Wireless-N Broadband Router

W316R

Notice:

RF Exposure Statement

To maintain compliance with FCC's RF Exposure guidelines, This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance between 20cm the radiator your body: Use only the supplied antenna.

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Contents

CHAPTER 1 PRODUCT INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Package Contents	2
1.2 LED Indicators and Port Description	2
CHAPTER 2 PRODUCT INSTALLATION	5
CHAPTER 3 HOW TO CONFIGURE TO ACCESS THE	
INTERNET	7
3.1 How to Set the Network Configurations	7
3.2 Log in to the Router	14
3.3 FAST INTERNET ACCESS	16
3.4 FAST ENCRYPTION	18
CHAPTER 4 ADVANCED SETTINGS	19
4.1 System Status	19
4.2 WAN SETTINGS	21
4.3 LAN SETTINGS	28
4.4 DNS SETTINGS	29
4.5 Bandwidth Control	30
4.6 Traffic Statistics	35
CHAPTER 5 WLAN SETTINGS	37
5.1 Wireless Basic Settings	37
5.2 Wireless Security Settings	43
5.2.1 WPS SETTINGS	44
5.3 WIRELESS ACCESS CONTROL	48
5.4 Connection Status	49
CHADTED & DHCD SERVER	40

6.1 DHCP SETTINGS	49
6.2 DHCP CLIENT LIST	50
CHAPTER 7 VIRTUAL SERVER	52
7.1 Port Range Forwarding	52
7.2 DMZ SETTINGS	56
7.3 UPNP SETTINGS	57
CHAPTER 8 SECURITY SETTINGS	58
8.1 CLIENT FILTER SETTINGS	58
8.2 MAC Address Filter	60
8.3 URL FILTER SETTINGS	63
8.4 Remote Web Management	65
CHAPTER 9 ROUTING SETTINGS	68
9.1 ROUTING TABLE	68
9.2 Static Routing	68
CHAPTER 10 SYSTEM TOOLS	70
10.1 TIME SETTINGS	70
10.2 DDNS	71
10.3 Backup/Restore	73
10.4 Restore to Factory Default	77
10.5 Upgrade	77
10.6 REBOOT THE ROUTER	78
10.7 Password Change	
10.8 \$YSLOG	
10.9 LOG OUT	82
APPENDIX 1 GLOSSARY	83

APPENDIX 2 PRODUCT FEATURES	85
APPENDIX 3 FAQ	86
APPENDIX 4 CLEAR WIRELESS CONFIGURATION	90
APPENDIX 5 REGULATORY INFORMATION	94

Chapter 1 Product Introduction

Thank y ou for purchasing the T enda W316R Wireless Broadband Router!

This easy -to-use router provi des si mple configuration interface which enables you to configure it with ease. It is based on the latest IEEE802. 11n standard, and is backward compatible with devices of IEEE802.11b/g standards.

The W316R , including router, wireless AP, four-port switch and fi rewall in on e , provides powerful online monitor function and supports URL filter and MAC filter. With WDS function, it can repeat and amplify wireless signals so as to enlarge network coverage area. It truly supports UPnP and WMM to make your audio and video smoother. With QoS function, it can efficiently distribute the downloading rate for the clients. Additionally, with super compa tibility, the r outer can break the access limits in some areas so that mul tiple computers can share the Internet access.

1.1 Package Contents

Please verify the following items after you open the package:

- One W316R Wireless Broadband Router
- One Quick Installation Guide
- One Power Adapter
- One Software CD

If any of the l isted i tems are mi ssing or damag ed, please contact the T enda resel ler for immediate replacement.

1.2 LED Indicators and Port Description

Panel and LED indicators show:



LED indicator description on the front panel

LED indicator	Status	Description	
POWER	Continuously lit	Indicates the router is on and has power.	
SYS	Flashing	Indicates the router is operating correctly.	
Continuously lit		Indicates the router's WAN port is connected to an Ethernet device.	
WAN	Flashing	Indicates the port is transmitting and/or receiving data packets.	
WLAN	Continuously lit	Indicates the wireless function is enabled.	
	Flashing	Indicates it is wirelessly transmitting data	
LAN(1/2/2/4)	Continuously lit	Indicates the router's LAN port is connected to an Ethernet device.	
LAN(1/2/3/4)	Flashing	Indicates the port is transmitting and/or receiving data.	
WPS	Flashing	Indicates the device is communicating with the client in WPS mode.	

Back panel port show



Back panel port description

Port/Button	Description	
	Can be connected to Ethernet devices such as MODEM, Switch, Router, etc	
WAN	Usually it is used to connect DSL MODEM or Cable MODEM, or ISP	
	network cable for connecting to the Internet.	
LAN	Can be connected to an Ethernet switch, Ethernet router, or NIC card.	
(1/2/3/4)	Mostly they are used to connect to computers, Ethernet switches, etc.	
RESET/ WPS	The system reset/ WPS button. Press and hold this button for 7 seconds	
	and all of the settings will be deleted and router settings will be restored to	
	factory default. Hold the button for 1 second and the WPS feature will be	
	enabled. The WPS LED will flash when communicating in this mode.	
POWER	The jack is for power adapter connection. Please use the included standard	
	power adapter.	

Chapter 2 Product Installation

1. Please use only the included power adapter to power your router. (**NOTE**: Use of an unmatched power adapter could cause damage tothis product).



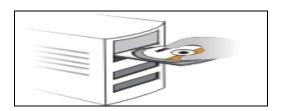
2. PI ease connect the router 's LA N port to your computer with an Ethernet cable as shown below.



3. Please connect your broadband line provided by your ISP to the router's WAN port.



4. Insert the included software CD into the CD drive of your computer . After t he software automati cally initiates, double click the "**Setup**" icon and follow the instructions to complete the installation. You can a lso enter the router 's Web-based Utility to complete the configuration.



Chapter 3 How to configure to access the Internet

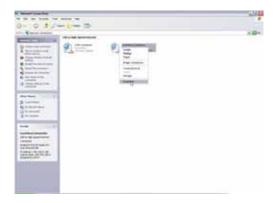
3.1 How to Set the Network Configurations

Network Configurations under windows XP

 Right click "My Network Places" on your computer desktop and select "Properties".



Right cli ck "Local Area Connection " and sel ect "Properties".



S elect "Internet Pro tocol (TCP/IP) " and click "Properties".



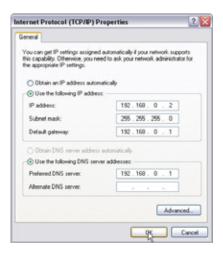
4. Select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and

"Obtain D NS ser ver addr ess automatically ". Click "OK" to save the configurations.



Or select "Use the following IP address" and enter the IP addr ess, Subnet mask, Defaul t gatewa y a s follows:

- ➤ IP Address: 192.168.0.XXX: (XXX is a number from 2~254)
- > **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0
- **Gateway:** 192.168.0.1
- > **DNS se rver:** You s hould in put t he DNS s erver address provided by your IS P. Otherwise, you can enter 1 92.168.0.1. Cli ck "OK" to save the configurations.



Network Configurations under windows 7

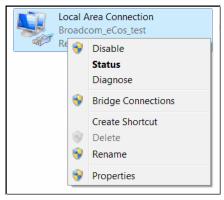
1. Click the network icon on the I ower right corner of your computer desktop, and then click" Open Network and Sharing Center".



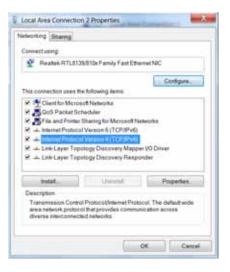
2. Click "Change adapter settings" on the left side of the window.



3. Ri ght click "Local Area Connecti on" and sel ect "Properties".



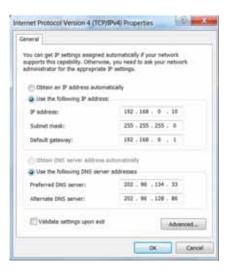
4. Double click" Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4)".



 Select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain D NS ser ver addr ess automatically".
 Click "OK" to save the configurations.



Or select "**Use the following IP address**" and enter the IP addr ess, S ubnet mask, D efault gatewa y as follows:



IP Address: 192.168.0.XXX: (XXX is a number from 2~254)

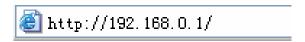
> **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.0.1

DNS se rver: You s hould in put t he DNS s erver address provided by your ISP. Otherwise, you can enter 1 92.168.0.1. Cli ck "OK" to save the configurations.

3.2 Log in to the Router

 To access the R outer's Web-based Utility, launch a web browser such as Internet Explorer or Firefox and enter http://192.168.0.1. Press "Enter".



2. Type "admin" in the "Password" field. Click "OK".

Login		
	No Ethernet cable connected to WAN port	!
	Language: English	
	Password: (Initial passwo	ord: admin)
	Ok Cancel	

3. If you enter the correct password, you will come to the router's web-based utility as is shown below.



3.3 Fast Internet Access

Two kinds of fast access methods are provided on the router's web-based utility: ADSL dial-up and DHCP.

If you select ADSL dial-up, you only need to enter the access account and access password as well as the wireless password, and then click "Ok" to complete the settings.



If you select DHCP, you only need to enter the wireless password and click "Ok" to complete the settings.



The default access meth od is ADSL dial-up and the access account and access password are the same as the ADSL dial-up account and password, which you can inquire your broadband ISP. For other access methods, please refer to WAN settings in chapter 4. The wireless password can only consist of 8 characters, the default is 12345678 and you can modify it when necessary.

3.4 Fast Encryption

The router provi des two encryption setting screens, one is simple and easy, the other is advanced (For advanced setting, please refer to chapter 5.2).

Simple and easy screen:

Log on to the router's web-based utility and you may set encrypti on for the router. The defaul t adopts WPA-PSK mode and A ES Al gorithm. The default password is 12345678, as shown below.

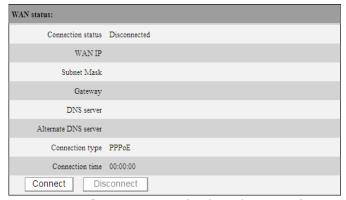


⚠ **NOTE**: The wi reless password can onl y be 8 characters in length and the default is 12345678, you can modify it when necessary.

Chapter 4 Advanced Settings

4.1 System Status

System status screen al lows you to view the route r's WAN port status and system status.



Connection status: It displays the router's WAN connection status.

Disconnected: It i ndicates the router 's WAN port hasn't been connected with the network cable.

Connecting: It i ndicates the router 's WAN port is obtaining IP address.

Connected: It i ndicates the R outer i s well connected with the ISP.

- ♦ WAN IP : IP address obtained from ISP.
- ♦ Subnet mask: Obtained from ISP.
- ♦ Gateway: Obtained from ISP.
- DNS server: Obtained from ISP.
- Alternate DNS server: Obtained from ISP.

Connection type: It displays your current access method.

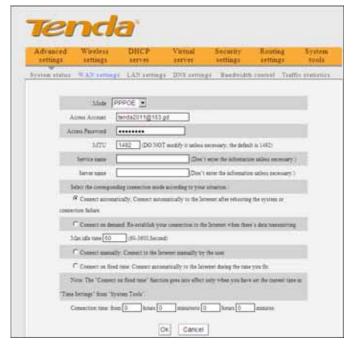
```
| System status:

| LAN MAC address | 00:22:33:00:25:22 |
| WAN MAC address | 00:22:33:00:25:22 |
| System time | 1970-01-01 00:28:42 |
| Running time | 00:28:42 |
| Connected client | 1 |
| Software version | V5.11.002_multi |
| Hardware version | V0.1
```

- LAN MAC address: It displays the Router's LAN MAC address.
- WAN MAC address: It displays the Router's WAN MAC Address.
- System time: It displays the syste m's updated time
- Connected client: It displays the number of the connected c omputers(normally it displays the number of clients whose IP addresses obtained via DHCP server)
- Software v ersion : It di splays t he R outer's software version ;
- Hardware v ersion : It di splays the R outer's hardware version.

4.2 WAN Settings

Virtual Dial-up (PPPoE)



- Mode: Show your current connection mode.
- Access Account: Enter the account provided by your ISP.
- Access Password: Enter the passwo rd provided by your ISP.
- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the size of the largest data packet that can be sent o ver the

network. The default value is 1492. Do NOT modify it unless necessary, but if a specific website or web application software cannot open or be enabled, you can try to change theMTU value to 1450, 1400, etc.

- Service Name: The connection name for current PPPOE, enter it if necessary, otherwise, leave it blank.
- AC Name: The service name, enter it if necessary, otherwise, leave it blank.
- Connect Automatica IIy: Connect automatically to the Internet after rebooting the system or connection failure.
- Connect on Deman d: R e-establish your connection to the Internet after the speci fic time (Max Idle Time). Zero means you are connected to the Internet al I ti mes. Otherwi se, enter the minutes to be elapsed before you are disconnected from the Internet.
- Connect Manually: Connect to the Internet by users manually.
- Connect on Fixed Time: Connect to the Internet during the time you fix automatically.

⚠NOTE:

The "Connect on Fixed Time "goes into effect only when you have set the current time in "Time

settings" from "System tools".

Static IP

If your ISP provides you the static IP, please choose static IP, and you need to enter the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, DNS server and alternate DNS server provided by your ISP or network administrator.



- Mode: Show your current connection mode.
- IP address: Enter the WAN IP address provided by your ISP. If you are not clear, please inquire your local ISP.
- > **Subnet ma sk:** Enter the W AN S ubnet Mask provided by your ISP. Generally it is 255.255.255.255.0.
- Gateway: Enter the Gateway provided by your ISP.
 If you are not clear, please inquire your local ISP.

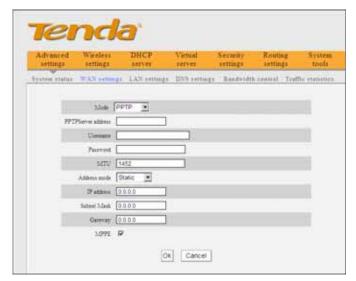
- > **DNS serv er:** Enter the necessary DNS server provided by your ISP.
- Alternate DNS serv er: Enter the second DNS address if your ISP provides, which is optional.

Dynamic IP (Via DHCP)

If your connection mode is Dynamic IP, it means every time you access the Internet, you will get a different IP. You don't need to en ter any parameters in this mode, just Click "**Ok**" to finish the settings.



PPTP

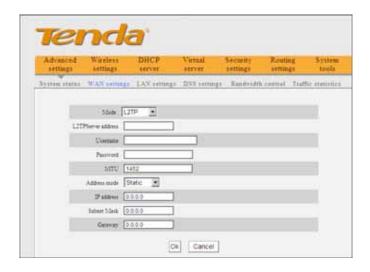


- Mode: Show your current connection mode.
- PPTP server address: The IP address or domain name of the destination server and it is used to specify the destination address which needs for PPTP connection.
- Username/Password: Used to v alidate identity when connecting to the PPTP server.
- Address mode: Set the router's IP address mode, you can select either "Dynamic" or "Static". If your ISP doesn't provide the IP addre ss, please select "Dynamic".
- IP address: Please enter the IP address provided by your ISP, inquire your local ISP if you are not clear.

- > **Subnet mask:** Pl ease enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP ,generally its 255.255.255.0
- Gateway: Please enter the gateway provided by your ISP, inquire your local ISP if you are not clear.

All the above parameters are provided by ISP.

L2TP



- Mode: Show your current connection mode.
- L2TP server address: The IP address or domain name of the destination server and it is used to specify the destination address which needs for L2TP connection.
- > **Username/Password:** Used to v alidate identity

when connecting to the L2TP server.

- Address mode: Set the router's IP address mode, you can select either "Dynamic" or "Static". If your ISP doesn't provide the IP addre ss, please select "Dynamic".
- IP address: Please enter the IP address provided by your ISP, inquire your local ISP if you are not clear.
- ➤ **Subnet mask:** PI ease enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP ,generally its 255.255.255.0
- ➤ Gateway: Please enter the gateway provided by your ISP, inquire your local ISP if you are not clear.

All the above parameters are provided by ISP.

4.3 LAN Settings

Click "Advanced settings" –LAN s ettings to enter the following screen.



- LAN MAC address: The Router's LAN MAC address, which is unchangeable.
- IP address: The Router's LAN IP address (not your PC's IP address). The default value is 192.168.0.1; you can change it when necessary.
- > **Subnet mask:** The Router's LAN subnet mask. The default value is 255.255.255.0

MOTE:

Once you modify the IP address, you need to remember it for next time you log in to the web-based utility.

4.4 DNS Settings

DNS stands for Domain Name System (or Service).



- DNS setting: Select to enable the DNS server.
- Primary DNS address: Enter the necessary address provided by your ISP.
- Alternate DNS address: Enter the s econd DNS address if your ISP provides, which is optional.

△NOTE:

After the settings are completed, reboot the device to activate the modified settings.

4.5 Bandwidth Control

Bandwidth control is used to limit the communication traffic of LAN computers when accessing the Internet. It can simultaneously control maximum of 254 PCs' traffic. In addition, IP addres srange configuration is supported.



- Enable Bandwidth Control: To enable or disable the internal IP bandwidth control. The default is disabled.
- ➤ **IP Address:** The IP add ress range of the hosts whose traffic has been controlled. It can be a single IP address or IP address range.
- Upload/Download: To specify the traffic heading way for the sel ected I P addre sses: upl oad or

download.

- Bandwidth Range: The maximum and minimum upload/download data tr affic of the hosts in specified IP range. The unit is KByte/s. The uplink of upload and download can not exceed the WAN port bandwidth limitation range.
- > **Enable:** To enable the current edited rule. Otherwise, the rule will not go into effect.
- Add to list: After you edit the rule, click the "add to list" button to add the current rule to the rule list.

Here we take 2Mbps b andwidth as an example . Theoretically, the bi ggest downloading rate for 2Mb ps bandwidth is 2Mb $\,$ ps=256KByte/s, and the bi $\,$ ggest uploading rate is 512kbps=64KByte/s

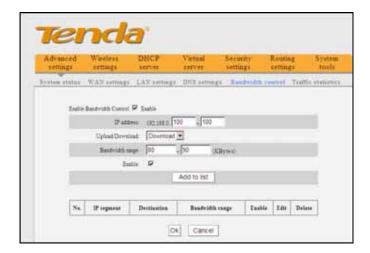
Example 1

If you want to set the download rate of the computer at the IP ad dress of 192 .168.0.100 as 80-90KByte/s, upload rate as 10-15KByte/s, first add one upload rule as shown in the picture below:



- 1.Enter 192.168.0.100 in the IP address field
- 2. Select upload in the Upload/Download field.
- 3.Enter 10-15 in the bandwidth range field
- 4.Select "Enable"
- 5.Click "Add to list"
- 6.Click "Ok" to finish the upload rule settings.

And then add a download rule as shown in the picture below.



The setting method is the same as the above.

Example 2 Set the downl oad rate of all computers within the r ange of 192 .168.0.2--192.168.0.254 as 100-120KByte/s, and the upload rate as 20-30KByte/s, as shown in the picture below.



The setting method is the same as **Example 1.**

4.6 Traffic Statistics

Traffic statistics is used to display the bandwidth that LAN PC used.



Enable Traffic statistics: It is used to calculate the traffic used by the LAN computers. You can enable it to calculate the traffic for you. Usua lly, di sable it to improve the router's data packet processing ability, and the default is disabled. When this function is enabled, the webpage will refresh automatical ly e very five minutes, meanwhile, each computer's traffic value will refresh automatically.

- > **IP address:** the IP address of the computer whose traffic is being calculated.
- Uplink rate: the data sending speed per second, the unit is KByte/s.
- Downlink rate: the data recei ving spee d p er

- second, the unit is KByte/s.
- Sent mess age: the number of the cal culated computer's data packets that are sent out through the router.
- > **Sent Byt es:** the vol ume of the cal culated computer's statistics that is sent out through the router
- Received message: the number of the calculated computer's t he data pac kets that are recei ved through the router.
- Received B ytes: the volume of the cal culated computer's statistics that is received through the router.

Chapter 5 WLAN Settings

5.1 Wireless Basic Settings



- Enable wireless function: Select to enable the Router's wi reless features; desel ect to disable it and all functions related with wireless are disabled.
- Wireless working mode: This router provides two ki nds o f worki ng modes: Wi reless Access Point(AP) and Network Bridge (WDS)

Wireless Access Point (AP)

> Network Mode : Se lect one mode from the

drop-down list.

11b mode: Select it if you have only Wireless-B dients in your network.

11g mode: Select it if you have only Wireless-G dients in your network.

11b/g mixed mode: Select it if you have only Wireless-B and Wireless-G clients in your network.

11b/g/n mixe d mode : Select it if y ou have Wireless-B, Wireless-G and Wi reless-N clients in your network.

- > **SSID:** It is the un ique name of the wi reless network and can be mod ified. The SSID must be entered.
- Broadcast (SSID): Select "Enable" to enable the router' SSID to be scanna ble by wireless devices. The defaul t i s enabl ed. If you di sable i t, the wireless de vices must know the S SID for communication.
- > **Channel:** The currently used channel by the router. Select an effective channel (from 1 to 13\Auto) of the wireless network.
- WMM Capable: Enable it to enhance the transfer performance of the wi relessly tr ansferred multimedia data (such a s video o r o nline playing). We recommend enabling this option if you are not familiar with WMM.

- > **APSD Capable:** It is used for auto power-saved service. The default is disabled.
- Channel b andwidth: Select an appropriate channel ba ndwidth to enhance the wi reless performance. Select 20/40M when the retwork has 11b/g and 11n wi reless clients. Select 20M when the network has onl y n on-11n wi reless clients. Select 20/40M to promote its throughput when the wireless network is in 11n mode.
- **Extension Channel:** To confi rm the network's frequency range in 11n mode.

Network Bridge (WDS) Settings

WDS (Wireless Distribution System) is used to expand wireless coverage area.



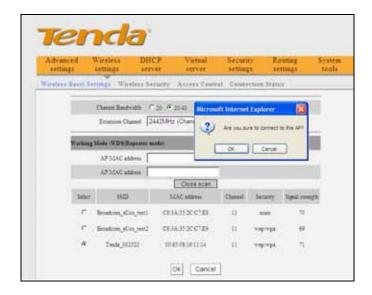
AP MAC ad dress: Input the MA C address of another (opposi ng) w ireless router y ou w ant to connect.

Example: This example is to bridge two 316R routers.

 If you know the connecti ng router's MAC address, please enter it into the AP MAC address field and click "Ok".



- 2. You can also search for the wreless router's signal by scanning.
- a) Click "Open scan" and click the scanned signal and click the "O k" button on the di alog bo x and the corresponding wireless MAC address will be added to the AP MAC address field automatically.



b) Click "Ok" after the MAC address is added.



After finishing the abo ve steps, you need to set the other W316R router in the same way.

⚠NOTE: WDS feature requires both routers support this function and the SSID, channel, encryption method and password are the same as those of the connecting router.

5.2 Wireless Security Settings

With the wi reless security function, you can prevent others from connecting to your wireless network and using the network resources without your consent. Meanwhile, you can also block ill egal users from intercepting or intruding your wireless network.

5.2.1 WPS Settings

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setting) makes it quick and easy to establish a secure connection between the wi reless clients and the router. The users only need to enter a PIN code or press WPS button on the back panel to configure it without manually selecting an encryption method or set a key.



WPS settings: To enable or disable WPS function.
The default is "Enable".

- > **WPS mode:** Provide two ways: PBC (Push-Button Configuration) and PIN code.
- PBC: Select the PBC and cli ck Ok, or press and hold the WPS button on the back panel of the device for about one second. The WPS LED indicator will be fl ashing for 2 mi nutes, whi ch means t he WPS is e nabled. Du ring t his t ime (flashing WPS LED), you can enable the wireless client to implement the WPS/PBC negoti ation between the m. When the WPS connecti on is completed, the LED indicator will be continuously lit. To add more clients, repeat the above steps.)
- PIN: If this option is enabled, you need to enter a wireless client's PIN code in the field and keep the same code in the WPS client.
- Reset OOB: Press this button, the WPS client will be in an idle state, and the WPS indicator will turn off. AP will not respon d to the W PS cli ent's connection request and will set the security mode as Open-None (Disable) mode.

NOTE: The use of WPS function requires the wireless adapter to support this function.

5.2.2 WPA- PSK

WPA guarantees to protect WLAN users' data and only the authorized network users can have access to WLAN.



- WPA Algor ithms: Provides TKI P [Temporal Key Integrity Pro tocol] or AE S [Adv anced Encrypti on Standard].
- ▶ Key: Enter the pass phrase that consists of 8-63 ASCII characters.
- Key Renewal Inter val: Set the key's renewal period, which tells the device how often it should change the dynamic keys.

5.2.3 WPA2- PSK

WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access versi on 2) pro vides higher security than and WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access).



- WPA Algor ithms: Provides TKI P [Temporal Key Integrity Pro tocol] or AE S [Adv anced Encrypti on Standard].
- **Key:** Enter the pass phrase that consists of 8-63 ASCII characters.
- Key Renewal Inter val: Set the key's renewal period, which tells the device how often it should change the dynamic keys.

5.3 Wireless Access Control

Wireless access control is actually based on the MAC address to permit or forbid specific clients to access the wireless network.



- MAC address filter: "Permit" indicates to allow the clients in the list to access the wreless network, "Forbid" indicates to prevent the clients in the list from accessing the wireless network.
- Configure MAC address: Input the MAC addresses of the wireless clients to implement the filter policy. Click "Add" to fi nish the MAC add operation.
- MAC Address list: S how the added MA C addresses. You can add or delete them.

5.4 Connection Status

This screen shows wi reless client's connection status, including MAC address, Channel bandwidth.



- MAC address: Shows the MAC addre sses of the hosts connected to the Router.
- Bandwidth: Shows the channel bandwidth of the current connected hosts (wireless clients).

Chapter 6 DHCP Server

6.1 DHCP Server

DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) is used to assign an IP addr ess to the computers on the LAN/pri vate network. When you enable the DHCP Server, the DHCP Server will allocate automatically an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer in premise of acti vating "Obtai n an IP Address Automatically". So specifying the start and end address of the IP Address pool is needed.

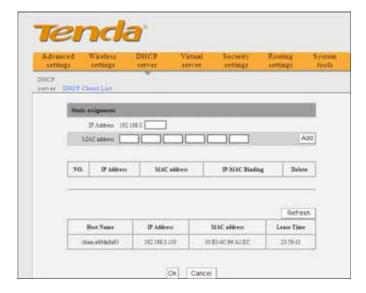


- DHCP server: Check the Enable box to enable DHCP server.
- IP pool start/end address: Enter the range of IP addresses for DHCP server distribution.
- Lease time: It i ndicates the v alid t ime of the dynamic IP address whi ch i s d istributed to the DHCP c lient's host com puter by DHCP serv er. During this time, the server will not distribute the IP address to any other host computer.

6.2 DHCP Client List

DHCP cli ent list di splays user comput er' IP a ddress, MAC address, host name and other information which

are assigned by the DHCP server . You can manually enter the ${\bf I\!P}$ and MAC address and converthem to static assignment.



- Host name: It displays the name of the computer whose IP is allocated by the DHCP server.
- > **IP address:** Enter the I P add ress w hich needs static binding.
- MAC address: Enter the MAC address of the computer you want to bind. Click "Add" to add the entry in the list.
- ➤ **Lease time:** The r emaining t ime length of t he corresponding IP address lease.

Chapter 7 Virtual Server

7.1 Port Range Forwarding



- Start/End port: Enter the start/end port number which ranges the External ports used to set the server or Internet applications.
- LAN IP: Enter the IP address of the PC which you want to set as the server.
- Protocol: Select the protocol (TCP/UDP/Both) for the appl ication. If you a re not cl ear about the

- protocol you are using, you can select "Both".
- **Enable:** Click the **Enable** checkbox to bring the set rule into effect.
- Delete: Clear all settings of this item.
- Well-known service port: The well -known protocol ports are listed in the drop-down li st. Select one and select a sequence number in the ID drop-down list and then click "Add", this port will be added automatically to the ID list. For other well known service ports that are not listed, you can manually add them to the list.
- Add to: Add the sel ected well-known port to the policy ID.

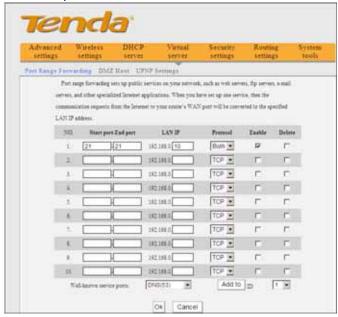
For Example: You want to share some large files with your friends outside of your local area network, however, they are too bi g, and it's not con venient to tr ansfer them. Then, you can b uild a F TP server on y our computer and set the router's port range forwarding to enable your friends to ac cess to these files on your computer. Suppose that your F TP server or your computer's static IP address is 192.168.0.10, and you wish your friends can ac cess the s erver through the default port 21 and adopts TCP protocol.

Please follow the steps below to configure.

1.Enter 21 in both start port and end port fields, or you can also select FTP from the well-known service port

and its port 21 will be added to the corresponding field automatically.

- 2. Enter 192.168.0.10 in the LAN IP column, and then select "Both" as the protocol and select "Enable".
- 3. As the picture shown below.



4. Click the "Ok" button to save the settings.

And now, when your friends want to visit the FTP server, they only need to enter ftp://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:21 in the address field. Here, xxx.xxx.xxx means the router's WAN IP address. For example, when your router's WAN IP address is 172.16.102.89; your friends need to enter

ftp://172.16.102.89:21 in the address field.

△NOTE:

If you set theservice port of the virtual server as 80, you must setthe Web management port on Remote Web Management screen to be any value except 80 such as 8080. Otherwise, there will be a conflict to disable the virtual server.

7.2 DMZ Settings

The DMZ Settings screen allows one local computer to be exposed to the Internet for use of a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ hosting forwards all the ports at the same time to one PC.



- DMZ Host IP Address: The IP address of the LAN computer you want to set as DMZ host.
- **Enable:** Check to enable the DMZ host.

For example:

Set the computer at the IP address of 192.168.0.10 as DMZ host to connect another host on the Internet for intercommunication.

⚠NOTE: When the DMZ host is enabled, the firewall settings of the DMZ host will not function.

7.3 UPNP Settings

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play). With the UPnP function, the internal host can request the routerto process some special port switching so as to enable the external host to visit the resources of the internal host.



Enable UPnP: Click the checkbox to enable the UPnP.

⚠NOTE: This function goes into effect under Windows XP or Windows ME (NOTE: the system should integrate or have installed the Directx 9.0) or this function would go in to e ffect if you have in stalled software that supports UPnP.

Chapter 8 Security Settings

8.1 Client Filter Settings

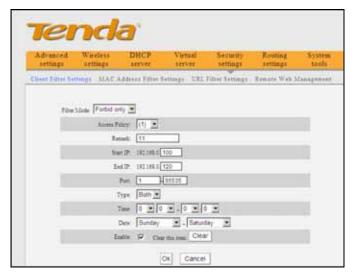
You can enable client filter to control LAN computers' access to some ports of the Internet.



- Filter Mode: You can select either "Permit only" or "Forbid only".
- Access Poli cy: Sel ect one number from the drop-down list.
- Remark: A simple description of the configured file.
 You can also leave it blank.
- > Start/End IP: Enter the start/end IP address.

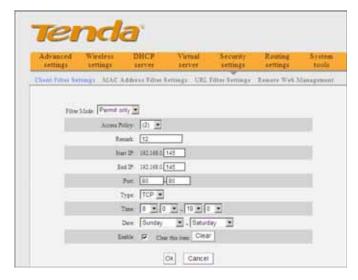
- Port: Enter the controlled TCP/UDP protocol port.
 You can specify a port or port range.
- > **Type:** Sel ect one protoco I (TCP/UDP/Both) from the drop-down list.
- > **Time:** Select the time range of client filter.
- > **Date:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.
- Enable: T o e nable/disable t he a ccess p olicy (forbid/permit the pack ets matched wi th the access policy to pass through the router.

Example 1 Forbid LAN computers at the IP addreses of 192.168.0.100--192.168.0.120 to access the Internet.



Example 2 Permit LAN computer with the IP address of 192. 168.0.145 to ac cess websites during 8:00 to

18:00 from Sunday to Saturday.



8.2 MAC Address Filter

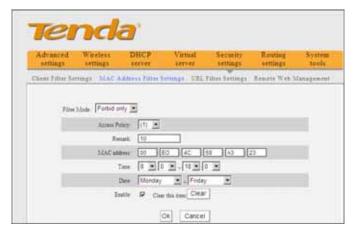
You can limit the computer's access to Internet by MAC Address Filter.



- Filter mode: You can select either "Permit only" or "Forbid only".
- Access Poli cy: Sel ect one number from the drop-down list.
- Remark: A simple description of the configured file.
 You can also leave it blank.
- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you want to run the access policy.
- > **Time:** S elect the time range of M AC address filter.
- > **Date:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.
- Enable: To e nable/disable t he a ccess p olicy (forbid/permit the pack ets matched wi th the access policy to pass through the router).

Example 1 Forbid the computer with the MAC address

of 00:E0:4C:69:A3:23 to access Interret during 8:00 to 18:00 from Monday to Friday.

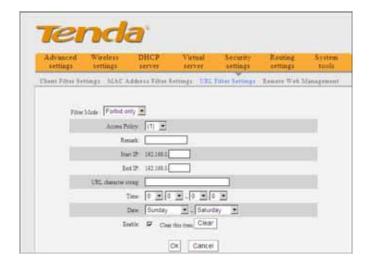


Example 2 Permit the computer with the MAC address of 00 : E4 : A5 : 44 : 35 : 69 to access Internet from Monday to Friday.



8.3 URL Filter Settings

You can use URL fil tering to forbi d their access to certain websites at a specified time.



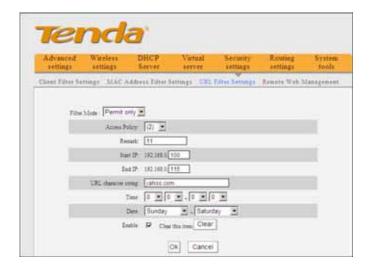
- Filter Mode: You can select either "Permit only" or "Forbid only".
- Access Poli cy: Select one number from the drop-down list.
- Remark: A simple description of the configured file.
 You can also leave it blank.
- > Start/End IP: Enter the start/end IP address.
- > **URL character string:** Specify the text strings or keywords needed to be filtered.

- > **Time:** Select the time range of URL filter.
- > **Date:** Select the day(s) to run the access policy.
- Enable: To enable/disable the access policy (forbid /permit the packets matched wth the access policy to pass through the router).

Example1 Forbid all computers on LAN to acce ss baidu.com during 8:00 to 18:00 from Monday to Friday.



Example 2 P ermit LAN computers with the IP addresses of 192.168.0.100-192.168.0.115 to acc ess yahoo.com.



⚠NOTE: Enter only one domain name for each access policy for one access policy can only filter one domain name. So, if you want to filter multiple domain names, you need to set multiple access policies

8.4 Remote Web Management

This secti on i nstructs how to al low the network administrator to manage the Router remotely. If y ou want to acc ess the R outer from outs ide of the local network, please click the checkbox after "Enable".



- Enable: Check to enabl e remote web management.
- Port: The management port open to outside access. The default value is 80.
- IP Address: Specify the range of the IP addresses of the computers on the Internet for remote management.

⚠NOTE:

- 1. If you want to log in the device's Web-based Utility via port 8080, you need to use the format of WAN IP address: port (for exampl e http://220.135.211.56:8080) to implement remote login.
- 2. If your WAN IP addre ss starts and ends with 0.0.0.0, it means all hosts on the Internet can implement remote Web management. If you change the Internet IP address as 218.88.93.33-218.88.93.35, then only the computers at the IP addresses of 218.88.93.34, 218.88.93.34 and 218.88.93.35 can access the

Router to implement remote web management.

For example:

If you want to configure the computer at the IP address of 218.88.93.33 to access the router's web-based utility via port 8080, please set the parameters as above.

Chapter 9 Routing Settings

9.1 Routing Table

This page shows the router's core routing table.



The main duty for a router is to look for a best path for every data packet, and transfer this data packet to a destination station. In order to fulfill this function, many transferring paths, i.e. routing table, are saved in the router, for choosing when needed.

9.2 Static Routing

This screen is used to set the router's static routing.

A static route is a pre-determined pathway that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.



Destination network IP address: The destination host or IP segment you visit.

Subnet mask: Enter the subnet mask, generally it is 255.255.255.0

Gateway: The entry IP address of the next router.

△NOTE:

- 1. The gateway must be at the same net segment with the router's LAN IP.
- 2. If the des tination IP address is one host 'address, then the subnet mask must be 255.255.255.255.
- 3. If the destination IP address is an IP α gment, then it must match with the subnet mask. For example, if the destination IP is 10.0.0.0 then the subnet mask must be 255.0.0.0

Chapter 10 System Tools

10.1 Time Settings

This section is to confi gure the router 's system ti me. You can set it manually or obtain the GMT time from the Internet.



- Time zone: Select the time zone where you are operating the Router from the drop-down list.
- Customized time: Enter the time you wish to configure.

△NOTE:

When the Router is powered off, the time settings will be I ost. The router will obtain the GMT time automatically when you next time access the

Internet. Only when you connect to the Internet and obtain the GMT ti me or set the time on thi s screen, can the time set tings in other functions (e.g. security settings) take effect.

10.2 DDNS

The DDNS (Dynam ic Domain N ame S ystem) is supported in this Router. It is used to assign a fixed host and domain name to a dynami c Internet IP addr ess. Every time you access the Internet , the dynami c domain name software installed on your host will tell the ISP'S host server i ts dynamic IP address by sending messages. And the server software is responsible for providing DNS service and implementing dynamic domain name resolution.



Main features:

- 1. Mostly, your ISP provides a dynamic IP address and the DDNS is used to capture the changeable IP address and match to thefixed domain. Then users can have access to the In ternet to communicate with others outside the network.
- 2. DDNS can help you to establish a virtual host in your home or company.
- DDNS: Click the radio button to enable or disable the DDNS service.
- > **Service provider:** Select one from the drop-down list and click "**Sign up**" for registration.
- Username: Enter the username that you use to register from the DDNS provider
- Password: Enter the password that you use t o register from the DDNS provider
- Domain name: Enter the effecti ve regi stered domain name

For example:

Establish a Web server in the local host 192. 168.0.10 and register in 3322.org as follows:

Username T	enda
Password 1234	56
Domain Name	tenda.3322.org

After mapping the port in the virtual server, and setting

account i nformation in DDNS serv er, y ou can then access the web page by entering http://tenda.3322.org in the address field.

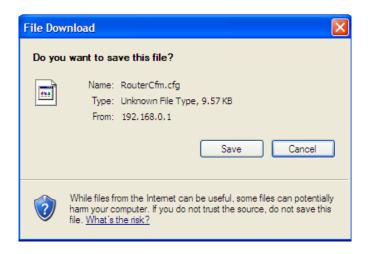
10.3 Backup/Restore

On this screen, you can back up the router's current settings or restore previous settings.



> Backup Setting:

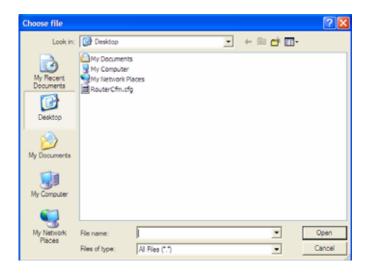
Click the **Backup** button to back up the Router's settings and select a path to save them.



Click the "**Save"** button to save the configuration files.

> Restore Setting:

Click the " **Browse"** button to sel ect the backup files.



Click the " **Restore"** button to restore previ ous settings.



10.4 Restore to Factory Default

This screen allows you to restore all settings to the factory default values.



Restore: Click thi s butto n to restore to defaul t settings.

Factory default settings:

Password: admin

IP address: 192.168.0.1

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

\triangle NOTE:

After restoring to defaul t settings, please restar t the router to make the default settings effective.

10.5 Upgrade

By upgrading the rout er's software, you'll get be tter software version and ap preciated ro uting functi on. Before upgrading, download the Router's software

upgrade file from our website, www.tenda.cn.



- Browse: Click thi s button to sel ect the upgrade file.
- Upgrade: Click this button to start the upgrading process. After the upgrade is completed, the router will reboot automatically.

10.6 Reboot the Router

Reboot the router to make the configuration effective. The router will cut its WAN connection automatically after rebooting.



Reboot the r outer: Click th is button to reboot the router.

10.7 Password Change

This section is to set a new password to better secu re your router and network.



- > **Old password:** Enter the old password.
- > **New password:** Enter a new password.

Confirm new password: Re-enter to confirm the new password.

△NOTE:

To secure the router and your network, it is highly recommended t hat y ou c hange t he in itial password.

10.8 Syslog

The section is to vi ew the system I og. You can view various conditions appearing after system start, an d also check whether there's an attack on the network.

The log can record at most 150 entries.



- > **Refresh:** Click this button to update the log.
- Clear: Click this button to clear the current shown log.

10.9 Log out

After all settings are finished, please click" Log out" to exit securely and completely.

Appendix 1 Glossary

Channel:

An instance of medium use for the purpose of passing protocol data units (P DUs) that may be used simultaneously, in the same volume of space, with other instances of medium use(on other channels) by other instances of the same physical layer (PHY), with an acceptably low frame error ratio(FER) due to mutual interference.

SSID:

SSID (S ervice S et Identi fier) is the network name shared by all devi ces in a wi reless network. Y our network's SSID should be unique to your network and identical for all devi ces wi thin the network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 20 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all devices in your wireless network.

WPA/WPA2 Encryption:

A security protocol for wireless networks that builds on the basic foundations of WEP. It secures wireless data transmission by usi ng a key similar to WEP, but the added str ength of W PA is that the key changes dynamically. The changing key makes it much more difficult for a hacker to learn the key and gain access to the network.WP A2 is the second gen eration of WP A security and provides a stronger encryption mechanism through Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), which is a requirement for some government users.

802,1x authentication

Static W EP k ey is difficult to ma nage for when you change the key, you will have to inform all others, and if the key is disclosed in one of the places, the key can no longer provide security. Besides, there's severe security loophole about static WEP encryption. The WEP key can be d ecrypted after one person rec eives a speci fic amount of data vi a wi reless intercepting, 802, 1x is initially used for wired Ethernet authentication access to prevent illegal users from accessing the network. Later, it is found that 802. 1x can better solve the wireless network securi ty probl em. EA P-TLS of the 80 successfully achi eves the two- way authenti cation between users and networks, i.e. can prevent illegal users from accessing the network and can also prevent users from accessing the ill egal AP. 802.1x utilizes dynamic WEP encryption to protect the WEP key from being decrypted. To solve the publishing problem for digital certification, people make some changes to TLS authentication and TTLS and EAP comeinto exist, which enable you to access the network by usi ng the traditional way of aut hentication: username and password.

Appendix 2 Product Features

- Supports IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.3 and IEEE 802.3u standards.
- 5dBi hi gh gai n omn i-directional ant enna, wi th strong signals and long transmission distance.
- Wireless transmission rate up to 150Mbps
- Provides one 10/10 OMbps auto -negotiation
 Ethernet WAN port to connect to the Wide Area
 Network
- Provides four 10/100 Mbps auto- negotiation
 Ethernet LAN ports to connect to the Local Area
 Network
- Supports Auto MDI/MDIX
- Supports xDSL/Cable MODEM, static and dynamic
 IP in community broadband networking
- Includes router, wi reless access point, four-port switch and firewall all in one
- SupportsWPA-PSK,WPA2-PSK,andWPA-PSK&WPA2
 -PSK mixed security modes
- Supports WPS button
- Supports hidden S SID function and MA C address-based access control
- Supports WMM to mak e your audio and vi deo smoother
- Supports SNTP
- Supports UPnP and DDNS

- Supports WDS to extend wireless network
- Supports virtual server, DMZ host
- Provides syslog to record the running status of the router

Appendix 3 FAQ

This section provides some solutions to the problems which may occur during the router 's installation or usage. The instructions below may help you deal with the problems. If your problem is not in the list, please log into our website www.tenda.cn or send an E-mail to support@tenda.cn, and we will reply to you at the earliest time.

- 1. Can not log in to the Web-based Utility of the router after you enter the IP address in the address field?
- **Step 1:** Check if the router is working correctly, after the device is powered on for a few se conds, the SYS indicator on the front panel should light up. If it is not, please contact us.
- **Step 2:** Check the net work cables are connected correctly and the corresponding LED indicator lights up. Sometimes, the indicator lights up, but it does not mean it is functioning.
- Step 3: Run "Ping" command and check if it can ping

the R outer's LA N IP addres s 192. 168.0.1 (op en "Command Prompt" and type "Ping 192.168.0.1" and then enter). If it is OK, please make sure your browser does not access the Internet by proxy ærver. If the ping fails, you can press the "RESET" button for 7 seconds to restore to defaul t settings. And then repeat the ping operation. If it still does not work, please contact us.

2. Forgot the login password and cannotenter the Web-based Utility. What can I do?

Press the "RESET" button for 7 seconds to restore the Router to default settings.

3. The computer connected with the Router shows IP address conflict. What can I do?

Check if there are other DHCP servers in the LAN and if there are then disable them. The default IP address of the router is 192. 168.0.1 pl ease maker sure the address is not being used by any other device. If there are two computers with the same IP address, please change one of them.

4. I cannot use E-mail and access the Intern et. What can I do?

Sometimes happens wi th ADSL connecti on a nd Dynamic IP users. You may need to modify the default MTU value (1492). Please open the "WAN Setting" and modify the MTU value with the recommended value as

1450 or 1400.

5.How to share my c omputer's resource with other users in Internet?

If you want Internet users to access the internal server via the router such as: e-mail server, Web, FTP. You can configure the "Virtual Server".

Step 1: create your internal server, make sure the LAN users can access these servers and know related service port. For example, Web server's port is 80; FTP is 21; SMTP is 25 and POP3 is 110.

Step 2: In the router's web click "**Virtual Server**" and select "**Port Range Forwarding**".

Step 3: Input the service port provided by the rout er (i.e. the external port) for mapping the internal and external network, for example, 80-80.

Step 4: input the internal Web service port, for example, 80-80.

Step 5: Input the internal server 's IP address. For example, if your W eb server 's IP address s is 192.168.0.10, please input it.

Step 6: select the communication protocol used byyour internal host: TCP, UDP, B oth.

Step 7: click "**Ok**" to activate the settings.

The following table lists some well-known applications and their respective service ports:

Server Protocol Service Port

WEB Server	TCP	80
FTP Server	TCP	21
Telnet T	СР	23
NetMeeting T	СР	1503、1720
MSN Messenger	TCP/UDP	File Send:6891-6900(TCP) Voice:1863、6901(TCP) Voice:1863、5190(UDP)
PPTP VPN	TCP	1723
Iphone5.0 T	СР	22555
SMTP T	СР	25
POP3 T	СР	110

Appendix 4 Clear Wireless Configuration

Clear Wireless configuration file under windo ws XP

 Right click "My Network Places" on your computer desktop and select "Properties".



2. Ri ght cli ck "W ireless Network Co nnections" a nd select "Properties".



3. Click "Wireless Network Configuration" and clear the corresponding wi reless configuration fil e as shown below.



Clear Wireless configuration file under windows 7

1. Right click "Network" and click "Properties".



2. Click "Manage wireless networks" on the left side of the window.



3. De lete t he c orresponding c onfigured file in t he "Manage wireless networks".



Appendix 5 Regulatory Information

EU Declaration or Declaration of Conformity

Hereby, SH ENZHEN T ENDA T ECHNOLOGY C O.,LTD, declares t hat t his W ireless Br oadband R outer is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and f ound to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or tell evision reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- -Connect the equi pment into an outlet on a ci rcuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -Consult the deal er or an experi enced radio/TV technician for help.

To assure c ontinued compl iance, a ny changes or modifications not expres sly approved by the party responsible for compli ance coul d void the us er's authority to operate this equipment. (Example- use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices).

"The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or oper ating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept an yi nterference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation