not caused by contact with chemicals. They are not permanent and normally heal quickly. However, if you haven't healed significantly within a few days, or if you have any blistering, see your doctor immediately.
- As the air bags deflate, you may see some smoke-like particles. The particles are a normal by-product of the process that generates the non-toxic gas used for air bag inflation. These airborne particles may irritate the skin, eyes, nose, or throat. If you have skin or eye irritation, rinse the area with cool water. For nose or throat irritation, move to fresh air. If the irritation continues, see your doctor. If these particles settle on your clothing, follow the garment manufacturer's instructions for cleaning.

Do not drive your vehicle after the air bags have deployed. If you are involved in another collision, the air bags will not be in place to protect you.







sioners cannot protect you in another col-

lision. Have the air bags, seat belt preten-

sioners, and the seat belt retractor

assemblies replaced by an authorized

dealer immediately. Also, have the Occu-

pant Restraint Controller System serviced







# as well.



 Air bag covers may not be obvious in the interior trim, but they will open during air bag deployment.



 After any collision, the vehicle should be taken to an authorized dealer immediately.



#### **Fuel Cut Off Switch**



Your vehicle is equipped with a Fuel Cut Off safety switch. In the event of an accident, if the communication network remains intact,





and the power remains intact, depending on the nature of the event, the Fuel Cut Off Switch may perform the following functions:

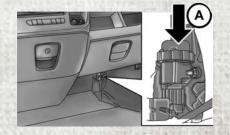
- Cut off fuel to the engine and turn off the engine.
- Flash hazard lights as long as the battery has power or until the hazard light button is pressed. The hazard lights can be deactivated by pressing the hazard light button.
- Turn on the interior lights, which remain on as long as the battery has power.
- Unlock the power door locks.

#### NOTE:

After an accident, remember to cycle the ignition to the STOP (OFF/LOCK) position and remove the key from the ignition switch to avoid draining the battery. Carefully check the vehicle for fuel leaks in the engine compartment and on the ground near the engine compartment and fuel tank before resetting the system and starting the engine. If there are no fuel leaks or damage to the vehicle electrical devices (e.g. headlights) after an accident, reset the Fuel Cut Off Switch by following the procedure described below.

#### **Fuel Cut Off Switch Reset Procedure**

In order to reset the Fuel Cut Off Switch after an event push the "A" Button located underneath the instrument panel on the passenger side.



#### **Fuel Cut Off Switch**

#### WARNING!

If, after an accident, you smell fuel or see leaks from the fuel system, do not reset the Fuel Cut Off Switch to avoid the risk of

#### WARNING!

fire. Before resetting the Fuel Cut Off Switch, carefully check for fuel leaks or damage to the vehicle electrical devices (e.g. headlights).

#### **Maintaining Your Air Bag System**

#### **WARNING!**

- Modifications to any part of the air bag system could cause it to fail when you need it. You could be injured if the air bag system is not there to protect you. Do not modify the components or wiring, including adding any kind of badges or stickers to the steering wheel hub trim cover or the upper right side of the instrument panel. Do not modify the front bumper, vehicle body structure, or add aftermarket side steps or running boards.
- It is dangerous to try to repair any part of the air bag system yourself. Be sure to tell anyone who works on your vehicle that it has an air bag system.

 Do not attempt to modify any part of your air bag system. The air bag may inflate accidentally or may not function properly if modifications are made. Take your vehicle to an authorized dealer for any air bag system service. If your seat, including your trim cover and cushion, needs to be serviced in any way (including removal or loosening/tightening of seat attachment bolts), take the vehicle to your authorized dealer. Only manufacturer approved seat accessories may be used. If it is necessary to modify the air bag system for persons with disabilities. contact your authorized dealer.

#### **Event Data Recorder (EDR)**

This vehicle is equipped with an event data recorder (EDR). The main purpose of an EDR is to record, in certain crash or near crash-like situations, such as an air bag deployment or hitting a road obstacle, data that will assist in understanding how a vehicle's systems performed. The EDR is designed to record data related to vehicle dynamics and safety systems for a short period of time, typically 30 seconds or less. The EDR in this vehicle is designed to record such data as:

- How various systems in your vehicle were operating:
- Whether or not the driver and passenger safety belts were buckled/fastened:
- How far (if at all) the driver was depressing the accelerator and/or brake pedal; and,
- How fast the vehicle was traveling.

These data can help provide a better understanding of the circumstances in which crashes and injuries occur.

#### NOTE:

EDR data are recorded by your vehicle only if a non-trivial crash situation occurs; no data are recorded by the EDR under normal driving conditions and no personal data (e.g., name, gender, age, and crash location) are recorded. However, other parties, such as law enforcement, could combine the EDR data with the type of personally identifying data routinely acquired during a crash investigation.

To read data recorded by an EDR, special equipment is required, and access to the vehicle or the EDR is needed. In addition to the vehicle manufacturer, other parties, such as law enforcement, that have the special equipment, can read the information if they have access to the vehicle or the EDR.







#### **Child Restraints**

ignoring it.



Everyone in your vehicle needs to be buckled up at all times, including babies and children. Every state in the United States, and every Canadian province, requires that small children ride in proper restraint systems. This



is the law, and you can be prosecuted for



Children 12 years or younger should ride properly buckled up in a rear seat, if available. According to crash statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seats rather than in the front.









#### WARNING!

In a collision, an unrestrained child can become a projectile inside the vehicle. The

force required to hold even an infant on your lap could become so great that you could not hold the child, no matter how strong you are. The child and others could be badly injured or killed. Any child riding in your vehicle should be in a proper restraint for the child's size.

There are different sizes and types of restraints for children from newborn size to the child almost large enough for an adult safety belt. Always check the child seat Owner's Manual to make sure you have the correct seat for your child. Carefully read and follow all the instructions and warnings in the child restraint Owner's Manual and on all the labels attached to the child restraint.

Before buying any restraint system, make sure that it has a label certifying that it meets all applicable Safety Standards. You should also make sure that you can install it in the vehicle where you will use it.

#### NOTE:

- For additional information, refer to www.safercar.gov/parents/index.htm or call: 1–888–327–4236
- Canadian residents should refer to Transport Canada's website for additional information: http://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/motorvehiclesafety/ safedrivers-childsafety-index-53.htm

#### **Summary Of Recommendations For Restraining Children In Vehicles**

	Child Size, Height, Weight Or Age	Recommended Type Of Child Restraint
Infants and Toddlers	Children who are two years old or younger and who have not reached the height or weight limits of their child restraint	Either an Infant Carrier or a Convertible Child Restraint, facing rearward in the rear seat of the vehicle
Small Children	Children who are at least two years old or who have outgrown the height or weight limit of their rear-facing child restraint	Forward-Facing Child Restraint with a five- point Harness, facing forward in the rear seat of the vehicle
Larger Children	Children who have outgrown their forward- facing child restraint, but are too small to prop- erly fit the vehicle's seat belt	Belt Positioning Booster Seat and the vehicle seat belt, seated in the rear seat of the vehicle
Children Too Large for Child Restraints	Children 12 years old or younger, who have outgrown the height or weight limit of their booster seat	Vehicle Seat Belt, seated in the rear seat of the vehicle

#### Infant And Child Restraints

Safety experts recommend that children ride rear-facing in the vehicle until they are two years old or until they reach either the height or weight limit of their rear-facing child restraint. Two types of child restraints can be used rear-facing: infant carriers and convertible child seats.

The infant carrier is only used rear-facing in the vehicle. It is recommended for children from birth until they reach the weight or height limit of the infant carrier. Convertible child seats can be used either rear-facing or forward-facing in the vehicle. Convertible child seats often have a higher weight limit in the rear-facing direction than infant carriers do, so they can be used rear-facing by children who have outgrown their infant carrier but are still less than at least two years old. Children should remain rear-facing until they reach the highest weight or height allowed by their convertible child seat.

#### WARNING!

- Never place a rear-facing child restraint facing child restraint.
- vehicle with a rear seat.

#### **Older Children And Child Restraints**

Children who are two years old or who have outgrown their rear-facing convertible child seat can ride forward-facing in the vehicle. Forward-facing child seats and convertible child seats used in the forward-facing direction are for children who are over two years old or who have outgrown the rear-facing weight or height limit of their rear-facing convertible child seat. Children should remain in a forward-facing child seat with a harness for as long as possible, up to the highest weight or height allowed by the child seat.

All children whose weight or height is above the forward-facing limit for the child seat should use a belt-positioning booster seat until the vehicle's seat belts fit properly. If the child cannot sit with knees bent over the vehicle's seat cushion while the child's back is against the seatback, they should use a belt-positioning booster seat. The child and belt-positioning booster seat are held in the vehicle by the seat belt.











 Improper installation can lead to failure of an infant or child restraint. It could come loose in a collision. The child could be badly injured or killed. Follow the child restraint manufacturer's directions exactly when installing an infant or child restraint.





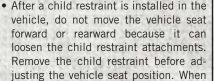


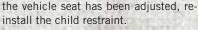




- in front of an air bag. A deploying passenger front air bag can cause death or serious injury to a child 12 years or younger, including a child in a rear-
- Only use a rear-facing child restraint in a

#### WARNING!





 When your child restraint is not in use, secure it in the vehicle with the seat belt or LATCH anchorages, or remove it from the vehicle. Do not leave it loose in the vehicle. In a sudden stop or accident, it could strike the occupants or seatbacks and cause serious personal injury.

#### **Children Too Large For Booster Seats**

Children who are large enough to wear the shoulder belt comfortably, and whose legs are long enough to bend over the front of the seat when their back is against the seatback, should use the seat belt in a rear seat. Use this simple 5-step test to decide whether the child can use the vehicle's seat belt alone:

- 1. Can the child sit all the way back against the back of the vehicle seat?
- 2. Do the child's knees bend comfortably over the front of the vehicle seat – while the child is still sitting all the way back?
- 3. Does the shoulder belt cross the child's shoulder between their neck and arm?

- 4. Is the lap part of the belt as low as possible, touching the child's thighs and not the stomach?
- 5. Can the child stay seated like this for the whole trip?

If the answer to any of these questions was "no," then the child still needs to use a booster seat in this vehicle. If the child is using the lap/shoulder belt, check seat belt fit periodically and make sure the seat belt buckle is latched. A child's squirming or slouching can move the belt out of position. If the shoulder belt contacts the face or neck, move the child closer to the center of the vehicle, or use a booster seat to position the seat belt on the child correctly.

#### WARNING!

Never allow a child to put the shoulder belt under an arm or behind their back. In a crash, the shoulder belt will not protect a child properly, which may result in serious injury or death. A child must always wear both the lap and shoulder portions of the seat belt correctly.

### Installing Child Restraints In Commercial Vehicles

This commercial vehicle is not designed for use as a family vehicle and is not intended for carrying children in the front passenger seat(s). Never install rear-facing child restraints in this vehicle. Although the seat belt can be locked to secure a child restraint, there are no tether anchorages to complete the proper installation of a forward-facing child restraint. If you must carry a child in a forward-facing child restraint, the passenger seat should be moved to the full rearward position and the child must be in a proper restraint system based on its age, size and weight. Follow the instructions below to secure the child restraint using the seat belt.

#### WARNING!

Rear-facing infant restraints must never be secured in the passenger seat of a vehicle with a passenger air bag. In a collision, a passenger air bag may deploy causing severe injury or death to infants riding in rear-facing infant restraints.

### Installing Child Restraints Using The Vehicle Seat Belt

Child restraint systems are designed to be secured in vehicle seats by lap belts or the lap belt portion of a lap/shoulder belt.

#### **WARNING!**

- Improper installation or failure to properly secure a child restraint can lead to failure of the restraint. The child could be badly injured or killed.
- Follow the child restraint manufacturer's directions exactly when installing an infant or child restraint.

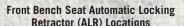
The seat belts in the passenger seating positions are equipped with a Switchable Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR). This seat belt is designed to keep the lap portion of the seat belt tight around the child restraint so that it is not necessary to use a locking clip. The ALR retractor can be "switched" into a locked mode by pulling all of the webbing out of the retractor and then letting the webbing retract back into the retractor. If it is locked, the ALR will make a clicking noise while the

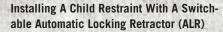
webbing is pulled back into the retractor. Refer to the "Automatic Locking Mode" description in "Switchable Automatic Locking Retractors (ALR)" under "Occupant Restraint Systems" for additional information on ALR.



Front Bucket Seat Automatic Locking Retractor (ALR) Location







Child restraint systems are designed to be secured in vehicle seats by lap belts or the lap belt portion of a lap/shoulder belt.

























- Improper installation or failure to properly secure a child restraint can lead to failure of the restraint. The child could be badly injured or killed.
- Follow the child restraint manufacturer's directions exactly when installing an infant or child restraint.
- 1. Place the child seat in the center of the seating position.
- 2. Pull enough of the seat belt webbing from the retractor to pass it through the belt path of the child restraint. Do not twist the belt webbing in the belt path.
- 3. Slide the latch plate into the buckle until you hear a "click."

- 4. Pull on the webbing to make the lap portion tight against the child seat.
- 5. To lock the seat belt, pull down on the shoulder part of the belt until you have pulled all the seat belt webbing out of the retractor. Then, allow the webbing to retract back into the retractor. As the webbing retracts, you will hear a clicking sound. This means the seat belt is now in the Automatic Locking mode.
- Try to pull the webbing out of the retractor.
   If it is locked, you should not be able to pull out any webbing. If the retractor is not locked, repeat step 5.
- Finally, pull up on any excess webbing to tighten the lap portion around the child restraint while you push the child restraint rearward and downward into the vehicle seat.

8. Test that the child restraint is installed tightly by pulling back and forth on the child seat at the belt path. It should not move more than 1 inch (25.4 mm) in any direction.

Any seat belt system will loosen with time, so check the belt occasionally, and pull it tight if necessary.

#### **Transporting Pets**

Air Bags deploying in the front seat could harm your pet. An unrestrained pet will be thrown about and possibly injured, or injure a passenger during panic braking or in a collision.

Pets should be restrained in the rear seat in pet harnesses or pet carriers that are secured by seat belts.

### **STARTING AND OPERATING**

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# STARTING THE ENGINE — GAS ENGINE

Before starting your vehicle, adjust your seat, adjust both inside and outside mirrors, and fasten your seat belts.

#### WARNING!

- Never leave children alone in a vehicle, or with access to an unlocked vehicle.
- Allowing children to be in a vehicle unattended is dangerous for a number of reasons. A child or others could be seriously or fatally injured. Children should be warned not to touch the parking brake, brake pedal or the transmission gear selector.
- Do not leave the key fob in or near the vehicle (or in a location accessible to children). A child could operate power windows, other controls, or move the vehicle.

#### **Normal Starting**

#### NOTE:

Normal starting of either a cold or a warm engine is obtained without pumping or pressing the accelerator pedal.

Turn the ignition switch to the AVV/ACC (START) position and release it when the engine starts. If the engine fails to start within 10 seconds, turn the ignition switch to the STOP (OFF/LOCK) position, wait 10 to 15 seconds, then repeat the "Normal Starting" procedure.

# STARTING THE ENGINE — DIESEL ENGINE

Before starting your vehicle, adjust your seat, both inside and outside mirrors, and fasten your seat belts.

The starter is allowed to crank for up to 10-second intervals. Waiting a few minutes between such intervals will protect the starter from overheating.

#### WARNING!

- Never leave children alone in a vehicle, or with access to an unlocked vehicle.
- Allowing children to be in a vehicle unattended is dangerous for a number of reasons. A child or others could be seriously or fatally injured. Children should be warned not to touch the parking brake, brake pedal or the transmission gear selector.
- Do not leave the key fob in or near the vehicle (or in a location accessible to children). A child could operate power windows, other controls, or move the vehicle.

#### NOTE:

Engine start up in very low ambient temperature could result in evident white smoke. This condition will disappear as the engine warms up.

## **CAUTION!**

If the "Generic Warning Light" remains on and a "Service Fuel Filter" message displays, DO NOT START engine before you drain the water from the fuel filter housing to avoid engine damage. Please see your authorized dealer for draining the fuel filter/water separator and fuel filter replacement.

# **Normal Starting Procedure**

The gear selector must be in the NEUTRAL (N) position, and the brake pedal must be pressed, to allow engine cranking. Place the gear selector in NEUTRAL (N) and apply the brake pedal BEFORE turning the key to the START/AVV position; otherwise, the engine will not crank and the key must be cycled OFF, then back on, before cranking is allowed.

Observe the instrument panel cluster lights when starting the engine.

### NOTE:

Normal starting of either a cold or a warm engine is obtained without pumping or pressing the accelerator pedal.

- 1. Press and hold the brake pedal.
- Place the gear selector into the NEUTRAL (N) position while keeping the brake pedal depressed.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch to the ON/RUN/ MAR position and watch the instrument panel cluster lights.

# **CAUTION!**

If the "Generic Warning Light" remains on and a "Service Fuel Filter" message displays, DO NOT START engine before you drain the water from the fuel filter housing to avoid engine damage. Please see your authorized dealer for draining the fuel filter/water separator and fuel filter replacement.

4. After the Glow Plug light turns off, turn the ignition switch to the AVV (START) position to start the engine. Do not press the accelerator during starting.

5. If you wish to stop the cranking of the engine prior to the engine starting, release the ignition key so that it turns back to the ON/RUN position.





Check that the oil pressure warning light has turned off.



7. Release the parking brake.



To start the engine if the transmission is faulty, the "Delayed startup" procedure may be required.



# NOTE:



Not all Transmission Failures requires the "Delayed startup" Procedure, it depends on the type of failure.(refer to "Instrument Cluster Messages" under "Automated Manual Transmission" in this section for further information):



• Begin with the key in the OFF position.



• Press and hold the brake pedal.



• Turn the key to the START/AVV position and hold it there for at least seven seconds with the brake depressed. The engine will start, and the transmission will operate in recovery mode (maximum gear permitted = 3rd, automatic mode not available). If the engine does not start, contact your authorized dealer.







# **Extreme Cold Weather**

Your vehicle may be equipped with three heating elements; one engine block heater (a resistance heater installed in the water jacket of the engine) and two transmission heaters (one resistance heater installed under the oil reservoir of the hydraulic actuation system and one on the differential cover of the transmission). To ensure reliable starting/ operating in extreme cold temperatures, use of an externally powered electric engine block/transmission heater (available from your authorized dealer) is recommended. They require a 110-115 Volt AC electrical outlet with a grounded, three-wire extension cord. Their use is recommended for environments that routinely fall below -10°F (-23°C). They should be used when the vehicle has not been running overnight or longer periods and should be plugged in two hours prior to start. Their use is required for cold starts with temperatures under -17°F (-27°C).

#### NOTE:

The engine is designed to work at an ambient temperature ranging from -22°F to + 122°F (-30°C to + 50C°). Rubber, pipes, timing belt cover and electronic devices are not designed to work out of this range.

In the case of LOW temperature after Starting, the Automated Manual Transmission may not be able to engage first gear. In this case a message "Shift not allowed" appears. In this situation use the engine block heater.

#### NOTE:

The engine and transmission block heater cord is a factory installed option. If your vehicle is not equipped, heater cords are available from your authorized Mopar dealer.

- A 12 Volt heater built into the fuel filter housing aids in preventing fuel gelling. It is controlled by a built-in thermostat.
- A Diesel Pre-Heat system both improves engine starting and reduces the amount of white smoke generated by a warming engine.

# **NORMAL OPERATION**

Observe the following when the diesel engine is operating.

- All message center lights are off.
- Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) is off.
- Generic Warning Light is off.
- Engine Oil Pressure telltale is not illuminated.

# **Stopping The Diesel Engine**

Idle the engine a few minutes before routine shutdown. After full load operation, idle the engine three to five minutes before shutting it down. This idle period will allow the lubricating oil and coolant to carry excess heat away from the combustion chamber, bearings, internal components, and turbocharger. This is especially important for turbocharged diesel engines.

### NOTE:

Refer to the following chart for proper engine shutdown.

Driving Condition	Load	Turbo- charger Tempera- ture	Idle Time (min.) Before Engine Shutdown
Stop and Go	Empty	Cool	Less than One
Stop and Go	Medium		One
Highway Speeds	Medium	Warm	Two
City Traf- fic	Maximum GCWR		Three
Highway Speeds	Maximum GCWR		Four
Uphill Grade	Maximum GCWR	Hot	Five

# **ENGINE BREAK-IN** RECOMMENDATIONS — GASOLINE ENGINE

A long break-in period is not required for the engine and drivetrain (transmission and axle) in your vehicle.

Drive moderately during the first 300 miles (500 km). After the initial 60 miles (100 km), speeds up to 50 or 55 mph (80 or 90 km/h) are desirable.

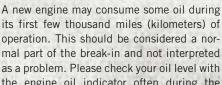
While cruising, brief full-throttle acceleration within the limits of local traffic laws contributes to a good break-in. Wide-open throttle acceleration in low gear can be detrimental and should be avoided.

The engine oil installed in the engine at the factory is a high-quality energy conserving type lubricant. Oil changes should be consistent with anticipated climate conditions under which vehicle operations will occur. For the recommended viscosity and quality grades, refer to "Fluids And Lubricants" in "Technical Specifications".

# **CAUTION!**

Never use Non-Detergent Oil or Straight Mineral Oil in the engine or damage may result.

#### NOTE:



































its first few thousand miles (kilometers) of operation. This should be considered a northe engine oil indicator often during the break in period. Add oil as required.

# **ENGINE BREAK-IN** ENGINE

The diesel engine does not require a break-in period due to its construction. Normal operation is allowed, providing the following recommendations are followed:

- Warm up the engine before placing it under load.
- · Do not operate the engine at idle for prolonged periods.
- · Use the appropriate transmission gear to prevent engine lugging.
- Observe vehicle oil pressure and temperature indicators.

- · Check the coolant and oil levels frequently.
- Vary accelerator pedal position at highway speeds when carrying or towing significant weight.

#### NOTE:

Light duty operation such as light trailer towing or no load operation will extend the time before the engine is at full efficiency. Reduced fuel economy and power may be seen at this time.

The engine oil installed in the engine at the factory is a high-quality energy conserving type lubricant. Oil changes should be consistent with anticipated climate conditions under which vehicle operations will occur. The recommended viscosity and quality grades are shown under "Fluids And Lubricants" in the "Technical Specifications" chapter in this manual. NON-DETERGENT OR STRAIGHT MINERAL OILS MUST NEVER BE USED.

# ELECTRIC PARK BRAKE (EPB) — DIESEL ONLY (IF EQUIPPED)

Your vehicle is equipped with an Electric Park Brake System (EPB) that offers simple operation, and some additional features that make the park brake more convenient and useful.

The park brake is primarily intended to prevent the vehicle from rolling while parked. Before leaving the vehicle, make sure that the park brake is applied.

You can engage the park brake in two ways;

- Manually, by applying the park brake switch.
- Automatically, by the Auto Park Brake feature whenever the vehicle speed is below 1.25 mph (2 km/h) and the ignition switch is in the STOP/OFF position.

The park brake switch is located on the instrument panel to the right of the instrument cluster.



**Electric Park Brake Switch** 

To apply the parking brake manually, pull and tilt the top of the switch away from the instrument panel momentarily. You may hear a mechanical sound while the parking brake operates; this is normal operating noise. Once the parking brake is fully engaged, the BRAKE warning lamp in the instrument cluster and an indicator on the switch will illuminate. The park brake can be applied even

when the ignition switch is OFF however, it can only be released when the ignition switch is in the ON/RUN position.

#### NOTE:

The EPB fault lamp will illuminate if the EPB switch is held for longer than 20 seconds if vehicle speed is less than 1.25 mph (2 kph), or 60 seconds if vehicle speed is greater than 1.25 mph (2 kph), in either the released or applied position. The light will extinguish upon releasing the switch.

The park brake will automatically engage whenever the ignition switch is turned OFF and the vehicle speed is below 1.25 mph (2 km/h) via the Auto Park Brake feature.

The electric park brake will automatically release if the engine is on and all following conditions are met:

- 1. Driver's weight is detected on the driver's seat.
- 2. Driver's seat is locked in forward direction (if equipped with swivel seat).
- 3. Transmission is in forward or reverse gears.
- 4. The accelerator pedal is pressed.

Or

- 1. Driver's weight is detected on the driver's seat.
- 2. Driver's seat is locked in forward direction (if equipped with swivel seat).
- 3. Transmission is moved from NEUTRAL to DRIVE or REVERSE gears.
- 4. Brake pedal is pressed.
- 5. Vehicle is on a slope less than 5 percent.

To release the park brake manually, the ignition switch must be in the ON/RUN position. Put your foot on the brake pedal, then push the parking brake switch down momentarily. Once the park brake is fully disengaged, the BRAKE warning lamp in the instrument cluster and the LED indicator on the switch will extinguish.

If during drive away the driver pulls the EPB switch (apply position) the drive away is halted and EPB will be reapplied.

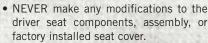
# WARNING!

To prevent SERIOUS INJURY or DEATH:

 NEVER install a driver seat cover or any other accessory on your driver seat.

## WARNING!







 NEVER place objects under the driver seat.



If your driver seat needs service for any reason, take your vehicle to your authorized dealer immediately.

#### NOTE:



 When parking on a hill, it is important to turn the front wheels toward the curb on a downhill grade and away from the curb on an uphill grade. The parking brake should always be applied whenever the driver is not in the vehicle.



t **A** 

 The Electronic Park Brake system communicates with the Driver Presence Detection sensor installed in the driver seat. The use of seat covers or seat accessories could prevent the Electronic Park Brake system from working properly and result in unin-

tended vehicle movement.











## WARNING!

- When leaving the vehicle, always remove the key fob from the ignition and lock your vehicle.
- Never leave children alone in a vehicle, or with access to an unlocked vehicle.
   Allowing children to be in a vehicle unattended is dangerous for a number of reasons. A child or others could be seriously or fatally injured. Children should be warned not to touch the parking brake, brake pedal or the gear selector.
- Do not leave the key fob in or near the vehicle, or in a location accessible to children, and do not leave a vehicle equipped with Keyless Enter-N-Go in the ACC or ON/RUN mode. A child could operate power windows, other controls, or move the vehicle.
- Be sure the parking brake is fully disengaged before driving; failure to do so can lead to brake failure and a collision.
- Always fully apply the parking brake when leaving your vehicle, or it may roll and cause damage or injury.

## **CAUTION!**

If the Brake System Warning Light remains on with the parking brake released, a brake system malfunction is indicated. Have the brake system serviced by an authorized dealer immediately.

If exceptional circumstances should make it necessary to engage the park brake while the vehicle is in motion, a buzzer repeats until the park brake switch is released or vehicle speed is below 1.25 mph (2 km/h).

To disengage the park brake while the vehicle is in motion, release the switch. If the vehicle is brought to a complete stop using the park brake, when the vehicle reaches approximately 1.25 mph (2 km/h) the parking brake will remain engaged.

# **WARNING!**

Driving the vehicle with the parking brake engaged, or repeated use of the parking brake to slow the vehicle may cause serious damage to the brake system. Be sure

## WARNING!

the parking brake is fully disengaged before driving; failure to do so can lead to brake failure and a collision.

In the unlikely event of a malfunction of the Electric Park Brake system, a yellow triangle EPB fault lamp will illuminate. In this status some EPB functionality may be deactivated, in this event, urgent service of the electric park brake system is required. Do not rely on the parking brake to hold the vehicle stationary, wheel chocks or other mechanical securing of the vehicle is required to prevent rolling.

## **Loss Of Electric Power**

If electric power is not available and the EPB must be released for towing the vehicle, the EPB can be mechanically released by use of an Allen wrench. EPB mechanical release should only be performed by qualified service personnel and only when the vehicle is secured from rolling.

# - DIESEL ONLY

## WARNING!

You or others could be injured if you leave the vehicle unattended without fully applying the parking brake. The parking brake should always be applied when the driver is not in the vehicle.

The automated manual transmission is a conventional six-speed manual transmission with an electronically-controlled hydraulic system that controls the clutch and gear shifting. In forward gears, this transmission offers two modes of operation:

- MANUAL (M) Mode where the driver controls the transmission shifting.
- Automatic Mode (the DRIVE [D] position) where the electronic system controls the gear shifts.

#### NOTE:

In either mode, there is no clutch pedal; the electronic system always controls the clutch operation.

#### Gear Selector/Transmission Gear Position

The transmission gear selector has REVERSE (R), NEUTRAL (N), DRIVE (D) and MANUAL (M) positions.

In the MANUAL (M) position, the lever can be toggled rearward or forward (+/-) to upshift or downshift the transmission to the next gear.

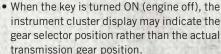
With the key ON and the engine OFF the gear selector can be moved freely from NEUTRAL (N) to DRIVE (D) or REVERSE (R), however the transmission will not actually shift unless the brake pedal is pressed. Therefore, the gear selector and the instrument cluster display may not correspond to the actual transmission gear range. With the engine running transmission shifts are allowed even if the brake pedal is not pressed.

#### NOTE:

- The Automated Manual Transmission must be in NEUTRAL (N) to start the vehicle.
- The actual transmission gear range (R, N, D, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) is displayed in the instrument cluster display whenever the engine is running.

· When the key is turned OFF the transmission remains in its previous gear position, regardless of the gear selector position.







To shift the transmission to a particular gear range (with key ON/engine off), press and hold the brake pedal, move the gear selector to NEUTRAL (N), then move the gear selector to the desired position.





To drive, press the brake pedal and start the engine, then move the gear selector from NEUTRAL (N) to the DRIVE (D) position for automatic mode, the MANUAL (M) position for manual mode or the REVERSE (R) posi-

tion.















**Gear Selector** 

Only shift into DRIVE (D) or REVERSE (R) when the accelerator pedal is released and the vehicle is stopped. It is necessary to keep your foot on the brake pedal when shifting between these gears.

# **Gear Ranges**

Do not depress the accelerator pedal when shifting from NEUTRAL into another gear range.

#### NOTE:

After selecting any gear range, wait to allow the selected gear to engage before accelerating. This is especially important when the engine is cold.

## REVERSE (R)

This range is for moving the vehicle backward. Shift into REVERSE only after the vehicle has come to a complete stop.

To engage REVERSE (R):

- Press and hold the brake pedal.
- Move the gear selector to the REVERSE (R) position.

## NOTE:

If the vehicle is moving, REVERSE engagement will only occur if the vehicle speed is less than 2 mph (3 km/h). Otherwise, a chime will sound, a "Shift not allowed" message will be displayed in the instrument cluster display, the transmission will shift to NEUTRAL, and the REVERSE request must then be repeated by returning the lever to NEUTRAL then back into REVERSE once the vehicle has come to a complete stop.

• Release the brake pedal and gently press the accelerator pedal.

## **NEUTRAL (N)**

Use this range when the vehicle is standing for prolonged periods with the engine running. The engine can only be started in this range. Apply the parking brake, shift the transmission into gear, and turn the engine OFF if you must exit vehicle.

With the engine running, you may shift to NEUTRAL (N) at any time if the accelerator pedal is released. Attempting to shift to NEUTRAL when the accelerator pedal is depressed will display a "Shift not allowed" message in the instrument cluster display, and will activate a continuous chime until the gear selector is returned to its previous position.

## DRIVE (D) (Automatic Mode)

This range may be used for both city and highway driving. The transmission will shift gears automatically, based on vehicle speed, engine RPM and accelerator pedal position. There are some instances where this mode may be necessary (climbing slippery slopes).

#### NOTE:

Do not press the brake and accelerator pedals at the same time. Use only one foot to operate the brake and accelerator.

To operate in DRIVE (D) (Automatic mode):

- Press and hold the brake pedal.
- . Move the gear selector to the DRIVE (D) position.

#### NOTE:

If the vehicle is moving, DRIVE engagement will only occur if the vehicle speed is less than 2 mph (3 km/h). Otherwise, a chime will sound, the transmission will shift to NEU-TRAL, and the DRIVE request must then be repeated by returning the lever to NEUTRAL and then back into DRIVE once the speed has been sufficiently reduced.

• To drive, release the brake pedal and press the accelerator pedal.

When in DRIVE (D) the transmission will shift gears automatically. The Automated Manual Transmission uses a geartrain and clutch similar to other manual transmissions. Therefore, you should become familiar with some of the normal operational characteristics of the Automated Manual Transmission:

- Engine torque will be interrupted briefly during the transmission upshifts, making these shifts more abrupt than with a typical automatic transmission. This is normal.
- · Although transmission shifting is performed automatically, the vehicle will not "creep" when the brake pedal is released, and may in fact roll down on an incline. Leaving from a stop, the accelerator pedal must be pressed to transmit driving torque to the wheels.
- In Automatic Mode, the Automated Manual Transmission adapts the gear changing strategy evaluating the road condition such as slopes in the road.
- During low-speed driving conditions in first gear, vehicle momentum changes may feel exaggerated in response to changes in accelerator pedal position. This behavior is normal and is similar to other vehicles equipped with manual transmissions.

 At low speeds you may hear mechanical noises similar to a manual transmission as the transmission changes gears. These noises are normal and will not damage the transmission.

down actions are needed.

not damage the transmission.

During extremely cold temperatures, the

transmission will not operate if the oil tem-

perature is -22°F (-30°C) or below. Normal

operation will resume once the transmission

temperature has risen to a suitable level. When transmission actuation oil temperature

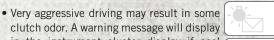
is lower than -22°F (-30°C), engine start will

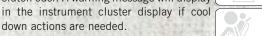
not be allowed. For this reason the block

heater is recommended below -17°F (-27°C).











 Before and after the engine is started, you may hear a hydraulic pump for a short period of time. This noise is normal and will

















## Manual (M) (Manual Mode)

In the MANUAL (M) position the driver is responsible for choosing the best gear ratio to engage, depending on driving conditions.

#### NOTE:

Do not press the brake and accelerator pedals at the same time. Use only one foot to operate the brake and accelerator.

To operate in MANUAL (M) mode:

- Press and hold the brake pedal.
- Move the gear selector to the MANUAL (M) position. The current gear will be displayed in the instrument cluster.
- To drive, release the brake pedal and press the accelerator pedal.
- Tap the gear selector towards the (+) to engage a higher gear.
- Tap the gear selector towards the (-) position to engage a lower gear.
- The accelerator pedal need not be released during gear changes in MANUAL mode.

- You can shift between DRIVE (D) and MANUAL (M) positions at any speed, without taking your foot off the accelerator pedal.
- The system will shift down through the gears automatically (to prevent engine lugging) during closed-throttle decelerations.
- The transmission will automatically downshift to first gear when coming to a stop. After a stop, the driver should manually upshift (+) the transmission as the vehicle is accelerated.
- You can start out, from a stop, in first or second gear. Tap (+) (at a stop) to select second gear. Starting out in second gear may be helpful in snowy or icy conditions.
- The system will ignore shift commands that would cause engine lugging or overspeed.
   An audible beep will sound and a "Shift not allowed" message will appear in the instrument cluster if an inappropriate gear is requested.

### NOTE:

Avoid keeping your hand on the lever when you are not requesting a gear shift.

## When To Use TOW/HAUL Mode

When driving in hilly areas, towing a trailer, carrying a heavy load, etc., and frequent transmission shifting occurs, press the TOW/HAUL switch to activate TOW/HAUL mode. This will improve performance and reduce the potential for transmission overheating or failure due to excessive shifting. When operating in TOW/HAUL mode, the transmission shift calibration is modified to accommodate steep grades in the smoothest possible manner. TOW/HAUL mode is only applicable in the DRIVE (D) position.

# **Parking The Vehicle**

# WARNING!

You or others could be injured if you leave the vehicle unattended without fully applying the parking brake. The parking brake should always be applied when the driver is not in the vehicle.

To ensure proper parking performance, it is essential to engage MANUAL (1st) gear, DRIVE (D) or REVERSE (R) gear while your foot is on the brake pedal. Once MANUAL

(1st) gear, DRIVE (D) or REVERSE (R) gear is displayed in the instrument cluster display, turn the engine off and engage the parking brake. It is essential to wait until the gear engaged appears in the display before turning the engine off and releasing the brake pedal. Always remember to apply your parking brake.

#### NOTE:

NEVER leave your vehicle with the gearbox in NEUTRAL (N) without the parking brake engaged. Always remember to fully apply your parking brake. Always remember to apply the parking brake when the "Set Park Brake" message is displayed.

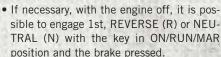
## **General Warnings**

 With the vehicle at a standstill and a gear engaged, keep the brake pedal pressed until you decide to drive away. Then release the brake and accelerate gradually.

- When parked for long periods with the engine running, it is advisable to place the transmission in NEUTRAL (N) and apply the parking brake.
- To avoid accelerated clutch wear, do not use the accelerator to keep the vehicle at a standstill (for example, holding on a hill); the clutch could be damaged by overheating. Use the brake pedal instead and operate the accelerator only when you are ready to drive away.
- Only launch (from a stop) in second gear when you need more control on surfaces with low traction.
- Only shift between DRIVE (D) and RE-VERSE (R) gears when the vehicle has come to a stop and the brake pedal is pressed.
- Although very inadvisable, if the vehicle is unexpectedly allowed to roll downhill with the gearbox in NEUTRAL (N) the system will automatically engage the gear best

suited to vehicle speed when a gear shift is requested to allow drive to be correctly transmitted to the wheels.







 During hill starts, accelerate immediately after releasing the parking brake or brake pedal to allow the engine to increase its rpm to a greater extent and overcome higher gradients with more torque.







# **Instrument Cluster Messages**



Messages will be displayed in the instrument cluster to alert the driver when certain unusual conditions occur. These messages are described below.









MESSAGE	DESCRIPTION		
Service Transmission	When the ignition key is turned to ON/RUN/MAR, the Transmission Fault Indicator light turns on and should go off after a few seconds.  The Transmission Fault Indicator illuminates either steady or blinking (together with this message and a buzzer) to indicate a transmission fault.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.		
Reduce Gear Changes	This message indicates that the driver is operating the transmission incorrectly.  Incorrect use (by the driver) could automatically activate a procedure for protecting the system.  Contact you authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.		
Manual Unavailable	MANUAL (M) mode is not available, due to a fault or other condition. Use the DRIVE (D) position to operate the vehicle.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.		
Automatic Unavailable	Automatic (DRIVE) mode is not available due to a fault or other condition. Use MANUAL (M) mode to operate the vehicle.  Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.		
Transmission Temperature High	This message appears, together with a buzzer, when the clutch overheats.  In this situation, limit stop and go driving and gear shifts or if necessary stop the vehicle and turn the engine off to allow the clutch to cool.  If the message continues to appear, contact your authorized dealer.  To avoid clutch malfunction, do not use the accelerator to keep the vehicle at a standstill (for example holding on a hill); the clutch could be damaged by overheating. Use the brake pedal instead and operate the accelerator only when you are ready to drive away.		
Press Brake Pedal / Startup Delayed	This message appears when the key is first turned ON, if the brake pedal is not depressed and/or the gear selector is not in NEUTRAL (N). The gear selector must be in the NEUTRAL (N) position, and the brake pedal must be pressed, to allow engine cranking. Place the gear selector in NEUTRAL (N) and apply the brake pedal BEFORE turning the key to the START/AVV position; otherwise, the engine will not crank and the key must be cycled OFF, then back on, before cranking is allowed.		

MESSAGE	DESCRIPTION	
Gear Unavailable	This message appears, along with a warning buzzer:  • When it is not possible to change gear due to a fault in the system.  • When, due a fault in the system, it is only possible to engage 1st (1), 2nd (2), 3rd (3) or REVERSE (R). Contact your authorized dealer if the message continues to appear.	
Shift Not Allowed	This message may appear when starting the engine at low temperature. In this case the Automated Manual transmission isn't able to engage first gear, in this situation either use the engine block/ transmission heater or allow the engine to idle in NEUTRAL (N) until the transmission has warmed.	
Press Brake And Try Again	This message appears accompanied, in some cases, by a warning buzzer, if you attempt to change gear with the vehicle parked without pressing the brake pedal.  To shift the transmission (with key on/engine off), press and hold the brake pedal, move the gear selector to NEUTRAL (N), then move the gear selector to the desired position.	
Shift To Neutral	This message appears, when the gear selector must be moved to the NEUTRAL (N) position. When the gear selector is moved to NEUTRAL (N) the message on the display should go off.	
Press Brake Pedal	This message is shown in the display together with an acoustic signal, when the brake pedal is not pressed during a starting attempt.	
Press Brake Shift to N key to start	This message appears, when the drivers door is first opened, to remind to Press the Brake pedal and shift the lever in N to permit the cranking.	























# **Towing The Vehicle**

### NOTE:

- The information in this section is for Automated Manual Transmission (Diesel Engine) models ONLY. DO NOT flat tow any model with a gasoline engine. Gasoline engine models MUST be towed with front wheels OFF the ground. See "Recreational Towing" for additional information.
- For vehicles equipped with Electric Park Brake, you must ensure that the Auto Park Brake feature is disabled before being towed, to avoid inadvertent Electric Park Brake engagement. The Auto Park Brake feature can be temporarily disabled by holding the park brake switch in the off position while turning the ignition key from ON/RUN to "OFF".
- Vehicles with a discharged battery or total electrical failure when the Electric Park Brake (EPB) is engaged, will need a wheel dolly or jack to raise the rear wheels off the ground when moving the vehicle onto a flatbed.

- The manufacturer recommends towing your vehicle with all four wheels **OFF** the ground using a flatbed.
- Automated Manual transmission vehicles can also be flat towed (all four wheels on the ground) with the transmission in NEU-TRAL. Ensure the transmission is in NEU-TRAL (N) (by checking that the vehicle moves when pushed) and tow in the same way as a normal vehicle with a manual transmission.

If it is not possible to shift the transmission to NEUTRAL (N), do not flat tow the vehicle and contact your authorized dealer.

If you must use the accessories (wipers, defrosters, etc.) while being towed, the ignition must be in the ON/RUN mode.

#### NOTE:

For vehicles equipped with Electric Park Brake the SafeHold feature will engage the Electric Park Brake whenever the driver's door is opened (if the ignition is ON and the brake pedal is released). If you are towing this vehicle with the ignition in the ON/RUN position, you must manually disable the Electric Park Brake each time the driver's door is opened, by pressing the brake pedal and then releasing the EPB.

# **CAUTION!**

- DO NOT flat tow any disabled vehicle if condition is related to the clutch, transmission or driveline. Additional damage to the drivetrain could result.
- Towing this vehicle in violation of the above requirements can cause severe engine, transmission, or drivetrain damage. Damage from improper towing is not covered under the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.
- Ensure that the electric park brake (if equipped) is released, and remains released, while being towed.

# SPEED CONTROL

When engaged, the Speed Control takes over accelerator operations at speeds greater than 25 mph (40 km/h) up to the maximum speed of 100 mph (160 km/h).

The Speed Control Lever is located on the left side of the steering column.



**Speed Control Lever** 

- 1 Resume
- 2 Set/Accel
- 3 On/Off
- 4 Decel

### NOTE:

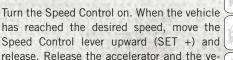
In order to ensure proper operation, the Speed Control System has been designed to shut down if multiple Speed Control functions are operated at the same time. If this occurs, the Speed Control System can be reactivated by rotating the Speed Control ON/OFF center ring and resetting the desired vehicle set speed.

# To Activate

Rotate the center ring upward on the Speed Control lever to turn the system on. The Cruise Indicator Light in the instrument cluster display will illuminate. To turn the system off, rotate the center ring upward a second time. The Cruise Indicator Light will turn off. The system should be turned off when not in use.

## WARNING!

# To Set A Desired Speed









#### NOTE:

(km/h):

The vehicle should be traveling at a steady speed and on level ground before moving the Speed Control lever upward (SET +).

hicle will operate at the selected speed.



# To Vary The Speed Setting

## To Increase Speed

When the Speed Control is set, you can increase speed by tapping the Speed Control lever up (SET +).

to "Uconnect Settings" in "Multimedia" at

www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html

(U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca

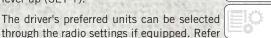
(Canadian Residents) for more information.

The speed increment shown is dependant on

the chosen speed unit of U.S. (mph) or Metric

















Leaving the Speed Control system on when not in use is dangerous. You could accidentally set the system or cause it to go faster than you want. You could lose control and have an accident. Always leave the system off when you are not using it.

## U.S. Speed (mph)

- Tapping the Speed Control lever up (SET +) once will result in a 1 mph increase in set speed. Each subsequent tap of the lever results in an increase of 1 mph.
- If the lever is continually held up, the set speed will continue to increase until the lever is released, then the new set speed will be established.

# Metric Speed (km/h)

- Tapping the Speed Control lever up (SET +) once will result in a 1 km/h increase in set speed. Each subsequent tap of the lever results in an increase of 1 km/h.
- If the lever is continually held up, the set speed will continue to increase until the lever is released, then the new set speed will be established.

## To Decrease Speed

When the Speed Control is set, you can decrease speed by tapping the Speed Control lever down (-).

The driver's preferred units can be selected through the radio settings if equipped. Refer to "Uconnect Settings" in "Multimedia" at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for more information. The speed increment shown is dependant on the chosen speed unit of U.S. (mph) or Metric (km/h):

## U.S. Speed (mph)

- Tapping the Speed Control lever down (-) once will result in a 1 mph decrease in set speed. Each subsequent tap of the lever results in a decrease of 1 mph.
- If the lever is continually held down, the set speed will continue to decrease until the lever is released, then the new set speed will be established.

Metric Speed (km/h)

- Tapping the Speed Control lever down (-) once will result in a 1 km/h decrease in set speed. Each subsequent tap of the lever results in a decrease of 1 km/h.
- If the lever is continually held down, the set speed will continue to decrease until the lever is released, then the new set speed will be established.

# To Accelerate For Passing

Press the accelerator as you would normally. When the pedal is released, the vehicle will return to the set speed.

## **Using Speed Control On Hills**

The transmission may downshift on hills to maintain the vehicle set speed.

## NOTE:

The Speed Control system maintains speed up and down hills. A slight speed change on moderate hills is normal.

On steep hills, a greater speed loss or gain may occur so it may be preferable to drive without Speed Control.

## WARNING!

Speed Control can be dangerous where the system cannot maintain a constant speed. Your vehicle could go too fast for the conditions, and you could lose control and have an accident. Do not use Speed Control in heavy traffic or on roads that are winding, icy, snow-covered or slippery.

# **To Resume Speed**

To resume a previously set speed, push the RES button and release. Resume can be used at any speed above 20 mph (32 km/h) up to the maximum speed of 100 mph (160 km/h).

# To Deactivate

A soft tap on the brake pedal, pushing the RES button, or normal brake pressure while slowing the vehicle will deactivate Speed Control without erasing the set speed memory. Rotating the center ring upward to turn the system off or turning the ignition switch OFF erases the set speed memory.

# PARKSENSE REAR PARK ASSIST

If an obstacle is behind the vehicle when REVERSE gear is engaged, an audible alert is activated.

The tones emitted by the loudspeaker inform the driver that the vehicle is approaching an obstacle. The pauses between the tones are directly proportional to the distance from the obstacle. Pulses emitted in quick succession indicate the presence of a very close obstacle. A continuous tone indicates that the obstacle is less than 12 inches (30 cm) away.

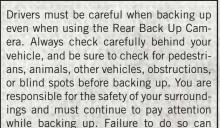
# PARKVIEW REAR BACK-UP CAMERA

You can see an on-screen image of the rear of your vehicle whenever the gear selector is put into REVERSE. The ParkView Rear Back-Up Camera image is displayed on the touch-screen display located on the center stack of the instrument panel.

#### NOTE:

If the touchscreen display appears foggy, clean the camera lens located on the top rear of the vehicle below the center light.

# WARNING!













# REFUELING THE VEHICLE — GAS ENGINE

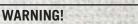
result in serious injury or death.

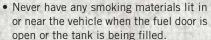
The gas cap is located behind the fuel filler door on the left side of the vehicle. If the gas cap is lost or damaged, be sure the replacement cap is for use with this vehicle.

















## WARNING!

- Never add fuel when the engine is running. This is in violation of most state and federal fire regulations and may cause the "Malfunction Indicator Light" to turn on.
- A fire may result if fuel is pumped into a portable container that is inside of a vehicle. You could be burned. Always place fuel containers on the ground while filling.

## **CAUTION!**

- Damage to the fuel system or emissions control system could result from using an improper fuel tank filler tube cap.
- A poorly fitting fuel filler cap could let impurities into the fuel system.
- A poorly fitting fuel filler cap may cause the "Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL)" to turn on.
- To avoid fuel spillage and overfilling, do not "top off" the fuel tank after filling. When the fuel nozzle "clicks" or shuts off, the fuel tank is full.

#### NOTE:

- When the fuel nozzle "clicks" or shuts off, the fuel tank is full.
- Tighten the fuel filler cap until you hear a "clicking" sound. This is an indication that the fuel filler cap is properly tightened.
- If the gas cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on. Be sure the gas cap is tightened every time the vehicle is refueled.

# **Materials Added To Fuel**

Designated TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline contains a higher level of detergents to further aide in minimizing en-



gine and fuel system deposits. When available, the usage of Top Tier Detergent gasoline is recommended. Visit www.toptiergas.com for a list of TOP TIER Detergent Gasoline Retailers.

Indiscriminate use of fuel system cleaning agents should be avoided. Many of these materials intended for gum and varnish re-

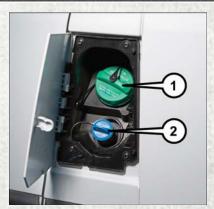
moval may contain active solvents or similar ingredients. These can harm fuel system gasket and diaphragm materials.

# REFUELING THE VEHICLE — DIESEL

The fuel cap is located behind the fuel filler door on the left side of the vehicle. If the fuel cap is lost or damaged, be sure the replacement cap is for use with this vehicle.

## **CAUTION!**

It is extremely important to avoid any contamination of the Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) with diesel fuel or other petroleum products. Ensure that the DEF filler cap is in place and completely tightened before opening or filling the diesel fuel tank.



Fuel/DEF Fill Locations

- 1 Diesel Fuel Fill Location
- 2 Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) Fill Location

# **CAUTION!**

To avoid fuel spillage and overfilling, do not "top off" the fuel tank after filling.

#### NOTE:

- When the fuel nozzle "clicks" or shuts off, the fuel tank is full.
- Tighten the fuel filler cap until you hear a "clicking" sound. This is an indication that the fuel filler cap is properly tightened.
- · Make sure that the fuel filler cap is tightened each time the vehicle is refueled.

## WARNING!

A fire may result if fuel is pumped into a portable container that is on a truck bed. You could be burned. Always place fuel containers on the ground while filling.

# DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID

Your vehicle is equipped with a Selective Catalytic Reduction system to meet the very stringent diesel emissions standards required by the Environmental Protection Agency.

The purpose of the SCR system is to reduce levels of NOx (oxides of nitrogen emitted from engines) that are harmful to our health and the environment to a near-zero level. Small quantities of Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) is injected into the exhaust upstream of a catalyst where, when vaporized, it converts smogforming nitrogen oxides (NOx) into harmless nitrogen (N2) and water vapor (H2O), two natural components of the air we breathe. You can operate with the comfort that your vehicle is contributing to a cleaner, healthier world environment for this and generations to come.









## **System Overview**

This vehicle is equipped with a Diesel Ex haust Fluid (DEF) injection system and a Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) catalyst to meet the emission requirements.





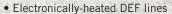
The DEF injection system consists of the following components:













Temperature sensors

SCR catalyst













The DEF injection system and SCR catalyst enable the achievement of diesel emissions requirements; while maintaining outstanding fuel economy, drivability, torque and power ratings.

Refer to "Instrument Cluster Display" in "Getting To Know Your Instrument Panel" for system messages and warnings.

### NOTE:

- Your vehicle is equipped with a DEF injection system. You may occasionally hear an audible clicking noise from under the vehicle at a stop. This is normal operation.
- The DEF pump will run for a period of time after engine shutdown to purge the DEF system. This is normal operation and may be audible from under the vehicle.

# **Adding Diesel Exhaust Fluid**

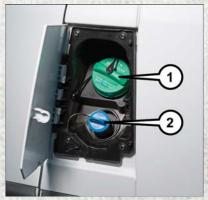
#### NOTE:

Driving conditions (altitude, vehicle speed, load, etc.) will effect the amount of DEF that is used by your vehicle.

### **DEF Fill Procedure**

#### NOTE:

Refer to "Fluids And Lubricants" in "Technical Specifications" for the correct fluid type.



**Fuel/DEF Fill Locations** 

- 1 Diesel Fuel Fill Location
- 2 Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) Fill Location

## **CAUTION!**

It is extremely important to avoid any contamination of the diesel fuel with Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF). Ensure that the diesel fuel filler cap is in place and completely tightened before opening or filling the DEF.

- Remove cap from DEF filler neck (located on drivers side of the vehicle in the fuel door).
- 2. Insert DEF fill adapter/nozzle into DEF tank filler neck.

## **CAUTION!**

- To avoid DEF spillage, and possible damage to the DEF tank from overfilling, do not "top off" the DEF tank after filling.
- DO NOT OVERFILL. DEF will freeze below 12°F (-11°C). The DEF system is designed to work in temperatures below the DEF freezing point, however, if the tank is overfilled and freezes, the system could be damaged.

## **CAUTION!**

- When DEF is spilled, clean the area immediately with water and use an absorbent material to soak up the spills on the ground.
- Do not attempt to start your engine if DEF is accidentally added to the diesel fuel tank as it can result in severe damage to your engine, including but not limited to failure of the fuel pump and injectors.
- Never add anything other than DEF to the tank – especially any form of hydrocarbon such as diesel fuel, fuel system additives, gasoline, or any other petroleum-based product. Even a very small amount of these, less than 100 parts per million or less than 1 oz. per 78 gallons (295 liters) will contaminate the entire DEF system and will require replacement. If owners use a container, funnel or nozzle when refilling the tank, it should either be new or one that is has only been used for adding DEF. Mopar provides an attachable nozzle with its DEF for this purpose.

- 3. Stop filling the DEF tank immediately when any of the following happen:
  - DEF stops flowing from the fill bottle into the DEF tank.
  - DEF splashes out the filler neck.
  - DEF pump nozzle automatically shuts off.
- 4. Reinstall cap onto DEF filler neck.

## Filling The Def Tank In Cold Climates

Since DEF will begin to freeze at 12°F (-11°C), your vehicle is equipped with an automatic DEF heating system. This allows the DEF injection system to operate properly at temperatures below 12°F (-11°C). If your vehicle is not in operation for an extended period of time with temperatures below 12°F (-11°C), the DEF in the tank may freeze. If the tank is overfilled and freezes, it could be damaged. Therefore, do not overfill the DEF tank.

Extra care should be taken when filling with portable containers to avoid overfilling.

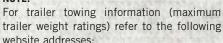
# TRAILER TOWING



# Trailer Towing Weights (Maximum Trailer Weight Ratings)



#### NOTE:





- · ramtrucks.com/en/towing guide/
- ramtruck.ca (Canada)
- rambodybuilder.com

















# RECREATIONAL TOWING (BEHIND MOTORHOME, ETC.)

# **Towing This Vehicle Behind Another Vehicle**

Towing Condition	Wheels OFF the Ground	Gasoline Engine All Models	Diesel Engine All Models
Flat Tow	NONE	NOT ALLOWED	Trans In NEUTRAL
Della Taur	Front	OK	OK
Dolly Tow	Rear	NOT ALLOWED	Trans In NEUTRAL
On Trailer	ALL	OK	OK

#### NOTE:

When towing your vehicle, always follow applicable state and provincial laws. Contact state and provincial Highway Safety offices for additional details.

### NOTE:

For vehicles equipped with diesel engine and electric park brake, see important information under "Automated Manual Transmission".

# Recreational Towing — Gasoline Engine All Models

Recreational towing is allowed **ONLY** if the front wheels are **OFF** the ground. This may be accomplished using a tow dolly or vehicle trailer. If using a tow dolly, follow this procedure:

- Properly secure the dolly to the tow vehicle, following the dolly manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Drive the front wheels onto the tow dolly.
- 3. Firmly apply the parking brake. Place the transmission in PARK.

- Properly secure the front wheels to the dolly, following the dolly manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. Release the parking brake.

## **CAUTION!**

- DO NOT flat tow this vehicle. Damage to the drivetrain will result. If this vehicle requires towing, make sure the drive wheels are OFF the ground.
- Towing this vehicle in violation of the above requirements can cause severe transmission damage. Damage from improper towing is not covered under the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

# Recreational Towing — Diesel Engine All Mod-



#### NOTE:

Automated Manual transmission (diesel) vehicles can also be flat towed (all four wheels on the ground) with the transmission in NEUTRAL. Ensure the transmission is in neutral (N) (by checking that the vehicle moves when pushed) and tow in the same way as a normal vehicle with a manual transmission.























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# **BULB REPLACEMENT**

# **Replacement Bulbs**

# **Interior Bulbs**

	Bulb Number		
Overhead Lamp	C5W		
Sun Visors	C5W		
Courtesy Lamp	FF500		
Glove Compartment	C5W		
Rear Courtesy Lamp	C5W		

# **Exterior Bulbs**

	Bulb Number
Front Low and High Beam Headlamp	H7LL
Front Park/Turn Signal Lamps	7444NA
Daytime Running Lamps (If Equipped)	7440
Front Side Marker Lamps	WY5W
Rear Tail/Stop Lamps	7443
Rear Turn Signal Lamps	7440NA
Rear Backup Lamps	921
Rear Side Marker Lamps	W3W
Front Fog Lamps	H11
License Plate Lamps	C5W
Front Roof Lamps	WY5W
Rear Roof Lamps	W3W

### **Bulb Number**





- Numbers refer to commercial bulb types that can be purchased from your authorized dealer.
- If a bulb needs to be replaced, visit your authorized dealer.





## WARNING!

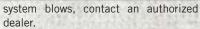
• When replacing a blown fuse, always use an appropriate replacement fuse with the same amp rating as the original fuse. Never replace a fuse with another fuse of higher amp rating. Never replace a blown fuse with metal wires or any other material. Do not place a fuse inside a circuit breaker cavity or vice versa. Failure to use proper fuses may result in

## WARNING!

serious personal injury, fire and/or property damage.

- · Before replacing a fuse, make sure that the ignition is off and that all the other services are switched off and/or disengaged.
- If the replaced fuse blows again, contact an authorized dealer.
- If a general protection fuse for safety systems (air bag system, braking system), power unit systems (engine system, transmission system) or steering

# WARNING!





# **Underhood Fuses**

The Front Power Distribution Center is located on the driver's side of the engine compartment. To access the fuses, remove the cover.



The ID number of the electrical component corresponding to each fuse can be found on the back of the cover.





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Cavity	Maxi Fuse	Mini Fuse	Description
F01	40 Amp Orange		Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Pump
F02	20 Amp Yellow (3.6 Gasoline Engine)		Starter Relay 3.6L (3.6 Gasoline Engine)
F03	30 Amp Green	STATE OF THE STATE	UREA (3.0 Diesel Engine)

Cavity	Maxi Fuse	Mini Fuse	Description
F02	50 Amp Red (3.0 Diesel Engine)		Glow Plug Unit (3.0 Diesel Engine)
F04	50 Amp Red (3.6 Gasoline Engine)		Secondary Power Distribution Center (PDC) (Trans Power Relay, Vacuum Pump, KL30 for the Shifter Transmission Module [STM]) (3.6 Gasoline Engine)
F04	40 Amp Orange (3.0 Diesel Engine)	=	Fuel Filter Heater (3.0 Diesel Engine)
F05	30 Amp Green		SELESPEED Pump RELE (3.0 Diesel Engine) — If Equipped
F06	40 Amp Orange (non A/C) 60 Amp Blue (A/C)		Engine Cooling Fan - 2nd Speed
F07	50 Amp Red (non A/C) 60 Amp Blue (A/C)		Engine Cooling Fan - 1st Speed
F08	40 Amp Orange		Passenger Compartment Blower
F09		15 Amp Blue	Rear Power Outlet
F10		15 Amp Blue	Horn
F11		15 Amp Blue	Fuel Pressure Regulator (MPROP)-DRV (3.0 Diesel Engine) — If Equipped
F14		20 Amp Yellow	Power Outlet
F15		7.5 Amp Brown	USB Charger
F16		7.5 Amp Brown	KL15 Shifter Transmission Module (STM) (3.6), KL15 Starter Relay Coil (3.6 Gasoline Engine)

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Cavity	Maxi Fuse	Mini Fuse	Description	
F16		7.5 Amp Brown	KL15 Manual Transmission Automated (MTA), KL15 Gear Selector Unit, KL15 Engine Control Mod- ule (ECM), KL15 Starter Relay Coil (3.0 Diesel En- gine)	
F17		20 Amp Yellow	Engine Control Module (ECM), Injectors (3.6 Gasoline Engine)	
F17		20 Amp Yellow	Secondary Loads, Engine Control Module (ECM) (3.0 Diesel Engine)	
F18		7.5 Amp Brown	KL30 Engine Control Module (ECM), KL30 Main Relay Coil (3.6 Gasoline Engine)	
F18		7.5 Amp Brown	KL30 Manual Transmission Automated (MTA), KL30 Engine Control Module (ECM), KL30 Main Re- lay Coil (3.0 Diesel Engine)	
F19		7.5 Amp Brown	A/C Compressor — If Equipped	
F20	TO THE PARTY OF TH	30 Amp Green	Windshield Wiper	
F21		15 Amp Blue	Fuel Pump	
F22		20 Amp Yellow	Engine Control Module (ECM), Ignition Coils (3.6 Gasoline Engine)	
F22		20 Amp Yellow Engine Control Module (ECM), Primary Loads (3.0 Diesel Engine)		
F23		20 Amp Yellow	Electronic Stability Control (ESC) Valves	
F24		7.5 Amp Brown	.5 Amp Brown KL15 Vacuum Pump Relay Coil (3.6 Gasoline Engine — If Equipped	
F30		15 Amp Blue	Heated Mirrors	























# Front PDC Additional Fuses

The additional fuse box is located inside the front PDC Box.

Cavity	Mini Fuse	Description
F61	20 Amp Yellow	Vacuum Pump (3.6 Gasoline Engine) — If Equipped
F62	30 Amp Green	Transmission Power RELE (3.6 Gasoline Engine) — If Equipped
F64	7.5 Amp Brown	Urea Pump (3.0 Diesel Engine) — If Equipped
F65	20 Amp Yellow	UREA NOX SNS 1-2 + PM SNS (3.0 Diesel Engine) — If Equipped
F66	5 Amp Beige	Shifter Transmission Module (STM) (3.6 Gasoline Engine) — If Equipped

# **Interior Fuses**

The interior fuse panel is part of the Body Control Module (BCM) and is located on the driver's side under the instrument panel.

Cavity	Mini Fuse	Description
F31	5 Amp Beige	INT/A
F34	7.5 Amp Brown	Clearance Lights
F36	15 Amp Blue	+30 (ACM – TPCU – RRM – DLC)
F37	5 Amp Beige	INT (BRAKE NO – IPC)
F38	15 Amp Blue	Central Locking
F42	5 Amp Beige	INT (BSM – SAS – BRAKE NC)
F43	20 Amp Yellow	Bi-Directional Washer Pump
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Cavity	Mini Fuse	Description
F47	20 Amp Yellow	Driver Power Window
F48	20 Amp Yellow	Passenger Power Window
F49	5 Amp Beige	INT (PAM – CCS – RRM – ECM)
F50	7.5 Amp Brown	INT (ORC)
F51	5 Amp Beige	INT (REAR CAMERA-AUX)
F53	5 Amp Beige	+30 (IPC)
F90	7.5 Amp Brown	Left High Beam
F93	7.5 Amp Brown	Right Fog Lamp
	STATE OF THE PARTY	

























# **Right Central Pillar Fuses**

The right central pillar fuse panel is located on the interior side at the base of the passenger side B pillar.

Cavity	Mini Fuse	Description
F81	7.5 Amp Brown	Seat Heater
F83	20 Amp Yellow	Rear Left Windows Heater
F84	20 Amp Yellow	Rear Right Windows Heater
F86	20 Amp Yellow	Auxiliary Switch (From Battery) — If Equipped
F87	20 Amp Yellow	Auxiliary Switch (From Ignition) — If Equipped

# **JACKING AND TIRE CHANGING**

## WARNING!

- Do not attempt to change a tire on the side of the vehicle close to moving traffic. Pull far enough off the road to avoid the danger of being hit when operating the jack or changing the wheel.
- Being under a jacked-up vehicle is dangerous. The vehicle could slip off the jack and fall on you. You could be crushed. Never put any part of your body under a vehicle that is on a jack. If you need to get under a raised vehicle, take it to a service center where it can be raised on a lift.
- Never start or run the engine while the vehicle is on a jack.
- The jack is designed to be used as a tool for changing tires only. The jack should not be used to lift the vehicle for service purposes. The vehicle should be jacked on a firm level surface only. Avoid ice or slippery areas.

## **Jack Location**

The jack and jack tools are stored under the front passenger seat.



**Jack Kit Location** 

To release the jack kit for it's storage location, you must push down and turn the lock knob 1/4 turn counter clockwise to the unlock position.

# **CAUTION!**

Do not force lock knob over limit. Damage to lock knob may occur.



**Lock Knob** 

- L Unlock Position
- 2 Lock Position

To open the jack kit container you must push the containers release to separate the top and bottom.



**Container Release** 



**Jacking Tools** 

- 1 Jack
- 2 Reversible Tool
- 3 Tool Handle
- 4 Winch Extension
- 5 Tow Eye
- 6 Wrench Handle
- 7 Lug Bolt Adaptor

# **Spare Tire Removal**

1. Remove the spare tire before attempting to jack up the vehicle. Attach the lug bolt adapter to the winch extension and insert

















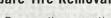




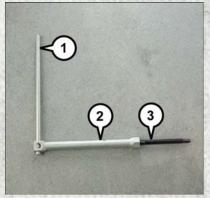








it into the winch mechanism.



**Jack Tools** 

- 1 Wrench Handle
- 2 Lug Bolt Adapter
- 3 Winch Extension



**Winch Location** 

The winch mechanism is located under the rear of the vehicle to the right of the spare tire.



**Winch Location** 

2. Rotate the wheel wrench handle counterclockwise until the spare tire is on the ground with enough cable slack to allow you to pull it out from under the vehicle.



### NOTE:

The winch mechanism is designed for use with the winch extension tube only. Use of an air wrench or other power tools is not recommended and can damage the winch.



**Lowering Spare Tire** 

3. Pull the spare tire out from under the vehicle to gain access to the spare tire retainer.



**Spare Tire** 

- 4. Lift the spare tire with one hand to give clearance to tilt the retainer at the end of the cable.
- 5. Pull the retainer through the center of the wheel.



Retainer

# **Preparations For Jacking**

1. Park the vehicle on a firm, level surface. Avoid ice or slippery areas.

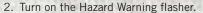






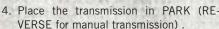
Do not attempt to change a tire on the side of the vehicle close to moving traffic, pull far enough off the road to avoid being hit when operating the jack or changing the wheel.







3. Apply the parking brake firmly.





5. Turn the ignition OFF.





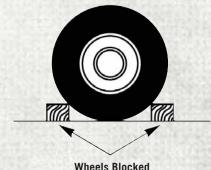








Block the front and rear of the wheel diagonally opposite of the jacking position. For example, if changing the right front tire, block the left rear wheel.



## NOTE:

Passengers should not remain in the vehicle when the vehicle is being jacked.

# **Jacking Instructions**

## WARNING!

Carefully follow these tire changing warnings to help prevent personal injury or damage to your vehicle:

- Always park on a firm, level surface as far from the edge of the roadway as possible before raising the vehicle.
- Turn on the Hazard Warning flashers.
- Block the wheel diagonally opposite the wheel to be raised.
- Set the parking brake firmly and set an automatic transmission in PARK; a manual transmission in REVERSE.
- Never start or run the engine with the vehicle on a jack.
- Do not let anyone sit in the vehicle when it is on a jack.
- Do not get under the vehicle when it is on a jack. If you need to get under a raised vehicle, take it to a service center where it can be raised on a lift.
- Only use the jack in the positions indicated and for lifting this vehicle during a tire change.

## WARNING!

- If working on or near a roadway, be extremely careful of motor traffic.
- To assure that spare tires, flat or inflated, are securely stowed, spares must be stowed with the valve stem facing the ground.



**Jack Warning Label** 

# **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to raise the vehicle by jacking on locations other than those indicated in the Jacking Instructions for this vehicle.



**Assembled Jack** 

 Loosen (but do not remove) the wheel lug bolts by turning them to the left one turn while the wheel is still on the ground. 2. There are two jack engagement locations on each side of the vehicle body.



**Jacking Engagement Locations** 

# **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to raise the vehicle by jacking on locations other than those indicated.

#### NOTE:

The rear jacking location is located in front of the rear tire and in front of the leaf spring mount.



**Rear Jacking Location** 

#### NOTE:

The front jacking location is located behind the front tire and in front of the driver/passenger door.

























**Front Jacking Location** 

# **WARNING!**

Being under a jacked-up vehicle is dangerous. The vehicle could slip off the jack and fall on you. You could be crushed. Never get any part of your body under a vehicle that is on a jack. If you need to get under a raised vehicle, take it to a service center where it can be raised on a lift.

- Place the wrench handle and lug bolt adapter on the jack screw and turn to the right until the jack head is properly engaged in the described location. Do not raise the vehicle until you are sure the jack is securely engaged.
- 4. Raise the vehicle by turning the jack screw to the right, using the wrench handle and lug bolt adapter. Raise the vehicle only until the tire just clears the surface and enough clearance is obtained to install the spare tire. Minimum tire lift provides maximum stability.

#### WARNING!

Raising the vehicle higher than necessary can make the vehicle less stable. It could slip off the jack and hurt someone near it. Raise the vehicle only enough to remove the tire.

Remove the wheel lug bolts. For vehicles with wheel covers, remove the cover from the wheel by hand. Do not pry the wheel cover off. Then pull the wheel off the hub. 6. Install the spare tire. Lightly tighten the wheel lug bolts.



**Mounting Spare Tire** 

#### WARNING!

To avoid the risk of forcing the vehicle off the jack, do not tighten the wheel nuts fully until the vehicle has been lowered. Failure to follow this warning may result in serious injury.

#### **CAUTION!**

Be sure to mount the spare tire with the valve stem facing outward. The vehicle could be damaged if the spare tire is mounted incorrectly.

#### NOTE:

Do not install the wheel cover on the spare tire.

- 7. Lower the vehicle by turning the jack screw to the left.
- 8. Refer to "Wheel And Tire Torque Specifications" in "Technical Specifications" for proper wheel lug bolt torque.
- 9. Lower the jack to its fully-closed position.
- 10. Stow the damaged wheel/spare tire with the cable and wheel spacer before driving the vehicle.
- 11. Install the winch extension and rotate the wrench handle clockwise until the winch mechanism operator hears "3 clicks" from the device to indicate the wheel is properly stowed under the vehicle.

12. Stow the jack, jack handle and winch handle tools back in the storage compartment.

#### WARNING!

A loose tire or jack thrown forward in a collision or hard stop could endanger the occupants of the vehicle. Always stow the jack parts and the spare tire in the places provided. Have the deflated (flat) tire repaired or replaced immediately.

13. Check the spare tire pressure as soon as possible. Correct the tire pressure, as required.

#### For vehicles with aluminum wheels:

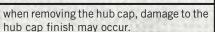
The center cap must be pushed out from the rear to install the retainer and stow the tire.

#### **Wheel Covers**

# **CAUTION!**

Use a back-and-forth motion to remove the hub cap. Do not use a twisting motion

#### **CAUTION!**

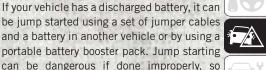




The wheel covers on the vehicle are held in place by the wheel lug bolts and can be removed after the wheel lug bolts are taken off.



# **JUMP STARTING PROCEDURES**





# please follow the procedures in this section carefully.



When using a portable battery booster pack, follow the manufacturer's operating instructions and precautions.

NOTE:









#### WARNING!

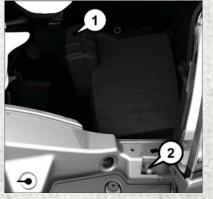
Do not attempt jump starting if the battery is frozen. It could rupture or explode and cause personal injury.

#### **CAUTION!**

Do not use a portable battery booster pack or any other booster source with a system voltage greater than 12 Volts or damage to the battery, starter motor, alternator or electrical system may occur.

# **Preparations For Jump Start**

The vehicle's jump starting remote posts are located under the hood, in the engine compartment on the driver's side.



**Remote Battery Posts** 

- 1 Remote Positive (+) Jump Starting Post
- 2 Remote Negative (-) Jump Starting Post

The Remote Positive (+) Post is covered with a protective cap located on the side of the Front Power Distribution Center.

The Remote Negative (-) Post is located on the core support closest to the front of the vehicle.

### WARNING!

- Take care to avoid the radiator cooling fan whenever the hood is raised. It can start anytime the ignition switch is ON.
   You can be injured by moving fan blades.
- Remove any metal jewelry such as rings, watch bands and bracelets that could make an inadvertent electrical contact.
   You could be seriously injured.
- Batteries contain sulfuric acid that can burn your skin or eyes and generate hydrogen gas which is flammable and explosive. Keep open flames or sparks away from the battery.
- 1. Apply the parking brake, shift the automatic transmission into PARK and turn the ignition to the OFF position.
- 2. Turn off the heater, radio, and all unnecessary electrical accessories.

3. If using another vehicle to jump start the battery, park the vehicle within the jumper cables reach, apply the parking brake and make sure the ignition is OFF.

#### WARNING!

Do not allow vehicles to touch each other as this could establish a ground connection and personal injury could result.

# **Jump Starting Procedure**

#### WARNING!

Failure to follow this jump starting procedure could result in personal injury or property damage due to battery explosion.

#### **CAUTION!**

Failure to follow these procedures could result in damage to the charging system of the booster vehicle or the discharged vehicle.

#### **Connecting The Jumper Cables**

1. Connect the positive (+) end of the jumper cable to the remote positive (+) post of the discharged vehicle.

#### NOTE:

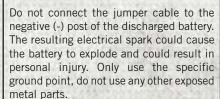
The remote positive (+) post is located in the engine compartment on the driver's side under the cover of the Front Power Distribution Center.

- 2. Connect the opposite end of the positive (+) jumper cable to the positive (+) post of the booster battery.
- 3. Connect the negative end (-) of the jumper cable to the negative (-) post of the booster battery.
- 4. Connect the opposite end of the negative (-) jumper cable to the remote negative (-) post of the discharged vehicle.

#### NOTE:

The remote negative (-) post is located in the front of the engine compartment on the driver's side.

#### WARNING!



5. Start the engine in the vehicle that has the

vehicle with the discharged battery.

6. Once the engine is started, disconnect the

jumper cables in the reverse sequence:

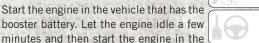
booster battery. Let the engine idle a few





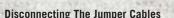












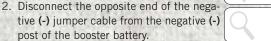
post of the booster battery.



1. Disconnect the negative end (-) of the jumper cable from the remote negative (-) post of the vehicle with the discharged battery.













- 3. Disconnect the positive end (+) of the jumper cable from the positive (+) post of the booster battery.
- Disconnect the opposite end of the positive (+) jumper cable from the remote positive (+) post of the discharged vehicle.
- 5. Close the cover of the Front Power Distribution Center.

If frequent jump starting is required to start your vehicle you should have the battery and charging system inspected at your authorized dealer.

#### **CAUTION!**

Accessories plugged into the vehicle power outlets draw power from the vehicle's battery, even when not in use (i.e., cellular devices, etc.). Eventually, if plugged in long enough without engine operation, the vehicle's battery will discharge sufficiently to degrade battery life and/or prevent the engine from starting.

# **Battery Location**

There are two remote jump starting posts under the hood which is the recommended jump start location. If access to the battery is needed, an access panel on the driver's side floor will allow for battery access.

# IF YOUR ENGINE OVERHEATS

In any of the following situations, you can reduce the potential for overheating by taking the appropriate action.

- On the highways slow down.
- In city traffic while stopped, place the transmission in NEUTRAL, but do not increase the engine idle speed while preventing vehicle motion with the brakes.

#### NOTE:

There are steps that you can take to slow down an impending overheat condition:

• If your air conditioner (A/C) is on, turn it off. The A/C system adds heat to the engine cooling system and turning the A/C off can help remove this heat.

 You can also turn the temperature control to maximum heat, the mode control to floor and the blower control to high. This allows the heater core to act as a supplement to the radiator and aids in removing heat from the engine cooling system.

# **WARNING!**

You or others can be badly burned by hot engine coolant (antifreeze) or steam from your radiator. If you see or hear steam coming from under the hood, do not open the hood until the radiator has had time to cool. Never try to open a cooling system pressure cap when the radiator or coolant bottle is hot.

#### **CAUTION!**

Driving with a hot cooling system could damage your vehicle. If the temperature gauge reads HOT (H), pull over and stop the vehicle. Idle the vehicle with the air conditioner turned off until the pointer drops back into the normal range. If the pointer remains on HOT (H), and you hear continuous chimes, turn the engine off immediately and call for service.

# GEAR SELECTOR OVERRIDE (GASOLINE ENGINE ONLY)

If a malfunction occurs and the gear selector cannot be moved out of the PARK position, you can use the following procedure to temporarily move the gear selector:

- 1. Turn the engine OFF.
- 2. Firmly apply the parking brake.
- Using a small screwdriver or similar tool, remove the gear selector override access cover which is located below the gear selector.
- 4. Press and maintain firm pressure on the brake pedal.
- Insert the screwdriver or similar tool into the access port, and push and hold the override release lever forward.
- 6. Move the gear selector to the NEUTRAL position.
- 7. The vehicle may then be started in NEUTRAL.
- 8. Reinstall the gear selector override access cover.

# FREEING A STUCK VEHICLE

If your vehicle becomes stuck in mud, sand, or snow, it can often be moved using a rocking motion. Turn the steering wheel right and left to clear the area around the front wheels. Shift back and forth between DRIVE and REVERSE, while gently pressing the accelerator. Use the least amount of accelerator pedal pressure that will maintain the rocking motion, without spinning the wheels or racing the engine.

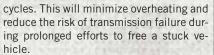
#### NOTE:

Vehicles with diesel engine (automated manual transmission) cannot be rocked in this manner, because the transmission will not allow shifts between forward and RE-VERSE gears while the wheels are turning.

#### **CAUTION!**

Racing the engine or spinning the wheels may lead to transmission overheating and failure. Allow the engine to idle with the transmission in NEUTRAL for at least one minute after every five rocking-motion

#### **CAUTION!**





#### NOTE:

Push the "ESC Off" switch, to place the Electronic Stability Control (ESC) system in "Partial Off" mode, before rocking the vehicle. Refer to "Electronic Brake Control System" in "Safety" in the Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further information. Once the vehicle has been freed, push the "ESC Off" switch again to restore "ESC On" mode.





















## **WARNING!**

Fast spinning tires can be dangerous. Forces generated by excessive wheel speeds may cause damage, or even failure, of the axle and tires. A tire could explode and injure someone. Do not spin your vehicle's wheels faster than 30 mph (48 km/h) or for longer than 30 seconds continuously without stopping when you are stuck and do not let anyone near a spinning wheel, no matter what the speed.

#### **CAUTION!**

- When "rocking" a stuck vehicle by shifting between DRIVE and REVERSE, do not spin the wheels faster than 15 mph (24 km/h), or drivetrain damage may result.
- Spinning the wheels too fast may lead to transmission overheating and failure. It can also damage the tires. Do not spin the wheels above 30 mph (48 km/h)

#### **CAUTION!**

while in gear (no transmission shifting occurring).

# TOWING A DISABLED VEHICLE

This section describes procedures for towing a disabled vehicle using a commercial towing service.

Towing Condition	Wheels OFF The Ground	ALL Models
Flat Tow	NONE	If transmission is operable:  • Transmission in NEUTRAL
Wheel Lift Or Dolly Tow	Rear	25 mph (40 km/h) max speed     15 miles (24 km) max distance
	Front	OK .
Flatbed	ALL	BEST METHOD

Proper towing or lifting equipment is required to prevent damage to your vehicle. Use only tow bars and other equipment designed for this purpose, following equipment manufacturer's instructions. Use of safety chains is mandatory. Attach a tow bar or other towing device to main structural members of the vehicle, not to bumpers or associated brackets. State and local laws regarding vehicles under tow must be observed.

If you must use the accessories (wipers, defrosters, etc.) while being towed, the ignition must be in the ON/RUN mode.

#### NOTE:

For vehicles equipped with diesel engine and electric park brake, see important information under "Automated Manual Transmission."

If the key fob is unavailable or the vehicle's battery is discharged, refer to "Gear Selector Override" in this section for instructions on shifting the automatic transmission out of PARK for towing.

#### **CAUTION!**

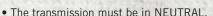
- Do not use sling type equipment when towing. Vehicle damage may occur.
- When securing the vehicle to a flat bed truck, do not attach to front or rear suspension components. Damage to your vehicle may result from improper towing.

### **Automatic Transmission**

The manufacturer recommends towing your vehicle with all four wheels **OFF** the ground using a flatbed.

If flatbed equipment is not available, and the transmission is operable, this vehicle may be towed (with front wheels on the ground) under the following conditions:







• The towing speed must not exceed 25 mph (40 km/h).



• The towing distance must not exceed 15 miles (24 km).



If the transmission is not operable, or the vehicle must be towed faster than 25 mph (40 km/h) or farther than 15 miles (24 km), tow with the front wheels **OFF** the ground (using a flatbed truck, or wheel lift equipment with the front wheels raised).















# **CAUTION!**

- Towing faster than 25 mph (40 km/h) or farther than 15 miles (24 km) with front wheels on the ground can cause severe transmission damage. Damage from improper towing is not covered under the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.
- Towing this vehicle in violation of the above requirements can cause severe transmission damage. Damage from improper towing is not covered under the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

# ENHANCED ACCIDENT RESPONSE SYSTEM (EARS)

This vehicle is equipped with an Enhanced Accident Response System.

Please refer to "Occupant Restraint Systems" in "Safety" for further information on the Enhanced Accident Response System (EARS) function.

# **EVENT DATA RECORDER (EDR)**

This vehicle is equipped with an Event Data Recorder (EDR). The main purpose of an EDR is to record data that will assist in understanding how a vehicle's systems performed under certain crash or near crash-like situations, such as an air bag deployment or hitting a road obstacle.

Please refer to "Occupant Restraint Systems" in "Safety" for further information on the Event Data Recorder (EDR).

# **SERVICING AND MAINTENANCE**

-/_	(4-)

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# SCHEDULED SERVICING — GASOLINE ENGINE

Your vehicle is equipped with an automatic oil change indicator system. The oil change indicator system will remind you that it is time to take your vehicle in for scheduled maintenance.

Based on engine operation conditions, the oil change indicator message will illuminate in the instrument cluster. This means that service is required for your vehicle. Operating

conditions such as frequent short-trips, trailer tow, and extremely hot or cold ambient temperatures will influence when the "Oil Change Required" message is displayed. Severe Operating Conditions can cause the change oil message to illuminate as early as 3,500 miles (5,600 km) since last reset. Have your vehicle serviced as soon as possible, within the next 500 miles (805 km).

Your authorized dealer will reset the oil change indicator message after completing the scheduled oil change. If a scheduled oil change is performed by someone other than your autho-

rized dealer, the message can be reset by referring to the steps described under "Instrument Cluster Display" in "Getting To Know Your Instrument Panel" in your Owner's Manual on www.ramtrucks.com/en/owners/manuals for further information.

#### NOTE:

Under no circumstances should oil change intervals exceed 10,000 miles (16,000 km), twelve months or 350 hours of engine run time, whichever comes first. The 350 hours of engine run or idle time is generally only a concern for fleet customers.

#### **Severe Duty All Models**

Change Engine Oil at 4,000 miles (6,500 km) if the vehicle is operated in a dusty and off road environment or is operated predominately at idle or only very low engine RPM's. This type of vehicle use is considered Severe Duty.

# Once A Month Or Before A Long Trip:

- · Check engine oil level
- Check windshield washer fluid level
- Check the tire inflation pressures and look for unusual wear or damage
- Check the fluid levels of the coolant reservoir, brake master cylinder, and power steering and fill as needed
- Check function of all interior and exterior lights

### **Maintenance Plan**

#### **Required Maintenance Intervals**

Refer to the maintenance plan on the following pages for the required maintenance intervals.

#### At Every Oil Change Interval As Indicated By Oil Change Indicator System:

- Change oil and filter.
- Rotate the tires. Rotate at the first sign of irregular wear, even if it occurs before the oil indicator system turns on.
- Inspect battery and clean and tighten terminals as required.
- Inspect brake pads, shoes, rotors, drums, hoses and park brake.
- Inspect engine cooling system protection and hoses.
- Inspect exhaust system.
- Inspect engine air cleaner if using in dusty or off-road conditions.























Mileage or time passed (whichever comes first)	20,000	30,000	40,000	50,000	000'09	70,000	80,000	000'06	100,000	110,000	120,000	130,000	140,000	150,000
Or Years:	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Or Kilometers:	32,000	48,000	64,000	80,000	96,000	112,000	128,000	144,000	160,000	176,000	192,000	208,000	224,000	240,000
Additional Inspections	700	17.00	200	SIL	1123	72323	92.07.77	TREASO:				attents.	1244	STORY.
Inspect the CV joints.		Χ	1133	376	Х	VII.		X	1000	AND S	Х	1103	FREE	X
Inspect front suspension, tie rod ends, boot seals, and replace if necessary.	Х		Х		Х	HAN	Х		Х		Х		Χ	
Inspect the brake pads, replace as necessary.	Х	219	Х		Х		Х	200	Х	1	Х	257	Х	
Additional Maintenance	453	0.000	834		1216		1000	230	PECAL		10110	A Section	BACT.	SHEE
Replace engine air filter.	333	Χ		034	Х	3455	11831	X	1803	(C)	X	11786		X
Replace cabin/air conditioning filter.	Χ		Χ		Х	WILES.	Х		Х	HIRM	Х	27530	Χ	MAXAR.
Replace Brake Fluid every two years. *	Χ	1,235	Χ	50 E	Х	ANTIN	X	THE SECTION	X	C-19	Х	12.50	X	13.35
Replace spark plugs. **	4884 1	67538	2447			2002	13756	228.4	Χ	27.78		Stable	3353	1765
Flush and replace the engine coolant at 10 years or 150,000 miles (240,000 km) whichever comes first.						No.			х					Х
Change automatic transmission fluid and filter.					Х	122					х		47	
Inspect and replace PCV valve if necessary.		Print	(25)	1000	1100	1999	Henry	30 513	Х	SHIP OF	2250	2402	CONTRACT!	W. 523

<sup>\*</sup> The brake fluid change interval is time based only, mileage intervals do not apply.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The spark plug change interval is mileage based only, yearly intervals do not apply.

# **WARNING!**

 You can be badly injured working on or around a motor vehicle. Do only service work for which you have the knowledge and the right equipment. If you have any

# **WARNING!**

doubt about your ability to perform a service job, take your vehicle to a competent mechanic.

• Failure to properly inspect and maintain your vehicle could result in a component

# WARNING!

malfunction and effect vehicle handling and performance. This could cause an accident.























# **Heavy Duty Use Of The Vehicle**

Change engine oil at 4,000 miles (6,500 km) if the vehicle is operated in a dusty and off road environment or is operated predominately at idle or only very low engine RPM's. This type of vehicle use is considered Severe Duty.

# SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE — DIESEL ENGINE

Your vehicle is equipped with an automatic oil change indicator system. The oil change indicator system will remind you that it is time to take your vehicle in for scheduled maintenance.

Based on engine operation conditions, the oil change indicator message will illuminate in the instrument cluster. This means that service is required for your vehicle. Operating conditions such as frequent short-trips, trailer tow, and extremely hot or cold ambient temperatures will influence when the "Oil Change Required" message is displayed. Severe Operating Conditions can cause the change oil message to illuminate as early as

3,500 miles (5,600 km) since last reset. Have your vehicle serviced as soon as possible, within the next 500 miles (805 km).

#### NOTE:

Under no circumstances should oil change intervals exceed 18,500 miles (29,773 km) or twelve months, whichever comes first.

## Once A Month Or Before A Long Trip:

- · Check engine oil level
- · Check windshield washer fluid level
- Check the tire inflation pressures and look for unusual wear or damage
- Check the fluid levels of the coolant reservoir, brake master cylinder, and power steering, and fill as needed
- Check function of all interior and exterior lights

# Maintenance Plan — Diesel Fuel Up To B5 Biodiesel

#### Required Maintenance Intervals.

Refer to the maintenance schedules on the following page for the required maintenance intervals.

#### At Every Oil Change Interval As Indicated By The Oil Change Indicator System:

- · Change oil and filter.
- Rotate the tires. Rotate at the first sign of irregular wear, even if it occurs before your next scheduled service.
- Inspect battery and clean and tighten terminals as required.
- Inspect brake pads, rotors, hoses and park brake.
- Inspect engine cooling system protection and hoses.
- Inspect exhaust system.
- Inspect engine air cleaner if using in dusty or off-road conditions.

Mileage or time passed (whichever comes first)	10,000	20,000	30,000	40,000	50,000	000'09	70,000	80,000	90,000	100,000	110,000	120,000	130,000	140,000	150,000
Or Years:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Or Kilometers:	16,000	32,000	48,000	64,000	80,000	96,000	112,000	128,000	144,000	160,000	176,000	192,000	208,000	224,000	240,000
Additional Inspections	202	0.42	100	133	31151	172.04	12021	12000	of all	20072	171015	200	GIT LOD	882	95.53
Completely fill the Diesel Exhaust Fluid tank.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Inspect the CV joints.	2057	1000	Х		4784	Х	LEDOS.	2-05-00	Х	53:00	1200	Х	55343	64333	Х
Inspect front suspension, tie rod ends, boot seals, and replace if necessary.		Х	1911	Х		Х		Х	200	Х	TE	Х		Х	
Inspect the brake pads, replace as necessary.		Х		Х		Х		Х		Х	須露	Х		Х	
Check Transmission Actuation System Oil and Hydraulic Clutch Operating Oil		H	Х		Mag.	Х			Х		113	Х		PAGE.	Х
Additional Maintenance	200	138	222	Tro:	MOS	0.123	MILE	11000	3/21/21	Denty.	193	97.02	SHE!	59349	
Replace fuel filter and drain water from fuel.			Х	6		Х		1352	X			Х			Х
Replace engine air filter.	100	1395	Χ	ed la		Х	5638	2-1-1	Х	1901	15639	Х	Kitter	1814	Х
Replace cabin/air conditioning filter.	2,000	Χ	2005	Х	0.55	Х	14.50	Х	W. A. STORY	Х		Х	1715	Х	dispet
Replace Brake Fluid every two years. *	- Ya	Х	3000	Χ	968	Х	1.085	Х	1 355	Х	1111	Х	1303	Х	200
Replace Hydraulic Clutch Oil every two years or 60,000 miles (96,000 km) which ever comes first.		х		Х		Х		х		Х		Х		Х	
Flush and replace the engine coolant at 10 years or 150,000 miles (240,000 km) whichever comes first.										Х					Х

























Mileage or time passed (whichever comes first)	10,000	20,000	30,000	40,000	50,000	000'09	70,000	80,000	90,000	100,000	110,000	120,000	130,000	140,000	150,000
Or Years:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Or Kilometers:	16,000	32,000	48,000	64,000	80,000	96,000	112,000	128,000	144,000	160,000	176,000	192,000	208,000	224,000	240,000
Change FEAD Belt every four years or 80,000 miles (128,000 km) which ever comes first.				Х				Х				Х			
Change Glow Plugs every five years or 150,000 miles (240,000 km) which ever comes first.					х					х					х
Change Automatic Belt tensioner every five years or 150,000 miles (240,000 km) which ever comes first.					х					Х					Х

<sup>\*</sup> The brake fluid change interval is time based only, Mileage intervals do not apply.

#### NOTE:

Change Timing Chain and Gear at 249,000 miles (400,000 km).

# **WARNING!**

 You can be badly injured working on or around a motor vehicle. Do only service work for which you have the knowledge and the right equipment. If you have any doubt about your ability to perform a service job, take your vehicle to a competent mechanic.

# **WARNING!**

 Failure to properly inspect and maintain your vehicle could result in a component malfunction and effect vehicle handling and performance. This could cause an accident.

# Additional Maintenance — B6 To **B20 Biodiesel**

#### NOTE:

 Under no circumstances should oil change intervals exceed 10,000 miles (16 093km) or six months, whichever comes first. Additional Maintenance Plan — B6 To B20 Biodiesel

Mileage or time passed (whichever comes first)

• The owner is required to monitor mileage for B6-B20 biodiesel, the automatic oil change indicator system does not reflect the use of biofuels.

40,000

50,000

60,000

70,000

12,000

80,000

8

28,000







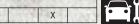












Or Years:

Or Kilometers:

### WARNING!

20,000

2

32,000

6,000

30,000

48,000 34,000 90,000 000'96

• You can be badly injured working on or around a motor vehicle. Do only service work for which you have the knowledge and the right equipment. If you have any

WARNING!

Replace fuel filter and drain water from the fuel filter assembly.

Additional B6 to B20 Maintenance

doubt about your ability to perform a service job, take your vehicle to a competent mechanic.

• Failure to properly inspect and maintain your vehicle could result in a component

# WARNING!

120,000

12

92,000

130,000

13

208,000

140,000

14

224,000

150,000

240,000

110,000

11

76,000

100,000

10

000'09

90,000

44,000

malfunction and effect vehicle handling and performance. This could cause an accident.









# **ENGINE COMPARTMENT**

# 3.6L Engine



- 1 Washer Fluid Reservoir
- 2 Engine Oil Fill 3 Engine Oil Dipstick
- 4 Brake Fluid Reservoir

- 5 Power Distribution Center (Fuses)
- 6 Coolant Reservoir 7 Power Steering Reservoir

# 3.0L Diesel Engine



- 1 Power Steering Reservoir
- 2 Washer Solvent Reservoir
- 3 Engine Oil Fill
- 4 Engine Oil Dipstick

- 5 Brake Fluid Reservoir
- 6 Front Power Distribution Center (Fuses)
- 7 Jump Starting Location
- 8 Coolant Reservoir























# RAISING THE VEHICLE

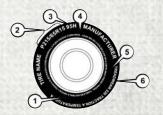
In the case where it is necessary to raise the vehicle, go to your authorized dealer or service station.

# TIRES

# **Tire Safety Information**

Tire safety information will cover aspects of the following information: Tire Markings, Tire Identification Numbers, Tire Terminology and Definitions, Tire Pressures, and Tire Loading.

#### **Tire Markings**



# **Tire Markings**

1 — U.S. DOT 4 —
Safety Standards Load
Code (TIN)
2 — Size Designation Press
3 — Service Description Traction

Load

5 — Maximum
Pressure
6 — Treadwear,
Traction and
Temperature
Grades

4 — Maximum

#### NOTE:

- P (Passenger) Metric tire sizing is based on U.S. design standards. P-Metric tires have the letter "P" molded into the sidewall preceding the size designation. Example: P215/65R15 95H.
- European Metric tire sizing is based on European design standards. Tires designed to this standard have the tire size molded into the sidewall beginning with the section width. The letter "P" is absent from this tire size designation. Example: 215/ 65R15 96H.
- LT (Light Truck) Metric tire sizing is based on U.S. design standards. The size designation for LT-Metric tires is the same as for P-Metric tires except for the letters "LT" that are molded into the sidewall preceding the size designation. Example: LT235/85R16.
- Temporary spare tires are designed for temporary emergency use only. Temporary high pressure compact spare tires have the letter "T" or "S" molded into the sidewall preceding the size designation. Example: T145/80D18 103M.

 High flotation tire sizing is based on U.S. design standards and it begins with the tire diameter molded into the sidewall. Example: 31x10.5 R15 LT.



#### **EXAMPLE:**

## Example Size Designation: P215/65R15XL 95H, 215/65R15 96H, LT235/85R16C, T145/80D18 103M, 31x10.5 R15 LT

P = Passenger car tire size based on U.S. design standards, or

"....blank...." = Passenger car tire based on European design standards, or

LT = Light truck tire based on U.S. design standards, or

T or S = Temporary spare tire or

31 = Overall diameter in inches (in)

215, 235, 145 = Section width in millimeters (mm)

**65, 85, 80** = Aspect ratio in percent (%)

· Ratio of section height to section width of tire, or

10.5 = Section width in inches (in)

R = Construction code

- · "R" means radial construction, or
- "D" means diagonal or bias construction

**15, 16, 18** = Rim diameter in inches (in)

#### **Service Description:**

95 = Load Index

A numerical code associated with the maximum load a tire can carry























#### **EXAMPLE:**

**H** = Speed Symbol

- · A symbol indicating the range of speeds at which a tire can carry a load corresponding to its load index under certain operating conditions
- The maximum speed corresponding to the speed symbol should only be achieved under specified operating conditions (i.e., tire pressure, vehicle loading, road conditions, and posted speed limits)

#### Load Identification:

Absence of the following load identification symbols on the sidewall of the tire indicates a Standard Load (SL) tire:

- XL = Extra load (or reinforced) tire, or
- LL = Light load tire or
- C, D, E, F, G = Load range associated with the maximum load a tire can carry at a specified pressure

Maximum Load - Maximum load indicates the maximum load this tire is designed to carry

Maximum Pressure – Maximum pressure indicates the maximum permissible cold tire inflation pressure for this tire

#### Tire Identification Number (TIN)

The TIN may be found on one or both sides of the tire; however, the date code may only be on one side. Tires with white sidewalls will have the full TIN, including the date code, located on the white sidewall side of the tire. Look for the TIN on the outboard side of black sidewall tires as mounted on the vehicle. If the TIN is not found on the outboard side, then you will find it on the inboard side of the tire.

#### **EXAMPLE:**

DOT MA L9 ABCD 0301

**DOT** = Department of Transportation

This symbol certifies that the tire is in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation tire safety standards and is approved for highway
use

**MA** = Code representing the tire manufacturing location (two digits)

#### **EXAMPLE:**

**L9** = Code representing the tire size (two digits)

**ABCD** = Code used by the tire manufacturer (one to four digits)

03 = Number representing the week in which the tire was manufactured (two digits)

03 means the 3rd week

**01** = Number representing the year in which the tire was manufactured (two digits)

- 01 means the year 2001
- Prior to July 2000, tire manufacturers were only required to have one number to represent the year in which the tire was manufactured. Example: 031 could represent the 3rd week of 1981 or 1991

### **Tire Terminology And Definitions**

Term	Definition						
B-Pillar	The vehicle B-Pillar is the structural member of the body located behind the front door.						
Cold Tire Inflation Pressure	Cold tire inflation pressure is defined as the tire pressure after the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours, or driven less than 1 mile (1.6 km) after sitting for a minimum of three hours. Inflation pressure is measured in units of PSI (pounds per square inch) or kPa (kilopascals).						
Maximum Inflation Pressure	The maximum inflation pressure is the maximum permissible cold tire inflation pressure for this tire. The maximum inflation pressure is molded into the sidewall.						
Recommended Cold Tire Inflation Pressure	Vehicle manufacturer's recommended cold tire inflation pressure as shown on the tire placard.						
Tire Placard	A label permanently attached to the vehicle describing the vehicle's loading capacity, the original equipment tire sizes and the recommended cold tire inflation pressures.						























#### **Tire Loading And Tire Pressure**

#### NOTE:

The proper cold tire inflation pressure is listed on the driver's side B-Pillar or the rear edge of the driver's side door.

Check the inflation pressure of each tire, including the spare tire (if equipped), at least monthly and inflate to the recommended pressure for your vehicle.



**Example Tire Placard Location (Door)** 



**Example Tire Placard Location (B-Pillar)** 

# **Tire And Loading Information Placard**

			CUPANTS AND CA	RGO SHOULD
F. 4	TIRE	FRONT	REAR	SPARE
ORIGINAL TIRE SIZË		P198/70R14	P195/70R14	T125/70D15
	OLD TIRE ON PRESSURE	200kPa, 29PSI	200kPa, 29PSI	420kPa, 60P\$I

Dithen

**Tire And Loading Information Placard** 

This placard tells you important information about the:

- 1. Number of people that can be carried in the vehicle.
- 2. Total weight your vehicle can carry.
- 3. Tire size designed for your vehicle.
- 4. Cold tire inflation pressures for the front, rear, and spare tires.

#### Loading

The vehicle maximum load on the tire must not exceed the load carrying capacity of the tire on your vehicle. You will not exceed the tire's load carrying capacity if you adhere to the loading conditions, tire size, and cold tire inflation pressures specified on the Tire and Loading Information placard in "Vehicle Loading" in the "Starting And Operating" section of this manual.

#### NOTE:

Under a maximum loaded vehicle condition, gross axle weight ratings (GAWRs) for the front and rear axles must not be exceeded.

To determine the maximum loading conditions of your vehicle, locate the statement "The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs" on the Tire and Loading Information placard. The combined weight of occupants, cargo/ luggage and trailer tongue weight (if applicable) should never exceed the weight referenced here.

# Steps For Determining Correct Load Limit—

- (1) Locate the statement "The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs." on your vehicle's placard.
- (2) Determine the combined weight of the driver and passengers that will be riding in your vehicle.
- (3) Subtract the combined weight of the driver and passengers from XXX kg or XXX lbs.

- (4) The resulting figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity. For example, if "XXX" amount equals 1400 lbs. and there will be five 150 lb passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo and luggage load capacity is 650 lbs. (1400-750 (5x150) = 650 lbs.)
- (5) Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle. That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity calculated in Step
- (6) If your vehicle will be towing a trailer, load from your trailer will be transferred to your vehicle. Consult this manual to determine how this reduces the available cargo and luggage load capacity of your vehicle.

#### **Metric Example For Load Limit**





# NOTE:













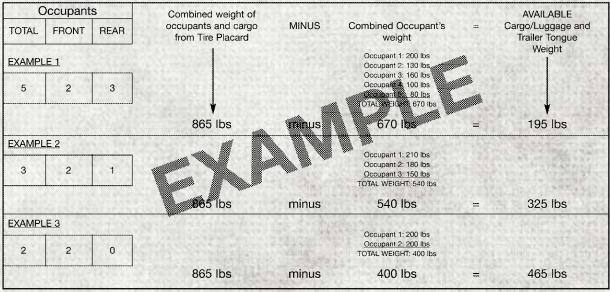




For example, if "XXX" amount equals 635 kg and there will be five 68 kg passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo and luggage load capacity is 295 kg (635-340 (5x68) = 295 kg) as shown in step 4.

• If your vehicle will be towing a trailer, load from your trailer will be transferred to your vehicle. The following table shows examples on how to calculate total load cargo/luggage, and towing capacities of your vehicle with varying seating configurations and number and size of occupants. This table is for illustration purposes only and may not be accurate for the seating and load carry capacity of your vehicle.

For the following example, the combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed 865 lbs (392 kg).



811a4d11

#### WARNING!

Overloading of your tires is dangerous. Overloading can cause tire failure, affect vehicle handling, and increase your stopping distance. Use tires of the recommended load capacity for your vehicle. Never overload them.

### Tires — General Information

#### **Tire Pressure**

Proper tire inflation pressure is essential to the safe and satisfactory operation of your vehicle. Four primary areas are affected by improper tire pressure:

- · Safety and Vehicle Stability
- Economy
- Tread Wear
- Ride Comfort

#### Safety

#### WARNING!

- Improperly inflated tires are dangerous and can cause collisions.
- Underinflation increases tire flexing and can result in overheating and tire failure.
- Overinflation reduces a tire's ability to cushion shock. Objects on the road and chuckholes can cause damage that result in tire failure.
- Overinflated or underinflated tires can affect vehicle handling and can fail suddenly, resulting in loss of vehicle control.
- Unequal tire pressures can cause steering problems. You could lose control of your vehicle.
- Unequal tire pressures from one side of the vehicle to the other can cause the vehicle to drift to the right or left.
- Always drive with each tire inflated to the recommended cold tire inflation pressure.

Both under-inflation and over-inflation affect the stability of the vehicle and can produce a feeling of sluggish response or over responsiveness in the steering.





#### NOTE:

 Unequal tire pressures from side to side may cause erratic and unpredictable steering response.



 Unequal tire pressure from side to side may cause the vehicle to drift left or right.



#### **Fuel Economy**

Underinflated tires will increase tire rolling resistance resulting in higher fuel consumption.



#### Tread Wear

Improper cold tire inflation pressures can cause abnormal wear patterns and reduced tread life, resulting in the need for earlier tire replacement.



#### **Ride Comfort And Vehicle Stability**

Proper tire inflation contributes to a comfortable ride. Over-inflation produces a jarring and uncomfortable ride.







#### **Tire Inflation Pressures**

The proper cold tire inflation pressure is listed on the driver's side B-Pillar or rear edge of the driver's side door.

At least once a month:

- Check and adjust tire pressure with a good quality pocket-type pressure gauge. Do not make a visual judgement when determining proper inflation. Tires may look properly inflated even when they are under-inflated.
- Inspect tires for signs of tire wear or visible damage.

#### **CAUTION!**

After inspecting or adjusting the tire pressure, always reinstall the valve stem cap. This will prevent moisture and dirt from entering the valve stem, which could damage the valve stem.

Inflation pressures specified on the placard are always "cold tire inflation pressure". Cold tire inflation pressure is defined as the tire pressure after the vehicle has not been driven for at least three hours, or driven less than

1 mile (1.6 km) after sitting for a minimum of three hours. The cold tire inflation pressure must not exceed the maximum inflation pressure molded into the tire sidewall.

Check tire pressures more often if subject to a wide range of outdoor temperatures, as tire pressures vary with temperature changes.

Tire pressures change by approximately 1 psi (7 kPa) per  $12^{\circ}\text{F}$   $(7^{\circ}\text{C})$  of air temperature change. Keep this in mind when checking tire pressure inside a garage, especially in the Winter.

Example: If garage temperature = 68°F (20°C) and the outside temperature = 32°F (0°C) then the cold tire inflation pressure should be increased by 3 psi (21 kPa), which equals 1 psi (7 kPa) for every 12°F (7°C) for this outside temperature condition.

Tire pressure may increase from 2 to 6 psi (13 to 40 kPa) during operation. DO NOT reduce this normal pressure build up or your tire pressure will be too low.

### **Tire Pressures For High Speed Operation**

The manufacturer advocates driving at safe speeds and within posted speed limits. Where speed limits or conditions are such that the vehicle can be driven at high speeds, maintaining correct tire inflation pressure is very important. Increased tire pressure and reduced vehicle loading may be required for high-speed vehicle operation. Refer to your authorized tire dealer or original equipment vehicle dealer for recommended safe operating speeds, loading and cold tire inflation pressures.

# WARNING!

High speed driving with your vehicle under maximum load is dangerous. The added strain on your tires could cause them to fail. You could have a serious collision. Do not drive a vehicle loaded to the maximum capacity at continuous speeds above 75 mph (120 km/h).

# **Radial Ply Tires**

#### WARNING!

Combining radial ply tires with other types of tires on your vehicle will cause your vehicle to handle poorly. The instability could cause a collision. Always use radial ply tires in sets of four. Never combine them with other types of tires.

#### Tire Repair

If your tire becomes damaged, it may be repaired if it meets the following criteria:

- The tire has not been driven on when flat.
- The damage is only on the tread section of your tire (sidewall damage is not repairable).
- The puncture is no greater than a ¼ of an inch (6 mm).

Consult an authorized tire dealer for tire repairs and additional information.

Damaged Run Flat tires, or Run Flat tires that have experienced a loss of pressure should be replaced immediately with another Run Flat tire of identical size and service description (Load Index and Speed Symbol).

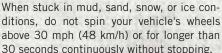
#### Run Flat Tires — If Equipped

Run Flat tires allow you the capability to drive 50 miles (80 km) at 50 mph (80 km/h) after a rapid loss of inflation pressure. This rapid loss of inflation is referred to as the Run Flat mode. A Run Flat mode occurs when the tire inflation pressure is of/or below 14 psi (96 kPa). Once a Run Flat tire reaches the run flat mode it has limited driving capabilities and needs to be replaced immediately. A Run Flat tire is not repairable.

It is not recommended driving a vehicle loaded at full capacity or to tow a trailer while a tire is in the run flat mode.

See the tire pressure monitoring section for more information.

#### **Tire Spinning**





Refer to "Freeing A Stuck Vehicle" in "In Case Of Emergency" for further information.



#### WARNING!



Fast spinning tires can be dangerous. Forces generated by excessive wheel speeds may cause tire damage or failure. A tire could explode and injure someone. Do not spin your vehicle's wheels faster than 30 mph (48 km/h) for more than 30 seconds continuously when you are stuck, and do not let anyone near a spinning wheel, no matter what the speed.











#### **Tread Wear Indicators**

Tread wear indicators are in the original equipment tires to help you in determining when your tires should be replaced.



Tire Tread

- 1 Worn Tire 2 — New Tire
- These indicators are molded into the bottom of the tread grooves. They will appear as bands when the tread depth becomes a 1/16 of an inch (1.6 mm). When the tread is worn to the tread wear indicators, the tire should be replaced. Refer to "Replacement Tires" in this section for further information.

#### Life Of Tire

The service life of a tire is dependent upon varying factors including, but not limited to:

- · Driving style.
- Tire pressure Improper cold tire inflation pressures can cause uneven wear patterns to develop across the tire tread. These abnormal wear patterns will reduce tread life, resulting in the need for earlier tire replacement.
- · Distance driven.
- Performance tires, tires with a speed rating of V or higher, and Summer tires typically have a reduced tread life. Rotation of these tires per the vehicle scheduled maintenance is highly recommended.

#### WARNING!

Tires and the spare tire should be replaced after six years, regardless of the remaining tread. Failure to follow this warning can result in sudden tire failure. You could lose control and have a collision resulting in serious injury or death.

Keep dismounted tires in a cool, dry place with as little exposure to light as possible. Protect tires from contact with oil, grease, and gasoline.

### **Replacement Tires**

The tires on your new vehicle provide a balance of many characteristics. They should be inspected regularly for wear and correct cold tire inflation pressures. The manufacturer strongly recommends that you use tires equivalent to the originals in size, quality and performance when replacement is needed. Refer to the paragraph on "Tread Wear Indicators" in this section. Refer to the Tire and Loading Information placard or the Vehicle Certification Label for the size designation of your tire. The Load Index and Speed Symbol for your tire will be found on the original equipment tire sidewall.

See the Tire Sizing Chart example found in the "Tire Safety Information" section of this manual for more information relating to the Load Index and Speed Symbol of a tire.

It is recommended to replace the two front tires or two rear tires as a pair. Replacing just one tire can seriously affect your vehicle's handling. If you ever replace a wheel, make sure that the wheel's specifications match those of the original wheels.

It is recommended you contact your authorized tire dealer or original equipment dealer with any questions you may have on tire specifications or capability. Failure to use equivalent replacement tires may adversely affect the safety, handling, and ride of your vehicle.

#### WARNING!

- Do not use a tire, wheel size, load rating, or speed rating other than that specified for your vehicle. Some combinations of unapproved tires and wheels may change suspension dimensions and performance characteristics, resulting in changes to steering, handling, and braking of your vehicle. This can cause unpredictable handling and stress to steering and suspension components. You could lose control and have a collision resulting in serious injury or death. Use only the tire and wheel sizes with load ratings approved for your vehicle.
- Never use a tire with a smaller load index or capacity, other than what was originally equipped on your vehicle. Using a

#### WARNING!

tire with a smaller load index could result in tire overloading and failure. You could lose control and have a collision.

• Failure to equip your vehicle with tires having adequate speed capability can result in sudden tire failure and loss of vehicle control.

## **CAUTION!**

Replacing original tires with tires of a different size may result in false speedometer and odometer readings.

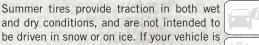
# Tire Types

# All Season Tires — If Equipped

All Season tires provide traction for all seasons (Spring, Summer, Fall, and Winter). Traction levels may vary between different all season tires. All season tires can be identified by the M+S, M&S, M/S or MS designation on the tire sidewall. Use all season tires only in sets of four; failure to do so may adversely affect the safety and handling of your vehicle.

# Summer Or Three Season Tires — If Equipped







and dry conditions, and are not intended to be driven in snow or on ice. If your vehicle is equipped with Summer tires, be aware these tires are not designed for Winter or cold driving conditions. Install Winter tires on your vehicle when ambient temperatures are less than 40°F (5°C) or if roads are covered with ice or snow. For more information, contact an authorized dealer.

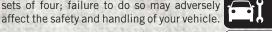






Summer tires do not contain the all season designation or mountain/snowflake symbol on the tire sidewall. Use Summer tires only in sets of four; failure to do so may adversely





# WARNING!

Do not use Summer tires in snow/ice conditions. You could lose vehicle control. resulting in severe injury or death. Driving too fast for conditions also creates the possibility of loss of vehicle control.









#### **Snow Tires**

Some areas of the country require the use of snow tires during the Winter. Snow tires can be identified by a "mountain/snowflake" symbol on the tire sidewall.



If you need snow tires, select tires equivalent in size and type to the original equipment tires. Use snow tires only in sets of four; failure to do so may adversely affect the

safety and handling of your vehicle.

Snow tires generally have lower speed ratings than what was originally equipped with your vehicle and should not be operated at sustained speeds over 75 mph (120 km/h). For speeds above 75 mph (120 km/h) refer to original equipment or an authorized tire dealer for recommended safe operating speeds, loading and cold tire inflation pressures.

While studded tires improve performance on ice, skid and traction capability on wet or dry surfaces may be poorer than that of non-studded tires. Some states prohibit studded tires; therefore, local laws should be checked before using these tire types.

# Spare Tires — If Equipped

Refer to the applicable section in the appropriate chapter in the Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further information.

For vehicles equipped with Tire Service Kit instead of a spare tire, please refer to "Tire Service Kit" in "In Case Of Emergency" in your Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further information.

#### **CAUTION!**

Because of the reduced ground clearance, do not take your vehicle through an automatic car wash with a compact or limited

#### **CAUTION!**

use temporary spare installed. Damage to the vehicle may result.

# Spare Tire Matching Original Equipped Tire And Wheel — If Equipped

Your vehicle may be equipped with a spare tire and wheel equivalent in look and function to the original equipment tire and wheel found on the front or rear axle of your vehicle. This spare tire may be used in the tire rotation for your vehicle. If your vehicle has this option, refer to an authorized tire dealer for the recommended tire rotation pattern.

#### Compact Spare Tire — If Equipped

The compact spare is for temporary emergency use only. You can identify if your vehicle is equipped with a compact spare by looking at the spare tire description on the Tire and Loading Information Placard located on the driver's side door opening or on the sidewall of the tire. Compact spare tire descriptions begin with the letter "T" or "S" preceding the size designation. Example: T145/80D18 103M.

T, S = Temporary Spare Tire

Since this tire has limited tread life, the original equipment tire should be repaired (or replaced) and reinstalled on your vehicle at the first opportunity.

Do not install a wheel cover or attempt to mount a conventional tire on the compact spare wheel, since the wheel is designed specifically for the compact spare tire. Do not install more than one compact spare tire and wheel on the vehicle at any given time.

#### WARNING!

Compact and collapsible spares are for temporary emergency use only. With these spares, do not drive more than 50 mph (80 km/h). Temporary use spares have limited tread life. When the tread is worn to the tread wear indicators, the temporary use spare tire needs to be replaced. Be sure to follow the warnings, which apply to your spare. Failure to do so could result in spare tire failure and loss of vehicle control.

# Collapsible Spare Tire — If Equipped

The collapsible spare is for temporary emergency use only. You can identify if your vehicle is equipped with a collapsible spare by looking at the spare tire description on the Tire and Loading Information Placard located on the driver's side door opening or on the sidewall of the tire.

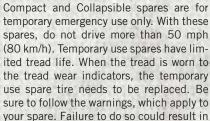
Collapsible spare tire description example: 165/80-17 101P.

Since this tire has limited tread life, the original equipment tire should be repaired (or replaced) and reinstalled on your vehicle at the first opportunity.

Inflate collapsible tire only after the wheel is properly installed to the vehicle. Inflate the collapsible tire using the electric air pump before lowering the vehicle.

Do not install a wheel cover or attempt to mount a conventional tire on the collapsible spare wheel, since the wheel is designed specifically for the collapsible spare tire.

### WARNING!



spare tire failure and loss of vehicle con-

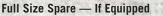
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trol.

The full size spare is for temporary emergency use only. This tire may look like the originally equipped tire on the front or rear axle of your vehicle, but it is not. This spare tire may have limited tread life. When the tread is worn to the tread wear indicators, the temporary use full size spare tire needs to be replaced. Since it is not the same as your original equipment tire, replace (or repair) the original equipment tire and reinstall on the vehicle at the first opportunity.













### Limited Use Spare — If Equipped

The limited use spare tire is for temporary emergency use only. This tire is identified by a label located on the limited use spare wheel. This label contains the driving limitations for this spare. This tire may look like the original equipped tire on the front or rear axle of your vehicle, but it is not. Installation of this limited use spare tire affects vehicle handling. Since it is not the same as your original equipment tire, replace (or repair) the original equipment tire and reinstall on the vehicle at the first opportunity.

## WARNING!

Limited use spares are for emergency use only. Installation of this limited use spare tire affects vehicle handling. With this tire, do not drive more than the speed listed on the limited use spare wheel. Keep inflated to the cold tire inflation pressures listed on your Tire and Loading Information Placard located on the driver's side B-Pillar or the rear edge of the driver's side door. Replace

### WARNING!

(or repair) the original equipment tire at the first opportunity and reinstall it on your vehicle. Failure to do so could result in loss of vehicle control.

# **Wheel And Wheel Trim Care**

All wheels and wheel trim, especially aluminum and chrome plated wheels, should be cleaned regularly using mild (neutral Ph) soap and water to maintain their luster and to prevent corrosion. Wash wheels with the same soap solution recommended for the body of the vehicle.

Your wheels are susceptible to deterioration caused by salt, sodium chloride, magnesium chloride, calcium chloride, etc., and other road chemicals used to melt ice or control dust on dirt roads. Use a soft cloth or sponge and mild soap to wipe away promptly. Do not use harsh chemicals or a stiff brush. They can damage the wheel's protective coating that helps keep them from corroding and tarnishing.

#### **CAUTION!**

Avoid products or automatic car washes that use acidic solutions or strong alkaline additives or harsh brushes. Many aftermarket wheel cleaners and automatic car washes may damage the wheel's protective finish. Such damage is not covered by the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. Only car wash soap, Mopar Wheel Cleaner or equivalent is recommended.

When cleaning extremely dirty wheels including excessive brake dust, care must be taken in the selection of tire and wheel cleaning chemicals and equipment to prevent damage to the wheels. Mopar Wheel Treatment or Mopar Chrome Cleaner or their equivalent is recommended or select a non-abrasive, non-acidic cleaner for aluminum or chrome wheels.

### **CAUTION!**

Do not use scouring pads, steel wool, a bristle brush, metal polishes or oven cleaner. These products may damage the wheel's protective finish. Such damage is not covered by the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. Only car wash soap, Mopar Wheel Cleaner or equivalent is recommended.

#### NOTE:

If you intend parking or storing your vehicle for an extended period after cleaning the wheels with wheel cleaner, drive your vehicle and apply the brakes to remove the water droplets from the brake components. This activity will remove the red rust on the brake rotors and prevent vehicle vibration when braking.

Dark Vapor Chrome, Black Satin Chrome, or Low **Gloss Clear Coat Wheels** 

## **CAUTION!**

If your vehicle is equipped with these specialty wheels, DO NOT USE wheel cleaners, abrasives, or polishing compounds. They will permanently damage this finish and such damage is not covered by the New Vehicle Limited Warranty. HAND WASH ONLY USING MILD SOAP AND WATER WITH A SOFT CLOTH, Used on a regular basis; this is all that is reguired to maintain this finish.

The following tire grading categories were established by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The

specific grade rating assigned by the tire's manufacturer in each category is shown on the sidewall of the tires on your vehicle.

rating, based on the wear rate of the

tire when tested under controlled con-

ditions on a specified government test

course. For example, a tire graded

times as well on the government

course as a tire graded 100. The rela-

tive performance of tires depends

upon the actual conditions of their

use, however, and may depart signifi-

cantly from the norm due to variations in driving habits, service practices,

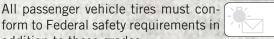
addition to these grades.

Treadwear

and climate.

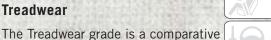






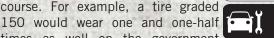








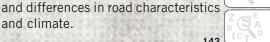












## UNIFORM TIRE QUALITY GRADES

## **Traction Grades**

The Traction grades, from highest to lowest, are AA, A, B, and C. These grades represent the tire's ability to stop on wet pavement, as measured under controlled conditions on specified government test surfaces of asphalt and concrete. A tire marked C may have poor traction performance.

## WARNING!

The traction grade assigned to this tire is based on straight-ahead braking traction tests, and does not include acceleration, cornering, hydroplaning, or peak traction characteristics.

## **Temperature Grades**

The Temperature grades are A (the highest), B, and C, representing the tire's resistance to the generation of heat and its ability to dissipate heat, when tested under controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory test wheel.

Sustained high temperature can cause the material of the tire to degenerate and reduce tire life, and excessive temperature can lead to sudden tire failure. The grade C corresponds to a level of performance, which all passenger vehicle tires must meet under

the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 109. Grades B and A represent higher levels of performance on the laboratory test wheel, than the minimum required by law.

## **WARNING!**

The temperature grade for this tire is established for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, under-inflation, or excessive loading, either separately or in combination, can cause heat buildup and possible tire failure.

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

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## WHEEL AND TIRE TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

Proper lug nut/bolt torque is very important to ensure that the wheel is properly mounted to the vehicle. Any time a wheel has been removed and reinstalled on the vehicle, the lug nuts/bolts should be torqued using a properly calibrated torque wrench using a high quality six sided (hex) deep wall socket.

## **Torque Specifications**

Lug Nut/Bolt Torque	**Lug Nut/ Bolt Size	Lug Nut/ Bolt Socket Size
145 Ft-Lbs (197 N⋅m)	M16 x 1.50	21 mm

<sup>\*\*</sup>Use only your authorized dealer recommended lug nuts/bolts and clean or remove any dirt or oil before tightening.

Inspect the wheel mounting surface prior to mounting the tire and remove any corrosion or loose particles.

Tighten the lug nuts/bolts in a star pattern until each nut/bolt has been tightened twice. Ensure that the socket is fully engaged on the lug nut/bolt (do not insert it halfway).



**Torque Patterns** 

After 25 miles (40 km), check the lug nut/bolt torque to be sure that all the lug nuts/bolts are properly seated against the wheel.

## **WARNING!**

To avoid the risk of forcing the vehicle off the jack, do not tighten the lug nuts fully until the vehicle has been lowered. Failure to follow this warning may result in personal injury.

## FLUID CAPACITIES — GASOLINE ENGINE

	U.S.	Metric
Fuel (Approximate)	24 Gallons	90 Liters
Engine Oil With Filter		SOUTH THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY
3.6L Engine (SAE 5W-20, API Certified)	6 Quarts	5.6 Liters
Cooling System *		
3.6L Engine (Mopar Antifreeze/Engine Coolant 10 Year/150,000 Mile Formula or equivalent)	10.5 Quarts	10 Liters
A PACTY COLD TO DEPOSE HORSE TO DEPOSE WHITE EACH CHICKS IN THE SEC.		

## FLUID CAPACITIES — DIESEL ENGINE

With the control of the Company of the	U.S.	Metric
Fuel (Approximate)		
3.0L Diesel Engine	24 Gallons	90 Liters
Diesel Exhaust Fluid Tank	5 Gallons	18.9 Liters
Engine Oil with Filter		LINE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF
3.0L Diesel Engine	9.5 Quarts	9.0 Liters
Cooling System *		
3.0L Diesel Engine With MTA Transmission (Mopar Antifreeze/Engine Coolant 10 Year/ 150,000 Mile Formula or equivalent)	12.7 Quarts	12 Liters

<sup>\*</sup> Includes heater and coolant recovery bottle filled to MAX level. Add 2.9 Qts (2.8 L) if equipped with a rear heater.























## FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS — GAS ENGINE

## **Engine**

Component	Fluid, Lubricant, or Genuine Part					
Engine Coolant	We recommend you use Mopar Antifreeze/Coolant 10 Year/150,000 Mile Formula OAT (Organic Additive Technology) meeting the requirements of FCA Material Standard MS.90032.					
Engine Oil	We recommend you use API Certified SAE 5W-20 Engine Oil, meeting the requirements of FCA Mater Standard MS-6395 such as Mopar, Pennzoil, and Shell Helix. Refer to your engine oil filler cap for correct S grade.					
Engine Oil Filter	We recommend you use Mopar Engine Oil Filters.					
Spark Plugs	We recommend you use Mopar Spark Plugs.					
Fuel Selection	87 Octane, 0-15% Ethanol.					

## **CAUTION!**

Mixing of engine coolant (antifreeze) other than specified Organic Additive Technology (OAT) engine coolant (antifreeze), may result in engine damage and may decrease corrosion protection. Organic Additive Technology (OAT) engine coolant is different and should not be mixed with Hybrid Organic Additive Technology (HOAT) engine coolant (an-

### **CAUTION!**

tifreeze) or any "globally compatible" coolant (antifreeze). If a non-OAT engine coolant (antifreeze) is introduced into the cooling system in an emergency, the cooling system will need to be drained, flushed, and refilled with fresh OAT coolant (conforming to MS.90032), by an authorized dealer as soon as possible.

 Do not use water alone or alcohol-based engine coolant (antifreeze) products. Do not use additional rust inhibitors or an-

## **CAUTION!**

tirust products, as they may not be compatible with the radiator engine coolant and may plug the radiator.

 This vehicle has not been designed for use with propylene glycol-based engine coolant (antifreeze). Use of propylene glycol-based engine coolant (antifreeze) is not recommended.

## Chassis

Component	Fluid, Lubricant, Or Genuine Part
Automatic Transmission – 3.6L Gasoline Engine Only	Use Only ATF+4 Automatic Transmission Fluid. Failure to use ATF+4 fluid may affect the function or performance of your transmission. We recommend Mopar ATF+4 Fluid.
Brake Master Cylinder	We recommend you use Mopar DOT 4. DOT 4 brake fluid must be changed every two years regardless of mileage
Power Steering Reservoir	Use Pentosin CHF 11S power steering fluid meeting FCA Material Standard MS-11655.

























## FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS — 3.0L DIESEL ENGINE

## Engine

Component	Fluid, Lubricant, Or Genuine Part			
Engine Coolant	We recommend you use Mopar Antifreeze/Coolant 10 Year/150,000 Mile Formula OAT (Organic Additive Technology).			
Engine Oil Only use ACEA C3 5W-30 Synthetic Low Ash engine oil meeting FCA Material Standard MS- Pennzoil Ultra Euro L full synthetic 5W-30 motor oil.				
Engine Oil Filter	We recommend you use Mopar Engine Oil Filters.			
Fuel Filter	We recommend you use Mopar Fuel Filter. Must meet 3 micron rating. Using a fuel filter that does not meet the manufacturers filtration and water separating requirements can severely impact fuel system life and reliability.			

Component	Fluid, Lubricant, Or Genuine Part
Fuel Selection	Use good quality diesel fuel from a reputable supplier in your vehicle. Federal law requires that you must fuel this vehicle with Ultra Low Sulfur Highway Diesel fuel (15 ppm Sulfur maximum) and prohibits the use of Low Sulfur Highway Diesel fuel (500 ppm Sulfur maximum) to avoid damage to the emissions control system. For most year-round service, No. 2 diesel fuel meeting ASTM specification D-975 Grade S15 will provide good performance. We recommend you use a blend of up to 5% biodiesel, meeting ASTM specification D-975 with your diesel engine. This vehicle is compatible with biodiesel blends greater than 5% but no greater than 20% biodiesel meeting ASTM specification D-7467 provided the shortened maintenance intervals are followed as directed.
Diesel Exhaust Fluid	Mopar Diesel Exhaust Fluid (API Certified) (DEF) or equivalent that has been API Certified to the ISO 22241 standard. Use of fluids not API Certified to ISO 22241 may result in system damage.

#### NOTE:

If climatized or diesel Number 1 ULSD fuel is not available, and you are operating below (20°F/-6°C), in sustained arctic conditions, Mopar Premium Diesel Fuel Treatment (or equivalent) is recommended to avoid gelling.

## **CAUTION!**

 Mixing of engine coolant (antifreeze) other than specified Organic Additive Technology (OAT) engine coolant (antifreeze), may result in engine damage and may decrease corrosion protection.

### **CAUTION!**

Organic Additive Technology (OAT) engine coolant is different and should not be mixed with Hybrid Organic Additive Technology (HOAT) engine coolant (antifreeze) or any "globally compatible" coolant (antifreeze). If a non-OAT engine coolant (antifreeze) is introduced into the cooling system in an emergency, the cooling system will need to be drained, flushed, and refilled with fresh OAT coolant (conforming to MS.90032), by an authorized dealer as soon as possible.

### **CAUTION!**

- Do not use water alone or alcohol-based engine coolant (antifreeze) products. Do not use additional rust inhibitors or antirust products, as they may not be compatible with the radiator engine coolant and may plug the radiator.
- This vehicle has not been designed for use with propylene glycol-based engine coolant (antifreeze). Use of propylene glycol-based engine coolant (antifreeze) is not recommended.

## Chassis

Component	Fluid, Lubricant, or Genuine Part
Automated Manual Transmission – Diesel Engine	<ul> <li>Gearbox: Full synthetic 75W-85 manual transmission fluid meeting the API GL4 specification.</li> <li>Control system: Mopar C Series DDCT SAE 75W Hydraulic Fluid or equivalent.</li> <li>Hydraulic Clutch Operating System: Mopar Brake and Clutch Fluid DOT 4 Motor Vehicle or equivalent.</li> <li>Failure to use the correct fluid may affect the function or performance of your transmission.</li> </ul>
Brake Master Cylinder	We recommend you use Mopar DOT 4. DOT 4 brake fluid must be changed every 2 years regardless of mileage.
Power Steering Reservoir	Use Pentosin CHF 11S power steering fluid meeting FCA Material Standard MS-11655.



## **Authentic Accessories By Mopar**

In choosing Authentic Accessories you gain far more than expressive style, premium protection, or extreme entertainment, you also benefit from enhancing your vehicle with accessories that have been thoroughly tested and factory-approved.























The following highlights just some of the many Authentic Ram Accessories by Mopar featuring a fit, finish, and functionality specifically for your Ram Promaster:

#### EXTERIOR:

- Splash Guards
- Hitch Receiver
- Side Window Air Deflectors
- 7/4 Way Trailer Tow Wiring Harness

### INTERIOR:

- B-Pillar Grab Handle
- D-Pillar Grab Handle
- · All-Weather Floor Mats
- Premium Carpet Floor Mats
- Cargo Compartment Floor Liner
- DOT Certified Emergency Roadside Kit

#### **ELECTRONICS:**

- Fog Lights
- Remote Start

- Back Up Camera
- · Hands Free Bluetooth
- Mopar Connect (WiFi)
- Cargo Compartment LED Lighting
- Electronic Vehicle Tracking System

For the full line of Authentic Ram Accessories by Mopar, visit your local dealership or online at mopar.com for U.S. residents and mopar.ca for Canadian residents.

#### NOTE:

All parts are subject to availability.

## **MULTIMEDIA**

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## **CYBERSECURITY**

Your vehicle may be a connected vehicle and may be equipped with both wired and wireless networks. These networks allow your vehicle to send and receive information. This information allows systems and features in your vehicle to function properly.

Your vehicle may be equipped with certain security features to reduce the risk of unauthorized and unlawful access to vehicle systems and wireless communications. Vehicle software technology continues to evolve over time and FCA US LLC, working with its suppliers, evaluates and takes appropriate steps as needed. Similar to a computer or other devices, your vehicle may require software updates to improve the usability and performance of your systems or to reduce the potential risk of unauthorized and unlawful access to your vehicle systems.

The risk of unauthorized and unlawful access to your vehicle systems may still exist, even if the most recent version of vehicle software (such as Uconnect software) is installed.

## WARNING!

- It is not possible to know or to predict all
   of the possible outcomes if your vehicle's systems are breached. It may be
   possible that vehicle systems, including
   safety related systems, could be impaired or a loss of vehicle control could
   occur that may result in an accident
   involving serious injury or death.
- ONLY insert media (e.g., USB, SD card, or CD) into your vehicle if it came from a trusted source. Media of unknown origin could possibly contain malicious software, and if installed in your vehicle, it may increase the possibility for vehicle systems to be breached.
- As always, if you experience unusual vehicle behavior, take your vehicle to your nearest authorized dealer immediately.

#### NOTE:

• FCA or your dealer may contact you directly regarding software updates.

- To help further improve vehicle security and minimize the potential risk of a security breach, vehicle owners should:
  - Routinely check www.driveuconnect.com/software-update to learn about available Uconnect software updates.
  - Only connect and use trusted media devices (e.g. personal mobile phones, USBs. CDs).

Privacy of any wireless and wired communications cannot be assured. Third parties may unlawfully intercept information and private communications without your consent. For further information, refer to "Onboard Diagnostic System (OBD II) Cybersecurity" in "Getting To Know Your Instrument Panel" in your Owner's Manual at www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canada Residents) for further information.

## **UCONNECT 3/3 NAV WITH 5-INCH DISPLAY**



Uconnect 3/3 NAV With 5-inch Display

- $1- {\sf Settings\ Button}$
- 2 Back Button
- 3 Browse/Enter Tune/Scroll
- 4 MORE Button
- 5 Uconnect PHONE
- 6 COMPASS/NAV If Equipped

- 7 MEDIA Button
- 8 RADIO Button
- 9 On/Off Volume Knob
- 10 Mute Button
- 11 SCREEN ON/OFF























## **Clock Setting**

- 1. To start the clock setting procedure, push the SETTINGS button on the right side of the display, then "Clock" button on the touchscreen, and then "Set Time & Format" button on the touchscreen. Select the up or down arrows as appropriate.
- Press the up or down arrows to adjust the hours or minutes, next select the AM or PM button on the touchscreen. You can also select 12hr or 24hr format by pressing the desired button on the touchscreen.
- Once the time is set, press the "Done" or "back arrow" button on the touchscreen to exit the time screen.

#### NOTE:

Once the time has been set on the radio, the time will also appear in the instrument cluster display.

## **Equalizer, Balance And Fade**

- 1. Push the SETTINGS button on the right side of the display.
- 2. Scroll down and press the "Audio" button on the touchscreen to open the Audio menu.
- 3. The Audio Menu shows the following options for you to customize your audio settings.

## Equalizer — If Equipped

 Press the "Equalizer" button on the touchscreen to adjust the Bass, Mid and Treble.
 Use the "+" or "-" buttons on the touchscreen to adjust the equalizer to your desired settings.

## Balance/Fade — If Equipped

 Press the "Balance/Fade" button on the touchscreen to adjust the sound from the speakers. Use the "arrow" buttons on the touchscreen to adjust the sound level from the front and rear or right and left side speakers. Press the Center "C" button on the touchscreen to reset the balance and fade to the factory setting.

### **Speed Adjusted Volume**

 Press the "Speed Adjusted Volume" button on the touchscreen to select between OFF, 1, 2 or 3. This decreases the radio volume relative to a decrease in vehicle speed.

#### Loudness

 Press the "Loudness" button on the touchscreen to select the Loudness feature.
 When this feature is activated, it improves sound quality at lower volumes.

#### Auto-On Radio

 Press the "Auto-On Radio" button on the touchscreen, select On, Off, or Recall Last followed by pressing "Done" or the "back arrow" button on the touchscreen. When this feature is activated, the radio automatically turns on when the vehicle is in run or recalls whether it was on or off at last ignition off.

### Radio Off Delay

 Press the "Radio Off Delay" button to keep the radio On for a preset amount of time after the Ignition is switched OFF. Press the "back arrow" button when completed.

## **Radio Operation**



Uconnect 3/3 NAV With 5-inch Display Radio

- 1 Radio Station Presets
- 2 Show All Presets
- 3 Seek Up
- 4 Audio Settings

- 5 Station Info
- 6 Direct Tune
- 7 Radio Band
- 8 Seek Down























#### Seek Up/Down Buttons

- Push the up or down button to seek through radio stations in AM, FM or SXM bands.
- Hold either button to bypass stations without stopping.

## **Store Radio Presets Manually**

The Radio stores up to 12 presets in each of the Radio modes. There are four visible presets at the top of the radio screen. Pressing the "All" button on the touchscreen will display all of the preset stations for that mode.

To store a radio preset manually, follow the steps below:

- 1. Tune to the desired station.
- Press and hold the desired numbered button on the touchscreen for more than two seconds, or until you hear a confirmation beep.

## USB/Audio Jack (AUX)/Bluetooth Operation

#### USB/iPod

The USB Input and Auxiliary Jack is located on the instrument panel left of the radio (driver's lower right).



**USB/Audio Jack** 

- 1 USB Port
- 2 AUX/Audio Jack

- USB/iPod Mode is entered by either inserting a USB Jump Drive or an iPod cable into
  the USB port or by pushing the MEDIA
  button on the faceplate located below the
  display. Once in Media Mode, press the
  "Source" button on the touchscreen and
  select USB/iPod.
- Push the MEDIA button on the faceplate; press the "Source" button on the touchscreen then select USB/iPod to change the mode to the USB device. If the device is connected, music from your portable device plays through the vehicle's speakers.

### Audio Jack (AUX)

The AUX jack allows a portable device, such as an MP3 player or an iPod, to be plugged into the radio and utilize the vehicle's audio system. Using a 3.5 mm audio jack plugged into the AUX jack will amplify the source and play the music through the vehicle speakers.

- Push the MEDIA button on the faceplate: press the "Source" button on the touchscreen then select AUX to change the mode to the AUX device. If the device is connected in play mode, music from your portable device will play through the vehicle's speakers.
- The functions of the portable device are controlled using the device. However, the volume may be controlled using the radio or portable device.

#### Bluetooth

If using a Bluetooth - equipped device, you may also be able to stream music through your vehicle's sound system.

 Push the MEDIA button on the faceplate, press the "Source" button on the touchscreen then select Bluetooth to change the mode to Bluetooth. If the device is paired, music from your portable device plays through the vehicle's speakers.

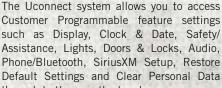
#### Uconnect 3/3 NAV Available Media Hubs

Uconnect 3/3 NAV	Media Hub (USB, AUX Ports)
	S

S = Standard Equipment

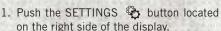
## **Navigation**

If your vehicle is equipped with Navigation, there will be a NAV button on the faceplate in place of the COMPASS button on the faceplate. See your Uconnect Owner's Manual Supplement manual www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html for U.S. residents or www.owners.mopar.ca for Canadian residents for additional information.





To change a setting:





2. Select a programmable feature you would like to adjust.



3. Make your selection highlighting the button.











Customer Programmable feature settings such as Display, Clock & Date, Safety/ Assistance, Lights, Doors & Locks, Audio, Phone/Bluetooth, SiriusXM Setup, Restore Default Settings and Clear Personal Data through buttons on the touchscreen.







Depending on the vehicles options, the following feature settings are available:

- Language
- Display
- Units (If Equipped)
- Voice
- Clock
- Safety/Assistance
- Lights
- Brakes

Refer to "Uconnect Settings" in Multimedia in your Owner's Manual. For U.S. residents, visit: www.mopar.com/en-us/care/owner-manual.html. For Canadian residents, visit: www.owners.mopar.ca.

- Doors & Locks
- Engine Off Options
- Audio
- Phone
- SiriusXM Setup
- Radio Setup
- Restore Settings
- Clear Personal Data

## STEERING WHEEL AUDIO CONTROLS

The steering wheel audio controls are located on the front surface of the steering wheel.



**Steering Wheel Audio Controls** 

- 1 Left Switch
- 2 Right Switch

## **Left Switch**

- Push the switch up or down to increase or decrease the volume.
- No set functionality.

## **Right Switch**

- Push the switch up or down to search for the next listenable station.
- No source functionality.























## **UCONNECT PHONE**

## **Uconnect Phone (Bluetooth Hands Free Calling)**



Uconnect 3/3 NAV With 5-inch Display Phone Menu

- 1 Call/Redial/Hold
- 2 Mobile Phone Signal Strength
- 3 Currently Paired Mobile Phone
- 4 Mobile Phone Battery Life
- 5 Mute Microphone
- 6 Transfer To/From Uconnect System

- 7 Uconnect Phone Settings Menu
- 8 Text Messaging
- 9 Direct Dial Pad
- 10 Recent Call Log
- 11 Browse Phone Book (Contains 911)
- 12 End Call

The Uconnect Phone feature enables you to place and receive hands-free mobile phone calls. Drivers can also place mobile phone calls using their voice or by using the buttons on the touchscreen (see Voice Command section).

The hands-free calling feature is made possible through Bluetooth technology — the global standard that enables different electronic devices to connect to each other wirelessly.

If the Uconnect Phone Button exists on your steering wheel, you then have the Uconnect Phone features.

Refer to the "Uconnect 3/3 NAV Voice Recognition Quick Tips" in "Multimedia" in the Owner's Manual at www.ramtruck.com/en/owners/manuals (U.S. Residents) or www.owners.mopar.ca (Canadian Residents) for further details.

#### NOTE:

- The Uconnect Phone requires a mobile phone equipped with the Bluetooth Hands-Free Profile. Version 1.0 or higher.
- Most mobile phones/devices are compatible with the Uconnect system, however some mobile phones/devices may not be equipped with all of the required features to utilize all of the Uconnect system features.

- For Uconnect Customer Care:
- U.S. residents visit UconnectPhone.com or call 1-877-855-8400.
- Canadian Residents
   UconnectPhone.com or
   1-800-465-2001 (English)
   1-800-387-9983 (French).





visit





















# Pairing (Wirelessly Connecting) Your Mobile Phone To The Uconnect System

Mobile phone pairing is the process of establishing a wireless connection between a cellular phone and the Uconnect system.

### NOTE:

- To use the Uconnect Phone feature, you first must determine if your mobile phone and software are compatible with the Uconnect system. Please visit UconnectPhone.com for complete mobile phone compatibility information.
- Mobile phone pairing is not available while the vehicle is in motion.
- A maximum of ten mobile phones can be paired to the Uconnect system.

## Start Pairing Procedure On The Radio

Uconnect 3/3 NAV:



Uconnect 3/3 NAV

- 1. Place the ignition in the ACC or ON position.
- 2. Press the "Phone" button.
- 3. Select "Settings."
- 4. Select "Paired Phones."
- 5. Select "Add device."

#### NOTE:

Uconnect Phone will display an "In progress" screen while the system is connecting.

#### Pair Your iPhone:



#### Bluetooth On/Uconnect Device

To search for available devices on your Bluetooth enabled iPhone:

- 1. Press the Settings button.
- 2. Select Bluetooth.
  - Ensure the Bluetooth feature is enabled. Once enabled, the mobile phone will begin to search for Bluetooth connections.

3. When your mobile phone finds the Uconnect system, select "Uconnect."

## Uconnect system, select "Uconnect."



**Pairing Request** 

When prompted on the mobile phone, accept the connection request from Uconnect Phone.

#### NOTE:

Some mobile phones will require you to enter the PIN number.

### Select The iPhone's Priority Level

When the pairing process has successfully completed, the system will prompt you to choose whether or not this is your favorite























mobile phone. Selecting "Yes" will make this mobile phone the highest priority. This mobile phone will take precedence over other paired mobile phones within range and will connect to the Uconnect system automatically when entering the vehicle. Only one mobile phone and/or one Bluetooth audio device can be connected to the Uconnect system at a time. If "No" is selected, simply select "Uconnect" from the mobile phone/audio device Bluetooth screen, and the Uconnect system will reconnect to the Bluetooth device.

#### Pair Your Android Device:

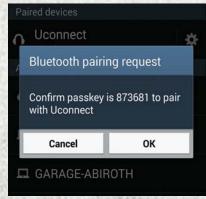


Bluetooth On/Uconnect Device

To search for available devices on your Bluetooth enabled Android Device:

- 1. Push the Menu button.
- 2. Select Settings.
- 3. Select Connections.
- 4. Turn Bluetooth setting to "On."
  - Ensure the Bluetooth feature is enabled. Once enabled, the mobile phone will begin to search for Bluetooth connections.
- 5. Once your mobile phone finds the Uconnect system, select "Uconnect."
  - You may be prompted by your mobile phone to download the phonebook, check "Do Not Ask Again" to automatically download the phonebook. This is so you can make calls by saying the name of your contact.

## **Complete The Android Pairing Procedure:**



**Pairing Request** 

Confirm the passkey shown on the mobile phone matches the passkey shown on the Uconnect system then accept the Bluetooth pairing request.

#### NOTE:

Some mobile phones require the PIN to be entered manually, enter the PIN number shown on the Uconnect screen.

## Select The Android Mobile Phone's Priority Level

When the pairing process has successfully completed, the system will prompt you to choose whether or not this is your favorite mobile phone. Selecting "Yes" will make this mobile phone the highest priority. This mobile phone will take precedence over other paired mobile phones within range and will connect to the Uconnect system automatically when entering the vehicle. Only one mobile phone and/or one Bluetooth audio device can be connected to the Uconnect system at a time. If "No" is selected, simply select "Uconnect" from the mobile phone/ audio device Bluetooth screen, and the Uconnect system will reconnect to the Bluetooth device.

You are now ready to make hands-free calls. Press the Uconnect "Phone" button (if active) on your steering wheel to begin.

#### NOTE:

Refer to UconnectPhone.com website for additional information on mobile phone pairing and for a list of compatible phones.

## Common Phone Commands (Examples)

- · "Call John Smith"
- "Call John Smith mobile"
- "Dial 1 248 555 1212"
- · "Redial"

## Mute (Or Unmute) Microphone During Call

• During a call, press the "Mute" button on the Phone main screen to mute and unmute the call.

## Transfer Ongoing Call Between Handset And Vehicle

During an on-going call, press the "Transfer" button on the Phone main screen to transfer an on-going call between handset and vehicle.

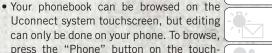
## **Phonebook**

The Uconnect system will automatically sync your phonebook from your paired phone, if this feature is supported by your phone. Phonebook contacts are updated each time

that the phone is connected. If your phone book entries do not appear, check the settings on your phone. Some phones require you to enable this feature manually.





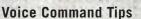




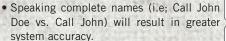


Favorite phonebook entries can be saved as Favorites for quicker access. Favorites are shown at the top of the main phone screen.

screen, then the "Phonebook" button on



the touchscreen.





 You can "link" commands together for faster results. Say "Call John Doe, mobile," for example.









• If you are listening to available voice command options, you do not have to listen to the entire list. When you hear the command that you need, push the (Yevr button on the steering wheel, wait for the beep and say your command.

## **Changing The Volume**

- Start a dialogue by pushing the VR button ((¿¿vr, then say a command. For example, "Help".
- Use the radio VOLUME/MUTE rotary knob to adjust the volume to a comfortable level while the Uconnect system is speaking.

#### NOTE:

The volume setting for Uconnect is different than the audio system.

#### NOTE:

To access help, push the Uconnect Phone button (if active) on the steering wheel and say "help." Push the Uconnect Phone Pickup button (if active) or the VR button (if active) and say "cancel" to cancel the help session.

## **Using Do Not Disturb**

With Do Not Disturb, you can disable notifications from incoming calls and texts, allowing you to keep your eyes on the road and hands on the wheel. For your convenience, there is a counter display to keep track of your missed calls and text messages while you were using Do Not Disturb.

Do Not Disturb can automatically reply with a text message, a call or both, when declining an incoming call and send it to voicemail.

Automatic reply messages can be:

- "I am driving right now, I will get back to you shortly."
- Create a custom auto reply message up to 160 characters.

While in Do Not Disturb, Conference Call can be selected so you can still place a second call without being interrupted by incoming calls.

#### NOTE:

• Only the beginning of your custom message will be seen on the touchscreen.

- Reply with text message is not compatible with iPhones.
- Auto reply with text message is only available on phones that supporting Bluetooth MAP.

## **Incoming Text Messages**

After pairing your Uconnect system with a Bluetooth enabled mobile device with the Message Access Profile (MAP), the Uconnect system can announce a new incoming text message and read it to you over the vehicle's audio system.

#### NOTE:

Only incoming text messages received during the current ignition cycle can be viewed/read.

## To enable incoming text messaging:

#### **iPhone**

- 1. Press the settings button on the mobile phone.
- 2. Select Bluetooth.
  - Ensure Bluetooth is enabled, and the mobile phone is paired to the Uconnect system.

- 3. Select (i) located under DEVICES next to Uconnect.
- 4. Turn "Show Notifications" to on.

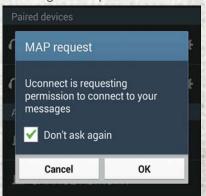


**Enable iPhone Incoming Text Messages** 

#### **Android Devices**

- 1. Push the Menu button on the mobile phone.
- 2. Select Settings.
- 3. Select Connections.
- 4. Turn "Show Notifications" to on.

 A pop up will appear asking you to accept a request for permission to connect to your messages. Select "Don't ask again" and press OK.



Enable Android Device Incoming Text Messages

#### NOTE:

All incoming text messages received during the current ignition cycle will be deleted from the Uconnect system when the ignition is turned to the OFF position.

## Helpful Tips And Common Questions To Improve Bluetooth Performance With Your Uconnect System





Mobile Phone won't reconnect to system after pairing:



 Set mobile phone to auto-connect or trusted device in mobile phone Bluetooth settings (Blackberry devices).



 Perform a factory reset on your mobile phone. Refer to your mobile phone manufacturer or cellular provider for instructions.



 Many mobile phones do not automatically reconnect after being restarted (hard reboot). Your mobile phone can still be connected manually. Close all applications that may be operating (refer to mobile phone manufacturer's instructions), and follow "Pairing (Wirelessly Connecting) Your Mo-

bile Phone To The Uconnect System".













### Mobile Phone won't pair to system:

- Perform a hard reset in the mobile phone by removing the battery (if removable — see your mobile phone's owner manual).
- Delete pairing history in mobile phone and Uconnect system; usually found in phone's Bluetooth connection settings.
- Verify you are selecting "Uconnect" in the discovered Bluetooth devices on your mobile phone.
- If your vehicle system generates a pin code the default is 0000.

#### Mobile Phonebook didn't download:

 Check "Do not ask again," then accept the "phonebook download" request on your mobile phone.

#### Can't make a conference call:

 CDMA (Code-Division Multiple Access) carriers do not support conference calling. Refer to your mobile phone user's manual for further information.

### Making calls while connected to AUX:

 Plugging in your mobile phone to AUX while connected to Bluetooth will disable Hands-Free Calling. Do not make calls while your mobile phone is plugged into the AUX jack.

## Regulatory And Safety Information USA/CANADA

## **Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation**

The radiated output power of the internal wireless radio is far below the FCC and IC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the wireless radio will be used in such a manner that the radio is 20 cm or further from the human body.

The internal wireless radio operates within guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, which reflect the consensus of the scientific community. The radio manufacturer believes the internal wireless radio is safe for use by consumers. The level of energy emitted is far less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices such as mobile phones. However, the use of wireless radios may be restricted in some situations or environ-

ments, such as aboard airplanes. If you are unsure of restrictions, you are encouraged to ask for authorization before turning on the wireless radio.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### NOTE:

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### NOTE:

• This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

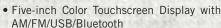
- If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
  - 1. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
  - 2. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.

## UCONNECT VOICE RECOGNITION QUICK TIPS

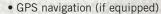
## **Introducing Uconnect**

Start using Uconnect Voice Recognition with these helpful quick tips. It provides the key Voice Commands and tips you need to know to control your Uconnect system.

#### Key Features:































Uconnect 3/3 NAV With 5-inch Display

## **Get Started**

- Visit UconnectPhone.com to check mobile device and feature compatibility and to find phone pairing instructions.
- Reduce background noise. Wind and passenger conversations are examples of noise that may impact recognition.
- Speak clearly at a normal pace and volume while facing straight ahead. The microphone is positioned on the rearview mirror and aimed at the driver.
- Each time you give a Voice Command, you
  must first push either the VR or Phone
  button, wait until after the beep, then say
  your Voice Command.
- You can interrupt the help message or system prompts by pushing the VR or Phone button and saying a Voice Command from current category.

All you need to control your Uconnect system with your voice are the buttons on your steering wheel.



**Uconnect VR/Phone Buttons** 

- 1 Push To Mute
- 2 Push To Initiate Or To Answer A Phone Call, Send Or Receive A Text
- 3 Push To End Call
- 4 Push To Begin Radio Or Media Functions

## **Basic Voice Commands**

The basic Voice Commands below can be given at any point while using your Uconnect system.

Push the VR button (KVR. After the beep, say:

- Cancel to stop a current voice session
- **Help** to hear a list of suggested Voice Commands
- Repeat to listen to the system prompts again















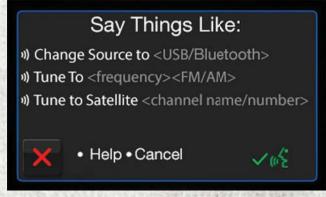








Notice the visual cues that inform you of your voice recognition system's status. Cues appear on the touchscreen.



**Uconnect 3/3 NAV Visual Cues** 

## Radio

Use your voice to quickly get to the AM, FM or SiriusXM Satellite Radio stations you would like to hear. (Subscription or included SiriusXM Satellite Radio trial required.)

Push the VR button (%VR . After the beep, say:

- Tune to ninety-five-point-five FM
- Tune to Satellite Hits 1

TIP: At any time, if you are not sure of what to say or want to learn a Voice Command, push the VR button (VEVR and say "Help." The system will provide you with a list of commands.

























Uconnect 3/3 NAV Radio

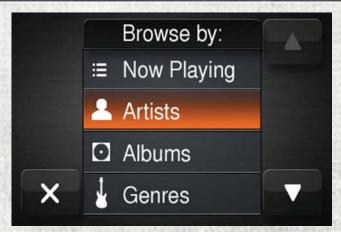
## Media

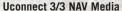
Uconnect offers connections via USB, Bluetooth and auxiliary ports (If Equipped). Voice operation is only available for connected USB and iPod devices.

Push the VR button ( Five . After the beep, say one of the following commands and follow the prompts to switch your media source or choose an artist.

- Change source to Bluetooth
- Change source to iPod
- Change source to USB
- Play artist Beethoven; Play album Greatest Hits; Play song Moonlight Sonata; Play genre Classical

**TIP:** Press the Browse button on the touch-screen to see all of the music on your iPod or USB device. Your Voice Command must match **exactly** how the artist, album, song and genre information is displayed.





## Phone

Making and answering hands-free phone calls is easy with Uconnect. When the Phonebook button is illuminated on your touch-screen, your system is ready.

U.S. residents can visit UconnectPhone.com to check mobile device and feature compatibility and to find phone pairing instructions.

Push the Phone VR button. After the beep, say one of the following commands:

- Call John Smith
- **Dial** 123-456-7890 and follow the system prompts
- Redial (call previous outgoing phone number)

Call back (call previous incoming phone number)

**TIP:** When providing a Voice Command, push the VR button and say "Call", then pronounce the name exactly as it appears in your phone book. When a contact has multiple phone numbers, you can say "Call John Smith work".























Uconnect 3/3 NAV With 5-inch Display Phone

## **Voice Text Reply**

Uconnect will announce **incoming** text messages. Push the VR button and say **Listen**. (Must have compatible mobile phone paired to Uconnect system.)

1. Once an incoming text message is read to you, push the VR button. After the beep, say: **Reply** 

2. Listen to the Uconnect prompts. After the beep, repeat one of the pre-defined messages and follow the system prompts.

TIP: Your mobile phone must have the full implementation of the Message Access Profile (MAP) to take advantage of this feature. For details about MAP, visit UconnectPhone.com for U.S. residents. Apple iPhone iOS6 or later supports reading incoming text messages only.

PRE-DEFINED VOICE TEXT REPLY RESPONSES			
Yes.	Stuck in traf- fic.	See you later.	
No.	Start without me.	I'll be late.	
Okay.	Where are you?	I will be 5 <or 10,="" 15,<br="">20, 25, 30,</or>	
Call me.	Are you there yet?	45, 60> min- utes late.	

PRE-DEFINED VOICE TEXT REPLY RESPONSES		
l'll call you later.	I need directions.	See you in 5 <or 10,="" 15,<="" th=""></or>
I'm on my way.	Can't talk right now.	20, 25, 30, 45, 60> of minutes.
I'm lost.	rigitt now.	Thanks.

#### NOTE:

Only use the numbering listed, otherwise the system does not transpose the message.

### **Additional Information**

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marks and Mopar Owner Connect is a trademark of FCA US LLC. Android is a trademark of Google Inc. SiriusXM and all related marks and logos are trademarks of SiriusXM Radio Inc.

























## **Uconnect System Support:**

· U.S. residents visit DriveUconnect.com or call: 1-877-855-8400 (24 hours a day 7 days a week)



· Canadian residents visit DriveUconnect.ca or call: 1-800-465-2001 (English) or 1-800-387-9983 (French)

## **CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE**

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#### IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE

The manufacturer and its authorized dealer are vitally interested in your satisfaction. We want you to be happy with our products and services.

Warranty service must be done by an authorized dealer. We strongly recommend that you take the vehicle to an authorized dealer. They know your vehicle the best, and are most concerned that you get prompt and high quality service. The manufacturer's authorized dealer have the facilities, factory-trained technicians, special tools, and the latest information to ensure the vehicle is fixed correctly and in a timely manner.

This is why you should always talk to an authorized dealer service manager first. Most matters can be resolved with this process.

 If for some reason you are still not satisfied, talk to the general manager or owner of the authorized dealer. They want to know if you need assistance.  If an authorized dealer is unable to resolve the concern, you may contact the manufacturer's customer center.

Any communication to the manufacturer's customer center should include the following information:

- · Owner's name and address
- Owner's telephone number (home and office)
- · Authorized dealer name
- Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
- Vehicle delivery date and mileage

#### **FCA US LLC Customer Center**

P.O. Box 21-8004

Auburn Hills, MI 48321-8004

Phone: (866) 726-4636

#### FCA Canada Inc. Customer Center

P.O. Box 1621

Windsor, Ontario N9A 4H6

Phone: (800) 465-2001 English / (800) 387-9983 French

#### In Mexico Contact

Av. Prolongacion Paseo de la Reforma, 1240

Sante Fe C.P. 05109

Mexico, D. F.

In Mexico City: 5081-7568

Outside Mexico City: 1-800-505-1300

# Puerto Rico And U.S. Virgin Islands

Customer Service Chrysler International Services LLC

P.O. Box 191857

San Juan 00919-1857

Tel.: (787) 782-5757

Fax: (787) 782-3345

## **Customer Assistance For The Hearing Or Speech Impaired** (TDD/TTY)

To assist customers who have hearing difficulties, the manufacturer has installed special TDD (Telecommunication Devices for the Deaf) equipment at its customer center. Any hearing or speech impaired customer, who has access to a TDD or a conventional teletypewriter (TTY) in the United States, can communicate with the manufacturer by dialing 1-800-380-CHRY.

Canadian residents with hearing difficulties that require assistance can use the special needs relay service offered by Bell Canada. For TTY teletypewriter users, dial 711 and for Voice callers, dial 1-800-855-0511 to connect with a Bell Relay Service operator.

#### **Service Contract**

You may have purchased a service contract for a vehicle to help protect you from the high cost of unexpected repairs after the manufacturer's New Vehicle Limited Warranty expires.

The manufacturer stands behind only the manufacturer's service contracts. If you purchased a manufacturer's service contract. you will receive Plan Provisions and an Owner Identification Card in the mail within three weeks of the vehicle delivery date. If you have any questions about the service contract, call the manufacturer's Service Contract National Customer Hotline at 1-800-521-9922 (Canadian residents, call (800) 465-2001 English / (800) 387-9983 French).

The manufacturer will not stand behind any service contract that is not the manufacturer's service contract. It is not responsible for any service contract other than the manufacturer's service contract. If you purchased a service contract that is not a manufacturer's service contract, and you require service after the manufacturer's New Vehicle Limited Warranty expires, please refer to the contract documents, and contact the person listed in those documents.

We appreciate that you have made a major investment when you purchased the vehicle. An authorized dealer has also made a major investment in facilities, tools, and training to assure that you are absolutely delighted with the ownership experience. You will be pleased with their sincere efforts to resolve any warranty issues or related concerns.

WARNING!

Engine exhaust (internal combustion en-

gines only), some of its constituents, and

certain vehicle components contain, or

emit, chemicals known to the State of

California to cause cancer and birth de-

fects, or other reproductive harm. In addi-

tion, certain fluids contained in vehicles

and certain products of component wear

contain, or emit, chemicals known to the

State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects, or other reproductive harm.





























#### REPORTING SAFETY DEFECTS

# In The 50 United States And Washington, D.C.

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect that could cause a crash or cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying FCA US LLC.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your authorized dealer or FCA US LLC.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY:

1-800-424-9153); or go to http://www.safercar.gov; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., West Building, Washington, D.C. 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from http://www.safercar.gov.

#### In Canada

If you believe that your vehicle has a safety defect, you should contact the Customer Service Department immediately. Canadian customers who wish to report a safety defect to the Canadian government should contact Transport Canada, Motor Vehicle Defect Investigations and Recalls at 1-800-333-0510 or go to http://www.tc.gc.ca/roadsafety/.

#### **PUBLICATION ORDER FORMS**

- You can purchase a copy of the Owner's Manual, Navigation/Uconnect Manuals or Warranty Booklet. United States customers may visit the Ram Truck Contact Us page at www.ramtrucks.com scroll to the bottom of the page and select the "Contact Us" link, then select the "Owner's Manual and Glove Compartment Material" from the left menu. You can also purchase a copy by calling 1-866-726-4636 (U.S.) or 1-800-387-1143 (Canada).
- Replacement User Guide kits or DVDs or, if you prefer, additional printed copies of the Owner's Manual, Warranty Booklet or Radio Manuals may be purchased by visiting www.techauthority.com or by calling 1-800-890-4038 (U.S.) or 1-800-387-1143 (Canada). Visa, Master Card, American Express and Discover orders are accepted.

#### NOTE:

- The Owner's Manual and User Guide electronic files are also available on the Chrysler, Jeep, Ram Truck, Dodge and SRT websites.
- Click on the "Owners" tab, select "Owner And Service Manuals", then select your desired model year and vehicle from the drop down lists.























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This guide has been prepared to help you get quickly acquainted with your new RAM brand vehicle and to provide a convenient reference source for common questions. However, it is not a substitute for your Owner's Manual.

For complete operational instructions, maintenance procedures and important safety messages, please consult your Owner's Manual, Navigation/Uconnect manuals found on the website on the back cover and other Warning Labels in your vehicle.

Not all features shown in this guide may apply to your vehicle. For additional information on accessories to help personalize your vehicle, visit **www.mopar.com** (U.S.), **www.mopar.ca** (Canada) or your local RAM brand dealer.

#### DRIVING AND ALCOHOL

Drunken driving is one of the most frequent causes of collisions. Your driving ability can be seriously impaired with blood alcohol levels far below the legal minimum. If you are drinking, don't drive. Ride with a designated non-drinking driver, call a cab, a friend, or use public transportation.

#### WARNING

Driving after drinking can lead to a collision. Your perceptions are less sharp, your reflexes are slower, and your judgment is impaired when you have been drinking. Never drink and then drive.





WHETHER IT'S PROVIDING INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIFIC PRODUCT FEATURES, TAKING A TOUR THROUGH YOUR VEHICLE'S HERITAGE, KNOWING WHAT STEPS TO

TAKE FOLLOWING AN ACCIDENT, OR SCHEDULING YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT, WE KNOW YOU'LL FIND THE APP AN IMPORTANT EXTENSION OF YOUR RAM VEHICLE. SIMPLY DOWNLOAD THE APP, SELECT YOUR MAKE AND MODEL AND ENJOY THE RIDE. TO GET THIS APP, GO DIRECTLY TO THE APP STORE OR GOOGLE PLAY AND ENTER THE SEARCH KEYWORD "RAM TOOLBOX" (U.S. RESIDENTS ONLY).

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