AirWorks AWK-3131A-M12-RCC
User's Manual

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www.moxa.com/product

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User's Manual

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Introduction

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC Series consists of 3-in-1 industrial AP/bridge/client devices designed specifically for rail carriage-to-carriage communication and can provide up to 300 Mbps with IEEE 802.11n technology. The new operation mode in the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, Auto Carriage Connection (ACC), enables automatic wireless connections between two adjacent train carriages. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is rated to operate at temperatures ranging from -25 to 60°C for standard models and -40 to 75°C for wide-temperature models, and is rugged enough for any harsh industrial environment.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❒ **Overview**
❒ **Package Checklist**
❒ **Product Features**
❒ **Product Specifications**
❒ **Functional Design**
> ➤ LAN Port
> ➤ LED Indicators
> ➤ Beeper
> ➤ Reset Button
> ➤ Relay (Digital Output)

Overview

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is 802.11n compliant to deliver speed, range, and reliability to support even the most bandwidth-intensive applications. The 802.11n standard incorporates multiple technologies, including Spatial Multiplexing MIMO (Multi-In, Multi-Out), 20 and 40 MHz channels, and dual bands (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz) to generate enough speeds, while still being able to communicate with legacy 802.11a/b/g devices.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is compliant with EN 50155, covering operating temperature, power input voltage, surge, ESD, and vibration. Installation of the AWK is easy using DIN-rail mounting or distribution boxes, and with its wide operating temperature range, IP30-rated housing with LED indicators, and DIN-rail mounting it is a convenient yet reliable solution for all types of industrial wireless applications.

Package Checklist

Before installing the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, ensure that the package contains the following items. If any of these items is missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

- 1 AWK-3131A-M12-RCC
- Cable holder with 1 screw
- 2 plastic RJ45 protective caps for console port
- DIN-rail kit
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card

NOTE	Antennas are not included and should be purchased separately.

Product Features

- Designed specifically for rail carriage-to-carriage communication
- Compliant with EN 50155
- IEEE802.11a/b/g/n compliant
- Three-in-one design (AP/ACC/Client)
- Advanced wireless security
  - ➢ 64-bit and 128-bit WEP/WPA/WPA2
  - ➢ SSID Hiding/IEEE 802.1X/RADIUS
  - ➢ Packet access control & filtering
- STP/RSTP support for network system redundancy
- Long-distance transmission support
- Turbo Roaming enables rapid handover (Client mode)
- ABC-01 for configuration import/export
- RS-232 console management
- 2DI+1DO for on-site monitoring and alerts
- Wide -40 to 75°C operating temperature range (-T model)
- Redundant 24 VDC power inputs or IEEE802.3af Power-over-Ethernet
- DIN-rail and wall mounting options
- IP30-rated protection and high-strength metal housing

Functional Design

LAN Port

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC comes standard with 1 M12 Gigabit port. The LAN LED will light up when the LAN cable is inserted.

M12 Ethernet port
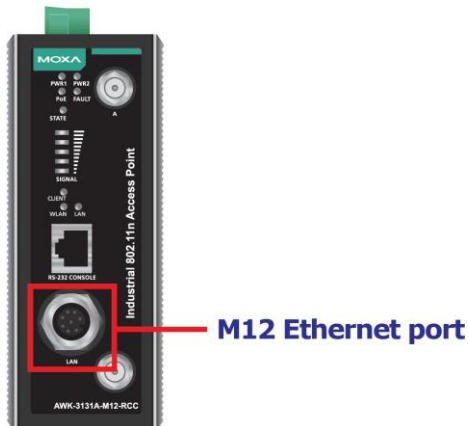
⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Do not use the PoE Injector. Instead, use an IEEE 802.3af or IEEE 802.3at compliant PSE (Power Sourcing Equipment) for the PoE (Power over Ethernet) device.

Patent http://www.moxa.com/doc/operations/Moxa_Patent_Marking.pdf

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⚠️ **ATTENTION**

- The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is NOT a portable mobile device and should be located at least 20 cm away from the human body.
- The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is NOT designed for the general public. A well-trained technician should be enlisted to ensure safe deployment of AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units, and to establish a wireless network.

LED Indicators

The LEDs on the front panel of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provide a quick and easy means of determining the current operational status and wireless settings.

The **FAULT** LED indicates system failures and user-configured events. If the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC cannot retrieve the IP address from a DHCP server, the **FAULT** LED will blink at one second intervals. The **SIGNAL** LEDs indicate signal strength, and only operate in **Client** mode.

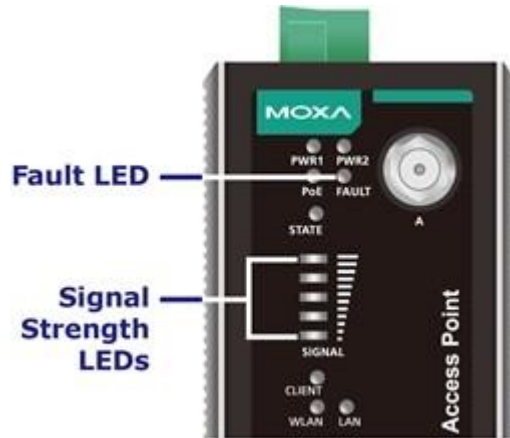The following table summarizes how to read the device's wireless settings from the LED displays. More information is available in *Chapter 3* in the *Basic Wireless Settings* section.

LED	Color	State	Description
PWR1	Green	On	Power is being supplied from power input 1
		Off	Power is not being supplied from power input 1
PWR2	Green	On	Power is being supplied from power input 2
		Off	Power is not being supplied from power input 2
PoE	Amber	On	Power is being supplied via PoE
		Off	Power is not being supplied via PoE
FAULT	Red	On	System is booting or A system configuration error exists or A relay event has occurred
		Blinking (slowly at 1-sec intervals)	Cannot get an IP address from the DHCP server
		Blinking (fast at 0.5-sec intervals)	IP address conflict
		Off	Error condition does not exist
STATE	Green/ Red	Green	System is ready
		Green Blinking at 1-sec intervals	The AWK has been located by the AWK Search Utility
		Red	Booting error condition
SIGNAL (5 LEDs)	Green	On	Signal level (for Client/Slave/ACC Slave mode only)
		Off	
CLIENT	Green	On	WLAN is in Client/Slave mode or ACC Slave mode with connection established
		Off	AP/Master/Sniffer/ACC Master mode or connection is NOT established in ACC Slave mode

LED	Color	State	Description
WLAN	Amber	Amber On	WLAN is in AP/Master mode WLAN is in Client/Slave/ACC Master/ACC Slave mode with connection established
		Amber/Blinking	Traffic in AP/Client/Master/Slave/ACC mode.
		Off	WLAN is in Sniffer mode. WLAN is in Client/Slave/ACC Master/ACC Slave mode without a connection being established or WLAN is not working properly.
LAN	Green	Green	LAN port's 10/100/1000 Mbps link is active.
		Green/Blinking	Data traffic at the LAN port.
		Green Off	LAN port is disconnected.

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

When the system fails to boot, the LEDs for **STATE** (Green), **FAULT**, and **WLAN** will all light up simultaneously and blink at one-second intervals. This may be due to improper operation or other issues, such as an unexpected shutdown while updating the firmware. To recover the firmware, refer to the *Firmware Recovery* section in *Appendix B Supporting Information*.

Beeper

The beeper emits two short beeps when the system is ready.

Reset Button

The **RESET** button is located on the top panel of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. You can reboot the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC or reset it to factory default settings by pressing the **RESET** button with a pointed object such as an unfolded paper clip.

- **System reboot:** Hold the RESET button down for **under 5 seconds** and then release it.
- **Reset to factory default:** Hold the RESET button down for **over 5 seconds** until the **STATE** LED starts blinking green. Release the button to reset the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

RESET button
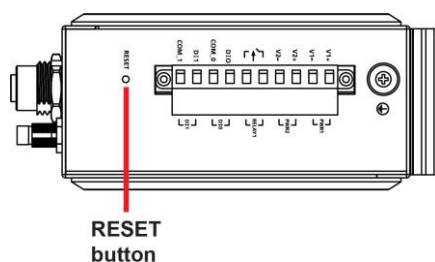
Relay (Digital Output)

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC has one relay output consisting of the 2 terminal block contacts on the top panel, as shown below. These relay contacts are used to forward system failures and user-configured events.

The two wires attached to the relay contacts form an open circuit when a user-configured event is triggered. If a user-configured event does not occur, the relay circuit will remain closed. For safety reasons, the relay circuit is kept open when the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is not powered up.

Summary of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's Relay Status

Power Status	Event	Relay
Off	–	Open
On	Yes	Open
	No	Short

2
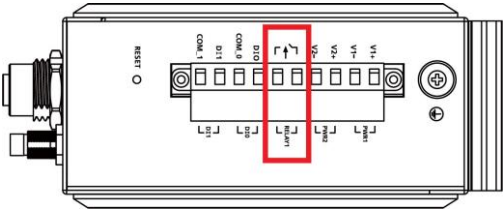
Getting Started

This chapter explains how to install Moxa's AirWorks AWK-3131A-M12-RCC for the first time, and quickly set up your wireless network and test whether the connection is running well. The Function Map discussed in the third section provides a convenient means of determining which functions you need to use.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❒ **First-Time Installation and Configuration**
❒ **Communication Testing**
❒ **Function Map**

First-Time Installation and Configuration

Before installing the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, make sure that all items in the Package Checklist are in the box. You will need access to a notebook computer or PC equipped with an Ethernet port. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC has a default IP address that must be used when connecting to the device for the first time.

- **Step 1: Select the power source.**
  The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can be powered by a DC power input or PoE (Power over Ethernet). The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC will use whichever power source you choose.

- **Step 2: Connect the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to a notebook or PC.**
  Since the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports MDI/MDI-X auto-sensing, you can use either a straight-through cable or crossover cable to connect the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to a computer. The LED indicator on the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's LAN port will light up when a connection is established.

- **Step 3: Set up the computer's IP address.**
  Choose an IP address on the same subnet as the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. Since the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's default IP address is **192.168.127.253**, and the subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**, you should set the IP address of the computer to **192.168.127.xxx**.

NOTE	After you select **Maintenance → Load Factory Default** and click the **Submit** button, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC will be reset to factory default settings and the IP address will be reset to **192.168.127.253**.

- **Step 4: Use the web-based manager to configure the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC**
  Open your computer's web browser and type **http://192.168.127.253** in the address field to access the homepage of the web-based Network Manager. Before the homepage opens, you will need to enter the user name and password as shown in the following figure. For first-time configuration, enter the default user name and password and then click on the **Login** button:
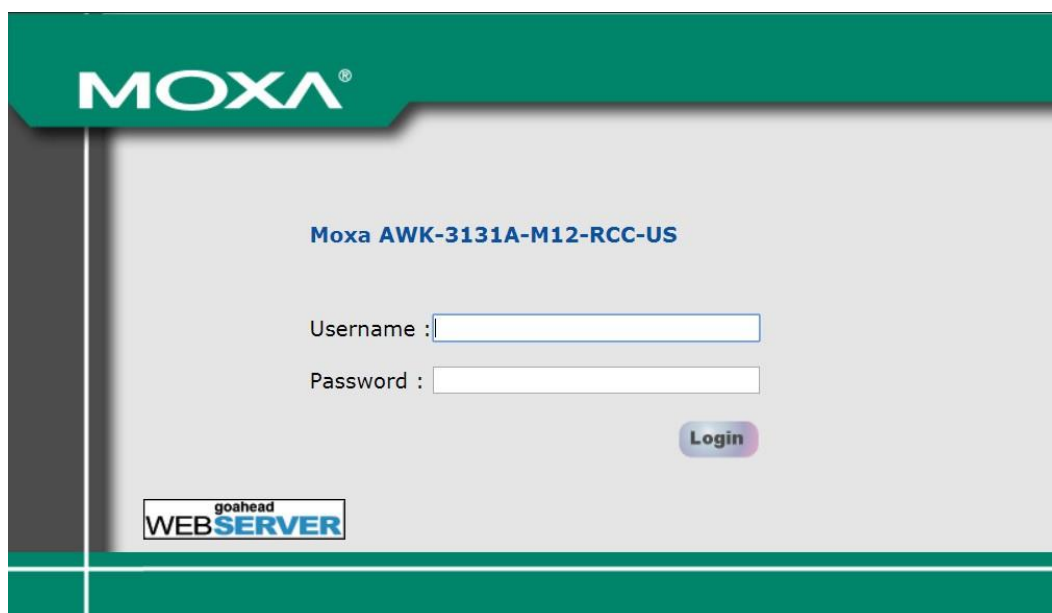
NOTE	Default user name and password: User Name: **admin** Password: **moxa** For security reasons, we strongly recommend changing the default password. To do so, select **Maintenance → Password**, and then follow the on-screen instructions to change the password.

NOTE   After you click **Submit** to apply changes the web page will refresh **(Updated)** will appear on the page and a blinking reminder will be shown on the upper-right corner of the web page:

To activate the changes click **Restart** and then **Save and Restart** after you change the settings. About 30 seconds are needed for the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to complete the reboot procedure.

- **Step 5: Select the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC operation mode.**
  By default, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's operation mode is set to AP. You can change to Client mode in **Wireless Settings → Operation Mode**. Detailed information about configuring the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's operation can be found in Chapter 3.
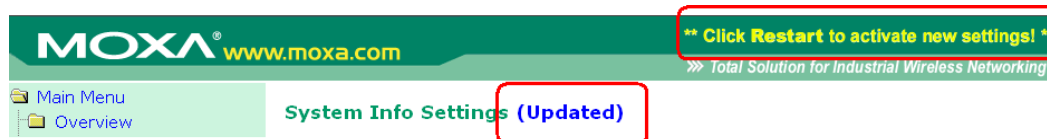
- **Step 6: Test communications.**
  In the following sections we describe two test methods that can be used to ensure that a network connection has been established.

Communication Testing

After installing the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC you can run a sample test to make sure the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and wireless connection are functioning normally. Two testing methods are described below. Use the first method if you are using only one AWK-3131A-M12-RCC device, and use the second method if you are using two or more AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units.

How to Test One AWK-3131A-M12-RCC

If you are only using one AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, you will need a second notebook computer equipped with a WLAN card. Configure the WLAN card to connect to the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC (NOTE: the default SSID is **MOXA**), and change the IP address of the second notebook (Notebook B) so that it is on the same subnet as the first notebook (Notebook A), which is connected to the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

After configuring the WLAN card, establish a wireless connection with the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and open the Windows Command Prompt on Notebook B. At the prompt, type

ping *<IP address of notebook A>*

and then press **Enter** (see the figure below). A "Reply from IP address …" response means the communication was successful. A "Request timed out." response means the communication failed. In this case, recheck the configuration to make sure the connections are correct.
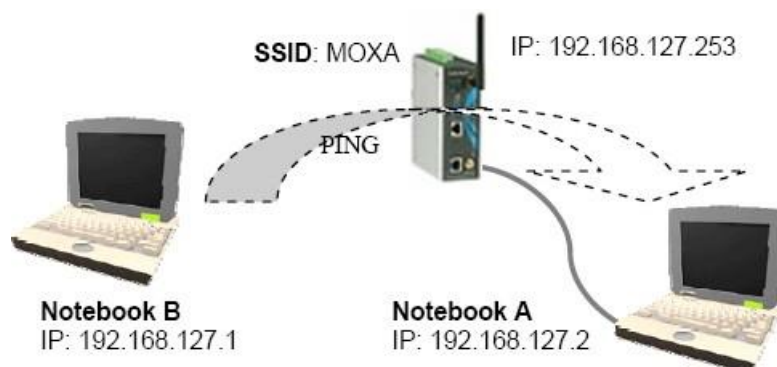
How to Test Two or More AWK-3131A-M12-RCC Units

If you have two or more AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units, you will need a second notebook computer (Notebook B) equipped with an Ethernet port. Use the default settings for the first AWK-3131A-M12-RCC connected to notebook A and change the second or third AWK-3131A-M12-RCC connected to notebook B to Client mode, and then configure the notebooks and AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units properly.
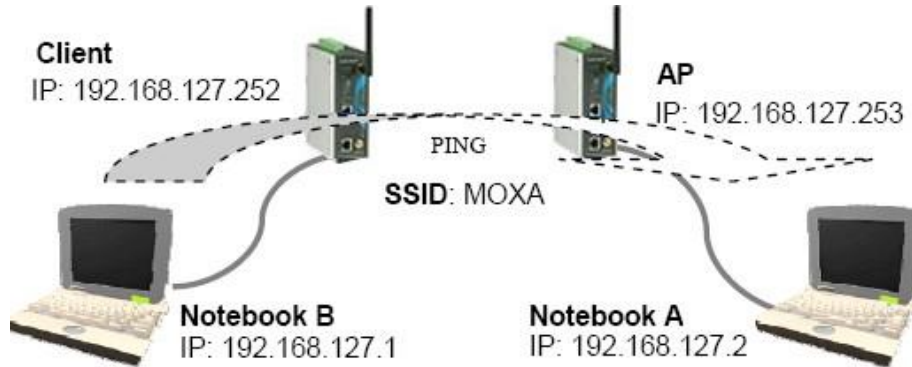
After setting up the testing environment, open the Windows Command Prompt on notebook B. At the prompt, type:

ping *<IP address of notebook A>*

and then press **Enter**. A "Reply from IP address …" response means the communication was successful. A "Request timed out" response means the communication failed. In this case, recheck the configuration to make sure the connections are correct.

Function Map

Quick Overview for the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's status

Basic settings for administering the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC

Essential settings related to establishing a wireless network

Advanced features to support additional network management and secure wired and wireless communication
Note: These advanced functions are all optional

Application-oriented device management functions to set up events, SNMP traps, and reactions via relay output, e-mail, and SNMP notification
Note: These functions are all optional

Current status information for monitoring wired/wireless network performance, advanced services, and device management functions

Functions for maintaining the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, and for diagnosing the network

On-demand functions to support the web-based console management operation

3

Web Console Configuration

In this chapter, we explain all aspects of web-based console configuration. Moxa's easy-to-use management functions help you set up your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and make it easy to establish and maintain your wireless network.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❒ **Web Browser Configuration**

❒ **Overview**

❒ **Basic Settings**
  ➢ System Info Settings
  ➢ Network Settings
  ➢ Time Settings

❒ **Wireless Settings**

❒ **Operation Mode**

❒ **Basic Wireless Settings**
  ➢ WLAN Security Settings
  ➢ Advanced Wireless Settings
  ➢ WLAN Certification Settings (For EAP-TLS in Client/Slave Mode Only)
  ➢ Extended Control Settings (AP Mode Only)

❒ **Advanced Settings**
  ➢ Using Virtual LAN
  ➢ Configuring Virtual LAN
  ➢ DHCP Server (For AP Mode Only)
  ➢ Packet Filters
  ➢ RSTP Settings (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)
  ➢ SNMP Agent
  ➢ Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode only)

❒ **Auto Warning Settings**
  ➢ System Log
  ➢ Syslog
  ➢ E-mail
  ➢ Relay
  ➢ Trap

❒ **Status**
  ➢ Wireless Status
  ➢ Associated Client List (For AP/Master/ACC Mode Only)
  ➢ AP Throughput
  ➢ DHCP Client List (For AP Mode Only)
  ➢ System Log
  ➢ Relay Status

➢ DI and Power Status

➢ RSTP Status

➢ LAN Status

❒ **Maintenance**

➢ Console Settings

➢ Ping

➢ Firmware Upgrade

➢ Config Import Export

➢ Load Factory Default

➢ Username/Password

➢ Locate Device

➢ Misc. Settings

❒ **Save Configuration**

❒ **Restart**

❒ **Logout**

Web Browser Configuration

Moxa AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's web browser interface provides a convenient way to modify its configuration and access the built-in monitoring and network administration functions.

NOTE	To use the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's management and monitoring functions from a PC host connected to the same LAN as the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, you must make sure that the PC host and the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC are on the same logical subnet. Similarly, if the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is configured for other VLAN settings, you must make sure your PC host is on the management VLAN.
	The Moxa AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's default IP is **192.168.127.253**.

Follow these steps to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's web-based console management interface.

1. Open your web browser (e.g., Internet Explorer) and type the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address in the address field. Press **Enter** to establish the connection.
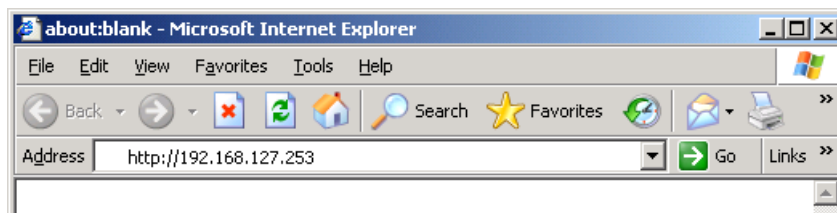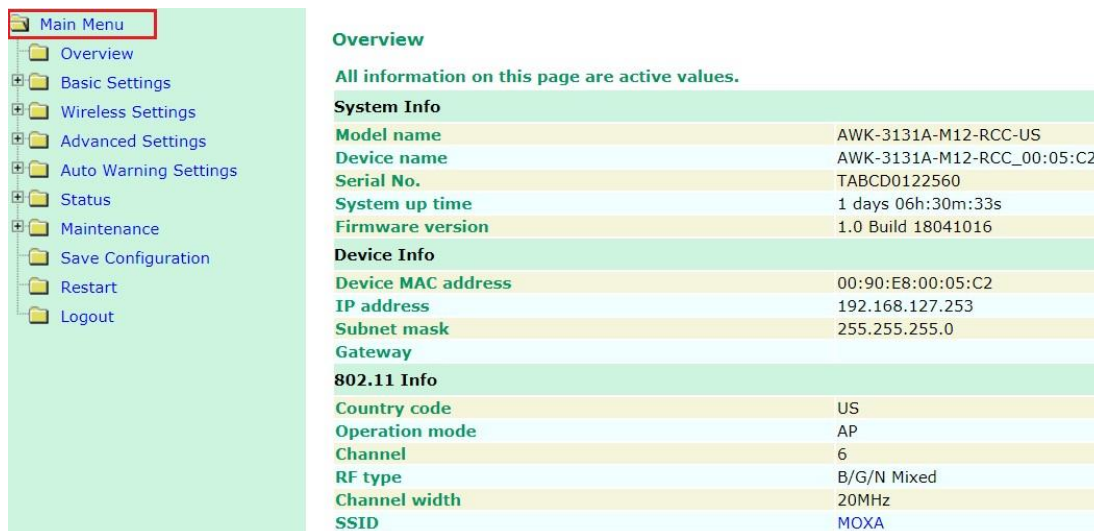
2. The Web Console Login page will open. Enter the password (default Username = **admin**; default Password = **moxa**) and then click **Login** to continue.
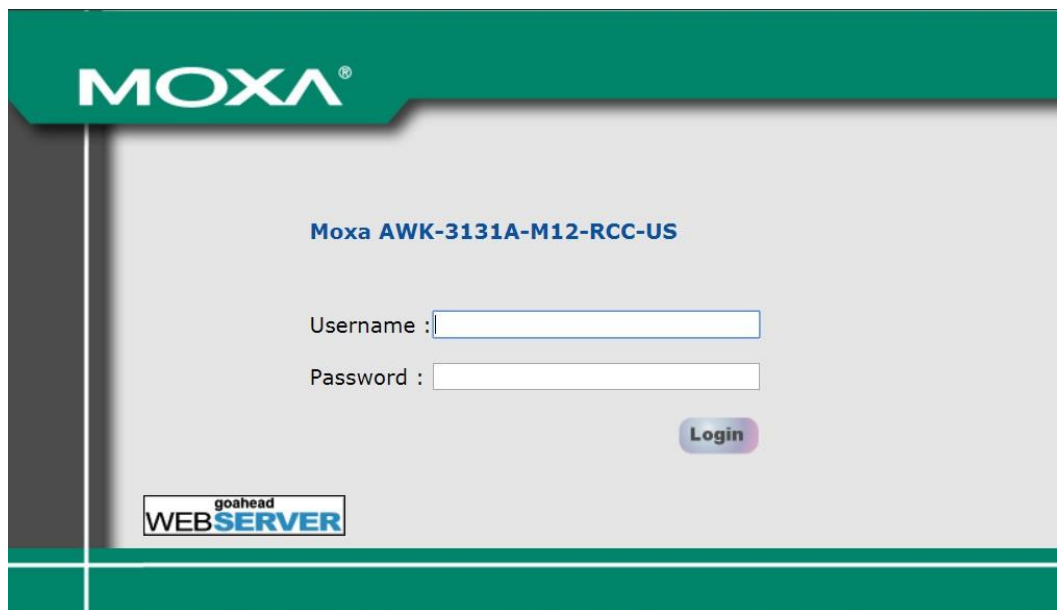
3. You may need to wait a few moments for the web page to download to your computer. Note that the Model name and IP address of your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC are both shown in the title bar of the web page. This information can be used to help you identify multiple AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units.

4. Use the menu tree on the left side of the window to open the function pages to access each of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's functions.

In the following paragraphs, we describe each AWK-3131A-M12-RCC management function in detail. A quick overview is available in this manual in the "Function Map" section of Chapter 2.

NOTE	The model name of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is shown as AWK-3131A-M12-RCC-XX, where XX indicates the country code. The country code indicates the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC version and which bandwidth it uses. We use **AWK-3131A-M12-RCC-US** as an example in the following figures. (The country code and model name that appears on your computer screen may be different than the one shown here.)

Overview

The **Overview** page summarizes the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's current status. The information is categorized into several groups: **System info**, **Device info**, and **802.11 info**.

Click on **SSID** for more detailed 802.11 information, as shown in the following figure.

Wireless Status

☑ Auto refresh

Show status of | WLAN (SSID: MOXA) ▼ |

802.11 Info	
Operation mode	AP
Channel	6
RF type	B/G/N Mixed
SSID	MOXA
MAC	06:90:E8:00:05:C2
Security mode	OPEN
Current BSSID	06:90:E8:00:05:C2
Signal strength/Noise Floor	N/A/-89dBm
RSSI	0
Transmission rate	Auto
Maximum transmission power	12 dBm (-1 dBm/MHz)
ACC state	N/A
ACC target	N/A

NOTE The **802.11 info** that is displayed may be different for different operation modes. For example, "Current BSSID" is not available in Client mode, and "Signal strength" is not available in AP mode.

Basic Settings

The Basic Settings group includes the most commonly used settings required by administrators to maintain and control the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

System Info Settings

The **System Info** items, especially *Device name* and *Device description*, are displayed and included on the **Overview** page, in SNMP information, and in alarm emails. Setting **System Info** items makes it easier to identify the different AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units connected to your network.

System Info Settings

Device name	AP_011
Device location	Area 32, 5th Floor
Device description	No. 11 of ABC supporting system
Device contact information	John Davis, sysop@abc.com

Device name

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. 31 of characters	This option is useful for specifying the role or application of different AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units.	AWK-3131A-M12-RCC_<Last 3 bytes of this AWK-3131A-M12-RCC>

Device location

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Specifies the location of different AWK-3131A-M12-RCC units.	None

Device description

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Use this space to record a more detailed description of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC	None

Device contact information

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Provides information about whom to contact in order to resolve problems. Use this space to record contact information of the person responsible for maintaining this AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.	None

Network Settings

The Network Settings configuration panel allows you to modify the usual TCP/IP network parameters. An explanation of each configuration item is given below.

Network Settings

IP configuration	Static ▾
	DHCP
IP address	Static 127.253
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.127.254
Primary DNS server	
Secondary DNS server	

IP configuration

Setting	Description	Factory Default
DHCP	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address will be assigned automatically by the network's DHCP server	Static
Static	Set up the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address manually.	

IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address	Identifies the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC on a TCP/IP network.	192.168.127.253

NOTE	DO NOT set the local subnet IP or the broadcast IP as the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address. For example, 192.168.127.0 and 192.168.127.255 cannot be assigned to the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC if the subnet mask is set to 255.255.255.0.

Subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's subnet mask	Identifies the type of network to which the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is connected (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a Class B network, or 255.255.255.0 for a Class C network).	255.255.255.0

Gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's default gateway	The IP address of the router that connects the LAN to an outside network.	None

Primary/ Secondary DNS server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of the Primary/Secondary DNS server	The IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can input the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's URL (e.g., http://ap11.abc.com) in your browser's address field instead of entering the IP address. The Secondary DNS server will be used if the Primary DNS server fails to connect.	None

Time Settings

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC has a time calibration function based on information from an NTP server or user specified Date and Time information. Functions such as Auto warning can add real-time information to the message.

Time Settings

	Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	Time (HH:MM:SS)
Current local time	2009 / 01 / 23	16 : 58 : 19

Set Time

Time zone	(GMT-06:00)Central Time (US & Canada)
Daylight saving time	☑ Enable
	Starts at Apr. ▾ 1st ▾ Sun. ▾ 00 : 00 (HH:MM)
	Stops at Oct. ▾ last ▾ Sun. ▾ 00 : 00 (HH:MM)
	Time offset +01:00 ▾
Time server 1	time.nist.gov
Time server 2	
Query period	600 (600~9999 seconds)

The **Current local time** shows the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's system time when you open this web page. You can click on the **Set Time** button to activate the updated date and time parameters. An "(Updated)" string will appear to indicate that the change is complete. Local time settings will be immediately activated in the system without running Save and Restart.

NOTE	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC has a built-in real time clock (RTC). It is strongly recommended that users update the **Local time** for the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC after the initial setup or a long-term shutdown, especially when the network does not have an Internet connection for accessing the NTP server or there is no NTP server on the LAN.

Current local time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
User adjustable time	The date and time parameters allow configuration of the local time, with immediate activation. *Use 24-hour format: yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss*	None

Time zone

Setting	Description	Factory Default
User selectable time zone	The time zone setting allows conversion from GMT (Greenwich Mean Time) to local time.	GMT (Greenwich Mean Time)

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Changing the time zone will automatically adjust the **Current local time**. You should configure the **Time zone** before setting the **Current local time**.

Daylight saving time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	Daylight saving time (also known as DST or summer time) involves advancing clocks (usually 1 hour) during the summer time to provide an extra hour of daylight in the afternoon.	Disable

When **Daylight saving time** is enabled, the following parameters will be shown:

- **Starts at:** The date that daylight saving time begins.
- **Stops at:** The date that daylight saving time ends.
- **Time offset:** Indicates how many hours forward the clock should be advanced.

Time server 1/2

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP/Name of Time Server ½	IP or Domain name of the NTP time server. The 2nd NTP server will be used if the 1st NTP server fails to connect.	Time.nist.gov

Query period

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Query period time (1 to 9999 seconds)	This parameter determines how often the time is updated from the NTP server.	600 (seconds)

Wireless Settings

The essential settings for wireless networks are presented in this function group. Settings must be properly set before establishing your wireless network. Familiarize yourself with the following terms before starting the configuration process:

AP: In a wireless local area network (WLAN), an access point is a station that transmits and receives data.

Client: When the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is configured for **Client** mode, it can be used as an Ethernet-to-wireless (or LAN-to-WLAN) network adaptor. For example, a notebook computer equipped with an Ethernet adaptor but no wireless card can be connected to this device with an Ethernet cable to provide wireless connectivity to another AP.

Operation Mode

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports five main operation modes—AP, Client, Master, Slave, and ACC—each of which plays a distinct role on the wireless network.

Operation Mode

WLAN enable ◉ Enable ○ Disable

Operation mode [AP ▾]

AP
Client
Master
Slave
ACC
Sniffer

[Submit]

Wireless Enable

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	The RF (Radio Frequency) module can be manually turned on or off. This function is available in AP operation mode only.	Enable

Operation Mode

Setting	Description	Factory Default
AP	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays the role of wireless AP	AP
Client	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays the role of wireless AP Client	
Master	This mode collocates with AWK-5232/6232's Wireless bridge mode. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays the role of wireless Master.	
Slave	This mode collocates with AWK-5232/6232's Wireless bridge mode. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays the role of wireless Slave.	
ACC	This mode collocates with another AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's ACC mode to form an ACC link. Both AWK-3131A-M12-RCCs must have the same basic wireless settings and security settings.	
Sniffer	Turns the device into a remote Wireshark interface to capture 802.11 packets for analysis.	

Basic Wireless Settings

The "WLAN Basic Setting Selection" panel is used to add and edit SSIDs. An SSID is a unique identifier that wireless networking devices use to establish and maintain wireless connectivity. Multiple access points on a network or sub-network can use the same SSIDs. You can configure your AWK to use up to 9 SSIDs, and configure each SSID differently. All of the SSIDs are active at the same time; that is, client devices can use any of the SSIDs to associate with the access point.

WLAN Basic Setting Selection

Status	SSID	Operation Mode	Action
Active	MOXA	AP	[Edit]

[Add SSID]

Click on **Add SSID** to create more SSIDs.

Click on **Edit** to assign different configuration settings to each SSID. The configuration panel appears as follows:

Basic Wireless Settings

Operation mode	AP
RF type	B/G/N Mixed ▾
Channel width	20 MHz ▾
Channel	6 ▾
SSID	MOXA
SSID broadcast	⦿ Enable ○ Disable
Management frame encryption	○ Enable ⦿ Disable
Client isolation	No isolation ▾

Submit

NOTE	When you switch to **Client** mode, a **Site Survey** button will be available on the Basic Wireless Settings panel. Click the "Site Survey" button to view information about available APs, as shown in the following figure. You can click on the SSID of an entity and bring the value of its SSID onto the SSID field of the Basic Wireless Settings page. Click the **Refresh** button to re-scan and update the table. If this client is connecting to an AP, a brief disconnection will occur during site survey.

Basic Wireless Settings

Operation mode	Client
RF type	B/G/N Mixed ▾
Channel width	20 MHz ▾
SSID	MOXA
	Site Survey
Management frame encryption	○ Enable ⦿ Disable

Submit

Site Survey - Google Chrome

🗋 192.168.127.253/site_survey.asp?index=1

Site Survey

No.	SSID	MAC address	Channel	Mode	Signal
1	MHQ-Visitor	FE:F1:28:CB:5D:AB	1	BSS/OPEN	(-99dBm)
2	CARL_TEST	06:90:E8:2B:5F:FA	6	BSS/OPEN	(-100dBm)
3	AWK_VLAN_Test	06:90:E8:4E:9A:7D	6	BSS/OPEN	(-95dBm)
4	MHQ-Visitor	FE:F1:28:CB:5D:93	6	BSS/OPEN	(-101dBm)
5	MHQ-Visitor	FE:F1:28:CB:5D:3F	11	BSS/OPEN	(-104dBm)
6	MHQ-Visitor	FE:F1:28:CB:5D:90	11	BSS/OPEN	(-103dBm)
8	MHQ-Visitor	FE:F1:28:CB:5D:99	6	BSS/OPEN	(-105dBm)

RF type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
2.4 GHz		
B	Only supports the IEEE 802.11b standard	B/G/N Mixed
G	Only supports the IEEE 802.11g standard	
B/G Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11b/g standards, but 802.11g may operate at a slower speed if when 802.11b clients are on the network	
G/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11g/n standards, but 802.11n may operate at a slower speed if 802.11g clients are on the network	
B/G/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n standards, but 802.11g/n may operate at a slower speed if 802.11b clients are on the network	
N Only (2.4GHz)	Only supports the 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11n standard	
5 GHz		
A	Only supports the IEEE 802.11a standard	
A/N Mixed	Supports IEEE 802.11a/n standards, but 802.11n may operate at a slower speed if 802.11a clients are on the network	
N Only (5GHz)	Only supports the 5 GHz IEEE 802.11n standard	

Channel Width (for any 11N RF type only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
20 MHz	Select your channel width, If you are not sure which option to use, select 20/ 40MHz (Auto)	20 MHz
20/40 MHz		

Channel bonding

If 20/40 MHz only is the Channel Width setting, this channel bonding will auto set the channel based on your channel setting.

Channel (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Available channels vary with RF type	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays the role of wireless AP, Master, or ACC.	6 (in B/G/N Mixed mode)

SSID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other.	MOXA

SSID broadcast (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	SSID can be broadcast or not	Enable

Management frame encryption

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	Enables management frame encryption to protect your wireless network from DoS attacks. This function only works with Moxa's Wireless device such as TAP, AWK-RCC, and RTG series devices.	Disable

NOTE	Product models such as the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC-EU Series use EU bands that are under ETSI regulation. Users must disable the **SSID broadcast** setting in these models when they use 5 GHz channels 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, and 140.

Client Isolation (for AP mode only)

Client isolation is used to isolate the associated wireless clients connected to one or more APs. Isolated clients cannot communicate with each other, so the level of security is increased. Depending on the type of client

isolation used, you can specify exceptions (for clients) within the isolation network. This function can be, for example, used in the case of an enterprise server service.

Basic Wireless Settings

Operation mode	AP
RF type	B/G/N Mixed ▾
Channel width	20 MHz ▾
Channel	6 ▾
SSID	MOXA
SSID broadcast	◉ Enable ◯ Disable
Management frame encryption	◯ Enable ◉ Disable
Client isolation	Isolated within the same subnet ▾
Subnet type	Static ▾
	Static
	DHCP
Gateway	
Netmask	

Allowed subnet with TCP/UDP port

No	☐ Active	IP	Netmask	Protocol	Port
1	☐			All ▾	~
2	☐			All ▾	~
3	☐			All ▾	~
4	☐			All ▾	~
5	☐			All ▾	~
6	☐			All ▾	~
7	☐			All ▾	~
8	☐			All ▾	~

Submit

Client Isolation

Setting	Description	Factory Default
No isolation	No isolation is applied.	No isolation
Isolated within the same AP	All clients associated to this AP will be isolated from each other.	
Isolated within the same subnet	All clients in the specified subnet will be isolated from each other. The subnet is defined by the following two parameters, gateway and netmask.	

Subnet type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Static/DHCP	This setting can be used to specify the subnet type when the **Isolated within the same subnet** option is selected. For applications that use a fixed IP address use the **Static** value. For example, maintenance of hand held devices or tablets that already have a fixed IP in the same subnet as the AP. If your application requires wireless clients to retrieve new IP addresses from the onboard DHCP server (or from the build-in DHCP server) each time the clients connect to an AP, select the DHCP option.	Static

Gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Gateway for client isolation function	This setting can be used when the **Isolated within the same subnet** option is selected. The gateway setting along with the netmask is used to define the network in which wireless clients will be isolated from each other. If the **Subnet Type** is set to Static, this setting must be applied. If the Subnet Type is set to DHCP, this field can be left blank and the gateway address will be assigned by the DHCP server.	None

Netmask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Netmask for client isolation function	This setting can be used when the **Isolated within the same subnet** option is selected. If the **Subnet Type** is set to Static, this setting must be applied. If the Subnet Type is set to DHCP, this field can be left blank and the gateway address will be assigned by the DHCP server.	None

The **Allowed subnet with TCP/UDP port** setting is used to specify the exceptions (subnets or hosts) when the **Isolated within the same subnet** option is selected. Up to eight subnets or hosts can be included in the list.

Active

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	This checkbox enables or disables the rule for allowed subnet settings.	Disable

IP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address for allowed subnet definition	The IP address of the subnet definition. Hosts in this subnet can be accessed by other hosts or wireless clients in the same subnet.	None

Netmask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Netmask for allowed subnet definition	The netmask of the subnet definition. Hosts in this subnet can be accessed by other hosts or wireless clients in the same subnet. You can also define the exception host by entering 255.255.255.255 in this field.	None

Protocol

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Protocol for allowed subnet definition	The protocol of the subnet definition. Hosts in this subnet can be accessed by other hosts or wireless clients in the same subnet.	All

Port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Port for allowed subnet definition	The port range of the subnet definition. Hosts in this subnet can be accessed by other hosts or wireless clients in the same subnet.	None

WLAN Security Settings

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides four standardized wireless security modes: **Open**, **WEP** (Wired Equivalent Privacy), **WPA** (Wi-Fi Protected Access), and **WPA2**. Several security modes are available in the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC by selecting *Security mode* and *WPA type*:

- **Open:** No authentication, no data encryption.
- **WEP:** Static WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) keys must be configured manually.
- **WPA/WPA2-Personal:** Also known as WPA/WPA2-PSK. You will need to specify the Pre-Shared Key in the *Passphrase* field, which will be used by the TKIP or AES engine as a master key to generate keys that actually encrypt outgoing packets and decrypt incoming packets.
- **WPA/WPA2-Enterprise:** Also called WPA/WPA2-EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol). In addition to device-based authentication, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise enables user-based authentication via IEEE802.1X. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can support three EAP methods: EAP-TLS, EAP-TTLS, and EAP-PEAP.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID   MOXA
Security mode   Open ▾
                                        | Open |
                                        | WEP |
                                        | WPA |
                                        | WPA2 |

Submit

Security mode

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Open	No authentication	Open
WEP	Static WEP is used	
WPA*	WPA is used	
WPA2*	Fully supports IEEE802.11i with "TKIP/AES + 802.1X"	

Open

For security reasons, you should **NOT** set security mode to Open System, since authentication and data encryption are **NOT** performed in Open System mode.

WEP

According to the IEEE802.11 standard, WEP can be used for authentication and data encryption to maintain confidentiality. **Shared** (or **Shared Key**) authentication type is used if WEP authentication and data encryption are both needed. Normally, **Open** (or **Open System**) authentication type is used when WEP data encryption is run with authentication.

When WEP is enabled as a security mode, the length of a key (so-called WEP seed) can be specified as 64/128 bits, which is actually a 40/104-bit secret key with a 24-bit initialization vector. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides 4 entities of WEP key settings that can be selected to use with **Key index**. The selected key setting specifies the key to be used as a *send-key* for encrypting traffic from the AP side to the wireless client side. All 4 WEP keys are used as *receive-keys* to decrypt traffic from the wireless client side to the AP side.

The WEP key can be presented in two **Key types**, HEX and ASCII. Each ASCII character has 8 bits, so a 40-bit (or 64-bit) WEP key contains 5 characters, and a 104-bit (or 128-bit) key has 13 characters. In hex, each character uses 4 bits, so a 40-bit key has 10 hex characters, and a 128-bit key has 26 characters.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID   MOXA
Security mode   WEP ▾
Authentication type   Open ▾
Key type   HEX ▾
Key length   64 bits ▾
Key index   1 ▾
WEP key 1   [   ]
WEP key 2   [   ]
WEP key 3   [   ]
WEP key 4   [   ]

Submit

Authentication type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Open	Data encryption is enabled, but without authentication	Open
Shared	Data encryption and authentication are both enabled.	

Key type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
HEX	Specifies WEP keys in hex-decimal number form	HEX
ASCII	Specifies WEP keys in ASCII form	

Key length

Setting	Description	Factory Default
64 bits	Uses 40-bit secret keys with 24-bit initialization vector	64 bits
128 bits	Uses 104-bit secret key with 24-bit initialization vector	

Key index

Setting	Description	Factory Default
1-4	Specifies which WEP key is used	Open

WEP key 1-4

Setting	Description	Factory Default
ASCII type: 64 bits: 5 chars 128 bits: 13chars HEX type: 64 bits: 10 hex chars 128 bits: 26 hex chars	A string that can be used as a WEP seed for the RC4 encryption engine.	None

WPA/WPA2-Personal

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) and WPA2 represent significant improvements over the WEP encryption method. WPA is a security standard based on 802.11i draft 3, while WPA2 is based on the fully ratified version of 802.11i. The initial vector is transmitted, encrypted, and enhanced with its 48 bits, twice as long as WEP. The key is regularly changed so that true session is secured.

Even though AES encryption is only included in the WPA2 standard, it is widely available in the WPA security mode of some wireless APs and clients as well. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC also supports AES algorithms in WPA and WPA2 for better compatibility.

Personal versions of WPA/WPA2, also known as WPA/WPA-PSK (*Pre-Shared Key*), provide a simple way of encrypting a wireless connection for high confidentiality. A ***Passphrase*** is used as a basis for encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The passphrases should be complicated and as long as possible. There must be at least 8 ASCII characters in the Passphrase, and it could go up to 63. For security reasons, this passphrase should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should be changed regularly.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA ▾
WPA type	Personal ▾
Encryption method	AES ▾
EAPOL version	1 ▾
Passphrase	
Key renewal	3600 (60~86400 seconds)

Submit

WPA type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Personal	Provides Pre-Shared Key-enabled WPA and WPA2	Personal
Enterprise	Provides enterprise-level security for WPA and WPA2	

Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP*	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	AES
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	
Mixed**	Provides TKIP broadcast key and TKIP+AES unicast key for some legacy AP clients. This option is rarely used.	

This option is only available with 802.11a/b/g standard

**This option is only available for legacy mode in APs and does not support AES-enabled clients.*

Passphrase

Setting	Description	Factory Default
8 to 63 characters	Master key to generate keys for encryption and decryption	None

Key renewal (for AP/Master mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
60 to 86400 seconds (1 minute to 1 day)	Specifies the time period of group key renewal	3600 (seconds)

NOTE   The **key renewal** value dictates how often the wireless AP encryption keys should be changed. The security level is generally higher if you set the key renewal value to a shorter number, which forces the encryption keys to be changed more frequently. The default value is 3600 seconds (6 minutes). Longer time periods can be considered if the line is not very busy.

WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (for AP/Master mode)

By setting **WPA type** to **Enterprise**, you can use **EAP** (*Extensible Authentication Protocol*), a framework authentication protocol used by 802.1X to provide network authentication. In these Enterprise-level security modes, a back-end RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) server is needed if IEEE 802.1X functionality is enabled in WPA /WPA2. The IEEE 802.1X protocol also offers the possibility of carrying out an efficient connection authentication on a large-scale network. It is not necessary to exchange keys or passphrases.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA2 ▼
WPA type	Enterprise ▼
Encryption method	AES ▼
EAPOL version	1 ▼
Primary RADIUS server IP	
Primary RADIUS server port	1812
Primary RADIUS shared key	
Secondary RADIUS server IP	
Secondary RADIUS server port	1812
Secondary RADIUS shared key	
Key renewal	3600 (60~86400 seconds)

Submit

WPA type

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Personal	Provides Pre-Shared Key-enabled WPA and WPA2	Personal
Enterprise	Provides enterprise-level security for WPA and WPA2	

Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP*	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	AES
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	
Mixed**	Provides TKIP broadcast key and TKIP+AES unicast key for some legacy AP clients. This option is rarely used.	

*This option is only available with 802.11a/b/g standard

**This option is available only for legacy mode in APs and does not support AES-enabled clients.

Primary/Secondary RADIUS server IP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
The IP address of RADIUS server	Specifies the delegated RADIUS server for EAP	None

Primary/Secondary RADIUS port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Port number	Specifies the port number of the delegated RADIUS server	1812

Primary/ Secondary RADIUS shared key

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	The secret key shared between AP and RADIUS server	None

Key renewal

Setting	Description	Factory Default
60 to 86400 seconds (1 minute to 1 year)	Specifies the time period of group key renewal	3600 (seconds)

WPA/WPA2-Enterprise (for Client/Slave mode)

When used as a client, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can support three EAP methods (or **EAP protocols**): **EAP-TLS**, **EAP-TTLS**, and **EAP-PEAP**, corresponding to WPA/WPA-Enterprise settings on the AP side.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA2 ▾
WPA type	Enterprise ▾
Encryption method	AES ▾
EAPOL version	1 ▾
EAP protocol	TLS ▾
	TLS
	TTLS
	PEAP
Certificate issued to	
Certificate issued by	
Certificate expiration date	

Submit

Encryption method

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol is enabled	AES
AES	Advance Encryption System is enabled	

EAP Protocol

Setting	Description	Factory Default
TLS	Specifies Transport Layer Security protocol	TLS
TTLS	Specifies Tunneled Transport Layer Security	
PEAP	Specifies Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol, or Protected EAP	

Before choosing the EAP protocol for your WPA/WPA2-Enterpise settings on the client end, please contact the network administrator to make sure the system supports the protocol on the AP end. Detailed information on these three popular EAP protocols is presented in the following sections.

EAP-TLS

TLS is the standards-based successor to Secure Socket Layer (SSL). It can establish a trusted communication channel over a distrusted network. TLS provides mutual authentication through certificate exchange. EAP-TLS is also secure to use. You are required to submit a digital certificate to the authentication server for validation, but the authentication server must also supply a certificate.

You can use **Basic Wireless Settings** → **WLAN Certificate Settings** to import your WLAN certificate and enable EAP-TLS on the client end.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA2 ▼
WPA type	Enterprise ▼
Encryption method	TKIP ▼
EAPOL version	1 ▼
EAP protocol	TLS ▼
Certificate issued to	
Certificate issued by	
Certificate expiration date	

Submit

You can check the current certificate status in **Current Status** if it is available.

- **Certificate issued to:** Shows the certificate user
- **Certificate issued by**: Shows the certificate issuer
- **Certificate expiration date**: Indicates when the certificate has expired

EAP-TTLS

It is usually much easier to re-use existing authentication systems, such as a Windows domain or Active Directory, LDAP directory, or Kerberos realm, rather than creating a parallel authentication system. As a result, TTLS (Tunneled TLS) and PEAP (Protected EAP) are used to support the use of so-called "legacy authentication methods."

TTLS and PEAP work in a similar way. First, they establish a TLS tunnel (EAP-TLS for example), and validate whether the network is trustworthy with digital certificates on the authentication server. This step establishes a tunnel that protects the next step (or "inner" authentication), and consequently is sometimes referred to as "outer" authentication. The TLS tunnel is then used to encrypt an older authentication protocol that authenticates the user for the network.

As you can see, digital certificates are still needed for outer authentication in a simplified form. Only a small number of certificates are required, which can be generated by a small certificate authority. Certificate reduction makes TTLS and PEAP much more popular than EAP-TLS.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides some non-cryptographic EAP methods, including **PAP**, **CHAP**, **MS-CHAP**, and **MS-CHAP-V2**. These EAP methods are not recommended for direct use on wireless networks. However, they may be useful as inner authentication methods with TTLS and PEAP.

Because the inner and outer authentications can use distinct user names in TTLS and PEAP, you can use an anonymous user name for the outer authentication, with the true user name only shown through the encrypted channel. Keep in mind that not all client software supports anonymous alteration. Confirm this with the network administrator before you enable identity hiding in TTLS and PEAP.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA2 ▾
WPA type	Enterprise ▾
Encryption method	TKIP ▾
EAPOL version	1 ▾
EAP protocol	TTLS ▾
TTLS inner authentication	MS-CHAP-V2 ▾
	PAP
	CHAP
	MS-CHAP
	MS-CHAP-V2
Anonymous name	
User name	
Password	

Submit

TTL Inner Authentication

Setting	Description	Factory Default
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol is used	MS-CHAP-V2
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol is used	
MS-CHAP	Microsoft CHAP is used	
MS-CHAP-V2	Microsoft CHAP version 2 is used	

Anonymous

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	A distinct name used for outer authentication	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in inner authentication	None

PEAP

There are a few differences in the TTLS and PEAP inner authentication procedures. TTLS uses the encrypted channel to exchange attribute-value pairs (AVPs), while PEAP uses the encrypted channel to start a second EAP exchange inside of the tunnel. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides **MS-CHAP-V2** merely as an EAP method for inner authentication.

WLAN Security Settings

SSID	MOXA
Security mode	WPA2 ▾
WPA type	Enterprise ▾
Encryption method	TKIP ▾
EAPOL version	1 ▾
EAP protocol	PEAP ▾
Inner EAP protocol	MS-CHAP-V2 ▾
	MS-CHAP-V2
Anonymous name	
User name	
Password	

Submit

Inner EAP protocol

Setting	Description	Factory Default
MS-CHAP-V2	Microsoft CHAP version 2 is used	MS-CHAP-V2

Anonymous

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	A distinct name used for outer authentication	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in inner authentication	None

Advanced Wireless Settings

Additional wireless-related parameters are presented in this section to help you set up your wireless network in detail.

Advanced Wireless Settings

Transmission rate	Auto ▾
Minimum transmission rate	0 (0~11Mbps, 0 to disable)
Multicast rate	6M ▾
Guard interval	800ns ▾
Maximum transmission power	12 dBm (-1 dBm/MHz) ▾
Beacon interval	100 (40~1000ms)
DTIM interval	1 (1~15)
Inactive timeout	60 (8~240 sec)
Fragmentation threshold	2346 (256~2346)
RTS threshold	2346 (32~2346)
Antenna	Both ▾
WMM	Enable ▾
ACC connection threshold	-60 (-96~-26 dBm)
ACC disconnection threshold	-60 (-96~-26 dBm)
ACC connection time	60 (30~180 seconds)
ACC disconnection time	60 (30~180 seconds)

Submit

Transmission Rate

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Auto	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC senses and adjusts the data rate automatically	Auto
Available rates	Users can manually select a target transmission data rate	

Multicast Rate (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Multicast rate (6M ~ 54M)	You can set a fixed multicast rate for the transmission of broadcast and multicast packets on a per-radio basis. This parameter can be useful in an environment where multicast video streaming is occurring in the wireless medium, provided that the wireless clients are capable of handling the configured rate.	6M

Guarding Interval

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Guarding Interval	Guarding interval is used to ensure that distinct transmissions do not interfere with one another. You can select the guarding interval manually for Wireless-N connections. The two options are Short (400ns) and Long (800ns).	800 ns.

Maximum transmission Power

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Transmission Power	Specifies transmission power for the radio in the unit of dBm.	12 dBm

Beacon Interval (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Beacon Interval (40 to 1000 ms)	Indicates the frequency interval of the beacon	100 (ms)

DTIM Interval (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Data Beacon Rate (1 to 15)	Indicates how often the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC sends out a Delivery Traffic Indication Message	1

Fragmentation threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Fragment Length (256 to 2346)	Specifies the maximum size a data packet before splitting and creating another new packet	2346

RTS threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
RTS/CTS Threshold (256 to 2346)	Determines how large a packet can be before the Access Point coordinates transmission and reception to ensure efficient communication	2346

NOTE Most countries define a limit for the Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP) for an RF transmitting system. The EIRP should not exceed the permitted limit for the country of operation. EIRP = transmission power + antenna gain (dBi).

NOTE Transmission power indicates the maximum value of transmission power which the user plans. However, the real transmitted power depends on the radio module and some facts, such as country, regulatory limitations and data rate. Please check the Transmission power in Status > Wireless Status for a real and updated value of transmission power, which the AWK is currently using.

You can refer to the related glossaries in the reference section for detailed information about the above-mentioned settings. By setting these parameters properly, you can better tune the performance of your wireless network.

Antenna

Setting	Description	Factory Default
A/B/Both	Specifies the output antenna port. Setting **Antenna** to **Both** allows 2x2 MIMO communication under 802.11n and 2T2R communication in legacy 802.11a/b/g modes.	Both

WMM

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	WMM is a QoS standard for WLAN traffic. Voice and video data will be given priority bandwidth when enabled with WMM supported wireless clients.	Disable

ACC Connection Threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
ACC Connection Threshold	If the signal strength of an AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can be above this value for the period of time specified in the "ACC Connection Time" field, this AWK-3131A-M12-RCC will be considered as a connecting candidate.	-60dBm

ACC Disconnection Threshold

Setting	Description	Factory Default
ACC Disconnection Threshold	If the signal strength of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is below this threshold value for the period of time specified in the "ACC Disconnection Time" field, the ACC link will be brought down.	-60dBm

ACC Connection Time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
ACC Connection Time	This is the period of time for an AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to be considered as a connecting candidate.	60 seconds

ACC Disconnection Time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
ACC Disconnection Time	This is the period of time for an ACC link to be considered as a poor connection. The ACC link will be brought down after the specified time period.	60 seconds

WLAN Certification Settings (For EAP-TLS in Client/Slave Mode Only)

When EAP-TLS is used, a WLAN Certificate will be required at the client end to support WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can support the **PKCS #12**, also known as *Personal Information Exchange Syntax Standard*, certificate formats that define file formats commonly used to store private keys with accompanying public key certificates, protected with a password-based symmetric key.

WLAN Certificate Settings

Current status
Certificate issued to
Certificate issued by
Certificate expiration date

Certificate private password

Select certificate/key file

Submit

Current Status displays information for the current WLAN certificate, which has been imported into the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. Nothing will be shown if a certificate is not available.

Certificate issued to: Shows the certificate user

Certificate issued by: Shows the certificate issuer

Certificate expiration date: Indicates when the certificate has expired

You can import a new WLAN certificate in ***Import WLAN Certificate*** by following these steps, in order:

1. Input the corresponding password (or key) in the **Certificate private password** field and then click **Submit** to set the password.
2. The password will be displayed in the Certificate private password field. Click on the **Browse** button in ***Select certificate/key file*** and select the certificate file.

3. Click **Upload Certificate File** to import the certificate file. If the import succeeds, you can see the information uploaded in *Current Certificate*. If it fails, you may need to return to step 1 to set the password correctly and then import the certificate file again.

Step 1:	
Certificate private password	[ ]
Submit	
Step 2:	
Select certificate/key file	[ ] Browse...
Upload Certificate File	

NOTE   The WLAN certificate will remain after the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC reboots. Even though it is expired, it can still be seen on the *Current Certificate*.

Extended Control Settings (AP Mode Only)

Use this function to quickly switch to your favorite profiles recorded in the device. The function allows you to easily demo or change the settings in your device.

In the following example, we demonstrate how to quickly change from the 2.4G band to the 5G band.
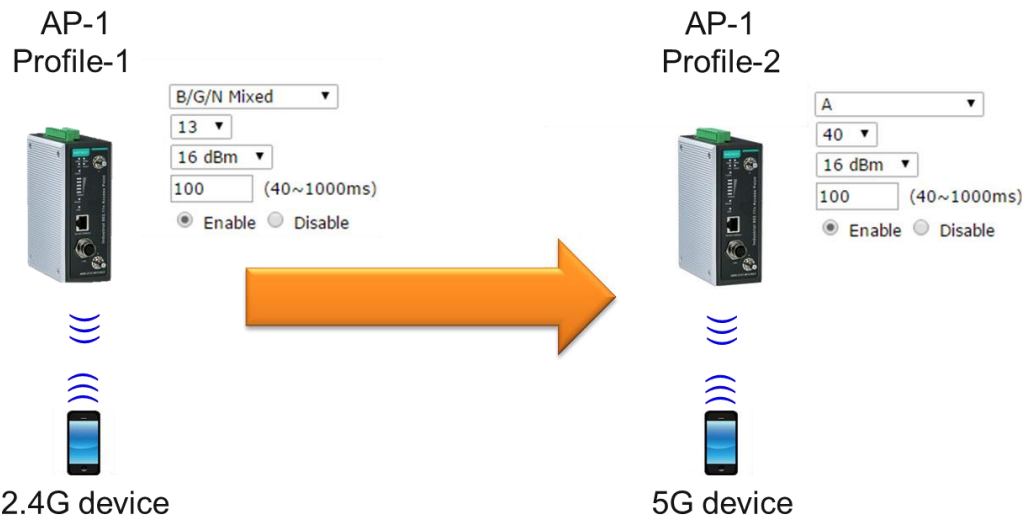
Extended Control Setting (AP mode only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/Disable	Enable the function to quickly switch to your favorite profile.	Disable

Favorite Profile

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Profile 1/ Profile 2	Choose your favorite profile to quickly switch RF type, channel, transmission power, beacon interval, and beacon broadcast status.	No Extended Control

Extended Control Settings (AP mode only)

Extended control	Disable ▼
Favourite profile	No Extended Control ▼

Profile 1

RF type 1	B/G/N Mixed ▼
Channel width 1	20 MHz ▼
Channel 1	6 ▼
Maximum transmission power 1	12 dBm ▼
Beacon interval 1	100 (40~1000ms)
SSID broadcast 1	◉ Enable ◯ Disable

Profile 2

RF type 2	B/G/N Mixed ▼
Channel width 2	20 MHz ▼
Channel 2	6 ▼
Maximum transmission power 2	12 dBm ▼
Beacon interval 2	100 (40~1000ms)
SSID broadcast 2	◉ Enable ◯ Disable

Submit

Advanced Settings

Several advanced functions are available to increase the functionality of your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and wireless network system. A VLAN is a collection of clients and hosts grouped together as if they were connected to the broadcast domains in a layer 2 network. The DHCP server helps you deploy wireless clients efficiently. Packet filters provide security mechanisms, such as firewalls, in different network layers. Moreover, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can support STP/RSTP protocol to increase reliability across the entire network, and SNMP support can make network management easier.

Using Virtual LAN

Setting up Virtual LANs (VLANs) on your AWK series increases the efficiency of your network by dividing the LAN into logical segments, as opposed to physical segments. In general, VLANs are easier to manage.

The Virtual LAN (VLAN) Concept

What is a VLAN?

A virtual LAN, commonly known as a VLAN, is a group of hosts with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same broadcast domain, regardless of their physical location. A VLAN has the same attributes as a physical LAN, but it allows for end stations to be grouped together even if they are not located on the same network switch. Network reconfiguration can be done through software instead of physically relocating devices.

VLANs now extend as far as the reach of the access point signal. Clients can be segmented into wireless sub-networks via SSID and VLAN assignment. A Client can access the network by connecting to an AP configured to support its assigned SSID/VLAN.

Benefits of VLANs

VLANs are used to conveniently, efficiently, and easily manage your network in the following ways:

- Manage adds, moves, and changes from a single point of contact
- Define and monitor groups
- Reduce broadcast and multicast traffic to unnecessary destinations
- Improve network performance and reduce latency
- Increase security
- Secure network restricts members to resources on their own VLAN
- Clients roam without compromising security

VLAN Workgroups and Traffic Management

The AP assigns clients to a VLAN based on a Network Name (SSID). The AP can support up to 9 SSIDs per radio interface, with a unique VLAN configurable per SSID.

The AP matches packets transmitted or received to a network name with the associated VLAN. Traffic received by a VLAN is only sent on the wireless interface associated with that same VLAN. This eliminates unnecessary traffic on the wireless LAN, conserving bandwidth and maximizing throughput.

In addition to enhancing wireless traffic management, the VLAN-capable AP supports easy assignment of wireless users to workgroups. In a typical scenario, each user VLAN represents a department workgroup; for example, one VLAN could be used for a marketing department and the other for a human resource department.

In this scenario, the AP would assign every packet it accepted to a VLAN. Each packet would then be identified as marketing or human resource, depending on which wireless client received it. The AP would insert VLAN headers or "tags" with identifiers into the packets transmitted on the wired backbone to a network switch.

Finally, the switch would be configured to route packets from the marketing department to the appropriate corporate resources such as printers and servers. Packets from the human resource department could be restricted to a gateway that allowed access to only the Internet. A member of the human resource department could send and receive e-mail and access the Internet, but would be prevented from accessing servers or hosts on the local corporate network.
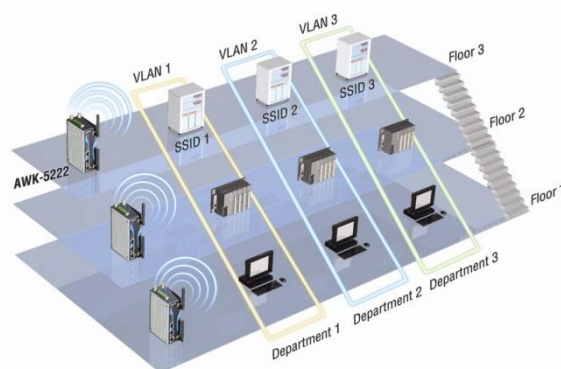
Configuring Virtual LAN

VLAN Settings

To configure the AWK's VLAN, use the VLAN Setting page to configure the ports.

VLAN Settings

Management VLAN ID:	1	
Port	**PVID**	**VLAN Tagged (Please use comma to separate multiple VLAN tags.)**
LAN	1	
MOXA (WLAN 1)	1	
S2	1	
S3	1	
S4	1	
S5	1	
S6	1	
S7	1	
S8	1	
S9	1	

Submit

Management VLAN ID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094	Set the management VLAN of this AWK.	1

Port

Type	Description	Trunk Port
LAN	This port is the LAN port on the AWK.	Yes
WLAN	This is a wireless port for the specific SSID. This field will refer to the SSID that you have created. If more SSIDs have been created, new rows will be added.	

Port PVID

Setting	Description	Factory Default
VLAN ID ranging from 1 to 4094	Set the port's VLAN ID for devices that connect to the port. The port can be a LAN port or WLAN ports.	1

VLAN Tagged

Setting	Description	Factory Default
A comma-separated list of VLAN IDs. Each of the VLAN IDs range from 1 to 4094.	Specify which VLANs can communicate with this specific VLAN.	(Empty)

NOTE	The VLAN feature can allow wireless clients to manage the AP. If the VLAN Management ID matches a VLAN ID, then those wireless clients who are members of that VLAN will have AP management access.
	CAUTION: Once a VLAN Management ID is configured and is equivalent to one of the VLAN IDs on the AP, all members of that User VLAN will have management access to the AP. Be careful to restrict VLAN membership to those with legitimate access to the AP.

DHCP Server (For AP Mode Only)

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a networking protocol that allows administrators to assign temporary IP addresses to network computers by "leasing" an IP address to a user for a limited amount of time, instead of assigning permanent IP addresses.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can act as a simplified DHCP server and easily assign IP addresses to your DHCP clients by responding to the DHCP requests from the client ends. The IP-related parameters you set on this page will also be sent to the client.

You can also assign a static IP address to a specific client by entering its MAC address. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides a **Static DHCP mapping** list with up to 16 entities. Be reminded to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.

You can check the IP assignment status under **Status → DHCP Client List**.

DHCP Server (For AP mode only)

DHCP server	Disable ▾
Default gateway	
Subnet mask	
Primary DNS server	
Secondary DNS server	
Start IP address	
Maximum number of users	(1~253 users)
Client lease time	5 (5~1440 minutes)

Static DHCP Mapping

No	☐ Active	IP Address	MAC Address
1	☐		
2	☐		
3	☐		
4	☐		
5	☐		

DHCP server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables AWK-3131A-M12-RCC as a DHCP server	Disable
Disable	Disable DHCP server function	

Default gateway

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of a default gateway	The IP address of the router that connects to an outside network	None

Subnet mask

Setting	Description	Factory Default
subnet mask	Identifies the type of sub-network (e.g., 255.255.0.0 for a Class B network, or 255.255.255.0 for a Class C network)	None

Primary/ Secondary DNS server

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address of Primary/ Secondary DNS server	The IP address of the DNS Server used by your network. After entering the DNS Server's IP address, you can use URL as well. The Secondary DNS server will be used if the Primary DNS server fails to connect.	None

Start IP address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	Indicates the IP address which AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can start assigning	None

Maximum number of users

Setting	Description	Factory Default
1 – 253	Specifies how many IP address can be assigned continuously	None

Client lease time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
5 – 1440 minutes	The lease time for which an IP address is assigned. The IP address may go expired after the lease time is reached.	5 (minutes)

Packet Filters

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC includes various filters for **IP-based** packets going through LAN and WLAN interfaces. You can set these filters as a firewall to help enhance network security.

MAC Filter

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's MAC filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out IP-based packets with specified MAC addresses. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides 8 entities for setting MAC addresses in your filtering policy. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.

MAC Filters

| Enable | Disable ▾ |
| Default Policy | Accept ▾ |

No	☐ Active	Policy	Name	MAC Address
1	☐	Drop ▾		
2	☐	Drop ▾		
3	☐	Drop ▾		
4	☐	Drop ▾		
5	☐	Drop ▾		
6	☐	Drop ▾		
7	☐	Drop ▾		
8	☐	Drop ▾		

Submit

Enable

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables MAC filter	Disable
Disable	Disables MAC filter	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on list can be allowed.	Accept
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on list will be denied.	

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **allowed**

Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **denied**

IP Protocol Filter

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP protocol filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out IP-based packets with specified IP protocol and source/destination IP addresses.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides 8 entities for setting IP protocol and source/destination IP addresses in your filtering policy. Four IP protocols are available: **All**, **ICMP**, **TCP**, and **UDP**. You must specify either the Source IP or the Destination IP. By combining IP addresses and netmasks, you can specify a single IP address or a range of IP addresses to accept or drop. For example, "IP address 192.168.1.1 and netmask 255.255.255.255" refers to the sole IP address 192.168.1.1. "IP address 192.168.1.1 and netmask 255.255.255.0" refers to the range of IP addresses from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.255. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.

IP Protocol Filters

Enable	Disable ▾
Default Policy	Accept ▾

No	☐ Active	Policy	Protocol	Source IP	Source Netmask	Destination IP	Destination Netmask
1	☐	Drop ▾	All ▾				
2	☐	Drop ▾	All ▾				
3	☐	Drop ▾	All ▾				

Enable

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables IP protocol filter	Disable
Disable	Disables IP protocol filter	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on the list can be allowed	Accept
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on the list will be denied	

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **allowed.**

Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **denied.**

TCP/UDP Port Filter

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's TCP/UDP port filter is a policy-based filter that can allow or filter out TCP/UDP-based packets with a specified source or destination port.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC provides 8 entities for setting the range of source/destination ports of a specific protocol. In addition to selecting TCP or UDP protocol, you can set either the source port, destination port, or both. The end port can be left empty if only a single port is specified. Of course, the end port cannot be larger than the start port.

The **Application name** is a text string that describes the corresponding entity with up to 31 characters. Remember to check the **Active** check box for each entity to activate the setting.

TCP/UDP Port Filters

Enable	Disable ▾
Default Policy	Accept ▾

No	☐ Active	Policy	Source Port	Destination Port	Protocol	Application Name
1	☐	Drop ▾	~	~	TCP ▾	
2	☐	Drop ▾	~	~	TCP ▾	
3	☐	Drop ▾	~	~	TCP ▾	

Enable

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables TCP/UDP port filter	Disable
Disable	Disables TCP/UDP port filter	

Policy

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Accept	Only the packets fitting the entities on list can be allowed.	Accept
Drop	Any packet fitting the entities on list will be denied.	

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Be careful when you enable the filter function:

Drop + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **allowed**

Accept + "no entity on list is activated" = all packets are **denied**

RSTP Settings (for AP/Master/ACC mode only)

AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports IEEE802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol and IEEE802.1w Rapid STP standards. In addition to eliminating unexpected path looping, STP/RSTP can provide a backup path recovery if a wired/ wireless path fails accidentally. The reliability and availability can increase because this fail-over function.

AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's STP/RSTP feature is disabled by default. To be completely effective, you must enable RSTP/STP on every AWK-3131A-M12-RCC connected to your network. If AWK-3131A-M12-RCC plays a **Client** role, which is connected to a device (PLC, RTU, etc.) as opposed to network switch equipment, it is not necessary to enable STP/RSTP. The reason is that it will cause unnecessary negotiation. AWK-3131A-M12-RCCs support STP/RSTP in **AP** mode only.

The following figures indicate which Spanning Tree Protocol parameters can be configured. A more detailed explanation of each parameter is given below the figure.

RSTP Settings (for Master, Slave or ACC mode only)

Bridge priority	32768 ▾	
Hello time	2	(1~10 seconds)
Forwarding delay	15	(4~30 seconds)
Max age	20	(6~40 seconds)

No	☐ Enable RSTP	Port Priority	Port Cost	☐ Edge Port
1 LAN	☐	128 ▾	20000	☐

[Submit]

RSTP status

This field will appear only when selected to operate STP/RSTP. It indicates whether this AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is the Root of the Spanning Tree (the root is determined automatically) or not.

Bridge priority

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value selected by user	You can increase the bridge priority by selecting a lower number. A higher bridge priority brings a greater chance of being established as the root of the Spanning Tree topology.	32768

Hello time

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input by user (1 – 10 seconds)	The root of the Spanning Tree topology periodically sends out a "hello" message to other devices on the network to check if the topology is healthy. Hello time indicates how often the root sends hello messages.	2 (seconds)

Forwarding delay

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input by user (4 – 30 seconds)	The amount of time this device waits before checking to see if it should change to a different topology.	15 (seconds)

Max. age

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value input by user (6 – 40 seconds)	As a non-root role, if the device has not received a hello message from the root longer than Max. age, it will reconfigure itself as a root. Once two or more devices on the network are recognized as a root, the devices will renegotiate to set up a new Spanning Tree topology.	20 (seconds)

Enable RSTP

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ disable	Enables or disables the port as a node on the Spanning Tree topology.	Disable (unchecked)

Port priority

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Numerical value selected by user	Increase this port's priority as a node on the Spanning Tree topology by inputting a lower number.	128

Port cost

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable/ Disable	Input a higher cost to indicate that this port is less suitable as a node for the Spanning Tree topology	2000000

Edge port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Checked/ unchecked	Sets a port, which no BPDU expectedly goes through, as an edge port	unchecked, except AP port

---

NOTE We recommend you set an edge port for the port, which is connected to a non-STP/RSTP sub-network or an end device (PLC, RTU, etc.) as opposed to network equipment. This can prevent unnecessary waiting and negotiation of STP/RSTP protocol, and accelerate system initialization. When an edge port receives BPDUs, it can still function as an STP/RSTP port and start negotiation.

Setting an edge port is different from disabling STP/RSTP on a port. If you disable STP/RSTP, a port will not deal with STP/RSTP BPDUs at all.

Port Status

Port Status indicates the current Spanning Tree status of this port. Use **Forwarding** for normal transmission, or **Blocking** to block transmission.

SNMP Agent

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports SNMP V1/V2c/V3. SNMP V1 and SNMP V2c use a community string match for authentication, which means that SNMP servers access all objects with read-only or read/write permissions using the community string *public*/*private* (default value). SNMP V3, which requires you to select an authentication level of MD5 or SHA, is the most secure protocol. You can also enable data encryption to enhance data security.

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's MIB can be found in the software CD and supports reading the attributes via SNMP. (Only **get** method is supported.)

SNMP security modes and security levels supported by the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC are shown in the following table. Select the security mode and level that will be used to communicate between the SNMP agent and manager.

Protocol Version	Setting on UI web page	Authentication Type	Data Encryption	Method
SNMP V1, V2c	V1, V2c Read Community	Community string	No	Use a community string match for authentication
	V1, V2c Write/Read Community	Community string	No	Use a community string match for authentication
SNMP V3	No-Auth	No	No	Use account with admin or user to access objects
	MD5 or SHA	Authentication based on MD5 or SHA	No	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5, or HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.
	MD5 or SHA	Authentication based on MD5 or SHA	Data encryption key	Provides authentication based on HMAC-MD5 or HMAC-SHA algorithms, and data encryption key. 8-character passwords and a data encryption key are the minimum requirements for authentication and encryption.

The following parameters can be configured on the **SNMP Agent** page. A more detailed explanation of each parameter is given below the following figure.

SNMP Agent

Enable	Disable ▾
Remote management	Disable ▾
Read community	public
Write commnuity	private
SNMP agent version	V1, V2c ▾
Admin authentication type	No Auth ▾
Admin privacy type	Disable ▾
Privacy key	

Private MIB information
Device object ID   enterprise.8691.15.36

Submit

Enable

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables SNMP Agent	Disable
Disable	Disables SNMP Agent	

Remote Management

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Allow remote management via SNMP agent	Disable
Disable	Disallow remote management via SNMP agent	

Read community (for V1, V2c)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c Read Community	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31 characters for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent can access all objects with read-only permissions using this community string.	public

Write community (for V1, V2c)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c Read /Write Community	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31 characters for authentication. This means that the SNMP agent can accesses all objects with read/write permissions using this community string.	private

SNMP agent version

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1, V2c, V3, or V1, V2c, or V3 only	Select the SNMP protocol version used to manage the switch.	V1, V2c

Admin auth type (for V1, V2c, V3, and V3 only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
No Auth	Use admin account to access objects. No authentication	No Auth
MD5	Provide authentication based on the HMAC-MD5 algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	
SHA	Provides authentication based on HMAC-SHA algorithms. 8-character passwords are the minimum requirement for authentication.	

Admin private key (for V1, V2c, V3, and V3 only)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Disable	No data encryption	Disable
DES	DES-based data encryption	
AES	AES-based data encryption	

Private key

A data encryption key is the minimum requirement for data encryption (maximum of 63 characters)

Private MIB Information Device Object ID

Also known as ***OID***. This is the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's enterprise value. It is fixed.

Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode only)

This function means if Ethernet port is link down, wireless connection will be forced to disconnect. Once Ethernet link is recovered, AWK will try to connect to AP.

If wireless is disconnected, AWK restarts auto-negotiation on Ethernet port but always stays in the link failure state. Once the wireless connection is recovered, AWK will try to recover the Ethernet link.

System log will indicate the link fault pass through events in addition to the original link up/down events.

Link Fault Pass-Through (for Client/Slave mode only)

Link Fault Pass-Through   ○ Enable ◉ Disable

[Submit]

Link Fault Pass-Through

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Enable	Enables Link Fault Pass-Through	Disable
Disable	Disables Link Fault Pass-Through	

Auto Warning Settings

Since industrial-grade devices are often located at the endpoints of a system, these devices will not always know what is happening elsewhere on the network. This means that these devices, including wireless APs or clients, must provide system maintainers with real-time alarm messages. Even when system administrators are out of the control room for an extended period, they can still be informed of the status of devices almost instantaneously when exceptions occur.

In addition to logging these events, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports different approaches to warn engineers automatically, such as SNMP trap, e-mail, and relay output. It also supports two digital inputs to integrate sensors into your system to automate alarms by email and relay output.

System Log

System Log Event Types

Detail information for grouped events is shown in the following table. You can check the box for **Enable log** to enable the grouped events. All default values are enabled (checked). The log for system events can be seen in **Status → System Log**.

System log Event Types

Event group	Enable log
System-related events	☑
Network-related events	☑
Config-related events	☑
Power events	☑
DI events	☑

System-related events	**Event is triggered when…**
System restart (warm start)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is rebooted, such as when its settings are changed (IP address, subnet mask, etc.).
Network-related events	**Event is triggered when…**
LAN link on	The LAN port is connected to a device or network.
LAN link off	The port is disconnected (e.g., the cable is pulled out, or the opposing device shuts down).
Client joined/ left (for AP/Master mode)	A wireless client is associated or disassociated.
WLAN connected to AP (for Client/Slave mode)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is associated with an AP.
WLAN disconnected (for Client/Slave mode)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is disassociated from an AP.
Config-related events	**Event is triggered when…**
Configuration Changed	A configuration item has been changed.
Configuration file import via Web Console	The configuration file is imported to the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.
Console authentication failure	An incorrect password is entered.
Firmware upgraded	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's firmware is updated.
Power events	**Event is triggered when…**
Power 1/2 transition (On -> Off)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is powered down in PWR1/2.
PoE transition (On -> Off)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is powered down in PoE.
Power 1/2 transition (Off -> On)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is powered via PWR1/2.
PoE transition (Off -> On)	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is powered via PoE.
DI events	**Event is triggered when…**
DI0/1 transition (On -> Off)	Digital Input 0/1 is triggered by on to off transition
DI0/1 transition (Off -> On)	Digital Input 0/1 is triggered by off to on transition

Syslog

This function provide event logs for the Syslog server. Up to three configurable Syslog servers and Syslog server UDP port numbers are supported. When an event occurs, the event will be sent as a Syslog UDP packet to the specified Syslog server.

Syslog Event Types

Detail information for the grouped events is shown in the following table. By default, the logs for all event groups are enabled (checked). If you want to enable logging for a specific event group, check the corresponding box under **Enable log**. Additional details on the event groups are available in the System log Event Types table above.

Syslog Event Types

Event group	Enable log
System-related events	☑
Network-related events	☑
Config-related events	☑
Power events	☑
DI events	☑

Syslog Server Settings

You can configure the parameters for your Syslog servers in this page.

Syslog Server Settings

Syslog server 1	
Syslog port	514
Syslog server 2	
Syslog port	514
Syslog server 3	
Syslog port	514

Syslog server 1/ 2/ 3

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	Enter the IP address of the 1st/ 2nd/ 3rd Syslog Server	None

Syslog port

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Port destination (1 to 65535)	Enter the UDP port of the corresponding Syslog server	514

E-mail

E-mail Event Types

Check the box for **Active** to enable the event items. All default values are deactivated (unchecked). Details for each event item can be found on the "System log Event Types" table on page 3-31.

E-mail Event Types

Event	Active
Cold start	☐
Warm start	☐
Power 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
Power 1 transition (Off-->On)	☐
Power 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
Power 2 transition (Off-->On)	☐
PoE transition (On-->Off)	☐
PoE transition (Off-->On)	☐
Configuration changed	☐
Console authentication failure	☐
DI 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 1 transition (Off-->On)	☐
DI 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 2 transition (Off-->On)	☐
LAN link on	☐
LAN link off	☐

Submit

E-mail Server Settings

You can set up to 4 e-mail addresses to receive alarm emails from the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. The following parameters can be configured on the **E-mail Server Settings** page. In addition, a **Send Test Mail** button can be used to test whether the Mail server and e-mail addresses work well. More detailed explanations about these parameters are given after the following figure.

E-mail Server Settings

Mail server (SMTP)
User name
Password
From e-mail address
To e-mail address 1
To e-mail address 2
To e-mail address 3
To e-mail address 4

Submit   Send Test Mail

Mail server (SMTP)

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address	The IP Address of your email server.	None

User name & Password

Setting	Description	Factory Default
	User name and password used in the SMTP server	None

From e-mail address

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. 63 characters	Enter the administrator's e-mail address which will be shown in the "From" field of a warning e-mail.	None

To E-mail address 1/ 2/ 3/ 4

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. 63 characters	Enter the receivers' e-mail addresses.	None

Relay

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC has one relay output, which consists of 2 terminal block contacts on the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's top panel. These relay contacts are used to indicate user-configured events and system failure.

The two wires attached to the relay contacts form an open circuit when a user-configured event is triggered. If a user-configured event does not occur, the relay circuit will remain closed. For safety reasons, the relay circuit is kept open when the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is not powered.

Relay Event Types

You can check the box for **Active** to enable the event items. All default values are deactivated (unchecked). Details for each event item can be found in the "System log Event Types" table on page 3-31.

Relay Event Types

Event	Active
Power 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
Power 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
PoE transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 1 transition (Off-->On)	☐
DI 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 2 transition (Off-->On)	☐
LAN link On	☐
LAN link Off	☐

Trap

Traps can be used to signal abnormal conditions (notifications) to a management station. This trap-driven notification can make your network more efficient.

Because a management station usually takes care of a large number of devices that have a large number of objects, it will be overloading for the management station to poll or send requests to query every object on every device. It would be better if the managed device agent could notify the management station by sending a message known as a trap for the event.

Trap Event Types

Trap Event Types

Event	Active
Cold start	☐
Warm start	☐
Power 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
Power 1 transition (Off-->On)	☐
Power 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
Power 2 transition (Off-->On)	☐
PoE transition (On-->Off)	☐
PoE transition (Off-->On)	☐
Configuration changed	☐
Console authentication failure	☐
DI 1 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 1 transition (Off-->On)	☐
DI 2 transition (On-->Off)	☐
DI 2 transition (Off-->On)	☐
LAN link on	☐
LAN link off	☐

[Submit]

SNMP Trap Receiver Settings

SNMP traps are defined in SMIv1 MIBs (SNMPv1) and SMIv2 MIBs (SNMPv2c). The two styles are basically equivalent, and it is possible to convert between the two. You can set the parameters for SNMP trap receivers through the web page.

SNMP Trap Receiver Settings

1st Trap version	V1
1st Trap server IP/name	
1st Trap community	alert
2nd Trap version	V1
2nd Trap server IP/name	
2nd Trap community	alert

1st / 2nd Trap version

Setting	Description	Factory Default
V1	SNMP trap defined in SNMPv1	V1
V2	SNMP trap defined in SNMPv2	

1st / 2nd Trap server IP/name

Setting	Description	Factory Default
IP address or host name	Enter the IP address or name of the trap server used by your network.	None

1st / 2nd Trap community

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Max. of 31 characters	Use a community string match with a maximum of 31 characters for authentication.	alert

Status

Wireless Status

The status for **802.11 info** parameters, such as Operation mode and Channel, are shown on the **Wireless Status** page. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.

Certain values for **802.11 info** may not show up due to different operation modes. As a result, **Current BSSID** and **Signal strength** are not available in AP mode.

It is helpful to use the continuously updated information on this page, such as **Signal strength**, to monitor the signal strength of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC in Client, Slave, or ACC mode.

The transmission power indicated is the current transmission power being updated periodically.

Wireless Status

☑ Auto refresh

Show status of   WLAN (SSID: MOXA) ▼

802.11 Info	
Operation mode	AP
Channel	6
RF type	B/G/N Mixed
SSID	MOXA
MAC	06:90:E8:00:05:C3
Security mode	OPEN
Current BSSID	06:90:E8:00:05:C3
Signal strength/Noise Floor	N/A/-88dBm
RSSI	0
Transmission rate	Auto
Maximum transmission power	12 dBm (-1 dBm/MHz)
ACC state	N/A
ACC target	N/A

Associated Client List (For AP/Master/ACC Mode Only)

Associated Client List shows all the clients that are currently associated to a particular AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. You can click **Select all** to select all the content in the list for further editing. You can click **Refresh** to refresh the list.

Associated Client List

Show clients for [WLAN (SSID: MOXA) ▾]

1. <00:90:E8:54:96:5A>

[Select All] [Refresh]

AP Throughput

Per radio interface, the AP throughput page shows the overall throughput continuously.

AP Throughput

☑ Auto refresh

Show clients for [WLAN 1 (SSID: MOXA) ▾]

Rx Throughput (Mbps)	Tx Throughput (Mbps)
0.00000	0.00000

[Refresh]

DHCP Client List (For AP Mode Only)

The DHCP Client List shows all the clients that require and have successfully received IP assignments. You can click the **Refresh** button to refresh the list.

DHCP Client List

	MAC	IP
1.	00:13:ce:e1:ee:ef	192.168.127.2

[Select all] [Refresh]

You can press **Select all** button to select all content in the list for further editing.
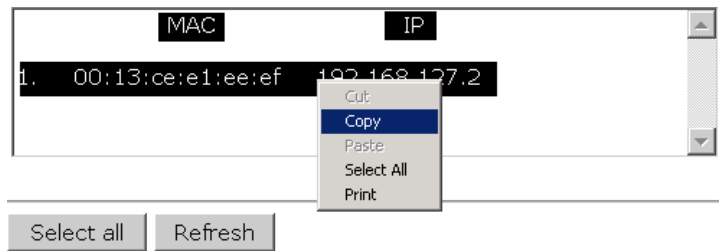
System Log

Triggered events are recorded in System Log. You can export the log contents to an available viewer by clicking **Export Log**. You can use the **Clear Log** button to clear the log contents and the **Refresh** button to refresh the log.

System Log

```
( 116) 2008/06/18,20h:46m:50s Power 1 transition (Off -> On)
( 117) 2008/06/18,20h:46m:50s LAN link on
( 118) 2008/06/18,21h:17m:01s System restart
( 119) 2008/06/18,21h:17m:10s Power 1 transition (Off -> On)
( 120) 2008/06/18,21h:17m:10s LAN link on
( 121) 2008/06/18,21h:19m:55s System restart
( 122) 2008/06/18,21h:20m:04s Power 1 transition (Off -> On)
( 123) 2008/06/18,21h:20m:04s LAN link on
( 124) 2008/06/18,21h:20m:21s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
( 125) 2008/06/18,21h:21m:31s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
( 126) 2008/06/18,21h:26m:05s System restart
( 127) 2008/06/18,21h:26m:14s Power 1 transition (Off -> On)
( 128) 2008/06/18,21h:26m:14s LAN link on
( 129) 2008/06/18,21h:26m:18s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
( 130) 2008/06/18,21h:26m:33s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
( 131) 2008/06/18,21h:27m:22s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF leaved
( 132) 2008/06/18,21h:28m:22s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
( 133) 2008/06/18,21h:28m:51s Client 00:13:CE:E1:EE:EF joined
```

Relay Status

The status of user-configurable events can be found under **Relay Status**. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.

If an event is triggered, it will be noted on this list. System administrators can click **Acknowledge Event** when he has acknowledged the event and addressed it.

Relay Status

☑ Auto refresh

Relay Status		
Power1 transition (On-->Off)	---	Acknowledge Event
Power2 transition (On-->Off)	---	Acknowledge Event
PoE transition (On-->Off)	---	Acknowledge Event
DI1 transition (On-->Off)	---	Acknowledge Event
DI1 transition (Off-->On)	---	Acknowledge Event
DI2 transition (On-->Off)	---	Acknowledge Event
DI2 transition (Off-->On)	---	Acknowledge Event
LAN link On	---	Acknowledge Event
LAN link Off	---	Acknowledge Event

DI and Power Status

The status of power inputs and digital inputs is shown on this web page. The status will refresh every 5 seconds if the **Auto refresh** box is checked.

Din and Power status

☑ Auto refresh

Input status	On / Off
Power 1 status	On
Power 2 status	Off
PoE status	Off
DI 1 status	Off
DI 2 status	Off

RSTP Status

The following figures indicate the status which Spanning Tree Protocol parameters have been configured.

RSTP Status

RSTP status	--------
Bridge priority	32768
Hello time	2 seconds
Forwarding delay	15 seconds
Max age	20 seconds

No	Enable RSTP	Port Priority	Port Cost	Edge Port	Status

LAN Status

This page shows the LAN information, which includes speed, duplex, link status, and packet status.

LAN Status

☑ Auto refresh

LAN No	Speed	Duplex	Link Status	Tx Packets	Rx Packets
LAN 1	1000M	FULL	ON	13439	11310

Maintenance

Maintenance functions provide the administrator with tools to manage the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and wired/wireless networks.

Console Settings

You can enable or disable access permission for the following consoles: HTTP, HTTPS, Telnet and SSH connections. For more security, we recommend you only allow access to the two secured consoles, HTTPS and SSH.

Console Settings

HTTP console	⦿ Enable ○ Disable
HTTPS console	⦿ Enable ○ Disable
Telnet console	⦿ Enable ○ Disable
SSH console	⦿ Enable ○ Disable

Submit

Ping

Ping helps to diagnose the integrity of wired or wireless networks. By inputting a node's IP address in the **Destination** field, you can use the **ping** command to make sure it exists and whether or not the access path is available.

Ping

Destination 192.168.253.2

Ping

If the node and access path are available, you will see that all packets were successfully transmitted with no loss. Otherwise, some, or even all, packets may get lost, as shown in the following figure.

Ping

Destination [ ]

[Ping]

PING 192.168.127.2 (192.168.127.2): 56 data bytes

--- 192.168.127.2 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 0 packets received, 100% packet loss

Firmware Upgrade

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC can be enhanced with more value-added functions by installing firmware upgrades. The latest firmware is available at Moxa's download center.

Before running a firmware upgrade, make sure the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is off-line. Click the **Browse** button to specify the firmware image file and click **Firmware Upgrade and Restart** to start the firmware upgrade. After the progress bar reaches 100%, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC will reboot itself.

When upgrading your firmware, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's other functions are forbidden.

Firmware Upgrade

Select update image [ ] [Browse...]

[Firmware Upgrade and Restart]

ATTENTION

Please make sure the power source is stable when you upgrade your firmware. An unexpected power breakup may damage your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

Config Import Export

You can back up or restore the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's configuration with **Config Import Export**.

In the **Config Import** section, click **Browse** to specify the configuration file and click **Config Import** button to begin importing the configuration.

Config Export

[Config Export]

You can also back up or restore the ABC-01 (HW Rev. 1.1 support only) configuration with **Config Import Export**.

ABC-01 Import

[Config Import]

ABC-01 Export

Config Export

To download the configuration to the AWK:

1. Turn off the AWK.
2. Plug in the ABC-01 to the AWK's RS-232 console.
3. Turn on AWK.
4. AWK will detect ABC-01 during boot-up, and download the configuration from the ABC-01 to the AWK automatically. Once the configuration downloads and if configuration format is correct, the AWK will emit three short beeps, then continue the boot up.
5. Once the AWK has booted up successfully, it will emit the normal two beeps, and the ready LED will turn to solid green.

SNMP MIB file Export

MIB Export

SNMP MIB file for AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is embedded in the device. To export the MIB file, simply click on the "MIB Export" button and save it to your local drive.

Load Factory Default

Use this function to reset the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and roll all settings back to the factory default values. You can also reset the hardware by pressing the reset button on the top panel of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

Load Factory Default

Reset to Factory Default

Click **Activate** to reset all settings, including the console password, to the factory default values.

The system will be restarted immediately.

Activate

Username/Password

You can change the administration password for each of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's console managers on this page. Before you set up a new password, you must input the current password and reenter the new password for confirmation. For your security, do not use the default password *moxa*, and remember to change the administration password regularly.

NOTE	Default password: moxa

Username/Password

Username	admin

Submit

Current password	
New password	
Confirm password	

Submit

Locate Device

When you click on the **Start to Locate** button, the AP will beep and the AP's LED will flash making it easy to identify the AP. To stop the beeping, click on the **Stop locating** button.

Locate Device (Beeper & LED)

Status: Ready to locate

Start to Locate

Misc. Settings

Additional settings to help you manage your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, are available on this page.

Misc. Settings

Reset button ● Always enable ○ Disable 'restore to default function' after 60 sec

Submit

Reset button

Setting	Description	Factory Default
Always enable	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's Reset button works normally.	Always enable
Disable 'restore to default function' after 60 sec	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's reset to default function will be inactive 60 seconds after the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC finishes booting up.	

Save Configuration

The following figure shows how the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC stores the setting changes into volatile and non-volatile memory. All data stored in volatile memory will disappear when the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is shutdown or rebooted unless they are **y**. Because the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC starts up and initializes with the settings stored in flash memory, all new changes must be saved to flash memory before restarting the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC. This also means the new changes will not work unless you run either the **Save Configuration** function or the **Restart** function.
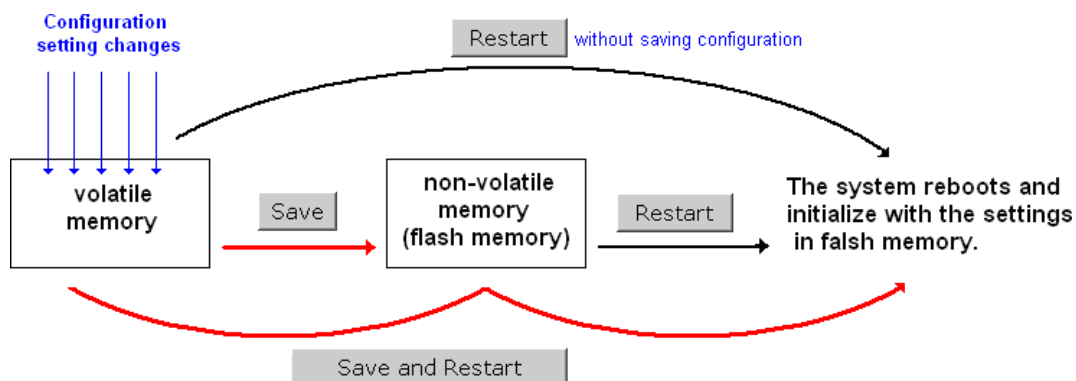
After you click on **Save Configuration** in the left menu box, the following screen will appear. Click **Save** if you wish to update the configuration settings in the flash memory at this time. Alternatively, you may choose to run other functions and put off saving the configuration until later. However, the new setting changes will remain in the non-volatile memory until you save the configurations.

Restart

If you submitted configuration changes, you will find a blinking string in the upper right corner of the screen. After making all your changes, click the **Restart** function in the left menu box. One of two different screens will appear.

If you made changes recently but did not save, you will be given two options. Clicking the **Restart** button here will reboot the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC directly, and all setting changes will be ignored. Clicking the **Save and Restart** button will apply all setting changes and then reboot the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

If you run the **Restart** function without changing any configurations or saving all your changes, you will see just one **Restart** button on your screen.

Restart

!!! Warning !!!

Clicking Restart will disconnect all Ethernet connections and reboot AWK-3131A-M12-RCC-US.

Restart

You will not be able to run any of the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's functions while the system is rebooting.

Logout

Logout helps users disconnect the current HTTP or HTTPS session and go to the Login page. For security reasons, we recommend you logout before quitting the console manager.

Logout

Click **Logout** button to defalut Login page.

Logout

4

Software Installation and Configuration

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❒ **Overview**

❒ **AWK Search Utility**

    ➢ Installing AWK Search Utility

    ➢ Configuring AWK Search Utility

Overview

The Documentation & Software CD included with your AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is designed to make the installation and configuration procedure easy and straightforward. This auto-run CD includes AWK Search Utility (to broadcast search for all AWK's accessible over the network), the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC User's Manual, and Quick Installation Guide.

AWK Search Utility

Installing AWK Search Utility

1. Download the Windows AWK Search Utility from Moxa's website: https://www.moxa.com/support/. Extract the contents of the zip file and double-click on the WirelessSearchUtility_x.x_Build_xxxxxxxx file to run the utility.
2. Click **Next** to install program files to the default directory, or click **Browse** to select an alternate location.
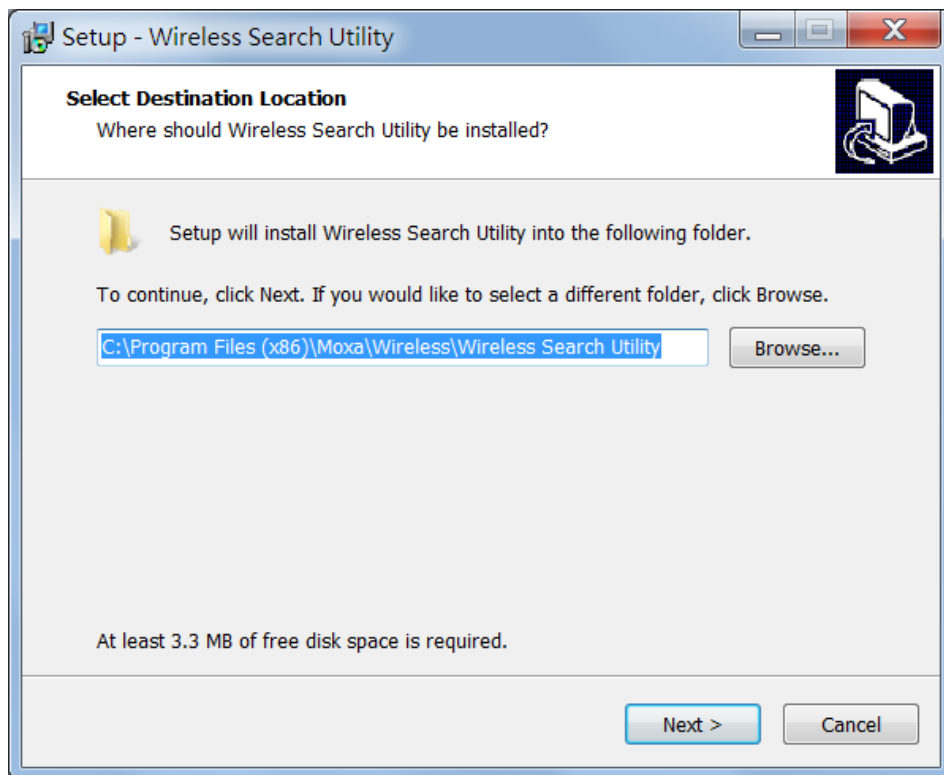
3. Click **Next** to create the program's shortcut files to the default directory, or click **Browse** to select an alternate location.
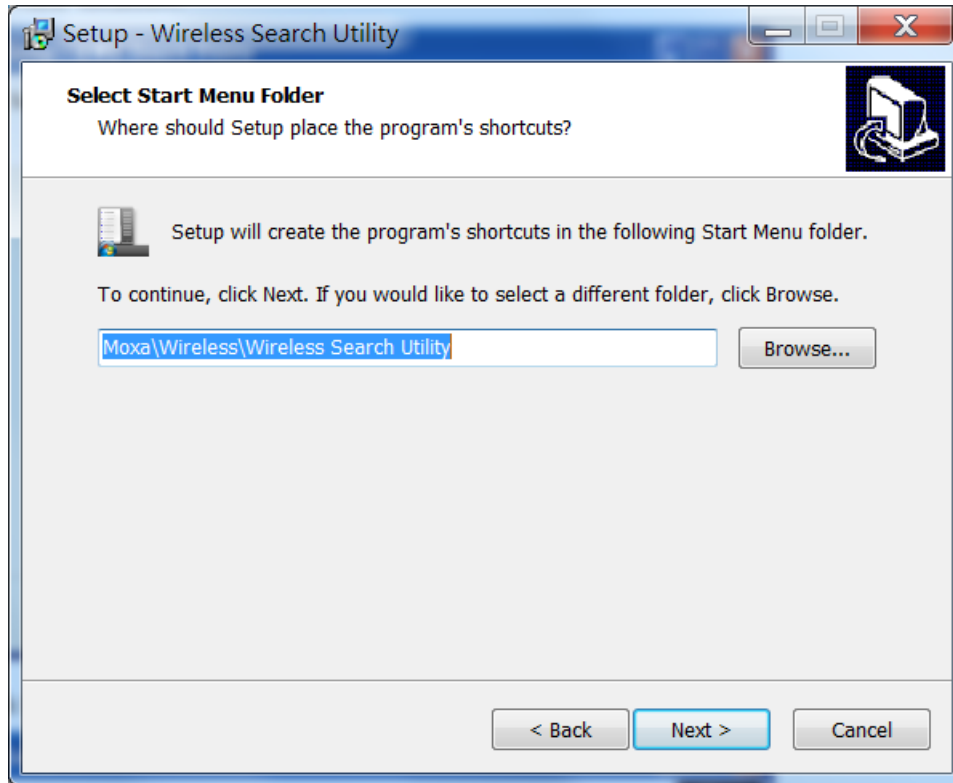
4. Click **Next** to select additional tasks.
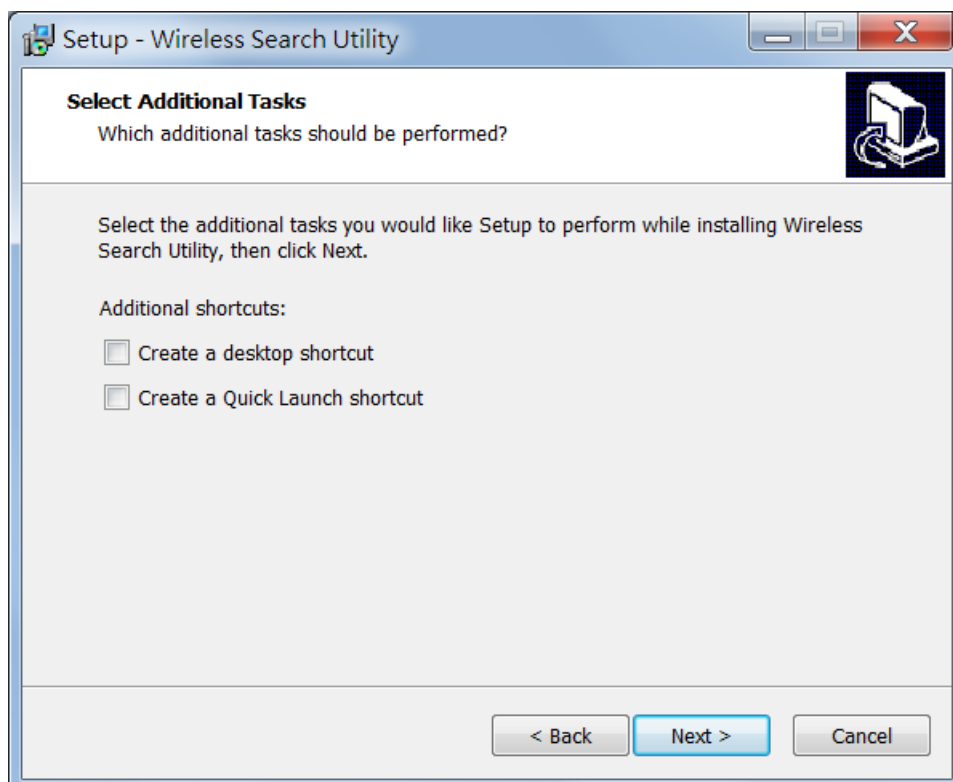
5. Click **Next** to proceed with the installation.

The installer displays a summary of the installation options selected.
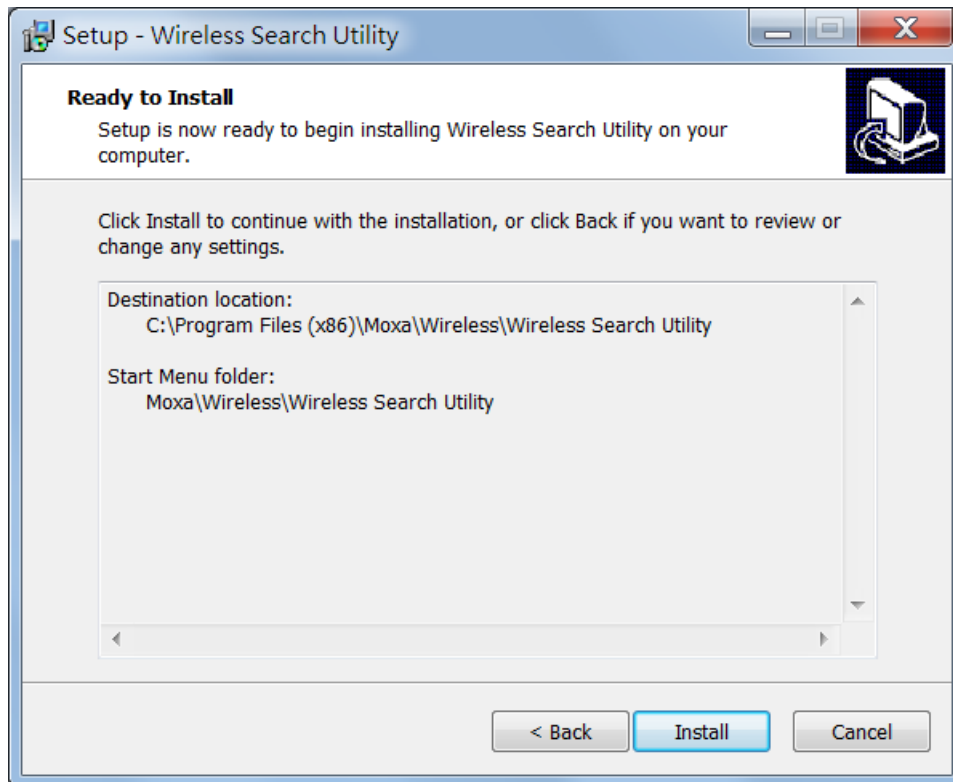
6. Click **Install** to begin the installation. The setup window will report the progress of the installation. To change the installation settings, click **Back** and navigate to the previous screen.

7. Click **Finish** to complete the installation of the AWK Search Utility.
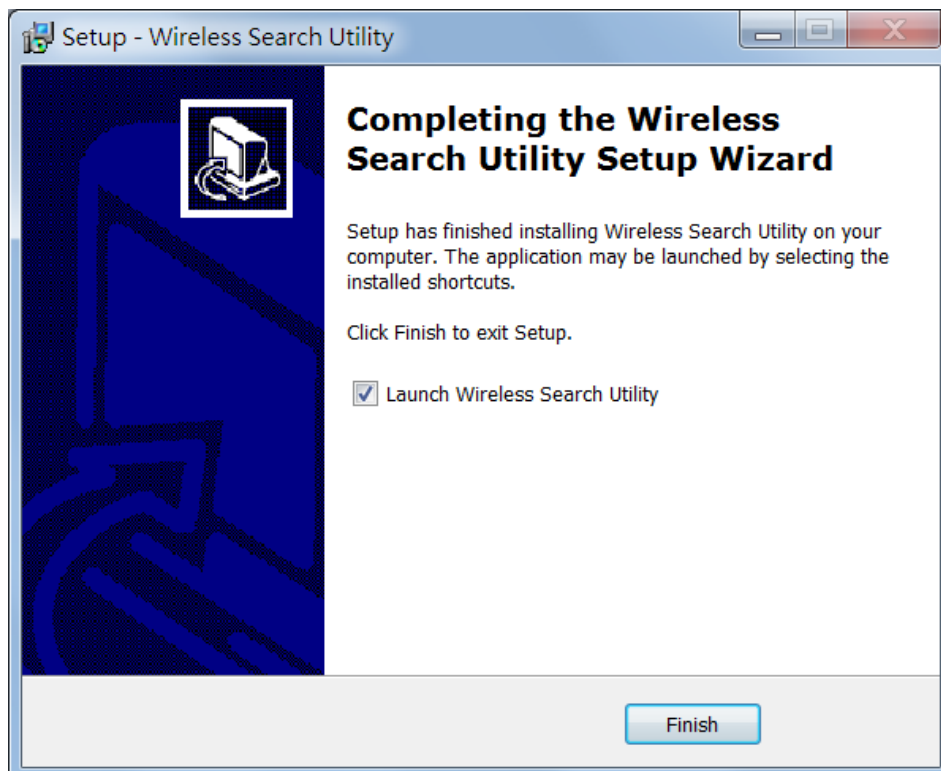
Configuring AWK Search Utility

The Broadcast Search function is used to locate all AWK-3131A-M12-RCC APs that are connected to the same LAN as your computer (host). After locating an AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, you will be able to change its IP address. Since the Broadcast Search function searches by TCP packet and not IP address, it doesn't matter if the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is configured as an AP or Client. In either case, APs and Clients connected to the LAN will be located, regardless of whether or not they are part of the same subnet as the host.

First-time installation of the AWK Search Utility requires you to key in the management password. For security reasons, be sure to have a system administrator install the AWK Search Utility on your computer.
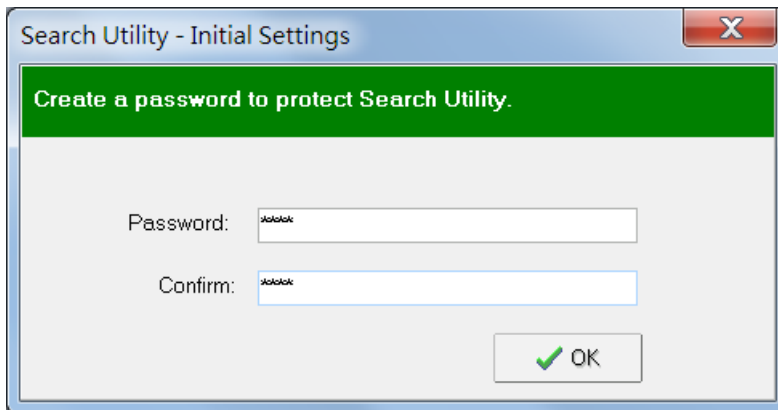
NOTE	The default management password for the AWK Search Utility is **moxa.**

1. Start the **AWK Search Utility** program. When the Login page appears, select the "Search AWK only" option to search for AWKs and to view each AWK's configuration. Select the "AWK management" option to assign IPs, upgrade firmware, and locate devices.
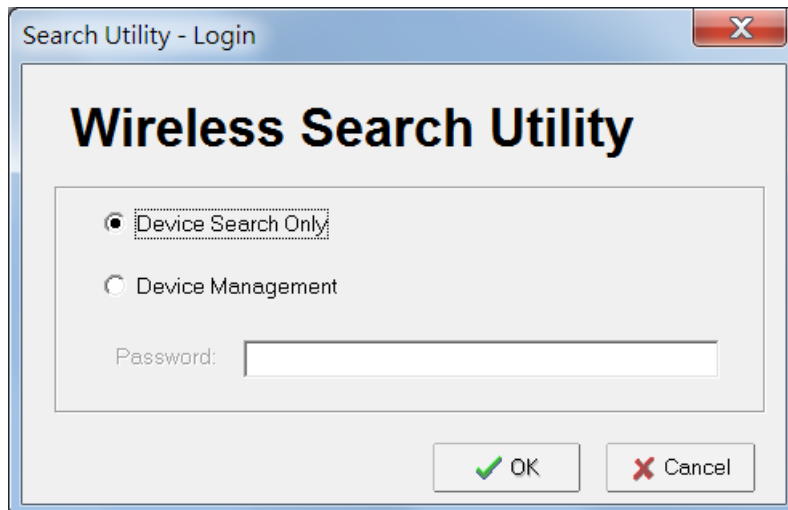
2. Open the AWK Search Utility and then click the **Search** icon.
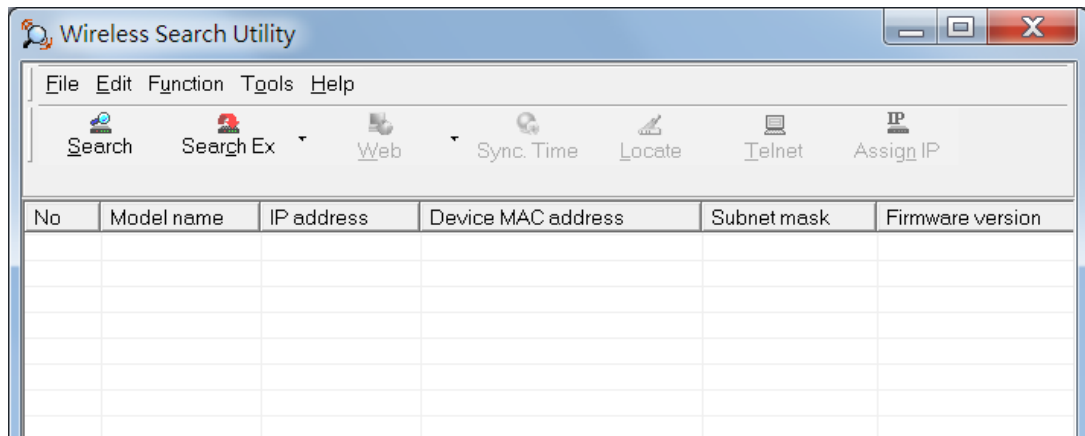
3. The "Searching" window indicates the progress of the search. When the search is complete, all AWKs that were located will be displayed in the AWK Search Utility window.
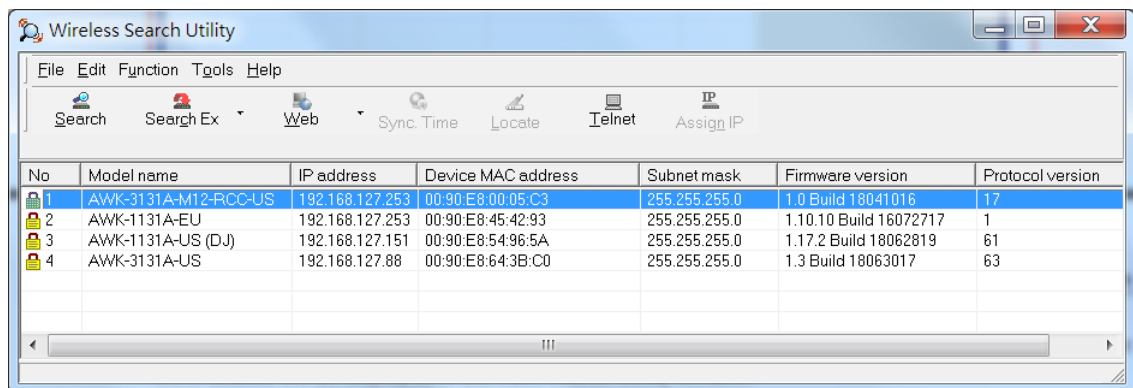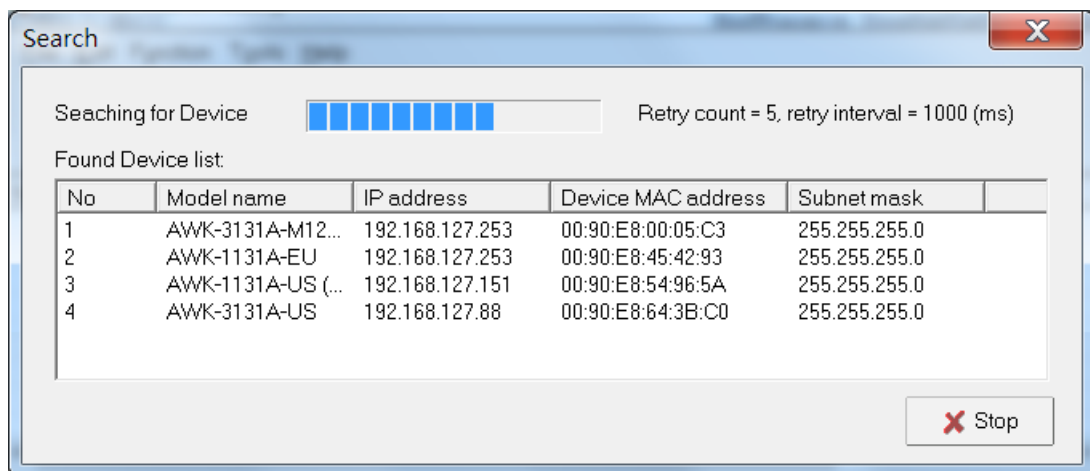
4. To access the advanced configuration, close the AWK Search Utility and start it again.

   Select the **Device Management** option and click **OK**.
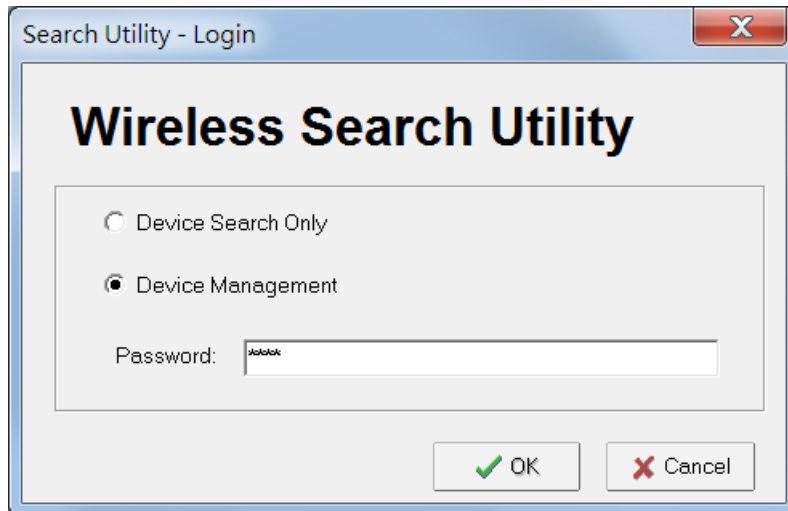
5. Make sure your AWK is **unlocked**.

   To unlock the device, right click on the device and select **Unlock**.
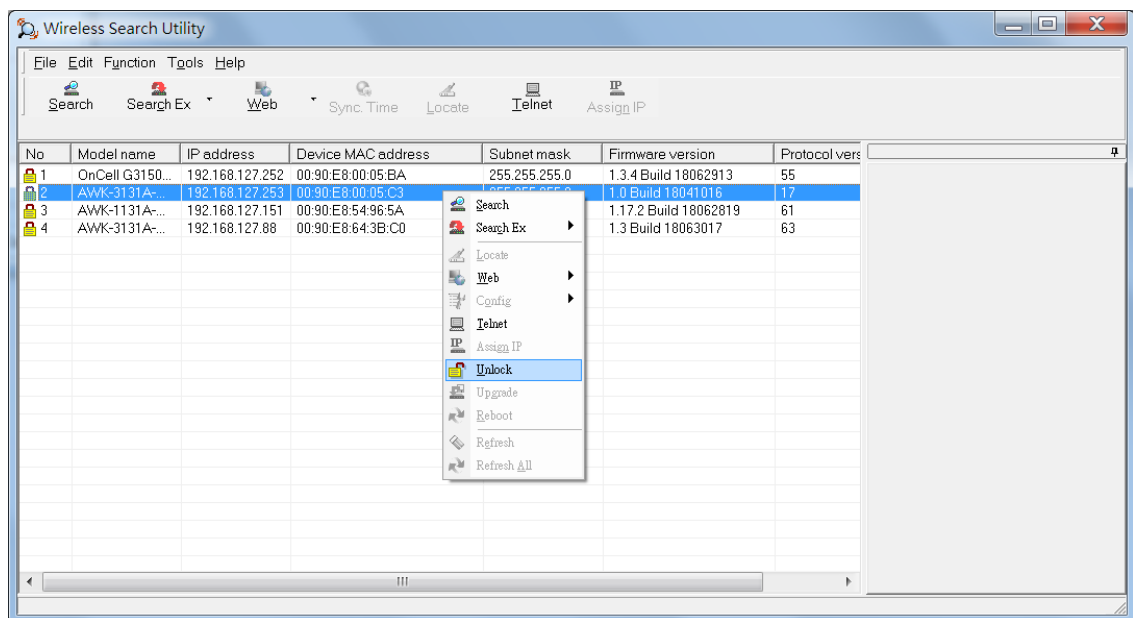
   Specify the Username and Password for the device to unlock the device.
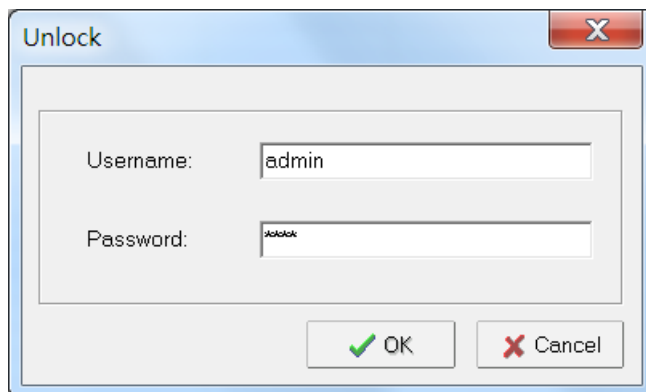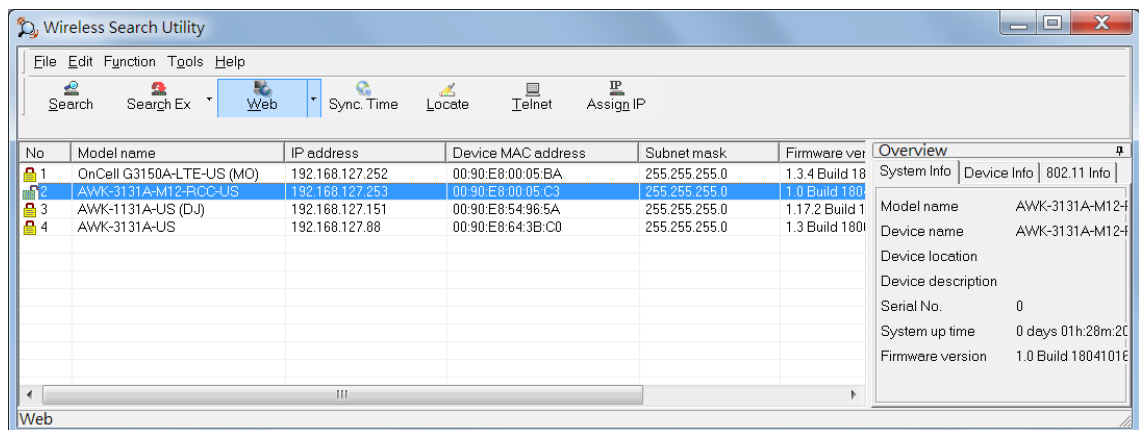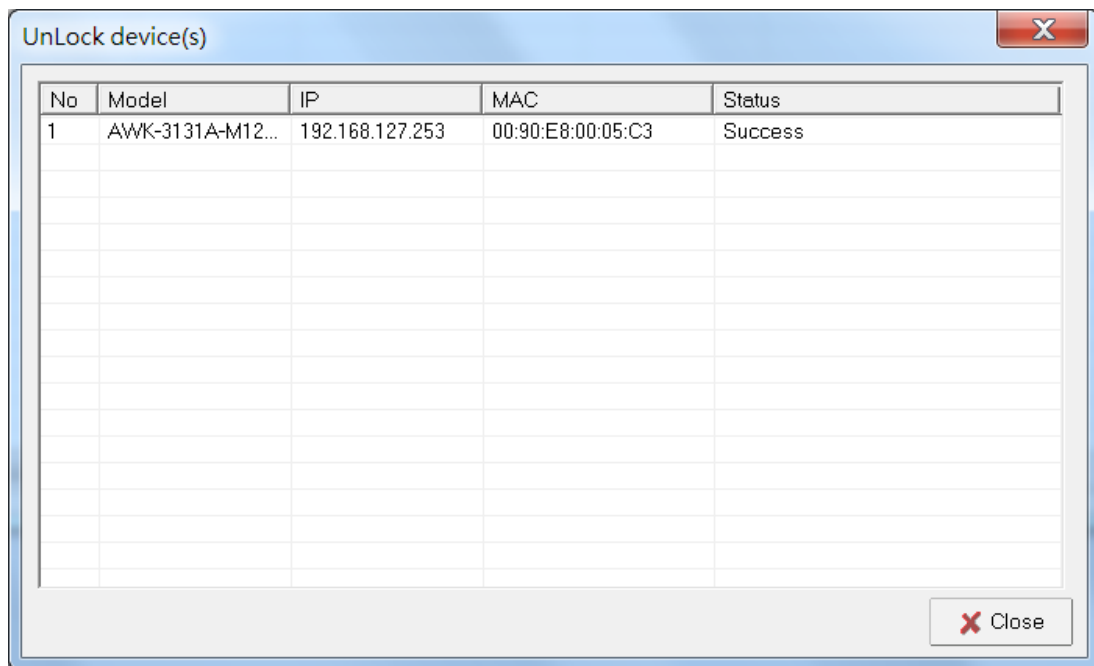
6. Click **Locate** to cause the selected device to beep. Click on the **OK** button for the utility to stop locating the device.
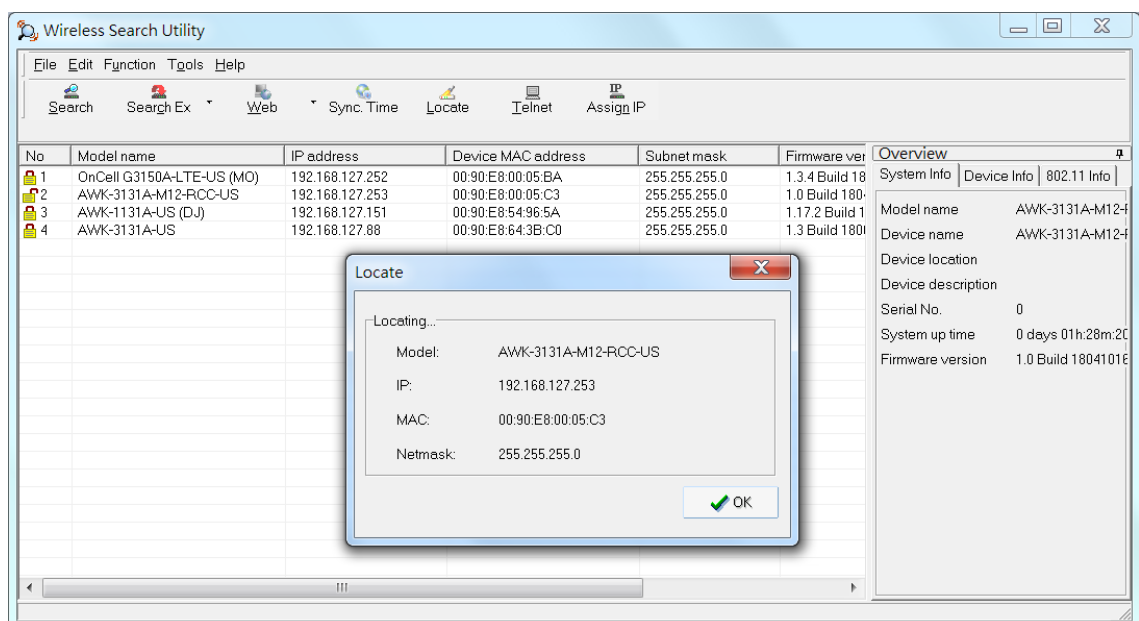
To unlock a specific product without requiring to enter the Username/password each time, go to **Tools → Login Options** to manage and unlock multiple products.
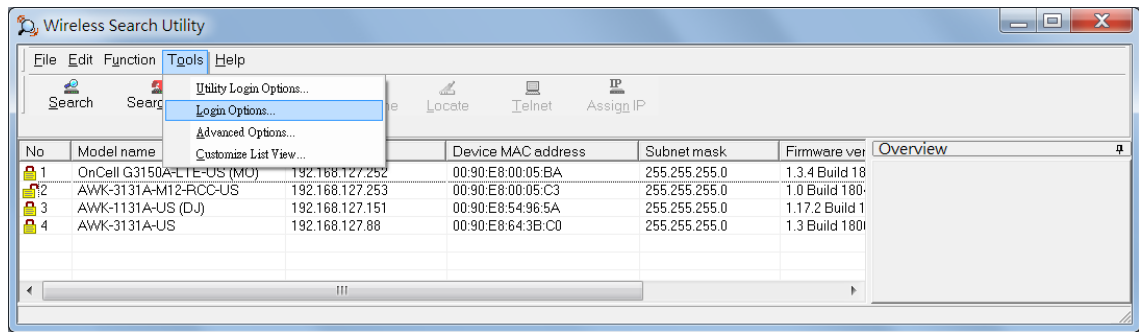
Use the scroll down list to select the MAC addresses of the AWKs that you would like to manage, and then click **Add**.
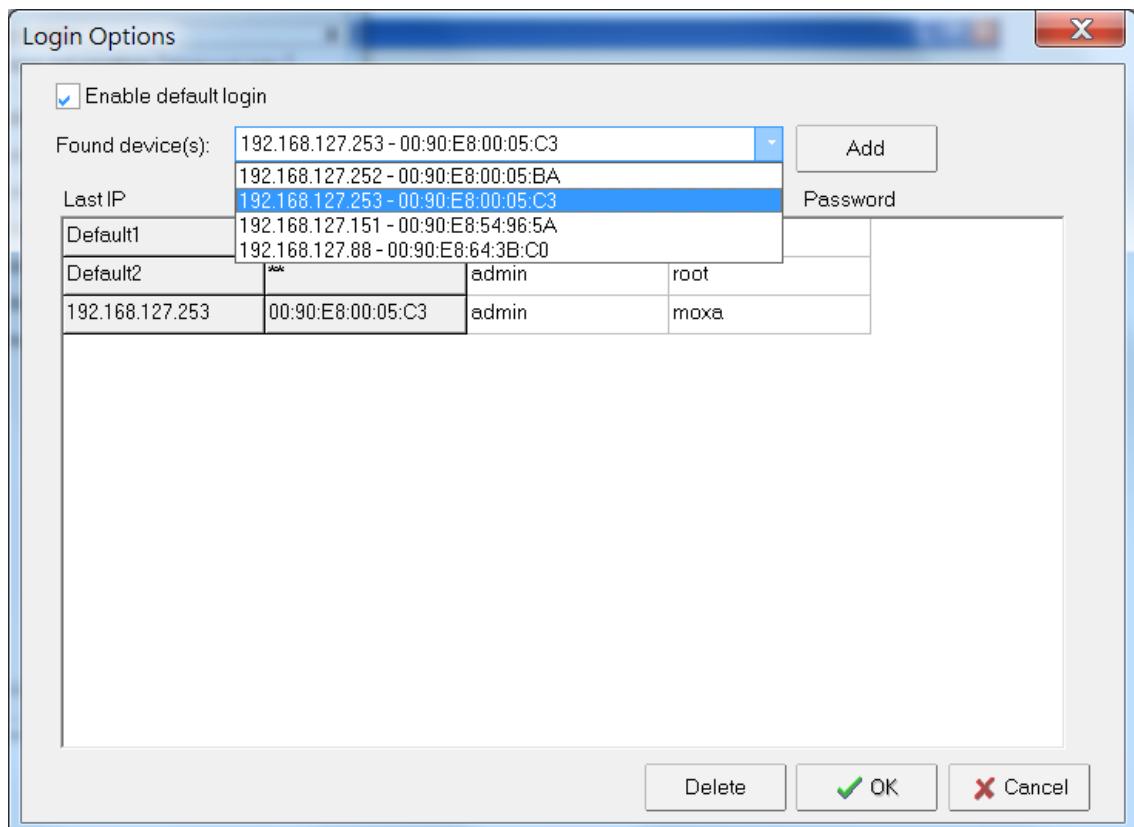
Key in the password for the AWK device and then click **OK** to save the password.

If you return to the search page and search for the AWK device, you will find that the AWK will unlock automatically.

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

For security purposes, we suggest that you can change the AWK search utility login password instead of using the default.
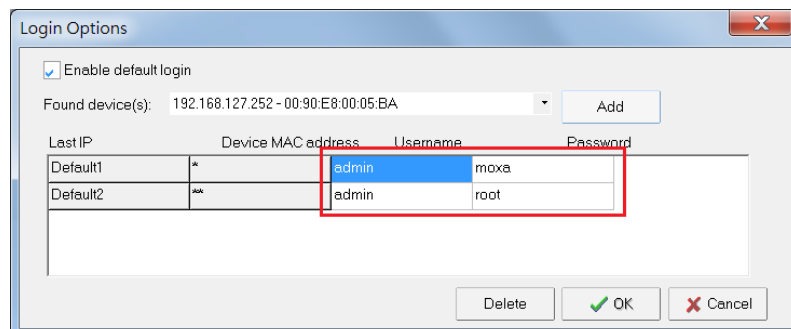
7. To modify the configuration of the selected product, click on the Web icon to open the web UI.
   For additional details, refer to Chapter 3, "Web Console Configuration" for information on how to use the web console.
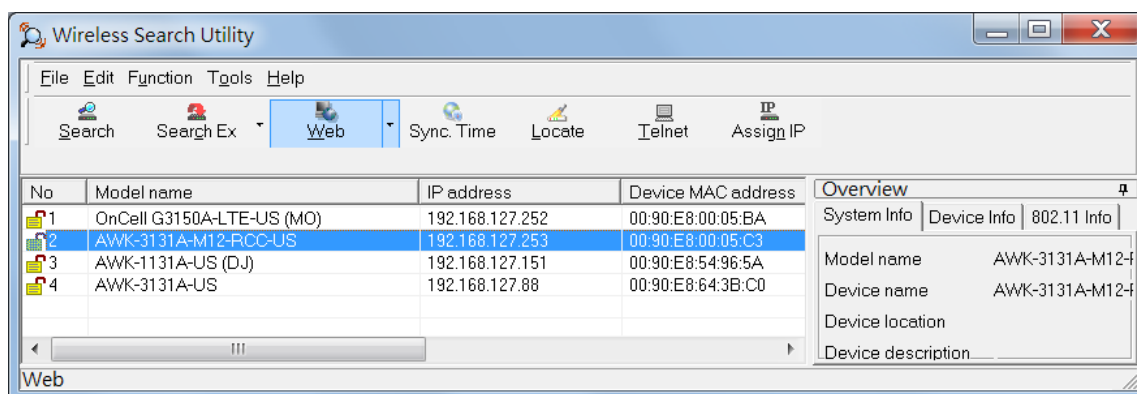
8. Click on the **Telnet** icon if you would like to use telnet to configure the selected device.
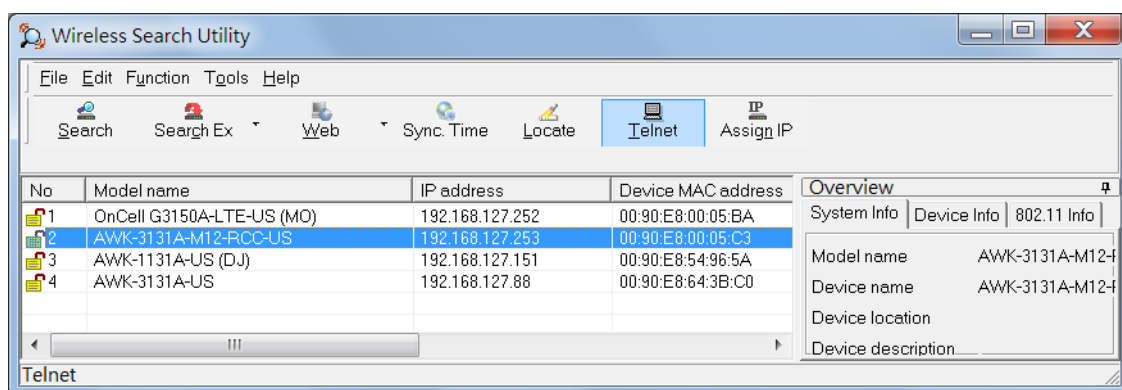
9. Click **Assign IP** to change the IP setting.
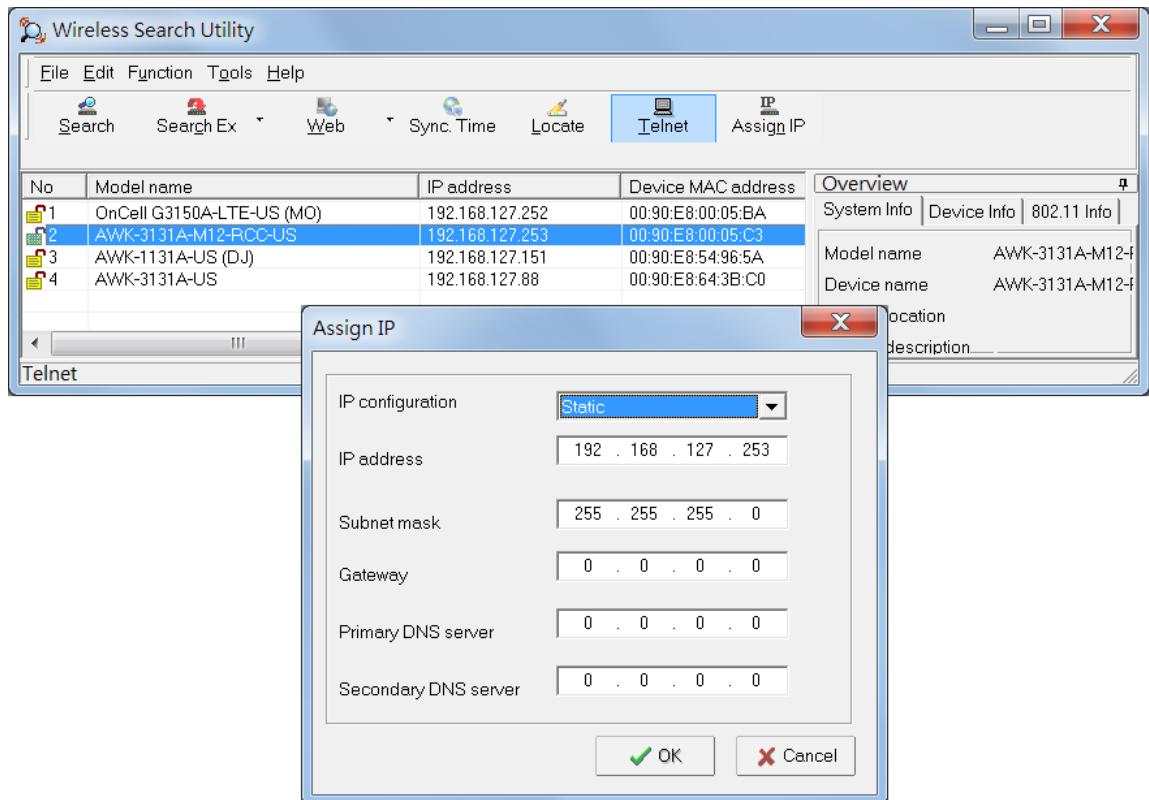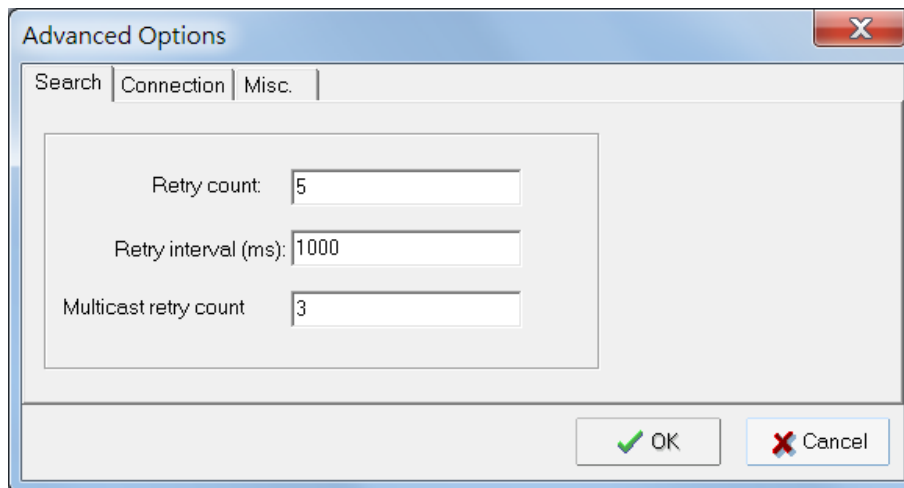
The three advanced options—**Search, Connection,** and **Miscellaneous**—are explained below:
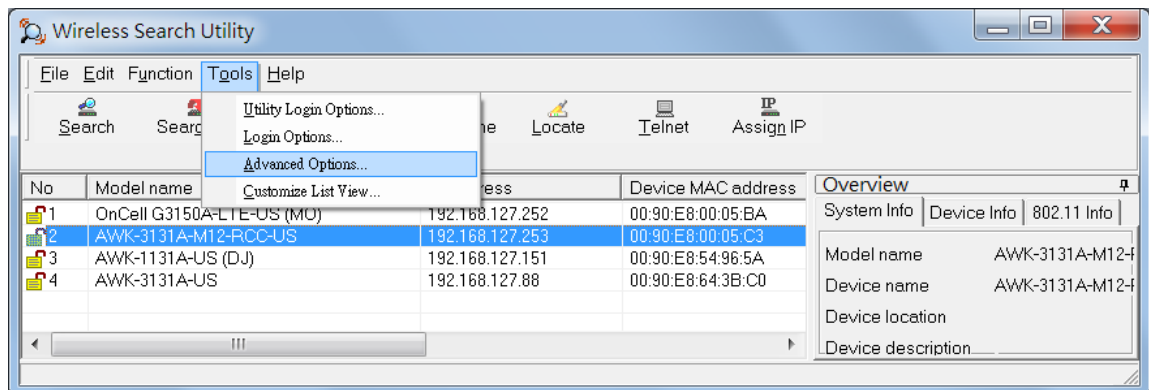
Search
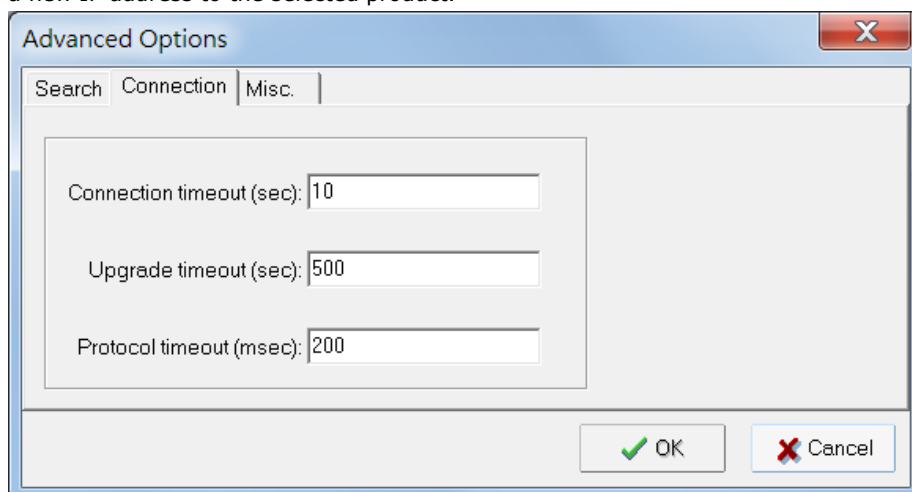
- **Retry count (default=5):** Indicates how many times the search will be retried automatically.
- **Retry interval (ms):** The time lapse between retries.
- **Multicast retry (default=3):** Indicates how many times the search by multicasting will be retried automatically.
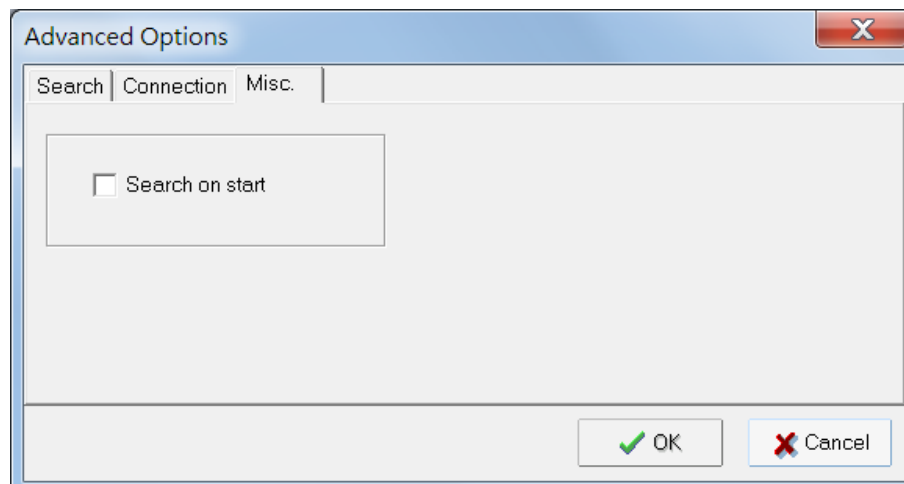
Connection

- **Connection timeout (sec):** Use this option to set the waiting time for the **Default Login, Locate, Assign IP, Upload Firmware,** and **Unlock** to complete.
- **Upgrade timeout (sec):** Use this option to set the waiting time for the connection to disconnect while the firmware is upgrading. Use this option to set the waiting time for the Firmware to write to flash.
- **Protocol timeout (msec):** It defines the default timeout while applying any operation, such as assigning a new IP address to the selected product.

Misc.

Search on start: Checkmark this box if you would like the search function to start searching for devices after you log in to the AWK search Utility.

5

Other Console Considerations

This chapter explains how to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC for the first time. In addition to HTTP access, there are four ways to access AWK-3131A-M12-RCC: serial console, Telnet console, SSH console, and HTTPS console. The serial console connection method, which requires using a short serial cable to connect the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to a PC's COM port, can be used if you do not know the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address. The other consoles can be used to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC over an Ethernet LAN, or over the Internet.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

❒ **RS-232 Console Configuration (115200, None, 8, 1, VT100)**
❒ **Configuring Through Telnet and SSH Consoles**
❒ **Configuring HTTPS/SSL Secure Access Through a Web Browser**
❒ **Disabling Telnet and Browser Access**

RS-232 Console Configuration (115200, None, 8, 1, VT100)

The serial console connection method, which requires using a short serial cable to connect the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to a PC's COM port, can be used if you do not know the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address. It is also convenient to use serial console configurations when you cannot access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC over Ethernet LAN, such as in the case of LAN cable disconnections or broadcast storming over the LAN.

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

Do not use the RS-232 console when the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is powered by a reversed voltage. (e.g., -48 VDC), even though reverse voltage protection is supported. If you need to connect the RS-232 console at a reverse voltage potential, ensure that the serial port on the PC/laptop is well protected before attaching it to the AWK that is supplied by a -48 VDC system. An isolated USB-to-serial converter like Moxa UPort 1250I is recommended to create a reliable connection with an AWK device. Alternatively, be sure to use a serial isolator, such as Moxa TCC-82, to protect both the AWK's serial console and your serial port.

NOTE   We recommend using **Moxa PComm (Lite)** Terminal Emulator, which can be downloaded free of charge from Moxa's website (www.moxa.com/support).

Before running the PComm Terminal Emulator program, use an RJ45 to DB9-F (or RJ45 to DB25-F) cable to connect the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's RS-232 console port to your PC's COM port (COM1 or COM2, depending on how your system is set up). After installing the PComm Terminal Emulator, take the following steps to access the RS-232 console utility.

1. From the Windows Start menu, select **PComm (Lite)** > **PComm Terminal Emulator**.
2. In the **Port Manager** menu of the emulator, click on **Open**.
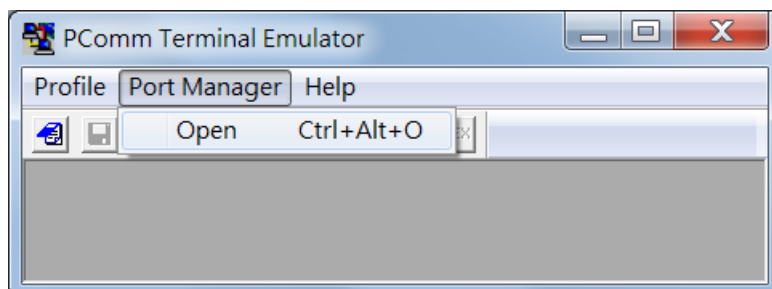
The **Property** window opens up.

3. Configure the following settings:

    - In the **Communication Parameter** page, select the appropriate COM port for Console Connection and set **115200** for **Baud Rate**, **8** for **Data Bits**, **None** for **Parity**, and **1** for **Stop Bits**.
    - Click on the **Terminal** tab, and select **VT100 (or ANSI)** for the **Terminal Type**.

    Click on **OK** to continue.
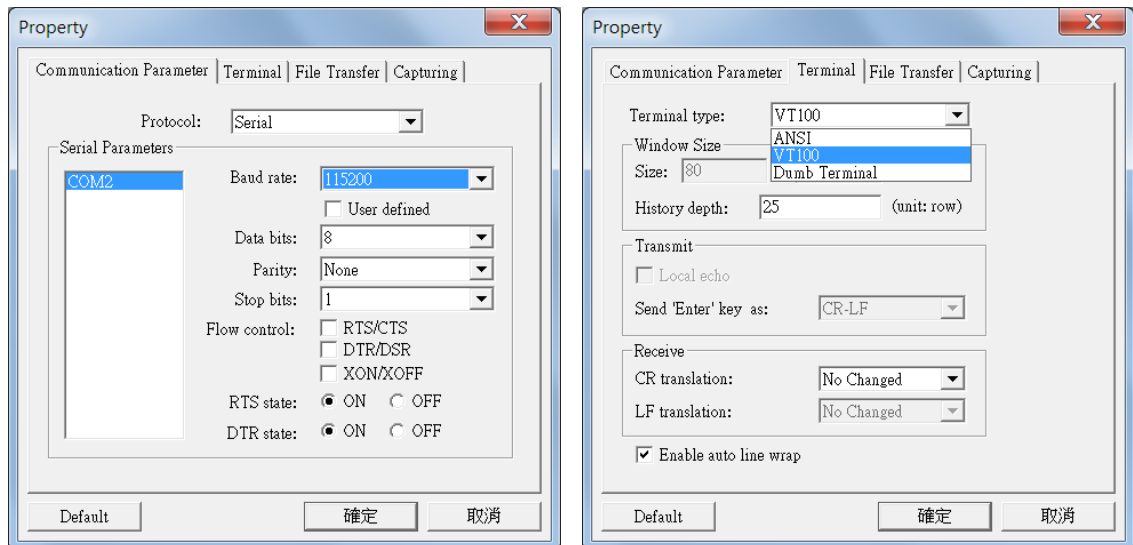
The Console login screen opens up.

4. Log into the RS-232 console with the login name (default: **admin**) and password (default: **moxa**, if no new password is set).

The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's device information and Main Menu options are displayed

5. Key in the number corresponding to the menu option that you would like to select.
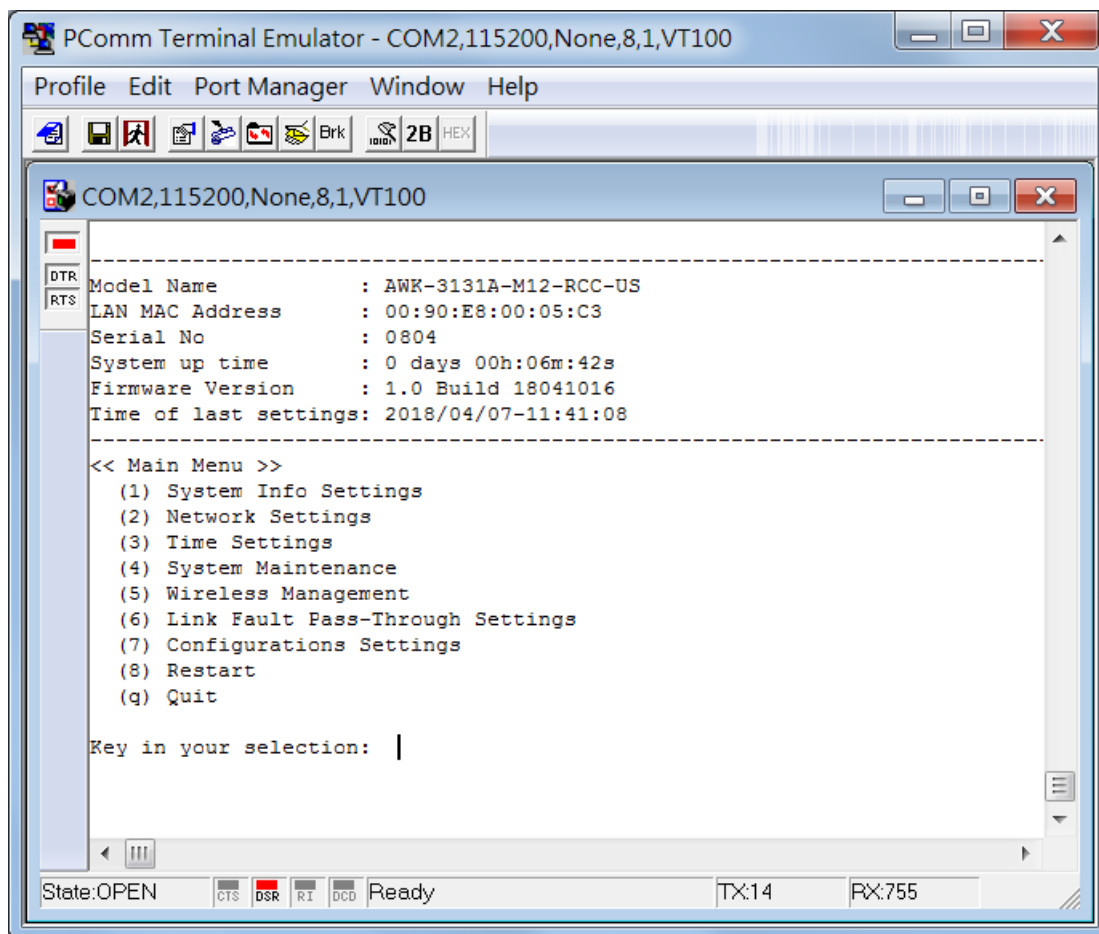
NOTE   To modify the appearance of the PComm Terminal Emulator window, select **Edit → Font** and then choose the desired formatting options.

⚠️ **ATTENTION**

If you unplug the RS-232 cable or disable the DTR signal, a disconnection event will be evoked to enforce logout for network security. You will need to log in again to resume operation.

NOTE   The AWK's serial console needs to detect a DSR signal to activate the console output. Be sure to use a full 8-wire serial cable instead of a 3-wire (Tx/Rx/GND only). For a good connection to the AWK device we recommend using Moxa serial console cable - CBL-RJ45F9-150.

Configuring Through Telnet and SSH Consoles

You may use Telnet or SSH client to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC and manage the console over a network. To access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's functions over the network from a PC host that is connected to the same LAN as the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC, you need to make sure that the PC host and the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC are on the same logical subnet. To do this, check your PC host's IP address and subnet mask.

NOTE	The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's default IP address is **192.168.127.253** and the default subnet mask is **255.255.255.0** (for a Class C network). If you do not set these values properly, please check the network settings of your PC host and then change the IP address to 192.168.127.xxx and subnet mask to 255.255.255.0.

Follow the steps below to access the console utility via Telnet or SSH client.

1. From Windows Desktop, run **Start → Run**, and then use Telnet to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address from the Windows Run window (you may also issue the telnet command from the MS-DOS prompt).
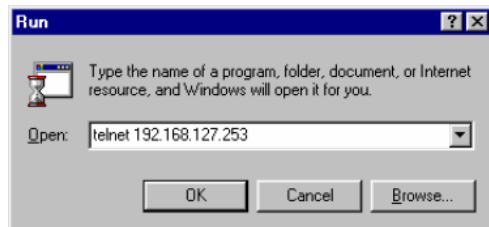
NOTE	Telnet is not a default service in Windows 7 and later versions for a PC/laptop. In order to use the telnet service, you will need to activate it from **Control Panel → Programs → Turn Windows features on or off**. Select **Telnet Client** and press **OK**.

2. When using the SSH client (e.g., PuTTY), run the client program and then input the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address, specifying **22** for the SSH connection port.
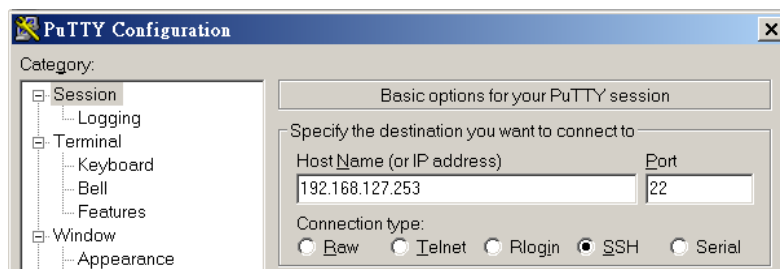
3. The Console login screen will appear. Please refer to the previous paragraph "RS-232 Console Configuration" and for login and administration.

Configuring HTTPS/SSL Secure Access Through a Web Browser

To secure your HTTP access, the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC supports HTTPS/SSL encryption for all HTTP traffic. Perform the following steps to access the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's web browser interface via HTTPS/SSL.

1. Open your web browser and type https://<AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's IP address> in the address field. Press **Enter** to establish the connection.

2. Warning messages will pop out to warn users that the security certificate was issued by a company they have not chosen to trust.
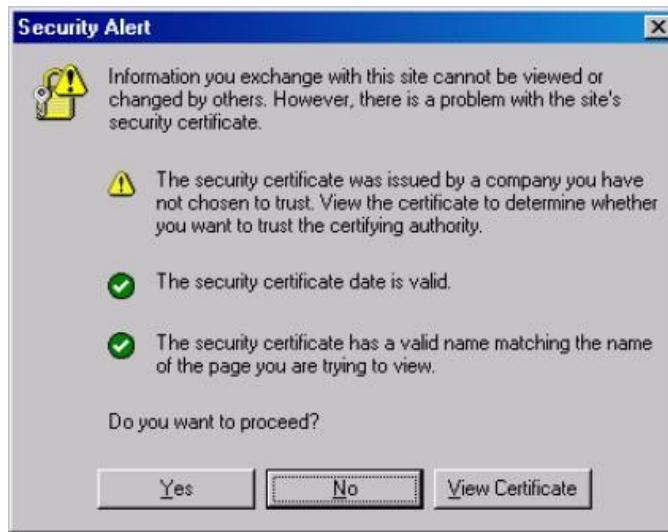
3. Select **Yes** to accept the certificate issued by Moxa IW and then enter the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's web browser interface secured via HTTPS/SSL. (You can see the protocol in URL is **https**.) Then you can use the menu tree on the left side of the window to open the function pages to access each of AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's functions.
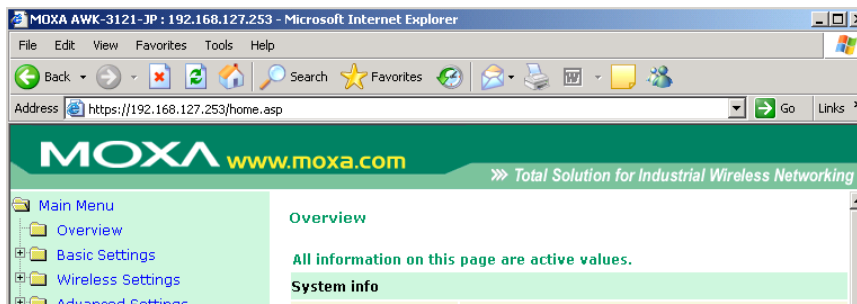
Disabling Telnet and Browser Access

If you are connecting the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC to a public network but do not intend to use its management functions over the network, then we suggest disabling both Telnet Console and Web Configuration. Please run **Maintenance → Console Settings** to disable them, as shown in the following figure.

A

References

This chapter provides more detailed information about wireless-related technologies. The information in this chapter can help you administer your AWK-3131A-M12-RCCs and plan your industrial wireless network better.

The following topics are covered in this appendix:

❐ **Beacon**
❐ **DTIM**
❐ **Fragment**
❐ **RTS Threshold**
❐ **STP and RSTP**
  ➢ The STP/RSTP Concept
  ➢ Differences between RSTP and STP

Beacon

A beacon is a packet broadcast by the AP to keep the network synchronized. A beacon includes the wireless LAN service area, the AP address, the Broadcast destination address, a time stamp, Delivery Traffic Indicator Maps (DTIM), and the Traffic Indicator Message (TIM). Beacon Interval indicates the frequency interval of AP.

DTIM

Delivery Traffic Indication Map (DTIM) is contained in beacon frames. It is used to indicate that broadcast and multicast frames buffered by the AP will be delivered shortly. Lower settings result in more efficient networking, while preventing your PC from dropping into power-saving sleep mode. Higher settings allow your PC to enter sleep mode, thus saving power.

Fragment

A lower setting means smaller packets, which will create more packets for each transmission. If you have decreased this value and experience high packet error rates, you can increase it again, but it will likely decrease overall network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.

RTS Threshold

RTS Threshold (256-2346) – This setting determines how large a packet can be before the Access Point coordinates transmission and reception to ensure efficient communication. This value should remain at its default setting of 2,346. When you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications are recommended.

STP and RSTP

The STP/RSTP Concept

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) was designed to help reduce link failures in a network, and provide protection from loops. Networks that have a complicated architecture are prone to broadcast storms caused by unintended loops in the network. The STP protocol is part of the IEEE802.1D standard, 1998 Edition bridge specification.

Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) implements the Spanning Tree Algorithm and Protocol defined by IEEE802.1w-2001 standard. RSTP provides the following benefits:

- The topology of a bridged network will be determined much more quickly compared to STP.
- RSTP is backward compatible with STP, making it relatively easy to deploy. For example:
  - Defaults to sending 802.1D-style BPDUs if packets with this format are received.
  - STP (802.1D) and RSTP (802.1w) can operate on the LAN ports and WLAN ports (AP, Master, Slave, and ACC modes) of the same AWK-3131A-M12-RCC.

This feature is particularly helpful when the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC connects to older equipment, such as legacy switches.

Differences between RSTP and STP

RSTP is similar to STP, but includes additional information in the BPDUs that allow each bridge to confirm that it has taken action to prevent loops from forming when it decides to enable a link to a neighboring bridge. Adjacent bridges connected via point-to-point links will be able to enable a link without waiting to ensure that all other bridges in the network have had time to react to the change. The main benefit of RSTP is that the configuration decision is made locally rather than network-wide, allowing RSTP to carry out automatic configuration and restore a link faster than STP.

B

Supporting Information

This chapter presents additional information about this product. You can also learn how to contact Moxa for technical support.

The following topics are covered in this appendix:

❒ **Firmware Recovery**

❒ **DoC (Declaration of Conformity)**
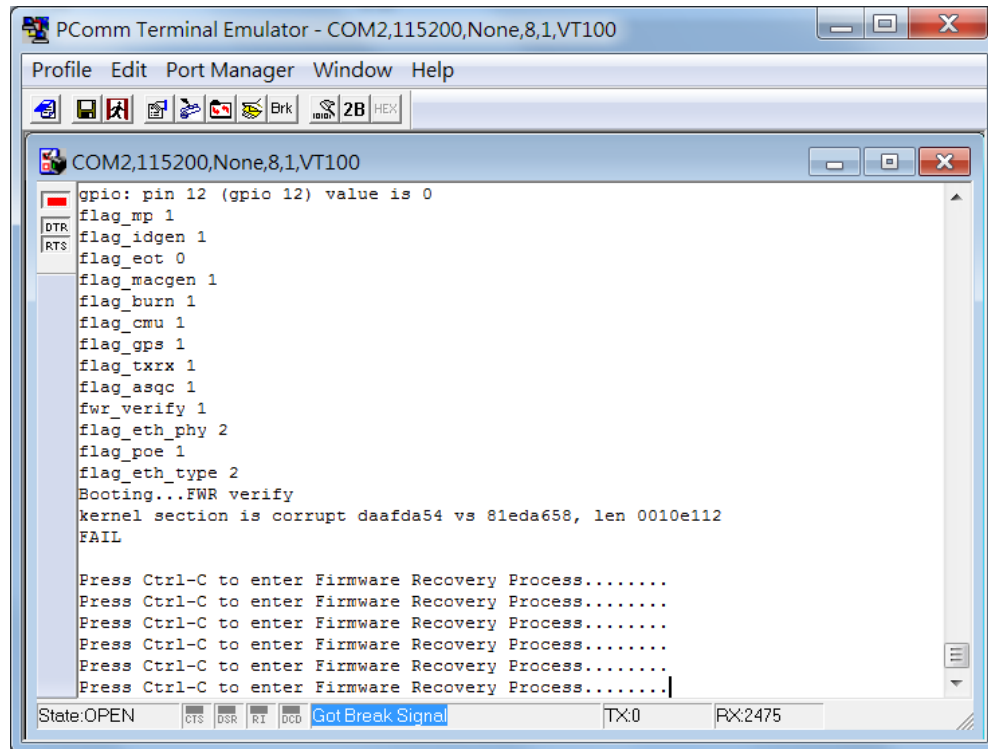
  ➢ Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

  ➢ Antenna Gain and RF Radiated Power

  ➢ R&TTE Compliance Statement

Firmware Recovery

If the **FAULT**, **Signal Strength**, **CLIENT**, **BRIDGE** and **WLAN** LEDs light up simultaneously and blink at one-second intervals, this indicates that the system boot up has failed. Boot-up failure may result from some wrong operation or other issues, such as an unexpected shutdown during firmware update. The AWK-3131A-M12-RCC is designed to help administrators recover such damage and quickly resume system operation. Refer to the following instructions to recover the firmware on an AWK-3131A-M12-RCC:

1. Connect to the AWK-3131A-M12-RCC's RS-232 console using the setting **115200 bps, None, 8,** and **1**.

   The following message is shown on the terminal emulator every second.

2.   Press **Ctrl - C** and the following message will appear.
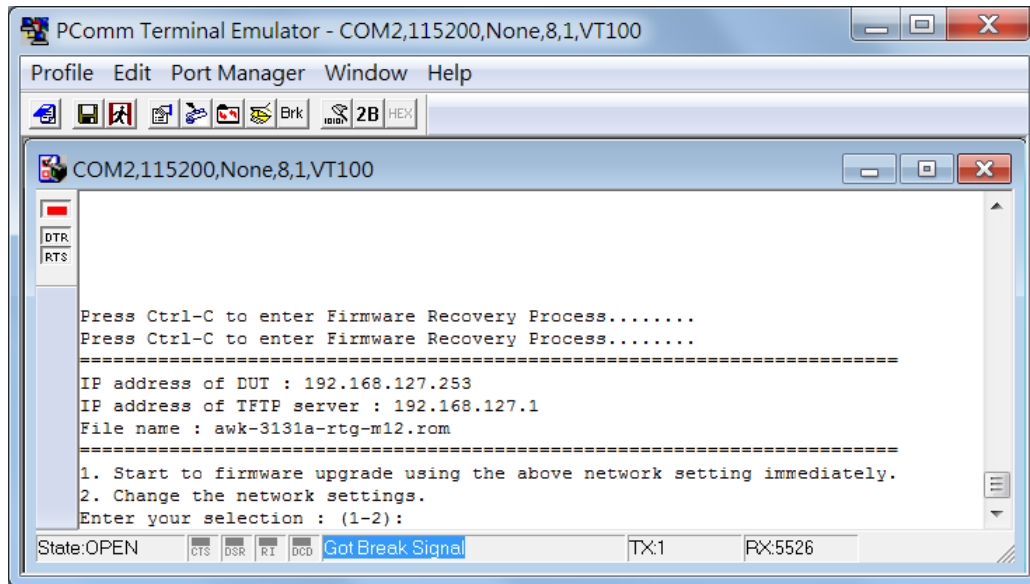
3.   In the console terminal, select **2** and press **Enter**

4.   Specify the IP addresses of the AWK and the TFTP Server, and the firmware filename.

NOTE   You should have the address of a TFTP server, where the correct firmware file is stored, handy before performing this step.

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5.   Press **Enter** to proceed.
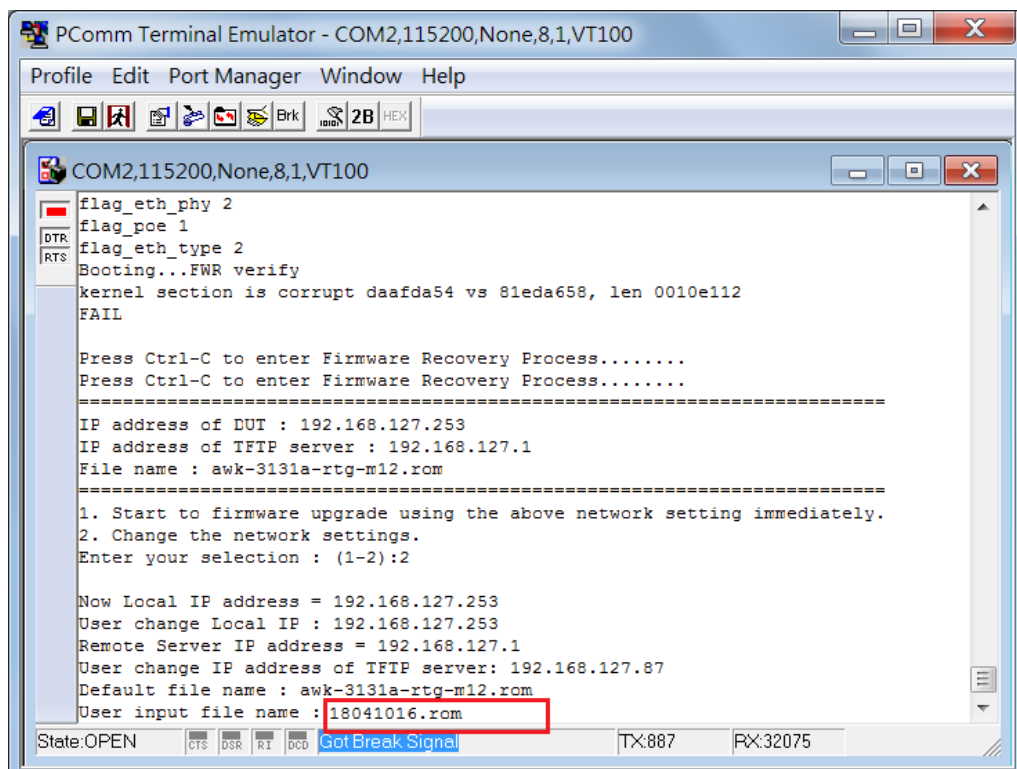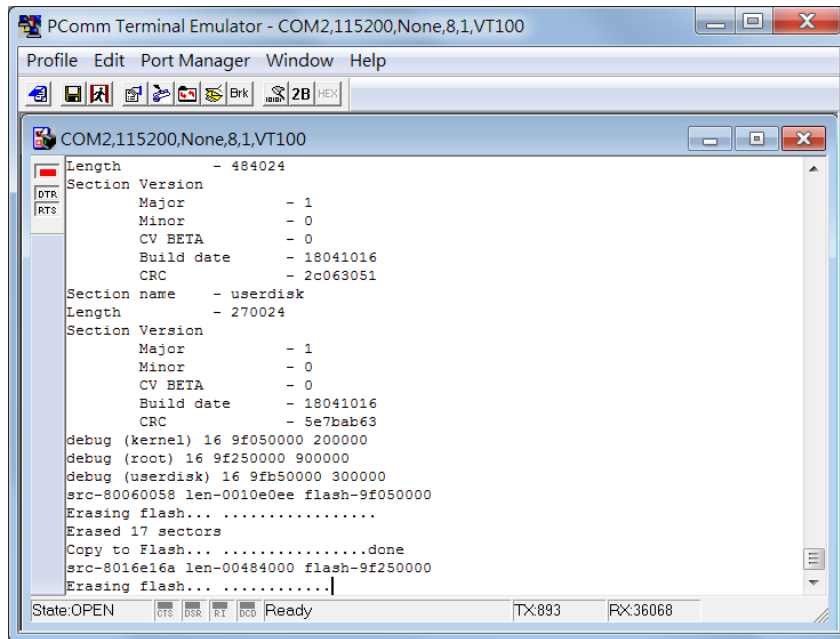
NOTE The firmware file downloaded from Moxa's website has a complex filename, which may not be convenient for use during a firmware recovery operation. It is recommended that you rename the file to give it a short file name, e.g.:18041016.rom, to ease the recovery process.

Here is an example that uses the shareware, tftpd (http://tftpd32.jounin.net/).
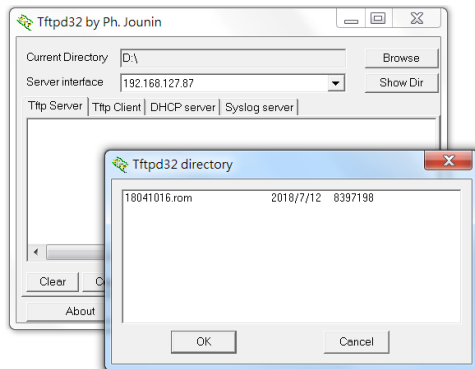
6. Confirm that the settings are correct and press **1** and then **Enter** to proceed.
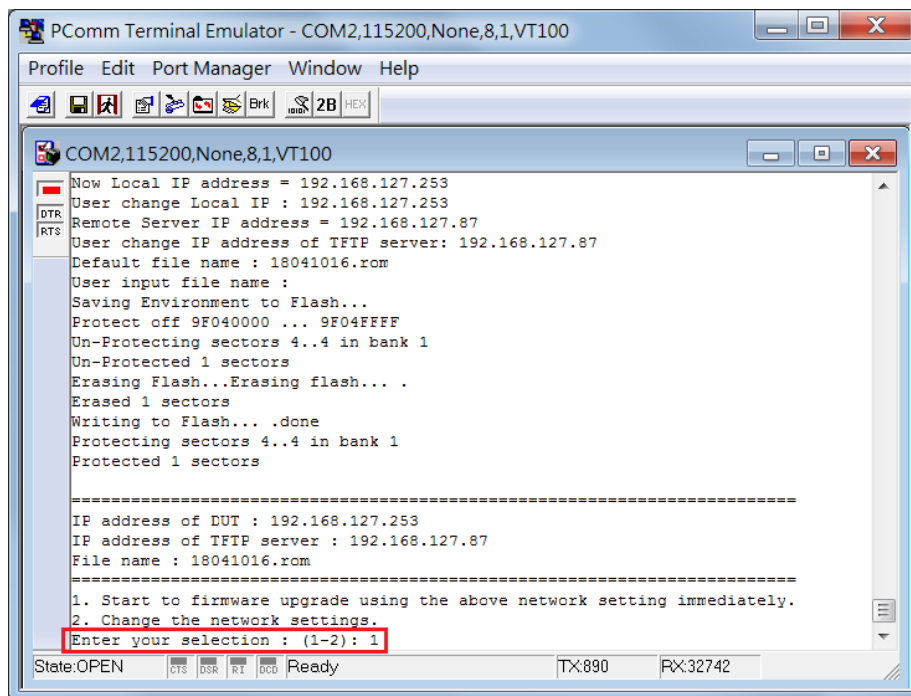
The following message is displayed on the console terminal.

After the firmware recovering process is successfully completed, you will hear two short beeps and the STATE led on the device will turn green.

DoC (Declaration of Conformity)

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF exposure warning

This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter, End-users and installers must be provide with antenna installation instructions and transmitter. End-users and installers must be provide with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

Antenna List

Antenna Part No.	Antenna Type	Maximum Antenna Gain
ANT-WDB-WDB-O-2-BK	Dipole Antenna	2.34 dBi for 5.25~5.35GHz 2.34 dBi for 5.47~5.725GHz
ANT-WDB-ARM-0202	Dipole Antenna	1.6 dBi for 5.25~5.35 GHz 1.8 dBi for 5.47~5.725 GHz

NCC (National Communication Commission)

本產品符合低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法第十二條、第十四條等條文規定:

經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機, 非經許可,公司, 商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率,加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航影響安全及干擾合法通信, 經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。

前項合法通信,指一電信法規定作業之無線電通信低功率射頻電機需忍受合法通信或工業,科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

本產品符合低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法第十二條、第十四條等條文規定:

經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機, 非經許可,公司, 商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率,加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

R&TTE Compliance Statement

Moxa declares that the apparatus AWK-3131A-RTG complies with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/CE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) as of April 8, 2000.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacturer must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

EU Countries Intended for Use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France (with Frequency channel restrictions), Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands, and United Kingdom.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states Norway and Switzerland.

EU Countries Not Intended for Use

None.

Potential Restrictive Use

France: only channels 10, 11, 12, and 13.