

# **User Manual**

**Version 2.0.0**

**July 2016**

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## **About this Document**

This document describes the usage of the RS9113 n-Link<sup>®</sup> Driver for testing transmit & receive Regulatory Performance for Wi-Fi protocols.

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## 1 Introduction

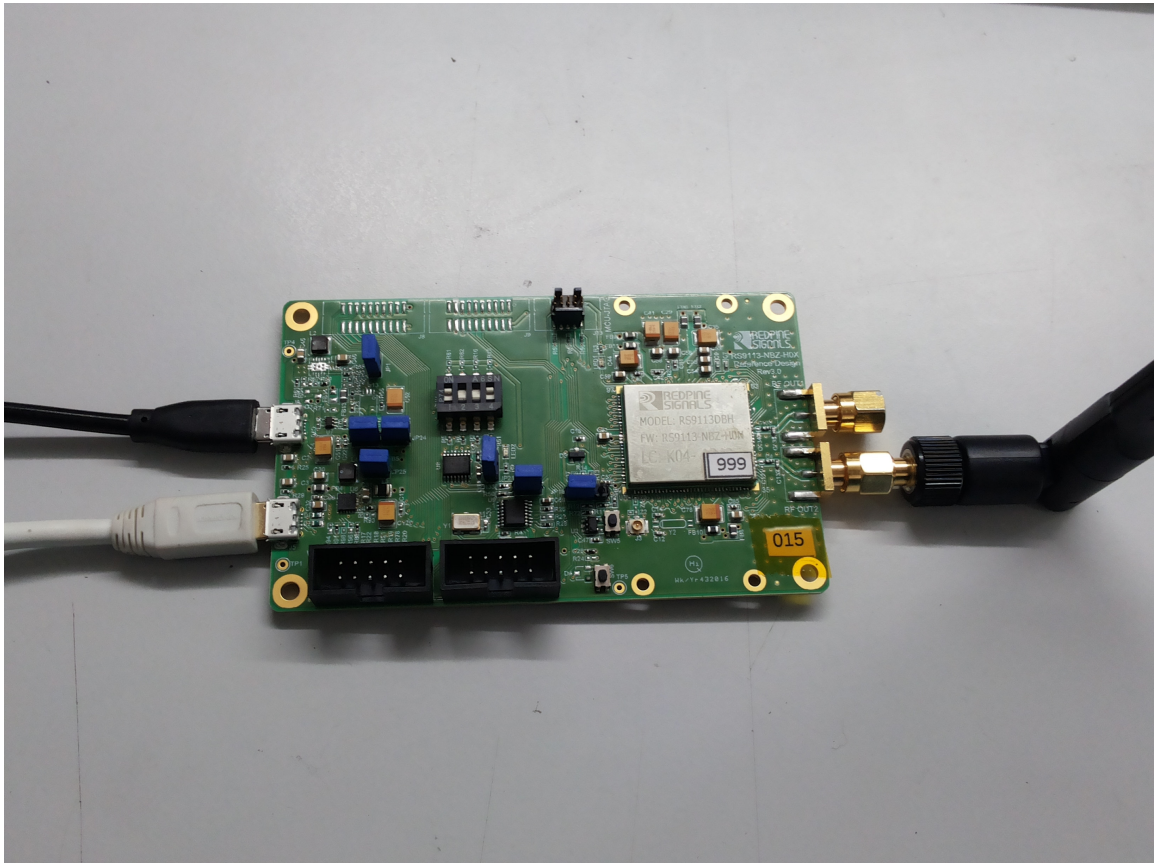
The software provided for the RS9113 n-Link® modules is named OneBox-Mobile. The software currently supports performance testing for Wi-Fi

The subsequent sections explain the use of OneBox-Mobile software on an x86 platform. Installation and operation of the driver on specific representative processor platforms have been explained in the Appendix sections.

### 1.1 Getting Started

1. Login to user **"test"** with password **"test123"**
2. Open a Terminal
3. Type command **"su"** and press enter key
4. Enter password **"test123"**
5. Connect EUT to Laptop with USB cable as shown below





6. Please type "**dmesg**" on the terminal and press enter key and check for the below print

```
[ 3144.505576] usb 2-1.3: USB disconnect, device number 4
[ 3145.705471] usb 2-1.3: new high speed USB device number 5 using ehci_hcd
[ 3145.791837] usb 2-1.3: New USB device found, idVendor=1618, idProduct=9113
[ 3145.791845] usb 2-1.3: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=2, SerialNumber=6
[ 3145.791851] usb 2-1.3: Product: Wireless USB Network Module
[ 3145.791857] usb 2-1.3: Manufacturer: Redpine Signals, Inc.
[ 3145.791862] usb 2-1.3: SerialNumber: 000000000001
```

7. Please go to directory /work/Regulatory\_test/host/releases
8. Please read section 2 for performing WLAN Test

## 2 WLAN Performance Test Application Usage

The OneBox-Mobile software provides applications to test Transmit and Receive performance of the module. The Band of operation of the module needs to be configured before performing any tests.

NOTE: Open the **common\_insert.sh** file present in the “release” folder using an editor like vim. Ensure that the DRIVER\_MODE is set as below:

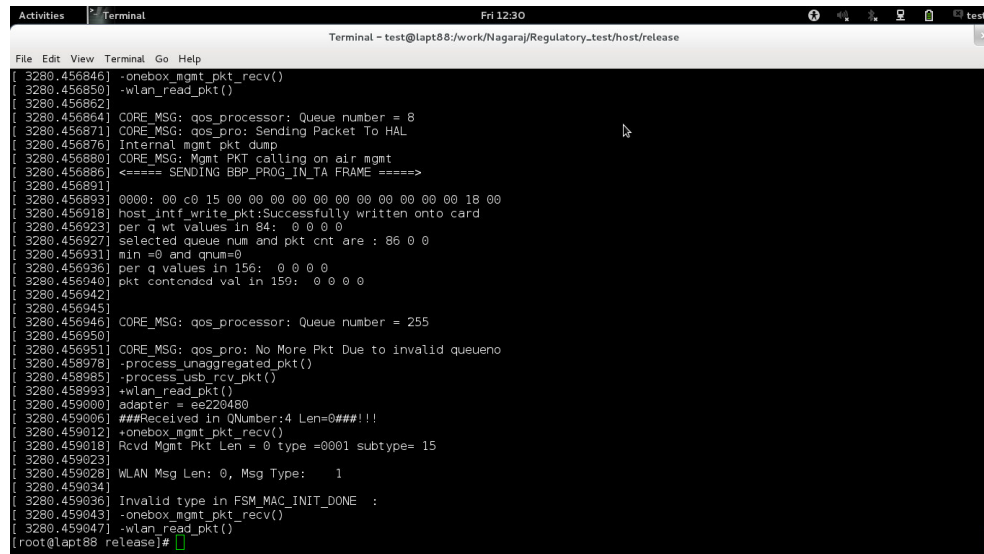
```
DRIVER_MODE = 2
```

```
COEX_MODE = 1
```

Run the following command to install the Driver in Performance Test mode:

```
# sh wlan_insert.sh
```

Please type “**dmesg**” in the terminal and press enter key and check for the below print for check if driver has been loaded properly.



```

Terminal - test@lapt88:/work/Nagaraj/Regulatory_test/host/release
File Edit View Terminal Go Help
[ 3280.456846] -onebox_mgmt_pkt_rcv()
[ 3280.456850] -wlan_read_pkt()
[ 3280.456852]
[ 3280.456864] CORE_MSG: qos_processor: Queue number = 8
[ 3280.456871] CORE_MSG: qos_pro: Sending Packet To HAL
[ 3280.456876] Internal mgmt pkt dump
[ 3280.456880] CORE_MSG: Mgmt PKT calling on air mgmt
[ 3280.456886] <===== SENDING BBP_PROG_IN_TA_FRAME =====>
[ 3280.456891]
[ 3280.456893] 0000: 00 c0 15 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 18 00
[ 3280.456918] host_intf_write_pkt:Successfully written onto card
[ 3280.456923] per q wt values in 84: 0 0 0 0
[ 3280.456927] selected queue num and pkt cnt are : 86 0 0
[ 3280.456931] min =0 and qnum=0
[ 3280.456936] per q values in 156: 0 0 0 0
[ 3280.456940] pkt contended val in 159: 0 0 0 0
[ 3280.456942]
[ 3280.456945]
[ 3280.456946] CORE_MSG: qos_processor: Queue number = 255
[ 3280.456950]
[ 3280.456951] CORE_MSG: qos_pro: No More Pkt Due to invalid queueno
[ 3280.456978] -process_unaggregated_pkt()
[ 3280.456985] -process_usb_rcv_pkt()
[ 3280.456993] wlan_read_pkt()
[ 3280.459000] adapter = e6220480
[ 3280.459006] ###Received in QNumber:4 Len=0###!!!
[ 3280.459012] -onebox_mgmt_pkt_rcv()
[ 3280.459018] Rcvd Mgmt Pkt Len = 0 type =0001 subtype= 15
[ 3280.459023]
[ 3280.459026] WLAN Msg Len: 0, Msg Type: 1
[ 3280.459034]
[ 3280.459036] Invalid type in FSM_MAC_INIT_DONE :
[ 3280.459043] -onebox_mgmt_pkt_rcv()
[ 3280.459047] -wlan_read_pkt()
[root@lapt88 release]#

```

Next, follow the instructions below to run the Transmit and Receive tests.

### 2.1 Transmit Tests

The “transmit” utility, present in the “release” folder allows the configuration of the following parameters and starts the transmission of packets.

- 1) Transmit Power
- 2) Transmit Data Rate
- 3) Packet Length
- 4) Transmit Mode
- 5) Channel Number

- 6) External PA Enable/Disable<sup>1</sup>
- 7) Rate Flags like Short GI, Greenfield, etc.
- 8) Enable/Disable Aggregation
- 9) Number of packets to be transmitted in Burst Mode
- 10) Delay between packets in Burst Mode
- 11) Regulatory Domain

### 2.1.1 Transmit Command

```
./transmit
<tpow> <rate> <len> <mode> <chan> <expa> <rf> <aggr> <num> <delay>
> <reg>
```

### 2.1.2 Transmit Command Description

The command usage is explained below.

<tpow>: Transmit power in dBm for controlling transmit power. To set the transmit power value, enter a value either between -7 and 18. If a value of 127 is entered, the packet will be transmitted at the maximum power from the Transmit power table in the module.

<rate>: Transmit Data Rate. To set the transmit data rate, select a value from 1, 2, 5.5, 11, 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54, mcs0, mcs1, mcs2, mcs3, mcs4, mcs5, mcs6 and mcs7.

<len>: Transmit packet length in bytes. Enter a value between 24 and 1536 when aggregation is not enabled and between 24 and 30000 when aggregation is enabled.

<mode>: Transmit mode. Enter 0 for Burst mode and 1 for Continuous mode.

<chan>: Transmit channel number. The following table maps the channel numbers to the center frequency for 20MHz bandwidth modes in 2.4GHz and 5GHz band.

Band (GHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel Number	Center Frequency (MHz)
2.4	20	1	2412
2.4	20	2	2417
2.4	20	3	2422
2.4	20	4	2427
2.4	20	5	2432

<sup>1</sup> This is not supported in the current release.

Band (GHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel Number	Center Frequency (MHz)
2.4	20	6	2437
2.4	20	7	2442
2.4	20	8	2447
2.4	20	9	2452
2.4	20	10	2457
2.4	20	11	2462
5	20	36	5180
5	20	40	5200
5	20	44	5220
5	20	48	5240
5	20	149	5745
5	20	153	5765
5	20	157	5785
5	20	161	5805
5	20	165	5825

**Table 1: Channel Numbers and Corresponding Center Frequencies**

<expa>: Enable/Disable External PA. This parameter is not supported in the current release.

<rf>: Rate Flags. This parameter is used to enable/disable Short GI and Greenfield and also to set the channel width of the transmitted packets. The table below explains the flags that can be enabled and disabled. Multiple flags can be set at a time.

Bit	Description
0	Short GI 0 – Disable Short GI 1 – Enable Short GI
1	Greenfield transmission 0 – Disable Greenfield transmission



	1 – Enable Greenfield transmission
--	------------------------------------

**Table 2: Rate Flags for Transmit Tests**

<aggr>: Enable/Disable Aggregation. Enter 0 to disable aggregation and 1 to enable aggregation. The packet length is divided into chunks of size 1792 bytes and aggregated. This parameter applies only to the Burst mode transmission and is ignored in the case of Continuous mode of transmission.

<num>: Number of packets to be transmitted in Burst mode. The transmission stops after the number of packets specified by this parameter are transmitted in the Burst mode. If this value is 0, then the transmission will not stop until the user gives the “./transmit 0” command to stop the transmissions. This parameter is ignored in the case of Continuous mode of transmission.

<delay>: Delay between packets in Burst mode. This parameter is used to introduce a delay between any two packets. The delay has to be specified in microseconds. If this value is 0, then the packets will be transmitted without any delay. This parameter is ignored in the case of Continuous mode of transmission.

<reg>: Regulatory Domain. Refer the table below for the mapping of values to the regulatory domains.

Input Value	Regulatory Domain
0	US (FCC)

**Table 3: Regulatory Domain Input in Transmit Tests**

NOTE: After the transmission starts, the following commands need to be given to stop the transmissions.  
 Burst Mode: ./transmit 0  
 Continuous Mode: ./transmit 0

### 2.1.3 Examples

```
#!/transmit 254 1000 1 11 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

The above command starts continuous transmission with the following configuration:

Transmit gain – 2dbm

Data rate – 54Mbps

Packet Length – 1000 bytes

Transmit mode – 1 (continuous mode).

Channel number – 11

External PA – disabled

Rate flags – 0

Aggregation – disabled (ignored in continuous mode)

Number of packets to be transmitted – 0(ignored in continuous mode)

Delay between the packets – 0(ignored in continuous mode)

Regulatory Domain is set to – US Domain

```
# ./transmit 12 36 1000 0 6 0 0 0 0 1000 0 0
```

The above command starts burst mode transmission with the following configuration:

Transmit gain – 12dBm

Data rate – 36Mbps

Packet Length – 1000 bytes

Transmit mode – 0 (Burst mode).

Channel number – 6

External PA – disabled

Rate flags – disabled

Aggregation – disabled

Number of packets to be transmitted – 1000

Delay between the packets – 0

Regulatory Domain is set to – US Domain

## 2.2 Receive Tests

The “receive” utility, present in the “release” folder, can be invoked for displaying the following information

- Total number of CRC PASS packets
- Total number of CRC FAIL packets and
- Total number of FALSE CCAs

### 2.2.1 Receive Command

```
# ./receive <filename><channel_number><start/stop><channel_width>
```

### 2.2.2 Receive Command Description

<filename>: Name of the file into which the statistics will be logged, in addition to being displayed on the console.

<channel\_number><sup>2</sup>: Channel number in which the statistics need to be logged. Refer to the Table 1 in [Section 2.1.2](#) for more details.

---

<start/stop>: Parameter to start or stop logging the statistics. Enter 0 to start logging and 1 to stop logging.

<channel\_width>: Operating bandwidth of the channel.

### 2.2.3 Examples

```
# ./receive stats 6 0 0
```

The above command starts the receive utility and logs statistics with the following parameters.

Filename – stats

Channel number – 6

Channel Width – 20MHz

The test utility displays the following information:

- Total number of packets received with correct CRC.
- Total number of packets received with incorrect CRC.
- Total number of False CCA's received.

```
# ./receive stats 6 1 0
```

The above command will stop the receive application

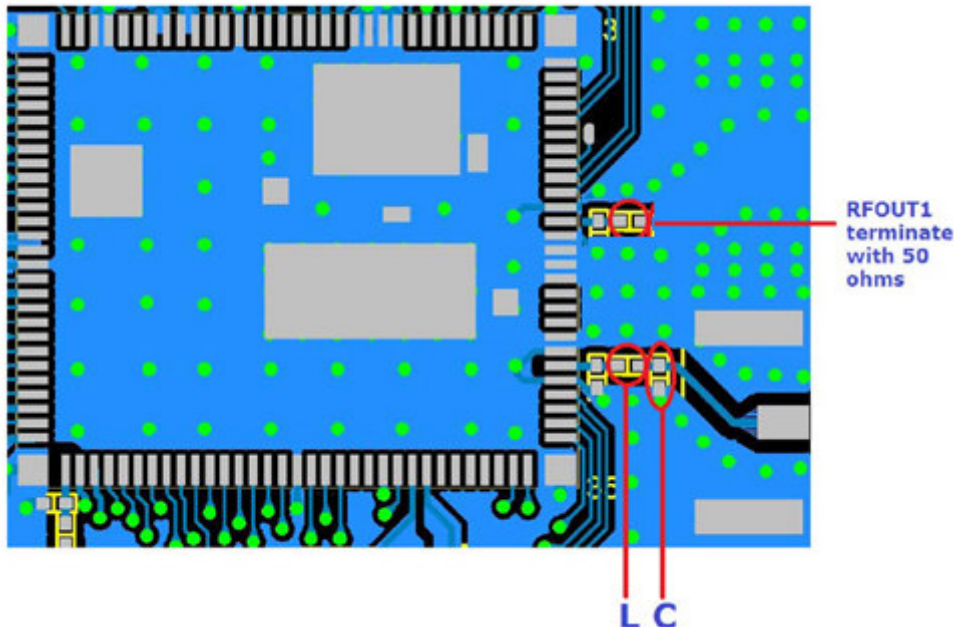
### 3 Instructions for integration of the host module

The user has to follow the final design are as per the Redpine recommendation. Below are the points to follow

#### 3.1 Trace layout and dimensions:

Trace

- 1) Trace Width :: 15.1 mil
- 2) Trace Length :: 403 mil
- 3) Trace to Copper gap :: 23.6 mil
- 4) Trace Impedance :: 50 ohm
- 5) Used an inductor and capacitor to match 50 ohm.
- 6) Below image shows the front end circuit



#### 3.2 Manufacturer and specifications:

- 1) Resistor value :: 50ohms and Yageo manufacturer  
Part Number:: RC0402JR-0751RL
- 2) Inductor value :: 0.6nH and Murata manufacturer  
Part Number:: MLG1005SON6CT000
- 3) Capacitor Value :: 0.5pF and Murata manufacturer  
Part Number:: GRM1555C1HR50BA01D
- 4) SMA Connector :: Edge Mount and Amphenol manufacturer  
Part Number:: 132357-11

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## 4 FCC Declaration

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

CAUTION: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator & your body.

### End Product Labeling

This Module is labeled with its own FCC ID. If the FCC ID Certification Number is not visible while installed inside another device, then the device should display the label on it referring the enclosed module. In that case, the final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following:

"Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: XF6-RS9113DBH"

OR

"Contains FCC ID: XF6-RS9113DBH"

The OEM should not provide information to the end user regarding installation or removal of this RF module or change RF related parameters in the user manual of the end product.

The OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

énoncé de la FCC (états-Unis seulement) Cet équipement a été testé et jugé conforme aux limites de Classe B pour un appareil numérique, en vertu de l'article 15 de la réglementation de la FCC. Ces limites ont été instaurées pour fournir une protection raisonnable contre toute interférence nuisible dans une installation résidentielle. Cet équipement génère, utilise

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et peut émettre de l'énergie radiofréquence. S'il n'est pas installé et utilisé conformément aux instructions, il peut provoquer des interférences sur les communications radio. Cependant, il n'est pas garanti que des interférences ne se produiront pas dans certaines installations. Si cet équipement cause des interférences à la réception radio ou télévisée (ce qui peut être vérifié en éteignant l'appareil puis en le remettant sous tension),

l'utilisateur peut tenter de résoudre en suivant une ou plusieurs des mesures ci-après :

Réorienter ou déplacer l'antenne réceptrice.

Augmenter l'espace entre l'appareil et le récepteur. Brancher l'appareil à une prise de courant différente de celle sur laquelle le récepteur est branché. Pour obtenir de l'aide, contacter le vendeur ou un technicien radio/television expérimenté.

REMARQUE: Toute modification non autorisée expressément par le fabricant responsable de la conformité peut annuler le droit de l'utilisateur à faire fonctionner le produit.

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