VT016I Manual

Features

The power supply from iPod, without external power. Beautiful appearance;

A kind of radio audio transmitter, we can enjoy the music from FM Transmitter.

Output frequency: 88.1MHz~107.9MHz, we can set any output frequency;

Updated frequency on LCD Screen, make your more convenience;

It can remember the latest used frequency even out of the power, the functions more conformable for used.

Electronic Parameters

Working voltage: DC 3.3V

Output frequency: 88.1MHz~107.9MHz

The sound channel is separated degree: 42dB

Frequency Response : $25 \sim 15000$ Hz THD : $\leq 0.1\%$ (F=75KHz , f=1KHz)

S/N: ≥60dB (1KHz 100%) Audio IN: ipod connectors

Working temperature: -15°C-50°C

Operation instructions

Insert the EUT into ipod , LCD screen shows the working frequency ; Turn on your radio and set to the same frequency, then the music is coming. Press the button to set the frequency that you wanted from $88.1 \, \text{MHz} \sim 107.9 \, \text{MHz}$; With MINI 5 PIN USB port , it could charge and communicate with ipod ;

FCC Warning: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.