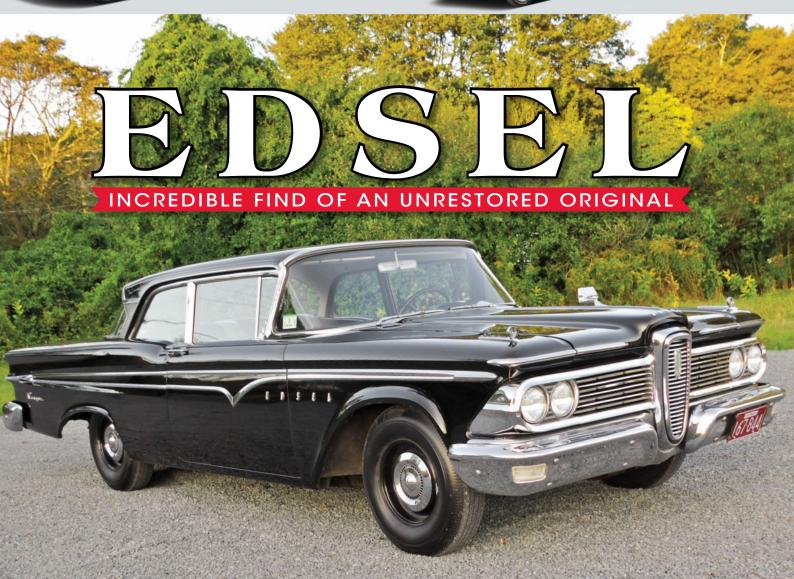




FACTORY-ORIGINAL 1967 PONTIAC LE MANS



LI'L RED EXPRESS DODGE'S FUN PICKUP



RESTORATION OF A ONE-OWNER 1968 DODGE CORONET



PLUS

1929 PIERCE-ARROW 1942 PLYMOUTHS 1956 STUDEBAKER



HISTORY OF SOAP BOX DERBY

LET'S DO THIS



We'll supply you with the largest and most comprehensive selection of premium quality restoration parts.











Silvertown Radial · Perfect For Restored Classics!



Silvertown Bias Ply ·Authentic Styling for Classics



O.E. GM/Ford Primer Or Chrome



Excelsior Stahl Sport Radial · Many Sizes for Pre-War Cars



Coker Classic Radial ·World's First Modern Radial Construction Wide Whitewall



Model A Wire Wheels · Primer Or Powder Coat



Bias-Look Radial ·9 sizes, Whitewall or Blackwall



Firestone Bias Ply ·Authentic Fitment and Styling Wide Range of Sizes



Thunderbird Wire Wheel Fits 1955-1968 Thunderbird

YOUR CAR IS YOUR LEGACY.

Refine it with authentic tires and wheels, and get unmatched customer service when you buy direct from Coker Tire. Online or by phone, we provide the right tires and wheels for the greatest collector vehicles in the world!



As always, **FREE** mount, balance and nitrogen inflation wih purchace of a full tire and wheel set. Over \$100 value!

SPEAK TO A TIRE & WHEEL EXPERT

SHOP ALL OF OUR BRANDS

B66-922-0394 COKERTIRE.COM



1969 FORD MUSTANG 428 CJ-R FASTBACK RACE CAR

This was on the West Coast drag racing circuit under Chuck Foulger, the former Ford Racing director. Mighty 428/335hp CJ Ram Air engine and automatic transmission. Includes Marti Report and original Build Sheet. *No Reserve*



1966 CHEVROLET BISCAYNE RACE CAR

Documented L72 427/425hp with 4-speed manual transmission. Included is the original dealer invoice and period racing photos. ACAA National Award and Race Car Certified. *No Reserve*



1965 PONTIAC GTO

Restored to PHS paperwork: 389/360hp Tri-Power engine, 4-speed manual transmission, 3.90 posi-traction rear, metallic brakes, red line tires. 2016 GTO Nationals Gold Award, 2016 MCAAN Gold Award. Judging sheets, restoration history and photos included. *No Reserve*



1964 PONTIAC GTO

Black on black. 389/348hp Tri-Power engine with a 4-speed manual transmission, Safe-T-Track rear, heavy-duty brakes and radiator. Original sheet metal, interior, drivetrain. *No Reserve*



1965 SHELBY GT350 FASTBACK

Early-production Shelby GT350, #199 of 562. Original Shelby-modified 289/306hp engine with 4-speed manual transmission. In Shelby American World Registry; original delivery documentation to Tasca Ford. SAAC has verified the VIN and Shelby numbers match. *No Reserve*



1966 SHELBY GT350 PROTOTYPE #001

Historic pre-production prototype, the very first 1966 Shelby GT350 built. Equipped with matching-numbers high-performance 289ci V8 engine and T10 4-speed manual transmission. Documented in the SAAC Shelby American World Registry.



THE WORLD'S GREATEST COLLECTOR CAR AUCTIONS®

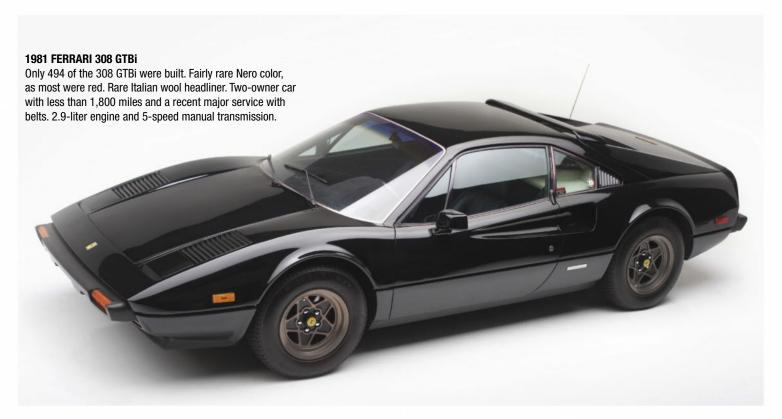
FOR THE COMPLETE DOCKET AND BIDDER REGISTRATION, VISIT BARRETT-JACKSON.COM



THE WORLD'S GREATEST COLLECTOR CAR AUCTIONS®

CONSIGNMENTS INVITED | JANUARY 13-21 | SCOTTSDALE | 480.421.6694

Contact an automotive specialist at 480.421.6694 or Consignments@Barrett-Jackson.com





1969 CHEVROLET CAMARO ZL1

Number 59 of the 69 COPO 9560 high-performance 1969 Camaros built. The only ZL1 ordered with NC8 chambered exhaust. Factory all-aluminum 427ci engine with very rare M22 4-speed manual transmission with documentation.



1971 PLYMOUTH HEMI 'CUDA

The last known HEMI 'Cuda built. Original engine, 4-speed manual transmission, Sure-Grip differential, interior and body panels. Total rotisserie restoration. 23,772 original miles (mileage not indicated on title).

Experience the Barrett-Jackson Auctions live exclusively on Discovery Channel, Velocity and around the world on Discovery Networks International.







FEATURES

22 | driveReport: 1959 Edsel Ranger

30 | Edsels That Never Were

34 | 1929 Pierce-Arrow Model 133 Sedan

46 Bay State Corvair Show

50 **1956** Studebaker Commander Station Wagon

54 Driveable Dream: 1967 Pontiac Le Mans

History of
Automotive Design:
Americans Abroad

68 **Event Profile:** Soap Box Derby

72 Restoration Profile: 1968 Dodge Coronet









DEPARTMENTS

- 10 NEWS REPORTS
- 2 LOST & FOUND
- 14 AUCTION NEWS
- 16 ART & AUTOMOBILIA
- **20 AUTOMOTIVE PIONEERS**
- 41 **RECAPS LETTERS**
- 78 **DISPATCHES** FROM DETROIT
- **80 DETROIT UNDERDOGS**
- 82 I WAS THERE
- REARVIEW MIRROR
- 86 **REMINISCING**
- 95 ODDIES BUT GOODIES

COLUMNISTS

- 08 RICHARD LENTINELLO
- 40 **PAT FOSTER**
- 42 DAVID SCHULTZ
- 44 MATTHEW LITWIN
- 96 JIM RICHARDSON

CLASSIC TRUCKS

88 CLASSIC TRUCK PROFILE: 1978-'79 DODGE LI'L RED EXPRESS

THE WORLD'S LARGEST COLLECTOR CAR AUCTION KISSIMMEE

OSCEOLA HERITAGE PARK · KISSIMMEE, FL

JANUARY 5-14, 2018 · 3,000 VEHICLES

#WhereTheCarsAre



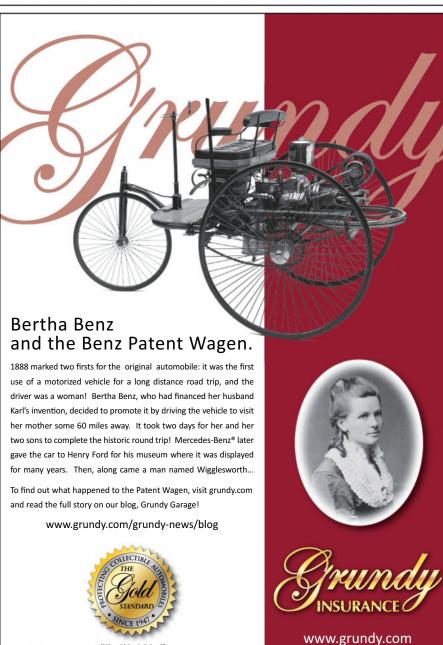


CONSIGN OR REGISTER TO BID

For Complete Auction Consignment or Bidding Information go to Mecum.com or call 262-275-5050







PUBLISHER Jim Menneto, President

EDITORIAL

Terry McGean, Editor-in-Chief Richard Lentinello, Executive Editor J. Daniel Beaudry, Managing Editor; Interactive Editor Catherine Gee Graney, Managing Editor Thomas A. DeMauro, Senior Editor Matthew Litwin, Senior Editor Mark J. McCourt, Senior Editor Kurt Ernst, Editor, *Hemmings Daily* Mike McNessor, Editor, *Hemmings Motor News* Daniel Strohl, Web Editor David Conwill, Associate Editor Jeff Koch, West Coast Associate Editor Terry Shea, Associate Editor Edward Heys, Design Editor Judi Dell'Anno, Graphic Designer Joshua Skibbee, Graphic Designer

Jim O'Clair, Columnist/Parts Locator Tom Comerro, Editorial Assistant CONTRIBUTORS

Patrick Foster, Walt Gosden, Jim Richardson, David Schultz, Milton Stern, Russell von Sauers

ADVERTISING

Jeff Yager, Director of Advertising Tim Redden, Internet Sales Manager

Randy Zussman, Senior Account Executive Stephanie Sigot, Ad Sales Coordinator Account Executives: James Hurley, Tim McCart, Lesley McFadden, Heather Naslund, Mark Nesbit, Collins Sennett, Bonnie Stratton

Dan Stoner, Marketing Director CIRCULATION

Scott Smith, Circulation Director

Kathy Ryder, Circulation Manager Kaitlyn Beddie, Sandy Beddie, Bev Breese, Peter Church, Dorothy

Coolidge, Donna Goodhue, Amy Hansen, Merri Mattison, Jamie Mac Jarrett Alging Seddon Amy Surdam CLASSIFIED SALES/GRAPHIC SERVICES

Jennifer Sandquist, Director Jeanne Bourn, Classified Manager Carol Wigger, Graphic Services Manager Mary Pat Glover, Graphic Services Coordinator Jennifer Bono, Allen Boulet, Raina Burgess, Tammy Bredbenner,

Mary Brott, Samantha Corey, Nicole Deuel, Christopher Drayton, Karen Gaboury, Carrie Houlihan, Adelaide Jaquith, Harlan Kip, Abby Shapiro, Missy Telford

INFORMATION SERVICES **Gregory Hunter, IS Director** Robin Burdae, Jeremy Meerwarth HEMMINGS DIGITAL

Steve Berry, General Manager May King, Web Developer

ADMINISTRATION
Mari Parizo, Business Manager essica Campbell, Freda Waterman

FACILITIES Steve Adams, Brad Babson, Paul Bissonette, Joe Masia

CAR SHOW REPRESENTATIVE Jeff Chao, Rob Ware

HEMMINGS CLASSIC CAR ISSN# 1550-8730 • www.hemmings.com Published monthly by Hemmings Motor News 222 Main St., Bennington, VT 05201

Call: Fax: 800-227-4373 ext. 79550 or 802-442-3101 ext. 79550 802-447-9631

222 Main St., Bennington, VT 05201 P.O. Box 196, Bennington, VT 05201 hmnsubs@hemmings.com Mail: Email: www.hemmings.com Online

Subscription rates in U.S. and Possessions 12 issues for \$18.95, Canada \$30.95 (price includes surface mail and GST tax). All other countries \$32.95 in U.S. funds. Occasionally, we make our subscriber list available to carefully screened companies that offer products and services that we believe would interest our readers. If you do not want to receive these offers and/or information, please advise us at P.O. Box 76, Bennington, VT 05201, or call 800-227-4373.

TO ADVERTISE: 800-227-4373 ext. 79630 or 802-442-3101 ext. 79630 Call:

adsales@hemmings.com Email

Online: www.hemmings.com
Periodicals Postage Paid at Bennington, Vermont,

and additional mailing offices.

POSTMASTER: Send address changes to Hemmings Classic Car, P.O. Box 196, Bennington, VT 05201 American City Business Journals, Inc., 120 West Morehead St., Charlotte, NC 28202

Ray Shaw, Chairman (1989-2009) Whitney Shaw, CEO



Whether insuring a priceless historic vehicle or a weekend cruiser. no one knows more about insuring collector cars than Grundy!

888-647-8639

"The Olde Original

Bigget on's

"My friends all hate their cell phones... I love mine!" Here's why.

Say good-bye to everything you hate about cell phones. Say hello to the Jitterbug Flip.

"Cell phones have gotten so small, I can barely dial mine." Not the Jitterbug® Flip. It features a large keypad for easier dialing. It even has a larger display and a powerful, hearing aid compatible speaker, so it's easy to see and conversations are clear.

"I had to get my son to program it." Your Jitterbug Flip setup process is simple. We'll even program it with your favorite numbers.

"What if I don't remember a number?" Friendly, helpful Personal Operators are available 24 hours a day and will even greet you by name when you call.

"I'd like a cell phone to use in an emergency." Now you can turn your phone into a personal safety device with 5Star® Service. In any uncertain or unsafe situation, simply press the 5Star button to speak immediately with a highly-trained Urgent Response Agent who will confirm your location, evaluate your situation and get you the help you need, 24/7.

"My cell phone company wants to lock me in a two-year contract!" Not with the Jitterbug Flip. There are no contracts to sign and no cancellation fees.

Monthly Plan	\$14.99/mo ¹	\$19.99/mo ¹
Monthly Minutes	200	600
Personal Operator Assistance	24/7	24/7
Long Distance Calls	No add'l charge	No add'l charge
Voice Dial	FREE	FREE
Nationwide Coverage	YES	YES
30-Day Return Policy ²	YES	YES

More minute plans and Health & Safety Packages available.

Ask your litterbug expert for details.

"My phone's battery only lasts a short time." Unlike most cell phones that need to be recharged every day, the Jitterbug Flip was designed with a long-lasting battery, so you won't have to worry about running out of power.

"Many phones have features that are rarely needed and hard to use!"

The Jitterbug Flip contains easy-to-use features that are meaningful to you. A built-in camera makes it easy and fun for you to capture and share your favorite memories. And a flashlight with a built-in magnifier helps you see in dimly lit areas. The Jitterbug Flip has all the features you need.

Enough talk. Isn't it time you found out more about the cell phone that's changing all the rules? Call now! Jitterbug product experts are standing by.

Spkr onloff

YES NO

1 2 3
1 2 3
1 2 3
1 4 5 6 4 2:45P
2 8 9 2:45P
2 POR'S TUV MIN'Y 2

TO #

TO #

To Available in

Red and Graphite.

Order now and receive a FREE Car Charger – a \$25 value

for your litterbug Flip. Call now!







Call toll-free to get your

Jitterbug Flip Cell Phone Please mention promotional code 105097.

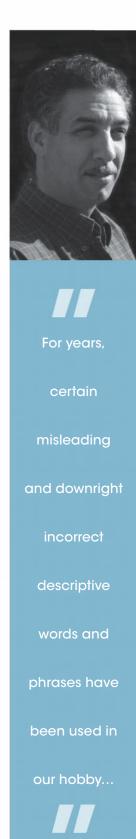
I-877-537-7495 www.litterbugDirect.com

We proudly accept the following credit cards:



17669

richardlentinello



EDITOR'S NOTE: This column originally ran in HCC #120, but as its subject continues to be as relevant as ever, it is being reprinted here.

Confused Definitions

s old-car and truck collectors, sometimes our enthusiasm clouds our vision, and we see things better than they really are. This unintentional misconception of reality can make its way into our automotive conversations and-when it comes time to part with one of our beloved vehicles-into the classified ads we write to sell them. For years, certain misleading and downright incorrect descriptive words and phrases have been used in our hobby, which, like fables, are quickly adopted by new folks because they just don't know any better. So, let's set some things straight.

"It's an "antique" if it's 25 years old...."

This is perhaps the biggest falsehood of all time. Just because many car clubs, such as the AACA, state that a car has to be 25 years old to qualify for admission, that doesn't mean that something is an authentic "antique," or "classic" for that matter. There are many different classifications, depending on the year, make, and model of the car. The general consensus is that cars of the early postwar era can be referred to as "classics," but usually anything built from the mid-'70s onward is simply called a "collector car." Therefore, all desirable old cars are collector cars; however, not all collector cars are classics or antiques.

"Mint condition..."

The only thing that can be labeled "mint" is an uncirculated coin that has never been touched. Even cars that had just rolled off the assembly line were not mint as they had handprints all over them. So let's toss this overused, mislabeled term aside and replace it with something more appropriate and more truthful; how's "excellent showroom condition" sound?

"One owner..."

Whether your name is on the title or not, if you're the person selling the car and you did not buy the car when it was brand new, then it's not a one-owner car. Not that this really matters to many people, because it doesn't, but we need to state the facts as they are. It's not good to mislead a potential buyer into thinking otherwise.

"100-percent original! New paint and interior!"

Any major item that has been replaced or refinished renders a car non-original. The car may be restored or rebuilt to original specifications, but it's not original. Authentic original cars still wear the same paint the factory applied when it was first built, and upholstery, drivetrain, and everything else, too. As soon as a car is repainted, or its interior or engine replaced, it's no longer original.

"Convertibles are worth more."

In most cases, this may be true, because as the saying goes: "When the top goes down, the price goes up." However, not everyone in the market for a collector car wants a convertible. Many enthusiasts prefer the security and comfort of a fixed roof. For those who enjoy spirited driving on curvy roads, fixed-roof cars handle far better because their chassis don't flex as much as convertible bodies do.

"New paint makes a car more saleable."

Sometimes cars are painted before they're put up for sale to hide rust or recent accident damage, which causes more knowledgeable buyers to be suspicious. It's better and easier to sell a car with its old paint because the buyer will be more able to see just how honest the car really is, and if its body has had any prior damage. In many cases, cars with their original paint-however faded and scratched that paint may appear-will command a far higher price because unrestored original cars are fast becoming the most desirable type of collector cars to own.

"Bigger engines are more desirable."

Not everyone who owns a muscle car or full-size car wants a big-block V-8. Smallblock V-8s are lighter, so the car will handle better. And sometimes a larger engine can be overstressed, which can make it less durable and overheat quicker. Also, keep in mind that in today's world, an engine that is more fuel efficient is more desirable, especially for those owners who plan to drive their old cars regularly. 80

Write to our executive editor at rlentinello@hemmings.com.



Stop Traffic.

Summit Racing Equipment is the source for parts, tools, and accessories for everything restoration, and more. Plus, you'll get unbeatable service, expert tech advice, 24/7 ordering, and fast shipping.

Millions of Parts. One Source. SummitRacing.com



Front End Steel Sheet Metal **Panel Packages** for 1955 and 1957 Chevy





Weatherstrip Kits Keyword: SFT Kit Coupe as low as \$120.97 kit

RON FRANCIS

GM Powered Retro Series Wiring Kit Keyword: RFW GM Retro RFW-WR85 \$293.95 kit



Keyword: RLD Sheet EDP as low as \$2,598.97 kit



Auto Body Blasters and Equipment

Big projects require tools that are up to the task, and that's exactly what you can expect from Allsource. From spot blasters to blasting cabinets, you can count on Allsource for professional quality equipment that will stand the test of time.

Keyword: Allsource Blasters and Equipment

VISIT SummitRacing.com® For More Tools & Shop Equipment



Dash Pads

Keyword: OPG Dash Pads Each as low as \$195.97 each





Bumper Mounting Bolt Set Keyword: AMD Bumper Mounting Set as low as \$20.97 set

as low as \$78.97 set

Snap Ring Pliers Sets

Keyword: Knipex Snap Set



Fuel Tank Sending Units Keyword: GMK Tank Sending Each as low as \$35.97 each



Steel Hoods Keyword: KPT Hoods as low as \$192.97 each

UNBEATABLE SERVICE, TECH ADVICE, SATISFACTION, AND SELECTION.



Call by 10 pm EST: In-Stock Parts Shipped That Day!

1.800.230.3030 • Tech: 1.330.630.3030 • Int'l: 1.330.630.0230



SCode: 1802HC • Prices subject to change without notice. Please check SummitRacing.com for current pricing. Typographical, description, or photography errors are subject to correction. Some parts are not legal for use in California or other states with similar laws/regulations. Please check your state and/or local laws/regulations. © 2017 AUTOSALES, INC.

NEWSREPORTS



Happy Days Are Here Again

THIS YEAR MARKS THE 10TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE VINTAGE CHEVROLET CLUB OF

America's Happy Days tour. Hosted by the Blue Ridge Region and based out of Mt. Airy, North Carolina, the April 29 through May 3 event will take participants in their 1955-'93 Chevy and GMC vehicles around the Blue Ridge Mountains, and will include Southwest Virginia and visits to the NASCAR Hall of Fame and the Billy Graham Library in Charlotte, North Carolina. Mt. Airy is Andy Griffith's hometown, so there will be trips to the Snappy Lunch Diner, Floyd's Barbershop, Andy's boyhood home, and the Andy Griffith Museum. For more information about Happy Days X, contact Tom Inman at 276-694-3800 or 57tdinman@embargmail.com.



CCCA Events

THE CLASSIC CAR CLUB OF AMERICA

has finalized its 2018 calendar, and there will be events taking place all over the country. The Grand Classics are open to everyone and are the premier shows for CCCA. Each Grand Classic features a judged car show as well as a touring event, should you have a nice driver that you don't want to put on the judging field (which is available to all members of the CCCA). Keep in mind, each event is primarily based on cars made from 1915-1948 and others that fit within the Classic Car Club's criteria. For more information, visit www.classiccarclub.org.

• MARCH 16-18

Rancho Santa Fe, California

• MAY 2-6

Gettysburg, Pennsylvania

JUNE 3

National Grand Classic Hickory Corners, Michigan

- JULY (date not set) Ohio region
- AUGUST 6 (tentative) Wisconsin region
- SEPTEMBER 5-8 New England region
- SEPTEMBER 14-16 Indiana region
- EARLY NOVEMBER (date not set) Florida region

FEBRUARY

- 2-3 Moultrie Swap Meet Moultrie, Georgia 888-686-2102 • www.moultrieswapmeet.com
- 4 Sumter Swap Meet Bushnell, Florida 727-848-7171 • www.floridaswapmeets.com
- 8-10 AACA Annual Meeting Philadelphia, Pennsylvania • 717-534-1910 www.aaca.org
- 9-11 Winter Extravaganza Bushnell, Florida 727-848-7171 • www.floridaswapmeets.com
- 18 Buick-Olds-Pontiac-Cadillac Swap Meet St. Charles, Illinois • 630-346-8652
- 23-25 Big 3 Auto Parts Exchange Swap Meet San Diego, California • 619-599-0708 www.big3partsexchange.com
- 23-25 Decatur Swap Meet Decatur, Texas 940-389-0054 • www.wcaac.com/dsm.htm
- 23-25 Winter Florida AutoFest Lakeland, Florida • 717-243-7855 www.carlisleevents.com
- 25 Medina Indoor Swap Meet Medina, Ohio • 800-553-8745 www.allohioparts.com



REGISTRATION HAS BEGUN FOR THE LA JOLLA

Concours d'Elegance, scheduled to take place April 7-8 near the cliffs of the Pacific in San Diego. The weekend events include a Tour d'Elegance on Saturday, with the Concours taking place on Sunday. The show will feature more than 20 classes ranging from the horseless carriage era, to muscle cars and European classics. Currently, only online registration is available, so if you plan on being in the SoCal area, visit www. lajollaconcours.com for more information.

THE NEXT GREAT ITALIAN MASTERPIECE

The Argento Byzantine Necklace is an impeccable work of art with a price unmatched by any in its class.

Da Vinci's Mona Lisa, David by Michelangelo, Madame Butterfly by Puccini. Italy has produced some of the world's greatest masterpieces. And, it's no secret it is the epicenter of the best metalworking on earth. Which is why we sought out one the best artisans to ever melt precious metals to create yet another great Italian masterpiece. For over two decades, our designer has pursued his passion for making jewelry of great beauty inspired by the Tuscan countryside. The *Argento Necklace* is his latest masterpiece. *And, you can own it for under \$80!*

Each necklace is meticulously made by hand from pure sterling silver and celebrates the traditional woven Byzantine design—an intricate array of woven links that forms a flexible and elegant drape. Passing the test of time and surpassing the definition of beauty, the *Argento Byzantine Necklace* is perfect for the lady who appreciates fine art. And, priced for those who appreciate a fine value.

The difference between priceless & overpriced. High-end design should not carry a high price just because it comes from a big name retailer, where you'll find a similar necklace going for four times

as much. We prefer to keep our costs low so we can bring you the very best in Italian design at

a cutting edge price.

Masterpiece, not mass produced. It takes months to create just one of these necklaces which means we have a select number available.

No questions asked, 30-day money back guarantee. We want you glowing with satisfaction. You have nothing to lose, except the opportunity to own a masterpiece. Call today!

 $extit{Raffinato}^{ ilde{ iny}}$ Argento Byzantine Necklace

Stunningly affordable \$79 + S&P

What our Italian jewelry expert
Daniele Zavani is saying about the
Raffinato™ Argento Necklace:

Bellissimo!
Stupendo!
Magnifico!

The classic Byzantine chain pattern has stood the test of time for over 2,500 years

• Made in Arezzo, Italy • .925 sterling silver • 18" necklace; lobster clasp

Also available $Raffinato^{TM}$ Argento Byzantine Bracelet Stunningly well-priced at \$39 + S&P

Call today. There's never been a better time to let your elegance shine. 1-888-444-5949

Offer Code: RFC218-01. You must use the offer code to get our special price.

Raffinato[™]





RE: Lost Kitty

CONCEPT-CAR ENTHUSIAST MARTY MARTINO FILLED IN A LITTLE BIT OF THE HISTORY of Ford's 1962 Cougar concept. He writes:

"When I first went to Southern California (1970), one of the first places I checked out was George Barris's shop. On the west side of his shop were two cars that I had never seen before. I was intrigued as I figured they were some kind of vintage dream cars and they had Ford badging. Both were in shabby abandoned condition.

"Years later I learned that both were built by Ford's Special Vehicles Department. They were designed and built around 1953-'54 as test mules for various features as opposed to total design concepts like most other dream cars.

"The car that really caught my eye was the D-523, a gullwinged two-seater with Futura-like low wheel wells, topped with a chrome spear. The other car was the D-524, a four-door sedan with unusually wide, low proportions. In 1962, the 523 was brought out of storage and freshened up, adding thennew T-Bird wire wheels, etc. and given the name 'Cougar.' The sedan, 524, acquired the name 'Beldone' and was restored by George Barris's friend Bob Butts in the early Nineties.

"As far as I know, the Cougar is safe in the hands of a Canadian collector."

Fiero for Four

THE WHOLE POINT TO THE FIERO WAS TO BRING BACK the concept of the runabout — something small, fuel efficient, and maybe a little sporty for around-town driving — but, as we can see from this photo that Phillip Roso sent us, somebody didn't quite get the concept.

"In 1985, I was working in Lansing, Michigan," Phillip wrote. "I observed this four-passenger Fiero parked on Pennsylvania Ave. at an engineering firm. It appeared to have a small back seat, like from a Camaro or Firebird, with a window added."

If this was some sort of skunkworks development car, the engineering firm was doing a poor job of concealing it. Still, all sorts of odd things with some sort of connection to the auto industry show up on the roads of southwest Michigan. Anybody have any more information about this space(frame) oddity?



Recently discovered a unique or noteworthy classic car? Let us know. Photographs, commentary, questions, and answers should be submitted to Lost & Found, c/o Hemmings Classic Car, P.O. Box 196, Bennington, Vermont 05201, or emailed to dstrohl@hemmings.com. For more Lost & Found, visit blog.hemmings.com/index.php/category/lost-and-found.

Bama Boattai

ON A RECENT TRIP HOME FROM FLORIDA, reader Gary Harville of Franklin, Tennessee, spotted something a little much every body panel connecting strange in Paxton, Alabama.

"At first glance I thought that it was a boattail Auburn, however, the dimensions seemed to be off, as well as a few other clues," Gary wrote.

Indeed, that boattail section

appears to be formed largely from an old Ford truck hood and pretty the tail to the barrel-shaped grille appears hand-formed.

That said, we'd love to learn more about it and whether the builder intends to finish it (or already has)







THE WORLD'S GREATEST COLLECTOR CAR AUCTIONS®

CONSIGNMENTS INVITED | JANUARY 13-21 | SCOTTSDALE | 480.421.6694

Contact an automotive specialist at 480.421.6694 or Consignments@Barrett-Jackson.com

SALON COLLECTION

1951 TALBOT-LAGO T-26 GRAND SPORT SAOUTCHIK COUPE This one-of-a-kind coupe by Jacques Saoutchik has received acclaim throughout the world and is acknowledged as automotive work of art. First in Class winner at the Pebble Beach Concours d'Elegance.



1937 ROLLS-ROYCE PHANTOM III FREESTONE & WEBB SEDANCA DE VILLE

One of the most dashing Rolls-Royce town cars ever built. Unusual features include brushed copper engine-turned fenders and running boards, polished copper swage lines on the bonnet, polished copper exterior and interior hardware, and radiator louvers.



1934 PACKARD 1101 CABRIOLET

Freshly restored, concours restoration of a 25,000-original-mile car (mileage not indicated on title). 320ci straight 8-cylinder engine with a 3-speed manual transmission. Beautiful color combination with a red interior; a very nice Packard. *No Reserve*

Experience the Barrett-Jackson Auctions live exclusively on Discovery Channel, Velocity and around the world on Discovery Networks International.





ALL THE CARS, ALL THE TIME.
Streamed live on Barrett-Jackson.com

AUCTIONNEWS



BONHAMS WRAPPED UP ANOTHER AUCTION AT THE SIMEONE FOUNDATION AUTOMOTIVE

Museum this past October and saw over \$2.8 million in car sales with a sell-through rate above 80 percent. A nice find was this 1963 Corvette roadster. This iconic "Fuelie" was only three owners from new, finished in Sebring Silver, and well optioned with the M-20 four-speed transmission, L84 360-horsepower fuel-injected engine with solid-lifter cam, 4.11 Positive Traction rear axle, and J65 metallic brakes. This nice Sting Ray sold at a final bid of \$82,500 including premium. Visit www.bonhams.com for a full list of results.

Oklahoma

LEAKE AUCTION COMPANY RETURNS TO

Oklahoma City February 23-24 at the Bennett Event Center in the State Fair Park. Last year's auction saw total sales over \$10.4 million, with a 79-percent sell-through rate. Consignments are being accepted now, and there is an estimate that there will be 500 cars and trucks available to find new garages. If you're planning on being in the Sooner state, visit www.leakecar.com for more information.



AUCTION PROFILE

THIS STUTZ WAS AMONG THE MID-1990S estate sale of Alexander Kennedy "A.K." Miller who was a well-

known Stutz collector and aficionado. Hailed at the time as "King Stutz Tomb," the collection featured some of the most desirable Stutz models of the classic era.

This Model M speedster had factory racing-style "dipped" front doors and optional full rear cowl. It was said to have been accurately restored in a color scheme of dark red with black fenders and a tan fitted top. The 145-inch-wheelbase chassis is powered by the Le Mans-style Challenger engine, four-speed transmission, and superior vacuum-boosted Lockheed brakes. Its famous owner and originality, no doubt accounted for its healthy bidding.



CAR 1929 Stutz Model M four-passenger tonneau-cowl speedster by LeBaron **AUCTIONEER** RM Sotheby's **LOCATION** Hershey, Pennsylvania

DATE October 5, 2017 **LOT NUMBER** 130 **RESERVE** None **AVERAGE SELLING PRICE** N/A **SELLING PRICE** \$192,500

FEBRUARY

7 • RM Sotheby's • Paris, France 519-352-4575 • www.rmsothebys.com

9-11 • GPK Auctions

Atlantic City, New Jersey 800-227-3868 • www.acclassiccars.com

15-18 • Winter Festival Zephyrhills, Florida • 813-312-4009

zephyrhillsautoevents.com

23-24 • Leake Auction Company Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 918-254-7077 • www.leakecar.com

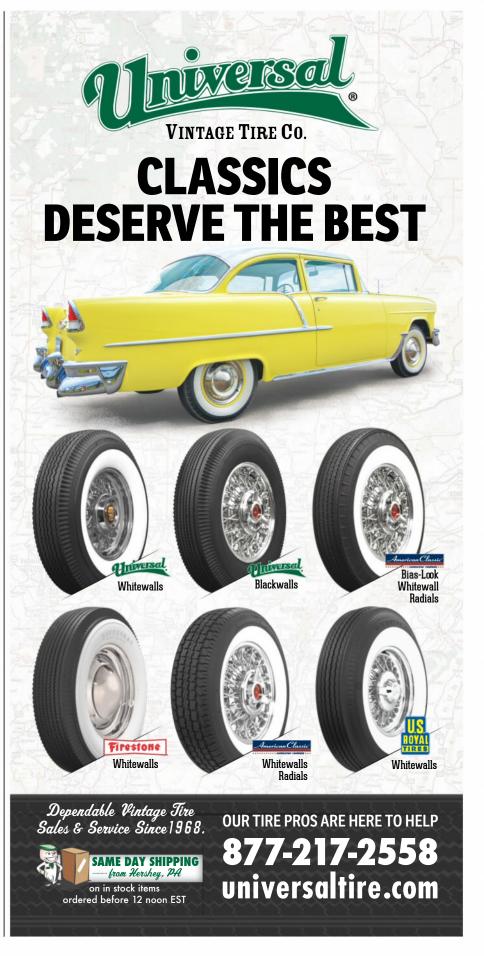
23-25 • Carlisle Auctions Lakeland, Florida • 717-243-7855 www.carlisleauctions.com



Hershey Heaven

IT WAS A BIG WEEKEND FOR RM SOTHEBY'S at the Hershey Lodge during the AACA Eastern Fall Meet, October 5-6. With over \$15.9 million in total sales and a 96-percent sell-through rate, it proved to be one of the top performances of the company's 11-year history at Hershey. Among the high-selling classics, there was this 1950 Plymouth station wagon—one of only 2,072 Special DeLuxe wagons built. It showed some wear, but it was an ideal driver and a great opportunity for someone to begin a high-end restoration. In the end, the final bid hit \$23,100. Some other highlights included a White Yellowstone wagon that sold for \$165,000 and the 1933 Pierce-Arrow Silver Arrow, the first of four ever made. which traded for \$2.3 million. Results are available at www.rmsothebys.com.

View and search through thousands of upcoming auction vehicles in one place at the Hemmings Auction Showroom, www.hemmings.com/auctions/.



ART & AUTOMOBILIA



License Plate Toppers

800-336-2453 · WOLFDEVILSKULL.COM

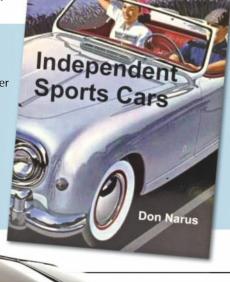
\$19.95 EACH, PLUS \$3.50 SHIPPING; \$55 FOR ALL THREE, WITH FREE SHIPPING Inspired by the popular vintage "kitty kat" license-plate toppers beloved in the hot-rod and classic-car community, these new, creative, and characterful plate toppers are sure to turn heads and inspire comments. Marketed as "Coolest Badass Toppers," these sturdy tin pieces sport colorful fine-finish lithograph printing, and feature one or more mechanical moving eyes, plus a mechanical moving tongue (Wolf) or cigar (Devil and Skull). They're delivered in envelopes bearing vivid, full-sized graphic renditions of the characters within, and the Wolf, Devil, or Skull can also be attached to an inside window using the included suction cup. Draw a crowd at your next car show

or cruise night with these toppers, and make your ride the Coolest.

Independent Sports Cars

DLNARUS@YAHOO.COM • WWW.LULU.COM • \$18.95, PLUS SHIPPING

Some of the most unusual, low-production vehicles to originate from American automaker nameplates in the postwar era have been sporting models. And those coming from independent automakers are even more obscure, because they're rarely seen, much less celebrated in print. Prolific automotive historian Don Narus seeks to change that with his latest primer, Independent Sports Cars. This 108-page softcover is filled with potted marque/model histories, more than 150 black-and-white images, and basic mechanical, production, and pricing statistics on the two-doors from AMC, Studebaker, Crosley, Kaiser, the DeLorean Motor Company, Hudson, Nash, and Packard. If you're asked about an AMX, a Hotshot, Kaiser-Darrin, an Italia, or numerous other sporty American Independents, you can quickly turn to this title for helpful information.





800-227-4373 EXT. 79550 • WWW.HMN.COM/CUTLASS • \$89.95, PLUS \$15.95 SHIPPING

The A-body Cutlass-based 4-4-2 Holiday Coupe hardtop was a genuine hit for Oldsmobile, especially popular in the fetching new fastback style that debuted for 1968. The talented modelers at AutoWorld have created a fantastic, limited-production example of this car in generous 1:18-scale (item #AMM1084). This Cinnamon Bronze 4-4-2 is equipped with the desirable W-30 package, which included Force-Air Induction intake snorkels below the front bumper that fed the 400-cu.in. V-8, red Thermoplastic inner fenders, and special vertical rally stripes. Opening panels mean you can also carefully inspect the trunk and the lifelike white bucket seat interior, with its console-mounted Turbo Hydra-Matic shifter. This officially licensed product is sure to be a favorite with 4-4-2 fans.



DIVE IN WITHOUT TAKING A PLUNGE

Own one of the best dive watches out there at a refreshingly-affordable price.

The market's swimming with overpriced dive watches. We're here to tell you those guys are all wet. At Stauer our philosophy is everyone deserves the best without having to dig deep into their pockets. We've been in the watch industry for decades and know more than a thing or two about getting the ultimate bang for our buck— which means we can pass the fruits of our know-how onto our clients.

Case in point: The *Excursion Dive Watch*. This tough-as-nails sophisticate would cost you in the thousands if you got it from a highend retailer that's really in the business of selling a big name more than a quality watch. We keep the big names out of the equation so we can price this top-notch timepiece for just \$79 — a price that let's you dive in and have enough left over for an excursion or two...or three.



You're getting a lot for your money with this watch. The *Excursion* is the perfect companion in any locale—whether you're exploring coral reefs or investigating the rum options at a beachside bar. With a case, band and crown of stainless steel, this watch is built to last, and its water resistance rating of 20 ATM means it can handle most of your aquatic adventures to a depth of 678 feet. The striking metallic blue face reflects the deep waters it was designed to explore and it's sporty screwdown crown can take the pressure in stride.

"Today dive watches are the most popular type of sport watch... because of their style, promise of durability, and utilitarian value." —A BLOG TO WATCH Equipped with precision crystal movement you can count on impeccable performance even when you're 20 atmospheres below the surface.

Limited Edition. Sure you could give your hard-earned money to those other guys, but why would you? We've got the thinking man's timepiece right here. This watch takes six months to engineer and it's already making waves, so we can't guarantee it will be around for long. Call today, and experience how good it feels to get true luxury for less.

Your satisfaction is 100% guaranteed. If you are not completely convinced you got excellence for less, simply return the *Excursion Dive Watch* within 30 days for a refund of the item price. At Stauer, we never leave our customers high and dry.

Limited to the First 1500 Respondents to This Ad Only

Stauer Excursion Dive Watch \$399†

Your Cost With Offer Code \$79 + S&P Save \$320

1-800-333-2045

Offer Code: EDW264-02

You must use this offer code to get our special price.

† Special price only for customers using the offer code versus the price on Stauer. com without your offer code.

Stauer® Dept. EDW264-02
Burnsville, Minnes

14101 Southcross Drive W., Dept. EDW264-02 Burnsville, Minnesota 55337 Www.stauer.com





Precision movement • 316L stainless steel case and bracelet • Rotating bezel • Water resistant to 20 ATM • Screw-down crown design • Bracelet fits wrist up to 8 ½"

ART & AUTOMOBILIA Continued from page 16

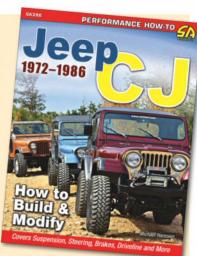


800-718-1866 • WWW.DIECASTDIRECT.COM • \$139.95, PLUS SHIPPING It could be said that Preston Tucker's most famous contribution to motoring history has entered a new golden age, where remaining examples make international news each time they trade hands in the six- and seven-figure range, and replicas and tribute cars are made by firms with ties to the Tucker family. The Brooklin Collection is now offering a fresh new color of metallic green on their limited-edition 1:43-scale white metal Tucker Torpedo four-door sedan (item #BR-BK-222B), which joins the beige example that uses the same casting. The darker shade does a fantastic job of highlighting the crisp features and curves of this collectible, and the myriad external brightwork pieces add greatly to the realism. You can look inside and see the "crash compartment" that safety-minded Tucker insisted upon. A 1:1-scale 48 may be out of your financial reach, but this one is perfect for your desk or display shelf.

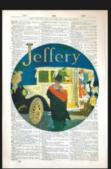
Jeep CJ 1972-1986

800-551-4754

WWW.CARTECHBOOKS.COM \$26.95, PLUS SHIPPING (PAPERBACK); \$21.95 (PDF FORMAT E-BOOK) The latest book in CarTech's Performance How-To series focuses on the ever-popular Jeep CJ models. Among the 144 pages of this softcover book, you'll discover all the insightful informa-



tion and significant details regarding building and modifying those Jeep CJs that were produced from 1972 to 1986. Each of the 12 chapters zeros in on one particular area, such as chassis, transmissions, transfer cases, engines, tires/ wheels, and electrical. There's even a chapter dedicated to all the different engine swaps that can be performed, plus lots of info on trail gear and outfitting your Jeep with onboard air. If you own or plan on building a Jeep for serious off-roading, you need this book. - RICHARD LENTINELLO



JEFFERY SEDAN #083



PACKARD #081



STEVENS-DURYEA #013



THE ESSEX #059



THE PIERCE-ARROW #011

PRINTHOUSECOMPANY.COM • \$10 EACH, PLUS \$3.99 SHIPPING; WITH 11 X 14-INCH MAT ADD \$4 (WORLDWIDE SHIPPING AVAILABLE) To incurable car buffs, automotive advertising is fascinating as it shows vehicles in the context of their time, and places them in the idealized setting their makers and marketers hoped would inspire daydreaming potential buyers to open their wallets. And the older a car ad is, the more likely it is to include period-perfect stylized artwork that deserves a place of honor on a wall of our home. Karin Hernandez, proprietor of the Florida-based Print House Company, has a keen eye for vintage auto ad art, and she's found a creative way to highlight and share it.

We're fascinated with Karin's handmade dictionary art prints, which overlay colorful reprinted scans of original automotive advertising images on genuine vintage book pages to create unique wall-hangings. "Half the fun of creating my vintage car art is finding antique books to print them on," she tells us. "I can spend hours at antique shows and flea markets, looking for that perfect book that might not be in the best shape for a collector, but is just right for me! The books that I collect are very old, some rare, but are sadly falling apart, or have missing covers or pages, mostly from the 19th century and early 20th century."

She scans original examples of 1910s-'30s magazine automobile ads, then giclée-prints those scans in rich color on time-worn book pages, including those from 160-year-old dictionaries. The finished prints fit mats and frames with 5 x 7-inch openings—a custom 11 x 14-inch mat that fits the entire page, without cropping, is also available—and because each base book page is different, every eco-friendly print is unique.

Breakthrough technology converts phone calls to captions.

New amplified phone lets you hear AND see the conversation.

The Hamilton® CapTel® Captioned Telephone converts phone conversations to easy-to-read captions for individuals with hearing loss.

Do you get discouraged when you hear your telephone ring? Do you avoid using your phone because hearing difficulties make it hard to understand the person on the other end of the line? For many Americans the telephone conversation – once an important part of everyday life - has become a thing of the past. Because they can't understand what is said to them on the phone, they're often cut off from friends, family, doctors and caregivers. Now, thanks to innovative technology there is finally a better way.

A simple idea... made possible with sophisticated technology. If you have trouble understanding a call, captioned telephone can change your life. During a phone call the words spoken to you appear on the phone's screen similar to closed captioning on TV. So when you make or receive a call, the words spoken to you are not only amplified by the phone, but scroll across the phone so you can listen while reading everything that's said to you. Each call is routed through a call center, where computer technology - aided by a live representative - generates voice-to-text translations. The captioning is real-time, accurate and readable. Your conversation is private and the captioning service doesn't cost you a penny. Internet Protocol Captioned Telephone Service (IP CTS) is regulated and funded by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and is designed exclusively for individuals with hearing loss. To learn more, visit www.fcc.gov. The Hamilton CapTel phone requires telephone

service and high-speed Internet access. WiFi Capable. Callers do not need special equipment or a captioned telephone in order to speak with you.

Finally... a phone you can use again. The Hamilton CapTel phone is also packed with features to help make phone calls easier. The keypad has large, easy to use buttons. You get adjustable volume amplification along with the ability to save captions for review later. It even has an answering machine that provides you with the captions

of each message.

"For years I avoided phone calls because I couldn't understand the caller... now I don't miss a thing!"

hello grandma this is Kaitlynn how are you

today? I wanted to

for the birthday card

say thank you

SEE what you've been missing!

See for yourself with our exclusive home trial. Try a captioned telephone in your own home and if you are not completely amazed, simply return it within 60-days for a refund of the product purchase price. It even comes with a 5-year warranty.

Captioned Telephone

Call now for our special introductory price!

Call now Toll-Free

1-877-470-2737

Please mention promotion code 105098.

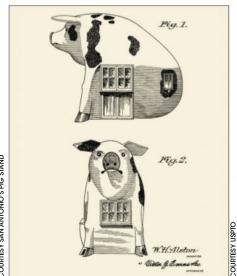
The Captioning Telephone is intended for use by people with hearing loss. In purchasing a Captioning Telephone, you acknowledge that it will be used by someone who cannot hear well over a traditional phone. Hamilton is a registered trademark of Nedelco, Inc. d/b/a Hamilton Telecommunications. CapTel is a registered trademark of Ultratec, Inc.

AUTOMOTIVE PIONEERS

BY DAVID CONWILL PHOTOGRAPHY AS CREDITED

Jesse Kirby & Reuben Jackson







"PEOPLE WITH CARS ARE SO LAZY

they don't want to get out of them to eat." That was the guiding sentiment when Dallas businessman Jesse Kirby approached physician Reuben Jackson about investing in an idea he had for a new kind of restaurant.

Kirby had made his reputation selling candy and tobacco at his mercantile business on South Akard Street; Jackson had made his money as a surgeon. The collaboration produced a modest, clapboard-covered box at the intersection of Chalk Hill Road and the Dallas-Fort Worth Turnpike (now Interstate 30) in Dallas's Oak Cliff neighborhood, about one-fifth the way to Fort Worth.

"Kirby's Pig Stand," as the barbecue joint was billed, was unique not so much for the Tennessee-style chopped pork sandwiches it served in the heart of beefbrisket country, but for the curb service it offered to motorists. In 1921, curb service at downtown cafes and soda fountains was not unheard of, but the idea of ensnaring travelers along a busy highway was a novel one.

In Kirby's initial vision, white-clad, bowtie-wearing young men dashed from the building to the curb, leaping

onto running boards to take orders and return with fresh food. They were quickly dubbed "carhops," by patrons. It would be a few years before girls on roller skates displaced the young men, though by the end of the 1930s, the young lass in a majorette uniform was synonymous with in-car dining nationwide.

The next five years proved the concept, and when Kirby died in 1926, his widow, Shirley, joined Jackson to keep the business going. Jackson remained president until his death in 1955. His heirs sold out to a former carhop named Royce Hailey. One of the earliest innovations was to relocate the Pig Stand further back on the lot allowing diners to park and eat, rather than forcing them to motor away with their food—an octagonal shaped building soon followed. As the 1920s progressed, the format caught on, with many more Pig Stands and imitators springing up both in Texas and beyond.

At their peak in the early 1930s, there were more than 130 Pig Stands nationwide, ranging from California to New York. Interestingly, the chain also experimented with a drive-throughwindow concept, as did many of their contemporaries, but it proved less popular than the eat-in-car system, perhaps because the vehicles of the era did not so easily lend themselves to eating while driving as their successors would, four decades later.

While most places opted not to follow the route of serving Southern barbecue, other culinary innovations of the Pig Stand chain would become drive-

in staples. According to company lore, the onion ring was invented by accident in the 1930s when a Pig Stand cook fumbled a piece of onion into a bowl of batter and opted, out of curiosity, to drop it into the deep fryer. Likewise, Texas Toast supposedly gets its name from the thickly sliced bread ordered by Hailey back in the 1940s, when he was a Pig Stand manager. While it proved too thick to fit into the restaurant's toasters, a quick-thinking fry cook proposed grilling the bread instead.

Perhaps the ultimate innovation to stem from the Pig Stand system is the speaker system employed at modern drive-in restaurants. In the mid-1950s, a drive-in in Shawnee, Oklahoma, called the Top Hat, had been itself wired with a two-way communication system allowing what it called "Service with the Speed of Sound." The intercom permitted carhops to make one-third fewer trips to the customers' car. While the Top Hat was never a Pig Stand, one of its direct competitors in Shawnee was (and still is, going back to 1930). The Top Hat saw such success that it began to expand, first in Oklahoma and later nationwide. Now the chain is known as Sonic.

As for the Pig Stands, in addition to those remaining in Oklahoma, under the name of Van's, the original Texas chain survived until quite recently, finally declaring bankruptcy in 2004 and closing entirely in 2006. One location has reopened, however, the original No. 29 in San Antonio. You can still go there and get a Pig Sandwich, but you'll have to go inside—the restaurant that pioneered drivein eating isn't a drive-in anymore. 60









Look past the dazzling chrome and you'll notice a lot of what's missing in this car — namely an automatic transmission and a radio.

hen Edsel was introduced as a new Ford division for 1958, there was some confusion as to where it was to fit in. Ford division was creeping upward, thanks to the 1957-introduced Fairlane 500, and Mercury was extending downward with its Medalist series. Lincoln had ceded the up-market realm to Cadillac, preferring to compete with Chrysler and Buick. The Continental experiment, intended to fill the gap above Lincoln, had proved short-lived after Ford Motor Company became a publically traded entity.

All of those factors combined to mean that the divisional gap perceived by Ford product planners in the late 1940s had essentially evaporated by the time the new division bowed. Toss in pale build quality, thanks to assembly lines shared with Ford and Mercury cars, and a nationwide recession that had Americans thinking about sensible Ramblers rather than insolent chariots from the



The black-and-silver interior was changed February 6, 1959, to utilize black cloth leftover from 1957 Mercury production.

likes of Oldsmobile and De Soto, and you had the makings of an exceedingly lackluster introductory year.

For 1959, Edsel division had curbed some of its excesses, both in styling and in sheer volume of models and gadgetry, and retrenched with a mere 10 variations spread across three trim lines—now all based on Ford bodies rather than the mixture of Ford and Mercury platforms used the year before. At the top of the heap were the Corsair convertible at \$3,072 and the ninepassenger Villager station wagon at \$3,055. The price leader was the Ranger two-door sedan, with a base price of \$2,629.

As introduced in 1958, that Ranger sedan would have come standard with an Edsel-exclusive 303-hp, 361-cu.in. FE-series V-8. But for 1959, the so-called "Super Express" V-8 (also known as the E-400, for the amount of torque it produced) had been reduced to a mere option. Standard in the Ranger line was a 200-hp, 292-cu.in. Y-block V-8, with a 332-cu.in. FE-series "Express" V-8 slotted just above it in the hierarchy.

The truly cost-conscious could opt for the "Ranger Six," which was a 223-cu.in. straight-six producing 145 horsepower. As a delete option, the Ranger Six trimmed \$84 from the price of a 1959 Edsel.

Another feature that had received considerable fanfare for 1958 was the Teletouch-drive automatic transmission shifter, which placed the gear selector pushbuttons in the center of the steering-wheel hub. This, too, had been quietly dropped for 1959, with a regular column shifter taking its place, even when an automatic transmission was specified.

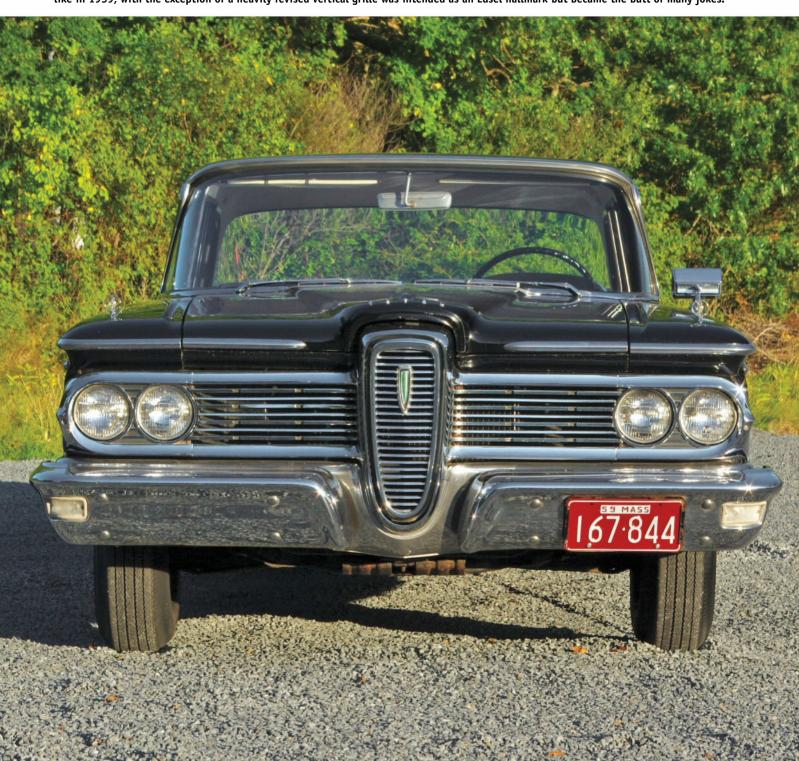
Manual transmissions, always standard in the Ford-based Edsels of 1958, continued to be available, also operated via a lever on the steering column. While overdrive was an option for 1958, it wasn't officially offered for 1959, though some cars were produced with it.

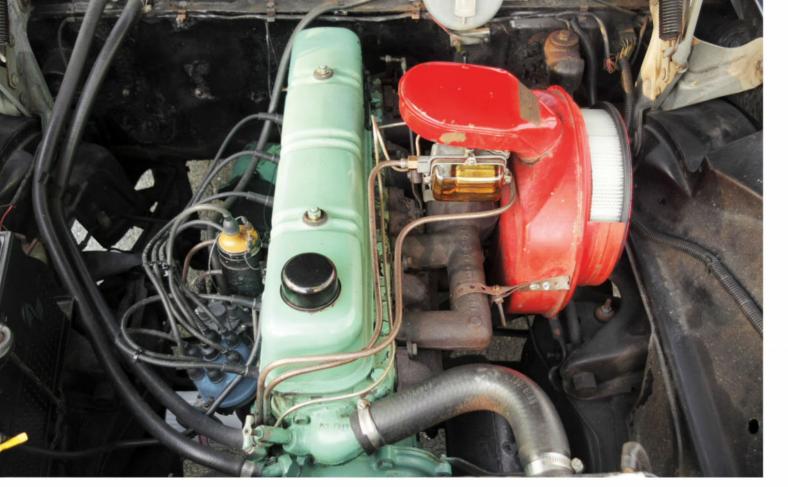
In some ways, discussions about six-cylinder engines and manual transmissions in Edsels would seem to be purely academic. When the Ford public-relations machine had swung into action in 1956 to start building public interest in the new division, it hadn't emphasized how much like the established products





Oval pods and "Edsel" scripts help to disguise what is otherwise a standard Ford instrument panel. Exterior styling, likewise, was very Ford-like in 1959, with the exception of a heavily revised vertical grille was intended as an Edsel hallmark but became the butt of many jokes.







Specifying the 145-hp, 223-cu.in. six-cylinder earned the buyer a \$83.70 credit and got an engine identical to standard Fords. Glass-bowl Holley carb and "mustardtop" coil are characteristic of the Ford six-cylinder.





from Ford and Mercury the new car would be, but rather how radically different and new the Edsel was. The pre-introduction ad campaign for Edsel was the very essence of postwar American optimism.

While most indications are that Ford really wanted to build something truly unique, reality has a way of interfering—especially in a publicly traded company. So Ford did what it considered the next-best thing—it gave Edsel a lot of interesting features (some would say gimmicks) not available in regular Fords and Mercurys. The result is that, after the horse-collar grille, Edsels are best remembered for the sheer amount of optional equipment usually seen on them.

Our feature car, on the other hand, is interesting because it lacks all of that. Not only is it a 1959 model, and thus somewhat de-contented compared with the over-the-top offerings of 1958, but it was purposely ordered without a single option and with the V-8 engine deleted. When is the last time you saw an Edsel wearing simple center caps instead of full-disc wheelcovers?

So, why was this car produced? Certainly it would make some sense as a kind of low-key performance machine if it was or-

dered with the Super Express V-8. Or maybe as someone's idea of an economy car if it had one of the rarely seen overdrive transmissions behind the six-cylinder. But it simply seems to have been deliberately ordered with everything that wasn't mandatory removed. The fact that the heater wasn't deleted seems to be a concession attributable to it originally being sold through a dealership in Woonsocket, Rhode Island—there was no way to sell a car without a heater in New England, even in 1959.

That dealership, long-gone Jay Motors, likely ordered this car for one reason only: To advertise just how cheap one could get into an Edsel. While Edsel's exact relationship to Mercury was somewhat nebulous in 1958, it was clear that the division slotted somewhere above Ford and was roughly equivalent to Oldsmobile or De Soto.

Thus, if you flipped open your *Providence Journal* one Sunday and inside was an ad claiming you could get into an Edsel for a mere \$2,545, which was less than the cost of a Ford Fairlane 500, you might be tempted to take a drive up and check it out. The dealer, of course, is hoping you'll go home with a V-8-powered Corsair with an automatic, not the bare-bones Ranger he lured you in with.

Of course, someone eventually bought that loss-leader special.











was always a fan of the notorious, unloved carsorphans and the like. The Edsel is the poster child for that. I love controversial cars, and you couldn't give me a Camaro or Mustang. I am particularly fond of the classic Fifties/mid-century design of this one, and I plan to preserve it in its original condition for future generations. It will receive regular maintenance for preservation only.

I really like the design and reputation of this particular car. I feel I need to constantly defend it. Having owned Corvairs since I was 15, I'm used to defending an undeserved reputation.

Whether it was the unusually stripped nature of the car, or the fact that the discontinuation of the Edsel division was announced not long after he bought it, the original purchaser must have known he had something special—and fairly early on, too. That thrifty Yankee held onto this car for the next quarter-century, but drove it only sparingly.

Ultimately, however, the original owner elected to part with his unique Ford. His original plan was to trade it in on a new Escort. As it happened, the man who would become the car's second owner saw it on one of its last trips out, at a local grocery store not far from where the car sold new. Upon hearing of the owner's plan to replace the Edsel, the prospective new owner managed to make a better offer and took home the car with only around 80,000 miles on the odometer.

Over time, the car became something of a legend among

Edsel aficionados in the Northeast, making occasional appearances at shows in the region. It wasn't yet known to John Wingle, of Weymouth, Massachusetts, however, when he spotted it for sale on the internet one February night last year.

John is a fan of the unusual, telling us, "I'm about the biggest orphan-car fan around." With a collection that contains Ramblers, Packards, Studebakers, and several Corvairs, Edsels were on John's radar as a natural complement to the orphans and oddballs already in his garage.

While an Edsel enthusiast in general, John actually confesses an initial preference for the 1958 models, due to their purer styling and available gizmos, but this particular '59 Edsel struck him both for its unusually plain-Jane nature and its extraordinarily original condition.

"It's incredible originality that generally attracts me to any vintage car," and like most fans of unrestored examples, he cites the better driving qualities of preserved cars versus restored. John doesn't put many miles on the Edsel—both out of deference to its safeguarding and because it takes a while to rotate through all the cars in his collection. He says the car drives "like a tugboat on four wheels. But in a good way!" and was willing to let us test out that very Tom McCahillian turn of phrase when HCC editor Richard Lentinello shot these photographs.

Positioning himself in the silver-and-black, vinyl-and-cloth interior, Richard grips a wheel and looks at a dashboard very similar to that found in a 1959 Ford. The black cloth in this interior actually went through a few iterations, including a stint using leftovers from 1957 Mercury production—possibly an indicator of how far

the Edsel marque had fallen in the company's favor. Similarly, the taillamp lenses in 1959 were closely related to the lenses found in 1958 Continentals, another economy measure.

Richard admits some initial trepidation upon driving an Edsel for the first time, saying it "always makes for a circumspect yet interesting experience due to the unfamiliarity of the car itself." But he reports that he quickly warmed to the experience and found that "driving this handsome Edsel was no different than driving any other full-size American car from the Fifties and early Sixties—you drive it, it doesn't drive you. It requires total concentration at all times, and a somewhat defensive, cautionary attitude."

Part of that required defensive attitude may stem from the solid-but-sluggish six-cylinder engine, which makes acceleration a more leisurely experience than that to which modern traffic is accustomed. The platform itself was also intended for more power, as

well as other conveniences.

"Built without power steering or brakes, the steering wasn't the most precise," Richard relates, "But thanks to the big-diameter steering wheel, it wasn't a hardship either. You simply need to plan ahead prior to negotiating a turn. Surprisingly, the body exhibited a bit more roll than I would have liked."

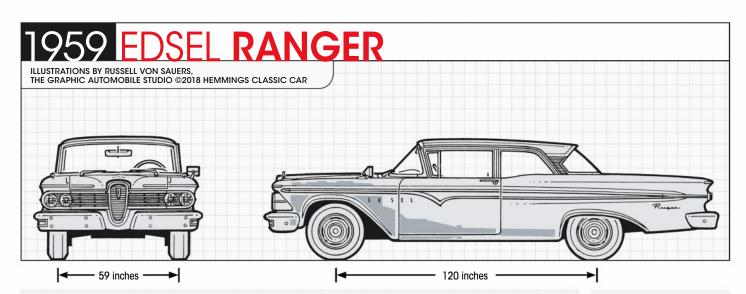
One bright spot was the stopping ability. "The four-wheel drum brakes slowed the car quickly, as needed, and in a reassuring manner. There was never a sense of panic.

Ford was well-known in the 1940s, '50s, and '60s for crisp, precise column shifters, and the low-mileage Edsel is no exception. "Shifting the column-mounted shifter into gear was well defined as to which gear you were selecting, and the clutch was fairly light yet firm."

"The instrument panel, with its horizontal speedometer up top," Richard goes on to say, "made seeing the car's rate of speed a quick and easy encounter." This despite the fact that its ornate nature made it somewhat "dazzling to the eyes in the late afternoon sunshine, thanks to its lavish use of chrome trim."

Richard sums up driving the Edsel as "simply a nice, wellbalanced driving experience backed by a compliant suspension that made the drive all the more comfortable." This meshes with John's report that the first time he ever fell asleep in a car, it was in his 1959 Edsel—a testament to the fact that by 1959, Ford had worked out most of the quality control issues that plagued the first year of Edsel production, leaving an easy-riding, smooth platform built to a standard consummate with its competitors in the middleprice classes. 89





SPECIFICATIONS

PRICE

BASE PRICE \$2,629 PRICE AS PROFILED \$2,545.30 **OPTIONS**

Ranger Six, \$83.70 credit

ENGINE

OHV straight-six, cast-iron block TYPE and cylinder head

DISPLACEMENT 223 cubic inches 3.625 x 3.594 inches BORE X STROKE

COMPRESSION RATIO 8.4:1 HORSEPOWER @ RPM 145 @ 4.000 206 lb-ft @ 2,200 TORQUE @ RPM VALVETRAIN Hydraulic lifters

MAIN BEARINGS Four

Holley Model 1904 one-barrel, **FUEL SYSTEM**

down-draft carburetor; mechanical

fuel pump

LUBRICATION SYSTEM Full-pressure; mechanical pump

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM 12-volt **EXHAUST SYSTEM** Single

TRANSMISSION

TYPE Three-speed manual, with column-mounted shifter **RATIOS** 3.09:1 1st 1.92:1 2nd

3rd 1.00:1 3.15:1 Rev

DIFFERENTIAL

Hypoid bevel TYPE **GEAR RATIO** 3.56:1 **DRIVE AXLES** Semi-floating

STEERING

Recirculating ball, unassisted TURNS, LOCK-TO-LOCK Five

TURNING CIRCLE 44 feet

BRAKES

Self-adjusting hydraulic drum, TYPE

unassisted

11-inch diameter drums FRONT REAR 11-inch diameter drums

CHASSIS & BODY

CONSTRUCTION Steel body on perimeter box-type frame

BODY STYLE Two-door, six-passenger sedan LAYOUT Front-engine, rear-wheel drive

SUSPENSION

FRONT Independent; unequal-length A-arms, coil springs, hydraulic

shock absorbers

REAR Live axle; parallel leaf springs, hydraulic shock absorbers

WHEELS & TIRES

WHEELS 14 x 5.5-inch stamped steel **TIRES** 7.50 x 14 Firestone blackwall

bias-ply

WEIGHTS & MEASURES

120.0 inches WHEELBASE **OVERALL LENGTH** 210.9 inches OVERALL WIDTH 79.8 inches **OVERALL HEIGHT** 56.0 inches FRONT TRACK 59.0 inches REAR TRACK 56.4 inches **CURB WEIGHT** 3,446 pounds

CAPACITIES

4 quarts (5 with filter) CRANKCASE **COOLING SYSTEM** 15 quarts (16 with heater) **FUEL TANK** 20 gallons TRANSMISSION 3 pints

CALCULATED DATA

BHP PER CU.IN. 0.65 WEIGHT PER BHP 23.77 pounds WEIGHT PER CU.IN. 15.45 pounds

PROS & CONS

- + It's a '50s icon
- + Shared parts with Ford
- + All the bugs were worked out by 1959
- Not really as unique as it appears
- Reputation as synonym for "failure"
- Not "Edsel enough" for some compared with 1958

WHAT TO PAY

\$6,000 - \$8,000

AVERAGE

\$13,000 - \$15,000

HIGH

\$18,000 - \$22,000

PRODUCTION

1959 2-dr Hardtop 5,474 1959 2-dr Sedan 7,778 1959 4-dr Hardtop 2,352 1959 4-dr Sedan 12.814

CLUB CORNER

INTERNATIONAL EDSEL CLUB

1215 Houston Drive Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37130 www.internationaledsel.com

EDSEL OWNERS CLUB

Dues: \$30/year

1740 NW 3rd Street Gresham, Oregon 97030 www.edselclub.org Dues: \$35/year

Edsels That Never Were

Would Edsel have suffered a less inglorious fate if management had said yes to some of these stillborn designs?

REPRINTED FROM SPECIAL INTEREST AUTOS #1 — OCTOBER 1970

ith the first Edsel in metal, one of the five designers responsible for its styling sat down and spontaneously put together a scrapbook. This was mid-1958.

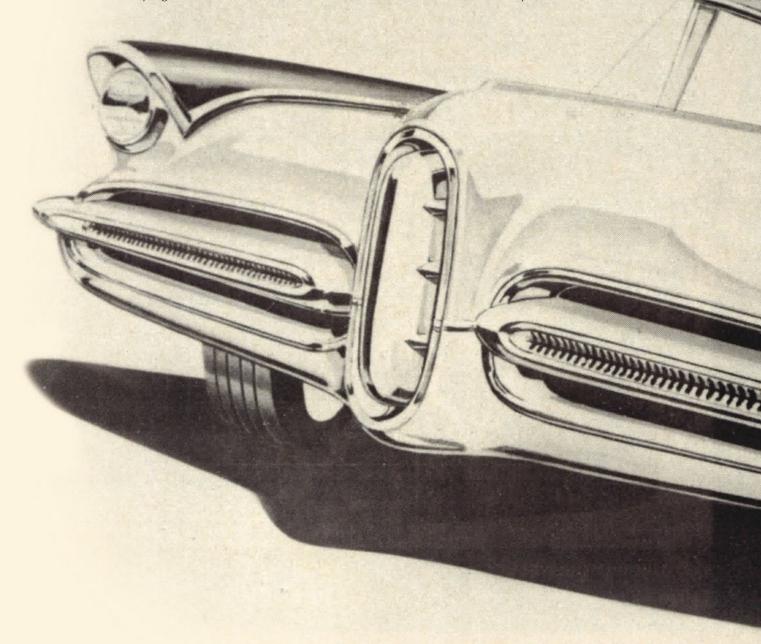
The designer has asked to remain anonymous. His scrapbook covers too many pages to reprint here in toto, but he's allowed us to reproduce highlights. The scrapbook begins:

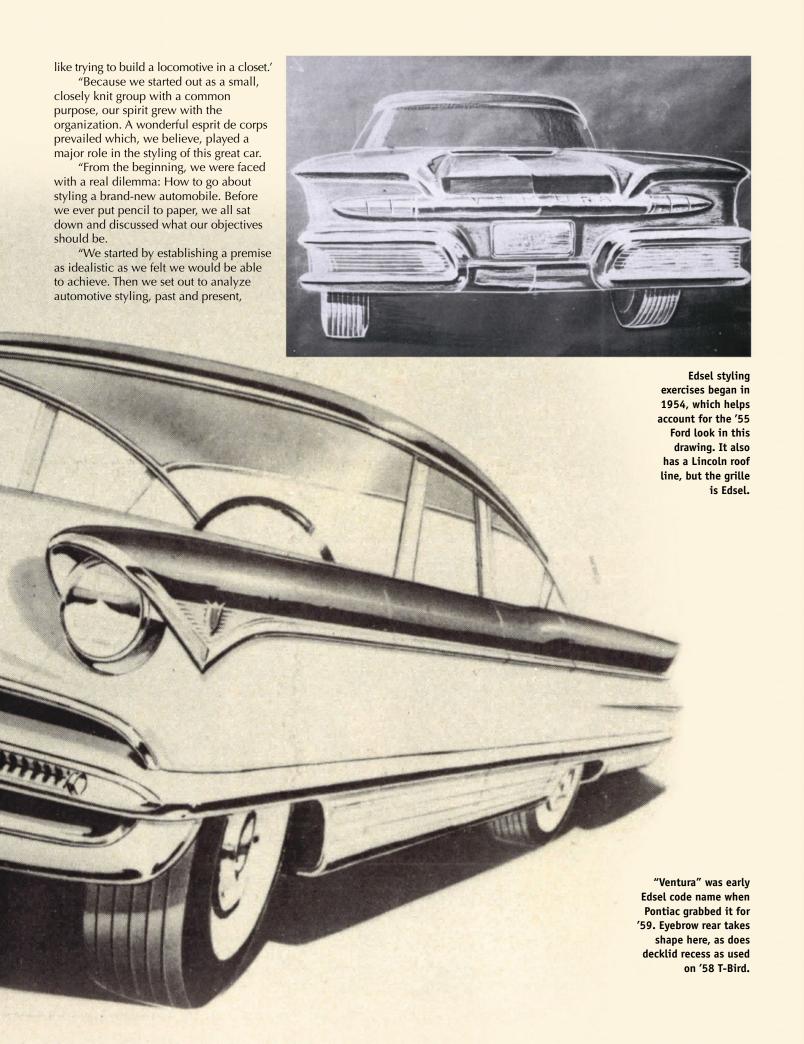
"June 7, 1954, a styling team was

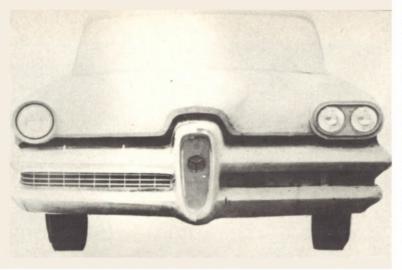
formed to undertake the conception of an entirely new automobile." Now this is a rare privilege indeed in a company as well established as the Ford Motor Co. Here would be a car with no past history and no precedents. This proved both an advantage and a tremendous challenge.

"Within several weeks our new studio organization totaled five men. In the earliest days, our activity was accomplished in one small room on the second floor of the Ford

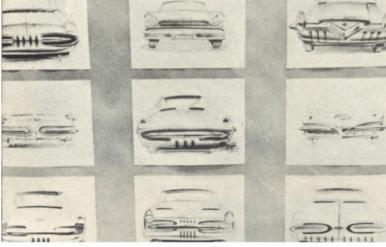
styling building—barely big enough for the five of us to move around in. As we got bigger, we moved to the basement of the same building. At first this space seemed more than adequate, but as we started building full-sized models and brought more men and equipment in, we soon found ourselves sitting in one another's laps. L.D. Crusoe, our executive vice president, came through one day and commented, 'It's



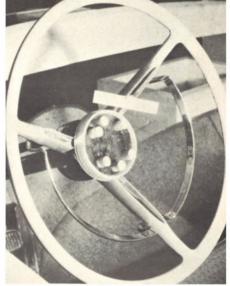




This clay from mid-1955 tries two effects, one on each half. By this time, Ford execs said Edsel would have to share a Ford body shell.



These studies for the 1960 Edsel got rid of the horsecollar grille. By that time it was clear that vertical theme was the kiss of death. As it turned out, the production Edsel grille for 1960 looked like a direct copy of the 1959 Pontiac - an unfortunate coincidence.



After experimenting with automatic transmission buttons behind the steering wheel. Edsel engineers decided to put them into the hub, an idea then in use by Packard.

as well as cars in general. We made an appraisal of those cars we considered the style leaders in the [mid-price] field, why they were, and how they got that way. The best sellers of that year's [1954] market were evaluated in terms of product identity, evolution, and the indicated styling trends.

"Silhouettes of competitive makes, including our own company products, were made to compare front, side, and rear elevations; also the pertinent style line or ornamentation which we considered a point of identity. From this research, certain conclusions were drawn that led to the establishment of product theme... one which has endured from the beginning of the program and is embodied in the car today."

Whether this anonymous stylist put together his scrapbook in defense of the Edsel's design—to justify what at that time was deemed a ludicrous car-or whether he did it from sheer enthusiasm and pride

isn't known. He might have simply wanted to chronicle the styling history of this amazing mistake.

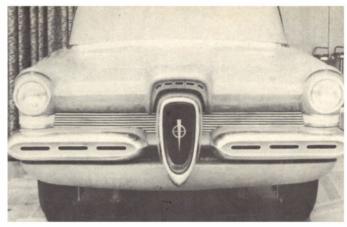
The Edsel, as everyone knows, was researched to death. Everything about it was studied, weighed, analyzed tested, questioned, held up to a hundred arguments for and against. Eventually, the politics and whims of all people involved so muddied the pure research that no one knew where he stood or where the final blame for the Edsel should lie.

The Edsel was originally conceived to become FoMoCo's answer to GM's Buick/ Olds/Pontiac triumvirate and Chrysler Corp.'s Newport/De Soto. Ford had no solid sales challenger in the medium-price market, the Mercury being unsatisfactory to top management.

So the Edsel was dreamed up to fill this breech. It had to overcome stiff competition, thus had to be radically new and different; so new and so different that it would immediately be unmistakable,



Recognize this as a Comet? Look closely and you'll see Edsel nameplates on rear fender and hood. Ford considered making 1961 Comet an Edsel. Pontiac-like grille is again evident. Note high-riding lamp on opposite fender. Comet's cat-eye tail lights came by Edsel parentage.



Designers wanted Edsel to be instantly recognizable at any distance, thus chose vertical grille, heavily ornamented sides, and eyebrow rear.



These handsome slim-line seats were among 1955 Ventura discards. Edsels did end up with offset split, but the production seats were thick.



Edsel was to get pushbuttons on the dashboard, behind steering wheel. Studies showed this would be awkward, so the designers moved buttons to steering hub. Dome speedo was retained.



Earliest clay had wraparound bumpers riding up sides, with trim more subdued than it eventually turned out (top photo). As work progressed, side bumper became a molding, and rear theme split into small pieces.



1960 Edsel proto combined Ford metal, vertical, plus horizontal grille. If chosen, this design would have gotten Edsel off the Pontiac look.



Rejected 1959 design looks almost too much like current Pontiac to believe. Edsel brass rejected exposed nose because of vulnerability.

breathtaking, a car unlike anything before it. Preproduction rumors and ballyhoo made the public believe the Ventura (it was called that before the code name was changed to E-Car and finally to Edsel) would be that radical, new, different, and breathtaking.

In its earliest styling stages, the Ventura

was indeed far out and unlike anything else on the road: very futuristic and distinctive. As the design neared production, though, it became more and more watered down. Gradually it approached what it turned out to be, a restyled Ford.

So, besides an evaporating market

for medium-priced cars in 1958, the Edsel suffered from being not the eighth wonder of the world. It was just another car. This isn't to denigrate the Edsel, but one wonders what would have happened if those early styling drawings had been put into production. 89

Lifelong Love Affair

50 years behind the wheel of a 1929 Pierce-Arrow Model 133 Sedan

BY MARK J. McCOURT • PHOTOGRAPHY BY RICHARD LENTINELLO

ost of us aren't wise to the world when we're 15 years old, and we don't make decisions with the power to alter the course of our lives. Some that age are mature enough to have a vision, a plan, and a passion—say, working on a vintage automobile—that can set them up for the decades of enjoyment that come



from owning such a treasure. The special car on these pages was brought back to life by its youthful owner half a century ago, and that same owner continues to drive and share it to this day.

In the late 1960s, the Ford Model A was the most popular car to buy if you wanted a usable prewar classic. This was what Bob Bujak's friend purchased in 1967, an "A" coupe that the teenage boys spent many hours working on, and an example of the car that Bob intended to find for himself, as well. From being a mechanically fascinated six-year-old helping his father work on the family's 1958 Ford, to buying his first car at age 13, and successfully rebuilding a Pontiac straight-eight engine at 14, there was seemingly no other path for him to take.

in South Windsor. It looked much bigger than a Model A. I lifted the cover and read the name on the hubcap: 'Pierce,' with an arrow going through the name. I had no idea what I was looking at, but it cost \$500, which was the amount I was willing to spend, and I could tell it was of high quality.

"I asked my father what it was, and he wasn't sure. He asked some of his coworkers, and they said that a Pierce-Arrow was a very good car. I didn't know what I was getting into, but





This five-passenger Sedan received rich, new wool broadcloth upholstery, patterned after the tattered original material, during its 1998 restoration. The driving position is comfortable for touring.



The instrument panel's gauge bezels would be replated. Note how the central speedometer unit echoes the radiator's shape.



Pierce-Arrow considered the driver's comfort and convenience, including a cowl vent and a pouch to hold the registration.

I offered \$450 and the dealer accepted it—the car was mine!" Bob recalls with a smile. "It was a 1929 Pierce-Arrow fivepassenger Sedan, and he'd gotten it as part of an estate, and didn't know what he had. My uncle towed the car home for me on July 28, 1967. The following day, my family and I went on a two-week vacation, and all I could think about was this Pierce-Arrow that I'd just bought."

The object of that 15-year-old's fascination represented something new and record-setting for the venerable Buffalo, New York-based automaker, which enjoyed a reputation for prestige shared with a handful of American companies that included Packard, Peerless, and Duesenberg. Its quality-above-all approach had left it in a precarious financial position by 1928, when the firm was taken over by the Studebaker Corporation, but the monetary and production support the South Bend organization offered would result in an overnight turnaround, and Pierce-Arrow's best-ever year of sales.

Bob's luxury sedan was a Model 133, part of the junior series whose name revealed the length, in inches, of its wheelbase. The five-passenger Sedan cost \$2,975 (roughly equivalent to \$42,940 today, adjusted for inflation), and was one of eight body styles in this lineup that ranged from the \$2,875 rumble seat-equipped Roadster to the \$3,350 Enclosed Drive Limousine for seven passengers; the five available styles of long-wheelbase, senior Model 143 cost notably more: between \$3,750 and a breathtaking \$8,200.

While Pierce-Arrow's fender-mounted headlamps endured as an unmistakable part of its 1929 cars—where allowed by law, of course, as some states still required freestanding lamps—the rest of this car's design represented a smoother, more modern appearance, most notably in the newfound curves of the fenders and roofline. The archer mascot still posed atop the radiator shell's filler neck, but the radiator itself was taller, slenderer, and hidden behind body-color vertical thermostatic shutters, which contributed to the car's more refined and expensive appearance. Side-mounted spare tires remained a factoryfitted option.

It was what lay under the louvered hood that represented the most significant modernization: the automaker's first L-head straight-eight engine, replacing the long-serving T- and L-head straight-sixes. Displacing 366 cubic inches through its 3.5 x 4.75-inch bore and stroke, this nine-main-bearing engine featured a 5.07:1 compression ratio, Stromberg UU2 two-barrel updraft carburetor, and a Lanchester vibration damper, and made a smooth 125 horsepower at 3,200 rpm and 250 lb-ft of torque at 1,200 rpm. These figures handily eclipsed those of the preceding Series 81, whose 288.5-cubic-inch L-head engine made 75 horsepower, as well as those of the patrician Series 36's 24-valve, 100-hp T-head. The new eight-cylinder engine would be cast in Studebaker's plant using premium materials, and, allied to a 4.23:1 ratio in the hypoid-gear axle, offer the Model 133 owner both effortless low-rpm torque and a heady turn of speed.

This car's underpinnings could certainly handle all that engine could offer. An unsynchronized Brown-Lipe three-speed manual transmitted power to the rear wheels, while mechanically actuated 15-inch, triple-shoe Bendix drums halted progress; the forward-thinking vacuum assist of previous years did not carry over into this new model. Suspension was by leatherwrapped semi-elliptical leaf springs that supported the solid front and rear axles, and ash wood-spoke, 19-inch-diameter wheels were standard equipment.

Most, but not all, of those mechanical components were still present when Bob bought our feature car, as he explains.

"I'll call it a basket case. The previous owner had taken some things apart, and either gave up on it, or passed away before he could begin a restoration, and it sat in a barn for a number of years.

"When I lifted the hood, I saw the bare block; I couldn't tell at the time, but the crankshaft and camshaft were in there. Included in the boxes of parts in the back-seat area were the pistons, valves, the generator, starter, and water pump. The carburetor and distributor were missing, and a lot of brackets and bolts had been misplaced.

"There were no bumpers on the car, and most of the chrome trim was gone, but the body was quite solid. There was no major rust or rot, but there were pinholes at the bottoms of doors from poor water drainage," Bob recalls. As it was found, the 38-year-old luxury car—whose last registration appeared to have been in 1959—exhibited a brush-painted black finish, with door moldings highlighted in green. The body's wooden inner structure was fully intact, as was the pressed-steel ladder frame, although the broadcloth interior had seen better days. "The wool upholstery was tattered, but there was enough left for patterns. The lower back-seat cushion was not the correct one."

The excited 15-year-old attempted to learn something of his new car's history, contacting the family from whom the antiques dealer had purchased it. "They didn't have any more information about its history or previous ownership. I went to the estate's location, and the barn it had been in was there, but empty," he says. "The carburetor could have been sent out to a shop for a rebuild, or it may have been sitting on a bench in the barn, and when they cleaned it out, they might have had no clue as to what it was, and threw it away."

So, Bob didn't have much to go on, but this didn't stop him from diving into his project car, with reassembling the engine being the top priority. "I found the cylinders were tapered about .015-inch, which wasn't great, but the crankshaft and camshaft seemed good. I replaced the piston rings, and bought a set of gaskets. I got a carburetor and distributor from a Pierce-Arrow Society member named Don Carlson, who had a junkyard business; they were in a car out back, in his 'spare parts yard,' and they were quite rough, but I couldn't afford good ones. I worked on them for weeks, and got them to the point that they'd function.

"After a summer and fall of intense work, the Pierce roared back to life on my sister's birthday, November 5, 1967. What a day—it actually ran! I drove it up and down the driveway, and then up and down our dead-end street. The transmission and rear-end seemed good, and the brakes worked," Bob says with a smile. "That winter, I rewired the car with brown extension cord wire. A couple of blankets hid the tattered interior. I picked up a set of bumpers; one was a 'Weed Tire & Chain' universal bumper from back in the day, and the other was something that happened to fit on the car. I spray-painted them silver, like The Beverly Hillbillies. It was a pretty impressive, stately car, even then. It wasn't quite correct, but for the money I had invested in it, it offered a lot of bang for the buck."

While this vintage four-door wouldn't be his only ride through his high school and college years, Bob enjoyed how it set him apart from his Camaro, Firebird, and Nova-driving peers. He drove it extensively, even attending his first meeting of the Pierce-Arrow Society in Corning, New York, as a new member, in 1968. He would rebuild the engine completely in 1971, and touring in the Pierce would become a favorite occasion for Bob and his wife, Elaine, after their 1974 wedding.

"When the boys came along, we would pile them into the car with strollers and coolers, and go to a meet. I was jug-



The Model 133's eponymous wheelbase offered stretch-out room in the rear compartment for three occupants, all of whom enjoyed couch-like seating and excellent views through safety-glass windows.





The person sitting behind the driver had a small, finely finished wood-and-bright metal holder for notepads and other small items, while the opposite passenger had use of a cigar lighter and ashtray.





This new-for-1929
L-head straight-eight
sported a standard oil
filter and two-barrel
updraft Stromberg carb.
The generator was driven
off the timing chain,
and it, in turn, drove the
water pump.



gling my family and career, and we didn't have enough money to restore it, but that was fine—I wasn't extremely particular about the condition. It was a good-driving car, and we'd just take it out and have fun," he tells us. The Bujak family drove the Pierce-Arrow to meets in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and through all of New England through the 1980s, but the car would sit idle for a few years in the early 1990s.

"I decided to resurrect the car in 1996. I got it running again, but was plagued with cooling-system problems that included foaming, which resulted in water being forced out of the radiator cap, compounding the overheating," Bob remembers. "It was a rather frustrating problem, and at the time, I was involved with some hot rod people. I looked into hot rodding the Pierce. I did a fair amount of research, had several components selected, and was just about ready to go ahead with the conversion when, at the 11th hour and 59th minute, I solved the cooling-system

problem by installing a 160-degree thermostat and adding two cans of No-Rosion cooling-system corrosion inhibitor."

Bob continues: "I then decided, since it was running much better, it deserved a full restoration, in advance of a summer 1999 Pierce-Arrow Society national meet. After driving it in a wedding in the fall of 1997, I started taking it apart on January I, 1998. My veterinarian introduced me to Don Wilson, who's now deceased; he was a true craftsman, an independent restorer who worked out of a large, two-car garage in his backyard in Rockville, Connecticut. Don came up to the house to see the car and talk about what I wanted in a restoration, and I told him I was just looking for a nice-driving car with decent paint and upholstery. He asked if I wanted any orange peel in the paint, and I said, 'Preferably not,'" Bob recalls with a laugh.

"We looked at those original, natural-finish wood-spoke wheels, and he asked if I wanted him to clean around the spokes, or to disassemble them? I said, 'I'd hate to see the paint lines and paint on the spokes, so let's take them apart.' I ended up completely disassembling the car, and we did more than I was looking for, but I'm glad that I did it in the end."

Bob transported the body to Don, keeping the rolling chassis at his house. The engine was running sweetly, but the circa-1968 household wiring was exchanged for a correct wiring loom, and he replaced the original 4.23 rear gears with a high-speed, 3.56:1-ratio set purchased from world-champion racer and vintage-car restorer Phil Hill. While Don attended to the bodywork—often enlisting Bob's "sweat equity" to pitch in with after-hours and weekend work—the sedan's longtime owner continued to source parts and have a set of correct bumpers, and other trim, plated.

While they were sanding off the black paint, the men discovered that our feature car appeared to have left Buffalo in 1929 in the period combination of 'mustard' yellow body over 'chocolate' brown fenders. "A lot of people will restore a car to its original color, but those colors, I couldn't live with," Bob laughs. "In the Pierce-Arrow manufacturing process, a buyer could have a car painted any color they wanted. With that in mind, I looked for something more suitable, and I credit Elaine for finding the color

we went with: 1998 Jaguar Westminster Blue, over black fenders. It's a non-metallic body color, and within the Pierce-Arrow Society, that is considered an original shade."

When its paint was finished, the body was brought to Authier Restoration in Thompson, Connecticut, to have the gray wool interior recreated, including covering a reproduction of the correct rear seat base. And we learned that replacing the roof insert ended up a family affair: "My sister-in-law, Marcia, and her late husband, Bob Juliano, owned Juliano's Hot Rod Parts in Ellington, Connecticut. They'd developed a top insert kit that worked perfectly, and has never leaked a drop of water."

The Model 133's restoration would be completed in June 1999, just in time for it to be driven to that year's Pierce-Arrow Society national meet in New Hampshire. "It was an around-the-clock project that came out very nicely—the car presents well," Bob muses. "I'm relatively a purist, but I want the car to operate properly, to run right. I do like the fact that it is original-appearing. Changing the color didn't bother me; I built this car for myself and my wife, not anyone else, and it turned out that a lot of people like it. The one time I had it judged by the Classic Car Club of America, at Don Wilson's urging, it received a final score of 99.5 points.

"Some of my friends said that, if I restored the car, I would not want to drive it. Wrong! We take it out whenever we can, and it's never been on a trailer," Bob asserts. "I call it a country-road car, it loves 45-55 mph. But with the high-speed rear end, it can easily cruise at 60. We were driving to a meet in Buffalo after the restoration, and I did take it on part of the New York State Thruway. We passed a car pulling a trailer, and when we got to the meet, the fellow with the trailer told me he was going 70 when I passed him! I guess we were trying to make time," Bob says with a grin. "It goes down the road quite smoothly, the car stops on a dime when the brakes are adjusted properly, and it's a very comfortable car to drive."

A half-century is a long time by any standard, and when you're 15, 65 years old seems a long time away. But for this Pierce-Arrow's owner, those interim years were filled with great



It goes down the road quite smoothly,
the car stops on a dime when the brakes
are adjusted properly, and it's a very
comfortable car to drive.

memories, many credited to this 133. "This car's been a part of my legacy, from my childhood. And if I come across a friend from years back, from high school, they'll ask, 'You still got the Pierce-Arrow?' 'Yes, I do,'" Bob can answer, with pride. "I've never considered selling it, having joked that my wife and kids would go before it. We're enjoying it now, more than ever."



oat**foster**



The Doors

ne of the things I find most interesting about the Independent automakers is how hard they tried to be different from mainstream producers. You've

heard me mention Nash's... uh... unique styling, Studebaker's emphasis on sporty models and high performance, Crosley and Bantam's take on American small cars, and Packard's focus on ultra-luxury automobiles, especially in the 1920s and '30s. Each of these companies approached the market in unique

and special ways, and it's for that reason they became so memorable. It's what set them apart.

That effort to stand out from the rest of the herd was a good approach to take because it gave customers a reason for buying; the Independents offered features you couldn't get elsewhere. On the other hand, it sometimes led down alleys that probably should have been avoided, like the 1955-'56 Nash's in-grille headlamps and partially enclosed front wheels, and Hudson's decision to make its new Jet compact look like a used Ford. In all likelihood, AMC's 1973 decision to invest in the quirky Pacer rather than luxury compacts or redesigning big cars ended up costing the company its freedom.

But the quirkiest attempts at uniqueness must be those that focused on doors, and how various companies tried to reinvent something that was working well the way it was. Take the 1954 Kaiser-Darrin sports car for example; its doors slide forward into the fenders. As trick features go, it was pretty good, though a bit awkward to use. Plus, the roller channels tend to get clogged with dirt, at times making the door balky to open and close.

For their respective sports cars, Malcolm Bricklin and John DeLorean both chose gullwing doors, a feature that's guaranteed to draw a crowd and generate a lot of free press. As Bricklin famously said, "The doors are pure sex...." Bricklin and DeLorean took different approaches to how their cars' doors operated. The DeLorean used simple torsion bars to ease the job of lifting the heavy doors, while Bricklin had a complex hydraulic system that relied on a convertible top motor for lifting. The setup worked beautifully

until you tried to open both doors at once, at which point it self-destructed.

Around the same period, little HMV-High Mileage Vehicles Inc.—introduced its tiny

> Freeway commuter car that boasted just a single door. That made sense, though, because, well, the car only held one person. And a skinny one at that.

> Bruce Mohs tried two different door ideas with his cars. The Ostentatienne Opera Sedan had a single rear door hinged at the roofline, allowing people to

walk into the car from the rear, stooped over of course. The Mohs SafariKar featured probably the most unique take on door design, because the entire body side moved outward on linear shafts, allowing passengers to enter around the front or rear of the massive body stamping.

Crosley took a unique-and cost-effectiveapproach with its Hotshot sports car. That little cutie didn't have any doors at all, just enlarged openings. Pay a little more and you could buy the Hotshot Super Sports, which did have doors.

Kissel came out with automobiles that had oddball doors. One came with two doors, mounted midships, while another—called the Staggered Door Sedan-featured a front door on one side, and a rear door on the other. Either design forced either the driver or passengersor both-to squeeze through a narrow opening to find their seat. For the manufacturer, it was cheaper than providing four separate doors, but to passengers it must have been a pain in the, uh, neck.

In 1975, American Motors unveiled the allnew Pacer two-door hatchback with a passenger door that was five inches longer than the driver's door. The unique design offered much easier ingress and egress for rear-seat passengers on the safest side for exiting. Best of all, AMC's designers were able to integrate the difference in door lengths into the overall styling via a wide "B" pillar that helped hide the variance. Most people don't even know about it.

Independents are using unique door designs to set themselves apart even today. Witness Tesla's Model X with its weird gullwing rear doors. Do you really believe they're needed? •





REGARDING THE BUICK V-6 STORY

in HCC #155, my folks bought a 1963 Buick Special, Marlin Blue, four-door coupe with the 90-degree V-6. The vibration, especially at idle or low rpm, was terrible. My dad always said it would vibrate the fillings out of your teeth. That engine, in 1963, was poorly designed and tested, if at all, before it was sold. John Eversole Miami, Florida

I ENJOYED THE ARTICLE ABOUT THE

venerable Slant Six engine in HCC #159. Having owned several vehicles with that engine, I can attest that it was a dependable, strong inline-six. However, none of those vehicles stand out in my memory more than the 1961 Dodge half-ton pickup that served as the delivery vehicle for our family's home and auto business in Tucumcari, New Mexico, in the early '60s. As fledging hot-rodders and drag racers, my brother and I would often be seen driving that pickup at unearthly speeds, usually with a stove or a refrigerator in the back to be delivered to one of the adjoining communities on the old Route 66 corridor. At nighttime, the family truck was often seen (much to dad's consternation) outrunning every six-cylinder Ford or Chevrolet in the old hometown. Steven Riska Draper, Utah

YOUR ARTICLE ON SLANT SIX

engines was great. I have been driving a 1965 Plymouth Barracuda with a Slant Six since 2008. In October 2016, our friends Don and Jane Palmer from Connecticut came to Michigan and we headed for Route 66. Their car is a 1965 Dodge Dart. Both cars have 225-cu.in. Slant Sixes with automatic transmissions. We started Route 66 in Joliet, Illinois, and ended 15 days later in Santa Monica, California. We saw lots of sites along the way, like the Gateway Arch, Petrified Forest, Painted Desert, and many restored gas stations and restaurants. Both Slant Six engines ran well with a few ignition problems. Our trip, after driving up the Pacific Coast Highway, was a total of 5,889 miles. We drove 24 days total through 14 states and had an average mileage of 21 mpg. The Slant Six runs great at 70 mph and delivers good gas mileage with the 2:76 rear gears. John Stover

Battle Creek, Michigan

I FELT COMPELLED TO WRITE AFTER

reading the article on "highly dependable" Slant Six engines. My first new car was a 1971 Plymouth Duster with a 225 Slant Six. This car was meticulously maintained; I even had a spreadsheet to record when various services were done. Three years later, with just 61,000 miles, it threw the #6 connecting rod through the oil pan. I was doing 70-75 mph on the interstate when it blew. The mechanic who serviced the car would not believe me until he saw it.

I had a factory rebuilt short-block installed for around \$450 by the local Dodge-Plymouth dealer.

In August 1975, 27,000 miles later (now with 88,000 on the odometer) it did it again, same cylinder. But this time at idle, so the damage wasn't as severe.

My mechanic "fixed" it for \$100 and would not guarantee that it would make it home. He made the comment that not even two pistons in that short-block were the same size. I drove it directly to the local Chevrolet dealer and traded it for a 1969 Chevrolet wagon with a 327 V-8. I have not been a fan of Chrysler products ever since. Everyone I've talked to who had a Slant Six swore by them; I don't know what happened to mine. Randy Mattson

Forest Lake, Minnesota

THANK YOU FOR THE EXCELLENT

article on the development of the Chrysler Slant Six engine. Please give us more articles on the developmental history of significant engines. Also, congratulations on the superb photography gracing recent covers of Hemmings Classic Car and Hemmings Motor News. **Bob Edwards**

Raleigh, North Carolina

I REALLY ENJOYED THE "NEVER

Parked" article in HCC #159 about the White national park buses. My wife and I visited Yellowstone a few years ago, and having known about the restored buses, I was really looking forward to a ride in one.

We got to the bus early, and as the driver and I started talking, he soon found out I was a car guy. Early into the tour, I asked if we could roll the top back. (It was a beautiful day, the park aglow with all of the autumn colors and the temps were quite warm for late September.) He said if I would give him a hand and it was alright

with the other passengers, that's what we would do. It wasn't the easiest thing to do, as the fabric top was quite heavy and it was a stretch rolling it back while standing on the running boards, but what a wonderful way to experience a drive back in time. We even used the wool blankets that were mentioned in the article.

Of course, when the tour was over, I helped the driver close the top, thanked him greatly, and headed straight to the gift shop to buy a diecast model of the bus, which I have displayed in our home office. Phill Wolfe

Warrenville, Illinois

THE CADILLAC ELDORADO

Broughams featured in HCC #159 took writer Jeff Koch into a new and better place, comparing pure restoration to "modernized." I would like to add a third version: a thoroughly safe, reliable, great handling car with new underpinnings wrapped in that oh-so-beautiful skin.

"Classic" is much overused in film, music, literature, and in our hobby. But, in the world of cars, the Eldorado Broughams, along with the 1961-'68 Lincoln Continentals, are simply the most beautifully designed, mid-century, four-door automobiles—"classic" fits well for both. The Eldorado Brougham is so special, because it looks like a Cadillac customized with a big budget by George Barris. A car that would demand to be seen and would give the driving experience to match its stunning silhouette.

I know I risk the wrath of purists, but the restored Eldorado would give a weird and disappointing driving experience; if original it should be confined to a museum. The version I suggest would have a new, stronger frame, contemporary suspension, a GM crate engine, new GM automatic transmission, disc brakes, modern A/C and electronics, all capped by its 1957-'58 design splendor. Yes, "classic" in appearance only, but a divine sculpture that gives deep respect to the GM design studio of 60 years ago, starting easily and a joy to drive.

David Bryant Rancho Mirage, California

To have your letter considered for Recaps, you must include your full name and the town/city and state you live in. Thank you.

davidschultz

marque clubs are one of the

The Car Club Advantage

his fall, I learned of an early 1930s Lincoln that had become available. The car was owned by a widow whose late husband had arranged for the car to be restored before he became seriously ill; unfortunately he didn't live to enjoy the finished car. Although the Lincoln was located several hours away, I liked the body style and decided to make the trip to inspect it.

I'd seen photos of the car, and from what I could tell it looked good. So, my interest piqued since this was one of my favorite body designs on the Lincoln chassis.

The car had, indeed, been restored. To the average person, the car would be impressive. After all, it was a 145-inch-wheelbase Lincoln that carried a beautifully designed body. As I examined the car, it became apparent to me that, while the workmanship was good, there were numerous issues of authenticity, which would trouble not only a Lincoln aficionado, but a serious Classic car enthusiast as well.

Among the issues were incorrect horns, missing hood escutcheons, over-chroming

(including the gas pedal!), incorrect floor material, misaligned "spark" and "throttle" controls on the steering column, nonauthentic color scheme (although some argue that any color was available at extra cost), and incorrect pinstriping pattern. The upholstery was satisfactory, but not as-original. The car drove okay, but needed a tune-up, and the brakes pulled sharply to one side. Some of these issues can be addressed at modest cost, others will not be inexpensive. And, if these issues exist, how good was the engine rebuild?

I've always considered myself as much of an automotive historian as a vintage-car enthusiast. I enjoy researching not only cars that I own, but any car that interests me, for whatever reason. So, when I see a car like this restored Lincoln, with all of its issues, I'm puzzled. All of these could have been

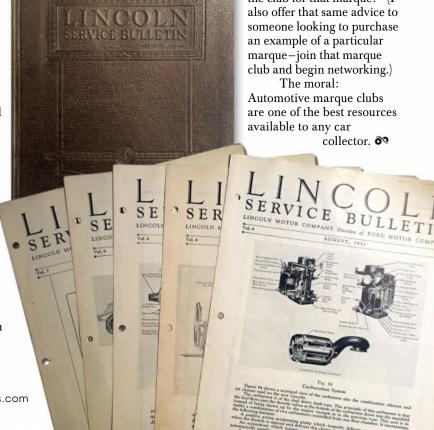
properly resolved had the car owner been a member of the Lincoln Owners Club and the Classic Car Club of America. Within those two clubs are a number of individuals who are quite familiar with Lincolns. The owner belonged to neither club.

Apparently, the owner and the restorer essentially operated in a vacuum when restoring the car. They had no reference materials, i.e. owner's manual, service bulletins, and illustrated parts book, nor did they contact anyone familiar with Lincolns of this era. As a result, while the car was restored to the best of their ability, there are numerous authenticity issues

This is why marque clubs exist-to assist individuals in restoring a car to its as-delivered condition. Just about every club has individuals who are available to assist other members. Some clubs have even created restoration guides.

Most marque clubs have a certain camaraderie-members enjoy helping each other get a car on the road and keeping it there. I have been on both ends and enjoy it immensely. In fact, there isn't a better feeling in the hobby than knowing you've helped a fellow car enthusiast.

> When I learn that a friend or acquaintance has purchased a new collector car, one of my first questions is usually "Have you joined the club for that marque?" (I an example of a particular marque-join that marque club and begin networking.)



TRANSMISSION

- •Hydra-matic •F-85
- Torque-flite
 - Ford
- Powerflite
- •Slim Jim
- Dyna-flow Powerglide
- Jet-away Dual-path

Master Kits, Major Kits, Overhaul, Filters, Bands, **Bushing Kits, Converters,** and Hard Parts.





Domestic and imported automatic transmission parts for cars and light trucks, including 4x4 and military common to the U.S. from 1946 to date.

CALL TO **ORDER**

Outside N.J.: (800) 524-0485

In N.J.: (973) 227-2487

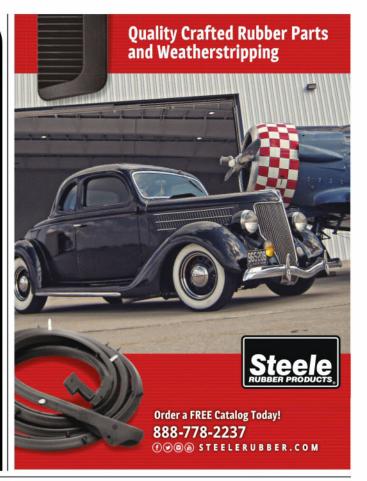
Worldwide FAX: (973) 227-5414

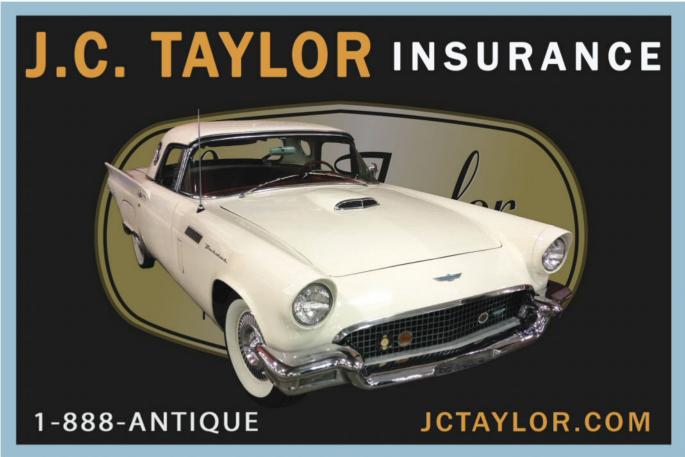
FATSCO TRANSMISSION PARTS

P.O. Box 635, 337 Change Bridge Rd., Pinebrook, NJ 07058

fatsco.com

email: fatsco@verizon.net





matthewlitwin





Project Intervention

he Hemmings editorial staff on occasion discusses the idea of driving our old steeds to our summer cruise nights. Doing so would serve two purposes: help us stay in touch with the general comradery of old-car ownership, and give us a perfectly good reason to drive and enjoy them. Though the idea is always met with enthusiasm, inevitably a multitude of reasons prevents at least a few of us from doing

so, including the dreaded stalled project malady, of which I am guilty.

It started a couple of years ago when I decided to drive our 1961 Buick Invicta to the office one spring morning. The cruising euphoria I was experiencing turned sour during the short 14-mile

trek from home, for along the way, the generator lamp mysteriously illuminated against the Mirror-Magic instrument panel. Being a completely stock, unrestored, original four-door sedan, it couldn't be too complicated to diagnose, right?

That evening I dove under the hood to find and fix the problem, beginning with the most logical component, the generator. Lo and behold, one of the brushes within the assembly had twisted itself into a position not intended by its Delco designers. A few more miles and the tiny but critical component would have crumbled into dozens of fragments. A handful of days and two trips to the local auto parts store later, I had correct replacements, and, with great anticipation, the generator was reinstalled.

Like a monster in a bad horror movie though, the electrical problem wouldn't die, even after checking the voltage regulator. Out came the generator again, which was then delivered to a local facility that checked the armature. A week later, it was handed back to me with a clean bill of health, and that's where my good intentions crept to a standstill. Something as simple as bolting it back in, reconnecting the wires and starting the Buick, somehow-inexplicably-quickly became a stalled project. Laden with garage guilt, I needed an intervention.

That intervention is another oft-discussed topic among the staff. For the better part of a decade, there have been attempts to organize

and maintain garage nights. The principal theory behind it is as basic as one can assume. Congregate in any one or more of our garages at regular intervals to motivate and help each other maintain our old cars. Aside from turning wrenches, getting greasy, and checking things off the automotive to-do list, would be the added benefit of being able to socialize outside of the office more frequently.

> That said, we are an eclectic bunch: our rides diverse in terms of origin and genre. So, too, are their conditions. Restorations are underway, repairs-to-roadworthyconditions have stacked up, and there's the more mundane fluid changes to perform. In short, garage nights could also prove to yield a wealth of material to recount in our digitally distributed *Hemmings*

Daily. And besides, what could possibly go wrong when there are a bunch of knowledgeable staffers standing around an old car with tools in their hands?

Last fall, fellow editor David Conwill and I revisited garage nights-thinking in terms of attending cruise nights in our classics-opting to take on the Buick's electrical coma. Armed with enthusiasm, we returned the generator to the chassis and "excited" it according to the service manual. In theory, the 401-cu.in. V-8 was supposed to jump to life, but it didn't. Fuel, we discovered, wasn't getting to the filter bowl.

Some quick thinking and compressed air cleared a blockage from the fuel line, and immediately gasoline flowed from the tank in copious doses. Further unsuccessful cranking meant that the carburetor floats were stuck; subtle coaxing finally brought the Invicta back to life. Yet, that pesky generator lamp continued to glow an angry red. Complicating matters was the fact that, as soon as I applied the brakes, the 55-yearold main line blew, sending the entire reservoir of hydraulic fluid all over the floor.

Garage nights, it turns out, also have the inadvertent ability to provide more work for the to-do list and, if viewed correctly, a little humor while standing in a pool of hydraulic fluid. Suffice it to say, all new brake parts have been obtained, and now, a year later, it's time to get back to work. Spring is only a few months away. 53

ROBERTS MOTOR PARTS

17 Prospect St West Newbury, Massachusetts 01985

NEW & NOS PARTS



FOR PLYMOUTH. DODGE, CHRYSLER, & DeSOTO CARS & TRUCKS!

PH: 800-231-3180 • 978-363-5407 FAX: 978-363-2026

Send \$4 for our car & truck catalog (free with order) 9-6 weekdays MasterCard & VISA 9-6 weekdays

www.robertsmotorparts.com



"Best T-Bird Website to see and buy all your 58-66 parts."

www.tbirdparts.com

No Internet then call: 800-232-6378



WOOL BROADCLOTH & BEDFORD WILTON, SQ WEAVE, LOOP & VELOUR CARPET **LEATHER & VINYLS CONVERTIBLE TOPS FOREIGN** & DOMESTIC **CONVERTIBLE TOP MATERIALS HEADLINING MATERIAL WOOL &** COTTON M-B INTERIORS **ROLLS-ROYCE INTERIORS HI-TEMP COATINGS**

ENGINE ENAMELS RUST PREVENTION PRODUCTS FUEL TANK SEALER & REPAIR KITS CUSTOM LEATHER FINISHING AND MUCH MORE....

WWW.HIRSCHAUTO.COM 800 828 2061 or 973 642 2404 396 LITTLETON AVE. **NEWARK. NJ 07103**





WE HAVE THE PARTS YOU NEED!

Engine Overhaul Kits Brake Overhaul Kits Pistons Water Pumps Fuel Tanks Motor Mounts Carburetor Kits

1930's - 1990's

Suspension Parts Upholstery/Carpets **Disc Brake Conversion Kits** Distributors **Front End Kits Idler & Pitman Arms** Shock Absorbers

Coil & Leaf Springs **Universal Joints Weatherstrip Kits Electrical Parts** Clutches Starters/Generators Tune-up Kits

TOLL 800-526-1096

LIMITED LIFETIME WARRANTY

Fax: 973-334-5423

CODE L095-HX2W

₩ C.O.D.

662 Myrtle Avenue Boonton, NJ 07005

For Info Call:973-334-9575 Parts and availability may vary and be subject to written change.

Corvairs at Clark's The biennial gathering of Corvairs in the Northeast

WORDS AND PHOTOGRAPHY BY RICHARD LENTINELLO



hile on my way to Lake George, New York, to take part in the Hemmings Concours, I made a slight detour and stopped in Shelburne Falls, Massachusetts, to attend a Corvair show. It wasn't just any Corvair show though, it was the much-anticipated gathering at the headquarters of Clark's Corvair Parts, which is located right on the scenic Mohawk Trail.

Hosted by the Bay State Corvair Club of Massachusetts every two years, this was its 13th Fall Classic show. It was held on Saturday, September 16, under warm, sunny skies, which no doubt contributed to this year's record-breaking attendance of 104 Corvairs. There were Corvairs from throughout New

England and the Northeast, Long Island, Canada, and as far away as Virginia.

Be it authentic or modified, original or restored, every year and model Corvair was represented on the spacious grounds surrounding the many buildings that make up the well-known parts supplier, Clark's Corvair Parts. All the buildings were open for viewing, informative seminars were provided by Clark's staff, and there was even a special show discount on new parts to help people complete their restorations.

If you own or love Corvairs, you really need to add this event to your bucket list. We enjoyed ourselves so much that we plan on being back in 2019.







Clark's staff put on several informative seminars, including this one about resizing connecting rods and fitting pins to pistons.



Four-door 1964 Monza sedans owned by Jason Cesana from Rhode Island, Rudy Thompson from New Jersey, and Dan Brennan from Massachusetts.



Ermine White with red interior is an ideal color combination for this 80-horsepower 1961 Monza "flattop" four-door sedan owned by Bob Haworth.



President of the Bay State Corvair Club, Ray Bombardier, displayed his 31,000-mile Cameo Beige 1965 Monza.



This two-tone 1963 Rampside with 110-horsepower, automatic and a gas heater, was shown by Tim Colson, who made the long drive from Western New York.



Paul Domser from central New York state drove over in his firetruck-inspired 1964 Corvan 95 featuring 95 horsepower and a manual four-speed transmission.



From central New Hampshire came Paul and Evelyn Ardito with their striking blackon-red four-speed 1963 Spyder. It features a 150-horsepower engine.





Parkview Practicality

Reliving the Studebaker experience with a roomy 1956 station wagon

BY TERRY SHEA • PHOTOGRAPHY BY RICHARD LENTINELLO



tudebaker advertised its station wagons for the 1956 model year as the cars for everyone: "Whether you're off to work or play...whatever hat it calls for...the great big way to go to it is in

one of the new Studebaker station wagons! Blue jeans and Sunday best, graduation gowns and bathing suits are all equally at home in these comfortable, easy-riding, solidly-built beauties."

Though 1956 ultimately proved an ominous year for the Studebaker-Packard Corporation, what with tumbling sales figures and the final shutdown of the Packard plant in Detroit and the West Coast Studebaker assembly line in California, the cars themselves still had their fans. Dave Romani's father bought



a new Studebaker Pelham wagon in 1956. He and his family loved the simple, straightforward two-door wagon, even if the Connecticut winters began claiming it almost immediately.

In 1961, the Romanis sold the Pelham, and the family bought a Pontiac Catalina, but they never forgot the Studebaker they had so enjoyed, buying that same wagon back again in the mid-Sixties, just as Dave was getting behind the wheel. "It was my first driver," he says. "I learned to drive on it. The one we had in our family was a Pelham model, which was a baseline car. It was a six-cylinder with a standard, in a sort of sea foam green."

Unfortunately, the tin worm eventually did in the Studebaker, its bite sinking ever deeper. "I drove it when I was 16, just as a runaround school car," Dave recalls. "And we used it as a utility vehicle at the house. It became somewhat unsafe because it just rotted away from the Connecticut winters. It got so bad that we had to just set the tailgate in place and close the upper part of it and lock it in. The hinges had rotted away, and the floor was pretty well gone. It was probably 1967 that we ended up finishing it off. The radiator had sprung a leak, and it just wasn't worth fixing." Perhaps not worth fixing, but certainly the once-sturdy Studebaker made a lasting impression on Dave.

Though he inherited a love for vintage automobiles, along with a few cars, from his father, Dave never lost interest in the model he learned to drive on. "I had some fond memories of the original 1956 Studebaker," Dave says, "and sort of thought it was a rare car and didn't see many of them in my travels. I was

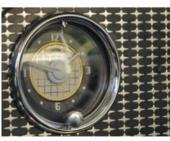


Debuting in 1951 at 232-cu.in., the rugged Studebaker V-8, with its forged crankshaft, generous bearing surfaces, solid lifters, and other tough components, displaces 259 cubic inches in the 1956 Parkview.









The Studebaker instrument panel had a unique and sporty flair to it. Sitting atop the dash and shaped like a mini television set was the "Cyclops Eye" speedometer, which featured a spinning barrel-type readout that changed colors as speeds increased.

looking at a magazine and happened to see one advertised—this particular one, actually—in Napa, California." Simple enough, he bought the car, right? Well, not quite.

"A friend of mine was looking for an old car and didn't

guite know what to get into. We made some plans to go out to California to look at this Studebaker. We never made it to San Francisco or the Napa area. He ended up buying a 1963 Hawk. We just passed on this particular car. Thinking about it down the road, I somewhat regretted it. Believe it or not, a year or so later, it became available again and I went ahead and purchased it." That was in 1990. Dave flew out West and drove the clean, highly original, black-plate California Parkview wagon around a bit, immediately taking it to a meet in San Luis Obispo before having it shipped back to his Connecticut home.

Unlike his family's original Pelham wagon, with its six-cylinder engine and three-speed manual transmission, the 1956 wagon shown here came from the midrange Parkview line. Like its sedans in 1956, Studebaker offered its wagons (all two-door models; four-door versions would debut a year later) in three ranges, known as the Pelham, Parkview, and Pinehurst, respectively, akin to the Champion, Commander, and President lines found in other models. The wagons, despite their unique model names, carried fender badges reflecting those moretraditional Studebaker names.

The primary differences between the various ranges in Studebaker's 1956 station wagons were found under the hood. The basic Pelham wagon made do with Studebaker's tried-and-true L-head, 185.5-cu.in. straight-six rated at 101 horsepower with 7.8 compression. The Parkview model, considered part of the midrange Commander line, was powered by a 259.2-cu.in. cast-iron overhead-valve V-8, and also featured 7.8 compression and rated at 170 horsepow-

He had just recently sold the car; I had missed it by six months ... he forwarded the name of the present owner,

letting it go, I would still be interested in it.

and ... I told him if he

was ever interested in

er. Finally, the high-line Pinehurst V-8, equivalent to the President, featured a 289-cu.in. version of the V-8, rated at 210 horsepower with a four-barrel Carter carburetor in the wagon.

Prices reflected the varying ranges in the wagon lineup,

with the Pelham carrying a \$2,232 base price, the Parkview starting at \$2,354, and finally the top-of-the-line Pinehurst stickering at \$2,529. Beyond the driveline differences, the higher-line models featured more chrome, with the Pinehurst having the most brightwork. Interior seat patterns also reflected the price difference. All wagons rode on the same 116.5-inch wheelbase and measured 196.7 inches long, shorter than the sedans (200.7 inches) and even the sport Hawk coupes (203.9 inches).

While still carrying the usual bevy of options also available on the sedans, such as power steering, power brakes, and the Flight-O-Matic automatic transmission made by Borg-Warner, the wagons had a few unique options of their own, such as a luggage carrier for the roof and an air mattress suitable for the interior with the seats folded down.

Dave's Parkview came equipped with the automatic transmission mated to its 259 V-8. Though he bought a wagon that was not quite the same car as the six-cylinder Pelham with its column-shifted three-speed manual, these wagons were, indeed, rare finds, even in 1990. Likewise, Dave didn't mind "stepping up" to the V-8-powered model at all, as he enjoyed driving it. "During that period of time I owned it. we covered many miles. We drove it all over New England, down to the Smokey Mountains—took it all the way around." Then the ownership of the Studebaker went for a bit of a detour.

About 10 years into his ownership of the Parkview, Dave's father passed away. While inheriting a few collector cars, Dave also lost the precious space where







The two-door, six-passenger Studebaker wagons of 1956 featured a long cargo area with the rear seats folded down. And the split tailgate allows you to open the window separate from the drop-down door.

he kept the wagon, and the Parkview was sold to another collector, "regretfully," in 2000. Of course, the story doesn't end there—not at all. "I traced the car back to the fellow that I sold it to, and it ended up in Montana," Dave tells us. "He had just recently sold the car; I had missed it by six months. But he forwarded the name of the present owner, and I was able to contact him. I told him if he was ever interested in letting it go, I would still be interested in it."

In 2010, Dave reacquired the Parkview, its largely original condition still intact, its California black plates going back on the car, and still no rust to speak of. But this time, instead of shipping the car back to the East Coast from Montana, he had it sent to California, from where he began an epic cross-country drive back to Connecticut. Starting in Riverside, Dave headed to various locations in the Golden State, to visit both friends and family and to take in a few stops he visited the first time he bought this Studebaker.

His trip then took him to Reno, Nevada, and then on to Wyoming, after which he dropped down to Elizabeth, Colorado, where the admitted fan of orphan cars was able to visit the Rambler Ranch, a museum dedicated to the cars from AMC and its predecessor companies. From there, the journey took Dave and his Studebaker to the Kansas City, Kansas, area, and finally back on home the rest of the way across the country, with another stop in the Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, area to pick up a friend and visit the AACA Museum in Hershey. At the end of the trip, the odometer on the Studebaker had rung up an additional 4,000 miles.

Getting back into the car for Dave was like slipping into an old glove. "It was quite a trip, and the old Studebaker performed flawlessly," he says. "I probably averaged around 20 miles per gallon the whole trip. It did use a little oil, probably a total of about seven quarts, only because the valve guides were worn, and I have since replaced them. And the engine uses very little oil now, I am glad to report." He is also happy to tell us that "It's one of my favorite cars." We're guessing that it won't be going anywhere anytime soon, now that it has returned to the fold.



driveable dream



For over 50 years this 1967 Pontiac Le Mans has lived up to its original owner's expectations

BY THOMAS A. DeMAURO • PHOTOGRAPHY BY RICHARD LENTINELLO

ontiac's Le Mans nameplate was already established when the all-new perimeter-frame General Motors A-body intermediates replaced the smaller unitized-construction Y-bodies for 1964. Bucket seats, emblems, and trim updates added sporty appeal to the Le Mans over the entry-level Tempest or Tempest Custom.

Having debuted in 1963, the 326-cu.in. V-8 continued as the optional engine for the Le Mans in 1964. Retaining

the same exterior dimensions as the 389 V-8, and trimming weight through the use of thin-wall casting techniques made the 326 efficient and less costly to manufacture than an all-new engine design. It was offered as a regular-fuel, two-barrel engine or as a premium-fuel, four-barrel, dual-exhaust H.O.

That same year, Pontiac sidestepped a GM edict that limited the largest engine size to 330 cubic inches in its intermediate cars by offering the 389-powered GTO as an option package on the Le Mans. (The GTO became a separate model for 1966.) For 1965, Pontiac's A-bodies received styling updates inside and out, and the 326 V-8 benefitted from top-end airflow enhancements. Output held at 250 hp for the two-barrel engine, but increased to 285 hp from 280 hp for the H.O.

A new body with front and rear design updates, Coke-bottle styling, dramatic roof sail panels, a recessed rear window,



as well as revised interior arrived for the 1966 model year. Its sensational silhouette was carried over for 1967, which also featured a restyled grille and taillamps, as well as simulated louvers on the quarter panels—a Le Mans two-door exclusive. New upholstery patterns and scads of standard safety equipment, including an energy-absorbing steering column, dual-circuit master-cylinder brake system, fourway hazard warning flasher, and much more also set the 1967 models apart.

The Le Mans wasn't a thirsty muscle car like the 400-powered GTO. When equipped with the standard 165-hp 230-cu.in. OHC-6 or optioned with the 326 two-barrel V-8, it wasn't going to win races, but it would provide highly stylish, sporty-appearing economical

transportation for a fair price. If more sportiness was desired, the optional 215-hp OHC Sprint-6 or 285-hp 326 H.O. were at the ready.

Dick Bragg was aware of the Le Mans' attributes when he bought this Gulf Turquoise hardtop off the Balch Pontiac-Buick lot in Warehouse Point, Connecticut, in May of 1967. Prior to this, while he was in the Army overseas, his wife Jeannette had purchased a 1963 Ford Falcon with a six-cylinder engine and a column-shifted manual transmission.

With nine months remaining to serve when Dick returned to the states, he was stationed in Arizona, so he and Jeannette drove the compact Ford across the country. During that trip, he realized the Falcon wasn't for him. Dick wanted a new

Here are Jeannette, Darren, and Michael with the Le Mans back in January of 1975.

UAN 75



The interior is original, and the woodgrain dash appliqué was included when the console was ordered. A lever under the dash is for a windshield-washer hand pump (since removed) that was added when the stock pump expired.









car with a V-8 and a floor-shifted manual transmission, but he waited until they got back home to Connecticut.

"On our first visit to the dealer, the salesman said he didn't have a car like I wanted in stock, so we ordered one and left a \$5 deposit," he recalls. "When I brought my parents to the lot the next day to show them what our car would look like, we found this Le Mans. The salesman's excuse was that it had more options, like a console and Safe-T-Track rear end and so on, but we knew it was basically the car we had ordered right down to the color combination. We provided a \$100 deposit and then bought it, so we wouldn't have to wait for the other one."

The window sticker read \$3,251.98, but the Braggs negotiated the price down to \$3,060.73. "It's the only new car we ever paid cash for," Dick adds.

It was equipped with standard bucket seats, the optional regular-fuel 326 two-barrel engine, and Hurst floorshifted three-speed. Additional extra-cost

The Le Mans was a large step up from the Falcon. It was great to drive, and it had that Wide-Track ride.

items included a console, power steering, pushbutton AM radio, Rally clock, Deluxe wheel covers, WSW 7.75 x 14 Rayon tires, front floor mats, dual-stage HD air cleaner, Soft-Ray windshield, and Safe-T-Track. "The Le Mans was a large step up from the Falcon," Dick explains. "It was great to drive, and it had that Wide-Track ride."

He learned early on, however, that he should do his own oil changes. The first hint was when the dealer mechanic forgot to put the oil filler cap back on. He left it on the top of the air cleaner and dented the hood when he slammed it. Dick noticed it when smoke from oil splashing out of the rocker cover onto the hot exhaust manifold began billowing out from under the hood as he arrived home. He brought it back to the dealer where the hood was soon repaired and repainted.

During another dealer oil change, just before the mechanic left for the day, he mistakenly double-filled the GTO that was next to Dick's Le Mans and put no oil in the Le Mans' engine. The service manager wanted to teach the mechanic a lesson by making him correct the issue, so he gave Dick a loaner car and asked him to come back the following day. "From then on, I always changed my own oil," he says.

Despite those early dealer-inflicted mishaps, the Le Mans was still reliable, and the Braggs weren't shy about driving it. Specific mileage figures aren't known due to a few speedometer cable failures over the years, with mileage accruing before they were repaired, but Dick figures the Pontiac to have about 125,000 miles on it.

It served as a commuter car for decades, during Dick's work in the manufacturing industry and while he attended college classes at night. The





The 326-cu.in. two-barrel V-8 was rebuilt in 2016 and was detailed prior to reinstallation. The fuel pump, radiator, heater core, hoses, and belts were also replaced.



Braggs also brought both their newborn sons home from the hospital in it—Darren in 1972 and Michael in 1975. And the Le Mans towed a sailboat to the Connecticut shore on the weekends for years, as Dick was an avid boating enthusiast.

The Pontiac has always been garage kept, and it remained a daily driver until the late 1980s when it was relegated to a pleasure cruiser, but it was never off the road for extended periods, and has been registered since new according to Dick.

As you may imagine, it still required maintenance and repairs along the way. The clutch was replaced in 1977. Dual exhaust was installed in the late 1990s. In 1999, the timing chain, water pump, top-end gaskets, exhaust manifold gaskets, belts, hoses, starter, transmission tailshaft seal, and front anti-roll-bar end links were replaced. Its radiator was boiled out,

the A-arm coil-spring front suspension was lubed, and a major tune-up was performed. The stock rear coil springs were swapped in 2006 for a station wagon set to raise the rear without needing air shocks, which had been previously installed and were replaced with conventional shocks. The speedometer cable was replaced in 2012.

In 2016, the engine was rebuilt. Its block was bored .030-inch, and typical machining was done. New bearings, the refurbished stock crankshaft and connecting rods, and new .030-over pistons and rings comprised the bottom end, and the reciprocating assembly was balanced prior to installation. New guides, valves, springs, and deck resurfacing were included in rebuilding the cylinder heads. A mildly upgraded Speed-Pro camshaft was installed, and the carburetor

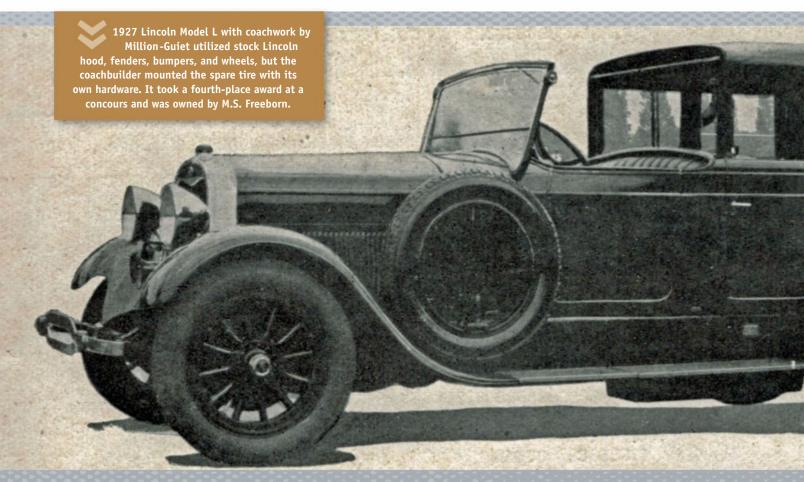
and distributor were rebuilt. The threespeed and 3.23-geared differential have yet to require attention beyond routine maintenance, but the 9.5-inch drum braking system was refurbished in 2016.

Though the body retains areas of its original paint, some rust repair and refinishing was done on the rocker panels and outer rear wheel wells in the mid-1980s. The left front fender was damaged back then, so it had to be straightened and repainted as well.

Now, half-a-century later, Dick admits, "I purchased a Le Mans instead of a GTO because I was married, and it was more practical, but I've loved it and its standard shift since the day I bought it." That sentiment holds true today, as he still drives the Le Mans regularly, adding about a 1,000 miles per year. We understand why he refers to it as his "lifetime car." 00



historyofautomotive design | 1912-1943



Americans Abroad

European coachbuilt-bodies on American chassis

BY WALT GOSDEN • PHOTOGRAPHS COURTESY OF THE WALT GOSDEN COLLECTION

he popularity of automobiles of American manufacture in Europe started to increase rapidly after the 1914-1918 Great War. However, trade agreements and sanctions, along with high import tariffs, affected American cars going to Europe, just as it affected European cars coming to the USA. One way to lessen the import duty was to have a factory manufacture American cars in Europe. The company that was most prolific at this was Ford, which had large plants in England and Germany.

Canada was considered part of the British Empire, and American makes of cars that had production facilities there had lower tariffs imposed upon them than those produced in and directly imported from the U.S. The two most important companies that took advantage of this were Buick and Packard.

Perhaps the easiest way to avoid high import taxes on a vehicle was to simply not ship a complete car, and many cars going both ways were handled in this manner. Coming to the U.S. in chassis form (this usually included the hood, shell, fenders, and often a cowl, but no body) were Sunbeam, Isotta Fraschini, and Rolls-Royce. To a much lesser extent one can include Minerva and Alfa Romeo on that list. Likewise, many cars of U.S. manufacture went to Europe; these included makes that we now refer to as "orphans," or independent companies, as well as the larger manufacturers that had a vast variety

of makes under their corporate umbrellas.

The annual London Motor Show's souvenir catalogs provide fairly good gauges as to the activity of American car companies in Europe. The London Motor Show first took place at the Olympia exhibition hall, and in 1937 relocated to the Earls Court exhibition facility. While there were numerous automobile salons, shows, and exhibits in Europe—with Paris, Brussels, and Berlin being in the same league as the London event—the London show's programs give us the clearest picture of who was selling what, and how popular the American cars really were with European coachbuilders.

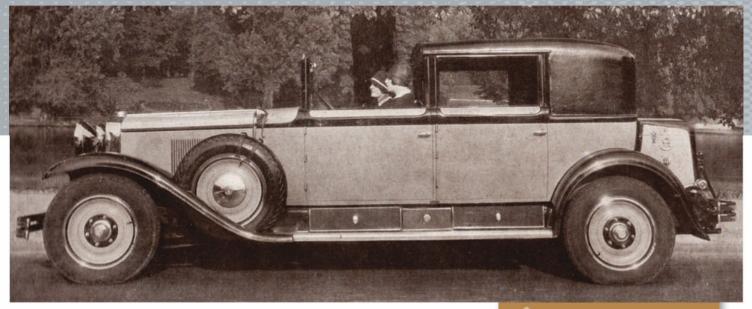
These programs were about an inch thick and contained detailed listings of







Blanche Montel at the wheel of her 1927 Oakland. The car took a first-place award at a concours in the two-seat sport-car category.



all the cars on exhibit at each annual show. They not only listed the number of cars displayed at each stand, but also the specific make, model, chassis, and engine specs, as well as body builder, interior and exterior colors, etc. Although images of the cars listed were not provided, if you locate a period photograph of a car you

suspect was on exhibit, many times you can determine if it was a London Motor Show car by the detailed description.

At the London Motor Show held in October 1929, there were 23 American makes of cars in both the factory exhibition space and the coachbuilders' spaces. Of the 23 different makes on

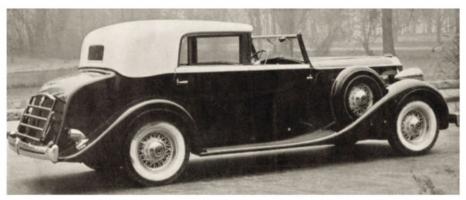
1928 Cadillac coupe de ville cabriolet by French coachbuilder Duvivier. Note the female driver and passenger. The wheelbase and chassis were lengthened, and featured Marchal headlamps that sat much higher than factory lamps.



1929 Cadillac limousine-cabriolet by Letourneur & Marchand. The roof over the chauffeur could be opened up, and the car is on a lengthened chassis.



Duesenberg Model J with coachwork by Fernandez and Darrin at the 25th-annual concours d'elegance in Monte Carlo, held in January 1933. The car received a Grand Prize, and standing next to it is the Paris selling agent M. Sandovich.



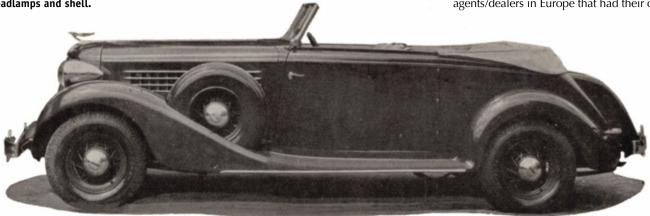
1935 Packard as shown at the annual Paris Salon, with coachwork by Franay. Note the plated headlamps and shell.

display, Buick was shown in six different exhibit areas, followed by Stutz in five, and Cadillac and Hupmobile tied at three each. Warwick Wright was the Stutz selling agent in England, and on that firm's stand alone, there were seven cars: three Stutzes and four Blackhawks. Beyond being represented on the Stutz stand, Blackhawk was a standalone make in two other exhibits. In the display for Moon automobiles were four cars: two six- and two eight-cylinder cars. The other American cars presented were examples of Dodge, De Soto, Chevrolet, Cadillac, Hudson, Essex, Reo, Packard, La Salle, Marmon, Nash, Studebaker, Willys-Knight, Willys Overland, Auburn, Franklin, Graham-Paige, and Duesenberg.

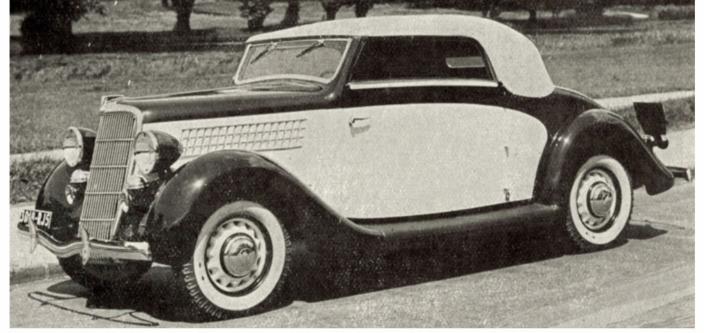
Many of the makes mentioned featured European coachwork, and the same would be true of many of these same brands when they were shown at the salons in France, Belgium, and Germany.

The popularity of certain makes in a particular country was due in large part to the active sales agent for them there. Barbezat was the Packard sales agent in Paris, and Leonard Williams was the Packard agent in London. Lendrum and Hartman was Buick's sole selling agent in England, with showrooms in London's West End on Albemarle Street. The firm sold a ton of Buicks, making it one of the most popular brands of American car on offer in England. It even went to the extent of publishing its own sales catalogs for its market, while most European dealers of American cars handed out brochures that were provided to them by the manufacturers and printed in the U.S. These catalogs would be the same brochures printed for the home market in the USA, but would be printed in the language of the country they were shipped to, with a price sticker in European currency pasted to the inside cover.

Besides Buick, there were other sales agents/dealers in Europe that had their own



This 1935 Auburn with cabriolet coachwork by Jean-Henri Labourdette used stock factory hood, fenders, and lamps.



1935 Ford V-8 cabriolet with coachwork by Paul Nee. Marchal lamp reflectors were fitted to the stock Ford headlamp shells.

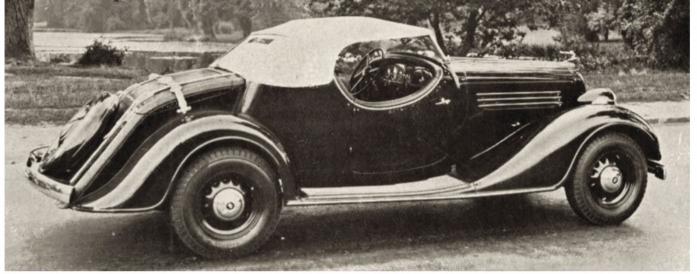
promotional materials printed up, including Franklin, Duesenberg, Ford, Lincoln, Packard, De Soto, Chrysler, and Hupmobile.

European coachbuilders designed and produced quite a few bodies on the American car chassis—these were not done in mass quantities or batches. When a luxury-car chassis was used, it was usually a one-of-one body. There were assorted annual judged concours in Europe, especially in France, where the coachbuilders' art would be on display, their offerings competing to be the finest design in an assortment of categories: twoseater open and closed, limousine, town car, four-seat open, etc. To win a prize at these concours translated into increased sales for both the coachbuilder and the carmaker. Not all custom-bodied cars were on a luxury-car chassis.

The combination of easily acquired chassis and assertive dealers, made



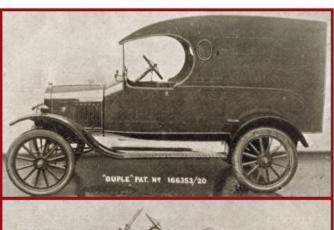
1935 Chrysler convertible coupe with a body by Figoni & Falaschi at the concours d'elegance in Biarritz where it took a Best of Show Award.



1935 Buick Series 40 with a very sporty two-seat roadster body by Chapron.

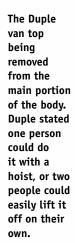


1935 Ford V-8 limousine seating seven, with coachwork by Kelsch.



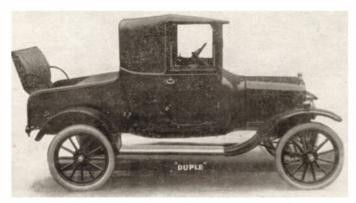


"High class English coachwork," Duple Bodies and Motors Ltd. proclaimed of the coachwork it built on Ford Model T chassis. The firm was located in North London, and its invention was that its "convertible bodies" could provide two bodies in one. The combination here was a trade van that could be converted into a two-seater in three minutes.

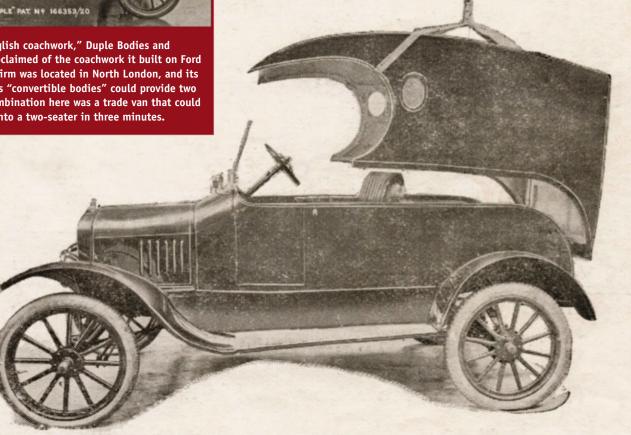




Duple Bodies of London offered a "Traveller's Limousine attachment." A touring car and box were also available.



Duple had fixed bodies as well, such as this coupe de luxe, that it proclaimed were "finished in best style."





Gallé Carrossier was in Boulogne, France. The coachbuilder's wonderfully illustrated hard-bound catalog didn't mention chassis, but the hood louvers and location strongly suggest 1928-'29 Cadillac.

it more likely to see a custom body on an American car in Europe. The Belgian coachwork firm of Van den Plas, located in Brussels, for instance, saw a considerable amount of activity in designing and building bodies for American cars. As an aside, there were two other coachwork firms that used the name "van den Plas": Willy van den Plas in France, and Vanden Plas in England (which did many bodies for Bentley). To my knowledge, the firm did not build any



Gallé Carrossier of France had one dual-cowl phaeton on offer, and the hood panels, cowl band, and wire wheel style were used by Stutz in 1928 on its BB series. Stutz was very popular in Europe at that time.

Chrysler sold a number of assorted makes in England, under the Chrysler badge. In the USA, the English Chrysler Wimbledon was a Plymouth and the Richmond was a De Soto. It was badge engineering. The Carlton Carriage Company had been fitting its coachwork to Chrysler chassis since 1926. This Carlton coupe was a five-passenger Victoria on a Richmond (De Soto) chassis in 1937.

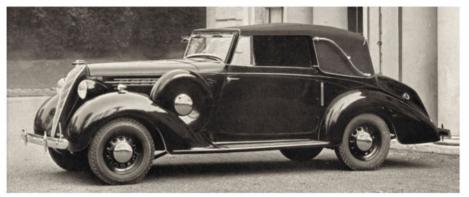




Hudson was a very popular make in England, and the 1936 Hudson Eight drophead foursome was promoted as being upholstered in the best English leather and "included an unusually roomy luggage trunk at rear." Stock factory fenders were used.



The Hudson Eight "special sports saloon" not only featured English-built coachwork, but the four fenders and running boards were also custom made. It was upholstered in "Vaumol hyde" and had bucket front seats.

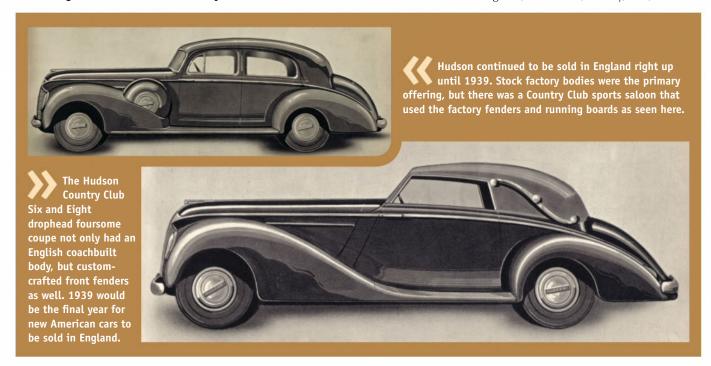


The 1936 Terraplane Big Six also saw a drophead foursome coupe that was the "product of a famous English coachbuilder," most likely Carlton or Coachcraft.

bodies for American chassis.

The French coachbuilder Franay started in business in 1902, and was fairly prolific in designing and building coachwork on American chassis in the mid-to-late 1930s, especially on Packard 120 and Standard Eight chassis.

Buick, Cadillac, Stutz, Packard, and Ford seem to have been the most popular chassis to be fitted with examples of European coachwork, but Hudson (especially in England) and Lincoln (in England and France) also saw their fair share of custom coachwork fitted. In England, Lancefield, Maltby, and, to a





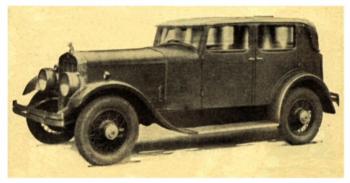
The 1931 Lincoln Model K V-8, saw the Paris sales agent promote a number of examples of French coachbuilder's art on that chassis. Among them was this four-passenger convertible Victoria by Million-Guiet.



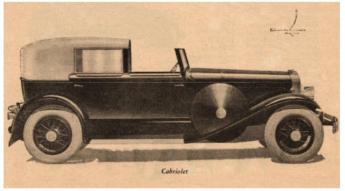
Kellner of Paris designed this four-passenger club sedan on the 1931 Lincoln Model K chassis.



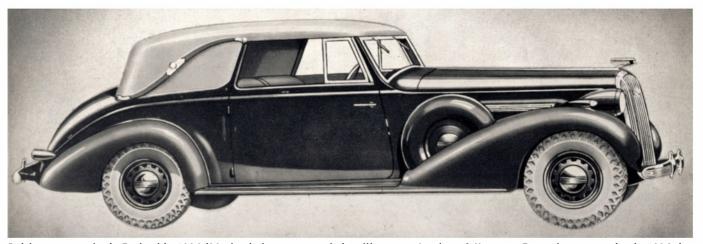
French coachbuilder Binder, designed a faux-cabriolet for four people on the 1931 Lincoln chassis.



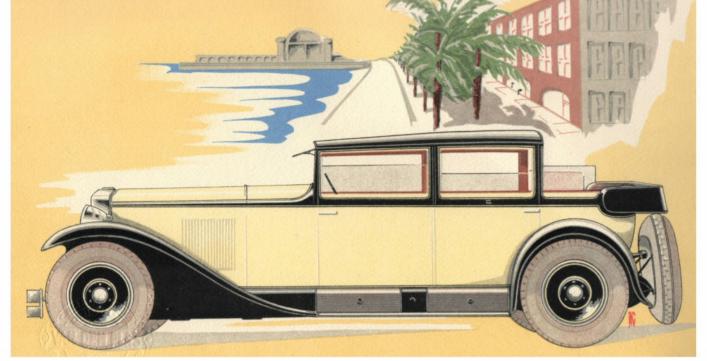
Franklin had a few custom bodies fitted to its chassis, and most were supplied by English coachbuilders, as the London dealer was its most active sales agent in Europe. This Weymann fabric-bodied saloon was for sale in early 1929. The odd thing about it was that it used the previous year's style headlamps and wire wheels.



This cabriolet/town car was fitted to a 1929 Series 135 chassis. Body maker is unknown, but a good possibility would be Barker. The Franklin agent in London was Regent Motors Ltd. on New **Brighton Street.**



Buicks were popular in England in 1936-'39, due in large part to their selling agent Lendrum & Hartman. For each year, starting in 1936, it offered a coachbuilt "Albermarle coupe" on the Model 40 (Special) chassis. It was a five-passenger car; the 1936 version is shown here.



Van den Plas, the Belgian coachbuilder was located at 32 Rue St. Michel in Brussels. It was prolific in its designing and construction of coachwork that was mounted on American car chassis. Shown here is a landaulette on a Cadillac chassis.



This Stutz touring car by Vanden Plas was noted by the builder as "the ideal car for lovers of open air, speed, and extensive touring."

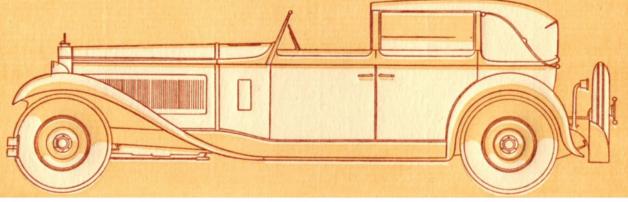
certain extent, Carlton would supply examples of their coachwork to Buick and Hudson chassis.

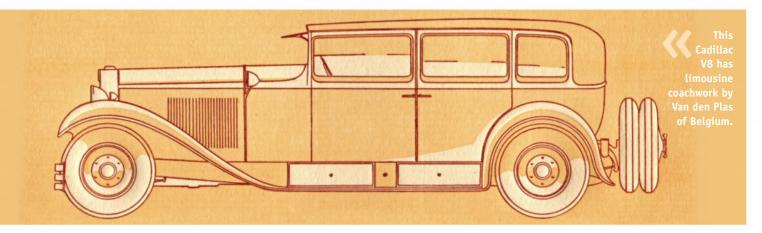
By the time of the 1934 London Motor Show, there were only 12 makes of American cars on display in the exhibit hall, compared to the 23 at the 1929 show, and only Buick, Hudson, and Reo were featured on more than one exhibition stand. The Great Depression had its grip on the economy for five long years, and I am amazed that, in spite of it, a fair quantity of American cars was still being imported and sold in Europe. Since the London Motor Show was in October of 1934, the cars on display were for the next year (1935).

Although Stutz did not have an exhibition space at the show, the London Stutz agent was still active. According to Bev Kimes in her wonderful



Van den Plas built fabric-bodied cars under license from Weymann, and this saloon is on a Packard chassis.



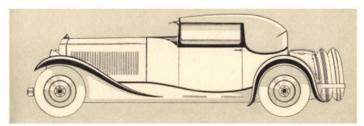


Encyclopedia of American Cars, only six automobiles left the Stutz factory in 1934, and it is quite possible one of them found its way to England in chassis form. Decades ago, I acquired the period photographs of the handsome Stutz sedan shown here from the estate of the renowned English motoring historian

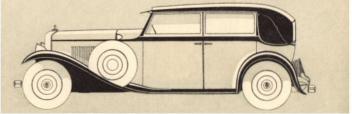
and author Michael Sedgwick. His notes about the car were brief, and I have not been able to really discover much more over the past 30-plus years. Michael was a good friend. We exchanged volumes of information and he, like myself, never stated as fact what he wasn't able to support with documentation from the

period. It is the one car I would love to know more about.

There are so many more specific details to the American's Abroad story, so far as car companies and coachbuilders are concerned, but I hope this has provided an insight into the pre-World War II activity across the pond. 89



that featured individual step plates instead of running boards.

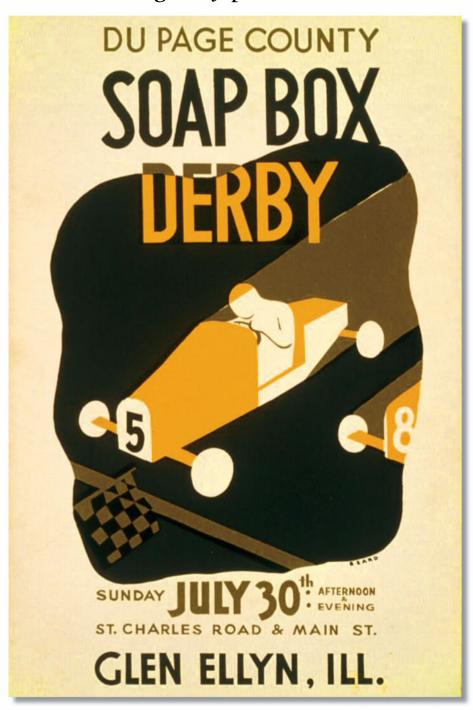


Packard "coupe sport" by Van den Plas of Belgium was a styling effort This Cadillac by Van den Plas saw the body meet the running boards with no splash apron in between.



Soap Box Derby

An American gravity-powered tradition since 1934



BY JEFF KOCH • IMAGES COURTESY OF SOAP BOX DERBY EXCEPT WHERE CREDITED

rom birth, man carries the weight of gravity on his shoulders. He is bolted to the earth. But man has only to sink beneath the surface and he is free."—Jacques Cousteau

With all due respect to the esteemed late sea explorer, we would suggest that gravity can also be freeing. You won't skim the sky or submerge into the sea, but with wheels and the most scant of plat-

forms, you can work the laws of physics to your advantage.

Such is the idea behind the All-American Soap Box Derby, an American tradition since 1934. We didn't invent such things of course. Rolling downhill in wheeled vehicles had been fun since there were wheeled vehicles. An early Stateside boost may have come from the cinema: when the Vanderbilt Cup moved to Santa Monica, California for 1914, the city sponsored a junior version of the Cup, which included engineless, gravity-drivencar classes for kids. Charlie Chaplin took the opportunity to photograph some improvised comedy scenes on site; shortly after, the film Kid Auto Races at Venice (or *The Pest*) launched Chaplin's "Little Tramp," and his brand of physical comedy, into the entertainment stratosphere.

But the enduring legacy of the All-American Soap Box Derby had its roots in a feel-good newspaper puff piece. In the summer of 1933, Myron Scott was a photographer with the *Dayton Daily News*, and came upon some neighborhood boys racing their homemade gravity-powered cars down a hill. Scott arranged for the boys to come back a week later, so he could officiate the race himself. Nineteen kids showed up. Scott pitched his editor on a sponsorship—the paper kicked in \$200. The promoted derby was held on August 19, 1933.

The day of the race, an estimated 40,000 spectators lined the course to watch 362 kids race their home-built gravity-fed specials. Sheet tin, orange crates, and wheels pirated from little red wagons were common in the field; ironically, there is no record of a car having been made from an actual soap box. Rules specified that the race was for boys only, but a couple of girls bamboozled officials and raced anyway—including one who won second place.

For 1934, the event moved to Akron, chosen both for its hilly terrain (down Tallmadge Avenue) and its central location within Ohio. Also, the event went national: Scott encouraged races nationwide, with the winners from each region to come to Akron and compete for the All-American Soap Box Derby World Championship. The rules were simple, and the rule book, all nine sentences of it, could fit on a single





sheet of paper. The gist of it was simply this: As long as the race vehicle was built by the driver, it was anything-goes. The event, held August 19 of that year, was won by Robert Turner of Muncie, Indiana; his car was made from wood that once served as the bar in a saloon.

With the popularity of the event on the rise, Akron's civic leaders saw the need for a permanent site for the event. Derby Downs, the home of the All-American Soap Box Derby World Championship since 1936 located in the southeastern corner of town, was a WPA project. The 1,150-foot hill saw fearsome wheel-to-wheel competition for decades. As the official sponsor of the event, Chevrolet dealerships were your Soap Box Derby headquarters, making wheels, axles and rulebooks available at the parts counter; the division also awarded college scholarships to top finishers. Second and third place received a car; it's entirely possible that someone along the line threw a race in order to score a new car over college money.

The success didn't go unnoticed. *Editor & Publisher,* a monthly magazine

focused on the newspaper industry, ran a story on the Soap Box Derby, and suddenly papers across the country were sponsoring their own gravity-racing events. (Myron Scott would later go on to be employed by Chevrolet directly, and was the man responsible for naming a car that we now know as the Corvette.)

With increased exposure for the event came increased competition as builders stepped up their games. Eleven-year-old Cliff Hardesty from White Plains, New York, showed up in Akron in 1939, with an immaculately-assembled car... and four dozen protest letters from local New Yorkers who cast doubts on whether his car was actually built by Hardesty himself. Race inspectors grilled the boy for hours, finally insisting that he duplicate his car's front suspension; when Hardesty got to work designing a better system than what was already on the car, they stopped him. Hardesty won the world championship that year.

Racing stopped from 1942-'45, due to WWII, but racing has been held continually at Derby Downs since 1946. That

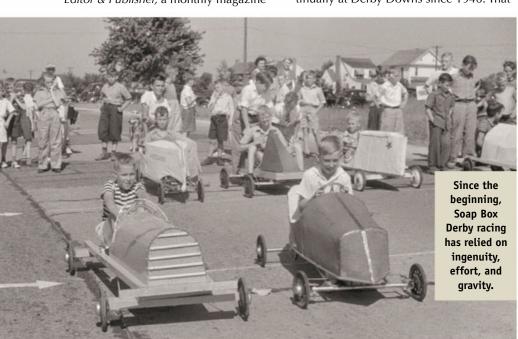
year, Gilbert Klecan of San Diego became known as the "Graphite Kid," because he covered his car (and face) with graphite in an effort to reduce wind resistance. He won. One of the 1954 competitors, Denny Zimmerman of Hartford, would go on to be Indy 500 Rookie of the Year in 1971. A pair of brothers from Anderson, Indiana, Terry and Barney Townsend, won the event in 1957 and '59, respectively. During this era, organizers provided identical wheels to each racer, in an attempt to level the playing field.

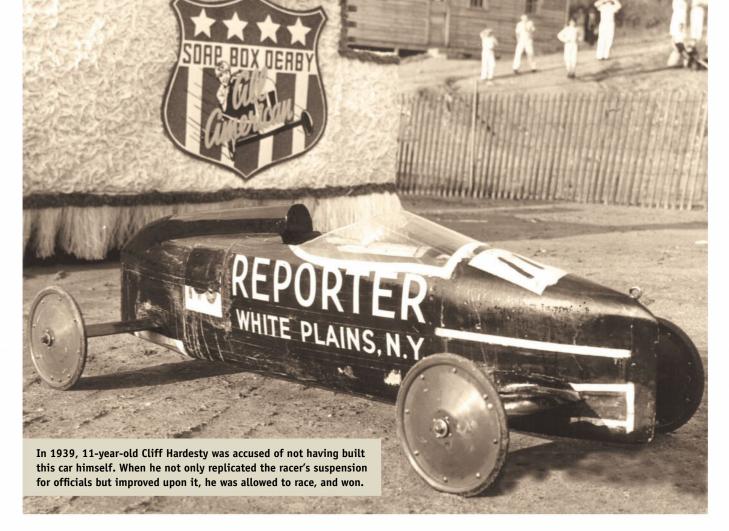
Soap Box Derby racing hit its stride in the postwar era, clear into the 1960s. According to a 1959 issue of *Boys' Life*, three million people witnessed or participated in some aspect of derby, including the 11-15-year-old boys who were eligible to participate directly. The All-American drew 75,000 spectators, and TV and film stars made appearances at the World Championships in Akron each year. It was one of the top-five best-attended sports events in America. Starting in 1971, the field was finally opened to girls; the first female winner was 11-year-old Karren Stead of Lower Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1975.

But things started to change in the 1970s. Beginning in 1972, Chevrolet withdrew its \$1-million-yearly sponsorship of the All-American Soap Box Derby; John DeLorean felt that the event was outdated and too expensive for the division's coffers. When Chevrolet pulled out, the race shrank from 252 participating cities to 138 in a single year. Trademarks and copyrights were transferred to the Akron Chamber of Commerce, and for 1974, rights were assigned to the Akron Jaycees, which then established a corporation, International Soap Box Derby Inc., to run things.

In the midst of the sponsorship turmoil came the great Derby controversy of 1973. Bob Lange Jr., won the 1972 event, and for 1973, Lange's cousin Jimmy Gronen drove a car that was visually identical to Lange's. Gronen won the 1973 event, but was stripped of the title two days later. Officials had already replaced Gronen's wheels and tires after they were seen to be chemically treated to reduce rolling resistance. But X-ray examination showed that Gronen's car also had an electromagnet in the nose, which was attracted to the steel paddle used to start the race; it allowed Gronen to get a jump on the competition. In the end, second-place finisher Bret Yarborough was named the 1973 champion, and Gronen's uncle and legal guardian Robert Lange Sr., paid a \$2,000 fine to settle the charge of contributing to the delinquency of a minor.

Only one world champ was crowned through 1975, but for 1976, the cor-





poration established a Junior division, designed for the 10-12-year-old set. The Junior division, also known as the "kit car" division, saw racers build their own cars from kit-supplied hardware and patterns for floorboards. Now there were two world champs, one per division.

History continued to be made in Akron. The first brother-sister All-American champions were Joan and Mark Ferdinand of North Canton, Ohio, who won in 1976

and '77, respectively. The only repeat champion was Danielle Del Ferraro of Stow, Ohio, in 1993 and 1994. Starting in 1992, the Derby added a "stock" division, with cars made from kits rather than completely home-built, for drivers aged 8-13. A third world champ was added to the roster.

The track record, 26.30 seconds on the 1,150-foot hill, was set in 1940; in 1977, the fastest car ever to race was clocked at 53 mph at the finish line. The track has since been shortened to 989.4 feet, with the current 28.24-second record run set in 2004. Year by year, race by race, history continues to be made.

And still, every July, 10,000 spectators and kids from around the world descend upon Akron, Ohio. All of whom understand that, while man may carry the weight of gravity upon his shoulders, wheels can make that gravity an awful lot of fun. 89





Today, girls are just as likely as boys to build and race winning Soap Box Derby cars. Mallory Bruen of Northern Maine, Maine, took the checkers in 2016 in the Super Stock class.

restorationprofile

Cherished Coronet

15-year-long restoration of a one-owner 1968 Dodge 500 convertible

BY MATTHEW LITWIN • PHOTOGRAPHY BY RICHARD LENTINELLO
RESTORATION PHOTOGRAPHS COURTESY OF WAYNE JOHNSON AND LABRECQUE AUTOCRAFT

rowing up in the Sixties, I loved cars. I always leaned towards the Chrysler products, in part because of their performance and styling, predominantly the Dodges," Wayne Johnson says. "When the redesigned 1968 bodies came out, they really caught my attention. I was 21 at the time, was gainfully employed, and needed a much more reliable car, so I went to Cavallaro Motors in Ansonia, thinking then was as good a time as any to buy a new car."

A Connecticut native then living in Shelton, Wayne had travelled to the Dodge dealership to purchase, not surprisingly, a Super Bee convertible. Unbeknownst to him, the \$2,555 entry-level muscle car—in base trim—was only available as a two-door coupe. It was unwelcome news; however, realizing Wayne was a motivated customer, the fast-acting dealer said he could order a Coronet 500 convertible and option the upscale model with a 383-cu.in. V-8 and a four-speed

manual transmission (with a Hurst shifter), both of which were standard equipment in a same-year Super Bee.

Wayne went a step further, adding a Sure-Grip 8¾-inch differential fitted with a 3.23 gearset, along with front bucket seats featuring a fold-down center armrest, Music Master radio, and a tachometer. Roughly \$3,300 later, Wayne had the keys to his quasi-Bee convertible in April 1968.

"The Coronet became our family car. It brought both my sons home after they



were born, we used it for every vacation, and it was a regular commuter to work and the beach—I did a lot of surfing," Wayne remembers. "Living in New England was taking its toll, though. We moved to nearby Oxford in 1976, and the winter over the next few years was particularly bad. The salt was eating the metal up. During the winter of 1979-'80, I decided to park the Dodge in the garage and buy a four-wheel-drive truck. I still loved the car, so when I parked it, I told my wife one day I was going to restore it. Well, 15 years ago I started doing the restoration."

As soon as Wayne parked his cherished Coronet, he began to set the wheels in motion for the promised restoration. According Wayne: "Immediately, I began going to car shows and swap meets from Massachusetts to Florida. Whenever I did any kind of travel, I would look for shows and would buy parts for the car. I'd buy a

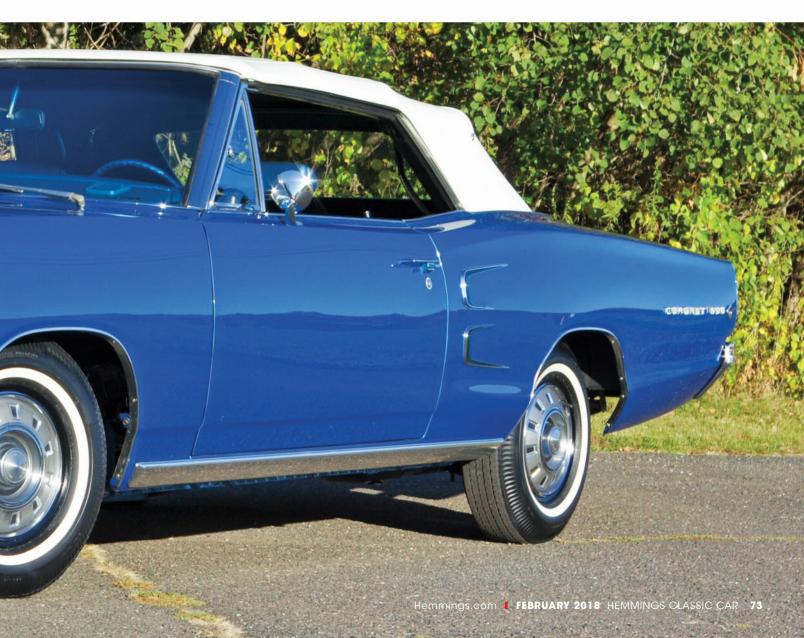
wheel cover here, a fender there, another fender someplace else. I was buying any good used and NOS parts I thought I would need for the restoration. So, by the time I got around to it I already had quite a collection of parts. The project started the day I decided to stop using the car."

In 2002, Wayne and his two sons rolled the dusty Dodge out from the garage, washed it down, and pushed it into the adjoining bay where it was completely disassembled. Wayne was diligent about the process, bagging and tagging as many parts as possible while taking reference photos. "Once we got it apart, we loaded it on a trailer and brought it to a shop in Bridgeport to have the body shell sandblasted," Wayne tells us. "After that, we put a coat of primer on it to keep the metal from getting worse. At that point, I realized the restoration was well beyond anything I could do at my house, so I

started looking for someone I felt comfortable doing the job for me. Two years later, I met Mike LaBrecque from LaBrecque Autocraft in East Windsor, Connecticut."

Wayne delivered the Coronet 500 to LaBrecque, where Mike and his staff went to work addressing the extensive corrosion. "You could see the rust as soon as the disassembled car was rolled into the shop," Mike says. "So, the first thing we did was bring it back down to bare metal, after which we braced the cowl, put it on a rotisserie, and began to cut out the afflicted panels.

"We determined that we'd have to replace the trunk floor, the forward floorboards, each of the quarter panels, and the rear wheelwells. Fortunately, we were able to save both doors, the hood, and the decklid, and, surprisingly, the rear frame rails—they were in good condition. At the time, most of the panels were already





It's 1968 somewhere in Connecticut, and the recently purchased Dodge Coronet 500 convertible has already been pressed into full summer service. Note the white-stripe tires and deluxe 14-inch full wheel covers, which were both optional equipment.



Flash forward to summer 2002. Having been in garage storage since the winter of 1979-'80, the convertible's restoration has finally begun. Except for the suspension and differential, the unit-body Dodge has been completely disassembled.



After disassembly, the body was sent to a facility for media blasting. The process exposed bare metal and extensive rust, attributed to the rigors of daily driving; it can be seen around the rear wheel opening. Primer was applied to protect the metal.



The restoration was put on hold until Wayne could find a facility capable of managing the rest of the effort could be found. In 2004 it resumed, and here the vertical flanks of the rear quarter panels have been removed, as well as one part of the trunk floor.



Vertical flanks from reproduction coupe quarter panels have been butt-welded into place. Welds were then ground smooth, and the metal was sealed in a layer of epoxy primer. Here a skim coat of filler has been applied and block-sanded smooth.



Convertible floorboards tend to suffer the wrath of the elements from both sides, usually with devastating results. This Dodge required a front floorpan replacement, which was butt-welded into place. The seam can still be seen here, under darker primer.



During downtime between stages of body repair, other aspects of the restoration were accomplished, such as rebuilding the Mopar's 330-hp, 383-cu.in. V-8 engine. During disassembly, a massive mouse nest was discovered in the lifter valley.



Like the engine, the Coronet's original four-speed manual transmission, fitted with a Hurst shifter on the assembly line, was disassembled and rebuilt. With no wear to speak of, it only required new seals and bearings.



Earlier, the body received a few coats of Glasurit primer that were sanded smooth for the next stage of the restoration seen here: the application of a Glasurit basecoat/clearcoat perfectly, matched to the factory hue of Bright Blue metallic.



By the time the Dodge was undergoing its restoration, Legendary Auto Interiors had begun reproducing vinyl upholstery kits for the Coronet family of cars. This is the rear bench seat, having been recovered with the company's new material.



Before floor carpet and seats could be installed, the interior side of the front firewall needed to be repopulated with pedal assemblies, some of the wiring harness, and the car's climate-control system. Note the transmission is in place.



Though much of the interior, front windshield, and convertible top have yet to be fitted, at this point in the project the decklid has been installed and aligned, while several pieces of rear panel trim have been returned to the Coronet.



being reproduced, so we were able to weld new floorpans in without having to fabricate anything, as well as the quarter panels. The quarters were reproductions for a coupe, so we had to make corresponding cuts on all four panels and buttweld the new flanks to the old panel tops, to maintain the original factory design. We had to do a little bit of fabrication to get the wheelwells to fit properly, but that was about it."

After the metal repairs were completed, the body shell and other exterior panels were sealed in a protective coat of epoxy primer that contained zinc chromate, making it both waterproof and a surface to which a skim coat of body filler could bond. Block sanding followed and, according to Mike, once a smooth surface was achieved, several coats of

Glasurit surface primer was applied and sanded. Having allowed for proper cure time, the staff utilized Glasurit's basecoat/clearcoat paint system to return the Dodge to a factory shade of metallic Bright Blue.

Often overlooked is the downtime that occurs between each step of the body prep, primer, and paint processes in order to produce a high-quality, long-lasting result. During these prolonged periods, other aspects of a restoration take place—maximizing project efficiency—such as engine and transmission rebuilds, suspension restoration, and upholstery work. In this case, both the 330-hp, 383-cu. in. engine and four-speed were rebuilt to factory specification, and the V-8 received a standard .030 overbore to clean the cylinder walls.

The engine, rated just 5 hp short of the "performance" edition utilized in the Super Bee, was then bolted to the restored front K-frame, which doubles as a foundation for the front torsion bar suspension. The entire front subassembly was then ready to be bolted to the Dodge's repainted unit-body chassis, along with new brakes and a refinished rear leaf-spring suspension.

New upholstery, floor carpet, and convertible top were obtained from Legendary Auto Interiors. The interior's restoration was straightforward; however, both Wayne and Mike wanted to maintain a potential factory flub. As Mike explains it, "We looked over photos Wayne had taken and the original parts he had saved. The Dodge was built with black floor carpet, but swatches of blue carpet were















T's such a recent restoration I've barely been able to enjoy having it back in my garage, never mind driving it. Working with LaBrecque's was a wonderful experience. The result is far better than anything I certainly could have achieved and, considering how much things have changed, I was—in hindsight—lucky enough to have the forethought to collect parts when I did. There's nothing I would have done differently. Come spring, my wife and I are going to enjoy going to shows and driving the Dodge. It was and will always be our family car.

stapled—by the factory—to the bottom of the rear side panels; bits of blue carpet were hanging out in plain view. We're not sure if the car was supposed to receive blue carpet or not, but either way we replicated the discrepancy."

Although the Coronet 500 was delivered to Mike in 2004, the project was finished just days prior to writing this feature. "We worked closely with Wayne, performing work as his budget would allow without sacrificing quality. This was

such a great car to work on, and all the credit goes to Wayne. He brought us a complete car and a load of extra parts. Nothing was missing, and because of his diligence during disassembly, the restoration was far easier."



durability, long life and minimum need for repairs. In Plymouth's Finest, you find striking evidence of Plymouth's fidelity to these principles of high-quality engineering.

DISPATCHESFROMDETROIT

1942 Plymouths

Throughout its thirteen years of manufacturing quality automobiles, Plymouth has pioneered in the low-price field many of the important advancements which today all buyers demand. Plymouth led the way with high-compression engines. . . steel bodies. . . hydraulic brakes! And year after year Plymouth has given the buyers of low-priced cars many more of the quality engineering features usually found only in high-priced cars.

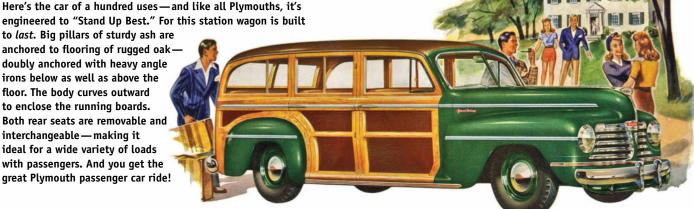
Because of the present requirements of the National Defense program, fewer cars of this Plymouth model will be produced, but the value and quality for which Plymouth has been famous throughout the years is at a new high. From this standpoint of style and appearance, of power and performance, of economy and long life, of safety and great riding qualities, of size and roominessthis Plymouth is beyond doubt Plymouth's Finest!

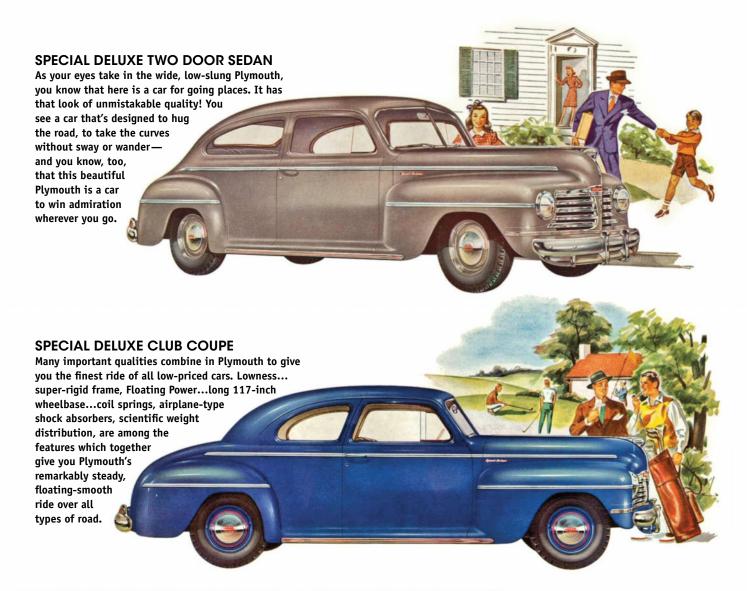


SPECIAL DELUXE STATION WAGON

ideal for a wide variety of loads with passengers. And you get the

Here's the car of a hundred uses—and like all Plymouths, it's engineered to "Stand Up Best." For this station wagon is built to last. Big pillars of sturdy ash are anchored to flooring of rugged oakdoubly anchored with heavy angle irons below as well as above the floor. The body curves outward to enclose the running boards. Both rear seats are removable and interchangeable — making it







AGAIN, FIRST IN SAFETY

• Safety Concealed Running Boards are completely enclosed by the wide sweep of the doors. The lip of the running board mat holds the carpet in place - easy to clean! Entry is easy because

there is no sill. Running boards are protected from dirt, snow and ice . . . strangers cannot jump on the running boards. Here's a great combination of safety with beauty and convenience.

• Plymouth's Safety Signal Speedometer changes color to warn of speed changes. When lighted, the dial is green up to 30 miles per hour, amber from 30 to 50 and red above 50. This enables the driver to know by a glanced whether he is driving at a dangerous speed.

- Plymouth's Hydraulic **Brake Drums are Superfinished** for smoothness—long lining life. Plymouth's braking is balanced—there is no uncontrolled "self-energizing" action to cause sudden, abrupt stops. You get smoother braking on any road safer braking in any weather!
- Plymouth's Super-Rigid, **Double Channel Frame supplies** great steadiness to the body, and by lowering the center of gravity, gives great safety on curves. It furnishes a solid foundation for the justly famous Plymouth Safety Steel Body.

DETROIT UNDERDOGS

Why Not a Whippet?



ARE YOU SURE YOU ARE READING

the right page? Did I actually leave the leisure suit in the closet and go back to the era of flappers and speakeasys? My favorite time in American history is the 1920s and, one day, I will have a car from that decade—probably this month's underdog. This is also the first Detroit Underdog that

could bark (there are a couple in the future that meow).

This month's car, along with every other Willys, Nash, Hudson, Rambler, AMC, Kaiser, and Frazier (and a few of their subsidiaries) is a Chrysler heritage car.

The Willys Whippet doesn't enjoy as vast of a club or parts network as Ford

Model Ts do, but don't let that deter you. If you want a flapper-era car, you should consider the Whippet, which you will see was much more advanced than its direct competition.

Willys-Overland introduced the Whippet in 1926 as a 1927 model, and the Whippet would eventually replace the Overland altogether. Some early Whippets had Overland hubcaps and radiator badges, while a few brochures referred to it as the Overland-Whippet. Today, it is common just to refer to them as Willys Whippets.

The 35-horsepower, flathead four-cylinder engine that initially powered the Whippet had water-pump-forced cooling and full-pressure lubrication, earning a reputation for durability and economy. Due to its small and light, low-hung body with a 100-inch wheelbase, the car was quite speedy and easy handling for the time without any sacrifice to interior room.

In 1929, the Whippet adopted the Chrysler-designed four-wheel hydraulic, internally expanding brake system. Interestingly, Ford only had rear brakes at the time of the Willys introduction and wouldn't adopt hydraulic brakes until 1939.

Whippets were always considered sturdy and dependable, and they were inexpensive, ranging in price from \$525 to \$850. In today's money, that would be \$7,045 to \$11,406. I need a time machine.

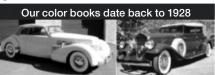
To add to its allure, the Willys was a pretty little car, with an attractive radiator shell/grille that would become quite popular with hot-rodders. Some estimates say 14-million people visited Willys-Overland dealerships during the first three weeks of its introduction. Production quickly hit 100,000 cars the first year. Thanks to all of the above and excellent marketing, the Willys would soon be the number-three bestselling car in the United States—right behind Ford and Chevrolet.

In 1929, production of the Willys Whippet helped the company sell 300,000 cars, with a profit of \$187 million. Those were numbers an independent car company wouldn't see again until the late 1950s. And many believe the Whippet may have inspired Edsel Ford to keep hocking his stubborn father to update their cars.

The Depression did a number on the Willys. The once-popular car, which, by then offered an optional six-cylinder engine, was

Hibernia Auto Restorations, LLC

- Body, Woodworking & Plating
- Engine and Chassis Rebuilding
- Upholstery & Top Restoration
- Electrical & Machine Work
- Full Concours Detailing Transportation Available
- Pre-Purchase Inspections & Appraisals
- Small Jobs to Full Concours Restorations



A Reputation for Quality • A Tradition of Excellence • A Continuing Legacy of Service Since 1964, Hibernia Auto Restoration has cared for and restored vehicles of virtually every make, model and year. Owners of a classic, collector, or antique automobile don't trust their vehicle to just anyone. Hibernia Auto Restorations understands why, and for more than 45 years we have been providing exceptional restoration services to automobile owners worldwide. We manufacture Authentic Nitro Cellulose and Acrylic Lacquer.

HiberniaAuto.com

52 Maple Terrace, Box #1, Hibernia, NJ 07842 • fax 973-627-3503 • tel 973-627-1882

eventually joined by the introduction of an eight-cylinder Willys. The dropping of the well-liked Whippet name after 1931 didn't help matters. An evolutionary styling update of the four-cylinder and six-cylinder Whippets no doubt would have fared better in the early 1930s, especially with their "fingertip controls" on the steering-wheel hub.

For all kinds of collectors, other Willys offer a wide range of options. If you want a Willys Americar from the late 1930s to early 1940s, you are going to need deep pockets. I have seen all-original Americars go for six figures. Customizers love those. If you want a Willys Jeepster, you might find a bargain if you are looking to fix one up, otherwise, you will need to lay out some money. The same goes for Willys trucks from the late 1940s through the '50s. Postwar Jeeps, when restored to stock, can command a high price as well.

However, the Whippet is as underappreciated and overlooked as they come. Fords and Chevrolets from that era are out of reach for a lot of enthusiasts, but I have yet to see a driver-quality, pristine Whippet go for more than \$16,000. That's not a lot for an almost 100-year-old driveable, show-quality car.

Why, you may ask?

After World War II, Willys concentrated almost all of its resources on the Jeep, especially its mechanicals, with little to no support for those of its customers still driving prewar Willys. That is why finding Jeep parts all the way back to the beginning is relatively easy. It may be why customizing an Americar is more inviting than restoring one.

The good news is that in the last few decades, classic-car-parts availability has really taken off for independent makes, and along with internet access to nationwide clubs and networks, maintaining a Whippet shouldn't be as daunting a task as it was for the loyal Willys customer in 1949. I found a dozen links for Whippet support.

The Whippet with water-pump cooling and full lubrication for its bulletproof engines can cruise all day at 50 to 60 mph, and come to a safe stop with four-wheel, hydraulic, internally expanding brakes.

As I always say: "Take the back roads and enjoy the scenery. How fast do you really need to go?" 60

Wire Harnesses

Ford Passengers & Pickups Retractables '57-'59 T-Birds '55 & up Mercurvs '39 & up

- Authentic Reproductions
- Molded Terminal Ends
- Handcrafted Quality
- · Easy installation Instructions
- Call for your FREE catalog today!

800-874-9981

Bob's Speedometer Service, Inc.

Speedometers, Clocks, **Tachometers**

All gauge instrumentation repaired & restored

Cables, Gas Sending Units

10123 Bergin Road, Howell MI 48843 800-592-9673 • 810-632-0400 Fax: 810-632-6587

> www.BobsSpeedometer.com E-MAIL: BobsSpeedometer@aol.com

Classic Audio Solutions!



NEW USA-740 RADIO The best in audio technology wrapped in a classic look.

Available in your vehicle's bezel for

- that original factory look. Bluetooth music streaming and voice calling from your mobile phone.
- Includes 300 watts of peak power with RCA pre-outs for optional amps.
- · Digital display shows artist, song, album titles and song navigation.
- Includes auxiliary inputs for satellite radio, iPhones and portable players.

Over 40 years of manufacturing quality radios for classic cars.



800-888-8637

To find a dealer near you visit: www.casmfa.com



Licensed by Ford and GM.



Don Barnes

Fuel and Electrical Systems Specialist, Wheel and Track Vehicles U.S. Army

IN 1963, WINTER IN SOUTH KOREA

continued into late March, so it was still cold when I arrived at my new duty station, the 37th Ordnance Company of the Eighth Army, United States Army, Republic of Korea. I had been in the Army six months, three for basic training and three for advanced training as a "Fuel and Electrical Systems Specialist, Wheel and Track Vehicles." Advanced training, at the Aberdeen Proving Grounds in Maryland, had been a lark since I had already spent many hours at my Uncle Billy's gas station.

The 37th had two basic missions: In time of conflict, they went to the field to provide recovery-and-repair support for the combat soldiers' vehicles; in time of peace, they were a repair-and-restoration service for the M37 ³/₄-ton multipurpose vehicle and its sister model, the M43 ambulance.

The M37 was a workhorse of a pickup-size truck. Over 100,000 were made by Dodge between 1951 and 1968. A recent look at *Hemmings* shows that many are still up and running. They have an L-head, 230-cu.in. straight-six, which produces 78 horsepower. With their four-speed transmission, four-wheel drive, and 24-volt electrical system, they went everywhere and they took a beating.

That's when the 37th would come to claim what we called "the bruised, battered and busted." The Army had decided it was more cost-efficient to recover and rebuild worn vehicles than to build new and ship them to Korea. To get the job done, our unit had about 85 GIs plus a contingent of 25 Korean soldiers working on a remote compound about one hour away from Seoul. Every talent needed to restore a military vehicle was present: general mechanics, "fuelies" such as myself, painters, body and fender specialists, canvas and wood workers, and even inspectors.

Each week, four or five vehicles would arrive from field locations all over South Korea. After a thorough steam cleaning, the inspectors would decide whether a vehicle was worthy of repair or was instead a "Code 8" junker beyond help. For the work, it was then off to one of the 10 work bays for breakdown to the bare frame. Looking back, I can see we were more than a bit reckless: no identifying or label-



ing the parts as they came off; no carefully placing parts away to protect them against damage or loss; and no worry about scratch and dent. Why bother? All parts were interchangeable or being replaced new. Many of the mechanics had already rebuilt a dozen or so M37s and could work engines that came in from the States; some in total darkness, anyway.

For the four of us in the Fuel and Electrical section, our time was spent rebuilding carburetors, generators, starters, and other components. Both the M37 and M43 had removable panels in the center of the dash, so we bench tested gauges, light switches, and fuel-sending units. Some of the ambulances had been fitted with heaters that were tapped into the gasoline feed and were quite finicky to rebuild. We also went over the wiring harness, just as each vehicle was being completed, with some sections being made new from rolls of wire and connectors. Most of the individual connections were of the Douglas style, which has five parts. The end of each wire is given a metal cap and a rubber gasket. The ends of the two wires are pushed into a metal-lined plastic ferrule, and the opposing metal caps are twist-fitted together. Completed, the whole connector is about the size of an acorn, and it's a good waterproof system, but when it's cold, rainy, or snowing, the Douglas does not want to cooperate with stiff and numb fingers.

The rebuilding process was the same 50 years ago as it is today. The frame had been completely stripped except for the removal of the cab. Before starting the rebuild, the inspectors would recheck the frame for any errors in geometry, rust, or general weakness. The inspectors were career sergeants who had 10-15 years as mechanics, great eyesight, and poor dispositions. They could hold their own with any Pebble Beach or Amelia Island judge when it came to military vehicles, but we knew

their passion was for safety and reliability. They were "quality control" with extra stripes on their sleeves, and we were better off for their diligence.

Next, the suspension and driveline were replaced. We had a supply of rebuilt complete, some just short-blocks. We also had new or rebuilt transmissions and transfer cases on hand. With only one type of vehicle to repair, every part fits every job; just get one from the parts cage. The wooden bed and frames for the canvas top came next, and then fenders all the way 'round. After finishing the wiring of headlamps, taillamps, and instrument panel, the inspectors made a final inspection. Correct any last-minute items, and it was onto a flatbed and out the gate. With the number of skilled people and the availability of parts, the job usually was done in less than a week.

My time with the 37th lasted for a full year. It was a great experience for a 20-year-old motorhead who had never been far from New Jersey. My later duty assignments in Fort Polk (Louisiana), Fort Devens (Massachusetts), and Cholon (South Vietnam) were all challenging, but there has always been something special about my time in the 37th. In the past years, I have had a 1948 Chevrolet, a '36 Buick, and now a 1984 Mercedes-Benz 380SL, but from time to time, I look longingly at the available vehicles and think—maybe there's just one more M37 for me! 59

I Was There relates your stories from working for the carmakers, whether it was at the drawing board, on the assembly line, or anywhere in between. To submit your stories, email us at editorial@ hemmings.com or write to us at I Was There, c/o Hemmings Classic Car, 222 Main Street, Bennington, Vermont 05201.



A TIME-SPEED-ENDURANCE RALLY FOR VINTAGE CARS, 1972 & OLDER

\$150,000 IN PRIZE MONEY

FOR MORE INFO CALL (800) 989-7223 OR EMAIL JEFF@GREATRACE.COM



TITLE SPONSOR:

PROVIDED BY:

PRODUCT SPONSOR:

TRANSPORTATION SPONSOR:



HAGERTY

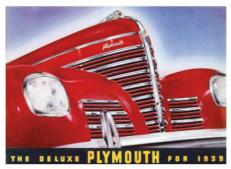




REARVIEW MIRROR 1939

AUTO EXPENDITURES

Auto usage	\$39.69
New car purchase	\$12.21
Auto parts	\$3.82
Gas and oil	\$16.79



THE PLYMOUTH DELUXE RETURNS WITH NEW

styling from front to rear. The beautiful design looks great from all vantage points, and its improvements extend to the interior as well. With no shift lever on the floor and the handbrake to your left under the cowl, you will enjoy extra leg room. As you would expect with a Plymouth, you will also benefit from increased economy and performance with the newest advancements in piston construction and compression rings. The Deluxe comes in several body styles and starts at an affordable \$725.



CROSLEY MAKES ITS DEBUT AS AN

affordable compact car, distributed by famous industrialist and Cincinnati Reds owner Powell Crosley. Powered by an air-cooled 12-hp engine, the Crosley is mounted on an 80-inch wheelbase and only weighs 924 pounds. You can purchase one at Macy's and Bamberger's for as low as \$350.

CHAMPIONS

PARTS PRICES

Antifreeze	\$1/qallon
Battery	
Fender guide	
Spark plug	\$0.75
Tire	

FACTORY PRICES

Buick	\$849-\$2,453
Cadillac V-8	\$1,610-\$3,995
Chevrolet	
Chrysler*	\$918-\$1,495
De Soto	
Dodge	
Ford	
Hudson	
Hupmobile	
La Salle	
Lincoln	
Mercury	
Oldsmobile	
Packard (eights)	
Studebaker	
Stadebarter	 φοσο φ1,+οο

PONTIAC FEATURES THREE DIFFERENT LINES

*C-24 series excluded

of affordable and high-quality cars. Available this year are the Quality Six, Deluxe Six, and Deluxe Eight. New innovations for this year include a redesigned clutch, variable-rate Duflex springs, revised transmission, and improved mufflers. Each also features a price reduced from last year, so expect excellent value starting as low as \$758 for sixes and \$862 for eights.



SALES RACE

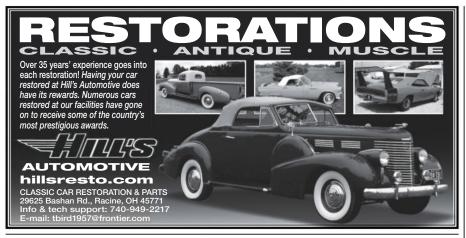
(total model-year production)

1. Chevrolet	577,278
2. Ford	487,031
3. Plymouth	423,850
4. Buick	208,259
5. Dodge	186,474
6. Pontiac	144,340
7. Oldsmobile.	137,249
8. Studebaker.	85,834



FORD INTRODUCES THE ALL-NEW MERCURY — NEW NAME, NEW CAR, AND NEW VALUE

in the line of Ford and Lincoln automobiles. The Mercury 8 is a big car, with all the expected features you'd find in a Ford. The new 95-horsepower V-8 engine combines the performance and economy of the Ford V-8 with increased power and size. Taking its place with the Lincoln, Lincoln-Zephyr, and Ford, the Mercury will be available as a sedan, town sedan, sedan coupe, and sport convertible. Available for as low as \$916.





A Year appropriate reproduction sticker for your car.



Any state, vears from 1930 to 1990. Looks ideally authentic.

"Peel and Stick" Includes Gas Ration

check our website: www.inspectionsticker.net email sdabob@yahoo.com call Mon-Fri 9-5 708-567-5380



www.smsautofabrics.com facebook.com/smsautofabrics (503) 263-3535

Trunk Lining

Carpet Sets

All items proudly made in the U.S.A.



- Easy rolling ball bearing swivel casters (rolls over floor cracks, too!)
- Rock hard wheel material
- · Roller axle bearing Grease fittings
- One brake per dolly
- Steel wheel housing
- 6,000 lb capacity (with set of 4 dollies)





WIN A 1967 CORVETTE STING RAY! Marlboro maroon, black interior, teakwood wheel, soft top, numbers matching, 90,000 original miles, 327, 350 hp, factory side exhaust. 17th Annual Corvette Raffle, only 10,000 chances avail. Grand Prize: 1967 Corvette or \$40,000; 2nd Prize \$500; 3rd Prize \$250. Donation: \$25/ticket or 5/\$100. Drawing 4/21/18. Need not be present to win; all orders must be received by noon 4/21/18. Please send name, address and telephone number, check, money order or credit card to: C.C.A.B.C or Colonel Crawford Athletic Boosters Club, Dept HEM, PO Box 96, Galion, Ohio 44833. Info: 419-569-9312 or 419-468-7311; visit: colcrawfordcorvetteraffle.com





My Uncle's '57 Chevy



I WAS SEVEN YEARS OLD WHEN MY

Uncle Max went to Flatbush Chevrolet on Bedford Avenue in Brooklyn, New York, to buy his first new car. It was on March 6, 1957. I clearly remember walking into the dealership with him as he held my left hand. There were a few different 1957 models displayed on the old wooden parquet showroom floor. My uncle leaned over towards me and pointed to a Bel Air sedan and asked me if I liked it. All I remember saying was; "Yeah, it's black."

In retrospect, I wished I could've tried to push him towards a two-door or even a four-door hardtop, but my uncle and my father always preferred a sedan because they felt the center post offered more protection in a rollover. After some haggling regarding the price, Uncle Max removed a few paper bags from his jacket. Inside those bags, he had all different denominations of bills rolled up in numerous bundles with rubber bands. As he started counting, I clearly remember the look on the salesman's face as if he never had any customer come in off the street and pay for a car with cash in paper bags.

At 16 years old, I passed my road test. When I received my driver's license, my uncle happened to be home that day. He told me to go out to the front of the house and wait. Within five minutes, I saw the '57 Chevy turn the corner and stop beside me. Uncle Max got out of his car and told me, "Now you're going to drive a 'real' car!" The first thing he mentioned was "Don't slam the door!" (All four doors still close in a solid, no rattle manner with the slightest push to this day.) My first impression driving a car with no power steering

or power brakes made it feel like a real brute cruiser. I loved it!

Fast forward around 15 years. My uncle used this car for his daily commute from Brooklyn out to Westbury on Long Island every day, which eventually caused the odometer to turn over, twice. He also used the car as a quasi-pickup truck bringing home all kinds of antiques. Although never abused and, also, never in any accidents, the poor Chevrolet was definitely showing her age. She finally reached a point where she couldn't be relied upon as a daily driver, so my uncle parked her in his small one-car garage where she remained for approximately another 15 years. During that time, the poor old car was slowly being covered up with all sorts of junk, to the point where you could hardly see the car at all. The only visible area was the driver's-side headlamp.

As more time passed, my uncle's health began to fail. I told him that I'd like to see if I could take the Chevy and slowly try to restore her, or at least get her running again. He agreed. Included with the car was the original sales slip, service receipts, original owner's and shop manuals, an extra set of wheel covers, and all the New York license plates that were registered to the car since 1957. He saved everything! I even have the first set of plates that were on the car in 1957 displayed front and rear.

Within a month's time, on June 14, 1988, I called a friend of mine who owned a flatbed. We had to force the old garage door open and then remove all the debris from the sides and on top of the poor Chevy. Pulling her out of the garage tail-first made me think of removing an ancient sarcophagus from its tomb. Spider webs were stretching and breaking, dust was flying, along with rust from the rotted gas tank that fell to the ground. What a mess! My uncle was there as his Chevy was loaded on the flatbed to be transported to my house on eastern Long Island. We took photos of the event with him standing by the flatbed waving.

A couple more years passed. During that time, I had removed the engine, the transmission, and virtually everything I possibly could without doing a body-off project. The original engine was totally shot, so a replacement was in order. A close friend, who at that time built engines for a living, secured and rebuilt a 283-cu.in. V-8 with a NOS four-barrel intake manifold. Shortly after the new engine, along with its rebuilt Powerglide transmission, was installed, the '57 Chevy roared back to life. At this time, my poor uncle was in the hospital nearing his last days. Most of the time, he wasn't aware of his surroundings and rarely responded to visitors. I leaned over his bed and softly told him that the new engine was in his car and she was alive again. He fixed his eyes on me and smiled. To this day, I have a photograph of my Uncle Max placed between the windshield molding and the new headliner next to the sun visor on the driver's side. He's with me every time I take the car out for a ride.

Since then, the '57 Chevy has had a new interior installed (we changed the color from silver and black to red and black), wheel and master cylinders replaced, along with many other parts I can't think of, and received new paint, gauges, radio, and radiator. I even had the pot-metal "Flatbush" trunk emblem, which the dealer had originally affixed to the car, recast; to me, it's the personality and birthrite of the Chevy. There's still work I'd like to do to make her even more roadworthy and reliable. Possible future upgrades will include power front disc brakes, electronic ignition, and maybe even fuel injection. Time will tell. Hopefully, my sons or grandsons will continue to give the '57 Chevy a home after I'm gone. 89

Hemmings Motor News

FOR CLASSIC CARS, MUSCLE CARS,

AND EVERYTHING IN BETWEEN

Contains high levels of zinc and phosphorus, giving exceptional protection for flat tappet cams, lifters and rockers.

3 SAE CHOICES:

SAE 10W30 Synthetic Blend SAE 20W50 Synthetic Blend SAE 15W50 Full Synthetic

Hemmings SAE 10W30 Synthetic
Blend Motor Oil, SAE 20W50 Synthetic
Blend Motor Oil, and SAE 15W50 Full Synthetic
Motor Oil, are purpose built for the lubrication of high
performance street vehicles by Champion Brands, LLC.
Recommended for use in vintage, classic, street rods
and muscle cars with injected or normally aspirated
engines using leaded, unleaded, or high octane gasoline.
Contains high levels of premium zinc and phosphorus
(ZDDP), providing exceptional protection for flat tappet
cams, lifters and rockers. Dispersants, corrosion inhibitors, and Champion's TVS® (Thermal Viscosity Stabilizer),
technology extend oil film capacity for better protection
at high temperatures.

To order (by the 6-pack only), visit

WWW.hemmings.com/classicoil

or call us at: 800-227-4373, Ext. 79550

FEATURES AND BENEFITS:

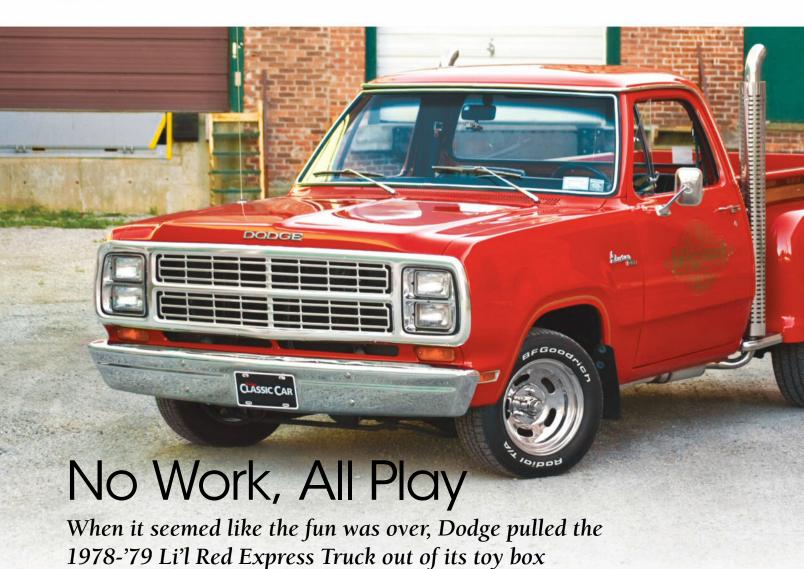
Hemmings Motor News

- Increase high-temp film strength, oil pressure & compression
- Reduce friction for proven horsepower increase
- Provide high-temp viscosity and anti-wear control
- Protect bearings at higher speed and temperature
- Deliver upper cylinder anti-wear protection
- Contains enhanced anti-foam system
- Contains rust & corrosion inhibitors for engine storage
- Compatible with petroleum / synthetic oils



- Item # SAE 10W30 Six Pack: Synthetic Blend \$53.95*
- Item # SAE 20W50 Six Pack: Synthetic Blend \$53.95*
- Item # SAE 15W50 Six Pack: Full Synthetic
 \$69.95*
- * Shipping included within Continental U.S. Alaska and Hawaii call for rates.

CLASSIC TRUCK PROFILE



WORDS AND PHOTOGRAPHY BY MIKE McNESSOR

n the mid-1970s, factory performance was poking along in the slow lane, but pop culture still had its pedal to the metal.

Unrest in the Middle East combined with stagflation, surging insurance rates, and stricter government emissions regulations in the U.S. were like the four horsemen of the muscle-car apocalypse. Journalist Murilee Martin coined the now much-used phrase "malaise era" to describe cars built during this time. The term is a reference to President Jimmy Carter's "Crisis of Confidence" speech in 1979, or the "malaise speech" as it came to be known.

While the themes of President Carter's speech were actually popular with many Americans—sacrificing for the greater

good, making do with less, etc.—for car enthusiasts, this was like the nation's dad chiding us for staying up late watching *Saturday Night Live*, eating an entire half gallon of Neapolitan, and then being too sick and tired to go to church on Sunday.

For instance, when the president said: "Take no unnecessary trips, use carpools or public transportation whenever you can, park your car one extra day per week, obey the speed limit." What car enthusiasts heard: "Abandon all hope. The fun is officially over."

For an escape, many of us turned to the trucker-themed entertainment that was suddenly common. Big-riggers were being hailed in music and on screen as modernday cowboys and gear-jamming, bluecollar rebels. *Convoy*, both the charttopping C.W. McCall song and the movie starring Kris Kristofferson, glamorized downtrodden truckers being harassed by the man. *Smokey and the Bandit* pitted loveable rascals Burt Reynolds and Jerry Reed against ranting lawman Jackie Gleason, as the duo flouted speed limits and interstate commerce laws (as well as the laws of gravity and physics). Mark Zuckerberg wouldn't be born until the 1980s, so CB radios were the social media of the day, and it seemed like everybody was keying the mic.

These seemingly unrelated trends in American culture weren't unrelated at all—at least to those of us who liked vehicles and enjoyed driving. We yearned for that postwar freedom the Golden Age of transportation had brought us, even as



threat: The new-for-'78 Li'l Red Express not only looked like a semi and performed like a hot rod—it was an outlaw as well. The fact that it was a light truck allowed Li'l Red to exploit a loophole in air-quality regulations: commercial vehicles with gross vehicle weights 6,100 pounds or greater weren't required to have catalytic converters, so a truck could burn leaded gas and run a free-flowing exhaust. Or, in Li'l Red's case, free-flowing stacks.

For power, Li'l Red ran a 225-hp 360-cu.in. V-8 based around the engine used in Dodge police cars. The 360 breathed through an 850-cfm Carter Thermoquad carburetor fed by a dual snorkel air box and standard-issue cylinder heads with 1.88-inch intake and 1.60-inch exhaust valves. The camshaft was lifted from the 340, as were the engine's heavyduty valve springs. A chrome air-cleaner lid with a "360 Express" callout added some sparkle to the engine bay, as did a set of chrome rocker covers. While you'd imagine that a 1970s big-rig-themed truck would have a manual transmission, all Li'L Reds changed gears with a performancemodified A-727 LoadFlite automatic. The rear axle was a 9.25-inch unit with 3.55:1 gears, and a Sure-Grip limited differential was available at extra cost.

Underneath the semi disguise, the truck was a short (115-inch) wheelbase D150 Adventurer with a stepside bed,

known as Utiline in Dodge's parlance. Special oak trim was added to the bed and tailgate, gold pinstripes outlined the wheel openings, and signature gold Li'l Red Express Truck insignias stretched across the doors. To be in vogue with 1970s trucking fashion, the chrome was piled on: bumpers, mirrors, bed steps, 2.5-inch stacks (with stainless heat shields), and the slotted wheels. 1978 Li'l Reds rolled on 15 x 8-inch wheels in the rear shod with LR60x15 tires, and 15 x 7-inch wheels up front with GR60x15 tires.

Inside, either black or red interior trim was available with a bench or bucket seats, and a Tuff wheel and power steering were included, as was an oil-pressure gauge and AM/FM stereo.

For 1979—the year of this month's feature truck owned by Gary and Karen James of Troy, New York—L'il Red showed up with Medium Canyon Red paint and a bold quad headlamp treatment, as well as a new flat hood. The chrome-slotted wheels were all the same size for 1979-15 x 8-inch with LR60x15 tires—and bowing to Federal regulations, the 1979 edition was equipped with a catalytic converter as well as an 85-mph speedometer.

The Jameses found their truck on a local car-dealer's lot back in 1997. It was very solid, but the paint was faded and the exterior wood was showing its age. It was that oak trim that attracted Gary to

the establishment increasingly told us it was socially irresponsible to do so.

Leave it to Dodge, maker of Hemis, High Impact Paint, V-10 Vipers, and 800-plus-horsepower Challenger SRT Demons to see all of this as an opportunity. In 1977, Dodge first released its audacious line of "Adult Toys." If playing in the dirt was your thing, Dodge offered the Macho Power Wagon and the Four by Four Ramcharger. For custom van enthusiasts there was the Street Van, and for the pickup crowd, the Warlock.

In 1978, Dodge doubled down and built a vehicle that outperformed the best American performance cars of the day (such as they were), and also incorporated the big-rig styling cues Americans were suddenly fond of. Talk about a triple



these trucks in the first place, however: he's an avid woodworker and a maker of furniture, toys, and more.

"I remember these trucks when they first came out—the wood was what actually caught my eye," Gary said. "I didn't make much money in those days, so I thought I would never own one. In 1996, my wife encouraged me to start looking for one."

After buying the truck, Gary partially disassembled it, cleaned the chassis, and applied POR-15 to the underpinnings. John Sherman of North Adams, Massachusetts, refinished the exterior with basecoat/clearcoat, while Gary carefully reproduced the wood on the bedsides, tailgate, and bed floor. Karen took up the task of sanding all of that red oak and applying multiple coats of urethane.

Inside, new carpet and seat upholstery were installed, then, for a finishing touch, Gary replaced the original woodgrain door panel inlays with his own custom-made inserts cut from a slab Bolivian Rosewood.

When the truck made its debut at a Li'l Red Express Club show in 1998, the first thing other attendees noticed was... the beautiful woodwork. "At the meet and greet the night before the show, guys were standing around the truck looking at the wood," Karen said. "One of them asked where we bought it, and Gary told them, 'I made it.'"

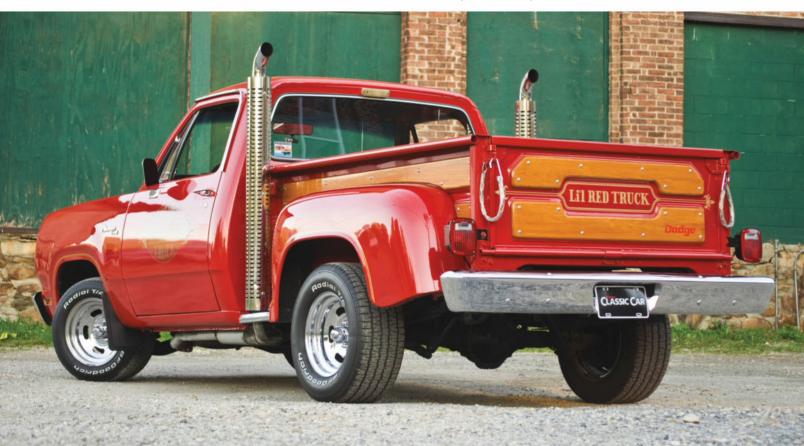


Soon the Jameses found themselves taking orders for Li'l Red bed wood. Today, they're partnered with Li'l Red and Dodge truck specialists Dodge Connection (www.dodgeconnection.com/) and, in more than 20 years, have turned out a forest of show-quality reproduction wood kits from their home workshop. "It's kind of comical to go to shows now, because, when we see restored trucks with new wood, nine times out of 10, they're our kits," Karen said.

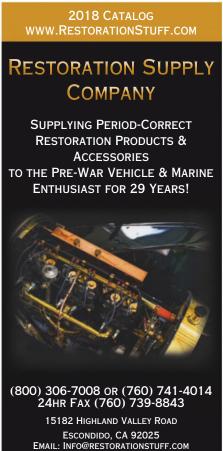
Today, the Jameses frequently drive and show their truck: We first spotted it

at one of our summer cruise-ins where it hauled off the Editor's Choice award. It has also nabbed Silver concours honors at a National Association of Li'l Red Express Truck Owners meet and, of course, a Best Wood two years running at a Hampton Roads Li'l Red Express and Warlock Club meet in Virginia.

"It's always fun having people come up and ask us about our truck, or tell us about the one that they used to own," Gary said. "The memories we've made with our grandchildren in this truck are priceless."









Dedicated to Excellence



Supplying Concours-Quality Upholstery, Parts and Accessories for Over 45 Years!

Restoration Parts & Accessories







- **★Great Prices!**
- **★Huge Inventory!**
- *Experienced **Parts Specialists!**
- **★Fast Shipping!**





Call Today! (800) 854-0393

Larry's Thunderbird & Mustang Parts 1180 California Ave #B • Corona, CA 92881

Find us On The Web At: www.larrystbird.com

GALENDARS

7 CALENDAR TITLES FEATURING:

- Professional photographs of collector-cars or trucks that are suitable for framing.
- 100 car show & auction dates listed, holidays, and nearly 300 notable automotive historical events make these calendars uniquely fascinating.
- * 12" x 12" opens to a giant 24" with classic, easy to use format.
- Informative and entertaining captions.
- Considered "Keepers," these calendars are collected, not discarded after use!



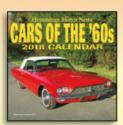




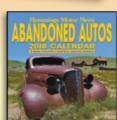
Muscle Machines



Model A Ford CF18



Cars of the '60s C618



Abandoned Autos CA18



Only
Available
Through
Hemmings
Motor News!



Cars of the '50s



Vintage Pickups CP18

These Go Fast. Order While Supplies Last!

ITEM QTY DESCRIPTION ITEM PRICE CC18 Classic Car \$14.95 ea CM18 Muscle Machines \$14.95 ea CF18 Model A Ford \$14.95 ea C618 Cars of the '60s \$14.95 ea	TOTAL
CM18 Muscle Machines \$14.95 ea CF18 Model A Ford \$14.95 ea	
CF18 Model A Ford \$14.95 ea	
C618 Cars of the '60s \$14.95 ea	
0010 0010 01 110 000 \$1 1100 00	
CA18 Abandoned Autos \$14.95 ea	
C518 Cars of the '50s \$14.95 ea	
CP18 Vintage Pickups \$14.95 ea	
SHIPPING AND HANDLING Shipping & Handling	

U.S. orders only: \$0-\$15.00......\$4.95 \$15.01-\$25.00.....\$6.95 \$25.01-\$40.00....\$8.95 \$40.01-\$55.00...\$10.95 \$55.01-\$70.00..\$12.95 \$70.01-\$99.99..\$15.95 \$100+...FREE Shipping (U.S. only)

anadian orders:
.....add \$15.00 to U.S. rates
oreign orders:

......add \$35.00 to U.S. rates
Optional Shipping Methods (U.S. only):
Call for rates:
800-227-4373, ext 79550

SUBTOTAL

Please add appropriate sales tax. **

TOTAL

** AZ, CA, FL, IL, KY, MD, MN, NC, NJ, NY, NV, OH, PA, VT, WA, WI, CANADA

Name _____Address _____

City _____ State ___ Zip ____

Phone _(_____)
E-mail

PAYMENT: ☐ Check ☐ Money Order

Charge my:

Account # _____Exp. Date _____
Signature

Hemmings Motor News
PO Box 76-HCAL0118, Bennington, VT 05201

Order Today! Call 800-227-4373, ext. 79550.

Or order online at www.hemmings.com/calendars

CCAL0118

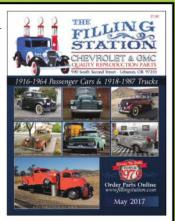
THE FILLING STATION

Chevy or GMC enthusiast? We carry over 20,000 quality reproduction parts for 1916-64 Chevrolet cars and 1918-87 Chevy/GMC trucks! From bumpers to bezels and grilles to glass, our nearly 400-pg catalog is a great indication of what is available for classic Chevrolets. Technical questions are no problem for our knowledgeable staff.

Price: CD catalog FREE; print catalog \$7 (U.S. orders only)

800-841-6622 www.fillingstation.com ja@fillingstation.com

990 S Second St, Lebanon, OR 97355

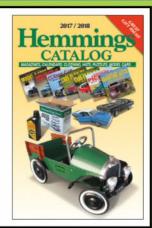


HEMMINGS PRODUCT CATALOG

Exclusive Hemmings Products and Collectibles. In this free Hemmings Product catalog, you'll find a variety of new quality products (along with the long-time best sellers) to add to your collection. Calendars, books, clothing, magazine subscriptions, diecasts, plus much, much more!

Price: FREE

800-227-4373, ext. 79550 www.hemmings.com/request kryder@hemmings.com PO Box 76, Bennington, VT 05201



Hemmings PRO

Buy and sell with ease and confidence

Buy Now Make Offer





BUYER & SELLER VETTING



SECURE OFFER & PAYMENT PROCESS



VEHICLE INSPECTION PERIOD



DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Visit Hemmings.com/pro for more information

Interested in becoming a HemmingsPRO seller? Call 1-800-227-4373 ext. 79680, or e-mail hemmingspro@hemmings.com

POWERED BY **Proxibid**

www.LucasClassicTires.com

WORLD'S LARGEST COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE, CLASSIC & SPORTS CAR TIRES



	LUCAS TIRES		A	B		C			
II	TIRE SIZE		PRICE	TIRE SIZE		PRICE	TIRE SIZE		PRICE
II	525/550-17	Α	\$119.00	650-19	С	\$179.00	32x4-1/2	D	\$259.00
II	450-18	Α	\$119.00	475/500-20	Α	\$139.00	33x5	Α	\$269.00
J	525/550-18	Α	\$129.00	600-20	В	\$159.00	32x4	Α	\$259.00
	600/650-18	В	\$149.00	440/450-21	Α	\$ 99.00	33x4-1/2	E	\$269.00
	475/500-19	Α	\$ 99.00	525-21	Α	\$149.00	33x4	Α	\$269.00
	550-19	В	\$149.00	31x4	Α	\$239.00	34x4	Α	\$275.00

WARDS RIVERSIDE TIRE SIZE COLOR PRICE 30x3-1/2 Black \$152.00 30x3-1/2 All-White \$219.00 30x3 Black \$151.00 All-White \$212.00

ROYALTON 78 Series

PRICE

\$165.00

\$149.00

П

ഗ

DIST BATT

BF

Goodrich

VAEDESTEIN

GENERAL

TIRES





	TIRES								
	TIRE SIZE		PRICE	TIRE SIZE		PRICE	TIRE SIZE		PRICE
	525/550-17	Α	\$119.00	650-19	С	\$179.00	32x4-1/2	D	\$259.00
I	450-18	Α	\$119.00	475/500-20	Α	\$139.00	33x5	Α	\$269.00
]	525/550-18	Α	\$129.00	600-20	В	\$159.00	32x4	Α	\$259.00
	600/650-18	В	\$149.00	440/450-21	Α	\$ 99.00	33x4-1/2	Е	\$269.00
	475/500-19	Α	\$ 99.00	525-21	Α	\$149.00	33x4	Α	\$269.00
	550-19	В	\$149.00	31x4	Α	\$239.00	34x4	Α	\$275.00
1			Δ	Δ	1000	D.	C	12000	200

A	A	B		
	PRICE	TIRE SIZE	WW WIDTH	PRICE

	到限	100	10000000000000000000000000000000000000				第4章图
TIRE SIZE	WW WIDTH		PRICE	TIRE SIZE	WW WIDTH		PRICE
750-14	2-1/4"	С	\$164.00	800-15	3" or 4"	В	\$195.00
800-14	2-1/4"	С	\$179.00	820-15	Black	С	\$175.00
950-14	2-1/4"	Α	\$229.00	820-15	1" or 2-3/4"	С	\$209.00
670-15	Black	Α	\$147.00	915-15	1"	С	\$209.00
670-15	2-11/16" or 3-3/4"	Α	\$173.00	600-16	Black	Α	\$144.00
760-15	3" or 4"	В	\$186.00	600-16	3-1/2"	Α	\$169.00

EXCLUSIVE

U.S. DISTRIBUTOR

600-15 600-15 G78-15 H78-15

TIRE SIZE

G78-14

560-15

560-15 1" or 3' \$166.00 Black \$152.00 \$169.00 1" or 3" 1", 2-1/2" or 3-1/4" \$168.00 1", 2-5/8" or 3-1/4' \$169.00 L78-15 1" or 3" \$179.00 L78-15 \$185.00

WW WIDTH

1" 2-3/4" or 3-1/4"

Black

Our best-selling W TIRES

We stock the original sizes for your classic Volkswagen! Royalton's reasonably-priced 560-15 and 600-15 are now available in black, 1"WW, and extra-wide 3"WW.

BLACK

\$229

\$239

\$219

\$229

\$259

\$259

\$179

\$180

SIZE

700-17

750-17

700-18

750-18

700-19

750-19

600-20

650-20



BEDFORD

DOUBLE

ww

\$399

\$439

\$399

\$439

\$429

\$469

SINGLE

ww

\$309

\$319

\$309

\$319

\$329

\$349

\$279

\$299





G/10/	CIVZ			INIZ	BARAF
TIRE SIZE	CINTURATO	PRICE	TIRE SIZE	CINTURATO	PRICE
185/70VR13	CN-36	\$149.00	205/50YR15	P7 N4	\$299.00
165HR14	CA-67	\$179.00	205/70WR15	CN-12	\$299.00
185/70VR14	CN-36	\$149.00	205VR15	CN-72	\$439.00
205/70VR14	CN-36	\$299.00	215/60VR15	CN-36 N4	\$419.00
155HR15	CA-67	\$239.00	215/70WR15	CN-12	\$359.00
165HR15	CA-67	\$209.00	225/50YR15	P7 N4	\$329.00
165VR15	CN-36 N4	\$259.00	255/60WR15	CN-12	\$449.00
185/70VR15	CN-36 N4	\$289.00	165HR400	CA-67	\$249.00
185VR15	CA-67	\$339.00	185VR16	CA-67	\$359.00

\$175.00	205/70VVK15	CIN-12	\$299.00
\$149.00	205VR15	CN-72	\$439.00
\$299.00	215/60VR15	CN-36 N4	\$419.00
\$239.00	215/70WR15	CN-12	\$359.00
\$209.00	225/50YR15	P7 N4	\$329.00
\$259.00	255/60WR15	CN-12	\$449.00
\$289.00	165HR400	CA-67	\$249.00
\$339.00	185VR16	CA-67	\$359.00

PORTAWALLS



Ш	8 x 1/16"	\$47.95
ı	10 x 1-3/16"	\$47.95
	12 x 1-1/2"	\$59.95
	13 x 1-7/8"	\$59.95
	13 x 2-1/2"	\$65.95
П	1/1 ∨ 2″	\$50.05

15 x 1-3/4"	\$59.95
15 x 3"	\$76.95
16 x 1-7/8"	\$59.95
16 x 3"	\$79.95
19 x 1-1/4"	\$59.95
Sold in sets of 4	

We frequently get trade-ins, close-outs, blem tires, and racing take-offs which we can offer at great savings.No guarantees. Call for your specific needs.

CALL TO REQUEST OUR FREE CATALOG

TOLL FREE 1-800-952-4333 Hours: 9am - 5pm PST(OPEN UNTIL 8pm EST)

CINTURATO



Phone 562-595-6721 • Fax 562-595-0381 2850 Temple Ave.Long Beach, CA 90806

DIESBUTGOODIES



MAKES CARS RUN BETTER BY REMOVING

GUM AND CARBON DEPOSITS

REMO was developed to meet the need of highcompression engines for a simple, inexpensive means of removing gum and carbon deposits.

Now, it is available for older cars as well. It rids Now, it is available for older cars as well. It rids the engine of the deposits that cause overheating and waste of power and gasoline. It removes the harmful gums that stick to valve stems and clog piston rings. An injection of REMO every 1000 miles will keep an engine clean throughout its life, thus contributing much toward continuous newcar performance.

Get in touch with your AC jobber now and arrange to handle this profit-paying accessory. You make your regular margin on the REMO Injector (which retails for \$3.75), an additional profit on the installation charge, and further profits on the 60c. REMO refills which are used every 1000 miles.

Some of the 1932 cars already are equipped with REMO Injectors. Automobile manufacturers endorse the use of REMO on car models not REMO equipped at the factory. Owners who are using REMO say that they wouldn't be without it.

AC SPARK PLUG COMPANY Flint, Michigan St. Catharines, Ontario



AC SPARK PLUGS - AC DIE CASTING MACHINES - AC SPEEDOMETERS

AC COMBINATION FUEL AND VACUUM PUMPS - AC DIE CASTINGS AC FUEL PUMPS - REMO GUM SOLVENT INJECTORS - AC OIL GAUGES

AC CRANKCASE BREATHER AIR CLEANERS . AC OIL FILTERS

Remo refills are shipped in attractive counter dis-play packages of 10, together with window or wall posters. The Remo Injector package includes one refill, tubing, fittings, and instructions for installation on practically all 1930, '31 and '32 car models.



AC CARBURETOR INTAKE SILENCERS . AC COMPLETE INSTRUMENT PANELS - AC AIR CLEANERS - AC AMMETERS AC THERMO GAUGES - AC GASOLINE GAUGES - AC REFLEX SIGNALS - AC GASOLINE STRAINERS + AC FLEXIBLE CABLES

MOTOR for

Remo Injectors ad

Motor July 1932

Advertisers in this issue

BARRETT-JACKSON	13
BIRD NEST	45
BOB'S SPEEDOMETER SERVICE, INC	.81
CAR-DOLLY.COM	85
CLASS-TECH	.81
COKER TIRE	1
COLONEL CRAWFORD ATHLETIC BOOSTERS CLUB	85
CUSTOM AUTOSOUND MFG	.81
FATSCO TRANSMISSION PARTS	43
THE FILLING STATION	93
firstSTREET7,	19
GRUNDY WORLDWIDE	6
HARBOR FREIGHT TOOLS	21
HIBERNIA AUTO RESTORATIONS LLC	.81
HILL'S AUTOMOTIVE	85
BILL HIRSCH AUTOMOTIVE RESTORATION	
PRODUCTS	45
INSPECTION STICKERS	85
J.C. TAYLOR ANTIQUE AUTO INSURANCE	43
KANTER AUTO PRODUCTS	45
LARRY'S THUNDERBIRD & MUSTANG PARTS	91
LUCAS CLASSIC TIRES	94
MECUM AUCTIONS	5
NATIONAL PARTS DEPOTback co	vei
NORTHWEST TRANSMISSION PARTS	6
ORIGINAL PARTS GROUP, INCinside front co	vei
RESTORATION SUPPLY COMPANY	91
ROBERTS MOTOR PARTS	45
RPM FOUNDATIONinside back co	vei
SMS AUTO FABRICS	85
STAUER11,	17
STEELE RUBBER PRODUCTS	43
SUMMIT RACING EQUIPMENT	ç
UNIVERSAL VINTAGE TIRE CO	15
VIAMEDIC	85

jim**richardson**

...I have lost the diet of and tubers

Basic Transportation

ecently, I was admonished by my doctor to walk every day. I must admit that for much of my life I considered walking a means of getting from my front door to my car, but I have been told walking has restorative powers, and I'm about due for a restoration. Therefore, I set out a few weeks ago for

my first brisk saunter, and I have succeeded in my fitness objective ever since. Well, mostly. The first day, I endeavored to go for an exercise walk and only got as far as Jeff Richardson's house a block away.

He had his 1957 Roadmaster out in the driveway giving it a wipe down, so out of respect for him and his beautiful Buick, I

stopped to say hello. Jeff and I have known each other for years and share the same surname. I once remarked that we might be related, and he said: "I doubt it. I come from a long line of riffraff and drunks." I replied that there was a good chance we were related. His place is always a pleasant stop for a chat.

Of course, time got away from us, and when I finally came home, my wife said: "Wow, you must be exhausted." I concluded that the details of my sojourn were best left untold, so I merely wiped my brow as if I had been on a safari. I did better a few days later, though. I got as far as Oberjuerge Auto Repair a quarter of a mile away. Allan, the owner, and his able crew do the routine servicing on my collector cars that I am too lazy to do these days. And as a result of my taking my babies to him, he has started accruing more old-car customers, because he and his guys know how to care for them.

It would be rude to walk past his garage without saying hello, so Allan and I have a cup of his waiting-room coffee and talk about the vicissitudes of owning his 1954 Chevrolet pickup and his lovely 1957 porthole Thunderbird. And then, of course, I want to be filled in on the 1967 Oldsmobile Toronado on his lift, and the late '50s Corvette that is being vivisected by his lead mechanic, Al. These conversations can easily eat up an hour or so before I return home to my spouse, who grows ever prouder of my efforts.

Since then, I have also added Andy, who runs the S&W Garage right around the corner

from my house, and who always has interesting cars in his repair bays. S&W is now a body shop, but they do occasional mechanical repairs as well. What really draws me to Andy's place is a 1957 Chevrolet Bel Air four-door hardtop, red with a white top, that his father owns. It is unrestored, but pristine, and I have told him more than once that

> I would be glad to take it off his dad's hands to free up more space for customers' cars. So far the answer has been no, but I'll keep trying.

> Andy is a younger guy, and he and his buddies are into drifting, and have built some pretty slick cars for the task. Personally, I consider drifting to be a pointless activity that over-revs engines and

burns tires at a prodigious rate, but I must admit, it is thrilling to watch. It was an activity in which I briefly participated during my adolescence, but the sport was not recognized back then.

We used to go over to big shopping-center parking lots after a good rain and slalom through the light standards and then do a few donuts going forward and backward. These activities were intended to impress the fair sex, but in hindsight, I don't think they had the effect we were looking for. Especially if you connected with a light pole.

Adding Andy's place to my itinerary makes the round trip take all morning now, and adds to my social life immeasurably. And I have lost 15 pounds with my new exercise regimen, plus the diet of boiled roots and tubers my wife has chosen for me. And I must admit, I am feeling pretty good, though the urge to pick up a pizza with extra cheese and a jug of Cribari Brothers is always there.

For those of you of a certain age who are not getting in a good walk every day, take a leaf from my book and get out and get going. Having places to go makes the whole thing more palatable and less onerous, and you'll be surprised at how pleased your spouse will be with you for getting out of the house and out of her way. Sure, working on your car gets you out of the house, too, but it sometimes results in a lot of grease and filth being transferred from your classic to you, and thence to the living room furniture. Spouses find that repugnant for some reason. It's better to just take a walk. 🔊





The RPM Foundation, is a grant-giving organization that accelerates the growth of the next generation of automotive **R**estoration and **P**reservation craftsmen through formal training and **M**entorship.

Preserve the past. Build the future. Donate today.

www.rpm.foundation | 1.855.537.4579



VISIT US AT WWW.NATIONALPARTSDEPOT.COM



4 LOCATIONS WALK IN HOURS Mon.-Fri. 8am-7pm Sat.-Sun. 9am-5pm **FLORIDA DEPOT 800-874-7595** 900 SW 38th Ave Ocala, FL 34474 **MICHIGAN DEPOT 800-521-6104** 2435 S Haggerty Rd Canton, MI 48188 N CAROLINA DEPOT 800-368-6451 7000 MacFarlane Blvd Charlotte, NC 28262 **CALIFORNIA DEPOT 800-235-3445**1376 Walter St #1
Ventura, CA 93003