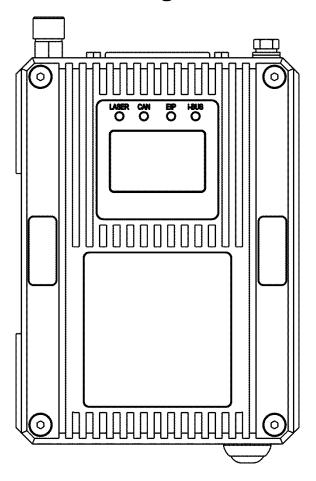
Instruction Manual

SL mini and SLR mini Series Speed and Length Gauges



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Proton Products International Ltd.

www.protonproducts.com

Table of Contents

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (CE)	5
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (CSA)	6
LASER SAFETY PARAMETERS	
	8
PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION	8
0	•
SPECIFICATIONS	
MODEL-SPECIFIC SPECIFICATIONS COMMON SPECIFICATIONS	
	-
DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS	11
ANNOTATED DRAWINGS	12
TOP VIEW	12
FRONT VIEW	
REAR VIEW	
LED INDICATORS	
ON-GAUGE LCD DISPLAY	14
OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES	15
DISPLAY	
Power	
COMMUNICATIONS	18
STANDS AND GUARDS	
PROTECTION	
COOLING	20
INSTALLATION	21
PRECAUTIONS	
Operating and storage temperature	
Protect from impact	
Do not open or disassemble	
Periodic maintenance	
Laser radiation hazard	
Optical windows	
OPTICAL WINDOW CLEANING PROCEDURE INSTALLATION SEQUENCE	
MECHANICAL INSTALLATION	
Stand-off distance and depth-of-field	
Object stabilisation	
Optical alignment	
MEASUREMENT DIRECTION	
SL MINI UNIDIRECTIONAL SPEED AND LENGTH GAUGE	
SLR MINI BIDIRECTIONAL SPEED AND LENGTH GAUGE Mechanical mounting	
ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION	
Earth connection	
Shielded Cables	
LASER ENABLE	
SHUTTER CONTROL SWITCH, SHUTTER ENABLE INPUT AND SHUTTER STATE OUTPUT	
SHUT_EN input electrical specifications	

POWER ŠUPEV	SHUT_ST output electrical specifications	
Powering off the gauge 36 CONFIGURATION 37 PCiS_SLIMIN SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS 37 PCiS_SLIMIN SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS 37 PCIS_SLIMIN SOFTWARE INSTALLATION 37 CONNECTION AND SOFTWARE START UP 38 WIFI CONFIGURATION 41 PCIS_SLIMIN MAIN PAGE 45 TREND GRAPH 46 Context menu 47 Settings 48 MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION 51 Normal Operation Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 57 CAN-bus COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-bus COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus configuration 51 RS-232 Communications configuration 51 RS-323 Communications configuration 51 RS-323 Communications configuration 51 RS-324 Communications configuration 52 ROFIBUS Communications configuration <td< td=""><td>Power Supply</td><td></td></td<>	Power Supply	
CONFIGURATION 37 PCIS_SLMINI SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS 37 PCIS_SLMINI SOFTWARE INSTALLATION 37 CONNECTION AND SOFTWARE START UP 38 VIEICONFIGURATION 41 PCIS_SLMINI MAIN PAGE 45 TREND GRAPH 46 Context menu 47 Settings 48 MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION 51 Normal Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-bus Configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 Protin standard RS232 parameter access protocol 67 Motificator 71 Ethemet IED indicator 71 Ethemet IED indicator 72 Input Farameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 PROFIBUS Communications onfiguration 71	Powering on the gauge	
PCIS_SLAINI SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	Powering off the gauge	
PCIS_SLAINI SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	CONFIGURATION	
PCIG_SLIMIN SOFTWARE INSTALLATION		
CONNECTION AND SOFTWARE START UP		
PCIS_SLMINI MAIN PAGE 45 TREND GRAPH 46 Context menu 47 Settings 48 MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION 51 Normal Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-bus COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus Interface 57 CAN-bus Interface 57 CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 RS-232 Communications configuration 57 CAN-bus parameter access protocol 57 Modbus parameter access protocol 57 Modbus parameter write Disable 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet ILE indicator 71 Ethernet ILE indicator 72 Ethernet ILE indicator 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFA		
TREND GRAPH. 46 Context menu	WIFI CONFIGURATION	41
TREND GRAPH. 46 Context menu	PCIS SLMINI MAIN PAGE	45
Settings. 48 MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION 51 Normal Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 55 Object Detection Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 Ethemet Iterface 71 Ethemet Iterface 71 Ethemet Iterface 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPT		
MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION 51 Normal Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus sconfiguration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 52 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED Indicator 71 Ethernet LED Indicator 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS ILED indicator 78 PROFIBUS ILED indicator 78 PROFIBUS I	Context menu	
Normal Operation Mode 54 Batch Operation Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet Interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet Communications INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Configuration 79 <	Settings	
Batch Operation Mode 54 Object Detection Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 60 RS-232 Drinting 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 71 Ethernet Interface 71 Ethernet Interface 71 Ethernet Interface 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS CONMUN	MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION	51
Object Detection Mode 55 STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus LED indicator 57 CAN-bus LED indicator 57 CAN-bus Configuration 58 RS-232 Communications configuration 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet LED indicator 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS CONMUNICATIONS </td <td>Normal Operation Mode</td> <td></td>	Normal Operation Mode	
STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 57 CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus LED indicator 57 CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Communications configuration 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS INTERFaces 78 PROFIBUS INTERFaces 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 <	Batch Operation Mode	
CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus LED indicator 57 CAN-bus Configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Interface 60 RS-232 Interface 60 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 67 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet configuration 72 Input Parameter Wite Disable 74 UDP Protocol 75 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROF	Object Detection Mode	55
CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS 57 CAN-bus interface 57 CAN-bus LED indicator 57 CAN-bus Configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Interface 60 RS-232 Interface 60 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 67 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet interface 71 Ethermet configuration 72 Input Parameter Wite Disable 74 UDP Protocol 75 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROF	STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES	57
CAN-bus LED indicator		
CAN-bus configuration 58 RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet Vite Disable 71 Ethernet Vite Disable 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS communications 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 81 DeviceNet Interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET Configuration 83 DeviceNet IED indicator 83 BeviceNet IED	CAN-bus interface	
RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS 60 RS-232 interface 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet Interface 71 Ethernet Configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS CommUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS CommUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Configuration 78 PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROF	CAN-bus LED indicator	
RS-232 interface 60 RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet ICOMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet ICOMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet CONMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet CONMUNICATIONS 83 <t< td=""><td>CAN-bus configuration</td><td></td></t<>	CAN-bus configuration	
RS-232 Communications configuration 61 RS-232 Printing. 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet ID indicator 83 DeviceNet Configuration 83 DeviceNet ID indicator <td< td=""><td></td><td></td></td<>		
RS-232 Printing 62 Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol 65 Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet IED indicator 83 DeviceNet Configuration 83 DeviceNet IED indicator 83 DeviceNet IED indicator 83 DeviceNet Configuration<		
Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol. 65 Modbus parameter access protocol. 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet Interface 83 DeviceNet I Interface 83 DeviceNet I IP or PROFINET configuration 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 83 DeviceNet IED indicator 83 DeviceNet Configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces 83		
Modbus parameter access protocol 67 ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET Configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet Interface 83 DeviceNet Interface 83 DeviceNet Configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces		
ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet toofiguration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
Ethernet interface 71 Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS communications 78 PROFIBUS communications 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET communications 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
Ethernet LED indicator 71 Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS Interface 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet IP or OFFINET configuration 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
Ethernet configuration 72 Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 78 PROFIBUS configuration 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
Input Parameter Write Disable 74 UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP or PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
UDP Protocol 76 OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS interface 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS configuration 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet I Configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs connection 87 Logic OUTPUTS 91	,,,	
OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES 78 PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS interface 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS Configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DeviceNet Communications 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet teld indicator 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 Logic OUTPUTS 91	•	
PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS 78 PROFIBUS interface 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 80 Logic OUTPUTS 91		
PROFIBUS interface 78 PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 LOGIC INPUTS 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
PROFIBUS LED indicator 78 PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet configuration 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
PROFIBUS configuration 79 ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 LOGIC INPUTS 86 Logic inputs connection 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91	-	
ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces 86 Logic Inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface 80 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES 86 LOGIC INPUTS 86 Logic inputs connection 86 LOGIC OUTPUTS 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator 81 EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration 81 DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS 83 DeviceNet interface 83 DeviceNet LED indicator 83 DeviceNet configuration 84 Standard Electrical Interfaces 86 Logic inputs connection 86 Logic inputs configuration 87 LOGIC OUTPUTS 91		
DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS		
DeviceNet interface		
DeviceNet LED indicator		
DeviceNet configuration		
LOGIC INPUTS		
LOGIC INPUTS	STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES	86
Logic inputs connection		
Logic inputs configuration		
LOGIC OUTPUTS		
	Logic outputs connection	

Logic outputs electrical specifications	
Logic outputs configuration	
PULSE OUTPUTS	
Pulse outputs connection	
Pulse outputs electrical specifications	96
DATA LOGGING	103
CONNECTOR PIN OUTS	105
OPTIONAL PSU-BOB MINI	
CAN	
R\$232	
I-BUS	
RJ45 Socket	
SCREW TERMINALS	
Key switch	
DIMENSIONAL DRAWING	
INPUT PARAMETERS	111
OUTPUT PARAMETERS	114
OUTPUT PARAMETERS	
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET	TE OBJECTS
	re objects 116
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE	TE OBJECTS 116
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM	TE OBJECTS 116
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 118
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge Logic input electrical characteristics	TE OBJECTS 116 116 117 117 118 119
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge Logic input electrical characteristics Gauge software configuration	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 118 119 119 119
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge Logic input electrical characteristics	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 118 119 119 SENSORS121
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge Logic input electrical characteristics Gauge software configuration EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION USING BANNER QS18 LASER EMITTERS AND QS186LE NPN	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 117 118 119 119 SENSORS 121 122
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge. Logic input electrical characteristics Gauge software configuration EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION USING BANNER QS18 LASER EMITTERS AND QS186LE NPN SL mini / SLR mini configuration.	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 117 118 119 119 SENSORS 121 122 126
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge Logic input electrical characteristics Gauge software configuration EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION USING BANNER QS18 LASER EMITTERS AND QS186LE NPN SL mini / SLR mini configuration CONTACT DETAILS FOR ENQUIRIES, SALES AND SERVICE	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 117 118 119 119 SENSORS 121 122 126 126
APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRET APPLICATION NOTE PROBLEM SOLUTION IMPLEMENTATION Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge. Logic input electrical characteristics Gauge software configuration EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION USING BANNER QS18 LASER EMITTERS AND QS186LE NPN SL mini / SLR mini configuration. CONTACT DETAILS FOR ENQUIRIES, SALES AND SERVICE . WEB SITE.	TE OBJECTS 116 116 116 117 117 118 119 119 SENSORS 121 122 126 126

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (CE)



This is to certify that the following equipment conforms to the requirements of CE including EMC to the heavy industrial standard Class A.

Equipment Covered

Product name	Description	Part number
SL mini 1220 Unidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 120mm, depth-of field: 20mm)		00050MC001
Unidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off		00050MC002
SLR mini 1220	Bidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 120mm, depth-of field: 20mm)	00050MC011
SLR mini 3060	Bidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 300mm, depth-of field: 60mm)	00050MC012

The manufacturer of the above named equipment is:

Proton

Proton Products is an ISO9001:2008 registered company.

The declaration is signed by:

Paul Alexander Sives

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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (CSA)



This is to certify that the following equipment has been manufactured in compliance with the standards for Machine Safety and Workplace Electrical Safety according to the CSA (Canadian Standards Association).

Equipment Covered

Product name	Description	Part number
SL mini 1220Unidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 120mm, depth-of field: 20mm)(00050MC001
SL mini 3060	Unidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 300mm, depth-of field: 60mm)	00050MC002
SLR mini 1220	Bidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 120mm, depth-of field: 20mm)	00050MC011
SLR mini 3060	Bidirectional non-contact speed and length gauge (stand-off distance: 300mm, depth-of field: 60mm)	00050MC012

The manufacturer of the above named equipment is:

Proton

Proton Products is an ISO9001:2008 registered company.

The declaration is signed by:



Paul Alexander Sives

LASER SAFETY PARAMETERS



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Proton Products SL mini and SLR mini series laser speed and length gauges emit laser radiation with the following parameters:

Parameter	Model	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Wavelength	All	650	658	670	nm
Beam diameter	All			3	mm
Spot size at standoff distance	All			3	mm
Beam divergence	All			1.5	mrad
Total emitted power	SL mini			40	mW
	SLR mini			80	mW
Emitted power per beam	SL mini			20	mW
(2 beams are emitted)	SLR mini			40	mW
Power density at gauge window	SL mini			280	mW/cm ²
(normal operation)	SLR mini			560	mW/cm ²
Power density at gauge window	SL mini			560	mW/cm ²
(absolute maximum)	SLR mini			1120	mW/cm ²
Power density at standoff distance	SL mini			560	mW/cm ²
Fower density at standon distance	SLR mini			1120	mW/cm ²
Nominal hazard zone (NHZ) distance	All	20 to 100			mm
(diffuse surface reflection)*					
Nominal hazard zone (NHZ) distance (specular / reflective surface reflection)	All	150			m

*this distance is highly dependent on the nature and type of diffuse surface.

For further information, please contact your Proton Products representative or Proton Products

Manufacturer signature:

Paul Alexander Sives:

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INTRODUCTION

The Proton Products SL mini and SLR mini series of laser speed and length gauges provide highlyaccurate, non-contact speed and length measurement.

SL mini series gauges offer speed and length measurement for unidirectional production lines.

SLR mini series gauges offer speed and length measurement for bidirectional production lines. The gauge senses the direction of motion and will automatically increment or decrement the length accordingly. SLR mini gauges are thus suitable for production lines that undergo direction reversals or stationary (zero speed) periods.

Compared to traditional contact wheel encoders, SL mini / SLR mini non-contact speed and length gauges offer the following advantages:

- Capable of measurement at much higher speeds and accelerations
- No slippage
- Greater accuracy
- No wear or damage to the measured object
- Solid state design results in higher reliability and MTBF

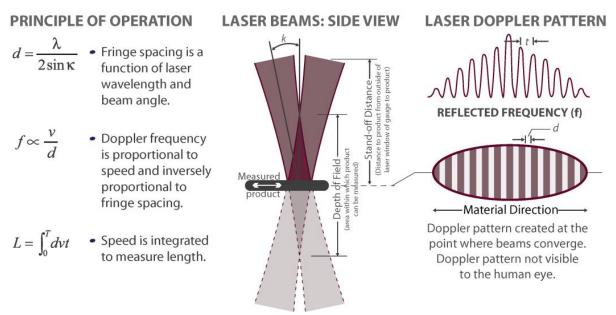
RS-232 and Ethernet communication interfaces are installed as standard for straightforward connection to computers or PLCs. One optional industrial standard communication interface (PROFIBUS, EtherNet/IP or DeviceNET; replaces the standard Ethernet interface) may also be installed in the gauge.

User configurable digital inputs are provided as standard to reset gauge measurements and trigger printing. User configurable digital outputs are provided as standard to signal gauge status and preset length reached.

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

SL mini series unidirectional speed and length gauges illuminate the measured surface with a precisely pitched interference pattern created by the intersection of two laser beams. The alternating bright and dark interference fringes modulate the light scattered by the object with a frequency proportional to the object speed. This scattered light is detected by a photodiode and the electrical signal digitally processed to determine the frequency and hence the speed. Object length is then calculated by integrating the speed measurement over time.

SLR mini series bidirectional speed and length gauges extend this principle by using a high-frequency Bragg cell modulator to illuminate the measured surface with a scanning interference pattern, which generates an oscillating light signal even when the object is stationary. Direction of motion is determined by whether the scattered light frequency is higher or lower than the stationary frequency.



SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL-SPECIFIC SPECIFICATIONS

Specification	Unidirectional – SL mini		Bidirectional – SLR mini		Unite	
Specification	1220	3060	1220	3060	Units	
Minimum speed	0.1	0.25	0	0	m/min	
Maximum speed	2000	5000	±2000	±5000	m/min	
Nominal stand-off distance	120	300	120	300	mm	
Depth of field	20	60	20	60	mm	

COMMON SPECIFICATIONS

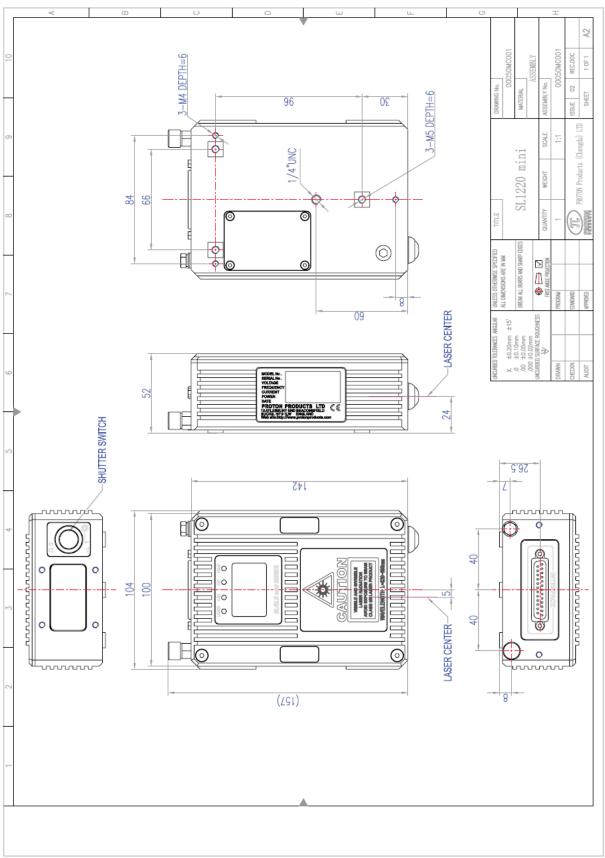
Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Accuracy	-0.05		0.05	%
Repeatability	-0.02		0.02	%
Acceleration			1000	m/s ²
Measurement update time			20	μs
Laser beam diameter			3	mm
Laser classification			3B	-
Operating temperature	+5		+40	°C
Environmental protection			IP67	-
Power supply voltage	15	24	28	VDC
Power consumption			15	W
Length			140	mm
Width			105	mm
Height			50	mm

Measurement display	Integrated backlit LCD	
Pulse outputs	2x RS-422 compliant differential pair outputs with maximum pulse rate < 2 MHz (cable length dependent), end-user configurable as:	
	2x independent pulse outputs	1× quadrature output
Laser safety	Laser enable input	Open shutter input

	Shutter status output		
2x Logic inputs (and upor configurable	Reverse Direction	Length Hold	
3x Logic inputs (end-user configurable functions)	Reset	Speed Hold	
	End of Reel	Display Hold	
	Gauge OK	Gauge too hot	
2x Logio outpute (and upor configurable	Good reading	Object detected	
2x Logic outputs (end-user configurable functions)	Preset length 1 / Batch length reached		
	Preset length 2 / Batch number reached		
	Gauge measuring speed		
Standard communications interfaces	RS-232*	CANbus**	
	Ethernet TCP/IP (Mo	dbus protocol)	
Optional communications interface (select	PROFIBUS	PROFINET	
one; replaces the Ethernet interface)	DeviceNet	EtherNet/IP	

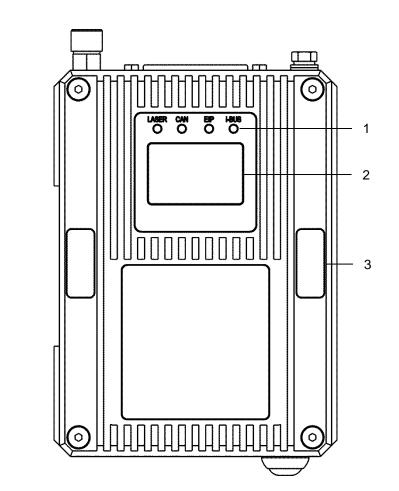
*An optional RS-232-to-USB converter cable is available for connection to USB equipped computers. **CAN-bus protocol is proprietary and reserved for connection to other Proton Products equipment such as a CDI interface display unit.

DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS



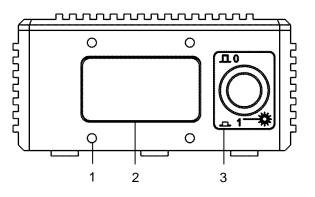
ANNOTATED DRAWINGS

TOP VIEW



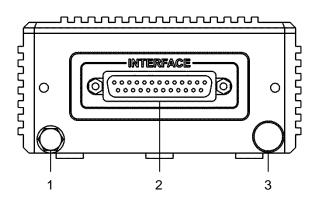
Label	Description
1	LED indicators
2	LCD display
3	Tamper-evident seal (x2; damage to or removal will invalidate the product warranty)

FRONT VIEW



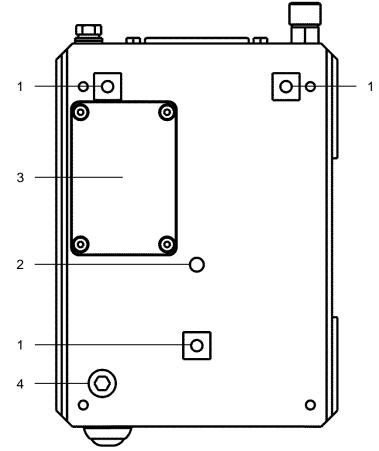
Label	Description		
1	Optional air wipe / beam enclos	sure tube mounting holes (x4)	
2	Optical window		
	Laser shutter control switch		
2	Switch status Laser shutter status Laser beam status		
3	Out	Closed	Blocked
	In	Open	Emitting

REAR VIEW



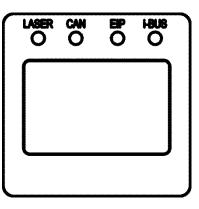
Label	Description
1	Earthing bolt
2	"INTERFACE" connector port
3	Nitrogen gas purge port (for factory use only; any attempt to open or connect to this port will invalidate the product warranty)

UNDERSIDE VIEW



Label	Description	
1	M5 threaded mounting hole (×3)	
2	1/4"-20 UNC threaded tripod mounting hole	
3	Communications module compartment cover	
4	4 Nitrogen gas purge port (for factory use only; any attempt to open or connect to this port will	
	invalidate the product warranty)	

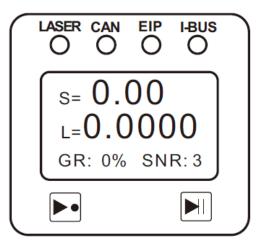
LED INDICATORS



Label	Condition	Description
LASER	Extinguished	No laser emission
LASER	Yellow	Laser emission
CAN	Extinguished	No CANbus connection
CAN	Green	CANbus connected
	Extinguished	No Ethernet connection
EIP	Green	Ethernet connected
	Flashing red	Ethernet data transmission
i-BUS	Extinguished	Optional DeviceNET / PROFIBUS / PROFINET / EtherNet/IP not connected
1-003	Green	Optional DeviceNET / PROFIBUS / PROFINET / EtherNet/IP connected

ON-GAUGE LCD DISPLAY

The SL mini and SLR mini gauges are fitted with a backlit, on-gauge LCD which displays the following information:



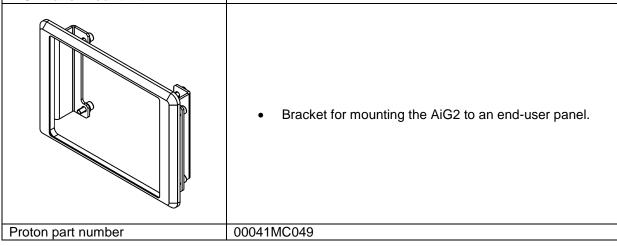
Label	Description		
S	Measured spee	d	
L	Measured lengt	Measured length	
GR	Good Readings	Good Readings percentage	
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio		
	Reset button	Press to reset the length to zero.	
	Pause button	Press to pause the speed measurement.	

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

DISPLAY

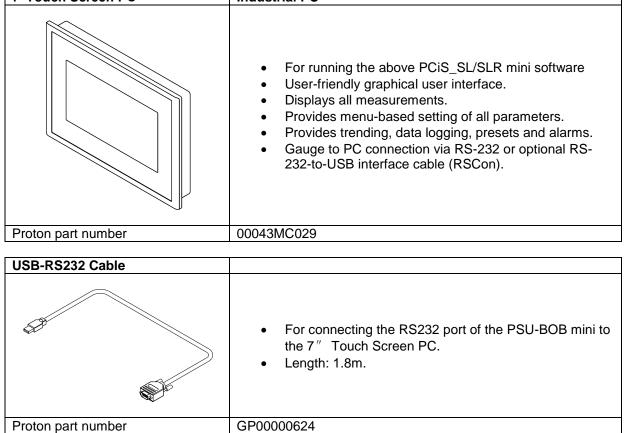
AiG2-SL/SLR	Display module
Service 6899,116, 261,427 and 0 0 0 0 00000000000000000000000000000	 Connects via the CAN-bus port. Displays measured speed and length. Provides menu-based setting of all parameters. Bright VFD dot matrix display.
Proton part number	00041MC045

AiG2 Panel Mount Kit



CAN-bus cable			
	Name	Length / m	Proton part number
	CAN 9DD_001M	1	00041CB001
	CAN 9DD_005M	5	00041CB005
	CAN 9DD_010M	10	00041CB010
	CAN 9DD_020M	20	00041CB020
	CAN 9DD_040M	40	00041CB040
	CAN 9DD_060M	60	00041CB060
	CAN 9DD_100M	100	00041CB100

PCiS_SL/SLR mini	PC Interface Software
PC SOFTWURE FOR SUBLE may GAUGE	 PC-based software package. User-friendly graphical user interface. Displays all measurements. Provides menu-based setting of all parameters. Provides trending, data logging, presets and alarms. Gauge to PC connection via RS-232.
Proton part number	00050SW001



POWER

PSU-BOB mini	Power supply and mini break out box
	 Connects via the DB25 "INTERFACE" connector. Supplies 24VDC electrical power to the gauge. Provides screw terminal access to all electrical interfaces. Provides DB9 connectors for access to the CANbus, RS232 and industrial bus communications interfaces. Provides a RJ45 socket for the Ethernet interface. End user cables are sealed with three cable glands. Input voltage range: 90 – 260 VAC @ 45 – 65 Hz. Select the required length of DB25 cable from below.
Proton part number	00050MC039

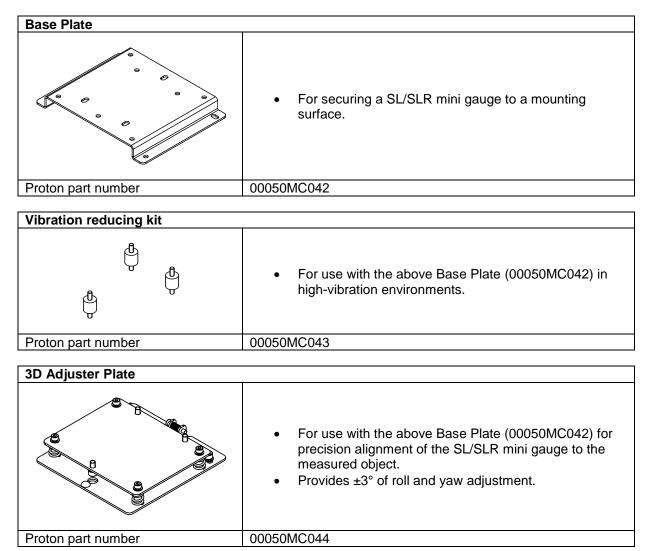
DB25 "INTERFACE" port to PSU-BOB mini cable				
	Name	Length / m	Proton part number	
	BOB 25DD_001M	1	00041CT001	
	BOB 25DD_003M	3	00041CT003	
	BOB 25DD_005M	5	00041CT005	
	BOB 25DD_010M	10	00041CT010	
*	BOB 25DD_020M	20	00041CT020	
	BOB 25DD_030M	30	00041CT030	

Terminal Expander	Gauge-mounted break-out box
	 Connects via the DB25 "INTERFACE" connector. Provides DB9 connector access to the RS-232, CAN- bus, Ethernet or optional industrial bus communications ports. Provides screw terminal access to all electrical input and output pins. End user cables are sealed with cable glands.
Proton part number	00050MC039

COMMUNICATIONS

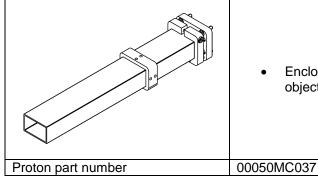
Industrial Bus Module	For connecting the gauge to buses, such as used with Pl	o industrial communications
	May be field retrofitted	J.
	Protocol	Proton part number
	DeviceNET	00043MC006
	PROFIBUS	00043MC022
	PROFINET	00043MC031
	EtherNet/IP	00043MC005

STANDS AND GUARDS



Laser Protection Tube for SL/SLR mini 1220		
	 Enclosure of the laser beam to within 10mm of the object for laser safety and harsh environments. 	
Proton part number	00050MC033	

Laser Protection Tube for SL/SLR mini 3060



•	Enclosure of the laser beam to within 10mm of the object for laser safety and harsh environments.

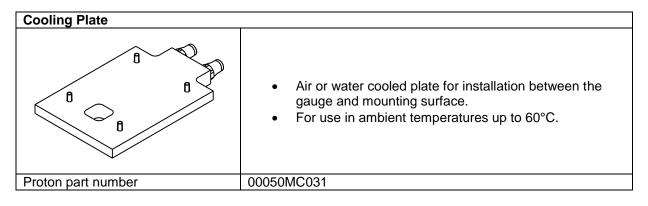
PROTECTION

Air wipe Image: White iteration is a start of the start o

Air quality must meet or exceed ISO 8573.1:2001 Class 1.3.1 (solids.water.oil):

Specification	Maximum	Units	Class
0.1 - 0.5 µm solid particle count	100	/ m ³	
0.5 - 1 µm solid particle count	1	/ m ³	1
1 - 5 µm solid particle count	0	/ m ³	
Water vapour pressure dew point	-20	°C	3
Oil aerosol and vapour	0.01	mg/m^{3}	1

COOLING



INSTALLATION

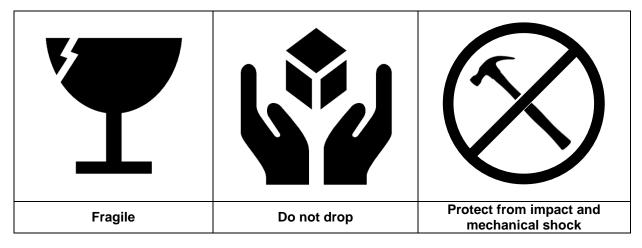
PRECAUTIONS

Operating and storage temperature

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating temperature	+5		+45	°C
Storage temperature	0		+45	°C

- Do not store or operate the gauge in temperatures outside of the specified ranges.
- Do not install the gauge near high temperature surfaces or objects which may cause it to overheat.
- Storage or operation of the gauge outside the specified temperature range may result in degraded measurement accuracy, malfunction or damage to the gauge.
- All gauges are fitted with internal temperature sensors which will permanently log any overtemperature condition that invalidates the warranty.

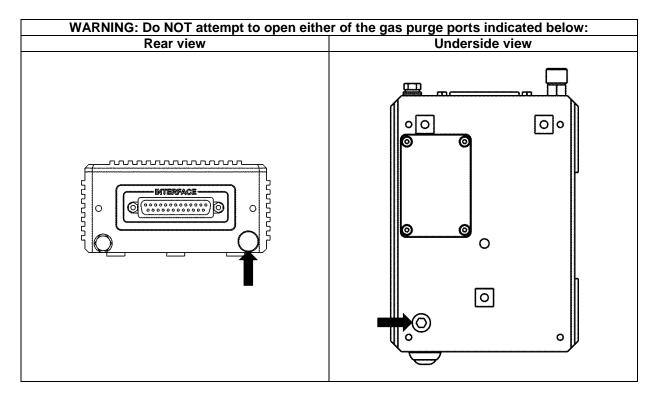
Protect from impact



- The gauge contains delicate optical and electronic assemblies and must never be dropped or struck by other objects.
- Only install the gauge on its mounting/stand when all machining, assembly and transportation of the mounting/stand has been completed.
- Do NOT strike, move or perform machining operations on the mounting/stand with the gauge installed.
- Damage incurred by the gauge as a result of impact, mechanical shock or rough handling is NOT covered by the manufacturer's warranty.

Do not open or disassemble

- The gauge contains no user serviceable components.
- Loosening the gauge screws or removing its cover will invalidate the gauge warranty.
- Damage to or removal of any of the anti-tamper stickers will invalidate the gauge warranty.
- The gauge is factory-purged with dry nitrogen gas to prevent condensation on the internal optics; opening of the gas purge ports (indicated below) will invalidate the gauge warranty.



Periodic maintenance

• The physical condition of the gauge, optional accessories and connecting cables should be checked periodically; if any damage is suspected, then the unit should be taken out of service for inspection and repair or replacement of damaged parts.

Laser radiation hazard

- This product emits class 3B laser radiation; do not view the laser beams emitted by the gauge either directly or by specular reflection.
- For all class 3B laser devices, the safety measures below MUST be provided. Some measures are the responsibility of the device manufacturer (Proton Products), whilst other measures are the responsibility of the end-user.
- For further information on laser safety, please refer to European standard BS EN 60825-1:2007 "Safety of laser products; Part 1: Equipment classification, requirements and user's guide".

Safety Measure	Description	Provided by		
Laser Safety Officer	2 Organisation and is responsible for ensuring that both the equipement			
Laser safety training	The end-user organisation must provide appropriate laser safety training for all operators and maintenance personnel working in close proximity to the gauge.	End-user		
Laser enable key-switch	A key-switch to disable the laser diode should be wired to the LSR_EN input. The laser safety officer should be responsible for the key and must withhold it during system maintenance or it the system fails to comply with laser safety regulations.	End-user		
-	A laser enable key-switch is provided on the optional PSU- BOB-mini.	Proton		
Contain and terminate beam path	Terminate the laser beams at the end of their useful length (behind the measured object) with a beam block. Contain laser beam paths with laser guards which have closure switches wired to the SHUT_EN input so that the laser shutter is closed	End-user		

Safety Measure	Description	Provided by
	if any guard is opened.	
	Do NOT permit the laser beams to be directed into open space.	
Prevent	Never direct the laser beams at specular (mirror-like) reflectors.	
specular (mirror-like) reflections	Remove all reflective objects such as jewellery or wristwatches before working near the laser beams.	End-user
Emission	Illumination of the "LASER" LED on the gauge indicates laser emission.	Proton
indicator	An external laser emission warning light may be triggered by the SHUT_ST output.	End-user
Laser shutter	The switch to the side of the laser window opens or closes the laser shutter which blocks laser emission.	Proton
switch	If the gauge is to be mounted in an inaccessible location, then this switch should be set to the open position and a remote, external laser shutter switch wired to the SHUT_EN input.	End-user
Laser protection eyewear	Laser protection eyewear rated with the Optical Density (OD) rated for Class 3B lasers must be worn whenever there is a risk of eye exposure to the laser, for example during gauge alignment (see the "Laser Safety Parameters" section for information on laser wavelength, power and power densities).	End-user
	Class 3B laser warning signs must displayed in the working area; precautions on the warning signs must be followed. Example class 3B laser warning signage:	
	US standard European standard	
Laser warning signs	Constraint <td>End-user</td>	End-user

Optical windows

- Do not allow smoke, water, steam, dust or other debris to come into contact with any of the optical window.
- Obstruction of the optical window may degrade measurement accuracy or inhibit measurement.
- If the optical window appears to be damaged or misaligned, then the unit should be sent to a Proton Products authorised service agent for repair.
- If the optical window requires cleaning, then refer to the cleaning procedure detailed below to minimise the risk of scratching the windows.

OPTICAL WINDOW CLEANING PROCEDURE

- The optical window is manufactured from anti-reflection coated optical glass; it must be treated with the same level of care as a high-performance camera lens.
- Before inspecting or cleaning the optical window, ensure that the gauge is powered off, the LSR_EN key-switch is locked out and no laser light is emitted.

Required items	Notes
Small blower brush	Such as the type used to remove dust from camera lenses.
Lens cleaning tissues or micro-fibre lens cleaning cloth	Do NOT use facial tissues as these can scratch delicate optics.
Lens cleaning solution	Such as the type specified for cleaning camera lenses.

- 1. Use the small blower brush to remove any visible dust on the optical window.
- 2. Apply a few drops of lens cleaning solution to a fresh lens cleaning tissue or a clean microfibre lens cleaning cloth.
- 3. Gently wipe the optical window from the centre outwards; apply only light pressure to the tissue or cloth when wiping the optical window.
- 4. Repeat as necessary with fresh tissues or a clean section of cloth until the optical window is clean and free of all smears and smudges.

INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

Unpack the gauge and check for missing accessories and shipping damage.

Mechanical installation:

1. Mount the gauge securely either on a user supplied mount or on an optional Proton Products mounting plate.

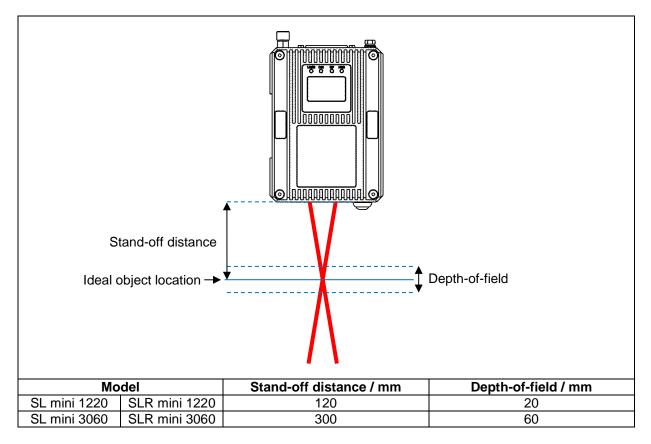
Electrical installation:

- 1. Install earth connections.
- 2. Connect the gauge to an optional Proton Products PSU-BOB mini power supply and breakout box.
- 3. Install laser safety connections (laser enable, shutter enable and shutter status).
- 4. Install communications interface connections (RS-232, Ethernet or optional PROFIBUS, PROFINET, EtherNet/IP or DeviceNET).
- 5. Install electrical interface connections (logic inputs, logic outputs, pulse outputs) using the optional Proton Products PSU-BOB mini breakout box or terminal strip.
- 6. Connect a PC installed with the PCiS_SLmini software to the gauge via the RS-232, Ethernet or optional PROFINET or EtherNet/IP communications interface.
- 7. Configure the gauge using the PCiS_SLmini software.

MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

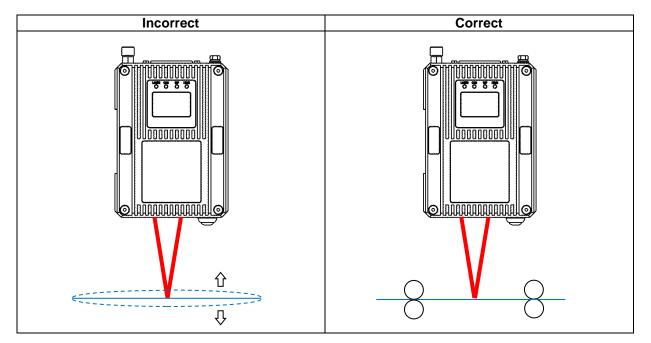
Stand-off distance and depth-of-field

- For best accuracy, locate the measured object at the specified stand-off distance to the gauge.
- Speed and length measurement is possible for objects located away from the specified standoff distance but still within the depth-of-field; however the measurement accuracy may be degraded by the reduced signal strength.



Object stabilisation

For accurate speed and length measurements, the distance between the measured object and the gauge must be kept constant; the measured object must be guided to prevent flutter:

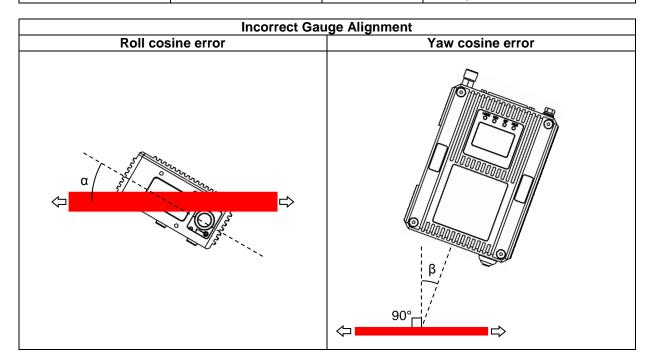


The end-user must provide suitable mechanisms for guiding and stabilising the motion of the measured object.

Optical alignment

Non-perpendicular alignment of the speed and length gauge to the measured object will degrade measurement accuracy; it is recommended the gauge is installed and aligned by technicians with metrology experience who understand the implications of even a small angular misalignment.

	Correct Gauge Alignment							
		Pitch alignment						
Roll alignment	Yaw alignment	Ideal	Acceptable for γ within ±5° ($\gamma \neq 0$ may be used to prevent receiver saturation for highly-reflective objects)					
		90°-	90°					



Compounded roll and yaw cosine error

Measured speed = (True object speed) × cos (α) × cos (β)

Error angle α or β / degrees	cos (α) or cos (β)	Measurement error / %
0	1.000000	0.000
0.25	0.999990	-0.001
0.50	0.999962	-0.004
0.75	0.999914	-0.009
1.0	0.999848	-0.015
2.0	0.999391	-0.061
3.0	0.998630	-0.137
4.0	0.997564	-0.244
5.0	0.996195	-0.381
10	0.984808	-1.519

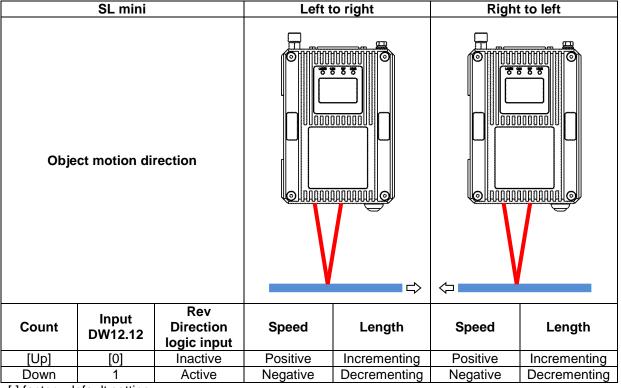
MEASUREMENT DIRECTION

SL MINI UNIDIRECTIONAL SPEED AND LENGTH GAUGE

The unidirectional SL mini speed and length gauge interprets motion in either direction as a positive speed and an increase in length, thus correct length accumulation requires that the object must only move in one direction (reverse motion will incorrectly cause the length to increment, not decrement).

Length measurements during line stoppage may exhibit a positive error due to microscopic vibration of the object; hence it is recommended that the "Length hold" function on the SL mini logic input is activated by the line controller when the line is stationary to temporarily suspend speed measurement and length accumulation.

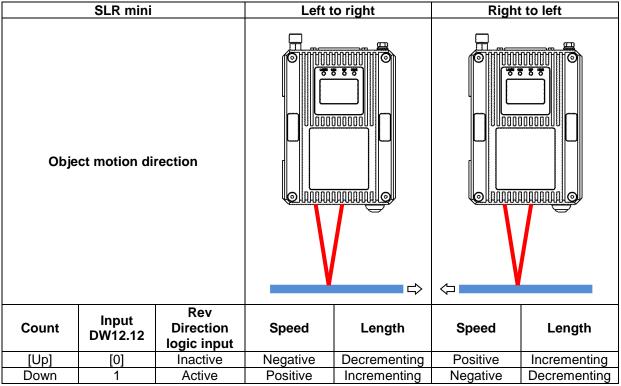
For production lines that require correct length accumulation during direction reversals or line stoppage (without using the "Length hold" function), it is recommended that the SLR mini is used.



[] factory-default setting

SLR MINI BIDIRECTIONAL SPEED AND LENGTH GAUGE

The bidirectional SLR mini speed and length may be used for production lines that exhibit bidirectional motion and line stoppage.



[] factory-default setting

Mechanical mounting

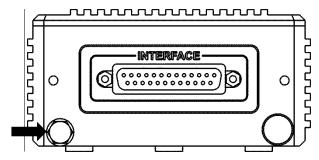
It is preferable for the gauge to be mounted in isolation from the machine or production line using a precision base plate fitted to a mounting arm (if this is not possible then the gauge must be mounted on rubber vibration isolation mounts). The mounting arm should be kept as short as possible to avoid vibration or twisting.

- Please see the dimensional drawings for mounting hole locations.
- Three M5 tapped holes are provided in the base of the gauge; select appropriate length screws which do not bottom out in these holes.

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Mounting surface flatness (machined flat and even)			0.15	mm
M5 mounting hole depth (do not allow bolts to bottom out)			6	mm
M5 mounting bolt torque			6	Nm

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

Earth connection



Connector type: M5 bolt

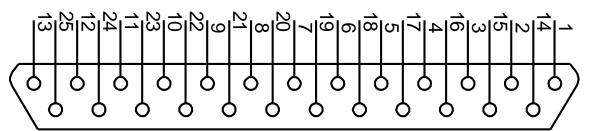
- An earth wire of at least 6mm² must be attached via a crimp on ring terminal to the dedicated M5 earth bolt on the case of the gauge.
- Do not rely on the mounting bolts to provide a reliable earth path.
- If a height stand is used then it must also be earthed via its own dedicated earth wire.
- All earth wires should be kept as short as possible.

Shielded Cables

- Use shielded cable for all signal connections.
- Ensure that all cable shields are correctly clamped and electrically connected to their connectors and metal connector shells at both ends.
- Ensure that the shields of cables connecting to the end user's equipment are clamped to earth at their destination.

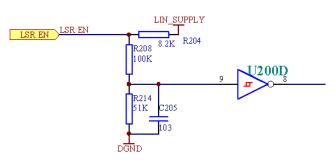
LASER ENABLE

- The laser enable input is provided for compliance with laser safety regulations.
- The laser diode in the gauge may be energised only if the "LSR_EN" pin (pin 14) is connected (via an external user-supplied switch contact) to any one of the "DGND" pins (pins 2, 15, 24).
- The gauge requires a few minutes for the laser temperature to stabilise and for valid measurement after "LSR_EN" is connected to "DGND". For this reason, it is recommended that the laser enable input is connected to a safety interlock that is active infrequently, such as a maintenance lock-out key switch.
- Safety interlocks that are frequently activated and require the gauge to immediately resume measurement upon deactivation (such as a machine guard door) should be connected to the shutter enable input ("SHUT_EN") described in the next section.



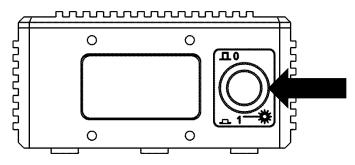
Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes	
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and p	olug shields
Power	25	+24V SUPPLY	+24V power supply		
supply and ground	2 15 24	DGND	Power supply and signal ground (0V)		
Laser	14	LSR EN	Laser enable	Connection Open	Laser diode state Off (no emission)
enable	-			Connected to DGND	On (emission)



SHUTTER CONTROL SWITCH, SHUTTER ENABLE INPUT AND SHUTTER STATE OUTPUT

The shutter control switch (located on the front of the gauge), the shutter enable input (SHUT_EN) and shutter status output (SHUT_ST) are provided for compliance with laser safety regulations.

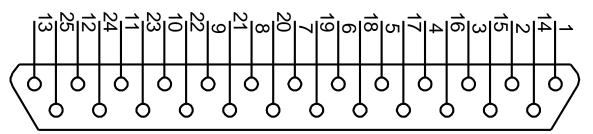


• The SHUT_EN input and the shutter control switch operate in conjunction as follows:

SHUT_EN input	Shutter control switch position	Shutter state	Laser output
Open	0	Closed	Blocked
Open	I	Closed	Blocked
Shorted to DGND	0	Closed	Blocked
Shorted to DGND	I	Open	Emitting

- The shutter control switch and SHUT_EN input blocks laser beam emission without switching off the laser diode, thus no warm up time is required when the shutter is opened and the gauge may be used immediately for measurements.
- The SHUT_EN input is intended for connection to a safety interlock switch that may be frequently opened, such as on a machine guard or laser safety shield.
- The SHUT_ST output is electrically independent of the SHUT_EN input; the SHUT_ST signal is taken directly from an optical sensor in the path of the shutter, thus it indicates the shutter state even in the event of shutter actuator failure.

SHUT_EN input electrical specifications

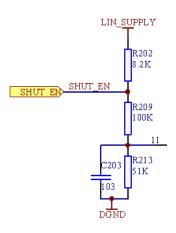


Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

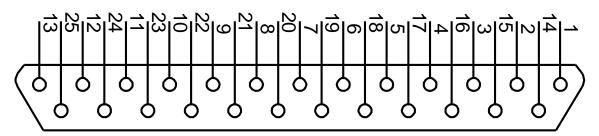
Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes		
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and connector shields		
	2		Power supply			
	15	DGND	and signal			
	24		ground (0V)			
				Connection	Shutter	Laser
Shutter	13	13 SHUT_EN	Shutter	Low state (logic 0) / connected to DGND	Open	Emitting
control			control input	High state (logic 1) / unconnected	Closed	Blocked

- The SHUT_EN input is NOT isolated from earth.
- The input is internally pulled up to +15V via an $8.2k\Omega$ resistor and will default to the high state if left unconnected.
- The input will source a minimum current of 3mA when externally pulled down to the low state.

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Low state (logic 0) input voltage			3	V
High state (logic 1) input voltage	10.5			V
Absolute input voltage	-30		30	V
Low state source current	3			mA



SHUT_ST output electrical specifications

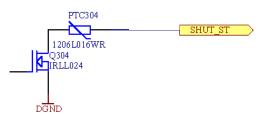


Connector type: D)B25 female ((socket))
-------------------	---------------	----------	---

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes		
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and connector shields		hields
Power supply and	25	+24V SUPPLY	+24V power supply			
	2		Power supply			
ground	15 24	DGND	and signal ground (0V)			
				Signal	Shutter	Laser
Shutter control	12 SHUT ST	Shutter status output	Pulled down to DGND	Open	Emitting	
				Floating	Closed	Blocked

- The SHUT_ST output is NOT isolated from earth.
- The SHUT_ST output must NOT be used to directly drive high-current or inductive loads.
- It is recommended that the SHUT_ST output is used to drive an opto-isolated solid-state relay.

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Logic output to DGND voltage			+25	VDC
Current			0.1	А

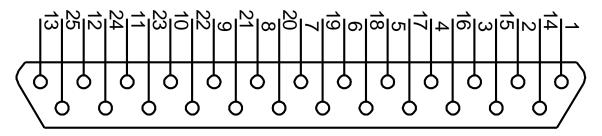


Page 35 of 126

POWER SUPPLY

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Power supply voltage*	15	24	28	VDC
Power consumption			15	W

*If a long power supply cable with a significant voltage drop is used, then ensure that the voltage at the gauge connector does not fall below the minimum value.



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	s	Shield	Shield	
	25	+24V SUPPLY	+24V power supply	
Power	2		Dower europly and	
supply	15	DGND	Power supply and signal ground (0)()	
	24		signal ground (0V)	

Powering on the gauge

The gauge has no power switch; as soon as power is applied it will power up and perform some selftests. Measurement will begin after a warm-up period of a few minutes required for the temperature of internal components to stabilise.

Powering off the gauge

The gauge has no power switch; it may be powered off by switching off or disconnecting the power supply to the unit.

CONFIGURATION

The SL mini and SLR mini series of speed and length gauges may be configured using a PC running the PCiS_SLmini software.

PCIS_SLMINI SOFTWARE PC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Minimum processor	Pentium 300 MHz CPU compatible or higher	
Minimum RAM	512 MB	
Minimum free hard disk space	100 MB	
Display resolution	1024 x 768	
Operating system	Microsoft Windows XP / Windows 7 / Windows 8	
	100Base-TX Ethernet port or adapter card	
Other requirements	RS-232 port or USB port and USB to RS-232 adaptor cable	
	Keyboard and mouse (for configuration and software installation)	

PCIS_SLMINI SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

 Double-click the "PCIS_SLmini_Vx.yy.msi" icon on the supplied USB flash memory drive ("x.yy" will depend on the software version). 	2 Click "Next >" to proceed with the installation.
Image: Source in the second black (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Organize Image: Share with Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (b) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c) Image: Source intervable Disk (c)	PCIS_SLmini Welcome to the PCIS_SLmini Setup Wizard The installer will guide you through the steps required to install PCIS_SLmini on your computer.
Autodes: 360 Network	WARNING: This computer program is protected by copyright law and international treaties. Unauthorized duplication or distribution of this program, or any portion of it, may result in severe civil or criminal penalties, and will be prosecuted to the maximum extent possible under the law.

 If required, click "Browse" to select an alternative installation folder. If required, click "Just me" to limit access to this program to the current user. Click "Next >" to proceed with the installation. 	4 Click "Next >" to proceed with the installation.
PCIS_SLmini Select Installation Folder Select Installer will install PCIS_SLmini to the following folder. To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse". Eolder: [C.VProgram Files (x86)/PROTON PRODUCTS\PCIS_SLmini\ Browse Disk Cost Install PCIS_SLmini for yourself, or for anyone who uses this computer: © Everyone	PCIS_SLmini Confirm Installation The installer is ready to install PCIS_SLmini on your computer. Click "Next" to start the installation.
5 Wait for the installation to complete.	6 Click "Close" to finish installation.
	Installation Complete
PCIS_SLmini is being installed. Please wait	PCIS_SLmini has been successfully installed. Click "Close" to exit.
Cancel < Back Next >	Please use Windows Update to check for any critical updates to the .NET Framework. Cancel Close Close

CONNECTION AND SOFTWARE START UP

A PC running the PCiS_SLmini software may be connected to the gauge using any one of the following communications interfaces:

- RS-232 (fitted as standard on all gauges).
- Ethernet (only available if NO other optional communications interface has been installed).
- EtherNet/IP (only available if the gauge has been installed with the optional EtherNet/IP communications interface)
- PROFINET (only available if the gauge has been installed with the optional PROFINET communications interface)

Note: For gauges communicating over either optional EtherNet/IP or PROFINET communications interfaces, only input and output parameters DW0 to DW31 are visible to the PCiS software.

The above communications interfaces may be directly accessed via the DB25 "INTERFACE" connector on the rear of the gauge or via a PSU-BOB mini connected to the "INTERFACE" port; for wiring information, please refer to the following sections in this manual:

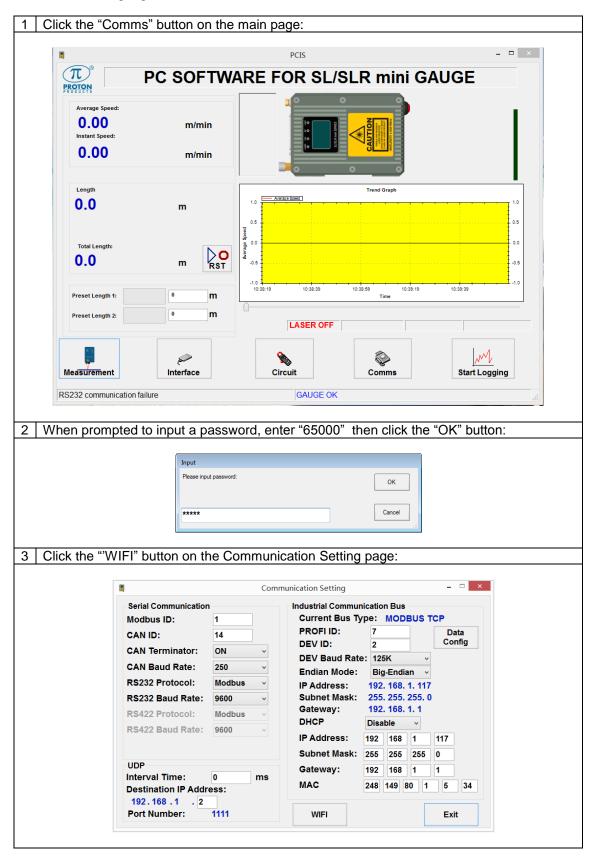
- RS-232 Communications
- Ethernet Communications
- EtherNet/IP or PROFINET Communications

1 Run the PCIS_SLmini software by clicking on:
🛃 start
► m PROTON PRODUCTS
→ Image: PCIS_SLmini
► PCIS_SLmini
Select the interface type (choose from "RS232", "Ethernet" or "EIP/PROFINET") from the drop-
2 down menu:
Communication Selection Ver.2.0.0
Communication: RS232 - 4800 -
R\$232 Ethernet
EIP/PROFINET
Exit
If using the "RS232" interface, select the COM port on the PC to which the gauge is connected and the baud rate (choose from "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400" or "115200"; the factory default
is "9600") from the drop-down menus:
Communication Selection Ver:2.0.0
Communication: R\$232 - 4800 -
4800
9600 19200
Exit OK 38400 115200
3b If using the "Ethernet" interface, enter the IP address of the gauge:
Communication Selection Ver:2.0.0
Communication: Ethernet - 192.168.1.100 Big-Endian
Exit OK
"EIP/PROFINET"

3c If using the "EIP/PROFINET" interface, enter the IP address of the gauge and select "Big- Endian" or "Little-Endian" data format (the factory-default is "Big-Endian"):	
Communication Selection Ver:2.0.0	
Communication: EIP/PROFINE 192.168.1.100 Big-Endian	
Exit OK	
4 Click the "OK" button to proceed.	
PC SOFTWARE FOR SL/SLR mini GAUGE	
Length: 0.0 m Total Length: 0.0 m m Total Length: 0.0 m m total Length: 0.0 m total Length: 0.0 m	
Preset Length 1: 0 m Preset Length 2: 0 m LASER OFF	
Measurement Interface Circuit Communication Start Logging	
Failed to establish RS232 communication GAUGE OK	

WIFI CONFIGURATION

The WIFI function can be configured via the PCiS_SLmini software after a PC connection is established with the gauge.



4 Configure the WIFI interface as required then click the "Apply" button when complete.				
guid				
(1)			WIFI Configuration + – 🗆 🗙	
	Switch: Mode: Region: Channel: Encryption: SSID: Password: DHCP IP Address: Subnet Mask: Gateway: MAC address:	Enable Client FCC 11 WPA/WPA2 ProtonProc Enable 192.168.1.1 255.255.255 192.168.1.1 F8-95-50-01	Apply Default	
Label) /-l-		Description	
Label Switch	Valu Enat		Description Switch on the WIFI function.	
Switch	Disa		Switch off the WIFI function.	
Mode	Client r		The gauge acts as a client device in client mode.	
mode	AP m		The gauge acts as an access point in AP mode.	
	OTH			
Region	ETS			
J J	FC	С	Select the region where the gauge is located.	
	JAPA	۹N		
Channel	1~1	1	Select the radio channel for the gauge.	
	OPE	N		
Encryption			Select the network encryption method.	
	WPA/W	VPA2		
SSID	*****		Enter the SSID of the network.	
Password	*****		Enter the password of the network.	
	Enat		Select this option to enable the gauge to automatically acquire its IP address, subnet mask and gateway from a	
DHCP	Ena	JIE	DHCP server on the network.	
			Select this option to manually configure the gauge IP	
	Disal	ble	Address, subnet mask and gateway in the fields below.	
IP Address	[192.168.1.1]		Enter the IP address assigned to the gauge.	
Subnet Mask			Enter the subnet mask for the network.	
Gateway	[192.168.1.1]		Enter the gateway IP address for the network.	
MAC	xx-xx-xx-x	(X-XX-YY	Enter the physical MAC address of the WIFI chip.	
Address				

* [] indicates factory-default values.

Note: To restore the gauge to factory-default network settings, click the "Default" button. See the table above for the factory-default values.

The WIFI function can also be enabled or disabled manually using the physical hardware buttons on the gauge. To do this, first enter the WIFI interface configuration screen by long pressing **[1]** (the pause button) while the gauge is powering on. Then press **[5]** (the reset button) to enable or disable the WIFI function. Press the pause button to exit the WIFI interface configuration screen.



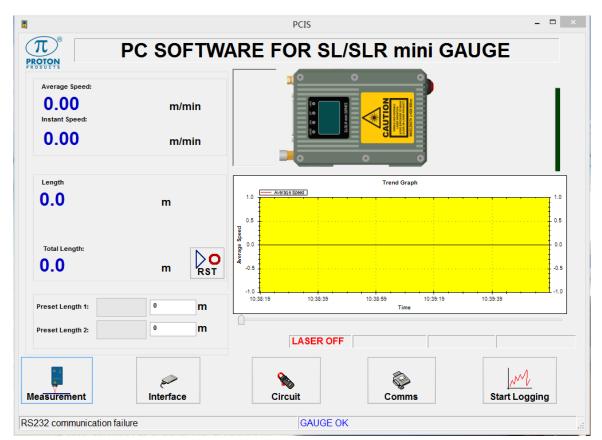
Reset button

Pause button

In the event of communication issues, it may be necessary to enable the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) compliance on the PC connected with the gauge. To enable the FIPS compliance, please use the following procedure:

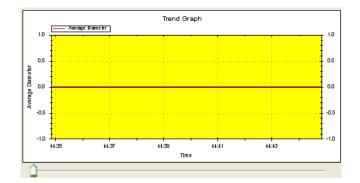
1 Open the State	s window for the PC's WIFI adapter and click the "Properties" button.
	طتاً Killer N 1202 Status
	General
	Connection
	IPv4 Connectivity: No Internet access
	IPv6 Connectivity: No network access
	Media State: Enabled
	SSID: SL_50A1231
	Duration: 2 days 21:24:32
	Speed: 54.0 Mbps
	Signal Quality:
	Details Wireless Properties
	Activity
	Sent — Received
	Bytes: 7,888 994
	Properties Disable Diagnose
	Close

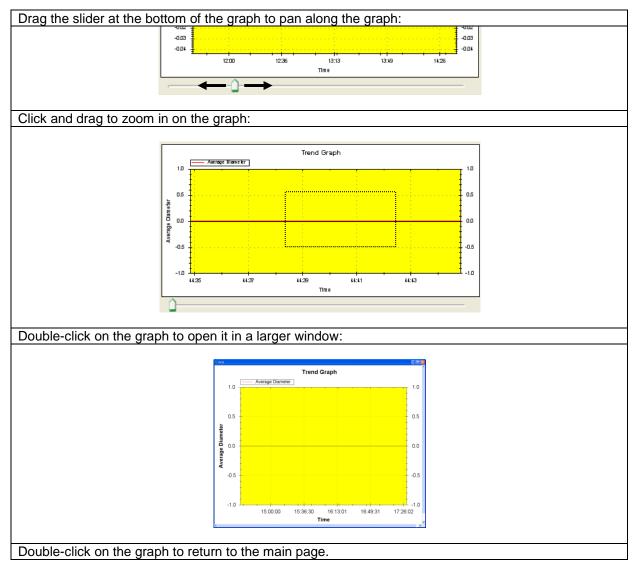
2 Click the Advanced settings button on the Security tab.	
SL_50A1231 Wireless Network Properties	
Connection Security	
Security type: WPA2-Personal	
Encryption type: AES	
Network security key	
Show characters	
Advanced settings	
OK Cancel	
3 Check the tick box next to "Enable Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS	3)
compliance for this network" then click the "OK" button.	
Advanced settings	
802.11 settings	
✓ Enable Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)	
compliance for this network	
OK Cancel	



Label	Description		
Average Speed	Displays the time-averaged measured object speed.		
Instant Speed	Displays the instantaneous measured object speed.		
Longth	Normal mode	Displays the measured length.	
Length	Batch mode	Displays the measured length of the current segment.	
Total Longth	Normal mode	Displays the measured length (identical to "Length" above).	
Total Length	Batch mode	Displays the total measured length of all segments.	
Reset	Click this button to reset the measured "Length" and "Total Length" to zero.		
Preset Length 1	Click to enter "P activated.	reset Length 1" at which the corresponding logic output is	
	The bar graph indicates the measured length relative to this preset.		
Preset Length 2		reset Length 2" at which the corresponding logic output is	
	The bar graph indicates the measured length relative to this preset.		

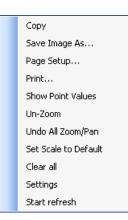
TREND GRAPH





Context menu

Right-click on the graph to open the context menu:



Field	Description		
Сору	Copy the image of the graph to the clipboard (for subsequent pasting into		
Обру	other documents).		
	Save an image of the graph to a file:		
	Save As		
	Save As ? X Save jr. 🔁 log 🔍 🔾 🎓 🖽 -		
	My Reent Documents		
	Desktop		
Save Image As			
	My Documents		
	sta -		
	My Computer		
	File name: Save		
	My Network Save as type: Emf Format (".emf) Cancel		
	Open the "Page Setup" dialog box for printing the graph:		
	Page Setup		
	Technologie de l'Anne de la construcción de la cons		
	A manufacture of the second se		
	 In the second state 		
_			
Page Setup…	Paper Sige: A4		
	Source: Automatically Select		
	Citentation Margins (millimeters)		
	Orbitality		
	OLandscape Iop: 10 Bottom: 10		

Field		Description		
Print			ialog box for printing the graph: Print Print Print Print Ready Status: Ready Type: hp Lasedet 1320 V Properties Status: Ready Type: hp Lasedet 1320 PS Where: HPLasedet Comment: Print range Optime: 10 DK Cancel	
Show Point Values			<i>the value of the point on the graph under the cursor.</i> ot show the value of the point on the graph under the cursor.	
	Zoom/Pan	Return to the un-zoomed view of the graph. Return to the un-zoomed, un-panned view of the graph.		
	to Default			
Clear all	to Delault	Return to default scale settings.		
		Clear the current graph and begin plotting from the left side of the time axis.		
Settings		Open the graph settings dialog box (see below).		
Stop	refresh	fresh Halt graph update.		
Start		Resume graph up	date.	

Settings

Trend Setting				
Left-side Y-axis		Right-side Y-axis		
Data 1:	None	✓ Data 3:	None	~
Data 2:	None	✓ Data 4:	None	~
⊙ Auto Scale	Maximum: 0	⊙ Auto Scale	Maximum: 0	
O Setting	Minimum: 0	○ Setting	Minimum: 0	
Graph		Time		
Background Col		Time Length:	10 s	
Background Col	our 2:		1000 ms	
Label:	Trend Graph	Update Interval:	1000 ms	
		Trace Bar Functio	on: ⊚ Time Pan ⊖ Time Le	ength
		ок		

Click the "OK" button to return to the main page.

Left-side Y-axis

Left-side Y-axis		
Data 1:	None	~
Data 2:	None	*
⊙ Auto Scale	Maximum:	0
○ Setting	Minimum:	0

Field	Description	
Data 1	Click on the drop down box to select the data plotted on this axis.	
Dala I	Click on the coloured box to select the line colour.	
Data 2	Click on the drop down box to select the data plotted on this axis.	
Dala Z	Click on the coloured box to select the line colour.	
Auto Scale	Click to allow the software to automatically set the minimum and maximum values for	
Auto Scale	this axis.	
Setting	Click to manually set "Maximum" and "Minimum" values for this axis.	
Maximum	Click to enter the maximum value for this axis.	
Minimum	nimum Click to enter the minimum value for this axis.	

Clicking on "Data" or colour boxes will open the colour selection dialog:



Right-side Y-axis

Right-side Y-axis		
Data 3:	None	*
Data 4:	None	~
⊙ Auto Scale	Maximum:	0
O Setting	Minimum:	0

Field	Description		
Data 3	Click on the drop down box to select the data plotted on this axis.		
Dala S	Click on the coloured box to select the line colour.		
Data 4	Click on the drop down box to select the data plotted on this axis.		
Dala 4	Click on the coloured box to select the line colour.		
Auto Scale	Click to allow the software to automatically set the minimum and maximum values for		
Auto Scale	this axis.		
Setting	Click to manually set "Maximum" and "Minimum" values for this axis.		
Maximum	Click to enter the maximum value for this axis.		
Minimum Click to enter the minimum value for this axis.			

Clicking on "Data" or colour boxes will open the colour selection dialog:



Graph

Graph				
Background Colour 1:				
Background Colour 2:				
Label:	Trend Graph			

Field	Description
Background	Click on the coloured box to select the top left corner background colour for the graph;
Colour 1	this colour will be graded across the graph to "Background Colour 2".
Background	Click on the coloured box to select the bottom right corner background colour for the
Colour 2	graph; this colour will be graded across the graph to "Background Colour 1".
Label	Click to enter a title for the graph.

Clicking on "Background Colour" colour boxes will open the colour selection dialog:

Col	or 🛛 🛛 🔀
<u>B</u> as	ic colors:
F	
<u>C</u> us	tom colors:
_	
	Define Custom Colors >>
	OK Cancel
-	

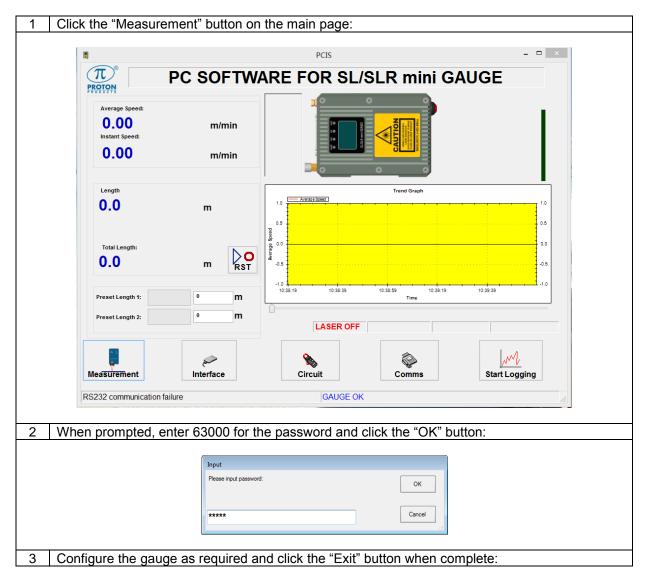
Time

Time		
Time Length:	10	s
Update Interval:	1000	ms
Trace Bar Function:	Time Pan	Time Length

Field	Description
Update	Set the time interval at which data is updated on the graph; a shorter time interval will result
interval	in a more detailed graph, whilst a longer time interval is clearer at showing long-term trends.

MEASUREMENT CONFIGURATION

Configuration via the PCiS_SLmini software:



(2)		Measurement	- 🗆 🗙	
Mea Leng Pres Spec Leng Obje SLR Auto Obje Three Test Spec	ed Mode:	0.000 Speed Compensation: 0.0000 Minimum Speed Limit: OFF Acceleration Limit: DC Level Reel Number: OFF 0 % Panel Key Button Switch: Normal Yeset Speed:	OFF ms ms ms m m/min m/min/s Reset Enabled m/min m/min 	
Para	dom meters Load	Current Speed:	0 m/min Factory Default	Input
Label	Value*	Description		DW
Operation Mode	[Normal] Batch	See the section below to determin operation mode.	e the appropriate	0.0
Measurement Unit	[Meter] Feet Yards	Select for length measurement in measurement in meters per minute Select for length measurement in measurement in feet per minute. Select for length measurement in	e feet and speed yards and speed	0.3-4
	Inch	measurement in yards or feet per Select for length measurement in		
Inch measurement in feet per minute. Length Speed Resolution 0.1 & 0.01 Select to set the length resolution to 0.1 units and speed resolution to 0.01 units/minute, where the units are metres, feet or yards depending on the "Measurement Unit" setting. [0.0001 & 0.001] Select to set the length resolution to 0.0001 units and speed resolution to 0.001 units/minute, where the units are metres, feet or yards depending on the "Measurement Unit" setting.		0.8		
	0	measurement Onit Setting.		
Speed Decimal Point	0.0 0.00 0.000	Set the number of digits after the or displayed for the measured speed		-
Length Decimal Point	0 0.0 0.00 0.000 0.0000	Set the number of digits after the o displayed for the measured length		-
Object Detection	[OFF] ON	See the section below for informat Detection" mode.	ion on "Object	0.11

The "Test" function simulates the measurement of a user set speed by the gauge even when there is no object being measured; pulse outputs will generate pulses corresponding to the "Preset Speed".			
Reset		The "Reel Number" may also be reset by activation for longer than 5 seconds of a logic input configured for the "Reset" function.	
	Disabled	Pause) located on the LCD display of the gauge will be inactive to avoid wrong operations. Click to reset the "Reel Number" to zero.	
Panel Key Button Switch	[Enabled]	When "Enable" is selected, the two buttons (Reset and Pause) located on the LCD display of the gauge will be active. When "Disable" is selected, the two buttons (Reset and	
Reel Number		Displays the current reel number. The "Reel Number" may be incremented by activation of a logic input configured for the "End of Reel" function.	-
Acceleration Limit	1 ~ [9999] m{ft}{yds}/min/s	Not currently in use.	39
Minimum Speed Limit	[0] ~ 6553.5 m{ft}{yds}/min	Set the minimum speed at which the gauge is required to measure speed; for speeds below this value, the gauge will register a speed of zero. This value may be set to avoid drift in the measured length when the object is stationary due to measurement noise.	11
Speed Compensation	[1.0000]	Set a value other than the default value of 1.0000 to apply a compensation factor to the measured speed.	38
Length Offset	-3000.0 ~ 3000.0 m{ft}{yds}{inch}	For an object threaded through the production line, the unmeasured length located beyond the gauge may be entered here (as a positive value) to add to the measured length to yield the correct total length.	14
Hold Time	1 ~ [100] ~ 5000ms	The "Hold Time" should be set to a sufficiently long period to cover any momentary speed signal dropouts due to surface irregularities on the measured object. Set the length offset value.	3
		measurement (and pulse output rate) which is less sensitive to small and sudden speed changes. Set the time to hold the last speed measurement after speed signal loss.	
Speed Averaging Time	5 ~ [200] ~ 5000ms	Set the time period (in milliseconds) over which the measured speed is averaged. A longer averaging period results in a more stable speed	2
Length Auto Save	ON	The length measurement just prior to a power interruption is stored in non-volatile memory and will resume from this stored value on subsequent power-up.	0.10
	[OFF]	The length measurement will be reset to zero when the gauge is powered-up.	
Object Detection Threshold	0 ~ [15] ~100%	Set a DC level percentage threshold above which an object is considered as present.	-
When Object Detected	ON	Reset the length measurement on detection of the next discrete object.	0.12
Auto Reset	[OFF]	Accumulate the length measurement across all discrete objects.	

Speed Mede	Normal	Select for normal operation.	44	
Speed Mode	Simulation	Select for simulated measurement.	44	
Random	Unticked	The gauge will behave as if it is measuring the "Preset Speed".	_	
Kandom	Ticked	The gauge will behave as if it is measuring a randomly changing speed.	-	
Preset Speed	Preset Speed 0 ~[100] ~6553.5 Set the required simulation speed measurement. m{ft}{yds}/min		45	
Current Speed		This indicates the current simulated speed.		
Parameters	The "Parameter settings to and	s" section is for bulk saving and loading of parameters from a file.		
Load		Load parameters from a file.	-	
Save		Save current parameters to a file.	-	
Factory Default		Restore parameters to their factory default values.		
Exit		Click to return to the main page.	-	

* factory-default values are shown in enclosed in [].

{} indicates alternative units depending on the "Measurement Unit" setting.

Normal Operation Mode

In "Normal" operation mode, the user may set two length presets ("Preset Length 1" and "Preset Length 2").

Whenever the measured length *exceeds* any length preset, the corresponding logic output assigned to that length preset will be activated (pulled-low).

The logic output will be deactivated (floating) when:

- The measured length is reset to zero by:
 - Activating a logic input configured for the "Reset" function.
 - Clicking the PCiS_SLmini software "Reset" button.
 - Writing logic 1 to input parameter DW0.1.
- The measured length falls below the length preset (applicable only to the SLR mini when the measured length is decrementing due to line direction reversal).

Batch Operation Mode

"Batch" operation mode is used when a continuous object is being measured for marking (e.g. by an inkjet printer) or cutting (e.g. by a guillotine) at regular intervals.

In "Batch" mode, the user may set a "Batch Length" and a "Batch Number".

As each "Batch length" segment of the object is measured, the corresponding logic output assigned to the "Batch Length" function will be *momentarily* activated (pulled-low; the activation time may be configured by the user).

When the total number of segments measured *equals or exceeds* the "Batch Number", then the corresponding logic output assigned to the "Batch Number" function, will be activated (pulled-low).

The real-time measured segment and total lengths may be viewed using the PCiS_SLmini software or read out of the gauge from output parameters DW6-7 and DW12-13 respectively. The current segment number may be read from output parameter DW10.

DW	Bit	Comments	Units	Range/Remark		
6		Longth	Old format: 1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	±200.000.0000		
7		Length	New format: 1=0.0001m{ft}{yds}{inch}	±200,000.0000		
10		Batch number	1=1			
12		Total length	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	±200.000.0000		
13		rotariengtri		±200,000.0000		

The "Batch Number" logic output will be deactivated (floating) when the measured length is reset to zero by:

- Activating a logic input configured for the "Reset" function.
- Clicking the PCiS_SLmini software "Reset" button.
- Writing logic 1 to input parameter DW0.1.

Object Detection Mode

The "Object Detection" mode is used when measuring the speed and length of *discrete* objects (e.g. multiple separate parts on a conveyor belt). The "Object Detection" mode forces the speed reading to zero when no object is present.

An object is determined as present if the detected DC level (in percent) exceeds the "Object Detection Threshold"; the factory default value for this threshold is 15% and it may be adjusted on the "Measurement" page of the PCiS_SLmini software in the event of incorrect object detection behaviour.

Sta	atus	Speed measurement
No object detected		0 (zero)
Object detected Maximum leading edge reaction time: 1ms delay after the object blocks the laser beams)		Line speed
Object detected		Line speed

No object detected Maximum trailing edge reaction time: 1ms delay after the object unblocks the laser beams		0 (zero)
--	--	----------

The "Object Detection" mode may be configured to automatically reset the measured length when a new object is detected:

Auto Reset When Object Detected*	Length measurement behaviour
[OFF]	The gauge measures the total length accumulated across multiple discrete objects.
ON	The gauge measures the length of each individual discrete object; detection of the next object resets the length measurement to zero so that only the length of the next object is measured.

* [] indicates the factory-default setting.

"Hold Time" behaviour in "Object Detection" mode

In "Object Detection" mode, the "Hold Time" only applies when an object is detected.

If an object is detected, but the speed signal is momentarily lost (possibly due to a surface defect on the object), then the gauge will hold the last speed measurement for the "Hold Time" period and accumulate length accordingly during this period.

The "Hold Time" should be set to a sufficiently long period to cover any momentary speed signal dropouts due to surface irregularities on the measured object.

When an object is not detected, the gauge will NOT hold the last speed measurement (or accumulate length).

STANDARD COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES

CAN-BUS COMMUNICATIONS

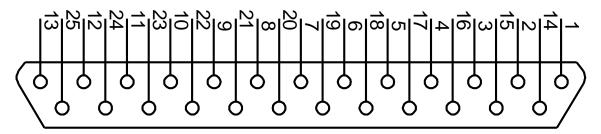
This CAN-bus interface is fitted as standard. It operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be accessed at the same time as them.

The CAN-bus interface uses a proprietary Proton Products protocol. It is exclusively used to communicate between the unit and other Proton Products modules. The unit automatically detects connection to other modules and configures the bus appropriately; it is not normally necessary to manually configure this interface.

The CAN-bus interface is not intended for use with an external CAN-bus network.

CAN-bus interface

The CAN-bus interface may be accessed through the following pins:



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

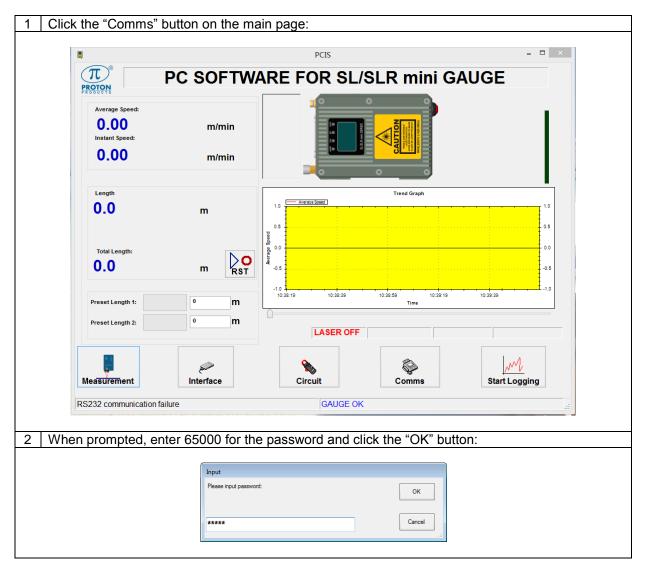
Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to the plug shield connection.
	25	+24V SUPPLY	+24V power supply	
Power supply	2 15 24	DGND	Power supply and signal ground (0V)	
CANIbus	8	CAN H	CANbus high	
CANbus	9	CAN L	CANbus low	

CAN-bus LED indicator

CAN		LED status	Indication
CAN		Flashing green	Online
CAN-bus communications		Flashing red	Communication error
		Extinguished	No communication

CAN-bus configuration

Configuration via the PCiS_SLmini software:



3 Configur	e the CAN	bus interface as required and click the "Exit" button when complete:
3 Configur	Seria Modi CAN CAN CAN RS23 RS23	unication Setting Industrial Communication Bus Id Communication Industrial Communication Bus bus ID: 0 ID: 0 PROFI ID: 0 DEV ID: 0 DEV Baud Rate: 125/K 32 Protocol: PROTON 32 Baud Rate: 4800
	UDP Inter Dest	DHCP Disable 22 Baud Rate: 4800 IP Address: 0 Subnet Mask: 0
		Number: 1111 Exit
Label	Value	Description
CAN ID	0 ~ 255	Enter the CANbus address for the gauge.
CAN	OFF	If the gauge is not located at the end of the CANbus, then select "OFF" to disable the internal termination resistor.
Terminator	ON	If the gauge is located at the end of the CANbus and no external termination resistor has been installed, then select "ON" to enable the internal termination resistor.
CAN Baud Rate	250 500 1000	Select the required CANbus baud rate (in kbps).
	1000	

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

Input parameters

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
21		CAN address	1=1	0~255	14
22		CAN baud rate		0=250 1=500 2=1000 other=500	2
36		CAN terminator	1=1	0=Off 1=On	0

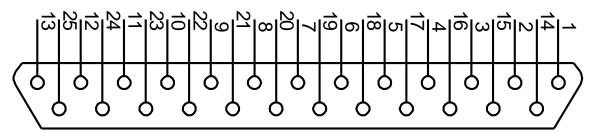
RS-232 COMMUNICATIONS

This RS-232 interface is fitted as standard. It operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be accessed at the same time as them.

If the RS-232 interface "Mode" is set to "ZM400 Printer", then a Zebra ZM400 printer may be connected to the port to print reel report tickets when triggered by the "End of Reel" logic input.

RS-232 interface

The RS-232 interface may be accessed through the following pins:



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes	PC DB9 serial port pin
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and connector shields	Shield
Power supply and ground	2 15 24	DGND	Power supply and signal ground (0V)		5
RS-232	16	RXD	RS-232 receive		3
N3-232	17	TXD	RS-232 transmit		2

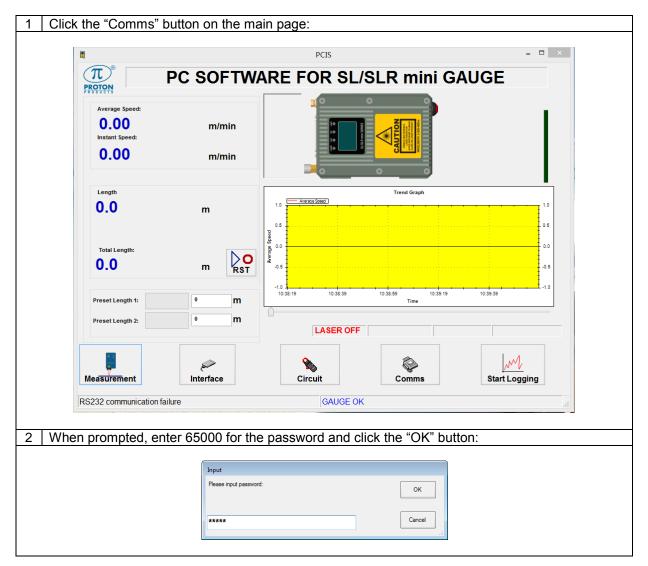
The above table also shows the configuration of a cable for connection to a personal computer (PC) type DB9 serial port.

The maximum baud rate depends on the cable capacitance and length. For low-cost overall shielded cable with total capacitance of shield to core-plus-core to core of 300pF per metre, the maximum recommended baud rates are as follows:

Cable lengt	h range / m	Maximum Baud rate / s
0	3	115200
3	10	38400
10	20	19200
20	40	9600
40	80	4800

RS-232 Communications configuration

Configuration via the PCiS_SLmini software:



3 Configure the	RS-232 interface	e as require	ed and click the	"Exit	ť" b	uttor	n wh	en o	con	nple	te:		
										-			
	🚦 Communication Setting						_		×				
	Serial Communication	1	Industrial Commun	ication	n Bus								
	Modbus ID:	0 Current Bus Type: MODBU			BUS	TCP							
	CAN ID:	0	PROFI ID:	0				ata					
	CAN Terminator:	OFF •	DEV ID: DEV Baud Rate	0	V			mig					
	CAN Baud Rate:	250 -	Endian Mode:		r. -Endi	ian •							
	RS232 Protocol:	PROTON -	IP Address:	0. 0.									
	RS232 Baud Rate:	4800 -	Subnet Mask:										
	RS422 Protocol:	PROTON -	Gateway:	0. 0.									
	RS422 Baud Rate:	4800 ~	DHCP	Disab		•							
			IP Address:		0	0	0						
	UDP		Subnet Mask:		0	0	0						
	Interval Time:	0 ms			0	0	0						
	Destination IP Addr	ess:	MAC	0 0	D	0 0) 0	0					
	0.0.0.0		ſ			7							
	Port Number:	1111		Exi	it								
Label	Value	Descript	tion										
			is to use the "Pre	oton	St	anda	ard F	Para	me	ter /	Acce	ss	
	PROTON	Protocol"			•								
RS232 Protocol	Modbus		is to use the "Mo	odbu	is P	Parar	mete	er A	cce	ss F	Proto	col".	
		Select th	is if connecting a	a ZM	140	0 pri	inter	to t	the	RS-	·232	port	for
	ZM400 Printer		Reel" ticket printi			•						•	
	4800												
	9600												
CAN Baud Rate	19200	Select th	e required RS-2	32 b	aud	d rat	e (in	kbp	ps).				
	38400]	-										
	115200												

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
23		RS232 baud rate		0=4800 1=9600 2=19200 3=38400 4=115200	1
24		RS232 mode		0=Proton protocol 1=Modbus protocol 2=ZM400 Printer	1

RS-232 Printing

If the RS-232 interface "Mode" is set to "ZM400 Printer" (input parameter DW24 set to "2), then a Zebra ZM400 printer may be connected to the port to print End of Reel report tickets when triggered by the "End of Reel" logic input (see the "Logic Inputs" section for connection and configuration information).

Ensure that the RS-232 baud rate (input parameter DW23) is configured to the same value as set on the printer (9600 by default).

Zebra ZM400 Cable

The gauge may either be directly connected to the printer via the DB25F "INTERFACE" port or via the DB9F RS-232 port on an optional PSU-BOB mini:

SL / SLR mini INTERF	ACE port	Zebra ZM400 RS-232 port		
Required cable connecto	Required cable connector: DB25M		cable connector: DB9M	
Designation	Pin	Pin	Designation	
Shield	Shield	Shield	Shield	
	2	5	DGND	
DGND	15			
	24			
RXD	16	3	TXD	
TXD	17	2	RXD	

PSU-BOB mini RS	5-232 port	Zebra ZM400 RS-232 port		
Required cable conn	ector: DB9M	Required cable connector: DB9M		
Designation	Pin	Pin	Designation	
Shield	Shield	Shield	Shield	
DGND	5	5	DGND	
RXD	2	3	TXD	
TXD	3	2	RXD	

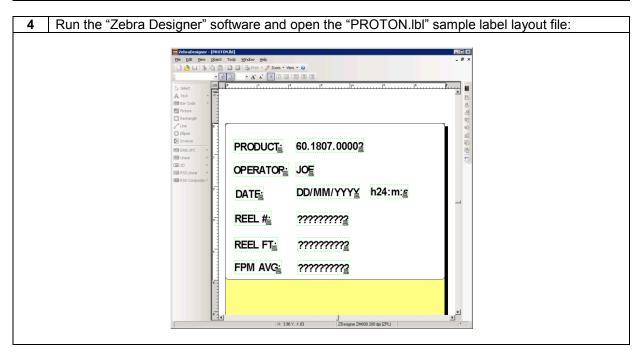
Zebra ZM400 Printer Configuration

The Zebra ZM400 printer must be configured with the layout of the End of Reel report ticket using the following procedure:

1 Install the "Zebra Designer" software onto a suitable PC.

2 Install the Zebra printer drivers onto the PC (the drivers are supplied on a CD-ROM with the Zebra ZM400 printer and may also be downloaded from www.zebra.com).

3 Connect the PC to the Zebra ZM400 printer using the USB cable supplied with the printer.



	The gauge will send 3 strings in the following sequence to the Zebra ZM400 printer:
5	 String no.1: Reel number String no.2: Length String no.3: Average speed
	The label layout must be designed to accommodate the above 3 strings in sequence:

6	le to the Zebra ZM400 printer by c are and then selecting "Internal Fla	licking "File \rightarrow Export to Printer" in ash" and clicking the "OK" button:
	Select Export Method ? There is more than one export method available. Please select the desired below. Compact Flash DRAM Flash Card (PCMCIA) Internal Flash OK Cancel	

7 The Zebra ZM400 printer may be triggered to print a ticket by activating the "End of Reel" logic input on the SL / SLR mini gauge.

Proton standard RS232 parameter access protocol

This uses a protocol to access individual parameters or blocks of parameters and is typically used in a production line environment where the gauge is connected to a PLC or similar device.

Notes

- The parameters are split into 'Input' and 'Output' groups, the 'Input' parameters can be both read and written, and the 'Output' parameters can only be read
- The parameter number is the same as the word address used for Profibus data; refer to the 'PROFIBUS Master to Gauge and RS232 Input Parameter List' for the parameter numbers
- For 'Input' data: when a word is defined as bits then four hexadecimal characters are required to form the bits 15~0; when a word is defined as a data value then only sufficient characters to define the value in decimal format, with the decimal point where appropriate, are needed; where the data is of double word length then only the first word address is used
- For 'Output' data: when a word is defined as bits then four hexadecimal characters will be sent; when a word is defined as a data value it is converted to a decimal number with the decimal point but without leading zeros; where a double word is used then only the first word address is used to request the data, the data in both words is automatically converted to a single value
- If a PC keyboard is being used to enter the codes then the 'carriage return' plus 'line feed' are replaced by the Enter key

SET THE VALUE OF AN 'INPUT' PARAMETER Write Format:

write Format

A Input Parameter number Space Value without decimal point [0.5m = 50] Carriage return Line feed

REQUEST VALUE ONCE FOR ONE OR A RANGE OF 'INPUT' PARAMETERS Request Format 1: (e.g.: ?2 'ENTER')

Input Parameter number Carriage return Line feed Request Format 2: (e.g.: ?2 2 'ENTER') ? Input Parameter number Space Length of string Carriage return Line feed

REQUEST CONTINUOUSLY REPEATING VALUES FOR ONE OR A RANGE OF

'OUTPUT' PARAMETERS

#

The repartition rate is the maximum possible and only limited by the data length and baud rate. The parameters must be consecutive when requesting multiple parameters.

Request Format 1:

Parameter number Carriage return Line feed Request Format 2: # First parameter number Space Number of parameters Carriage return Line feed

Reply Format 1:

Parameter value Carriage return Line feed

Reply Format 2:

First output parameter value Carriage return Line feed Second output parameter value Carriage return Line feed Third output parameter and so on, until the end of the range.

REQUEST VALUE ONCE FOR ONE OR A RANGE OF 'OUTPUT' PARAMETERS The request and reply format is identical to the # format given below except that # is replaced by ~.

Modbus parameter access protocol

This protocol provides access to individual parameters or blocks of parameters and is typically used in a production environment where the Proton Products instrument is connected to a computer, Modbus connected PLC or similar device.

The parameters consist of 16-bit words (DW) and are divided into input and output groups:

- Input parameters may be read from and written to and are used to configure the instrument.
- Output parameters are read only and provide access to instrument status and measurement data.

1 word (DW) consists of 2 bytes			
1 byte consists of 8 bits			
4 bits are expressed by 1 hexadecimal digit (0-9, A-F)			

Proton Products instruments use the following Modbus format:

Modbus format	RTU (Remote Terminal Unit)
Error check	CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check)

The Modbus RTU frame format is as follows:

Modbus RTU frame format				
Name	Length	Function		
Start	> 3.5 characters	>3.5 characters of silence		
Address	1-byte	Slave (instrument) Modbus address	*	
Function	1-byte	Modbus function code determines read or write operation	*	
Data	Multiple bytes	Length and data dependent on function	*	
CRC	2-bytes	Cyclic Redundancy Check for errors (not required for Modbus TCP) ⁺		
End	> 3.5 characters	>3.5 characters of silence		

* Please refer to Modbus Protocol Standards documentation for the CRC error check field calculation. For Modbus protocol communications over TCP/IP networks via the Ethernet port (also known as **Modbus TCP**), the CRC error check field is not required as error checking is handled by the TCP/IP protocol.

For brevity, only the fields marked * are shown in the subsequent examples.

Proton Products instruments support the following Modbus functions:

Modbus function		odbus function		
Code		Name	Instrument operation	
Dec	Hex	Indille	•	
03	03	Read Holding Registers Read data from a block of consecutive input parameter		
06	06	Preset Single Register	Write data to a single input parameter.	
10	16	Preset Multiple Registers	Write data to a block of consecutive input parameters.	
04	04	Read Input Registers	Read data from a block of consecutive output parameters.	

For Modbus protocol communications via the RS-232 serial port, the RS-232 data format is:

Number of data bits	Parity	Number of stop bits	Flow control	Default baud rate
8	None	1	None	9600 bit / s

Read data from a block of consecutive input parameters

Use Modbus function "03" (Read Holding Registers) to read from a block of consecutive input parameters.

Modbus query format	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01	
Modbus function code	03	
Starting address	High byte	00
(Starting input parameter address)	Low byte	08
Number of points	High byte	00
(Input parameter word count)	Low byte	04

Modbus response forma	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01
Modbus function code		03
Byte count N = (2 × Number of points	6)	08
Data word 0	High byte	01
(corresponds to input DW8)	Low byte	F4
Data word 1	High byte	01
(corresponds to input DW9)	Low byte	F4
Data word 2	High byte	01
(corresponds to input DW10)	Low byte	F4
Data word [(N/2) – 1] = 3	High byte	01
(corresponds to input DW11)	Low byte	F4

The response contains the input parameter values requested in the query; its length is dependent on the number of input parameters requested.

Write data to a single input parameter

Use Modbus function "06" (Preset Single Register) to read from a block of consecutive input parameters.

Modbus query format	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01	
Modbus function code	06	
Register address (Input parameter address)	High byte	00
	Low byte	06
Preset data	High byte	03
(Input parameter value)	Low byte	E8

Modbus response form	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address	01	
Modbus function code	06	
Register address (Input parameter address)	High byte	00
	Low byte	06
Preset data	High byte	03
(Input parameter value)	Low byte	E8

The response is an echo of the query.

Write data to a block of consecutive input parameters

Use Modbus function "16 (10 Hex)" (Preset Multiple Registers) to write to a block of consecutive input parameters.

Modbus query format	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01	
Modbus function code	10	
Starting address (Starting input parameter address)	High byte	00
	Low byte	01
Number of registers (Input parameter word count)	High byte	00
	Low byte	03
Byte count N = (2 × Number of register	06	
Data word 0	High byte	1F
(corresponds to input DW1)	Low byte	40
Data word 1	High byte	1F
(corresponds to input DW2)	Low byte	40
Data word [(N/2) – 1] = 2	High byte	1F
(corresponds to input DW3)	Low byte	40

Modbus response forma	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01	
Modbus function code	10	
Starting address (Starting input parameter address)	High byte	00
	Low byte	01
Number of registers (Input parameter word count)	High byte	00
	Low byte	03

The response contains the starting input parameter address and the count of input parameter words written.

Read data from a block of consecutive output parameters

Use Modbus function "04" (Read Input Registers) to write to a block of consecutive input parameters.

Modbus query format	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address)	01	
Modbus function code	04	
Starting address (Starting output parameter address)	High byte	00
	Low byte	02
Number of points (Output parameter word count)	High byte	00
	Low byte	03

Modbus response forma	Hex	
Slave Modbus address (Gauge Modbus address	01	
Modbus function code	04	
Byte count N = (2 × Number of points	06	
Data word 0	High byte	07
(corresponds to output DW2)	Low byte	D0
Data word 1	High byte	05
(corresponds to output DW3)	Low byte	DC
Data word 2	High byte	09
[(N/2) – 1] (corresponds to output DW4)	Low byte	C4

The response contains the output parameter values requested in the query; its length is dependent on the number of output parameters requested.

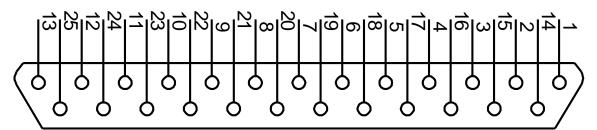
ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS

This Ethernet interface is fitted as standard. It operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be accessed at the same time as them.

If an optional industrial bus interface (Ethernet/IP, PROFIBUS or DeviceNET) has been installed in the gauge, then the Ethernet interface is substituted by the industrial bus interface.

Ethernet interface

The Ethernet interface may be accessed through the following pins:



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

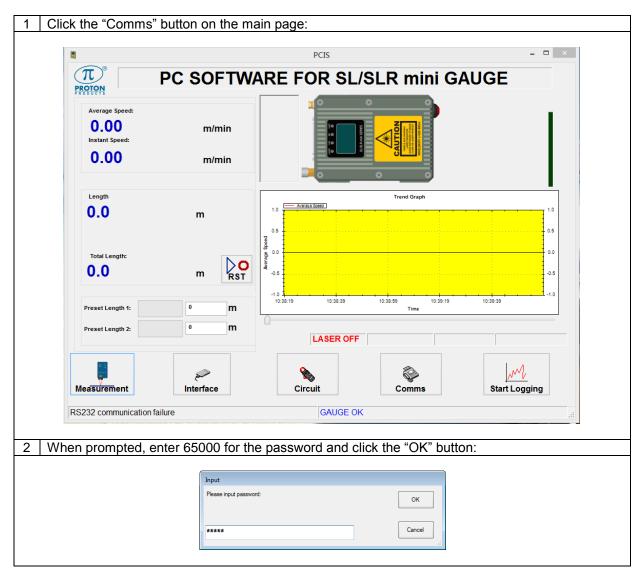
Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields
	22	IBUS1	TX+	
Ethorpot	10	IBUS2	TX-	
Ethernet	23	IBUS3	RX+	
	11	IBUS4	RX-	

Ethernet LED indicator

EIP		LED status	Indication
		Continuous green	Online and connected
Ethernet commun	ications	Flashing green	Online but not connected
		Continuous red	Critical link failure
		Flashing red	Connection timeout

Ethernet configuration

Configuration via the PCiS_SLmini software:



3 Configure	the Ethernet interfa	ice as require	d and click the	Exit" button when complet	e:		
		•		·			
	Communication Setting						
	Serial Communication	n	Industrial Communi	tion Bus			
	Modbus ID:	0	Current Bus Ty	MODBUS TCP			
	CAN ID:	0	PROFI ID:	0 Data			
	CAN Terminator:	OFF -	DEV ID: DEV Baud Rate				
	CAN Baud Rate:	250 -	Endian Mode:	Big-Endian -			
	RS232 Protocol:	PROTON -	IP Address:	. 0. 0. 0			
	RS232 Baud Rate:	4800 -	Subnet Mask:	. 0. 0. 0			
	RS422 Protocol:	PROTON -	Gateway: DHCP	. 0. 0. 0			
	RS422 Baud Rate:	4800 -		isable •			
			IP Address: Subnet Mask:	0 0 0			
	UDP			0 0 0			
	Interval Time:	0 ms	Gateway:	0 0 0			
	Destination IP Add	ress:	MAC	0 0 0 0 0			
	0.0.0.0		ſ				
	Port Number:	1111		Exit			
Label	Value	Description	1				
				he gauge to automatically	acquire its		
Enable		IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway from a DHCP server on					
DHCP		the network.		, ,			
	Diachta	Select this o	ption to manua	y configure the gauge IP A	Address,		
	Disable	Subnet Mas	k and Gateway	n the fields below:			
IP Address	ss [192.168.1.110] Enter the IP address assigned to the gauge in dotted decimal				decimal		
		format.					
Subnet Mask	[255.255.255.0]	Enter the su	bnet mask for t	e network in dotted decim	al format.		
Gateway	[192.168.1.1]	[192.168.1.1] Enter the gateway for the network in dotted decimal format.					

* [] indicates factory-default values.

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

DW	Bit	Comment Unit		Range/Remark	Default
27		Modbus address	1=1	0~255	1
28		EtherNet protocol		0=Modbus protocol 1=EIP protocol	0
29		DHCP		0=Disabled 1=Enabled	0
30		IP address	~ ~ ~ ~		C0A8016E
31		IF address	X.X.X.X		(192.168.1.110)
32		Subnet mask	~ ~ ~ ~		FFFF0000
33		Subilet mask	X.X.X.X		(255.255.255.0)
34		Gateway	~ ~ ~ ~		C0A80001
35		Galeway	X.X.X.X		(192.168.1.1)

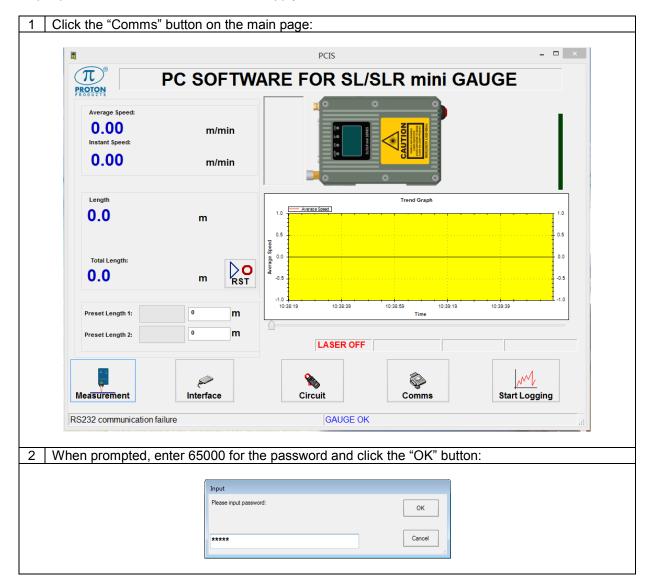
Input Parameter Write Disable

The gauge may be configured to write-disable specific input parameters when a page of input parameters is written via the optional DeviceNET, PROFIBUS, PROFINET or EtherNet/IP communications interface.

Input parameters may be write-disabled for the following purposes:

- **To simplify setup**: all unused input parameters may be write-disabled to simplify the composition of the written data page.
- **To avoid unintended modification of specific parameters**: input parameters which must NOT be changed via the optional communication interface (e.g. input parameters which determine the operating mode of the gauge) may be write-disabled.

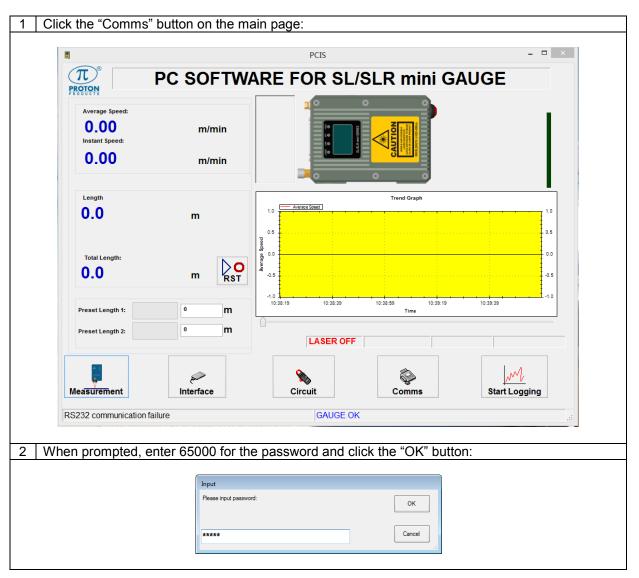
Input parameter write-disable does NOT apply to the CANbus, RS-232 or Ethernet interfaces.



3 Click th	ne "Data	Config" button	to access the '	'Data Configu	iration for Master to Slave" page:				
	1	🚦 Communication Setting							
		Serial Communication	·	Industrial Communic					
		Modbus ID:	0		e: MODBUS TCP				
		CAN ID:	0	PROFI ID:	0 Data Config				
		CAN Terminator:	OFF -	DEV ID:					
		CAN Baud Rate:	250 -	DEV Baud Rate: Endian Mode:	Big-Endian				
		RS232 Protocol:	PROTON -		0. 0. 0. 0				
		RS232 Baud Rate:	4800 -		0. 0. 0. 0				
		RS422 Protocol:	PROTON -	Gateway:	0. 0. 0. 0				
		RS422 Baud Rate:	4800 -	DHCP	Disable -				
		NO422 Daud Nate.	4000	IP Address: 0	0 0 0				
				Subnet Mask: 0) 0 0 0				
		UDP		Gateway:	0 0 0				
		Interval Time: Destination IP Addr	0 ms	MAC 0	0 0 0 0 0				
		0.0.0.0							
		Port Number:	1111		Exit				
					" O L				
4 When	prompte	d, enter 65065 i	for the passwo	ord and click the	he "OK" button:				
	Input Please input password: OK ***** Cancel								
		ole writing of inp ROFINET or Eth			bits via the optional DeviceNET, nterfaces:				
111011	200,								
		Data Configration for Master	to Slave						
		DW0~DW15 Switch		DW0.0~DW0.15 \$					
		DW0: Disable -	DW8: Disable -	DW0.0: Disable	- DW0.8: Disable -				
		DW1: Disable	DW9: Disable -	DW0.1: Disable					
		DW2: Disable -	DW10: Disable -	DW0.2: Disable					
		DW3: Disable -	DW11: Disable -	DW0.3: Disable					
		DW4: Disable -	DW12: Disable -	DW0.4: Disable					
		DW5: Disable -	DW13: Disable -	DW0.5: Disable					
		DW6: Disable -	DW14: Disable -	DW0.6: Disable					
		DW7: Disable -	DW15: Disable -	DW0.7: Disable					
		ALL ON	ALL OFF	ALL ON					
		DW12.0~DW12.15 S							
		DW12.0~DW12.15 S		DW12.8: Disabl	e x DW12 12' Disable -				
		DW12.1: Disable -		DW12.8: Disabl					
		DW12.2: Disable +		DW12.9. Disabl					
		DW12.2: Disable +							
		Disable +	ALL ON	DW12.11: Disabl	DW12.15: Disable -				
	Exit								
Label	Descri								
Enable					neter DW word or bit.				
Disable					meter DW word or bit.				
ALL ON	Click to enable writing of all associated input parameter DW words.								
ALL OFF					ameter DW words.				
Exit	Click to exit this page and return to the "Communication Setting" page.								

UDP Protocol

The gauge may be configured to continuously send data by UDP-protocol (at a user-configured rate) to a server on the same network.



3 Configure	the Ethernet int	erface as require	d and click the	"Exit" but	ton when c	omplete:		
	📕 Communication Setti	ng			- • •			
	Serial Commun	lication	Industrial Communi	cation Bus				
	Modbus ID:	0	Current Bus Typ					
	CAN ID:	0	PROFI ID:	0	Data			
	CAN Termina	tor: OFF -	DEV ID:	0	Config			
	CAN Baud Ra	te: 250 -	DEV Baud Rate:		•			
	RS232 Protoc	ol: PROTON -	Endian Mode: IP Address:	Big-Endian 0, 0, 0, 0	•			
	RS232 Baud F			0.0.0.0				
	RS422 Protoc		Gateway:	0. 0. 0. 0				
	RS422 Baud F			Disable -]			
	K3422 Bauu r	(ale. 4000 +		0 0 0	0			
			Subnet Mask:	0 0 0	0			
	UDP		Gateway:	0 0 0	0			
	Interval Time		MAC	0 0 0	0 0 0			
	Destination IF							
	Port Number			Exit				
			L	Exit				
Label	Value	Description						
Interval Time 0		Disable UDP data output.						
Interval Time	1 ~ 5000 ms	Output UDP data at this interval time.						
		Destination ser	ver IP address	to which	UDP data is	s sent (only the final		
Destination	x.x.x.x	octet is configu	rable, the first 3	3 octets a	re the same	e as the gauge IP		
IP Address		Address, hence	e the destination	n server n	nust be on f	the same network		
		as the gauge).	,					
Dort Number	1111	Destination ser	ver port to whic	h UDP da	ata is sent (fixed at 1111, not		
Port Number	1111	end-user config			· · · · ·			

Configuration via input parameters:

The UDP data output function may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
30		IP address			C0A80001
31		IP address	X.X.X.X		(192.168.0.1)
41		UDP data output interval time	1=1ms	1~5000 0=Disable UDP output	0
48		UDP destination IP address (last octet only)		Note: the UDP destination port number is fixed at 1111	2

Input parameters

OPTIONAL COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACES

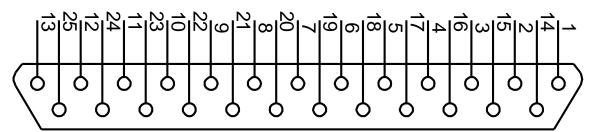
PROFIBUS COMMUNICATIONS

The PROFIBUS interface is an optional extra that must be ordered for installation during manufacture; it cannot be retrofitted to the gauge.

This communications interface operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be used at the same time as them.

PROFIBUS interface

The PROFIBUS interface may be accessed through the following pins:



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

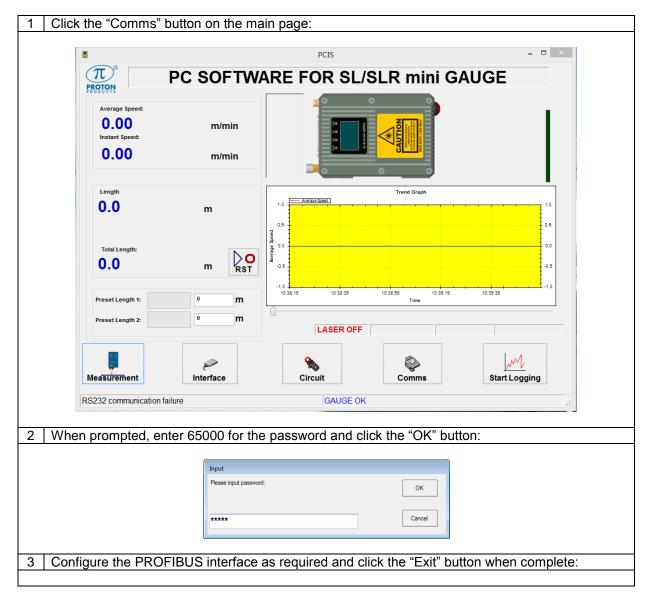
Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields
	22	IBUS1	+5V	
PROFIBUS	10	IBUS2	GND	
Industrial bus	23	IBUS3	А	
	11	IBUS4	В	

PROFIBUS LED indicator

i-BUS		LED status	Indication
1-003		Continuous green	Online
PROFIBUS comm	nunications	Continuous red	Communication error
		Extinguished	No communication

PROFIBUS configuration

The gauge head is configured as a PROFIBUS slave.



		Cor	mmunication Setting					_ □	×
	Serial Communication			catio	n Bus				
	Modbus ID:	1	Current Bus Type: MODBUS TCP						
	CAN ID:	14	PROFI ID:	7				Data	
	CAN Terminator:	ON v	DEV ID:	2			(Config	g
			DEV Baud Rate	: 12	5K		~		
	CAN Baud Rate:	250 ~	Endian Mode:	Big	g-Endi	an 🕚	~		
	RS232 Protocol:	Modbus v	IP Address:	192	. 168	1. 11	7		
	RS232 Baud Rate:	9600 ~	Subnet Mask:			255.	0		
	RS422 Protocol:	Modbus v	Gateway:		. 168.	1.1			
	RS422 Baud Rate:	9600 ~	DHCP	Disa	ble	~			
			IP Address:	192	168	1	11	7	
			Subnet Mask:	255	255	255	0		
	UDP Interval Time:	0 ms	Gateway:	192	168	1	1		
	Destination IP Addr	-	MAC	248	149	80 1	(5 3	34
	192.168.1 .2								
	Port Number:	1111	WIFI				E	Exit	
						L			
Label	Value	Descript	ion						
PROFI ID	0 ~ 125	Enter the	PROFIBUS ID	(ad	ldre	ss) :	ass	igne	ed t

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

Input parameters:

DW			Unit	Range/Remark	Default	
20		Profibus address	1=1	0~125	7	
_						

ETHERNET / IP OR PROFINET COMMUNICATIONS

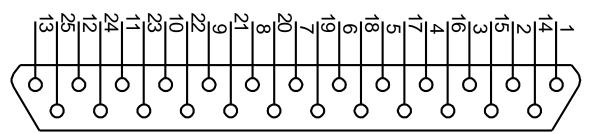
The EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface is an optional extra that must be ordered for installation during manufacture; it cannot be retrofitted to the gauge.

The Ethernet/IP interface is compatible with PLCs fitted with an Ethernet/IP interface that supports the CIP (Common Industrial Protocol).

This communications interface operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be used at the same time as them.

EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface

The EtherNet / IP or PROFINET interface may be accessed through the following pins:



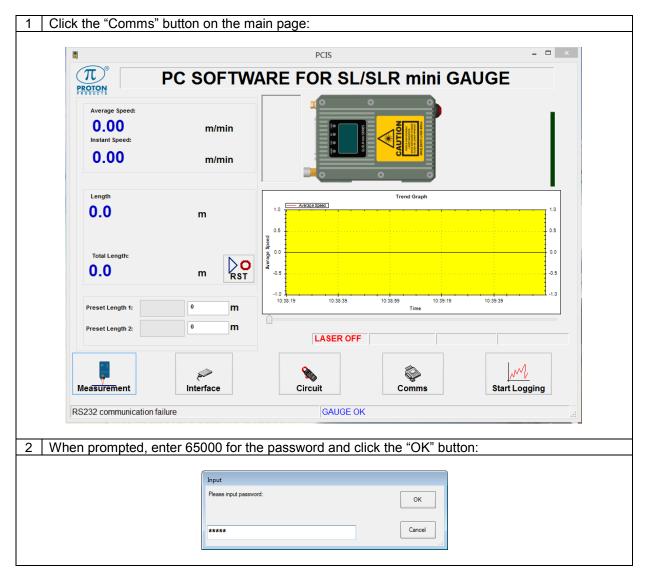
Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields
Ethernet/ID or	22	IBUS1	TX+	
Ethernet/IP or PROFINET	10	IBUS2	TX-	
Industrial bus	23	IBUS3	RX+	
industrial bus	11	IBUS4	RX-	

EtherNet / IP or PROFINET LED indicator

i-BUS		LED status	Indication
I-DU3		Continuous green	Online
EtherNet / IP or P	ROFINET	Continuous red	Communication error
communications		Extinguished	No communication

EtherNet / IP or PROFINET configuration



3 Configure t complete:	he EtherNet / IP o	r PROFINET interface as required and click the "Exit" button wh	ien			
		Communication Setting – 🗆 🗙				
	- Serial Communication Modbus ID:	Industrial Communication Bus Current Bus Type: MODBUS TCP				
	CAN ID:	14 PROFI ID: 7 Data DEV ID: 2 Config				
	CAN Terminator: CAN Baud Rate:	ON V DEV Baud Rate: 125K V Endian Mode: Big-Endian V				
	RS232 Protocol:	Modbus v IP Address: 192. 168. 1. 117				
	RS232 Baud Rate: RS422 Protocol:	9600 V Modbus V Subnet Mask: 255. 255. 255. 0 Gateway: 192. 168. 1. 1				
	RS422 Baud Rate:	9600 UP Disable UP Address: 192 168 1 117				
	UDP Interval Time:	Subnet Mask: 255 255 0 Gateway: 192 168 1 1				
	Destination IP Addre					
	Port Number:	1111 WIFI Exit				
Label	Value*	Description				
Label	Value*	Description				
Endian Mode	[Big-Endian]	Select for Big-Endian data format.				
	Little-Endian	Select for Little-Endian data format.	•.			
DHCP	Enable	Select this option to enable the gauge to automatically acquire IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway from a DHCP server of the network.				
	Disable	Select this option to manually configure the gauge IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway in the fields below:				
IP Address	192.168.1.110	Enter the IP address assigned to the gauge in dotted decimal format.				
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0	Enter the subnet mask for the network in dotted decimal format.				
Gateway	192.168.1.1	Enter the gateway for the network in dotted decimal format.				
* [] indicates fa	ctory-default value).				

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

Input parameters								
DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default			
29		DHCP		0=Disabled 1=Enabled	0			
30		IP address	~ ~ ~ ~		C0A8016E			
31		IP address	X.X.X.X		(192.168.1.110)			
32		Subnet mask	~ ~ ~ ~		FFFF0000			
33		Subhet mask	X.X.X.X		(255.255.0.0)			
34		Cataway	~ ~ ~ ~		C0A80001			
35		Gateway	X.X.X.X		(192.168.1.1)			
49		Endianess		1=Little endian 0=Big endian	0			

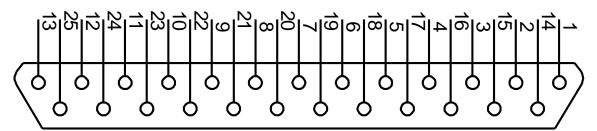
DEVICENET COMMUNICATIONS

The DeviceNet interface is an optional extra that must be ordered for installation during manufacture; it cannot be retrofitted to the gauge.

This communications interface operates independently of the other communications interfaces and may be used at the same time as them.

DeviceNet interface

The DeviceNet interface may be accessed through the following pins:



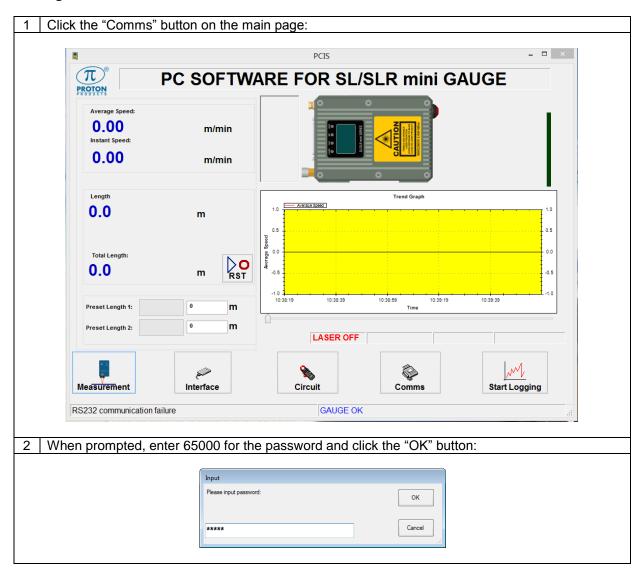
Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes	DeviceNet wire colour
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields	Bare wire
DaviagNET	22	IBUS1	V+		Red
DeviceNET Industrial	10	IBUS2	V-		Black
	23	IBUS3	CANH		White
bus	11	IBUS4	CANL		Blue

DeviceNet LED indicator

i-BUS		LED status	Indication
1-003		Continuous green	Online
DeviceNet communications		Continuous red	Communication error
		Extinguished	No communication

DeviceNet configuration



3 Configure	the DeviceNet in	terface as requ	ired and click the	e "Ex	it" b	utto	n wh	en	com	plete:
1	1	Comr	nunication Setting					-		×
	Serial Communication	n	Industrial Commun	nicatio	n Bus	6				
	Modbus ID:	1	Current Bus Ty	/pe:	MOE	BUS	S TCF			
	CAN ID:	14	PROFI ID:	7				Da		
	CAN Terminator:	ON v	DEV ID:	2				Cor	nfig	
	CAN Baud Rate:	250 ~	DEV Baud Rate				*			
	RS232 Protocol:	Modbus v	Endian Mode:		J-End		~	~		
			IP Address: Subnet Mask:		. 168. . 255.					
	RS232 Baud Rate:	9600 ~	Gateway:		. 255. . 168.					
	RS422 Protocol:	Modbus v	DHCP	Disa		~				
	RS422 Baud Rate:	9600 ~	IP Address:	192	168	1	11	7		
			Subnet Mask:	255	255			-		
	UDP							_		
	Interval Time:	0 ms	Gateway:	192	168		1	_		
	Destination IP Addr	ess:	MAC	248	149	80	1	5	34	
	192.168.1 . 2									
	Port Number:	1111	WIFI					Exit	t	
Label	Value	Descripti	on							
DEV ID	0 ~ 125	Enter the	DeviceNet ID (ad	ddres	ss) a	ssi	gned	to	the g	gauge
	125K				•					-
EV Baud Ra	te 250K	Enter the	DeviceNet baud	rate.						
	500K									

Configuration via input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

Input parameters:

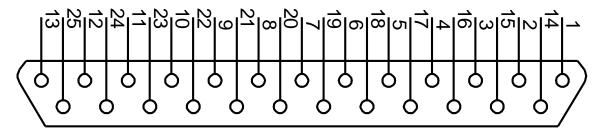
DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
46		DeviceNet address		0~63	7
47		DeviceNet baud rate		0=125K 1=250K 2=500K	

STANDARD ELECTRICAL INTERFACES

LOGIC INPUTS

Logic inputs connection

Two logic inputs are fitted as standard and may be accessed through the following pins:



Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields
Power	2		Dower eupply and	
supply and	15	DGND	Power supply and	
ground	24		signal ground (0V)	
Logio	3	LIN1	Logic input 1	Low state (logic 0) voltage < +3V
Logic inputs	4	LIN2	Logic input 2	High state (logic 1) voltage > +10.5V
inputs	5	LIN3	Logic input 3	Maximum input voltage ±30V

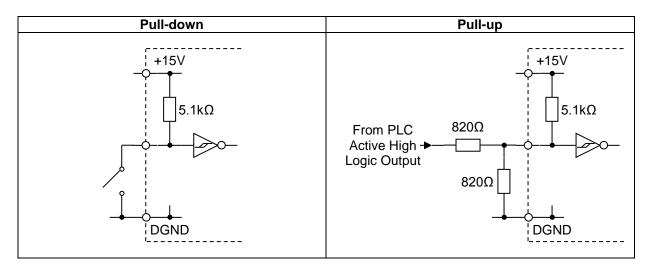
Logic inputs electrical specification

- Logic inputs are NOT isolated from earth.
- Inputs are internally pulled up to +15V via 8.2kΩ resistors; unconnected inputs default to the high state.
- Inputs will source a minimum current of 3mA when externally pulled down to the low state.

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Low state (logic 0) input voltage			3	V
High state (logic 1) input voltage	10.5			V
Absolute input voltage	-30		30	V
Low state source current	3			mA

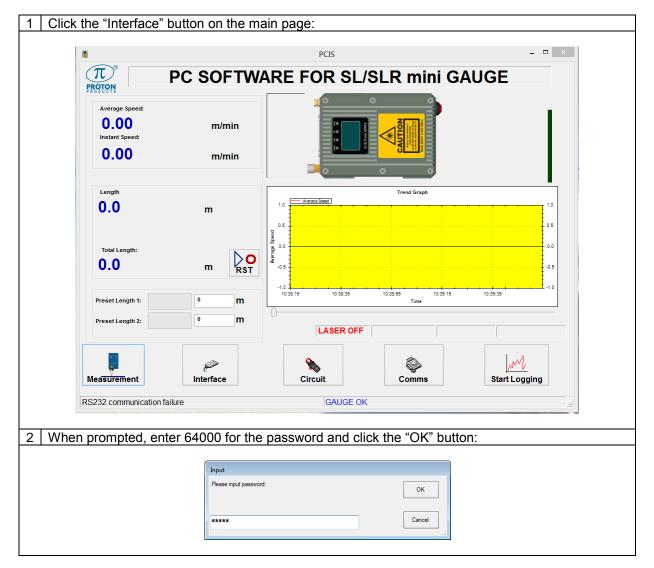
Logic inputs can be connected to different types of signal sources as follows:

Signal source	Connection method
Mechanical or solid state relay contact	Connect between logic input and DGND.
Pull-down	Connect the pull-down signal to the logic input and ground to DGND.
Pull-up	 Connect an 820Ω resistor between the logic input and DGND to pull the input down to 2.5V. Connect the pull-up signal source to the logic input and ground to DGND. For 24V signals (such as from a PLC), the power dissipation in the 820Ω resistor can be reduced by connecting another 820Ω in series between the pull-up signal source and logic input.



Logic inputs configuration

Each individual logic input can be independently configured for both active state polarity and function.



3 Configure th	e logic input inte	erface as required and click the "Exit" button when complete:					
	Interface	Logic Input					
	Pulse Output Rate Resolut	Format: New					
	Pulse 1 2 Mo	de: Independent Function: Rev Direction					
	Pulse 1 rate:						
	0.0	Hz Logic Input 2					
	Pulse 2 rate:						
	0.0	Hz Polarity: Active Low					
	Pulse 3 rate:	0 pulse/m					
	0.0	Hz Function: Rev Direction					
	Pulse 3 Mode	e: Speed Polarity: Active Low					
	Reset pulse	during reset length: Direction					
		OFF • Direction Setting: Up/Normal •					
	Analogue Outp	ut Laser Switch: ON -					
	Function:	Speed					
	Full Scale:	0 m/min LOP1: Gauge OK					
	Gain:	0 LOP2: Gauge OK					
	Zero:	0					
		Closure Time: 0 ms					
	Speed Respo	onse: Average GR Threshold: 0 %					
		Exit					
Label	Value*	Description	Input				
		-	DW				
Format	New	Select "New" (factory-default setting) to configure the logic inputs as below.	12.15				
Format	Old	Select "Old" for backward compatibility with Proton Products	12.15				
Logic Input 1	Old						
Logio input i		Activate to reverse the length counting direction.					
		For SL gauges, when this input is activated (for example by					
	Rev	a direction wheel) the gauge will decrement length.					
	Direction	See the "Measurement Direction" section for					
		information on how this logic input affects length					
		accumulation.					
		Activate to hold the length measurement by forcing the					
		speed measurement to zero.					
		The lengths read from output parameters DW6-7					
		and DW12-13 will be held at their values at the					
	Length Hold	instant of activation.					
		 The speeds read from output parameters DW2-3 and DW4-5 will be forced to zero. 					
Function		 The frequency of the pulse outputs is also forced to 	12				
i anotori		zero.	12				
		Activate to hold the <i>displayed</i> speed and length					
		measurements at the instant of activation for ease of					
		reading.					
		The gauge internally continues to measure speed					
		and length and the display will revert to these live					
	Display Hold	values when this logic input returns to inactive.					
	Display Floid	 The lengths read from output parameters DW6-7 					
		and DW12-13 and speeds read from output					
		parameters DW2-3 and DW4-5 will continue to					
		update even with "Display Hold" active.					
		The pulse outputs are NOT affected by this function					
		and will continue to correspond to the object speed.					

	Speed Hold	 Activate to hold the speed measurement at its value at the instant of activation. The length reading will accumulate at the held speed (including lengths read from output parameters DW6-7 and DW12-13). The speeds read from output parameters DW2-3 and DW4-5 will be held at their values at the instant of activation. The frequency of the pulse outputs is held at the corresponding speed value. 			
 Activate momentarily to reset the length to Activate for longer than 5 seconds to also r "Reel Number" to zero. 					
Activate to increment the "Reel Number" and trigger printingEnd of Reelof the End of Reel report on a Zebra ZM400 printer attached to the RS-232 port.					
Delerity	Active Low	Pulling the logic input low (logic 0) activates the configured function.			
Polarity	Active High	Pulling the logic input high (logic 1) activates the configured function.			
Logic Input 2					
Function		As per "Logic Input 1" above.	12		
Polarity		As per "Logic Input 1" above.	12		
Logic Input 3					
Function		As per "Logic Input 1" above.	12		
Polarity		As per "Logic Input 1" above.	12		
	•				
		Select this for normal length accumulation.			
	[Up/Normal]	SL mini Object motion increments length.			
		SLR mini Standard direction increments length.			
Direction		Select this for reverse length accumulation.			
Setting	Down/Invert	SL mini Object motion decrements the length.			
Setting		SLR mini Standard direction decrements length.	12.12		
		the logic inputs are configured for the "Rev Direction"	12.12		
	function, then thas no effect.	this "Directing Setting" is overridden by the logic input and			
	[ON]	Select to switch on the laser diode.	40		
Laser Switch	OFF	Select to switch off the laser diode.	- 13		
			1		

* factory-default values are shown in enclosed in [].

Configuration by input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters: Input parameters

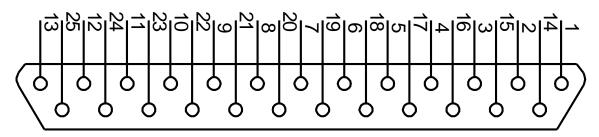
DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
		Logic input (old format: co	mpatible with old SL gau	uge;DW12.15=0)	
	0			0=Direction	
	1	Logic input 1 function		1=Length hold 2=Display hold 3=Speed hold	1
	2	Direction setting (available only when no logic input for direction)		0=Count up 1=Count down	0
12	3	Logic input 1 polarity		0=Active low 1=Active high	0
	4~7	Not used			0
	8	Logic input 2 function		0=Reset input 1=Length hold	0
	10	Logic input 2 polarity		0=Active low 1=Active high	0
	11 12	Logic input 3 function		0=Direction 1=Length hold	1

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
				2=Display hold	
	13			3=Speed hold	
				4=Reset	
	14	Logic input 3 polarity		0=Active low	0
		3 1 1 <i>3</i>		1=Active high	-
	15	Must be 0		0=Old format logic inputs	0
		Logic input(new format;D	<u>V12.15=1)</u>		
	0			0=direction (count down)	
	1			1=Length hold	
		Logic input 1 function		2=Display hold	0
	2	Logio input i function		3=Speed hold	0
	2			4=Reset	
				5=End of Reel	
	3	Logic input 1 polarity		0=Active low	0
	_	Logio inpat i polatity		1=Active high	÷
	4			0=direction (count down)	
	5			1=Length hold	
		Logic input 2 function		2=Display hold	1
	6	Logio input 2 function		3=Speed hold	•
	Ŭ			4=Reset	
				5=End of Reel	
12	7	Logic input 2 polarity		0=Active low	0
		Logio input 2 polanty		1=Active high	÷
	8			0=direction (count down)	
	9			1=Length hold	
		Logic input 3 function		2=Display hold	4
	10			3=Speed hold	
				4=Reset	
				5=End of Reel	
	11	Logic input 3 polarity		0=Active low	0
		o 1 1 <i>i</i>		1=Active high	-
		Direction setting (available		0=Count up	
	12	only when no logic input		1=Count down	0
		for direction)			
	13~	Not used			
	14				
	15	Must be 1		1=New format logic inputs	

LOGIC OUTPUTS

Logic outputs connection

Two outputs are fitted as standard and may be accessed through the following pins:



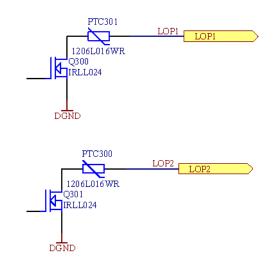
Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes	
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to	cable and plug shields
Power supply and ground	2 15 24	DGND	Power supply and signal ground (0V)	Floating (inactive) or pull-down to DGND (active)	
Logic	6	LOP1	Logic output 1	State Inactive Active	Output Floating Pulled down to DGND
outputs	7	LOP2	Logic output 2	State Inactive Active	Output Floating Pulled down to DGND

Logic outputs electrical specifications

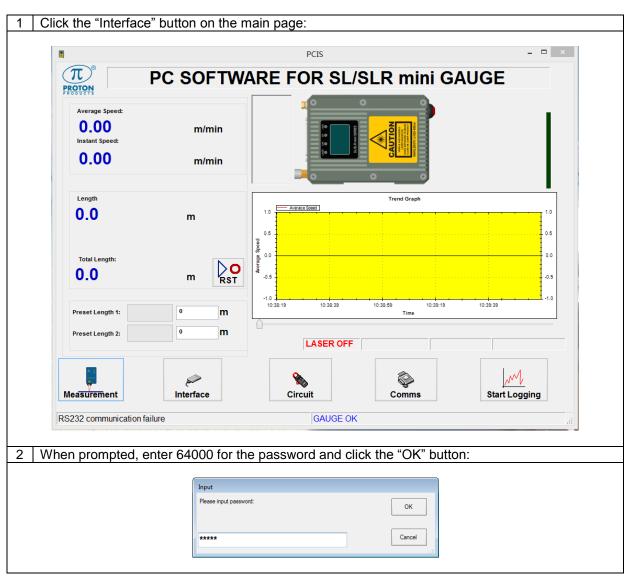
- The logic outputs must NOT be used to directly drive high-current or inductive loads.
- It is recommended that the logic outputs are used to drive opto-isolated solid-state relays.

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Logic output to DGND voltage			+25	VDC
Current			0.1	А



Logic outputs configuration

Each individual logic output can be independently configured to pull-down to DGND upon any one of the following conditions:



3 Configu	re the logic output i	nterface as requ	uired and click the "Exit" button when complete:			
3 Configu	La Interface Pulse Output Rate Resolut Pulse 1 2 Mo Pulse 1 rate: 0.0 Pulse 2 rate: 0.0 Pulse 3 rate: 0.0	ion: ion:	Logic Input Format: New V Logic Input 1 Function: Rev Direction V Polarity: Active Low V Logic Input 2 Function: Rev Direction V Polarity: Active Low V Logic Input 3 Function: Rev Direction V Polarity: Active Low V Direction Direction Setting: Up/Normal V Laser Switch: ON V LOP1: Gauge OK V			
	Speed Respo	nse: Average	Closure Time: 0 ms GR Threshold: 0 % Exit			
				Input		
Label	Value*	Description		DW		
	Select the condition		the logic output: errors in the operation of the gauge.			
	Gauge Gauge Measuring Speed	The gauge is measuring speed.				
	Preset Length 1	Normal mode	The measured length exceeds "Preset Length 1".			
LOP1	/ Batch Length	baich (th	The measured length equals the "Batch Length" (the logic output is pulled down momentarily for the duration of the "Closure Time" setting below).			
LOPT	Preset Length 2	Normal	e measured length exceeds "Preset Length 2".	16		
	/ Batch Number	BatchThe number of measured batch lengths is equalmodeto or greater than the "Batch Number".				
	Good Reading		eadings" percentage exceeds the "GR			
	Object Detected		been detected by the gauge.			
	Gauge Too Hot		mperature has exceeded its safe operating limit butput may be used to activate external cooling			
LOP2	As per LOP1	As per LOP1				
Closure	10 ~ [500] ~		um pull-down time (in milliseconds) for any	4		
Time	5000 ms		configured for the "Batch Length" function.	7		
GR Threshold	0 ~ [60] ~ 100 %	percentage w	nold above which the "Good Readings" ill trigger pull-down of any logic output the "Good Reading" condition.	18		

* factory-default values are shown in enclosed in [].

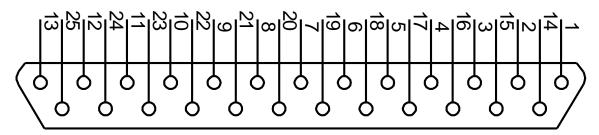
Configuration by input parameters: This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
4		Batch mode LOP closure time	1=10ms	1~500 (10ms~5s)	50
		Logic output function		•	
	0~3	LOP1 function		0=Gauge OK	0
	4~7	LOP2 function		1=Gauge measuring speed	2
16	8~15	Not used		2=Preset length 1 / Batch length 3=Preset length 2 / Batch number 4=Good reading 5=Object detected 6=Gauge too hot	3
18		Good Reading threshold	1=1%		60%

PULSE OUTPUTS

Pulse outputs connection

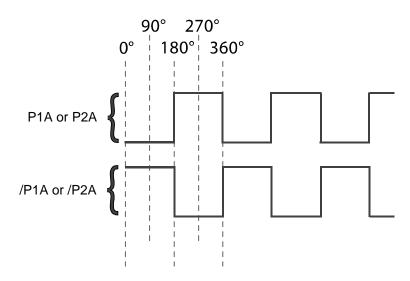
Four pulse outputs are fitted as standard and may be accessed through the following pins:



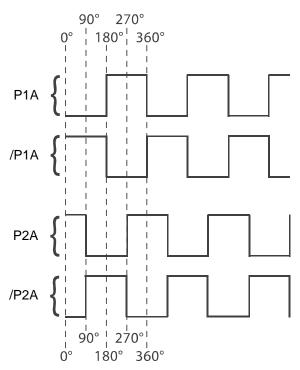
Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Pulse	1	POUT +V	Pulse output external power supply	If no external power supply is connected, then the pulse outputs default to the internal +5V supply. Maximum voltage: +24V
outputs	18	P1A	Pulse output 1	RS-422 compliant differential pair pulse
	19	/P1A	Inverted pulse output 1	output 1.
	20	P2A	Pulse output 2	RS-422 compliant differential pair pulse
	21	/P2A	Inverted pulse output 2	output 2.
Power	25	+24V	Power supply	For 24V pulse outputs, connect this pin to POUT +V.
supply and	2	DGND	Power supply and	Cround reference for D1A /D1A D2A
ground	15	DGND	signal ground	Ground reference for P1A, /P1A, P2A and /P2A.
	24	DGND	reference	anu /rza.
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields

- RS-422 compliant differential pair (normal and inverse) outputs are provided for pulse outputs "Pulse output 1(P1A, /P1A)" and "Pulse output 2 (P2A, /P2A)"; each pulse output can thus be connected to both single-ended and differential interfaces.
- "Pulse output 1(P1A, /P1A)" and "Pulse output 2 (P2A, /P2A)" default to a 0 to +5V signal range; if a higher output voltage is required, then an external voltage source up to +24VDC may be connected across POUT +V and DGND to define the required voltage.
- "Pulse output 1" and "Pulse output 2" may be user-configured for either independent or quadrature operation.
- In independent mode, "Pulse output 1" and "Pulse output 2" run independently and may be configured with different pulse rates:



• In quadrature mode, "Pulse output 1" and "Pulse output 2" run at the same pulse rate (set as the "Pulse 1 rate") with a 90° phase shift between the two outputs:



Pulse outputs electrical specifications

Specification	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Pulse output external power supply (POUT +V)	+5		+25	VDC
Pulse output frequency			2*	MHz

* reduced with increasing cable length in accordance with RS-422 standards.

1 Click the "Interfa	ce" button on the n	nain page:
		PCIS – 🗆 🗙
PROTON PRODUCTS	PC SOFTW	ARE FOR SL/SLR mini GAUGE
Average Speed: 0.00 Instant Speed: 0.00	m/min m/min	
Length 0.0	m	Trend Graph 10 Average Science 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Total Length:	m RST	0.5 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Preset Length 1: Preset Length 2:	0 m	LASER OFF
Measurement	Interface	Circuit
RS232 communicatio	n failure	GAUGE OK .::
2 When prompted,	enter 64000 for th	e password and click the "OK" button:
	Input	
	Please input passwo	vrd: OK
	****	Cancel

3 Configur	e the pulse outpu	t interface as required and click the "Exit" button when complete:						
		· · · ·						
	📕 Interface	Logic Input						
	Pulse Output	Format: Now						
	Rate Resol							
		Node: Independent Function: Rev Direction						
	Pulse 1 rat	Active Low						
	0. Pulse 2 rat							
	Puise 2 lat							
	Pulse 3 rat	e: 0 nulse/m						
		.0 Hz Function: Rev Direction						
	Pulse 3 Mo	bde: Speed - Polarity: Active Low -						
	Reset puis	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF						
	Analogue Ou							
	Function:	Speed - Logic Output						
	Full Scale:							
	Gain:	0 LOP2: Gauge OK -						
	Zero:	0						
		Closure Time: 0 ms						
Speed Response: Average GR Threshold: 0 %								
		Exit						
		LAN						
Label	Value*	Description						
	1000							
	100	Sat the required pulse output recolution in pulses/ unit, where the unit						
Pulse	10	Set the required pulse output resolution in pulses/ unit, where the unit						
Resolution	[1]	is the "Measurement unit" (metres, feet, inch or yards) set on the						
	0.1	"Measurement" page.						
	0.01							
	0.001	Coloct "Independent" mode to configure "Dulce output 1" and "Dulce						
Pulse 1 2	[Independent]	Select "Independent" mode to configure "Pulse output 1" and "Pulse output 2" with separate and independent pulse rates.						
Mode		Select "Quadrature" mode to couple together "Pulse output 1" and						
Mode	Quadrature	"Pulse output 2" as a quadrature pair, with pulse rate set under "Pulse 1 rate".						
		Set the required pulse rate for "Pulse output 1" in pulses/unit, where						
		the unit is the "Measurement unit" (metres, feet, inch or yards) set on						
		the "Measurement" page.						
Pulse 1	1 ~	Note: If the "Pulse Resolution" setting above is not suitable for the						
rate	[1000]	pulse rate entered here, then the pulse rate will be automatically						
Tale	~ 65535	rounded up or down.						
		When "Pulse 1 2 Mode" is set to "Quadrature", this parameter sets the						
		rate for the quadrature pulse output across both "Pulse output 1" and						

Pulse 2 rate	1 ~ [1000] ~ 65535	Set the required pulse rate for "Pulse output 2" in pulses/ unit, where the unit is the "Measurement unit" (metres, feet, inch or yards) set on the "Measurement" page. Note : If the "Pulse Resolution" setting above is not suitable for the pulse rate entered here, then the pulse rate will be automatically rounded up or down. This field is disabled when "Pulse 1 2 Mode" is set to "Quadrature".
Reset pulse	[OFF]	Select for pulse outputs to continue following the measured speed during a length reset.
during reset length	ON	Select to reset pulse outputs when the length is reset.

* factory-default values are shown in enclosed in [].

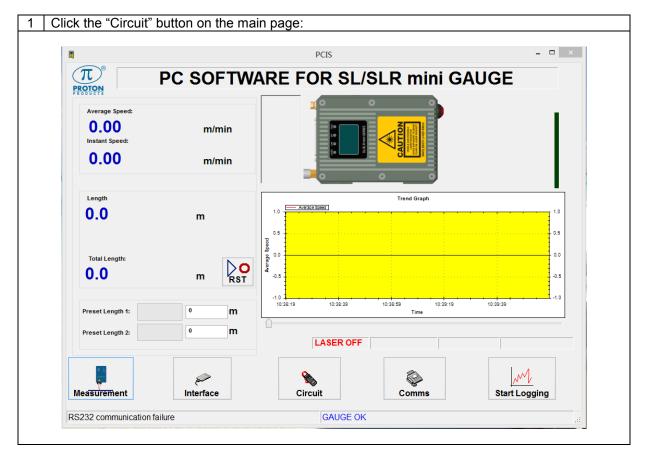
Configuration by input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
		System Function			
0	9	Pulse output 1 mode		0=Normal 1=Quadrature	0
7		Pulse output 1 rate	1=1/10DW17pulse/m{ft}{yds}	1~65535	1000
8		Pulse output 2 rate	1=1/10DW17pulse/m{ft}{yds}	1~65535	1000
17		Pulse output rate resolution	1=1	3=1000 2=100 1=10 0=1 -1=0.1 -2=0.01 -3=0.001	0
19		Pulse reset during reset length		0=Off 1=On	0

Circuit Information and Gauge Performance Indicators

The "Circuit" page of the PCiS_SLmini displays various performance indicators and gauge circuit parameters.



The "Circuit" page displays parameters which may be useful during gauge alignment or for Proton Products authorized service personnel; when contacting Proton Products for technical assistance, please have the information displayed on the "Circuit" page available for our service personnel to better diagnose any problems.

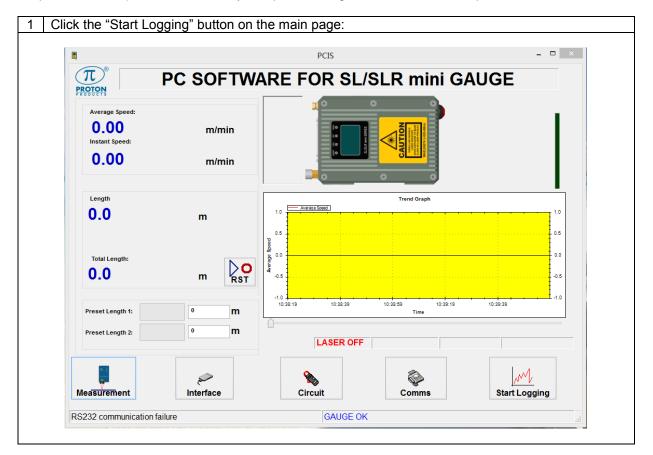
2

	6	Circuit		A G					
		Laser Temperature:	0.0	°C	G	ood Readi	ng		
		Heating State:	00%		Γ				
		Bragg Temperature:	0.0	°C					
		Heating State:	00%						
		APD Temperature:	0.0	°C					
		SNR:	0						
		FFT Amplitude:	0						
		DC Level:	00%	0	mV				
		APD Bias Voltage:	0.0	v					
		Signal Amplitude:	00%						
		Filter Band:	1						
		Frequency:	0	K H	z				
			Exit						
Label	Desc	ription				Min	Тур	Max	Units
		gauge attempts to sam	ple the	speed o	of the		.) P	intur	•
		t several thousand tim							
		"Good Reading" rate represents the proportion of samples that have yielded a valid speed reading.							
					-				
		Higher "Good Reading" rates result in better length accuracy, especially over shorter object lengths.							
	accu	acy, copecially over si							
		surface of the object is may yield different "G							
Good	areas	s may yield different e		aung	ales.				14
Reading		mooth surfaces a "Goo							
	50%	will produce speed and	a lenath	readin	ne ot			1	
	reliab	bly high accuracy.	a longin		ys 01				
		ly high accuracy.	-		-				
	In sh	bly high accuracy. ort-length measuremen	nt applic	cations	(such as				
	In she inkjet of a f	oly high accuracy. ort-length measureme -marking or cutting, wi ew metres), a "Good F	nt applic th lengt Reading	cations hs in th ' rate of	(such as e range f above				
	In sho inkjet of a f 80%	oly high accuracy. ort-length measuremen -marking or cutting, wi ew metres), a "Good F is recommended to ma	nt applic th lengt Reading	cations hs in th ' rate of	(such as e range f above				
	In sho inkjet of a f 80% accu	oly high accuracy. ort-length measuremen -marking or cutting, wi ew metres), a "Good F is recommended to ma	nt applic th lengt Reading' aintain g	cations hs in th ' rate of	(such as e range f above	50	70	100	%

SNR	This parameter is highly-dependent on object material, object distance to the centre of the depth- of-field and object speed. For example, a metal or matt-plastic surface moving at 100 m/minute may return a SNR > 1000, but the SNR for a translucent plastic object may be much lower.	200	500		-
	The signal-to-noise ratio must exceed 80 for a consistent and reliable speed reading. The DC level depends on the amount of light received from the object and must be between 10%				
DC Level (%)	and 90% for correct operation; it is held at around 30% by an automatic gain controller (AGC). The AGC may be saturated by highly reflective (e.g. flat, metallic) surfaces resulting in the DC level exceeding 100%; in this case tilt the gauge (pitch, angle $\gamma \neq 0$) to reduce the received light and bring the DC level below 90%. Very narrow or low-reflectivity objects might not	10	30	90	%
	reflect sufficient light for the DC level to reach 10%; maximise the signal by locating the object as close to the stand-off distance (i.e. centre of the depth-of- field).				
Signal Amplitude	 Highly-reflective, uneven or fast-moving objects may result in saturation and clipping of the received oscillating light signal. Signal amplitudes below 80% will not incur saturation, whilst an Automatic Gain Controller (AGC) will accommodate signal amplitude between 80 and 99%. Signal amplitudes above 99% will still yield measurements but at a substantially degraded Good Reading rate. 			80	%
	Maintain the signal amplitude at below 80% by tilting the gauge (pitch, angle $\gamma \neq 0$) to reduce the received light.				
Laser Temperature					°C
Heating State					%
Bragg Temperature					°C
Heating State					%
APD Temperature	For use by Proton Products authorized service personnel only.				°C
FFT Amplitude					-
DC Level (mV)					mV
APD Bias Voltage Filter Band					V
Frequency					- kHz

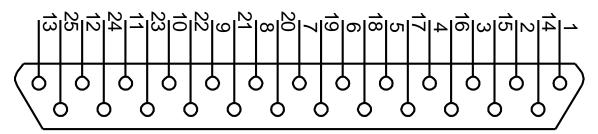
DATA LOGGING

The data logging function logs measurement data at regular time intervals to a .csv (comma separated values) text file which may be opened using MS Excel and other spreadsheet software.



2 Select the re logging:	quired parameters to log to file, the logging time interval, file name and start/stop		
logging.			
	Logging Setting Parameters: Selected:		
	Batch Number Average Speed		
	Total Length Good Reading(%) ■ Add Length		
	FFT Amplitude Signal Frequency(Khz)		
	Laser Temperature(C)		
	APD Temperature(C)		
	Signal Amplitude(%) - Remove -		
	Record Interval: 1000 ms		
	Save Path: C:\ProgramData\PROTON PRODUCTS\PCIS_SL		
	Name: Log _Time		
	Open		
	Type: Type: Type: Type: Type: Type: Type: Type: Ty		
	Exit Start		
Label	Description		
	This displays the parameters that are available for logging; click to highlight a		
Parameters	parameter in this list and then click the "Add" button to move the highlighted		
	parameter to the "Selected" list.		
0.1	This displays the parameters selected for logging; click to highlight a parameter in		
Selected	this list and then click the "Remove" button to move the highlighted parameter back		
	to the "Parameter" list. Click this button to move a highlighted parameter from the "Parameters" list to the		
Add	"Selected" list.		
	Click this button to move a highlighted parameter from the "Selected" list to the		
Remove	"Parameters" list.		
Record Interval	Enter the interval time (in milliseconds) at which data is written to the log file.		
Path	Click the "" button to edit the path to the log file.		
Name	Click to edit the name of the log file.		
Time	Ticked Append the start time to the name of the log file.		
	Unticked Do not append the start time to the name of the log file.		
Start	Click to commence data logging.		
Stop	Click to stop data logging.		
Exit	Click to close this dialog box and return the main page.		

CONNECTOR PIN OUTS



Functional group	Pin	Designation	Description	Notes
Logio	3	LIN1	Logic input 1	1 over (12)/(11)
Logic inputs	4	LIN2	Logic input 2	Low < +3V; High > +10.5V; Max ±30V User configurable function.
inputs	5	LIN3	Logic input 3	User configurable function.
Logic	6	LOP1	Logic output 1	Floating or pull-down; user configurable
outputs	7	LOP2	Logic output 2	function.
CANbus	8	CAN H	CANbus high	For connection to Proton Products
CAMDUS	9	CAN L	CANbus low	accessories.
	12	SHUT_ST	Shutter status	Pulled down to DGND when the shutter is open.
Laser safety	13	/SHUT_EN	Shutter control	Pull down to DGND to open the laser shutter.
Ĩ	14	/LSR_EN	Laser enable	Pull down to DGND to enable the laser diode.
RS-232	16	RXD	RS-232 receive	
R3-232	17	TXD	RS-232 transmit	
Dulas	1	POUT +V	Pulse output external power supply	If no external power supply is connected, then the pulse outputs default to the internal +5V supply.
Pulse outputs	18	P1A	Pulse output 1	RS-422 compliant differential pair
ouipuis	19	/P1A	Inverted pulse output 1	outputs. Pulse outputs 1 and 2 may be
	20	P2A	Pulse output 2	user-configured for independent or
	21	/P2A	Inverted pulse output 2	quadrature operation.
	25	+24V	Power supply	Operating voltage: 15 to 28VDC Power consumption: 15W
	2	DGND	Power supply and	
	15	DGND	signal ground	
	24	DGND	reference	
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields

Connector type: DB25 female (socket)

Functional				ndustrial bus option	n
group	Pin	n Designation	Ethernet EtherNet/IP	PROFIBUS	DeviceNET
	22	IBUS1	TX+	+5V	V+
Industrial	10	IBUS2	TX-	GND	V-
bus	23	IBUS3	RX+	А	CANH
	11	IBUS4	RX-	В	CANL

OPTIONAL PSU-BOB MINI

The Proton Products PSU-BOB mini (Power Supply Unit-Break Out Box-mini) is an optional accessory for the SL mini / SLR mini series of laser speed and length gauges which provides the following functions:

- Universal AC to DC power supply
- DB9 connectors for CANbus, RS-232 and optional PROFIBUS / DeviceNET communications interfaces
- RJ45 socket for Ethernet MODBUS or optional Ethernet/IP communications interface
- Laser enable key switch
- Screw terminals for logic inputs, logic outputs, pulse outputs and laser safety connections



The SL mini / SLR mini gauge may be connected to the PSU-BOB mini using one of the following optional DB25-to-DB25 cables:

Length / m	Part name	Proton part no
3	SLMKII-BOB-003	00043MC021
5	SLMKII-BOB-005	00041CT005
10	SLMKII-BOB-010	00041CT010
20	SLMKII-BOB-020	00041CT020
30	SLMKII-BOB-030	00041CT030

CAN

Connector type: DB9 male (plug)

Pin	Designation	Comment
2	CANL	
3	GND	Ground reference (isolated from earth / shield).
5	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug shield connection.
7	CANH	
9	+24V	+24VDC power input (the gauge may be powered via this pin).
S	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to the plug shield connection.

RS232

Connector type: DB9 female (socket)

Pin	Designation	Comment	PC DB9 serial port pin
2	TXD1		2
3	RXD1		3
5	GND_R	Ground reference is not isolated from earth.	5

Pin	Designation	Comment	PC DB9 serial port pin
7	CTS1		Not used
8	RTS1		Not used
S	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug shield connection.	Shield

The above table also shows the configuration of a cable for connection to a personal computer (PC) type DB9 serial port.

I-BUS

Connector type: DB9 female (socket)

	PROFIBUS			
Pin	Function	Comments		
3	В			
5	GND			
6	+5V			
8	А			
S	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug shield connection.		

	DeviceNet			
Pin	Function	Wire colour	Comment	
3	CANL	Blue		
5	V-	Black		
6	V+	Red		
8	CANH	White		
S	Shield		Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug	
			shield connection.	

	Ethernet / EtherNet/IP / PROFINET			
Pin	Function	Comments		
1	LAN TX-			
2	LAN TX+			
7	LAN RX-			
9	LAN RX+			
S	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug shield connection.		

Note: for Ethernet, EtherNet/IP and PROFINET communications interfaces, the i-BUS DB9 socket and RJ45 socket are wired in parallel; either one or the other connector may be used depending on the available cable plug type.

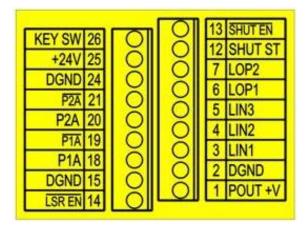
RJ45 SOCKET

Connector type: RJ45 8P8C female (socket)

	Ethernet / EtherNet/IP / PROFINET			
Pin	Function	Comments		
1	LAN TX+			
2	LAN TX-			
3	LAN RX+			
6	LAN RX-			
S	Shield	Ensure that the cable shield is connected to this via the plug shield connection.		

Note: for Ethernet, EtherNet/IP and PROFINET communications interfaces, the i-BUS DB9 socket and RJ45 socket are wired in parallel; either one or the other connector may be used depending on the available cable plug type.

SCREW TERMINALS



Connector type: Screw terminals

Functional group	Screw terminal*	Designation	Description	Notes
Logic inputs	3	LIN1	Logic input 1	Low < +3V; High > +10.5V; Max
	4	LIN2	Logic input 2	±30V
	5	LIN3	Logic input 3	User configurable function.
Logic outputs	6	LOP1	Logic output 1	Floating or pull-down; user
	7	LOP2	Logic output 2	configurable function.
CANbus	8	CAN H	CANbus high	For connection to Proton
	9	CAN L	CANbus low	Products accessories.
Laser safety	12	SHUT_ST	Shutter status	Pulled down to DGND when the shutter is open.
	13	/SHUT_EN	Shutter control	Pull down to DGND to open the laser shutter.
	14	/LSR_EN	Laser enable	Pull down to DGND to enable the laser diode.
RS-232	16	RXD	RS-232 receive	
	17	TXD	RS-232 transmit	
Pulse outputs	1	POUT +V	Pulse output external power supply	If no external power supply is connected, then the pulse outputs default to the internal +5V supply.
	18	P1A	Pulse output 1	RS-422 compliant differential pair
	19	/P1A	Inverted pulse output 1	outputs. Pulse outputs 1 and 2
	20	P2A	Pulse output 2	may be user-configured for
	21	/P2A	Inverted pulse output 2	independent or quadrature operation.
	25	+24V	Power supply	Operating voltage: 15 to 28VDC Power consumption: 15W
	2	DGND	Power supply and	
	15	DGND	signal ground	
	24	DGND	reference	
Shield	S	Shield	Shield	Connect to cable and plug shields
Key-switch	26	KEY SW	Laser enable key- switch	This terminal is connected via the key-switch to DGND. A removable jumper connects this terminal to the /LSR_EN (14) terminal.

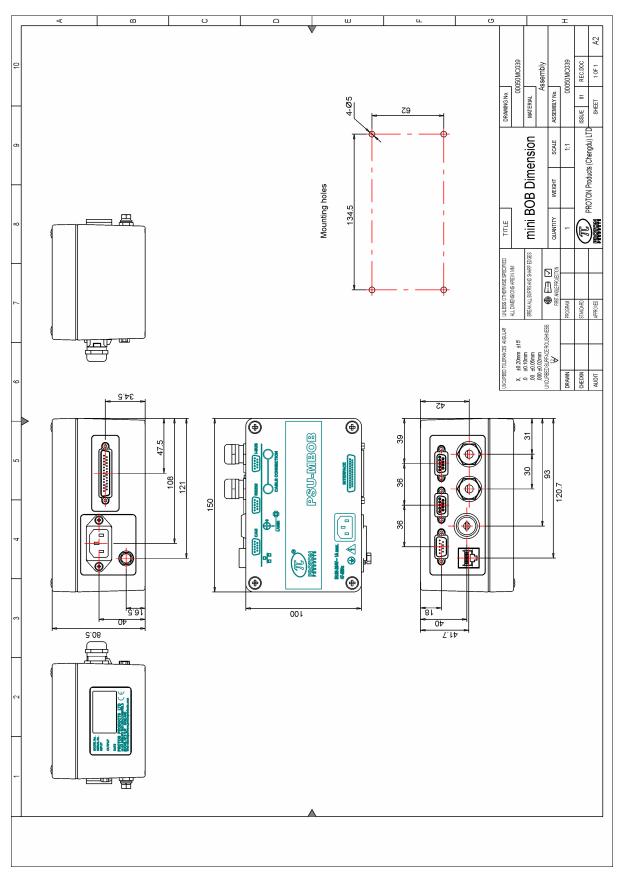
* screw terminal numbering corresponds to the pin numbering for the DB25 INTERFACE connector on the gauge.

KEY SWITCH

The key switch is provided for compliance with laser safety regulations.

- When the key switch is in the open-circuited ("O") the laser diode in the gauge is DISABLED for laser emission.
- When the key switch is in the short-circuited ("I") the laser diode in the gauge is ENABLED for laser emission.
- After the key switch is set to the enabled ("I") position, a warm up period is required to for the laser diode to stabilise before measurements may be taken. The key-switch is intended for intermittent use such as locking out the laser at the end-of-shift or during line maintenance.
- A removable shorting-link connects the LSR_EN pin via the key-switch to DGND; removal of this shorting link disables the key-switch and permits an external, user-supplied interlock switch to be wired in place of the key-switch.

DIMENSIONAL DRAWING



Page 110 of 126

INPUT PARAMETERS

DW	word $= 2$	2 bytes				2013.08.26
DW	Bit	Comment	Unit		Range/Remark	Default
0		System Function			0=Normal mode	
	0	Measurement mode			1=Batch mode	0
	1	Length reset			0=Reset length to zero 1=Accumulate length	1
	2	Batch length reset (available in batch mode only)			0=Reset length to zero 1=Accumulate length	1
	3				0=metres	
	4	Measurement unit			1=feet 2=yards 3=other unit(set on PCIS)	0
	5	Speed signal output response			0=Averaged 1=Instantaneous	1
	6	Pulse output 3 mode			0=Speed 1=Length	0
	7	Analogue output source			0=Speed 1=Good Readings	0
	8	Length / speed resolution			0=Length 0.1 / speed 0.01 1=Length 0.0001 / Speed 0.001	1
	9	Pulse output 1 mode			0=Normal 1=Quadrature	0
	10	Automatic save length function			0=Invalid 1=Valid	0
	11	Object detection switch			0=Off 1=On	0
	12	Auto reset when object detected			0=Off 1=On	0
	13	Reset reel number			0=Normal 1=Reset reel number to zero	0
	14~15	Not used				0
1		Preset 1 and 2 decimal			-3~3	0
2		point position Averaging time	1=5ms		1~1000 (5~5000ms)	200
3		No speed signal hold time	1=1ms		1~5000 (1ms~5s)	100
4		Batch mode LOP closure time	1=10ms		1~500 (10ms~5s)	50
5		Preset length 1 or Preset batch length	1=1/10DW1m{ft}{yds{inch		0~65535	1000
6		Preset length 2 or Preset batch number	1=1/10DW1m{ft}{yds}{inch 1=1(batch number)		0~65535	2000
7		Pulse output 1 rate	1=1/10DW17pulse/m{ft}{y			1000
8		Pulse output 2 rate	1=1/10DW17pulse/m{ft}{y		1~65535	1000
9 10		Pulse output 3 rate Analogue output full scale	1=1/10DW17pulse/m{ft}{y 1=1m/min{ft/min}	'ds}	<u>1~65535</u> 100~9999	1000 3000
11		Minimum speed limit	1=0.1m/min{ft/min}		0~65535 (0~6553.5)	0
			compatible with old SL ga		DW12.15=0)	·
	0	Logic input 1 function		1=Le 2=Di	rection ength hold splay hold seed hold	1
	2	Direction setting (available only when no logic input for direction)		0=Co 1=Co	ount up ount down	0
12	3	Logic input 1 polarity			ctive low ctive high	0
	4~7	Not used			0	0
	8 9	Logic input 2 function			eset input ength hold	0
	10	Logic input 2 polarity		0=Ac	ctive low ctive high	0
	11 12 13	Logic input 3 function		0=Di 1=Le	rection ength hold splay hold	1

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
				3=Speed hold 4=Reset	
	14	Logic input 3 polarity		0=Active low	0
				1=Active high	-
	15	Must be 0 Logic input(new format;	DW12 15-1)	0=Old format logic inputs	0
	0	Logic input(new format,	DW12.15=1)	0=Direction (count down)	
	1	-		1=Length hold	
				2=Display hold	
		Logic input 1 function		3=Speed hold	0
	2			4=Reset total length 5= End of Reel / Reset batch	
				length	
	3	Logic input 1 polarity		0=Active low	0
				1=Active high	0
	4	-		0=Direction (count down)	
	5	-		1=Length hold 2=Display hold	
		Logic input 2 function		3=Speed hold	1
	6			4= Reset total length	
40				5=End of Reel / Reset batch	
12				length 0=Active low	
	7	Logic input 2 polarity		1=Active high	0
	8			0=Direction (count down)	
	9			1=Length hold	
		Logio input 2 function		2=Display hold	4
	10	Logic input 3 function		3=Speed hold 4= Reset total length	4
	10			5= End of Reel / Reset batch	
				length	
	11	Logic input 3 polarity		0=Active low	0
				1=Active high	
	12	Direction setting (available only when no		0=Count up	0
	12	logic input for direction)		1=Count down	0
	13~14	Not used			
	15	Must be 1		1=New format logic inputs	
13		Laser switch		0=Laser on 1=Laser off	0
14		Length offset	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	-3000.0~3000.0m{ft}{yds}	0
		Pulse output 3 preset			-
15		length	1=0.001m{ft}{yds}		1000
		Logic output function	1		1 -
	0~3 4~7	LOP1 function LOP2 function		0=Gauge OK 1=Gauge measuring speed	0
	4~1	LOP2 TUNCTION		2=Preset length 1 / Batch length	
				3=Preset length 2 / Batch	
				number	
				4=Good reading	
	8~11	LOP3 function		5=Object detected 6=Gauge too hot	3
16				13=User 1	
				14=User 2	
				15=User 3	
				0=OPEN	
	13	User I/P 1		1=CLOSE	
	14	User I/P 2		0=OPEN	
	14			1=CLOSE	
	15	User I/P 3			
				1=CLOSE 3=1000	
				2=100	
		Pulse output rate		1=10	
17		resolution	1=1	0=1	0
				-1=0.1	
				-2=0.01 -3=0.001	
18		Good Reading threshold	1=1%		60%
19		Pulse reset during reset		0=Off	0
13		length Profibus address	1=1	1=On 0~125	7
20					1 /

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
21		CAN address	1=1	0~255	14
22		CAN baud rate		0=250 1=500 2=1000 other=500	2
23		RS232 baud rate		0=4800 1=9600 2=19200 3=38400 4=115200	1
24		RS232 mode		0=Proton protocol 1=Modbus protocol 2=ZM400 Printer	1
25		RS422/RS485 mode		0=Proton protocol 1=Modbus protocol 2=SSI speed protocol 3=SSI length protocol	1
26		RS422/RS485 baud rate		0=4800 1=9600 2=19200 3=38400 4=115200 5=250K 6=500K 7=1M	1
27		Modbus address	1=1	0~255	1
28		EtherNet protocol		0=Modbus protocol 1=EIP protocol	0
29		DHCP		0=Disabled 1=Enabled	0
30 31		IP address	x.x.x.x		C0A8016E (192.168.1.110)
32 33		Subnet mask	x.x.x.x		FFFF0000 (255.255.0.0)
34 35		Gateway	x.x.x.x		C0A80001 (192.168.1.1)
36		CAN terminator	1=1	0=Off 1=On	0
37					
38		Speed compensation coefficient	1=0.0001		10000
39		Acceleration limit	1=1m{ft}{yd}/min/s	1~9999	9999
40		Reset parameters to factory defaults		63000=factory default other=invalid	
41		UDP data output interval time	1=1ms	1~5000 0=Disable UDP output	0
42		Analogue O/P gain	1=0.0001		9999
43	ļ	Analogue O/P zero	1=0.0001		0
44		Speed simulation		0=Normal 1=Simulation	0
45		Simulation speed	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}/min	0~6553.5	100
46	ļ	DeviceNet address		0~63	7
47		DeviceNet baud rate		0=125K 1=250K 2=500K	
48		UDP destination IP address (last octet only)		Note : the UDP destination port number is fixed at 1111	2
49		Endianess		1=Little endian 0=Big endian	0

OUTPUT PARAMETERS

DW	Bit 0	Comments	Units	Range/Remark
-	0			
_		Mode		0=Normal 1=Batch
	1	Length / speed resolution		0=Length 0.1 / speed 0.01 1=Length 0.0001 / speed 0.001
	2	Not used		
ŀ	3	Measured length >= Preset1 Measured length >= Preset2		1=>Preset 1=>Preset
ŀ	4 5	Length reset		0=Reset
ŀ	6			0=Metres
0	7	Measurement unit		1=Feet 2=Yards 3=other unit (set on PCIS)
0	8	Speed signal output response		0=Averaged 1=Instantaneous
	9			
	10	Laser status		1=Laser on 0=Laser off
Ľ	11	Gauge OK		1=Gauge OK
	12	Speed reading validity		1=Valid 0=Invalid
	13	Object detected		1=Object detected 0=No object
	14	Good reading status		1=Lower than threshold 0=OK
	15	Not used		
	0	Gauge OK		1=Error 0=OK
	1	Laser temperature too high		1=Too high 0=OK
	2	Laser temperature too low		1=Too low 0=OK
	3	APD temperature too high		1=Too high 0=OK
1	4	APD temperature too low		1=Too low 0=OK
-	5	APD DC level		1=Too high 0=OK
-	6	Gauge too hot		1=Too hot 0=OK
F	7	Not used		
	8	Not used		
2		Average speed	Old formate 1, 0, 01 m/min (ft/min) (uda/min)	±10~999999 (0.10~9999.99)
3 4		Instant speed	Old format: 1=0.01m/min {ft/min} {yds/min} New format: 1=0.001m/min{ft/min}{yds/min}	±10~999999
5				(0.10~9999.99)
6 7		Total length / Batch length (when in batch mode)	Old format: 1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch} New format: 1=0.0001m{ft}{yds}{inch}	±200,000.0000
ŀ	0	Logic input		
-	1	Not used Direction		0=Count up
ŀ	2			1=Count down 0=Direction
_	3	Logic input 1 function		1=Length hold 2=Display hold
-	4	Logic input 1 state		3=Speed hold 1=Active
8	5~7	20910		
-	8	Logic input 2 function		0=Reset input 1=Length hold
F	10	Logic input 2 state		1=Active
F	11	Direction		0=Count up 1=Count down
F	12	Length hold		1=Hold 1=Hold
	13 14	Display hold Speed hold		1=Hold 1=Hold

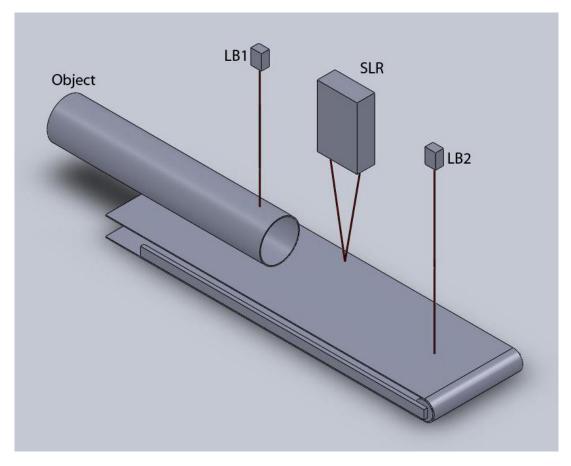
DW	Bit	Comments	Units	Range/Remark
	15	Length reset		1=Reset
9		Not used		
10		Batch number	1=1	
11		Not used		SNR
12		Total length	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	±200,000.0000
13		-		±200,000.0000
14		Good readings percentage	1=1%	0~100
15		Not used		Signal amplitude
16		Not used		
17		Not used		
18		Not used		
19		Not used		
20		i-BUS communications bus type		0=Modbus_TCP 1=PROFIBUS 2=DeviceNET 3=Ethernet/IP 4=PROFINET
21		DHCP		0=Enable 1=Disable
22		IP address	x.x.x.x	
23		IF address	X.X.X.X	
24		Subnet mask	x.x.x.x	
25		Sublict mask		
26		Gateway	x.x.x.x	
27		Galeway	^.^.^	
28		Not used		
29		Not used		

APPENDIX 1: HIGH ACCURACY LENGTH MEASUREMENT OF DISCRETE OBJECTS APPLICATION NOTE

PROBLEM

Length measurement of discrete objects moving on a production line may incur errors due to the tracking delay / hold time of the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge as individual objects enter and leave the gauge measurement spot.

SOLUTION

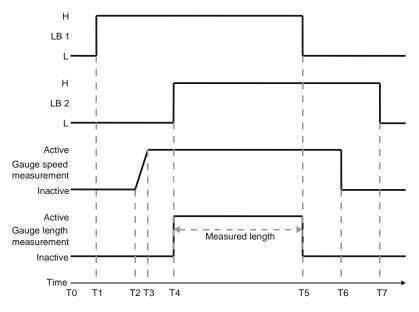


Use two accurately spaced light barriers connected to the logic inputs of the gauge to trigger length measurement only after the object is in position for accurate speed measurement by the gauge.

One light barrier (LB1) is installed upstream of the gauge and one light barrier (LB2) is installed downstream of the gauge. "L" is the accurately measured distance between LB1 and LB2.

The gauge is configured to measure length only when **both** LB1 **and** LB2 are interrupted by the object. The gauge thus measures the length of the object minus a section corresponding to the distance between LB1 and LB2:

Object length = L + (gauge measured length)



Time	Object status	LB1	LB1	SL / SLR status
T ₀	Clear of LB1, LB2, SL / SLR	Clear	Clear	No object
T ₁	Leading edge interrupts LB1	Blocked	Clear	No object
T ₂	Leading edge enters gauge	Blocked	Clear	Object detected but speed
	measurement spot			measurement not yet valid
T ₃	-	Blocked	Clear	Speed measurement valid (but not displayed/output in "Length hold" mode)
T_4	Leading edge interrupts LB2	Blocked	Blocked	Length measurement starts
T_5	Trailing edge clears LB1	Clear	Blocked	Length measurement ends
T ₆	Trailing edge clears gauge	Clear	Blocked	Speed measurement ends
	measurement spot			
T ₇	Trailing edge clears LB2	Clear	Clear	No object

The distance between the gauge gauge and LB2 must be large enough to allow the gauge sufficient time to generate valid speed measurements before the object reaches LB2 and triggers length measurement. Distance "L" between LB1 and LB2 must also be less than the minimum object length.

IMPLEMENTATION

Light barriers LB1 and LB2 can be connected to any 2 of the 3 logic inputs provided on the gauge. The behaviour of the gauge can be configured to trigger length measurement only when **both** LB1 and LB2 are blocked.

Both logic inputs should be configured to "Length hold" mode. An *active* logic input in "Length hold" mode will cause the gauge to freeze length readings and force the displayed speed to zero (however, internally the gauge will continue to accurately measure speed if an object is present). Hence each logic input should be configured to be *active* when its corresponding light barrier is *clear*.

A "Length offset" corresponding to the distance "L" between the two light barriers can also be programmed in to gauge. The gauge will then automatically add this "Length offset" to its length measurement display and output.

The length measurement generated by the gauge will be ready to read by other production control equipment when the output of LB1 transitions from blocked-to-clear (the object's trailing edge passes through LB1). A momentary pulse may be sent to the third logic input on the gauge to reset the length measurement once it has been read out by other production control equipment.

Connections to the SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauge

SL / SLR / SL mini / SLR mini gauges provide three user configurable logic inputs to connect to light barriers LB1 and LB2 and also to a reset pulse input from other production control equipment for resetting the length measurement. Access to these inputs is either via:

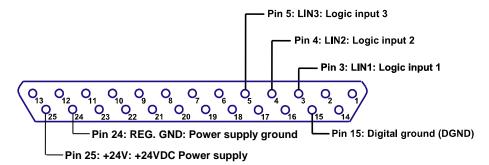
- 1. The DB25 INTERFACE socket on the gauge.
- 2. The screw terminal board in an optional PSU-BOB-SL combination power supply and breakout box (for SL and SLR gauges) or a PSU-BOB-SL-mini (for SL mini and SLR mini gauges).

Pin / Screw	Designation	Designation full name	Suggested application
3	LIN 1	Logic input 1	LB1 – Length hold mode
4	LIN 2	Logic input 2	LB2 – Length hold mode
5	LIN 3	Logic input 3	Reset length measurement pulse (no shorter than 1ms in duration)
15	DGND	Digital ground	Ground reference for LB1 and LB2

Power for +24VDC light barriers may be derived from the +24VDC power rail of the gauge:

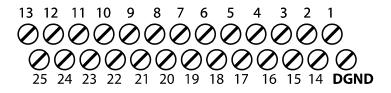
Pin / Screw	Designation	Designation name	Suggested application	
24	REG. GND	Power rail ground	SL / SLR	User must externally connect this pin to DGND (pin 15) if used to power +24VDC light barriers
			SL mini / SLR mini	Already internally connected inside the SL mini / SLR mini to DGND (pin 15).
25	+24V	+24VDC power rail	May be used to power +24VDC light barriers.	

DB25 INTERFACE Socket Logic Input Pin Designations



Connector type: DB25 Female Socket

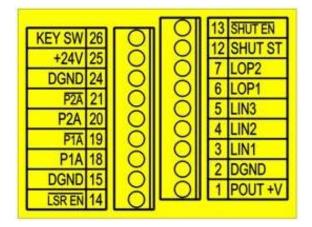
PSU-BOB-SL Screw Terminal Designations (for SL and SLR gauges only):



PSU-BOB-SL screw terminal numbers correspond directly to DB25 interface socket pin numbers.

In addition to screw terminal 15, an additional Digital Ground (DGND) terminal is provided on the PSU-BOB-SL screw terminal board.

PSU-BOB-SL-mini Screw Terminal Designations (for SL mini and SLR mini gauges only):



Connector type: Screw terminals

Functional group	Screw terminal	Designation	Description	Notes
Logic	3	LIN1	Logic input 1	Low < +3V; High > +10.5V; Max
inputs	4	LIN2	Logic input 2	±30V
inputs	5	LIN3	Logic input 3	User configurable function.
	25	+24V	Power supply	Operating voltage: 15 to 28VDC Power consumption: 15W
	2	DGND	Power supply and	
	15	DGND	signal ground	
	24	DGND	reference	

PSU-BOB-SL-mini screw terminal numbers correspond directly to DB25 interface socket pin numbers.

Logic input electrical characteristics

- Logic inputs are referenced to pin 15 (DGND). Pin 15 is internally connected to the enclosure earth so all voltages are also referenced to earth.
- A low state (logic 0) is defined as a voltage below +3V.
- A high state (logic 1) is defined as a voltage above +10.5V.
- The safe input voltage range is -30V to +30V.
- All inputs are internally pulled up via a 5.1kΩ resistor to an internal +15V source, thus inputs left open circuit default to the high state.
- The logic input requires a current of 3mA to pull it down to the low state.

Connection to the logic input depends on the signal source as follows:

- Solid state or mechanical relay contact: connect between pin 15 (DGND) and logic input pin.
- Pull-down: Connect ground to pin 15 (DGND) and signal to the logic input pin.
- Pull-up: Connect an 820kΩ resistor from the logic input pin to pin 15 (DGND); this will pull down the input to 2.5V when the pull-up is switched off. Connect ground to pin 15 (DGND) and signal to the logic input pin. If the signal is 24V, then power loss in the resistor across the input can be reduced by adding an 820kΩ resistor in series with the signal.

Gauge software configuration

The behaviour of the gauge can be configured via RS232, the optional AiG2 display unit or optional PCIS software. The following three configuration settings need to be adjusted:

- 1. Configure both light barrier logic input functions to "Length hold" mode.
- Configure both light barrier logic input active states to *active* when the light barriers are *clear* (*no object*):

LB1, LB2 output when clear (no object)	"Length hold" logic input active state
Low (pull down)	Active low
High (pull up)	Active high

- 3. Configure reset logic input function to "Reset length" mode.
- 4. Configure reset logic input active state to active high or active low as required.
- 5. Configure "Length offset" to distance "L" between LB1 and LB2.

SL / SLR gauge configuration using the optional AiG2 display unit:

• Navigate to the "Interface" menu and then navigate to the following submenus:

Logic input function:

Select "Length hold" for each light barrier logic input. Select "Reset length" for the reset pulse logic input.

Logic input active state:

Select "Active high" or "Active low" for each logic input.

• Navigate to the "Measurement" menu and then navigate to the following submenu:

Length offset:

Set a positive value corresponding to distance "L".

Note: If the default resolution of 1=0.1 m (or ft or yds or inch) of the "Length Offset" parameter is too large, then an enhanced resolution "Length Offset" of 1=0.001 m (or ft or yds or inch) can be factory-enabled in the SL / SLR gauge.

SL / SLR gauge configuration via RS232:

The following input parameters can be programmed via RS232 (and other optionally installed interfaces) on the SL / SLR gauge. For further information regarding the data format for programming parameters, please consult the SL / SLR gauge instruction manual.

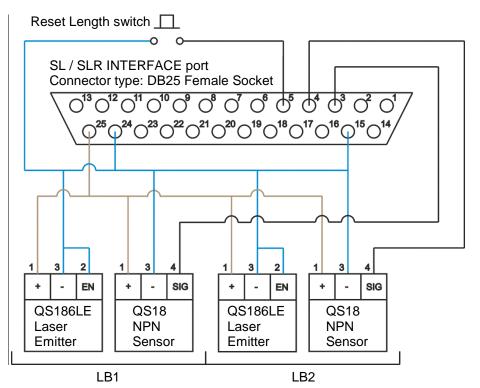
DW	Data bit	Comments	Value
	0		
	1	Logic input 1 function	1= Length hold 4= Reset length [if signal held for 5s, resets reel number]
	2		
	3	Logic input 1 polarity	0 = active low (pulled down) 1 = active high (pulled up)
	4		
	\$ 1	Logic input 2 function	1 = Length hold 4= Reset length [if signal held for 5s, resets reel number]
12 6 4= Reset length [if signal held for 5s,			
	7	Logic input 2 polarity	0 = active low (pulled down) 1 = active high (pulled up)
	8		
	9	Logic input 3 function	1 = Length hold 4= Reset length [if signal held for 5s, resets reel number]
	10		
	11	Logic input 3 polarity	0 = active low (pulled down) 1 = active high (pulled up)

DW	Comments	Unit	Range	Value
14	Length offset	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	3000.0~3000.0m{ft}{yds}{inch}	Set to distance "L"

Note: If the default resolution of $1=0.1 \text{ m}{ft}{yds}{inch}of$ the "Length Offset" (DW14) parameter is too large, then an enhanced resolution "Length Offset" of $1=0.001 \text{ m}{ft}{yds}{inch}$ can be factory-enabled in the SL / SLR gauge.

EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION USING BANNER QS18 LASER EMITTERS AND QS186LE NPN SENSORS

DB25 INTERFACE Socket Connection



QS186LE Laser Emitter / QS18 NPN Sensor wiring colour code				
Pin	1	2	3	4
Colour	Brown	White	Blue	Black

When no object is present, laser light from the QS186LE laser emitter illuminates the QS18 NPN sensor and its SIG output is pulled low; hence the SL / SLR gauge "Length hold" function must be set to "active low".

SL / SLR gauge configuration using the optional AiG2 display unit:

• Navigate to the "Interface" menu and then navigate to the following submenus:

Logic input function: Select "Length hold" for logic inputs 1 and 2. Select "Reset length" for logic input 3.

Logic input active state:

Select "Active low" for logic inputs 1, 2 and 3.

• Navigate to the "Measurement" menu and then navigate to the following submenu:

Length offset:

Set a positive value corresponding to distance "L".

SL / SLR gauge configuration via RS232:

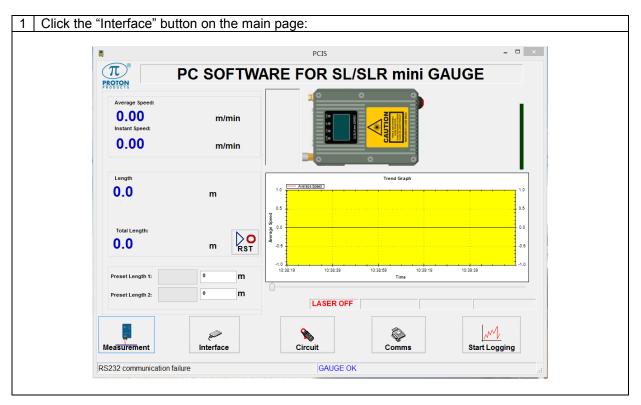
The following input parameters can be programmed via RS232 (and other optionally installed interfaces) on the SL / SLR gauge. For further information regarding the data format for programming parameters, please consult the SL / SLR gauge instruction manual.

DW	Data bit	Comments	Value	
	0	Logic input 1 function		
	1		1= Length hold	
	2			
	3	Logic input 1 polarity	0 = active low (pulled down)	
	4			
12	5	Logic input 2 function	1 = Length hold	
12	6			
	7	Logic input 2 polarity	0 = active low (pulled down)	
	8		4= Reset length [if signal held for 5s, resets reel number]	
	9	Logic input 3 function		
	10			
	11	Logic input 3 polarity	0 = active low (pull-down)	

DW	Comments	Unit	Range	Value
14	Length offset	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	3000.0~3000.0m{ft}{yds}{inch}	Set to distance "L"

SL mini / SLR mini configuration

Configuration via the PCiS_SLmini software:



2 When prom	pted, enter 6400	0 for the password and click the "OK" button:	
	ne logic input inter Pulse Output Rate Resolut Pulse 1 2 Mo Pulse 1 rate: 0.0 Pulse 2 rate: 0.0 Pulse 3 rate: 0.0	ut tesse rput password: ut erfaces as follows and then click the "Exit" button: erfaces as follows and then click the "Exit" button: orfaces as follows and then click the "Exit" button: logic input Format: Logic input Pormat: Logic input Polarity: Active Low Polarity: Active Low Direction Polarity: Active Low O pulse/m Hz O Polarity: Active Low Logic Input Polarity: Active Low Direction Direction Direction Setting: Up/Normal Logic Output LOP2: Gauge OK Closure Time: 0	
			Input
Label	Value	Description	DW
Format	New		12.15
Logic Input 1			10
Function	Length Hold		12 12
Polarity Logic Input 2	Active Low		12
Function	Length Hold		12
Polarity	Active Low		12
Logic Input 3	Active LOW		12
Function	Reset		12
Polarity	Active Low		12
Fullity			12

4 Click t	he "Measuren	nent" button on	the main page:	
	l		PCIS	- • ×
	π°		RE FOR SL/SLR mini GAUGE	
	Average Speed:			
	0.00 Instant Speed:	m/min		
	0.00	m/min		
	Length 0.0	m	Trend Graph	1.0
	Total Length:	m RST	We dealer	0.0
	0.0	m RST	-0.5	-0.5
	Preset Length 1:	• m	10.38:19 10.38:39 10.38:59 10.39:19 10.39:39 Time	
	Preset Length 2:	• m	LASER OFF	
				M,
	Measurement	Interface	Circuit Comms Start	Logging
R	S232 communication fail	lure	GAUGE OK	.::
5 When	prompted, en	ter 63000 for th	e password and click the "OK" button:	
•	,		·	
		Input Please input password:	ОК	
		****	Cancel	
Confid	uro the "Long	th Offect" to the	distance between the light berriers and	then aligh the "Evit"
6 button			distance between the light barriers and	
		Measurement	. 0 💌	
		Operation Mode:	Normal - Length Auto Save: OFF -	
		Measurement Unit: Length Speed Resolution	Meter • Speed Averaging Time: 0 ms : 0.1 & 0.01 - Hold Time: 0 ms	
		Preset Length Resolution	Length Offset: 0.0 m	
		Speed Decimal Point: Length Decimal Point:	0.000 • Speed Compensation: 0.0000 0.0000 • Minimum Speed Limit: 0.0 m/min	
		Object Detection:	OFF • Acceleration Limit: 0 m/min/s	
		Auto Reset When Object detected: Object Detection	OFF Reel Number: 0 Reset	
		Threshold: Test	0 %	
		Speed Mode: Random	Normal • Preset Speed: 0 m/min Current Speed: 0 m/min	
		Parameters	Save Factory Default	
			Exit	
Label	Valu	ie* Descr	iption	Input DW
	-3000			
Length Offs	set 3000 m{ft}{yds		e required length offset value.	14

Configuration by input parameters:

This interface may be configured by writing to the following input parameters:

Input parameters

DW	Bit	Comment Unit Range/Remark		Default
		Logic input(new format;DV		
	0			
	1	Logic input 1 function	1=Length hold	0
	2			
	3	Logic input 1 polarity	0=Active low	0
	4			
	5	Logic input 2 function	1=Length hold	1
	6			
	7	Logic input 2 polarity	0=Active low	0
12	8			
	9	Logic input 3 function	4=Reset	4
	10			
	11	Logic input 3 polarity	0=Active low	0
	12	Direction setting (available only when no logic input for direction)	0=Count up 1=Count down	0
	13~ 14	Not used		
	15	Must be 1	1=New format logic inputs	

DW	Bit	Comment	Unit	Range/Remark	Default
14		Length offset	1=0.1m{ft}{yds}{inch}	-3000.0~3000.0m{ft}{yds}{inch}	0

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. In cases where the manual is provided only in a form other than paper, such as on a computer disk or over the Internet, the information required by this section may be included in the manual in that alternative form, provided the user can reasonably be expected to have the capability to access information in that form.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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