



TELEMATICS
MOBILE INFORMATION EXCHANGE

MAPS Installation Guide



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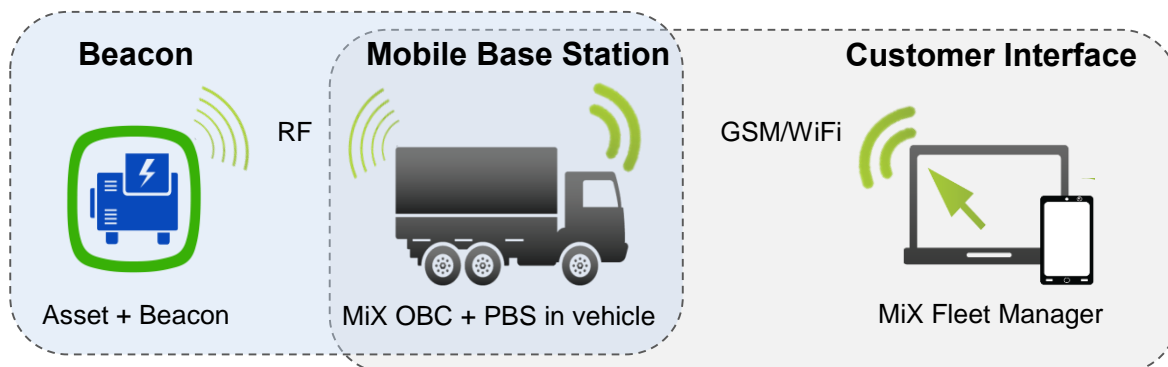
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1 Introduction

This document is applicable to the MiX Asset Positioning System (MAPS).

MAPS enables all existing MiX Telematics installed vehicles to create a customer specific wireless network, where each vehicle becomes a mobile beacon reader, would not require any additional effort on the customers part. As the vehicles move around the sites and depots they would encounter beacon equipped assets and relay information about the position of those beacons.

A single software platform, MiX Fleet Manager, enables the management of vehicles as well as beacon equipped assets. In MiX Fleet Manager, asset managers are able to keep track of where there assets have been deployed and are currently in use. Vehicles in the vicinity of these assets will also be shown on the same tracking screen, should the fleet manager need to efficiently coordinate the redeployment of an asset to a different location.



MAPS consist of the following hardware:

- 1) An RF network transceiver or **Pico Base Station (PBS)** that is added into the wiring harness of any existing FM Communicator OBC to convert the vehicle to a Mobile Base Station (MBS)
- 2) The **Beame** (also called the Magix Beacon): The Beame communicates with a Mobile Base Station (MBS) or stationary as a Fixed Base Station unit (FSB) via a radio link. The MBS and FSB communicate with a remote server via a GSM link. The Beacon is a wireless battery operated product. It is therefore easy to install. The variant of Beame that is fitted with a GPS is called a "**MAPS Beame**".



Figure 1–Picture of the MAPS Beame



Figure 2–Picture of the Pico Base Station (PBS)

1.1 Features

- The MAPS Beame is fitted with a movement sensor and a build-in GPS
- The MAPS Beame has a battery low detection. Should the battery become depleted, the information will be sent to a server and communicated to the user with instruction how to rectify it.
- The PBS fits in line between the FM OBC and the Code Plug socket.

- The PBS is connected to the vehicle battery. An optional T-piece exists to allow the installer to connect to power via the existing wiring.

2 Environmental Requirements

- The MAPS Beame can be installed in places where it is exposed to water jets and temporarily immersion into water.
- The MAPS Beame was designed to endure standard transport vibration and shock.
- The MAPS Beame can endure a limited number of accidental drops
- The PBS is not water tight and was designed to be installed together with the FM OBC (non-wet areas).
- The operating temperature for PBS and MAPS Beame is between -20 and 85 °C.

2.1 Commissioning and Installation of the MAPS Beame

The unit is battery operated and no wire connections are needed to install the unit. To install the unit:

- 1) Rotate the MAPS Beame at least 10 times left and right in the longitudinal axis through 180° (see Figure 3 below).



Figure 3—Activation of MAPS Beame

- 2) After about 10 rotations through 180°, the LED beneath the window will flash for about 10 s to indicate that the unit has started up (see Figure 4 below).

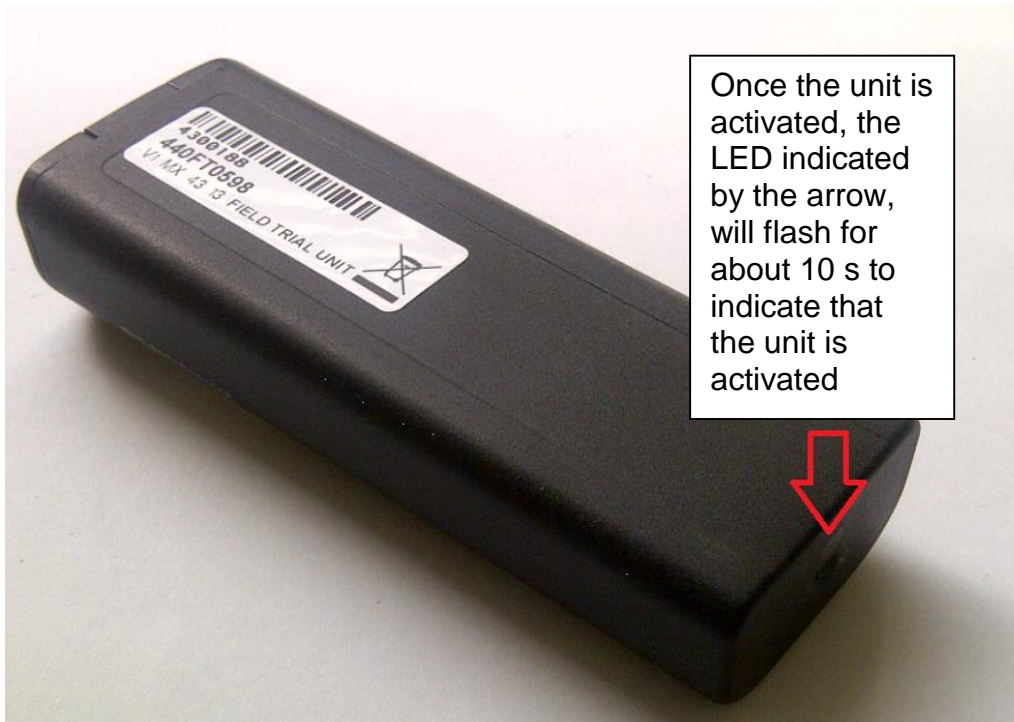


Figure 4—Flashing diode to indicate MAPS Beame is active

- 3) If the MAPS Beame is installed in conjunction with a PBS (which is not always the case), then first pair the MAPS Beame with the PBS as described in section 3.4.

- 4) The MAPS Beame must be installed with the GPS side (lid side) faces towards the sky.
 - a) For a **vertical** mount (see Figure 5 below).
 - b) For a **horizontal** mount, the label side should face towards earth and the round side should face towards the sky (satellites) (see Figure 6).



Figure 5– Vertical Mounting of Unit



Figure 6– Horizontal Mounting of Unit

- 5) Place the unit in a concealed position, preferably at least 20 mm away from metal for improved performance.
- 6) The MAPS Beame should preferably not be obscured from the satellites by metal. If it is partially obscured it might still work well.
- 7) Use the MAPS Beame Installation Tool to verify that the MAPS Beame is switched ON and that it has adequate RF and GPS signal strength.

3 Installation of PBS

3.1 Part Numbers

The PBS consists of the following part numbers.

Part Number	Product Name	Description
440FT0947	Pico Base Station Interface Harness	Interface between the 6-pin micro fit connector on PBS and the Code Plug Socket Harness
440FT0964	Magix Pico Base Station Type 9	PBS Electronic Unit
440FT0965	Magix Pico Base Station Type 9 Kit	Kit consisting of PBS Electronic unit plus PBS Interface harness (440FT0947) and the PBS Power Harness (440FT0966)
440FT0966	Pico Base Station Power Harness	Connects the PBS Electronic unit to vehicle battery power
440FTZ035-1 (new: 440FT0945)	Code Plug Socket Harness	Connects to the PBS Interface harness (440FT0947) or alternatively to the FM300 Code Plug Harness
440FT0930	Code Plug Harness CP2	Connects between the PBS (4 pin) to the FM 3xxx Code Plug connector (4 pin micro fit)

3.2 Description of connectors on FM 3xxx

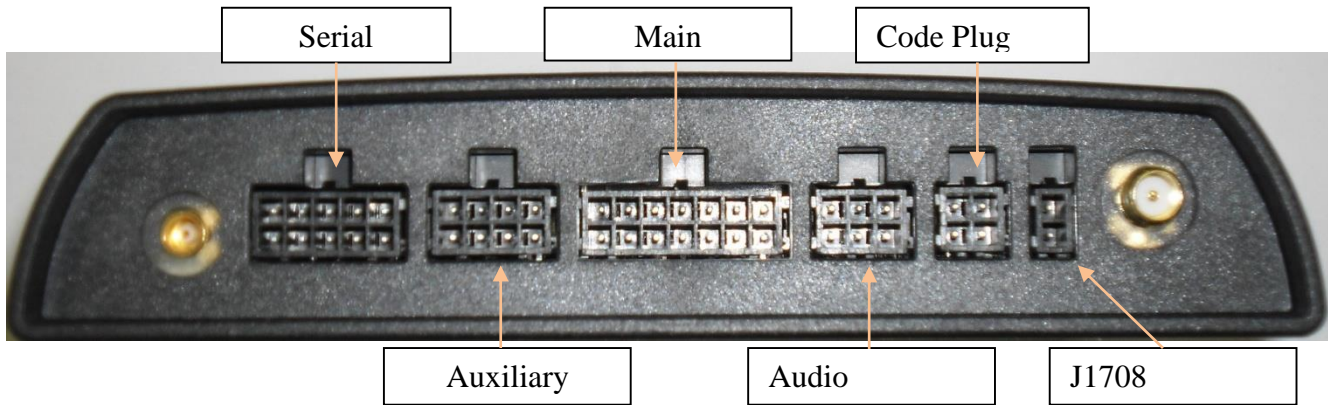


Figure 7– Connectors on FM 3xxx

3.3 Connection Sequence

Refer to connection diagram in Figure 8:

- 1) The standard Code Plug Harness CP2 (440FT0930) is to be connected to the 4-pin “Code Plug” connector on the FM 3xxx (refer to Figure 8).
- 2) The other end of the Code Plug Harness CP2 is connected to the 4-pin on the PBS (see Figure 8).
- 3) On the same side of the PBS, connect to the 2 pin connector the PBS Power harness (440FT0966) (Note: there is also an optional power harness that allows one to connect to the 10 pin “Serial” connector on the FM 3xxx (refer to Figure 8).
- 4) Connect the “PBS Interface” Harness (440FT0947) to the 6-pin connector on the PBS
- 5) Connect the other side (4-pin) of the “PBS Interface” Harness to the “Code Plug Socket” harness (440FTZ035) (there is a newer harness under development, namely 440FT0945).

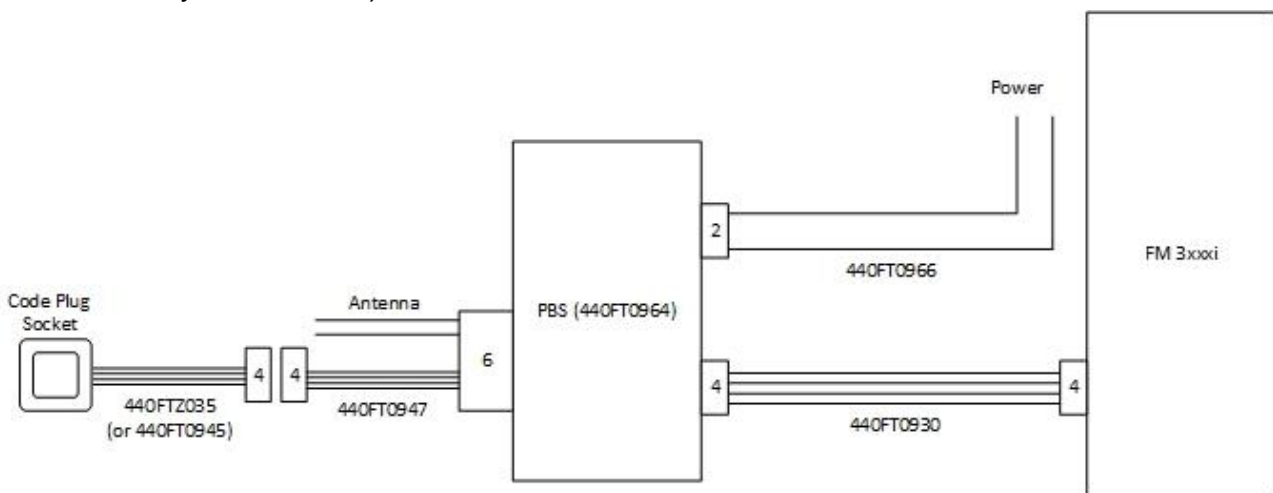


Figure 8– Connection diagram for PBS

3.4 Commissioning and Installation of the PBS

- 1) Refer to section 2.1 on how to activate a MAPS Beame.
- 2) A special grey coloured plug exists that is used to program the “Org. ID” into nearby MAPS Beame units
- 3) The grey coloured plug must be inserted into the code plug socket to allow the process to start
- 4) Once the plug is inserted, the code plug socket LED will flash every 500ms (or at a rate of 2Hz) to indicate that the PBS is in Org. ID programming mode.
- 5) The PBS will now program the MAPS Beame with the Org. ID. Bring the MAPS Beame close to the PBS. The MAPS Beame will flash to indicate that it has been programmed with the Org. ID.
- 6) The PBS will now verify that the correct Org. ID is loaded on the MAPS Beame. Keep the MAPS Beame close to PBS until the code plug LED goes ON.
- 7) The MAPS Beame is now loaded with the Org. ID of the FM and has been verified by the PBS.

3.5 Installation Requirements

- 1) Do not fit a GSM antenna onto the PBS Enclosure
- 2) Do not fit a GSM antenna closer than 100 mm from the PBS

4 Verification

After the installation, verify that no interference is caused to the vehicle’s electrical system or remote locking key. Check dashboard warning lights and error messages. Should any error conditions exist, remove the Beame and contact MiX Telematics for assistance.

5 Appendix A: Instructions how to replace the batteries

- 1) Hold the Beacon (preferably in a vice to avoid injuries) and then use a thin flat screw driver to open the unit as shown in below. A second screw driver (or a finger nail can be used to keep the lid open)

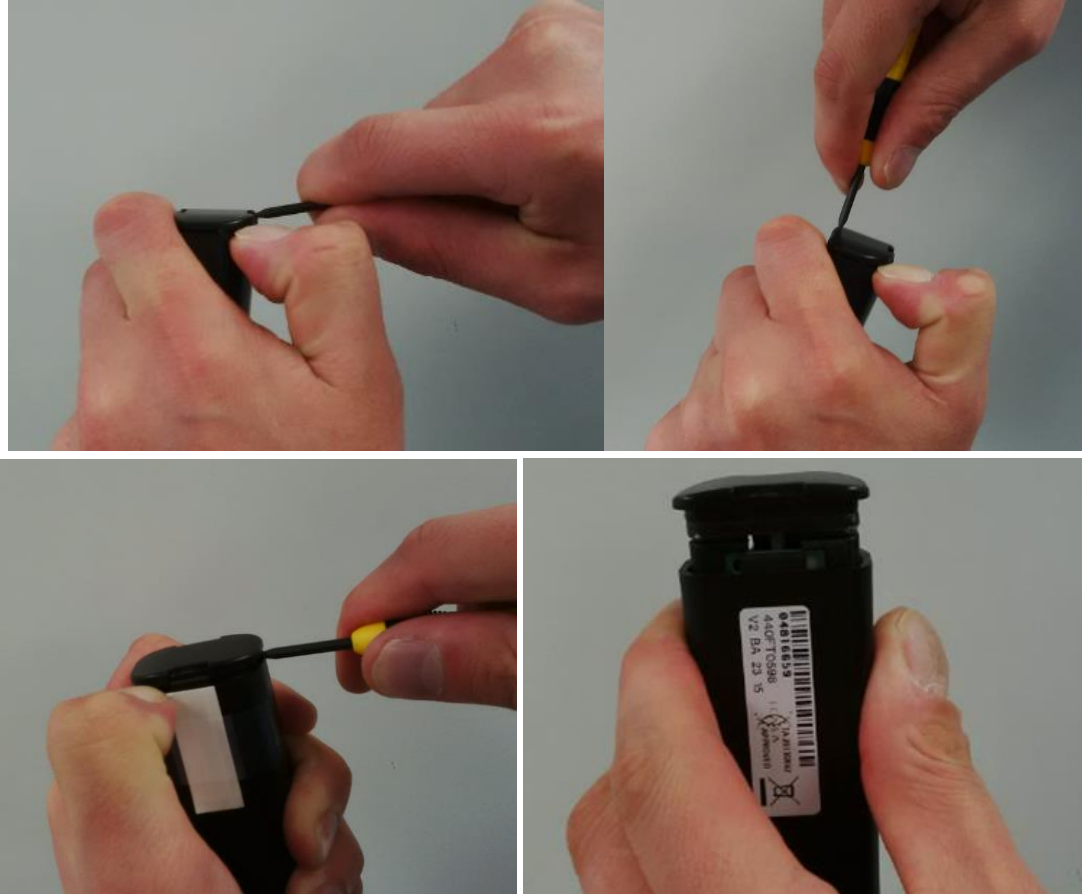


Figure 9 Opening the lid with a thin flat screw driver

2) Pull out the plastic tray containing the 2 x AA batteries as shown below in Figure 10.



Figure 10 Open unit

- 3) Remove the flat batteries using a flat screw driver as shown below in Figure 11.
Important: Dispose old batteries in a designated disposal bin. If there are any signs of battery leakage, is recommended to replace the unit with a new one.



Figure 11 Remove old batteries

- 4) Insert new batteries. It is important not to contaminate the battery terminals by touching them with bare fingers (that may for example contain residue of hand cream). It is very important to insert the batteries with the correct orientation as marked on the PCB. The easiest way to insert it is shown in the picture below (Figure 12).



Figure 12 Insert batteries

- 5) Ensure that the LED flickers when the batteries have been replaced. If it does not flicker then the batteries could be flat or it was inserted the wrong way round. If this is the case then remove the batteries and put it in the correct way. There is reverse voltage protection. If necessary replace the Beacon with a new one.
- 6) Install the unit again as per instructions in section 2.1.