



8-Channel 900 MHz Wireless Audio-Link Transmitter





OWNER'S MANUAL -- Please read before using this equipment.

Your RadioShack 8-Channel 900 MHz Wireless Audio-link Transmitter is designed for use with a public address microphone or for professional music performances, and is perfect for use with the RadioShack 8-Channel 900 MHz Wireless Receiver (Cat. No. 32-1250).

FCC STATEMENT

Your transmitter might cause TV or radio interference even when it is operating properly. To determine whether your transmitter is causing the interference, turn off your transmitter, if the interference goes away, your transmitter is causing it. Try to eliminate the interference by:

- · moving your transmitter away from the receiver
- · contacting your local RadioShack store for help

If you cannot eliminate the interference, the FCC requires that you stop using your transmitter.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Shielded cables must be used with the unit to ensure compliance with the Class B FCC limits.

INSTALLING THE BATTERY

Your transmitter requires one 9V battery (not supplied) for power. For the best performance and longest life, we recommend using a RadioShack alkaline battery.

Caution: Use only a fresh battery of the required size and recommended type.

- Slide the transmitter's battery compartment cover in the direction of the arrow to remove it.
- Snap the battery in the compartment as indicated by the polarity symbols (+ and -) marked inside.
- 3. Replace the battery compartment cover.

When power is on, POWER/LOW BATT lights. When POWER/LOW BATT flashes or the transmitter stops operating properly, replace the battery.

Warning: Dispose of old batteries promptly and properly. Do not burn or bury them,

Caution: If you do not plan to use the transmitter for a week or longer, remove the batteries. Batteries can leak chemicals that can destroy electronic parts.

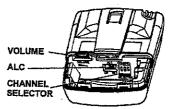
USING THE BELT CLIP

For hand-free carrying, attach the supplied belt clip. Align the dovetall tracks in the grooves on the back of the transmitter, then slide the clip down until it clicks to secure it. To attach the transmitter, slide the clip over your belt. To remove the belt clip from the transmitter, lift the center tab on the clip and slide the clip up.

SETTING THE CHANNEL

Note: Both the transmitter and any receiver you use:

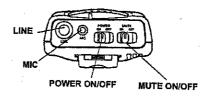
- · should be powered off before setting or changing the channel
- · should be set to the same channel
- Remove the battery compartment cover.
- Use a pointed object (such as a straightened paper clip) to set CHAN-NEL SELECTOR (dip switches) according to the chart below for the desired channel.



СН	Setting	СН	Setting
A		E	
В		F	
C		G	
D		Н	

3. Replace the cover.

CONNECTING AN AUDIO SOURCE



Note: If your audio source's cable does not have the appropriate connector to attach to the transmitter, use an adapter, available at your local RadioShack store.

You can connect a LINE level source (such as an electronic keyboard, musical instrument microphone, or electric guitar) or a MiC level source (such as a headset microphone) to the transmitter.

To a LINE Level Source

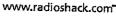
To connect a line-level source to the transmitter, use a cable with a ¹/₄-inch (6.35-mm) phono plug.

- 1. Plug one end of the cable into the transmitter's LINE jack.
- 2. Plug the other end into the audio source's output jack.

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3. Follow the instructions in the owner's manuals for your other audio equipment to make all other connections.

To a MIC Level Source

To connect a MIC level source to the transmitter, use a cable that ends in a 1/s-inch (3.5-mm) phono plug.

- Plug one end of the cable into the transmitter's MIC jack.
- 2. Plug the other end into the audio source's output jack.
- 3. Follow the instructions in the owner's manuals for your other audio equipment to make all other connections.

SETTING THE TRANSMITTER'S INPUT SENSITIVITY LEVEL

Your transmitter is designed to operate with musical instruments, microphones, and other audio devices. To get the best performance from the system, set the transmitter input sensitivity to match the

The factory setting should be suitable for most uses. If you experience very low volume or distorted sound, follow these steps to adjust the sensitivity.

- 1. Remove the battery compartment cover.
- 2. Rotate VOLUME to adjust sensitivity.
 - To set the receiver's volume control to a higher setting in order to hear the audio source better, turn VOLUME to the left about 1/g-1/4 turn, then test the system again.
 - To set the receiver's volume control to a lower setting in order to hear more clear audio, turn VOLUME to the right about 1/6-1/4 turn, then test the system again.
- 3. Replace the cover.

OPERATION

Using ALC

You can control the audio input sensitivity without distortion. Slide ALC ON/OFF to ON. The built-in ALC circuitry limits the input signal from overloading the transmitter.

Using Mute

To temporarily turn off the audio signal without turning off the transmitter or microphone, slide MUTE ON/OFF on the transmitter to ON.

If you slide POWER ON/OFF from ON to OFF while the amplifier is on, you hear a loud pop. There is no pop when you move the mute switch from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.

Using the Transmitter

Note: Before you can use your transmitter, you must connect it to an audio source.

- 1. Set the transmitter's channel to the same channel the receiver is using (see "Setting the Channel" on Page 1).
- 2. Set the receiver's volume control to its minimum setting and turn on the receiver.
- 3. Turn on your amplifier, tape recorder, mixing board, and other necessary audio system components. Set their volume controls (or input level controls) to moderate settings.

- 4. Slide POWER ON/OFF to ON. LOW BATT lights.
- 5. Set MUTE to OFF
- 6. Turn on the audio source and adjust the receiver's volume control to the desired level.

Note: Experiment with the receiver's volume setting and the settings of other components in your audio system for the best results. If you are using a source that has a variable output control (such as a musical instrument), be sure that you have adjusted the volume with the instrument at the highest level you intend to use.

7. When you are finished, turn off all your audio equipment and the transmitter.

CARE

Keep the transmitter dry; if it gets wet, wipe it dry immediately. Use and store the transmitter only in normal temperature environments. Handle the transmitter carefully; do not drop it. Keep the transmitter away from dust and dirt, and wipe it with a damp cloth occasionally to keep it looking new.

Modifying or tampering with the transmitter's internal components can cause a malfunction and might invalidate its warranty. If your transmitter is not performing as it should, take it to your local RadioShack store for assistance.

SPECIFICATIONS

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Sensitivity	
MIC Input	
LINE Input	250 m\
RF Output Power at 50Ω	3 dBa
Power Requirements (DC)	One BV Retter
Operating Frequencies:	Olio D4 Batter
Channel	Frequency
A	Frequency 910.0 MHz
B	910.5 MHz
C	911.5 MHz
<u>P</u>	[]M C.(18
Ę	913.5 MHZ
F	918.0 MH2
G	918.5 MHz
4	919.5 MHz
H	921.5 MHz
Dimensions	
•	(67 × 93 × 36 mm)
Weight (without battery)	2.5 oz (72g)

Specifications are typical; individual units might vary. Specifications are subject to change and improvement without notice.

Limited One-Year Warranty

We Service What We Sell

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