



# 58 kHz LABEL DEACTIVATOR MANUAL

Software Version 1.0.1.33

Document Version 1.04

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## 1. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

### 1.1 Description

USS 58kHz Deactivator can detect and deactivate any electronic resonant circuit at 58 kHz or any acousto magnetic tag passing through the detection area. The device also provides visual and audible alarm confirming the deactivation is successful.

The system includes Digital Processing System (DPS) in order to achieve a great detection range, filtering noise and achieving up to 15cm detection/deactivation range.

The tuning is done easily via powerful software. The system can be accessed via laptop.

### 1.2 Specifications

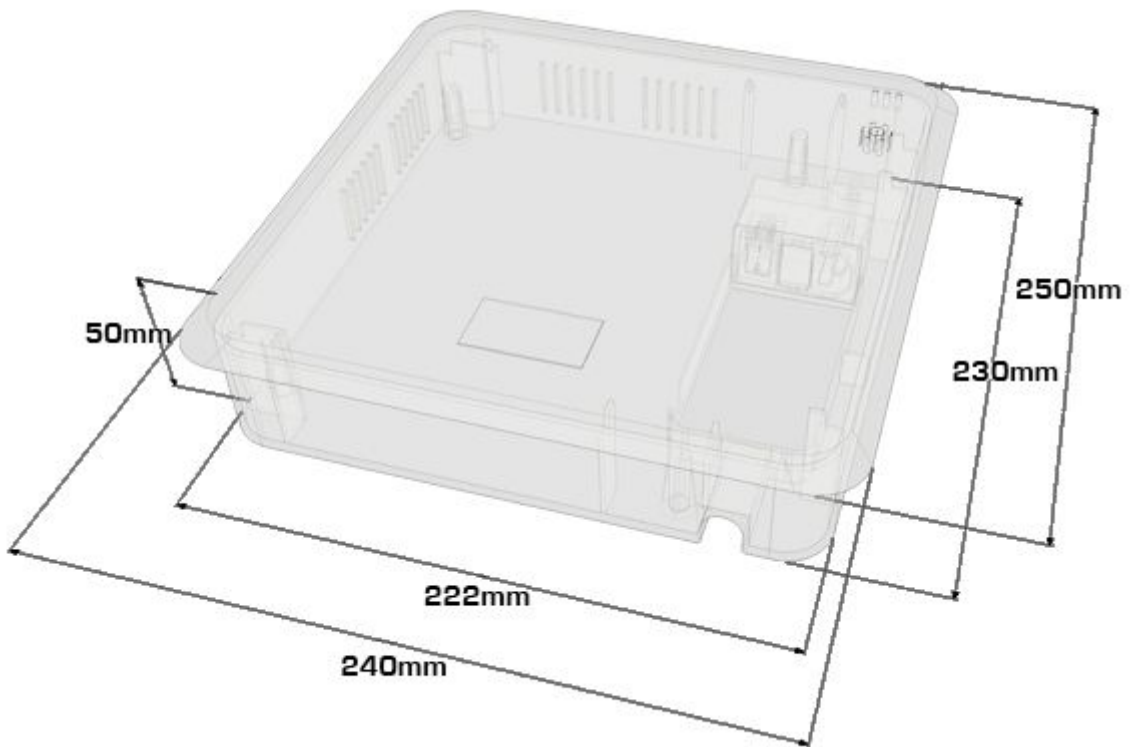
#### 1.2.1. TRANSCEIVER

ELECTRICAL		MECHANICAL		
<b>Operating Frequency</b>	58 kHz		<b>EXTERNAL BORDER</b>	<b>INTERNAL BOX</b>
<b>Transmit Burst Duration</b>	0.5ms or 1.5 ms	<b>Height</b>	52mm	42mm
<b>Transmit Burst Repetition Rates</b>		<b>Width</b>	254mm	234mm
	150Hz (TX burst 0.5ms)	<b>Depth</b>	244mm	224mm
	75Hz (TX burst 1.5ms)	<b>Weight</b>	3kg	
	50Hz (TX burst 1.5ms)			
<b>Transmit coil Resistance</b>	1.5 Ohm			

#### 1.2.2. POWER SUPPLY

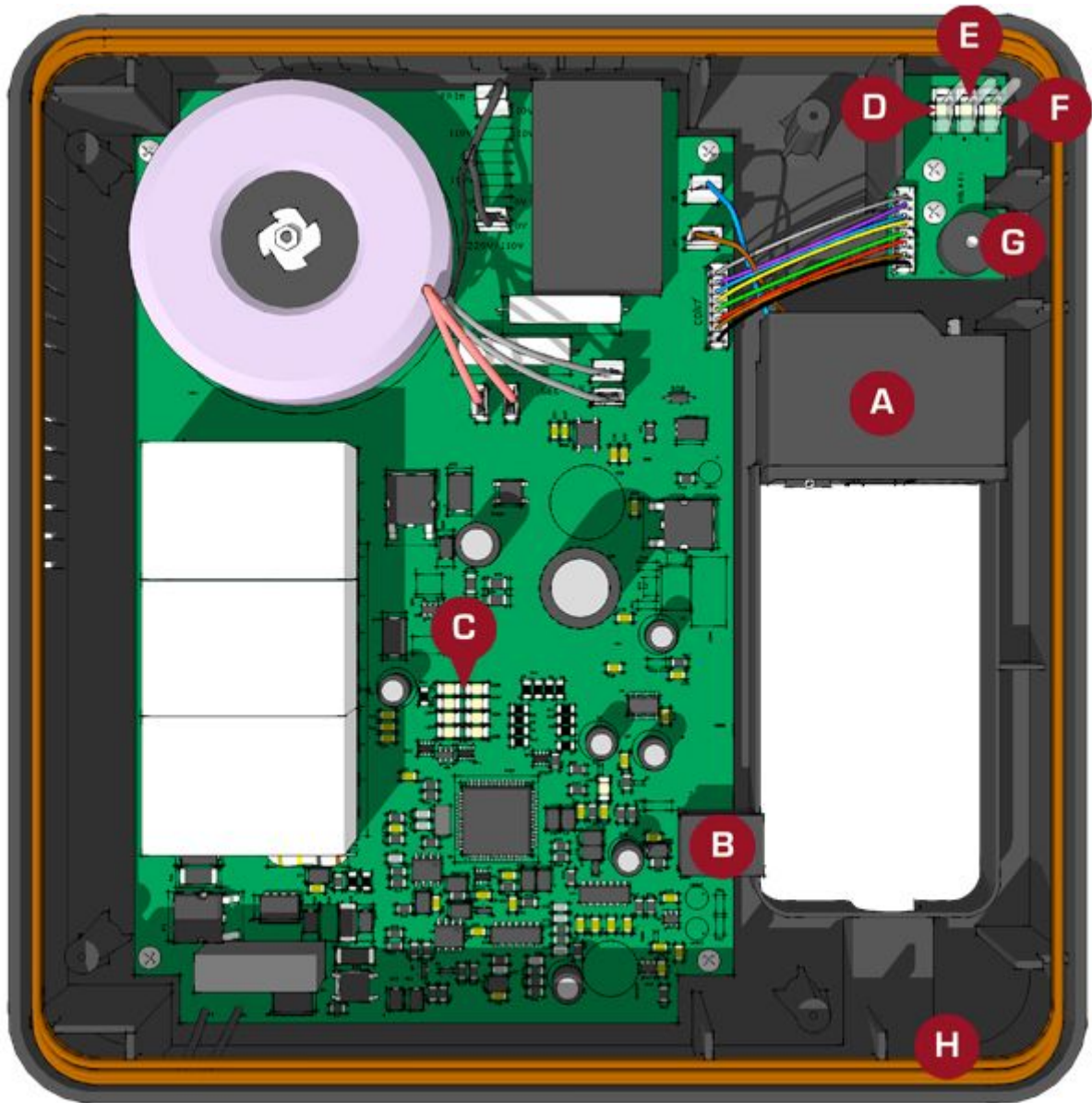
ELECTRICAL		ENVIROMENTAL	
<b>Primary Input</b>	230Vac / 110Vac	<b>R. Humidity</b>	0 to 85% non condensing
<b>Output #1</b>	12 VAC	<b>Operating Temperature</b>	0° to 50° C
<b>Output #2</b>	20 VAC	<b>Noise level</b>	30dBm
<b>Fuse</b>	500mA Slow / 250V		

**1.3 Device Measurements**



## 2. HARDWARE

### 2.1 Transiever Board



- A: POWER INPUT
- B: COMMUNICATION RS232 RJ45
- C: LED SIGNAL BAR
- D: DEACTIVATION CONFIRMATION (RED)
- E: DEACTIVATING (RED FLASHING)
- F: POWER ON (GREEN)
- G: ALARM (BUZZER)
- H: ANTENNA

### 3. QUICK TUNING

#### **3.1 Quick Installation**

##### **3.1.1. PREVIOUS**

- ⇒ Install the deactivator the same way as a system installation
- ⇒ Always connect the device to clean power lines (No other electrical devices connected)
- ⇒ Always turn on systems/deactivators ONE by ONE. Once you have tuned the first one, THEN connect the second one, THEN the third, etc...Do not fix the system to the floor before testing its performance FIRST!
- ⇒ Do not fix the device before testing its performance FIRST!
- ⇒ Read this manual BEFORE installing deactivators!

##### **3.1.2. DEACTIVATOR INSTALLATION**

- ⇒ Check cabling / connection needs according to the kind of installation. Check all the material is ready.
- ⇒ Place the deactivator in the installation area.
- ⇒ Turn the deactivator ON, and connect it
- ⇒ Check Electrical Noise, Synchro, TX Status, etc... check everything is normal
- ⇒ Stabilize external electrical noise to the minimum.
- ⇒ IN ORDER TO AVOID FALSE DEACTIVATIONS, TUNE THE DETECTION DISTANCE (THRESHOLD, GAIN) TO BE LESS THAN THE DEACTIVATION DISTANCE (DEACTIVATION VOLTAGE).
- ⇒ If any modifications, save parameters.
- ⇒ Disconnect your laptop and observe the deactivator during some time making several detection/deactivation tests.
- ⇒ If OK, fix the deactivator, if not OK, see Section [3.2 TROUBLESHOOTING](#)

You are done!

#### **3.2 Troubleshooting**

##### **3.2.1. NO DETECTION**

- ⇒ Try with other tag
- ⇒ Rise Gain (Up to 2-3 LEDS)
- ⇒ Lower Threshold
- ⇒ See Section [3.4. NOISE PROBLEM](#)
- ⇒ See Section [3.3. SYNCHRONIZATION PROBLEM](#)

##### **3.2.2. TOO MUCH DETECTION**

- ⇒ Lower Gain
- ⇒ Rise Threshold

##### **3.2.3. FALSE ALARM**

- ⇒ Look for TAGS near the antennas
- ⇒ See Section [3.5. FALSE ALARM \(OR UNKNOWN ALARM\)](#)

##### **3.2.4. MAKES OTHER SYSTEMS FALSE ALARM**

- ⇒ See Section [3.3. SYNCHRONIZATION PROBLEM](#)

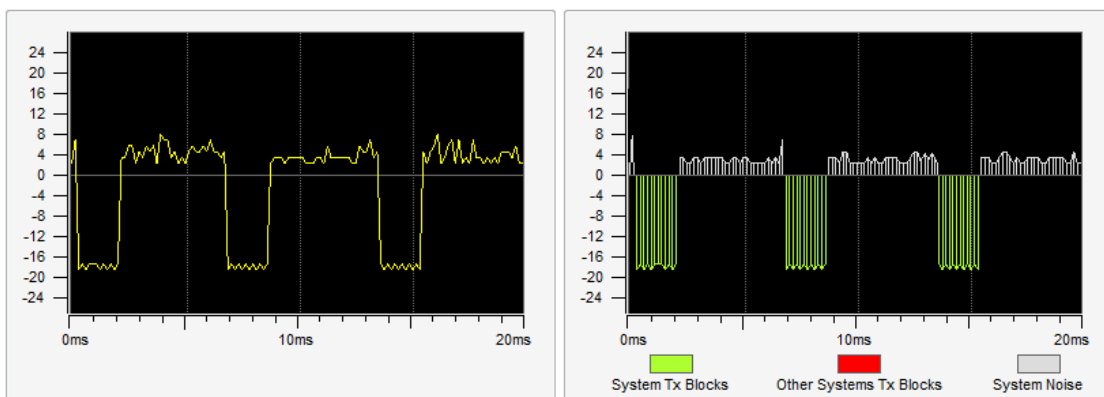
### 3.3 Synchronization Problem

#### How can I recognize a synchro problem?

- ⇒ Externally: When you turn on your system:
  - It makes other 58 kHz systems near alarm
  - Your system is showing a high amount of noise in the LED bar (See Section [2. HARDWARE](#)).
  - There is no detection or it is very poor.
  
- ⇒ Laptop:
  - Check Section [4.7.4. DISCOVERY TOOL](#)

#### How can I know the synchro problem has been solved?

- ⇒ Externally all systems around will be working fine as well as yours.
- ⇒ Laptop: The situation in the discovery mode will be similar to this:



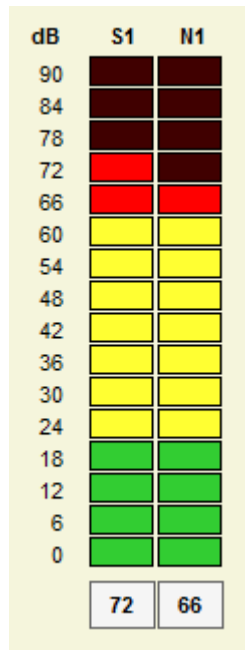
You are done!



### 3.4 Noise Problem

#### How can I recognize a noise problem?

- ⇒ Externally: When you turn on your system:
  - The system shows a high amount of noise in the LED bar.
  - The detection might be poor.
- ⇒ Laptop:
  - In the scope you will see high amount of noise, in the 2 buffers.



#### How can I solve a noise problem?

- ⇒ Try to locate the source of noise:
  - Turn off all electrical equipment in the area. If the noise disappears, start turning all the electrical equipment ONE BY ONE till you get noise again.
  - Other way to locate the source of noise is moving the deactivator while at the same time you are looking to the LED bar or the software. See how the orientation of the antenna affects the amount of noise and you will finally find the source.
- ⇒ Then you have to neutralize the source of noise. (It might be related with bad synchro, please check procedure in Section [4.7.4. DISCOVERY TOOL](#))

#### How can I know the noise problem has been solved?

- ⇒ Detection will improve. The signs of noise in the LED bar and in the scope will disappear.

You are done!

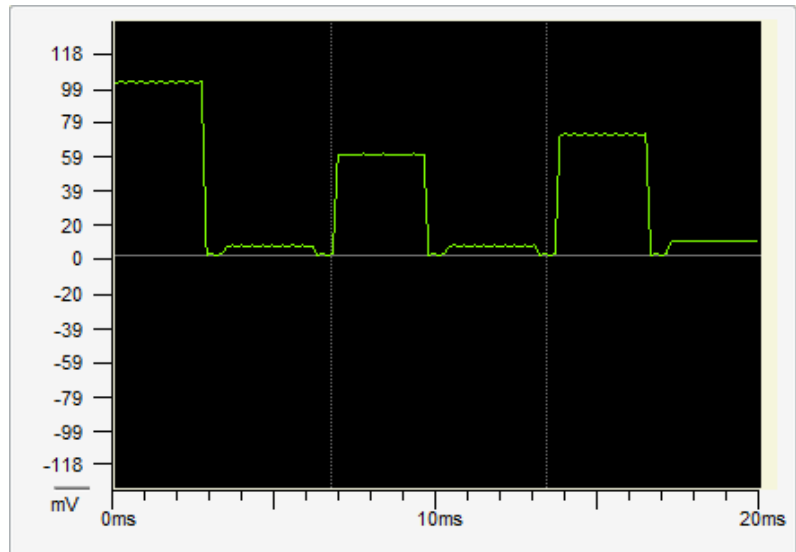
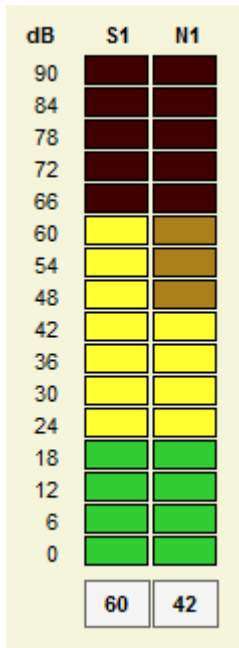
### 3.5 False Alarm or Unknown Alarm

#### How can I recognize a false alarms (or unknown alarm) problem?

- ⇒ Your deactivator is alarming when not expected to alarm. Deactivator devices are very false alarm restrictive. It is almost impossible that a deactivator device is alarming except when:
  - ⇒ There is a tag in the detection area
  - ⇒ There is another 58 kHz system or deactivator not in synchro.

#### How can I solve a false alarms (or unknown alarm) problem?

- ⇒ Look for tags near the system. Look in the scope in the software. If you see something similar to this:



- ⇒ There might be another 58 kHz system or deactivator out of synchro affecting our device. Follow procedure in Section [4.7.4. DISCOVERY TOOL](#)

#### How can I know the false alarms (or unknown alarm) problem has been solved?

- ⇒ The system is working normally, no unexpected alarms.

You are done!

## 4. SOFTWARE

The interface of Remote Tuning Software for 58 kHz systems has been designed to allow an easy understanding of all features. Icons are highly intuitive permitting a quick assimilation of concepts.

### **4.1 Installation Procedure**

- ⇒ Before installation verify that you have Windows98se or higher.
  - ⇒ Close all the executing programs.
  - ⇒ Run the installer
  - ⇒ Select the folder to install the software and click on Install button
- 
- ⇒ Run the software:

## 4.2 Connect

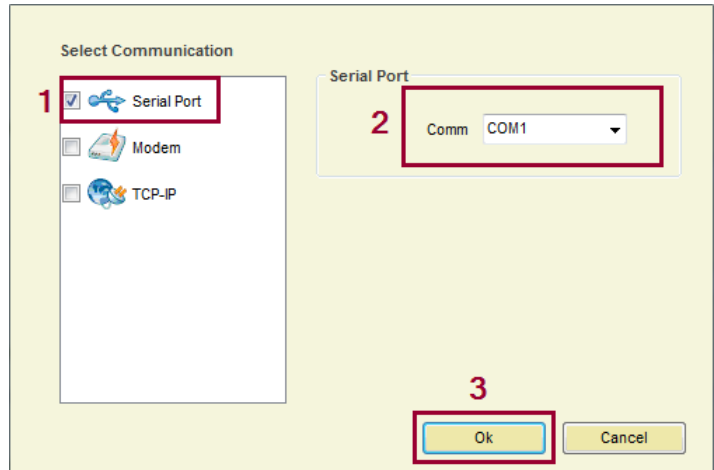
### 4.2.1. RS232 PORT

- ⇒ Use an USB to Rs232 adaptor if the computer which will be used to connect to the system does not have a RS232 port.
- ⇒ Connect the communication cable provided to the USB adaptor or directly to the system if the computer has RS232 port.

- ⇒ Run the software and press 'SETTINGS'



- ⇒ 1. Select Serial Port Communication.
- ⇒ 2. Select Serial Port Comm.
- ⇒ 3. Press OK



- ⇒ Press Connect

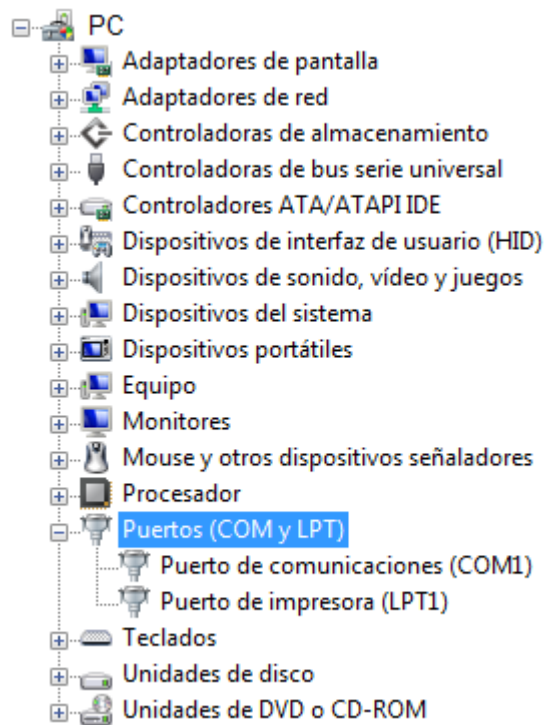


- ⇒ The software will search for all the systems connected and load them into the System window

#### 4.2.2. HOW TO KNOW THE COM PORT

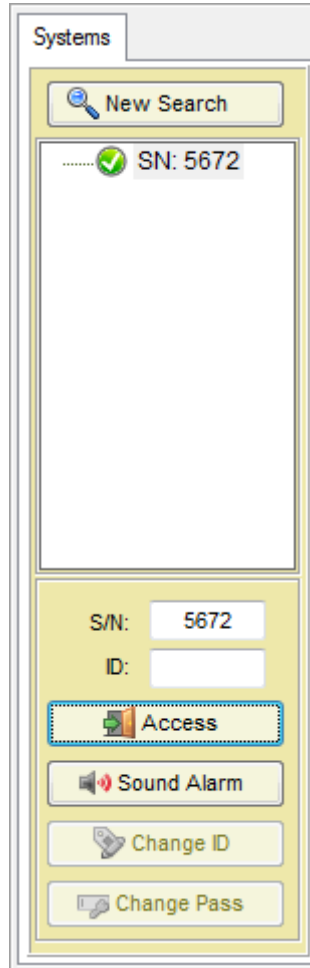
⇒ If you are using a USB to RS232 adapter, check which virtual port is assigned by the adapter. To do this, follow the steps:

- 1. Click on **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2. Click on the Performance and Maintenance link.
- 3. **Note:** If you're viewing the *Classic View* of Control Panel, you won't see this link. Simple double-click on the **System** icon and proceed to Step 4.
- 4. In the *System Properties* window, click on the **Hardware** tab.
- 5. With the *Hardware* tab selected, click on the **Device Manager** button.
- 6. Select Ports (COM & LTP) and check port name used for the adapter.

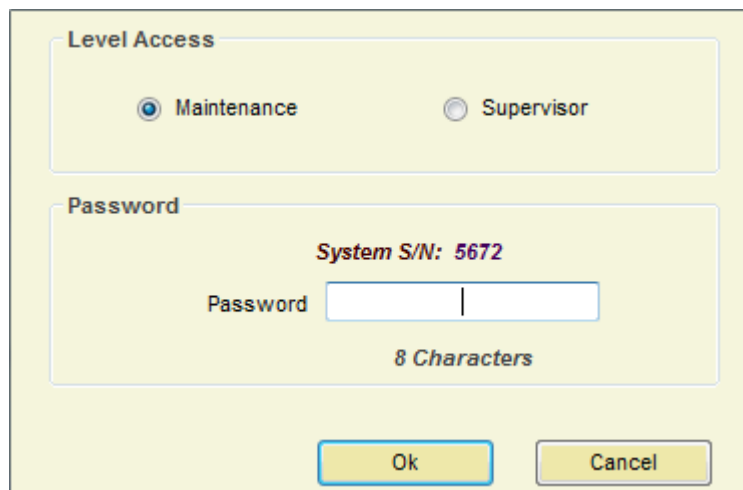


### 4.3 Access

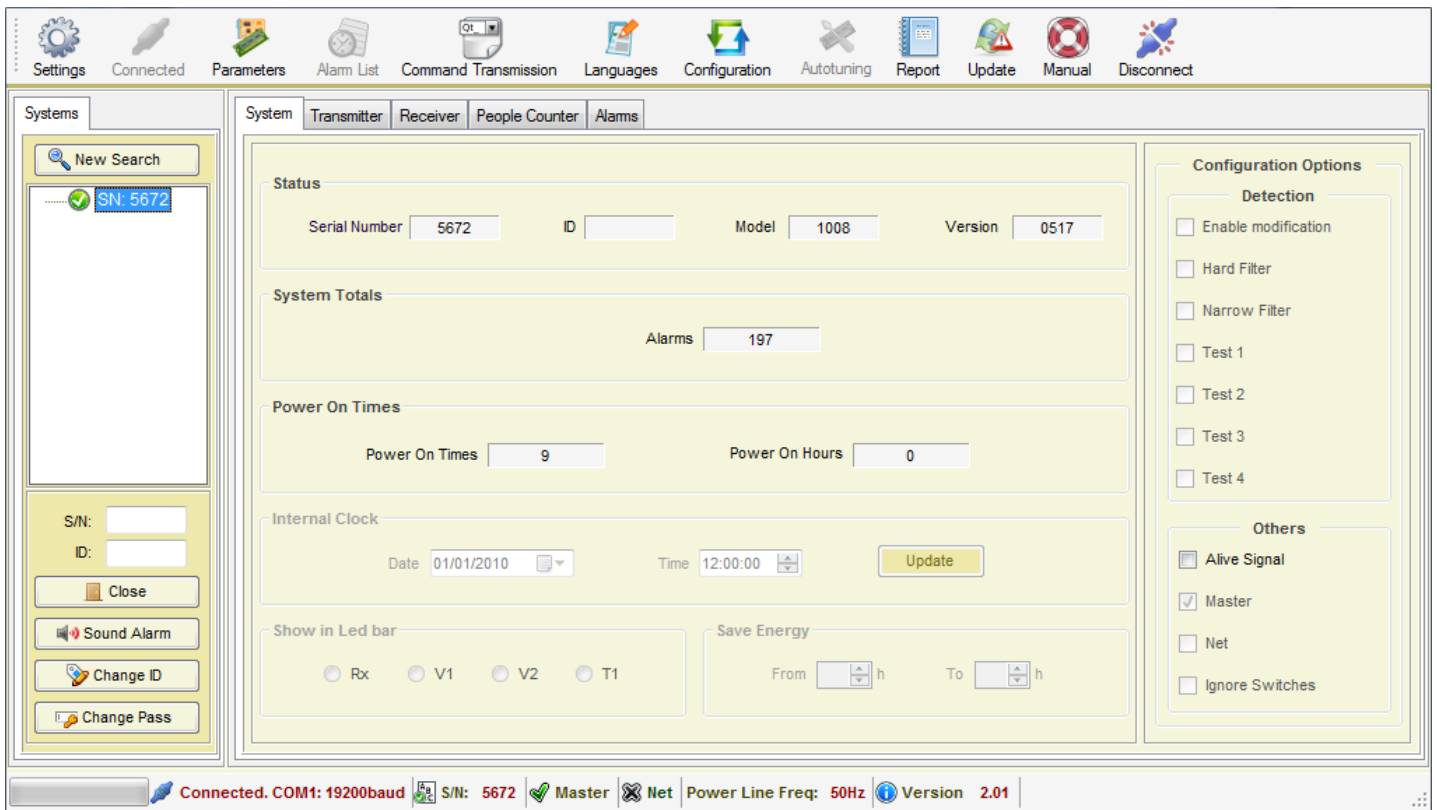
- ⇒ To access any of the systems in the line it is ONLY necessary to connect the PC/LAPTOP/MODEM/TCP-IP MODULE to the MASTER. You gain access to all the slaves through the master.
- ⇒ Double click the SN of the system you want to gain access.



- ⇒ Select Maintenance / Supervisor access
- ⇒ Input PASSWORD (Factory 12345678 for Maintenance)
- ⇒ Press OK



⇒ The selected system is accessed



The screenshot displays the USS software interface with the following components:

- Top Menu Bar:** Settings, Connected, Parameters, Alarm List, Command Transmission, Languages, Configuration, Autotuning, Report, Update, Manual, Disconnect.
- System Selection:** Systems (left sidebar), System, Transmitter, Receiver, People Counter, Alarms (top tabs).
- Search Results:** A search for SN: 5672 is shown in the left sidebar.
- Main Configuration Panel:**
  - Status:** Serial Number: 5672, ID: [input], Model: 1008, Version: 0517.
  - System Totals:** Alarms: 197.
  - Power On Times:** Power On Times: 9, Power On Hours: 0.
  - Internal Clock:** Date: 01/01/2010, Time: 12:00:00, Update button.
  - Show in Led bar:** Radio buttons for Rx, V1, V2, T1.
  - Save Energy:** From [input] h To [input] h.
- Configuration Options (Right Panel):**
  - Detection:**
    - Enable modification
    - Hard Filter
    - Narrow Filter
    - Test 1
    - Test 2
    - Test 3
    - Test 4
  - Others:**
    - Alive Signal
    - Master
    - Net
    - Ignore Switches
- Bottom Status Bar:** Connected. COM1: 19200baud, S/N: 5672, Master, Net, Power Line Freq: 50Hz, Version 2.01.

## 4.4 Main Menu



### 4.4.1. SETTINGS



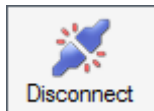
⇒ Gain access to the connection settings menu

### 4.4.2. CONNECT /CONNECTED



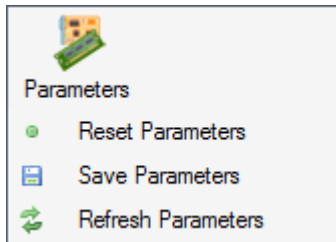
- ⇒ Connect to the system(s)
- ⇒ If the connection is active, then it is shown as 'Connected'

### 4.4.3. DISCONNECT



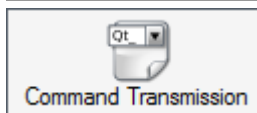
⇒ Disconnect from the accessed system

### 4.4.4. PARAMETERS

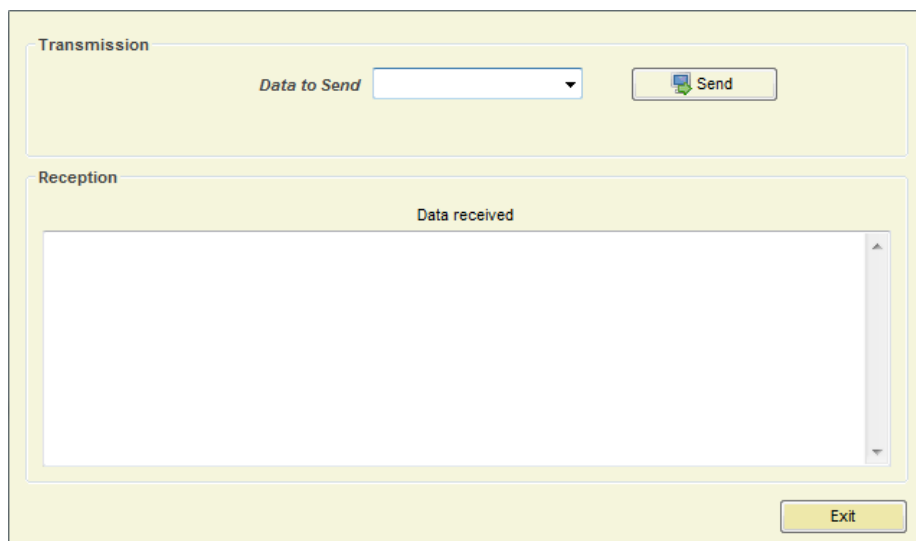


- ⇒ Reset all parameters in the system to factory values
- ⇒ Save all parameters in the system
- ⇒ Refresh all parameters in the software from the system memory

### 4.4.5. COMMAND TRANSMISSION



⇒ Opens Command Transmission window to input any command directly to the system

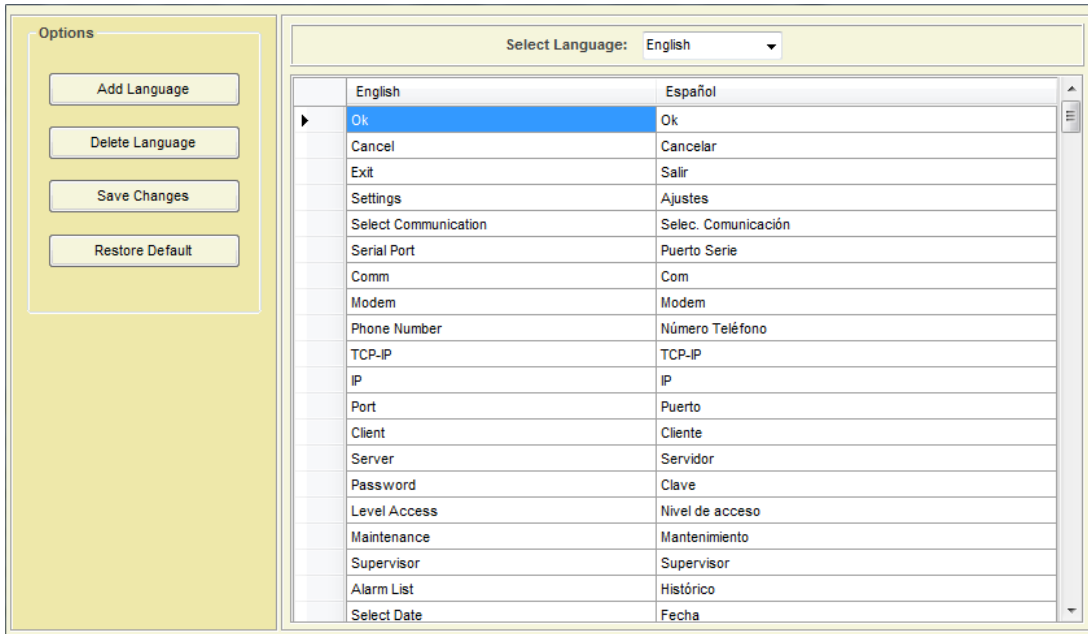




## 4.4.6. LANGUAGES

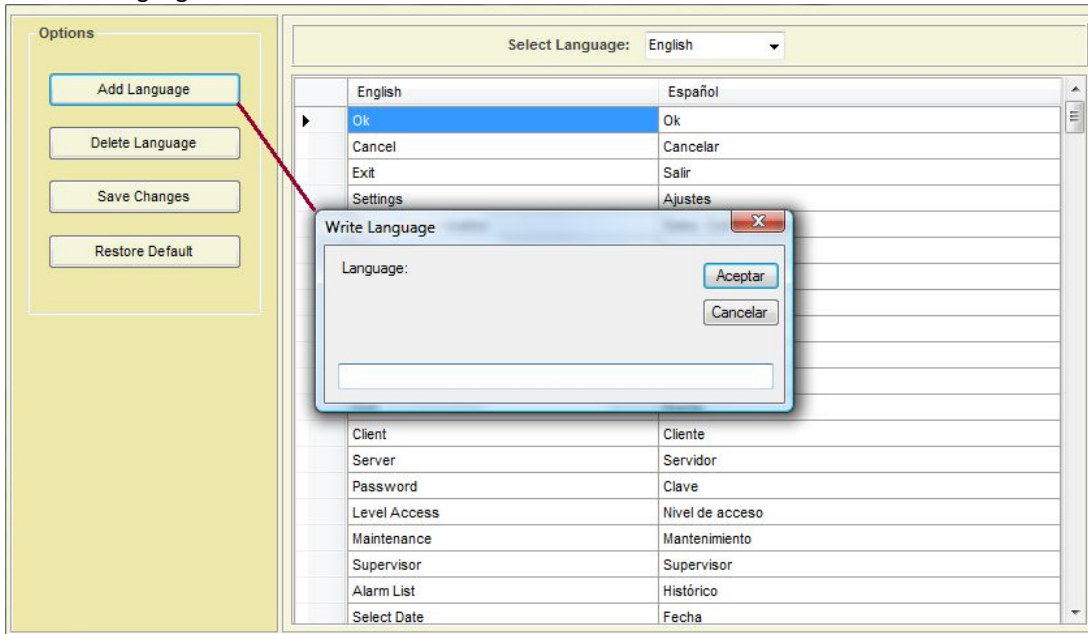


⇒ All labels are supported in other languages. You can add new language or delete it.



	English	Español
▶ Ok	Ok	Ok
Cancel	Cancel	Cancelar
Exit	Exit	Salir
Settings	Settings	Ajustes
Select Communication	Select Communication	Selecc. Comunicación
Serial Port	Serial Port	Puerto Serie
Comm	Comm	Com
Modem	Modem	Modem
Phone Number	Phone Number	Número Teléfono
TCP-IP	TCP-IP	TCP-IP
IP	IP	IP
Port	Port	Puerto
Client	Client	Cliente
Server	Server	Servidor
Password	Password	Clave
Level Access	Level Access	Nivel de acceso
Maintenance	Maintenance	Mantenimiento
Supervisor	Supervisor	Supervisor
Alarm List	Alarm List	Histórico
Select Date	Select Date	Fecha

⇒ Add language

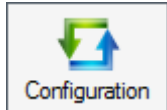


⇒ Write all the words you need.

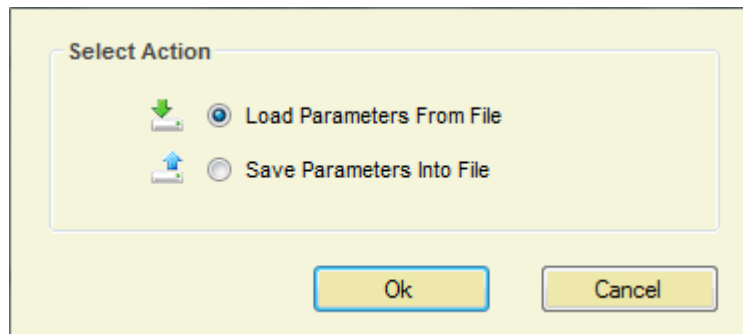
	English	Español
▶ Ok	Ok	Ok
Cancel	Cancel	Ca
Exit	Exit	
Settings	Settings	
Select Communication	Select Communication	
Serial Port	Serial Port	
Alarm List	Alarm List	
Select Date	Select Date	

⇒ Save the changes and select the language.

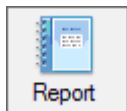
#### 4.4.7. CONFIGURATION



⇒ The parameters can be saved into a file and then loaded when necessary

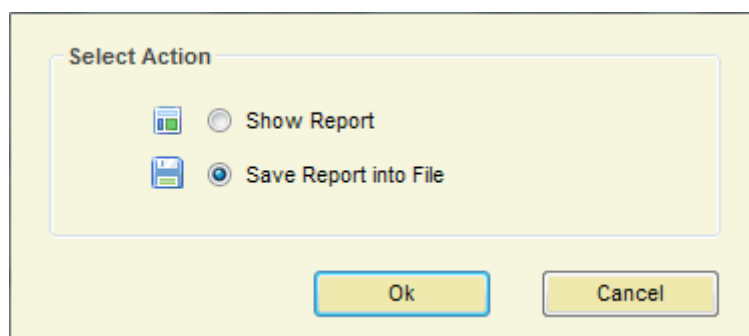


#### 4.4.8. REPORT



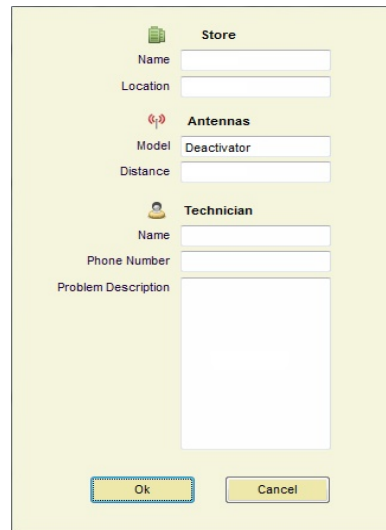
⇒ Displays all the system measurements and parameters saved on a file at a certain moment.

⇒ Select Save Report into File in order to save all the parameters and measurements from the system:



⇒ Click Ok.

⇒ Optionally, you can set the following information from the store and the system:



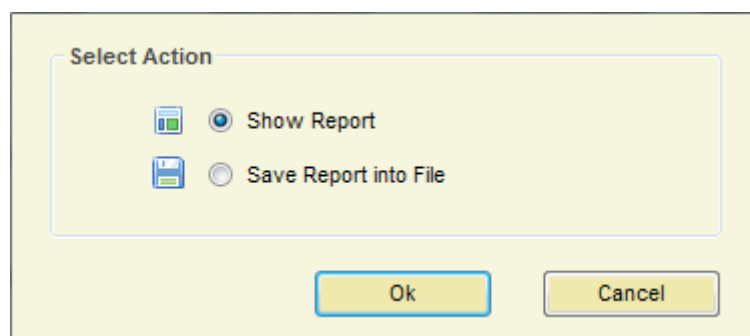
The dialog box is titled "Store" and contains the following fields:

- Store**
  - Name:
  - Location:
- Antennas**
  - Model:
  - Distance:
- Technician**
  - Name:
  - Phone Number:
  - Problem Description:

Buttons:

⇒ Click Ok and give a name for the Report file

⇒ To display a report, select Show Report option, click Ok button and select the report file.

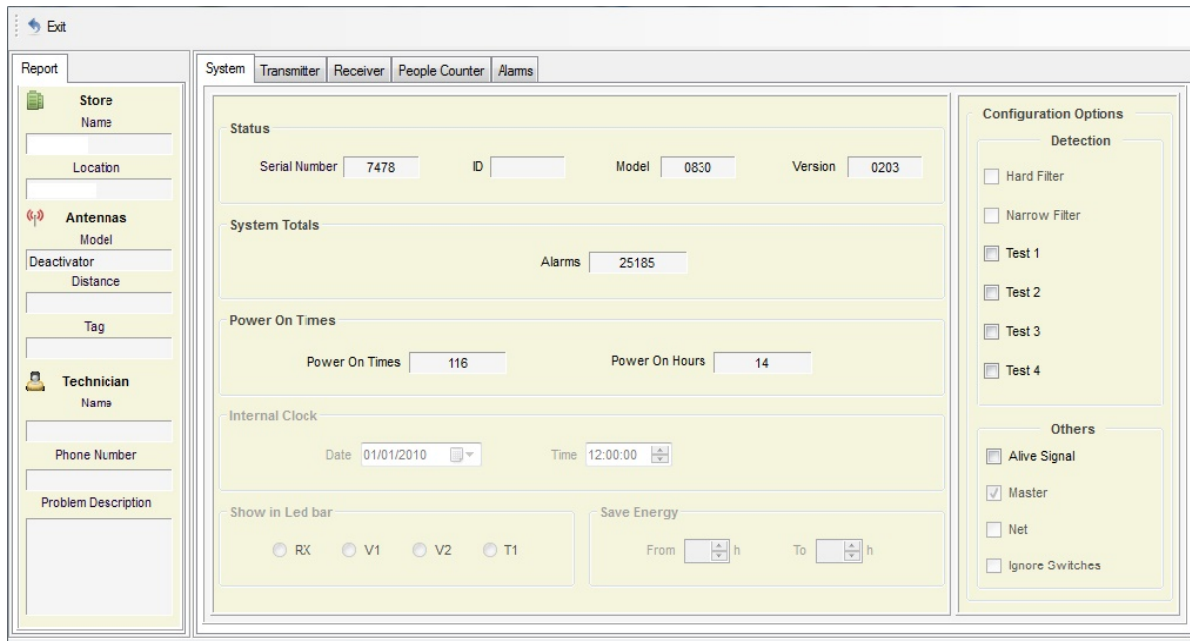


The dialog box is titled "Select Action" and contains the following options:

- Show Report
- Save Report into File

Buttons:

⇒ The Report will show up as follows:



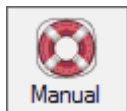
⇒ Information of System, Transmitter, Receiver and Alarms will be showed up.

#### 4.4.9. UPDATE



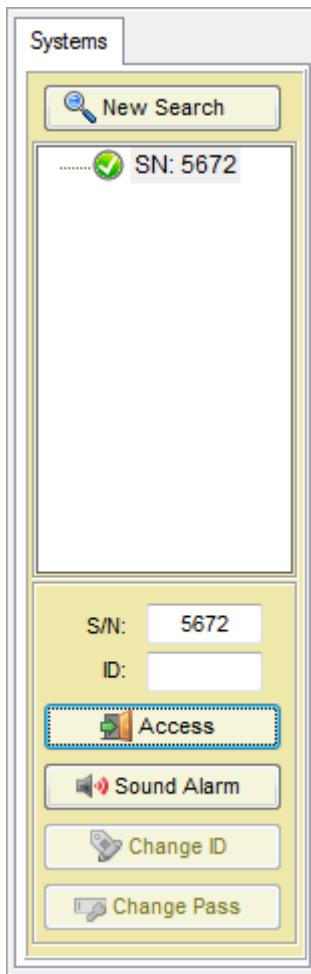
⇒ Click on Update Menu to check for new versions available.

#### 4.4.10. MANUAL



⇒ Click on Manual Menu to browse Tuning G10V Manual

## 4.5 Systems



The screenshot shows a mobile application interface for the 'Systems' section. At the top, there is a 'New Search' button with a magnifying glass icon. Below it, a search result is displayed: a green checkmark icon followed by 'SN: 5672'. The main area is a large empty white box. At the bottom, there are several controls: an 'S/N:' label with a text input field containing '5672', an 'ID:' label with an empty text input field, and four buttons: 'Access' (with a key icon), 'Sound Alarm' (with a speaker icon), 'Change ID' (with a key icon), and 'Change Pass' (with a key icon).

⇒ Options for this section:

- Start a new search to load the systems
- Visualization of systems found with their Serial Number and ID
- Close access or get access to selected system
- Sound the alarm of selected system
- Change ID of selected system (once you gain access)
- Change password (once you gain access)

## 4.6 System Tab

System | Transmitter | Receiver | People Counter | Alarms

**Status**

Serial Number     ID     Model     Version

**System Totals**

Alarms

**Power On Times**

Power On Times     Power On Hours

**Internal Clock**

Date      Time

**Show in Led bar**

Rx     V1     V2     T1

**Save Energy**

From  h    To  h

**Configuration Options**

**Detection**

Enable modification

Hard Filter

Narrow Filter

Test 1

Test 2

Test 3

Test 4

**Others**

Alive Signal

Master

Net

Ignore Switches

### 4.6.1. STATUS

- ⇒ The following information can be found: (Only INFO)
- Serial Number
  - Current ID
  - Model
  - Version

**Status**

Serial Number     ID     Model     Version

### 4.6.2. SYSTEM TOTALS

- ⇒ The following information can be found:
- Total number of Alarms

**System Totals**

Alarms

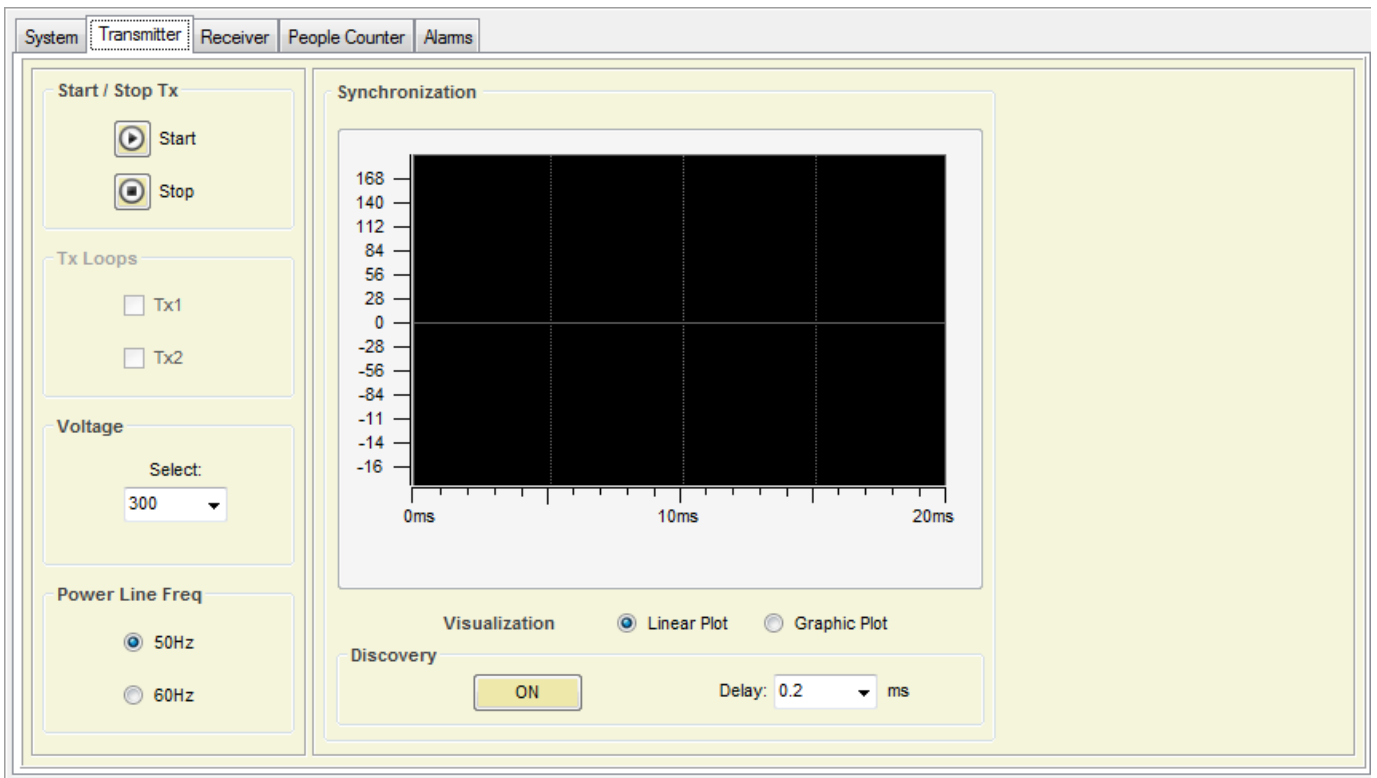
### 4.6.3. POWER TIMES

- ⇒ The following information can be found:
- Total number of Power ON
  - Total Number of Power ON hours (working hours).

**Power On Times**

Power On Times     Power On Hours

## 4.7 Transmitter Tab



The screenshot shows the USS Transmitter Tab interface. It features a top navigation bar with tabs for System, Transmitter, Receiver, People Counter, and Alarms. The main area is divided into several sections:

- Start / Stop Tx:** Contains 'Start' and 'Stop' buttons.
- Tx Loops:** Contains checkboxes for 'Tx1' and 'Tx2'.
- Voltage:** A 'Select:' dropdown menu set to '300'.
- Power Line Freq:** Radio buttons for '50Hz' (selected) and '60Hz'.
- Synchronization:** A graph with a y-axis ranging from -16 to 168 and an x-axis from 0ms to 20ms. The plot area is currently black.
- Visualization:** Radio buttons for 'Linear Plot' (selected) and 'Graphic Plot'.
- Discovery:** An 'ON' button and a 'Delay: 0.2 ms' dropdown menu.

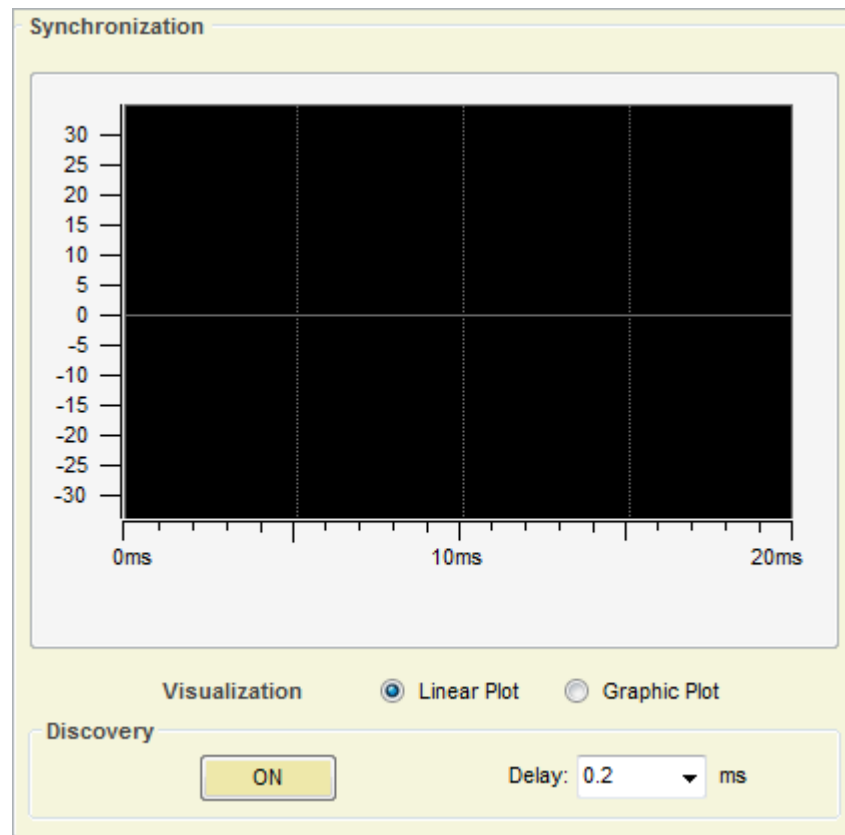
### 4.7.1. START / STOP TX



- ⇒ Transmission can be stopped, this can be used to confirm if an alarm is coming from tags / labels.
- ⇒ If the Transmission is stopped and the alarm stops, then the alarm was caused by a tag.

#### 4.7.2. DISCOVERY TOOL

⇒ Main tool to synchronize the system.



- ⇒ In 99% of cases this adjustment is not necessary. Anyway, it is always good to take a look at the environmental electric noise throughout the "Discovery Mode" feature.
- ⇒ When Discovery Tool is ON, the transmitter is then turned off, and the system ONLY receives.
- ⇒ Standard Synchro delay value is 0.2ms



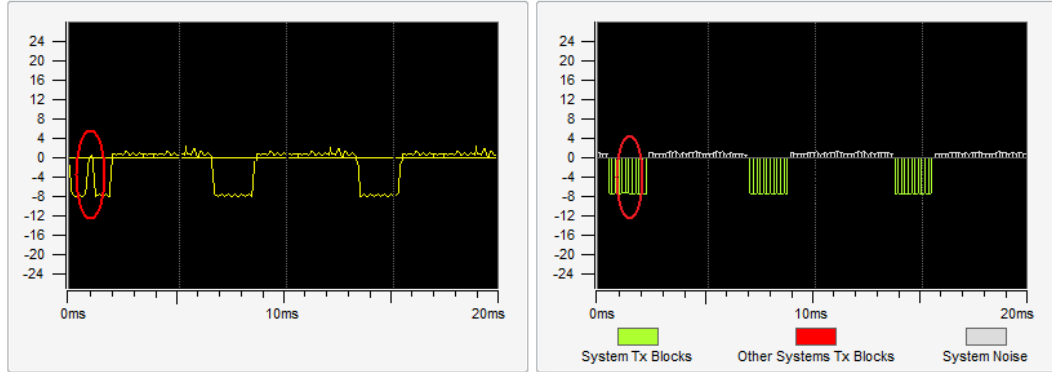
- ⇒ Once the Discovery Tool is ON, electrical noise and other possible systems out of phase are shown on the screen. In the scope is represented the amount of noise in 58 kHz through the 0° phase to the 360° phase in the mains. (From 0 ms to 20 ms in one 50 Hz period).
- ⇒ In the scope, the TX blocks will be represented in the lower side of the yellow line (negative), the TX blocks of other systems out of phase, will be represented in the upper side of the yellow line (positive).



## FIELD SITUATIONS

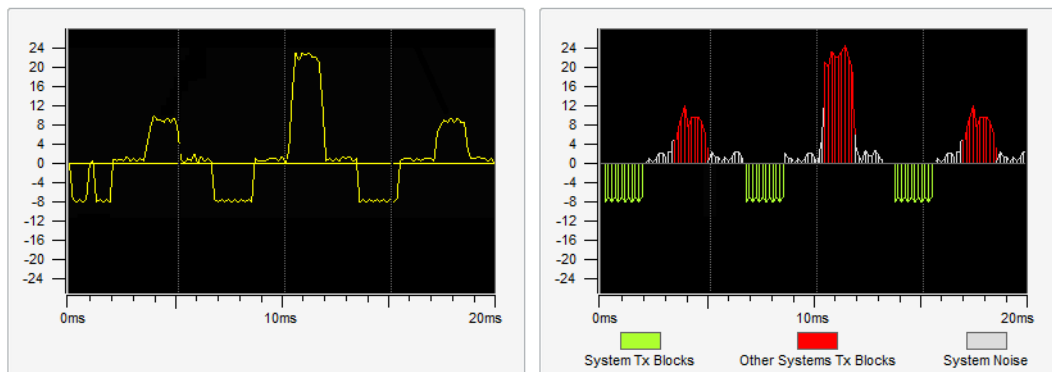
⇒ 1. Systems perfectly in phase (99% of times), NO NEED TO SYNCHRONIZE

- In these cases, only the blocks in the lower part can be seen. The presence of another system which is correctly synchronized with yours, can be seen in the break of the first block (RED CIRCLE)

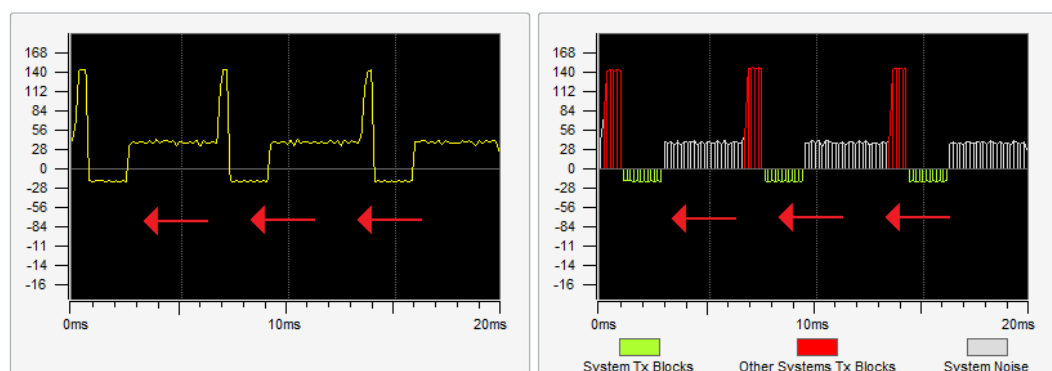
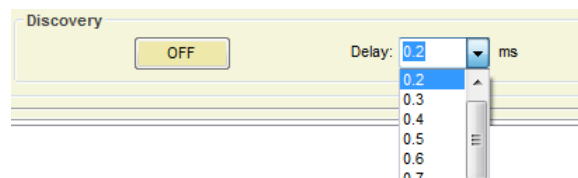


⇒ 2. Systems out of synchro, NEED TO SYNCHRONIZE, Only one external reference

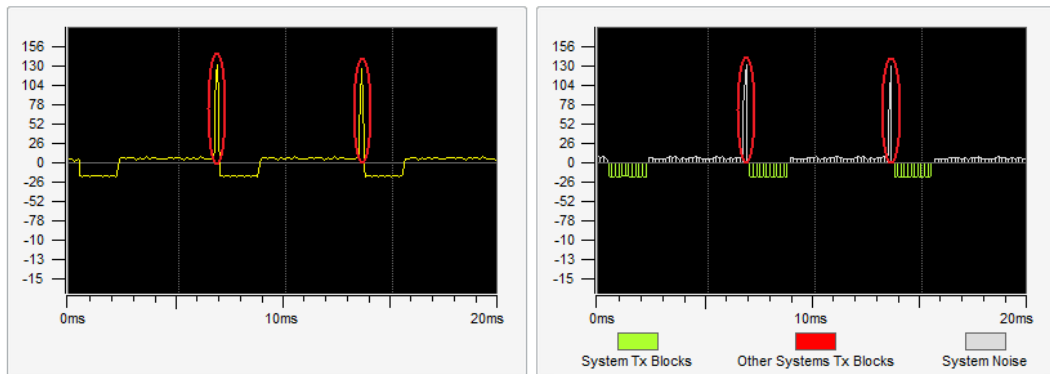
- When another 58 kHz transmitter is transmitting out of synchro, it can be easily seen from the scope screen. The area above the yellow line is reserved for these situations. In the next figure, the presence of another 58 kHz transmitter can be easily seen on that area. Only one external reference means that only 3 TX blocks from other system can be seen in the upper side of the screen.



- Change the delay manually to synchronize with the system out of synchro.



- Match the systems transmissions with one each other...

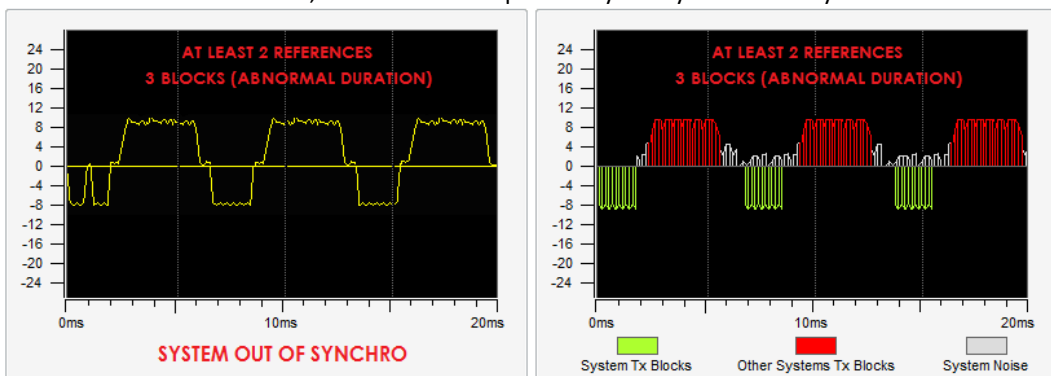


- As it can be seen on the figure above, our TX blocks (below yellow line) have moved until the position of the other system TX blocks. The synchro can be followed and verified visually. The peaks appearing in the 2 last blocks (RED CIRCLE) are normal when the system is too near.
- After a good synchronization process, you must turn Discovery Mode off, to do so press OFF

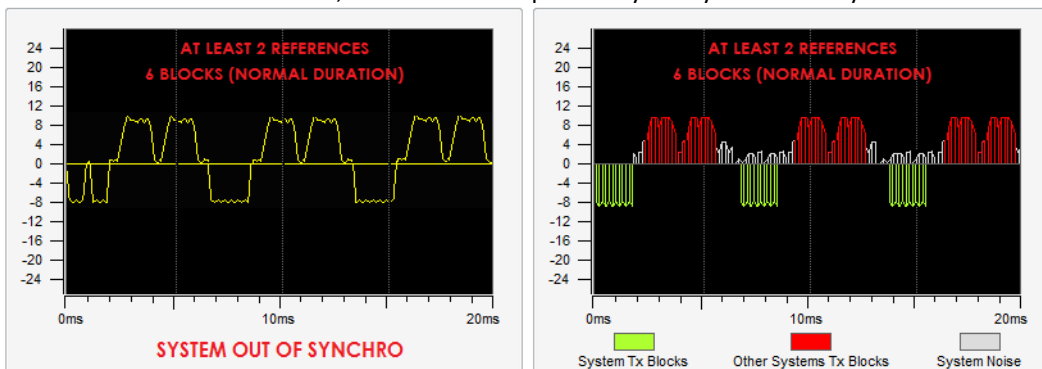


⇒ **3. Systems out of synchro, NEED TO SYNCHRONIZE, More than one external reference**

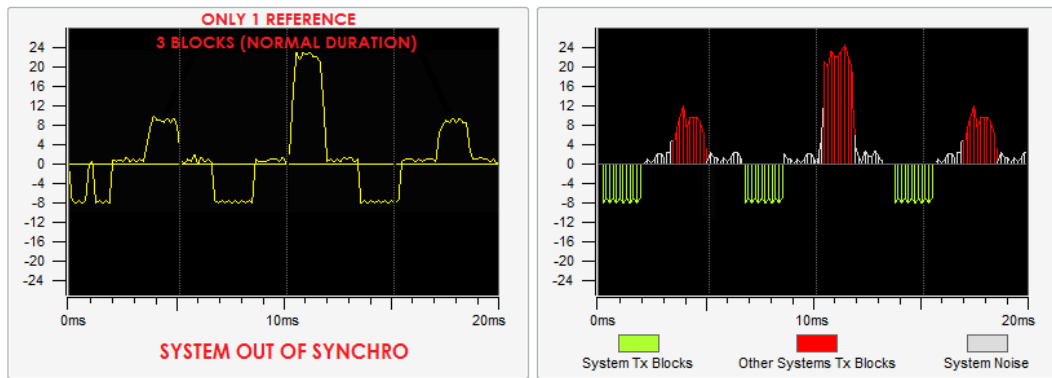
- When there is more than one reference to synchro, then a correct synchronization is not possible. This means that previous to the installation, there were already at least 2 systems out of synchro, probably these systems are already not working. In order to fix the problem it is necessary to previously synchronize between them the existing systems.
- 6 blocks of normal duration, means at least 2 previously not synchronized systems



- 3 blocks of abnormal duration, means at least 2 previously not synchronized systems

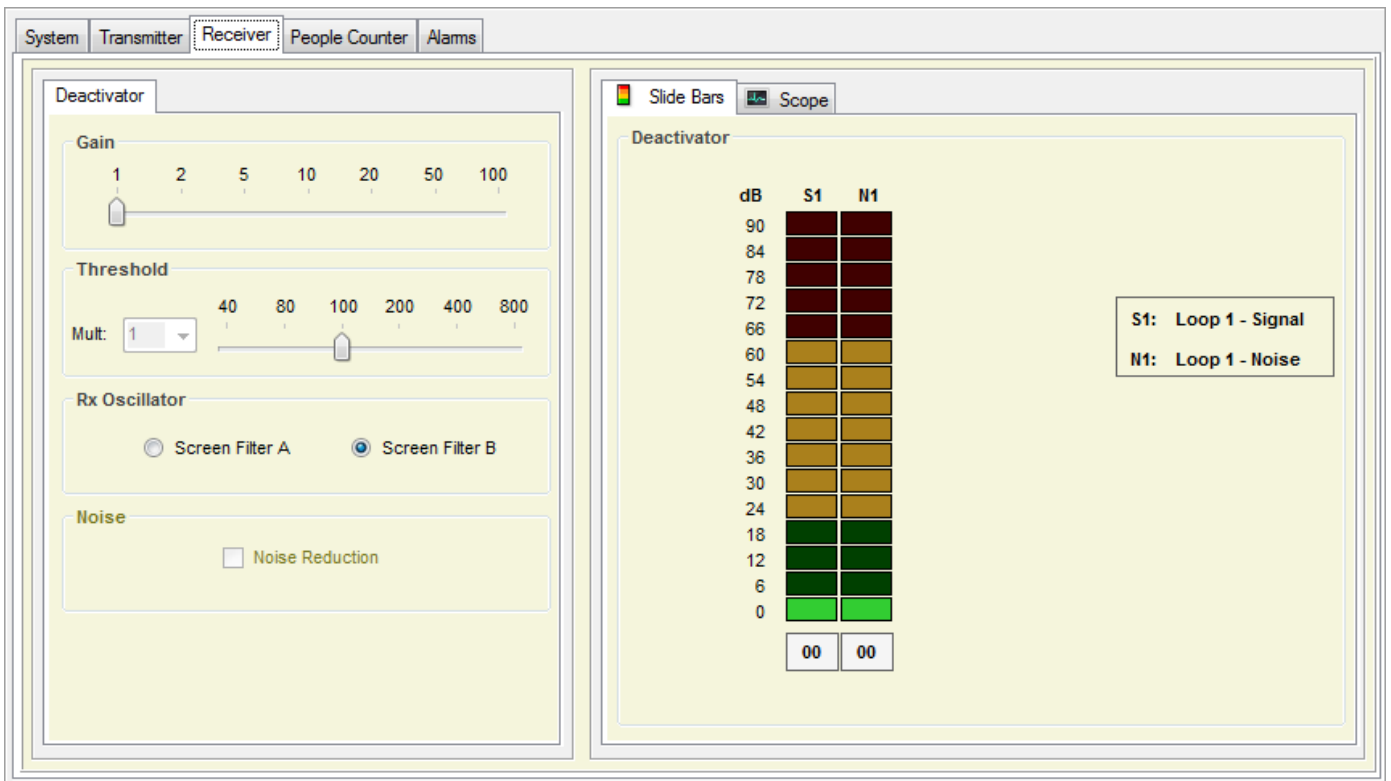


- After synchronizing ALL external systems, the situation will be as follows:



- Then the system can be correctly synchronized using this unique and only external reference.
- Please follow step CASE 2, to synchronize de system in accordance.

## 4.8 Receiver Tab



### 4.8.1. GAIN

- ⇒ Gain feature is used to adjust the receiver sensitivity to get the best reception signal.



**NOTE:**  
This setting is set to 1 and can't be changed in USA

- ⇒ In order to adjust Gain, simply select the value until you get the required detection.

### 4.8.2. THRESHOLD

- ⇒ Threshold feature is the signal level at which each receiver will trig an alarm.
- ⇒ A Higher threshold means less sensitive for the system, more quantity of signal will be needed from the tag to trigger an alarm, the detection is reduced.
- ⇒ It is recommended, for maximum sensitivity to keep the Detection Threshold at minimum (40)
- ⇒ In order to adjust Detection Threshold, simply select the value until you get the required detection



### 4.8.3. RX OSCILLATOR

- ⇒ In some cases (Noise coming from a TFT or plasma), swapping between USB or LSB filter will help to reduce electrical noise.



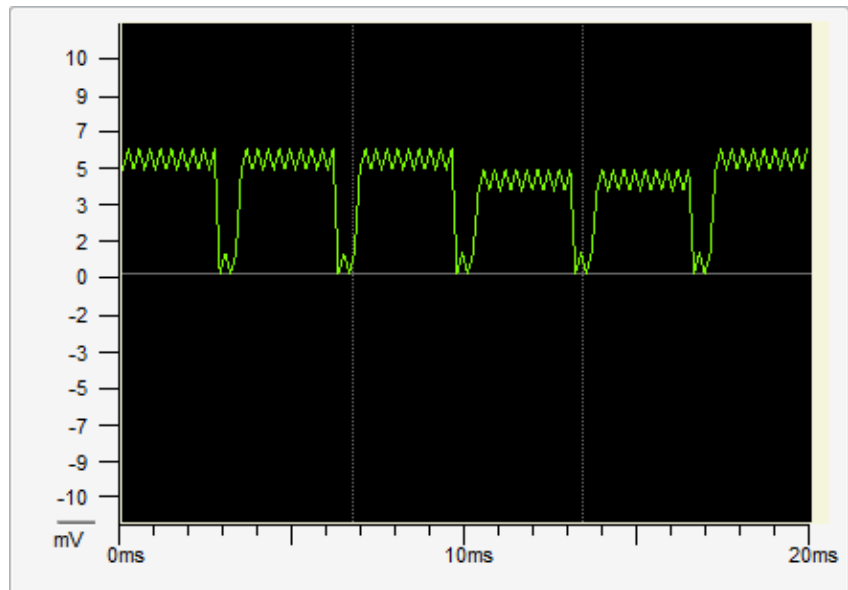
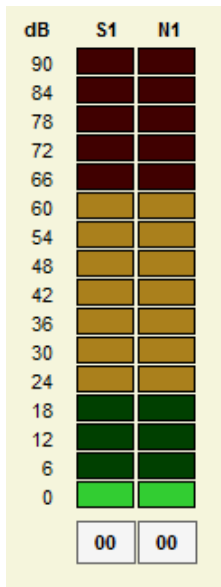
**Note :**  
This is set to B and can't be changed in USA

## 4.8.4. SIGNAL AND NOISE

- ⇒ In the scope area there is a digital oscilloscope display that will help to analyse the noise and signal. Real time electrical noise signals icon will show current electrical signal (Noise and tags if there is any).
- ⇒ There are 2 different reception areas shown on the Signal Bars / Digital Scope: 'Loop 1 Signal' and 'Loop 1 Noise'

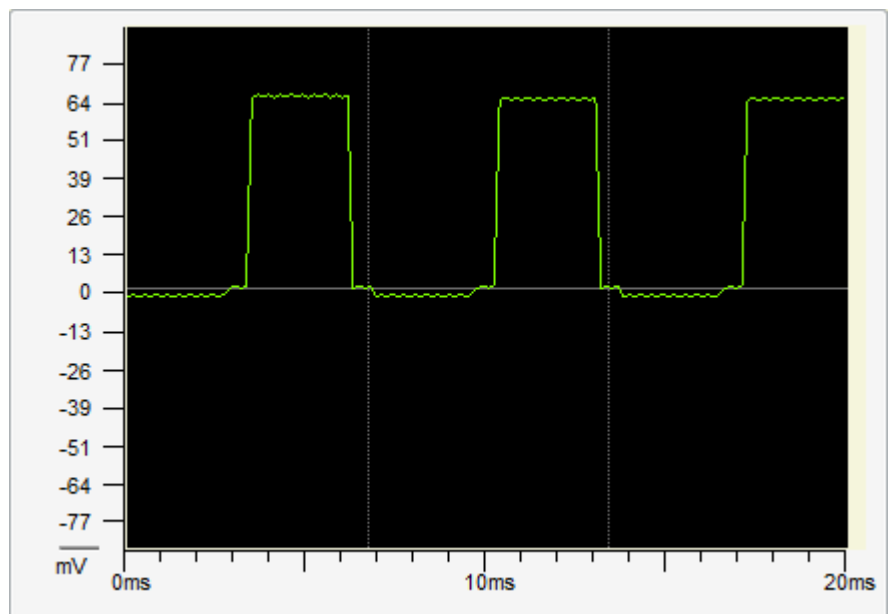
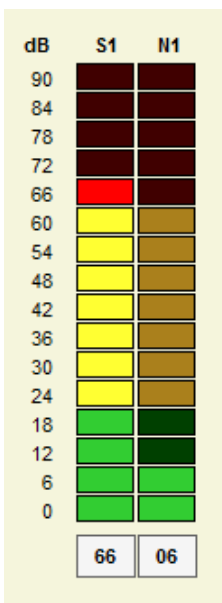
- **SITUATION 1 (When there is no tag near)**

- ⇒ The reception areas shown on the Signal Bars / Digital Scope should look as follows:
- ⇒ In the 2 different reception Bars/Areas, only electrical noise in the environment is shown, as there is no tag near.
- ⇒ All 2 reception Bars/Areas MUST HAVE SIMILAR values.



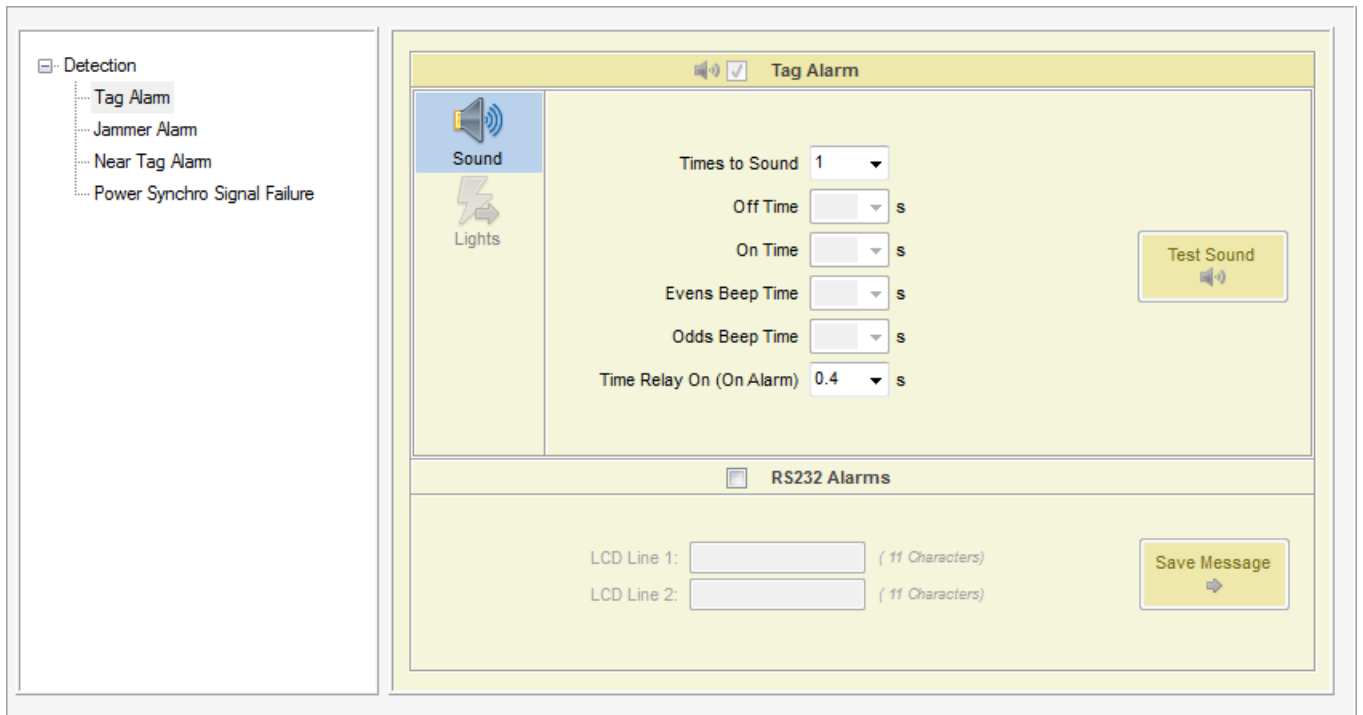
- **SITUATION 2 (When there is a tag near)**

- ⇒ The reception areas shown on the Signal Bars / Digital Scope should look as follows:
- ⇒ In the 2 different reception Bars/Areas, the reception Bar/Area reserved for noise keep the same as in SITUATION 1 BUT the Bar/Area reserved for tag signal, show higher values than the one reserved for noise.
- ⇒ This way, an alarm caused by tags can be easily identified.



## 4.9 Alarm Tabs

⇒ This section allows you to configure the alarm in the system.



### 4.9.1. SOUND OPTIONS

⇒ Select number of times to sound and customize beep duration time.

⇒ Relay

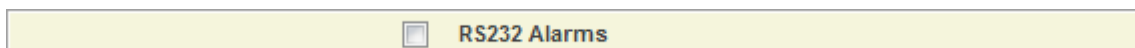
- When an alarm occurs, the alarm closes a relay and triggers anything connected to it.
- RELAY SPECIFICATIONS: 240V & 250mA.
- Normal Open(NO) & Normal Close(NC) contacts

Time Relay On (On Alarm) 0.4 s

### 4.9.2. RS232 ALARMS

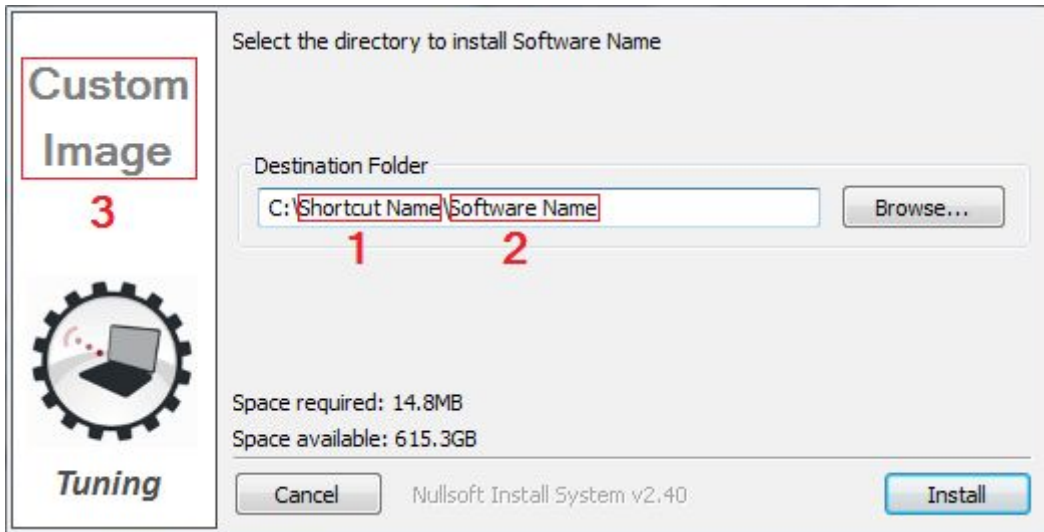
⇒ Receive a message via RS232 when an alarm is triggered

⇒ Click on the icon to enable or disable



#### 4.10.1. CUSTOMIZING INSTALLATION PROCESS

- ⇒ Customize the way installation setup runs including software name, shortcut on the start menu and display settings:



- ⇒ Open the file InstallerConf.txt from the Installation package.
  - **1.** Enter a name for the shortcut on the start menu after the text: “menuprogramname:”
 

```
menuprogramname:Shortcut Name
softwarename:Software Name
```
  - **2.** Enter a name for the software after the text “softwarename:”
 

```
menuprogramname:Shortcut Name
softwarename:Software Name
```
- ⇒ **3.** Open the file InstallerLogo.bmp from the Installation package and customize the image for the installation process.

#### 4.10.2. CUSTOMIZING SOFTWARE ICON

- ⇒ Replace the icon from the InstallerIco.ico file located at the Installation package with the new icon you want to use for the software.

## 5. SAFETY AND DECLARATIONS

### 5.1 Safety Guidelines

- ⇒ Any manipulation of the system should be done BY QUALIFIED AND TRAINED personnel ONLY.
- ⇒ Power Supply gets 220V 50Hz (Europe) 110V 60Hz (USA & Canada) AC from Power Source. Transceiver Antenna may hold high Voltage and current when working. To change blown fuses or manipulate antennas ALWAYS UNPLUG from power source (mains).
- ⇒ Do not use the system in water condensing conditions. Do not use the system in explosive environmental conditions.

### 5.2 FCC Declaration

**“This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction's manual, may cause interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. The user is cautioned that changes and modifications made to the equipment without approval of the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.”**