Run Tank Stand User Manual

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1 Scope

This document does not provide the engineering analysis behind the design, but instead just provides some insight into how to use the thing. If you are interested in a somewhat outdated analysis, search on the drive for my work term report that I wrote on the subject.

This document *does* discuss the water jacket and load cell.

2 Consumables/Replaceables Quick Reference Guide

- 1. O Rings are -360 and -366 size. You need at least one of each.
- 2. All bolts that touch the vertical columns (except the bottom four) are 1/4-20, and should be 1 long. Slightly longer or shorter is fine, but 1" is recommended. For your sanity they should be fully threaded. By my count around 50 are required. Accordingly, about 100 washers and 50 nuts are needed.
- 3. The bolts connecting the base plate to the legs are 3/8-16. They need to be at least 2 inches long, plus or minus 0.25 (longer is ok, but becomes progressively more annoying). The partially threaded 2" bolts with 1" threaded are good for this.
- 4. The bolts connecting the columns to the base plate are also 3/8-16. They should be about 1.5 inches long.
- 5. Screws for the feet are #10-24, and at least 2" long

Item Name	Item Description	Suggested	Quantity
	_	Source	
Columns	1.5"x1.5"x1/8" steel angle, 7.5	E3	4
	feet in length		
Top plate	1'x1'x1/8" steel plate	E3	1
Base plate	13"x24"x1/4" steel plate	E3	1
Legs	1"x1"x1/8" square tube	E3	2
Column support	1.5"x1.5"x1/8" steel angle, 1.5 "	E3	4
brackets	long		
Column	12"x3"x1/8" steel plate	E3	8
stiffening plates			
Top plate	1.5"x1.5"x1/8" steel angle, 1.25 "	E3	4
brackets	long		
Feet	Rubber bumper with unthreaded	McMaster-Carr ¹	4
	hole		
Shield panels	12"x48"x1/4" polycarbonate	E3	4
	sheet		

3 Full Bill of Materials

¹https://www.mcmaster.com/#9540k793/=1as9gh9

Feet fasteners	$\#10-24, \min 2"$ long, with	E5	4
	washers and nuts		
Leg fasteners	3/8-16, min 2" long, with washers	Wherever	4
	and nuts		
All other	1/4-20, ideally 1" (1.5" ok), with	Wherever	50(100)
fasteners	washers and nuts		washers)
Water jacket	Machined aluminum cap to seal	Make it	1
sealing cap	between the water jacket shell	ourselves	
	and the run tank		
Water jacket	6" OD/ 7.75" ID polycarbonate	McMaster-Carr ²	1
shell	tube, 36" length		
Water jacket	3D printed custom shape	3D Print centre	1
inlet adapter		or WatIMake	
Water jacket	3D printed custom shape	3D Print centre	1
outlet adapter		or WatIMake	
O Ring - shell	-366	McMaster-Carr ³	1
side			
O Ring - tank	-360	McMaster-Carr ⁴	1
side			
Hose clamps	8" ones for the adapters around	Home Depot,	4 large, 2
	the jacket, and minimum 1.5"	McMaster-Carr ⁵	small
	ones for the hose-to-adapter		
	connection		

Some items are not mentioned in the table, such as the entire run tank assembly (for obvious reasons), the inlet and outlet hoses (mostly because I don't have those dimensions on hand and you can easily replace them with pretty much anything as long as it's flexible enough and has the same size), and the load cell with associated material (it's pretty self-explanatory, just hang it by a threaded rod using nuts and stuff).

4 Assembly Reference

4.1 Stand Assembly

As much as possible, the stand should be left in an assembled or mostly assembled state. There's a lot of stuff to align so it's best if it's not moved around too much. The order of assembly for the stand is roughly detailed:

1. setup all the columns with shields and stiffener plates on 3/4 sides (try to datum the bottom off of a flat surface while doing so). These should go on the inside of the columns

²https://www.mcmaster.com/#8585k59/=1aswn3e

³https://www.mcmaster.com/#9452k391/=1asx6f4

⁴https://www.mcmaster.com/#9452k516/=1as82k7

⁵https://www.mcmaster.com/#5011t43/=1atedgj

- 2. Attach the feet to the legs
- 3. Attach the legs to the base plate
- 4. Attach the columns to the base plate using the brackets. Fiddle with it until it stands up straight and the columns are all touching the base plate instead of being held up by other columns and/or the bracket.
- 5. Attach the top plate brackets to the columns. Fiddle with positioning until the top surface of all the top plate brackets are at the same elevation and nicely flat. Make sure that the brackets are attached to the outside of the columns, folding over and inwards (to fold over the columns, so to speak)
- 6. Attach the top plate to the brackets, on top.
- 7. Hang the load cell, checking for:
 - Proper engagement length into the load cell, so it doesn't accidentally fall off the threaded rod
 - Double nut and double washer hanging the threaded rod from the top plate
 - A nice amount of extra threaded rod length sticking out the top (probably at least 2")
 - Some method of preventing load cell from unthreading itself (a nut tightened against it is good, threadlocker is also good)
 - Proper tank height so that the blast shields are effective
- 8. After the tank is hung with all the hose attachments done, affix the last blast shield panel. This panel can go on the outside with only the 4 corner connections. This side needs to face away from the viewing area.

4.2 Water Jacket Assembly

- 1. Of special note is that the water jacket (at least the sealing cap) needs to be assembled alongside the oxidizer tank, as it's held in place by the bolt circles.
- 2. Put O rings into the sealing cap
- 3. Affix inlet and outlet adapters (don't forget to apply gasket and/or other sealing strategies)
- 4. Slide the sealing cap onto the bottom end of the oxidizer tank. Check for ripped O-Rings
- 5. Assemble the remainder of the oxidizer tank.
- 6. Slide the jacket shell on from the top end of oxidizer tank (keeping the inlet on the **bottom**.
- 7. Use some duct tape to hold the sealing caps onto the water jacket shell.

- 8. The top of the water jacket can be held concentric with the tank by using shims/wedges.
- 9. After the rest of the tank is assembled, and the whole thing is brought outside and is ready to be hooked onto the load cell, attach the hoses to the inlet and outlet adapters. Be aware of where the hoses route. The open side of the tank stand (final panel) must face away from the spectator area. Therefore the hoses should already be routed through the gap at the bottom of the tank stand.
 - Note that the hoses definitely require nicely tightened hose clamps and probably some sort of sealing (gasket tape or something like that).
- 10. Run a flow test to make sure that water is flowing well. If anything starts spinning (especially the load cell), that is bad news bears and you should rectify the situation immediately.