

XC14T0199-1

Date December 8, 2014

# **Certificate of UN test for Lithium ion Battery**

| E-HL10DS | Model |
|----------|-------|
|----------|-------|

IDX Company, Ltd. Products Division

H.Kawamura, General Manager Technical Development

M. Kawamur.

| Manı | ual of Tests and Criteria (38.3 Lithium Batteries) |              |      |
|------|--|--------------|------|
| No.  | Test Item  | Test Results | Note |
| T1   | Altitude Simulation                                | Pass         |      |
| T2   | Thermal Test                                       | Pass         |      |
| Т3   | Vibration  | Pass         |      |
| T4   | Shock  | Pass         |      |
| T5   | External Short Circuit                             | Pass         |      |
| Т6   | Crush  | Pass         |      |
| T7   | Overcharge   | Pass         |      |
| T8   | Forced Discharge                                   | Pass         |      |

# **Lithium ion battery Specification**

| <b>,</b>                   |         |      |  |
|----------------------------|---------|------|--|
| Item                       | Value   | Note |  |
| Nominal Voltage            | 14.4V   |      |  |
| Capacity(mAh)              | 6600mAh |      |  |
| Capacity(Wh)               | 96Wh    |      |  |
| Lithium equivalent content | 7.92g   |      |  |

We declare that the above-mentioned test is the result of being checked according to UN test. (UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev5 Amendment 1, Part III, sub-section 38.3)



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# Certificate of Package Drop test for Lithium ion Battery

| Model | E-HL10DS |
|-------|----------|
|-------|----------|

IDX Company, Ltd. Products Division

H.Kawamura, General Manager Technical Development

M. Kawamur.

| Test Item         | Test Results   | Note   |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Package Drop Test | Test Pass The package shall be dropped from 1.2meter |  |
|                   |  | high on to a concrete surface (flat and horizontal)                  |
|                   |  | with five orientations   |
|                   |  | (1)flat on the bottom, (2)flat on the top, (3)flat on the long side, |
|                   |  | (4)flat on the short side, (5)on a corner                            |

Packing Instruction 965 Section II

# **Lithium ion battery Specification**

| Item                       | Value   | Note |
|----------------------------|---------|------|
| Nominal Voltage            | 14.4V   |      |
| Capacity(mAh)              | 6600mAh |      |
| Capacity(Wh)               | 96Wh    |      |
| Lithium equivalent content | 7.92g   |      |

We declare that above-mentioned test is passed.

Issued: January 6 2016

No. XC11T0278-11

# SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR PRODUCT

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

- Emergency Telephone Number :

- Product Name:

Lithium Ion Rechargeable Battery Pack

SSL-JVC50, SSL-JVC75, SL-VBD64, SL-VBD96
DUO-150, DUO-95, CUE-D150, CUE-D95, CUE-D75
E-HL10DS

- Company Name:

IDX Company, Ltd.

- Address:

6-28-11 Shukugawara, Tama-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa-ken, 214-0021 Japan

- TEL:

+81-44-850-8801

- FAX:

+81-44-850-8838

+81-44-850-8831 (Products Div. Direct)

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### For cell

- Substance or preparation : Preparation

- Information about the chemical nature of product:\*1

| Portion                   | Material name   | CSA No.                                 | Concentration |
|---------------------------|---|---|---------------|
| . n. = 1.D.Y              | 1.D   | .n.g I-D-I                              | range (wt %)  |
| Positive electrode        | Lithium transition metal oxidate (Li[M] <sub>m</sub> [O] <sub>n</sub> *2) | 12190-79-3<br>12057-17-9<br>182442-95-1 | 20~60         |
| Positive electrode's base | Aluminum  | 7429-90-5                               | 1~10          |
| Negative electrode        | Carbon  | 7782-42-5<br>7440-44-0                  | 10~30         |
| Negative electrode's base | Copper  | 7440-50-8                               | 1~15          |
| Electrolyte               | Organic electrolyte principally involves ester carbonate                  | « 1·0·1 1·1                             | 5~25          |
| Outer case                | Iron  | 7439-89-6                               | 1~30          |

<sup>\*1</sup> Not every product includes all of these materials.

# For molding case

Chemical Name : Polycarbonate based on bisphenol A

- Composition: Polycarbonate more than 81 wt%(CAS No.25971-63-5)

Flame Retardant less than 12 wt%

Elastomer less than 7 wt%

Chemical Formula : [-0-C6H4-C(CH3)2-C6H4-0-CO-]n-

- CAS Registry No. : 25971-63-5

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### For cell

- GHS Classification : Not availabel

(This products is outside the scope of GHS system since it's considered as an "article".) For the battery cell, chemical materials are stored in a hermetically sealed metal or metal laminated plastic case, designed to withstand temperatures and pressures encountered during normal use. As a result, during normal use, there is no physical danger of ignition or explosion and chemical danger of hazardous materials' leakage.

However, if exposed to a fire, added mechanical shocks, decomposed, added electric stress by miss-use, the gas release vent will be operated. The battery cell case will be breached at the extreme, hazardous materials may be released.

Moreover, if heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid gas may be emitted.



<sup>\*2</sup> The letter M means transition metal and candidates of M are Co, Mn, Ni and Al. One compound includes one or more of these metals and one product includes one or more of the compounds.

The letter m and n means the number of atoms.

# - Most important hazard and effects

#### Human health effects

- Inhalation : The steam of the electrolyte has an anesthesia action and stimulates a

respiratory tract.

- Skin contact : The steam of the electrolyte stimulates a skin. The electrolyte skin contact

causes a sore and stimulation on the skin.

Eye contact: The steam of the electrolyte stimulates eyes. The electrolyte eye contact

causes a sore and stimulation on the eye. Especially, substance that

causes a strong inflammation of the eyes is contained.

- Environmental effects: Since a battery pack remains in the environment, do not throw out it into

the environment.

### Specific hazards

If the electrolyte contacts with water, it will generate detrimental hydrogen fluoride.

Since the leaked electrolyte is inflammable liquid, do not bring close to fire.

## For molding case

According to GHS Classification

- Classification : Not Classification

Possible hazards : No specific dangers known

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### For cell

# Spilled internal cell materials

- Inhalation: Make the victim blow his/her nose, gargle. Seek medical attention if

necessary.

- Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Wash extraneous

matter or contact region with soap and plenty of water immediately.

- Eye contact : Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with water continuously for at

least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

#### A battery cell and spilled internal cell materials

- Ingestion : Make the victim vomit. When it is impossible or the feeling is not well after

vomiting, seek medical attention.

For molding case

- Inhalation: If fumes are inhaled, remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult,

get medical attention.

- Ingestion: This product does not show significant acute toxicity. Get medical

attention if considerable amounts of this product are ingested.



- Skin contact : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water after contact with

processing vapors and fumes. Immediately cool contaminated skin with

water and get medical attention after contact with molten resin.

- Eye contact : Flush the eyes with plenty of water without rubbing the eyes with hands.

Get medical attention if irritation persists.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURE

For cell

- Suitable extinguishing media : Plenty of water, carbon dioxide gas, nitrogen gas, chemical

powder fire extinguishing medium, and fire foam.

Specific hazards : Corrosive gas may be emitted during fire.

- Specific methods of fire-fighting: When the battery burns with other combustibles simultaneously,

take fire-extinguishing method which corresponds to the

combustibles. Extinguish a fire from the windward as much as

possible.

- Special protective equipment for firefighters

- Respiratory protection : Respiratory equipment of a gas cylinder style or protection –

against - dust mask.

- Hand protection : Protective gloves.

- Eye protection : Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid

splashes.

- Skin and body protection : Protective cloth.

# For molding case

- Special firefighting procedures

This product is a combustible thermoplastic material which will melt and drip when ignited and gives off combustion product mainly consisting of carbon dioxide carbon monoxide. Formation of traces of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, acids, phenol and phenol derivatives may occur. Fire-men have to wear self-containing breathing apparatus.

- Extinguishing media : Water spray or other Class A extinguishing agent.



# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spilled internal cell materials, such as electrolyte leaked from a battery cell, are carefully dealt with according to the followings.

- Precautions for human body: Remove spilled materials with protective equipment (protective

glasses and protective gloves). Do not inhale the gas as much as possible. Moreover, avoid touching with as much as possible.

- Environmental precautions : Do not throw out into the environment.

- Method of cleaning up: The spilled solids are put into a container. The leaked place is

wiped off with dry cloth.

- Prevention of secondary hazards: Avoid re-scattering. Do not bring the collected materials close to

fire.

## In general for molding case

Sweep or gather up product and place in proper container for disposal or recovery. Do not discard in sewers or waterways because fish may eat pallets, resulting in the obstruction of their digestive tracts.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling suggestions

#### For cell

- Do not connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal with electrical wire or chain.
- Avoid polarity reverse connection when installing the battery to an instrument.
- Do not wet the battery with water, seawater, drink or acid; or expose to strong oxidizer.
- Do not damage or remove the battery case.
- Keep the battery away from heat and fire.
- Do not disassemble or reconstruct the battery; or solder the battery directly.
- Do not give a mechanical shock or deform.
- Do not use unauthorized charger or other charging method. Terminate charging when the charging process doesn't end within specified time.
- In the case of charging, use only dedicated charger or charge according to the conditions specified by IDX.

#### For molding case

Avoid breathing processing fumes and vapors. Processing fumes and vapors may cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation, and in case of overexposure, nausea and headache. Clean dust form cutting and sanding operation to prevent its accumulation, since it may cause spark due to statics electricity or dust explosion. Properly ground air transportation lines including hoppers, bad filters to prevent accumulation of static electricity.



## - Storage

#### For cell

- Do not store the battery with metalware, water, seawater, strong acid or strong oxidizer.
- Make the charge amount 30~50% then store at room temperature or less (temperature= -20~35 degree C) in a dry (humidity: 45~85%) place. Avoid direct sunlight, high temperature, and high humidity.
- Use insulative and adequately strong packaging material to prevent short circuit between positive and negative terminal when the packaging breaks during normal handling. Do not use conductive or easy to break packaging material.

### For molding case

Store this product in place not subject to direct sunlight or elevated temperatures or where there are no ignition sources. Take measures to prevent an accident due to static electricity from occurring.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (WHEN THE ELECTROLYTE LEAKS)

## For cell

- Control parameters

ACGIH has not been mentioned control parameter of electrolyte.

- Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : Respirator with air cylinder, dust mask

- Hand protection : Protective gloves

- Eye protection : Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes

- Skin and body protection: Working clothes with long sleeve and long trousers

## For molding case

- Personal protections

- respiratory protection: Avoid breathing dust, vapors or fumes.

Use NIOSH/OSHA approved respiratory protection equipment(full

facepiece recommended) when airborne exposure limits are exceeded.

- Eye protection : Does not cause significant eye irritation or eye toxicity requiring special

protection, except when in molten state. Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where there is significant potential for eye contact, wear appropriate eye protection and have eye flushing

equipment available.

- Skin protection : Does not present a significant skin concern requiring special protection

at room temperature. Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Processing of this product releases vapors

or fumes which may cause skin irritation. Wash hands and

contaminated skin thoroughly after contact with processing vapors or

fumes. Wear rubber glove when handling molten resin.



ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### For cell

- Appearance

- Physical stat : Solid- Form : Cylindrical

- Color : Metallic color(without tube if it has tube)

- Odor : No odor

# For molding case

- Appearance : Pellet

- Boiling point : Not applicable

- flash point : > 520°C - Ignition point : > 550°C

- Vapor pressure : Not applicable- Melting point : Not applicable

- Specific gravity: 1.2

- Oxidizibility: None under nomal handling conditions

Flammability: combustible
Explosion Limit: Not applicable
Solubility in water: Unsoluble
Odor: None

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# For cell

- Stability: Stable under nomal use.

- Hazardous reactions occurring under specific conditions

- Conditions to avoid: When a battery cell is exposed to an external short-circuit, crushes,

deformation, high temperature above 100 degrees Celsius, it will be the cause of heat generation and ignition. Direct sunlight and high humidity.

- Materials to avoid : Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong

acids.

- Hazardous decomposition products : Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

# For molding case

- Thermal decomposition : Decomposition begins at 380°C

Reactivity with water : noneSelf-reactivity : none



- Hazardous decomposition products :

Smoldering or incomplete combustion leads to the formation of toxic gas mixture such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and traces of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, acids, phenol and

phenol derivatives.

- Hazardous reaction : No hazardous reaction observed.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### For cell

- Organic Electrolyte

Acute toxicity: LD<sub>50</sub>, oral - Rat 2,000mg/kg or more

- Irritating nature : Irritative to skin and eye

# For molding case

- Skin corrosivity, Irritation : None

- Acute Toxicity, Sub-acute toxicity, Chronic Toxicity, Mutagenic effects : Not known

Carcinogenic effects: IARC group 3 (not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans)

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

 Persistence / degradability: Since a battery cell and the internal materials remain in the nvironment, do not bury or throw out into the environment.

# For molding case

Relevant information is not available.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Recommended methods for safe and environmentally preferred disposal :

# **Product (waste from residues)**

Specified collection or disposal of lithium ion battery is required by the law like as "battery control law" in several nations. Collection or recycle of the battery is mainly imposed on battery's manufacturer or importer in the nations recycle is required.

#### Contaminated packaging

Neither a container nor packing is contaminated during normal use. When internal materials leaked from a battery cells contaminates, dispose as industrial wastes subject to special control.

Waste disposal: Efforts to recycle material should be made. If unable to use recycle,

material should be buried in approved landfill or incinerated in ccordance all applicable with federal, state and local regulations.



# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In the case of transportation, avoid exposure to high temperature and prevent the formation of any condensation. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles and wet by rain. The container must be handled carefully. Do not give shocks that result in a mark of hitting on a batteries. Please refer to Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE also.

#### **UN classification**

- UN Number and proper shipping name :

UN3480 "Lithium ion batteries" [ or UN3481 "Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment" or UN3481 "Lithium ion batteries contained in equipment"].

DUO-150, CUE-D150: Class9 Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 1A)

Packing group 2

DUO-95,SSL-JVC50,SSL-JVC75,CUE-D95,CUE-D75,E-HL10DS,SL-VBD64,SL-VBD96:

Class9 Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 1B)

Exempted Dangerous Goods (PI965 section 2) is 2 batteries per one

packaging.

UN Specification packaging is not required. Packaging must be test for

1.2m drop test.

About the instructions or provisions, please see descriptions in box brackets of following regulations.

#### Regulation depends on region and transportation mode

- Worldwide, air transportation:

IATA-DGR [As non-DANGEROUS GOODS: "packing instruction 965 section II" / Almost as above however displayed as DANGEROUS GOODS: "packing instruction 965 section IB"] (When batteries are packaged with equipments or contained in equipments, refer packing instruction 966 or 967 instead of 965.)

- Worldwide, sea transportation: IMO-IMDG Code [special provision 188]

Europe, road transportation : ADR [special provision 188]



<sup>\*</sup> However this product is defined as above, it is not recognized as "DANGEROUS GOODS" or is treated as almost non-DANGEROUS GOODS when its transport condition accords with instructions or provisions depend on region and transportation mode.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Regulations specifically applicable to the product:

IATA-DGR (air transportation)

IMO-IMDG Code (sea transportation)

US Department of Transportation 49 Code of Federal Regulations [USA]

Wastes Disposal and Public Cleaning Law [Japan]

Law for Promotion of Effective Utilization of resources [Japan]

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

- The information contained in this Safety data sheet is based on the present sate of knowledge and current legislation.
- This safety data sheet provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.
- IDX makes no warranty, expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. IDX assumes no responsibility for injury from the use to the product described herein.

#### - Reference

Dangerous Goods Regulations – 57<sup>th</sup> Edition Effective from 1 January 2016: International Air Transport Association (IATA)

MSDS of raw materials prepared by the manufactures

11th edition: January 6 2016

Prepared and approved by Products Division Technical Development IDX Company, Ltd.

