

# Using Your Computer for the First Time

---

This section gives you detailed information on using your computer for the first time.

## Installing the Battery

---

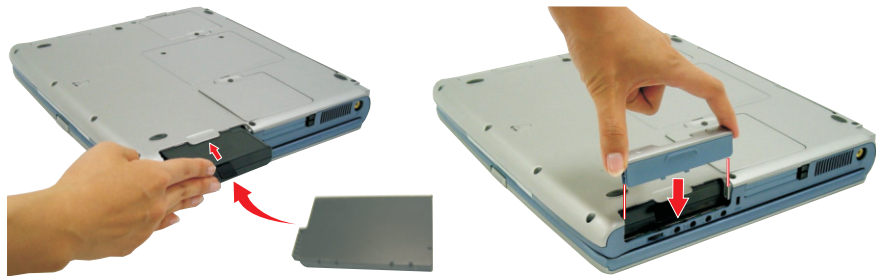
### To install the battery pack:

1. With the computer's power off, close the LCD panel and turn the computer over so the bottom of the unit faces up.
2. Slide the battery compartment cover straight up and off the computer. See "Installing the Battery" on page 42.



Insert the battery into the battery compartment, ensuring the correct orientation so that the battery fits in its slot properly.

3. Slide the battery pack into the compartment. Make sure the battery is fully inserted into the compartment.
4. Align the tabs on the battery compartment cover with the slots on the battery compartment.



5. Push the cover straight down until it snaps into place.

## Attaching the AC Adapter

---

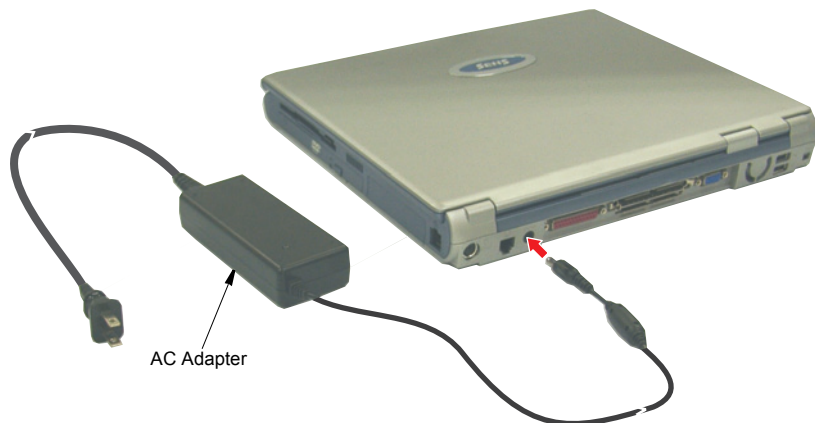
Your computer runs on power from the battery in the computer or from an electrical outlet. The first time that you use your computer, fully charge the battery by attaching the power cord to the computer and to an electrical outlet.



All batteries lose their charge if they sit unused for an extended time period. When not used, battery can discharge fully in 2 to 3 months. The battery may have discharged in the time it took for the computer to go from the factory to you.

### To attach the power cord:

1. Plug the AC adapter into the power connector on the back side of the computer.
2. Connect the power cord to the AC adapter and then to an electrical outlet.



The battery starts charging as soon as you plug the power cord into an electrical outlet. The battery charges faster if the computer is turned off during charging.

If the battery is fully depleted and the computer is turned off, the battery charges in about 3 hours. If the computer is turned on, the battery charges in about 6 hours. When the battery is charging, the battery charge light is red. When the battery is fully charged, the light turns green.

See "Using Power Management Options" on page 52 for more information on using your computer's battery.

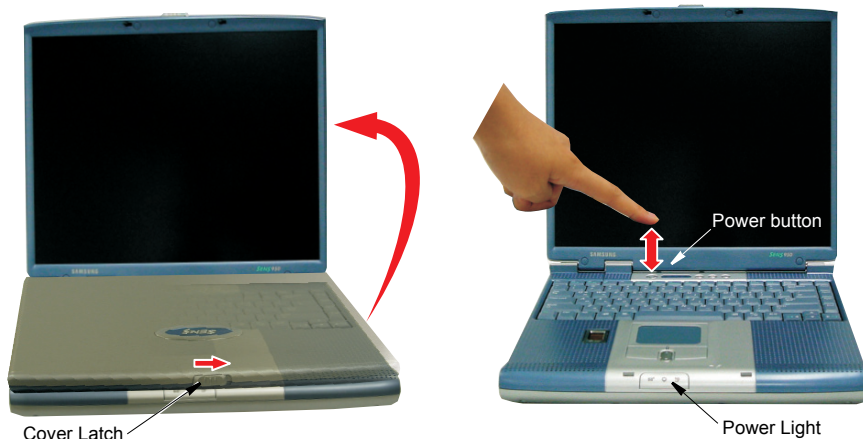
## Turning On the Computer

---

**To turn on the computer's power for the first time:**

1. Slide the LCD latch, located on the front of the cover to the right.
2. Lift up the cover.
3. Press and then release the power button.

The power light is on when the computer's power is on.



### **Initial Computer Startup:**

The first time you start your computer you will see the operating system registration screens. Simply read each screen and follow the simple directions. You must complete this process in order to use your computer. A tutorial is provided if you require it.

## Adjusting the LCD Display

---

You may wish to adjust the LCD (Liquid-Crystal Display) when you begin using your computer. A TFT (Thin-Film Transistor) LCD does not require adjustment for contrast because the contrast is set to remain at maximum.

**To adjust the LCD:**

- Press **<Fn+Right Arrow>** to increase the display brightness.
- Press **<Fn+Left Arrow>** to decrease the display brightness.

## Turning Off Your Computer

---

Prior to shutting down your computer ensure all of your data and current work are saved. The system will ask if you wish to save any unsaved work, saving your work first will speed the shutdown process.

**To turn off the computer, complete the following steps:**

1. Click  on the taskbar.

If you need to restart your computer after software (re)installation or because it is not responding select the **Restart** option in step 3 below.

2. Click **Shut Down** to display the shutdown popup window shown below.



3. Select **Shut down**.
4. Click **OK**.



### Power Off:

If the system does not power off, then press and hold the power button for over 5 seconds. See "Using Power Management Options" on page 52.



### Power Button Functions:

The power button has several functions other than just turning on and off your computer, see "Using Power Management Options" on page 52.

You can also perform a soft boot by saving your files and pressing



<Ctrl+Alt+Del> to pop-up the "Windows Task Manager" window.

Click **Shut Down > Restart**.

You can perform a cold boot by pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds to turn the computer off, waiting more than five seconds, and then pressing the power button to turn the computer on. The system may perform some extra checks during the restart.

## Tips for Using Your Computer

---

The following information helps you avoid potential problems as you use your computer:



Do not try to disassemble your computer. Opening the system chassis voids your warranty. Only an authorised manufacturer service center can replace or add any parts inside the chassis.

- Follow all the instructions and cautions in your computer user documentation.
- The LCD has a polarized surface and can be damaged easily. To prevent damage, avoid touching the screen.
- Use only approved AC adapters, auto adapters, memory modules and other options.
- Because a notebook computer is small and has restricted air flow around components, it is more likely to overheat than a desktop computer. A fan inside your computer runs when needed to help eliminate heat. Make sure the fan vent on the left side of your computer is not blocked when you use the computer. Occasionally check the vents and remove any accumulated dust on the outside.
- Avoid using or storing the computer in extremely hot or cold areas, such as a car on a hot day. Keep the computer away from heaters and out of direct sunlight. Exposure to excessive heat may damage computer components. If you have left your computer in a hot place, let it cool down slowly to room temperature (with the LCD panel open) before using it.
- Do not remove the memory-module compartment door, or try to install a memory module when the computer is on. (For information on installing memory modules, see “Installing a Memory Module” on page 64.)
- Set up your computer work area to avoid physical strain. Sit with your back straight and supported by your chair. Adjust your chair or work table so that your arms and wrists can remain in a relaxed position, parallel with the floor. Avoid bending or twisting your wrists as you work. Your hands should “float” slightly above the keyboard. Refer to a book on office ergonomics for more information on setting up your work area.
- Take frequent breaks from working at the computer to rest your eyes and stretch your muscles.
- Remember to save your data files frequently and to make backup copies of your files.

# Travelling with Your Computer

---

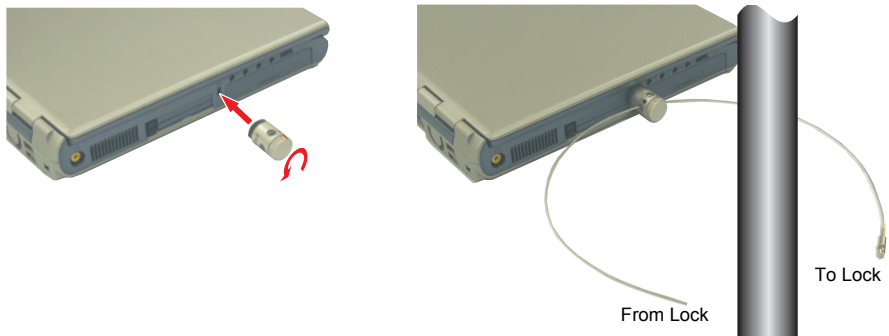
## Air Travel

**If you are travelling by air, follow these tips:**

- Take the computer with you as carry-on luggage. Do not check the computer with your baggage.
- Allow the computer and disks to go through the X-ray security devices. Do not hand-carry disks through the walk-through metal detectors, which can cause loss of data.
- Make sure that the battery is charged or the power cord is easily accessible. You may be required to turn on the computer for airport security personnel.
- Be prepared to turn off the computer during take off and landing.

## Locking your Computer

As a precaution when you are travelling or using your computer in an unsecured area, you should keep your computer as safe as possible. An option to do this is the *Security Lock System*. Follow the *Security Lock System* manufacturers instructions for specific installation and use. The following figure shows generally how to use the lock.



## Handling Spills

---

Do not spill anything on your computer. The best way to avoid spills is to avoid eating and drinking around your computer. If you do spill something on your computer, turn off your computer, unplug it immediately, and do the following:

- If you spill liquid on the keyboard, drain as much of the liquid from the keyboard as possible. Be careful not to let the liquid drip onto the LCD panel. Allow the system to dry for several days before trying to use it.
- If you spill liquid on an external keyboard or keypad, unplug it and drain as much of the liquid as possible. Allow the keyboard to sit at room temperature for a full day before trying to use it.



Sweet liquids leave a sticky residue that may jam the keyboard despite your efforts to dry it.

- If you spill liquid on the LCD panel, clean it immediately with a soft cloth and denatured alcohol or a proprietary LCD screen cleaner. Do not use water, window cleaner, acetone, aromatic solvent, or dry, rough towels to clean it.



Some liquids damage the polarized LCD screen. If your screen is damaged, contact your authorized manufacturer's service center for a replacement.

## Storing the Computer for Long Periods

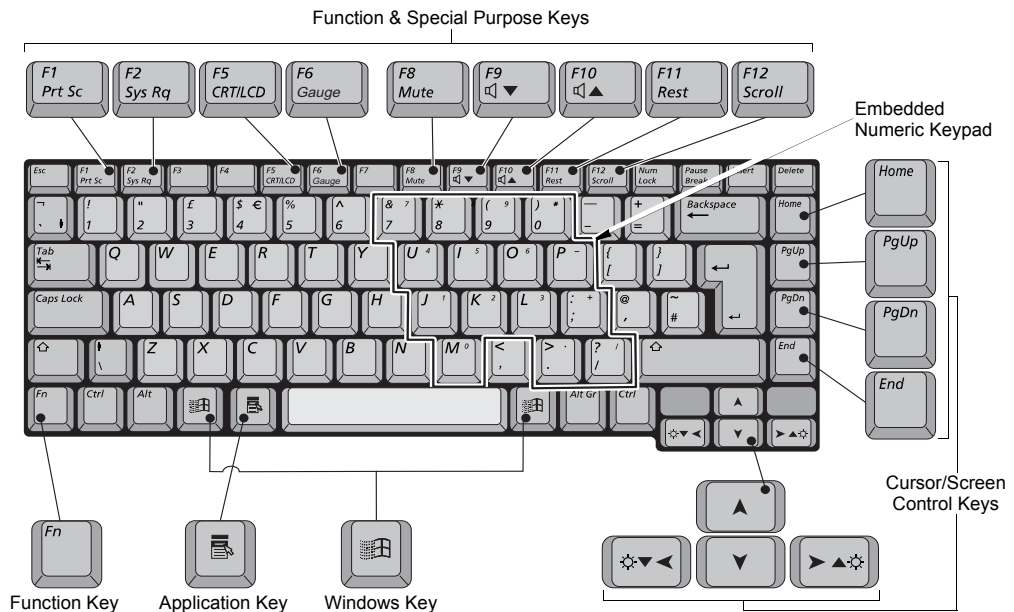
---

If possible, leave the power cord connected to the computer and an electrical outlet when the computer is not in use. This extends the life of the battery and keeps the battery fully charged.

If you will not be using the computer for a long period of time (a month or more), you should charge the battery until it is completely full. After you have done so, remove the battery from the unit.


# Using the Keyboard

Your computer has an 87/88-key keyboard. By pressing designated key combinations, you can have access to all the key functions of a full-sized keyboard.



Although the layout of the keys on your computer's keyboard is different from that on a desktop computer's keyboard, the keyboard feels like a full-sized keyboard when you use it.

**The keys on the keyboard can be grouped into the following categories:**

- Full-sized Alphanumeric typewriter keys are arranged like a standard typewriter keyboard and are used for text entry. The Windows keys on either side of the spacebar open Windows menus and perform other special functions.
- Function keys, when pressed together with the  <Fn> key, enable special functions.
- Cursor and Screen control keys move the cursor. They may perform other functions, depending on your software.

To clean the computer keyboard, use slightly damp cotton swabs. Scrub the keys and the surface around the keys.



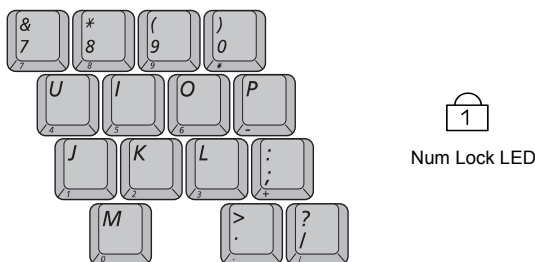



Do not allow liquid to drip into the keyboard or you may damage the keyboard.




## Using the Numeric Keypad

---

Your keyboard includes a numeric keypad, which is a group of keys that you can set to type numbers and mathematical symbols, such as the plus sign. A number or symbol on the right corner of each keypad key shows its numeric function.



Press  to turn on the embedded numeric keypad. The numeric functions of the keypad are enabled and the Num Lock LED turns on. (See "Reading the System Status Lights" on page 20 for the location of the Num Lock LED.)
























While the numeric functions are enabled, you can temporarily return a key to its normal function by pressing and the  key. For example to type the letter *m*, press  + , this operation displays the letter **m**.

To turn the numeric keypad off, press  again. The Num Lock LED turns off.

## Using Special Function Keys

The function key activates special functions when it is pressed in combination with another keys. Table 2 shows the special key combinations.

Table 2. Description of Special Function Key Combinations

 <b>Key Combinations</b>	<b>Key Name</b>	<b>Key Function</b>
 + 	<b>F1 Prt Sc</b>	<i>Print screen:</i> Takes a picture of the open screen, which you can paste into many graphics programs.
 + 	<b>F2 Sys Rq</b>	<i>System request:</i> Reserved for use in software programs.
 + 	<b>F5 CRT/LCD</b>	<i>CRT/LCD:</i> Switches the display between the LCD, the external monitor, and simultaneous display on both the LCD and the external monitor.
 + 	<b>F6 Gauge</b>	<i>Gauge</i> Displays the battery gauge in the upper-right corner of your screen. The gauge closes in a few seconds, or you can press <b>&lt;Esc&gt;</b> to close the gauge. (See "Monitoring the Battery Charge" on page 43 for more information on the battery gauge.)
 + 	<b>F8 Mute</b>	<i>Mute:</i> Increases the audio volume.
 + 	<b>F9 Volume down:</b>	<i>Volume down:</i> Decreases the audio volume.
 + 	<b>F10 Volume up:</b>	<i>Volume up:</i> Increases the audio volume.
 + 	<b>F11 Rest:</b>	<i>Rest:</i> Puts the computer into Suspend mode. To resume normal operation from rest, press the power button. (See "Using Power Management Options" on page 52 for more information about the rest mode.)
 + 	<b>F12 Scroll</b>	<i>Scroll:</i> In some applications, sets the cursor-control keys to scroll the page up or down while the cursor position does not change. Pressing key combination again turns off the scrolling function.
 + 	<b>Left Arrow</b>	<i>Brightness Down:</i> Decreases the LCD brightness.
 + 	<b>Right Arrow</b>	<i>Brightness Up:</i> Increases the LCD brightness.

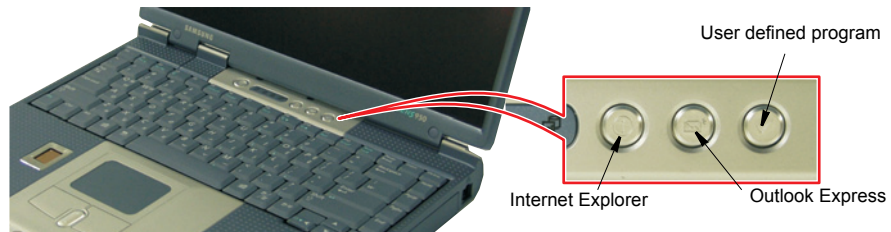


When you press a function key combination, the system sound may be temporarily muted.

## User Defined Buttons (SENS Keyboard)

---

You may program the three buttons to the right of the power button to start any program you have installed on your computer.



The default settings for these buttons are:



Internet




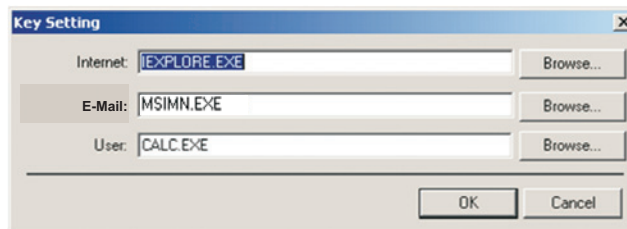
E-Mail - Outlook



Windows Calculator

To reprogram the Sens Keyboard, follow the steps below:

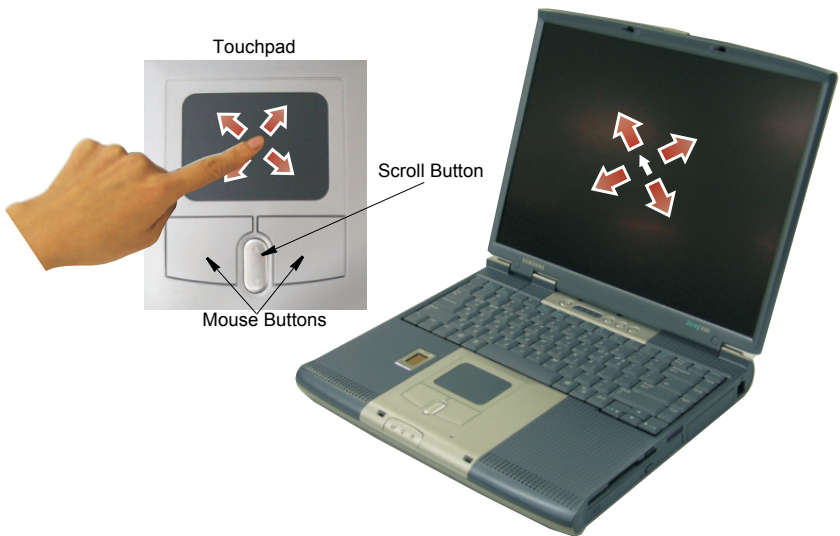
1. Double-Click  icon on the Windows taskbar, the **Key Setting** window is displayed.



2. Select **Button** you wish to reprogram from the drop down menus in the **Key Setting** window.
3. Use the **Browse** button to locate the program you wish to assign to the **SENS Keyboard** button selected.
4. Click on your program choice to select it.
5. Click **Open**.
6. Click **OK** to close window and complete programming the **Sens Keyboard**.

# Using the Touchpad

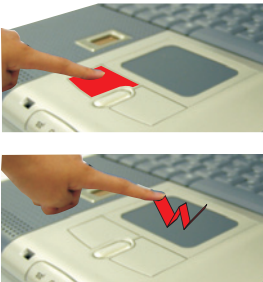




Your computer is equipped with a touchpad, which is an integrated-pointing device that is used to perform standard mouse functions. The touchpad is an advanced and reliable pointing device that works with a touch of your finger.



Press on the touchpad gently. The touchpad responds to light pressure.

Table 3. Using the Touchpad

Action	Process and Comment
Click/Tap	<p><b>Process</b> Depress the touchpad left button and release or position the pointer over the object and Quickly tap the touchpad once with your finger. This action is called <i>clicking</i>.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> This will cause a process to begin or select an object on the screen.</p>

Action	Process and Comment
<b>Double-Click/Tap</b> 	<p><b>Process</b> Quickly click the left touchpad button two times or position the pointer over the object and Quickly tap the touchpad twice with your finger. This action is called <i>Double-clicking</i>.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> This will cause a process to begin or open a file folder.</p>
<b>Click-Hold</b> 	<p><b>Process</b> Depress the left touchpad button and do not release.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> This is used to move/drag objects to new locations. See "Drag (Move)" on page 19.</p>
<b>Right-Click</b> 	<p><b>Process</b> Position the pointer over the object. Quickly press and release the right button once. This action is called <i>Right-clicking</i>.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> This is usually used to obtain information about an object or access a short cut menu.</p>
<b>Scroll Up</b> 	<p><b>Process</b> Place your finger on the top half of the button to scroll up the current window.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> Moves the current window down.</p>
<b>Scroll Down</b> 	<p><b>Process</b> Place your finger on the bottom half of the button to scroll up the current window.</p> <p><b>Comment</b> Moves the current window up.</p>



### PS/2 Mouse:

You may change the setup in **Setup > Advanced Menu**

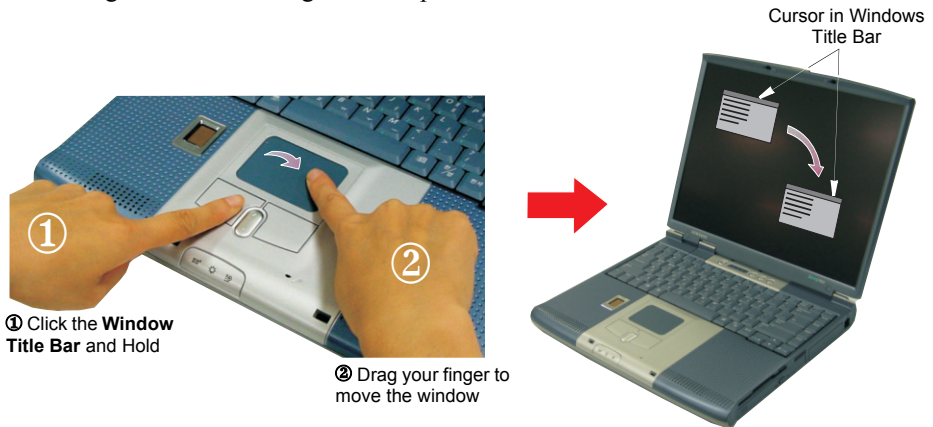
Disabled prevents both the touchpad and external PS/2 port from functioning. Single mouse (default) enables the external PS/2 port or the touchpad, and external PS/2 port has priority. Dual Mouse allows the use of both the touchpad and PS/2 port.

## Drag (Move)

---

**To move a window on the desktop, complete the following:**

1. Click the **window title bar** or **icon** in the bottom of the window which you want to drag using the touchpad.
2. Press the left touchpad button and hold it.
3. Drag the window using the touchpad.



### **Area or Multiple item selection:**








The drag function may be used to select an area or multiple items in an area by clicking in one area and then dragging to create a selection window. The items inside the window will be selected.

# Reading the System Status Lights

System Status lights show the status of computer functions.



Table 4. System Status Lights

LED	Name	Function
	<b>Num Lock</b>	Changes a portion of the keyboard to a numeric keypad. See "Using the Numeric Keypad" on page 14.
	<b>Caps Lock</b>	Changes all alpha or letter input into capital letters. No changes occur to numeric and special keys.
	<b>Scroll Lock</b>	Scroll lock in certain software.
	<b>Drive Access</b>	Using the Disk Drives. Blinking Green - HDD is being accessed Blinking Amber - FDD or CD-ROM is being accessed
	<b>E-mail Alert</b>	The Light comes on when e-mail arrives. To use this function, you must register an E-mail Account in the <i>Register E-mail Account</i> window. To register an E-mail account Select: <b>Start &gt; Programs &gt; StartUp &gt; Internet Launcher.</b>
	<b>Power</b>	Green - System power on. Blinking - Standby mode.
	<b>Battery Status</b>	Green - No battery pack installed/battery fully charged. Red - Charging.

# Connecting to the Internet

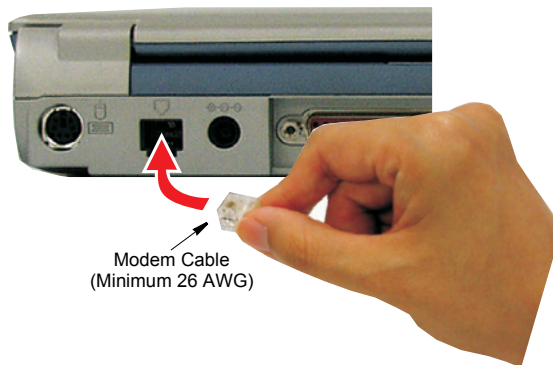
---


This section explains how to connect you to the internet. For details on how to establish the connection contact the Internet Service Provider **[ISP]** or system administrator **[SysAdmin]**.

## Using the Modem

---

Install the Modem cable by simply plugging the cable into the slot in the back of the computer.



1. Contact your Internet Service Provider to obtain information or CD required to make the connection in your area.
2. After the cable is connected create a “Dialup” connection by clicking **Start > Settings > Network and Dial-Up Connections**.
3. Double-Click  icon to pop up the connection wizard.
4. Follow the instructions in provided in the **Make New Connection** wizard.



## Precautions Before Use

### *Country Selection*



#### **Country Selection:**

Because your computer is very mobile you must ensure you select the *country you are calling from* is selected correctly, otherwise you may experience connection problems.

**To change the country selection proceed as follows:**

1. Click **Start > Settings > Control Panel**.
2. Click **Phone and Modem Options**.
3. Click on the connection you wish to edit in the **Locations:** box.
4. Click **Edit**
5. Select the **Country/region** you are calling from in the **General** tab.
6. Click **OK** to close the “Edit Locations” box.
7. Click **OK** to close “Phone and Modem Options” box.



#### **Digital Phone Lines:**

If you connect the modem to a digital phone line (such as a company 4-wire system), the modem may be damaged.

### *DOS support*

- **Windows 2000:** Does not support pure DOS mode and the modem does not support a DOS box in Windows. So you cannot use a communication application which runs under DOS.

### *Using the Modem on a PBX system*

**If you use a Windows Communication Program:**

1. Click **Start > Settings > Control Panel**.
2. Click **Phone and Modem Options**.
3. Click **Properties** in the **Modems tab** section.
4. Check off “Wait for dial tone before dialing” check box in the **Modem tab** section.
5. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
6. Click **OK** to close “Modem Properties” dialog box.

**If you use a simple terminal program (i.e. hyper terminal):**

Type the “ATX3&W” or “ATX3” command as an initialization command.



**MODEM Notes:**

1. In order to use the 56K feature, be sure to check if the standards supported by the on-line service provider and the modem are identical.
2. If you use a PBX phone system, you can not connect using the 56K mode.
3. Internationally connected calls will be limited to 33.6K (Max.)

## Using the LAN

---

You may connect to the network using either a LAN cable or by establishing a wireless connection if factory option is installed.

### Cable Connection

Install the LAN cable by simply plugging the cable into the slot in the right side of the computer.



Your computer’s LAN adapter is ready to use for most situations, however if your system does not have a DHCP server or you wish to personally configure your LAN connection, proceed as outlined in “Configuring Network Environment” below.



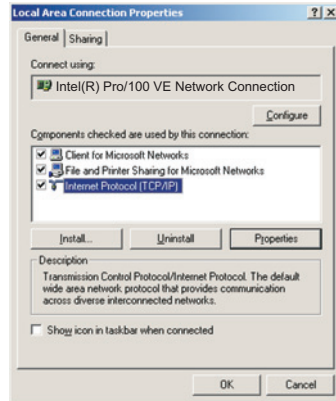
**Network Protocols:**

You may need to consult your SysAdmin if their network protocols and settings are required for your LAN environment.

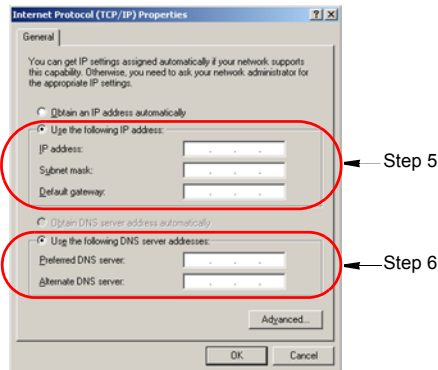
## Configuring Network Environment

### Configure the Network Adapter as follows:

1. Click **Start > Settings > Control Panel**.
2. Double-Click **Network and Dial-up Connections**.
3. Right Click **Local Area Connection > Properties**.



4. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click properties.



5. Select **Use the following IP Address:** then enter your **IP address**, **Subnet mask** and **Default gateway**. If you use DHCP server, select **Obtain an IP address automatically**.
6. Select **Use the following DNS server address:** and enter the address in the **Preferred DNS server** and **Alternate DNS server**. If you use DHCP server, select **Obtain DNS server address automatically**.
7. Click **OK** when you finish the TCP/IP setup.

## Wireless Connection (Factory Option)

Your computer's wireless LAN adapter is ready to use for most situations, however if your system does not have a DHCP server or you wish to personally configure your wireless LAN connection, proceed as outlined in "Configuring Network Environment" below.





### Regulatory Notice for Channel Use in France

The number of channels that can be used for wireless LAN differs from country to country.


In France however, use only 2 channels (2457~2462MHz) when using wireless networks.

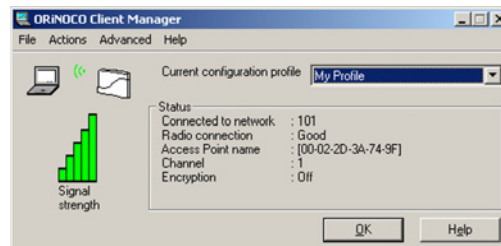
- Channel Allocation: Channel 10, 11

The table below shows the Windows taskbar icons for the wireless LAN.

Icon	Name	Description
	Connection Established	Displays if connection is available.
	Connection Unavailable	Displays if connection is unavailable.

### To display relative Signal Strength:

1. Double Click the  icon in the taskbar to display the Wireless Network Connection Status window.



### Network Protocols:

You may need to consult your System Administrator if their network protocols and settings are required for your wireless LAN environment.



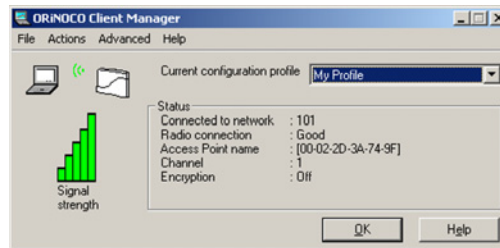
### Understanding Local Area Connection Designations:

When Your computer has a cable and wireless LAN connections, the first one is the cable LAN (Local Area Connection) and the other one (Local Area Connection 2) is the wireless connection.

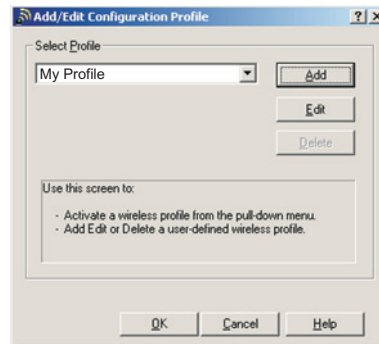
## Configuring Network Environment

Configure the Wireless Network Adapter as follows:

1. Double Click the **Wireless Network**  icon in the taskbar. The Client Manager window appears.

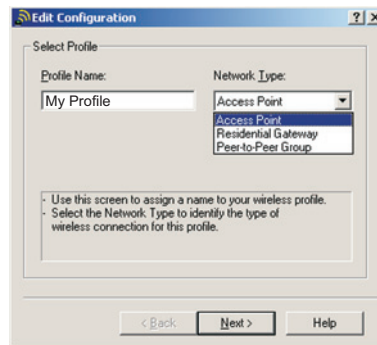


2. Click **Actions > Add/Edit Configuration Profile**
3. Type your "Profile Name" in the select profile box. (A *Profile Name* is any name you choose to identify your Wireless Configuration)



4. Click the *Add Button* to make a new profile.

5. Select the Network Type from the Network Type drop down window. Click HELP button for more information about Network Type.



6. Click Next
7. Type Network Name or Click Scan, to display available networks. If you do not know Network Name type any to find any available AP nearby.

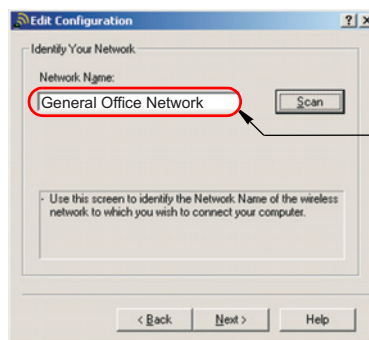


**No networks are displayed**

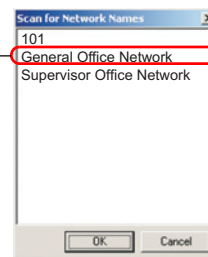
Office - Consult your system administrator.

Home - Verify your access point is working properly.

8. Select one of the available networks.




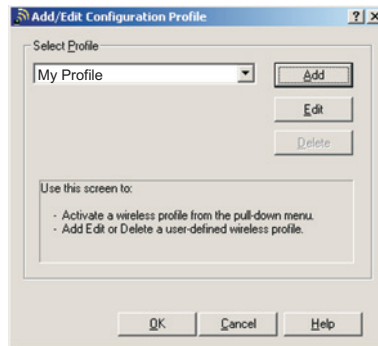
The selected Network will be displayed in the *Network Name* box in the future until you select another Network



9. Click OK, Next
10. Select Enable Data Security to set up the Encryption. (Please consult your Wireless Network advisor for the Encryption setting). Click Next.
11. Select the appropriate Power Management radio button to suit your requirements.
12. Click Next, Click Finish.

**Change Wireless Network Access Point as follows:**

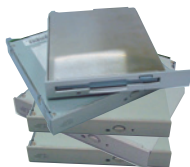
1. Double Click the **Wireless Network**  icon in the taskbar. The Client Manager window appears.
2. Click **Action > Add/Edit Configuration Profile**
3. Select the “Profile Name” to change in the select profile box.



4. Click the Edit Button.
5. Refer to steps 5~12 above.

# Using the Flex-Bay

---



The Flex-Bay provides an impressive array of secondary storage devices listed below:

**CD-ROM drive:**

Shipped with some computers is also an available option.

**CD-ROM R/W drive:**

Shipped with some computers is also an available option.

**DVD-ROM drive:**

Shipped with some computers is also an available option.

**DVD/CD-RW Combo drive:**

Shipped with some computers is also an available option.

**Optional secondary hard drive:**

Available as an option for your computer.

**Superdisk LS-120:**

Available as an option for your computer.



If your operating system is Windows, you must install the *Softex Bay Manager* software on the software CD in order to use the Bay Manager Utility to hot-swap the devices.



If you do not use Windows, make sure that the computer's power is off before you remove or install any devices.




## Remove/Install a Flex-Bay Device - Power On

---

You can use the Softex Bay Manager utility to hot-swap your devices in the flex-bay.

### To start the Softex Bay Manager utility:

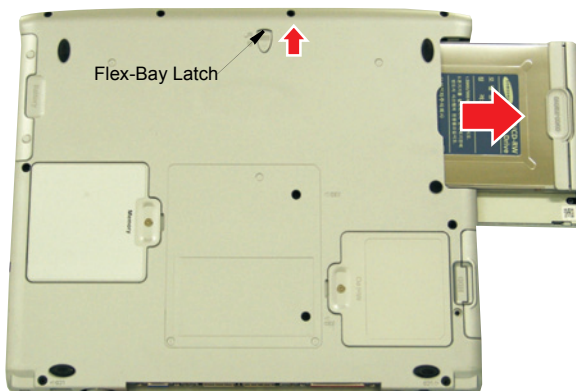
1. Click **Start > Settings > Control Panel > Softex Bay Manager**.
- or -
2. Double-Click the Softex Bay Manager icon  in the windows taskbar.

### To remove a device:

1. Start the *Softex Bay Manager Utility*.



You do not have to turn the computer over or tip it on its side to change devices. Simply tilt the computer up at the front about 10 cm and locate the Flex-Bay latch. See Figure below for the location of the Flex-Bay latch. The computer in the figure is tilted on its side for clarity.



2. Click **Remove / Swap**. A Device Change popup window stating, “Please wait until the system processes the device change” appears then another popup window appears and says, “Please remove or swap your bay device(s) now and press OK.”
3. Tilt the computer up & locate the smart bay latch.
4. Slide and hold the device latch toward the front of the computer.
5. Slide the device out.
6. Click **OK**. The message “Please wait until the system processes the device change” appears again.
7. Click **OK** to close the *Softex Bay Manager Utility*.

## To insert a device:

1. Open the *Softex Bay Manager Utility*.



You do not have to turn the computer over to change devices. Simply tilt the computer up and locate the Flex-Bay latch. See "Bottom" on page 5 for the location of the Flex-Bay latch.

2. Click **Device Insert**. A popup window appears stating "Please insert your device(s) into the bay now and click **OK**."
3. Insert the device.
4. Click **OK** to allow your computer to detect the device. The message "Please wait until the system processes the device change" appears.
5. Click **OK** to close the *Softex Bay Manager Utility*.

## Remove/Install a Flex-Bay Device - Power Off

---

### Remove a Device:

1. Turn the computer's power off.
2. Close the LCD panel, and turn the computer over so that the bottom of the unit faces up.
3. Tilt the computer up & locate the smart bay latch.
4. Slide and hold the device latch toward the front of the computer.
5. Slide the device out.

### Install a Device:

1. Turn the computer's power off.
2. Carefully slide the device into the bay.
3. Push the device in until it is flush with the chassis and the Flex-Bay latch snaps into place. Your computer's operating system automatically recognizes the device in the Flex-Bay and configures your computer accordingly when power is restored.

# Using the Disk Drives

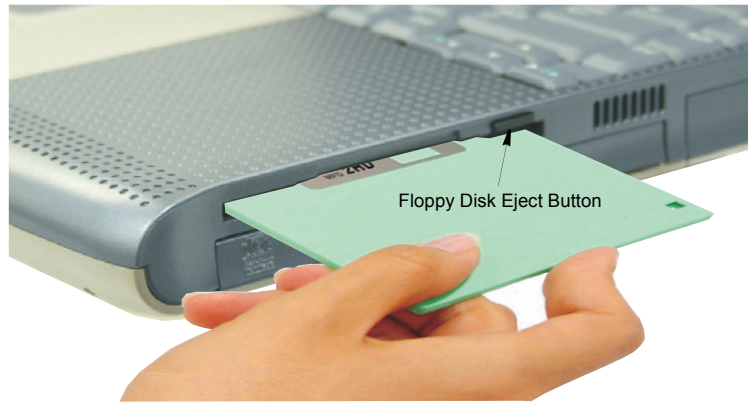
---

## Using the Floppy Disk Drive

---

Your computer comes with a 1.44 MB, 3.5-inch, floppy drive.

To use a floppy disk in your computer, insert it into the floppy drive.



To remove a floppy disk, press the floppy disk eject button on the front of the floppy drive.

To protect the data on your floppy disks, follow the manufacturers guidelines.

## Using the CD/DVD-ROM Drive

Compact discs are designed so that you can easily insert one into the computer when you need it, and then remove it. See "Using the Flex-Bay" on page 29 for information on installing the DVD-ROM drive into the computer.



### DVD Notes:

A DVD player is a factory option and if you ordered this option you will have to install the provided DVD software to view the DVD Title.

1. Press the button on the CD-ROM or DVD-ROM drive, and the tray slides out. (Do not lean on the tray; because it will not support much weight.)




### CD/DVD Drive Warnings:

Do not place reflective objects other than the CD/DVD disks in the disk slot because of possible hazardous laser emissions. The laser beam used in this CD/DVD-ROM drive is harmful to the eyes. Do not attempt to disassemble the CD/DVD-ROM drive. Refer servicing to your authorized service center.

Do not touch the CD/DVD lens, doing so may damage the device.



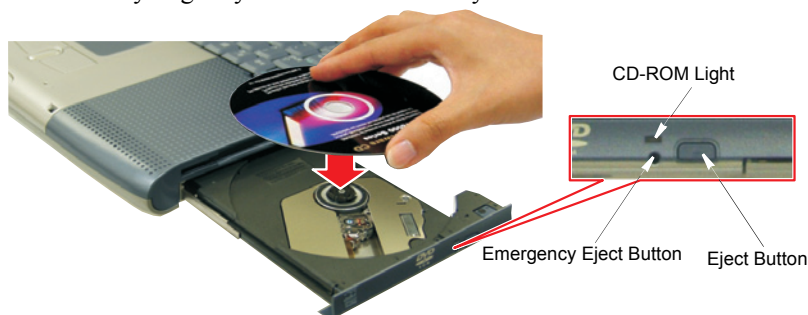
### CD/DVD Precautions:

The tray may be stuck, in which case straighten out a paper clip,  insert it into the Emergency Eject hole in the front of the CD/DVD-ROM and push it until the tray ejects.

A LED on the drive tray is on when the computer is reading from a CD. Do not remove a disc when this LED is on.

To clean a CD/DVD, wipe from the center outwards with clean and dry cloth. Remove the CD/DVD when the drive activity LED is off.

2. Insert a CD/DVD, label side up (or remove a disc, if you have finished using it).
3. Push the tray in gently to close the drive tray.



Install and/or start a CD-based program as you would run a program on a floppy disk.