

# CRE, CRIE, CRNE

Vertical, multistage centrifugal E-pumps  
North America, 60 Hz



be  
think  
innovate

**GRUNDFOS** 

<b>1. Product introduction</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9. Selection and sizing</b>	<b>39</b>
Pump	9	Selection of pump	39
Motor	9	How to read the curve charts	43
Terminal box positions	12	Guidelines to the performance curves	43
Ambient temperature	12		
Installation altitude	12		
<b>2. MLE technical data</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10. Performance curves / Technical data</b>	<b>44</b>
MLE permanent magnet motors 1/2 - 2 HP	13	CRE, CRIE, CRNE 1	44
MLE permanent magnet motors 1-15 HP	14	CRE, CRIE, CRNE 3	48
MLE permanent magnet motors 1 1/2 - 7 1/2 HP	15	CRE, CRIE, CRNE 5	52
MLE asynchronous motors 20-30 HP	16	CRE, CRIE, CRNE 10	56
MLE motors for CRE-H and CRNE-H	17	CRE, CRIE, CRNE 15	60
		CRE, CRIE, CRNE 20	64
		CRE, CRNE 32	68
		CRE, CRNE 45	71
		CRE, CRNE 64	74
		CRE, CRNE 90	77
		CRE, CRNE 120	80
		CRE, CRNE 150	83
<b>3. Control of E-pumps</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>11. Motor data</b>	<b>86</b>
E-pumps in the service of industry	18		
E-pumps in commercial building services	18	<b>12. Pumped liquids</b>	<b>87</b>
Control options	19	List of pumped liquids	87
Control modes for E-pumps	20		
<b>4. Advanced use of MLE motors</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>13. Accessories</b>	<b>90</b>
Introduction	22	Pipe connection	90
Bearing monitoring	22	LiqTec	95
Standstill heating	22	Pressure sensor	98
Outdoor installation	23	Pressure sensor	99
Stop function	23	Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI	100
Temperature sensors 1 and 2	24	Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI g.2 version	102
Signal relays	25	Flow transmitters	104
Analog sensor inputs 1 and 2	25	Gauges for CRE, CRIE, CRNE	104
Limit exceeded 1 and 2	26	Remote controls	105
		CIU communication interface units	106
		CIM communication interface modules	106
<b>5. Application examples of differential pressure in a circulation system<sup>30</sup></b>		<b>14. Variants</b>	<b>107</b>
Constant differential pressure	30	Lists of variants on request	107
Proportional differential pressure	30	Motors	107
Proportional differential pressure, parabolic curve (proportional differential pressure available on CRE-DP (differential pressure) only)	31	Connections and other variants	107
Constant differential pressure	31	Shaft seals	107
Proportional differential pressure	31	Pumps	107
<b>6. Construction</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>15. Quotation text</b>	<b>109</b>
CRE 1s, 1, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20	32		
CRIE, CRNE 1s, 1, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20	32	<b>16. Grundfos Product Center</b>	<b>110</b>
CRE 32, 45, 64 and 90	33	Grundfos GO	111
CRNE, CRIE 32, 45, 64 and 90	33		
CRE 120 and 150	34		
CRNE, CRIE 120 and 150	34		
<b>7. Type keys and codes</b>	<b>35</b>		
Type keys	35		
Codes	35		
<b>8. Operating and inlet pressure</b>	<b>36</b>		
Maximum operating pressure and temperature range	36		
Operating range of the shaft seal	37		
Maximum inlet pressure	38		

# 1. Product introduction



TM06 9851 0817

**Fig. 1** CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps

The CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps are based on the CR, CRI and CRN pumps. CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps belong to the so-called E-pump family and are referred to as E-pumps. The difference between the CR and CRE pump ranges is the motor. CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps are fitted with an E-motor, i.e. a motor with built-in variable frequency drive.

The E-pump motor is a Grundfos MLE motor. The built-in frequency converter enables continuously variable control of the motor speed. This means that the pump can be set to operate at any duty point. The purpose of continuously variable speed control of the motor speed is to adjust the performance to a given requirement.

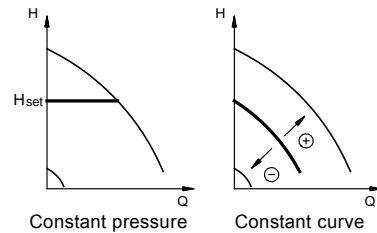
CRE, CRIE, CRNE pumps are available with a pressure sensor enabling the control of the pressure on the outlet side of the pump.

The purpose of supplying the E-pumps with a pressure sensor is to make the installation and commissioning simple and quick. All other E-pumps are supplied without sensor.

E-pumps without sensor are used when uncontrolled operation (open loop) is required or when there is a wish to fit a sensor at a later stage in order to enable:

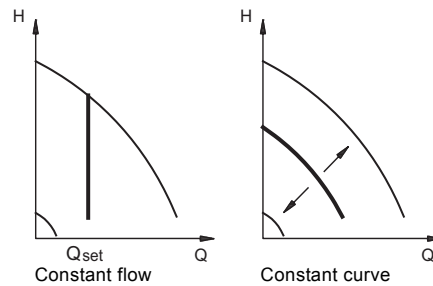
- pressure control
- flow control
- level control of liquid in a tank
- temperature control
- differential pressure control
- differential temperature control.

E-pumps without sensor are also used when a remote analog signal is connected to the setpoint input terminal.



TM00 7668 1696

**Fig. 2** CRE, CRIE, CRNE with sensor



TM01 0684 0808

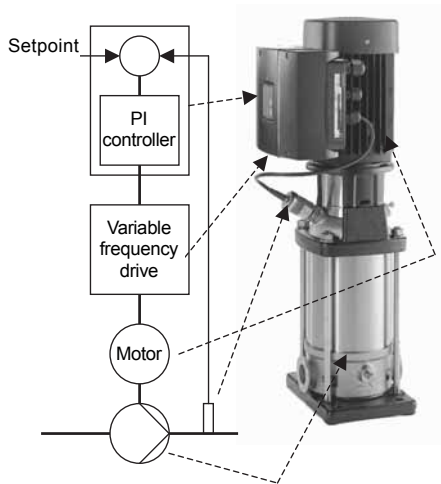
**Fig. 3** E-pumps without sensor

The pump materials are identical to those of the CR, CRI and CRN pump ranges.

An E-pump is not just a pump, but a system which is able to solve application problems or save energy in a variety of pump installations. All that is required, is the power supply connection and the fitting of the E-pump in the pipe system, and the pump is ready for operation.

The pump has been tested and pre-configured from the factory. The operator only has to specify the desired setpoint (pressure) and the system is operational.

In new installations, the E-pumps provide a number of advantages. The integrated variable frequency drive has a built-in motor protection function which protects both motor and electronics against overload. This means that E-pump installations do not require a motor-protective circuit breaker, but only a normal short-circuit protection for the cable.



TM03 0431 5104

**Fig. 4** Components of a Grundfos E-pump

## Selecting an E-pump

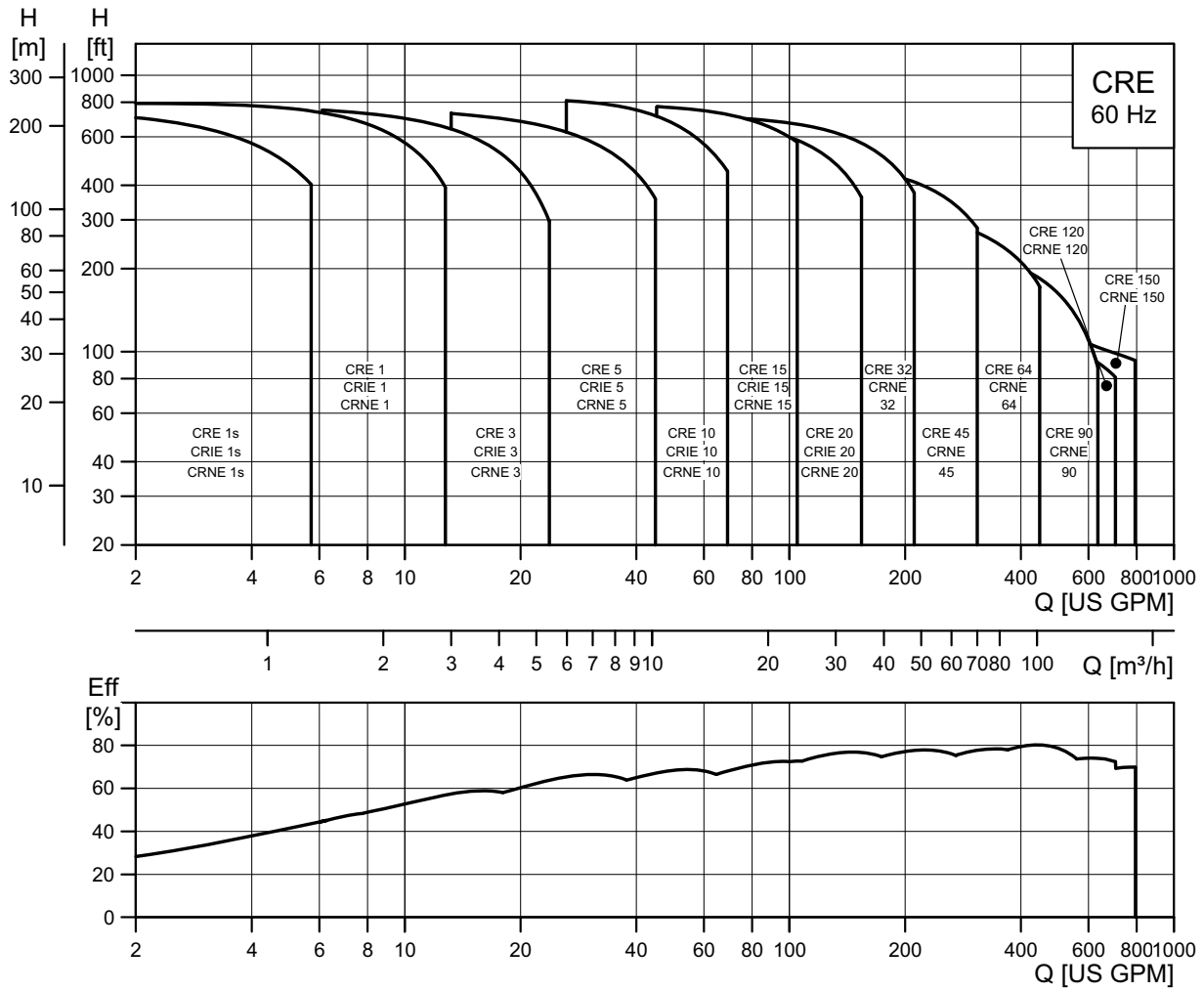
Select an E-pump if the following is required:

- controlled operation, i.e. the consumption fluctuates
- constant pressure
- communication with the pump.

Adaptation of performance through frequency-controlled speed control offers obvious benefits, such as:

- energy savings
- increased comfort
- control and monitoring of the pump performance.

Performance range, CRE, CRIE, CRNE



TM05 1598 3411

## Applications

Application
<b>Water supply</b>
Filtration and transfer at waterworks
Distribution from waterworks
Pressure boosting in mains
Pressure boosting in high-rise buildings, hotels, etc.
Pressure boosting for industrial water supply
<b>Industry</b>
<b>Pressure boosting</b>
Process water systems
Washing and cleaning systems
Vehicle-washing tunnels
Firefighting systems
<b>Liquid transfer</b>
Cooling and air-conditioning systems (refrigerants)
Boiler feed and condensate systems
Machine tools (cooling lubricants)
Aquafarming
<b>Special transfer duties</b>
Oils and alcohols
Acids and alkalis
Glycol and coolants
<b>Water treatment</b>
Ultrafiltration systems
Reverse osmosis systems
Softening, ionizing, demineralizing systems
Distillation systems
Separators
Swimming baths
<b>Irrigation</b>
Field irrigation (flooding)
Sprinkler irrigation
Drip-feed irrigation

For further information about which pump version to choose for a specific application or liquid, see [Pumped liquids](#) on page 87.

## Application examples

As discussed earlier, speed control of pumps is an efficient way of adjusting pump performance to the system.

In this section, we will discuss the possibilities of combining speed-controlled pumps with PI controllers and sensors measuring system parameters, such as pressure, differential pressure and temperature. On the following pages, the different options will be presented through examples.

## Constant-pressure control

A pump supplies tap water from a break tank to various taps in a building.

The demand for tap water varies, and so does the system characteristic, according to the required flow rate. To achieve comfort and energy savings, we recommend a constant supply pressure.

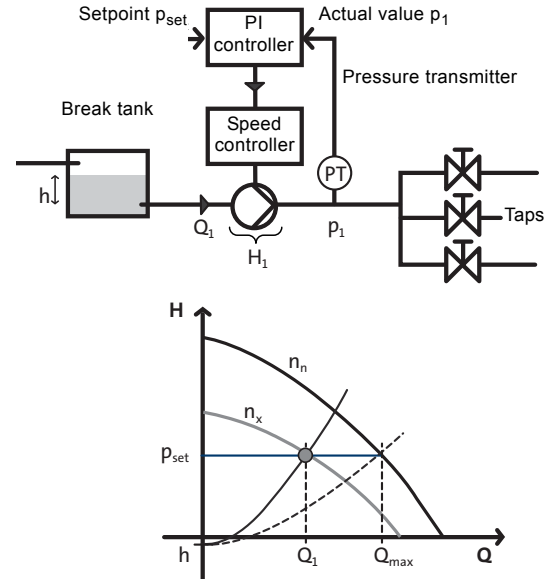


Fig. 5 Constant-pressure control

As appears from fig. 5, the solution is a speed-controlled pump with a PI controller. The PI controller compares the required pressure,  $p_{set}$ , with the actual supply pressure,  $p_1$ , measured by a pressure transmitter PT.

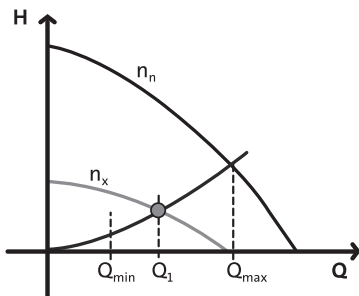
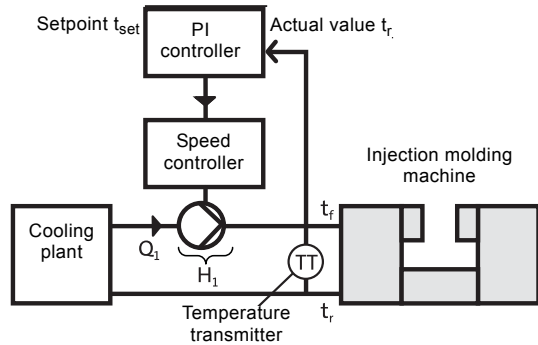
If the actual pressure is higher than the setpoint, the PI controller reduces the speed and consequently the performance of the pump until  $p_1 = p_{set}$ . Figure 5 shows what happens when the flow rate is reduced from  $Q_{max}$  to  $Q_1$ .

The controller reduces the speed of the pump from  $n_n$  to  $n_x$  in order to ensure that the required outlet pressure is  $p_1 = p_{set}$ . The pump ensures that the supply pressure is constant in the flow range of 0 to  $Q_{max}$ . The supply pressure is independent of the level ( $h$ ) in the break tank. If  $h$  changes, the PI controller adjusts the speed of the pump so that  $p_1$  always corresponds to the setpoint.

TM03 0410 5004

**Constant-temperature control**

Performance adjustment by means of speed control is suitable for a number of industrial applications. Figure 6 shows a system with an injection molding machine which must be water-cooled to ensure high quality production.



TM03 0412 5004

**Fig. 6** Constant-temperature control

The pump will be operating at a fixed system characteristic. The controller will ensure that the actual flow rate,  $Q_1$ , is sufficient to ensure that  $t_r = t_{set}$ .

The machine is cooled with water at 59 °F (15 °C) from a cooling plant. To ensure that the molding machine runs properly and is cooled sufficiently, the return-pipe temperature has to be kept at a constant level,  $t_r = 68$  °F (20 °C). The solution is a speed-controlled pump, controlled by a PI controller. The PI controller compares the required temperature,  $t_{set}$ , with the actual return-pipe temperature,  $t_r$ , which is measured by a temperature transmitter TT. This system has a fixed system characteristic, and therefore the duty point of the pump is located on the curve between  $Q_{min}$  and  $Q_{max}$ . The higher the heat loss in the machine, the higher the flow of cooling water needed to ensure that the return-pipe temperature is kept at a constant level of 68 °F (20 °C).

## Product range, CRE

Range	CRE 1s	CRE 1	CRE 3	CRE 5	CRE 10	CRE 15	CRE 20
Rated flow rate [US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> h)]	4.5 (1.0)	8.5 (1.9)	15 (3.4)	30 (6.8)	55 (12.5)	95 (21.6)	110 (25.0)
Temperature range [°F (°C)]	-4 to +250 (-20 to +121)						
Temperature range [°F (°C)] - on request	-40 to +356 (-40 to +180)						
Maximum working pressure [psi (bar)]	362 (25)						
Maximum pump efficiency [%]	35	49	59	67	70	72	72
Flow range [US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> h)]	0 - 5.7 (0 - 1.3)	0 - 12.8 (0 - 2.9)	0 - 23.8 (0 - 5.4)	0-45 (0 - 10.2)	0-70 (0 - 15.9)	0-125 (0 - 28.4)	0-155 (35.2)
Maximum pump pressure (H [ft (m)])	760 (230)	790 (240)	790 (240)	780 (237)	865 (263)	800 (243)	700 (213)
Motor power [HP]	1/3 to 2	1/3 to 3	1/3 to 5	3/4 to 7 1/2	3/4 to 15	2-25	3-25
<b>Version</b>							
CRE: Cast iron and stainless steel AISI 304	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CRIE: Stainless steel AISI 304	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CRNE: Stainless steel AISI 316	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CRTE: Titanium	-	-	(CRTE 2)	(CRTE 4)	(CRTE 8)	(CRTE 16)	-
Range	CRE 32	CRE 45	CRE 64	CRE 90	CRE 120	CRE 150	
Rated flow rate [US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> h)]	140 (32)	220 (50)	340 (77)	440 (100)	610 (139)	750 (170)	
Temperature range [°F (°C)]	-22 to +250 (-30 to +121) <sup>1)</sup>				-22 to +250 (-30 to +121) <sup>1) &amp; 2)</sup>		
Temperature range [°F (°C)] - on request	-40 to +356 (-40 to +180)				-	-	
Maximum working pressure [psi (bar)]	435 (30)						
Maximum pump efficiency [%]	76	78	79	80	75	73	
Flow range [US gpm]	14-210 (3.2 - 47.7)	22-310 (5.0 - 70.0)	34-450 (7.7 - 102.2)	44-630 (10.0 - 143.1)	61-700 (13.9 - 159.0)	75-790 (17.0 - 179.4)	
Maximum pump pressure (H [ft (m)])	720 (220)	490 (149)	330 (101)	230 (70)	140 (43)	150 (15)	
Motor power [HP]	5-30	7 1/2 - 30	10-30	15-30	20-25	25-30	
<b>Version</b>							
CRE: Cast iron and stainless steel AISI 304	•	•	•	•	•	•	
CRIE: Stainless steel AISI 304	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CRNE: Stainless steel AISI 316	•	•	•	•	•	•	
CRTE: Titanium	-	-	-	-	-	-	

• Available.

1) CRN 32 to CRN 90 with HQQE shaft seal: -4 to +250 °F (-20 to +121 °C).

2) CR, CRN 120 and 150 with 75 or 100 HP motors with HBQE shaft seal: 0 °F to +250 °F (-17 to +121 °C).

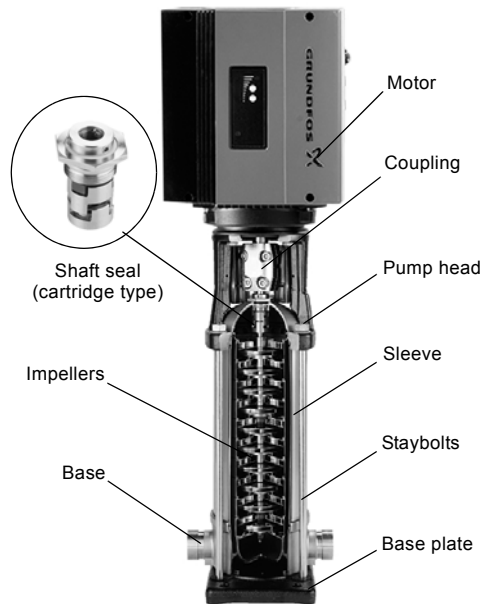


## Pump

The CRE pumps are non-self-priming, vertical, multistage centrifugal pumps.

The pumps are available with a Grundfos standard motor (CR pumps) or a Grundfos frequency-controlled motor (CRE pumps).

The pump consists of a pump head and a base. The chamber stack and the sleeve are secured between the pump head and the base by means of staybolts. The base has inlet and outlet ports on the same level (in line). All pumps are fitted with a maintenance-free mechanical shaft seal of the cartridge type.



TM069196 - GR3395

**Fig. 7** CR pump

CRE pump with ANSI/NSF 61 listing is available. See UL file MH26400 or contact Grundfos.

## Motor

### MLE motors

MLE motors incorporate thermal protection against slow overload and blocking.

CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps require no external motor protection.

### Frequency-controlled MLE motors

CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps are fitted with a totally enclosed, fan-cooled, frequency-controlled MLE motor.

### Permanent magnet motors

From 1/2 to 2 HP, Grundfos offers CRE pumps fitted with single-phase MLE motors (1 x 200-240 V).

From 1 to 15 HP, Grundfos offers CRE pumps fitted with three-phase MLE motors (3 x 440-480 V).

From 1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP, Grundfos offers CRE pumps fitted with three-phase MLE motors (3 x 200-240 V).

### Asynchronous motors

From 20 to 30 HP, Grundfos offers CRE pumps fitted with three-phase MLE motors (3 x 460-480 V).

See Grundfos Product Center at [www.grundfos.com](http://www.grundfos.com).

### Electrical data

	MLE motor CRE, CRIE, CRNE
<b>Mounting designation</b>	NEMA
<b>Insulation class</b>	F
<b>Efficiency</b>	See <i>Motor data</i> on page 86
<b>Enclosure class</b>	TEFC (Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled)
	1/2 to 2 HP 1 x 200-240 V
	1 to 15 HP: 3 x 440-480 V
<b>Supply voltage</b> <b>Tolerance: - 10 %/+ 10 %</b>	20 to 30 HP: 3 x 460-480 V
	1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP: 3 x 200-240 V

## MLE 1/2 to 15 HP permanent magnet motors

### Supply voltage: 1/2 to 2 HP (1 x 200-240 V)

1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP (3 x 200-240 V) 1 to 15 HP (3 x 440-480 V)

Advanced functional module (FM 300)

The FM 300 is the standard functional module in all MLE motors 1/2 to 15 HP.

The module has a number of inputs and outputs enabling the motor to be used in advanced applications where many inputs and outputs are required.

The FM 300 has these connections:

- three analog inputs
- one analog output
- two dedicated digital inputs
- two configurable digital inputs or open-collector outputs
- Grundfos Digital Sensor input and output
- two Pt100/1000 inputs
- two LiqTec sensor inputs
- two signal relay outputs
- GENibus connection.

### Connection terminals

CRE, CRIE, CRNE pumps have a number of inputs and outputs enabling the pumps to be used in advanced applications where many inputs and outputs are required.

Functional module 300 has been selected as standard for CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps.

See fig. 8.

As a precaution, the wires to be connected to the following connection groups must be separated from each other by reinforced insulation in their entire lengths.

### Inputs and outputs

- Start/stop (digital input 1) (terminals 2 and 6)
- pressure sensor (analog input 1) (terminals 4 and 8)
- pressure switch (digital input 3) (terminals 10 and 6)
- external analog signal input (analog input 2) (terminals 7 and 23)
- GENibus (terminals A, Y and B).

All inputs and outputs are internally separated from the power-conducting parts by reinforced insulation and galvanically separated from other circuits.

All control terminals are supplied by protective extra-low voltage (PELV), thus ensuring protection against electric shock.

### Signal relay outputs

– Signal relay 1:

LIVE:

Power supply voltages up to 250 VAC can be connected to this output.

PELV:

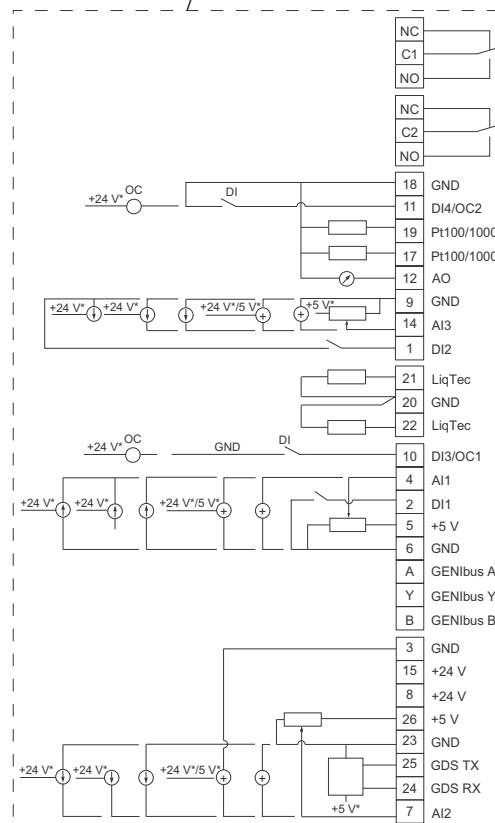
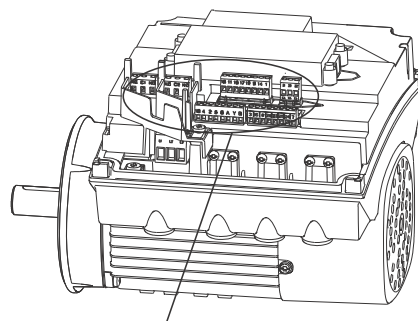
The output is galvanically separated from other circuits. Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

– Signal relay 2:

PELV:

The output is galvanically separated from other circuits. Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

– **Power supply** (terminals N, PE, L or L1, L2, L3, PE)



\* If an external supply source is used, there must be a connection to GND.

Fig. 8 Connection terminals, FM 300 functional module

TM05 3509 3512

### MLE 20 to 30 HP asynchronous motors

**Supply voltage:**  
20 to 30 HP (3 x 460-480 V)

#### Advanced I/O module

The advanced I/O module is the standard functional module in these MLE motors.

The module has a number of inputs and outputs enabling the motor to be used in advanced applications where many inputs and outputs are required.

The Advanced I/O module has these connections:

- start/stop terminals
- three digital inputs
- one setpoint input
- one sensor input (feedback sensor)
- one sensor 2 input
- one analog output
- two Pt100 inputs
- two signal relay outputs
- GENIbus connection.

#### Connection terminals

As a precaution, the wires to be connected to the following connection groups must be separated from each other by reinforced insulation in their entire lengths.

#### Inputs and outputs

- Start/stop (terminals 2 and 3)
- digital inputs (terminals 1 and 9, 10 and 9, 11 and 9)
- sensor input 2 (terminals 14 and 15)
- Pt100 sensor inputs (terminals 17, 18, 19 and 20)
- setpoint input (terminals 4, 5 and 6)
- sensor input (terminals 7 and 8)
- GENIbus (terminals B, Y and A).

All inputs are internally separated from the power-conducting parts by reinforced insulation and galvanically separated from other circuits.

All control terminals are supplied with protective extra-low voltage (PELV), thus ensuring protection against electric shock.

#### Output (relay signal, terminals NC, C, NO)

The output is galvanically separated from other circuits.

Therefore, the supply voltage or protective extra-low voltage can be connected to the output as desired.

- Analog output (terminal 12 and 13).

#### Power supply (terminals L1, L2, L3)

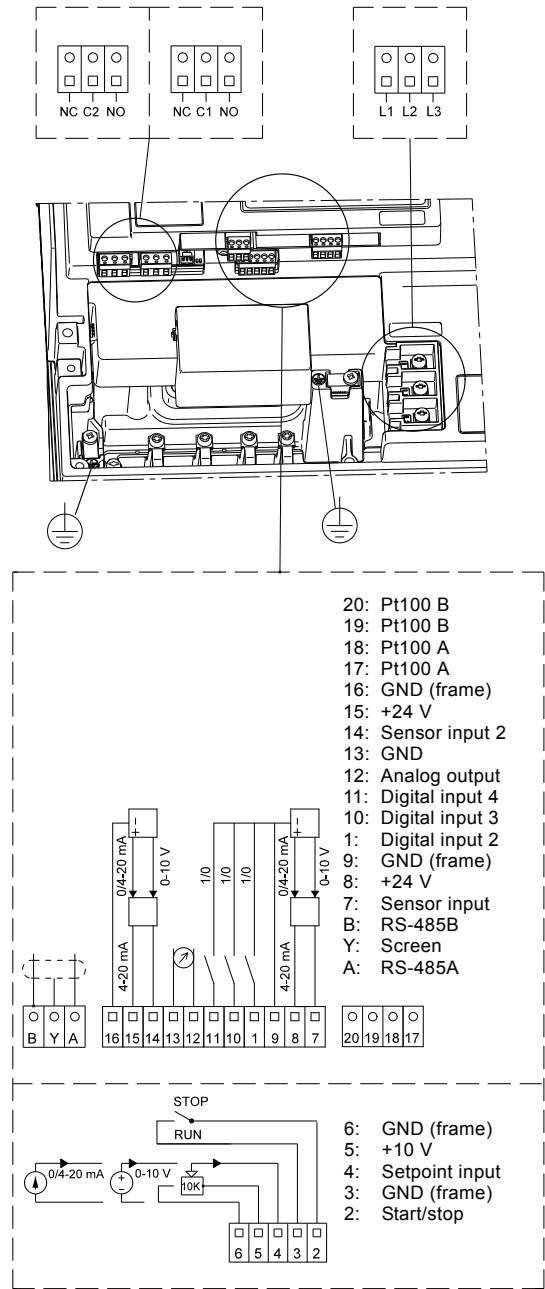


Fig. 9 Connection terminals, Advanced I/O module

TM05 7035 0313

## Terminal box positions

As standard, the terminal box is fitted on the inlet side of the pump.

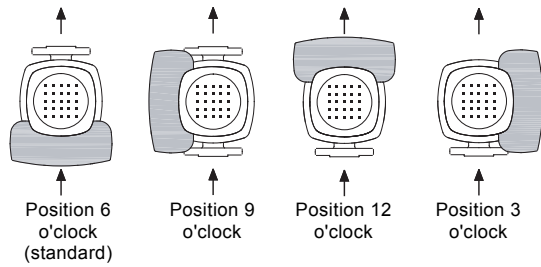


Fig. 10 Terminal box positions

TM03 3658 0606

## Ambient temperature

MLE motor power [HP]	Motor make	Voltage [V]	Max. ambient temp. [°F (°C)]	Max. altitude above sea level [ft (m)]
1/2 to 2	MLE	1 x 200-240	122 (50)	
1 to 15	MLE	3 x 440-480	122 (50)	3280 (1000)
1 1/2 to 7 1/2	MLE	3 x 200-240	104 (40)	
20 to 30	MLE	3 x 460-480	104 (40)	

If the ambient temperature exceeds the above maximum ambient temperatures or the pump is installed at an altitude exceeding 3280 ft (1000 m), the motor must not be fully loaded due to the risk of overheating. Overheating may result from excessive ambient temperatures or high altitudes.

In such cases, it may be necessary to use a motor with a higher rated output.

## Viscosity

The pumping of liquids with densities or kinematic viscosities higher than those of water will cause a considerable pressure drop, a drop in the hydraulic performance and a rise in the power consumption.

In such situations, fit the pump with a larger motor. If in doubt, contact Grundfos.

## Installation altitude

Installation altitude is the height above sea level of the installation site. Motors installed up to 3280 ft (1000 m) above sea level can be loaded 100 %.

Motors installed more than 3280 ft (1000 m) above sea level must not be fully loaded due to the low density and consequently low cooling effect of the air.

### MLE permanent magnet motors 1/2 to 2 HP (1 x 200-240 V)

1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP (3 x 200-240 V)  
1 to 15 HP (3 x 440-480 V)

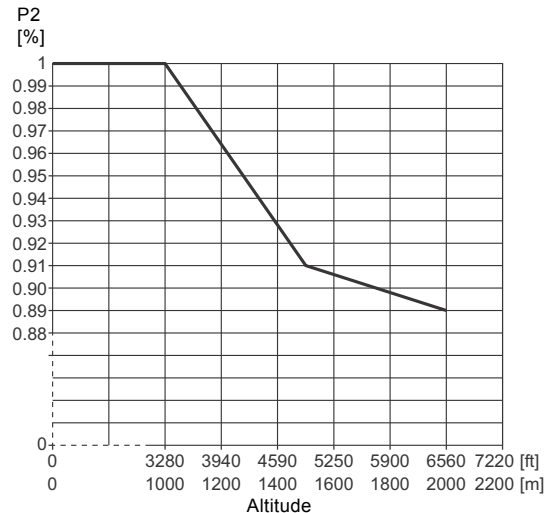


Fig. 11 Derating of motor output (P2) in relation to altitude above sea level

TM05 9217 3513

### MLE asynchronous motors 20 to 30 HP (3 x 460-480 V)

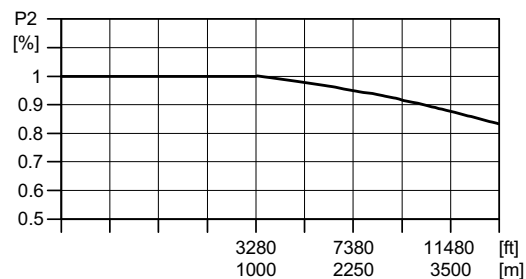


Fig. 12 Derating of motor output (P2) in relation to altitude above sea level

TM05 9218 3513

## 2. MLE technical data

Grundfos MLE motors are equipped with NEMA standard C-face flanges.

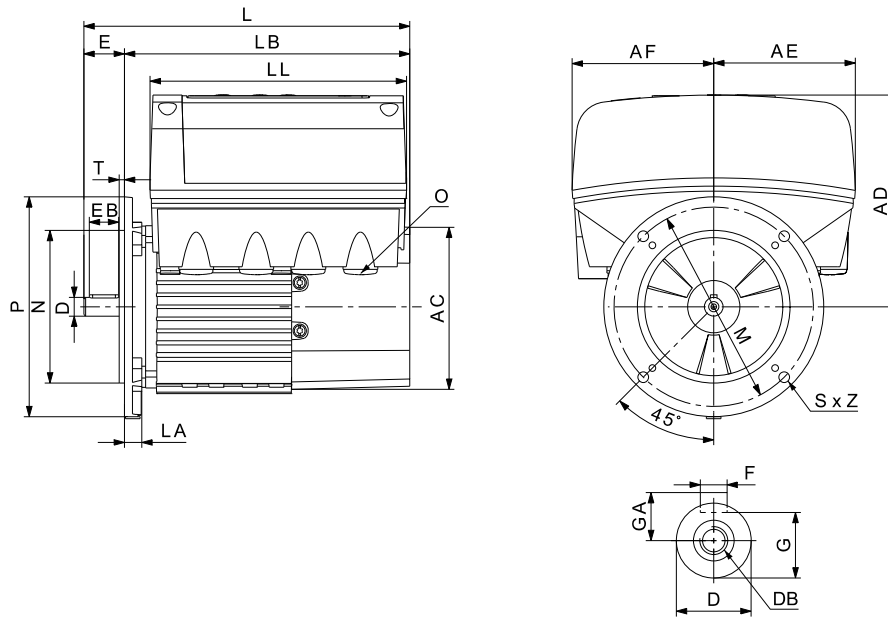
Grundfos MLE motors are recognized under the Component Recognition Program of Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for the United States and Canada.

MLE motors are equipped with a reinforced bearing system with locked bearings at the drive end, either a deep-groove ball bearing or an angular-contact bearing depending on the motor model.

This ensures an even uptake of the load in order to maximize the lifetime of the bearings, which are guaranteed for a minimum of 18,000 hours service life. At the non-drive end, the motors are fitted with bearings with axial clearance in order to meet production tolerances while allowing for thermal expansion during motor operation. This ensures trouble-free operation and long life.

### MLE permanent magnet motors 1/2 - 2 HP

#### (2-pole) 1/60/200-240



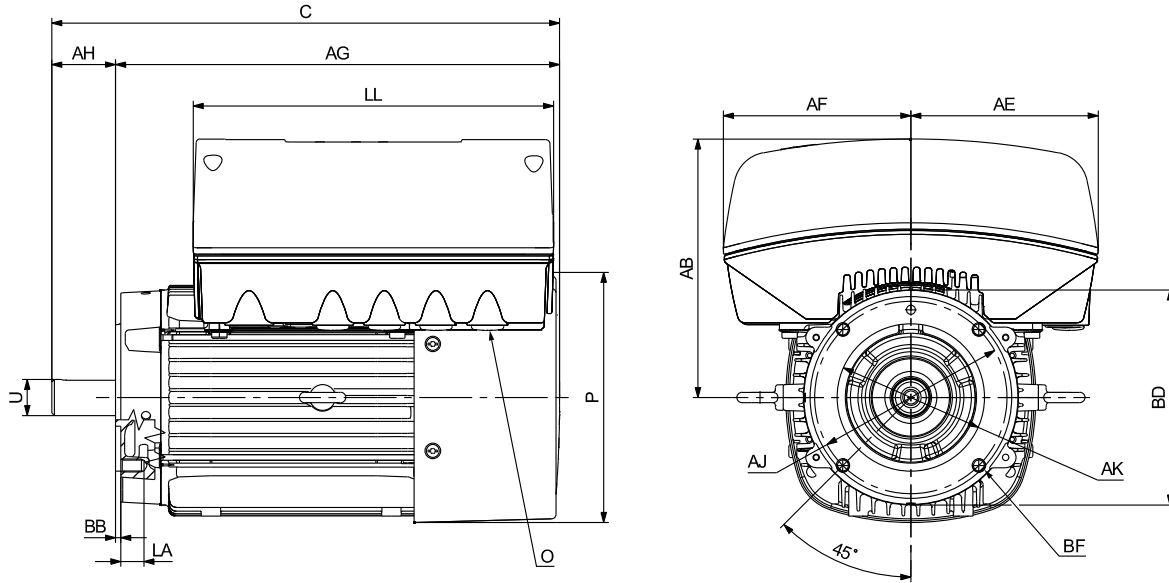
TM05 6786 5012

#### 2-pole dimensional data

Power [HP]	NEMA frame	Stator housing [inches (mm)]							Shaft end [inches (mm)]	
		AC	AD	AF	L	LB	LL	D	E	
1/2	56C	4.80	6.22	4.17	10.55	8.46	7.56	0.63	2.06 (52.3)	
3/4		(122)	(158)	(106)	(268)	(215)	(192)	(15.9)		
1		4.80	6.22	4.17	11.34	9.25	7.56	0.63	2.06 (52.3)	
1 1/2		(122)	(158)	(106)	(288)	(235)	(192)	(15.9)		

Power [HP]	NEMA Frame	Flange [inches (mm)]						Cable entries [mm]	
		LA	M	N	P	S	T	O	
1/2	56C	0.63	5.87	4.50	6.50	3/8"	0.16	1/2" NPT (4)	
3/4		(16)	(149.2)	(114.3)	(165)		(4)		
1		1.42	5.87	4.50	6.50	3/8"	0.16	1/2" NPT (4)	
1 1/2		(36)	(149.2)	(114.3)	(165)		(4)		

# MLE permanent magnet motors 1-15 HP (2-pole) 3/60/440-480



TM06 6518 3316

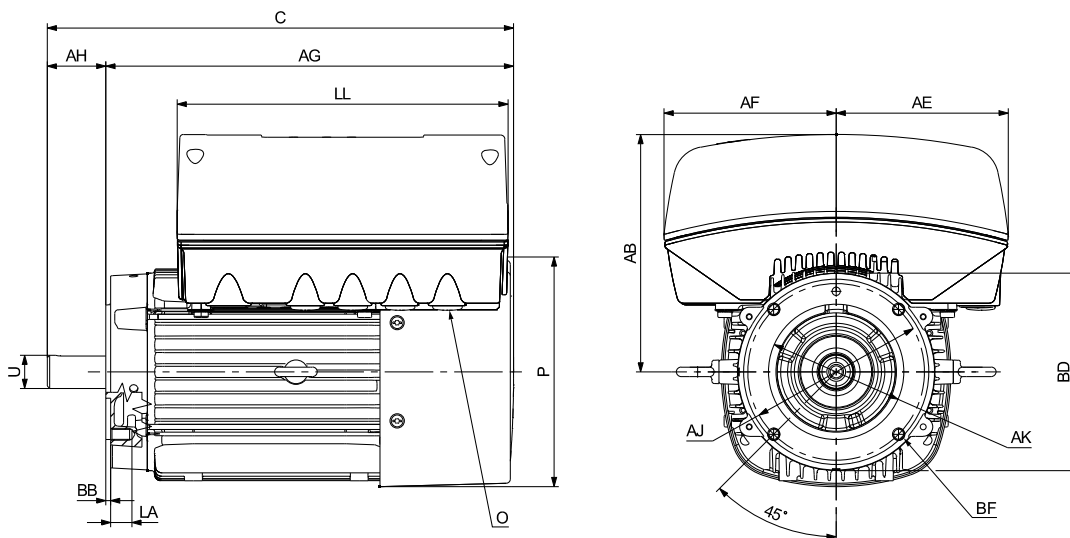
## Dimensional data

Power [HP]	NEMA frame	Stator housing [inches (mm)]							Shaft end [inches (mm)]	
		P	AB	AE	AF	C	AG	LL	U	AH
1	56C	4.80 (122)	6.22 (158)	5.28 (134)	5.28 (134)	12.13 (308)	10.04 (255)	9.13 (232)	0.63 (15.9)	2.06 (52.3)
1 1/2		4.80 (122)	6.22 (158)	5.28 (134)	5.28 (134)	12.13 (308)	10.04 (255)	9.13 (232)	0.63 (15.9)	2.06 (52.3)
2		4.80 (122)	6.22 (158)	5.28 (134)	5.28 (134)	12.91 (328)	10.83 (275)	9.13 (232)	0.63 (15.9)	2.06 (52.3)
3	182TC	4.80 (122)	6.22 (158)	5.28 (134)	5.28 (134)	13.46 (342)	10.83 (275)	9.13 (232)	1.13 (28.6)	2.62 (66.6)
5		7.53 (191.3)	7.91 (201)	5.73 (145.5)	5.73 (145.5)	15.89 (403.6)	13.15 (334)	11.02 (280)	1.13 (28.6)	2.74 (69.6)
7 1/2	213TC	7.53 (191.3)	7.91 (201)	5.73 (145.5)	5.73 (145.5)	17.75 (450.9)	14.37 (365)	11.02 (280)	1.37 (34.9)	3.38 (85.9)
10		10.04 (254.9)	9.33 (237)	6.81 (173)	6.81 (173)	18.70 (474.9)	15.31 (389)	12.48 (317)	1.37 (34.9)	3.38 (85.9)
15	254TC	10.04 (254.9)	9.33 (237)	6.81 (173)	6.81 (173)	19.74 (501.3)	15.98 (406)	12.48 (317)	1.63 (41.3)	3.75 (95.3)

Power [HP]	NEMA frame	Flange [inches (mm)]						Cable entries [mm]
		LA	AJ	AK	BD	BF	BB	O
1	56C	0.63 (16)	5.87 (149.2)	4.50 (114.3)	6.50 (165)	3/8"	0.16 (4)	1/2" NPT (4)
1 1/2		0.63 (16)	5.87 (149.2)	4.50 (114.3)	6.50 (165)	3/8"	0.16 (4)	1/2" NPT (4)
2		1.42 (36)	5.87 (149.2)	4.50 (114.3)	6.50 (165)	3/8"	0.16 (4)	1/2" NPT (4)
3	182TC	0.51 (13)	7.25 (184.2)	-	8.50 (215.9)	1/2"	-	1/2" NPT (4)
5		0.75 (19)	7.25 (184.5)	8.50 (215.9)	8.50 (215.9)	1/2" - 13	0.25 (6.35)	1/2" NPT (5)
7 1/2	213TC	0.75 (19)	7.25 (184.15)	8.50 (215.9)	8.50 (215.9)	1/2" - 13	0.25 (6.35)	1/2" NPT (5)
10		0.79 (20)	7.25 (184.15)	8.50 (215.9)	8.68 (220.5)	1/2" - 13	0.25 (6.35)	3/4" NPT (1) & 1/2" NPT (5)
15	254TC	0.79 (20)	7.25 (184.15)	8.50 (215.9)	8.68 (220.5)	1/2" - 13	0.25 (6.35)	3/4" NPT (1) & 1/2" NPT (5)

# MLE permanent magnet motors 1 1/2 - 7 1/2 HP

1 1/2 - 7 1/2 HP (2-pole) 3/60/200-240



TM06 6518 3316

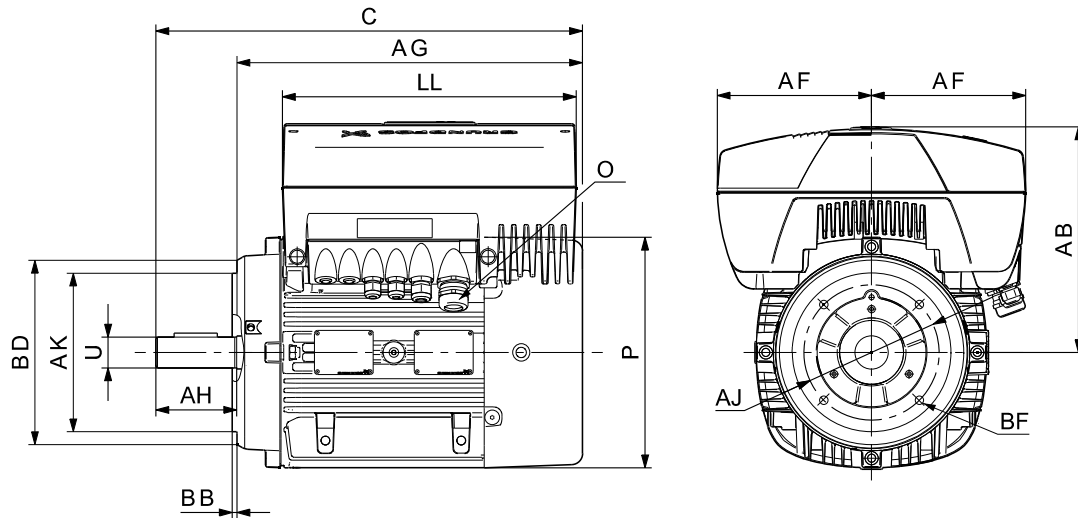
## Dimensional data

Power [HP]	NEMA frame	Stator housing [inches (mm)]							Shaft end [inches (mm)]	
		P	AB	AE	AF	C	AG	LL	U	AH
1 1/2	56C	4.80	6.22	5.28	5.28	12.13	10.04	9.13	0.63	2.06
2		(122)	(158)	(134)	(134)	(308)	(255)	(232)	(15.9)	(52.3)
3	182TC	7.53	7.91	5.73	5.73	15.89	13.15	11.02	1.13	2.74
5		(191.3)	(201)	(145.5)	(145.5)	(408)	(334)	(280)	(28.6)	(69.6)
7 1/2	213TC	10.04	9.33	6.81	6.81	18.70	15.31	12.48	1.37	3.38(85.9)
		(254.9)	(237)	(173)	(173)	(476)	(389)	(317)	(34.9)	

Power [HP]	NEMA frame	Flange [inches (mm)]						Cable entries [mm]
		LA	AJ	AK	BD	BF	BB	O
1 1/2	56C	0.63						
2		(16)	5.87	4.5	6.50	3/8 "	0.16	1/2" NPT (4)
		1.42	(149.2)	(114.3)	(165)		(4)	
3	182TC	0.75	7.25	8.50	8.50	1/2"-13	0.25	1/2" NPT (5)
5		(19)	(184.15)	(215.9)	(215.9)		(6.35)	
		0.75	7.25	8.50	8.50	1/2"-13	0.25	1/2" NPT (5)
		(19)	(184.15)	(215.9)	(215.9)		(6.35)	
7 1/2	213TC	0.79	7.25	8.50	8.68	1/2"-13	0.25	3/4" NPT (1) & 1/2" NPT (5)
		(20)	(184.15)	(215.9)	(220.5)		(6.35)	

## MLE asynchronous motors 20-30 HP

(2-pole) 3/60/460-480



TM04 5498 3309

## Dimensional data

Power [HP]	Nema frame	Stator housing [inches (mm)]							Shaft end [inches]	
		P	AB	AF	AF	C	AG	LL	U	AH
20	256TC	13.39 (340)	12.13 (308)	8.27 (210)	8.27 (210)	22.56 (573)	18.78 (477)	15.75 (400)	1.62 (41)	3.75 (95)
25	284TC	13.39 (340)	12.13 (308)	8.27 (210)	8.27 (210)	24.53 (623)	22.72 (577)	15.75 (400)	1.62 (41)	3.75 (95)
30	286TC	13.39 (340)	12.13 (308)	8.27 (210)	8.27 (210)	24.53 (623)	22.72 (577)	15.75 (400)	1.62 (41)	3.75 (95)

Power [HP]	Nema frame	Flange [inches (mm)]					Cable entries [mm]
		AJ	AK	BD	BF	BB	O
20	256TC	7.25 (184)	8.50 (216)	9.88 (251)	1/2"	0.26 (7)	1 x M40 + 1 x M20 + 2 x M16 + 2 x knock out M16
25	284TC	9.00 (229)	10.50 (267)	10.75 (273)	1/2"	0.32 (8)	1 x M40 + 1 x M20 + 2 x M16 + 2 x knock out M16
30	286TC	9.00 (229)	10.50 (267)	10.75 (273)	1/2"	0.32 (8)	1 x M40 + 1 x M20 + 2 x M16 + 2 x knock out M16



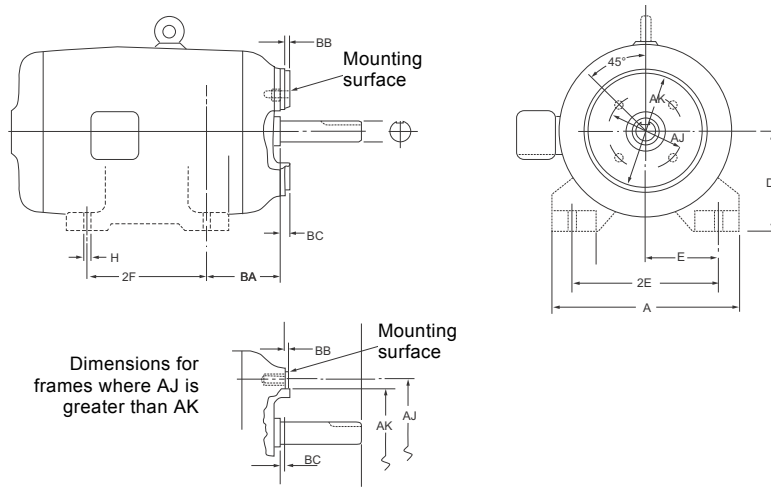
## MLE motors for CRE-H and CRNE-H

(C-Face mounting with foot)



GR9035

### Dimensional sketch



TM05 3012 0812

### Dimensional data

Power [HP]	Phase	NEMA frame size	Foot dimensions [inches]						
			A	D	E	2E	2F	BA + BC	H
<b>1-phase 2-pole MLE motor with foot</b>									
1/2	1	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
3/4	1	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
1	1	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
1 1/2	1	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
2	1	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
<b>3-phase 2-pole MLE motor with foot</b>									
1	3	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
1 1/2	3	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
2	3	56C	6.00	3.50	2.44	4.88	3.00	2.56	0.34
3	3	182TC	8.90	4.50	3.75	7.50	4.50	2.87	0.41
5	3	184TC	8.90	4.50	3.75	7.50	5.50	2.87	0.41
7 1/2	3	215TC	9.96	5.25	4.25	8.50	7.00	3.75	0.41
10	3	215TC	9.60	5.25	4.25	8.50	7.00	3.75	0.41
15	3	254TC	11.30	6.25	5.00	10.00	8.25	4.50	0.53
20	3	256TC	11.30	6.25	5.00	10.00	10.00	4.50	0.53
25	3	284TSC	12.30	7.00	5.50	11.00	9.50	5.00	0.53
30	3	286TSC	12.30	7.00	5.50	11.00	11.00	5.00	0.53

## 3. Control of E-pumps

CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps are the ideal choice for a number of applications characterized by a demand for variable flow at constant pressure. The pumps are suited for water supply systems and pressure boosting as well as for industrial applications.

Depending on the application, the pumps offer energy savings, increased comfort and improved processing.

### E-pumps in the service of industry

The industry uses a large number of pumps in many different applications. Demands on pumps in terms of pump performance and mode of operation make speed control a must in many applications.

E-pumps are ideal for and often used in the situations listed below.

#### Constant pressure

- Water supply
- washing and cleaning systems
- distribution from waterworks
- humidifying systems
- water treatment systems
- process boosting systems, etc.

**Example:** Within industrial water supply, E-pumps with integrated pressure sensor are used to ensure a constant pressure in the pipe system. From the sensor, the E-pump receives inputs about changes of pressure as a result of changes in the consumption. The E-pump responds to the input by adjusting the speed until the pressure is equalized. The constant pressure is stabilized once more on the basis of the preset setpoint.

#### Constant temperature

- Air-conditioning systems in industrial plants
- industrial cooling systems
- industrial freezing systems
- casting and molding tools, etc.

**Example:** In industrial freezing systems, E-pumps with temperature sensor increase comfort and lower operating costs compared with pumps without a temperature sensor.

An E-pump continuously adapts its performance to the changing demands reflected in the differences in temperature of the liquid circulating in the freezing system. Thus, the lower the demand for cooling, the smaller the quantity of liquid circulated in the system and vice versa.

#### Constant level

- Boiler feed systems
- condensate systems
- sprinkler irrigation systems
- chemical industry, etc.

**Example:** In a steam boiler, it is important to be able to monitor and control pump operation to maintain a constant level of water in the boiler.

By using an E-pump with level sensor in the boiler, it is possible to maintain a constant water level.

A constant water level ensures optimum and cost-efficient operation as a result of a stable steam production.

#### Dosing applications

- Chemical industry, i.e. control of pH values
- petrochemical industry
- paint industry
- degreasing systems
- bleaching systems, etc.

**Example:** In the petrochemical industry, E-pumps with pressure sensor are used as dosing pumps.

The E-pumps help to ensure that the correct mixture ratio is achieved when more liquids are combined.

E-pumps functioning as dosing pumps improve processing and offer energy savings.

### E-pumps in commercial building services

Commercial building services use E-pumps to maintain a constant pressure or a constant temperature based on a variable flow rate.

#### Constant pressure

Water supply in high-rise buildings, such as office buildings and hotels.

**Example:** E-pumps with pressure sensor are used for water supply in high-rise buildings to ensure a constant pressure even at the highest draw-off point.

As the consumption pattern and thus the pressure changes during the day, the E-pump continuously adapts its performance until the pressure is equalized.

#### Constant temperature

- Air-conditioning systems in hotels, schools, etc.
- building cooling systems, etc.

**Example:** E-pumps are an excellent choice for buildings where a constant temperature is essential. E-pumps keep the temperature constant in air-conditioned, high-rise glass buildings, irrespective of the seasonal fluctuations of the outdoor temperature and various heat impacts inside the building.

### Control options

It is possible to communicate with CRE, CRIE, CRNE pumps via the following platforms:

- control panel on the pump
- Grundfos GO Remote
- central management system.

The purpose of controlling an E-pump is to monitor and control the pressure, temperature, flow rate and liquid level of the system.

### Control panel on the pump

The control panel on the E-pump terminal box makes it possible to change the setpoint settings manually.

#### MLE permanent magnet motors 1/2 to 2 HP (1 x 200-240 V) and

1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP (3 x 200-240 V)

1 to 15 HP (3 x 440-480 V)

The operating condition of the pump is indicated by the Grundfos Eye on the control panel. See fig. 13.

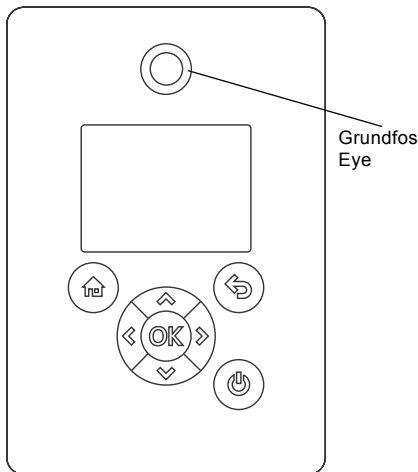


Fig. 13 Control panel on CRE pump

#### MLE asynchronous motors 20 to 30 HP (3 x 460-480 V)

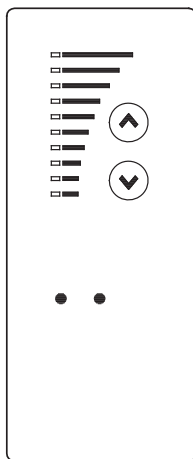


Fig. 14 Control panel on CRE pump

### Grundfos GO Remote

The pump is designed for wireless radio or infrared communication with Grundfos GO Remote.

Grundfos GO Remote enables the setting of functions and gives access to status overviews, technical product information and actual operating parameters.

Grundfos GO Remote offers three different mobile interfaces (MI).

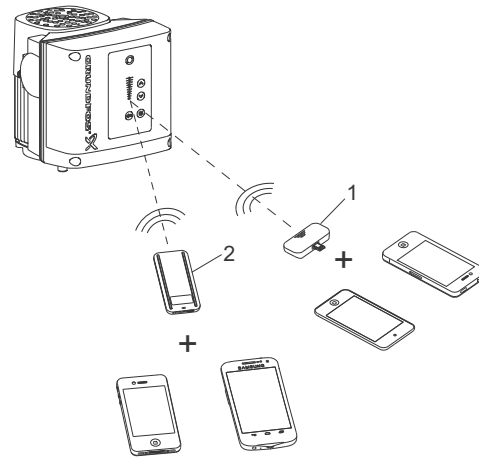


Fig. 15 Grundfos GO Remote communicating with the pump via radio or infrared connection (IR)

TM06 6256 0916

Pos.	Description
1	Grundfos MI 204: Add-on module enabling radio or infrared communication. You can use MI 204 in conjunction with an Apple iPhone or iPod with Lightning connector, e.g., fifth generation or later iPhone or iPod. MI 204 is also available together with an Apple iPod touch and a cover.
2	Grundfos MI 301: Separate module enabling radio or infrared communication. You can use MI 301 in conjunction with an Android or an IOS-based smart device with Bluetooth connection.

TM06 9616 2517

TM02 8513 0304

## Central management system

Communication with the E-pump is possible even if the operator is not present near the E-pump. Communication is enabled by connecting the E-pump to a central management system. This allows the operator to monitor the pump and to change control modes and setpoint settings.

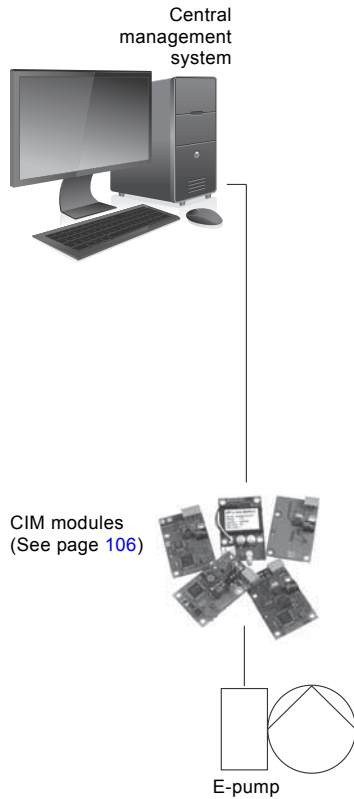


Fig. 16 Structure of a central management system

## Control modes for E-pumps

Grundfos CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps are available in two variants:

- CRE, CRIE and CRNE with integrated pressure sensor
- CRE, CRIE and CRNE without sensor.

### CRE, CRIE and CRNE with integrated pressure sensor

Use CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps with integrated pressure sensor in applications where you want to control the pressure after the pump, irrespective of the flow rate. For further information, see [Control of E-pumps](#) on page 18.

Signals of pressure changes in the pipe system are transmitted continuously from the sensor to the pump. The pump responds to the signals by adjusting its performance up or down to compensate for the pressure difference between the actual and the desired pressure. As this adjustment is a continuous process, a constant pressure is maintained in the pipe system.



Fig. 17 CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps

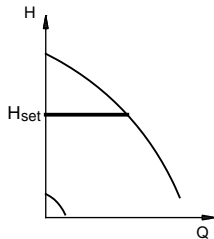
TM06 7627 3716

TM06 9851 0817

A CRE, CRIE or CRNE pump with integrated pressure sensor facilitates installation and commissioning. CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps with integrated pressure sensor can be set to either of these control modes:

- constant pressure (factory setting)
- constant curve.

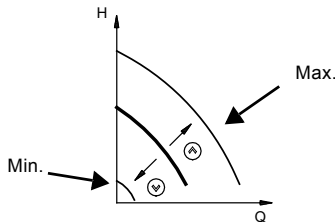
In constant-pressure mode, the pump maintains a preset pressure after the pump, irrespective of the flow rate. See fig. 18.



TM00 9322 4796

Fig. 18 Constant-pressure mode

In constant-curve mode, the pump is not controlled. It can be set to pump according to a preset pump characteristic curve within the range from minimum curve to maximum curve. See fig. 19.



TM00 9323 1204

Fig. 19 Constant-curve mode

### CRE, CRIE and CRNE without sensor

CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps without sensor are suitable in these situations:

- Uncontrolled operation is required.
- The sensor has been retrofitted in order to control the flow rate, temperature, differential temperature, liquid level, pH value, etc. at some arbitrary point in the system.

#### MLE permanent magnet motors

- 1/2 to 2 HP (1 x 200-240 V) and
- 1 1/2 to 7 1/2 HP (3 x 200-240 V)
- 1 to 15 HP (3 x 440-480 V)

These CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps without sensor can be set to either of these control modes:

- constant pressure
- constant differential pressure
- constant temperature
- constant differential temperature
- constant flow rate
- constant level
- constant curve
- constant other value.

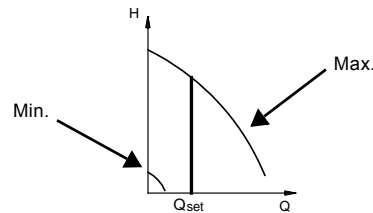
#### MLE asynchronous motors

- 20 to 30 HP (3 x 460-480 V)

These CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps without sensor can be set to either of these control modes:

- controlled operation
- uncontrolled operation (factory setting).

In controlled operating mode, the pump adjusts its performance to the desired setpoint. See fig. 20.



TM02 7264 2803

Fig. 20 Constant-flow mode

In uncontrolled operating mode, the pump operates according to a preset pump characteristic curve. See fig. 19.

## 4. Advanced use of MLE motors

### Introduction

Grundfos MLE motors have many features for the advanced user.

Grundfos three-phase MLE motors have features such as bearing monitoring, standstill heating, stop function, signal relays, analog sensors and limit exceeded. These features give a unique opportunity to customize the E-pumps.

PC Tool E-products gives access to most of the settings available in the products, as well as the possibility of logging and viewing data.

All of these features are described below.

### Bearing monitoring

Bearing monitoring is a built-in function indicating the time to relubricate or replace the bearings of the MLE motor. The relubrication feature is only available for three-phase pumps of 15-30 HP.

#### Purpose and benefits

The purpose of this function is to give an indication to the user when it is time to relubricate or replace the motor bearings. This is important information for maintenance planning.

Bearing monitoring provides these benefits:

- The bearing can be relubricated at the right time according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Maximum life of the motor bearings is obtained.
- Maintenance intervals are based on the operating conditions of the bearings.
- No worn-down or damaged bearings, and consequently no costly down-time, due to overseen maintenance.

#### Description

When the bearing monitoring function determines that it is time to relubricate the bearings, the user will receive a warning via PC Tool E-products, a bus or a relay.

When the bearings have been relubricated, a certain number of times, the warning function will inform the user to replace the bearings.

The number of relubrications before bearing replacement is set by Grundfos.

#### Technical description

The bearing monitoring function is available on two levels for calculating the relubrication interval, basic and advanced:

Bearing monitoring function	
<b>Basic level</b>	
<b>Calculation of relubrication intervals based on motor revolutions</b> The basic level is a standard feature of the 15-30 HP basic controller and no special functional module is required.	
<b>Advanced level (only 15-30 HP)</b>	
<b>Calculation of relubrication intervals based on motor revolutions and bearing temperature</b> <b>Note:</b> The advanced-level function requires the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The extended functional module must be fitted in the MLE motor.</li> <li>• Temperature sensors must be fitted at the drive end and at the non-drive end of the motor.</li> </ul>	

### Standstill heating

Standstill heating is a feature ensuring that even during standstill periods the motor windings have a certain minimum temperature.

#### Purpose and benefits

The purpose of this function is to make the MLE motor more suitable for outdoor installation. During standstill periods, there is a need to keep the motor temperature higher than the ambient temperature to avoid condensation in and on the motor.

Traditionally this issue has been solved by using an anti-condensation heater on the stator coil heads. Now Grundfos provides this feature by means of a special function within the MLE motor and terminal box.

The MLE motor has standstill heating included. An external heater on the stator coil is not necessary.

#### Applications

This function is especially suitable in outdoor applications and at installation sites with fluctuating temperatures.

#### Description

The working principle is that AC voltage is applied to the motor windings. The applied AC voltage will ensure that sufficient heat is generated to avoid condensation in the motor. The terminal box is kept warm and dry by the heat generated via the power supply. However, it is a condition that the terminal box is not exposed to open air. It must be provided with a suitable cover to protect it from rain.

## Outdoor installation

According to UL 778 and C22.2 No 108-14, pumps that are intended for outdoor use must be marked enclosure type 3, and the product must be tested at a rated surface temperature down to -31 °F (-35 °C). The MLE enclosure is approved for type 3 or 4 and a rated surface temperature down to 32 °F (0 °C), and thus only for indoor use in UL 778 and C22.2 No 108-14 pump applications. See the installation and operating instructions for additional details.

## Stop function

The stop function ensures that the pump is stopped at low or no flow. The function is also called low-flow stop function.

### Purpose and benefits

The purpose of the stop function is to stop the pump when low flow is detected.

The stop function provides these benefits:

- The energy consumption is optimized and the system efficiency is improved.
- Unnecessary heating of the pumped liquid which damages pumps is avoided?
- Wear of the shaft seals is reduced.
- Noise from operation is reduced.

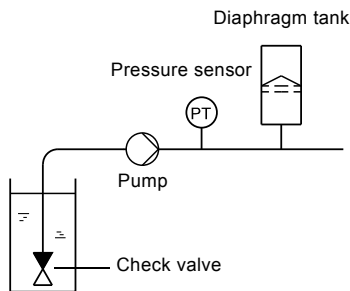
### Applications

The stop function is used in systems with periodically low or no consumption thus preventing the pump from running against closed valve.

### Operating conditions for the stop function

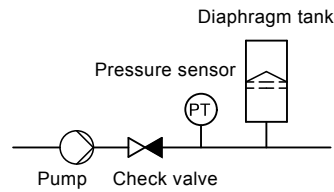
A pressure sensor, a check valve, and a diaphragm tank are required for the stop function to operate properly.

**Note:** The check valve must always be installed before the pressure sensor. See fig. 21 and fig. 22.



**Fig. 21** Position of the check valve and pressure sensor in system with suction lift operation

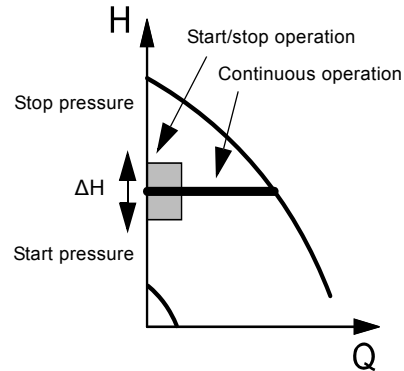
TM03 8562 1907



**Fig. 22** Position of the check valve and pressure sensor in system with positive inlet pressure

TM03 8563 1907

When low flow is detected, the pump is in start/stop operation. If there is flow, the pump will continue operating according to the setpoint. See fig. 23.



**Fig. 23** Constant pressure with stop function. Difference between start and stop pressures ( $\Delta H$ )

TM03 8477 1607

### Diaphragm tank

The stop function requires a diaphragm tank of a certain minimum size. The tank must be installed near the pump outlet, and the precharge air pressure must be 0.7 x setpoint.

Recommended diaphragm tank size:

Rated flow rate of pump [gpm (m <sup>3</sup> h)]	CRE pump	Typical diaphragm tank size [gal (liter)]
0-26 (0 - 5.9)	1s, 1, 3	2 (7.6)
27-105 (6.1 - 23.8)	5, 10, 15	4.4 (16.7)
106-176 (24.2 - 40)	20, 32	14 (53.0)
177-308 (40.2 - 70.0)	45	34 (128.7)
309-440 (70.2 - 99.9)	64, 90	62 (234.7)
441-750 (100-170)	120, 150	86 (325.5)

If a diaphragm tank of the above size is installed in the system, additional adjustment is unnecessary. If the tank installed is too small, the pump will start and stop often. Tank size will influence at which flow rate the system will go into start/stop operation.

### Description

The low-flow stop function can operate in two different ways:

- by means of an integrated low-flow detection function
- by means of an external flow switch connected to the digital input.

### Low-flow detection function

- The low-flow detection function will check the flow rate regularly by reducing the speed for a short time. A small change in pressure or no change in pressure means that there is low flow.

### Low-flow detection with flow switch

- When a flow switch detects low flow, the digital input will be activated.

Contact Grundfos for further information.

### Dry-running protection

This function protects the pump against dry running. When lack of inlet pressure or water shortage is detected, the pump will be stopped before being damaged.

Lack of inlet pressure or water shortage can be detected with a switch connected to a digital input configured to dry-running protection.

The use of a digital input requires an accessory, such as:

- a Grundfos Liqtec® dry-running switch (for more information on LiqTec, see [Accessories](#) on page 90)
- a pressure switch installed on the inlet side of the pump
- a float switch installed on the inlet side of the pump.

The pump cannot restart as long as the digital input is activated.

## Temperature sensors 1 and 2

One or two Pt100 temperatures sensors may be connected to the input terminals 17, 18, 19, and 20.

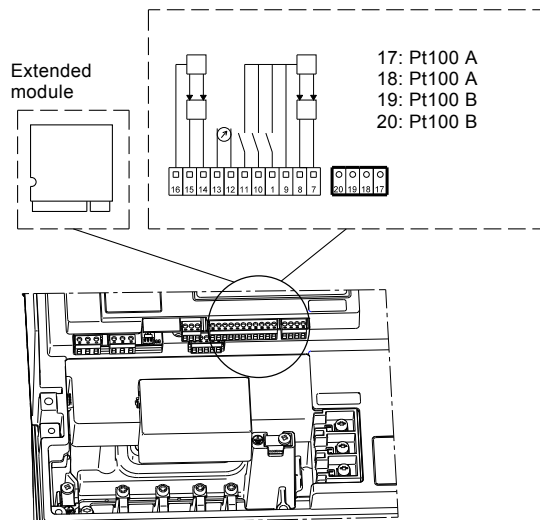


Fig. 24 Temperature sensor connections in the extended functional module

### Purpose and benefits

The temperature sensor inputs 1 and 2 provide these benefits:

- The temperature sensor inputs can be used as input to the limit exceeded functions 1 and 2.
- In combination with the bearing monitoring function, the temperature sensors provide optimum monitoring of the motor bearings.
- A bearing warning or a bearing alarm can be indicated as the motor bearing temperature is measured.
- Status readings of the measured temperatures are available via Grundfos GO, PC Tool E-products and a bus.
- The function has a built-in signal fault detection if the temperature sensors fail or a conductor is broken.

### Applications

The temperature inputs can be used in all applications where temperatures in the system or in the motor need to be monitored.

**Note:** The temperature sensor inputs are available on all MLE motors.

### Description

The temperature sensor inputs enable several functions.

- The temperature sensor inputs 1 and 2 can be used as input to the limit exceeded functions 1 and 2. If a limit is exceeded, this will be indicated. The indication will be in the form of outputs (relay) or alarms/warnings set or defined in the limit exceeded functions 1 and 2.
- The temperature sensor inputs 1 and 2 can be set to measure bearing temperature. The measured values of temperature sensor 1 and 2 are used in the calculation of relubrication intervals. Additionally, the measured value can activate the indication of a bearing warning or a bearing alarm. In case of high bearing temperature, a warning or an alarm can be logged and force the pump to stop.



### Signal relays

Signal relays are used to give an output indication of the current operational status of the MLE. The signal relay is a potential free contact (also called a dry contact). The output signals are typically transmitted to external control systems.

#### Purpose and benefits

The signal relays offer these features:

- The signal relays can be remotely (via bus) or internally controlled.
- The signal relays can be set to indicate several types of operational status.
- A relay delay can be defined to avoid activating the relay in case of periodic failures.

#### Applications

Signal relays can be used in all applications involving a need to read out the operational status to e.g. a control room or to a superior control system.

#### Description

The signal relays can be set with these three parameters:

- relay control
- relay setup
- relay delay.

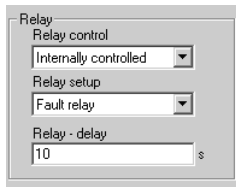


Fig. 25 Signal relay parameters for 1/2 - 10 HP pumps

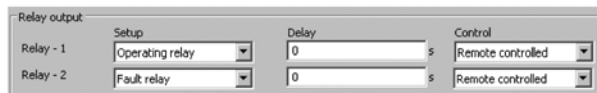


Fig. 26 Signal relay parameters for 15-30 HP pumps

#### Relay control

The relay time is 0 seconds and the signal relay is internally controlled.

The advanced relay control can only be set via PC Tool E-products.

Relay control has these two setting options:

- **Internally controlled**  
The relay is internally controlled by the variable frequency drive software according to the setup of the relay [Ready, Fault, Operation].
- **Remotely controlled**  
The relay is controlled via commands from the GENibus.

### Analog sensor inputs 1 and 2

The analog sensor inputs 1 and 2 are standardized inputs for measuring all types of analog parameters. Sensor input 1 is the only sensor input set for closed-loop operation. The input will be used as the sensor feedback input.

Sensor input 2 is referred to as the secondary sensor.

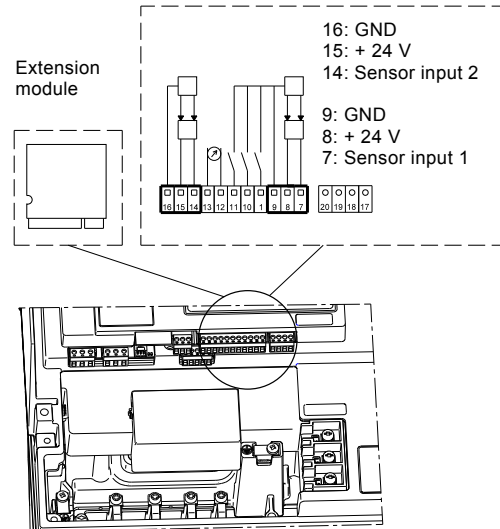


Fig. 27 Sensor inputs 1 and 2 connections

#### Purpose and benefits

The analog sensor inputs 1 and 2 provide these benefits:

- Sensor input 1 can be feedback input for the built-in PI controller.
- It is possible to monitor secondary parameters in the process, e.g. flow rate or liquid temperature.
- The secondary sensor can be set as a redundant sensor.
- The sensors can give input to the limit exceeded functions 1 and 2.
- Status readings of the inputs are available via Grundfos GO and PC Tool E-products.

#### Applications

Analog sensor inputs 1 and 2 can be used in applications with a need for monitoring essential parameters.

TM03 9214 3607

## Description

The analog sensors 1 and 2 enable several functions.

- When the secondary sensor is set as an input to the limit exceeded functions 1 and 2, defined outputs or warnings or alarms can be given when system parameters are outside defined system limits.
- Connecting a flow sensor.  
When sensor input 2 is set with a flow sensor, the measured value can be used as input to the proportional-pressure function. The flow rate displayed in Grundfos GO will be the measured flow rate instead of the estimated flow rate.  
The flow rate measurement can also be used in the low-flow stop function to detect low flow instead of estimating the flow rate by lowering the speed of the pump.
- Sensor reading via Grundfos GO and PC Tool E-products.  
When sensors are set, the user can get a status reading via Grundfos GO and PC Tool E-products.

## Analog output

Analog output

The analog output (0-10 mA) can be set via PC Tool E-products to one of these indications:

- feedback value
- speed
- frequency
- motor current
- external setpoint input
- limit exceeded.

The analog output is default set to not active.

## Feedback value

The output signal is a function of the actual feedback sensor.

## Speed

The output signal is a function of the actual pump speed.

## Frequency

The output signal is a function of the actual frequency.

## Motor current

The output signal is a function of the actual motor current.

## External setpoint input

The output signal is a function of the external setpoint input.

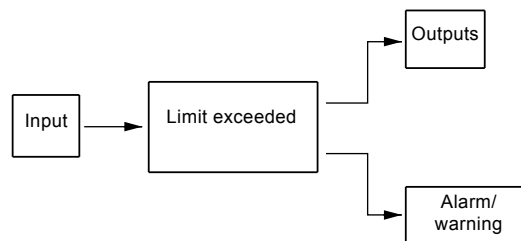
## Limit exceeded

The output signal indicates whether the limit is exceeded:

- Minimum output = limit is not exceeded.
- Maximum output = limit is exceeded.

## Limit exceeded 1 and 2

Limit exceeded is a monitoring function monitoring one or two values or inputs. The function enables different **inputs** to activate various **outputs** and **alarms/warnings** when the signal input has exceeded pre-determined limits.



TM03 9188 3507

**Fig. 28** Example of a limit exceeded sequence

## Purpose and benefits

The purpose of this function is to monitor parameters which are central for the application. This will enable the controller to react to possible, abnormal operating conditions. This makes the E-pump a more important and integrated part of a system, and it can thus replace other existing monitoring units.

The liquid temperature can be monitored, and thus the E-pump can ensure that the system temperature does not exceed a maximum permissible level.

The minimum inlet pressure can be monitored, and thus the E-pump can prevent damage caused by a cavitation or dry run.

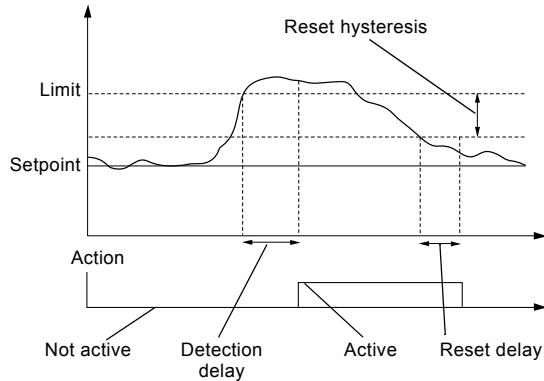
## Applications

The limit exceeded function is typically used for monitoring secondary parameters in the systems.

**Description**

The figures below show two examples of setpoint monitoring by means of the limit exceeded function.

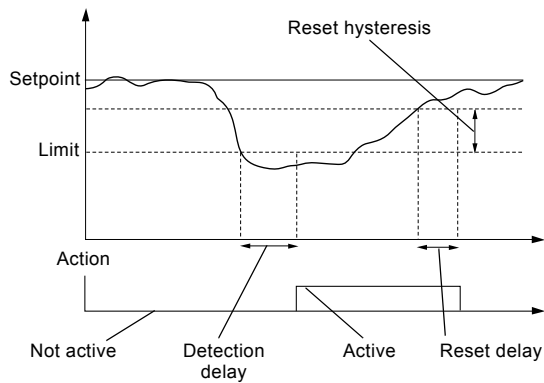
Monitored value = feedback value



TM03 9197 3607

**Fig. 29** Limit exceeded sequence with the limit type "max. limit", for example monitoring of bearing temperature

Monitored value = feedback value



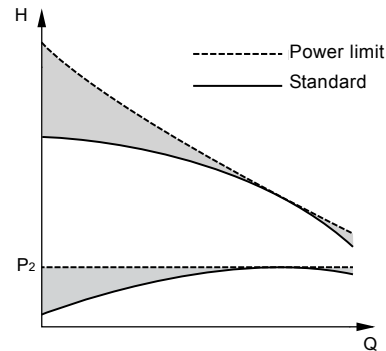
TM03 9196 3607

**Fig. 30** Limit exceeded sequence with the limit type "min. limit"

When the limit is exceeded, the signal input crosses the limit as an increasing or decreasing value, and the function can be set to cover both situations.

**Pump operating at power limit**

When a pump is operating at the power limit, the MLE motor will deliver an output corresponding to the maximum load stated on the nameplate. The maximum load will never be exceeded. See fig. 31.



TM05 2357 4911

**Fig. 31** Curves of a standard E-pump and a pump operating at power limit

**Purpose and benefits**

When using a standard pump at a low flow rate, the power consumption will drop and the motor will have excess power available.

By setting the CRE pump to operate at a higher speed, the excess power can be used to provide a higher pressure. The power limit function will make sure that the motor load never exceeds its maximum by decreasing the speed until the motor is at its power limit.

In cases where an undersized motor is used with standard speed, the power limit function will still reduce the speed and protect the motor against overload at a high flow rate. The solution offers the following benefits:

- reduced motor size
- reduced pump size.

Figure 32 shows that a pump operating at low flow rates and relatively high pressures (1) can be fitted with an undersize motor with a rated power that matches this operating range. At higher flow rates and relatively lower pressures (2), the motor will reduce its speed when the power limit is exceeded and follow a steeper curve corresponding to the power available.

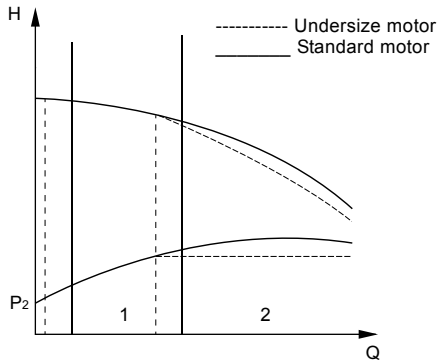


Fig. 32 Standard performance curve compared to a curve for a pump fitted with an undersize MLE motor.

The MLE motor can be set to a higher speed than a standard motor, enabling the pump to deliver more pressure. The pump will operate at this higher speed until the pump reaches the flow rate where the motor is loaded to its full rated power. If the flow rate is increased further, the motor will reduce its speed so as not to exceed its rated power.

Using this function can, in some instances, enable the use of a smaller pump to reach the desired duty point compared to a pump running with standard maximum speed. See fig. 33.

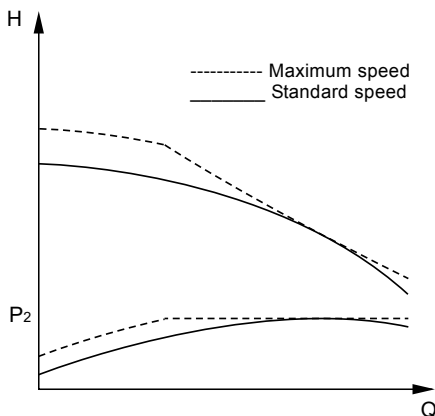


Fig. 33 Standard performance curve (60 Hz) compared to a performance curve for a pump running at maximum speed.

## Applications

The power limit function is primarily used in applications where the motor size is dimensioned to be as small as possible to reduce size or cost. It is also used in applications demanding a high maximum speed to achieve a high pressure at a low flow rate. In both cases, the motor is protected by the power limit function at a higher flow rate where a lower speed is needed to prevent the motor from overloading.

### Examples of applications:

- Washing and cleaning
- Boiler feed.

### Setup

The power limit is always active in CRE pumps to protect the motor against overload. Pumps with undersize motor and pumps with higher maximum speed are available as factory-configured products.

**Note:** Running the pump at over-synchronous speed will affect the NPSH value, thus requiring a sufficient inlet pressure to avoid cavitation.

The sound pressure level emitted from the pump and motor may increase at higher speeds.

Furthermore, the differential pressure over the chambers must be taken into consideration.

### Stabilizing unstable pump curves

When the pump curve has a shape where it intersects the system curve in two points (A and B) with identical pressure but at different flow rates, the pump curve is defined as unstable. See fig. 34. This is especially problematic in systems with a flat system characteristic as it prevents the pump from being controlled to a flow rate which is lower than the flow rate at point B.

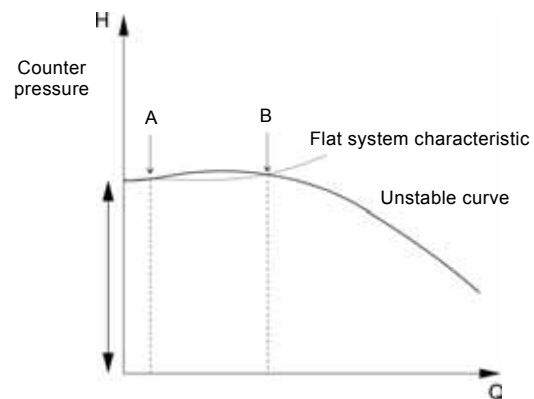
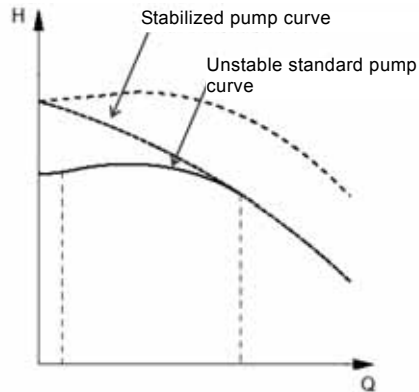


Fig. 34 Unstable pump curve

The E-motor can stabilize an unstable pump curve in the low-flow area by changing to a higher speed. Figure 35 illustrates how the pump curve is straightened out in this area. As the flow rate increases, the E-motor gradually reduces the speed to normal speed and the pump performance will follow the standard pump curve.



TMM06 9671 0717

Fig. 35 Pump curve with a stabilized operating range

### Purpose and benefits

The purpose of stabilizing an unstable pump is to enable normal control throughout the entire operating range. Thus fully stable operation is achieved, even in the low-flow range. This enables the use of modern high-efficiency pumps in applications where this would otherwise not be possible.

### Applications

As mentioned, unstable operation may occur in applications with a high counter pressure and a flat system characteristic.

### Examples of applications:

- pumping of water to a water tower
- boiler feed.

**Note:** The sound pressure level emitted from the pump and motor may increase at higher speeds.

### Setup

This function is available in factory-configured products.

## 5. Application examples of differential pressure in a circulation system

Circulation systems (closed systems) are well-suited for speed-controlled pump solutions.

It is an advantage that circulation systems with variable system characteristic are fitted with a differential-pressure-controlled circulator pump. See fig. 36.

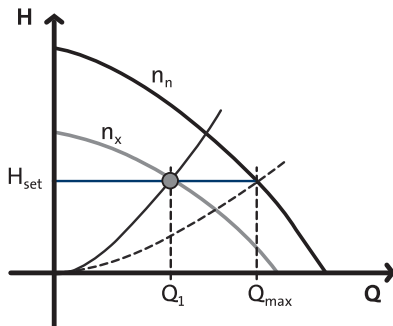
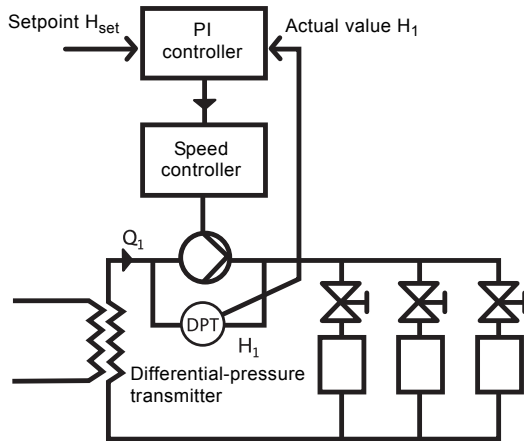


Fig. 36 Constant differential-pressure control

Figure 36 shows a heating system consisting of a heat exchanger where the circulated water is heated and delivered to three radiators by a speed-controlled pump. A control valve is connected in series at each radiator to control the flow rate according to the heat requirement.

The pump is controlled according to a constant differential pressure measured across the pump. This means that the pump system offers constant differential pressure in the Q range of 0 to  $Q_{max}$ , represented by the horizontal line in fig. 36.

### Constant differential pressure

The differential pressure of the pump is kept constant, independently of the flow rate. See fig. 37.

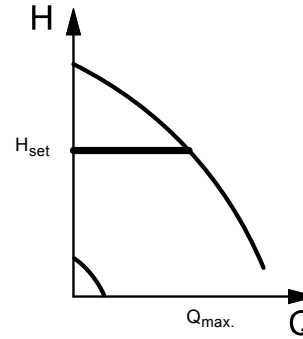


Fig. 37 Constant differential pressure, pump

The pump is controlled according to a constant differential pressure measured across the pump. This means that the pump system offers constant differential pressure in the Q-range of 0 to  $Q_{max}$ , represented by the horizontal line in the QH diagram.

### Proportional differential pressure

The differential pressure of the pump is reduced at falling flow rate and increased at rising flow rate. See fig. 38.

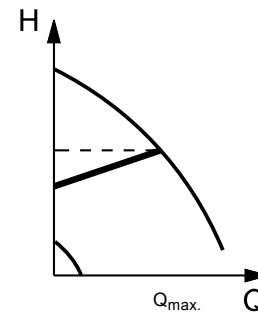


Fig. 38 Proportional differential pressure

The pump is controlled according to a differential pressure measured across the pump. This means that the pump system offers a proportional differential pressure in the Q-range of 0 to  $Q_{max}$ , represented by the sloping line in the QH diagram.

TM03 8476 1607

TM03 0409 5004

TM03 8475 1607

### Proportional differential pressure, parabolic curve (proportional differential pressure available on CRE-DP (differential pressure) only)

Setting via PC Tool.

The proportional differential pressure can be selected with one of these flow dependencies:

- linear (setting via PC Tool).
- parabolic (setting via PC Tool).

When the flow dependency is selected as parabolic, the differential pressure of the pump will be reduced with a parabolic curve at falling flow rate and increased at rising flow rate. See fig. 39.

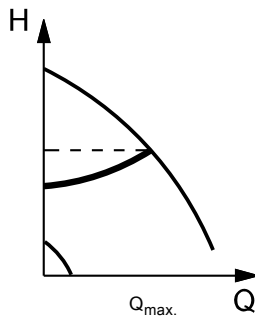


Fig. 39 Proportional differential pressure, parabolic curve

The pump is controlled according to a differential pressure measured across the pump. This means that the pump system offers a flow-compensated differential pressure in the Q-range of 0 to  $Q_{max}$ , represented by the parabolic curve in the QH diagram.

### Constant differential pressure

The setpoint range is between 12.5 % to 100 % of maximum head.

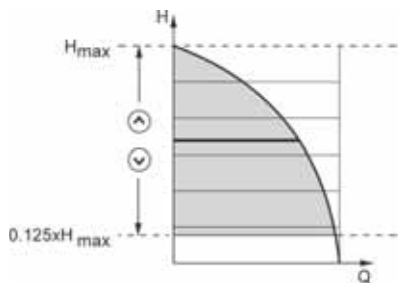


Fig. 40 Constant differential pressure

### Proportional differential pressure

The setpoint range is between 25 % to 90 % of maximum head.

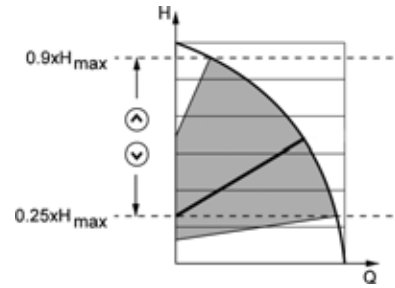


Fig. 41 Proportional differential pressure

To compensate for this excessive system pressure, the proportional-pressure function automatically adapts the setpoint to the actual flow rate.

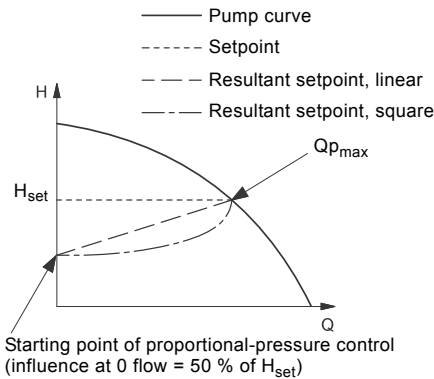


Fig. 42 Proportional-pressure control

The factory-fitted differential-pressure sensor is a variant. Contact Grundfos for additional details.

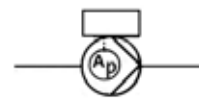


Fig. 43 Proportional pressure

TM04 1695 0908

TM06 2479 1014

TM03 8524 2212

TM06 2408 1014

TM06 2478 1014

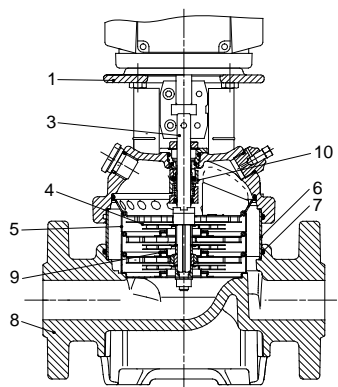
## 6. Construction

### CRE 1s, 1, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20



TM05 9425 3813

#### Sectional drawing



TM02 1194 1403

#### Materials: CRE

Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Cast iron	A 48-30 B
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	AISI 316 <sup>1)</sup> AISI 431 <sup>2)</sup>
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 304
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 304
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 304
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
8	Base	Cast iron	A 48-30 B
9	Neck ring	PTFE	
10	Shaft seal	Cartridge type	
	Bearing rings	Silicon carbide	
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	
12	FJG flange	Cast iron	A 48-30 B

1) CRE 1s, 1, 3, 5

2) CRE 10, 15, 20

3) Stainless steel available on request.

4) CF 8M is cast equivalent of AISI 316 stainless steel.

5) CRIE/CRNE 1s, 1, 3, 5

6) CRNE 10, 15, 20

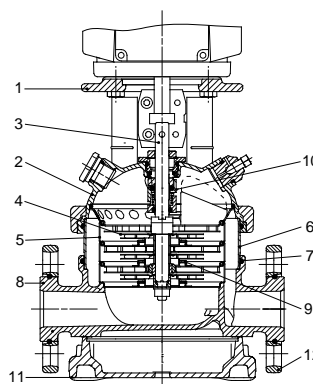
7) CRIE 10, 15, 20

### CRIE, CRNE 1s, 1, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20



TM02 7399 2004

#### Sectional drawing



TM03 2156 3805

#### Materials: CRIE, CRNE

Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Cast iron <sup>3)</sup>	A 48-30 B
2	Pump head cover	Stainless steel	CF 8M <sup>4)</sup>
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	AISI 316 <sup>5)</sup> AISI 329 <sup>6)</sup> AISI 431 <sup>7)</sup>
8	Base	Stainless steel	CF 8M <sup>4)</sup>
9	Neck ring	PTFE	
10	Shaft seal	Cartridge type	
11	Base plate	Cast iron <sup>3)</sup>	A 48-30 B
	Bearing rings	Silicon carbide	
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	
<b>CRIE</b>			
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 304
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 304
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 304
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
12	FGJ flange ring	Ductile iron <sup>3)</sup>	A 65-45-12
	Oval flange	Stainless steel	AISI 316
<b>CRNE</b>			
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 316
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 316
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 316
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
12	FGJ flange ring	Ductile iron <sup>3)</sup>	A 65-45-12

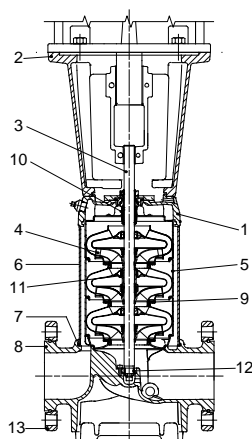


**CRE 32, 45, 64 and 90**



TM05 9425 3813

**Sectional drawing**



TM03 2157 3805

**Materials: CRE**

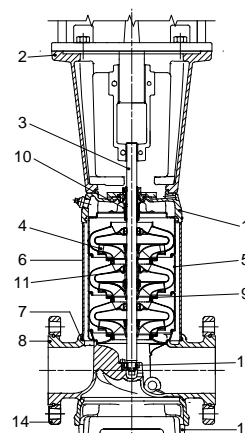
Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Ductile iron	A 65-45-12
2	Motor stool	Cast iron	A 48-30 B
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	AISI 431
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 304
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 304
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 304
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
8	Base	Ductile iron	A 65-45-12
9	Neck ring	Acoflon 215	
10	Shaft seal	Cartridge type	
11	Bearing ring	Bronze	
12	Bottom bearing ring	Tungsten carbide / Tungsten carbide	
13	Flange ring	Ductile iron <sup>2)</sup>	A 65-45-12
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	

**CRNE, CRIE 32, 45, 64 and 90**



TM02 7399 3403

**Sectional drawing**



TM03 2158 3805

**Materials: CRNE**

Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Stainless steel	CF 8M <sup>1)</sup>
2	Motor stool	Cast iron	A 48-30 B
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	SAF 2205
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 316
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 316
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 316
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
8	Base	Stainless steel	CF 8M <sup>1)</sup>
9	Neck ring	Acoflon 215	
10	Shaft seal	Cartridge type	
11	Bearing ring	Carbon-graphite filled PTFE	
12	Bottom bearing ring	Tungsten carbide / Tungsten carbide	
13	Base plate	Ductile iron <sup>2)</sup>	A 65-45-12
14	Flange ring	Ductile iron <sup>2)</sup>	A 65-45-12
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	

1) CF 8M is cast equivalent of AISI 316 stainless steel.

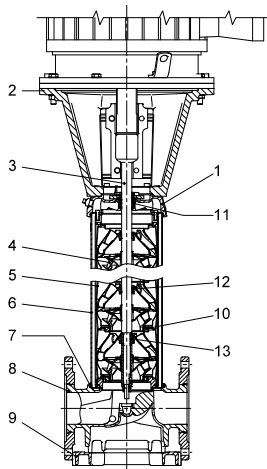
2) Stainless steel available on request.

## CRE 120 and 150



TM05 9425 3813

## Sectional drawing



TM03 8835 2607

## Materials: CRE

Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Ductile iron	A 536 65-45-12
2	Motor stool (15-60 HP)	Cast iron	A48-30 B
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	AISI 431
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 304
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 304
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 316
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
8	Base	Ductile iron	A 536 65-45-12
9	Base plate	Ductile iron	A 536 65-45-12
10	Neck ring	PTFE	
11	Shaft seal <sup>1)</sup>	Cartridge type	
12	Support bearing	PTFE	
13	Bearing rings	Silicone carbide	
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	

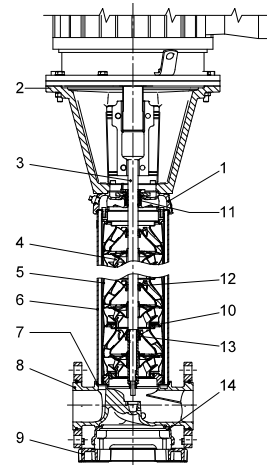
1) Ø22 mm shaft, 15-60 HP.

## CRNE, CRIE 120 and 150



TM02 7399 3403

## Sectional drawing



TM03 8836 2607

## Materials: CRNE

Pos.	Designation	Materials	AISI/ASTM
1	Pump head	Stainless steel	A 351 CF 8M
2	Motor stool (15-60 HP)	Cast iron	A48-30 B
3	Shaft	Stainless steel	SAF 2205
4	Impeller	Stainless steel	AISI 316
5	Chamber	Stainless steel	AISI 316
6	Outer sleeve	Stainless steel	AISI 316
7	O-ring for outer sleeve	EPDM or FKM	
8	Base	Stainless steel	A 351 CF 8M
9	Base plate	Ductile iron <sup>1)</sup>	A 536 65-45-12
10	Neck ring	PTFE	
11	Shaft seal <sup>2)</sup>	Cartridge type	
12	Support bearing	PTFE	
13	Bearing rings	Silicone carbide	
14	Base plate	Ductile iron <sup>1)</sup>	A 536 65-45-12
	Rubber parts	EPDM or FKM	

1) Stainless steel available on request.

2) Ø22 mm shaft, 15-60 HP.

# 7. Type keys and codes

## Type keys

### CRE, CRIE, CRNE

Example	CR E 32 -4 -2 -A -G -G -E - HQQE
Type range: CRE, CRIE, CRNE	
Pump with integrated frequency control	
Rated flow rate [m <sup>3</sup> /h]	
Number of impellers	
Number of reduced diameter impellers (CRE, CRIE, CRNE 32, 45, 64, 90, 120, and 150)	
Code for pump version	
Code for pipe connection	
Code for materials	
Code for rubber parts	
Code for shaft seal	

## Codes

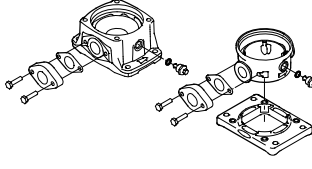
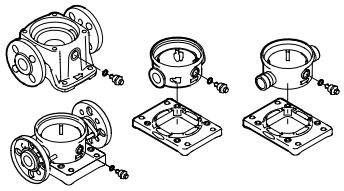
Example	A -G -A -E -H QQ E
<b>Pump version</b>	
A Basic version <sup>1)</sup>	
B Oversize motor	
E Certificate/approval	
F CR pump for high temperatures (air-cooled top assembly)	
H Horizontal version	
HS High-pressure pump with high speed MLE motor	
I Different pressure rating	
J Pump with different maximum speed	
K Pump with low NPSH	
M Magnetic drive	
N Fitted with sensor	
P Undersize motor	
R Horizontal version with bearing bracket	
SF High pressure pump	
T Oversize motor (two flange sizes bigger)	
U NEMA version <sup>1)</sup>	
X Special version	

Example	A -G -A -E -H QQ E
<b>Pipe connection</b>	
A Oval flange Rp thread	
B Oval flange NPT thread	
CA FlexiClamp (CRIE, CRNE 1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20)	
CX Triclamp (CRIE, CRNE 1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20)	
F DIN flange	
G ANSI flange	
J JIS flange	
N Different port diameters	
P PJE coupling	
X Special version	
<b>Materials</b>	
A Basic version	
D Carbon-graphite filled PTFE (bearings)	
G Wetted parts AISI 316	
GI All parts of stainless steel, wetted parts of AISI 316	
I Wetted parts of AISI 304	
II All parts of stainless steel, wetted parts of AISI 304	
K Bronze (bearings)	
S SiC bearings + PTFE neck rings	
X Special version	
<b>Code for rubber parts</b>	
E EPDM	
F FXM	
K FFKM	
V FKM	
<b>Shaft seal</b>	
A O-ring seal with fixed driver	
B Rubber bellows seal	
E Cartridge seal with O-ring	
H Balanced cartridge seal with O-ring	
K Metal bellows cartridge seal	
O Double seal, back-to-back	
P Double seal, tandem	
X Special version	
B Carbon, synthetic resin-impregnated	
H Cemented tungsten carbide, embedded (hybrid)	
Q Silicon carbide	
U Cemented tungsten carbide	
X Other ceramics	
E EPDM	
F FXM	
K FFKM	
V FKM	

<sup>1)</sup> In August 2003, the NEMA version pump code was discontinued for all material numbers created by Grundfos manufacturing companies in North America. The NEMA version pump code will still remain in effect for existing material numbers. NEMA version pumps built in North America after this change will have either an A or U as the pump version code depending on the date the material number was created.

## 8. Operating and inlet pressure

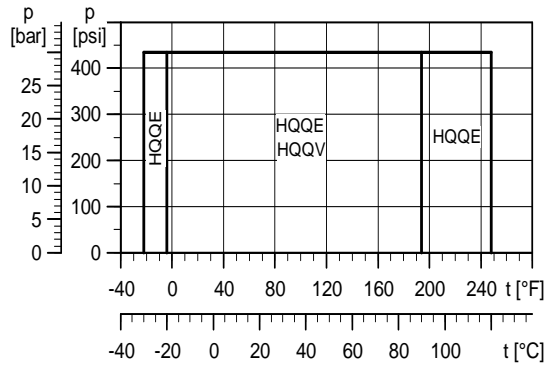
### Maximum operating pressure and temperature range

		Oval flange		ANSI, Clamp, PJE	
					
		Max. permissible operating pressure [psi]	Liquid temperature range [°F]	Max. permissible operating pressure [psi]	Liquid temperature range [°F]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 1		232	-4 to +248	362	-4 to +248
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 3		232	-4 to +248	362	-4 to +248
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 5		232	-4 to +248	362	-4 to +248
CRE 10-1	→ CRE 10-6	145	-4 to +248	-	-
CRIE, CRNE 10-1	→ CRIE, CRNE 10-10	232	-4 to +248	-	-
CRE, CRIE 10-1	→ CRE, CRIE 10-10	-	-	232	-4 to +248
CRE, CRIE 10-12	→ CRE, CRIE 10-17	-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRNE 10		-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRE 15-1	→ CRE 15-5	145	-4 to +248	-	-
CRIE, CRNE 15-1	→ CRIE, CRNE 15-8	232	-4 to +248	-	-
CRE, CRIE 15-1	→ CRE, CRIE 15-8	-	-	232	-4 to +248
CRE, CRIE 15-9	→ CRE, CRIE 15-12	-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRNE 15		-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRE 20-1	→ CRE 20-5	145	-4 to +248	-	-
CRIE, CRNE 20-1	→ CRIE, CRNE 20-7	232	-4 to +248	-	-
CRE, CRIE 20-1	→ CRE, CRIE 20-7	-	-	232	-4 to +248
CRE, CRIE 20-8	→ CRE, CRIE 20-10	-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRNE 20		-	-	362	-4 to +248
CRE, CRNE 32-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 32-5	-	-	232	-22 to +248
CR, CRN 32-6-2	→ CR, CRN 32-11-2	-	-	435	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 45-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 45-4-2	-	-	232	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 45-4-1	→ CR, CRN 45-8-1	-	-	435	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 64-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 64-3	-	-	232	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 64-4-2	→ CRE, CRNE 64-5-2	-	-	435	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 90-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 90-3	-	-	232	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 90-4-2	→ CRE, CRNE 90-4-1	-	-	435	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 120-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 120-5-1	-	-	435	-22 to +248
CRE, CRNE 150-1-1	→ CRE, CRNE 150-4-1	-	-	435	-22 to +248

## Operating range of the shaft seal

The operating range of the shaft seal depends on operating pressure, pump type, type of shaft seal and liquid temperature. The following curves apply to clean water and water with anti-freeze liquids. For selecting the right shaft seal, see [List of pumped liquids](#) on page 87.

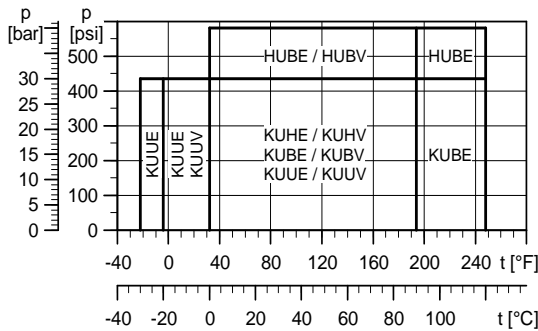
### CRE 1 - CRE 20



TM02 7537 3703

Fig. 44 Operating range of standard shaft seals for CRE 1 - CRE 20

### CRE 32 - CRE 150 (3 - 60 HP)



TM02 7873 0604

Fig. 45 Operating range of standard shaft seals for CRE 32 - CRE 150 (3 - 30 HP)

Shaft seal	Description	Max. temp. range [°F (°C)]
HQQE	O-ring (cartridge) (balanced seal), SiC/SiC, EPDM	-22 °F to +248 °F (-30 °C to +120 °C)
HBQE	O-ring (cartridge) (balanced seal), Carbon/SiC, EPDM	+32 °F to +248 °F (0 °C to +120 °C)
HQQV	O-ring (cartridge) (balanced seal), SiC/SiC, FKM	-4 °F to +194 °F (-20 °C to +90 °C)
HUBE	O-ring (cartridge) (balanced seal), TC/carbon, EPDM	+32 °F to +248 °F (0 °C to +120 °C)
HUBV	O-ring (cartridge) (balanced seal), TC/carbon, FKM	+32 °F to +194 °F (0 °C to +90 °C)
KUBE	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/carbon, EPDM	+32 °F to +248 °F (0 °C to +120 °C)
KUBV	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/carbon, FKM	+32 °F to +194 °F (0 °C to +90 °C)
KUHE	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/Carbon with embedded TC, EPDM	+32 °F to +194 °F (0 °C to +90 °C)
KUHV	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/Carbon with embedded TC, FKM	+32 °F to +194 °F (0 °C to +90 °C)
KUUE	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/TC, EPDM	-22 °F to +194 °F (-30 °C to +90 °C)
KUUV	Bellows, metal (cartridge), TC/TC, FKM	-4 °F to +194 °F (-20 °C to +90 °C)

Note: TC= tungsten carbide

See [Lists of variants on request](#) on page 107, in case of extreme temperatures:

- low temperatures down to -40 °F (-40 °C) or
- high temperatures up to +356 °F (+180 °C).

## Maximum inlet pressure

The following table shows the maximum permissible inlet pressure. However, the current inlet pressure + the pressure against a closed valve **must** always be lower than the maximum permissible operating pressure.

If the maximum permissible operating pressure is exceeded, the conical bearing in the motor may be damaged and the life of the shaft seal reduced.

CRE, CRIE, CRNE 1		
1-2	→	1-27 145 [psi]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 3		
3-2	→	3-17 145 [psi]
3-19	→	3-25 218 [psi]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 5		
5-2	→	5-9 145 [psi]
5-10	→	5-24 218 [psi]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 10		
10-1	→	10-4 116 [psi]
10-5	→	10-17 145 [psi]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 15		
15-1		116 [psi]
15-2	→	15-12 145 [psi]
CRE, CRIE, CRNE 20		
20-1		116 [psi]
20-2	→	20-10 145 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 32		
32-1-1	→	32-3-2 58 [psi]
32-3	→	32-6 145 [psi]
32-7-2	→	32-8-2 218 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 45		
45-1-1	→	45-1 58 [psi]
45-2-2	→	45-3 145 [psi]
45-4-2	→	45-4 218 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 64		
64-1-1		58 [psi]
64-1	→	64-2 145 [psi]
64-3-2		218 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 90		
90-1-1	→	90-2-2 145 [psi]
90-2-1		218 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 120		
120-1-1	→	120-1 145 [psi]
CRE, CRNE 150		
150-1-1		145 [psi]
150-1		218 [psi]

## Examples of operating and inlet pressures

The values for operating and inlet pressures shown in the table above must not be considered individually but must always be compared. See the following examples:

### Example 1:

Pump: CRE 3-10 A-A-A

Maximum operating pressure: **232 psi**

Maximum inlet pressure: **145 psi**

Outlet pressure against a closed valve: **139.2 psi**, see page 48.

This pump must not start at an inlet pressure of 145 psi, but at an inlet pressure of  $232.0 - 139.2 = 92.8$  psi.

### Example 2:

Pump: CRE 10-2 A-GJ-A

Maximum operating pressure: **232 psi**

Maximum inlet pressure: **116 psi**

Outlet pressure against a closed valve: **42 psi (97 ft)**, see page 56.

This pump may start at an inlet pressure of 116 psi, as the outlet pressure is only 42 psi, which results in an operating pressure of  $116 + 42 = 158$  psi. On the contrary, the maximum operating pressure of this pump is limited to 158 psi, as a higher operating pressure will require an inlet pressure of more than 116 psi.

In case the inlet or operating pressure exceeds the pressure permitted, see [Lists of variants on request](#) on page 107.

# 9. Selection and sizing

## Selection of pump

Selection of pump must be based on the following information

- the duty point of the pump, see section 1 below
- sizing data such as pressure loss as a result of height differences, friction loss in the pipes, pump efficiency etc., see section 2 below
- pump materials, see section 3 below
- pump connections, see section 4 below
- The shaft seal, see section 5 below.

### 1. Duty point of the pump

From a duty point it is possible to select a pump on the basis of the curve charts in the section [Minimum flow rate](#) on page 43.

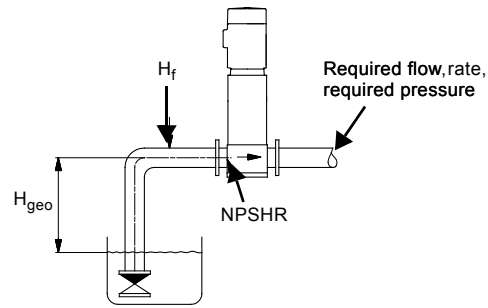


Fig. 47 Sizing data

TM02 6711 1403

### Pump efficiency

Before determining the point of best efficiency, the operating pattern of the pump needs to be identified. If the pump is expected to operate at the same duty point, then select a CRE pump which is operating at a duty point corresponding to the best efficiency of the pump.

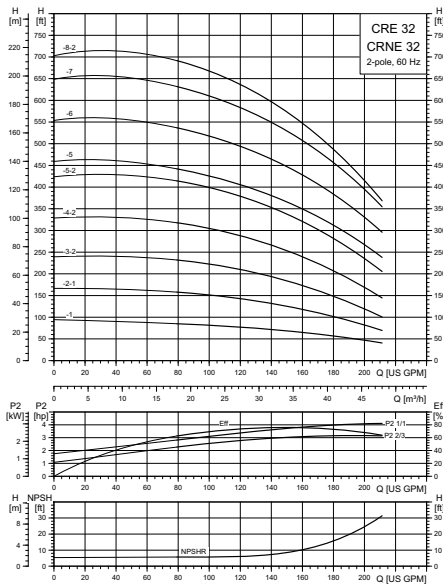


Fig. 46 Example of a curve chart

TM05 9418 4313

### 2. Sizing data

When sizing a pump the following information must be taken into account:

- required flow rate and pressure at the point of use
- pressure loss as a result of height differences ( $H_{geo}$ )
- friction loss in the pipes ( $H_f$ )  
It may be necessary to account for pressure loss in connection with long pipes, bends or valves, etc.
- best efficiency at the estimated duty point
- NPSH value  
For calculation of the NPSH value, see [Minimum inlet pressure - NPSHA](#) on page 42.

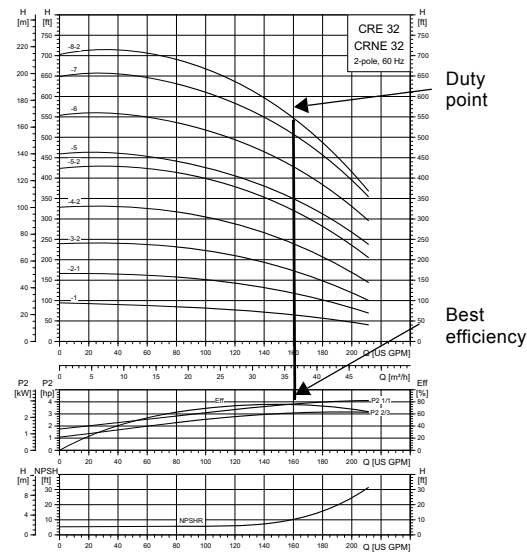


Fig. 48 Example of a CR pump's duty point

TM05 9418 4313

As the pump is sized on the basis of the highest possible flow rate, it is important to always have the duty point to the right of the best efficiency point (see fig. 49, range with check mark). This must be considered in order to keep efficiency high when the flow rate drops.

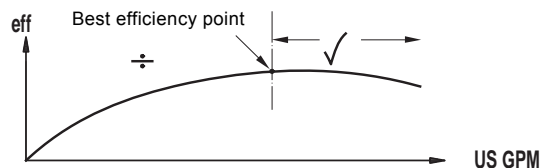


Fig. 49 Best efficiency

TM02 8579 0504

Normally, E-pumps are used in applications characterized by a variable flow rate. Consequently, it is not possible to select a pump that is constantly operating at its best efficiency.

In order to achieve optimum operating economy, select the pump on the basis of the following criteria:

- The maximum required duty point must be as close as possible to the QH curve of the pump.
- The required duty point must be positioned so that P2 is close to the maximum point of the 100 % curve.

Between the minimum and maximum performance curve E-pumps have an infinite number of performance curves each representing a specific speed. Therefore it may not be possible to select a duty point close to the 100 % curve.

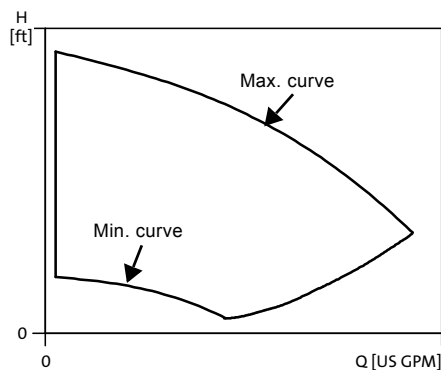


Fig. 50 Minimum and maximum performance curves

In situations where it is not possible to select a duty point close to the 100 % curve the affinity equations to the right can be used. The head (H), the flow rate (Q) and the input power (P) are all the appropriate variables for determining the motor speed (n). See fig. 51.

**Note:**

The approximated formulas apply on condition that the system characteristic remains unchanged for  $n_n$  and  $n_x$  and that it is based on the formula  $H = k \times Q^2$ , where k is a constant.

The power equation implies that the pump efficiency is unchanged at the two speeds. In practice this is **not** quite correct.

Finally, it is worth noting that the efficiencies of the frequency converter and the motor **must** be taken into account if a precise calculation of the power saving resulting from a reduction of the pump speed is wanted.

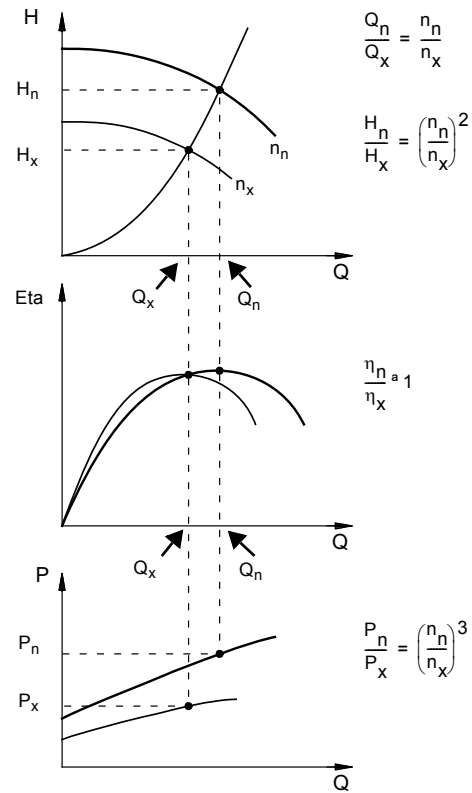


Fig. 51 Affinity equations

**Legend**

$H_n$	Rated head in feet
$H_x$	Current head in feet
$Q_n$	Rated flow rate in US gpm
$Q_x$	Current flow rate in US gpm
$n_n$	Rated motor speed in $\text{min}^{-1}$ ( $n_n = 3500 \text{ min}^{-1}$ )
$n_x$	Current motor speed in $\text{min}^{-1}$
$\eta_n$	Rated efficiency in %
$\eta_x$	Current efficiency in %

**Grundfos Product Center**

We recommend that you size your pump in Grundfos Product Center, which is a selection program offered by Grundfos. For further information, see [Grundfos Product Center](#).

Grundfos Product Center features a user-friendly and easy-to-use virtual guide which leads you through the selection of the pump for the application in question.

TM02 7572 4803

TM00 8720 3496



### 3. Material

Select the material variant, CRE, CRIE, CRNE, on the basis of the liquid to be pumped. The product range covers three basic types.

- The CRE, CRIE pump types are suitable for clean, non-aggressive liquids such as potable water, oils, etc.
- The CRNE pump type is suitable for industrial liquids and acids, see [List of pumped liquids](#) on page 87 or contact Grundfos.

For saline or chloride-containing liquids such as sea water, CRTE pumps of titanium are available.

### 4. Pump connection

Selection of pump connection depends on the rated pressure and the pipes. To meet any requirement, the CRE, CRIE and CRNE pumps offer a wide range of flexible connections such as:

- oval flange (NPT), fig. 53
- ANSI flange, fig. 53
- PJE coupling, fig. 53
- clamp coupling
- union (NPT[M])
- other connections on request.

### 5. Shaft seal

As standard, the CRE range is fitted with a Grundfos shaft seal of the cartridge type which suitable for the most common applications. See fig. 54.

The following three key parameters **must** be taken into account, when selecting the shaft seal:

- type of pumped liquid
- liquid temperature
- maximum pressure.

Grundfos offers a wide range of shaft seal variants to meet specific demands. See [List of pumped liquids](#) on page 87.

### 6. Inlet pressure and operating pressure

Do **not** exceed the limit values stated on page 38 and page 36 as regards these pressures:

- maximum inlet pressure and
- maximum operating pressure.

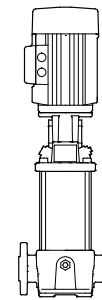


Fig. 52 CR pump

TM03 2155 3805

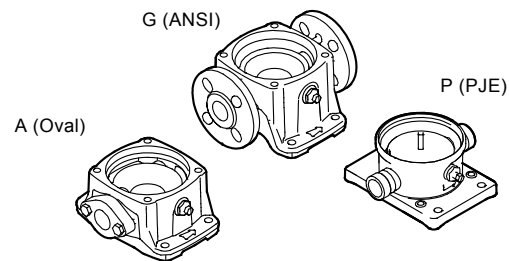


Fig. 53 Pump connections

TM02 1201 0601

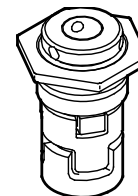


Fig. 54 Shaft seal (cartridge type)

TM02 0538 4800

### Minimum inlet pressure - NPSHA

We recommend that you calculate the inlet pressure "H" in these situations:

- The liquid temperature is high.
- The flow rate is significantly higher than the rated flow rate.
- Water is drawn from depths.
- Water is drawn through long pipes.
- Inlet conditions are poor.

To avoid cavitation, make sure that there is a minimum pressure on the inlet side of the pump. The maximum suction lift "H" in feet can be calculated as follows:

$$H = p_b - \text{NPSHR} - H_f - H_v - H_s$$

$P_b$  = Barometric pressure in feet absolute. (The barometric pressure can be set to 33.9 feet at sea level. In closed systems,  $p_b$  indicates system pressure in feet.)

NPSHR = Net Positive Suction Head Required in feet. (To be read from the NPSHR curve at the highest flow rate the pump will be delivering).

$H_f$  = Friction loss in the inlet pipe in feet. (At the highest flow rate the pump will be delivering.)

$H_v$  = Vapor pressure in feet. (To be read from the vapor pressure scale. " $H_v$ " depends on the liquid temperature " $T_m$ ").

$H_s$  = Safety margin = minimum 2.0 feet.

If the "H" calculated is positive, the pump can operate at a suction lift of maximum "H" feet.

If the "H" calculated is negative, an inlet pressure of minimum "H" feet is required.

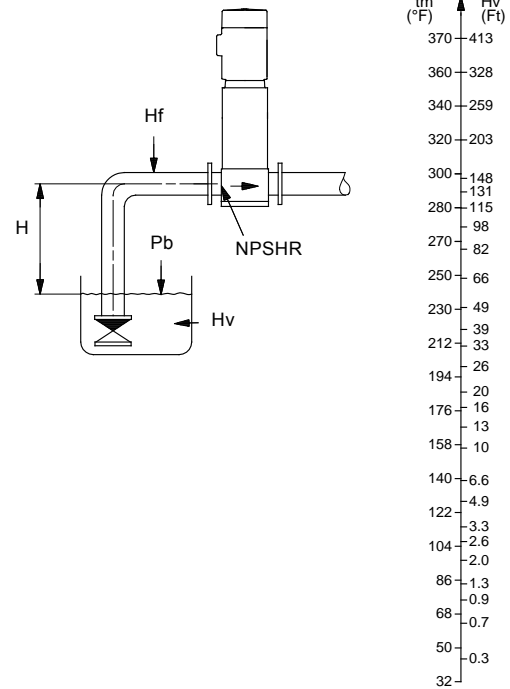


Fig. 55 Minimum inlet pressure - NPSHR

**Note:** In order to avoid cavitation, **never** select a pump whose duty point lies too far to the right on the NPSHR curve.

Always check the NPSHR value of the pump at the highest possible flow rate.

In case a lower NPSHR value is required, see [Lists of variants on request](#) on page 107.

TM02 7729 3903

## How to read the curve charts

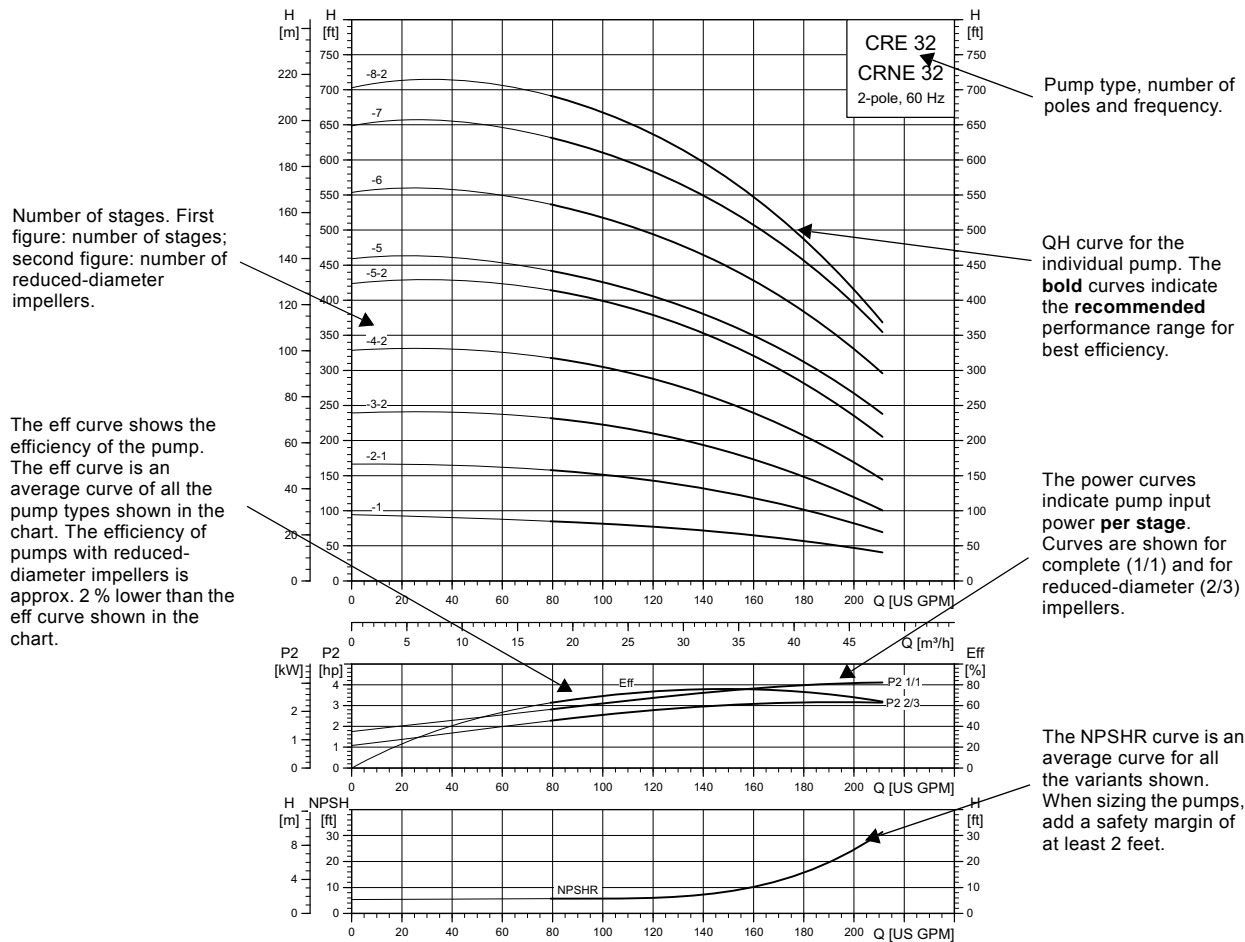


Fig. 56 How to read the curve charts

TM05 9418 4313

## Guidelines to the performance curves

The guidelines below apply to the curves shown on the following pages:

1. The motors used for the measurements are standard motors (ODP, TEFC or MLE).
2. Measurements have been made with airless water at a temperature of 68 °F (20 °C).
3. The curves apply to a kinematic viscosity of  $\nu = 1 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$  (1 cSt).
4. Due to the risk of overheating, the pumps must not be used at a flow rate below the minimum flow rate.
5. The QH curves apply to actual speed with the motor types mentioned at 60 Hz.

The curve below shows the minimum flow rate as a percentage of the rated flow rate in relation to the liquid temperature. The dotted line shows a CRE pump fitted with an air-cooled top assembly.

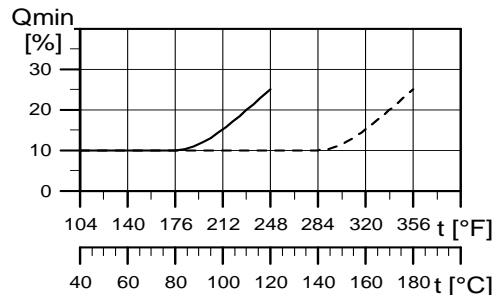
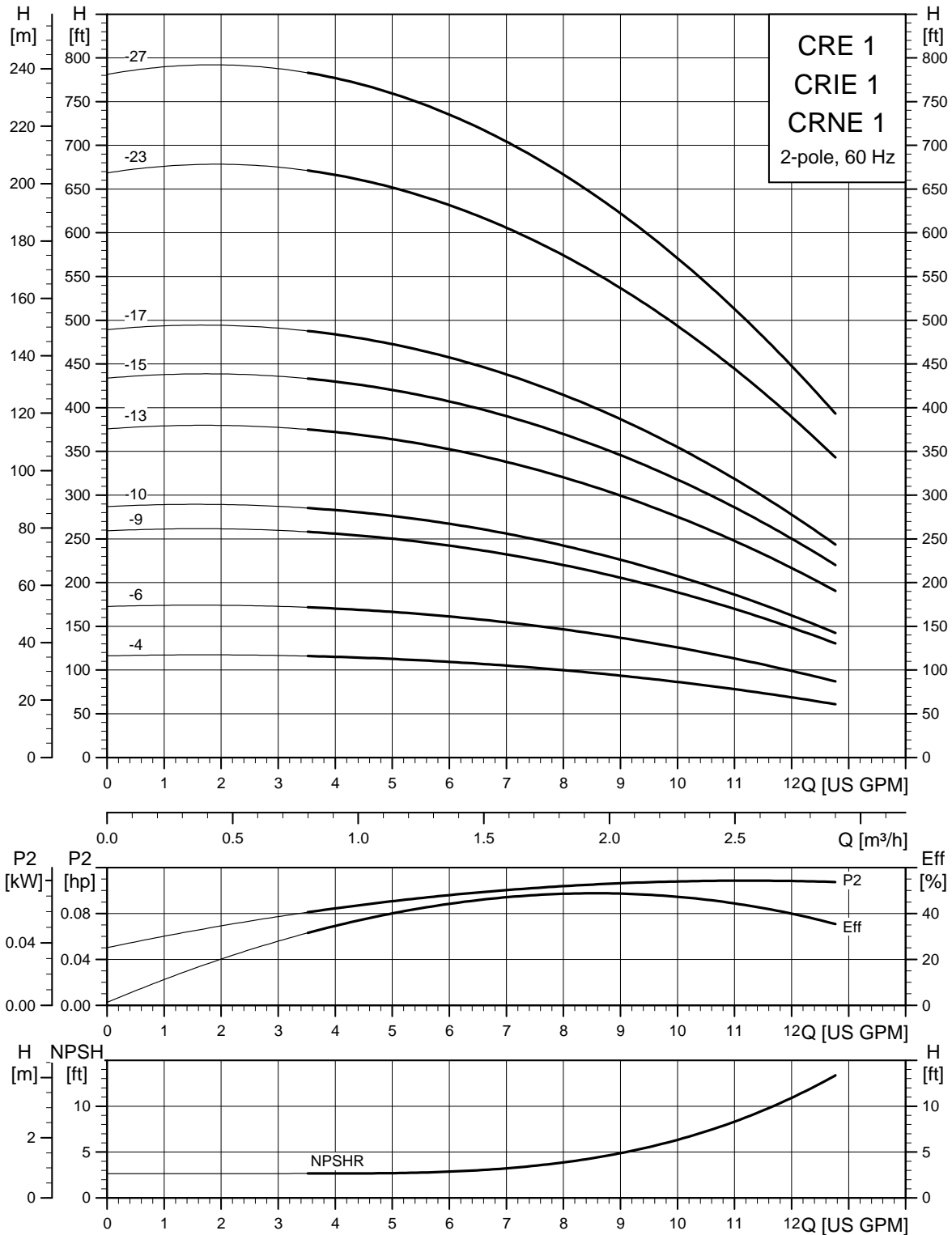


Fig. 57 Minimum flow rate

TM02 7538 3703

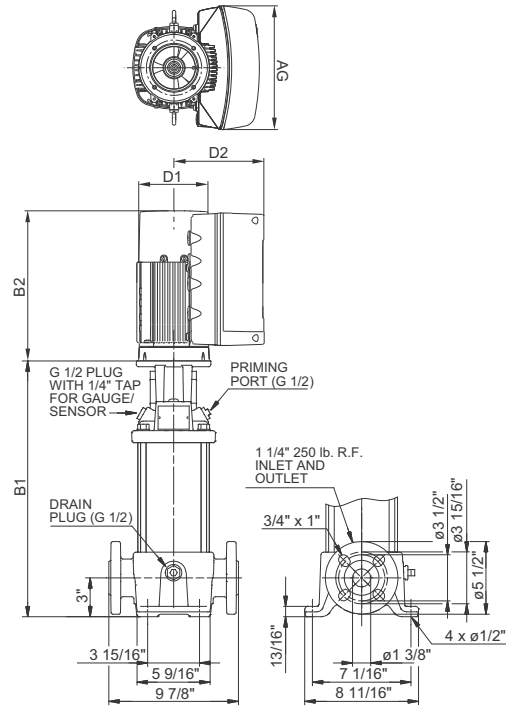
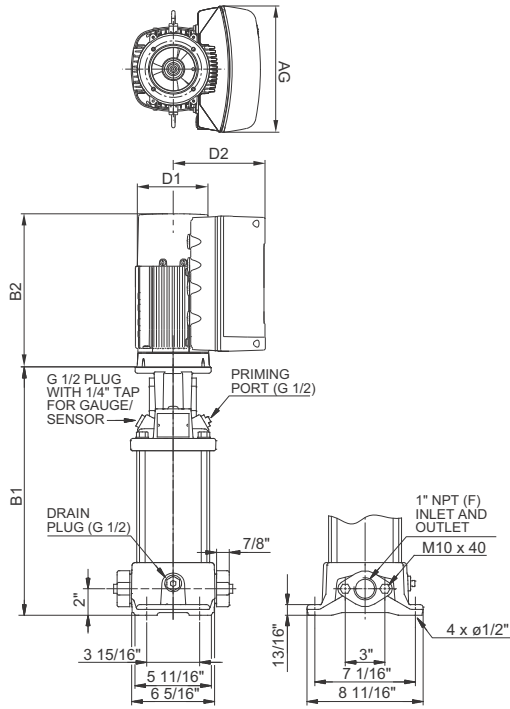
# 10. Performance curves / Technical data

## CRE, CRIE, CRNE 1



TM05 9412 3813

CRE 1 dimensional data



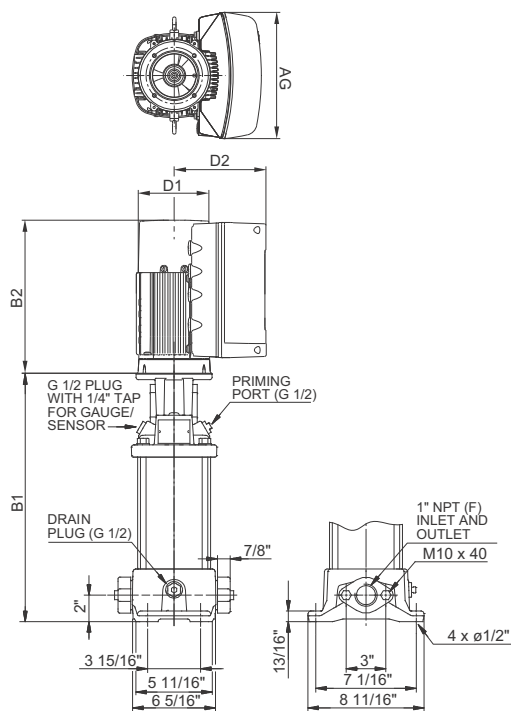
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRE 1-4	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	12.68	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.14	74
CRE 1-6	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	14.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.55	76
CRE 1-9	1	1	200-240	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.68	79
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.26	83
CRE 1-10	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	16.93	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.97	85
		3	440-480	56C	*	19.06	4.80	6.22	8.34	27.52	88
CRE 1-13	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	19.06	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.10	91
		3	440-480	56C	*	19.06	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.10	92
CRE 1-15	2	3	200-240	56C	*	20.47	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.30	97
		3	440-480	56C	*	20.47	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.30	97
CRE 1-17	2	1	200-240	56C	*	21.89	4.80	6.22	8.34	31.14	95
		3	200-240	56C	*	21.89	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.72	99
CRE 1-23	3	3	440-480	56C	*	21.89	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.72	99
		3	200-240	182TC	-	27.24	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.39	128
CRE 1-27	3	3	440-480	182TC	-	27.24	4.80	6.22	10.56	38.07	120
		3	200-240	182TC	-	30.08	7.53	7.91	11.46	48.23	131
		3	440-480	182TC	-	30.08	4.80	6.22	10.56	43.23	123

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

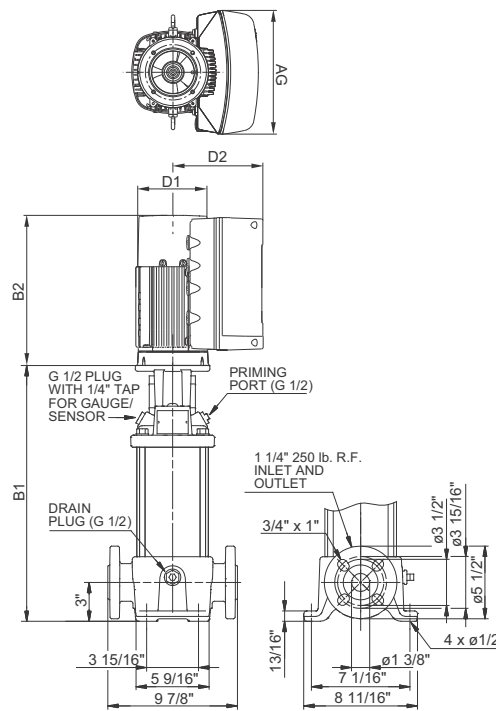
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRIE 1 dimensional data**



TM06 9111 1617



TM06 9137 1617

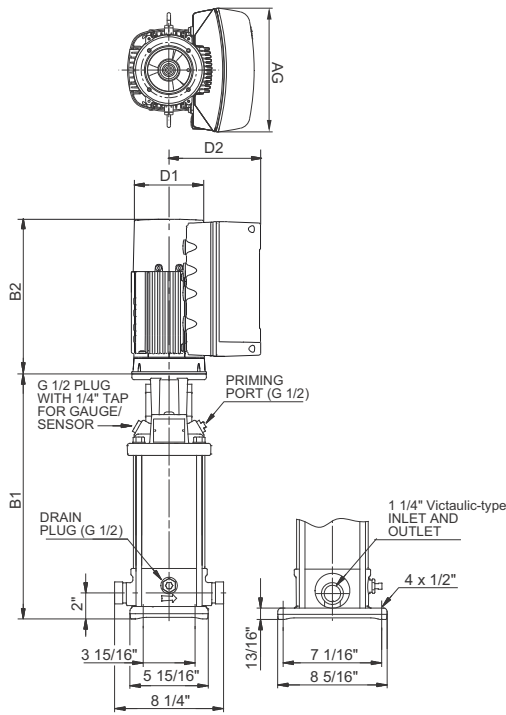
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt.[lb]
CRIE 1-4	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	12.80	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.26	69
CRIE 1-6	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.67	71
CRIE 1-9	1	1	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.80	74
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	78
CRIE 1-10	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	17.05	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.09	80
		1	200-240	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	8.34	27.63	83
CRIE 1-13	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.21	86
		3	440-480	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.21	86
CRIE 1-15	2	3	200-240	56C	*	20.59	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.42	92
		3	440-480	56C	*	20.59	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.42	92
CRIE 1-17	2	1	200-240	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	8.34	31.26	90
		3	200-240	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.84	944
CRIE 1-23	3	3	440-480	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.84	94
		3	200-240	182TC	-	27.36	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.51	121
CRIE 1-27	3	3	440-480	182TC	-	27.36	4.80	6.22	10.56	38.19	113
		3	200-240	182TC	-	30.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	43.35	124
CRIE 1-27	3	3	440-480	182TC	-	30.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	41.03	116

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

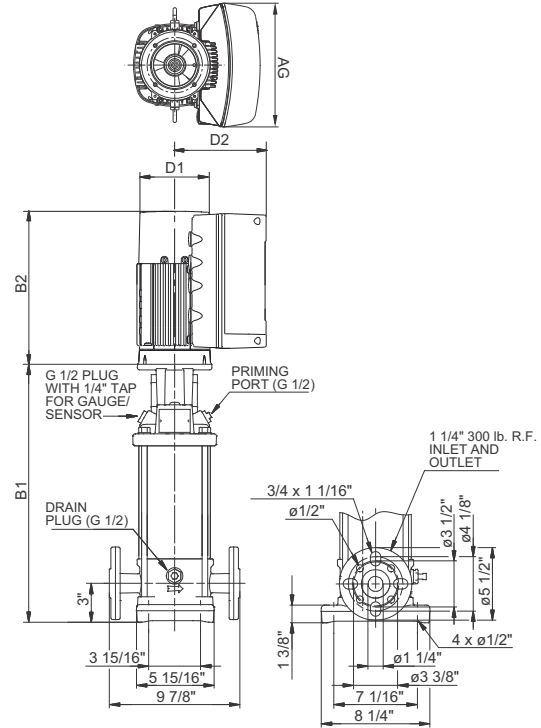
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 7 lbs. less.

\* Available

CRNE 1 dimensional data



TM06 9138 1617



TM06 9139 1617

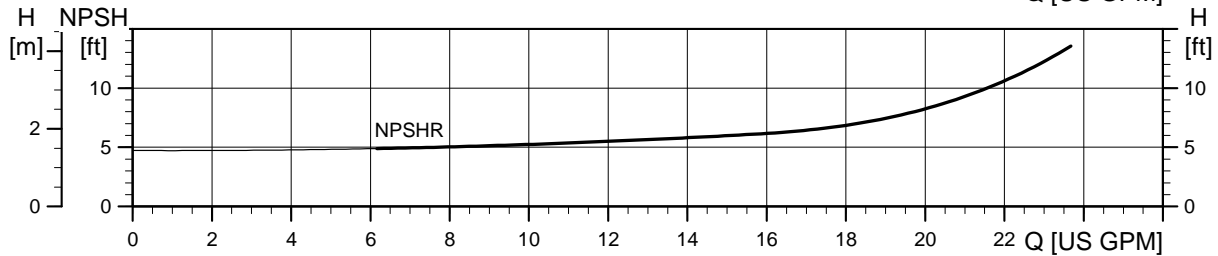
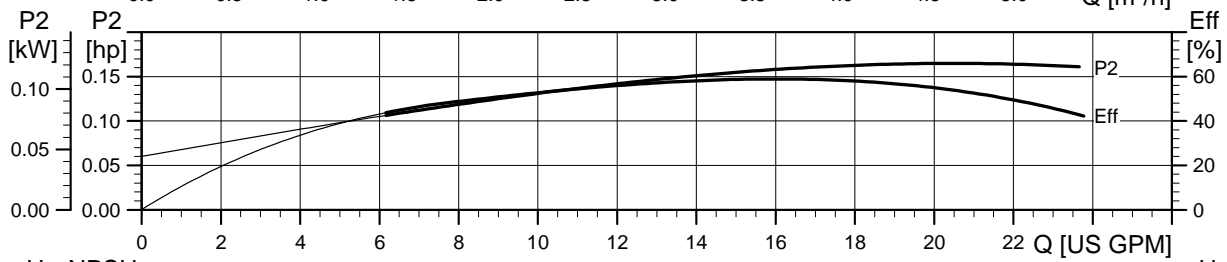
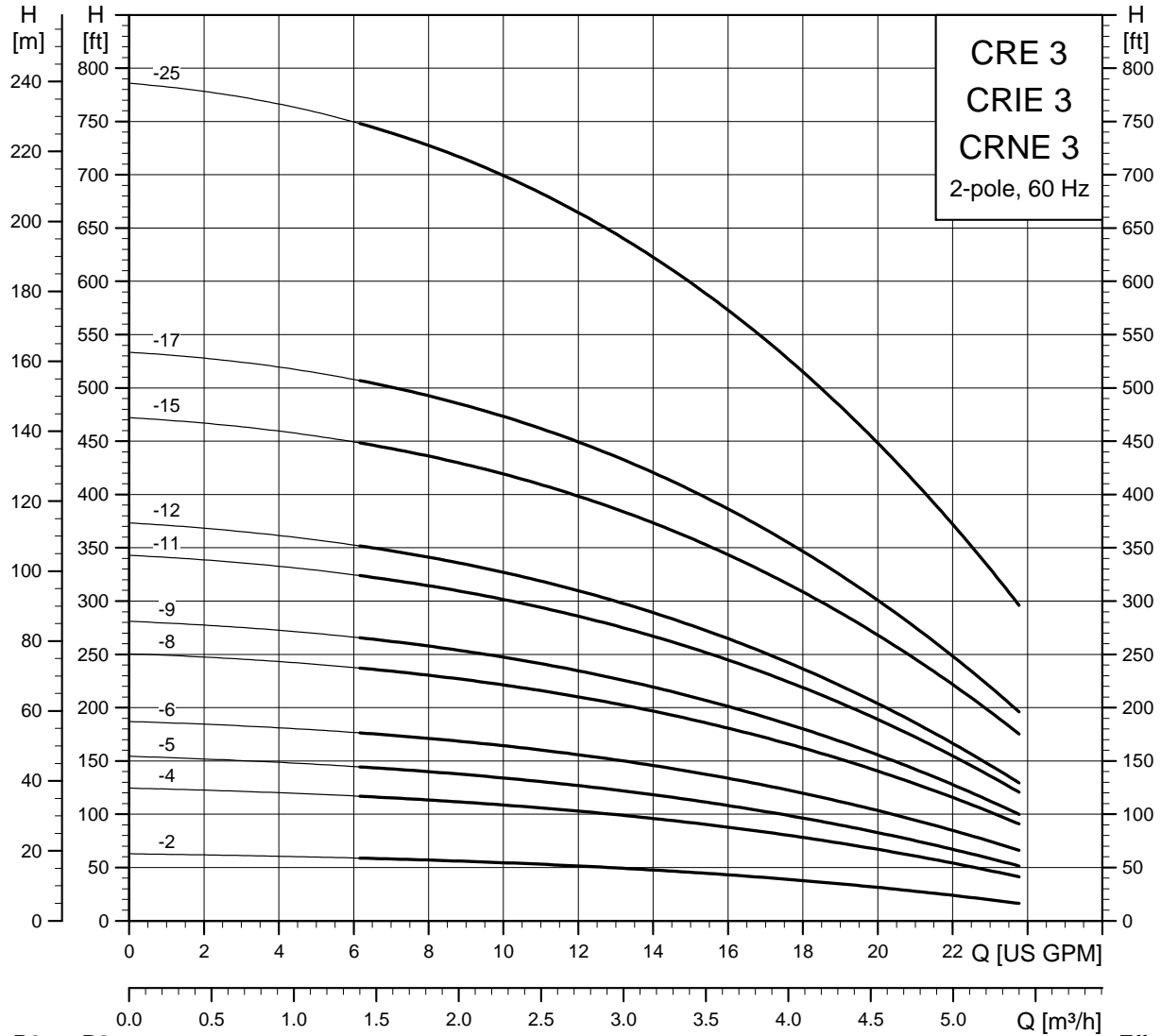
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	PJE <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG [in.]	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRNE 1-4	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	12.80	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.26	69
CRNE 1-6	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.67	71
CRNE 1-9	1	1	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.80	74
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	77
CRNE 1-10	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	17.05	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.09	80
		1	200-240	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	8.34	27.63	82
CRNE 1-13	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.21	86
		3	440-480	56C	*	19.17	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.21	86
CRNE 1-15	2	3	200-240	56C	*	20.59	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.42	91
		3	440-480	56C	*	20.59	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.42	92
		1	200-240	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	8.34	31.26	90
CRNE 1-17	2	3	200-240	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.840	93
		3	440-480	56C	*	22.01	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.84	94
CRNE 1-23	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	27.36	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.51	120
		3	440-480	182TC	*	27.36	4.80	6.22	10.56	38.19	112
CRNE 1-27	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	30.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	43.35	124
		3	440-480	182TC	*	30.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	41.03	116

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

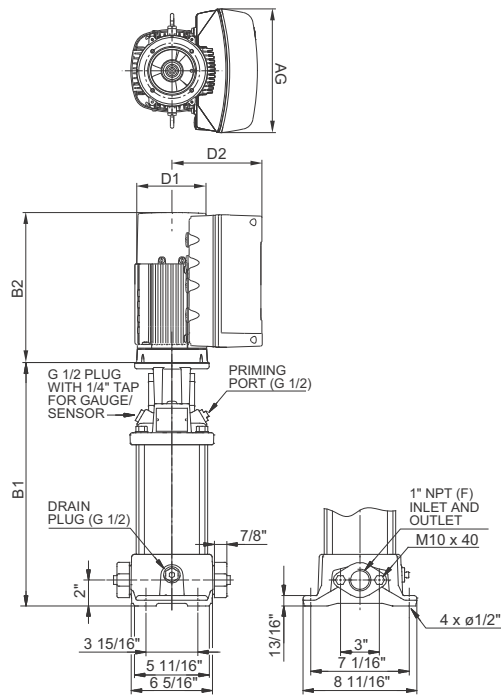
**CRE, CRIE, CRNE 3**



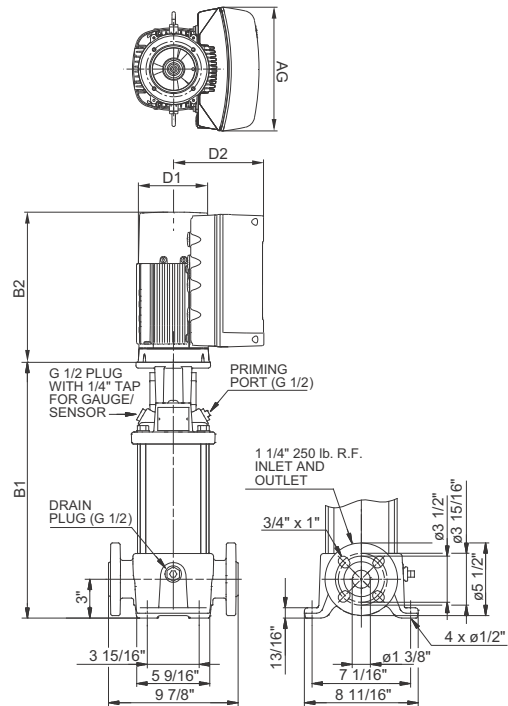
TM05 9413 3813



CRE 3 dimensional data



TM06 9111 1617



TM06 9137 1617

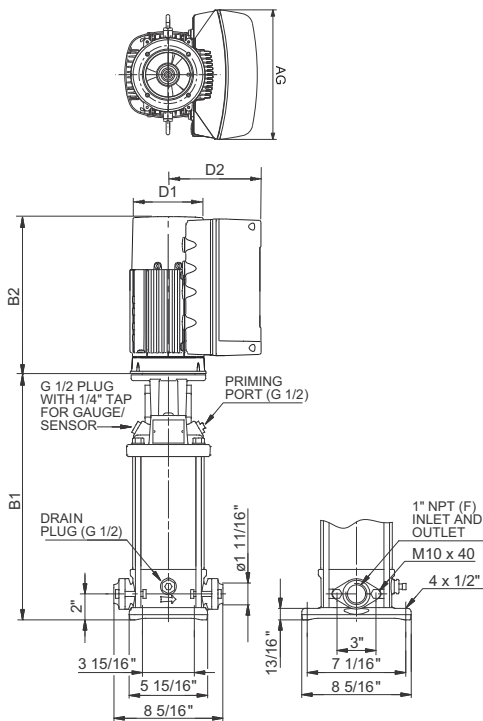
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG [in.]	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRE 3-2	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	11.97	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.43	73
CRE 3-4	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	12.68	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.14	74
CRE 3-5	1	1	200-240	56C	*	13.39	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.85	75
CRE 3-6	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	14.09	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.13	82
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	14.09	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.13	80
CRE 3-8	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.51	4.80	6.22	8.34	23.97	80
CRE 3-9	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.26	84
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.26	85
CRE 3-11	2	1	200-240	56C	*	17.64	4.80	6.22	8.34	26.89	90
CRE 3-12	2	3	200-240	56C	*	18.35	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.18	94
		3	440-480	56C	*	18.35	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.18	95
CRE 3-15	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	21.57	7.53	7.91	11.46	34.72	117
		3	440-480	182TC	*	21.57	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.40	109
CRE 3-17	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	22.99	7.53	7.91	11.46	36.14	119
		3	440-480	182TC	*	22.99	4.80	6.22	10.56	33.82	111
CRE 3-25	5	3	200-240	182TC	-	28.66	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.81	136
		3	440-480	182TC	-	28.66	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.81	147

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

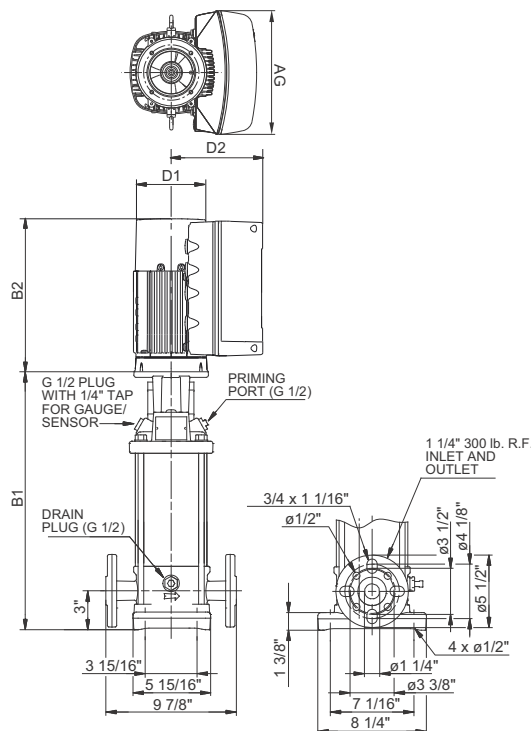
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRIE 3 dimensional data**



TM06 9140 1617



TM06 9139 1617

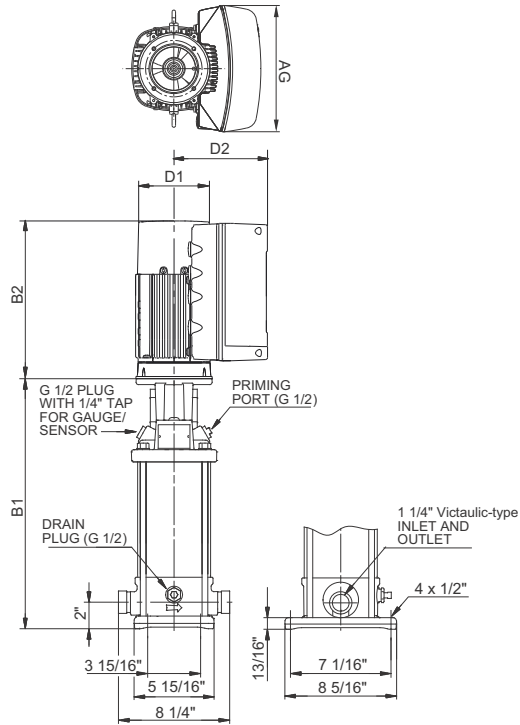
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG [in.]	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRIE 3-2	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	12.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.55	68
CRIE 3-4	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	12.80	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.26	69
CRIE 3-5	1	1	200-240	56C	*	13.50	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.96	70
CRIE 3-6	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	76
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	75
CRIE 3-8	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.63	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.09	75
CRIE 3-9	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	79
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	79
CRIE 3-11	2	1	200-240	56C	*	17.76	4.80	6.22	8.34	27.01	84
CRIE 3-12	2	3	200-240	56C	*	18.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.29	89
		3	440-480	56C	*	18.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.29	89
CRIE 3-15	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	21.69	7.53	7.91	11.46	34.84	110
		3	440-480	182TC	*	21.69	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.52	102
CRIE 3-17	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	23.11	7.53	7.91	11.46	36.26	112
		3	440-480	182TC	*	23.11	4.80	6.22	10.56	33.94	104
CRIE 3-25	5	3	200-240	182TC	-	28.78	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.93	129
		3	440-480	182TC	-	28.78	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.93	140

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

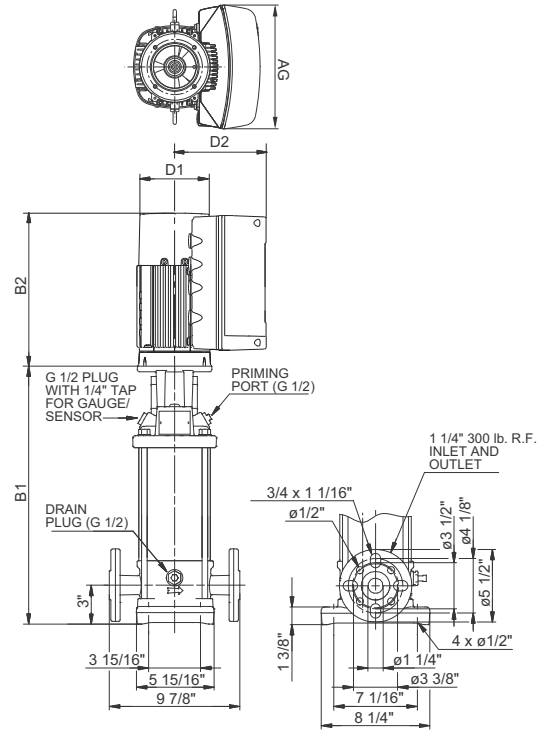
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRNE 3 dimensional data**



TM06 9138 1617



TM06 9139 1617

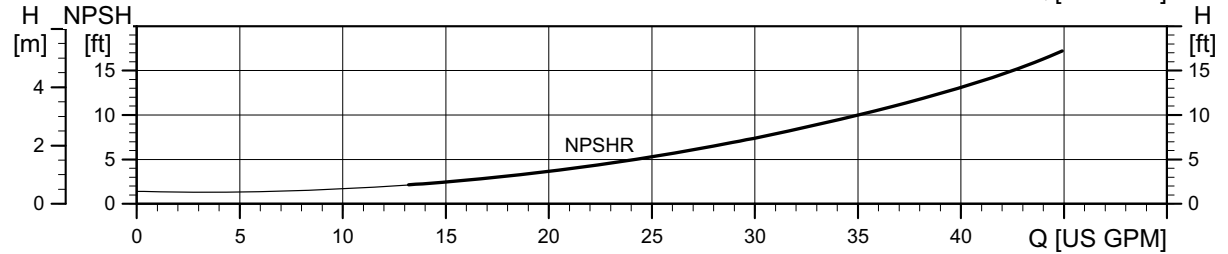
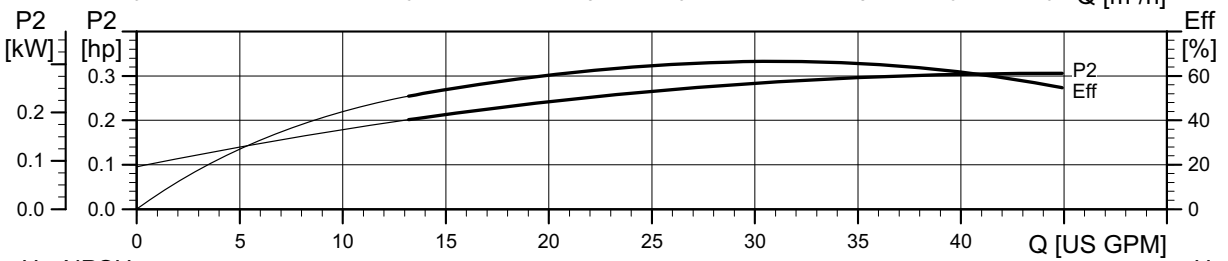
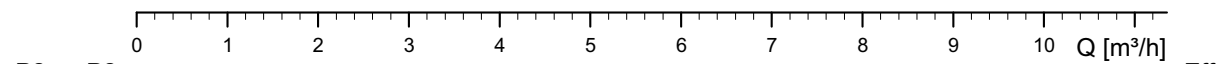
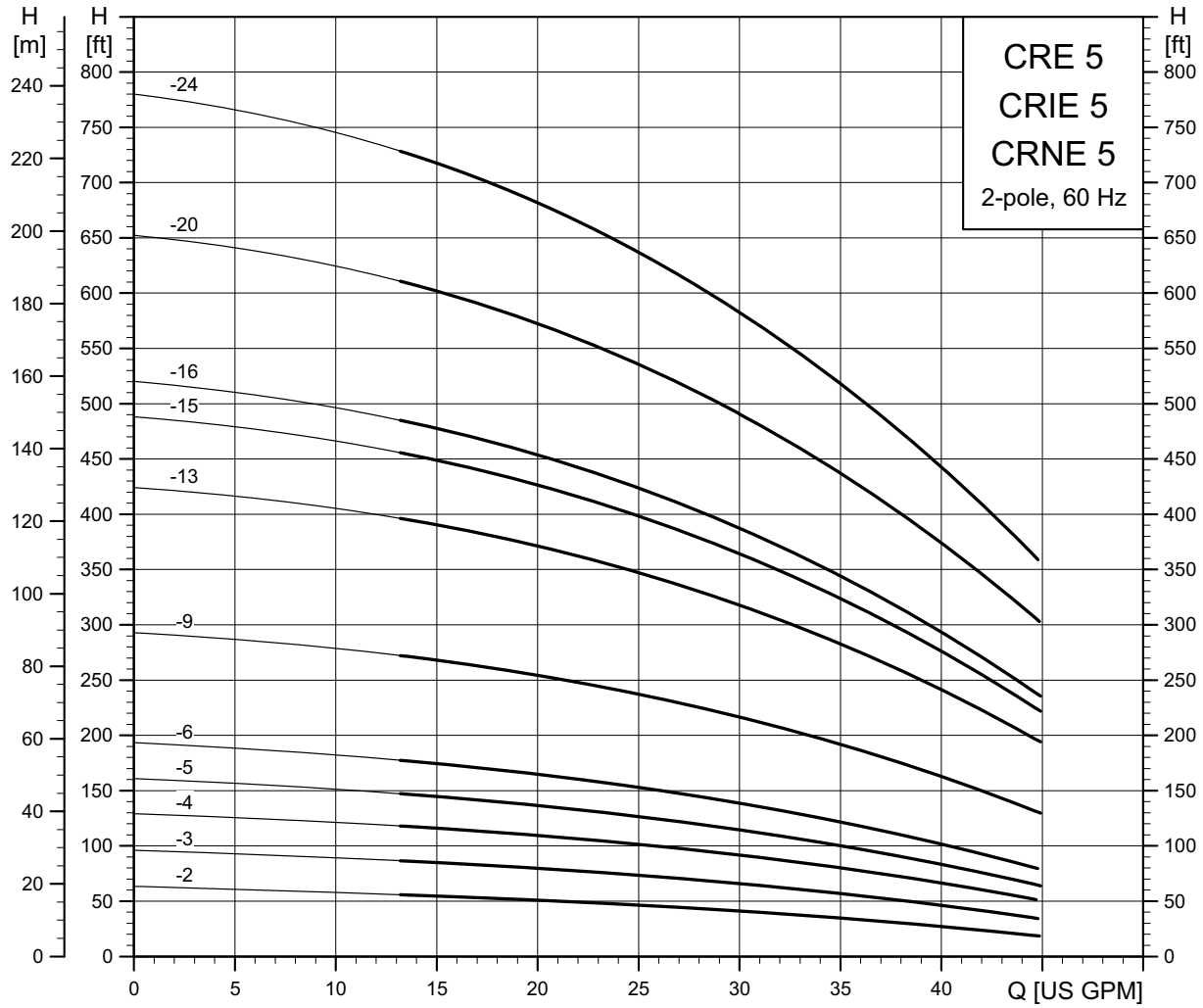
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame Size	PJE <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG [in.]	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs.]
CRNE 3-2	1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	12.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.55	68
CRNE 3-4	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	12.80	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.26	69
CRNE 3-5	1	1	200-240	56C	*	13.50	4.80	6.22	8.34	21.96	70
CRNE 3-6	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	76
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	75
CRNE 3-8	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.63	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.09	74
CRNE 3-9	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	79
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	26.38	79
CRNE 3-11	2	1	200-240	56C	*	17.76	4.80	6.22	8.34	27.01	84
CRNE 3-12	2	3	200-240	56C	*	18.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.29	89
		3	440-480	56C	*	18.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.29	89
CRNE 3-15	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	21.69	7.53	7.91	11.46	34.84	110
		3	440-480	182TC	*	21.69	4.80	6.22	10.56	32.52	102
CRNE 3-17	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	23.11	7.53	7.91	11.46	36.26	112
		3	440-480	182TC	*	23.11	4.80	6.22	10.56	33.94	103
CRNE 3-25	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	28.78	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.93	129
		3	440-480	182TC	*	28.78	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.93	140

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

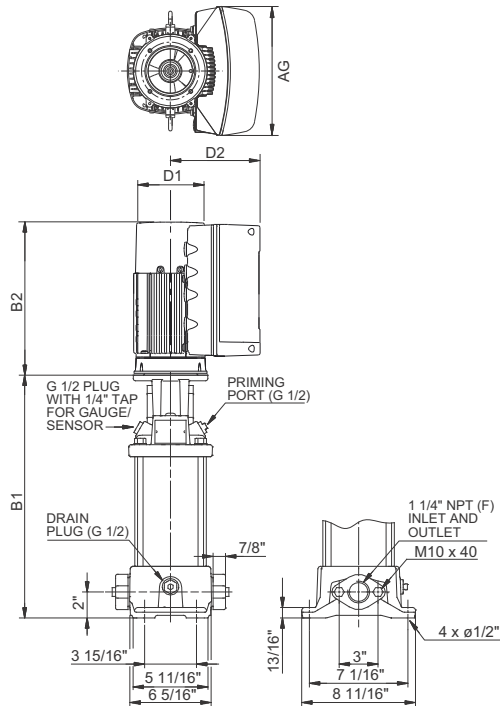
\* Available

**CRE, CRIE, CRNE 5**

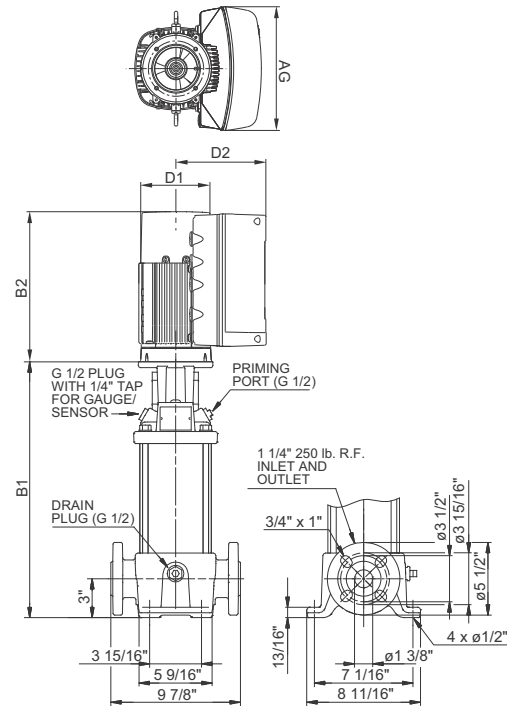


TM05 9414 4313

CRE 5 dimensional data



TM06 9143 1717



TM06 9137 1617

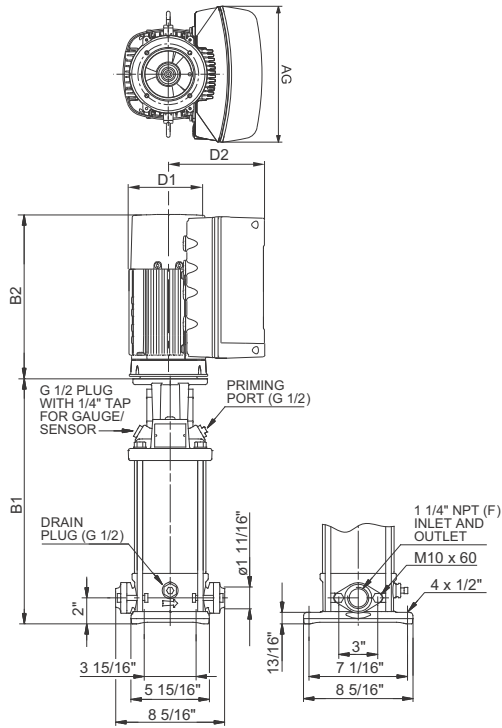
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 5-2	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	11.97	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.43	73
CRE 5-3	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	13.03	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.07	80
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	13.03	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.07	79
CRE 5-4	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	14.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.55	78
		3	200-240	56C	*	14.09	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.13	81
CRE 5-5	2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.16	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.41	83
		3	200-240	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.05	91
CRE 5-6	2	3	440-480	56C	*	16.22	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.05	91
		3	200-240	182TC	*	20.51	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.66	115
CRE 5-9	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	20.51	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.34	107
		3	200-240	182TC	*	24.76	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.91	130
CRE 5-13	5	3	440-480	182TC	*	24.76	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.91	141
		3	200-240	182TC	*	27.95	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.10	133
CRE 5-16	5	3	440-480	182TC	*	27.95	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.10	145
		3	200-240	213TC	-	32.72	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.03	184
CRE 5-20	7 1/2	3	440-480	213TC	-	32.72	7.53	7.91	11.46	47.09	175
		3	200-240	213TC	-	36.97	10.04	9.33	13.62	52.28	264
CRE 5-24	7 1/2	3	440-480	213TC	-	36.97	7.53	7.91	11.46	51.34	255

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

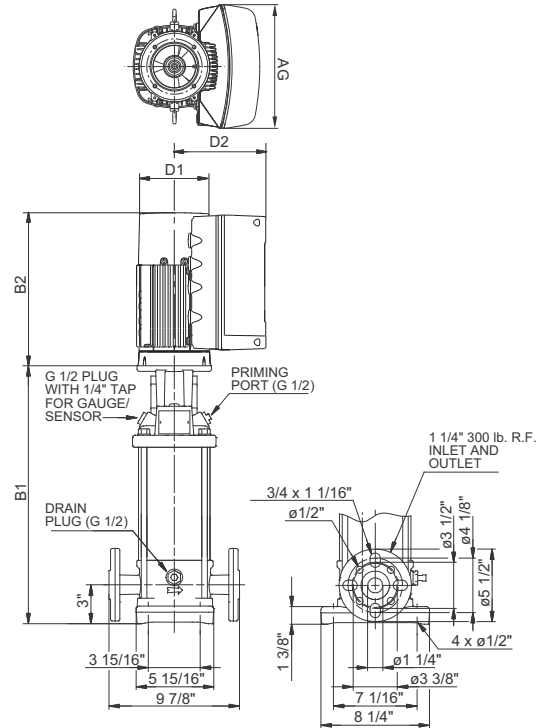
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRIE 5 dimensional data**



TM06 9148 1717



TM06 9139 1617

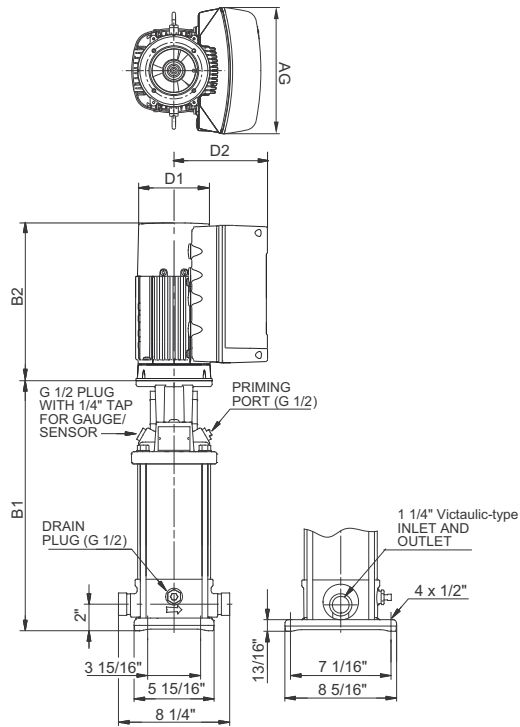
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame Size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG [in.]	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRIE 5-2	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	12.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.55	68
CRIE 5-3	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	13.15	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.19	75
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	13.15	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.19	73
CRIE 5-4	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.67	72
		3	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	76
CRIE 5-5	2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.53	78
		3	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.17	86
CRIE 5-6	2	3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.17	86
		3	200-240	182TC	*	20.63	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.78	108
CRIE 5-9	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	20.63	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.46	100
		3	200-240	182TC	*	24.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	38.03	123
CRIE 5-13	5	3	440-480	182TC	*	24.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	38.03	134
		3	200-240	182TC	*	28.07	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.22	126
CRIE 5-16	5	3	440-480	182TC	*	28.07	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.22	138
		3	200-240	213TC	-	32.83	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.14	177
CRIE 5-20	7 1/2	3	440-480	213TC	-	32.83	7.53	7.91	11.46	47.20	168
		3	200-240	213TC	-	37.09	10.04	9.33	13.62	52.40	257
CRIE 5-24	7 1/2	3	440-480	213TC	-	37.09	7.53	7.91	11.46	51.46	248

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

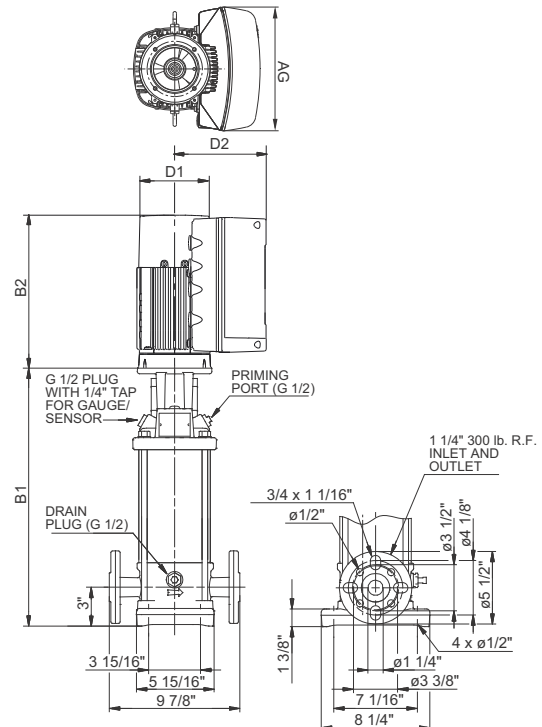
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

CRNE 5 dimensional data



TM06 1938 1617

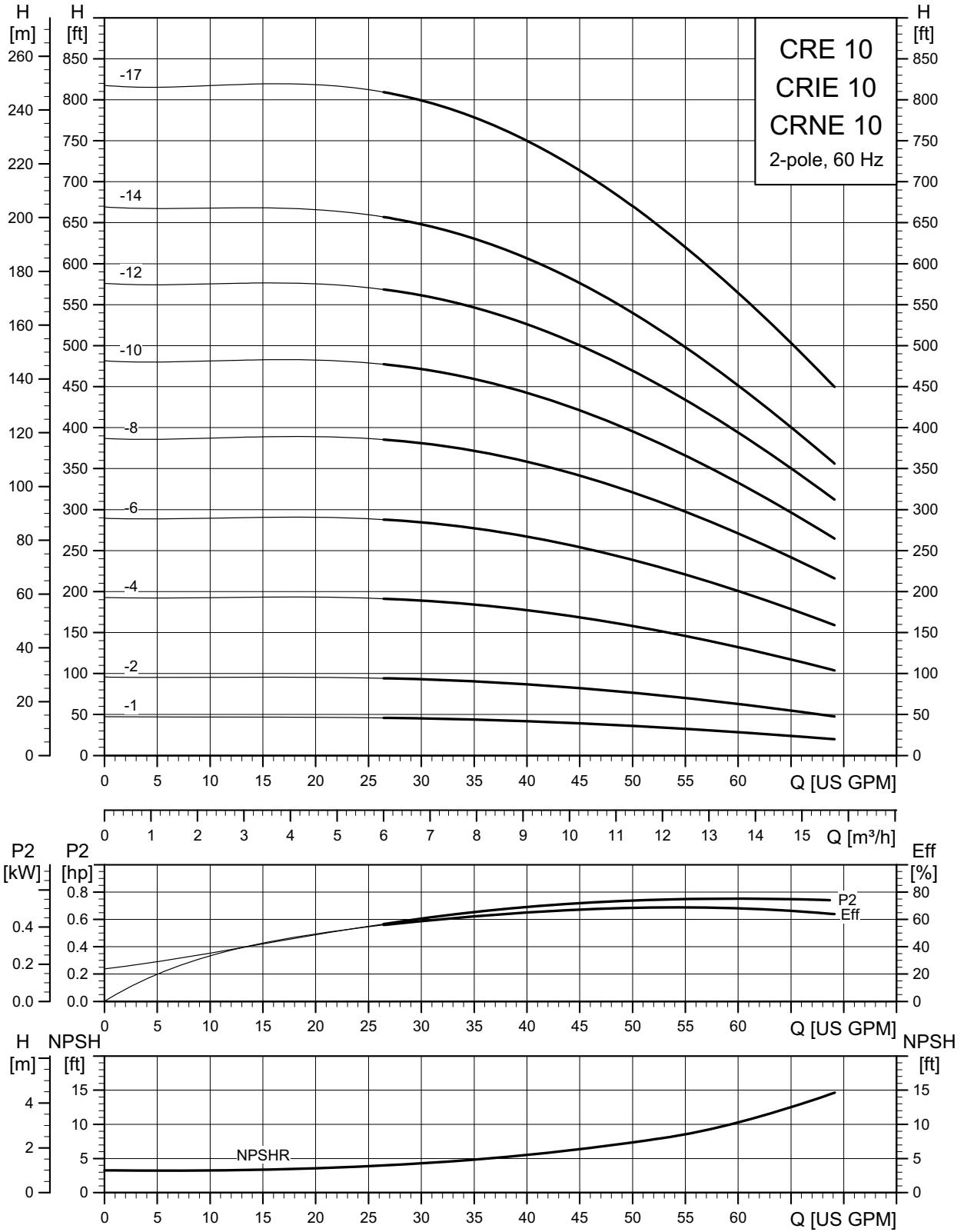


TM06 9139 1617

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	PJE	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 5-2	3/4	1	200-240	56C	*	12.09	4.80	6.22	8.34	20.55	68
CRNE 5-3	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	13.15	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.19	75
	1	3	440-480	56C	*	13.15	4.80	6.22	10.56	23.19	73
CRNE 5-4	1 1/2	1	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	8.34	22.67	72
		3	200-240	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	76
CRNE 5-5	2	3	440-480	56C	*	14.21	4.80	6.22	10.56	24.25	76
		1	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.53	77
CRNE 5-6	2	3	200-240	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.17	86
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.34	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.17	86
CRNE 5-9	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	20.63	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.78	108
		3	440-480	182TC	*	20.63	4.80	6.22	10.56	31.46	100
CRNE 5-13	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	24.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	38.03	123
		3	440-480	182TC	*	24.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	38.03	134
CRNE 5-16	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	28.07	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.22	126
		3	440-480	182TC	*	28.07	7.53	7.91	11.46	41.22	138
CRNE 5-20	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	32.83	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.14	176
		3	440-480	213TC	*	32.83	7.53	7.91	11.46	47.20	167
CRNE 5-24	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	37.09	10.04	9.33	13.62	52.40	256
		3	440-480	213TC	*	37.09	7.53	7.91	11.46	51.46	247

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

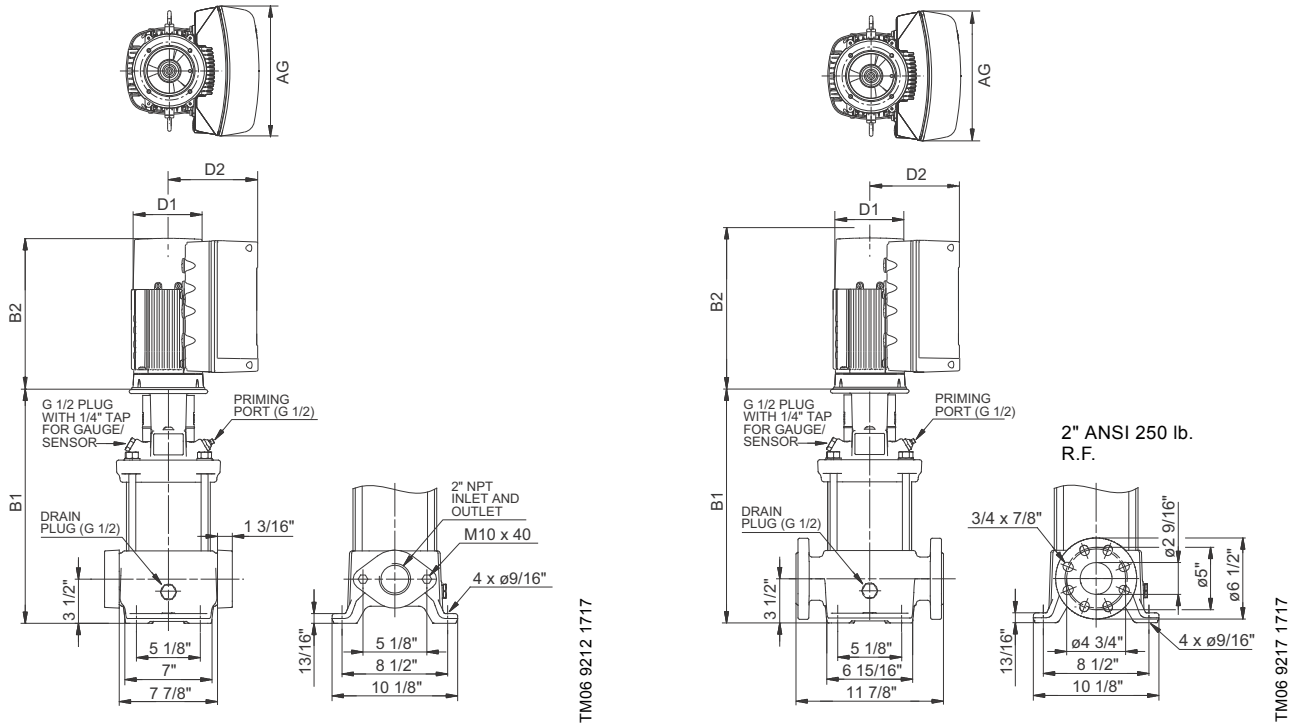
**CRE, CRIE, CRNE 10**



TM05 9415 4313



CRE 10 dimensional data



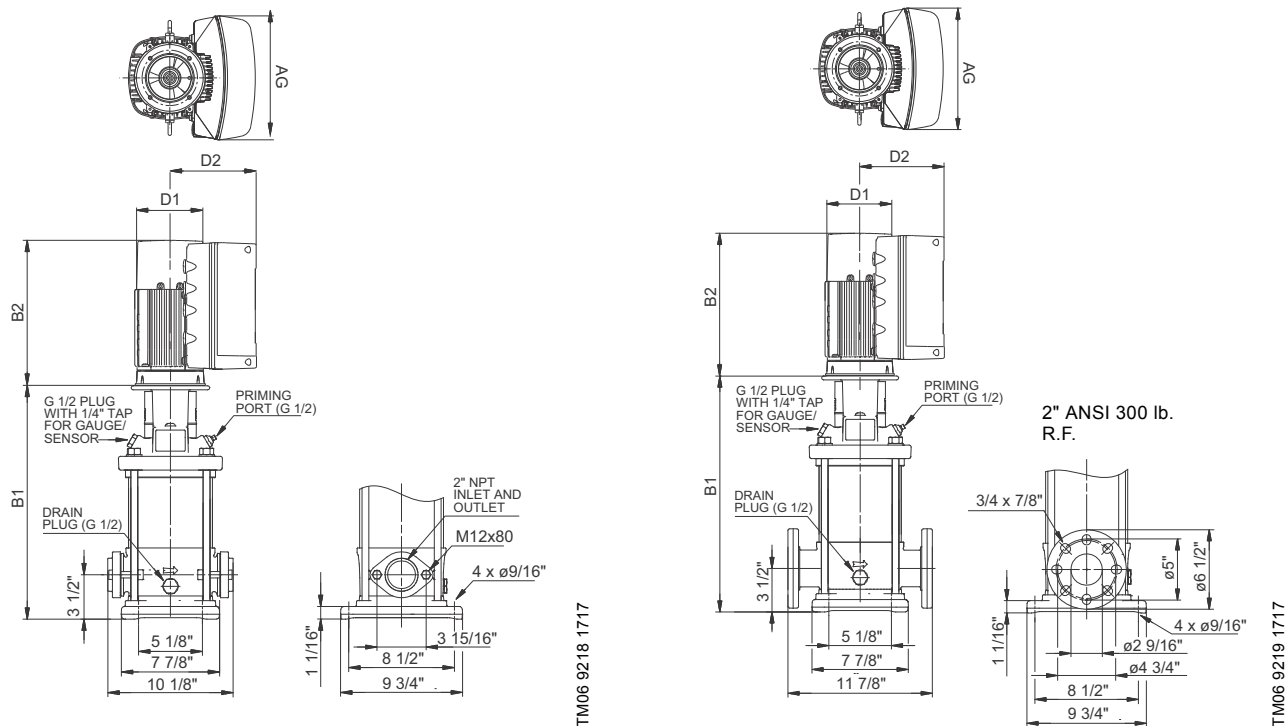
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 10-1	1	1	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	8.34	23.74	111
	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.32	116
CRE 10-2	1	3	440-480	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.32	114
	2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.53	116
CRE 10-4	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.32	116
	1 1/2	3	440-480	56C	*	15.28	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.32	116
CRE 10-6	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	18.39	7.53	7.91	11.46	31.54	152
	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	18.39	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.22	144
CRE 10-8	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	20.75	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.90	164
	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	20.75	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.90	175
CRE 10-10	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	-	23.43	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.74	216
	3	3	440-480	213TC	-	23.43	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.80	207
CRE 10-12	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	-	25.79	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.10	220
	3	3	440-480	213TC	-	25.79	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.16	211
CRE 10-14	10	3	440-480	213TC	-	28.15	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.46	324
CRE 10-17	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	33.06	10.04	9.33	13.62	49.04	356
CRE 10-17	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	37.80	10.04	9.33	13.62	53.78	372

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 3 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRIE 10 dimensional data**



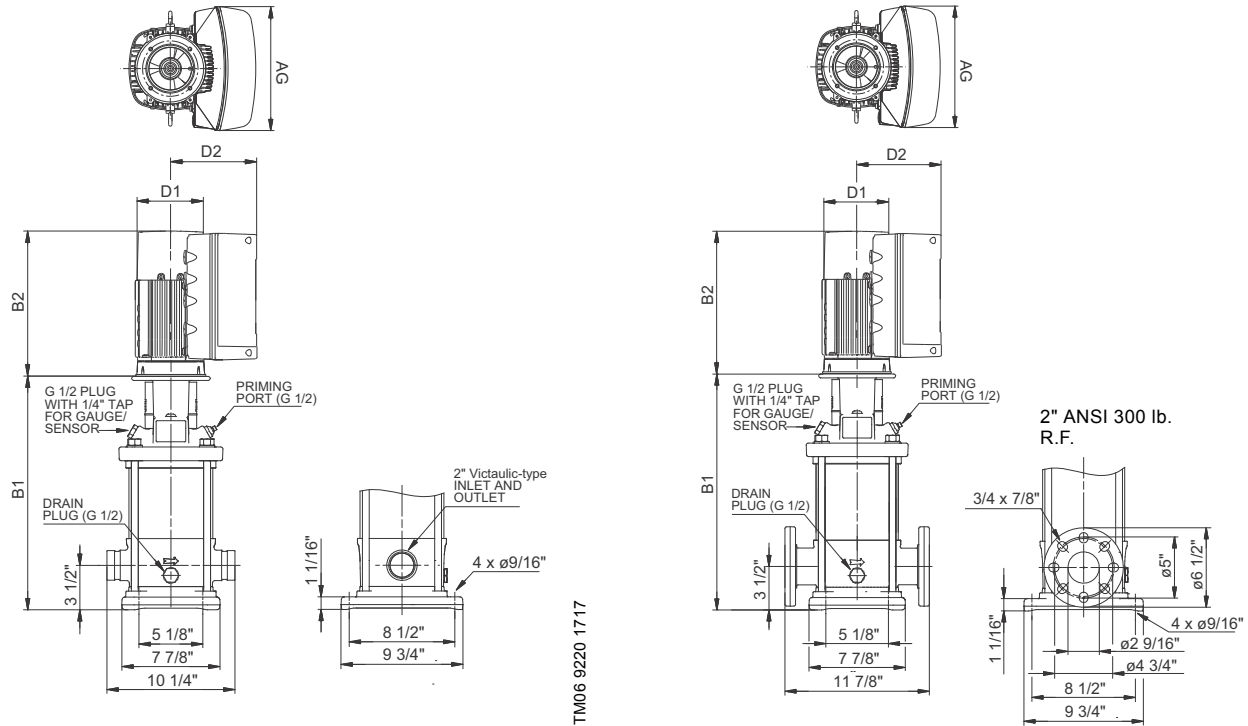
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRIE 10-1	1	1	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	8.34	23.66	100
	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
CRIE 10-2	1	3	440-480	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	103
	2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.45	105
CRIE 10-4	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
	1 1/2	3	440-480	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
CRIE 10-6	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	18.31	7.53	7.91	11.46	31.46	146
	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	18.31	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.14	138
CRIE 10-8	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	20.67	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.82	157
	3	3	440-480	182TC	*	20.67	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.82	168
CRIE 10-10	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	-	23.35	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.66	207
	3	3	440	213TC	-	23.35	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.72	198
CRIE 10-12	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	-	25.71	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.02	211
	3	3	440-480	213TC	-	25.71	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.08	203
CRIE 10-14	10	3	440-480	213TC	-	28.07	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.38	315
CRIE 10-17	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	32.95	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.93	350
CRIE 10-17	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	37.68	10.04	9.33	13.62	53.66	365

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 7 lbs. less.

\* Available

CRNE 10 dimensional data



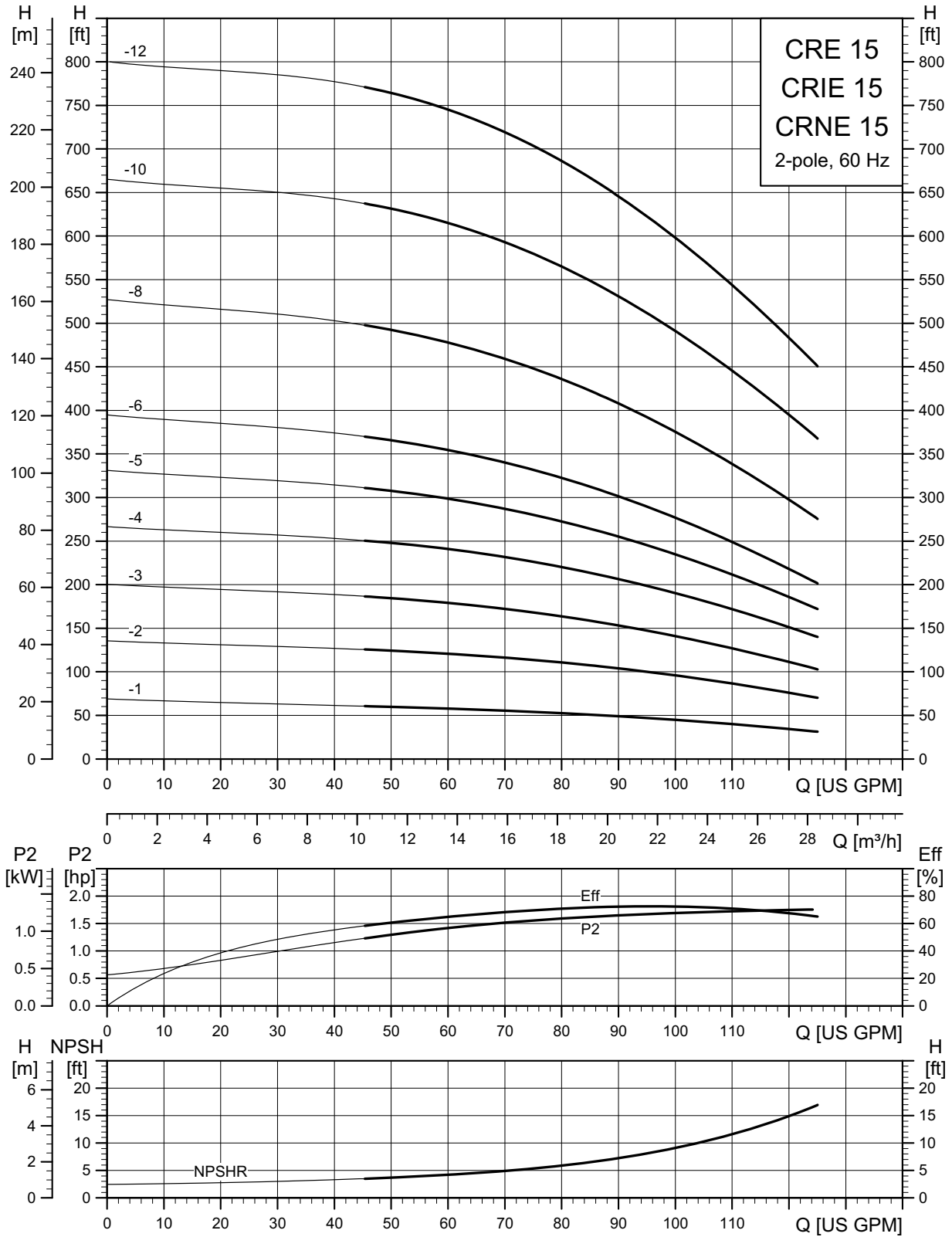
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	PJE <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 10-1	1	1	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	8.34	23.66	100
	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
CRNE 10-2	1	3	440-480	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	103
	2	1	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	8.34	24.45	105
CRNE 10-2	1 1/2	3	200-240	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
	1 1/2	3	440-480	56C	*	15.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	25.24	105
CRNE 10-4	3	3	200-250	182TC	*	18.31	7.53	7.91	11.46	31.46	146
		3	440-480	182TC	*	18.31	4.80	6.22	10.56	29.14	138
CRNE 10-6	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	20.67	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.82	157
		3	440-480	182TC	*	20.67	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.82	168
CRNE 10-8	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	23.35	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.66	207
		3	440-480	213TC	*	23.35	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.72	198
CRNE 10-10	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	25.71	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.02	211
		3	440-480	213TC	*	25.71	7.53	7.91	11.46	40.08	203
CRNE 10-12	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	28.07	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.38	315
CRNE 10-14	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	32.95	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.93	350
CRNE 10-17	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	37.68	10.04	9.33	13.62	53.66	365

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

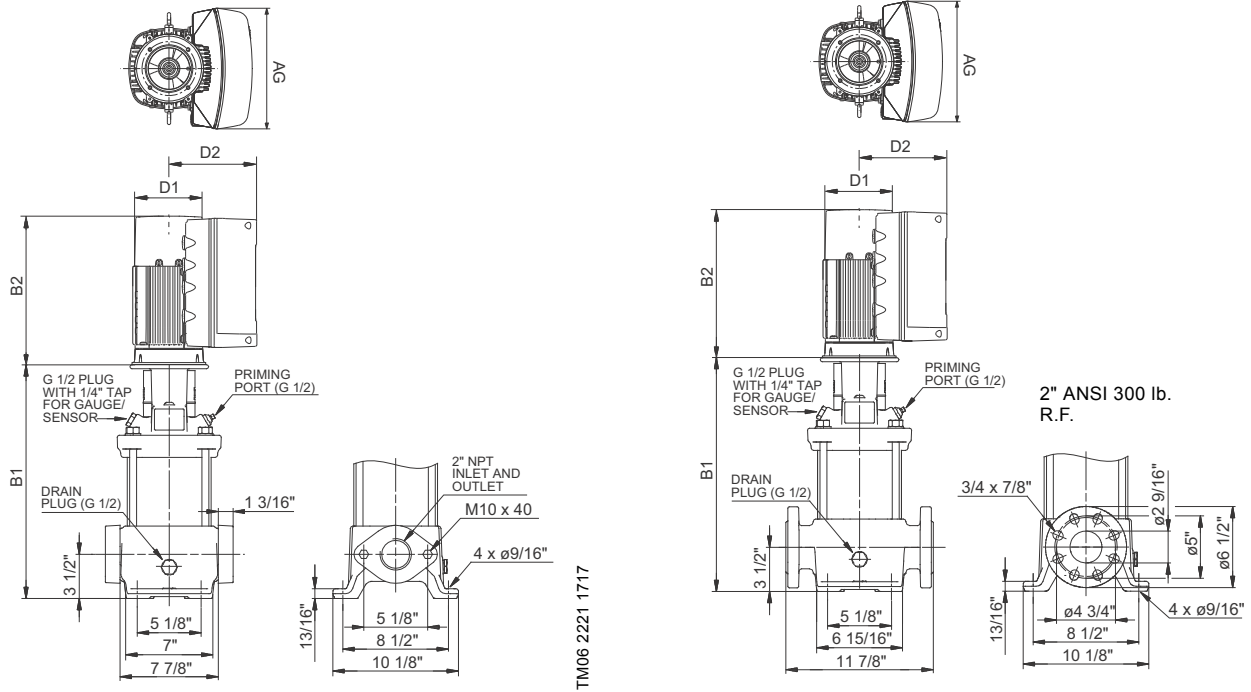
\* Available

### CRE, CRIE, CRNE 15



TM05 9415 4313

CRE 15 dimensional data



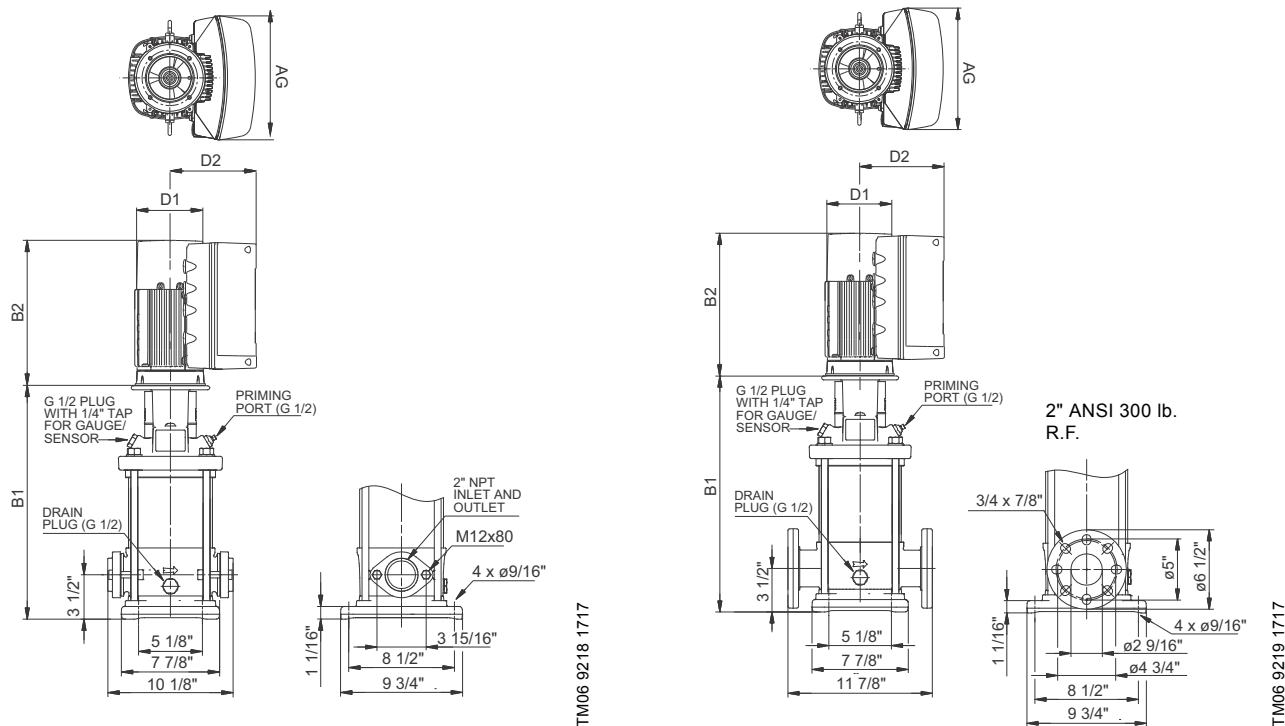
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 15-1	2	1	200-240	56C	*	16.46	4.80	6.22	8.34	25.71	119
		3	200-240	56C	*	16.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.29	122
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.46	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.29	122
CRE 15-2	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.35	157
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.35	168
CRE 15-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.29	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.60	200
CRE 15-4	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	21.06	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.37	211
		3	440-480	213TC	*	21.06	7.53	7.91	11.46	35.43	202
CRE 15-5	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	22.83	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.14	228
CRE 15-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	27.17	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.15	255
CRE 15-8	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	30.71	10.04	9.33	13.62	46.69	356
CRE 15-10	20	3	460-480	256TC	-	34.25	13.39	12.13	16.54	53.03	516
CRE 15-12	25	3	460-480	284TSC	-	37.17	13.39	12.13	16.54	59.89	551

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 3 lbs. less.

\* Available

CRIE 15 dimensional data



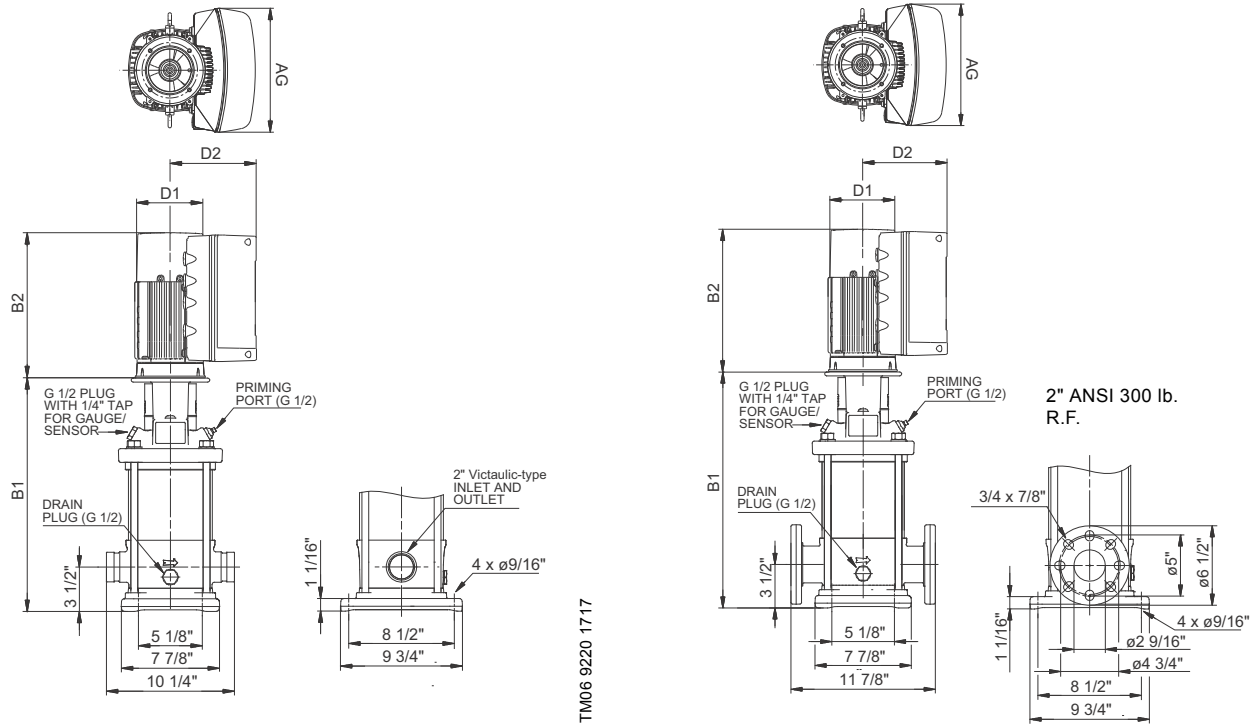
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRIE 15-1	2	1	200-240	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	8.34	25.63	110
		3	200-240	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.21	113
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.21	113
CRIE 15-2	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	150
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	161
CRIE 15-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.21	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.52	192
CRIE 15-4	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	20.98	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.29	202
		3	440-480	213TC	*	20.98	7.53	7.91	11.46	35.35	193
CRIE 15-5	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	22.76	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.07	228
CRIE 15-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	27.05	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.03	330
CRIE 15-8	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	30.59	10.04	9.33	13.62	46.57	348
CRIE 15-10	20	3	460-480	254TC	-	34.13	13.39	12.13	16.54	52.91	509
CRIE 15-12	25	3	460-480	284TSC	-	37.05	13.39	12.13	16.54	59.77	542

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 7 lbs. less.

\* Available

CRNE 15 dimensional data



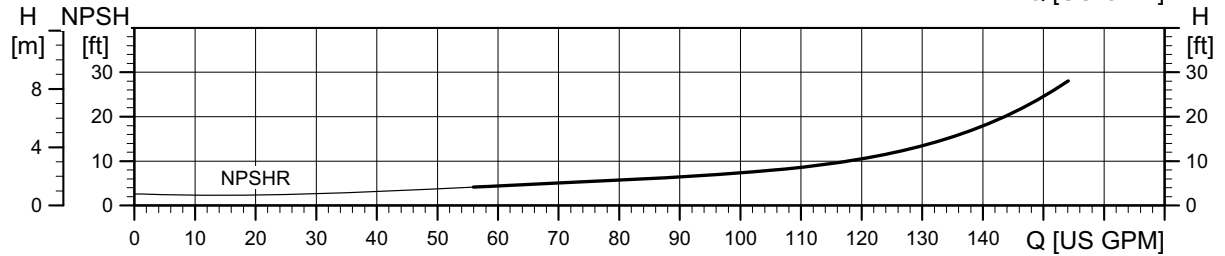
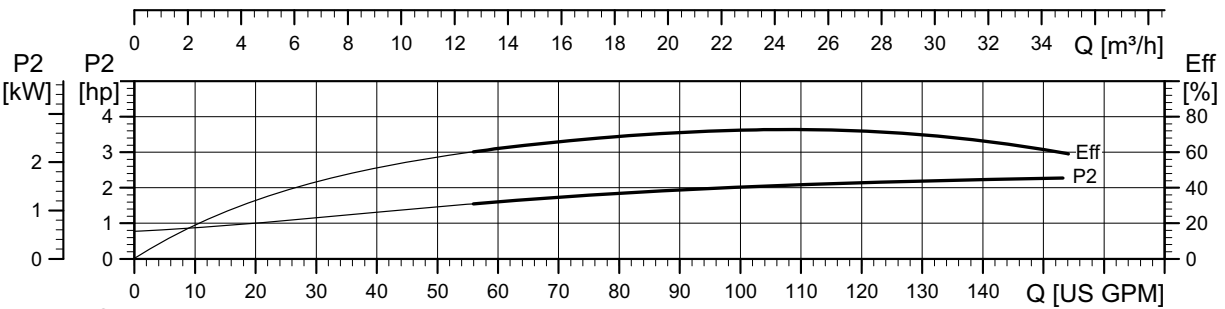
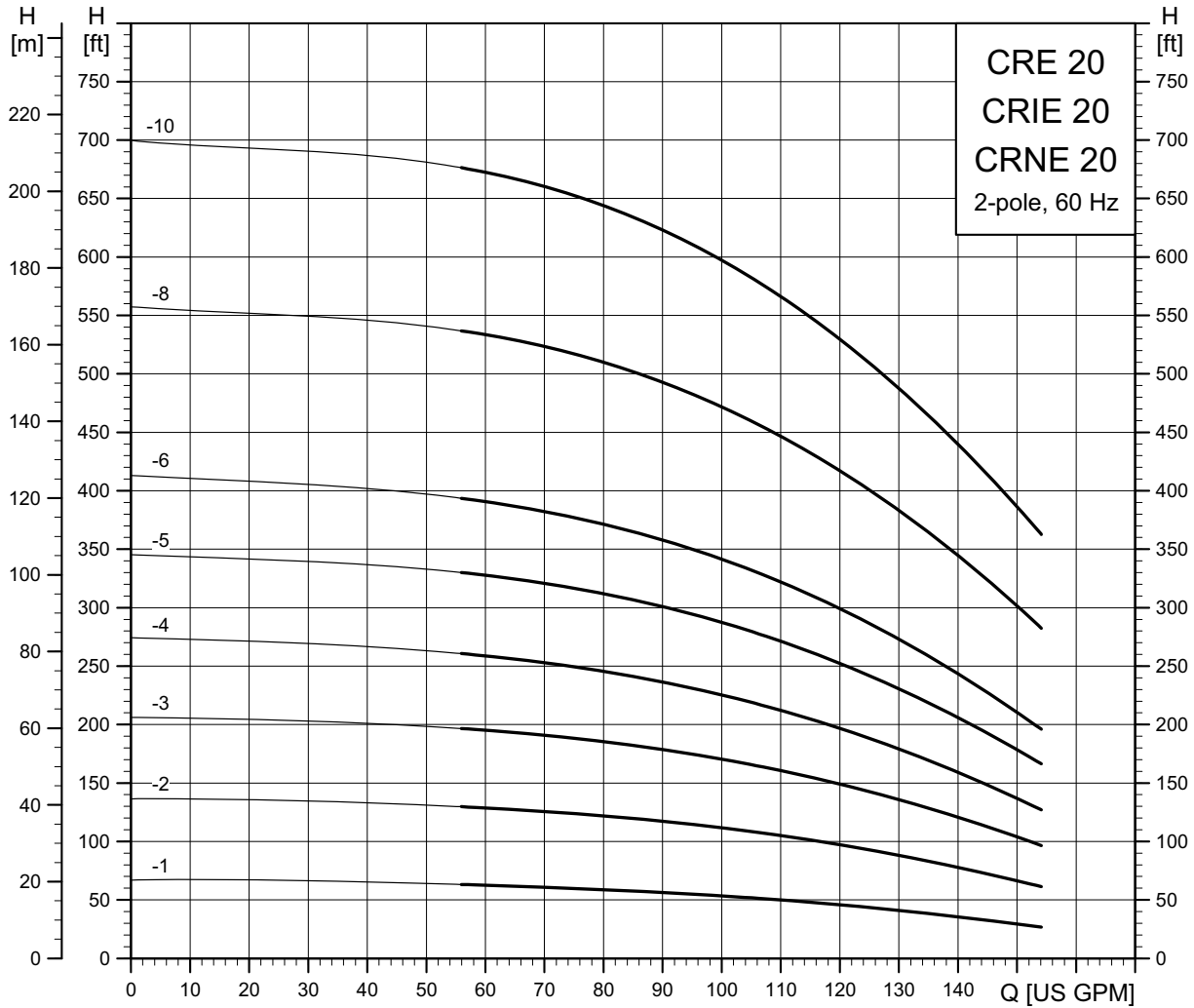
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	PJE <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 15-1	2	1	200-240	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	8.34	25.63	110
		3	200-250	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.21	113
		3	440-480	56C	*	16.38	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.21	113
CRNE 15-2	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	150
		3	460-480	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	161
CRNE 15-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.21	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.52	192
CRNE 15-4	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	20.98	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.29	202
		3	440-480	213TC	*	20.98	7.53	7.91	11.46	35.35	193
CRNE 15-5	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	22.76	10.04	9.33	13.62	38.07	307
CRNE 15-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	27.05	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.03	330
CRNE 15-8	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	30.59	10.04	9.33	13.62	46.57	348
CRNE 15-10	20	3	460-480	256TC	*	34.13	13.39	12.13	16.54	52.91	509
CRNE 15-12	25	3	460-480	284TSC	*	37.05	13.39	12.13	16.54	59.77	542

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.

\* Available

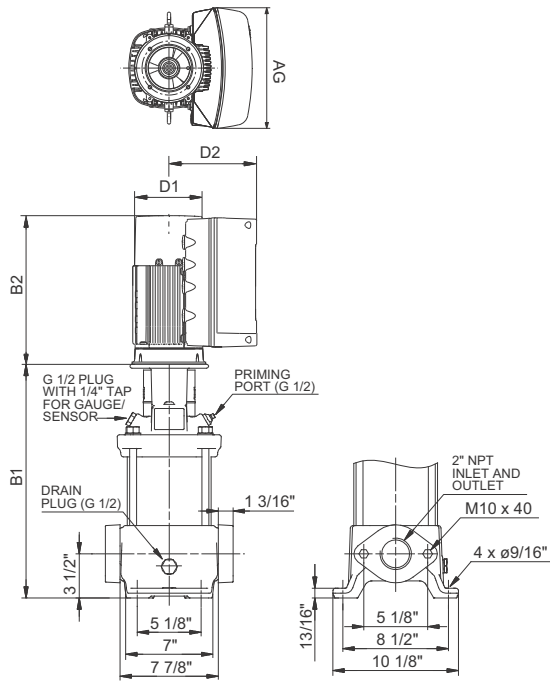
**CRE, CRIE, CRNE 20**



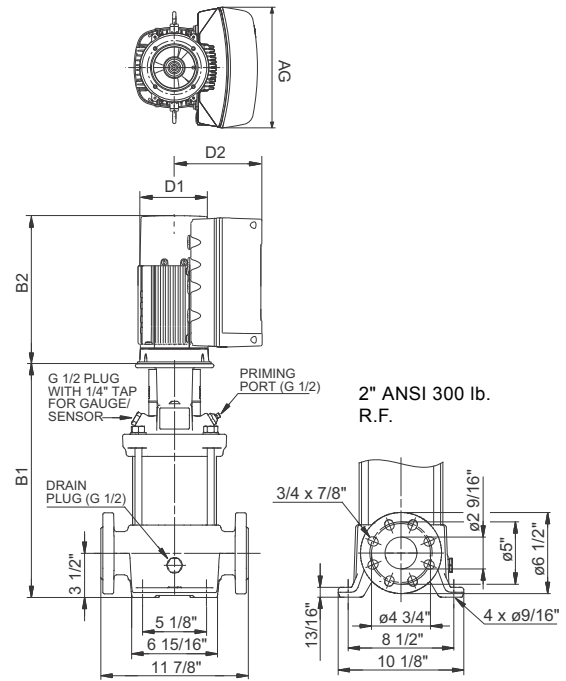
TM05 9417 4313



CRE 20 dimensional data



TM06 2221 1717



TM06 9222 1717

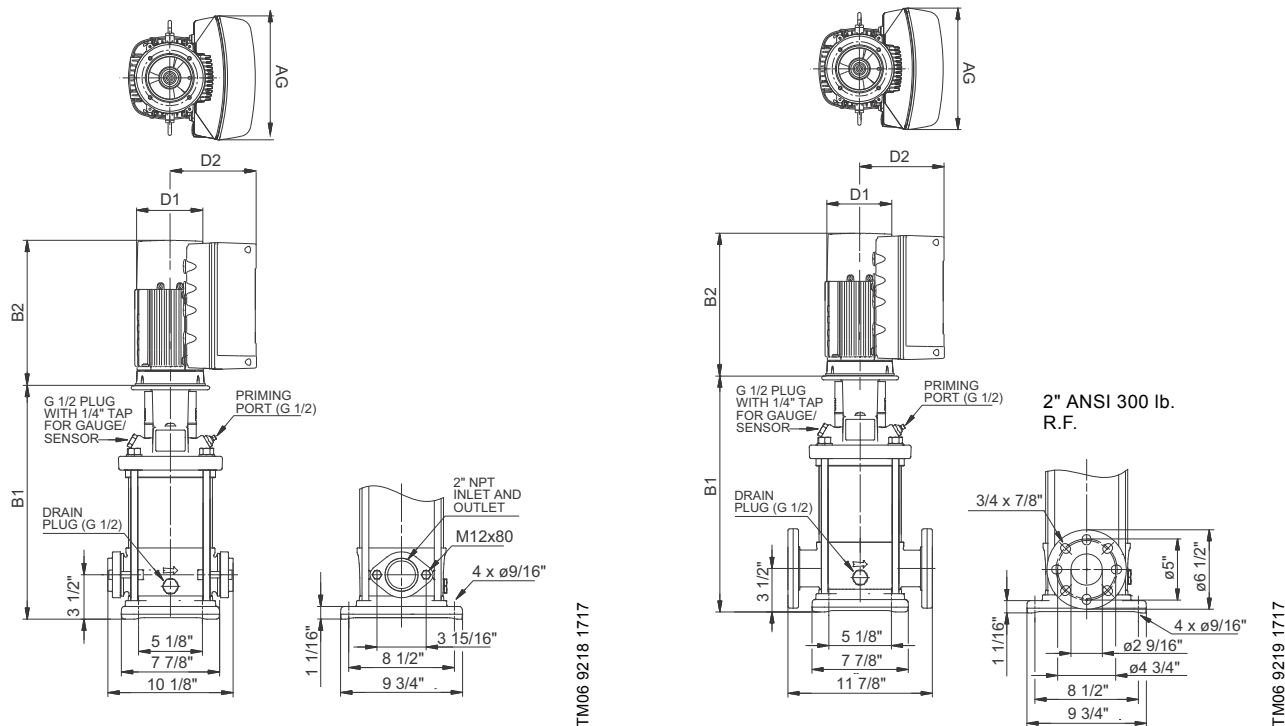
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 20-1	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.35	150
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.20	4.80	6.22	10.56	28.03	142
CRE 20-2	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.35	157
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.20	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.35	168
CRE 20-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.29	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.60	206
		3	440-480	213TC	*	19.29	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.66	197
CRE 20-4	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	21.06	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.37	232
CRE 20-5	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	25.39	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.37	341
CRE 20-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	27.17	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.15	343
CRE 20-8	20	3	460-480	256TC	-	30.71	13.39	12.13	16.54	49.49	507
CRE 20-10	25	3	460-480	284TSC	-	33.62	13.39	12.13	16.54	56.34	542

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 3 lbs. less.

\* Available

**CRIE 20 dimensional data**



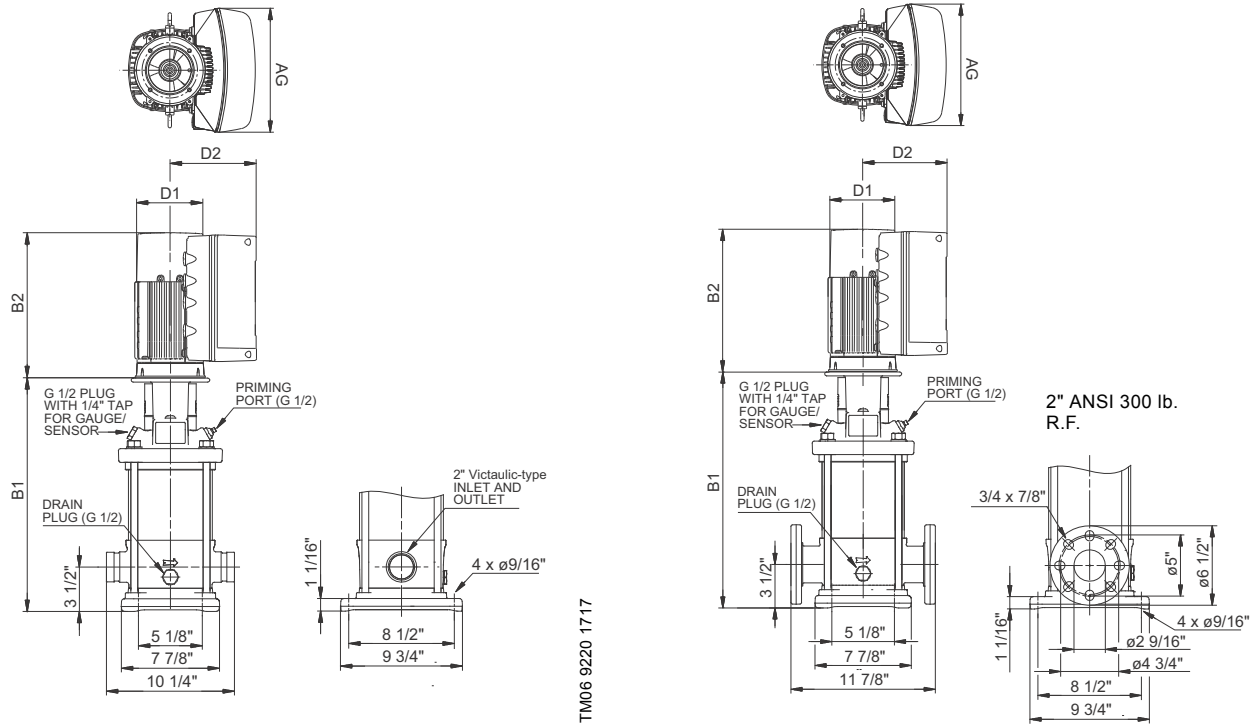
Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	Oval <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRIE 20-1	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	144
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.13	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.96	135
CRIE 20-2	5	3	200-250	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	150
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	161
CRIE 20-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.21	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.52	200
		3	440-480	213TC	*	19.21	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.58	191
CRIE 20-4	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	20.98	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.29	225
CRIE 20-5	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	25.28	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.26	332
CRIE 20-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	-	27.05	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.03	337
CRIE 20-8	20	3	460-480	256TC	-	30.59	13.39	12.13	16.54	49.37	500
CRIE 20-10	25	3	460-480	284TSC	-	33.50	13.39	12.13	16.54	56.22	536

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

1 For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 7 lbs. less.

\* Available

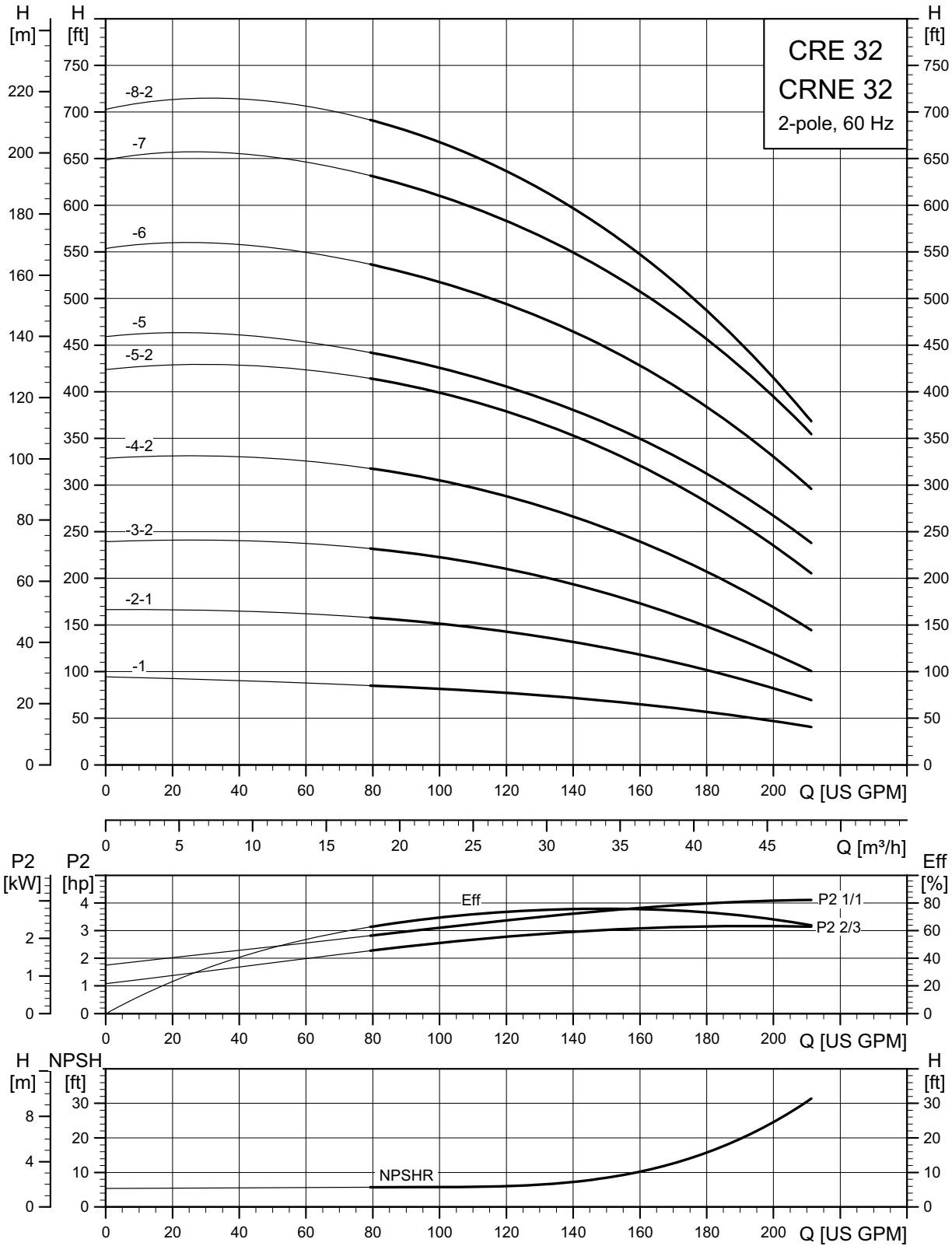
CRNE 20 dimensional data



Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame Size	PJE <sup>1</sup>	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 20-1	3	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	144
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.13	4.80	6.22	10.56	27.96	135
CRNE 20-2	5	3	200-240	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	150
		3	440-480	182TC	*	17.13	7.53	7.91	11.46	30.28	161
CRNE 20-3	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	*	19.21	10.04	9.33	13.62	34.52	200
		3	440-480	213TC	*	19.21	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.58	191
CRNE 20-4	10	3	440-480	213TC	*	20.98	10.04	9.33	13.62	36.29	225
CRNE 20-5	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	25.28	10.04	9.33	13.62	41.26	332
CRNE 20-6	15	3	440-480	254TC	*	27.05	10.04	9.33	13.62	43.03	337
CRNE 20-8	20	3	460-480	256TC	*	30.59	13.39	12.13	16.54	49.37	500
CRNE 20-10	25	3	460-480	284TSC	*	33.50	13.39	12.13	16.54	56.22	536

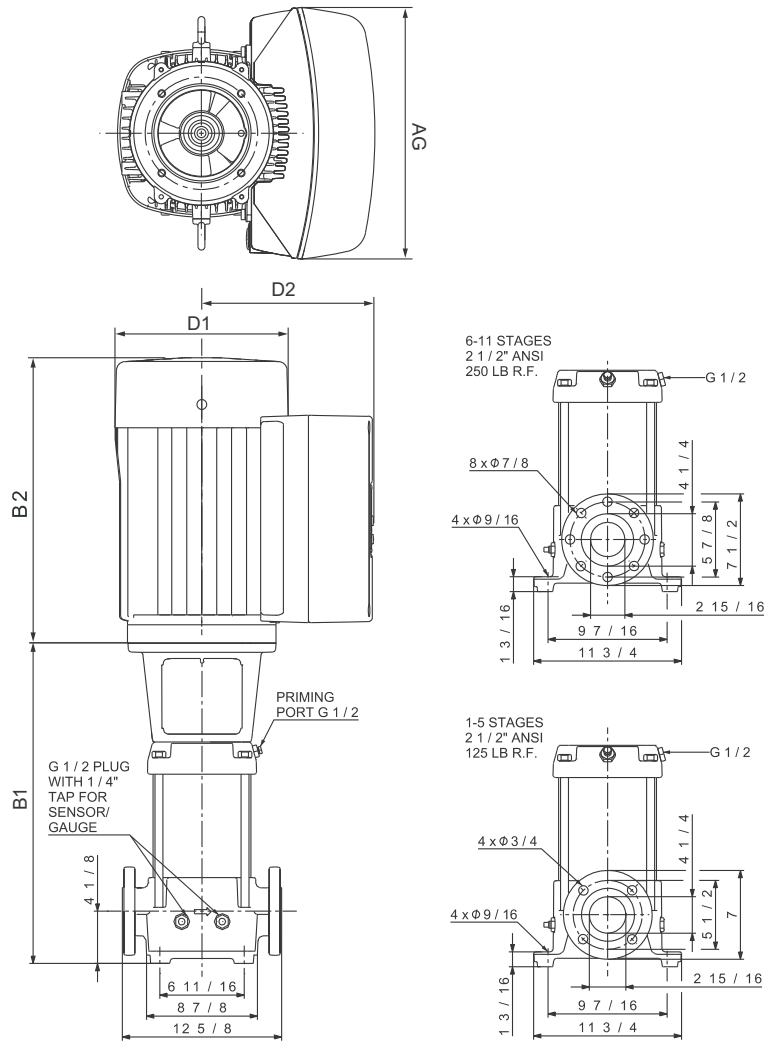
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.  
<sup>1</sup> For oval flanged pumps, the B1 and B1+B2 dimensions are one inch less than for ANSI flanged pumps, and the weight is approximately 9 lbs. less.  
 \* Available

**CRE, CRNE 32**



TM05 9418 4313

CRE 32 dimensional data

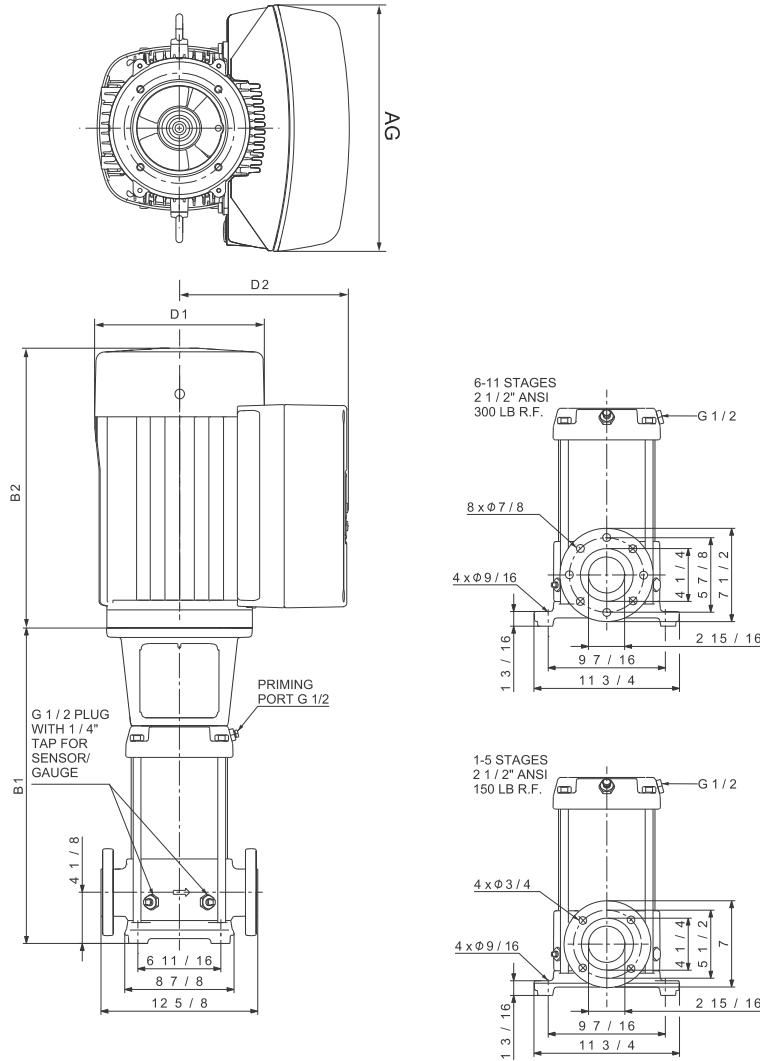


TM06 9224 1717

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 32-1	5	3	200-240	182TC	19.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.03	169
		3	440-480	182TC	19.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.03	180
CRE 32-2-1	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	22.64	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.95	214
		3	440-480	213TC	22.64	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.01	205
CRE 32-3-2	10	3	440-480	213TC	25.39	10.04	9.33	13.62	40.70	240
CRE 32-4-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	32.48	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.46	393
CRE 32-5-2	20	3	460-480	256TC	35.24	13.39	12.13	16.54	54.02	551
CRE 32-5	20	3	460-480	256TC	35.24	13.39	12.13	16.54	54.02	551
CRE 32-6	25	3	460-480	284TSC	37.99	13.39	12.13	16.54	60.71	623
CRE 32-7	30	3	460-480	284TSC	40.75	13.39	12.13	16.54	63.47	657
CRE 32-8-2	30	3	460-480	284TSC	43.50	13.39	12.13	16.54	66.22	669

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

CRNE 32 dimensional data

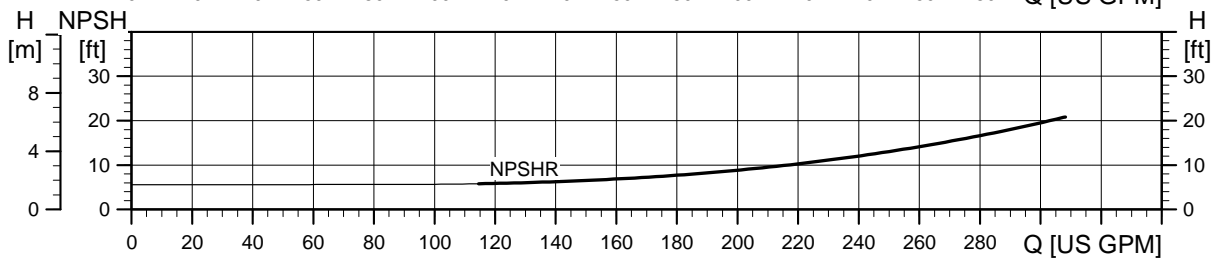
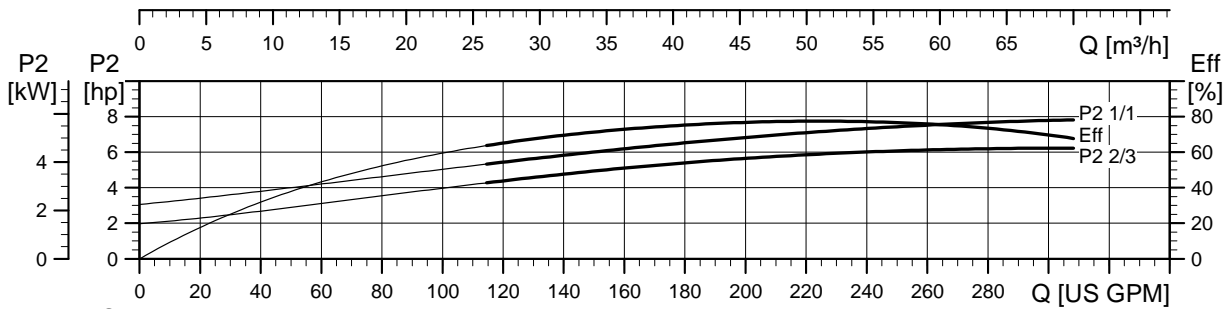
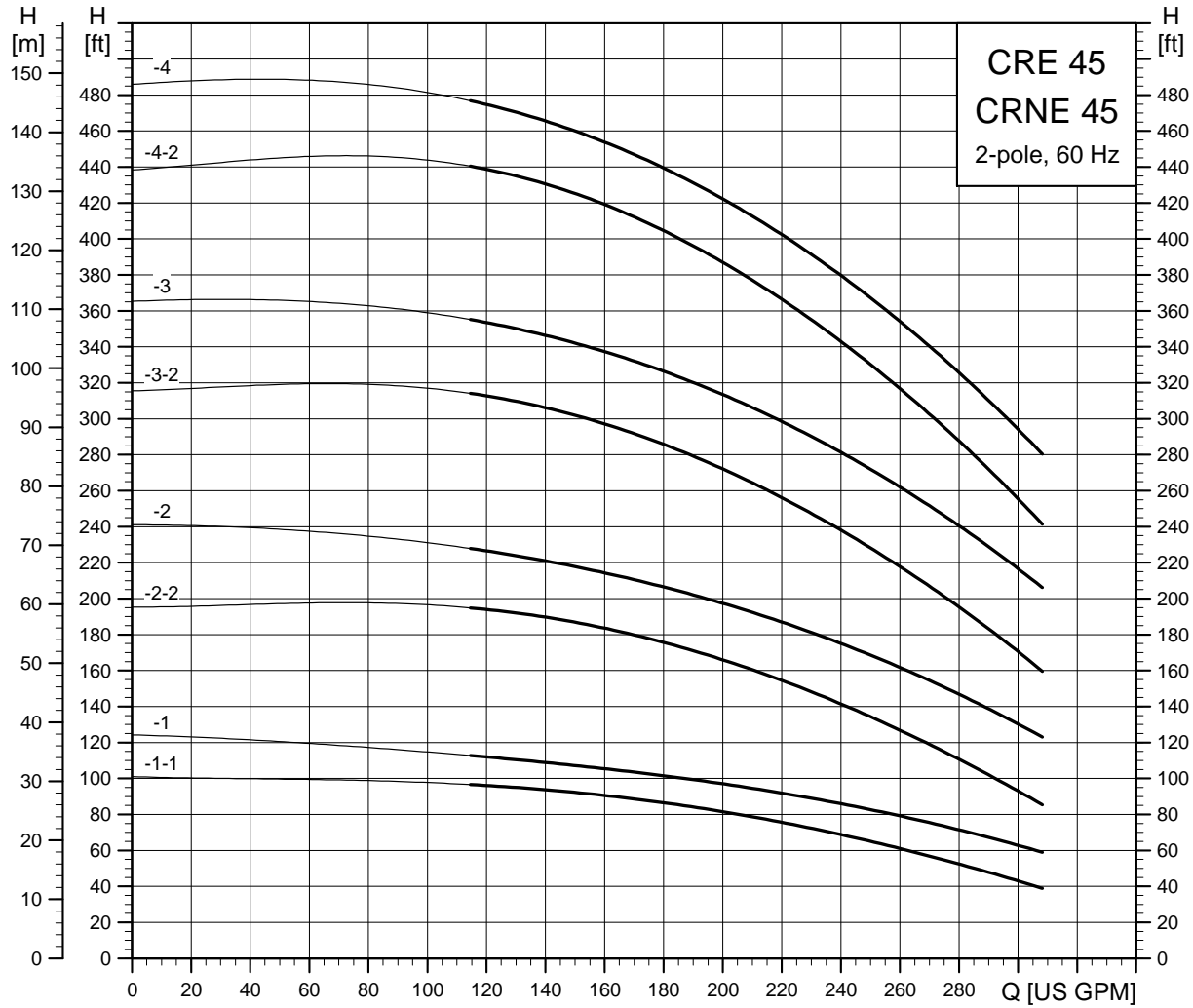


TM06 9604 2517

Pump type	[HP]	Ph	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 32-1	5	3	200-240	182TC	19.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.03	174
		3	440-480	182TC	19.88	7.53	7.91	11.46	33.03	185
CRNE 32-2-1	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	22.64	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.95	219
		3	440-480	213TC	22.64	7.53	7.91	11.46	37.01	211
CRNE 32-3-2	10	3	440-480	213TC	25.39	10.04	9.33	13.62	40.70	245
CRNE 32-4-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	32.48	10.04	9.33	13.62	48.46	398
CRNE 32-5-2	20	3	460-480	256TC	35.24	13.39	12.13	16.54	54.02	556
CRNE 32-5	20	3	460-480	256TC	35.24	13.39	12.13	16.54	54.02	556
CRNE 32-6	25	3	460-480	284TSC	37.99	13.39	12.13	16.54	60.71	627
CRNE 32-7	30	3	460-480	286TSC	40.75	13.39	12.13	16.54	63.47	660
CRNE 32-8-2	30	3	460-480	286TSC	43.50	13.39	12.13	16.54	66.22	673

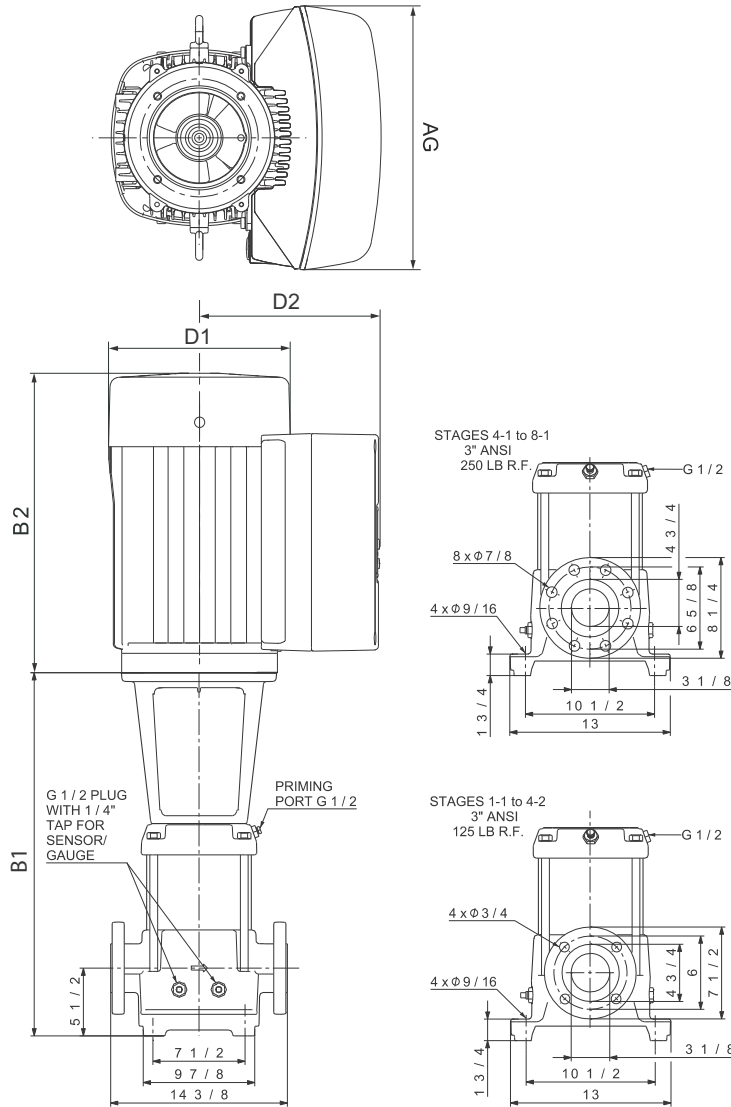
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

**CRE, CRNE 45**



TM05 9423 3813

CRE 45 dimensional data



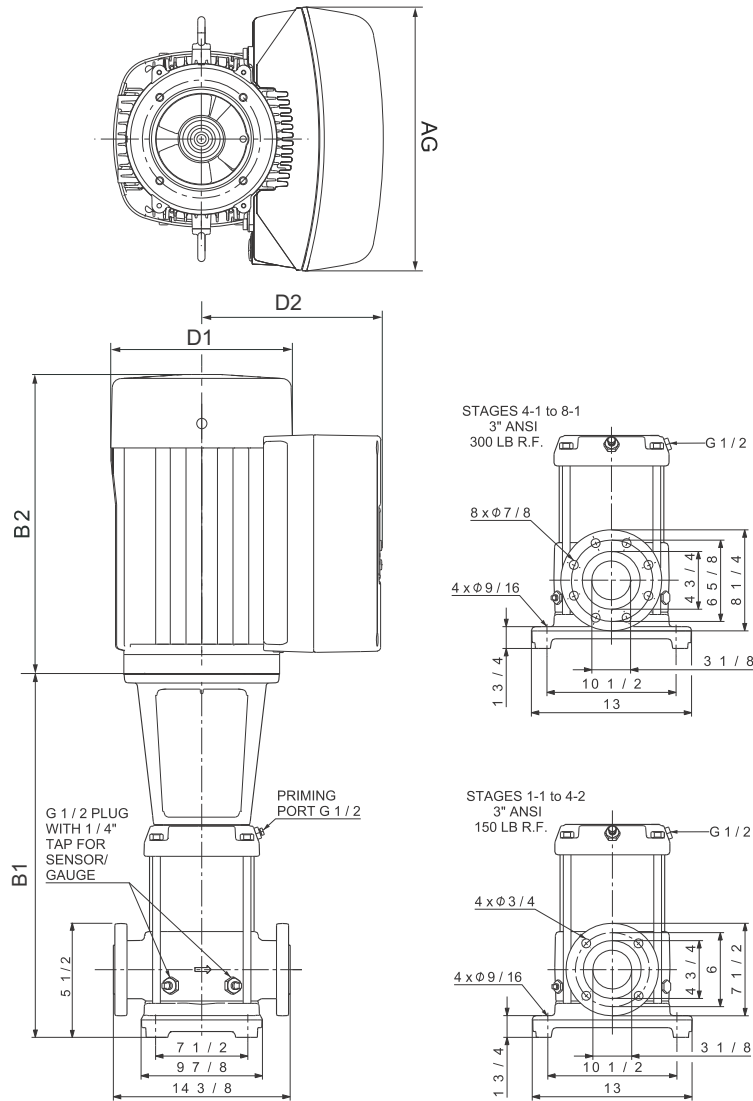
TM06 9240 2017

Pump type	[HP]	P69	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 45-1-1	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	22.01	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.32	321
		3	440-480	213TC	22.01	7.53	7.91	11.46	36.38	313
CRE 45-1	10	3	440-480	213TC	22.01	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.32	337
CRE 45-2-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	29.49	10.04	9.33	13.62	45.47	402
CRE 45-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	29.49	10.04	9.33	13.62	45.47	402
CRE 45-3-2	20	3	460-480	256TC	32.64	13.39	12.13	16.54	51.42	561
CRE 45-3	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.64	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.36	588
CRE 45-4-2	30	3	460-480	286TSC	35.79	13.39	12.13	16.54	58.51	660
CRE 45-4	30	3	460-480	286TSC	35.79	13.39	12.13	16.54	58.51	665

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.



CRNE 45 dimensional data

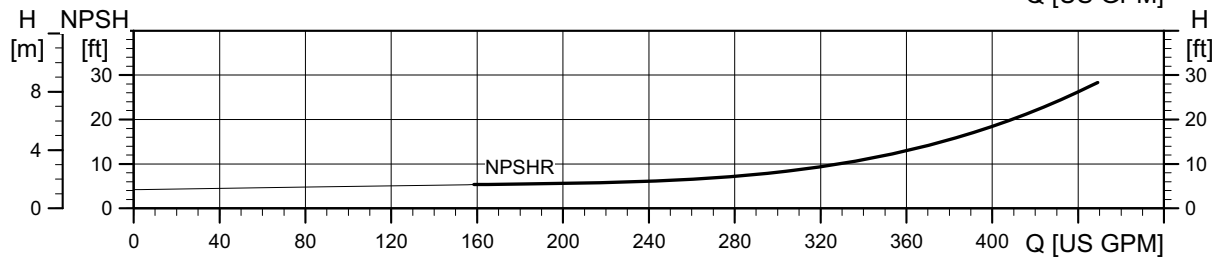
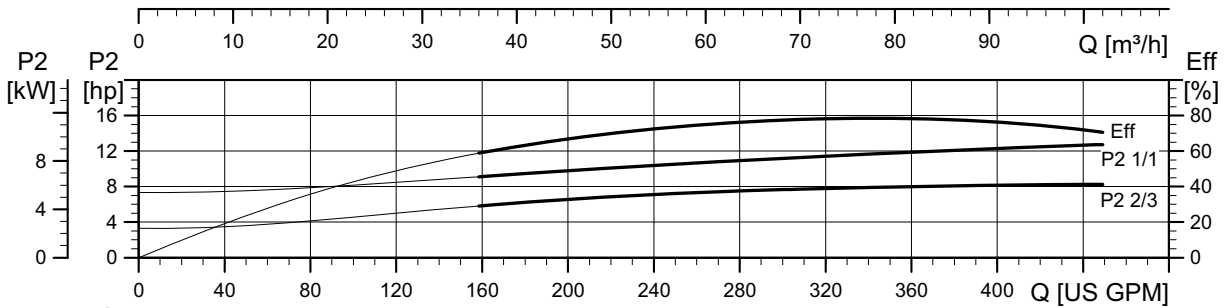
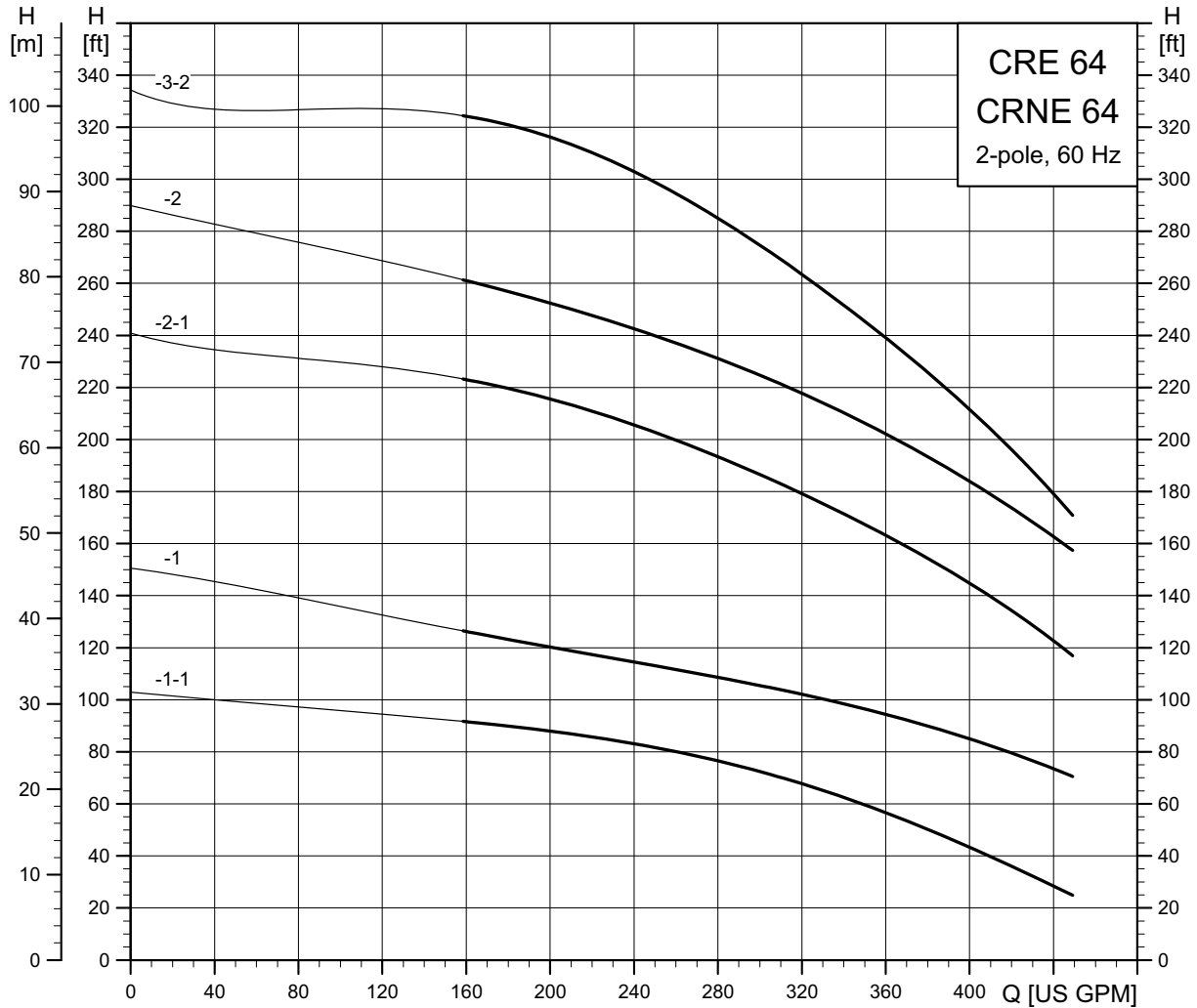


TM06 9239 2017

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 45-1-1	7 1/2	3	200-240	213TC	22.01	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.32	322
		3	440-480	213TC	22.01	7.53	7.91	11.46	36.38	313
CRNE 45-1	10	3	440-480	213TC	22.01	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.32	337
CRNE 45-2-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	29.49	10.04	9.33	13.62	45.47	402
CRNE 45-2	15	3	440-480	254TC	29.49	10.04	9.33	13.62	45.47	402
CRNE 45-3-2	20	3	460-480	256TC	32.64	13.39	12.13	16.54	51.42	562
CRNE 45-3	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.64	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.36	588
CRNE 45-4-2	30	3	460-480	286TSC	35.79	13.39	12.13	16.54	58.51	660
CRNE 45-4	30	3	460-480	286TSC	35.79	13.39	12.13	16.54	58.51	664

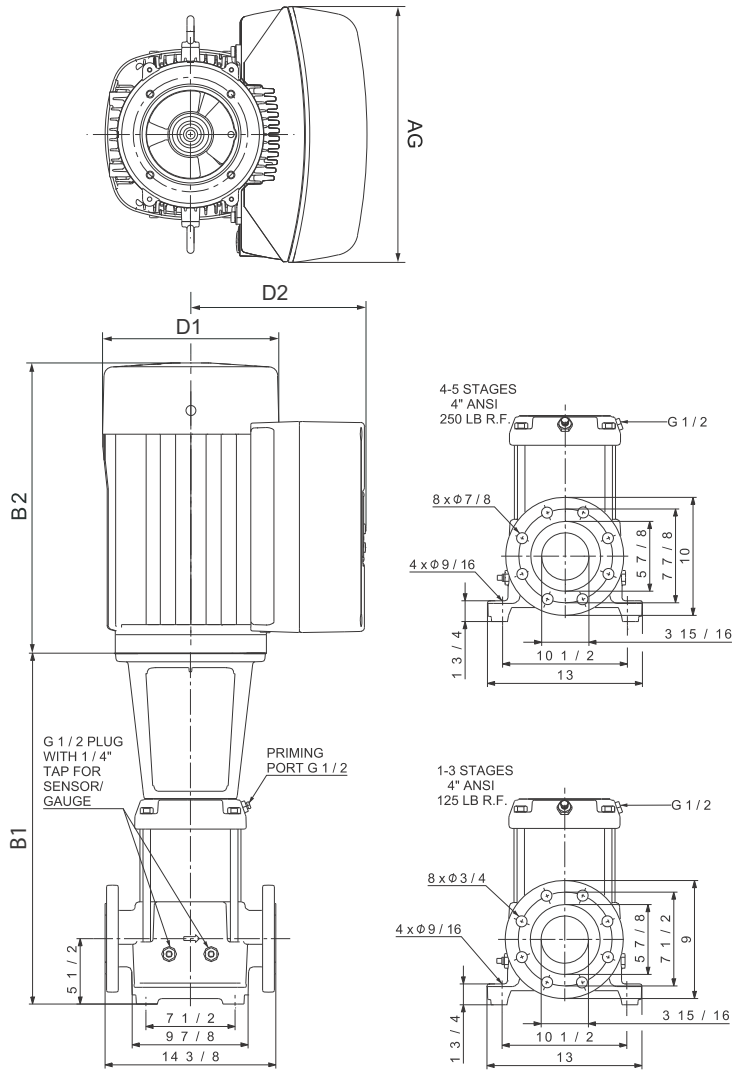
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

**CRE, CRNE 64**



TM05 9418 4313

CRE 64 dimensional data

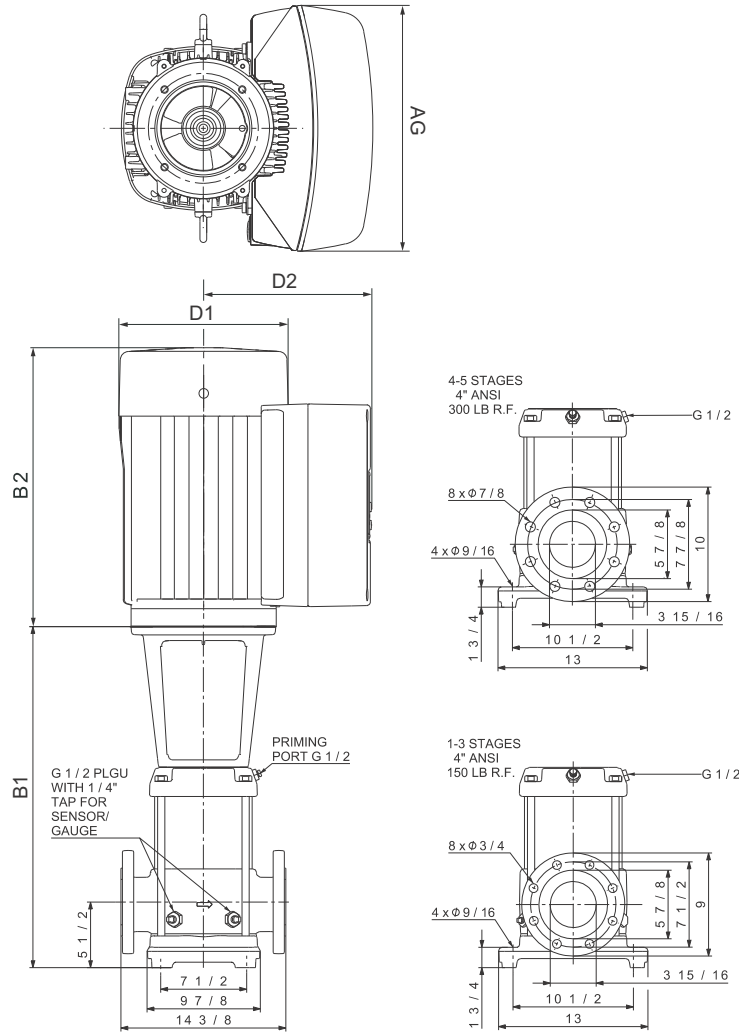


TM06 9241 2017

Pump type	[HP]	Ph	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 64-1-1	10	3	440-480	213TC	22.09	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.40	346
CRE 64-1	15	3	440-480	254TC	26.42	10.04	9.33	13.62	42.40	386
CRE 64-2-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	29.69	13.39	12.13	16.54	48.47	564
CRE 64-2	25	3	460-480	284TSC	29.69	13.39	12.13	16.54	52.41	592
CRE 64-3-2	30	3	460-480	286TSC	32.91	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.63	664

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

CRNE 64 dimensional data

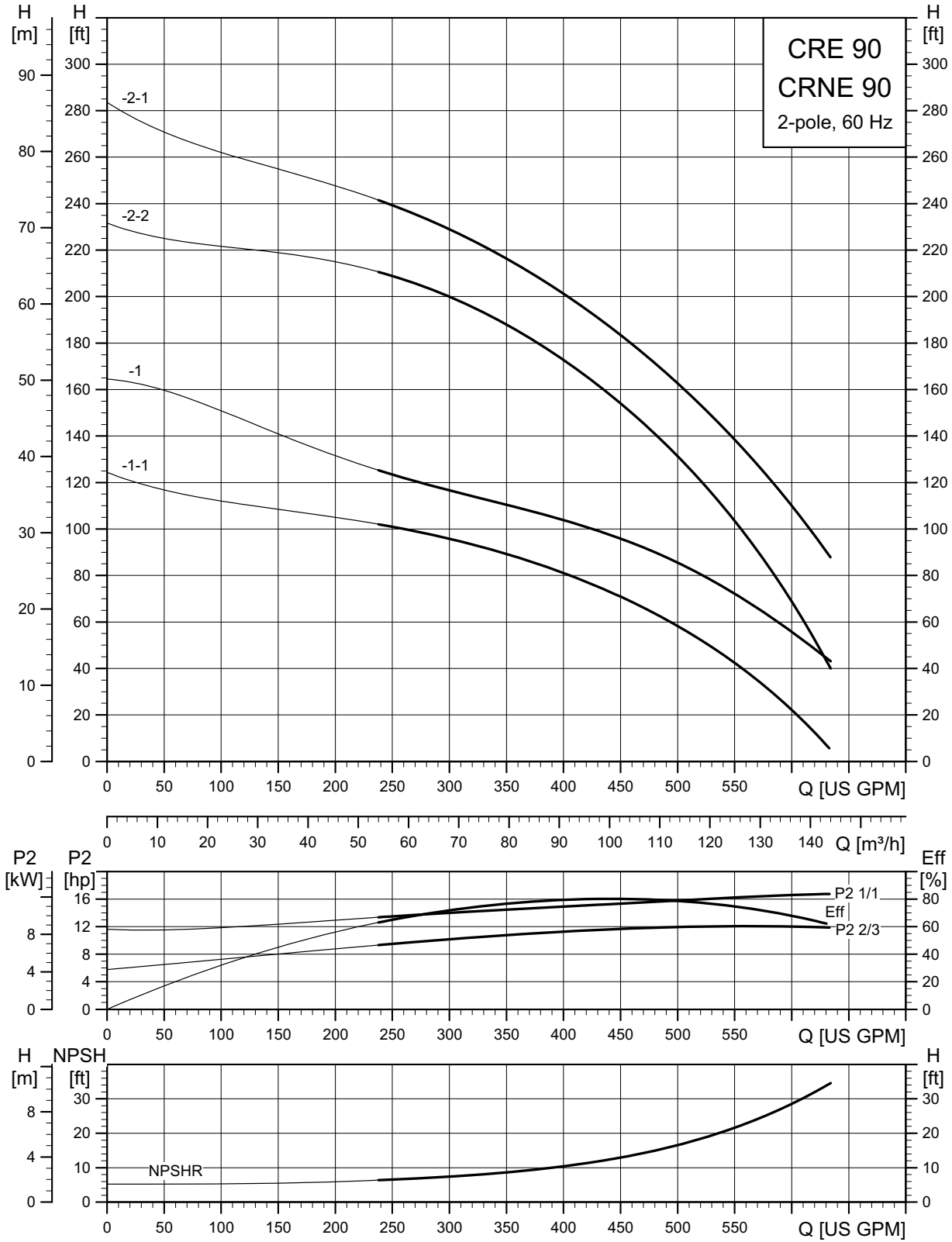


TM06 9243 2017

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 64-1-1	10	3	440-480	213TC	22.09	10.04	9.33	13.62	37.40	347
CRNE 64-1	15	3	440-480	254TC	26.42	10.04	9.33	13.62	42.40	387
CRNE 64-2-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	29.69	13.39	12.13	16.54	48.47	565
CRNE 64-2	25	3	460-480	284TSC	29.69	13.39	12.13	16.54	52.41	594
CRNE 64-3-2	30	3	460-480	286TSC	32.91	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.63	665

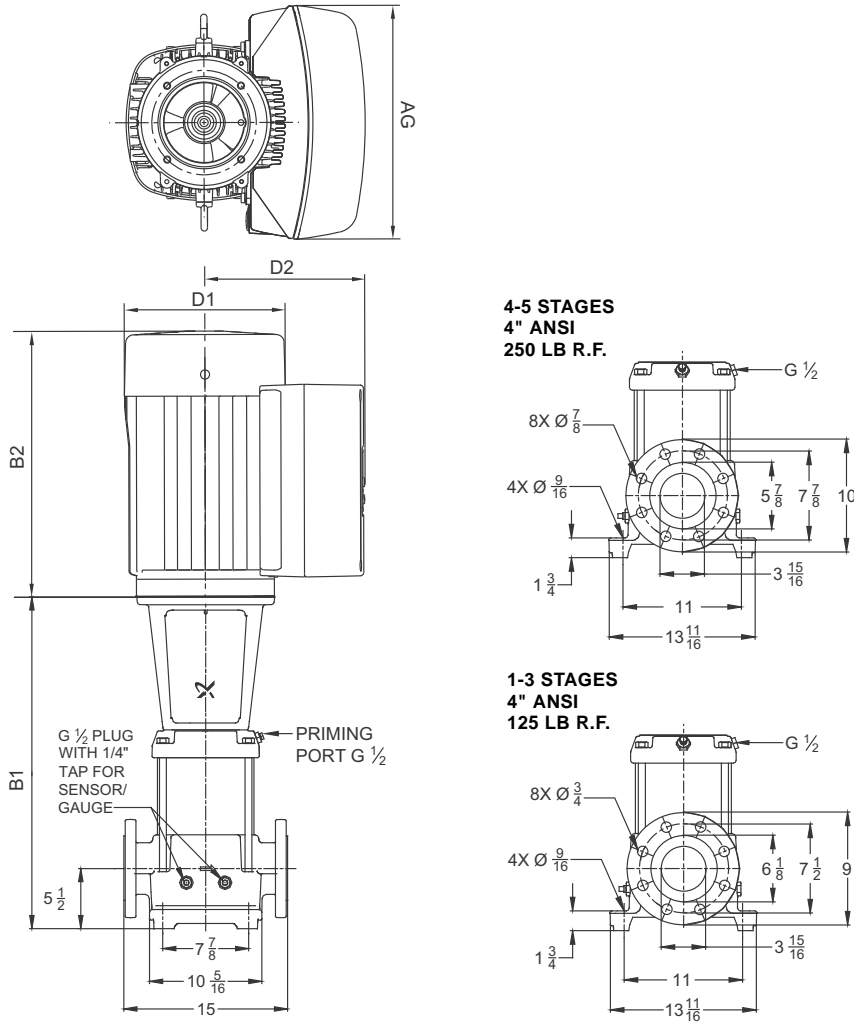
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

**CRE, CRNE 90**



TM05 9420 4313

CRE 90 dimensional data

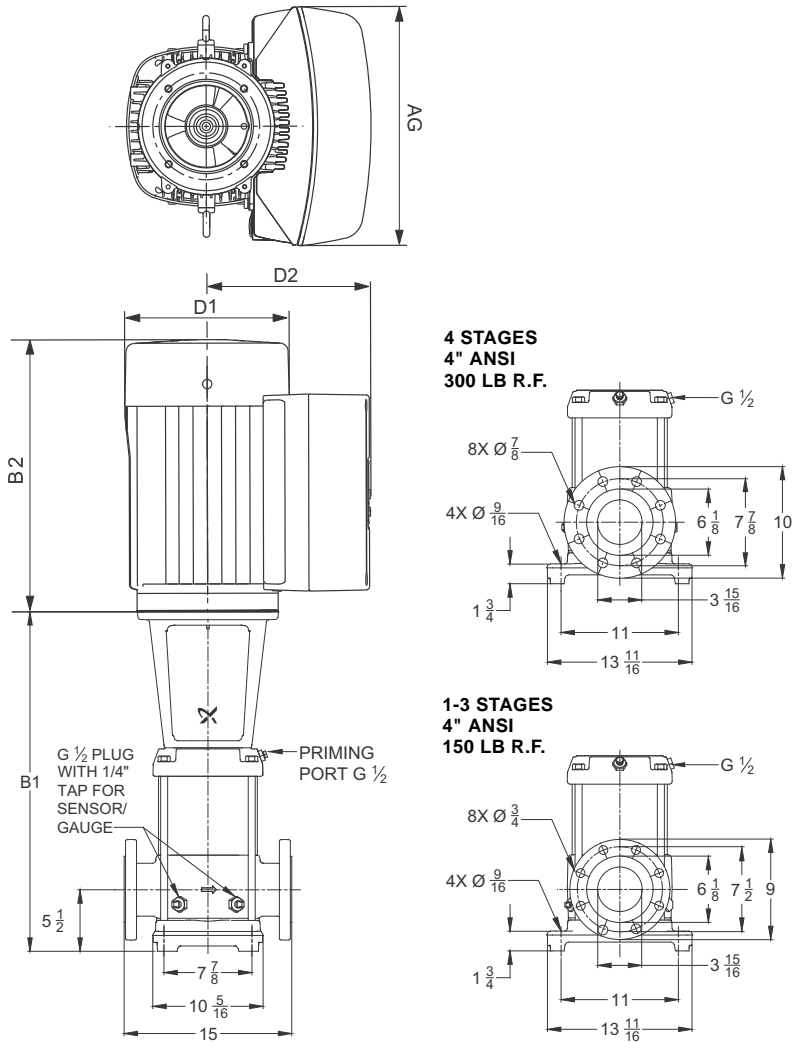


TM06 9615 2317

Pump type	[HP]	Ph	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 90-1-1	15	3	440-480	254TC	26.81	10.04	9.33	13.62	42.79	396
CRE 90-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	26.81	13.39	12.13	16.54	45.59	547
CRE 90-2-2	25	3	460-480	284TSC	30.43	13.39	12.13	16.54	53.15	639
CRE 90-2-1	30	3	460-480	286TSC	30.43	13.39	12.13	16.54	53.15	665

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

CRNE 90 dimensional data

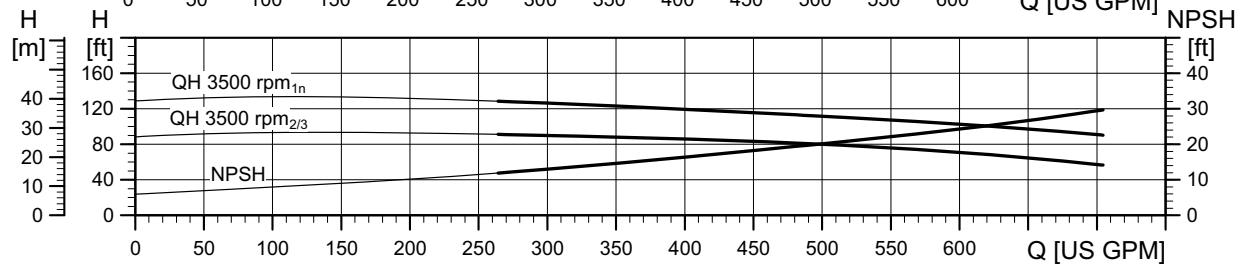
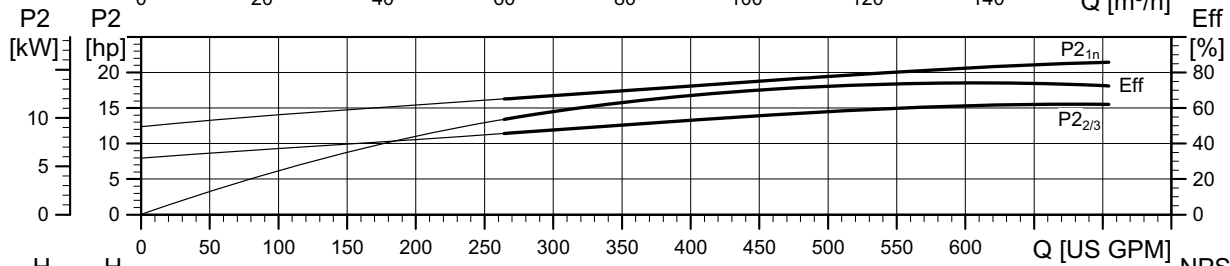
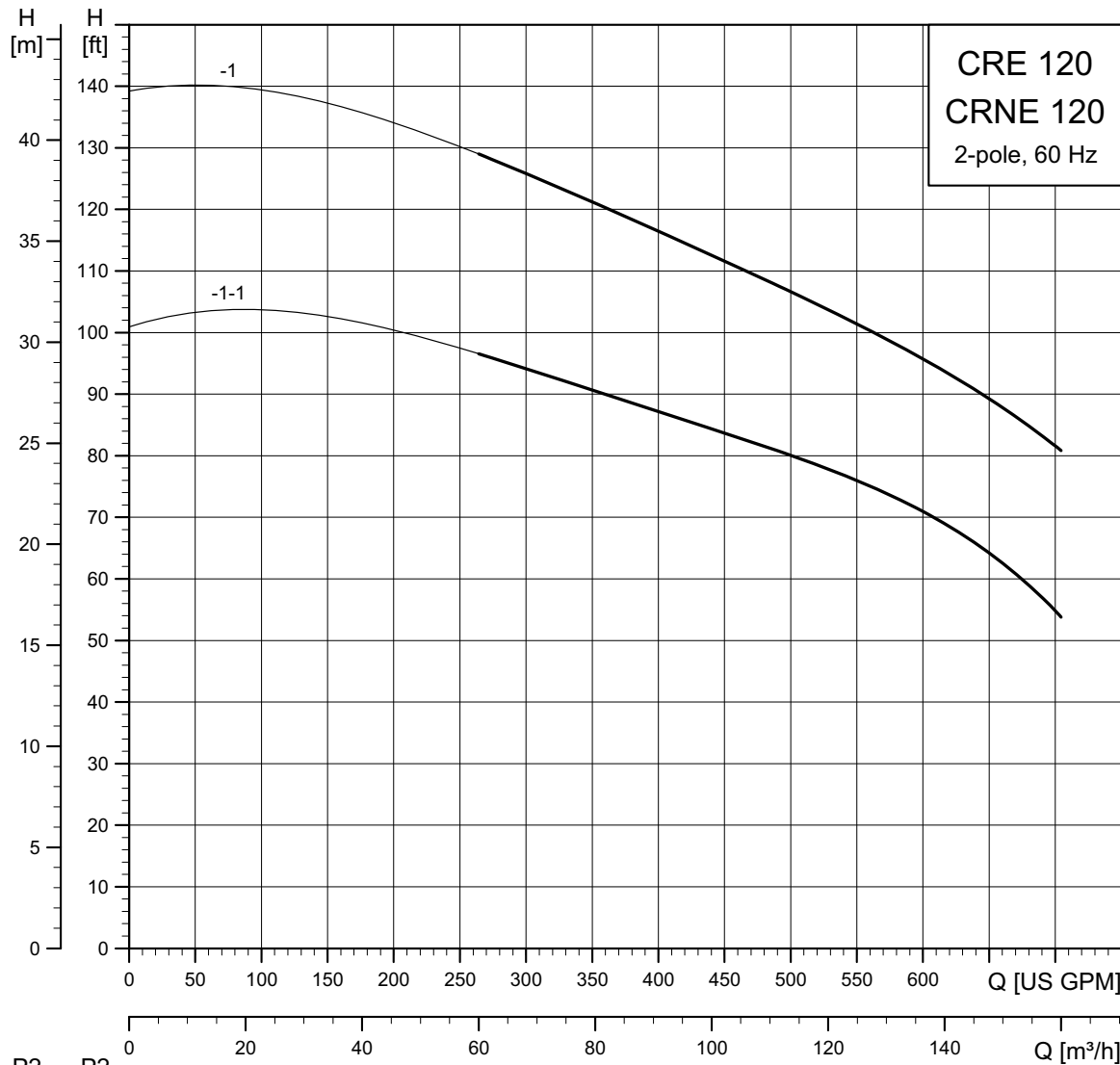


TM06 9442 2317

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 90-1-1	15	3	440-480	254TC	26.81	10.04	9.33	13.62	42.79	402
CRNE 90-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	26.81	13.39	12.13	16.54	45.59	553
CRNE 90-2-2	25	3	460-480	284TSC	30.43	13.39	12.13	16.54	53.15	644
CRNE 90-2-1	30	3	460-480	286TSC	30.43	13.39	12.13	16.54	53.15	671

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

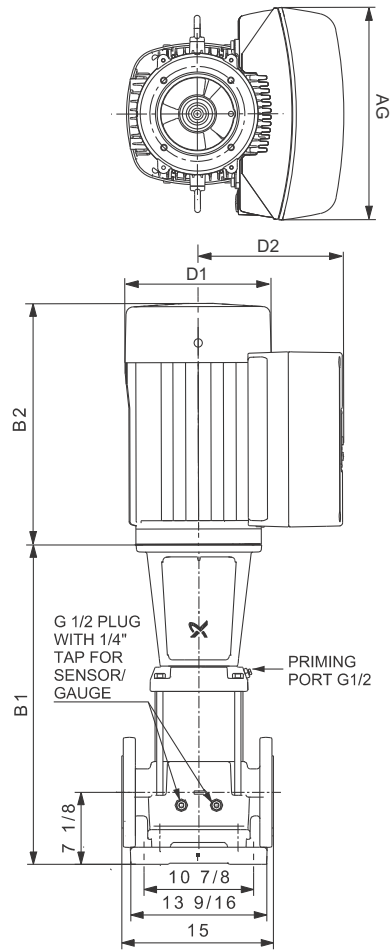
**CRE, CRNE 120**



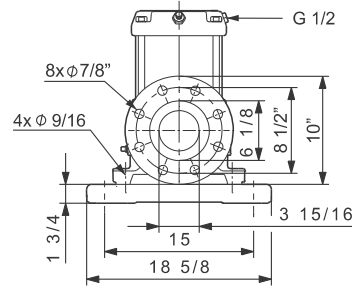
TM05 9421 4313



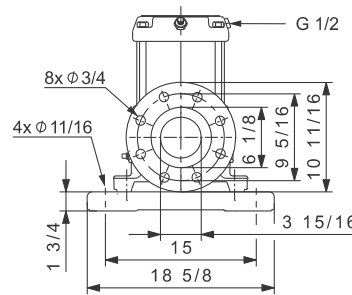
**CRE 120 dimensional data**



**1-1 to 4-2 STAGES  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
125 LB R.F.**



**4-1 to 5-1 STAGES  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
250 LB R.F.**



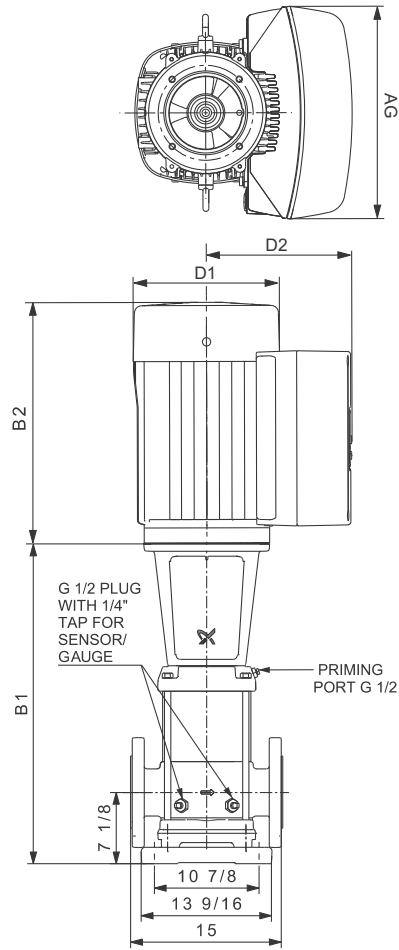
TM06 9525 2417

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRE 120-1-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	51.61	533
CRE 120-1	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	560

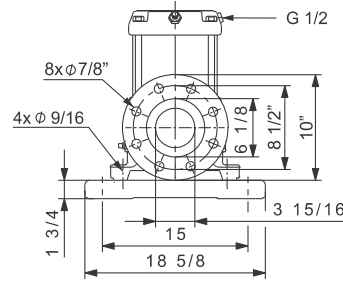
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2)</sup> The CR 5" flange is not manufactured to ANSI specifications. The gasket contact surface is approximately 0.25". The CR 6" ANSI flange adapter is manufactured to ANSI B16.5 specifications.

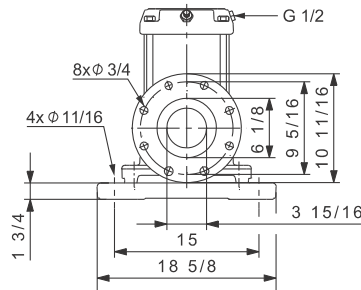
**CRNE 120 dimensional data**



**1-3 STAGES  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
150 LB R.F.**



**4-1 to 5-1 STAGES  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
300 LB R.F.**



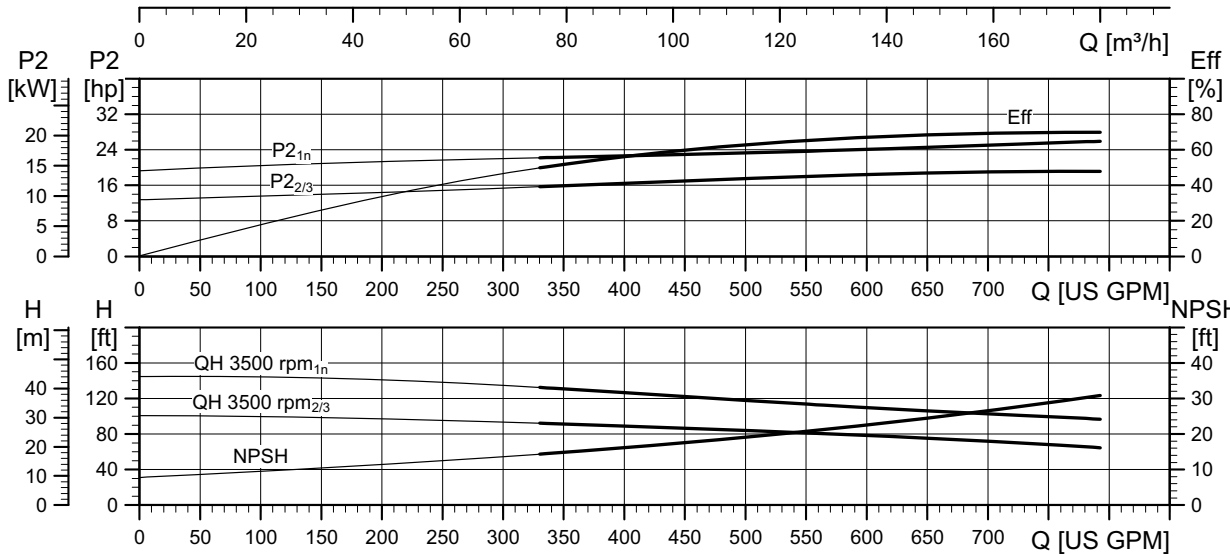
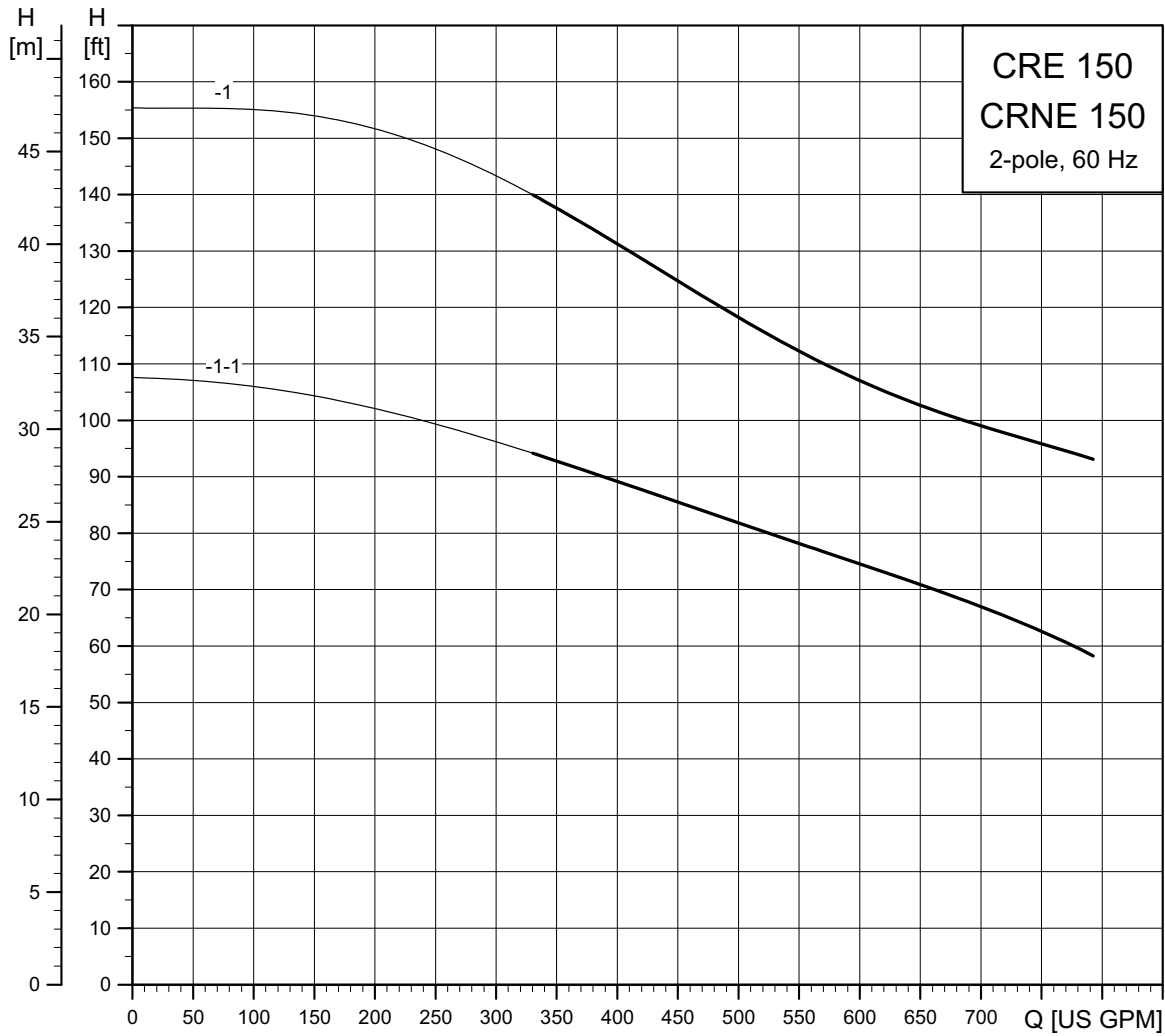
TM06 9526 2417

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lb]
CRNE 120-1-1	20	3	460-480	256TC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	51.61	540
CRNE 120-1	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	567

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

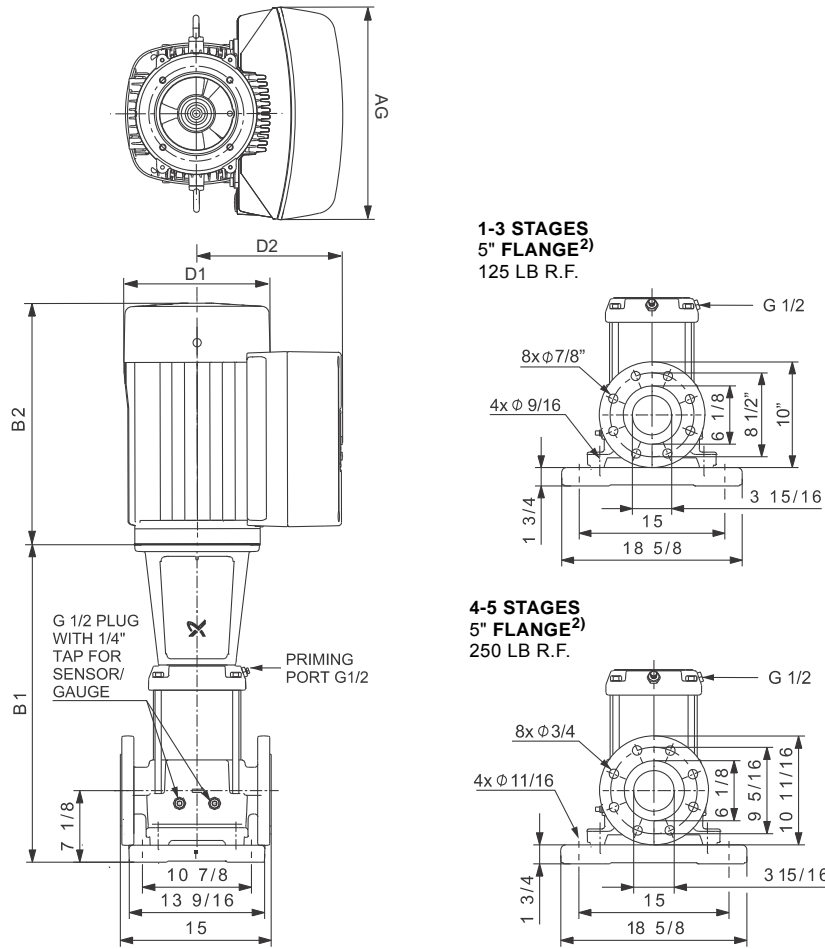
<sup>2)</sup> The CR 5" flange is not manufactured to ANSI specifications. The gasket contact surface is approximately 0.25". The CR 6" ANSI flange adapter is manufactured to ANSI B16.5 specifications.

**CRE, CRNE 150**



TM05 9422 4313

CRE 150 dimensional data



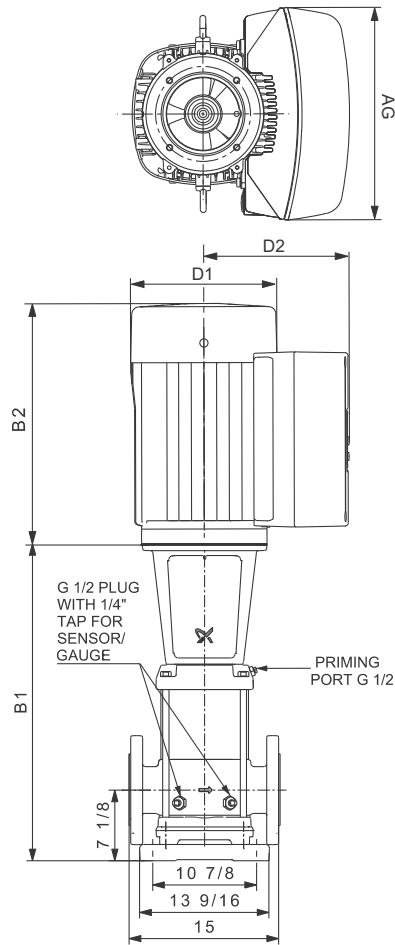
TM06 9527 2417

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRE 150-1-1	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	560
CRE 150-1	30	3	460-480	286TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	586

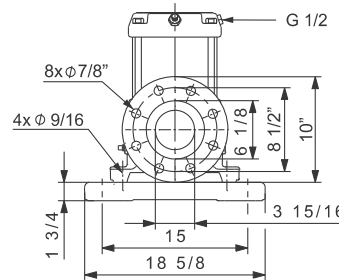
All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2</sup> The CR 5" flange is not manufactured to ANSI specifications. The gasket contact surface is approximately 0.25". The CR 6" ANSI flange adapter is manufactured to ANSI B16.5 specifications.

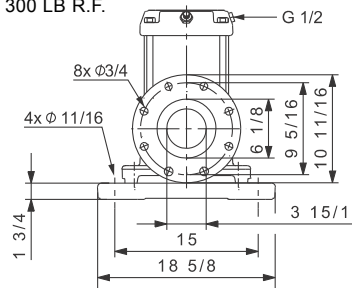
**CRNE 150 dimensional data**



**1-3 STAGES**  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
150 LB R.F.



**4-5 STAGES**  
5" FLANGE<sup>2)</sup>  
300 LB R.F.



TM06 9528 2417

Pump type	[HP]	PH	Voltage [V]	NEMA frame size	ANSI B1 [in.]	MLE D1 [in.]	MLE D2 [in.]	AG	ANSI MLE B1+B2 [in.]	ANSI ship wt. [lbs]
CRNE 150-1-1	25	3	460-480	284TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	567
CRNE 150-1	30	3	460-480	286TSC	32.83	13.39	12.13	16.54	55.55	593

All dimensions in inches unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2)</sup> The CR 5" flange is not manufactured to ANSI specifications. The gasket contact surface is approximately 0.25". The CR 6" ANSI flange adapter is manufactured to ANSI B16.5 specifications.

## 11. Motor data

### CRE, CRIE, CRNE 60 Hz pumps



TMD6 9830 0817

#### 2 pole

HP	Voltage [V]	PH	NEMA frame Size	Service Factor	Motor full load efficiency [%]	Full load current amps** [A]	Service factor current amps [A]	Power factor	Full load speed [rpm]	Sound pressure level [dB(A)]
1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	1	56C	1	84*	2.40 - 2.10	-	0.96	3400	58
3/4 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	1	56C	1	85.3*	3.45 - 2.90	-	0.98	3400	58
1 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	1	56C	1	85.2*	4.70 - 3.90	-	0.99	3400	58
1 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	56C	1.25	86.4*	1.65	2.10	0.73	3480	58
1 1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	1	56C	1	86.9*	6.70 - 5.60	-	0.99	3400	58
1 1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	3	56C	1.15	89.3*	4.00 - 3.40	4.60 - 3.90	0.91	3480	55
1 1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	56C	1.15	89.6*	2.05	2.40	0.84	3480	58
2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	1	56C	1	87.4*	9.10 - 7.60	-	0.99	3400	64
2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	3	56C	1.00	88.90*	5.40 - 4.50	-	0.92	3480	55
2 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	56C	1.15	89.4*	2.65	3.00	0.87	3480	64
3 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	3	182TC	1.15	88.70*	7.90 - 6.60	9.10 - 7.60	0.94	3480	62
3 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	182TC	1.15	90.7*	3.8	4.30	0.89	3480	64
5 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	3	182TC	1.15	90.90*	13.2 - 10.9	14.90 - 12.40	0.94	3480	66
5 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	182TC	1.15	92.5*	6.20 - 5.80	7.00 - 6.60	0.90	3500	60
7 1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	200-240	3	213TC	1.15	90.20*	20.0 - 16.6	23.0 - 19.3	0.94	3480	70
7 1/2 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	213TC	1.15	92.4*	9.10 - 8.50	10.4 - 9.70	0.91	3500	60
10 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	213TC	1.15	92.5*	12.4 - 11.5	14.2 - 13.0	0.91	3500	65
15 <sup>1)</sup>	440-480	3	254TC	1.15	93.2*	17.9 - 16.6	20.5 - 19.0	0.92	3500	65
20 <sup>2)</sup>	460-480	3	256TC	1.15	91	24.00	27.50	0.89	3540	68
25 <sup>2)</sup>	460-480	3	284TC	1.15	91.7	30.50	35.00	0.88	3540	70
30 <sup>2)</sup>	460-480	3	286TC	1.15	91.7	36.50	42.00	0.88	3540	70

1) Permanent magnet motor

2) Asynchronous motor

\* Efficiency of motor and VFD

\*\* At 460 V for 460-480 V motors

## 12. Pumped liquids

Thin, non-explosive liquids, not containing solid particles or fibers. The liquid must not chemically attack the pump materials. When pumping liquids with a density and/or viscosity higher than that of water, oversized motors must be used.

Whether a pump is suitable for a particular liquid depends on a number of factors of which the most important are the chloride content, pH value, temperature and content of chemicals, oils, etc.

Please note that aggressive liquids, such as sea water and some acids, may attack or dissolve the protective oxide film of the stainless steel and thus cause corrosion. The CRE, CRIE, CRNE pump types are suitable for the following liquids:

### CRE, CRIE

- Non-corrosive liquids.

For liquid transfer, circulation and pressure boosting of cold or hot clean water.

### CRNE

Industrial liquids in systems where all parts in contact with the liquid must be made of high-grade stainless steel.

### CRTE

- Saline liquids
- hypochlorites
- acids.

For saline or chloride-containing liquids, such as sea water or oxidizing agents such as hypochlorites, CRTE pumps of titanium are available. See separate product guide on CRT, CRTE.

## List of pumped liquids

A number of typical liquids are listed on the following pages.

Other pump versions may be applicable, but those stated in the list are considered to be the best choices. The table is intended as a general guide only, and cannot replace actual testing of the pumped liquids and pump materials under specific working conditions.

The list should, however, be applied with some caution as factors such as the following may affect the chemical resistance of a specific pump version:

- concentration of the pumped liquid
- liquid temperature
- pressure.

Safety precautions must be made when pumping dangerous liquids.

### Notes

<b>D</b>	Often with additives.
<b>E</b>	Density and/or viscosity differ from that of water. Allow for this when calculating motor output and pump performance.
<b>F</b>	Pump selection depends on many factors. Contact Grundfos.
<b>H</b>	Risk of crystallization/precipitation in shaft seal
<b>1</b>	The pumped liquid highly flammable.
<b>2</b>	The pumped liquid is combustible.
<b>3</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>4</b>	Low self-ignition point.

Pumped liquid	Note	Liquid concentration, liquid temperature	CRE, CRIE		CRNE	
			1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	32, 45, 64, 90, 120, 150	1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	32, 45, 64, 90, 120, 150
Acetic acid CH <sub>3</sub> COOH		5 %, 68 °F			HQQE	HQQE/ HBQE
Acetone CH <sub>3</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>	1, F	100 %, 68 °F			HBQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Alkaline degreasing agent	D, F		HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE		
Ammonium bicarbonate NH <sub>4</sub> HCO <sub>3</sub>	E	20 %, 86 °F			HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE
Ammonium hydroxide NH <sub>4</sub> OH		20 %, 104 °F	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		
Aviation fuel	1, 3, 4, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQB	KUBV/ HBQV		
Benzoic acid C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> COOH	H	0.5 %, 68 °F			HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV
Boiler water		< 248 °F	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		
	F	248 °F - 356 °F	-	-		
Calcareous water		< 194 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Calcium acetate (as coolant with inhibitor) Ca(CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub>	D, E	30 %, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Calcium hydroxide Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	E	Saturated solution, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Chloride-containing water	F	< 86 °F, max. 500 ppm			HQQE	KUHE
Chromic acid H <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	H	1 %, 68 °F			HQQV	HQQV/ HBQV
Citric acid HOC(CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H) <sub>2</sub> COOH	H	5 %, 104 °F			HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE
Completely desalinated water (demineralized water)		< 248 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Condensate		< 194 °F	HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE		
Copper sulfate CuSO <sub>4</sub>	E	10 %, 122 °F			HQQE	KUHE
Corn oil	D, E, 3	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUH/ HBQV		
Diesel oil	2, 3, 4, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQB	KUBV/ HBQV		
Domestic hot water (potable water)		< 248 °F	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		
Ethanol (ethyl alcohol) C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	1, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		
Ethylene glycol HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH	D, E	50 %, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Formic acid HCOOH		5 %, 68 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Glycerine (glycerol) OHCH <sub>2</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>2</sub> OH	D, E	50 %, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE		
Hydraulic oil (mineral)	E, 2, 3	100 %, 212 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQE		
Hydraulic oil (synthetic)	E, 2, 3	100 %, 212 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQE		
Isopropyl alcohol CH <sub>3</sub> CHOHCH <sub>3</sub>	1, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQB	KUBV/ HBQV		
Lactic acid CH <sub>3</sub> CH(OH)COOH	E, H	10 %, 68 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Linoleic acid C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>31</sub> COOH	E, 3	100 %, 68 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV		
Methanol (methyl alcohol) CH <sub>3</sub> OH	1, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		
Motor oil	E, 2, 3	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV		
Naphthalene C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	E, H	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUH/ HBQV		
Nitric acid HNO <sub>3</sub>	F	1 %, 68 °F			HQQE	HQQE/ HBQE
Oil-containing water		< 212 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV		



Pumped liquid	Note	Liquid concentration, liquid temperature	CRE, CRIE		CRNE	
			1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	32, 45, 64, 90, 120, 150	1, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	32, 45, 64, 90, 120, 150
Olive oil	D, E, 3	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUHV/ HBQV		
Oxalic acid (COOH) <sub>2</sub>	H	1 %, 68 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Ozone-containing water (O <sub>3</sub> )		1 PPM, < 105 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Peanut oil	D, E, 3	100 %, 194 °F	HQQV	KUHV/ HBQV		
Petrol/gasoline	1, 3, 4, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQBV	KUBV/ HBQV		
Phosphoric acid H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	E	20 %, 68 °F			HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV
Propanol C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OH	1, F	100 %, 68 °F	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV		
Propylene glycol CH <sub>3</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>2</sub> OH	D, E	50 %, 194 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Potassium carbonate K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	E	20 %, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Potassium formate (as coolant with inhibitor) KOOCH	D, E	30 %, 122 °F	HQQE	KUHE		
Potassium hydroxide KOH	E	20 %, 122 °F			HQQE	KUHE
Potassium permanganate KmnO <sub>4</sub>		5 %, 68 °F			HQQE	HQQE/ HBQE
Rape seed oil	D, E, 3	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUHV/ HBQV		
Salicylic acid C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (OH)COOH	H	0.1 %, 68 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Silicone oil	E, 3	100 %	HQQV	KUBV/ HBQV		
Sodium bicarbonate NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	E	10 %, 140 °F			HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE
Sodium chloride (as coolant) NaCl	D, E	30 %, < 41 °F, pH > 8	HQQE	KUHE		
Sodium hydroxide NaOH	E	20 %, 122 °F			HQQE	KUHE
Sodium hypochlorite NaOCl	F	0.1 %, 68 °F			HQQE	HQQE
Sodium nitrate NaNO <sub>3</sub>	E	10 %, 140 °F			HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE
Sodium phosphate Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	E, H	10 %, 140 °F			HQQE	KUHE
Sodium sulfate Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	E, H	10 %, 140 °F			HQQE	KUHE/ HBQE
Softened water		< 248 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Soybean oil	D, E, 3	100 %, 176 °F	HQQV	KUHV/ HBQV		
Sulfuric acid H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	F	1 %, 68 °F			HQQV	KUHV/ KBQV
Sulfurous acid H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>		1 %, 68 °F			HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE
Swimming pool water (low chloride)		Max 5 ppm free chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> )	HQQE	KUBE/ HBQE		

# 13. Accessories

## Pipe connection

For pipe connection, various sets of counterflanges and couplings are available.

### Adapter kit

6" flanges are available for CRE, CRNE 120 and 150 pumps. To use 6" flanges, two adapter kits must be ordered per pump.

Adapter kit	Pump type	Pipe connection	Number of flange kits needed	Product number
	CRE 120 CRE 150	6" RF 250 lb. Ductile iron	2	96638184
	CRNE 120 CRNE 150	6" RF 300 lb. ANSI 316 SS	2	96638186

### Counterflanges for CRE

A set consists of two counterflanges, two gaskets, bolts and nuts.

Counterflange	Pump type	Description	Pressure class	Pipe connection	Product number
	CRE 1 CRE 3 CRE 5	Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	1 1/4" NPT	91122260
	CRE 10 CRE 15 CRE 20	Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	2" NPT	335021
	CRE 32	Threaded	ANSI 125 lb.	2 1/2" NPT	559601
		Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	2 1/2" NPT	345050

Counterflange	Pump type	Description	Pressure class	Pipe connection	Product number
	TM02 5695 3802 - TM02 5696 3802 <b>CRE 45</b>	Threaded	ANSI 125 lb.	3" NPT	569601
		Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	3" NPT	91121952
	TM02 5697 3802 - TM02 5698 3802 <b>CRE 64</b> <b>CRE 90</b>	Threaded	ANSI 125 lb.	4" NPT	579801
		Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	4" NPT	3600028
	<b>CRE 120</b> <b>CRE 150</b>	Threaded	ANSI 125 lb.	5" NPT	91121956
		Threaded	ANSI 250 lb.	5" NPT	91121957

**Counterflanges for CRNE**

Counterflanges for CRNE pumps are made of stainless steel according to AISI 316.

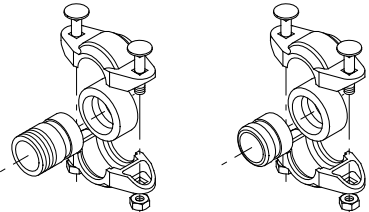
A set consists of two counterflanges, two gaskets, bolts and nuts.

Counterflange	Pump type	Description	Pressure class	Pipe connection	Product number
	TM02 5691 3802 <b>CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5</b>	Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	1 1/4" NPT	91129013
	TM02 5692 3802 <b>CRIE, CRNE 10, 15, 20</b>	Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	2" NPT	339919
	TM02 5693 3802 - TM02 5694 3802 <b>CRNE 32</b>	Threaded	ANSI 150 lb.	2 1/2" NPT	91121951
		Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	2 1/2" NPT	0ID00138
	TM02 5695 3802 - TM02 5696 3802 <b>CRNE 45</b>	Threaded	ANSI 150 lb.	3" NPT	91121953
		Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	3" NPT	91121954
	TM02 5697 3802 - TM02 5698 3802 <b>CRNE 64 CRNE 90</b>	Threaded	ANSI 150 lb.	4" NPT	0ID00148
		Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	4" NPT	91121955
	<b>CRNE 120 CRNE 150</b>	Threaded	ANSI 150 lb.	5" NPT	91121958
		Threaded	ANSI 300 lb.	5" NPT	91121959

**PJE couplings for CRNE**

Couplings for CRNE pumps are made of stainless steel according to AISI 316.

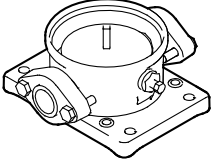
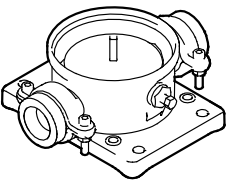
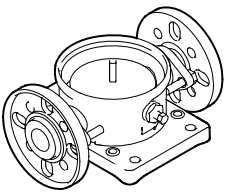
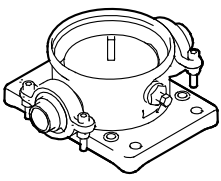
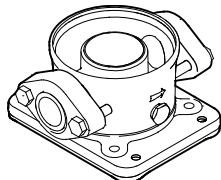
A set consists of two couplings, two gaskets, two pipe stub and bolts and nuts.

Couplings	Pump type	Pipe stub	Rated pressure	Pipe connection	Rubber parts	Number of coupling sets needed	Product number
	CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5	Threaded	1160 psi	1 1/4" NPT	EPDM	1	4013010
					FKM	1	0ID00118
	CRIE, CRNE 10, 15 and 20	Threaded	1015 psi	2" NPT	EPDM	1	331301
					FKM	1	0ID00128

TM00 3808 1094

**FlexiClamp base connections**

All sets comprise the necessary number of bolts and nuts as well as a gasket or O-ring.

Base connections	Pump type	Connection	Pipe connection	Rubber parts	Product number
	CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5	Oval (cast iron)	1" NPT	Klingersil	96468491
			1 1/4" NPT	Klingersil	96470781
		Oval (stainless steel)	1" NPT	Klingersil	96480850
			1 1/4" NPT	Klingersil	96480851
	CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5	Union ext. threaded	2" NPT	EPDM	96480852
				FKM	96480853
	CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5	ANSI (FGJ) (stainless steel)	1 1/4" NPT	EPDM	96480858
				FKM	96480859
	CRIE, CRNE 1, 3 and 5	Clamp, threaded pipe stub	1" NPT	EPDM	96480854
				FKM	96480855
			1 1/4" NPT	EPDM	96480856
				FKM	96480857
	CRIE, CRNE 10, 15 and 20	Oval (cast iron)	2" NPT	Klingersil	96498838
				Oval (stainless steel)	2" NPT

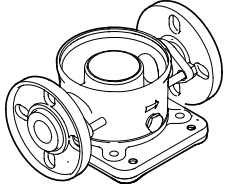
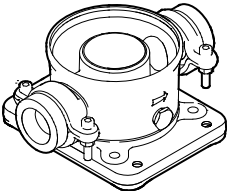
TM02 1144 0601

TM02 1145 0601

TM02 1146 0601

TM02 1147 0601

TM02 7237 2803

Base connections	Pump type	Connection	Pipe connection	Rubber parts	Product number
	TM02 7238 2803 <b>CRIE, CRNE 10, 15 and 20</b>	ANSI (FGJ) (stainless steel)	2" NPT	EPDM	96511402
				FKM	96511403
	TM02 7239 2803 <b>CRIE, CRNE 10, 15 and 20</b>	Clamp, threaded pipe stub	1 1/2" NPT	EPDM	96500271
				FKM	96500272
			2" NPT	EPDM	96500273
				FKM	96500274
			2 " NPT	EPDM	96508602
				FKM	96508603

### Potentiometer for CRE, CRIE, CRNE

Potentiometer for setpoint setting and start/stop of the CRE, CRIE, CRNE pump.

Product	Product number
External potentiometer with cabinet for wall mounting	625468

### LiqTec

#### Description

LiqTec has the following features:

- Protection of the pump against dry-running.
- Protection of the pump against too high liquid temperature (+266 °F ± 9 °F (130 °C ± 5 °C)).
- A fail-safe design. If the sensor, sensor cable, electronic unit or power supply fails, the pump stops immediately.
- LiqTec is **not** to be used with the MGFlex motor.

#### Mounting the LiqTec sensor

LiqTec can be fitted to a DIN rail to be incorporated in a control cabinet.

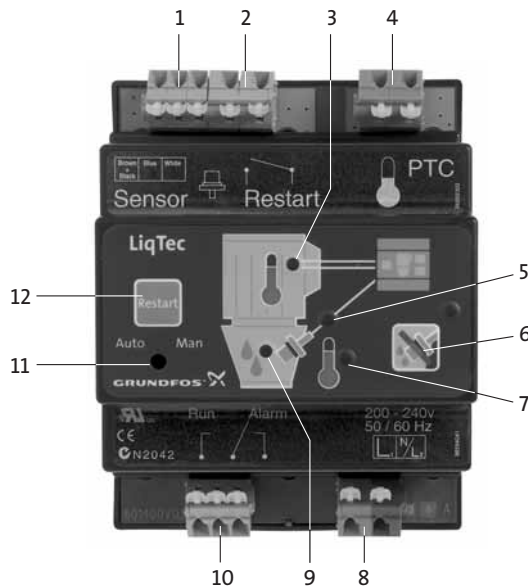
#### Electrical connection

Example of electrical connection, see page 97.

#### Calibration of sensor and controller

Follow the procedure on the next page.

#### Functions



TM03 0111 4004

Fig. 58 LiqTec functions

- 1. Connection for dry-running sensor**
- 2. Connection for external restarting**
- 3. Motor PTC**  
Green light indicates OK or short-circuited terminals.  
Red light indicates too high motor temperature. The alarm relay is activated.
- 4. Connection for PTC sensor**  
This input is not used in connection with E-pumps as the variable frequency drive protects the motor against overload.
- 5. Sensor indicator light**  
Red light indicates defective sensor or cable. The alarm relay is activated.
- 6. Deactivation of the dry-running monitoring function**  
Press the button to deactivate the dry-running monitoring function. Red flashing light. The PTC monitoring function is still active. Press [Restart] to reactivate the dry-running monitoring function.
- 7. High liquid temperature indicator light**  
Red light indicates too high liquid temperature (+266 °F ± 9 °F (130 °C ± 5 °C)). The alarm relay is activated.
- 8. Supply voltage**  
200-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 80-130 VAC 50/60 Hz.
- 9. Dry-running indicator light**  
Green light indicates OK (liquid in pump).  
Red light indicates dry running (no liquid in pump). The alarm relay is activated.
- 10. Alarm/Run relay output**  
Potential-free changeover contact.  
Maximum contact load: 250 V, 1 A, AC (inductive load).
- 11. Auto/Man**  
Changeover between automatic and manual restarting. The default setting is "Man".  
Changeover is carried out by means of a small screwdriver. When "Auto" has been selected, the alarm indication will automatically be reset 10 to 20 seconds after detection of liquid.
- 12. Restart**  
Press [Restart] to restart the pump. The button has no influence on the PTC monitoring.

### Calibration of sensor and controller

Step	Action	Result
1	Connect the sensor to pos. 1 on the controller and connect the power supply to pos. 8 on the controller. See page 97.	
2	Submerge the sensor into the pumped liquid. The pumped liquid and the air temperature are to be +70 °F. <b>Note:</b> It is important that the pumped liquid is stagnant as the calibration will be misleading if the sensor is cooled by flowing water.	
3	Press the buttons at pos. 6 and pos. 12 on the controller for approximately 20 seconds.	All red indicator lights (except pos. 7) start flashing.
4	When the green indicator lights at pos. 3 and pos. 9 on the controller are constantly on, release the buttons at pos. 6 and pos. 12.	The calibration is completed.

### Further information

Information related to IEC 60730-1:

- Software class A
- Pollution degree 2
- Type 1.

LiqTec has been cURus-approved according to UL 508.

Maximum pressure: 580 psi (40 bar).

Maximum liquid temperature: (+266 °F ± 9 °F (130 °C ± 5 °C)).

Maximum ambient temperature: +131 °F (+55 °C).

Power consumption: 5 Watt.

Enclosure class: IPX0.

Maximum cable length: 65.6 ft (20 m).

Standard cable: 16.4 ft (5 m).

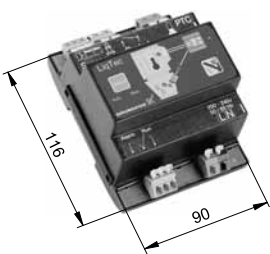
Extension cable: 49.2 ft (15 m).

**Note:**

LiqTec is not be connected to the PTC sensor. Assemble a jumper wire between the two terminals at pos. 4 on the controller.

The MLE motor software provides protection against high motor temperature.

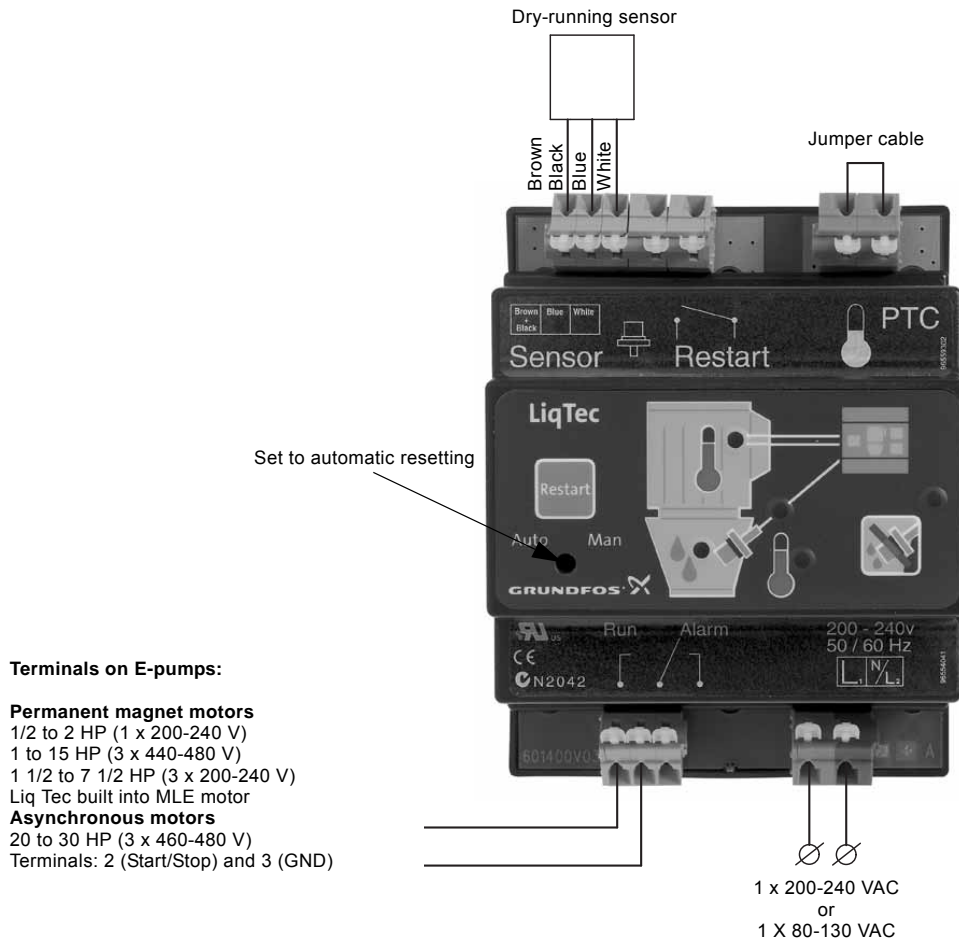
LiqTec is designed for DIN rail mounting in a control cabinet.

Dry-running protection	Single phase power supply	LiqTec	Sensor 1/2"	Cable 16.4 ft (5 m)	Extension cable 49.2 ft (15 m)	Product number
	200-240 VAC	•	•	•	-	96556429
	80-130 VAC	•	•	•	-	96556430
	-	-	-	-	•	96443676
	-	-	•	•	-	96556427

TM02 1731 2001



### Connection of E-pump to LiqTec



TM03 0437 5104

Fig. 59 Connection of E-pump to LiqTec

### Setting the digital input

The digital input must be set to "External fault" via HMI 300 graphical control panel.



**Note:** After dry-running fault, the E-pump must be restarted manually.

## Pressure sensor



Accessory	Supplier	Type	Pressure range [psi (bar)]	Product number EPDM	Product number FKM
TM04 7865 2510 Pressure transmitter with 6 ft screened cable Connection: 1/4" - 18 NPT	Grundfos	RPI	0-87 (0-6)	97748922	97748953
			0-145 (0-10)	97748923	97748954
			0-232 (0-16)	97748924	97748955
			0-362 (0-25)	97748925	97748956

## Technical data

Pressure sensor				
Product number	97748922	97748923	97748924	97748925
	97748953	97748954	97748955	97748956
Pressure range [psi (bar)]	0-87 (0-6)	0-145 (0-10)	0-232 (0-16)	0-362 (0-25)
Maximum operating pressure [psi (bar)]	870 (60)			
Supply voltage	12.5 - 30 VDC			
Output signal [mA]	4-20			
Load Impedance	60 Ω at 12.5 VDC			
	100 Ω at 13.3 V			
	Max 900 Ω at 30 VDC			
Response time	100 ms typical 50 ms			
Resolution	1/1000 FS			
	+32 to +176 °F +/- 2.0 % FS			
Accuracy	-22 to +212 °F +/- 2.5% FS			
	-22 to +212 °F (-30 to +100 °C)			
Operating temperature	-22 to +212 °F (-30 to +100 °C)			
Ambient temperature	-13 to +140 °F (-25 to 60 °C)			
Wetted parts material	AISI 316 L			
Housing material	AISI 316 L			
Enclosure	IP67			
Weight [lb (kg)]	0.3 (14)			
EMC -	EN 61326-1			
Pressure - mechanical connection	Adaptor solution for 1/2" and 1/4" NPT			

Markings



## Dimensions

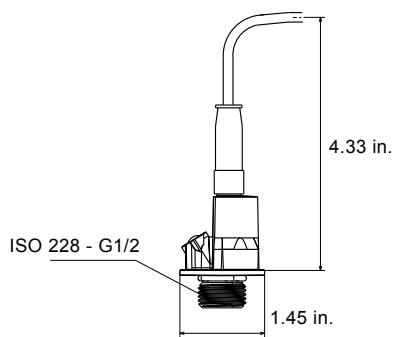


Fig. 60 Dimensions RPI transmitter

TM04 9237 1612

### Pressure sensor



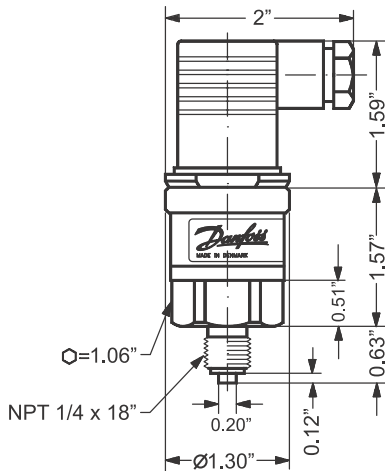
TM05 1533 2911

Accessory	Supplier	Type	Pressure range [psi (bar)]	Product number
Pressure sensors Pressure transmitter with 6 ft screened cable. Connection: 1/4" - 18 NPT	Danfoss	MBS3000	0-87 (0-6)	91136169
			0-145 (0-10)	91136170
			0-232 (0-16)	91136171
			0-362 (0-25)	91136172
			0-580 (0-40)	91136173
			0-870 (0-60)	91136174

### Technical data

Pressure sensor						
Product number	91136169	91136170	91136171	91136172	91136173	91136174
Pressure range [psi (bar)]	<b>0-87 (0-6)</b>	0-145 (0-10)	0-232 (0-16)	0-362 (0-25)	0-580 (0-40)	0-870 (0-60)
Maximum operating pressure [psi (bar)]	300 (20.1)	300 (20.1)	750 (51.7)	1450 (100)	2900 (200)	2900 (200)
Supply voltage	9-32 VDC					
Output signal [mA]	4-20					
Insulation resistance	> 100 MΩ at 100 V					
Accuracy, typical +/- FS [%]	0.5 %					
Response time, maximum [ms]	4 ms					
Medium temperature range [°F (°C)]	-40 to +185 °F (-40 °C to +85 °C)					
Ambient temperature range [°F (°C)]	-40 to +185 °F (-40 °C to +85 °C)					
Wetted parts, material	AISI 316L					
Housing material	AISI 316L					
Enclosure rating	IP65					
Weight [lb (kg)]	0.3 (0.14)					
EMC - Emission	EN 61000-6-3					
EMC Immunity	EN 61000-6-2					
Pressure connection	NPT 1/4-18					
CE-marked	EMC protected in accordance with EU EMC Directive					

### Dimensions



TM05 1533 2911

Fig. 61 Dimensional sketch

## Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI



Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI	Pressure range [psi (bar)]	Product number
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 sensor incl. 0.9 m screened cable (7/16" connections)</li> </ul>	0 - 8.7 (0 - 0.6)	96611522
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 original DPI bracket (for wall mounting)</li> </ul>	0 - 14.5 (0 - 1.0)	96611523
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 Grundfos bracket (for mounting on motor)</li> </ul>	0-23 (0 - 1.6)	96611524
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 M4 screws for mounting of sensor on bracket</li> </ul>	0-36 (0 - 2.5)	96611525
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 M6 screw (self-cutting) for mounting on 3 HP and smaller</li> </ul>	0-58 (0 - 4.0)	96611526
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 M8 screw (self-cutting) for mounting on 5 - 10 HP</li> </ul>	0-87 (0 - 6.0)	96611527
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 M10 screw (self-cutting) for mounting on 15 - 25 HP</li> </ul>	0-145 (0-10)	96611550
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 M12 screw (self-cutting) for mounting on 30 HP</li> </ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 capillary tubes (short/long)</li> </ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 fittings (1/4" - 7/16")</li> </ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 cable clips (black)</li> </ul>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Installation and operating instructions</li> </ul>		

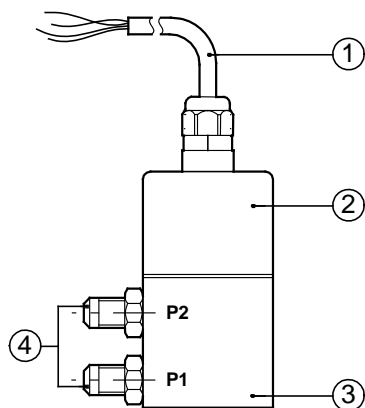
TMO3 2143 2206

Select the differential-pressure sensor so that the maximum pressure of the sensor is higher than the maximum differential pressure of the pump.

The sensor housing (3) and parts in contact with the liquid are made of Inox DIN 1.4305 with composite PA top (2). The connections (4) are DIN 1.4305, 7/16" UNF connection and gaskets are FKM. A black and screened cable (1) goes through a screwed connection PG with M 12 x 1.5 connection.

The sensor is supplied with angular bracket for mounting on motor or bracket for wall mounting.

A specially coated silicon chip is used for greater accuracy.



TMO3 2057 3505

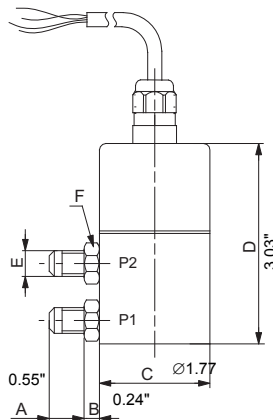
Fig. 62 DPI sensor

**Technical data**

**Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI**

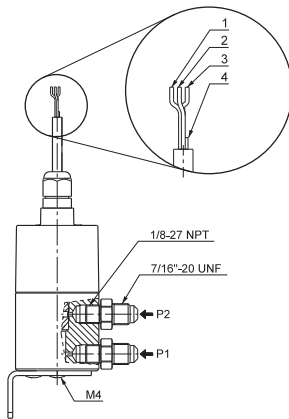
Product number	96611522	96611523	96611524	96611525	96611526	96611527	96611550
Pressure ranges, differential pressure [psi (bar)]	0 - 8.7 (0 - 0.6)	0 - 14.5 (0 - 1.0)	0-23 (0 - 1.6)	0-36 (0 - 2.5)	0-58 (0 - 4.0)	0-87 (0 - 6.0)	0-145 (0-10)
Supply voltage	12-30 VDC						
Output signal	4-20 mA						
Load [ $\Omega$ ]	24 V: max. 500 [ $\Omega$ ], 16 V: max. 200 [ $\Omega$ ], 12 V: max. 100 [ $\Omega$ ]						
Maximum system pressure, P1 and P2 simultaneously [psi (bar)]	232 (16)						
Rupture pressure [bar]	1.5 x system pressure						
Measuring accuracy	2.5 % BFSL						
Response time	< 0.5 seconds						
Liquid temperature range	+14 °F to +158 °F (-10 °C to +70 °C)						
Storage temperature range	-40 °F to +176 °F (-40 °C to +80 °C)						
Electrical connection	26 GA, 3 ft cable - M12 x 1.5 in sensor top						
Short-circuit-proof	Yes						
Protected against reverse polarity	Yes						
Over supply voltage	Yes						
Materials in contact with liquid	DIN 1.4305 FKM and PPS						
Enclosure class	IP55						
Weight [lb]	1.2						
EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)	According to EN 60335-1						
Emission/immunity	According to EN 61800-3						
Connections	7/16"-UNF						
Sealing material	FKM						

**Dimensions**



TM03 2059 3505

**Fig. 63** Dimensional sketch



TM03 2225 3905

**Fig. 64** Wiring

1	12-30 V supply voltage	Brown
2	GND (earth conductor)	Yellow
3	Signal conductor	Green
4	This conductor must not be connected to the power supply.	White

Test conductor (can be cut off during mounting).

## Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI g.2 version



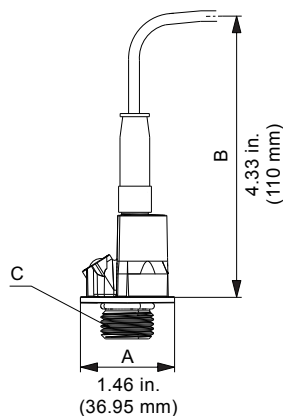
TM04 7866 2410

Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI g.2 version	Pressure range [psi (bar)]	Product number
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 sensor</li> <li>1 capillary tube short version</li> <li>1 fitting for capillary tube 6 ft (1.8 m) cable</li> <li>1 installation and operation instructions</li> </ul>	0 - 8.7 (0 - 0.6)	97747194
	0 - 14.5 (0 - 1.0)	97747195
	0-23 (0 - 1.6)	97747196
	0-36 (0 - 2.5)	97747197
	0-58 (0 - 4.0)	97747198
	0-87 (0 - 6.0)	97747199
	0-145 (0-10)	97747200

Select the differential-pressure sensor so that the maximum pressure of the sensor is higher than the maximum differential pressure of the pump.

All materials used for DPI 2 are AISI 316 L.

The fitting connection for capillary tube is 7/16" UNF. The cable has M12 x 4 connectors. The sensor is supplied with fittings for capillary tubing. Measuring technology is based on a coated silicon chip.



TM04 9237 3710

Fig. 65 DPI sensor g.2 version

### Technical data

Grundfos differential-pressure sensor, DPI g.2 version							
Product number	97747194	97747195	97747196	97747197	97747198	97747199	97747200
Pressure ranges, differential pressure [psi (bar)]	0 - 8.7 (0 - 0.6)	0 - 14.5 (0 - 1.0)	0-23 (0 - 1.6)	0-36 (0 - 2.5)	0-58 (0 - 4.0)	0-87 (0 - 6.0)	0-145 (0-10)
Supply voltage	12-30 VDC						
Output signal	4-20 mA						
Load [ $\Omega$ ]	30 V DC: max. 900 ohms [ $\Omega$ ], 1.3 V: max. 100 [ $\Omega$ ], 12.5 V: max. 60 [ $\Omega$ ]						
Maximum system pressure, P1 and P2 simultaneously [psi (bar)]	870 (60)						
Rupture pressure [bar]	1.5 x system pressure						
Measuring accuracy	2.0 % FS						
Response time	< 100 ms (typical 50 ms)						
Liquid temperature range	-22 to +212 °F (-30 to +100 °C)						
Storage temperature range	-67 to +158 °F (-55 to +70 °C)						
Electrical connection	27 ga , 6 ft (1.8) cable M 12 x 4						
Short-circuit-proof	Yes						
Protected against reverse polarity	Yes						
Over supply voltage	Yes						
Materials in contact with liquid	AISI 316 L						
Enclosure class	IP67						
Weight [lb]	1.2						
EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)	According to EN 61326-1						
Connections	7/16"-UNF						
Sealing material	EPDM						

### Dimensions

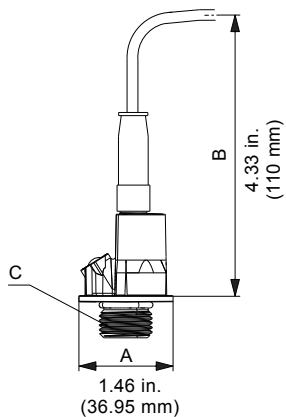


Fig. 66 DPI sensor g.2 version

### Electrical connections

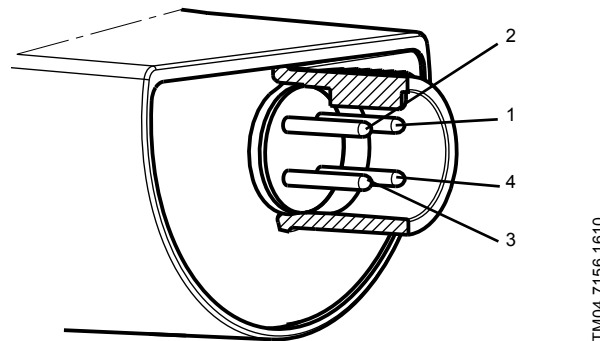


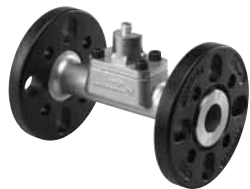
Fig. 67 Electrical connections

Pin	1	2	3	4
Wire color	Brown	Grey	Blue	Black
Output 4-20 mA	+	Not used	-	Not used
Output 2 x 0-10 V	+	Pressure signal	-*	Temperature signal

\* Common ground for both pressure and temperature signal.  
 \* Power supply (screened cable): SELV or PELV.

## Flow transmitters

- Flow tube of AISI 316 is mounted with a transmitter
- the transmitter is of AISI 316 L
- the output signal is 4-20mA
- there are two flanges
- 15 ft cable with free ends.
- Quick Guide



TM04 7362 2210

Type	Flow range [gpm]	Connection	O-ring		Flange Material		Product number
			EPDM	FKM	Cast Iron	Stainless	
VFI 0.3-6	1.3 - 26	3/4"	•		•		97686127
	1.3 - 2.6	3/4"	•			•	97688293
VFI 0.6-12	2.6 - 53	1"	•		•		97686129
	2.6 - 53	1"	•			•	97688295
VFI 1.3-25	5.7 - 110	1 - 1/4"	•		•		97686141
	5.7 - 110	1 - 1/4"	•			•	97688297
VFI 2-40	8.8 - 176	1 - 3/4"	•		•		97686143
	8.8 - 176	1 - 3/4"	•			•	97688299
VFI 3.2-64	14-282	2"	•		•		97686145
	14-282	2"	•			•	97688301
VFI 5.2-104	23-458	2 - 1/2"	•		•		96788476
VFI 8-160	35-704	3"	•		•		97788478
VFI 8-160	53-1060	4"	•		•		97788492

1) For more information about the VFI sensor, see the Grundfos Direct Sensors™ data booklet, publication number 97790189, at [www.grundfos.com](http://www.grundfos.com) (Grundfos Product Center).

## Gauges for CRE, CRIE, CRNE

Accessory	Measuring range	Product number
Liquid filled pressure gauge • AISI 304/copper	30" Hg - 30 psi	91123566
	0-60 psi	00ID8562
	0-100 psi	00ID8563
	0-160 psi	00ID8564
	0-200 psi	00ID8565
	0-300 psi	00ID8566
	0-400 psi	00ID8567
	0-600 psi	00ID8568
Liquid filled pressure gauge • AISI 316	30" Hg - 30 psi	91130835
	0-60 psi	00ID8569
	0-100 psi	00ID8570
	0-160 psi	00ID8571
	0-200 psi	00ID8572
	0-300 psi	00ID8573
	0-400 psi	00ID8574
	0-600 psi	00ID8575
	0-200 psi	00ID8576



## Remote controls

### Grundfos GO Remote

Grundfos GO Remote is used for wireless infrared or radio communication with the pumps.

Various Grundfos GO Remote variants are available. The variants are described in the following.

#### MI 202 and MI 204

MI 202 and MI 204 are add-on modules with built-in infrared and radio communication. MI202 can be used in conjunction with an Apple iPhone or iPod with 30-pin connector and iOS. 5.0 or later, e.g. fourth generation iPhone or iPod.

MI 204 can be used in conjunction with an Apple iPhone or iPod with Lightning connector, e.g. fifth generation iPhone or iPod.

(MI 204 is also available together with an Apple iPod touch and a cover.)



TM05 3887 1612 - TM05 7704 1513

**Fig. 68** MI 202 and MI 204

Supplied with the product:

- Grundfos MI 202 or MI 204
- sleeve
- quick guide
- charger cable.

#### MI 301

MI 301 is a module with built-in infrared and radio communication. MI 301 can be used in conjunction with Android or iOS-based smart devices with Bluetooth connection. MI 301 has a rechargeable Li-ion battery and must be charged separately.



TM05 3890 1712

**Fig. 69** MI 301

Supplied with the product:

- Grundfos MI 301
- sleeve
- battery charger
- quick guide.

#### Product numbers

Grundfos GO Remote variant	Product number
Grundfos MI 202	98046376
Grundfos MI 204	98424092
Grundfos MI 204 including iPod touch	98612711
Grundfos MI 301	98046408

## CIU communication interface units



GrA 6118

**Fig. 70** Grundfos CIU communication interface unit

The CIU units enable communication of operating data, such as measured values and setpoints, between CRE, CRIE, CRNE pumps and a building management system. The CIU unit incorporates a 24-240 VAC/VDC power supply module and a CIM module. It can either be mounted on a DIN rail or on a wall.

We offer the following CIU units:

### CIU 100

For communication via LonWorks.

### CIU 150

For communication via PROFIBUS DP.

### CIU 200

For communication via Modbus RTU.

### CIU 250

For wireless communication via GSM/GPRS.

### CIU 271

For communication via Grundfos Remote Management (GRM).

### CIU 300

For communication via BACnet MS/TP.

Description	Fieldbus protocol	Product number
CIU 100	LonWorks	96753735
CIU 150	PROFIBUS DP	96753081
CIU 200	Modbus RTU	96753082
CIU 250*	GSM/GPRS	96787106
CIU 271*	GRM	96898819
CIU 300	BACnet MS/TP	Contact Grundfos

\* Antenna are not included. See below.

### Antennas for CIU 250 and 270

Description	Product number
Antenna for roof	97631956
Antenna for desk	97631957

For further information about data communication via CIU units and fieldbus protocols, see the CIU documentation available at [www.grundfos.com](http://www.grundfos.com) (Grundfos Product Center).

## CIM communication interface modules



GrA 6121

**Fig. 71** Grundfos CIM communication interface module

The CIM modules enable communication of operating data, such as measured values and setpoints, between CRE, CRIE or CRNE pumps of 11-22 kW and a building management system. The CIM modules are add-on communication modules which are fitted in the terminal box of CRE, CRIE, CRNE pumps of 11-22 kW. **Note:** CIM modules must be fitted by authorised persons.

We offer the following CIM modules:

### CIM 100

For communication via LonWorks.

### CIM 150

For communication via PROFIBUS DP.

### CIM 200

For communication via Modbus RTU.

### CIM 250

For wireless communication via GSM/GPRS.

### CIM 271

For communication via Grundfos Remote Management (GRM).

### CIM 300

For communication via BACnet MS/TP.

Description	Fieldbus protocol	Product number
CIM 100	LonWorks	96824797
CIM 150	PROFIBUS DP	96824793
CIM 200	Modbus RTU	96824796
CIM 250*	GSM/GPRS	96824795
CIM 271*	GRM	96898815
CIM 300	BACnet MS/TP	Contact Grundfos

\* Antenna not included. See below.

### Antennas for CIM 250 and 270

Description	Product number
Antenna for roof	97631956
Antenna for desk	97631957

For further information about data communication via CIM modules and fieldbus protocols, see the CIM documentation available at [www.grundfos.com](http://www.grundfos.com) (Grundfos Product Center).

## 14. Variants

### Lists of variants on request

Although the Grundfos CR, CRE, CRI, CRIE, CRN, CRNE product range offers a number of pumps for different applications, customers require specific pump solutions to satisfy their needs.

Below please find the range of options available for customizing the CR, CRE pumps to meet the customers' demands. Contact Grundfos for further information or for requests other than the ones mentioned below.

### Motors

Variant	Description
<b>Explosion proof motors</b>	For operation in hazardous atmospheres, explosion-proof or dust-ignition-proof motors may be required.
<b>Motors with anti-condensation heating unit</b>	For operation in humid environments motors with built-in anti-condensation heating may be required.
<b>Premium efficient motors</b>	Grundfos offers motors from 1 to 100 HP with a Premium efficiency class.
<b>Different motor brand</b>	If technically possible, Grundfos can fit the pump with a motor of a brand other than the standard. This will normally increase the time of delivery. Alternatively, the pump can be supplied without a motor (motor thrust rating must be checked).
<b>Oversized motor</b>	Ambient temperatures above 104 °F (40 °C) or installation at altitudes of more than 3280 ft above sea level require the use of an oversized motor (i.e. derating).
<b>4-pole motors</b>	Grundfos offers standard motors fitted with 4-poles.

### Connections and other variants

Variant	Description
<b>Pipe connections</b>	In addition to the wide range of standard flange connections, a 232 psi DIN standard clamping flange is available. Customized flanges are available according to specifications.
<b>TriClamp connections</b>	TriClamp connections are of a hygienic design with a sanitary coupling for use in the pharmaceutical and food industry.
<b>Electropolished pumps</b>	Electropolishing substantially reduces the risk of corrosion of the materials. Electropolishing is used in the pharmaceutical/food industry.

### Shaft seals

Variant	Description
<b>Shaft seal with FFKM O-ring material</b>	We recommend shaft seals with FFKM or FXM O-ring material for applications where the pumped liquid may damage the standard O-ring material.
<b>Seal with flush, quench seal</b>	Recommended for applications involving crystallizing, hardening or sticky liquids.
<b>Cool-Top® shaft seal system</b>	Recommended for applications involving extremely high temperatures. No conventional mechanical shaft seal can withstand liquid temperatures of up to 356 °F for any length of time. For that type of application, we recommend Grundfos' unique air-cooled shaft seal system. In order to ensure a low liquid temperature around the standard shaft seal, the pump is fitted with a special air-cooled shaft seal chamber. No separate cooling is required.
<b>Double shaft seal with pressure chamber</b>	Recommended for applications involving poisonous or explosive liquids. Protects the surrounding environment and the people working in the vicinity of the pump. Consists of two seals mounted in a "back-to-back" arrangement inside a separate pressure seal chamber. As the pressure in the chamber is higher than the pump pressure, leakage is prevented. A dosing pump or a special pressure-intensifier generates the seal chamber pressure.
<b>CRN MAGdrive</b>	Magnetically driven pumps for industrial applications. Key applications are industrial processes involving the handling of aggressive, environmental, dangerous or volatile liquids, e.g. organic compounds, solvents, etc.

### Pumps

Variant	Description
<b>Horizontally mounted pump</b>	For safety or height reasons, certain applications, for instance on ships, require the pump to be mounted in the horizontal position. For easy installation the pump is equipped with brackets that support motor and pump.
<b>Low-temperature pump to -4 °F</b>	Exposed to temperatures down to -40 °F (-40 °C) coolant pumps may require neck-rings with a different diameter in order to prevent impeller drag.
<b>High-speed pump up to 681 psi</b>	For high-pressure applications, a unique pump capable of generating up to 681 psi (47 bar) pressure is available. The pump is equipped with a high-speed motor, type MLE. The direction of rotation is the opposite of that of standard pumps, and the chamber stack is turned upside-down, as a result of which the pumped liquid flows in the opposite direction.
<b>High-pressure pump up to 696 psi</b>	For high-pressure applications, a unique double pump system capable of generating up to 696 psi (48 bar) pressure is available.
<b>Low-NPSH pump (improved suction)</b>	Recommended for boiler-feed applications where cavitation may occur due to poor inlet conditions.
<b>Belt-driven pumps</b>	Belt-driven pumps designed to operate in places with limited space or where no electrical power is available.
<b>Pumps for pharmaceutical and biotechnological applications</b>	CRN, CRNE pumps designed for applications requiring the sterilization and CIP capability of pipes, valves and pumps. (CIP = Cleaning-In-Place).

**CRE, CRIE, CRNE**

**Vertical multistage centrifugal pumps**

Company name:

Prepared by:

Phone number: ( )

Fax number: ( )

Date:

Page 1 of:

Quote number:

**Client information**

Project title:

Reference number:

Client contact:

Client name:

Client number:

Client phone number: ( )

**Location information**

For:

Site:

Address:

Unit:

Service:

City:

State:

Zip

Code:

**Application information**

**Operating conditions**

**Pumped liquid**

Liquid type:

Capacity (gpm)  
 inlet pressure (psig)  
 Outlet pressure (psig)  
 Differential head (ft)  
 Hydraulic power (HP)  
 at designated capacity  
 NPSH available (ft)

**Max.      Norm.      Min.**

Liquid Temperature (°F)  
 at designated temperature  
 Specific gravity  
 Vapor pressure (psia)  
 Viscosity (cp)

**Rated      Max.      Norm.**

**Service**

Continuous

Intermittent (starts/day):

Liquid ph:

Hazardous:

Flammable:

Other:

Chlorides (ppm):

Corrosion/erosion  
 caused by:

**Pump information**

Model information from type key and codes:

Quantity required:

Minimum required flow:

----> (Example: CRE 5-10 A-FGJ-A-E-HQQE )

NPSH required at duty point:

**Product guide additional information pages**

Materials page number:

Technical data page number:

Performance curve page number:

Motor data page number:

**Motor information**

HP:

Phase:

Voltage:

Enclosure:

**Custom-built pump information (optional):**

**Additional Information**

## 15. Quotation text

### CRE, CRIE, CRNE

Vertical, non-self-priming, multistage, in-line, centrifugal pump for installation in pipe systems and mounting on a foundation.

The pump has the following characteristics:

- impellers and intermediate chambers are made of AISI \_\_\_\_\_ Stainless steel
- Pump head and base are made of \_\_\_\_\_ - Power transmission is via cast iron split coupling.
- pipe connections are via \_\_\_\_\_
- The motor is a \_\_\_\_\_ -phase AC motor.

#### Technical

- Rated flow rate: \_\_\_\_\_ gpm
- Rated head: \_\_\_\_\_ Feet
- Minimum liquid temperature: \_\_\_\_\_ °F
- Maximum liquid temperature: \_\_\_\_\_ °F
- Type of shaft seal: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Materials

- Material, pump housing: \_\_\_\_\_
- Material, shaft: AISI \_\_\_\_\_ Stainless Steel
- Material, impeller: AISI \_\_\_\_\_ Stainless Steel
- Material, sleeve: AISI \_\_\_\_\_ Stainless Steel
- Material, seal metal: AISI \_\_\_\_\_ Stainless Steel
- rotating seal face: \_\_\_\_\_ - stationary seat
- \_\_\_\_\_ - seal elastomer: \_\_\_\_\_ Installation
- Maximum ambient temperature: \_\_\_\_\_ °F
- Maximum pressure at stated temperature: \_\_\_\_\_ PSI/°F
- Standard, pipe connection: \_\_\_\_\_ Size, pipe connection:
- \_\_\_\_\_ Rated pressure, pipe connection: \_\_\_\_\_ PSI
- Frame size for motor: \_\_\_\_\_ NEMA

#### Electrical data

- Motor type: \_\_\_\_\_ Rated power (P2): \_\_\_\_\_ HP
- Frequency: \_\_\_\_\_ Hz
- Rated voltage: \_\_\_\_\_ V
- Rated current: \_\_\_\_\_ A
- Service factor: \_\_\_\_\_ Starting current: \_\_\_\_\_ A
- Rated speed: \_\_\_\_\_ RPM
- Full load motor efficiency: \_\_\_\_\_ %
- Insulation class: \_\_\_\_\_ Additional
- Gross weight: \_\_\_\_\_ Lbs.
- Shipping volume: \_\_\_\_\_ Model: \_\_\_\_\_

# 16. Grundfos Product Center

Online search and sizing tool to help you make the right choice.

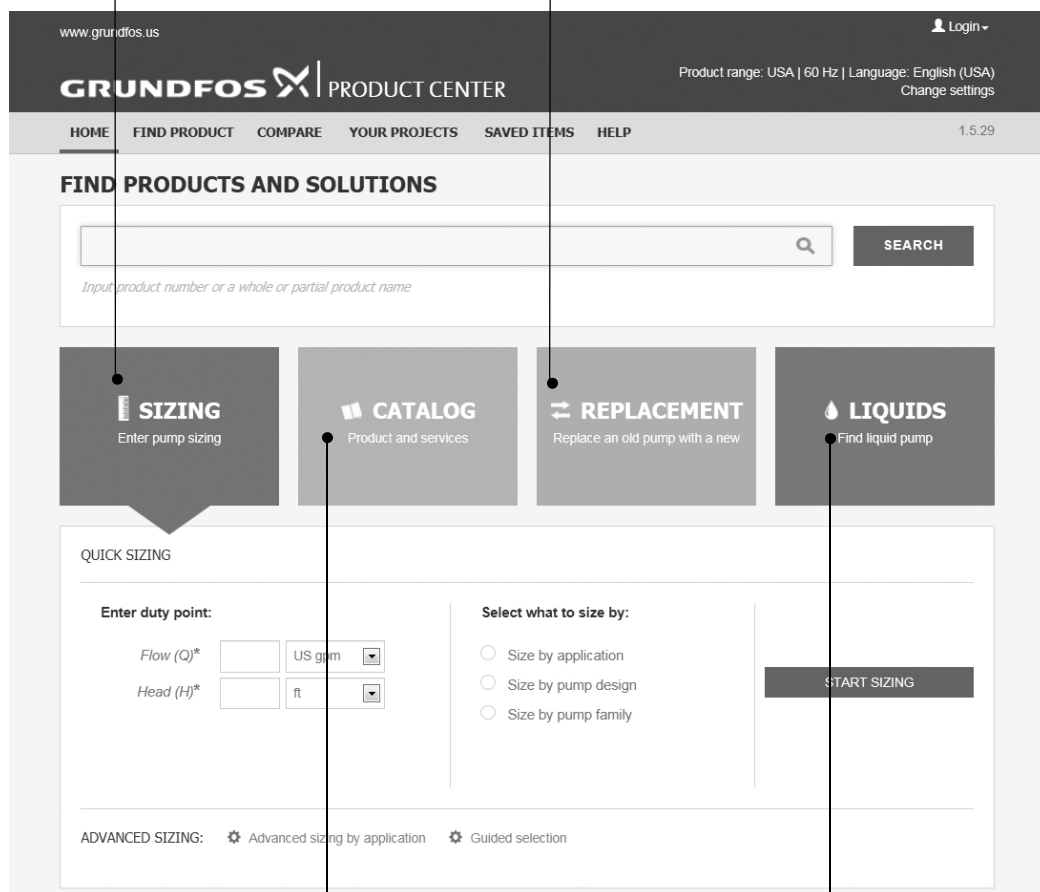
<http://product-selection.grundfos.com>



"SIZING" enables you to size a pump based on entered data and selection choices.

"REPLACEMENT" enables you to find a replacement product. Search results will include information on

- the lowest purchase price
- the lowest energy consumption
- the lowest total life cycle cost.



"CATALOG" gives you access to the Grundfos product catalog.

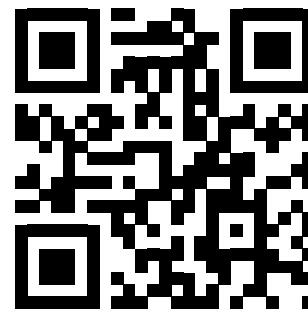
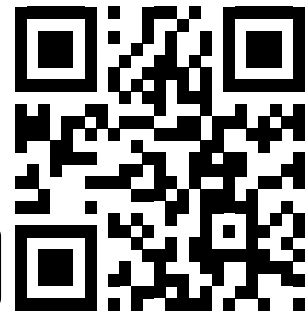
"LIQUIDS" enables you to find pumps designed for aggressive, flammable or other special liquids.

<p><b>All the information you need in one place</b></p> <p>Performance curves, technical specifications, pictures, dimensional drawings, motor curves, wiring diagrams, spare parts, service kits, 3D drawings, documents, system parts. The Product Center displays any recent and saved items - including complete projects - right on the main page.</p>	<p><b>Downloads</b></p> <p>On the product pages, you can download Installation and Operating Instructions, Data Booklets, Service Instructions, etc. in PDF format.</p>
---	---

## Grundfos GO

### Mobile solution for professionals on the GO!

Grundfos GO is the mobile tool box for professional users on the go. It is the most comprehensive platform for mobile pump control and pump selection including sizing, replacement and documentation. It offers intuitive, handheld assistance and access to Grundfos online tools, and it saves valuable time for reporting and data collection.



98556115 0518

ECM: 1233698

**Grundfos Kansas City**

17100 West 118th Terrace  
Olathe, Kansas 66061  
Phone: 913-227-3400  
Fax: 913-227-3500  
[www.grundfos.us](http://www.grundfos.us)

**Grundfos Canada**

2941 Brighton Road  
Oakville, Ontario L6H 6C9 Canada  
Phone: +1-905-829-9533  
Fax: +1-905-829-9512  
[www.grundfos.ca](http://www.grundfos.ca)

**Grundfos México**

Boulevard TLC No. 15  
Parque Industrial Stiva Aeropuerto  
C.P. 66600 Apodaca, N.L. Mexico  
Phone: 011-52-81-8144 4000  
Fax: 011-52-81-8144 4010  
[www.grundfos.mx](http://www.grundfos.mx)