

# 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module

## User Manual Ver 3.0

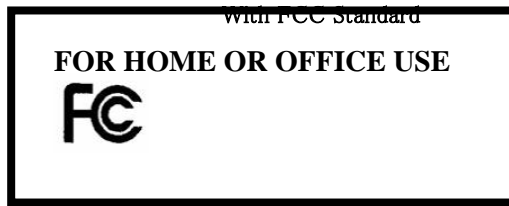
## Table of Contents

Chapter 0. Introduction .....	5
■ Package Contents .....	5
■ Form Factor .....	5
■ System Requirements for Configuration:.....	5
Chapter 1. Wireless LAN Network .....	6
1.1 Overview.....	6
1.1.1 SSID.....	6
1.1.2 Channel .....	6
1.1.3 Transmission Rate (Tx Rate).....	6
1.1.4 Wireless Network Application .....	6
Ad-Hoc (IBSS) .....	6
Access Point Mode .....	7
Chapter 2. How to Install WLAN driver and Utility .....	8
2.1 Plug your 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter .....	8
2.2 Insert the supplied Setup CD.....	8
Chapter 3. Windows XP Installation Notes.....	10
Chapter 4. How to use the WLAN Utility(Station) .....	12
4.1 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter Configuration Tools .....	12
4.2 Open the WLAN Utility .....	12
4.3 More Setting ... ..	13
4.3.1 “General Connection Setting” group: .....	14
SSID :.....	14
Channel : .....	14
TX Rate : .....	14
Network Type :.....	14
Encryption :.....	14
Authentication Mode : .....	14
4.3.2 Encryption Setting :.....	15
4.2.4 “Other” group: .....	16
4.2.5 Information .....	17
Chapter 5. How to use the WLAN Utility(Access Point) .....	18
5.1 Introduction.....	18
5.1.1 Additional Setup Requirement.....	18
5.2 The 802.11g WLAN Adapter Utility Screen .....	18
Chapter 6. Troubleshooting .....	20

6.1 Problems Starting the WLAN Utility Program .....	20
6.2 Problem with the Link Status.....	20
Appendix A .....	21
Ad-Hoc(Peer to Peer) Mode Setup .....	21
<input type="checkbox"/> Application : Access the Internet without an AP .....	21
<input type="checkbox"/> Check whether the Setup is success.....	26
<input type="checkbox"/> Application : Data sharing between computers .....	27

FCC DoC Labeling

Tested to Comply

**FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**NOTE**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiated radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter**

For product available in the USA market, only channel 1~11 can be operated. Selection of other channels is not possible.

This EUT is in compliance with SAR for general population /uncontrolled exposure limits in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

**Prohibition of co-location**

This device and its antenna(s) must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter

## Chapter 0. Introduction

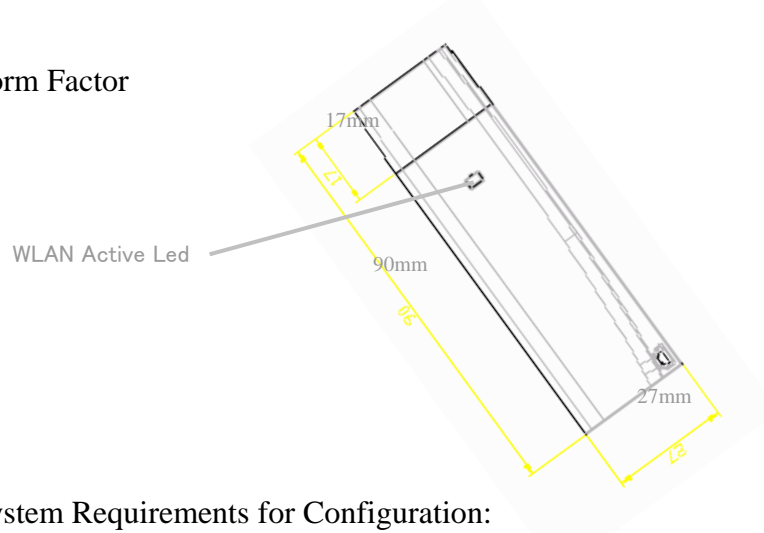
Thank you for using our WLAN product. This installation guide will help you install 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module and connect to the Internet quick & easy.

### ■ Package Contents

1. 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module
2. Quick Installation Guide
3. Manual & Driver on CD Disc
4. USB cable (Optional)

*If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.*

### ■ Form Factor



### ■ System Requirements for Configuration:

- A laptop or notebook computer with an available usb port(2.0 or 1.1)
- Windows XP, Windows 2000, Windows Me, or Windows 98SE
- At least 32 MB of memory and a 300 MHz processor
- An 802.11g or 802.11b Access Point (*for Infrastructure mode*), or another 802.11g or 802.11b wireless module.

Note: USB port version 2.0 is required for 11g performance. To take full advantage of this module's features, please upgrade the USB port on your laptop or PC to version 2.0.



## Chapter 1. Wireless LAN Network

### 1.1 Overview

This section describes the wireless LAN network terms and applications.

#### 1.1.1 SSID

The SSID (Service Set Identity) is a unique name shared among all wireless devices in a wireless network. Wireless devices must have the same SSID to communicate with each other.

#### 1.1.2 Channel

A radio frequency used by a wireless device is called a channel.

#### 1.1.3 Transmission Rate (Tx Rate)

The **802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module** provides various transmission (data) rate options for you to select. Options include **Auto, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 5.5 Mbps, 11 Mbps, 6 Mbps, 9 Mbps, 12 Mbps, 18 Mbps, 24 Mbps, 36 Mbps, 48 Mbps, and 54 Mbps**. In most networking scenarios, the factory default Auto setting proves the most efficient. This setting allows your **WLAN Module** to operate at the maximum transmission (data) rate. When the communication quality drops below a certain level, the **WLAN Module** automatically switches to a lower transmission (data) rate. Transmission at lower data speeds is usually more reliable. However, when the communication quality improves again, the **WLAN Module** gradually increases the transmission (data) rate again until it reaches the highest available transmission rate.

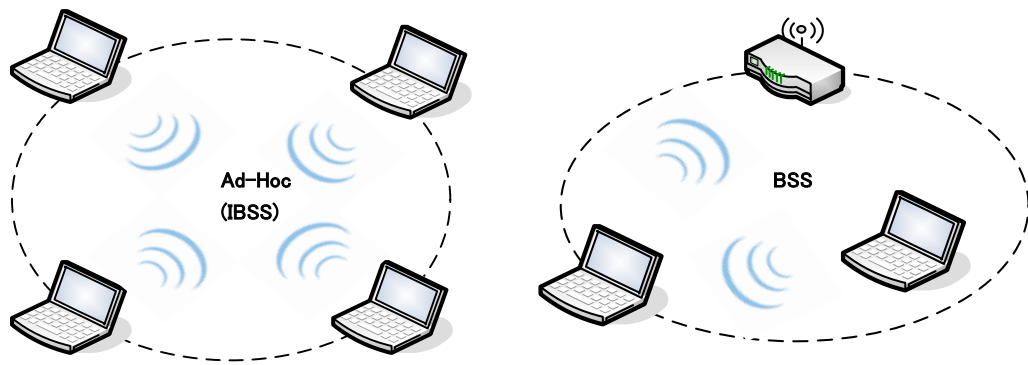
You can select any of the above options. If you wish to balance speed versus reliability, select 48 Mbps or 54 Mbps in a networking environment where you are certain that all wireless devices can communicate at the highest transmission (data) rate. 1 Mbps or 2 Mbps are used often in networking environments where the range of the wireless connection is more important than speed.

#### 1.1.4 Wireless Network Application

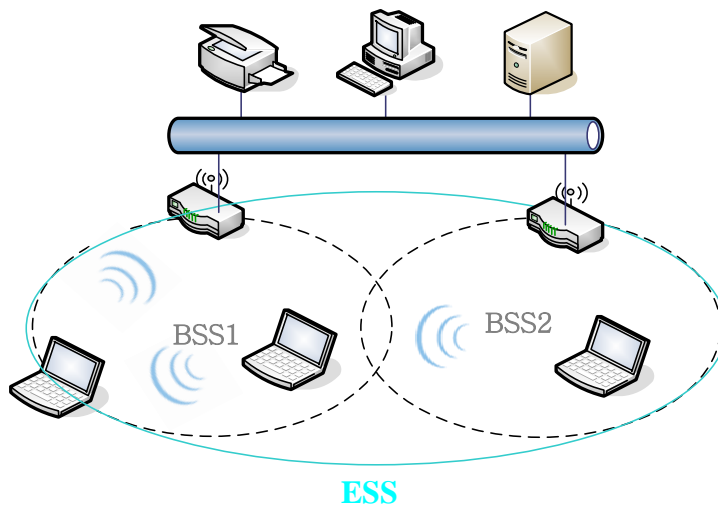
Wireless LAN works in either of the two modes: ad-hoc and infrastructure. To connect to a wired network within a coverage area using Access Points (APs), set the WLAN Module operation mode to Infrastructure (BSS). An AP acts as a bridge between the wireless stations and the wired network. In case you do not wish to connect to a wired network, but prefer to set up a small independent wireless workgroup without an AP, use the Ad-hoc (IBSS) (Independent Basic Service Set) mode.

##### Ad-Hoc (IBSS)

Ad-hoc mode does not require an AP or a wired network. Two or more wireless stations communicate directly to each other. An ad-hoc network may sometimes be referred to as an Independent Basic Service Set (IBSS).

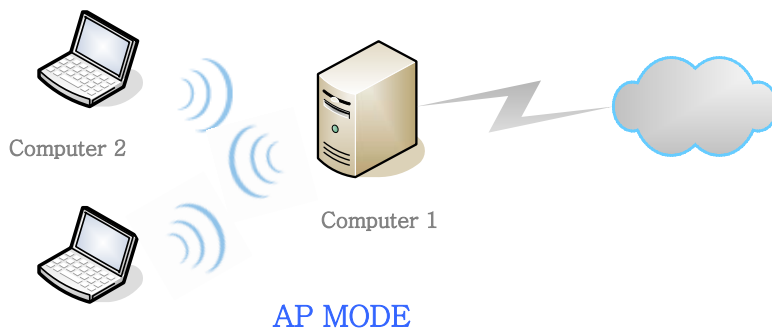


A series of overlapping BSS and a network medium, such as an Ethernet forms an Extended Service Set (ESS) or infrastructure network. All communication is done through the AP, which relays data packets to other wireless stations or devices connected to the wired network. Wireless stations can then access resource, such as the printer, on the wired network.



### Access Point Mode

The following figure depicts a network example in which you set the WLAN module in access point mode.



In the example, the WLAN module is installed on computer A and set to operate in access point mode. Computer 1 shares Internet connection to the wireless LAN, so wireless computer 2 and 3 can access the Internet.

## Chapter 2. How to Install WLAN driver and Utility

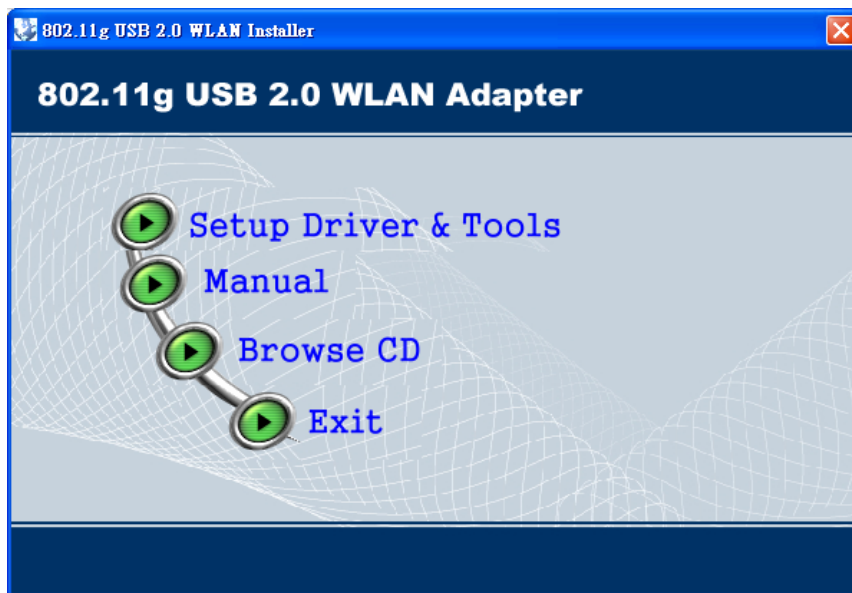
To install the module, please read and follow the instructions below.

### 2.1 Insert the supplied Setup CD

Insert the supplied Setup CD into your CD-ROM drive , and you'll see the software installation window as shown below. (please direct to next)

### 2.2 Plug your 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module

Plug your 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module into a USB port on your machine.



- 2.3 Once your system detects the device, the **Found New Hardware Wizard** dialog box appears. Select the **Recommended** option and click **Next** to proceed.





2.4 Your PC will recognize the device of “802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module”, and click “Next” to install driver.

2.5 Finally, click the “Finish” to leave this dialogue window.

2.6 Click “Setup Driver & Tools”(Installation Windows), and choose the “default” item through the installation process.

2.7 After successful installation, you’ll see the new icon appear in the Icon Tray.



802.11g Wireless Configuration Tool icon appears in the system tray.

Double-click the icon to launch the application and open the configuration tools dialog box to configure your module.

For more details about WLAN’s configuration tools, please refer to Figure 4-1.

## Chapter 3. Windows XP Installation Notes

Windows XP has a built-in configuration tool, **Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration**, available to assist you in managing your wireless networks. you use the provided **802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module** to manage your module. To use the Zero Configuration tool, refer to Chapter 5.

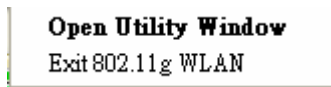
When you use the Windows XP configuration tool and the WLAN Utility to configure the WLAN Module at the same time, the WLAN Utility icon does not display or is grayed out.

To use the **Wireless LAN Configuration Tool Plus** under Windows XP, you need to disable the default settings of your **Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration** utility. Follow the procedure below.

1. Right-click the **Wireless LAN Configuration Tool Plus** to **Exit** from the program. Do this before you try to access Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration. See Figure 3-1 and Figure 3-2.



**Figure 3-1** Wireless LAN Configuration Tool Plus Icon



**Figure 3-2** Right-click Menu of the System Tray Icon

2. Right-click the **Network Connections** icon in the task bar to open the **Wireless Network Connection Status** dialog box. Select **Properties**. See Figure 3-3.

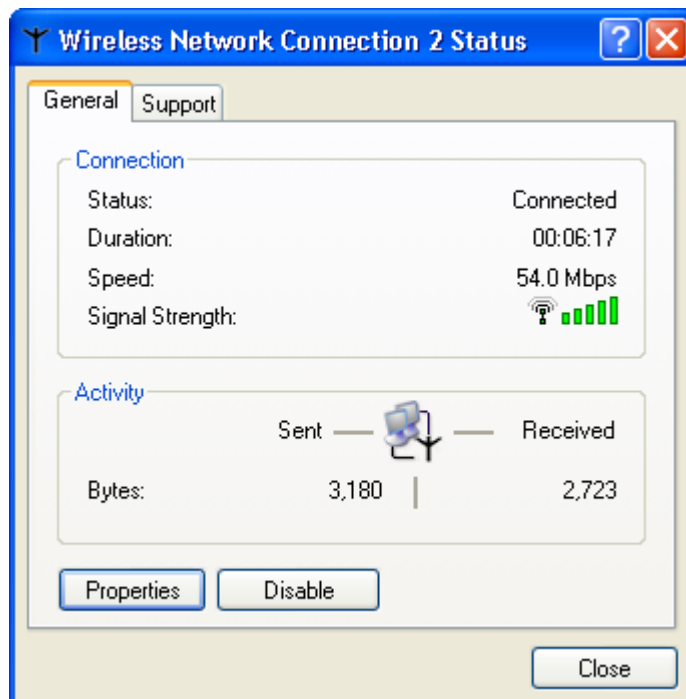


Figure 3-3 Wireless Network Connection Status Dialog Box

3. Choose the **Wireless Networks** tab in the Wireless Network Connection Properties dialog box, and uncheck the **Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings** checkbox. See Figure 3-4.

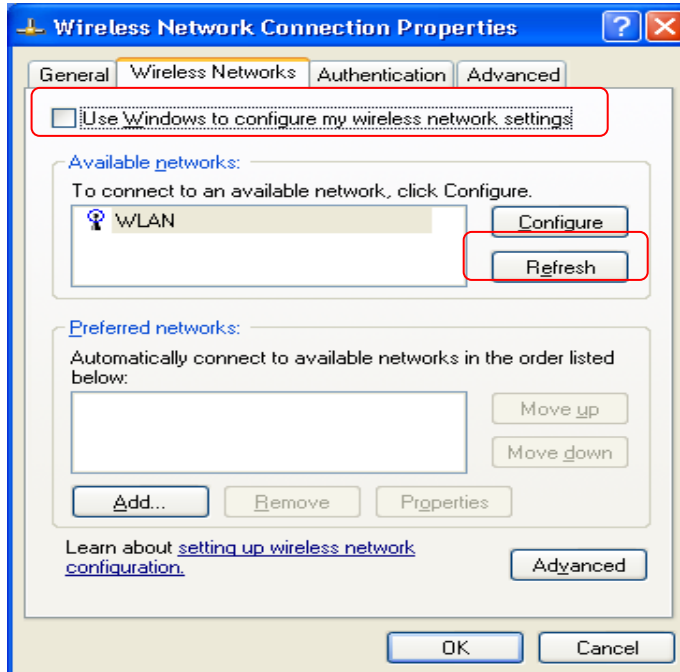


Figure 3-4 Wireless Network Connection Properties Dialog Box

4. Click **OK**. The Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration is now disabled. You can now monitor and configure the module via **Wireless LAN Configuration Tool Plus**. For more information on the **Wireless LAN Configuration Tool Plus**, please refer to Figure 4-1, Configuration Utility. If you wish to use the Windows XP Wireless Zero Configuration, refer to Figure 3-4, Using Wireless Zero Configuration for Managing the Module.

## Chapter 4. How to use the WLAN Utility(Station)

### 4.1 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module Configuration Tools

If you use the WinXP OS , the “Zero Configuration” of WinXP will be disable first , then WLAN Utility can be used.

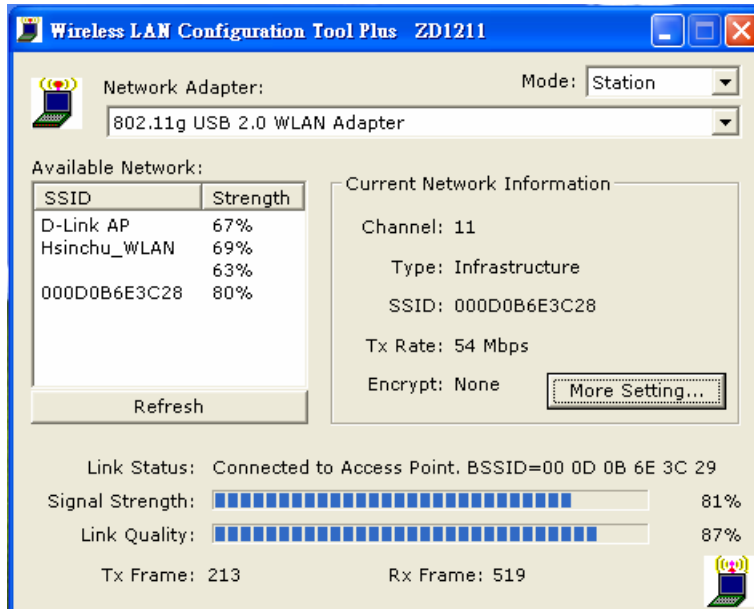


Figure 4-1

### 4.2 Open the WLAN Utility .

The Window is as shown in “Figure 4-1”.

The module can be set at “Station” or “Access Point” Mode from the Mode drop down menu. Station mode is selected for the document.

- You can site survey the neighboring **SSID** site by pressing the “Refresh”, then sites name and signals strength of available **SSID** sites are shown on the “**Available Network**” field.
- Double click the SSID site from “Available Network” field, and the SSID can be connected directly.
- The information of the SSID is shown on the “ Current Network Information”.
- Show the BSSID of connecting AP on the “Link Status” filed.
- “Signal Strength” and “Link Quality” shown on diagrammatic curve, and described with percentage.
- Record the number of Tx frames on the filed of “Tx Frame”.
- Record the number of Rx frames on the filed of “Rx Frame”.

### 4.3 More Setting ...

Click “**More Setting**” icon of Figure 4-1 to enter **More Setting** window (Please see Figure 4-2.)

#### 4.3.1 “General Connection Setting” group:

- Read the current status from the group if the “**Change**” button is not pressed.
- Press “Change” button for modifying the status, when the modification is finished, press “Apply” to save it. The button “**Change**” and “**Apply**” is alternately shown on the same position.

#### **SSID:**

The **SSID** (Service Set Identifier), also known as the Network Name, must be unique to distinguish itself as a particular wireless network. All wireless points in the network area share the same SSID. Type your network SSID in the SSID field to associate with access points or stations within the specified wireless LAN.

#### **Channel:**

This is the radio channel used by wireless devices within the network for communication. This command is only available while you are operating in the mode. Specify the operating radio frequency channel from the pull-down menu if you are the creator of the wireless network. If you are joining an existing network you do not need to select the channel; configure the SSID and click **Apply** changes.

**Note: The available channels differ from country to country. The channel number must be the same between the entries/stations within the network, so that each station can communicate with the other stations**

#### **TX Rate:**

Select the transmission rate from “Tx Rate” drop down menu.

#### **Network Type:**

Select the “Infrastructure” Mode from the “Network Type” drop down menu.

#### **Authentication:**

Select from the “Authentication” drop down menu:

**Open System, Shared Key, Auto, WPA, WPA PSK, WPA2, WPA2 PSK**

#### **Encryption:**

Select from “Encryption” drop down menu: **Disable, WEP, TKIP, AES**

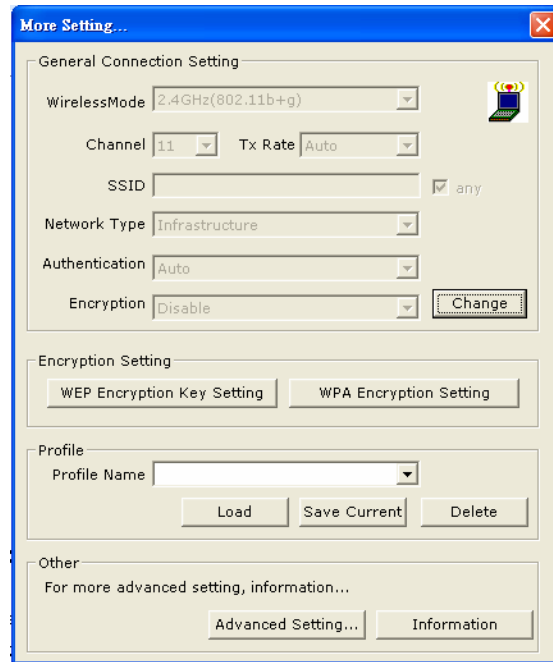


Figure 4-2

### 4.3.2 Encryption Setting:

#### 4.3.2.1 WEP Encryption Key Setting

Press “WEP Encryption Key Setting” to enter the “WEP Key Setting” page shown as Figure 4-3-1.

- Press the “Change” button to modify the contents of “WEP Key setting”, when it is finished, press “Apply” to save it. The button “Change” and “Apply” is alternately shown on the same position.
- Select which key length 64,128 or 256 bits will be modified or used by “Key Length” item.
- Select which key set will be use by the field of “Default Key ID”
- Modify the 4 sets key depending on the selected key length on the field of “Key Value”. The key value is used the hexadecimal format.

#### 4.3.2.2 WPA Encryption Setting

Press “WPA Encryption Setting” to enter the “WPA Setting” page shown as Figure 4-3-2.

- Press the “Change” button to modify the contents of “WPA setting”, when it is finished, press “Apply” to save it. The button “Change” and “Apply” is alternately shown on the same position.
- Select from the Protocol drop-down menu for the Protocol setting: TLS, PEAP, TTLS
- Setting “User Name”, “Password”, and “Phase2 Auth” drop-down menu per Protocol setting.
- Pre-shared key setting: “Passphrase”, and “Key Format” select (ASCII or Hexadecimal)
- “Certificate” selection per Protocol setting.

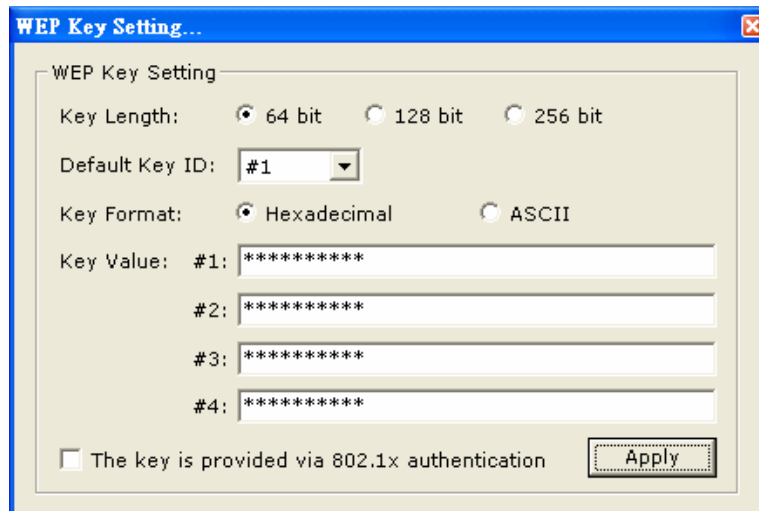


Figure 4-3-1

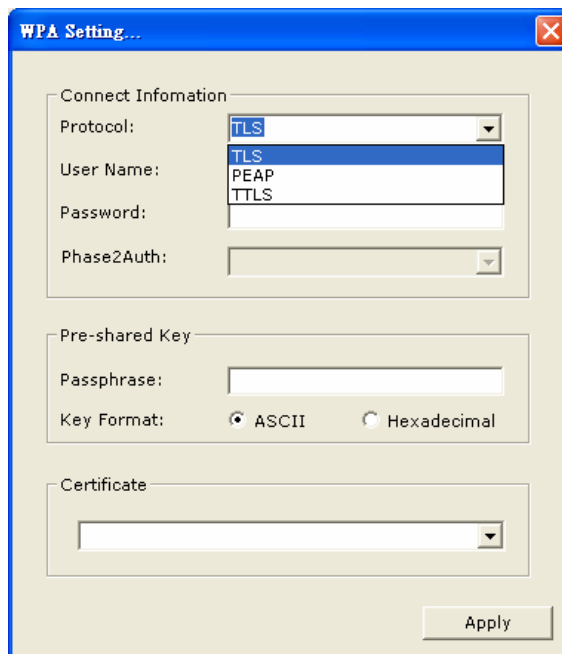


Figure 4-3-2

#### 4.3.3 “Profile ” group:

- Select the profile(Figure 4-2) that has been saved previously from the “Profile name” drop down .  
menu, then press “Load ” button to load the status to use.
- Write the profile name on the field of “Profile name”, and press the “Save Current” button to save the current status on the profile.
- Select the profile name that wanted to delete from the “Profile name” drop down menu, and press “Delete” button to delete it

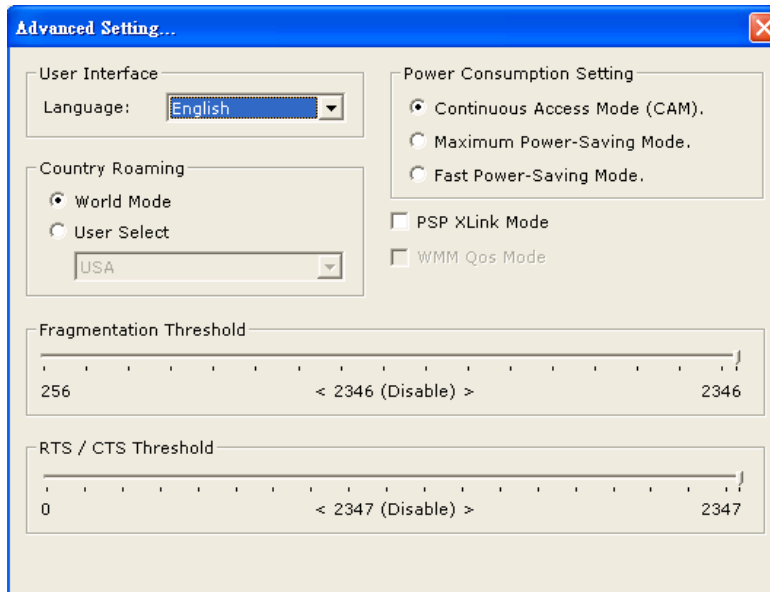


Figure 4-4

#### 4.2.4 “Other” group:

Press the “**Advanced Setting**” button, then the Advanced Setting page is shown as Figure 4-4.

- Select the Window User Interface by the “**Language**” down drop menu.  
If the English item is selected, all functions of window are described with English. Select the Traditional Chinese item, and they are described with Traditional Chinese.
- At “**Power consumption Setting**” group, select which power save level want to be set by checking CAM Mode, Fast Power-Saving mode or Maximum Power-Saving mode. The default is CAM mode. If the most save mode want to use, select the Maximum Power-Saving mode, but it throughput is lower than CAM and Fast Power-Saving mode. The throughput of “Fast Power-Saving mode” is better than “Maximum Power-Saving mode”, but its power save is less than “Maximum Power-Saving mode”.
- At “**Country Roaming**” group, the default depends on the region of EEPROM. Select other region from “User Select” drop down menu, or check “World Mode” item to set it to the word mode. When the word mode is set, it depends on the behavior of AP. If the WLAN card is re-plug , the setting will return to default setting.
- At “**Fragmentation Threshold**” bar, drop and move cursor to set the fragmentation threshold point, the range is from 256 to 2346 bytes.
- At “**RTS / CTS Threshold**” bar, drop and move the cursor to set the RTS threshold point, the range is from 0 to 2347 bytes.
- Its coming with special features and software which make it fully compatible to any PSP. Black or Ceramic White with any firmware in it ; The modules are coming with access point option (AP) which means that you can create AP without any additional



software or hardware AP or wireless routers. Your PSP will find it in INFRASTRUCTURE MODE after using option SCAN :o)) AP has WEP security, MAC address filtering and bridge connection option!

PSP will connect to the internet if You have one and will be fully capable of any wireless activities in a minute!!!

- Wireless Multimedia Enhancements Quality of Service support (QoS) / enhanced power saving for Dynamic Networking

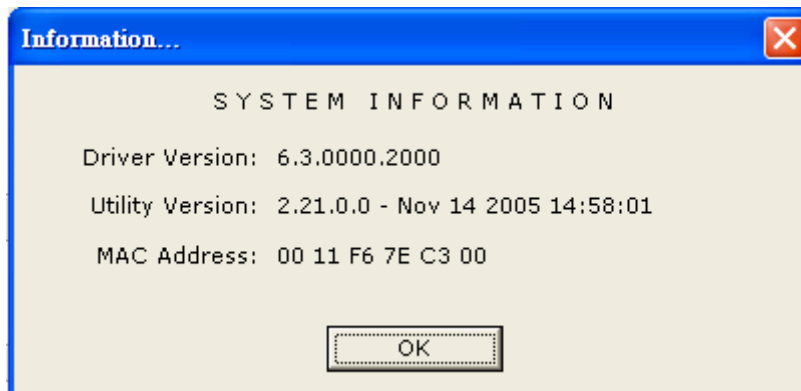


Figure 4-5

#### 4.2.5 Information

Press the "Information" button to enter the "Information" page shown as Figure 4-5. It includes the Driver version, Utility Version and MAC Address.

## Chapter 5. How to use the WLAN Utility(Access Point)

### 5.1 Introduction

To set your 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module as an Access Point(AP) , reference In Access Point mode , your 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module as an AP . this allows you to set up your wireless network without using a dedicate AP device. Up to 16 wireless station can associate to 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module.

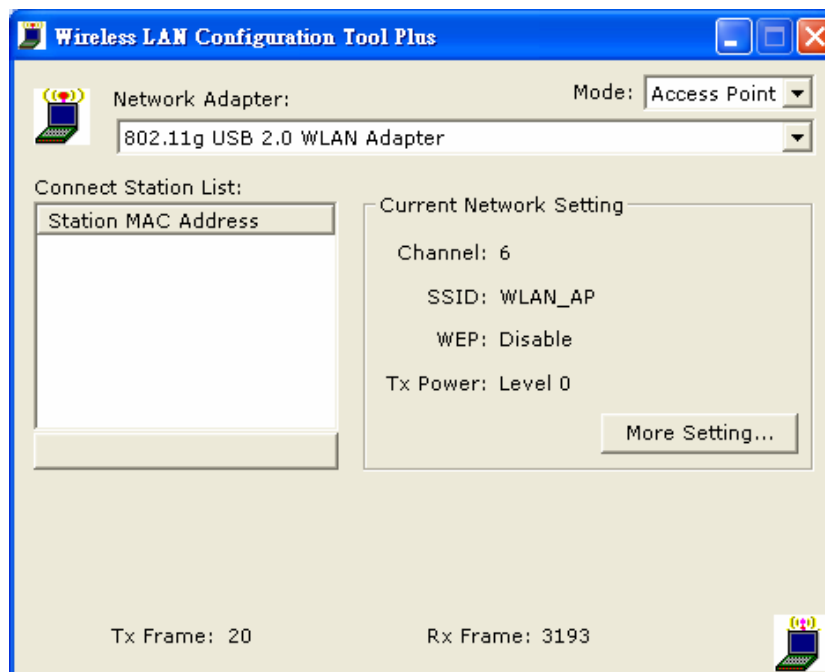
#### 5.1.1 Additional Setup Requirement

To bridge wireless and wired using the 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module, The following requirement must be met.

1. The 802.11g USB 2.0WLAN Module must be installed a computer connect to the wired network.
2. Either configure network sharing or bridge the two interfaces(Wireless & Wired) on the computer.
3. Set the wireless station's IP address to be in the same subnet as the computer in which 802.11g WLAN module is installed.

### 5.2 The 802.11g WLAN module Utility Screen

5.2.1 Select "ACCESS POINT" in the MODE field to display the screen as shown.



ACCESS POINT Mode

5.2.2 click "More Setting..." in the 802.11g USB 2.0 WLAN Module screen to display the screen as shown.

**Access Point Setting**

General Connection Setting

Channel: 6

Basic Rate: 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps

SSID: WLAN\_AP

Hide SSID

Tx Power: Level 0 (Maximum Power) Change

WEP: Disable Setting

Authentication Mode: Open System

Fragment: [Slider] Disable

RTS/CTS: [Slider] Disable

Preamble: Long

MAC Address Filter: Setting

Bridge Adapter: No bridge

## Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

### 6.1 Problems Starting the WLAN Utility Program

Cannot start the 802.11g WLAN Module Wireless LAN Utility	Make sure the 802.11g WLAN Module is properly inserted and the LED(s) is on.
	Use the Device Manager to check for possible hardware conflicts. Click Start, Settings, Control Panel, System, Hardware and Device Manager. Verify the status of the 802.11g WLAN Module under Network module. (Steps may vary depending on the version of Windows).
	Install the 802.11g WLAN Module in another computer.
	If the error persists, you may have a hardware problem. In this case, you should contact your local vendor.
The 802.11g WLAN Module Utility icon does not display	When the 802.11g Wireless LAN Utility icon does not display, you are using the Windows XP wireless configuration tool at the same time. Refer to the Chapter 3 to disable the Windows XP wireless configuration tool.

### 6.2 Problem with the Link Status

PROBLEM	CORRECTIVE ACTION
The link quality and/or signal strength is poor all the time.	Search and connect to another AP with a better link quality using the Site Survey screen. Move your computer closer to the AP or the peer computer(s) within the transmission range. There may be too much radio interference (for example microwave or another AP using the same channel) around your wireless network. Relocate or reduce the radio interference.
In wireless station mode, the computer with the 802.11g WLAN Module installed cannot communicate with the other computer(s).	
A. Infrastructure	Make sure that the AP and the associated computers are turned on and working properly. Make sure the 802.11g WLAN Module computer and the associated AP use the same SSID. Change the AP and the associated wireless clients to use another radio channel if interference is high. Make sure that the computer and the AP share the same security option and key. Verify the settings in the Security screen.
B. IBSS	Verify that the peer computer(s) is turned on. Make sure the 802.11g WLAN Module computer and the peer computer(s) are using the same SS ID and channel. Make sure that the computer and the peer computer(s) share the same security option and key. Change the wireless clients to use another radio channel if interference is high.
In access point mode, the wireless station(s) cannot associate to the 802.11g WLAN Module	Verify that the computer with the 802.11g WLAN Module installed is turned on. Make sure the wireless station(s) uses the same SSID as the 802.11g WLAN Module. Make sure the wireless station(s) uses the same security option and/or WEP keys. Verify that the wireless station(s) is not blocked in the MAC Filter screen.