PAGE CENTER

On-Site Communications System User Manual Firmware Version 307D31

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1 Installation

1.1 Environment

The **PAGE CENTER** is designed for an indoor office environment. Ambient air temperature should be between -10 and +40C, and relative humidity in the 20-80% range. Operation outside of this range may cause damage to the unit.

1.2 Licensing

This product operates in the commercial two-way radio communications band. A license to operate on a particular frequency must be obtained from the FCC. Use form 600 to apply for a license to operate this unit in your area. Operation of this product must be in compliance with the applicable FCC rules and regulations. In most cases, the FCC Rules and Regulations are covered in Title 47 of the CFR, part 90 pr Part 22. Form 600 is available at the FCC WEB site: http://www.fcc.gov/formpage.html. See appendix A for a list of frequency coordinating agencies.

This product is Certified for use under FCC Parts 22 and 90. Internal circuitry may not be modified. Modification of circuitry within this unit may void your authority to operate the equipment.

1.3 Radio Communication Interference

The **PAGE CENTER** generates and uses high-frequency radio energy which can cause interference if not installed in accordance to the user manual and using sound radio system engineering practice. For best results, it is recommended that a qualified radio service technician install and configure the **PAGE CENTER**.

The **PAGE CENTER** has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules and Regulations. Operation of this device in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user must, at his own expense, be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

1.4 Locating the PAGE CENTER

The **PAGE CENTER** is designed to sit on a desk top. Although this is a good location for ease of operation, it is usually not the best place to locate the antenna. For most installations, it is recommended that the antenna be located away from the unit, and high enough to provide good coverage. "Base Station" type antennas will provide much better coverage than will the "rubber duck" type antennas. This is particularly true if an external keyboard is to be used, since many keyboards malfunction in the presence of strong RF fields.

The LCD's contrast may be adjusted through a small hole in the rear of the unit. If the LCD is difficult to read adjust its contrast with a small flat-bladed screwdriver.

1.5 Unit Setup

- a) Connect the antenna or antenna cable to the BNC jack on the rear of the unit.
- b) If you are using the **PAGE CENTER** with a computer system, connect the computer's RS-232 port to the lower serial port on the rear of the unit.
- c) If you are using an external keyboard, connect it to the PS-2 keyboard jack at the rear of the unit.
- d) If the telephone interface will be used, connect a telephone line to the RJ-11 jack on the rear of the unit.
- e) Connect the DC power supply to the **PAGE CENTER**. It connects to the large DIN connector on the rear. Plug the external DC supply into an AC wall socket. Turn the power to the unit ON.
- f) Configure the unit if necessary using the Configuration Mode.

2 Local Operation

2.1 Overview

The **PAGE CENTER** is a desk top system that provides paging and wireless two-way communications. With an Intel 32 bit processor at its core, and 4 megabytes of FLASH memory, the **PAGE CENTER** can handle the wireless communications needs of the small office or a large plant.

PAGE CENTER features:

Stand-alone operation with built-in keypad and LCD display.

Two built-in RS-232 serial ports for advanced paging applications.

Built-in telephone interface for remote access.

Internal two-way radio for monitoring the channel and two-way voice communication.

POCSAG paging encoder at 512, 1200, and 2400 baud

Optional two-tone and group-tone paging

1000 pager database

Group paging

8 external alarm inputs for automatic generation of pre-programmed pages.

Pages may be initiated from DTMF equipped two-way radios.

Built-in speaker and microphone, with provisions for external connections.

May optionally be programmed and operated using an external keyboard

The **PAGE CENTER** operates in one of two basic modes. They are the *Page Mode* and the *Program Mode*. The *Page Mode* is used to send digital pages to a selected pager or group of pagers. It may also be used to communicate with a two-way radio. For the **PAGE CENTER** to send pages to a pager, it must first be programmed with the pager's CAP code. This is done, one time, using the *Program Mode*. The *Program Mode* is used to set up the individual pager's information, group information, automatic paging information, and some system-level features.

Although the operator may send pages using the built-in keypad or an external keyboard, pages may also be generated in a variety of other ways. Pages may be initiated through the RS-232 serial port on the rear of the unit. Another way is to use the built-in telephone interface. When connected to a telephone line, pages may be entered using a touch-tone phone by dialing into the unit. The **PAGE CENTER** may also be configured to automatically generate a page, based upon an electrical input to special input pins on the rear of the unit. The **PAGE CENTER** is one of the most versatile paging devices on the market today!

The **PAGE CENTER** has an internal database, which stores the CAP code for every pager in your system. The CAP code is the special 7 digit code that identifies an individual pager or paging receiver device. To make paging simpler, you need only configure the CAP codes once by assigning it an easy-to-remember number. For instance, you may have 3 pagers with the following CAP codes: 1924589, 0029111, 0935199. You can program them into the database as pager numbers 1, 2, and 3 as follows:

Pager CAP Code	Pager Number
1924589	1
0029111	2
0935199	3

Now, when it comes time to page pager 2, you will only have to enter the digit 2, rather that the whole CAP code. Other parameters that must be entered into the database for each pager are the pager type (tone, numeric, alpha-numeric), baud rate (512, 1200, 2400) active or inactive status, and which groups it belongs to (if any).

To facilitate sending pages to a large number of different pagers, groups of pagers may be set up in the **PAGE CENTER**. A group is first assigned a number, and the members of the group are programmed into the group pager database. Once a group is set up, a page may be sent to all the members of the group simply by sending the page to the given group.

2.2 Keypad

The built-in keypad is used to program the unit, and to manually enter pages. Its keys have the following functions:

Key	Primary Use	Secondary Use
0 thru 9	Entering numbers	Selecting a sub-menu
F1	Send a page after it is entered	Select options from the
		sub-menus
F2	Monitor the channel	
F3	Talk to a two-way radio	Monitor the channel if it
		is busy
F4	Send a tone-only page to a numeric or	
	alphanumeric pager	
DEL	Correct an incorrect entry	
- (Program)	Used as a dash (-) when entering a	Enters the programming
	message.	mode and exits menus
$\downarrow \uparrow$	Up/down arrows scroll through various	
	options on the display.	
VOL+/-	Adjust the local speaker volume	

The **PAGE CENTER** has a keypad buffer that allows a user to type faster than the prompts on the display come up. Keystrokes will not be lost, and efficient data entry is possible by operators skilled in the operation of the **PAGE CENTER**.

2.3 External Keyboard

An external keyboard with a PS-2 connector may optionally be used if desired. When the external keyboard is connected, the unit's built-in keypad continues to operate normally. The external keyboard's keys function the same way as do the unit's keypad in most cases. Additional features are:

- The alphabetic keys may be used when entering pages to alphanumeric pagers.
- The ESC key is mapped to the keypad's "-" key.
- The ENTER key is mapped to the keypad's F1 key.
- The NUM LOCK key is enabled by default, permitting the operator to use the keyboard's numeric keypad for more efficient entry of numeric data. Note that the keypad's "." key is mapped to the DEL key.
- Pressing CTRL and the Windows "MENU" key simultaneously enters the Setup Mode.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Some keyboards are extremely sensitive to the high RF fields present when an antenna is connected directly to the rear of the **PAGE CENTER**. The keyboard may stop functioning properly after the **PAGE CENTER** transmitter is turned on. If this situation occurs, it is recommended that the antenna be mounted at least several feet from the **PAGE CENTER**.

2.4 Display

There is a two-line, twenty-character LCD display on the **PAGE CENTER**. The three LEDs on the top right side of the unit indicate the state of the transmitter, whether the channel is busy, and the programming mode.

2.5 Sending a page

The **PAGE CENTER** is ready to send a page when the LCD display shows:



This means the **PAGE CENTER** is waiting for you to enter the pager number to which you which to send a page. Using the keypad or an external keyboard, enter the number (not the CAP code) of the pager you wish to page. Once you enter the pager number, press the **F1** key. There are three standard types of pagers supported by the **PAGE CENTER**. They are: tone-only, numeric and alpha-numeric. An option is available which supports two-tone and group-tone pagers as well. Depending upon what type of pager you are sending the page to, one of the following sequences will take place:

1. Tone-only pagers

If the pager is a tone-only type, it does not have a display. A page sent to it will cause it to beep. When a page is sent to it, the display will show **TONE PAGER** while it is sending the page over-the-air to the pager. This will take about one second, after which it will display **PAGE ACCEPTED** for a couple seconds, and then return back to the **PAGER NO=** prompt.

2. Numeric and alpha-numeric pagers

If the pager is designated as a Numeric pager or an Alphanumeric pager in the **PAGE CENTER** database, then the LCD display will show **NUMERIC PAGER** or **ALPHA PAGER** for one second, and then the LCD display will show **ENTER MESSAGE**. The user enters the message using the keypad into line 2 of the display. If the message is longer than the length of the display, the display will automatically scroll down to the next line as the message is entered. Pressing the DEL key deletes the previous character entered. Once the data is entered, press the F1 key to send the page. The display will show **PAGE ACCEPTED** for a couple seconds and then the display will return back to the **PAGER NO=** prompt.

Only numeric messages may be sent using the built-in keypad. Alphanumeric messages may be sent when using an external keyboard.

3. Two-tone pagers

Two tone pagers accept a sequence of two tones. The CAPCODE is a number between 0 and 999. A large number of standard tone plans are supported by the **PAGE CENTER**. Pagers with non-standard tone frequencies may be programmed via the database upload command. After the paging tones are sent, either an alert sound or a voice message from the telephone interface may optionally be sent to the pager.

4. Group-tone pagers

Group tone pagers accept a single tone. The CAPCODE represents the frequency of the desired tone expressed in units of 1/10 Hz. After the paging tone is sent, either an alert sound or a voice message from the telephone interface may optionally be sent to the pager.

Typically it takes a second or more to send a page to a pager. If the page is intended for a group of pagers, it may take longer. A group consisting of 10 pagers may take 5-10 seconds to transmit, and a group of 100 pagers may take 50-100 seconds to transmit.

2.6 Group Page

The **PAGE CENTER** can send a page to a group of pager numbers through the entry of a single group number. The pager numbers that are members of the group must have been previously assigned using the Assign Group configuration menu. When sending a group page, the **PAGE CENTER** sequentially sends the page to each pager in the group.

The procedure for sending a group page is the same as for the individual page described in the above procedure. Group pages generally take longer to send out, so you may find the **PAGE CENTER** will take a bit longer to return to the **PAGER NO=** prompt when a group page is sent.

2.7 Tone Paging

Some pagers can receive tone or numeric pages. If you wish to send a tone page (make it beep) to a pager that is set-up for numeric or alpha paging, you can press the **F4** (Tone) key when entering the page instead of the **F1** (Enter) key. Pressing the **F4** key after entering the pager number will force the **PAGE CENTER** to send a tone page to the pager.

2.8 2-way voice communications

The PAGE CENTER can communicate with portable and mobile two-way radios. The PAGE CENTER has a privacy feature called Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS). CTCSS blocks the reception of signals or noise that are not encoded with certain preset low frequency tones. You will only hear signals at the PAGE CENTER that have the correct CTCSS tone encoded on them. This means that the radio channel may be in use by someone else, and you will not hear anything come out the speaker because the CTCSS decoder has muted it.

To disable the CTCSS decoder momentarily in order to monitor all of the communications on the channel, press the **F2** key on the built-in keypad.

To talk on the radio channel, press and hold down the **F3** key on the built-in keypad. If the channel is not in use, the **PAGE CENTER** will turn the transmitter on and display **TALK** on the LCD. Your voice will be transmitted out over the air. The microphone is located on the front of the unit, so speak clearly towards it in a normal voice.

If the channel is busy with signals which are not being decoded by the CTCSS decoder, the LCD will display **LISTENING** and the CTCSS decoder will be disabled in order to monitor the signal being received before transmitting. If after 3 seconds you do not release the **F3** key, the **PAGE CENTER** will begin transmitting.

3 Two-way Radio and Telephone Operation

The **PAGE CENTER** has a built-in radio transceiver enabling it to communicate with other two-way radios and to receive over-the-air commands to generate pages, connect to the telephone system, dial phone numbers and answer incoming telephone calls. The telephone interface may be utilized for generating pages or initiating phone patches with two-way-radios.

To remotely control the **PAGE CENTER** with a two-way radio or from a telephone, the two-way radio or telephone must be equipped with a DTMF encoder. All commands sent to the **PAGE CENTER** are entered via the DTMF keypad, and in most cases, the commands are similar to the ones used locally on the **PAGE CENTER** is a standard feature, but it must be enabled before it will work

3.1 Sending Pages from the Two-Way Radio

This section describes how to send a page with the **PAGE CENTER** using a DTMF keypad-equipped two-way radio. The **PAGE CENTER** and the two-way radio must have previously been configured to communicate on the same channel, and utilize the same CTCSS tones.

To send a page to a pager from the two-way radio, you must:

- 1. Send * 9 to alert the PAGE CENTER that you intend to send a page.
- 2. If desired, optionally listen to the receiver for the "Enter Pager Number" prompt, which is a sequence of three beeps. A series of alternating high and low beeps indicates an error in the command sequence or a timeout occurred. If voice prompts have been enabled, then a voice message will be heard instead of the beeps.
- 3. Enter the digits of the pager number you wish to page. If the pager's number is less than three digits in length, then press the * key to terminate the pager's number. Note that the * key is not used to terminate three digit pager numbers.
- 4. If desired, optionally listen to the receiver for a low / high beep sequence, which signifies that the pager number was accepted. A series of alternating high and low beeps indicates an error in the pager number or a timeout occurred. If voice prompts have been enabled, then a voice message will be heard instead of the beeps.
- 5. Enter the numeric digits you wish to send to the pager. Do not enter any digits if you only wish to "beep" the pager. Note that the following DTMF keys have special meanings:

DTMF Key	Pager Character	Comments
*	=	Hyphen character
#	{none}	Send the page
A		Space character
В]	Right bracket
С	[Left bracket
D	U	Urgency indicator

6. Press the # key to send the page.

To send a new message to the same pager again, you may:

- 1. Type * 0 to alert the **PAGE CENTER** that you intend to send a page to the same pager number as before.
- 2. Continue from step 4 of the instructions above to input the new message to be sent.

3.2 Placing Telephone Calls from the Two-Way Radio

Two-way radios can place "autopatch" telephone calls through the **PAGE CENTER** to a telephone line connected to the rear of the **PAGE CENTER**.

The PAGE CENTER operates in a simplex mode. In other words, it can only receive or transmit at any given time, and not both simultaneously. If it is transmitting, it cannot receive, and when it is receiving, it cannot transmit. Because of this, there are a number of things to keep in mind when making or receiving a telephone call through the PAGE CENTER. One is that the two-way radio user will hear an occasional ticking sound. This is the PAGE CENTER periodically checking for transmissions from the two-way radio. The other is that users must learn to wait about a second before talking whenever the PAGE CENTER switches between transmit and receive modes.

The **PAGE CENTER** uses a Voice Operated Switch (VOX) circuit on the telephone line. VOX circuit switches the **PAGE CENTER** from transmit mode to receive mode when it detects that the audio coming in from the telephone line has stopped.

To place a telephone call:

- 1. Press the * 7 keys on the two-way radio's DTMF keypad. This tells the **PAGE CENTER** that you wish to place a telephone call.
- Listen for the confirmation beeps to come back from the PAGE CENTER. If autopatch operation has been disabled from the Configuration Menu, then alternating high and low beeps will signal an error. If voice prompts have been enabled, then a dial tone will be heard instead of the beeps.
- 3. Begin dialing the telephone number you wish to call after the dial tone ends. At the end of the telephone number, you may enter a * to dial the phone number. Alternatively, the phone number will be dialed if no keys are pressed after a few seconds. The DTMF tones being sent to the phone line will be heard to confirm dialing.
- Once the called party answers, the phone VOX circuit takes over. When the called party speaks, the PAGE CENTER transmits his or her voice.
- A periodic ticking sound will be heard by the mobile user as the PAGE CENTER briefly switches to receive mode to determine whether the mobile user wishes to interrupt the conversation and has begun transmitting.
- 6. If neither party is talking, a single beep will be heard periodically to remind the mobile user that the phone patch is still in operation.
- 7. A timeout timer exists in order to shut down the phone patch automatically in the event that the mobile user goes out of range or has a battery outage. Warning beeps or a voice message will be sent 30 seconds before the timeout timer expires and the phone call is terminated. The mobile user may press * in order to reset the timeout timer and continue the phone call.
- 8. End the conversation from the two-way radio by pressing the # key. A high, then low beep sequence or a voice message should be heard to confirm the disconnection.

3.3 Autodial Calls

The PageCenter has 10 "auto-dial" memories containing telephone numbers which can be automatically dialed. See the **PAGE CENTER** Programming section for information on how to program these numbers.

In order to make an Autodial call from a two-way radio:

- 1. Press the * 6 keys on the two-way radio's DTMF keypad, followed by the number of Autodial memory you wish to place the call to. Memory number 0 will be used if no number is sent after the *6 command.
- 2. Operation continues from step 4 as described above.

3.4 Receiving Telephone Calls at the Two-Way radio

The **PAGE CENTER** can also be used to route telephone calls from the telephone line to two-way-radios. To initiate a phone call from the telephone interface:

- 1. Dial the phone number of the telephone line connected to the **PAGE CENTER**.
- 2. The **PAGE CENTER** will answer the phone in a manner determined by the settings of the "Remote Paging" and "Call Forwarding" modes as set in the Configuration Menu.

Remote Paging	Call Forwarding	PAGE CENTER Operation When Called		
Enabled	Enabled	Phone answered with a "Enter Pager Number" prompt.		
		• User may press * 5 to request a phone patch and send "ringing" tones to the two-way-radio users.		
		• User may enter the number of a pager to be paged and a numeric message.		
Enabled	Disabled	Phone answered with a "Enter Pager Number" prompt.		
		• "Error" tones are generated if the user presses * 5.		
		• User may enter the number of a pager to be paged and a numeric message.		
Disabled	Enabled	Phone answered with "ringing" tones which are also sent to the two-way-radio users to request a phone patch.		
Disabled	Disabled	The phone line is not answered		

- 3. The telephone user must enter * 5 to request a phone call if "Remote Paging" is enabled.
- 4. If "Call Forwarding" is enabled and the telephone line rings, the **PAGE CENTER** will transmit a simulated ring signal over the air. To answer the call, a mobile user must press the * key to take the telephone line off-hook.
- 5. Once the called party answers, the phone VOX circuit takes over. When the phone user speaks, the **PAGE CENTER** transmits his or her voice.
- 6. A periodic ticking sound will be heard by the mobile user as the **PAGE CENTER** briefly switches to receive mode to determine whether the mobile user wishes to interrupt the conversation and has begun transmitting.
- 7. If neither party is talking, a single beep will be heard periodically to remind the mobile user that the phone patch is still in operation.
- 8. A timeout timer exists in order to shut down the phone patch automatically in the event that the mobile user goes out of range or has a battery outage. The length of the timer is set in the Configuration Menu. Warning beeps or a voice message will be sent a few seconds before the timeout timer expires and the phone call is terminated. The mobile user must press * to reset the timeout timer and continue the phone call.
- 9. End the conversation from the two-way radio by pressing the # key. A high, then low beep sequence or a voice message should be heard to confirm the disconnect.

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3.5 Sending Pages using the Telephone Interface

This section describes how to send a page with the **PAGE CENTER** using a DTMF keypad-equipped telephone. Note that the phone will not be answered until any "radio paging" command sequence in progress is completed.

To send a page to a pager from the telephone interface, you must:

- 1. Dial the phone number of the telephone line connected to the **PAGE CENTER**.
- 2. If the "Remote Paging" mode has been enabled from the Configuration Menu, the **PAGE CENTER** will answer the phone and send an "Enter Pager Number" prompt, which is a sequence of three beeps. If voice prompts have been enabled, then a voice message will be heard instead of the beeps.
- 3. Enter the digits of the pager number you wish to page. If the pager's number is less than three digits in length, then press the * key to terminate the pager's number. Note that the * key is not used to terminate three digit pager numbers.
- 4. If desired, optionally pause sending beeps and listen for a low / high tone sequence, which signifies that the pager number was accepted. A series of alternating high and low beeps indicates an error in the pager number or a timeout occurred. If voice prompts have been enabled, then a voice message will be heard instead of the beeps.
- 5. Enter the numeric digits you wish to send to the pager. Do not enter any digits if you only wish to "beep" the pager.
- 6. Press the # key to send the page. You will hear a series of beeps increasing in pitch or a voice message to indicate that the page was sent.
- 7. After a short delay, the "Enter Pager Number" prompt will be given again. You may send another page if desired by following the above sequence again.
- 8. If the caller hesitates sending DTMF tones for a number of seconds, a series of alternating high and low beeps or a voice message will be sent, indicating that a timeout occurred. The **PAGE CENTER** will then hang-up the phone line.

4 Unit Setup

The **PAGE CENTER** supports numerous functions and operating modes. These are programmed via a series of menus. The following table lists configuration parameters and menus within the **PAGE CENTER** unit that the user may wish to modify. Operating parameters are stored in non-volatile memory, and will not need to be reconfigured during the life of the product unless the user wishes to change them. The default settings from the factory are shown in **BOLD**.

PAGE CENTER COMMAND MENU STRUCTURE

System Configuration

(Key 1 held down during power-up) PASSWORD = Contact Factory

4 TRANSCEIVER 1 SERIAL PORT #1 3 SERIAL STOP BITS 1 SERIAL DATA BITS 1 STOP BIT 1 TX SETUP 7 DATA BITS 2 STOP BITS 1 TX FREQUENCY 8 DATA BITS **4 SERIAL PARITY** { 464.5 MHz} 2 SERIAL PORT RATE **EVEN PARITY** 2 TX SIGNALING 1 - 300 BAUD ODD PARITY 1 (CARRIER ONLY) 2 - 600 BAUD NO PARITY 2 CTCSS 3 - 1200 BAUD 5 FLOW CONTROL 3 TX BANDWIDTH NO FLOW CONTROL 4 - 2400 BAUD NARROW BAND HARDWARE CONTROL WIDE BAND 5 - 4800 BAUD 6 - 9600 BAUD 6 PORT1 PROTOCOL 2 RX SETUP 7 - 19200 BAUD 1 TAP 1 RX FREQUENCY 3 SERIAL STOP BITS 2 COMP1 { 464.5 MHz} 1 STOP BIT 3 COMP2 2 RX SIGNALING 2 STOP BITS 7 TAP TIMEOUT 1 (CARRIER ONLY) **4 SERIAL PARITY 8 COMP TIMEOUT** 2 CTCSS 9 MANUAL TIMEOUT 3 INVERT CARRIER DETECT **EVEN PARITY** ODD PARITY NO PARITY 3 MODE SELECTION 4 INVERT TRANSMIT DATA 5 FLOW CONTROL 1 SPEAKER ENABLE NO FLOW CONTROL YES **ENABLE** HARDWARE CONTROL DISABLE NO 2 BUSY CH LOCKOUT 5 TX TYPE 6 PORT1 PROTOCOL **1 TAP ENABLE** NO TYPE SELECTED 2 COMP1 DISABLE VHF 3 COMP2 3 REMOTE PAGING UHF 7 TAP TIMEOUT **ENABLE** 260 MHZ 8 COMP TIMEOUT DISABLE 5 CW CALL SIGN 9 MANUAL TIMEOUT 4 CALL FORWARDING **ENABLE** ${DEFAULT = NONE}$ 2 SERIAL PORT #2 DISABLE 1 SERIAL DATA BITS 5 AUTOPATCH TIMER 6 DIAGNOSTICS MODE 7 DATA BITS 0 = PATCH DISABLED{See below for details} **8 DATA BITS** 10 MINUTES = DEFAULT 2 SERIAL PORT RATE 6 VOICE PROMPTS 1 - 300 BAUD **ENABLE** 2 - 600 BAUD DISABLE 3 - 1200 BAUD 7 WARMUP SIGNAL **ENABLE** 4 - 2400 BAUD 5 - 4800 BAUD DISABLE 6 - 9600 BAUD 7 - 19200 BAUD

Reset FLASH Memory

(Key 8 held down during power up)

RESET FLASH? PASSWORD = 42983 RESET FLASH? NO YES

Program Mode

(Key "-" held down during normal operation)
PASSWORD = 7531

1 ASSIGN PAGER
PAGER NO =
CAPCODE =
TYPE =
POCSAG 512
POCSAG 1200
POCSAG 2400
TWO TONE
GROUP TONE
FUNC =
TONE
NUMERIC
ALPHA
TONE ONLY
TONE+ALERT

TONE+VOICE

ACTIVE?
YES
NO
SAVE CHANGES?
YES
NO

NO

2 ASSIGN GROUP
SELECT GROUP
ASSIGN PAGER NUMBER
SELECT GROUP FUNC
TONE
NUMERIC
ALPHA
ENTER MEMBER NUMBER
ENTER PAGER NUMBER

3 TEST PAGE PAGING PAGER 0

4 ALARM PAGES
ALARM NUMBER =
ALARM x PAGER
ENTER ALARM MESSAGE

5 AUTODIAL MEMORY
AUTODIAL MEMORY =
ENTER PHONE NUMBER
{DEFAULT = NONE}

Diagnostics Mode

(Menu item 6 from the System Configuration Mode)

F1 TOGGLE PHONE CONNECTION DISCONNECTED CONNECTED

F2 TOGGLE RADIO CONNECTION **DISCONNECTED**RECEIVE MODE

TRANSMIT MODE

F3 CONNECT MICROPHONE
DISCONNECTED
CONNECTED

F4 TOGGLE SPEAKER CONNECTION DISCONNECTED CONNECTED

1 PAGER BIT TEST 512 BAUD 1200 BAUD 2400 BAUD

2 SOUND TESTS {Press number or arrow keys}

3 DTMF TESTS

(UP ARROW key selects modes)
ENCODER TEST MODE
DECODER TEST MODE
ENCODER BEEP MODE
ENCODER LOW TONE
ENCODER HIGH TONE

4 DAC RAMP TEST 5 LCD TESTS

 $6~{\rm KEYPAD}$ & KEYBOARD TESTS

7 ALARM INPUTS 8 FIRMWARE VER

4.1 Configuration Mode

The System Configuration Mode is entered by holding the 1 key down while the power is turned on, or by pressing the CTRL and MENU keys simultaneously from the external keyboard. The **PAGE CENTER** will prompt the user for a password before entering the programming mode. Press the arrow keys to cycle through the configuration parameters. The Menu number in the table above lists the location within the **PAGE CENTER** Programming menus that the particular parameters may be found.

To change any of the parameters that require a numeric entry, press the number key to enter the value and then press the **F1** key. In the case of values that will scroll, press any number key to scroll through the available selections. Press the - key to exit from sub-menus to the upper level menus.

To exit the configuration mode, press the - key. Note that values are not permanently stored until the Configuration Mode is exited by pressing the - key. If the unit is turned off, or power is lost before the - key is entered, changes to the configuration are not stored.

4.1.1 Serial Port Setup

Each of the two serial ports may be configured independently. The table above lists the parameters which may be programmed. The serial ports are located at the rear of the unit and are labeled PORT 1 and PORT 2.

Timeout parameters for the various protocols are given in seconds. Set the timeout to 0 if no timeout is desired.

4.1.2 Speaker Enable

If this mode is disabled, then the speaker is muted at all times except in the Diagnostics Mode. This may be used if the **PAGE CENTER** is in a location where sounds from the speaker are not desirable.

4.1.3 Busy Channel Lockout

If this mode is enabled, then the **PAGE CENTER** will not transmit if the channel is busy. This may be desirable in order to avoid interfering with other users on the channel. This mode should be disabled if there is so much activity on the channel that the pages are not sent out in a timely manner.

4.1.4 Remote Paging

If this mode is enabled, then remote users are permitted to call the **PAGE CENTER** via a telephone line and to generate pages to be transmitted.

4.1.5 Call Forwarding

If this mode is enabled, then remote users are permitted to call the **PAGE CENTER** via a telephone line and to request a phone autopatch with two-way-radio users.

4.1.6 Autopatch Timer

The autopatch timer establishes the length of time the **PAGE CENTER** waits before hanging up the autopatch automatically. This is needed in case the two-way-radio user's batteries fail or he goes out of range

Enter the number of minutes autopatch may be operated before the disconnect warning tones are sent. The DEL key may be used to delete digits. Press the "-" key to exit the menu. Note that autopatch operation may be disabled by setting the Autopatch Timer value to 0.

4.1.7 Voice Prompts

This mode selects whether beeps or voice prompts are used to confirm radio and phone operations with the **PAGE CENTER**.

4.1.8 Warmup Signal

If this mode is enabled, then a special "warmup" signal is transmitted for a brief period of time at the beginning of each page. This is required for more reliable operation by some pagers.

4.1.9 Transceiver Setup

The **PAGE CENTER** either contains a two-way transceiver or works with an external transceiver. In either case, the factory has programmed the correct Transmitter Type, Carrier Detect inversion, Transmit Data inversion and TX Bandwidth modes. The user should not change these settings or improper operation will result.

4.1.10 Transmit and Receive Frequencies

Enter the desired transmit or receive operating frequency using the number keys. The decimal point will automatically be entered. Use the DEL key to delete any correct entries. Press the **F1** or "-" key to accept the new frequency.

4.1.11 Transmit and Receive Signaling

Carrier Squelch operation may be desirable if there are no other users on the channel and there is no interference. In this mode, the two-way-radio users will be able to hear the paging signals transmitted by the **PAGE CENTER**. To enable this mode, press 1 to select (CARRIER ONLY). Press the "-" key to exit the menu.

If there are other users sharing the channel, if there is excessive interference, or if the two-way-radio users do not want to hear the paging signals, then CTCSS operation should be used. In this mode, a low frequency tone is transmitted along with the desired audio. The receiver will only be enabled if this tone is present at the correct frequency.

To enable this mode, press 2 to select CTCSS, then use the arrow keys to select the desired tone frequency. Press the "-" or **F1** key to accept the frequency and exit the entry mode.

4.1.12 CW Identification Call Sign

In many cases, the rules and regulations under which the **PAGE CENTER** is licensed by the government require that the station's Call Sign be transmitted at regular intervals for identification purposes using Morse Code. The **PAGE CENTER** sends the Call Sign (with CTCSS turned off) every 10 minutes if the Call Sign has been programmed. This feature is disabled when the unit comes from the factory.

To enable this feature, press 5 from the main configuration menu. At the prompt, enter your station's Call Sign from your license as follows:

- Numbers are entered directly from the keypad.
- Letters and other special symbols are entered from the keypad by pressing the arrow keys. Alternatively, an external keyboard may be used to enter alphanumeric characters directly as typed.
- Press the **F2** key to accept the displayed letter when using the unit's keypad or to enter a "space" character which is displayed as a "_" and results in a pause in the Morse Code.
- Press the **DEL** key to delete errors or to disable CW Identification by totally clearing the display.
- Press the F1 or "-" key to accept the Call Sign and exit the menu.

5 Program Mode

The Program Mode is used to program CAP codes, add pagers, delete pagers, assign pagers to groups, configure the alarm pages, and set up various features of the **PAGE CENTER**.

To enter the programming mode, press the dash "-" key on the keypad or the ESC key on the external keyboard. The **PAGE CENTER** will prompt you to enter the password. After entering the Program Mode password (7531) and pressing **F1**, you can select one of the following menu items:

```
1 = Assign Pager Assigns pager CAP codes
2 = Assign Group Assigns pagers to groups
3 = Test Page Sends periodic test pages
4 = Alarm Pages Configures alarm triggered pages
5 = autodial memory Configures Autodial memories
- = RETURN TO PAGE Return back to the page mode
```

When you enter the Program Mode you will see the first selections. Use the UP/DOWN arrows to scroll through the available options. To exit the Program Mode, press the - (Program) key or the ESC key. Any changes you make will automatically be saved.

Note: When the **PAGE CENTER** is in the Program Mode, it will revert back to the Page Mode if it is idle (no keyboard inputs) for two minutes, except that test pages may be sent for an unlimited period of time.

5.1 Assign Pager

All pagers have an ID code, commonly referred to as a *CAP* code. It is a long number, difficult to remember, and may change if a pager is replaced or in for repair. To make paging a pager easy, the **PAGE CENTER** uses a database stored in its memory to remember every pager's CAP code. Within the **PAGE CENTER**, every pager is assigned a Pager Number. Because pagers only recognize CAP codes, the **PAGE CENTER** must translate the pager number into the proper CAP code. The **1 - Assign Pager** menu is used for this function.

1. Begin by entering the Programming Mode as described above, and pressing the number **1** key. The **PAGE CENTER** will respond with:

```
PAGER No = DASH (-) TO EXIT
```

- 2. Enter the number for the pager you wish to add to the database. For example, to add a pager number "15" to the database press 1 then 5 then F1. Once a pager number is entered, the PAGE CENTER will respond with a prompt asking for the CAP code for this pager. If the pager number was already in the database, it will display the CAP code already programmed. If it was not in the database, the CAP code will default to the pager number. To edit the CAP code, use the DEL key to backspace over it. Press F1 to enter the new CAP code.
- 3. After you enter the CAP code for the pager, you must tell the **PAGE CENTER** just what type of pager is being assigned. The **PAGE CENTER** will display the default type. Press the arrow keys to cycle through the list of possible pager types. The possible types are: POCSAG 512, POCSAG 1200 and POCSAG 2400. An option is available which also supports TWO TONE and GROUP TONE pager types. Note that the OSMAC system must have all pagers set to 512 baud POCSAG. Once the correct paging format type is in the display, press the **F1** key on the keypad or ENTER on the external keyboard.
- 4. After programming the type, you must program in the function type of the pager being used. The function type for POCSAG pagers is one of the following:

```
• TONE (pager just beeps)
```

• NUMERIC (pager beeps and displays numbers)

• ALPHA (pager beeps and displays numbers and letters.)

The function type for TWO TONE pagers or GROUP TONE pagers is one of the following:

- TONE ONLY (send page tones only)
- TONE+ALERT (send an alert sound after the page tones)
- TONE+VOICE (permit phone caller to speak to the pager after sending page tones.)

Press the arrow keys to cycle through the list of functions. Press the F1 key when the correct function is displayed.

- 5. If a TWO TONE or GROUP TONE pager has been selected, you will be asked to select the tone plan for the pager. Use the arrow keys to scroll through the supported plan types. If the tone plan for your pager isn't listed, then the pager's tone frequencies must be entered using the database upload command.
- 6. Once the function has been entered, you are prompted to activate the pager. Press **F1** to activate it, or press an arrow key to switch between Y and N on the display. Press **F1** when the correct response has been chosen.
- 7. The **PAGE CENTER** will ask whether the pager changes should be saved. Press **F1** to select Y if you wish to save the changes. If not, press an arrow key to display N, then press **F1**.
- 8. The **PAGE CENTER** restart back at the **PAGER NO =** prompt. It will automatically increment to the next pager number. Press the to exit the Program Mode when all of the pagers have been entered into the database. Your entries into the pager database will then be saved in the internal FLASH memory.

5.2 Assigning a Group

The Group-Page feature is used to send the same page to a number of different pagers. Groups have numbers just like pagers, and once you define a group and its members, you send pages to the group just as if it were a single pager. When you assign a number to a group, it is important that the number is not the same as any individual pager.

There is a limit to the number of pagers that may be assigned to any one group. This is listed in the Specifications section of the **PAGE CENTER** User Manual.

1. To do the group assignments, select 2-Assign GROUP from the program mode menu. The display will then show:

```
GROUP NUMBER = SELECT GROUP
```

2. Enter the number of the group you wish to work on and then press the **F1** key. Valid group numbers are 1 through 16. The display will then show:

```
GROUP X PAGER NN assign pager number
```

Where X is the group number you wish to work on and NN is the pager number assigned to this group. **Important Note:** when you wish to page this group, you will enter the pager number NN for it, not the group number.

3. Use the DEL key to backspace over NN if you wish to change the pager number this group is referred to by. If the pager number NN is already assigned to an active pager, the PageCenter will not allow you to assign that number to the group and the pager number will be erased. If you wish to use NN for a group number instead of an individual pager, you must first de-activate the pager. Section 3.1 describes how to

deactivate a pager. Once the pager number for this group is set, press the F1 button. The following prompt will appear.

```
GROUP X = numeric
SELECT GROUP FUNC
```

4. Using the arrow keys, select the function (numeric, alpha or tone) for this pager group. Members of the group may be of any type, but this selection will determine the prompt to the user when a page to this group is initiated. Press F1 when your selection is made. The display will change to:

```
GROUP X MEMBER NN ENTER MEMBER NUMBER
```

5. X will be the group number you are currently working on, and NN will be a number corresponding to the member number you wish to edit. The first group member you enter will be member 1. The second one you enter will be member 2 and so on. The display always first shows the next member number you can enter a new member as. Use the UP/DOWN arrows if you wish to scroll through the members, or press the DEL key to edit the member number and manually enter the member number to edit. Press F1 key when you are ready to edit/add the selected group member. The display will then show:

```
MEMBER NN =
ENTER PAGER NUMBER
```

- 6. Enter the number of the pager you wish to add to the group. For example if you wish to add pager number 123 to the group, then enter 123 and then press the F1 key. Use the DEL key to backspace over any entry if you wish to edit it. Note that:
 - To see the pagers in the database are members of this group, you can use the UP/DOWN arrow key to scroll through the members of the group.
 - To delete a member, at the **MEMBER NN** = prompt, use the DEL key to erase its number from the screen, and press the F1 key.
- 7. To finish entering pagers to this group, press the key.

5.3 Sending Test Pages

The test page mode may be used to check the range of the system. With this mode, the **PAGE CENTER** will automatically generate a page to pager number "0" every ten seconds.

- 1. Before using this feature, pager number "0" must be programmed as described above.
- 2. To enable this feature, enter the program mode and press 3. The display will show:

```
PAGING pAGEr 0 dash (-) to exit
```

3. Press the - key to return to the programming mode menu.

5.4 Alarm Pages

The **PAGE CENTER** has 8 alarm inputs. These digital inputs are used to generate pre-programmed pages, each with its own pre-programmed message to any pager, or group of pagers. These may be used for alarms, but they may also be used to simply generate pre-programmed pages.

The inputs may be connected to normally-open switches or contacts. When any input is pulled low to ground, it will generate a pre-programmed page. When any input is pulled high or allowed to "float high", it will generate a different pre-programmed page.

Alternatively, alarm pages may be initiated from an external keyboard. Hold down the CTRL key and then press a number key which corresponds to the alarm input number to send the "Alarm Low" message. Hold down the SHIFT key also to send the "Alarm High" message.

Note that the alarm inputs are not protected from lighting, so the wires must not be run out of doors. See Section 10.2 for details regarding the wiring of the alarm input connector.

To set up the alarm pages, the user must perform the following steps:

- 1. Put the unit into the program mode.
- 2. Press **4** to enter the Alarm sub-menu.
- 3. When the ALARM NUMBER = prompt is shown, enter the number of the alarm you wish to configure. Press the **F1** key.
- 4. The **PAGE CENTER** will display Alarm x PAGER on the top line, and the pager number that will be paged when the alarm is triggered. Erasing the pager number disables the alarm. Enter the number of the pager you wish to have paged when the selected alarm input is triggered. Press **F1** when done.
- 5. **PAGE CENTER** will display ALARM low MSG: on the top line of the LCD. On the second line, you may enter or edit the message to be sent when the alarm input goes low. Press **F1** when the message has been entered.
- 6. **PAGE CENTER** will display ALARM hi MSG: on the top line of the LCD. On the second line, you may enter or edit the message to be sent when the alarm input goes high. Press **F1** when the message has been entered.

When entering the alarm messages, the unit's keys operate as follows:

- Numeric keys are used to enter numbers
- **F4** or **UP** keys select the next letter of the alphabet
- F3 or DOWN keys select the previous letter of the alphabet
- - key enters a "dash" character
- F2 key enters a space character or moves to the next character position to the right
- DEL key deletes a character and moves to the next character position to the left
- **F1** key accepts the entry and exits back to the previous menu.
- Alphanumeric characters may alternatively be entered directly from an external keyboard
- 7. Press the F1 key to return to the programming mode menu.

5.5 Phone Autodial Memories

The **PAGE CENTER** has 10 Phone Autodial Memories. These must be programmed prior to use by two-way-radio users. To program the autodial memories:

- 1. Enter the number of the autodial memory to be examined. Alternatively press the arrow keys to cycle through the memories. The first 20 characters of the autodial memory's phone number will be displayed. Note that each phone number may be up to 30 characters in length.
- 2. To change the contents of the autodial memory, enter the new phone number using the number keys on the keypad. The following keys have special functions:

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Key	Character Displayed	Function
-	_	Insert a pause in the dialing sequence
DEL	{none}	Delete the previous character
F1	{none}	Save the phone number and exit the entry mode
F2	#	DTMF # key
F3	*	DTMF * key
F4	F	Flash hook

- 3. Press **F1** to save the phone number.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 as desired, then press the "-" key to exit to the main programming menu.

6 Diagnostics

6.1 Built-in Diagnostics

If the user selects DIAGNOSTICS MODE from the Configuration Menu, the PageCenter goes into a diagnostics mode which allows the operator to exercise many of the PageCenter's hardware functions and to help troubleshoot any problems with connections to the unit. Connections to the phone line, radio, speaker and microphone may be independently toggled for any desired test configuration.

The Functions that are available are:

- F1 Toggle the connection to the phone line between On and Off
- F2 Toggle the radio connection between Off, Receive and Transmit modes
- F3 Connect the microphone to the transmitter
- F4 Toggle the unit's speaker between On and Off
- 1 Pager Bit Test (sends alternating 1010 pattern at a specific baud rate)
 - 1-512 baud
 - 2 1200 baud
 - 3 2400 baud
- 2 –Sound Tests
 - Press any of the number keys to play one of the first 10 sounds
 - Press the up arrow key to select additional sounds
- 3 DTMF tests
 - Press one of the 16 lower buttons to generate DTMF tones in "encode" modes
 - Press the "down arrow" key to exit the DTMF test mode
 - Press the "up arrow" key to toggle between the following test modes:
 - Encode DTMF continuously
 - Decode DTMF from the radio or phone line, depending on which was enabled last
 - Encode DTMF in 50 mS beeps
 - Encode only the low tone continuously
 - Encode only the high tone continuously
- 4 DAC ramp test (exercises the sound DAC)
 - Press number keys to change the ramp frequency
- 5 LCD display tests
 - Press the key to sequence between the tests
- 6 Keypad and keyboard test
 - Keypad codes and external keyboard scan codes are displayed when keys are pressed
 - Press the key on the keypad twice to exit this test mode
- 7 Alarm inputs (displays the status of the alarm inputs)

6.2 Remote Diagnostics

Test functions may also be initiated remotely via a two-way radio which is equipped with a 16 tone DTMF keyboard.

Key	
Sequence	Function
* A	Send an "A" DTMF tone to the radio and the phone line continuously for a period of time.
* B	Send all 16 DTMF tones plus all 8 single tones to the radio and the phone line.
* D	Transmit the CW Identification Call Sign in Morse Code. CTCSS is turned on.

7 Serial Port Protocols

The **PAGE CENTER** paging transmitter supports three different serial port communication protocols. Each protocol has its own uses, and the correct one for one application may not be the correct one for another. The **PAGE CENTER** must be configured to support the desired protocol, and only one protocol may be used at a time. The three protocols supported are:

TAP (also called IXO) The Telocator Access Protocol is an industry standard protocol for

communications between paging entry devices and a paging terminal.

Individual pagers can be sent individual messages.

COMP1 This protocol is a simple way to send data to one pager. It is designed to allow a

person with a simple computer terminal to type a message into the **PAGE**CENTER. The **PAGE** CENTER must be pre-configured with the CAPCODE of the pager to send the data to, and all data sent into the serial port of the **PAGE**

CENTER will be sent to that one pager.

COMP2 is similar to COMP1, except each page requires two lines of text to be

entered. The first line is the pager number to send the page to, and the second

line is the alpha or numeric message to send to that pager.

7.1 TAP

The **T**elocator **A**lphanumeric **P**rotocol, or TAP protocol as it is called, is used to send pages to communicate paging information to a transmitter. It is a sequence of characters sent over a serial interface to a transmitter. The transmitter must parse the commands, and take the appropriate actions.

The following sections describe how the TAP protocol works. It assumes that the device communicating to the **PAGE CENTER** Station is directly connected to it via a serial cable. If other means are used (i.e. modem) then the modem connection must first be established. For the purposes of this manual, the **PAGE CENTER** is assumed to be the transmitter, and the device connected to its serial port is the "Entry Device". Typical entry devices are computers, paging terminals, and alarm monitors. Characters listed in brackets **<xx>** are ASCII codes, and the values for them are listed at the end of this document.

Initiating a Page

Entry Device	PAGE CENTER Action	Comment	
<cr></cr>		The Entry Device should send a <cr> at two second intervals until the PAGE CENTER responds with the characters ID=. The <cr> is an ASCII code 13h.</cr></cr>	
	ID= <cr><lf></lf></cr>	The PAGE CENTER will respond within one second of the <cr>, and it does not end the ID= prompt with a <cr> or a <lf>.</lf></cr></cr>	

After initiating a page, and receiving the ID= prompt, the Entry Device can respond in one of two different ways. One way puts the **PAGE CENTER** into an Automatic Mode, and the other ways puts it into a Manual Mode.

Automatic Entry of a Page

Entry Device	PAGE CENTER Action	Comment
<esc>PG1<cr></cr></esc>		The Entry Device tells the PAGE CENTER transmitter that it wants to automatically send a POCSAG page by ending this sequence.
	<cr><ack><cr> or <cr><nak><cr></cr></nak></cr></cr></ack></cr>	The PAGE CENTER will respond within one second of the ACK sequence signifying that the Entry Device has successfully logged on to the PAGE CENTER. If paging
	or <esc><eot><cr></cr></eot></esc>	entries cannot be accepted, it will respond with the NAK sequence or the ETX sequence, which should force the Entry Device to disconnect.
	<esc> [p <cr></cr></esc>	This "go ahead" sequence tells the Entry Device that it is OK to go ahead and send over the information for the first page or pages. The p is always the lower case "p".
<stx> PagerID<cr> Message<cr> <etx> Checksum <cr></cr></etx></cr></cr></stx>		This Pager/Message Sequence Block tells the PAGE CENTER the ID (the Pager Number in the PAGE CENTER's database) of the pager this the Message is to be sent to. The checksum is computes as shown later in this document. The total number of characters sent from the Entry Device per sequence should not exceed 255.
Repeat the above Pager/Message Sequence Block as many times as required, if more pages are to be sent.		
<eot> <cr></cr></eot>		When the Entry Device does not want to send any more pages, it sends this EOT sequence, to tell the PAGE CENTER that it is finished with this automatic session.
	Pages Accepted <cr> or Invalid Page Entered<cr></cr></cr>	One of these status messages will be returned at the end of the session. They are for information purposes only.
	or <message><cr></cr></message>	
	<cr><rs><cr></cr></rs></cr>	This is only sent if there was an error in this session, probably due to an invalid pager ID or a message type mismatch.
	PAGING EXCHANGE DISCONNECT <cr> <esc> <eot></eot></esc></cr>	The End of Transaction message sent from the PAGE CENTER to the entry device, telling it to disconnect.

Manual Entry of a Page

Entry Device	PAGE CENTER Action	Comment
M <cr></cr>		The Entry Device tells the PAGE CENTER transmitter that it wants to manually send a POCSAG page, by ending the M.
	ENTER PAGER NUMBER:	The PAGE CENTER will respond within one second of the M sequence signifying that the Entry Device has successfully logged on to the PAGE CENTER, and it is ready to receive paging info. The PAGE CENTER begins by responding with this prompt.
PagerID <cr></cr>		The user responds with the ID of the pager he wishes to page.
	Enter Alpha Message: or Enter Numeric Message:	The PAGE CENTER responds with one of the following messages, depending upon the type of pager that the PagerID is assigned to.
Message <cr></cr>		The user enters a message to send to the pager.
	Sending Message <cr></cr>	The PAGE CENTER displays this message as it sends the message to the pager.
	MessageSent <cr> or Can't Deliver to xxxxxxx<cr> or Too Slow. Goodby.<cr> or Two many errors. Goodby. <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>	One of these messages will then be sent from the PAGE CENTER , depending upon the current situation with the page that was entered. The serial port has a 45 second activity time, and will force and end to the manual session if the user does not complete the page in that time.

7.2 TAP Protocol Issues

7.2.1 Timing

The **PAGE CENTER** will only wait for 15 seconds for a response to come back from the Entry Device. If a response is not received before the time-out period, the **PAGE CENTER** will cancel the current transaction, sending the <ESC> <EOT> <CR> sequence.

7.2.2 Line Feeds

The **PAGE CENTER** will ignore all <LF> characters it receives. The Entry Device may send a <LF> with any <CR>.

XOFF

In the very unlikely event that the user enters more pages than the **PAGE CENTER** can queue up, the **PAGE CENTER** will send the <XOFF> character before sending a carriage return. It will send the <XON> character when buffer space is available for more pages. If the **PAGE CENTER** does not receive data within 10 seconds after sending an <XON>, it will send another <XON>.

7.2.3 EOT

Whenever the **PAGE CENTER** terminates a session by sending the <EOT><CR> sequence, it will drop the DTR signal on the RS-232 signal for 250mS. This will normally cause any modem connected to it to disconnect.

7.3 Sending Multiple-Line Pages

If you wish a message to continue on another line of a multi-line pager, you cannot send the <CR> return into the serial port. Use the TAB character instead of a <CR>. The PAGE CENTER will translate it to a <CR> when it sends the page to the pager.

7.4 Computing the Checksum

The checksum is a simple arithmetic sum of the 7-bit values of all characters preceding it. The checksum reported is the least significant 12 bits of this summation, converted to BCD ASCII.

Checksum Example:

STX		000	0010
1		011	0001
2		011	0010
3		011	0011
<0CR>		000	1101
A		100	0001
В		100	0010
С		100	0011
<cr></cr>		000	1101
ETX		000	0011
Total		10111	1011
Convert to BCD	1	0111	1011
Answer in BCD ASCII	1	7	;

7.5 COMP1

COMP1 allows a "dumb terminal" to be used to send a page, although any device that can output RS-232 data can be used.

All data entering the serial port is sent to a pre-set pager. The reception of a <CR> initiates the page.

Manual Entry of a Page

Entry Device	PAGE CENTER Action	Comment
<message><cr></cr></message>		The Entry Device (in this case it is often a user on a terminal) types in the message to send to a pre-set pager.
	Characters are echoed back.	

7.6 COMP2

COMP2 allows a "dumb terminal" to be used to send a page, although any device that can output RS-232 data can be used. It has the added capability of selecting which pager to send the data to.

All data entering the serial port is sent to a pre-set pager. The reception of a <CR> initiates the page. If the last <CR> is not sent within 15 seconds, the **PAGE CENTER** will abort this transaction, and begin waiting for a new <Page #> entry.

Manual Entry of a Page

Entry Device	PAGE CENTER Action	Comment
<page #=""><cr> <message><cr></cr></message></cr></page>		The Entry Device (in this case it is often a user on a terminal) type in the message to send to a pre-set pager.
	Characters are echoed back.	

7.7 ASCII control characters

For your reference, here is a list of the commonly used ASCII control characters.

Decimal	Hex	Code	Decimal	Hex	Code
00	00	<nul></nul>	16	10	<dle></dle>
01	01	<soh></soh>	17	11	<xon></xon>
02	02	<stx></stx>	18	12	<dc2></dc2>
03	03	<etx></etx>	19	13	<xoff< td=""></xoff<>
04	04	<eot></eot>	20	14	<dc4></dc4>
05	05	<enq></enq>	21	15	<nak></nak>
06	06	<ack></ack>	22	16	<syn></syn>
07	07	<bel></bel>	23	17	<etb></etb>
08	08	<bs></bs>	24	18	<can></can>
09	09	<tab></tab>	25	19	
10	0A	<lf></lf>	26	1A	
11	0B	<tv></tv>	27	1B	<esc></esc>
12	0C	<ff></ff>	28	1C	<fs></fs>
13	0D	<cr></cr>	29	1D	<gs></gs>
14	0E	<s0></s0>	30	1E	<rs></rs>
15	0F	<si></si>	31	1F	<us></us>

8 Database Transfer

For convenience managing databases containing a large number of pagers, for backup purposes and to facilitate cloning databases from one unit to another, the **PAGE CENTER** database may be uploaded and downloaded from a host computer which is connected to either serial port which is configured for the TAP protocol.

8.1 Database Format

The **PAGE CENTER** database may be uploaded or downloaded as ASCII characters which can readily be transferred, stored and/or edited as desired. The format of the database output is as follows:

```
DB1[0D]
VERSION, {VERSION}, {OPTIONS}, [0D]
SERIAL, {PORT}, {BITS}, {STOP}, {PARITY}, {FLOW}, {BAUD}, {TAP-TO}, {COMP-TO}, {MAN-TO}, {PROTO}, [0D]
MODE, {SPKR}, {BUSY}, {REMOTE}, {CALL}, {AP-TIMER}, {VOICE}, {WARMUP}, [0D]
RADIO, {T-REF}, {T-FREQ}, {T-CTCSS}, {BW}, {R-REF}, {R-FREQ}, {R-CTCSS}, {CD}, {DATA}, {TYPE}, [0D]
AUTODIAL, {MEMORY NUM}, {PHONE NUM}, [0D]
PAGER, {0-999}, {TYPE}, {CAPCODE}, {FORMAT}, {GROUP}, {ACTIVE}, {DUR-A}, {DUR-B}, [0D]
GROUP, {NUMBER}, {PAGER NUM}, {MEMBERS}, {SPARE}, {MEMBER 1}, .... {MEMBER N}[0D]
DONE[0D]
```

Where:

DB1 Signifies that the database download follows

[0D] Is an ASCII carriage return

VERSION Signifies that the version string follows

{VERSION} Firmware version string {OPTIONS} Firmware options

SERIAL Signifies that this line is data for a serial port

{PORT} Port number for this line's data

{BITS} Number of data bits (0= 7 bits, 1= 8 bits) {STOP} Number of stop bits (0= 1 bit, 1= 2 bits) {PARITY} Parity (0= No Parity, 1= Odd, 2= Even)

{FLOW} Flow control (0= None, 1= Xon/Xoff, 2= RTS/CTS)

{BAUD} Baud rate (0= 300, 1= 600, 2= 1200, 3= 2400, 4= 4800, 5= 9600, 6= 19200)

{TAP-TO}Timeout for TAP protocol in seconds{COMP-TO}Timeout for COMP protocol in seconds{MAN-TO}Timeout for manual entry mode in seconds

 $\{PROTO\}$ Port protocol (0 = TAP, 1 = COMP1, 2 = COMP2)

MODE Signifies that this line is data for mode settings

Warmup signal on/off

{SPKR} Speaker enable mode on/off
{BUSY} Busy channel lockout on/off
{REMOTE} Remote enable on/off
{CALL} Call forwarding on/off
{AP-TIMER} Autopatch timer in seconds
{VOICE} Voice Prompts on/off

{WARMUP}

RADIO Signifies that this line is data for the radio transceiver

{T-REF} Transmit reference frequency in Hz

{T-FREO} Transmit frequency in Hz

{R-REF} Receive reference frequency in Hz

{R-FREQ} Receive frequency in Hz

 $\{R-CTCSS\}$ Receive CTCSS code (-1 = CTCSS off)

{CD} Carrier detect inversion on/off{DATA} Transmit data inversion on/off

{TYPE} Transceiver type code

AUTODIAL Signifies that this line is data for an autodial memory

{MEMORY NUM} Memory number {PHONE NUM} Phone number

PAGER Signifies that this line is the data for a pager

{0-999} Pager number for the data on this line

{TYPE} Pager type: ALPHA, NUMERIC, TONE, ALERT or VOICE

{CAPCODE} Pager CAPCODE. If the pager is a group it will be the group number minus 1.

If DUR-A is not zero, CAPCODE contains frequencies of the two tones with the first tone's frequency in units of 1/10 Hz in bits 0 to 15 and the second tone's

frequency in units of 1/10 Hz in bits 16 to 31.

{FORMAT} Paging format: POC512, POC1200, POC2400, TWO-TONE or GROUP-TONE

{GROUP} Is either Y if it is a group pager, or N if it is not a group pager {ACTIVE} Is either Y is the pager is enabled, or N if it is de-activated

{DUR-A} Duration of first tone in units of 50 mS for two-tone pagers with random frequencies,

0 otherwise.

{DUR-B} Duration of second tone in units of 50 mS for two-tone pagers with random

frequencies, 0 otherwise.

GROUP Signifies that this line is the data for a group of pagers

{NUMBER} Group number (1-16)

{PAGER NUM} Pager number that references this group {MEMBERS} Number of pagers assigned to this group

{SPARE} A blank entry for future use

{MEMBER 1} The pager number for the first member. All other members follow this one, separated

by commas.

{MEMBER N} This is the pager number for the final member of the group

DONE This entry signifies the end of the database.

8.2 Retreiving the Database

The **PAGE CENTER** will send the contents of its database out the serial port when it is given the command **<ESC>SDB<CR>**. The database is sent out at the currently configured baud rate in an ASCII format, with commas between the parameters and a **<CR>** at the end of each line.

Example Output of the database:

DB1[0D] VERSION,307D31,1, SERIAL,0,0,0,2,0,5,30,60,90,0, SERIAL,1,0,0,2,0,5,30,60,90,0, MODE,1,0,1,1,10,1,1,

RADIO,6250,462925000,-1,0,6250,462925000,-1,0,0,2,[0D]

AUTODIAL,0,8531212,[0D]

```
AUTODIAL,1,18005551212,[0D]
AUTODIAL,2,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,3,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,4,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,5,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,6,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,7,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,8,,[0D]
AUTODIAL,9,,[0D]
PAGER,0,ALPHA,9,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,1,NUMERIC,0,POC2400,Y,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,2,NUMERIC,2,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,3,NUMERIC,100303,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,4,NUMERIC,4,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,5,NUMERIC,5,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,10,NUMERIC,10,POC2400,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,11,NUMERIC,11,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,12,NUMERIC,12,POC512,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,13,ALPHA,13,POC512,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER, 14, ALPHA, 14, POC1200, N, Y, 0, 0, [0D]
PAGER,17,NUMERIC,0,0,0,Y,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER, 20, ALPHA, 20100, POC512, N, Y, 0, 0, [0D]
PAGER,21,NUMERIC,21,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER, 22, NUMERIC, 2200, POC1200, N, Y, 0, 0, [0D]
PAGER,100,TONE,99,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,101,NUMERIC,1010,POC512,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,102,ALPHA,1020,POC512,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,103,TONE,1030,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,104,NUMERIC,1040,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,105,ALPHA,1050,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,105,ALPHA,1050,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,106,TONE,1060,POC2400,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,107,NUMERIC,1070,POC2400,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,108,ALPHA,9,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,109,ALPHA,9,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,110,ALPHA,10,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,115,NUMERIC,0,,Y,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,123,ALPHA,123,POC512,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,125,ALERT,131195,TWO-TONE,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,300,TONE,3000,GROUP-TONE,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,301,TONE,30000,GROUP-TONE,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,400,TONE,4000,GROUP-TONE,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,500,TONE,5000,GROUP-TONE,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,510,TONE,655380000,TWO-TONE,N,Y,20,20,[0D]
PAGER,556,ALPHA,0,,Y,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,599,NUMERIC,599,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,998,NUMERIC,997,POC1200,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
PAGER,999,TONE,12345,POC2400,N,Y,0,0,[0D]
GROUP, 1, 1, 23, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 999, 104, 104, 105, 105, 105, 104, 106, 107, 108, 106, 109 [0D]
GROUP,5,556,3,,123,122,121[0D]
GROUP,15,115,5,,123,10,1,23,20[0D]
GROUP,16,17,3,,100,103,106[0D]
DONE[0D]
```

8.3 Restoring/Uploading the Retreived Database

If the database is stored on a disk in the format shown above, it may be re-loaded into the PageCenter. Use a terminal emulation program to send the ASCII file into either serial port in a plain-text format. The serial port must be configured for the TAP protocol.

The PageCenter will answer every line sent into it with an OK> if the line was acceptable, or ER> if there was an error in it. If any errors occur during uploading, a message will be displayed at the end of the upload sequence and the information received will not be saved. If this occurs, reduce the data rate of the port in use or enable hardware flow control, then retry the upload operation.

Note that the "DB1[OD]" sequence in the first line tells the PageCenter that a database file is going to be sent to it. The word "DONE" at the end of the file tells the PageCenter that the file has been sent. Once the word

DONE is received by the PageCenter, it will copy the database into its FLASH memory only if no errors were detected.

8.3.1 Erasing Pagers or Groups from the Database

Uploading the database file to the PageCenter only adds and re-programs the pagers and groups specified. It does not erase other pagers with entries stored in the unit's memory.

If you want the pager database erased, use a text editor to add a line before the first PAGER entry in the database. The only characters on the line should be:

ERASEDATABASE[0D]

This will tell the PageCenter to erase whatever is in its database before it adds the new pagers and groups from the ASCII file. If you only wish to erase the group information, and not the individual pagers, put a line in the file that reads:

ERASEGROUPS[0D]

8.3.2 Programming Two-Tone Pagers with Non-Standard Frequencies

Two-tone or group-tone pagers using non-standard frequencies and durations may be programmed via the database upload command. Use a text editor to create an entry in the database file for the pager as follows before uploading the file to the unit:

```
PAGER, {0-999}, {TYPE}, {CAPCODE}, {FORMAT}, N, {ACTIVE}, {DUR-A}, {DUR-B},
```

Where:

PAGER	Signifies that this line is the data for a pager
{0-999}	Pager number for the pager
{TYPE}	Pager type: TONE, ALERT or VOICE
{CAPCODE}	Bits 0 to $15 = \text{First tone's frequency in units of } 1/10 \text{ Hz}$
	Bits 16 to $31 =$ Second tone's frequency in units of $1/10 \text{ Hz}$
{FORMAT}	Paging format: TWO-TONE or GROUP-TONE
{ACTIVE}	Is either Y is the pager is enabled, or N if it is de-activated
{DUR-A}	Duration of the first tone in units of 50 mS
{DUR-B}	Duration of the second tone in units of 50 mS. Set to 0 for group-tone pagers.

8.3.3 Programming the Unit's Configuration

The unit configuration data stored in the SERIAL, MODE, RADIO and AUTODIAL entries are normally ignored when the database file is uploaded to the PageCenter as a security feature in order to prevent unauthorized users from changing the unit's configuration.

If it is desired to change the PageCenter's configuration with data downloaded previously from a PageCenter unit, use a text editor to add the following line to the database file immediately after the "DB1" entry:

PASSWORD,xxxxxx,[0D]

Where xxxxxx is the same password required to access the Configuration Mode from the PageCenter's front panel.

9 Firmware Updating

The firmware in the PageCenter can be loaded with firmware updates via the serial port number 1 (lower of the two serial ports).

Note that you might need to reset the Flash memory and reload the database of pagers after you load the new firmware into the unit. Before updating the firmware, it is recommended that the pager database be downloaded and saved as described in the "Retrieving the Pager Database" section of this manual.

Connect a computer's serial port to the PageCenter, and on the computer, run a terminal emulation program such as Hyperterminal or ProComm. Set the baud rate to 38.4kbps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity.

When powering up the PageCenter, hold the "-" button down. You should see a sign-on message from the PageCenter that looks like this:

```
PageCenter software installation utility
Copyright (c) 1999, Sonik Technologies Corp.
San Marcos, CA
Version: 306D1
```

Erase current software and begin download?

On the computer, press Y for yes if you would like to load new firmware into the unit.

The file name for the PageCenter firmware is 307xxx.BIN, where XX is the revision code.

Begin the file transfer of the new firmware from the computer, using either YMODEM or XMODEM. If one protocol fails to work, try the other. When the update is complete, the unit will reset and begin operation.

Check to see whether the pager database has been reset by the new firmware version. If it has been, then upload the pager database previously saved.

10 External Connectors

10.1 External Transceiver

The **PAGE CENTER** may utilize an internal transceiver, an external transmitter, or an external transceiver. A 15 pin D-sub connector is located on the rear of the **PAGE CENTER** to facilitate interfacing an external transmitter or external transceiver to the **PAGE CENTER**. The pin-out of this connector is as follows:

External Transceiver I/O Connector Pin Out

Pin Number	Function
1	Ground
2	B+ for the radio. Internally jumper selectable between +8V and +12V. 1 Amp maximum
	current draw.
3	+8V TX. This pin floats when in the RX mode, and will be pulled to +8V when in the TX
	mode. 50 mA maximum current source.
4	+5V for radio. 50 mA maximum current draw.
5	+5VRX. This pin floats in the TX mode, and will have +5V when in the RX mode. 50 mA
	maximum current source.
6	TX audio. Approximately 1.7V p-p for full system deviation. 2.5V DC nominal bias on
	this signal.
7	PTT out. Open collector output, pulls low to ground when the transmitter's PA should be
	on.
8	Do not use and do not connect to anything.
9	Do not use and do not connect to anything.
10	Do not use and do not connect to anything.
11	TX data out. This is the TTL POCSAG data output in the transmit mode.
12	Receiver signal strength indication input. Positive voltage represents carrier present on
	channel.
13	RX audio input. 1.0V p-p for a signal with full system deviation.
14	CTCSS tone encoder output.
15	Do not use and do not connect to anything.

10.2 Serial I/O Ports

The PageCenter has two RS-232 type serial I/O ports on it. The EIA/TIA RS-232, and the equivalent European CCITT V.28, are electrical standards that cover the signal levels, drive level, and slew rate of compliant devices. It is important to note that they do not specify baud rates, data formats, or connector pin-outs. These are set by industry standards and practices.

Equipment using RS-232 ports is grouped into two categories:

DTE Data Terminal Equipment (computers, mainframes, terminals)

DCE Data Communications Equipment (modems, printers, etc.)

The PageCenter is wired as a peripheral (DCE) device.

The control lines on the serial port are used for controlling the flow of data and the peripheral attached to the port. The most signals provided for on RS-232 serial interfaces are shown in the following table:

Pin#	Name	Typical RS-232 Serial Signal Functions
3	TXD	Transmit data from the computer to the PageCenter.
2	RXD	Receive Data from the PageCenter to the computer.
7	RTS*	Request to send data. This is an output from the computer to the
		PageCenter. It indicates to the PageCenter that it is ready to exchange data.
8	CTS*	Clear to send. This is a signal from the PageCenter to the computer
		indicating that it is OK to send data.
4	DTR*	Data Terminal Ready to the PageCenter. This signal indicates to the
		peripheral that the host is ready to receive data.
1	DCD*	Data Carrier Detect from the PageCenter.
9	RI*	Not implemented.
6	DSR	Data Set Ready from the peripheral. Indicates the peripheral is ready.
5	GND	System Ground

^{*}The hardware flow control signals, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, and DCD are active low. In other words, they are set to binary zero (0) to assert them and binary one (1) to negate them. Over an RS-232 cable, they are again inverted because RS-232 specification calls for negative logic. Negating RTS is a binary 1, which is a negative voltage on the RS-232 port.

10.3 Auxiliary/Alarm Connector

A 15 pin D-Sub female connector is located on the rear of the unit. This connector has digital inputs used for triggering alarms. It also has contacts for two relay outputs. The digital inputs may be programmed to automatically generate a page or dial the phone. The relay outputs may be switched on remotely via the telephone, radio, or console.

Note that all digital alarm inputs have an internal 10K pull-up resistors connected. Alarms are activated by pulling the input to ground. Open circuit or a TTL/CMOS high level is the inactive state. Do not pull these inputs above 5V.

Auxiliary/Alarm I/O Connector Pin Out

Pin Number	Function
1	Alarm 8
2	Alarm 7
3	Alarm 6
4	Alarm 5
5	Alarm 4
6	Alarm 3
7	Alarm 2
8	Alarm 1
9	Relay 1 contact A
10	Relay 2 contact A
11	Relay 2 contact B
12	Relay 1 contact B
13	No connection
14	No connection
15	Ground

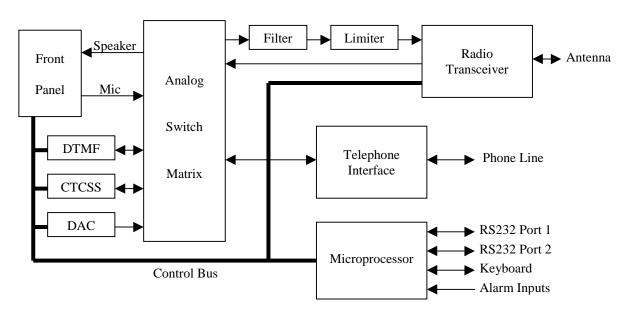
10.4 Keyboard Connector

The PageCenter may be used with standard external keyboards for use with Personal Computers which have PS-2 style connectors.

11 Specifications

Principles of Operation

The PageCenter is a multi-functional unit which can be used to communicate between the built-in speaker/microphone, pagers, two-way radios and the telephone interface. The internal circuitry is comprised of numerous elements as shown on the block diagram below. These include radio transceiver, telephone interface, microprocessor, front panel I/O, DTMF encoder/decoder, CTCSS encoder/decoder, speech synthesizer (DAC), microphone amplifier, speaker amplifier, analog filters, limiting amplifier and analog switch matrix. The microprocessor controls all circuitry as needed for the desired communication function. The encoders generate needed audio signals and the decoders detect incoming control signals on the received audio. Analog switches route the analog signals within the unit.



PageCenter Block Diagram

Encoder/Terminal general

Engange	450 470MII- 150 174MII-
Frequencies	
Paging Format	POCSAG (tone, numeric, and alpha at 512,
	1200 or 2400bps)
	TWO-TONE and GROUP-TONE optional
Squelch formats	CTCSS or carrier squelch
Serial port protocols	
Pager database maximum size	
Maximum page length	
Maximum pre-programmed alarm message	
Maximum number of pager groups	16
Maximum number of pagers per group	75
LCD display size	
Speaker audio	1 watt maximum at <5% THD
Power supply	
Weight	
Temperature range	10-+40C
Processor	
Non-volatile flash memory size	2M bytes

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External keyboard interface		
Telephone interface		
DTMF signaling timing	> 40 mS	(telco receive mode)
	> 100 mS	(radio receive mode)
	100 mS	(telco transmit mode)
Alarm/data inputs	8	
DE Continu		
RF Section		
RX channel spacing	12.5kHz (narrov	wband) or 25kHz (wideband)
	models availabl	e
Frequency Stability	2.5ppm (12.5kF	Iz BW version)
	5ppm (25kHz v	ersion)
RX Sensitivity	0.5uV for 12dB	SINAD
•	0.35uV for 12.5	
RX Modulation acceptance	±2.5kHz for 12.	5kHz versions
	±5kHz for 25kH	Iz version
RX Intermodulation	55dB	
RX Image and 1/2 if rejection	55dB	
RX Selectivity	55dB (25kHz ve	ersion)
·	55dB (12.5kHz	version)
TX power output		
•	selected via inte	
FM hum and noise		J 1
Spurious emissions	52dBc	
Modulation		ulation
Modulation limit		
	channel.	, programmere of
Emission Designators	16K0F1D, 11K	0F1D, 16K0F3E, 11K0F3E

The above specifications are preliminary product specifications, and are subject to change, without notice.

Ordering

6A373	-	-	PAGE CENTER Communication system
			Built-in Transceiver
		N	Narrow band transceiver (12.5kHz)
		W	Wide-band transceiver (25kHz)
	UA		UHF band, 403-416MHz*
	UC		UHF band, 450-470MHz
	UD		UHF band, 470-480MHz*
	Е		Encode only, no transceiver

^{* (}For export only, not FCC approved)

For example, a VHF wide-band **PAGE CENTER** in the 150-174MHz band is part number 6A373-VB-W.

12 Alignment

12.1 Adjustments

The following table lists the internal adjustments.

Reference	Function
Designator	
R9	Squelch/carrier detect threshold level.
R20	Receive audio level.
R16	RX audio bias.
R32	CTCSS encode level. Adjust for 10% of full-system deviation w/CTCSS encoder on.
R34	Paging data level. Adjust for 90% full system deviation w/POCSAG data being transmitted.
R41	Voice limiter. Adjust for 95% full system deviation with loud audio into the mic.
R60	Mic gain. Adjust for proper mic audio level.
R52	Telco audio to transmitter level. Adjust for proper voice deviation of the transmitter with
	signal from the telephone interface.
R69	Telco line driver level. Adjust for proper level to the telephone from the received audio.

12.2 Test Procedure

12.2.1 General Setup

- 1. Apply DC power to the unit. Connect the service monitor to the ANT port.
- 2. Download the Flash code to the unit if it is not already programmed. Hold down the "-" key while powering up the unit to enter Flash code programming mode. See the section on "Firmware Updating" for additional information.
- 3. Adjust the LCD contrast control on the rear panel of the unit.

12.2.2 Radio Interface

This procedure assumes a properly tuned transceiver is installed in the unit. You will need a DC power source, service monitor, oscilloscope, and DVM. Full System Deviation =5.0 kHz for wide-band versions, and FSD=2.5 kHz for narrow-band versions. Depending upon the type bandwidth of the transceiver used, you will have to make slightly different adjustments.

- 1. Program the unit's transmit and receive frequencies. Disable sub-audible signaling.
- 2. Set the TX bandwidth to "wide band" or "narrow band" depending on the bandwidth of the transceiver unit installed.
- 3. Generate an RF carrier on the receive frequency, 1 kHz tone, 60% FSD = 3 kHz / 1.5 kHz. RF level 10 uV.
- 4. Adjust R16 for a 1.5 V p-p (530 mV RMS) signal on TP8.
- 5. Adjust the RF generator to .35 uV. Adjust R9 so that the carrier detect LED is on, and so that it goes off when the RF level is below .25 uV.
- 6. Set the speaker volume level to normal level (about 25% full volume).
- 7. Set the service monitor to measure the transmitter's FM deviation. Key the transmitter using the F3 key.
- 8. Adjust R160 so the carrier is on frequency.
- 9. Blow into the microphone strongly and adjust R41 (limiter) for 4.5 kHz / 2.25 kHz maximum deviation.
- 10. Adjust R60 (mic gain) for 3 kHz / 1.5 kHz deviation when speaking into the mic with a normal voice level from a distance of about 1 foot away.

- 11. Send a 1200 bps test signal to the transmitter using Test Function 1. Adjust R34 for 4.0 kHz / 2 kHz (0 to peak) deviation.
- 12. Unkey the unit.
- 13. Enable a 100 Hz CTCSS encoder on the transmit frequency.
- 14. Key the transmitter with the F3 key. Adjust R32 for +/-500 Hz deviation of the CTCSS tone.
- 15. Measure the transmitter's power level to verify that it is set to the desired level with the internal jumpers.

12.2.3 Telco Interface

- 1. Generate an RF carrier on the receive frequency, 1 kHz tone, 60% FSD = 3 kHz / 1.5 kHz. RF level 10 uV.
- 2. Connect the TELCO line to the RX audio by holding the 2 button down on power up to bring-up the test mode, then press F1 and F2.
- 3. Adjust R69 (telco line level) for a level of –9 dBm on the line.
- 4. Disable the RX audio by pressing F2 twice more. Generate a DTMF tone from the PageCenter by pressing 3 and then F4.
- 5. Verify that the line level is between -15 and -12 dBm. Then press the DOWN arrow to turn off the DTMF.
- 6. Generate a –9 dBm 1000 Hz tone onto the TELCO line from an external test instrument. Alternatively, press a key on a telephone connected to the phone interface.
- 7. Connect the TELCO to the transmitter by pressing F2 twice.
- 8. Measure the p-p waveform at TP10 on an oscilloscope. Adjust R52 so that the audio signal is just below the clipping level.

12.2.4 Final Test

Once the unit is assembled and ready to ship, the following checks should be performed.

- 1. Program any customer-specific frequencies and databases into the unit.
- 2. Verify the LCD and keypad are working properly with Test Functions 5 and 6.
- 3. Verify the backlight on the LCD is on.
- 4. Verify the TX LED works when pressing F3.
- 5. Verify the busy LED comes on when a carrier is on the channel.
- 6. Key the transmitter with the F3 key, speak into the mic and verify the audio level is set correctly.
- 7. Verify that PORT1 and PORT2 can be used to send a page in the TAP manual mode.
- 8. Verify all 8 alarm inputs work using Test Function 7.
- 9. Verify that the Wide/narrow setting in the TX Setup menu is set to match the type of radio that is installed in the unit.
- 10. Verify that a voice telephone call can be made from a two-way radio.
- 11. Send a numeric page from the keypad to a pager and verify that it is received and properly decoded by a pager.

13 Appendix A - Frequency Coordinators

The following is a list of frequency coordination agencies. Contact the agency which coordinates frequency assignments for the industry your business is in.

13.1 For frequencies designated with an "IW" in Section 90.35 of the Commission's rules:

UTC, The Telecommunications Association

Attn: Frequency Coordination Department 1140 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 1140

Washington, DC 20036 Phone: (202) 872-0030 Fax: (202) 331-7639

13.2 For frequencies designated with an "IP" in Section 90.35 of the Commission's rules:

Petroleum Frequency Coordinating Committee (PFCC) c/o Industrial Telecommunications Association, Inc.

Attn: Frequency Coordination Department 1110 North Glebe Road, Suite 500

Arlington, Virginia 22201 Phone: (703) 528-5115

13.3 For frequencies designated with an "LR" in Section 90.35 of the Commission's rules:

Association of American Railroads Communications and Signal Division

Attn: Chris Allman 50 F Street, NW Washington, DC 20001 Phone: (202) 639-2217

13.4 For all other frequencies, applicants may use any of the coordinators listed above or one of the following:

American Automobile Association (AAA)

Attn: Gary M. Ruark

1000 AAA Drive, Mailspace 15 Heathrow, Florida 32746-5063

Phone: (407) 444-7786 Fax: (407) 444-7380

Personal Communications Industry Association (PCIA)

Attn: Lori Baynton, Director Frequency Coordination Department 500 Montgomery Street, Suite 700 Alexandria, Virginia 22314-1561

Phone: 1-800-759-0300 FAX: (703) 739-0300 Central Station Alarm Association (CSAA)

Attn: Robert Bitton, President

P.O. Box 775 1565 Union Avenue

Union, New Jersey 07083-0775

Phone: (908) 810-8822 Fax: (908) 810-8844

Forest Industries Telecommunications (FIT)

Attn: Kenton E. Sturdevant 871 Country Club Road, Suite A

Eugene, Oregon 97401 Phone: (541) 485-8441

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Manufacturers Radio Frequency Advisory Committee, Inc.(MRFAC)

Attn: Frequency Coordination Department

1041 Sterling Road, #106 Herndon, Virginia 20171 Phone: (703) 318-9206 Fax: (703) 318-9209

Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers

c/o Industrial Telecommunications Association, Inc.

Attn: Spectrum Management Department 1110 North Glebe Road, Suite 500

Arlington, Virginia 22201 Phone: (703) 528-5115

American Trucking Association, Inc. (ATA)

Attn: Kathy Garrett 2200 Mill Road

Alexandria, Virginia 22314 Phone: (703) 838-1731

Newspaper Association of America (NAA) c/o Industrial Telecommunications Association, Inc. Attn: Frequency Coordination Department

1110 North Glebe Road, Suite 500

Arlington, Virginia 22201 Phone: (703) 528-5115 Industrial Telecommunications Association, Inc.

Attn: Frequency Coordination Department

1110 North Glebe Road, Suite 500

Arlington, Virginia 22201 Phone: (703) 528-5115

International Taxicab and Livery Association

(ITLA)

Attn: Cecelia M. Hayes 3849 Farragut Avenue Kensington, Maryland 20

Kensington, Maryland 20895

Phone: (301) 946-5702

Telephone Maintenance Frequency Advisory

Committee (TELFAC)

c/o Industrial Telecommunications Association, Inc.

Attn: Frequency Coordination Department

1110 North Glebe Road, Suite 500

Arlington, Virginia 22201 Phone: (703) 528-5115

14 Appendix B - Regulatory Compliance Information Statements

14.1 Federal Communications Commission Part 68 Statements:

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules. Located on the equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number and ringer equivalence number (REN.) If requested, this information must be provided to the telephone company.

The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive REN's on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the REN's should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line, as determined by the total REN's contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

This equipment cannot be used on the telephone company-provided coin service. Connection to Party Line Service is subject to State Tariffs.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. If advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations, or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make the necessary modifications in order to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment, please contact:

Sonik Technologies 310 Via Vera Cruz, #111 San Diego, CA 92069 (760) 752-1011

If the trouble is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request you to remove the equipment from the network until the problem is resolved.

This equipment uses the following USOC jacks: RJ11C

It is recommended that the customer install an AC surge arrester in the AC outlet to which this device is connected. This is to avoid damaging the equipment caused by local lightening strikes and other electrical surges.

14.2 Industry Canada CS-03 Statements:

1. NOTICE: The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements documents(s). The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

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Caution: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate."

2. The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) of this device is 0.6

NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5."

3. The standard connecting arrangement (telephone jack type) for this equipment is CA11A.