PET TRAINING SYSTEM - OPERATORS GUIDE

1. THE PRODUCT

This is a radio frequency based remote control design around radio frequency IC from RF Micro Device. The two IC of choice is RF2917 and RF2512. The devices are designed for compliance to regulatory requirements as intended transmitter in following standards:

- US FCC Part 15.249 (900MHz version)
- Canadian TRS RSS210 (900MHz version)

The specification of the device is as follow:

SPECIFICATION: 912MHZ TRANSMITTER

| FEATURE | VALUE | NOTES |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Frequency | 912.03MHz | +/-25ppm |
| RF Power | +9dBm | Comply with US FCC Part |
| | | 15.249 and Canadian TRS |
| | | RSS210 with 50 OHM antenna |
| Modulation | FSK | |
| Derivation | +/-50kHZ | |
| Data rate | 20kbits/s | |
| TX sequence | Preamble | Code will be repeated for about |
| | Address | 600ms to reach a wakeup time |
| | Key Code | slot of the receiver (500ms) |
| Buttons | 3 | Synapses on bottom layer |
| Battery | 6 volts | |
| Transmission | >100m | |
| distance with RX | | |
| Current drain | | |
| Active | 40 mA | |
| Standby | <10uA | |

SPECIFICATION: 912MHZ RECEIVER

| FEATURES | VALUE | NOTES |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Frequency | 912.03MHz | +/-25 ppm |
| Input sensitivity | -103dBm | 50Ohms, for detecting the |
| | | control sequence |

| RX Scheme | | Wakes up every 500ms & tries to detect a signal for about 2 ms. If no sinal, standby. If signal occurs, it tries to detect a preamble. If no preamble, standby. If preamble occurs, it tries to receive an address and a control sequence (tries two times and compares). |
|---------------|---------|--|
| Battery | 6 volts | Internal: 3 volts |
| Current drain | | |
| Active | 14mA | |
| Standby | 30uA | |
| Average | 40uA | No input signal |
| Spray | 110mA | |
| Buzzer | 40mA | |

2. USE OF THE TRANSMITTER

There's altogether three buttons on the transmitter. The one close to the battery is Button 3, the middle on is Button 2, the third button is Button 1.

Button 1 – When pressed, it will send a signal and address code out. The right receiver with right address will recognize the transmission and turn on the buzzer in the Receiver for a short pattern.

Button 2 – When pressed, it will send a signal and address code out. The right receiver with right address will recognize the transmission and turn on a solenoid in the Receiver for a short while.

Button 3 – When pressed, it will send a signal and address code out. The right receiver with right address will recognize the transmission and turn on the solenoid in the Receiver for a slightly long pattern compared with when Button 2 is pressed.

The whole Transmitter only function for a short while and have electricity pass through when one of its button is pressed. However, even when any of those buttons is pressed accidentally, the Transmitter will not continuously on to send continuously signal.

3. PRODUCT COMPLIANCE WITH FCC AND INDUSTRY CANADA.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2. This device must accept any interference received,

including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.