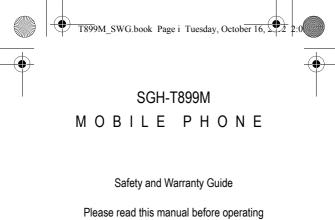
Some content in this guide may differ from your device depending on the region or service provider.





Please read this manual before operating your phone, and keep it for future reference.





















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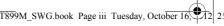
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IC Notice

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.













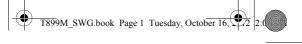


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Keeping Tabs on Signal Strength

The quality of each call you make or receive depends on the signal strength in your area. Your phone informs you of the current signal strength by displaying a number of bars next to the signal strength icon. The more bars displayed, the stronger the signal. If you're inside a building, being near a window may give you better reception.

Understanding How Your Phone Operates

Your phone is basically a radio transmitter and receiver. When it's turned on, it receives and transmits radio frequency (RF) signals. When you use your phone, the system handling your call controls the power level. This power can range from 0.006 watts to 0.2 watts in digital mode

Knowing Radio Frequency Safety

The design of your phone complies with updated NCRP standards described below. In 1991-92, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) joined in updating ANSI's 1982 standard for safety levels with respect to human exposure to RF signals. More than 120 scientists, engineers and physicians from universities, government health agencies, and industries developed

Safety





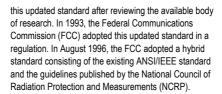








T899M SWG.book Page 3 Tuesday, October 16.



Maintaining Your Phone's Peak Performance

There are several simple guidelines for operating your phone properly and maintaining safe, satisfactory service.

- Speak directly into the mouthpiece.
- Avoid exposing your phone and accessories to rain or liquid spills. If your phone does get wet, immediately turn the power off and remove the battery. If it's inoperable, return it to a dealer store or call Customer Support for service.

Note: For the best care of your phone, only authorized personnel should service your phone and accessories. Faulty service may void the warranty.

Maintaining Safe Use of and Access to Your Phone

Failure to follow the instructions outlined may lead to serious personal injury and possible property damage.







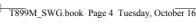




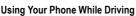












Talking on your phone while driving (or operating the phone without a hands-free device) is prohibited in some jurisdictions. Laws vary as to specific restrictions. Remember that safety always comes first.

When using your phone in the car:

- Get to know your phone and its features, such as speed dial and re-dial.
- When available use a hands-free device.
- Position your phone within easy reach.
- Let the person you are speaking to know you are driving. If necessary, suspend the call in heavy traffic or hazardous weather conditions.
- Do not take notes or look up phone numbers while drivina.
- Dial sensibly and assess the traffic. If possible, place calls when stationary or before pulling into traffic
- Do not engage in stressful or emotional conversations that may divert your attention from the road
- Dial 911 to report serious emergencies. It's free from your wireless phone.
- Use your phone to help others in emergencies.
- Call roadside assistance or a special nonemergency wireless number when necessary.





















Following Safety Guidelines

To operate your phone safely and efficiently, always follow any special regulations in a given area. Turn your phone off in areas where use is forbidden or when it may cause interference or danger.

Using Your Phone Near Other Electronic Devices

Most modern electronic equipment is shielded from radio frequency (RF) signals. However, RF signals from wireless phones may affect inadequately shielded electronic equipment.

RF signals may affect improperly installed or inadequately shielded electronic operating systems and/ or entertainment systems in motor vehicles. Check with the manufacturer or their representative to determine if these systems are adequately shielded from external RF signals. Also check with the manufacturer regarding any equipment that has been added to your vehicle.

Consult the manufacturer of any personal medical devices, such as pacemakers and hearing aids, to determine if they are adequately shielded from external RF signals.

Note: Always turn off the phone in health care facilities and request permission before using the phone near medical equipment.



















Turn off your phone before boarding any aircraft. To prevent possible interference with aircraft systems. U.S. Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations require you to have permission from a crew member to use your phone while the plane is on the ground. To prevent any risk of interference. FCC regulations prohibit using your phone while the plane is in the air.

Turning Off Your Phone in Dangerous Areas

To avoid interfering with blasting operations, turn off your phone when in a blasting area or in other areas with signs indicating that two-way radios should be turned off. Construction crews often use remote-control RF devices to set off explosives.

Turn off your phone when you are in an area with a potentially explosive atmosphere. Although it is rare, your phone or its accessories could generate sparks. Sparks could cause an explosion or a fire resulting in bodily injury or even death. These areas are often, but not always, clearly marked.

These areas include:

- Fueling areas such as gas stations.
- Below deck on boats
- Fuel or chemical transfer or storage facilities.







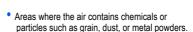


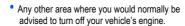












Note: Never transport or store flammable gas, liquid, or explosives in the compartment of your vehicle that contains your phone or its accessories.

Restricting Children's Access to your Phone

Your phone is not a toy. Children should not be allowed to play with it because they could hurt themselves and others, damage the phone, dial 911 by mistake, or make calls that increase your phone bill.

Warning Regarding Display

The display on your handset is made of glass or acrylic and could break if your handset is dropped or if it receives significant impact. Do not use if screen is broken or cracked as this could cause injury to you.

Caring for the Battery

Protecting Your Battery

The guidelines listed below help you get the most out of your battery's performance.

 Use only Samsung approved batteries and desktop chargers. These chargers are designed to maximize battery life. Using other batteries or

Safety 7





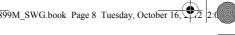


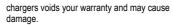












- In order to avoid damage, charge the battery only in temperatures that range from 32° F to 113° F (0° C to 45° C).
- Don't use the battery charger in direct sunlight or in high humidity areas, such as the bathroom.
- Never dispose of the battery by incineration.
- Keep the metal contacts on top of the battery clean
- Don't attempt to disassemble or short-circuit the battery.
- The battery may need recharging if it has not been. used for a long period of time.
- It's best to replace the battery when it no longer provides acceptable performance. When used correctly, the battery can be recharged hundreds of times before it needs replacing.
- Don't store the battery in high temperature areas for long periods of time. It's best to follow these storage rules:
 - Less than one month.
 - -4° F to 140° F (-20° C to 60° C)
 - More than one month. -4° F to 113° F (-20° C to 45° C)

Disposal of Lithium Ion (Lilon) Batteries

For safe disposal options of your Lilon batteries, contact vour nearest service center.





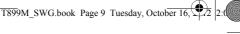


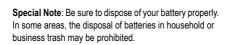












Note: For safety, do not handle a damaged or leaking Lilon battery.

Acknowledging Special Precautions and Industry Canada Notice

Cautions

Any changes or modifications to your phone not expressly approved in this document could void your warranty for this equipment, and void your authority to operate this equipment. Only use approved batteries, antennas, and chargers. The use of any unauthorized accessories may be dangerous and void the phone warranty if said accessories cause damage or a defect to the phone.

Although your phone is guite sturdy, it is a complex piece of equipment and can be broken. Avoid dropping, hitting, bending, or sitting on it.

Information to User

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits of a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a

















residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation; if this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient/relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning: At very high volumes, prolonged listening to a headset can damage your hearing.















The SAR is a value that corresponds to the relative amount of RF energy absorbed in the head of a user of a wireless handset

The SAR value of a phone is the result of an extensive testing, measuring, and calculation process. It does not represent how much RF the phone emits. All phone models are tested at their highest value in strict laboratory settings. However, when in operation the SAR of a phone can be substantially less than the level reported to the FCC. This is because of a variety of factors including its proximity to a base station antenna, phone design, and other factors. What is important to remember is that each phone meets strict federal guidelines. Variations in SARs do not represent a variation in safety.

All phones must meet the federal standard, which incorporates a substantial margin of safety. As stated above, variations in SAR values between different model phones do not mean variations in safety. SAR values at or below the federal standard of 1.6 W/kg are considered safe for use by the public.

The highest recorded SAR value for the T899M is 1.07 W/ka.















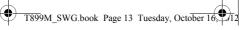
















Warranty Information

STANDARD LIMITED WARRANTY

What is Covered and For How Long? SAMSUNG Electronics Canada Inc. ("SAMSUNG") warrants to the original purchaser ("Purchaser") that SAMSUNG's phones and accessories ("Products") are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for the period commencing upon the date of purchase and continuing for the following specified period of time after that date:

Phone 1 Year Batteries 1 Year Leather Case 90 Days Holster 90 Days Other Phone Accessories 1 Year

What is Not Covered? This Limited Warranty is conditioned upon proper use of Product by Purchaser, This Limited Warranty does not cover; (a) defects or damage resulting from accident, misuse, abuse, neglect, unusual physical, electrical or electromechanical stress, or modification of any part of Product, including antenna, or cosmetic damage; (b) equipment that has the serial number removed or made illegible; (c) any plastic surfaces or other externally exposed parts that are scratched or damaged due to normal use; (d) malfunctions resulting from the use of Product in conjunction with accessories. products, or ancillary/peripheral equipment not furnished or approved by SAMSUNG; (e) defects or damage from improper testing, operation, maintenance, installation, or adjustment; (f) installation, maintenance, and service of Product; or (g) Product used or purchased outside Canada. This Limited Warranty covers batteries only if battery capacity falls below 80% of rated capacity or the battery leaks, and this Limited Warranty does not cover any battery if: (i) the battery has been charged by a battery charger not specified or approved by SAMSUNG for charging the battery: (ii) any of the seals on the battery are broken or show evidence of tampering; or (iii) the battery has been used in equipment other than the SAMSUNG phone for which it is specified.

What are SAMSUNG's Obligations? During the applicable warranty period, SAMSUNG will repair or replace, at SAMSUNG's sole option, without charge to Purchaser, any defective component part of Product. To

Warranty Information 13



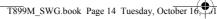














obtain service under this Limited Warranty, Purchaser must return Product to an authorized phone service facility in an adequate container for shipping. accompanied by Purchaser's sales receipt or comparable substitute proof of sale showing the date of purchase, the serial number of Product and the sellers' name and address. To obtain assistance on where to deliver the Product, call Samsung Customer Care at 1-800-Samsung, Upon receipt. SAMSUNG will promptly repair or replace the defective Product. SAMSUNG may, at SAMSUNG's sole option, use rebuilt, reconditioned, or new parts or components when repairing any Product or replace Product with a rebuilt, reconditioned or new Product. Repaired/replaced leather cases, pouches and holsters will be warranted for a period of ninety (90) days. All other repaired/ replaced Products will be warranted for a period equal to the remainder of the original Limited Warranty on the original Product or for 90 days, whichever is longer. All replaced parts, components, boards and equipment shall become the property of SAMSUNG. If SAMSUNG determines that any Product is not covered by this Limited Warranty, Purchaser must pay all parts, shipping, and labor charges for the repair or return of such Product.

What Are the Limits On SAMSUNG's Liability? EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THE EXPRESS WARRANTY CONTAINED HEREIN. PURCHASER TAKES THE PRODUCT "AS IS " AND SAMSLING MAKES. NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION AND THERE ARE NO CONDITIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE. OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE PRODUCT OR ITS FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE:

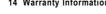
·WARRANTIES OF TITLE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT:

DESIGN, CONDITION, QUALITY, OR PERFORMANCE OF THE PRODUCT:

THE WORKMANSHIP OF THE PRODUCT OR THE COMPONENTS CONTAINED THEREIN: OR

COMPLIANCE OF THE PRODUCT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ANY LAW, RULE, SPECIFICATION OR CONTRACT PERTAINING THERETO

14 Warranty Information









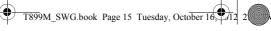








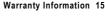




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THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS. AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS, WHICH VARY FROM PROVINCE TO PROVINCE. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXTEND TO ANYONE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF THIS PRODUCT AND SHALL BE PURCHASER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY IF ANY PORTION OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS HELD ILLEGAL OR UNENFORCEARLE BY REASON OF ANY LAW SLICH PARTIAL ILLEGALITY OR UNENFORCEABILITY SHALL NOT AFFECT THE ENFORCEABILITY FOR THE REMAINDER OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY WHICH PURCHASER ACKNOWLEDGES IS AND WILL ALWAYS BE CONSTRUED TO BE LIMITED BY ITS TERMS OR AS LIMITED AS THE LAW PERMITS.

THE PARTIES UNDERSTAND THAT THE PURCHASER MAY USE THIRD-PARTY SOFTWARE OR FOLIPMENT IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE

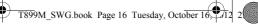












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THE DIRECT VENDOR, OWNER OR SUPPLIER OF SUCH THIRD-PARTY

SOFTWARE OR EQUIPMENT, AS THE CASE MAY BE.

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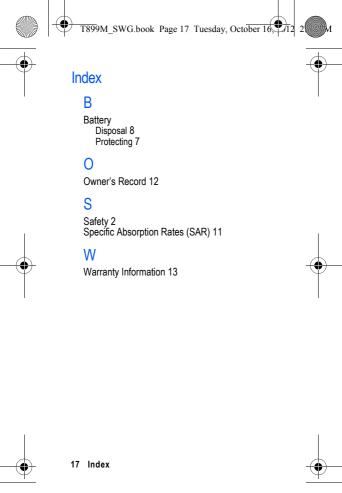
















Health and safety information

Exposure to Radio Frequency (RF) Signals

Certification Information (SAR)

Your wireless device is a radio transmitter and receiver. It is designed and manufactured not to exceed the exposure limits for radio frequency (RF) energy set by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) of the U.S. government. These FCC exposure limits are derived from the recommendations of two expert organizations, the National Counsel on Radiation Protection and Measurement (NCRP) and the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE). In both cases, the recommendations were developed by scientific and engineering experts drawn from industry, government, and academia after extensive reviews of the scientific literature related to the biological effects of RF energy.

The exposure limit set by the FCC for wireless mobile phones employs a unit of measurement known as the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR). The SAR is a measure of the rate of absorption of RF energy by the human body expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). The FCC requires wireless phones to comply with a safety limit of 1.6 watts per kilogram (1.6 W/ kg). The FCC exposure limit incorporates a substantial margin of safety to give additional protection to the public and to account for any variations in measurements.

SAR tests are conducted using standard operating positions accepted by the FCC with the device transmitting at its highest certified power level in all tested frequency bands. Although the SAR is determined at the highest certified power level, the actual SAR level of the device while operating can be well below the maximum value. This is because the phone is designed to operate at multiple power levels so as to use only the power required to reach the network. In general, the closer you are to a wireless base station antenna, the lower the power output.

Before a new model phone is available for sale to the public, it must be tested and certified to the FCC that it does not exceed the exposure limit established by the FCC. Tests for each model phone are performed in positions and locations (e.g. at the ear and worn on the body) as required by the FCC.

For body worn operation, this model phone has been tested and meets the FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with a Samsung accessory designated for this product or when used with an accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 1.0 cm from the body.

Non-compliance with the above restrictions may result in violation of FCC RF exposure guidelines.

SAR information on this and other model phones can be viewed on-line at http://www.fcc.gov/oet/ea/fccid/. Please use the phone FCC ID number for search, A3LSGHT899M. Sometimes it may be necessary to remove the battery pack to find the number. Once you have the FCC ID number for a particular phone, follow the instructions on the website and it should provide values for typical or maximum SAR for a particular phone. Additional product specific SAR information can also be obtained at http://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/specific-absorption-rate-sar-cellular-telephones

Consumer Information on Wireless Phones

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has published a series of Questions and Answers for consumers relating to radio frequency (RF) exposure from wireless phones. The FDA publication includes the following information:

What kinds of phones are the subject of this update?

The term wireless phone refers here to hand-held wireless phones with built-in antennas, often called "cell," "mobile," or "PCS" phones. These types of wireless phones can expose the user to measurable radio frequency energy (RF) because of the short distance between the phone and the user's head. These RF exposures are limited by Federal Communications Commission safety guidelines that were developed with the advice of FDA and other federal health and safety agencies. When the phone is located at greater distances from the user, the exposure to RF is drastically lower because a person's RF exposure decreases rapidly with increasing distance from the source. The so-called "cordless phones," which have a base unit connected to the telephone wiring in a house, typically operate at far lower power levels, and thus produce RF exposures well within the FCC's compliance limits.

Do wireless phones pose a health hazard?

The available scientific evidence does not show that any health problems are associated with using wireless phones. There is no proof, however, that wireless phones are absolutely safe. Wireless phones emit low levels of radio frequency energy (RF) in the microwave range while being used. They also emit very low levels of RF when in the stand-by mode. Whereas high levels of RF can produce health effects (by heating tissue), exposure to low level RF that does not produce heating effects causes no known adverse health effects. Many studies of low level RF exposures have not found any biological effects. Some studies have suggested that some biological effects may occur, but such findings have not been confirmed by additional research. In some cases, other researchers have had difficulty in reproducing those studies, or in determining the reasons for inconsistent results.

What is FDA's role concerning the safety of wireless phones?

Under the law, FDA does not review the safety of radiation-emitting consumer products such as wireless phones before they can be sold, as it does with new drugs or medical devices. However, the agency has authority to take action if wireless phones are shown to emit radio frequency energy (RF) at a level that is hazardous to the user. In such a case, FDA could require the manufacturers of wireless phones to notify users of the health hazard and to repair, replace or recall the phones so that the hazard no longer exists.

Although the existing scientific data do not justify FDA regulatory actions, FDA has urged the wireless phone industry to take a number of steps, including the following:

- "Support needed research into possible biological effects of RF of the type emitted by wireless phones;
- "Design wireless phones in a way that minimizes any RF exposure to the user that is not necessary for device function; and
- "Cooperate in providing users of wireless phones with the best possible information on possible effects of wireless phone use on human health.

FDA belongs to an interagency working group of the federal agencies that have responsibility for different aspects of RF safety to ensure coordinated efforts at the federal level. The following agencies belong to this working group:

"National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

- "Environmental Protection Agency
- "Federal Communications Commission
- "Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- "National Telecommunications and Information Administration

The National Institutes of Health participates in some interagency working group activities, as well.

FDA shares regulatory responsibilities for wireless phones with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). All phones that are sold in the United States must comply with FCC safety guidelines that limit RF exposure. FCC relies on FDA and other health agencies for safety questions about wireless phones.

FCC also regulates the base stations that the wireless phone networks rely upon. While these base stations operate at higher power than do the wireless phones themselves, the RF exposures that people get from these base stations are typically thousands of times lower than those they can get from wireless phones. Base stations are thus not the primary subject of the safety questions discussed in this document.

What are the results of the research done already?

The research done thus far has produced conflicting results, and many studies have suffered from flaws in their research methods. Animal experiments investigating the effects of radio frequency energy (RF) exposures characteristic of wireless phones have yielded conflicting results that often cannot be repeated in other laboratories. A few animal studies, however, have suggested that low levels of RF could accelerate the development of cancer in laboratory animals. However, many of the studies that showed increased tumor development used animals that had been genetically engineered or treated with cancer-causing chemicals so as to be pre-disposed to develop cancer in absence of RF exposure. Other studies exposed the animals to RF for up to 22 hours per day. These conditions are not similar to the conditions under which people use wireless phones, so we don't know with certainty what the results of such studies mean for human health.

Three large epidemiology studies have been published since December 2000. Between them, the studies investigated any possible association between the use of wireless phones and primary brain cancer, glioma, meningioma, or acoustic neuroma, tumors of the brain or salivary gland, leukemia, or other cancers. None of the studies demonstrated the existence of any harmful health effects from wireless phones RF exposures. However, none of the studies can answer questions about long-term exposures, since the average period of phone use in these studies was around three years.

What research is needed to decide whether RF exposure from wireless phones poses a health risk?

A combination of laboratory studies and epidemiological studies of people actually using wireless phones would provide some of the data that are needed. Lifetime animal exposure studies could be completed in a few years. However, very large numbers of animals would be needed to provide reliable proof of a cancer promoting effect if one exists. Epidemiological studies can provide data that is directly applicable to human populations, but ten or more years' follow-up may be needed to provide answers about some health effects, such as cancer. This is because the interval between the time of exposure to a cancer-causing agent and the time tumors develop - if they do - may be many, many years. The interpretation of

epidemiological studies is hampered by difficulties in measuring actual RF exposure during day-to-day use of wireless phones. Many factors affect this measurement, such as the angle at which the phone is held, or which model of phone is used.

What is FDA doing to find out more about the possible health effects of wireless phone RF?

FDA is working with the U.S. National Toxicology Program and with groups of investigators around the world to ensure that high priority animal studies are conducted to address important questions about the effects of exposure to radio frequency energy (RF).

FDA has been a leading participant in the World Health Organization international Electromagnetic Fields (EMF) Project since its inception in 1996. An influential result of this work has been the development of a detailed agenda of research needs that has driven the establishment of new research programs around the world. The Project has also helped develop a series of public information documents on EMF issues.

FDA and Cellular Telecommunications & Internet Association (CTIA) have a formal Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) to do research on wireless phone safety. FDA provides the scientific oversight, obtaining input from experts in government, industry, and academic organizations. CTIA-funded research is conducted through contracts to independent investigators. The initial research will include both laboratory studies and studies of wireless phone users. The CRADA will also include a broad assessment of additional research needs in the context of the latest research developments around the world.

What steps can I take to reduce my exposure to radio frequency energy from my wireless phone?

If there is a risk from these products - and at this point we do not know that there is - it is probably very small. But if you are concerned about avoiding even potential risks, you can take a few simple steps to minimize your exposure to radio frequency energy (RF). Since time is a key factor in how much exposure a person receives, reducing the amount of time spent using a wireless phone will reduce RF exposure.

"If you must conduct extended conversations by wireless phone every day, you could place more distance between your body and the source of the RF, since the exposure level drops off dramatically with distance. For example, you could use a headset and carry the wireless phone away from your body.

Again, the scientific data do not demonstrate that wireless phones are harmful. But if you are concerned about the RF exposure from these products, you can use measures like those described above to reduce your RF exposure from wireless phone use.

What about children using wireless phones?

The scientific evidence does not show a danger to users of wireless phones, including children and teenagers. If you want to take steps to lower exposure to radio frequency energy (RF), the measures described above would apply to children and teenagers using wireless phones. Reducing the time of wireless phone use and increasing the distance between the user and the RF source will reduce RF exposure.

Some groups sponsored by other national governments have advised that children be discouraged from using wireless phones at all. For example, the government in

the United Kingdom distributed leaflets containing such a recommendation in December 2000. They noted that no evidence exists that using a wireless phone causes brain tumors or other ill effects. Their recommendation to limit wireless phone use by children was strictly precautionary; it was not based on scientific evidence that any health hazard exists.

Do hands-free kits for wireless phones reduce risks from exposure to RF emissions?

Since there are no known risks from exposure to RF emissions from wireless phones, there is no reason to believe that hands-free kits reduce risks. Hands-free kits can be used with wireless phones for convenience and comfort. These systems reduce the absorption of RF energy in the head because the phone, which is the source of the RF emissions, will not be placed against the head. On the other hand, if the phone is mounted against the waist or other part of the body during use, then that part of the body will absorb more RF energy. Wireless phones marketed in the U.S. are required to meet safety requirements regardless of whether they are used against the head or against the body. Either configuration should result in compliance with the safety limit.

Do wireless phone accessories that claim to shield the head from RF radiation work?

Since there are no known risks from exposure to RF emissions from wireless phones, there is no reason to believe that accessories that claim to shield the head from those emissions reduce risks. Some products that claim to shield the user from RF absorption use special phone cases, while others involve nothing more than a metallic accessory attached to the phone. Studies have shown that these products generally do not work as advertised. Unlike "hand-free" kits, these so-called "shields" may interfere with proper operation of the phone. The phone may be forced to boost its power to compensate, leading to an increase in RF absorption. In February 2002, the Federal trade Commission (FTC) charged two companies that sold devices that claimed to protect wireless phone users from radiation with making false and unsubstantiated claims. According to FTC, these defendants lacked a reasonable basis to substantiate their claim.

What about wireless phone interference with medical equipment?

Radio frequency energy (RF) from wireless phones can interact with some electronic devices. For this reason, FDA helped develop a detailed test method to measure electromagnetic interference (EMI) of implanted cardiac pacemakers and defibrillators from wireless telephones. This test method is now part of a standard sponsored by the Association for the Advancement of Medical instrumentation (AAMI). The final draft, a joint effort by FDA, medical device manufacturers, and many other groups, was completed in late 2000. This standard will allow manufacturers to ensure that cardiac pacemakers and defibrillators are safe from wireless phone EMI. FDA has tested wireless phones and helped develop a voluntary standard sponsored by the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE). This standard specifies test methods and performance requirements for hearing aids and wireless phones so that no interference occurs when a person uses a compatible phone and a compatible hearing aid at the same time. This standard was approved by the IEEE in 2000.

FDA continues to monitor the use of wireless phones for possible interactions with other medical devices. Should harmful interference be found to occur, FDA will

conduct testing to assess the interference and work to resolve the problem. Additional information on the safety of RF exposures from various sources can be obtained from the following organizations:

- FCC RF Safety Program: http://www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety/
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): http://www.epa.gov/radiation/
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA): http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/radiofrequencyradiation/index.html
- National institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/
- World health Organization (WHO): http://www.who.int/peh-emf/
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection: http://www.icnirp.de
- National Radiation Protection Board (UK): http://www.hpa-radiationservices.org.uk/rpa
- Updated 4/3/2002: US food and Drug Administration
 http://www.fda.gov/Radiation-
 EmittingProducts/RadiationEmittingProductsandProcedures/HomeBusinessandEntertainment/
 CellPhones/default.htm

Road Safety

Your wireless phone gives you the powerful ability to communicate by voice, almost anywhere, anytime. But an important responsibility accompanies the benefits of wireless phones, one that every user must uphold.

When driving a car, driving is your first responsibility. When using your wireless phone behind the wheel of a car, practice good common sense and remember the following tips:

- 1. Get to know your wireless phone and its features, such as speed dial and redial. If available, these features help you to place your call without taking your attention off the road.
- 2. When available, use a hands-free device. If possible, add an additional layer of convenience and safety to your wireless phone with one of the many hands free accessories available today.
- 3. Position your wireless phone within easy reach. Be able to access your wireless phone without removing your eyes from the road. If you get an incoming call at an inconvenient time, let your voice mail answer it for you.
- 4. Let the person you are speaking with know you are driving; if necessary, suspend the call in heavy traffic or hazardous weather conditions. Rain, sleet, snow, ice and even heavy traffic can be hazardous.
- 5. Do not take notes or look up phone numbers while driving. Jotting down a "to do" list or flipping through your address book takes attention away from your primary responsibility, driving safely.
- 6. Dial sensibly and assess the traffic; if possible, place calls when you are not moving or before pulling into traffic. Try to plan calls when your car will be stationary. If you need to make a call while moving, dial only a few numbers, check the road and your mirrors, then continue.

- 7. Do not engage in stressful or emotional conversations that may be distracting. Make people you are talking with aware you are driving and suspend conversations that have the potential to divert your attention from the road.
- 8. Use your wireless phone to call for help. Dial 9-1-1 or other local emergency number in the case of fire, traffic accident or medical emergencies. Remember, it is a free call on your wireless phone!
- 9. Use your wireless phone to help others in emergencies. If you see an auto accident, crime in progress or other serious emergency where lives are in danger, call 9-1-1 or other local emergency number, as you would want others to do for you.
- 10. Call roadside assistance or a special non-emergency wireless assistance number when necessary. If you see a broken-down vehicle posing no serious hazard, a broken traffic signal, a minor traffic accident where no one appears injured, or a vehicle you know to be stolen, call roadside assistance or other special non-emergency number.

"The wireless industry reminds you to use your phone safely when driving." For more information, please call 1-888-901-SAFE, or visit our web-site www.wow-com.com

Provided by the Cellular Telecommunications & Internet Association

Operating Environment

Remember to follow any special regulations in force in any area and always switch your phone off whenever it is forbidden to use it, or when it may cause interference or danger. When connecting the phone or any accessory to another device, read its user's guide for detailed safety instructions. Do not connect incompatible products. As with other mobile radio transmitting equipment, users are advised that for the satisfactory operation of the equipment and for the safety of personnel, it is recommended that the equipment should only be used in the normal operating position.

Using Your Phone Near Other Electronic Devices

Most modern electronic equipment is shielded from radio frequency (RF) signals. However, certain electronic equipment may not be shielded against the RF signals from your wireless phone. Consult the manufacturer to discuss alternatives.

Pacemakers

Pacemaker manufacturers recommend that a minimum distance of 15 cm (6 inches) be maintained between a wireless phone and a pacemaker to avoid potential interference with the pacemaker.

These recommendations are consistent with the independent research and recommendations of Wireless Technology Research.

Persons with pacemakers:

- should always keep the phone more than 15 cm
 (6 inches) from their pacemaker when the phone is switched on.
- should not carry the phone in a breast pocket.
- should use the ear opposite the pacemaker to minimize potential interference.

If you have any reason to suspect that interference is taking place, switch your phone off immediately.

Hearing Aids

Some digital wireless phones may interfere with some hearing aids. In the event of such interference, you may wish to consult your hearing aid manufacturer to discuss alternatives.

Other Medical Devices

If you use any other personal medical devices, consult the manufacturer of your device to determine if it is adequately shielded from external RF energy. Your physician may be able to assist you in obtaining this information. Switch your phone off in health care facilities when any regulations posted in these areas instruct you to do so. Hospitals or health care facilities may be using equipment that could be sensitive to external RF energy.

Vehicles

RF signals may affect improperly installed or inadequately shielded electronic systems in motor vehicles. Check with the manufacturer or its representative regarding your vehicle. You should also consult the manufacturer of any equipment that has been added to your vehicle.

Posted Facilities

Switch your phone off in any facility where posted notices require you to do so.

Potentially Explosive Environments

Switch your phone off when in any area with a potentially explosive atmosphere and obey all signs and instructions. Sparks in such areas could cause an explosion or fire resulting in bodily injury or even death.

Users are advised to switch the phone off while at a refueling point (service station). Users are reminded of the need to observe restrictions on the use of radio equipment in fuel depots (fuel storage and distribution areas), chemical plants or where blasting operations are in progress.

Areas with a potentially explosive atmosphere are often but not always clearly marked. They include below deck on boats, chemical transfer or storage facilities, vehicles using liquefied petroleum gas (such as propane or butane), areas where the air contains chemicals or particles, such as grain, dust or metal powders, and any other area where you would normally be advised to turn off your vehicle engine.

Emergency Calls

This phone, like any wireless phone, operates using radio signals, wireless and landline networks as well as user programmed functions, which cannot guarantee connection in all conditions. Therefore, you should never rely solely on any wireless phone for essential communications (medical emergencies, for example).

Remember, to make or receive any calls the phone must be switched on and in a service area with adequate signal strength. Emergency calls may not be possible on all wireless phone networks or when certain network services and/ or phone features are in use. Check with local service providers.

To make an emergency call:

- 1. If the phone is not on, switch it on.
- 2. Key in the emergency number for your present location (for example, 911 or other official emergency number). Emergency numbers vary by location.
- 3. Press

If certain features are in use (call barring, for example), you may first need to deactivate those features before you can make an emergency call. Consult this

document and your local cellular service provider.

When making an emergency call, remember to give all the necessary information as accurately as possible. Remember that your phone may be the only means of communication at the scene of an accident; do not cut off the call until given permission to do so.

Restricting Children's access to your Phone

Your phone is not a toy. Children should not be allowed to play with it because they could hurt themselves and others, damage the phone or make calls that increase your phone bill.

FCC Notice and Cautions

FCC Notice

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

The phone may cause TV or radio interference if used in close proximity to receiving equipment. The FCC can require you to stop using the phone if such interference cannot be eliminated.

Vehicles using liquefied petroleum gas (such as propane or butane) must comply with the National Fire Protection Standard (NFPA-58). For a copy of this standard, contact the National Fire Protection Association, One Battery march Park, Quincy, MA 02269, Attn: Publication Sales Division.

Cautions

Changes or modifications made in the radio phone, not expressly approved by Samsung, will void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The use of any unauthorized accessories may be dangerous and void the phone warranty if said accessories cause damage or a defect to the phone.

Although your phone is quite sturdy, it is a complex piece of equipment and can be broken. Avoid dropping, hitting, bending or sitting on it.

GETTING STARTED

Installing SIM Card, Memory Card, Battery

- 1. Remove the battery cover by placing your thumbnail into the slot at the uper right corner of the phone and lifting up.
- 2. Position the SIM card as indicated on the phone (angled corner at the inner left edge), then carefully slide the card into the socket.
- 3. If installing a microSD memory card, position the card as indicated on the phone (gold contact pins facing down and toward the slot), slide card into the slot then press in until it locks.
- 4. Align the top edge of the battery with the arrow on the battery pointing toward the battery contacts, then press the battery down until it is seated in the battery chamber.
- 5. Replace the cover.

Charging the Battery

Fully charge the battery before using your phone for the first time (approximately four hours). You can use the phone while the battery is charging, however the battery will charge more slowly.

- 1. Plug the travel charger connector into the jack at the bottom of the phone.
- 2. Plug the charger into a standard AC wall outlet.
- 3. When the bars in the battery icon stop flashing, unplug the charger.

YOUR PHONE



- Upper microphone
- Headset jack
- Speaker
- 4. Sensors
- Front camera lens
- 6. Camera (on back)
- Status bar
- Power/Lock key

- Volume kevs
- 10. Display
- 11. Camera kev
- 12. Back key
- 13. Start (Window) key
- 14. Search key
- 15. Microphone

16. Interface connector

BASIC FUNCTIONS

Turn the phone on or off:

Press and hold the Power/Lock key



Quick press the Power/Lock key

Unlock the phone:

Press Power/Lock key , swipe screen up.

Go to Start screen:

Press the Start key

Scroll the Start screen:

Swipe the screen up or down.

Show the applications list:

Swipe left.

Show the keyboard:

Tap a text field.

Landscape keyboard:

Rotate phone sideways (not available in some apps).

Add tile to Start screen:

Applications list > touch and hold tile > tap pin to start.

Remove tile from Start screen:

Touch and hold tile > tap

Show status bar:

Tap top of screen.

Set to vibrate only:

Press volume key, tap screen at top right until

vibrate is indicated.

Access sub-menus:

Tap ... (only available in some menus).

STATUS BAR

- Signal strength
- Battery level indicator
- Battery level critical (5% remaining)

- Battery charging
- No SIM card
- SIM card locked
- Connected to Edge network
- Connected to 3G or 3G+ network Connected to 4G network
- Vibrate only mode
- Airplane mode activated
- Call forwarding activated
- Bluetooth active and connected
- Bluetooth active, not connected
- Wi-Fi active and connected
- Wi-Fi active, not connected

APPLICATIONS

- Alarms: set and manage alarms
- Beauty: take portraits of people
- Calculator: hold sideways for scientific version
- Calendar: create events, set reminders
- Camera: take photos and videos
- Family Story: create stories to share
- Feedback Hub:
- Games: buy, install and play games
- Pelp + Tips:
- Internet Explorer: browse the web
- Live Wallpaper:
- Maps: location, directions, points of interest
- Messaging: text and multimedia messages
- Mini Diary: record note with photos, location
- Music + Videos: access media and podcasts
- Music Hub: purchase songs online
- Now: view weather, news, and stocks
- Office: use Excel, Word, and PowerPoint
- OneNote: take notes and make lists
- Panorama: combine photos into one image

- People: manage your address book
- Phone: view your call history and make calls
- Photo Editor: enhance your photos
- Photos: view photos and play back videos
- Settings: customize phone settings
- Store: download applications and games
- Wallet: protect card and deal information

LIVE TILES

Live Tiles on the Start screen provide an innovative way to store, organize and use information. The pre-loaded tiles access common applications such as messaging and your calendar, and they display dynamic content like appointments. But that's only the beginning -- you can add anything you like to the screen and arrange the tiles however you want, creating a custom built landing page.

Got a favorite website? While on the site tap and tap pin to start to add a dedicated tile to the Start screen. A favorite contact? With the contact information displayed, tap 🐼 .

To re-arrange your tiles, tap and hold a tile until it "floats" then drag it to a new location. To change the size of a tile, tap and hold the tile then tap or 🗿

USE THE PHONE

Make a call:

Start screen > tap > tap > tap numbers > tap call

International call:

Start screen > tap > tap > touch and hold 0+ until + appears > tap numbers > tap call

Dial call from People:

Applications list > tap People > contact > call number or call mobile

Access voicemail:

Start screen > tap (> tap

Use speakerphone:

While on call, tap

Place call on hold: While on call, tap

Mute the phone:

While on call, tap

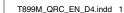
Add call:

While on call, tap

Add Contacts: Applications list > tap ♣ People > tap ♠ > enter field info > tap ♠

Change ringtone:

Applications list > Settings > ringtones + sounds > Ringtone







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MICROSOFT ACCOUNT

Your Microsoft Account is the credentials you use to access Microsoft branded online services such as Hotmail, SkyDrive, or Windows Live Messenger.

To reset your password, go to https://accountservices.passport.net/.

SEARCH

Use the search key to find what you need. Need to find something on the web? Press the search key from Start, or in Internet Explorer. Looking for a contact? Press the search key from your contact list. Trying to find a particular app? Press search in Store.

For more information about Search, and all other capabilites of Windows Phone 8, visit windowsphone.com.

SPEECH ENGINE

There is an intuitive speech engine integrated into the Start key on your phone.

- 1. From any screen, press and hold to activate the speech engine.
- Speak the words that you would like to search on or the action that you would like to perform, such as: "Call Chris mobile", "Find coffee in Seattle". or "Open calendar".

MESSAGING

Send a text or multimedia message:

- 1. Start screen > tap Messaging > tap .
- 2. Enter number or contact name, or tap to select from People.
- 3. Tap the text field and enter message text.
- 4. To attach existing photo, tap , tap picture, browse to it and tap it. To take photo, tap > tap picture, tap picture, tap > press > tap accept.
- 5. Tap 🔃.

EMAIL

Set up email the first time:

- Select an account.
- 3. Enter Email address and Password, then tap **sign in**. Server information may be required.

Send an email message:

- Start screen > tap email (may show service name) > tap email (may show service name).
- Enter email address or contact name, or tap to select from People.
- 3. Tap the text field and enter message text.
- 4. To attach existing photo, tap , browse to it and tap it. To take photo, tap > tap > > tap accept.
- 5. Tap 🔃.

TAKE PHOTOS AND VIDEO

To open the camera, press the camera button ().



1. Camera button

Press to take photo or start recording video. Press again to stop recording video.

2. Settings

Set white balance, ISO, resolution and more.

Note that settings are different for Camera and

- 3. Camera/Video toggle
- 4. Rear/Front camera toggle
- 5. Flash on/off/auto
- 6. Lens apps
- 7. View photos and videos Swipe left and right to view.

To zoom, pinch in and out using two fingers.

BROWSE THE WEB

Go to website:

Start screen > tap Internet Explorer > enter web address > tap >

Zoom in or out:

Double tap or pinch in and out using two fingers

Select favorites:

Tap > tap favorites and tap a favorite

Add a favorite:

Tap > tap add to favorites and tap

Open multiple pages:

Tap → tap tabs > tap New tab > enter web address > tap →

Switch between pages:

Tap > tap tabs > tap a tab

Wi-Fi

Wi-Fi provides a fast, seamless Web and email connection at home, in the office, and in any hotspot. Using Wi-Fi is convenient and helps you minimize mobile data usage.

Switch Wi-Fi on and off:

Applications list > **Settings** > **Wi-Fi**> tap the sliding indicator.

Connect to a network:

Applications list > Settings > Wi-Fi> tap the network name. You will need to enter a password if the network is secure.

STAY IN SYNC

To sync your music, videos, pictures, and updates from your computer to your phone (or vice versa), you'll need to install the Windows Phone app on your PC.

- Connect your phone to your computer using the data cable.
- On your PC, when the Windows Phone window appears, click **Get the Windows Phone app** and follow the installation instructions
- 3. Follow the instructions to sync music, videos, pictures, etc., between your PC and your phone.

OFFICE

Office lets you create and edit Excel workbooks and Word documents, open and view PowerPoint slideshows, or search for and share document files with others.

To create a new Word or Excel document:

- 2. Select a blank document or template file.

To open an existing document, presentation or spreadsheet file:

- 1. Applications list > tap 1 Office.
- Select a file from the recent list or scroll left, select a storage location (phone, email, SkyDrive or Office 365), and select a file.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Network:

- Single-band LTE
- Quad-band HSDPA
- Quad-band GSM/GPRS/EDGE

Dimensions: 137.2 x 70.5 x 8.7 mm

Weight: 135 a

Display: 4.8" 1280 x 720 AMOLED, 24 bit

Battery: 2300 mAh

Memory: 16 GB internal memory

Camera Specs

- 8M pixel camera with flash
- 1080p video recording

Expandable Memory: Up to 64 GB

NOTES

Many of the services and features described above are network dependent and may require additional subscription and/or usage charges. Not all features are available for purchase or use in all

Standby and operational times will vary depending on phone usage patterns and conditions. Battery power consumption depends on factors such as network configuration, signal strength, operating temperature, features selected, and data and other application usage patterns.

Compatibility with all Bluetooth® equipment is not guaranteed. The Bluetooth technology trademarks are owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc., and used by Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd. under license.

Wi-Fi requires compatible wireless access point(s). Some features rely on Internet services which may require a fee. As with all wireless products, actual performance will vary depending on environment.

Samsung Electronics Canada Inc.

Customer Care Centre

1.800.SAMSUNG



www.samsung.ca

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