# **Series MI/MIH**

## Gas Boilers



Installation, Operation & Maintenance Manual



**CAST IRON BOILERS** 



## Features:

## MI Model Available for Natural or LP Gas

- Standing Pilot (3-9 section) with 80% AFUE
- Honeywell SmartValve<sup>®</sup> Intermittent Ignition (3-9 section) with 82% AFUE

## MIH Mid-Efficiency Model Available in 3-6 Sections for Natural Gas

- Honeywell SmartValve® Intermittent Ignition with 83% AFUE
- Qualifies for Utility Company Energy Rebates in Some Areas

## Natural Draft (Chimney) Venting

## Low Profile Design

- Internal Horizontal to Vertical Draft Diverter
- Ideal for Installations with Low Ceilings

## **Steel Push Nipples**

- Provide a Permanent Water Tight Seal Between Sections
- Unaffected by Petroleum and Other Contaminants

## Deluxe Insulated Enameled Steel Jacket

- Reduces Boiler Heat Loss
- Completely Encloses Gas Valve and Burners

## Safety Controls

- Vent Safety Shutoff Switch
- Flame Rollout Safety Shutoff Switch



## **Standard Equipment:**

- Standing Pilot or Honeywell SmartValve®
   Intermittent Ignition
- Honeywell Operating Controls
- Taco Circulator
- Elec. Operated Automatic Vent Damper

## **Optional Equipment:**

- Grundfos Circulator
- 50 PSI Safety Relief Valve
- Non-Combustible Floor Pan

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Peerless Healer Company is pleased to offer one of the most comprehensive warranty programs in the industry. All Peerless residential cast iron boilers include a full one-year warranty. A limited, lifetime warranty is provided for the cast iron sections of Peerless residential hot water boilers. Peerless also provides a limited, ten year warranty on the cast iron sections of its residential steam boilers. Five and ten year extended warranties on parts and labor are now available. Please consult Peerless Heater Company for complete warranty information.

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CAST IRON BOILERS

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## **USING THIS MANUAL**

#### A. INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

Follow the installation instructions provided in this manual in the order shown. The order of these instructions has been set in order to provide the installer with a logical sequence of steps that will minimize potential interferences and maximize safety during boiler installation.

#### **B. SPECIAL ATTENTION BOXES**

Throughout this manual you will see special attention boxes intended to supplement the instructions and make special notice of potential hazards. These categories mean in the judgment of Peerless Heater Company

## A DANGER

Indicates a condition or hazard which will cause severe personal injury, death or major property damage.

## WARNING

Indicates a condition or hazard which may cause severe personal injury, death or major property damage.

## 

Indicates a condition or hazard which will or can cause minor personal injury or property damage.

## 

Indicates special attention is needed, but not directly related to potential personal injury or property damage.

## 1. PREINSTALLATION

Read carefully, study these instructions before beginning work

This boiler must be installed by a qualified contractor

The boiler warranty can be voided it the boiler is not installed, maintained and serviced correctly

## A NOTICE

The equipment must be installed in accordance with those installation requirements of the authority having jurisdiction or, in the absence of such requirements, to the current edition of the *National Fuel Gas Code*, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must conform to American Society of Mechanical Engineers Safety Code for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, ASME CSD-1.

#### A. ACCESSIBILITY CLEARANCES

Install boiler not less than 24" between the left side, top, and tront of the boiler and adjacent wall or other appliance, when access is required for servicing

#### B. CLEARANCE FROM COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION

The design of this boiler is certified for alcove installation with the following clearances

- 1 6" between sides and combustible construction
- 2 24" between top of jacket and combustible construction
- 3 6" between draft hood and combustible construction
- 4 6" between vent pipe and combustible construction
- 5 10" between rear of jacket and combustible construction

## A WARNING

Do not install this boiler on combustible flooring unless it is installed on a special combustible floor pan provided by Peerless Heater Company. Boiler installation on combustible flooring without the special pan is a fire hazard.

To order combustible floor pan, use the 5-digit stock codes listed in Section 11A of this manual.

## Δ WARNING

Do not install this boiler on carpeting. Boiler installation on carpeting is a fire hazard. Install this boiler on non-combustible flooring or use a combustible floor pan to install this boiler on other non-carpeted flooring.

#### C. AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

- 1 Provide adequate facilities for combustion and ventilation air in accordance with Section 5.3, Air for Combustion and Ventilation National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223 1/NFPA 54, or applicable provisions of the local building code Subsections 2 through 6 below are based on National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223 1/NFPA 54 requirements
- 2 Definitions

**Unconfined Space:** a space whose volume is not less than fifty (50) cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr of the total input rating of all appliances installed in that space Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered part of the unconfined space

Unusually Tight Construction: Construction where

- a Walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of 1 perm or less with openings gasketed or sealed, and
- b Weatherstripping has been added on openable windows and doors, and
- c Caulking or sealants are supplied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wallceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical and gas lines, and at other openings

#### PREINSTALLATION

- Appliances Located in Unconfined Spaces: For installations in unconfined spaces with other than unusually tight construction, the supply of air for combustion and ventilation can usually be considered adequate.
- 4. Unusually Tight Construction: For equipment located in buildings of unusually tight construction as defined on the previous page, provide air for combustion and ventilation using the methods described in 5a or 5b below.

#### 5. Appliances Located in Confined Spaces:

a. All air from inside the building: Provide two permanent openings communicating directly with an additional room or rooms of sufficient volume so that the combined volume of all spaces meets the criteria for an unconfined space. Use the total input of all gas utilization equipment installed in the combined space in making this determination.

Size each opening with a minimum free area of one square inch per 1000 Btu/hr. of the total rating of all gas utilization equipment in the confined space, but not less than 100 square inches. Begin with one opening 12 inches from the top, and begin the other opening within 12 inches of the bottom of the enclosure. See Figure 1. Provide air openings with minimum dimensions not less than three (3) inches.

- b. All air from outside the building. Connect the confined space with the outdoors in accordance with methods i) or ii) below. Provide air openings with minimum dimensions not less than three (3) inches. Where ducts are used, make certain that they are the same cross-sectional area as the free area of the openings to which they connect.
  - i) Provide two permanent openings, one commencing within 12 inches of the top and one commencing within 12 inches of the bottom of the enclosure. Connect the openings directly or by ducts, with the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors.

Where directly communicating with the outdoors (see Figure 2) or where communicating to the outdoors through vertical ducts (see Figure 3), size each opening with a minimum free area of one (1) square inch per 4000 Btu/hr. of total rating of all equipment in the enclosure.



Figure 1: Air Openings - All Air from Indoors



Figure 2: Air Openings – All Air Directly from Outdoors



Figure 3: Air Openings – All Air from Outdoors through Vertical Ducts

#### PREINSTALLATION

Where communicating with the outdoors through horizontal ducts, size each opening with a minimum free area of one (1) square inch per 2000 Btu/hr. of total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure. See Figure 4.

- ii) Where the equipment has clearances of at least one (1) inch from the sides and back and six (6) inches from the front of the appliance, the code allows one permanent opening, commencing within 12 inches of the top of the enclosure. Connect the opening directly with the outdoors or through a vertical or horizontal duct to the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors. Size the opening with a minimum free area of one square inch per 3000 Btu/hr. of the total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure, and not less than the sum of the areas of all vent connectors in the confined space.
- 6. In calculating free area of an opening, take into account the blocking affect of louvers, grilles and screens. Do not use screens smaller than 1/4" mesh. If the free area is known, use this value in calculating the size of the opening required. If it is not known, assume that wood louvers provide 20-25% free area, and metal louvers and grilles provide 60-75% free area.
- Remove sources of hydrocarbons (bleaches, cleaners, chemicals, sprays, paint removers, fabric softeners, etc.) from the boiler area. The vapors generated by these substances can contaminate the combustion air and contribute to shortened boiler/vent system life.

### 🗥 WARNING

Liquefied Petroleum (LP) is heavier than air and may collect or "pool" in a low area in the event of a leak from defective equipment. This gas may then ignite, resulting in a fire or explosion. See the instructions below.

#### D. LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM (LP) GAS

The following LP requirements from the Uniform Mechanical Code, section 304.6, may be in effect in your geographic area:

"Liquefied petroleum gas-burning appliances shall not be installed in a pit, basement or similar location where heavier-than-air gas might collect. Appliances so fueled shall not be installed in an above-grade under-floor space or basement unless such location is provided with an approved means for removal of unburned gas."



#### Figure 4: Air Openings – All Air from Outdoors through Horizontal Ducts

#### E. INSTALLATION SURVEY

For new and existing installations, a Water Installation Survey is available from Peerless Heater Company. The survey will provide information on how a hot water boiler works with your specific system and will provide an overview of hot water system operation in general.

You can also use this survey to locate system problems which will have to be corrected. To obtain copies of the Water Installation Survey, contact your Peerless representative.

#### F. PLANNING THE LAYOUT

Prepare sketches and notes of the layout to minimize the possibility of interferences with new or existing equipment, piping, venting and wiring.

## 2. BOILERSET-UP

- 1 Provide a sound, level foundation. Locate boiler as near to the chimney or outside wall as possible and centralized with respect to the heating system.
- 2 Locate boiler in front of installation position before removing crate
- 3 If using combustible floor pan, position pan on foundation or flooring
- 4 Separate the wood shipping pallet from the boiler base by removing two (2) hold-down bolts at each end of the boiler base
- 5 Move boiler into final position. If using combustible floor pan, install boiler on pan as outlined in the instructions included with the pan

## **3. WATER PIPING AND CONTROLS**

#### A. BOILER SUPPLY AND RETURN

- Size the supply and return to suit the system. A typical piping arrangement is shown in Figure 5. Refer also to the I=B=R Installation Guide No. 200 and the Peerless Water Survey for additional guidance during water piping installation.
- 2. Return Piping:
  - For boilers equipped with a factory-mounted circulator, pipe the return to the inlet connection of the circulator.
  - b. For boilers equipped with a separate, unmounted circulator, pipe the outlet connection of the circulator to a tee, provided with a drain valve, at the 1-1/4 NPT return tapping near the bottom of the left section. Pipe the return to the inlet connection of the circulator.

- Supply Piping: Pipe the supply to the 1-1/2 NPT supply tapping at the top and rear of the boiler.
- 4. When system return water temperature will be below 130°F, pipe the boiler with a bypass arrangement to blend the system return and hot supply to obtain at least 130°F entering the boiler. For more information on bypass piping, consult the Peerless Water Survey.
- 5. If desired, install the circulator in the alternate location shown in Figure 5. Consult the Peerless Water Survey for more information on circulator location.



Figure 5: Supply and Return Piping

#### WATER PIPING AND CONTROLS

- 6. Install this boiler so that the gas ignition system components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, etc.) during appliance operation and service (circulator replacement, condensate trap, control replacements, etc.).
- 7. If this boiler and distribution system is used in conjunction with a refrigeration system, pipe the chilled medium in parallel with the boiler and install the proper valve to prevent the chilled medium from entering the boiler. A drawing illustrating this hookup is provided in Figure 6.
- 8. When the boiler is connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air circulation, install flow control valves or other automatic means to prevent gravity circulation of the boiler water during the cooling cycle.
- 9. If this boiler is installed above radiation level, provide a low water cutoff device, either as a part of the boiler or at the time of boiler installation.

#### **B. SAFETY RELIEF VALVE**

- 1. Locate safety relief valve and fittings in bag assembly.
- 2. If air elimination is not required at the safety relief valve tapping, install valve and piping as shown in Figure 7.
- 3. For air elimination at the safety relief valve tapping, install valve and piping as shown in Figure 8.

### A CAUTION

Pipe the discharge of safety relief valve to prevent injury in the event of pressure relief. Pipe the discharge to a drain. Provide piping that is the same size as the safety relief valve outlet.



Figure 6: Parallel Hook-up with Water Chiller







Figure 8: Safety Relief Valve Hook-Up with Air Elimination

### WATER PIPING AND CONTROLS

#### C. PIPING FOR ZONED SYSTEMS

- 1. See Figures 9 and 10 for basic zoned system layouts.
- 2. Run each zone pipe down then up to zone to prevent air accumulation in piping.
- 3. If required, provide means to isolate and drain each zone separately.





Figure 9: Zone Piping with Zone Valves



#### Figure 10: Zone Piping with Circulators

#### D. EXPANSION TANK

- 1. Consult the tank manufacturer's instructions for specific information relating to tank installation. Size the expansion tank for the required system volume and capacity. See Table 8 in Section 10 for boiler water capacity.
- Expansion tanks are available with built-in fill valves and check valves for reducing supply water pressure and maintaining minimum system pressure. Check the design features of the tank and provide valves as necessary.

Refer back to Figure 5 for typical expansion tank piping.

#### E. INDIRECT-FIRED WATER HEATER

If the boiler is to be used in conjunction with an indirectfired water heater, refer to Figure 11 for typical piping. Follow the instructions provided by the water heater manufacturer. Pipe the water heater as a separate zone.

#### F. FREEZE PROTECTION

For new or existing systems that must be freezeprotected:

## \land WARNING

Use only inhibited propylene glycol solutions of up to 50% by volume with water. Ethylene glycol is toxic and can attack gaskets and seals used in hydronic systems.

- 1. Glycol in hydronic applications is specially formulated for this purpose. It includes inhibitors which prevent the glycol from attacking metallic system components. Make certain that the system fluid is checked for the correct glycol concentration and inhibitor level.
- 2. The anitfreeze solution should be tested at least once a year and as recommended by the anitfreeze manufacturer.
- 3. Antifreeze solutions expand more than water. For example, a 50% by volume solution expands 4.8% in volume for a temperature increase from 32°F to 180°F, while water expands 3% with the same temperature rise. Allowance must be made for this expansion in system design.
- 4. For more information, consult the Peerless Water Installation Survey and the antifreeze manufacturer.



#### Figure 11: Typical Piping with Indirect-Fired Water Heater

## 4. VENTING

#### A. INTEGRAL DRAFT HOOD

- The MI/MIH boiler is equipped with a built-in draft hood. This device is designed to:
  - a. provide for the ready escape of flue gases from the boiler in the event of no draft.
  - b. prevent a backdraft from entering the boiler.
  - c. control stack draft during operation.

These tasks are accomplished without the extra height requirements of a separate draft hood.

- 2. The draft hood relief opening is the large rectangular passage at the front of the boiler. Make certain that there are no obstructions to airflow in front of this opening.
- 3. A vent safety shut-off switch is located within the draft relief opening to shut off the boiler in case of a blocked vent condition. See Section 7B for details regarding this device. See Figure 16 in Section 6 (Electrical) for spill switch location.
- 4. The vent damper can be mounted directly onto the round draft hood outlet (vent connector) on top of the boiler, or in vent piping close to the boiler. See the Vent Damper Installation Instructions below.

#### B. VENT DAMPER INSTALLATION -GENERAL 0

- 1. Do not use one vent damper to control two or more heating appliances. See Figure 12.
- 2. Follow these and the installation instructions that are included with the vent damper. Observe the cautions and warnings that accompany all instructions.
- 3. Make certain that minimum clearances provided in the vent damper manufacturer's instructions are maintained and that adequate space is available for damper access and service.
- 4. Orient the damper operator to facilitate connection of the harness with the vent damper and boiler. Note flue gas flow arrow on vent damper and orient as required. For installation with damper mounted in vertical position, see Figure 13. For installation with damper mounted in horizontal position, mount the unit as shown in Figure 14 to avoid excessive heat on the operator or condensation drips into the operator.



INCORRECT



CORRECT

#### C. VENT PIPING AND CHIMNEY

- 1. Install vent piping in accordance with Part 7, Venting of Equipment, *National Fuel Gas Code*, ANSI 2223.1/NFPA 54 or applicable provisions of the local building codes.
- 2. Inspect the existing chimney and lining for structural soundness, corrosion and perforations. Repair as necessary.
- 3. Install vent pipe to slope upward at least 1/4" per lineal foot between the draft hood outlet and the chimney.

- 4. Before connection of joints, inspect the vent pipe interior for foreign objects such as tools, equipment, rags, etc. and remove if present.
- 5. Insert vent pipe into but not beyond the inside wall of the chimney flue.
- Do not connect vent connectors serving appliances vented by natural draft into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure.
- 7. Support horizontal portions of the venting system to prevent sagging by use of metal strapping or equivalent means. Locate supports at no more than four (4) foot intervals.



Figure 13: Venting with Vent Damper in Vertical Position



Figure 14: Venting with Vent Damper in Horizontal Position

#### D. BOILER REMOVAL FROM COMMON VENTING SYSTEM

At the time of removal of an existing boiler, follow these steps with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation:

- a. Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- b. Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- c. Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on any clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.

- d. Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously.
- e. Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar, or pipe.
- f. After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-burning appliance to their previous conditions of use.
- g. Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so that the installation conforms with the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables located in the chapter "Sizing of Category I Venting Systems," in the current edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

## 5. GAS PIPNIC

- 1 Size and install the gas supply piping properly in order to provide a supply of gas sufficient to meet the maximum demand without undue loss of pressure between the meter and the boiler
- 2 Determine the volume of gas to be provided to the boiler in cubic feet per hour. To obtain this value, divide the Btu per hour rating (on the boiler rating plate) by the heating value of the gas in Btu per cubic feet. Obtain the heating value of the gas from the gas supplier. As an alternative use Table 1. 2 or 3 on the next page to obtain the volume of gas to be provided to the boiler.
- 3 Use the value obtained above as the basis for piping sizing Size the gas piping in accordance with Table 4 Consult the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223 1/NFPA 54 for other sizing options
- 4 Locate the drop pipe adjacent to, but not in front of the boiler
- 5 Install a sediment trap See Figure 15 Locate a tee in the drop pipe at same elevation as the gas inlet connection to the boiler Extend the drop pipe to a pipe cap
- 6 Install a ground joint union ahead of the gas control assembly to permit servicing of the control Some local codes require an additional service valve when using the combination gas controls. If your code requires such a valve a suggested location is shown in Figure 15

## MARNING

Use a pipe joint sealing compound that is resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gas. A non-resistant compound may lose sealing ability in the presence of this gas, resulting in a gas leak and fire or explosion potential.

7 Check piping for leaks

Use an approved gas detector, a non-corrosive leak detection fluid or other leak detection method. If leaks are found turn off all gas flow and repair as necessary

## 🖄 WARNING

When checking for leaks, do not use matches, candles, open flames or other methods that provide a source of ignition. This can ignite a gas leak, resulting in fire or explosion.



Figure 15: Gas Connection to Boiler

8 Disconnect the boiler and its individual shut-off valve from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressure in excess of 1'2 psig (3 5 kPa)

## ▲ CAUTION

Do not subject the gas valve to more than 1/2 psi pressure. Doing so may damage the valve.

Isolate the boiler from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual service valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressure equal to or less than 1.2 psig (3.5 kPa)

9 Minimum permissible supply pressure for purposes of input adjustment (Inches Water Column)

MI-09 Standing Pilot Natural Gas	5 2″
All other MI/MIH Natural Gas	5 0″
All MI LP Gas	11 0"

Maximum permissible supply pressure to the boiler (Inches Water Column)

All MI/MIH Natural Gas	13 5″
All MI LP Gas	13 5″

Model	Input (Cubic Ft/Hr)
MI-03	70
MI-04	105
MI-05	140
MI-06	175
MI-07	195
M1-08	227.5
MI-09	260

Table 1: MI Boiler - Natural Gas

Based on 1000 Btu/Cubic Ft.

#### Table 2: MI Boiler - LP Gas

Model	Input (Cubic Ft/Hr)	
MI-03	28	
MI-04	42	
MI-05	56	
MI-06	70	
MI-07	78	
MI-08	91	
MI-09	104	

Based on 2500 Btu/Cubic Ft.

Table 3: MIH Boiler - Natural Gas

Model	Input (Cubic Ft/Hr)
MIH-03	65
MIH-04	97.5
MIH-05	130
MIH-06	162.5

Based on 1000 Btu/Cubic Ft.

#### Table 4: Pipe Capacity

Capacity of pipe of different diameters and lengths in cu. ft. per hour with pressure drop of 0.3 in. and specific gravity of 0.60. No allowance for an ordinary number of fittings is required.

Pipe Length Feet	¾″ Pipe	1" Pipe	1¼″ Pipe	1½″ Pipe
10	278	520	1,050	1,600
20	190	350	730	1,100
30	152	285	590	890
40	130	245	500	760
50	115	215	440	670
60	105	195	400	610

Multipliers to be used with the above table when the

specific gravity of the gas is other than 0.60:

Specific Gravity 0.5	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70
Multiplier	1.04	1.00	0.962	0.926

## 6. ELECTRICAL

Install all electrical wiring in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local requirements

## \land NOTICE

This unit when installed must be electrically grounded in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction or, in the absence of such requirements, with the current edition of the *National Electrical Code*, ANSI/NFPA 70.

#### A. WIRING

- 1 See Figure 16 for location of wiring and controls Use Figures 17 and 18 to connect the boiler to a power supply and to connect components to the boiler
- 2 Connect the boiler by a separate, permanently live electrical supply line with a fused switch
- 3 Connect the vent damper harness to the polarized connector in the boiler vestibule as shown in Figure 16
- 4 Adjust the thermostat heat anticipator to 0.2 Amp

#### **B. ZONED SYSTEM WIRING**

See Figure 20 for typical wiring with zone valves See Figure 21 for typical wiring with zone circulators. When wiring a zoned heating system, follow all applicable codes ordinances and regulations.

## A NOTICE

Do not power zone valves directly from the boiler limit. Doing so will greatly reduce the life of the transformer Use a separate transformer sized to handle the total of all zone valve electrical loads

#### C. CONTROLS

- 1 For proper location of controls and accessories refer to Figure 16 and Section 11
- 2 See the attached control sheets for specific details regarding the installation of the various controls
- 3 This boiler is supplied with safety devices in addition to the limit. For a description of these devices and how they work to ensure the safe operation of the boiler, see Section 7B
- 4 If the circulator is mounted in the supply piping, provide longer wiring harness as required



Figure 16: Wiring, Controls and Safety Devices

#### ELECTRICAL



#### Figure 17: Wiring and Connection Diagram - Standing Pilot (Continuous Ignition)

#### D. SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

- 1. Standing Pilot (See Figure 17 above)
  - The vent damper is continuously powered. On a call for heat, limit relay R is energized, which energizes:
    - the circulator (when used) through contact R1, and
    - the vent damper operator through contact R2, provided that the high-limit switch is closed.

The vent damper operator opens the damper.

- Once the damper is proven open, the gas valve energizes, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
  - the pilot thermocouple is proving flame
  - the blocked vent switch is closed, and
  - the flame rollout switch is closed.

Pilot flame is monitored through the pilot thermocouple. If pilot flame is lost during a call for heat, main and pilot gas flow will be shut off. The valve must then be manually reset by following the Lighting Instructions mounted on the jacket panel and included in Section 7 of this manual.

- c. When the call for heat ends:
  - Limit relay R de-energizes, which opens contacts R1 and R2.
  - The circulator shuts down.
  - The gas valve de-energizes.
  - The vent damper closes.
- d. If temperature exceeds limit setting, main burners shut off and circulator continues to operate.

#### ELECTRICAL



#### Figure 18: Wiring and Connection Diagram - Intermittent Ignition

- 2. Intermittent Ignition (see Figure 18 above)
  - a. The vent damper is continuously powered. On a call for heat, limit relay R is energized, which energizes:
    - the circulator (when used) through contact R1, and
    - the vent damper operator through contact R2, provided that the high-limit aquastat switch is closed.

The damper operator opens the vent damper.

b. Once the damper is proven open, the ignition circuit within the gas valve energizes, provided that all of the following conditions are met:

- · the blocked vent switch is closed, and
- the flame rollout switch is closed.
- c. When the call for heat ends:
  - Limit relay R de-energizes, which opens contacts R1 and R2.
  - The circulator shuts down.
  - The gas valve de-energizes.
  - The vent damper closes.
- d. If temperature exceeds limit setting, main burners shut off and circulator continues to operate.



IGNITER WILL TURN OFF ABOUT 30 SECONDS INTO THE TRIAL FOR IGNITION IF THE PILOT FLAME HAS NOT LIT, IT WILL TURN BACK ON FOR THE FINAL 30 SECONDS OF THE 90 SECOND TRIAL FOR IGNITION. THE PILOT VALVE WILL BE ENERGIZED DURING THE ENTIRE TRIAL FOR IGNITION. THIS IS NORMAL OPERATION FOR THIS GAS IGNITION SYSTEM.

#### Figure 19: Intermittent Ignition System Operating Sequence

#### ELECTRICAL

.



#### Figure 20: Zone Wiring with Zone Valves



Figure 21: Zone Wiring with Circulators

#### START-UP PROCEDURES

## 7. START-UP PROCEDURES

#### A. COMPLETING THE INSTALLATION

- 1 Contirm that all water gas and electricity are turned off
- 2 Inspect the boiler combustion chainber for foreign objects and remove if present
- 3 Check physical condition of burners and pilot Make certain that there are no unusual bends or perforations in the burners or pilot Replace components if necessary
- 4 Verify that water piping venting gas piping and electrical wiring and components are installed properly Refer back to previous sections of these instructions as well as equipment manufacturer's instructions as necessary
- 5 Fill the boiler and system with water making certain to vent all air from all points in the system. To check water level in the system open and close each vent in the system. Water should exit from each vent when it is opened.
- 6 The pressure reducing valve on the fill line will typically allow the system to be filled and pressurized to 12 psi Consult the valve and expansion tank manufacturer for more specific information
- 7 Check joints and fittings throughout the system for leaks If leaks are found drain the system and repair as required

- 8 Connect a manometer to the gas valve on the valve outlet (gas manifold) Use the 1.8 NPT tapping provided
- 9 Confirm that the gas supply pressure to the boiler is above the minimum and below the maximum values for the gas being used. See the end of Section 5 for these values. If a supply pressure check is required isolate the boiler and gas valve before performing the pressure check. If the supply pressure is too high or too low contact the gas supplier.
- 10 Turn on electricity and gas to boiler
- 11 Light the boiler by following the Lighting Operating Instructions label mounted to the jacket panel. The initial ignition may require several tries as the piping is purged of air
- 12 Use the sequence descriptions in Figures 17–18 and 19 in Section 6 (Electrical) to follow light-off and shutdown sequences and to assist in diagnosing problems If the boiler does not function properly consult Section 8, Troubleshooting
- 13 The gas manifold and control assembly are made of gas-tight completely factory assembled and installed components of the base assembly See Figure 22 and 23



Figure 22: Gas Valve, Manifold and Burner Assembly - Standing Pilot (Continuous Ignition)



Figure 23: Gas Valve, Manifold and Burner Assembly - Intermittent Ignition



Figure 24: Valve Tapping and Adjustment Screw Locations

### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

**WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

- A. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do <u>not</u> try to light the pilot by hand.
- B. BEFORE OPERATING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO OF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.

- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to slide the gas control switch. Never use tools. If the switch will not slide by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. STOP! Read the safety information above on this label.
- 2. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- 3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
- 4. This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the pilot. Do not try to light the pilot by hand.



- 5. If the gas valve is not visible, remove control access panel.
- 6. If the gas control switch is not in the "OFF" position, slide the switch to "OFF".
- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above this label. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
- 8. Slide the gas control switch to "ON".
- 9. Replace control access panel, if applicable.
- 10. Turn on all electric power to the appliance.
- 11. Set the thermostat to desired setting.
- 12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

### TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

- 1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
- 3. If the gas valve is not visible, remove the control access panel.
- 4. Slide the gas control switch to "OFF".
- 5. Replace control access panel, if applicable.

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#### Figure 25: Operating Instructions

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life. If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instrucfire department. tions exactly. C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas con-B. BEFORE OPERATING smell around the appliance trol knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor In or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualibecause some gas is heavier than air and will settle fied service technician. Force or attempted repair on the floor. may result in a fire or explosion. WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under Do not try to light any appliance water. Immediately call a qualified service techni- Do not touch any electric switch; cian to inspect the appliance and to replace any part do not use any phone in your building. of the control system and any gas control which Immediately call your gas supplier from a has been under water. neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS 8. Find pilot-follow metal tube 1. STOP! Read the safety information above on this from gas valve. The pilot is label. between two burner tubes. 2. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. 3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance. Pilot Burner 4. If the gas valve is not visible, remove control access 9. Turn the gas control knob counterclockwise 🍋 to panel. "PILOT." 5. If the gas control knob is not in the "OFF" position, turn the knob clockwise 🥂 to "OFF." 10. Push in red reset button all the way and hold in. Immediately light the pilot with a match. Continue to **RED RESET BUTTON Gas Control Knob** hold the reset button in for about one (1) minute (shown in "OFF" after the pilot is lit. Release button and it will pop position) back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat steps 5 through 10. If button does not pop up when released, stop GAS and immediately call your service technician or INLET gas supplier. If the pliot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob to "OFF" and call your service technician or gas supplier. mass.comm 11. Replace pilot access panel, if applicable. 6. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP1 Follow "B" in the safety information 12. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise 🖌 to "ON." above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to the 13. Replace control access panel, if applicable. next step. 7. Remove the pilot access panel, if supplied, located 14. Turn on all electric power to the appliance. below and behind the gas valve directly above burn-15. Set thermostat to desired setting. er tuhes TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE 1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting. 4. Turn the gas control knob clockwise / to "OFF." 2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.

- 3. If the gas valve is not visible, remove control access panel.
- 5. Replace control access panel, if applicable.

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#### **B. CONTROL DESCRIPTIONS**

See Figure 16 in Section 6 (Electrical) for locations of these devices.

- FLAME ROLL-OUT SAFETY SHUT-OFF SWITCH (FLAME ROLL-OUT SWITCH) – A thermally activated switch located between the first burner from the left and the manifold bracket. The flame roll-out safety shut-off switch will sense excessive temperature caused by continued flame roll-out and shut down main burner gas. This is a non-recycling switch that must be replaced once it has been activated and the cause of the roll-out eliminated.
- VENT SAFETY SHUT-OFF SWITCH (SPILL SWITCH) – A thermally activated, manually resetable switch located in the draft hood relief opening. If venting system becomes partially or totally blocked, the vent safety shut-off switch will sense excessive temperature caused by flue products exiting the draft hood relief opening and shut down main burner gas.
- 3. LIMIT (AQUASTAT) A thermally activated, manually adjustable switch located on the left side of the boiler, towards the top and rear. The temperature sensing element is placed in the supply and will shut down main burner gas if the supply water exceeds the preset temperature limit. This is a recycling switch that will automatically reset when the supply water falls below the preset temperature.
- 4. LOW WATER CUT-OFF (FOR GRAVITY SYSTEMS OR HOT WATER BOILERS INSTALLED ABOVE RADIATION LEVEL) – A level-sensing device (float or probe) located in supply piping near the boiler. If water level in the system drops below the control's position, it will shut down main burner gas. The control will automatically reset once the water level rises above its position.

#### C. ADJUSTMENT OF GAS PRESSURE REGULATOR

- 1. Using the manometer setup installed in part 7A, set manifold pressure as follows for various gases.
- To adjust gas pressure, turn adjusting screw of gas pressure regulator counterclockwise to decrease pressure, clockwise to increase pressure. Refer to Figure 24 for location of gas pressure regulator. Replace the cap screw when adjustment is complete.
- 3. In no case should the final manifold pressure vary more than ±0.3 inches water column from the above specified pressures. Any necessary major changes in the flow should be made by changing the size of the burner orifice spuds.
- 4. When adjustment is complete, turn off boiler, gas flow and electricity to boiler. Remove manometer connection from valve and plug tapping with plug provided. Turn utilities back on and resume checkout.

#### **D. ADJUSTMENT OF PILOT GAS FLOW**

To maximize thermocouple life, particularly on natural gas installations with gas supply pressures above 9" W.C., reduce the pilot gas flow.

#### <u>Ν</u> WARNING

Turn off all electric power to the appliance.

Turn Gas Control Knob to "Pilot" position as shown in Figure 26.

- 1. Locate and remove the pilot adjustment cap screw using Figure 24.
- Remove pilot observation port cover on base front panel.
- 3. Turn the pilot adjustment screw clockwise until the pilot flame extinguishes. Then increase the pilot flow just to the point that the gas valve holds in when relighting the pilot per steps 9 and 10 of Lighting Instructions in Figure 26 (turn screw no more than an 1/8 turn).

### A NOTICE

The first few turns of the adjustment screw may not cause any change in the pilot flow. Subsequent partial turns of the adjustment screw may have a great impact on pilot flow.

- 4. Turn on electric power to the appliance.
- 5. Turn Gas Control Knob to "On" position per the Lighting Instructions in Figure 26.
- Verify pilot remains lit after shutdown from a boiler "ON" cycle of at least ten minutes. If pilot extinguishes, follow Lighting Instructions in Figure 26 and again slightly increase pilot flow.
- 7. Make a final slight increase in the size of the pilot to ensure sufficient pilot signal under all operating conditions, just to the point that you observe a slight increase in the size of the flame (no more than an 1/8 turn).
- 8. Replace adjustment cap screw and observation port cover.

#### E. CHECKING BURNER INPUT

- Refer to rating label mounted on the jacket top panel to obtain the rated BTU per hour input. In no case shall the input to the boiler exceed the value shown on the rating label.
- Check input by use of the following formula (Peerless suggests reading meter for 2 Cu.Ft.):

#### BTU/Hr. Input=3600 x F x H

- T 3600 – Seconds per hour
  - F Cubic Feet of Gas Registered on Meter
  - H Heat Value of Gas in BTU/Cubic Feet
  - T Time in Seconds the Meter is Read
- 3. As an alternative, use Table 5. Use the heating value provided by gas supplier. Use a stopwatch to record the time it takes for 2 cubic feet of gas to pass through the meter. Read across and down to determine rate.

## START-UP PROCEDURE

#### Table 5: Meter Conversion – Natural Gas

Burner inputs in Btu/hr for various meter timings and heat values. (Tables based on 2 cubic feet of gas through meter).

Time that meter is	Heat Value of Gas (Btu/cubic foot)		
read (sec)	1000	1025	1050
25	288000	295200	302400
30	240000	246000	252000
35	205714	210857	216000
40	180000	184500	189000
45	160000	164000	168000
50	144000	147600	151200
55	130909	134182	137455
60	120000	123000	126000
65	110769	113538	116308
70	102857	105429	108000
75	96000	98400	100800
80	90000	92250	94500
85	84706	86824	88941
90	80000	82000	84000
95	75789	77684	79579
100	72000	73800	75600
105	68571	70286	72000
110	65455	67091	68727
115	62609	64174	65739
120	60000	61500	63000
125	57600	59040	60480

#### F. CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE

- After starting the boiler, be certain all controls are working properly. Check to be sure that the limit will shut off the boiler in the event of excessive water temperature. This can be done by lowering the limit setting until the main burners shut down. When proper limit function is confirmed, return the dial to its previous setting.
- To check operation of the ignition system safety shut-off features:
  - a. Standing Pilot:
    - Turn the gas control knob counterclockwise to "PILOT". The main burner should go out and the pilot should remain lit.
    - Extinguish the pilot flame. Pilot gas flow should stop within 2-1/2 minutes. Complete shutdown is proven since the safety shut-off valve has stopped main and pilot gas flow.
    - iii) Reset the boiler by following Lighting Instructions.

- iv) Observe boiler operation through one complete cycle.
- b. Intermittent Ignition System:
  - i) Turn gas supply off.
  - ii) Set thermostat or controller above room temperature to call for heat. Watch for igniter glow at pilot burner.
  - iii) Igniter will continue to glow for 30 seconds, de-energize for 30 seconds, then re-energize and glow for another 30 seconds. It will then de-energize for 5 minutes before restarting the sequence.
  - iv) Turn gas supply on.
  - v) Reset the boiler and control by following Operating Instructions.
  - vi) Observe boiler operation through one complete cycle.
- 3. Low Water Cut-Off (if used) Consult the manufacturer's instructions for the low water cut-off operational check procedure.
- 4. Check the system to make sure there are no leaks or overfilling problems which might cause excessive make-up water to be added. Make-up water causes liming in the boiler and brings in oxygen. Oxygen can cause severe damage to the boiler though oxygen corrosion pitting.
- 5. Check the expansion tank and automatic fill valve (if used) to confirm that they are operating correctly. If either of these components causes high pressure in the system, the boiler relief valve will weep or open, allowing fresh water to enter the system.
- 6. Do not allow the system controls to subject the boiler to excessively low water temperatures, which would cause condensation of flue gases and corrosion of the boiler. Operate the boiler at a temperature above 130°F. Adjust the boiler limit as required to maintain boiler temperature above this level.
- 7. Check the general condition of the system including piping support, joints, etc. Check cleanliness of the radiators, baseboard units and/or convectors. Clean them to the extent possible. If radiators do not heat evenly, vent any remaining air from them.
- 8. Review operation and User's Information Manual with end-user.
- 9. Complete the Warranty Card and submit it to Peerless Heater Company.
- 10. Hang the Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual and User's Information Manual in an accessible position near the boiler.

## 8 TROUBLESHOOFING

#### A. SHUT-DOWN CAUSED BY PILOT OUTAGE, BLOCKED VENT SHUT-OFF SWITCH OR FLAME ROLL-OUT SAFETY SHUT-OFF SWITCH

In the event of a shut-down caused by a pilot outage action of the blocked vent shut-ott switch or flame iollout safety shut-off switch effecting a shut-down of the main burners

- a Refer to the Lighting Operating Instructions in Figures 25 and 26 to properly turn off the gas to the boiler
- b Turn off all electric power to the boiler
- Call a qualified heating service organization or local gas company and have the cause of the shut-down investigated and corrected
- d Refer to Lighting'Operating Instructions to re-start boiler

#### **B. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDES**

Use Table 6 to assist in determining causes and providing corrective actions to boiler problems. Refer also to Figure 27 to troubleshoot the Intermittent Ignition System Control. These guides must be used only by qualified service technicians. These individuals must tollow all applicable codes and regulations in repair of any boiler problems.

## A DANGER

When servicing or replacing items that communicate with the boiler water, be certain that:

- There is no pressure on the boiler
- The boiler is not hot.
- The power is off.

When servicing the gas valve or pilot, be certain that:

- The gas is off.
- The electricity is off.

### 🛆 WARNING

Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Improper or dangerous operation may result. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the boiler and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

## A CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

## A CAUTION

Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, do not turn off or disconnect the electrical supply to the pump. This may aggravate the problem and increase the likelihood of boiler damage. Instead, shut off the gas supply at a location external to the appliance.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Table 6: Boiler Troubleshooting Guide

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	<b>CORRECTIVE ACTIONS</b>
Burners not functioning.	1. No power.	1. Check line voltage wiring and fuses.
	2. Limit (aquastat) not working.	<ol> <li>Check wiring and contacts, relay, temperature setting. Clean and adjust as necessary.</li> </ol>
	3. Flame rollout switch open.	3. Replace switch. Locate cause and correct,
	4. Blocked vent switch open.	4. Reset blocked vent switch. Locate cause and correct.
	5. Gas off at boiler gas valve.	<ol> <li>Start boiler using Lighting/Operating Instructions.</li> </ol>
	6. Gas off external to boiler.	6. Check any gas valves in the line.
	7. Plugged orifice spuds.	7. Check, clean and re-install.
	8. Defective gas valve.	<ol> <li>Use Figure 27 to troubleshoot intermittent ignition gas valve. Replace if necessary.</li> </ol>
	9. Improper wiring.	<ol><li>Check and correct in accordance with wiring diagrams in Section 6.</li></ol>
	10. Vent damper malfunctioning.	10. Refer to vent damper manufacturer's instructions. Replace if necessary.
Burners will not shut down.	1. Defective gas valve.	<ol> <li>Use Figure 27 to troubleshoot intermittent ignition gas valve. Replace if necessary.</li> </ol>
	2. Short circuit.	2. Check and correct wiring.
Flashback or burning	1. Manifold gas pressure too low.	1. Adjust to proper pressure.
at orifice spuds.	<ol><li>Improperly sized/drilled orifice spuds.</li></ol>	2. Install correct spuds.
	3. Leaking gas valve.	3. Replace valve.
	4. Burrs on orifice.	4. Remove burrs.
	5. Low supply gas pressure.	<ol><li>Contact gas supplier if natural gas. Adjust regulator if LP gas.</li></ol>
	<ol><li>Excessive downdraft or draft problems in boiler room.</li></ol>	6. Check air supply, ventilation and venting system.
Delayed ignition.	1. Insufficient pilot flame.	1. Increase pilot gas flow.
	2. Pilot burner/orifice clogged.	2. Clean pilot burner and orifice.
	3. Overfiring.	3. Reduce rate to input on rating label.
	4. Misaligned burners or pilot.	4. Realign burners or pilot.
	5. Draft problem in boiler room.	5. Check air supply, ventilation and venting system.
Excessive condensation in	1. Underfiring	1. Increase rate to input on rating label.
vent.	2. Limit (aguastat) set too low	2. Reset aquastat to higher setting
	3. Vent pipe too long.	3. Reposition boiler to reduce length.
	4. Inadequate chimney or venting system.	4. Check chimney and venting recommendations.
Boiler not heating	1. Underfiring.	1. Increase rate to input on rating label.
properly.	2. Limit set too low.	2. Reset aquastat to higher setting.
	3. Air in system.	3. Vent air from all points in system.
	4. Circulator malfunctioning.	4. Check circulator, replace if necessary.
	5. Circulation system clogged.	<ol><li>Shut down and cool boiler, drain and flush system.</li></ol>
<u>.</u>	6. Incorrect thermostat heat anticipator setting.	6. Adjust heat anticipator.
Fumes or gas odors	1. Leaks in gas piping or fittings,	1. Locate and repair or replace.
	2. Leaks in gas service line or meter.	2. Shut down boiler and notify gas provider.
	3. Obstructed chimney.	3. Check, repair and/or clean chimney.
	4. Obstructed flueways or vent.	4. Clean flueways or vent and remove obstructions.
	<ol> <li>Undersized chimney or vent, high draft loss in vent.</li> </ol>	<ol><li>Check National Fuel Gas Code and vent manufacturer's recommendations.</li></ol>
	6. Draft problem in boiler room.	6. Check air supply, ventilation and venting system.
	7. Overfiring.	7. Reduce rate to input on rating label.
	8. Vent damper malfunctioning.	8. Refer to vent damper manufacturer's instructions. Replace if necessary.



Figure 27: Intermittent Ignition System Troubleshooting Sequence

## 9. MAINTENANCE

#### A. GENERAL

- 1 Disconnect this boiler from the gas supply piping during any pressure testing of the gas system
- 2 Check pipes adjacent to cold walls or in unheated spaces Insulate and tape them if necessary to be sure they can't freeze up. Keeping the water moving at all times will reduce the likelihood of freezing. See Section 3 for antifreeze instructions.
- 3 If there is considerable foreign matter in the boiler water the boiler should be shut down and allowed to cool then drained and thoroughly flushed out. Use the drain valve at the bottom of the return connection to drain the boiler. Pipe the drain cock to a suitable drain or containment device if antifreeze is used. Flush the system to remove remaining matter. If there is evidence that hard scale has formed on the internal surfaces, the boiler should be cleaned by chemical means as prescribed by a qualified water treatment specialist.
- 4 There must not be signs of continuous wetness at the chimney If signs of continuous wetness are observed, a qualified service agency must be consulted to modify the vent configuration to prevent the tormation of condensate

#### B. DAILY (WITH BOILER IN USE)

Daily boiler observation can be performed by the owner If any potential problems are found, a qualified installer or service technician/agency must be notified

- 1 Remove any combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable liquids and substances that generate flammable vapors from the area where the boiler is contained Make certain that the boiler area has ample air for combustion and ventilation and that there are no obstructions to the free flow of air to and from the boiler
- 2 Observe general boiler conditions (unusual noises, vibrations, etc.)
- 3 Observe operating temperature and pressure on the combination gauge located on the left side of the boiler. Boiler pressure should never be higher than 5 psi below the rating shown on the safety relief valve (25 psig maximum for a 30 psig rating, 45 psig maximum for a 50 psig rating). The valve rating can be found on the top of the safety relief valve (see Figure 5 for location of the safety relief valve). Boiler temperature should never be higher than 250° F
- 4 Check for water leaks in boiler and system piping

5 Smell around the appliance area for gas It you smell gas, follow the procedure listed in the Lighting Operating Instructions in Section 7

#### C. WEEKLY (WITH BOILER IN USE)

 Flush float-type low-water cut-off (if used) to remove sediment from the float bowl as stated in the manufacturer's instructions

#### D. MONTHLY (WITH BOILER IN USE)

- 1 Check boiler room floor drains for proper functioning
- 2 Check function of the safety relief valve (monthly unless specified otherwise by manufacturer) by performing the following test
  - a Check valve piping to determine that it is properly installed and supported
  - b Check boiler operating temperature and pressure
  - c Lift the try lever on the safety relief valve to the full open position and hold it for at least five seconds or until clean water is discharged
  - d Release the try lever and allow the valve to close If the valve leaks, operate the lever two or three times to clear the valve seat of foreign matter. It may take some time to determine it the valve has shut completely
  - e If the valve continues to leak, it must be replaced before the boiler is returned to operation
  - f Check that operating pressure and temperature have returned to normal
  - g Check again to confirm that valve has closed completely and is not leaking
- 3 Test low-water cut-off (if used) as described by the manufacturer
- 4 Test limit as described in Section 7F, "Check-Out Procedure "
- 5 Test function of gas safety shut-off features as described by gas valve and ignition control manufacturer
- 6 Cycle the boiler at least once and check operation of the vent damper

#### MAINTENANCE

#### E. ANNUALLY (BEFORE START OF HEATING SEASON)

### \Lambda DANGER

When servicing or replacing components, be absolutely certain that the following conditions are met:

- Water, gas and electricity are off.
- The boiler is at room temperature.
- There is no pressure in the boiler.
- Check flueways and burners for cleanliness and clean if necessary. Use the following procedure if cleaning is required:
  - a. Refer to the Lighting/Operating Instructions in Figures 25 and 26 to properly turn off the gas to the boiler.
  - b. Turn off all electrical power to the boiler.
  - c. Remove burners and brush gas outlet ports lightly using a soft bristle brush.
  - d. Remove the vent pipe, vent damper, top jacket panels and flue collector/draft diverter. Remove baffles on MIH models.
  - e. Brush flueways with wire brush.
  - f. To the extent possible, inspect inside of vent pipe and vent damper for obstructions in flow or vent damper movement. Remove or replace as necessary.
  - g. Re-install baffles on MIH models. When replacing the flue collector/draft hood, be certain that the blanket seal between the flue collector and top section makes a tight seal to prevent leakage of the products of combustion.
  - h. Re-install the top of the jacket, vent damper and vent pipe.
  - i. Re-install burners.
- 2. Inspect entire venting system for corrosion, support and joint integrity. Repair as necessary.
- 3. Check the pilot and main burner flame. See Figures 28 and 29. The pilot should provide a steady flame enveloping 3/8" to 1/2" of the flame sensor. If required, adjust the pilot as stated in the gas valve manufacturer's instructions. The main burner flame inner cone should be approximately 1-1/2" high and should have a very sharp, blue color characteristic.



Figure 28: Standing Pilot and Main Burner Flame





# **10. BOILER DIMENSIONS & RATINGS**



#### **Figure 30: Boiler Views**

#### Table 7: Series MI/MIH Boiler Dimensions

	SERIES MI/MIH BOILER DIMENSIONS										
Boiler		Jacket		Left of Jacket	Rear of Jacket	Vent Connector					
Model Number	Width A"	Depth B'	Top to Floor C	to c.1 ot Vent D	to c 1 of Vent E''	Size F					
MLMIH-03	121 2"	20' <i>*</i> ″	31 <sup>3</sup> *″	6 <sup>1</sup> 1″	2013 16"	5					
	15 <sup>-</sup> s"	" • 26 <sup>5</sup>	3135"	7 <sup>11</sup> ie	2013,17	51					
MI/MIH-05	<u>19</u> 1₄″	2655″	3135"	95 ×	2113 16"	6″					
MI/MIH-06	225/8″	26⁵ s″	31 <sup>3</sup> 's"	115'16″	21 <sup>13</sup> '16"	6"					
MI-07	26″	265,8"	31 <sup>3</sup> s"	13″	21 <sup>13</sup> ,16 <sup>‴</sup>	7″					
MI-08	293/8″	29 <sup>5</sup> '8″	31 <sup>3</sup> ,8″	1411 16″	235/16″	8″					
MI-09	32∛₄″	29%"	31 31	16³ s"	245,16″	8″					

#### Table 8: Series MI/MIH Boiler Ratings

:	SERIES MI/MIH BOILER RATINGS											
Boiler A G A Model Input Number MBH		D( Hea Cap ME	DOE N Heating Capacity MBH <sup>3</sup>		=B=R ings ater H <sup>1 2</sup>	Std w <sup>,</sup> Da Seas Effic	Pilot Interm Ign mper w/Damper onal Seasonal ency Efficiency JE) <sup>3</sup> (AFUE) <sup>3</sup>		n Ign Imper sonal Iency UE) <sup>3</sup>	Water Content		
Mi	MIH	MI	MIH	MI	MIH	Mi	MIH	MI	MIH	Μί	MIH	(Gal )
MI-03	MIH-03	70	65	58	54	50	47	80 2	N/A	82 2	83 2	4 72
MI-04	MIH-04	105	97 5	86	81	75	70	80 2	N/A	82 1	83 1	6 00
MI-05	MIH-05	140	130	115	108	100	94	80 2	N/A	82 0	83 0	7 28
MI-06	MIH-06	175	162 5	143	135	124	117	80 3	N/A	82 0	83 0	8 56
MI-07	N/A	195	N/A	160	N/A	139	<sup>+</sup> N/A	80 5	N/A	82 0	N,A	9 84
MI-08	N/A	227 5	N/A	186	N'A	162	N/A	80 3	N/A	82.0	N'A	11 12
MI-09	N'A	260	N/A	211	N/A	183	NA	80 1	N/A	82 0	N/A	12 40

1 Net I=B=R water ratings based on an allowance of 1 15

2 Consult factory before selecting a boiler for installations having unusual piping and pickup requirements such as intermittent system operation extensive piping systems etc

3 Heating Capacity and Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency (AFUE) ratings are based on U.S. Government test

MIH Models Available as Natural Gas with Intermittent Ignition Only

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## **11. REPAIR PARTS**

## REPAIR PARTS SERIES MI/MIH GAS BOILER

Repair parts are available from your installer or by contacting Peerless Heater Company, Boyertown, PA 19512-1021. Use the figures and tables on pages 32-41 to assist in ordering parts.

Note Remember to include boiler model number and serial number when ordering parts



#### Figure 31: Base/Combustible Floor Pan

Table 9: Base/Combustible Floor Pan

Item No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI/MIH -03	MI/MIH -04	MI/MIH -05	MI/MIH -06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
1	Base Assembly		91518	91883	91897	91909	93561	93573	51036
2	Observation Cover Door		51771	51771	51771	51771	51771	51771	51771
3	Base Blanket Seal	Specify length	50867	50867	50867	50867	50867	50867	50867
4	Combustible Floor Pan Assembly		90700	90701	90702	90703	90704	90705	90706



#### Figure 32: Manifold

Figure 33: Gas Valve and Pilot – Standing Pilot (Continuous Ignition)

### Table 10: Manifold/Gas Train (MI - Standing Pilot)

ltem No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI-03	MI-04	MI-05	MI-06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
5	Steel Burner	Specify quantity	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537
6	Steel Burner w/ Pilot Clip	1 per boiler	51263	51263	51263	51263	51263	51263	51263
7	Gas Manifold	······································	50978	50979	50980	50981	50954	50955	50956
8	Orifice Spud, #48	Natural Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)*	50894	50894	50894	50894			
	Orifice Spud, #49	Natural Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)*	-	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	i	50895	50895	50895
	Orifice Spud, #56	LP Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)	50899	50899	50899	50899		+ = ·	
	Orifice Spud, #57	LP Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)	:	• ·	1		50900	50900	50900
9	Honeywell VR8200A2116 Gas Valve	Nat. Gas	50581	50581	50581				
	Honeywell VR8200C6040 Gas Valve	LP Gas	50221	50221	50221	T		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Honeywell VR8300A4003 Gas Valve	Nat. Gas	•		1	50587	50587	50587	50587
	Honeywell VR8300C4035 Gas Valve	LP Gas				91333	91333	91333	91333
10	Honeywell Q314A3505 Pilot	Nat. Gas	51688	51688	51688	51688	51688	51688	51688
	Honeywell Q314A3703 Pilot	LP Gas	50555	50555	50555	50555	50555	50555	50555
11	Honeywell Q309A2119-24" Thm.		51318	51318	51318	51318	51318	51318	51318

\*For elevations over 2,000 feet above sea level contact Peerless Heater Company.



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Figure 34: Gas Valve and Pilot – Intermittent Ignition

Table 11:	Manifold/Gas	Train (MI -	Intermittent	Ignition)
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ltem No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI-03	MI-04	MI-05	MI-06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
5	Steel Burner	Specify quantity	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537	51537
6	Steel Burner w/ Pilot Clip	1 per boiler	51539	51539	51539	51539	51539	51539	51539
7	Gas Manifold		50978	50979	50980	50981	50954	50955	50956
8	Orifice Spud, #48	Natural Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)*	50894	50894	50894	50894			
	Orifice Spud, #49	Natural Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)*	-			1 - -	50895	50895	50895
	Orifice Spud, #56	LP Gas. 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)	50899	50899	50899	50899	••••••••		
	Orifice Spud, #57	LP Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)				:	50900	50900	50900
9	Honeywell SV9501M2700 Gas Valve	Natural Gas	51682	51682	51682				
	Honeywell SV9501M2064 Gas Valve	LP Gas	51691	51691	51691			1	
	Honeywell SV9601M4167 Gas Valve	Natural Gas				51683	51683	51683	51683
	Honeywell SV9601M4225 Gas Valve	LP Gas				51692	51692	51692	51692
10	Honeywell Q3480B1025 Pilot	Natural Gas	51684	51684	51684	51684	51684	51684	51684
	Honeywell Q3480B1033 Pilot	LP Gas	51685	51685	51685	51685	51685	51685	51685

\*For elevations over 2,000 feet above sea level contact Peerless Heater Company.

#### Table 12: Manifold/Gas Train (MIH - Intermittent Ignition)

ltem No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI-03	MI-04	MI-05	MI-06
5	Steel Burner	Specify quantity	51537	51537	51537	51537
6	Steel Burner w/ Pilot Clip	1 per boiler	51539	51539	51539	51539
7	Gas Manifold	•	50978	50979	50980	50981
8	Orifice Spud, #49	Natural Gas, 0-2000 ft. elevation (specify qty)*	50895	50895	50895	50895
9	Honeywell SV9501M2700 Gas Valve	Natural Gas	51682	51682	51682	
	Honeywell SV9601M4167 Gas Valve	Natural Gas		:		51683
10	Honeywell Q3480B1025 Pilot	Natural Gas	51684	51684	51684	51684

\*For elevations over 2,000 feet above sea level contact Peerless Heater Company.



Figure 35: Block/Draft Hood

#### Table 13A: Block/Draft Hood

Item No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI/MIH -03	MI/MIH -04	MI/MIH -05	MI/MIH -06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
12	Block Assembly		91279	91280	91281	91282	91283	91284	91285
13	Flue Collector/Draft Hood		·		90512	90513	90514	90515	90516
	Flue Collector/Draft Hood		90510	90511					
14	Flue Collector Blanket Seal	Specify length	50866	50866	50866	50866	50866	50866	50866

#### Table 13B: Flue Baffles for MIH Only

ltem No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MIH- 03	MIH- 04	MIH- 05	MIH- 06
15	Flue Baffle - 4"	1 per flue (specify qty)	51583	51583	51583	
	Flue Baffle - 8"	1 per flue (specify qty)				51584



#### Figure 36: Jacket

#### Table 14: Jacket

ltem No.	Description	Part Selection Information	MI/MIH -03	MI/MIH -04	MI/MIH -05	MI/MIH -06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
16	Jacket Assembly	Complete jacket* with insulation and screws	90445	90446	90447	90448	90449	90450	90451
	*Complete Jacket Consists of:								
16A	Left Side Panel	:		:					
16B	Right Side Panel								
16C	Rear Panel								
16D	Top Panel								
16E	Inner Front Panel								
16F	Baffle Panel								
16G	Removable Front Panel								
16H	Upper Front Panel								

## **REPAIR PARTS**



Figure 37: Controls/Circulator/Vent Damper

Table 15: Controls/Circulator/Vent Damper

ltem No.	Description	MI/MIH -03	MI/MIH -04	MI/MIH -05	MI/MIH -06	MI-07	MI-08	MI-09
17	Circulator w/ Flanges. Gaskets and Hardware*	50736	50736	50736	50736	50736	50736	50735
18	1¼" x 2½" Nipple*	99236	99236	99236	99236	99236	99236	99236
19	1¼″ Tee*	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
20	1¼″ x 4″ Nipple*	99967	99967	99967	99967	99967	99967	99967
21	1¼″ x ¾″ Bushing*	1539	1539	1539	1539	1539	1539	1539
22	¾" Drain Valve*	50517	50517	50517	50517	50517	50517	50517
23	Honeywell L8148E1182 Limit w/ ¾" Well*	51689	51689	51689	51689	51689	51689	51689
24	Temperature-Pressure Gauge	51774	51774	51774	51774	51774	51774	51774
25	Safety Relief Valve, 30 psi*, Conbraco 10-408-05	50501	50501	50501	50501	50501	50501	50501
	Safety Relief Valve, 50 psi*, Watts #350	99950	99950	99950	99950	99950	99950	99950
26	Flame Roll-Out Safety Shut-Off Switch	51587	51587	51587	51587	51587	51587	51587
27	Blocked Vent Shut-Off (Spill) Switch	51590	51590	51590	51590	51590	51590	51590
28	Vent Damper	90608	90608	90609	90609	90610	90611	90611
	*Available from distributor							

# **Series MI/MIH**

## Gas Boilers

## Installation, Operation & Maintenance Manual

#### TO THE INSTALLER:

This manual is the property of the owner and must be affixed near the boiler for future reference.

#### TO THE OWNER:

This boiler should be inspected annually by a Qualified Service Agency.





ASME



HI Division of gama



**CAST IRON BOILERS** 

### PEERLESS HEATER COMPANY

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