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2 Hang the unit bracket hook of RRH-0 side on the mounting bracket_front hook's groove and fix it using fasteners.

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Figure 48. Fixing RRH_3 Sector Wall Type (Standard Installation 1)



3 Fix RRH-1 and RRH-2 in the same way as the RRH-0.

Figure 49. Fixing RRH_3 Sector Wall Type (Standard Installation 2)



To fix RRH_3 Sector Pole Type (Side Installation)

1 Make sure you have the following items:

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Category	Description	
Parts	M10 × 35L Hex. Bolt(washer assembly, attached to the unit bracket)	1 EA/RRH
Recommended Torque Value	M10 Hex. Bolt	217 lbf·in (250 kgf·cm)
Working Tools	Torque Wrench (100~400 lbf·in), Torque Wrench Spanner head (apply Hex. Head: 17 mm), Spanner (17 mm)	

Table 18. Parts and Tools for fixing RRH_3 Sector Wall Type (Side Installation)







R

Fix the RRH according to the order of [RRH-0 \rightarrow RRH-1 \rightarrow RRH-2].



2 Hang the unit bracket hook of RRH-0 side on the mounting bracket_front hook's groove and fix it using fasteners.

Chapter 2 Installing System





3 Fix RRH-1 and RRH-2 in the same way as the RRH-0.

Figure 51. Fixing RRH_3 Sector Wall Type (Side Installation 2)



Chapter 3 Connecting Cables

Cabling Procedure

The procedure to connect system cables is as follows:





Guidelines for Cable Connections

The procedure for cable connections is as follows:

Figure 53. Cable Connection Procedure



When cutting the cable after installation, make sure that the connector is disconnected. Installation of the cable with the connector connected to the system may cause contact failure or damage to the connector assembled to the system and the cable due to cable tension or the operator's mistakes.

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The sequence of cable cutting and installation of the cable workflow can be changed depending on the field situation such as 'cutting after installing' or 'installing after cutting'.

Cable Path Inspection

When installing a cable that connects between the rectifier, Main Ground Bar (MGB), and backhaul device, and so on within the system, the cable path, length and the cable installation method, and so on must be inspected.

Follow these guidelines when inspecting the cabling path.

• A minimum cable length must be selected provided that it does not affect the cable installation and maintenance.

- The cable must be placed in a location where it will not be damaged by external factors (power line, flooding, footpaths, and so on).
- In areas where the cable may be damaged by external factors, ensure that measures are taken to prevent damage to the cable (cable tray, ducts, flexible pipe, and so on).

Cable Cutting

Measure the exact distance, carefully checking the route, and cut the cable using a cutting tool.

Follow these guidelines when cutting the cable.

- Cut the cable to the length determined in the Cable Path Inspection step.
- Use a dedicated cable cutting tool.
- Cut the cable at right angles.
- Be careful to keep the cable away from any moisture, iron, lead, dust, or other foreign material when cutting.
- Remove any foreign material attached to the cable using solvent and a brush.

Cable Installation

Cable installation involves running the cable along the cabling path to the target connector of the system or an auxiliary device after cable path inspection and cable cutting have been completed.

Follow these guidelines when installing a cable:

- Be careful not to damage the cable.
- If the cable is damaged, cut out the damaged section before installing, or replace the cable.
- Run the cable so that it is not tangled. In particular, when installing a cable from a horizontal section to a vertical section, be careful not to reverse the upper and lower lines of the cable.
- Always use the maximum curvature radius possible, and make sure that the minimum curvature radius specification is complied with.
- If the cable needs to be protected, use for example, a PVC channel, spiral sleeve, flexible pipe, cable rack, and so on.
- Install the DC power cable and data transmission cable away from the AC power cable to prevent electromagnetic induction.

No	Туре	Allowed Cable Bend Radius	
1	Ground/Power Cable	8 times of the cable external diameter	
2	Optical Cable (indoor)	Unloaded Condition (Installed)	Loaded Condition (During

Table 19. Recommended Minimum Allowed Cable bend Radius

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No	Туре	Allowed Cable Bend Radius	
		: 20 times of cable external diameter	Installation) : 40 times of cable external diameter
3	Optical Cable (Outdoor)	Unloaded Condition (Installed) : 10 times of cable external diameter	Loaded Condition (During Installation) : 20 times of cable external diameter
4	UTP/FTP/S-FTP Cable	4 times of the cable external diameter	
5	1/2 in. Feeder Line (Flexible)	4.92 in. (125 mm)	

X If the allowed cable bend radius is specified by the manufacturer, comply with the bend radius specified.

Cable Binding

Cable binding involves fixing and arranging an installed cable using binding thread, cable ties, binding wire, and ram clamps, and so on.

Follow these guidelines when binding a cable.

- Be careful not to damage the cable during binding.
- Use appropriate cable binding tools according to the target location (indoor or outdoor, and so on) and the type of the cable (power supply cable, optical cable, feeder line, and so on).
- Do not let the cutting section of a cable tie and binding line, and so on be exposed to the outside. This may cause damage to cables or personal injury. Make sure that the cutting sections of cable ties and binding lines, and so on are not exposed to the outside.
- Cut off the remainder of the cable thread by leaving about 50 mm of extra length to prevent the knot from easily getting untied.
- If there is a danger that contact failure may occur in a connector connection due to tension, bind the cable at the closest location to the connector.

Connector Attachment

Connector attachment involves assembling a connector to an installed cable or to a device on the site.

Follow these guidelines when attaching a connector.

- Make sure operator is fully aware of the connector assembly method before assembling a connector. Assemble the connector in accordance with its pin map.
- Each connector has a hook to prevent its core positions from being changed.
- Check the corresponding grooves before connecting a connector to another connector.
- Use a heat shrink tube at a connector connection for cables that are installed outdoor, such as feeder lines, to prevent water leakage and corrosion from

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occurring at the part exposed to the outside.

- Connect each cable of the connector assembly in a straight line.
- Be careful when connecting a cable so that contact failure does not occur at a connector connection due to tension.

Identification Tag Attachment

Identification tag attachment involves attaching a marker cable tie, nameplate, and label, and so on to the both ends of a cable (connections to a connector) to identify its use and cabling path.

Follow these guidelines when attaching an identification tag.

- When installing a cable outdoor, use relief engraving and coated labels, and so on to prevent the markings from being erased.
- Since the form and attachment method for identification tags are different for each provider, consult with the provider before attaching them.

Δ

When connecting the cables, always connect the ground cable first. If worker contacts the equipment, connect a cable or perform maintenance without connecting the ground cable, the system can be damaged or a worker may be injured due to static electricity and short circuit.



When performing cable work for the system, proceed with the ground work before any other work to prevent errors occurring due to static electricity and other reasons.

After completing cable installation, unused port should be capped.

When installing, take care not to overlap or tangle the cables; also, consider future expansion. Install the DC power cable and data transmission cable away from the AC power cable to prevent electromagnetic induction.



Make sure the work is done by personnel properly trained for the cabling job.

Cabling Diagram



The cabling diagram of the RRH is as follows:

Figure 54. Cable Diagram_2.1 GHz RF Connection: 2T2R





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Figure 56. Cable Diagram_1.9 GHz RF Connection: 2T2R





Table 20. RRH Connection Cable

	From	То	Cable
-	MGB	RRH	1 Ground Cable
-			.////00 ** 10

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From	То	Cable
RRH	Rectifier	2 Power Cable : AWG 8 × 2C
	CDU	3 CPRI Cable : Single Mode (Outdoor Type)
	External Device	4 UDA Cable Assembly
	RF Antenna	5 RET Cable Assembly
		6 RF Cable : 1/2 in. Feeder Line

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The inlet hole finishing method of external equipment must be progressed after consultation with operation company in case of the cable connected to external equipment. (Optical distribution box, etc)

- The Cable: Power Cable, CPRI Cable, UDA Cable

Grounding

Grounding is the process of operating an electronic system (for example. power supplying system, communication system, and control system) stably from a lightning, transient-current, transient-voltage and electric noise and of preventing injury from electric shock.

Ground equipment minimizes the electrical potential of the electronic device to that of the ground, which is zero electrical potential, so that it can prevent the device from occurring electrification.

Connect the ground cable first. In cabling, the connection of cables without the connection to the ground cable may cause damage of the equipment or bodily injury to personnel.

The purposes of the ground construction are as follows:

- To prevent human life and the system from over-current, over-voltage, and lightning
- To provide a discharge path for surge voltage generated by lightning and power switch
- To protect the system from static electricity
- To eliminate or minimize the high-frequency potential in the system housing
- To provide a conductor for the balance and stability of high-frequency current
- To stabilize the potential of the circuit against the ground

Connecting Ground Cable

To connect Ground Cable

1 Make sure you have the following items:

Table 21. Parts and Tools for connecting Ground Cable

Category	Description			
Installation Section	MGB~RRH	Ground Terminal		
Cable	AWG 8 × 10	2		
Heat Shrink Tube (Spec/Color/Length)	Φ 0.47 in. (1	Φ 0.47 in. (12 mm)/Clear/1.96 in. (50 mm)		
Pressure Terminal	MGB Checking MGB specifications per site and preparing connecting parts			
	RRH	AWG 8, 2 Hole, Hole diameter:1/4 in. (6.4 mm), Hole spacing: 0.63 in. (16 mm)		
Fastener	MGB Checking MGB specifications per site and preparing connecting parts			
	RRH	M6 × 12L SEMS (Hex. +)/2 EA		
Recommended Torque Value	M6 SEMS	M6 SEMS 43 lbf·in (50 kgf·cm)		

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Category	Description
Working Tools	Cable Cutter, Wire Stripper, Crimping tool, Heating Gun, Nipper, Screw Driver ('+', No. 3), Torque Driver (20~90 lbf·in.), Screw Driver Bit ('+', No. 3)

For the pressure terminal or the cable, the UL Listed products or equivalent should be used. Ex) Manufacturer-Panduit

RRH: AWG8 Pressure Terminal (LCD8-14A-L)

2 Install a ground cable from the MGB to the RRH ground terminal.

Figure 58. Connecting Ground Cable (1)

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- **3** Assemble a pressure terminal and a heat shrink tube at the end of the RRH ground cable.
- 4 Align the pressure terminal to the mounting hole of the RRH ground terminal.
- **5** Firmly fix the pressure terminal onto the RRH ground terminal using fasteners.

Chapter 3 Connecting Cables





Power Cabling

The power supply device consists of the following elements:

Figure 60. Power Equipment Elements



Connecting Power Cable

To connect Power cable

1 Make sure you have the following items:

Table 22. Parts and Tools for connecting Power Cable

Category	Description	
Installation Section	Rectifier~RRH Power Input Port	
Cable	AWG 8 × 2C	
	(The color of the core wire can be changed according to the specification of the cable used.)	
Connector	Rectifier	Check specifications of rectifier output terminal per site and prepare fasteners.
	RRH	JONHON, Push Pull Type, CT48J-1502TSCBM-07 to open
Working Tools	Cable Cutter, Wire Stripper, Compressor, Heating Gun, Nipper	

Table 23. Power Cable/Connector Pin Map



2 Install a DC power cable from the rectifier to the RRH.

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Figure 61. Connecting Power Cable (1)



3 Insert the connector aligning the cable side connector's white dot and system side connector's white dot. When inserting the connector, push the shell to upper side.

Figure 62. Connecting Power Cable (2)



When the connector is fastened tight, the white line on the system side connector should be invisible (or hidden).

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Interface Cable Connection

Remove/Insert Optical Module

If the optical module needs to be removed or inserted before connecting the cable, follow the below process.

To remove Optical Module

1 Hang the Optical Transceiver Removal Tool's hook on the optical module's bail within the system.

Figure 63. Optical Module Removal (1)



2 Completely remove the optical module from the transceiver by pulling the Optic Transceiver Removal Tool.





3 Remove the optical module and the jig by pressing the Optical Transceiver Removal Tool's hook grip.

Figure 65. Optical Module Removal (3)



To inset Optical Module

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Push the optical module into the transceiver within the connector.





Connecting CPRI Cable

To connect CPRI cable

1 Make sure you have the following items:

Category	Description	
Installation Section	RRH L0 Port~CDU	
Cable	CPRI Cable (Optical, Single Mode, for Outdoor Type)	
Connector	RRH JONHON, Push Pull Type, PDLC03T03 (DLC/UPC)	
Working Tools	Optical Connector Cleaner	

Table 24. Parts and Tools for connecting CPRI Cable



1 In the system, the laser beam light runs through the optical cable. The exposure of the laser beam on worker's eye may cause serious injury so that it should be handled with care. Remove the cap of the optical connector before connecting. - Before connecting the optical cable, check if the ferrule of the connector is soiled. Be careful to keep the cutting section away from dust or foreign material. If the cable is soiled with foreign material, do not blow to remove them. - Make sure to clean the connector in accordance with the cleaning directions in Annex. - Do not touch the ferrule at the end of optical cable because it is easy to be damaged. Cap Ferrule [Before Removing Cap] [After Removing Cap] 2 Install a CPRI cable from the RRH (L0 port) to the CDU. Figure 67. Connecting CPRI Cable (1)



3 Separate the cap from the system side connector (L0 port).

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Figure 68. Connecting CPRI Cable (2)



4 Separate the cap from the cable side connector.

Figure 69. Connecting CPRI Cable (3)



5 The latch of cable side connector should be toward the rear side.

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Figure 70. Connecting CPRI Cable (4)



6 Insert the DLC plug to the system side's optical module.

Figure 71. Connecting CPRI Cable (5)



7 Insert the connector aligning the cable side connector's white dot and system side connector's white dot. When inserting the connector, push the shell to upper side.

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Figure 72. Connecting CPRI Cable (6)



When the connector is fastened tight, the white line on the system side connector should be invisible (or hidden).



The method for connecting/disconnecting the CPRI (optical) connector is as follows:

- For connecting the connector, push the shell to upper side.
- For disconnecting the connector, pull the coupling nut to lower side.

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Connecting UDA Cable

To connect UDA cable

1 Make sure you have the following items:

Table 25. Parts and Tools for connecting UDA Cable

Category	Description	
Installation Section	External Device~RRH UDA Port	
Cable	UDA Cable Assembly (AWG24, 8C, CAT5e, SFTP)	
Connector	External Device	Check specifications of external device output terminal per site and prepare fasteners.
	RRH	JONHON, Push Pull Type, RJ45MF-CT-07
Working Tool	Cable Cutter, Wire Stripper, Nipper, LAN Tool	

Table 26. UDA Cable Pin Map

System Side	Color Map	Description
1	White/Orange	UDA3_Return
2	Orange	UDA3
3	White/Green	UDA2_Return
4	Blue	UDA2
5	White/Blue	UDA1_Return
6	Green	UDA1
7	White/Brown	UDA0_Return
8	Brown	UDA0
Shell	Shield	FGND

2 Install a UDA cable from the External Device to the RRH.

Figure 73. Connecting UDA Cable (1)



3 Separate the cap from the system side connector (UDA port).

Figure 74. Connecting UDA Cable (2)



4 Separate the cap from the cable side connector.

Figure 75. Connecting UDA Cable (3)



- Chapter 3 Connecting Cables
- 5 The latch of cable side connector should be toward the front of the system.

Figure 76. Connecting UDA Cable (4)



6 Insert the RJ-45 plug to the system side connector.



7 Insert the connector aligning the cable side connector's white dot and system side connector's white dot. When inserting the connector, push the shell to upper side.

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Figure 78. Connecting UDA Cable (6)

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When the connector is fastened tight, the white line on the system side connector should be invisible (or hidden).



- The method for connecting/disconnecting the UDA (RJ45) connector is as follows: For connecting the connector, push the shell to upper side.
- For disconnecting the connector, pull the coupling nut to lower side.

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Connecting RET Cable

To connect RET cable

1 Make sure you have the following items:

Table 27. Parts for connecting RET Cable

Category	Description	
Installation Section	RF Antenna~RRH RET port	
Cable	RET Cable Assembly	
Connector	RF Antenna	Check the RF antenna (RETu) RET connector specification per site
	RRH	AISG 2.2

Table 28. RET Cable Pin Map

Pin No	Description	Cable Color
1	N/C (Not Connected)	-
2	N/C (Not Connected)	-
3	RS485 B	White
4	GND	Blue
5	RS485 A	Brown
6	+24 V DC	Red
7	DC Return	Black
8	N/C (Not Connected)	-



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Before fitting the RET connector, make sure to align the female connector's hole with the male connector's pin first.



2 Install an RET cable from the RF Antenna to the RRH RET port.

Figure 79. Connecting RET Cable (1)



3 Separate the cap from the system side connector (RET port).

Figure 80. Connecting RET Cable (2)



4 Connect the cable side RET connector to the system side RRH RET port.

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Figure 81. Connecting RET Cable (3)



5 Tie the system side RET cap to the RET connector with a waxed string.



Figure 82. Connecting RET Cable (4)

Connecting RF Cable

The RF cable minimum radius of curvature must be observed.

Table 29. RF Cable Minimum Radius of Curvature

Category	Description			
RF cable min. radius of	1/2 in. Feeder Line	Super Flexible Type	1.26 in. (32 mm)	

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Category	Description		
curvature		Flexible Type	4.92 in. (125 mm)

To connect RF cable

Make sure you have the following items:

Table 30.	Parts and	Tools for	connecting	RF cable
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Category	Description		
Installation Section	2.1 GHz 2T2R Connection	RF Antenna~RRH ANT1, ANT2	
	2.1 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection	RF Antenna~RRH ANT1, ANT2, ANT3, ANT4	
	1.9 GHz 2T2R Connection	RF Antenna~RRH ANT5, ANT6	
	1.9 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection	RF Antenna~RRH ANT5, ANT6, ANT7, ANT8	
Cable	RF Cable Assembly (1/2 in. Feeder Line)		
Connector	RF antenna	DIN Type-Male (Check the RF antenna specification and prepare connecting parts.)	
	RRH	4.3-10 Type-Male	
Recommended Torque	RF antenna	217 lbf·in (250 kgf·cm)	
Value	RRH	44 lbf·in (51 kgf·cm)	
Working Tools	RF antenna	Torque Wrench (100~400 lbf·in), Torque Wrench Spanner head (apply Hex. Head: 32 mm), Spanner (32 mm)	
	RRH	Torque Wrench (10~50 lbf·in), Torque Wrench Spanner head (apply Hex. Head: 22 mm), Spanner (22 mm)	

When operator installs the antenna, the antenna must be within the protective angle (left/right side 45° each from the central axis) to prevent the antenna from lightning damage.



To connect RF cable_2.1 GHz 2T2R Connection

- Chapter 3 Connecting Cables
- **1** Install RF cable from the RRH to the RF antenna.





2 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port, push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.





As different connector types may be used depending on the RF antenna type, check the antenna connector before connecting the cable.

- **3** Separate the cap from the RF antenna port (ANT1, ANT2).
- 4 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port (ANT1, ANT2), push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.

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Figure 85. Connecting RF Cable_2.1 GHz 2T2R Connection (3)



To connect RF cable_2.1 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection

1 Install RF cable from the RRH to the RF antenna.

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Figure 86. Connecting RF Cable_2.1 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection (1)



2 After connecting the RRH and RF antenna, take waterproof treatment using waterproofing boots (Refer to 'To connect RF cable_2.1 GHz 2T2R Connection')

Figure 87. Connecting RF Cable_2.1 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection (2)



- **3** Separate the cap from the RF antenna port (ANT1, ANT2, ANT3, ANT4).
- 4 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port (ANT1, ANT2, ANT3, ANT4), push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.

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To connect RF cable_1.9 GHz 2T2R Connection

1 Install RF cable from the RRH to the RF antenna.

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Figure 89. Connecting RF Cable_1.9 GHz 2T2R Connection (1)



2 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port, push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.

Figure 90. Connecting RF Cable_1.9 GHz 2T2R Connection (2)



- As different connector types may be used depending on the RF antenna type, check the antenna connector before connecting the cable.
- **3** Separate the cap from the RF antenna port (ANT5, ANT6).
- 4 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port (ANT5, ANT6), push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.

Chapter 3 Connecting Cables





To connect RF cable_1.9 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection

1 Install RF cable from the RRH to the RF antenna.

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Figure 92. Connecting RF Cable_1.9 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection (1)



2 After connecting the RRH and RF antenna, take waterproof treatment using waterproofing boots (Refer to 'To connect RF cable_1.9 GHz 2T2R Connection')

Figure 93. Connecting RF Cable_1.9 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection (2)



- **3** Separate the cap from the RF antenna port (ANT5, ANT6, ANT7, ANT8).
- 4 After connecting RF cable to the RF antenna port (ANT5, ANT6, ANT7, ANT8), push waterproofing boots up to the connector connection.

Сар RF Port (4.3-10 Female) RF Connector (4.3-10 Male) Waterproofing Boots RF Cable (1/2 in. Feeder Line) Waterproofing Boots

Figure 94. Connecting RF Cable_1.9 GHz 2T4R, 4T4R Connection (3)

Checking RF Cable Connection

After connecting the RF cables, perform the continuity test and feeder cable return loss to check if the RF cable is changed and measure VSWR of antenna and RF cable.

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Connection Part of System External Interface Connector

Measure all cables of section $(1) \sim (2)$. The measured VSWR should be the specification value or less. If the VSWR exceeds the specification value, disassemble the connector and measure each section separately.



If the VSWR value for minimum cable bend radius and length of RF cable is not applied, system may not work properly because RF signals cannot transmit or receive smoothly. So, the VSWR value for minimum cable bend radius and length of RF cable must be checked and applied.



When measuring VSWR, if operator opens the antenna port when the transmission output is not completely off, a spike signal may flow into the reception path, which may cause damage to LNA. Make sure the transmission output is completely off when measuring VSWR.



When RF cable connection integrated RET signal and DC power is applied using ANT1 port of RRH, RET cable should be installed separated from RF cable to RF Antenna.



Depending on the supplier or manufacturer of antenna/arrestor the connector type may be different. Also, the detail specifications of a connector may be different depending on cable type even for the same connector type. Therefore, check the detail specifications of a connector before preparing parts. Ex) DIN Type-Male: for 1/2 in. Feeder line, for 7/8 in. Feeder Line

RF Cable Identification Tag Installation

Attach the identification tape in the below table to the RF cable.

Table 31. RF Cable Identification Tag

Category	Description
Installation position	Attach the identification tag to the both ends of the antenna.
Materials	Use the material of aluminum coated by vinyl for the identification tag.
Fixing method	• Antenna side: Attach the tag to the feeder line using binding strings through the two holes on the tag.
	• Equipment Side: Cover up the feeder line with the tag and fix it using binding strings through the two holes on the tag.
Identification method	The markings must be prevented from being erased by using relief engraving or coated labels.

Chapter 4 **Inspect the**

The procedure to check the installation status is as follows:

Installation





Inspection Plan

Create an inspection sheet per system and select an inspector to set an inspection schedule per site.

On-site Inspection and Inspection Checklist

The on-site inspection is to perform inspection visually or using instruments for

each specification, standard, and installation status, and so on based on the inspection checklist actually at a site where the system is installed.

The inspector must record the results onto the inspection checklist during or after filed inspection.

Sharing Inspection Results and Taking Corrective Actions

The inspector must share the inspection results (inspection checklist/corrective actions) with an installation operator and, the installation operator must take the corrective actions if necessary after reviewing the requirements.

Checking the Results of Corrective Actions

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The inspector must check if the corrective actions are properly taken. If they are not sufficient, the inspector must ask the installation operator to take the corrective actions again.

Sharing the Results of Corrective Actions and Preparing Preventive Plan

After the corrective actions are all completed, the inspector must share the results with the installation operator and relevant departments and prepare a preventive plan to prevent the same or similar problems from re-occurring.

Construction Situation Checklist

Category	Check Items	Criteria	Result	
			Pass	Fail
Installing Equipment	Appearance of equipment and mechanical parts	Equipment damage such as Dent, scratch and crack, and so on		
	Placement of equipment and mechanical parts	Maintenance and horizontal/vertical placement		
	Leveling condition of equipment and mechanical parts	Horizontal/vertical status		
	Validity of status and specifications of fastening bolt/nut/washer, and so on	Checking fasteners omission		
		Compliance with assembly order of fasteners		
		Compliance with fastening torque value		
	Insulation status	Checking electrical contact between insulators (insulation resistance tester)		
Grounding	Installation of ground bar	Checking the separation of communication/power/lightning grounding		
	Cable specification	Checking the specification		
	Cabling	Cable damage		
		Proper installation route		
		Compliance with the radius of curvature		

Table 32. Construction Situation Check list

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Category	Check Items	Criteria	Result	
			Pass	Fail
	Cable binding status	Binding status		
		Binding interval		
		Checking binding materials		
	Cable connection	Assembly condition of a pressure terminal		
		Fastening condition of a pressure terminal		
		Checking compliance with fastening torque value		
	Installation status of cable	Position		
	tag	Marking content		
		Checking tag installation method		
Power	Installation status of power	Power supply capacity		
	supply	Output voltage (tester)		
	Installation of circuit breaker	Checking circuit breaker capacity		
	Cable specification	Checking the specification		
		Checking the limit distance		
	Cabling	Cable damage		
		Proper installation route		
		Compliance with the radius of curvature		
	Cable binding status	Binding status		
		Binding interval		
		Checking binding materials		
	Cable connection	Checking cable connection (Pin Map)		
		Input voltage		
		Assembly condition of a pressure terminal and connector		
		Fastening condition of a pressure terminal and connector		
		Checking compliance with fastening torque value		
	Installation status of cable	Position		
	tag	Marking content		
		Checking tag installation method		
Other data	Cable specification	Checking the specification		
cables	Cabling	Cable damage		
		Proper installation route		
		Compliance with the radius of curvature		
	Cable binding status	Binding status		
		Binding interval		
		Checking binding materials		
	Cable connection	Checking cable connection (Pin Map)		

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Chapter 4	Inspect the	Installation
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Category	Check Items	Criteria	Result	
			Pass	Fail
		Assembly condition of a connector		
		Fastening condition of a connector		
		Checking compliance with fastening torque value		
	Installation status of cable	Position		
	tag	Marking content		
		Checking tag installation method		
RF	Antenna installation status	Checking specifications		
		Checking installation position		
		Checking fixing status		
		Checking gap between antennas		
	Cable specification	Checking the specification		
	Installation status of	Checking the specification		
	arrestor	Checking installation position		
		Checking fixing status		
	Cabling	Cable damage		
		Proper installation route		
		Compliance with the radius of curvature		
	Cable binding status	Binding status		
		Binding interval		
		Checking binding materials		
	Cable connection	Compliance with connector finishing		
	Installation status of cable tag	Position		
		Marking content		
		Checking tag installation method		
		Checking compliance with fastening torque value		
		Compliance with connector finishing		
	Installation status of cable tag	Position		
		Marking content		
		Checking tag installation method		
Others	Reserved ports	Checking port cap fastening status		
	Cable inlet status/Connection of equipment I/O port	Checking fastening status (Conduit/Cable Gland)		
	Cable tray and duct	Checking installation status		
	Status of inside/outside of the equipment and system surrounding area	Checking the stocking condition (waste parts, waste materials, packing materials, and so on)		
Opinion				

Appendix A Acronyms

AC	Alternating Current
CDU	Cabinet Digital Unit
CPRI	Common Public Radio Interface
DC	Direct Current
DL	Down-Link
eNB	Evolved UTRAN Node-B
FTP	Foiled Twisted Pair
LTE	Long Term Evolution
MGB	Main Ground Bar
RET	Remote Electrical Tilting
RF	Radio Frequency
RRH	Remote Radio Head
RTN	Return
SEMS	pre-asSEMbled washers and screws
UDA	User Defined Alarm
UL	Up-Link
VSWR	Voltage Standing Waveform Ratio

Appendix B Sector Antenna Installation

Cautions when Installing a Sector Antenna

Precautions of antenna installation are as follows.

- Sector antennas should be installed vertically. $(\pm 1^{\circ})$
- Antenna is the precise material, so be careful not to make damage or form change.
- When moving antenna, use the tool suitable to rating. In addition, use the rated carrying device which is at least 200 % or more than antenna considering the stability.
- Be careful not to give too much strength to the antenna.
- If it rains, suspend connecting the feeder cable and antenna.
- Fix it after adjusting the direction of antenna exactly.
- Distance between steel tower and antenna and the distance between send-receive antennas are based on the antenna layout.
- Attach the antenna on the position specified in the drawing.
- Install the antenna not to make a feature change of the antenna considering the direction of the radiation
- Connect the antenna not making the alien substance flowed so that Passive Inter-Modulation Distortion (PMID) is not affected.
- Measure VSWR of all antennas and the value should be within the regulated value.



When you install the antenna, the antenna must be within the protective angle (left/right side 45° each from the central axis) to prevent the antenna from lightning damage.



Sector Antenna Installation

The method of sector antenna installation is as follows.

- 1 Put up an antenna pole and insert the sector antenna into the antenna pole using a fixing clamp.
- 2 Set the antenna's up/down tilt to 0° and fix the fixing clamps at the top and bottom.
- **3** Adjust the tilted angle of the antenna by taking the signal strength into account.
- 4 The bolts on the upper and lower guide clamps must be loose as to allow angle adjustment of the antenna.
- 5 After adjusting the antenna angle, tighten up the 4 loose bolts on the upper and lower guide clamps.



Figure 96. Sector Antenna

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Appendix C Clean the Optical Connectors

Introduction

When connecting an optical cable to the system, the performance of the system can be decreased or failures can occur if the core section of an optical connector is dirty due to dust or foreign material. Therefore, operator should clean the optical connector before connecting an optical cable to the system.

When using an optical connector cleaner, use the products shown in the example below or their equivalents.

Examples:

Manufacturer-USCONEC (http://www.usconec.com)

- IBCTM Brand Cleaner (P/N: 9393): For LC-LC and MU Connector Cleaning
- IBCTM Brand Cleaner (P/N: 9392): For SC Connector Cleaning
- IBCTM Brand Cleaner (P/N: 12910): For ODC Connector Cleaning



Manufacturer-The Fibers (www.thefibers.com)

- HuxCleaner 1.25 mm Type: For LC and MU Connector Cleaning
- HuxCleaner 2.5 mm Type: For SC, FC and ST Connector Cleaning



Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning the optical connectors.

Measure the Optical Output and Connecting the Optical Connector

To measure the optical output

1 Using an optical power meter check the optical output.

- 2 If the optical output measurement result meets the reference value, clean the connector again and connect it.
- **3** If the measurement result does not meet the reference value, discard the cable, replace it with a new cable, and then clean the new one and connect it to the system.



Appendix D Standard Torque

When operator fastens the bolt, refer to the standard torque value below to prevent the equipment and bolt from damage and secure by fastening. When the torque value for each connection part is defined already, refer to the defined value.

Bolt Spec.	Torque Value (N·m)	Torque Value (lbf·in)	Torque Value (kgf·cm)
M3	0.63	5.6	6.4
M4	1.5	13	15
M5	2.8	25	29
M6	4.9	43	50
M8	12	110	127
M10	25	217	250
M12	42	372	428

Table 33. Standard Torque Value for Fastening Bolts

Table 34. Brass Bolts Torque Value

Bolt Spec.	Torque Value (N·m)	Torque Value (lbf·in)	Torque Value (kgf·cm)
M6	2.9	26	30
M8	6.3	56	64

Table 35. Connector Connection Torque Value

Connector	Torque Value (N·m)	Torque Value (lbf·in)	Torque Value (kgf·cm)
SMA connector	0.59	5.2	6
TNC connector	0.88	7.8	9
N-type connector	2	17	20
DIN-type connector	25	217	250
4.3-10-type connector	5	44	51

Z

Torque value can be different, defending on the material, characteristic and specification of the equipment and fastener. Make sure to check the proper torque value for each specification of the equipment and fastener.

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