

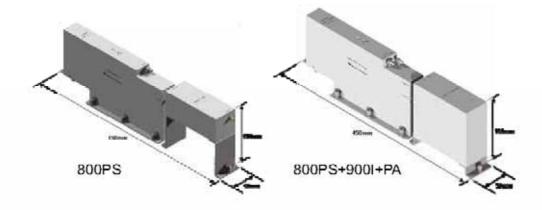
4.4.4 Function by unit

1) Remote Drive Unit (RDU)

When receiving TX signals from each band through Remote Optic, RDU filters the signals and amplifies them with High Power Ampifier. The unit also filters RX signals given through Multiplexer and amplifies them to send the signals to Remote Optic.

In the unit, there is ATT to adjust gain. RDU devices are varied for each frequency band, including the following:

No	Unit naming	Description	BPF		
NO	Onit naming	Description	TX	RX	
1	RDU 800PS	Single,	External BPF	Internal BPF	
2	RDU 850C	Single,	External BPF	External BPF	
	DDU 4000D - 1140 4	Burd	External BPF(1900P)	External BPF(1900P)	
3	RDU 1900P+AWS-1	Dual,	Internal BPF(AWS-1)	Internal BPF(AWS-1)	
	RDU 800PS+900I+PA	Dual,	External BPF(800PS)	Internal BPF(800PS)	
4			Internal BPF(900I+PA)	External BPF(900I+PA)	
5	RDU 850C+700PS	Dual,	External BPF(850C)	External BPF(850C)	
5			Internal BPF(700PS)	Internal BPF(700PS)	
6	RDU VHF+UHF	Dual	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	
7	RDU E-VHF+UHF	Dual	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	Internal BPF(VHF,UHF)	
	DBU 0500 - 7001 TEO	Dual,	External BPF(850C)	External BPF(850C)	
8	RDU 850C+700LTEC		Internal BPF(700LTEC)	Internal BPF(LTEC)	
9	BDU 700 TEE CICO	Charle	Internal BPF	External BPF(SISO)	
	RDU 700LTEF SISO	Single,	Internal BPF	Internal BPF(MIMO)	
10	PDU 700LTEE MIMO	Shario	Internal BPF	External BPF(SISO)	
10	RDU 700LTEF MIMO	Single,	internal BPF	Internal BPF(MIMO)	





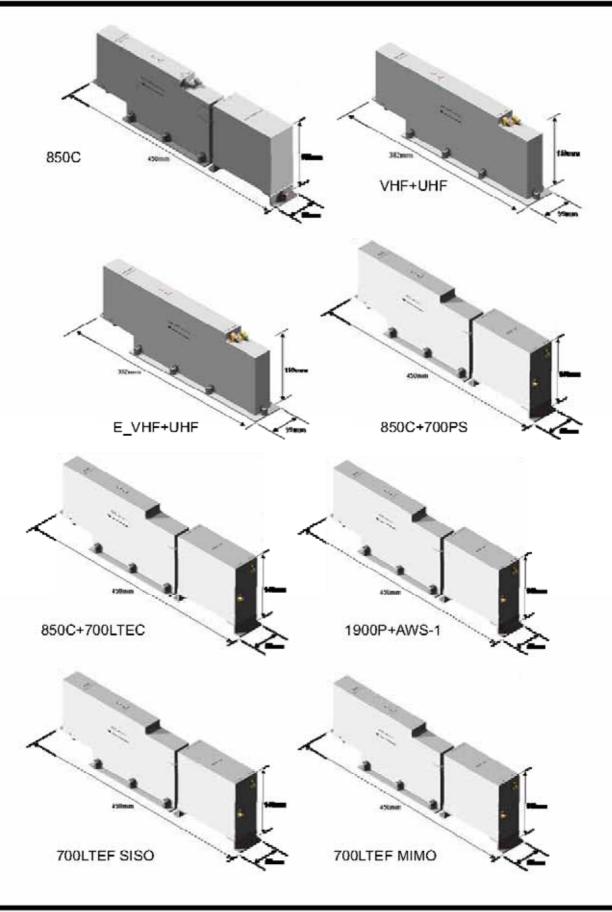




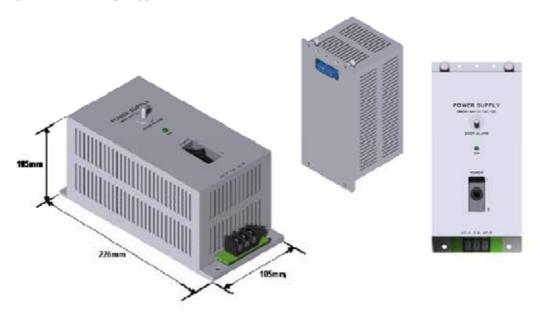
Figure 4.27 - RDU Outer Look

2) Remote Power Supply Unit (RPSU)

RPSU receives -48V of input. This unit is divided into DC/DC type to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power and AC/DC type to receive 120V of AC input and to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power.

Upon order, either of the two types should be decided. MS Connector, which uses ports to receive inputs, is designed to accept any of AC and DC. Only in this case, the input cable is different.

RPSU has a circuit brake to turn the power ON/OFF and has LED indicator at the top to check if input power is normally supplied.



3) Remote Optic(R OPTIC)

Remote Optic converts optical signals into RF signals and performs vice versa. With an FSK modem in it, the unit communicates with upper devices.

It also has internal ATT for optical compensation to compensate for optical cable loss, if any.



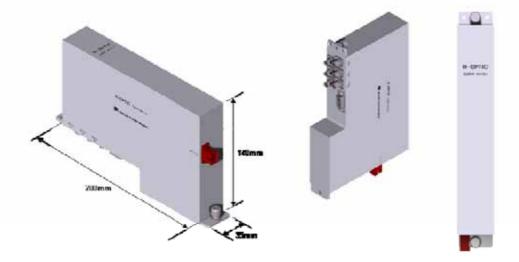


Figure 4.28 - R OPTIC Outer Look

4) Remote Central Processor Unit (RCPU)

RCPU can monitor and control each module of ROU. This unit receives and analyzes upper communication data from Remote Optic and reports the unit's own value to upper devices. At the front of the module, it has LED indicator to show system status, letting you check any abnormalities at a time. At the same front, it also has communication LED Indicators to show communication status with upper devices. Through RS-232C Serial Port, the unit enables you to check and control device status through PC and laptop. This equipment is indoor use and all the communication wirings are limited to inside of the building.

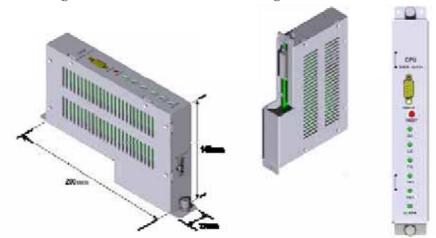


Figure 4.29 - RCPU Outer Look

5) Multiplexer

Multiplexer works as a module to combine or distribute multiple signals into one antenna.

This device has a port to combine multiple signals. You need to connect input and output ports



of RDU through a corresponding port.

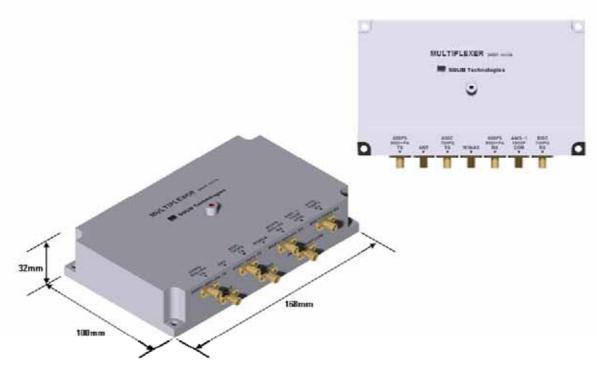
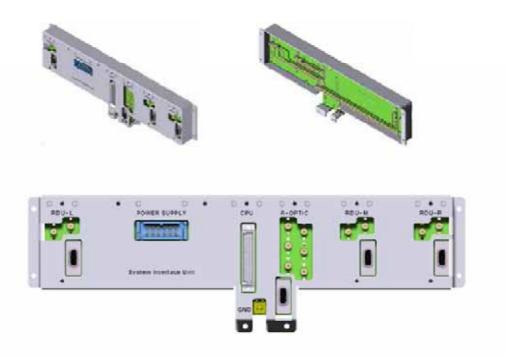


Figure 4.30 - Multiplexer Outer Look

6) System Interface Unit(SIU)

SIU distributes power and signals to each module.





4.4.5 Bottom of ROU

1) Functions

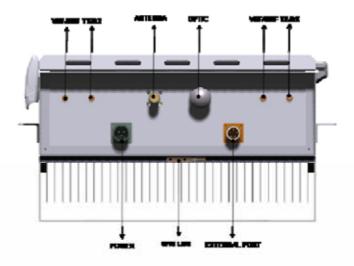
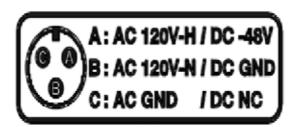


Figure 4.31 - ROU Bottom Look

Item	Description	Remark
1. VHF/UHF TX/RX Port	Terminal for TX and RX antenna ports of VHF and UHF	
2.Antenna Port	System Antenna Port, N-type female	
3. Power Port	AC 120V input port or DC-48V input port	
4. Optic Port	Optical input port	
5.External Port	Port for external devices	
6.GND LUG PORT	Terminal for system ground	

POWER PORT

Power ports are used for power-supplying of -48V DC or 120V AC, and specific power cable should be applied to each different types of ROU power supply (AC/DC or DC/DC). Below figure is naming of the power supply by type.

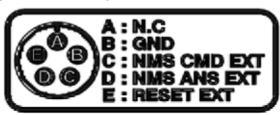




Exteral PORT

External ports are reserved ports for external equipments for future implementation, and used to monitor the status and control the equipments.

Below figure is naming of the external ports.



4.5 Add on V/UHF ROU

Add on ROU(forward naming*AOR) is connected existing ROU to service VHF/UHF and LTE band. AOR should support either VHF/UHF or LTE RDU

AOR locates above or under of exisiting ROU. AOR receives TX signals from ROU and then amplify these through High Power Amplifier, filter out of band signals and radiated to the TX antenna port. When receiving RX signals through the RX antenna port, this unit filters out-of-band signals and amplify with Low noise Amlifier and output power is connected existing ROU's RX port. External BPF should be located between TX/RX antenna and AOR's IN/OUT ports because the BPF rejects the strong broadcasting signal and etc

AOR body meets to NEMA4 degree.

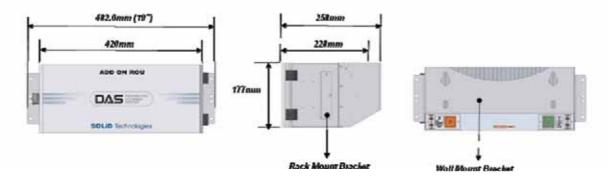


Figure 4.32 - AOR Outer Looks

AOR is designed in a cabinet, and provides the following functions and features.

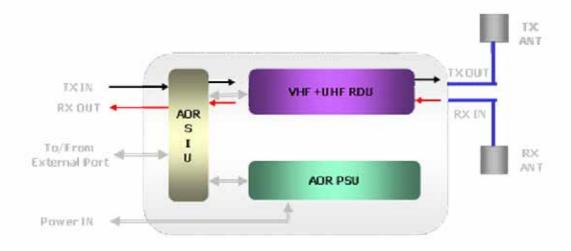


4.5.1 Specifications of AOR

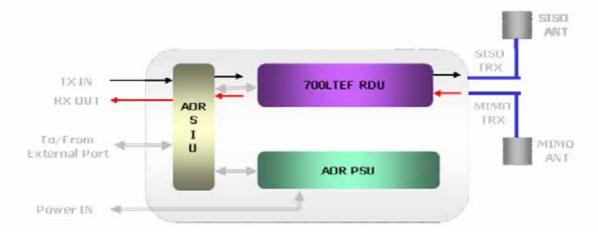
Item	Spec.	Remark
Size(mm)	482.6(19") x 258 x177,	Including Bracket
Weight	11 Kg	
Power consumption	78 W	

4.5.2 Block Diagram of AOR

- VHF+VHF RDU -



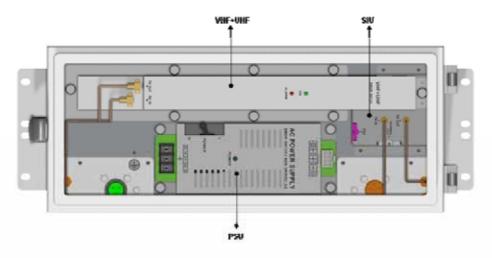
- 700LTEF RDU -





4.5.3 AOR parts

- VHF+UHF -



- 700LTEF SISO -



- 700LTEF MIMO -



Figure 4.33 - AOR Inner Look



No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	VHF+UHF E-VHF+UHF RDU	VHF+UHF Remote Drive Unit Filter and high amplify TX signals; Filter and amplify RX signals; Remove other signals through internal BPF	
2	700LTEF SISO 700LTEF MIMO RDU	700LTEF Remote Drive Unit Filter and high amplify TX signals; Filter and amplify RX signals; Remove other signals through External and internal BPF	
3	AOR PSU	AOR Power Supply Unit Input power: DC -48V, Output power: 27V,9V, 6V For 110V input of AC/DC; For -48V input of DC/DC	
4	Enclosure	Enclosure to satisfy NEMA4; Enable both Wall and Rack Mount;	
5	sıu	System Interface Unit Distribute power and signals of module	

4.5.4 Function by unit

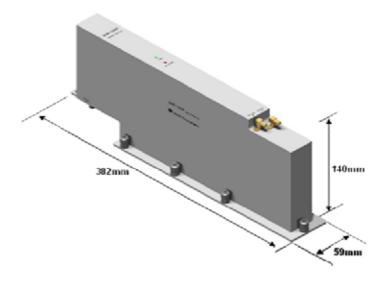
1) VHF+UHF / E-VHF+UHF / 700LTEF Remote Drive Unit (RDU)

When receiving TX signals from each band through existing ROU's Remote Optic, RDU filters out of band signals and amplifies them with High Power Ampifier. The unit also filters RX signals given through RX antenna and amplifies them to send the signals to existing ROU's Remote Optic.

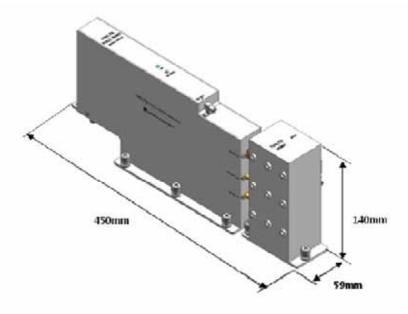
In the unit, there is ATT to adjust gain each path. VHF+UHF RDU is not supported with cavity filter together. External BPF should be connected before antenna



- VHF+UHF RDU -



- 700LTEF SISO RDU -





- 700LTEF MIMO RDU -

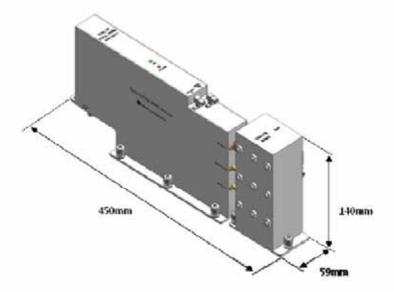


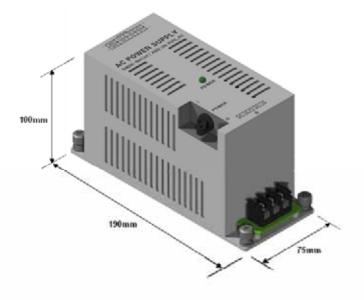
Figure 4.34 - RDU Outer Look

2) AOR Power Supply Unit (AOR PSU)

AOR PSU receives -48V of input. This unit is divided into DC/DC type to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power and AC/DC type to receive 110V of AC input and to output +6V, +9V and +27V of DC power.

Upon your order, either of the two types should be decided. MS Connector, which uses ports to receive inputs, is designed to accept any of AC and DC. Only in this case, the input cable is different.

RPSU has a circuit brake to turn the power ON/OFF and has LED indicator at the top to check if output power is normally supplied.

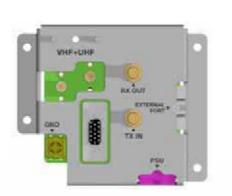






3) AOR System Interface Unit(SIU)

SIU distributes power and signals to each module.





4.5.5 Rear of AOR

1) Functions

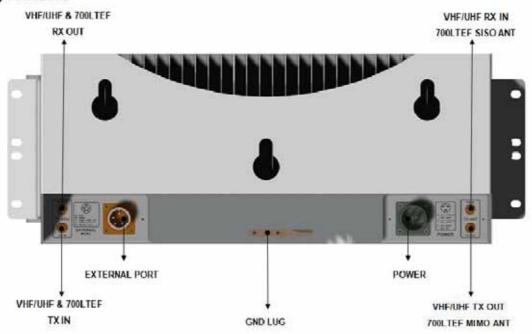


Figure 4.35 - AOR Rear Look

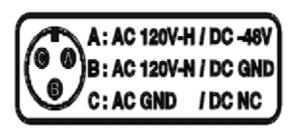
Item	Description	Remark
1. VHF/UHF & 700LTEF	Terminal for receive the signal of TV from eviating BOLL	To/From
TX IN	Terminal for receive the signal of TX from existing ROU	Existing



2. VHF/UHF & 700LTEF RX OUT	Terminal for transmit the signal of RX to existing ROU	ROU
3. Power Port	Terminal for input either AC 110V or DC-48V as internal PSU type	
4. VHF/UHF TX OUT 700LTEF MIMO ANT	Terminal for radiate the signal of TX to TX Antenna	To/From
5. VHF/UHF RX IN 700LTEF SISO ANT	Terminal for receive the signal of RX from RX Antenna	Antenna
6.External Port	Port for communicate with existing ROU	
7.GND LUG PORT	Terminal for system ground	

POWER PORT

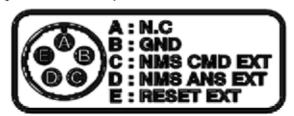
Power ports are used for power-supplying of -48V DC or 120V AC, and specific power cable should be applied to each different types of ROU power supply (AC/DC or DC/DC). Below figure is naming of the power supply by type.



Exteral PORT

External ports are reserved ports for external equipments for future implementation, and used to monitor the status and control the equipments.

Below figure is naming of the external ports.





Section5

System Installation & Operation

- 5.1 BIU Installation
- 5.2 ODU Installation
- 5.3 ROU Installation
- 5.4 OEU Installation
- 5.5 System Operation and Alarm Status
- 5.6 Add on V/UHF ROU Installation



This chapter describes how to install each unit and optical cables, along with power cabling method.

In detail, the chapter describes how to install shelves or enclosuers of each unit, Power Cabling method and Optic Cabling and RF Interface. Furthermore, by showing power consumption of modules to be installed in each unit, it presents Power Cabling budget in a simple way. Then, it describes the quantity of components of modules to be installed in each unit and expansion method.

5.1 BIU Installation

5.1.1 BIU Shelf Installation

Generally, BIU is inserted into a 19" Standard Rack. As this unit has handles at each side for easy move. With two fixing holes at each side, you can tightly fix the unit into a 19" rack.

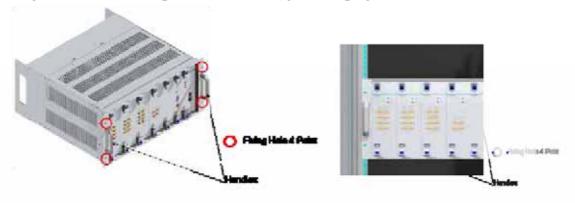


Figure 5.1 - RACK Installation

BIU has the following components:

No.	Unit	Remark	
	Shelf	Including Main Board, 19",5U	1EA
	MCDU	-	1EA
Common Part	мсри	With Ethernet Port and RS-232 Port	1EA
	MPSU	Operate -48Vdc Input	1EA
	Power Cable	-48Vdc Input with two lug terminal	1EA
Optional Part	MDBU	800PS,800PS+900I+Paging,850C,850C+700P S, 1900P, AWS-1 MDBU	Up to 4EA to be
		0, 18001, AWO-1 MDD0	inserted



Basically, the common part of BIU should have shelves and it should be equipped with MCDU to combine and divide TX/RX signals, MPSU to supply devices with power, MCPU to inquire and control state of each module and Power Cable to supply power from external rectifiers.

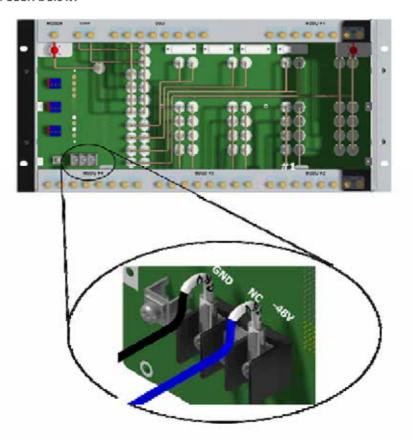
In addition, MDBU can be inserted and removed to provide services for desired band (Optional).

5.1.2 BIU Power Cabling

BIU has -48V of input power. This unit should connect DC cable with the Terminal Block seen at the rear of BIU.

Terminal	Color of cable	Description	Remark
-48V	Blue color	-	
GND	Black color	-	
NC	Not Connected	-	

Before connecting the power terminal, you need to connect "+" terminal of Multi Voltage Meter probe with the GND terminal and then connect "-" terminal with -48V to see if "-48Vdc" voltage is measured. After the check, you need to connect the power terminal with the terminal of the terminal block seen below.





Note that BIU does not operate if the "+" terminal and the "-" terminal of the -48V power are not inserted into the accurate polarity.

When you connect -48V power with BIU, use the ON/OFF switch of MPSU located at the front of BIU to check the power.

DR ALM	Power Switch	LED		Description
**		ON	0	Abnormal, Not supply Power -48Vdd
GNO -CV	0	ON		Normal supply power -48Vdc
		DC ALM		Normal Status
100			•	Failure of output Power
6		ON	•	Name of Olerhan
	'	DC ALM		Normal Status

5.1.3 RF Interface at BIU

BIU can be connected with Bi-Directional Amplifier and Base Station Tranceiver.

To connect BIU with BDA, you need to use a duplexer or a circulator to separate TX/RX signals from each other.

BIU can feed external TX/RX signals from the Back Plane.

Using MDBU separated from each carrier band, BIU can easily expand and interface with bands. As seen in the table below, MDBU is divided into Single and Dual Bands. The unit can be connected with two to four carrier signals per band. At the rear, #1~4 marks are seen in order per MDBU. The following table shows signals to be fed to corresponding ports:



	11-14	B	T.	In/out I	RF Port
No	Unit naming	Description		TX	RX
		Single Band	Port#1	800PS	800PS
1	800PS MDBU			TX(851~869MHz)	RX(806~824MHz)
			Port#2	800PS	800PS
				TX(851~869MHz)	RX(806~824MHz)
			Port #3	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C
2	850C MDBU	Single Band	1 01 110	Jose Milas	RX(824-849MHz)
-	0000 111000	Oligio Dallo	Port#4	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C
			Port#4	0300 TX(003 034WHZ)	RX(824~849MHz)
	1900P MDBU	Single Band	Port#1	1900P	1900P
				TX(1930~1995MHz)	RX(1850~1915MHz)
			Port#2	1900P	1900P
				TX(1930~1995MHz)	RX(1850~1915MHz)
3			Port#3	1900P	1900P
				TX(1930~1995MHz)	RX(1850~1915MHz)
			B-484	1900P	1900P
	Port#4		Port#4	TX(1930~1995MHz)	RX(1850~1915MHz)
			D. 484	AWS-1	AWS-1
			Port#1	TX(2110~2155MHz)	RX(1710~1755MHz)
			Doubling.	AWS-1	AWS-1
	ANNO A MEDILI	Circle Board	Port#2	TX(2110~2155MHz)	RX(1710~1755MHz)
4	AWS-1 MDBU	Single Band	Double 1	AWS-1	AWS-1
			Port#3	TX(2110~2155MHz)	RX(1710~1755MHz)
			Dord!!	AWS-1	AWS-1
			Port#4	TX(2110~2155MHz)	RX(1710~1755MHz)
5	800PS+900I+PA	Dual Band	Dort#1	800PS	800PS
5	MDBU	800PS:2Port	Port#1	TX(851~869MHz)	RX(806~869MHz)
		900l:1Port	D. HIIC	800PS	800PS
		Paging:1Port	Port#2	TX(851~869MHz)	RX(806~869MHz)

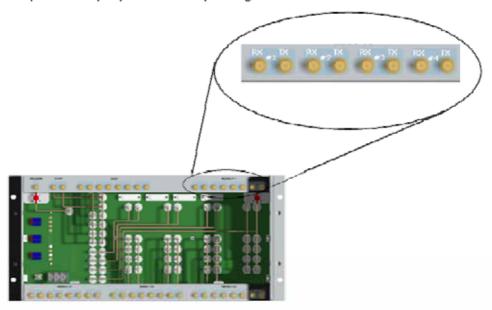


-	ľ	ĺ		Paging	Paging
			Port#3	TX(929-932MHz)	RX(896~902MHz)
			Port#4	900I TX(929~941MHz)	9001 RX(896~902MHz)
			1 0101-1	700PS	700PS
			Port#1	TX(764~776MHz)	RX(794~806MHz)
	0500.70050	Dual Band		, ,	
6	850C+700PS	700PS:2Port	Port#2	700PS	700PS
	MDBU	850C:2Port		TX(764~776MHz)	RX(794~806MHz)
			Port#3	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C RX(824~849MHz)
			Port#4	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C RX(824~849MHz)
				VHF	VHF
7	VHF+UHF	Dual Band	Port#1	Tx(136~174MHz)	Rx(136~174MHz)
	MCDU	VHF+UHF: 1Port		UHF	UHF
				Tx(380~512MHz)	Rx(380~512MHz)
	850C+700LTEC MDBU	Dual Band 700LTEC:2Port 850C:2Port	Port#1	700LTEC	700LTEC
				TX(746~756MHz)	RX(777~787MHz)
			Port#2	700LTEC	700LTEC
8				TX(746~756MHz)	RX(777~787MHz)
			Port#3	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C RX(824~849MHz)
			Port#4	850C TX(869~894MHz)	850C RX(824~849MHz)
					700LTEF SISO
	700LTEF SISO		Port#1	700LTEF SISO TX(728~757MHz)	RX(698~716 MHz)
					(777~787 MHz)
9	MDBU	Single Band			700LTEF SISO
			Port#2	700LTEF SISO	RX(698~716 MHz)
			1 01012	TX(728~757MHz)	(777~787 MHz)
					700LTEF MIMO
10	700LTEF MIMO	Single Band	Port#1	700LTEF MIMO	RX(698~716 MHz)
	MDBU			TX(728~757MHz)	(777~787 MHz)
					700LTEF MIMO
			Port#2	700LTEF MIMO	RX(698~716 MHz)
			101012	TX(728~757MHz)	(777~787 MHz)
			Dort#2	700LTEF MIMO	700LTEF MIMO
			Port#3	TX(728~757MHz)	RX(698~716 MHz)
					(777~787 MHz)



Port#4	700LTEF MIMO TX(728~757MHz)	700LTEF MIMO RX(698~716 MHz)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(777~787 MHz)

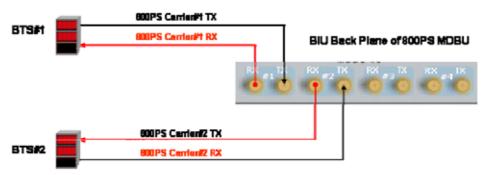
At the rear of BIU, input and output ports are seen for each MDBU. The name of all the ports are silk printed as "#1, #2, #3 and #4." Referring to the table above, you need to feed right signals to input and output ports of corresponding MDBU.



For each port, TX signals and RX signals are separated from each other. You don't have to terminate unused ports unless you want to.

BIU interface with Base station Transceiver

Basically, BIU has different TX and RX ports, and so, you have only to connect input and output ports.



Through spectrum, you need to check signals sent from BTS TX. If the signals exceed input range (-20dBm~+10dBm), you can connect an attenuator ahead of the input port to put the signals in the input range.



BIU interface with Bi-Directional Amplifier

Basically, BIU is in Simplexer type; when you use BDA, you need to separate BDA signals from TX and RX type.

Using a duplexer or a circulator, you can separate TX/RX signals of an external device from each other.

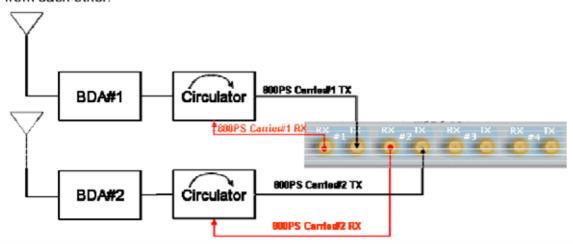


Figure 5.2 - 800PS BDA Interface using Circulator

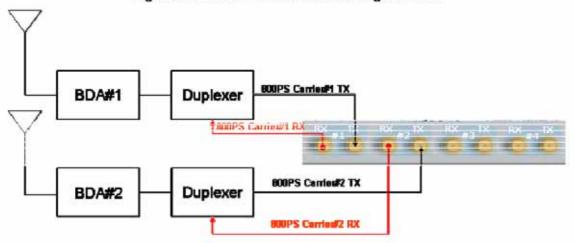


Figure 5.3 - 800PS BDA Interface using Duplexer

BIU interfaces with BDA in either of the methods above. In this case, you need to check TX input range as well.

Given the TX input range (-20dBm~+10dBm/Total per port), make sure to see if the value is in the input range, using Spectrum Analyzer, when you connect input ports.



5.1.4 MDBU insertion

MDBU is designed to let a MDBU be inserted into any slot.

BIU can be equipped with a total of four MDBUs. If only one MDBU is inserted into a slot with the other slots reserved, you need to insert BLANK cards into the other slots.

 Λ

If you do not terminate input and output ports of MCDU, which combines TX signals and

divides RX signals, it will cause loss and generation of spurious signals at the other party's band. Given this, make sure to insert MDBU BLANK into slots of MDBU.

When MDBU is inserted into BIU, LED at the front panel will show the following information:



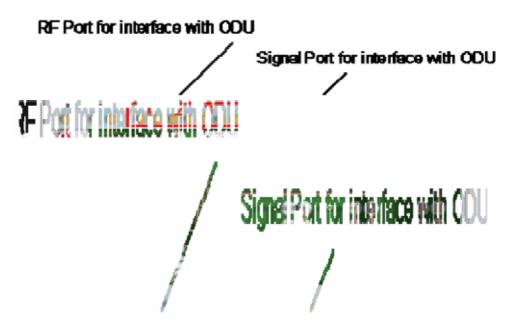
LED		Description	
ON		Power is not supplied.	
אוכ	•	Power is supplied.	
		Normal Operation	
LM	•	Abnormal Operation	

MONITOR SMA port seen at the front panel of MDBU enables you to check current level of TX input and RX output signals in current service without affecting main signals. TX MON is -20dB compared with TX Input power and RX MON is -20dB as well compared with RX Output power.



5.1.5 ODU Interface

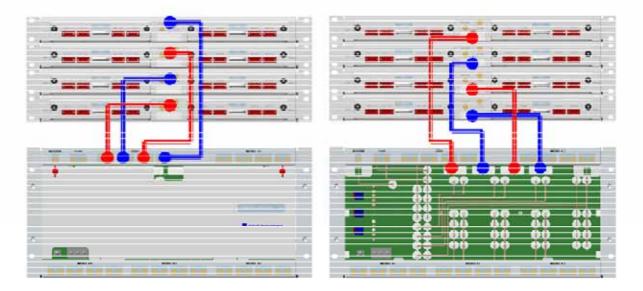
BIU supports up to four ODUs. At the rear of BIU, eight RF input and output ports for ODU and four power ports for power supply and communication are provided. At BIU, you can check installation information of ODU.



At the rear part of ODU, the number of RF Ports and Signal Ports are printed in order. Therefore, you need to be careful in case of expansion of ODU.

	RF Port		
ODU Numbering	тх	RX	Signal Port
ODU 1	#1		ODU-1
ODU 2	#2		ODU-2
ODU 3	#3		ODU-3
ODU 4	#	‡ 4	ODU-4





If ODU is not connected in the right order, related devices may fail to communicate with each other or the unit may read wrong information. Given this, you need to connect the unit with accurate RF Port and Signal Port in a corresponding number.

For unused RF Ports for ODU expansion, make sure to terminate them using SMA Term.

When you put ODU on the top of BIU, it is recommended to install the unit at least 1U apart from BIU. Heat from BIU climbes up to reach ODU.



5.1.6 Consumption Power of BIU

The table below shows power consumption of BIU:

Part	Unit	Consumption Power	Remark
	Shelf		
Common Part	MCDU	7.5 W	
Common Part	мсри	7.5 **	
	MPSU		
	MDBU 800PS	12W	
	MDBU 800PS+900I+Paging	20W	
	MDBU 850C	12W	
	MDBU 850C+700PS	19W	
MDBU	MDBU 1900P	20W	
	MDBU AWS-1	12W	
	MDBU 850C+700LTEC	19W	
	MDBU 700LTEF SISO	12W	
	MDBU 700LTEF MIMO	22W	

BIU supplies power for ODU. Therefore, when you want to calculate total power consumption of BIU, you need to add power consumption of ODU to the total value.

Power consumption of ODU is given in the later paragraph describing ODU.

5.2 ODU Installation

ODU should be, in any case, put on the top of BIU. This unit gets required power and RF signals from BIU. The following table shows components of ODU:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
Shelf Common Part RF Cable		Including Main Board, 19",1U	1EA
		SMA(F) to SMA(F), 400mm	2EA
	Signal Cable	2Row(15P_F) to 2Row(15P_M),650mm	1EA
Optional Part DOU		Optical Module with 4 Optic Port	Up to 2EA to be
Optional Part	000	Oplical Module With 4 Oplic Fort	inserted



5.2.1 ODU Shelf Installation

ODU is a shelf in around 1U size. Its width is 19" and so this unit should be inserted into a 19" Standard Rack. ODU should be, in any case, put on the top of BIU. BIU should be distant around 1U when the unit is installed.

5.2.2 ODU Power Cabling

ODU does not operate independently. The unit should get power from BIU.

When you connect 2-column, 15-pin D-SUB Signal cable from BIU and install DOU, LED on the front panel is lit. Through this LED, you can check state values of LD and PD of DOU.

5.2.3 ODU Optic Cabling

As optical module shelf, ODU makes electronic-optical conversion of TX signals and then makes optical-electronic conversion of RX signals. ODU can be equipped with up to two DOUs. One DOU supports four optical ports and one optical port can be connected with ROU. Optionally, only optical port 4 can be connected with OEU.

As WDM is installed in DOU, the unit can concurrently send and receive two pieces of wavelength (TX:1310nm, RX:1550nm) through one optical core. DOU has SC/APC of optical adaptor type.



Figure 5.4 - Optical cable of SC/ACP Type

For optical adaptor, SC/APC type should be used. To prevent the optical access part from being marred with dirt, it should be covered with a cap during move. When devices are connected through optical cables, you need to clear them using alcohocol to remove dirt.

5.2.4 Insert DOU to ODU

In an ODU Shelf, up to two DOUs can be installed. DOU module is in Plug in Play type.



When you insert DOU in ODU, insert the unit into the left DOU1 slot first. You can be careful as the number is silk printed at the left.

The following figure shows installation diagram of ODU with one DOU inserted in it.



The following figure shows installation diagram of ODU with two DOUs inserted in it.



When you insert DOU into ODU, insert the unit into the left DOU1 slot first. Into unused slot, you need to insert BLANK UNIT in any case.

5.2.5 Consumption Power of ODU

ODU gets power from BIU. One ODU can be equipped with up to two DOUs. Depending on how many DOUs are installed, power consumption varies. The table below shows power consumption of ODU:

Part	Unit	Consumption Power	Remark
ODU_4	DOU 1 EA	13W	
ODU_8	DOU 2 EA	26W	

5.3 ROU Installation

5.3.1 ROU Enclosure installation

ROU is designed to be water- and dirt-proof. The unit has the structure of One-Body enclosure.

It satisfies water-proof and quake-proof standards equivalent of NEMA4.

ROU can be mounted into either of a 19" Standard Rack or on a Wall.

Basically, ROU has both of a Wall Mount Bracket and a Rack Mount Bracket.

Depending on the use of the Rack Mount Bracket, the bracket can be removed.

The following shows dimension of the fixing point for the Wall Mount Bracket.





Figure 5.5 - How to install ROU

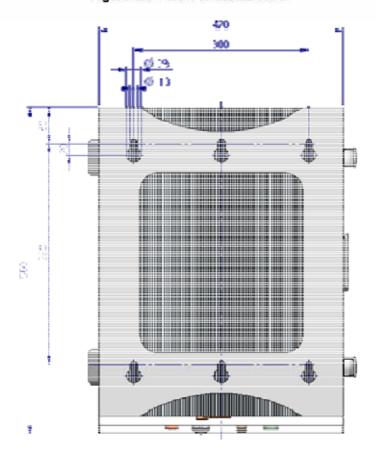


Figure 5.6 - Dimension used to install ROU on the WALL

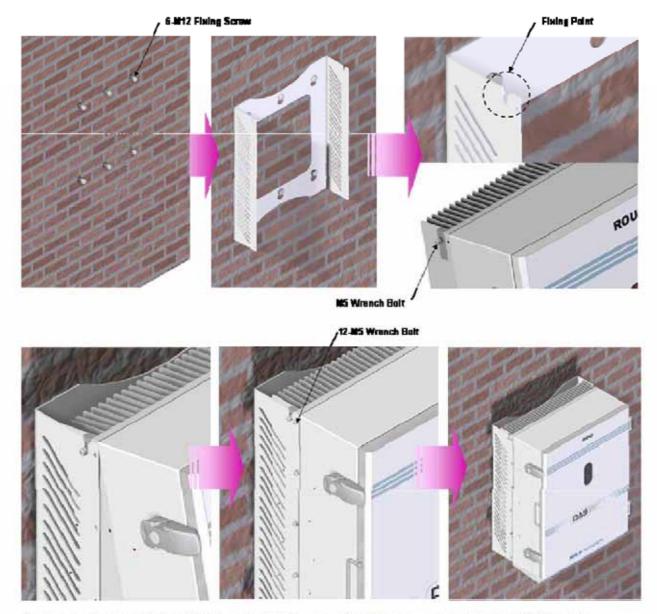


ROU Wall Mount Installation

Turn M12 Fixing Screws by half on the wall and fully fix the screw with a Wall Mount Bracket on it

For convenience, the Wall Mount Bracket has fixing holes to let you easily mount an enclosure.

Turn the M5 Wrench Bolt by half at each side of the Heatsink of the enclosure.



Put the enclosure with the M5 Wrench Bolt fixed on the fixing groove and fix the M5 Wrench Bolts into the remaining fixing holes.

In this case, you will use 12 M5 Wrench Bolts in total except bolts used for the fixing groove.



ROU Rack Mount Installation

Like other units, ROU is designed to be inserted into a rack. The unit occupies around 13U of space except cable connection.



ROU component

ROU has the following components:

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
	Enclosure	Including Rack & Wall cradle	1EA
	RCPU	-	1EA
	R_OPTIC	With SC/ACP adaptor	1EA
Common Part	RPSU	Alternative DC-48V or AC 120V	1EA
	Multi-Plexer	-	1EA
	Power Cable	- MS Connector with 3 hole to AC 120 plug(AC)	
		- MS Connector with 2 lug termination(DC)	
		800PS,800PS+900I+Paging,850C,850C+700PS,	
Optional Part	RDU+BPF	1900P+ AWS-1 RDU, VHF+UHF(NO BPF),	Up to 3EA to
	KD0+BFF	850C+700LTEC	be inserted
		700LTEF SISO RDU, 700LTEF SISO RDU	



Basically, the common part of ROU should have an enclosure and it is equipped with RCPU to inquire and control state of each module, R_OPTIC to make both of electronic-optical and optical-electronic conversions, RPSU to supply power for ROU and a Multi-Plexer to help share multiple TX/RX signals through one antenna. It should have Power Cable for external rectifier or to supply required power.

In addition, RDU can be inserted and removed to provide service for desired band (Optional).

5.3.2 ROU Power Cabling

ROU supports both of DC-48V and AC120V of input power. As RPSU for DC-48 and RPSU for AC120V are separated from each other, you need to select one of them in case of purchase order.

RPSU for DC -48V and RSPU for AC 120V have the same configuration and capacity while each of the units uses different input voltage from each other.

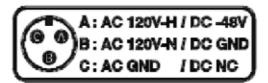
The following figure shows configuration of RPSUs for DC -48V and AC 120V.







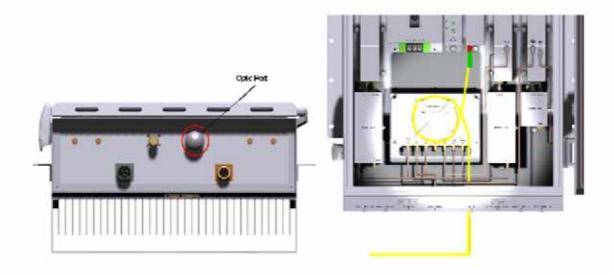
MC Connector	Lug Na	aming	RPSU Terminal naming		Damank
numbering	AC	DC	AC	DC	Remark
Α	AC_H	-48V	AC-H	-48V	
В	AC_N	GND	AC-N	IN_GND	
С	GND	DC NC	FG	FG	



Check if the connection is the same as one seen in the table above and make sure to turn the power ON.

5.3.3 Optical Cabling

ROU makes optical-electronic conversion of TX signals from upper ODU and OEU and makes electronic- optical conversion of RX signals. ROU has one optical module in it. As WDM is installed in the R_OPTIC module, two pieces of wavelength (TX:1310nm, RX:1550nm) can be sent/received with one optical core at the same time. ROU has SC/APC of optical adaptor type. For optical adaptor, SC/APC type can be used. To prevent the optical access part from being marred with dirt, it should be covered with a cap during move. When devices are connected through optical cables, you need to clear them using alcohocol to remove dirt.





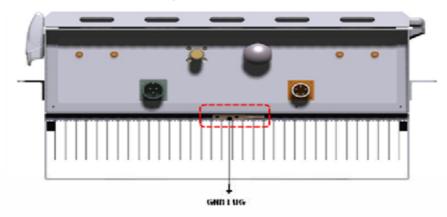
Optical cables should be inserted into Optic Port outside of ROU. Using an optical slack devices in ROU, you need to coil around one or two roll of cables to be connected with the optical adaptor of ROPTIC.

At this time, curvature of the optical cable should be at least 10Ø to prevent insertion loss from being increased.

Through GUI, check if PD value of ROPTIC is in a tolerable range (+4~-1dBm).

5.3.4 GND Terminal Connection

ROU has one GND terminal port where is on bottom side, like below



- Take off the GND terminal port from enclosure and connect to ground cable, then fix it the position of enclosure again
- The opposite end of the ground cable should connect to the communication GND of building
- The ground lug is designed meeting the SQ5.5 standard

5.3.5 Coaxial cable and Antenna Connection

- The coaxial cables which are connected to antenna distribued network connect to antenna port of ROU. Before connection, check the VSWR value of coaxial cable whether it is within specification using SITEMASTER.
- At this time, check if the Return loss have above 15Db or VSWR have below 1.5
- The part of antenna connection fasten to port not to be loosed and not to be injected the dusty and insects
- The antenna connected to ROU is only serviced in inbuilding

5.3.6 Insertion of RDU

ROU has slots to enable up to three RDU modules to be inserted into the unit.



You can insert a RDU into any slot. It is not possible to provide services with a RDU module alone; you need to connect the module with Cavity BPF in any case.

The table below shows types of RDU and CAVITY BPF:

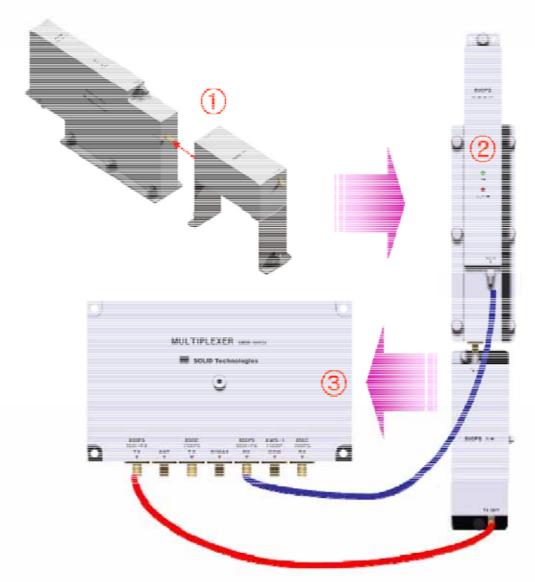
No	Unit naming	Cavity BPF	RF CABLE	Multiple	exer Interface	
NO	Onit naming	Cavity BFF	RF CABLE	TX	RX	
1	1 RDU 800PS	800PS BPF	TX CABLE 1EA	BPF OUT	RDM RX IN	
	KD0 600F3	600F3 BFF	RX CABLE 1EA	BFF 001	KDW KX IN	
2	RDU 850C	RDU 850C 850C BPF TX CABLE 1EA	TX CABLE 1EA	BPF TX	BPF RX IN	
	KD0 650C	000C BF1	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	BELLOVIN	
3	RDU	1900P DUP	TX/RX CABLE 1EA	PDM.	A)A/S±1000D	
	1900P+AWS-1	19001 001	TATAL CABLE TEA	RDM AWS+1900P		
5	RDU	800PS+900I+PA	TX CABLE 1EA	RDM TX	RDM RX IN	
	800PS+900I+PA	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	KDW KX IIV	
6	RDU	850C+700PS	TX CABLE 1EA	RDM TX	RDM RX IN	
	850C+700PS	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	RDW RX IN	
7	RDU		TX CABLE 1EA			
	VHF+UHF	-	RX CABLE 1EA	-	-	
8	RDU	850C+700LTEC	TX CABLE 1EA	RDM TX	RDM RX IN	
	850C+700LTEC	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	RDW RX IN	
9	RDU	700LTEF SISO	TX CABLE 1EA	RDM TX	RDM RX IN	
9	700LTEF SISO	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	RDW RX IN	
10	RDU	700LTEF SISO	TX CABLE 2EA	RDM TX	DDM DV IN	
10	700LTEF MIMO	BPF	RX CABLE 1EA	OUT	RDM RX IN	

The following describes how to install RDU in ROU.

How to install RDU 800PS Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 800PS	RF Module	
2	800PS BPF	BPF	
3	800PS TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 360mm	
4	800PS RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 410mm	





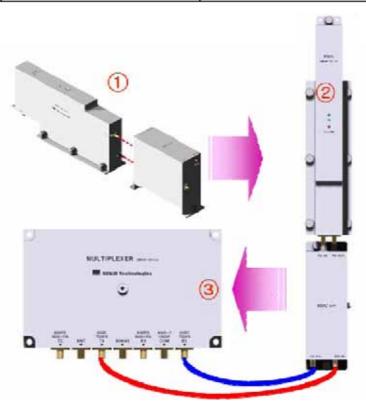
- ① Combine RDU 800PS with 800PS BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)
- ② Insert the combined 800PS+850C BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- ③ Combination point of 800PS+800PS BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interface		
Multiplexer Port naming	800PS RDU	800PS BPF	Remark
800PS+900I+PA TX	-	TX OUT	
800PS+900I+PA RX	RX IN	-	



How to RDU install 850C Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 850C	RF Module	
2	850C BPF	BPF	
3	850C TX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 310mm	
4	850C RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 310mm	



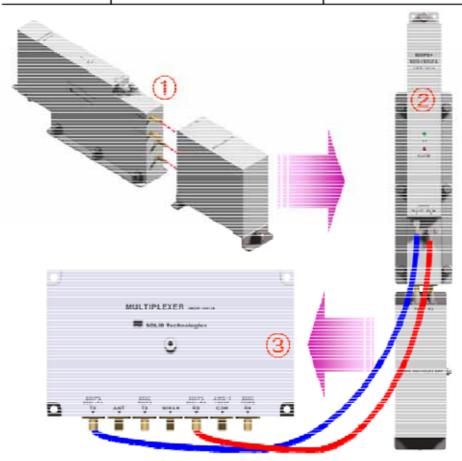
- ① Combine 850C RDU with 850C BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)
- ② Insert the combined 850C+850C BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- 3 Combination point of 850C+850C BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interface	_	
Multiplexer Port naming	850C RDU	850C BPF	Remark
850C TX	-	TX OUT	
850C RX	-	RX IN	



How to install RDU 800PS+900I+PA Ass'y

No.	Unit	Description	Remark
1	RDU 800PS+900I+PA	RF Module	
2	800PS+900I+PA BPF	BPF	
3	800PS+900I+PATX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 460mm	
4	800PS+900I+PA RX RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 380mm	



- ① Combine RDU 800PS+900I+PA with 800PS+900I+PA BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)
- ② Insert the combined 800PS+900I+PA BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- 3 Combination point of 800PS+900I+PA BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

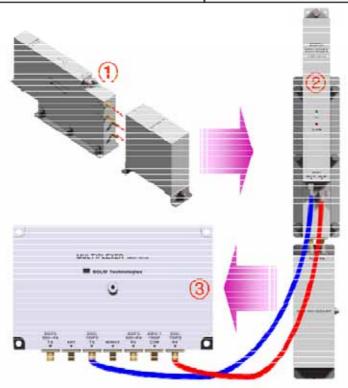
	Interface Point			
Multiplexer Port naming	800PS+900I+PA RDU	800PS+900I+PA BPF	Remark	
800PS+900I+PA TX	TX OUT	-		
800PS+900I+PA RX	RX IN	-		



How to install RDU 850C+700PS Ass'y

The following components are required:

No.	Unit		Description	Remark
1	RDU 850C+700PS		RF Module	
2	850C+700PS BPF		BPF	
3	850C+700PS TX R	FCABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 470mm	
4	850C+700PS RX F	RF CABLE	SMA(M) to SMA(M), 400mm	



- ① Combine RDU 850C+700PS with 850C+700PS BPF (As it is a plug type, push the unit to combine with BPF.)
- ② Insert the combined 850C+700PS BPF Ass'y into any slot of ROU.
- 3 Combination point of 850C+700PS BPF Ass'y of the multiplexer

	Interface Point		
Multiplexer Port naming	850C+700PS RDU	850C+700PS BPF	Remark
850C+700PS TX	TX OUT	-	
850C+700PS RX	RX IN	-	

How to install RDU 1900P+AWS-1 Ass'y